As Introduced

124th General Assembly **Regular Session** 2001-2002

H. B. No. 247

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REPRESENTATIVES Core, Willamowski, Webster, Seitz, Williams, Jerse, Otterman, Latta, DePiero, Coates, Lendrum

ABILL

То	amend sections 2151.14, 2152.18, 2152.19, 2152.71,	1
	and 2951.03 of the Revised Code, effective January	2
	1, 2002, to ensure that prior delinquent child	3
	adjudication and disposition records are available	4
	for use in preparing presentence investigation	5
	reports for persons convicted of a criminal	6
	offense.	7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

conditions of community control and shall instruct the person

conduct and condition of each person under its supervision and

regarding them. The department shall keep informed concerning the

Section 1. That sections 2151.14, 2152.18, 2152.19, 2152.71,	8
and 2951.03 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	9
Sec. 2151.14. (A) The chief probation officer, under the	10
direction of the juvenile judge, shall have charge of the work of	11
the probation department. The department shall make any	12
investigations that the judge directs, keep a written record of	13
the investigations, and submit the record to the judge or deal	14
with them as the judge directs. The department shall furnish to	15
any person placed on community control a statement of the	16

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shall report on their conduct and condition to the judge as the judge directs. Each probation officer shall use all suitable methods to aid persons on community control and to bring about improvement in their conduct and condition. The department shall keep full records of its work, keep accurate and complete accounts of money collected from persons under its supervision, give receipts for the money, and make reports on the money as the judge directs.

- (B) Except as provided in this division or in division (C) or (D) of this section, the reports and records of the department shall be considered confidential information and shall not be made public. If an officer is preparing pursuant to section 2947.06 or 2951.03 of the Revised Code or Criminal Rule 32.2 a presentence investigation report pertaining to a person, the department shall make available to the officer, for use in preparing the report, any reports and records it possesses regarding any adjudications of that person as a delinquent child or regarding the dispositions made relative to those adjudications. A probation officer may serve the process of the court within or without the county, make arrests without warrant upon reasonable information or upon view of the violation of this chapter or Chapter 2152. of the Revised Code, detain the person arrested pending the issuance of a warrant, and perform any other duties, incident to the office, that the judge directs. All sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, constables, marshals, deputy marshals, chiefs of police, municipal corporation and township police officers, and other peace officers shall render assistance to probation officers in the performance of their duties when requested to do so by any probation officer.
- (C) When a complaint has been filed alleging that a child is delinquent by reason of having committed an act that would constitute a violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, or 2907.06 of the Revised Code if committed by an adult and the

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arresting authority, a court, or a probation officer discovers that the child or a person whom the child caused to engage in sexual activity, as defined in section 2907.01 of the Revised Code, has a communicable disease, the arresting authority, court, or probation officer immediately shall notify the victim of the delinquent act of the nature of the disease.

- (D)(1) In accordance with division (D)(2) of this section, subject to the limitation specified in division (D)(4) of this section, and in connection with a disposition pursuant to section 2151.354 of the Revised Code when a child has been found to be an unruly child, a disposition pursuant to sections 2152.19 and 2152.20 of the Revised Code when a child has been found to be a delinquent child, or a disposition pursuant to sections 2156.20 and 2152.21 of the Revised Code when a child has been found to be a juvenile traffic offender, the court may issue an order requiring boards of education, governing bodies of chartered nonpublic schools, public children services agencies, private child placing agencies, probation departments, law enforcement agencies, and prosecuting attorneys that have records related to the child in question to provide copies of one or more specified records, or specified information in one or more specified records, that the individual or entity has with respect to the child to any of the following individuals or entities that request the records in accordance with division (D)(3)(a) of this section:
 - (a) The child;
 - (b) The attorney or guardian ad litem of the child;
 - (c) A parent, guardian, or custodian of the child;
 - (d) A prosecuting attorney;
 - (e) A board of education of a public school district;
 - (f) A probation department of a juvenile court;

(g) A public children services agency or private child	82
placing agency that has custody of the child, is providing	83
services to the child or the child's family, or is preparing a	84
social history or performing any other function for the juvenile	85
court;	86
(h) The department of youth services when the department has	87
custody of the child or is performing any services for the child	88
that are required by the juvenile court or by statute;	89
(i) The individual in control of a juvenile detention or	90
rehabilitation facility to which the child has been committed;	91
(j) An employee of the juvenile court that found the child to	92
be an unruly child, a delinquent child, or a juvenile traffic	93
offender;	94
(k) Any other entity that has custody of the child or is	95
providing treatment, rehabilitation, or other services for the	96
child pursuant to a court order, statutory requirement, or other	97
arrangement.	98
(2) Any individual or entity listed in divisions (D)(1)(a) to	99
(k) of this section may file a motion with the court that requests	100
the court to issue an order as described in division (D)(1) of	101
this section. If such a motion is filed, the court shall conduct a	102
hearing on it. If at the hearing the movant demonstrates a need	103
for one or more specified records, or for information in one or	104
more specified records, related to the child in question and	105
additionally demonstrates the relevance of the information sought	106
to be obtained from those records, and if the court determines	107
that the limitation specified in division $(D)(4)$ of this section	108
does not preclude the provision of a specified record or specified	109
information to the movant, then the court may issue an order to a	110
designated individual or entity to provide the movant with copies	111

of one or more specified records or with specified information

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contained in one or more specified records.

(3)(a) Any individual or entity that is authorized by an order issued pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section to obtain copies of one or more specified records, or specified information, related to a particular child may file a written request for copies of the records or for the information with any individual or entity required by the order to provide copies of the records or the information. The request shall be in writing, describe the type of records or the information requested, explain the need for the records or the information, and be accompanied by a copy of the order.

(b) If an individual or entity that is required by an order issued pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section to provide one or more specified records, or specified information, related to a child receives a written request for the records or information in accordance with division (D)(3)(a) of this section, the individual or entity immediately shall comply with the request to the extent it is able to do so, unless the individual or entity determines that it is unable to comply with the request because it is prohibited by law from doing so, or unless the requesting individual or entity does not have authority to obtain the requested records or information. If the individual or entity determines that it is unable to comply with the request, it shall file a motion with the court that issued the order requesting the court to determine the extent to which it is required to comply with the request for records or information. Upon the filing of the motion, the court immediately shall hold a hearing on the motion, determine the extent to which the movant is required to comply with the request for records or information, and issue findings of fact and conclusions of law in support of its determination. The determination of the court shall be final. If the court determines that the movant is required to comply with

the request for records or information, it shall identify the
specific records or information that must be supplied to the
individual or entity that requested the records or information.

- (c) If an individual or entity is required to provide copies of one or more specified records pursuant to division (D) of this section, the individual or entity may charge a fee for the copies that does not exceed the cost of supplying them.
- (4) Division (D) of this section does not require, authorize, or permit the dissemination of any records or any information contained in any records if the dissemination of the records or information generally is prohibited by any provision of the Revised Code and a specific provision of the Revised Code does not specifically authorize or permit the dissemination of the records or information pursuant to division (D) of this section.
- Sec. 2152.18. (A) When a juvenile court commits a delinquent child to the custody of the department of youth services pursuant to this chapter, the court shall not designate the specific institution in which the department is to place the child but instead shall specify that the child is to be institutionalized in a secure facility.
- (B) When a juvenile court commits a delinquent child to the custody of the department of youth services pursuant to this chapter, the court shall state in the order of commitment the total number of days that the child has been held in detention in connection with the delinquent child complaint upon which the order of commitment is based. The department shall reduce the minimum period of institutionalization that was ordered by both the total number of days that the child has been so held in detention as stated by the court in the order of commitment and the total number of any additional days that the child has been held in detention subsequent to the order of commitment but prior

to t	he	transfer	of	physical	custody	of	the	child	to	the	176
depa	ırtm	nent.									177

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(C)(1) When a juvenile court commits a delinquent child to the custody of the department of youth services pursuant to this chapter, the court shall provide the department with the child's medical records, a copy of the report of any mental examination of the child ordered by the court, the Revised Code section or sections the child violated and the degree of each violation, the warrant to convey the child to the department, a copy of the court's journal entry ordering the commitment of the child to the legal custody of the department, a copy of the arrest record pertaining to the act for which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child, a copy of any victim impact statement pertaining to the act, and any other information concerning the child that the department reasonably requests. The court also shall complete the form for the standard predisposition investigation report that the department furnishes pursuant to section 5139.04 of the Revised Code and provide the department with the completed form.

The department may refuse to accept physical custody of a delinquent child who is committed to the legal custody of the department until the court provides to the department the documents specified in this division. No officer or employee of the department who refuses to accept physical custody of a delinquent child who is committed to the legal custody of the department shall be subject to prosecution or contempt of court for the refusal if the court fails to provide the documents specified in this division at the time the court transfers the physical custody of the child to the department.

(2) Within twenty working days after the department of youth 204 services receives physical custody of a delinquent child from a 205 juvenile court, the court shall provide the department with a 206 certified copy of the child's birth certificate and the child's 207

auspices of, the board of education of that school district;

(c) A violation of division (A) of section 2925.03 or 2925.11
of the Revised Code that would be a misdemeanor if committed by an
adult, that was committed on property owned or controlled by, or
at an activity held under the auspices of, the board of education
of that school district, and that is not a minor drug possession
offense;

- (d) An act that would be a criminal offense if committed by an adult and that results in serious physical harm to persons or serious physical harm to property while the child is at school, on any other property owned or controlled by the board, or at an interscholastic competition, an extracurricular event, or any other school program or activity;
- (e) Complicity in any violation described in division
 (D)(1)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section that was alleged to have been committed in the manner described in division (D)(1)(a),
 (b), (c), or (d) of this section, regardless of whether the act of complicity was committed on property owned or controlled by, or at an activity held under the auspices of, the board of education of that school district.
- (2) The notice given pursuant to division (K)(1) of this section shall include the name of the child who was adjudicated to be a delinquent child, the child's age at the time the child committed the act that was the basis of the adjudication, and identification of the violation of the law or ordinance that was the basis of the adjudication.
- (3) Within fourteen days after committing a delinquent child to the custody of the department of youth services, the court shall give notice to the school attended by the child of the child's commitment by sending to that school a copy of the court's journal entry ordering the commitment. As soon as possible after receipt of the notice described in this division, the school shall provide the department with the child's school transcript.

However, the department shall not refuse to accept a child
committed to it, and a child committed to it shall not be held in
a county or district detention facility, because of a school's
failure to provide the school transcript that it is required to
provide under this division.

- (4) Within fourteen days after releasing a child from an institution under its control, the department of youth services shall provide the court and the school with an updated copy of the child's school transcript and a summary of the institutional record of the child. The department also shall provide the court with a copy of any portion of the child's institutional record that the court specifically requests, within five working days of the request.
- (E) At any hearing at which a child is adjudicated a delinquent child or as soon as possible after the hearing, the court shall notify all victims of the delinquent act who may be entitled to a recovery under any of the following sections of the right of the victims to recover, pursuant to section 3109.09 of the Revised Code, compensatory damages from the child's parents; of the right of the victims to recover, pursuant to section 3109.10 of the Revised Code, compensatory damages from the child's parents for willful and malicious assaults committed by the child; and of the right of the victims to recover an award of reparations pursuant to sections 2743.51 to 2743.72 of the Revised Code.
- Sec. 2152.19. (A) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent 296 child, the court may make any of the following orders of 297 disposition, in addition to any other disposition authorized or 298 required by this chapter: 299
- (1) Any order that is authorized by section 2151.353 of the 300 Revised Code for the care and protection of an abused, neglected, 301 or dependent child.

(2) Commit the child to the temporary custody of any school,	303
camp, institution, or other facility operated for the care of	304
delinquent children by the county, by a district organized under	305
section 2152.41 or 2151.65 of the Revised Code, or by a private	306
agency or organization, within or without the state, that is	307
authorized and qualified to provide the care, treatment, or	308
placement required;	309
(3) Place the child on community control under any sanctions,	310
services, and conditions that the court prescribes. As a condition	311
of community control in every case and in addition to any other	312
condition that it imposes upon the child, the court shall require	313
the child to abide by the law during the period of community	314
control. As referred to in this division, community control	315
includes, but is not limited to, the following sanctions and	316
conditions:	317
(a) A period of basic probation supervision in which the	318
child is required to maintain contact with a person appointed to	319
supervise the child in accordance with sanctions imposed by the	320
court;	321
(b) A period of intensive probation supervision in which the	322
child is required to maintain frequent contact with a person	323
appointed by the court to supervise the child while the child is	324
seeking or maintaining employment and participating in training,	325
education, and treatment programs as the order of disposition;	326
(c) A period of day reporting in which the child is required	327
each day to report to and leave a center or another approved	328
reporting location at specified times in order to participate in	329
work, education or training, treatment, and other approved	330
programs at the center or outside the center;	331

(d) A period of community service of up to five hundred hours

for an act that would be a felony or a misdemeanor of the first

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other specified premises for the entire period of electronically
monitored house arrest except when the court permits the child to
leave those premises to go to school or to other specified
premises; to be monitored by a central system that can determine
the child's location at designated times; to report periodically
to a person designated by the court; and to enter into a written
contract with the court agreeing to comply with all requirements
imposed by the court, agreeing to pay any fee imposed by the court
for the costs of the electronically monitored house arrest, and
agreeing to waive the right to receive credit for any time served
on electronically monitored house arrest toward the period of any
other dispositional order imposed upon the child if the child
violates any of the requirements of the dispositional order of
electronically monitored house arrest. The court also may impose
other reasonable requirements upon the child.

Unless ordered by the court, a child shall not receive credit for any time served on electronically monitored house arrest toward any other dispositional order imposed upon the child for the act for which was imposed the dispositional order of electronically monitored house arrest.

- (1) A suspension of the driver's license, probationary driver's license, or temporary instruction permit issued to the child or a suspension of the registration of all motor vehicles registered in the name of the child. A child whose license or permit is so suspended is ineligible for issuance of a license or permit during the period of suspension. At the end of the period of suspension, the child shall not be reissued a license or permit until the child has paid any applicable reinstatement fee and complied with all requirements governing license reinstatement.
 - (4) Commit the child to the custody of the court;
- (5) Require the child to not be absent without legitimate 394 excuse from the public school the child is supposed to attend for 395

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(a) A state correctional institution, a county, multicounty,	428
or municipal jail or workhouse, or another place in which an adult	429
convicted of a crime, under arrest, or charged with a crime is	430
held;	431
(b) A community corrections facility, if the child would be	432
covered by the definition of public safety beds for purposes of	433
sections 5139.41 to 5139.45 of the Revised Code if the court	434
exercised its authority to commit the child to the legal custody	435
of the department of youth services for institutionalization or	436
institutionalization in a secure facility pursuant to this	437
chapter.	438
(B) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child, in addition	439
to any order of disposition made under division (A) of this	440
section, the court, in the following situations, shall suspend the	441
child's temporary instruction permit, restricted license,	442
probationary driver's license, or nonresident operating privilege,	443
or suspend the child's ability to obtain such a permit:	444
(1) The child is adjudicated a delinquent child for violating	445
section 2923.122 of the Revised Code, with the suspension and	446
denial being in accordance with division $(E)(1)(a)$, (c) , (d) , or	447
(e) of section 2923.122 of the Revised Code.	448
(2) The child is adjudicated a delinquent child for	449
committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a drug	450
abuse offense or for violating division (B) of section 2917.11 of	451
the Revised Code, with the suspension continuing until the child	452
attends and satisfactorily completes a drug abuse or alcohol abuse	453
education, intervention, or treatment program specified by the	454
court. During the time the child is attending the program, the	455
court shall retain any temporary instruction permit, probationary	456
driver's license, or driver's license issued to the child, and the	457

court shall return the permit or license when the child

satisfactorily completes the program.

(C) The court may establish a victim-offender mediation program in which victims and their offenders meet to discuss the offense and suggest possible restitution. If the court obtains the assent of the victim of the delinquent act committed by the child, the court may require the child to participate in the program.

(D)(1) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult and if the child caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or created a risk of physical harm to the victim of the act, the court, prior to issuing an order of disposition under this section, shall order the preparation of a victim impact statement by the probation department of the county in which the victim of the act resides, by the court's own probation department, or by a victim assistance program that is operated by the state, a county, a municipal corporation, or another governmental entity. The court shall consider the victim impact statement in determining the order of disposition to issue for the child.

(2) Each victim impact statement shall identify the victim of the act for which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child, itemize any economic loss suffered by the victim as a result of the act, identify any physical injury suffered by the victim as a result of the act and the seriousness and permanence of the injury, identify any change in the victim's personal welfare or familial relationships as a result of the act and any psychological impact experienced by the victim or the victim's family as a result of the act, and contain any other information related to the impact of the act upon the victim that the court requires.

(3) A victim impact statement shall be kept confidential and is not a public record. However, the court may furnish copies of

the statement to the department of youth services if the
delinquent child is committed to the department or to both the
adjudicated delinquent child or the adjudicated delinquent child's
counsel and the prosecuting attorney. The copy of a victim impact
statement furnished by the court to the department pursuant to
this section shall be kept confidential and is not a public
record. If an officer is preparing pursuant to section 2947.06 or
2951.03 of the Revised Code or Criminal Rule 32.2 a presentence
investigation report pertaining to a person, the court shall make
available to the officer, for use in preparing the report, a copy
of any victim impact statement regarding that person. The copies
of a victim impact statement that are made available to the
adjudicated delinquent child or the adjudicated delinquent child's
counsel and the prosecuting attorney pursuant to this division
shall be returned to the court by the person to whom they were
made available immediately following the imposition of an order of
disposition for the child under this chapter.

The copy of a victim impact statement that is made available pursuant to this division to an officer preparing a criminal presentence investigation report shall be returned to the court by the officer immediately following its use in preparing the report.

- (4) The department of youth services shall work with local probation departments and victim assistance programs to develop a standard victim impact statement.
- (E) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being a chronic truant or an habitual truant who previously has been adjudicated an unruly child for being an habitual truant and the court determines that the parent, guardian, or other person having care of the child has failed to cause the child's attendance at school in violation of section 3321.38 of the Revised Code, in addition to any order of disposition it makes under this section, the court shall warn the parent, guardian, or other person having

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care of the child that any subsequent adjudication of the child as
an unruly or delinquent child for being an habitual or chronic
truant may result in a criminal charge against the parent,
guardian, or other person having care of the child for a violation
of division (C) of section 2919.21 or section 2919.24 of the
Revised Code.

- (F)(1) During the period of a delinquent child's community control granted under this section, authorized probation officers who are engaged within the scope of their supervisory duties or responsibilities may search, with or without a warrant, the person of the delinquent child, the place of residence of the delinquent child, and a motor vehicle, another item of tangible or intangible personal property, or other real property in which the delinquent child has a right, title, or interest or for which the delinquent child has the express or implied permission of a person with a right, title, or interest to use, occupy, or possess if the probation officers have reasonable grounds to believe that the delinquent child is not abiding by the law or otherwise is not complying with the conditions of the delinquent child's community control. The court that places a delinquent child on community control under this section shall provide the delinquent child with a written notice that informs the delinquent child that authorized probation officers who are engaged within the scope of their supervisory duties or responsibilities may conduct those types of searches during the period of community control if they have reasonable grounds to believe that the delinquent child is not abiding by the law or otherwise is not complying with the conditions of the delinquent child's community control. The court also shall provide the written notice described in division (E)(2) of this section to each parent, guardian, or custodian of the delinquent child who is described in that division.
 - (2) The court that places a child on community control under

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this section shall provide the child's parent, guardian, or other	55
custodian with a written notice that informs them that authorized	55
probation officers may conduct searches pursuant to division	55
(E)(1) of this section. The notice shall specifically state that a	55
permissible search might extend to a motor vehicle, another item	55
of tangible or intangible personal property, or a place of	56
residence or other real property in which a notified parent,	56
guardian, or custodian has a right, title, or interest and that	56
the parent, guardian, or custodian expressly or impliedly permits	56
the child to use, occupy, or possess.	56

- Sec. 2152.71. (A)(1) The juvenile court shall maintain records of all official cases brought before it, including, but not limited to, an appearance docket, a journal, and, in cases pertaining to an alleged delinquent child, arrest and custody records, complaints, journal entries, and hearing summaries. The court shall maintain a separate docket for traffic cases and shall record all traffic cases on the separate docket instead of on the general appearance docket.
- (2) The juvenile court shall send to the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, pursuant to section 109.57 of the Revised Code, a weekly report containing a summary of each case that has come before it and that involves the disposition of a child who is a delinquent child for committing an act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an adult.
- (B) The clerk of the court shall maintain a statistical record that includes all of the following:
- (1) The number of complaints that are filed with, or 582 indictments or information made to, the court that allege that a 583 child is a delinquent child, in relation to which the court 584 determines under division (D) of section 2151.27 of the Revised 585

Code	that	the	victim	of	the	alleged	delir	nquent	act	was	sixty	-five
years	s of a	age (or older	or	pei	rmanently	and	totall	y di	isabl	led at	the
time	of the	he a	lleged c	comm	iss	ion of th	ne act	: <i>;</i>				

- (2) The number of complaints, indictments, or information described in division (B)(1) of this section that result in the child being adjudicated a delinquent child;
- (3) The number of complaints, indictments, or information described in division (B)(2) of this section in which the act upon which the delinquent child adjudication is based caused property damage or would be a theft offense, as defined in division (K) of section 2913.01 of the Revised Code, if committed by an adult;
- (4) The number of complaints, indictments, or information described in division (B)(3) of this section that result in the delinquent child being required as an order of disposition made under division (A) of section 2152.20 of the Revised Code to make restitution for all or part of the property damage caused by the child's delinquent act or for all or part of the value of the property that was the subject of the delinquent act that would be a theft offense if committed by an adult;
- (5) The number of complaints, indictments, or information described in division (B)(2) of this section in which the act upon which the delinquent child adjudication is based would have been an offense of violence if committed by an adult;
- (6) The number of complaints, indictments, or information described in division (B)(5) of this section that result in the delinquent child being committed as an order of disposition made under section 2152.16, divisions (A) and (B) of section 2152.17, or division (A)(2) of section 2159.19 of the Revised Code to any facility for delinquent children operated by the county, a district, or a private agency or organization or to the department of youth services;

(7) The number of complaints, indictments, or information
described in division (B)(1) of this section that result in the
case being transferred for criminal prosecution to an appropriate
court having jurisdiction of the offense under section 2152.12 of
the Revised Code.

- (C) The clerk of the court shall compile an annual summary covering the preceding calendar year showing all of the information for that year contained in the statistical record maintained under division (B) of this section. The statistical record and the annual summary shall be public records open for inspection. Neither the statistical record nor the annual summary shall include the identity of any party to a case.
- (D) Not later than June of each year, the court shall prepare an annual report covering the preceding calendar year showing the number and kinds of cases that have come before it, the disposition of the cases, and any other data pertaining to the work of the court that the juvenile judge directs. The court shall file copies of the report with the board of county commissioners. With the approval of the board, the court may print or cause to be printed copies of the report for distribution to persons and agencies interested in the court or community program for dependent, neglected, abused, or delinquent children and juvenile traffic offenders. The court shall include the number of copies ordered printed and the estimated cost of each printed copy on each copy of the report printed for distribution.
- (E) If an officer is preparing pursuant to section 2947.06 or 2951.03 of the Revised Code or Criminal Rule 32.2 a presentence investigation report pertaining to a person, the court shall make available to the officer, for use in preparing the report, any records it possesses regarding any adjudications of that person as a delinquent child or regarding the dispositions made relative to those adjudications. The records to be made available pursuant to

this division include, but are not limited to, any social history	649
or report of a mental or physical examination regarding the person	650
that was prepared pursuant to Juvenile Rule 32.	651

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Sec. 2951.03. (A)(1) No person who has been convicted of or 652 pleaded guilty to a felony shall be placed under a community 653 control sanction until a written presentence investigation report 654 has been considered by the court. If a court orders the 655 preparation of a presentence investigation report pursuant to this 656 section, section 2947.06 of the Revised Code, or Criminal Rule 32.2, the officer making the report shall inquire into the circumstances of the offense and the criminal record, social history, and present condition of the defendant, all information 660 available regarding any prior adjudications of the defendant as a delinquent child and regarding the dispositions made relative to 662 those adjudications, and any other matters specified in Criminal 663 Rule 32.2. Whenever the officer considers it advisable, the 664 665 officer's investigation may include a physical and mental examination of the defendant. A physical examination of the defendant may include a drug test consisting of a chemical 667 analysis of a blood or urine specimen of the defendant to 668 determine whether the defendant ingested or was injected with a 669 drug of abuse. If, pursuant to section 2930.13 of the Revised 670 Code, the victim of the offense of which the defendant has been 671 convicted wishes to make a statement regarding the impact of the offense for the officer's use in preparing the presentence investigation report, the officer shall comply with the requirements of that section.

(2) If a defendant is committed to any institution, the presentence investigation report shall be sent to the institution with the entry of commitment. If a defendant is committed to any institution and a presentence investigation report is not prepared regarding that defendant pursuant to this section, section 2947.06

presentence investigation report should not be disclosed pursuant

to division (B)(1) of this section, the court, in lieu of making

the report or any part of the report available, shall state orally

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As introduced	
or in writing a summary of the factual information contained in	712
the report that will be relied upon in determining the defendant's	713
sentence. The court shall permit the defendant and the defendant's	714
counsel to comment upon the oral or written summary of the report.	715
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(4) Any material that is disclosed to the defendant or the	717
defendant's counsel pursuant to this section shall be disclosed to	718
the prosecutor who is handling the prosecution of the case against	719
the defendant.	720
(5) If the comments of the defendant or the defendant's	721
counsel, the testimony they introduce, or any of the other	722
information they introduce alleges any factual inaccuracy in the	723
presentence investigation report or the summary of the report, the	724
court shall do either of the following with respect to each	725
alleged factual inaccuracy:	726
(a) Make a finding as to the allegation;	727
(b) Make a determination that no finding is necessary with	728
respect to the allegation, because the factual matter will not be	729
taken into account in the sentencing of the defendant.	730
(C) A court's decision as to the content of a summary under	731
division $(B)(3)$ of this section or as to the withholding of	732
information under division $(B)(1)(a)$, (b) , (c) , or (d) of this	733
section shall be considered to be within the discretion of the	734
court. No appeal can be taken from either of those decisions, and	735
neither of those decisions shall be the basis for a reversal of	736
the sentence imposed.	737
(D)(1) The contents of a presentence investigation report	738
prepared pursuant to this section, section 2947.06 of the Revised	739
Code, or Criminal Rule 32.2 and the contents of any written or	740

oral summary of a presentence investigation report or of a part of

a presentence investigation report described in division (B)(3) of

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this section are confidential information and are not a public record. The court, an appellate court, authorized probation officers, investigators, and court personnel, the defendant, the defendant's counsel, the prosecutor who is handling the prosecution of the case against the defendant, and authorized personnel of an institution to which the defendant is committed may inspect, receive copies of, retain copies of, and use a presentence investigation report or a written or oral summary of a presentence investigation only for the purposes of or only as authorized by Criminal Rule 32.2 or this section, division (F)(1) of section 2953.08, section 2947.06, or another section of the Revised Code.

- (2) Immediately following the imposition of sentence upon the defendant, the defendant or the defendant's counsel and the prosecutor shall return to the court all copies of a presentence investigation report and of any written summary of a presentence investigation report or part of a presentence investigation report that the court made available to the defendant or the defendant's counsel and to the prosecutor pursuant to this section. The defendant or the defendant's counsel and the prosecutor shall not make any copies of the presentence investigation report or of any written summary of a presentence investigation report or part of a presentence investigation report that the court made available to them pursuant to this section.
- (3) Except when a presentence investigation report or a written or oral summary of a presentence investigation report is being used for the purposes of or as authorized by Criminal Rule 32.2 or this section, division (F)(1) of section 2953.08, section 2947.06, or another section of the Revised Code, the court or other authorized holder of the report or summary shall retain the report or summary under seal.
 - (E) In inquiring into the information available regarding any

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prior adjudications of the defendant as a delinquent child and	775
regarding the dispositions made relative to those adjudications,	776
the officer making the report shall consider all information that	777
is relevant, including, but not limited to, the materials	778
described in division (B) of section 2151.14, division (C)(3) of	779
section 2152.18, division (D)(3) of section 2152.19, and division	780
(E) of section 2152.71 of the Revised Code.	781
(F) As used in this section:	782
(1) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01	783
of the Revised Code.	784
(2) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as in	785
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	786
(3) "Public record" has the same meaning as in section 149.43	787
of the Revised Code.	788
Section 2. That all existing versions of sections 2151.14,	789
2152.18, 2152.19, 2152.71, and 2951.03 of the Revised Code are	790
hereby repealed.	791
Section 3. Sections 1 and 2 of this act shall take effect on	792
January 1, 2002.	793