As Passed by the House

124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

Sub. H. B. No. 278

REPRESENTATIVES Manning, Willamowski, Seitz, Latta, Grendell, Lendrum, Damschroder, Reinhard, Core, Flowers, Wolpert, Buehrer, Hollister, Carmichael, Gilb, Schuring, Hagan, Hughes, Clancy, Cates, Olman, Carey, Schmidt, Coates, Niehaus, Schneider, D. Miller, Salerno, Jones

A BILL

То	amend sections 111.16, 1329.58, 1701.04, 1701.07,	1
	1701.11, 1701.25, 1701.37, 1701.38, 1701.40,	2
	1701.41, 1701.42, 1701.51, 1701.54, 1701,61,	3
	1701.69, 1701.70, 1701.71, 1701.73, 1701.80,	4
	1701.801, 1701.86, 1701.93, 1701.94, 1702.04,	5
	1702.47, 1703.06, 1705.04, 1775.64, 1785.06, and	6
	5733.03 and to enact section 111.25 of the Revised	7
	Code to permit the directors of Ohio corporations	8
	to make specific, limited changes to the articles	9
	of incorporation, to require a corporation to send	10
	notice to its shareholders following any amendment	11
	of the articles of incorporation by the directors,	12
	to make changes in the General Corporation Law	13
	relative to notices sent by any means of	14
	communication and meetings held by means of	15
	communications equipment, to make other changes	16
	relative to the date of dissolution of a	17
	corporation and the beginning of the legal	18
	existence of a corporation or a limited liability	19
	company, and relative to biennial reports to and	20
	filings with the Secretary of State.	21

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 111.16, 1329.58, 1701.04, 1701.07,221701.11, 1701.25, 1701.37, 1701.38, 1701.40, 1701.41, 1701.42,231701.51, 1701.54, 1701.61, 1701.69, 1701.70, 1701.71, 1701.73,241701.80, 1701.801, 1701.86, 1701.93, 1701.94, 1702.04, 1702.47,251703.06, 1705.04, 1775.64, 1785.06, and 5733.03 be amended and26section 111.25 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:27

Sec. 111.16. The secretary of state shall charge and collect,	28
for the benefit of the state, the following fees:	29
(A) For filing and recording articles of incorporation of a	30
domestic corporation, including designation of agent:	31
(1) Wherein the corporation shall not be authorized to issue	32
any shares of capital stock, one hundred twenty-five dollars;	33

(2) Wherein the corporation shall be authorized to issue shares of capital stock, with or without par value:

(a) Ten cents for each share authorized up to and including one thousand shares;

(b) Five cents for each share authorized in excess of onethousand shares up to and including ten thousand shares;39

(c) Two cents for each share authorized in excess of ten40thousand shares up to and including fifty thousand shares;41

(d) One cent for each share authorized in excess of fifty42thousand shares up to and including one hundred thousand shares;43

(e) One-half cent for each share authorized in excess of one
hundred thousand shares up to and including five hundred thousand
shares;

(f) One-quarter cent for each share authorized in excess of

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five hundred thousand shares; provided no fee shall be less than one hundred twenty-five dollars or greater than one hundred thousand dollars.

(B) For filing and recording a certificate of amendment to or
amended articles of incorporation of a domestic corporation, or
for filing and recording a certificate of reorganization, a
certificate of dissolution, or an amendment to a foreign license
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application:

(1) If the domestic corporation is not authorized to issue any shares of capital stock, fifty dollars;

(2) If the domestic corporation is authorized to issue shares 58 of capital stock, fifty dollars, and in case of any increase in 59 the number of shares authorized to be issued, a further sum 60 computed in accordance with the schedule set forth in division 61 (A)(2) of this section less a credit computed in the same manner 62 for the number of shares previously authorized to be issued by the 63 corporation; provided no fee under division (B)(2) of this section 64 shall be greater than one hundred thousand dollars; 65

(3) If the foreign corporation is not authorized to issue any shares of capital stock, fifty dollars;

(4) If the foreign corporation is authorized to issue shares of capital stock, fifty dollars.

(C) For filing and recording articles of incorporation of a 70 savings and loan association, one hundred twenty-five dollars; and 71 for filing and recording a certificate of amendment to or amended 72 articles of incorporation of a savings and loan association, fifty 73 dollars; 74

(D) For filing and recording a certificate of merger or
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authorized to be issued resulting from a merger, an additional sum79computed in accordance with the schedule set forth in division80(A)(2) of this section less a credit computed in the same manner81for the number of shares previously authorized to be issued or82represented in this state by each of the corporations for which a83consolidation or merger is effected by the certificate;84

(E) For filing and recording articles of incorporation of a credit union or the American credit union guaranty association, one hundred twenty-five dollars, and for filing and recording a certificate of increase in capital stock or any other amendment of the articles of incorporation of a credit union or the association, fifty dollars;

(F) For filing and recording articles of organization of a
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limited liability company, for filing and recording an application
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to become a registered foreign limited liability company, for
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filing and recording a registration application to become a
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domestic limited liability partnership, or for filing and
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recording an application to become a registered foreign limited
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liability partnership, one hundred twenty-five dollars;
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(G) For filing and recording a certificate of limited
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partnership or an application for registration as a foreign
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limited partnership, one hundred twenty-five dollars.

(H) For filing a copy of papers evidencing the incorporation
of a municipal corporation or of annexation of territory by a
municipal corporation, five dollars, to be paid by the municipal
corporation, the petitioners therefor, or their agent;

(I) For filing and recording any of the following: 105

(1) A license to transact business in this state by a foreign
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corporation for profit pursuant to section 1703.04 of the Revised
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Code or a foreign nonprofit corporation pursuant to section
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1703.27 of the Revised Code, one hundred twenty-five dollars;
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(2) An annual A biennial report or annual biennial statement 111 pursuant to section 1775.63 or 1785.06 of the Revised Code, 112 twenty-five dollars; 113

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section or any other 114 section of the Revised Code, any other certificate or paper that 115 is required to be filed and recorded or is permitted to be filed 116 and recorded by any provision of the Revised Code with the 117 secretary of state, twenty-five dollars. 118

(J) For filing any certificate or paper not required to be 119 recorded, five dollars; 120

(K)(1) For making copies of any certificate or other paper 121 filed in the office of the secretary of state, a fee not to exceed 122 one dollar per page, except as otherwise provided in the Revised 123 Code, and for creating and affixing the seal of the office of the 124 secretary of state to any good standing or other certificate, five 125 dollars. For copies of certificates or papers required by state 126 officers for official purpose, no charge shall be made. 127

(2) For creating and affixing the seal of the office of the 129 secretary of state to the certificates described in division (E) 130 of section 1701.81, division (E) of section 1705.38, or division 131 (D) of section 1702.43 of the Revised Code, twenty-five dollars. 132

(L) For a minister's license to solemnize marriages, ten dollars; 134

(M) For examining documents to be filed at a later date for the purpose of advising as to the acceptability of the proposed filing, fifty dollars;

(N) Fifty dollars for filing and recording any of the 138 139 following:

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(1) A certificate of dissolution and accompanying documents, 140
or a certificate of cancellation, under section 1701.86, 1702.47, 141
1705.43, or 1782.10 of the Revised Code; 142

(2) A notice of dissolution of a foreign licensed corporation
or a certificate of surrender of license by a foreign licensed
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corporation under section 1703.17 of the Revised Code;
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(3) The withdrawal of registration of a foreign or domestic
limited liability partnership under section 1775.61 or 1775.64 of
the Revised Code, or the certificate of cancellation of
registration of a foreign limited liability company under section
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1705.57 of the Revised Code;

(4) The filing of a cancellation of disclaimer of generalpartner status under Chapter 1782. of the Revised Code.152

(0) For filing a statement of continued existence by a153nonprofit corporation, twenty-five dollars;154

(P) For filing a restatement under section 1705.08 or 1782.09 155 of the Revised Code, an amendment to a certificate of cancellation 156 under section 1782.10 of the Revised Code, an amendment under 157 section 1705.08 or 1782.09 of the Revised Code, or a correction 158 under section 1705.55, 1775.61, 1775.64, or 1782.52 of the Revised 159 Code, fifty dollars; 160

(Q) For filing for reinstatement of an entity cancelled by
operation of law, by the secretary of state, by order of the
department of taxation, or by order of a court, twenty-five
dollars;

(R) For filing a change of agent, resignation of agent, or
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change of agent's address under section 1701.07, 1702.06,
1703.041, 1703.27, 1705.06, 1705.55, 1746.04, 1747.03, or 1782.04
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of the Revised Code, twenty-five dollars;

(S) For filing and recording any of the following: 169

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(1) An application for the exclusive right to use a name or
an application to reserve a name for future use under section
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1701.05, 1702.05, 1703.31, 1705.05, or 1746.06 of the Revised
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Code, fifty dollars;

(2) A trade name or fictitious name registration or report, 174fifty dollars; 175

(3) An application to renew any item covered by division(S)(1) or (2) of this section that is permitted to be renewed,twenty-five dollars;

(4) An assignment of rights for use of a name covered by
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division (S)(1), (2), or (3) of this section, the cancellation of
a name registration or name reservation that is so covered, or
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notice of a change of address of the registrant of a name that is
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so covered, twenty-five dollars.

(T) For filing and recording a report to operate a business
trust or a real estate investment trust, either foreign or
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domestic, one hundred twenty-five dollars; and for filing and
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recording an amendment to a report or associated trust instrument,
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or a surrender of authority, to operate a business trust or real
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estate investment trust, fifty dollars;

(U)(1) For filing and recording the registration of a
trademark, service mark, or mark of ownership, one hundred
twenty-five dollars;

(2) For filing and recording the change of address of a
registrant, the assignment of rights to a registration, a renewal
of a registration, or the cancellation of a registration
associated with a trademark, service mark, or mark of ownership,
twenty-five dollars.

Fees specified in this section may be paid by cash, check, or198money order, by credit cardin card in accordance with section199113.40 of the Revised Code, or by an alternative payment program200

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in accordance with division (B) of section 111.18 of the Revised 201
Code. Any credit card number or the expiration date of any credit 202
card is not subject to disclosure under Chapter 149. of the 203
Revised Code. 204

Sec. 111.25. The secretary of state shall prescribe the forms205for persons to use in complying with the requirements of Title206XVII of the Revised Code to the extent that those requirements207relate to filings with the office of the secretary of state.208

sec. 1329.58. Registration of a trademark or service mark 209 under sections 1329.54 to 1329.67 of the Revised Code shall be 210 effective for a term of ten years from the date of registration. 211 Upon the filing of an application within six months prior to the 212 expiration of that term on a form furnished by the secretary of 213 state, the registrant may renew the registration at the end of 214 each ten-year period for a similar term. The renewal fee specified 215 in division (U)(2) of section 111.16 of the Revised Code, payable 216 to the secretary of state, shall accompany the renewal 217 application. The renewal application shall require the applicant 218 to state that the mark still is in use in this state. The renewal 219 application shall be accompanied by a specimen of the mark as 220 actually used and shall contain a brief description of the mark as 221 222 it appears on the specimen.

sec. 1701.04. (A) Any person, singly or jointly with others, 223
and without regard to residence, domicile, or state of 224
incorporation, may form a corporation by signing and filing with 225
the secretary of state articles of incorporation which that shall 226
set forth all of the following: 227

(1) The name of the corporation, which shall be in compliance 228with division (A) of section 1701.05 of the Revised Code; 229

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(2) The place in this state where the principal office of the 231 corporation is to be located; 232

(3) The authorized number and the par value per share of 233 shares with par value, and the authorized number of shares without 234 par value, except that the articles of a banking, safe deposit, 235 trust, or insurance corporation shall not authorize shares without 236 par value; the express terms, if any, of the shares; and, if the 237 shares are classified, the designation of each class, the 238 authorized number and par value per share, if any, of the shares 239 of each class, and the express terms of the shares of each class; 240

(4) If the corporation is to have an initial stated capital, 241 the amount of that stated capital.

(B) The articles also may set forth any of the following:

(1) The names of the individuals who are to serve as initial directors;

(2) The purpose or purposes for which the corporation is 246 formed, but in the absence of a statement of the purpose or 247 purposes or except as expressly set forth in such statement, the 248 purpose for which any corporation is formed is to engage in any 249 lawful act or activity for which a corporation may be formed under 250 this chapter, and all lawful acts and activities of the 251 corporation are within the purposes of the corporation; 252

(3) Any lawful provision for the purpose of defining, 253 limiting, or regulating the exercise of the authority of the 254 corporation, the incorporators, the directors, the officers, the 255 shareholders, or the holders of any class of shares; 256

(4) Any provision that may be set forth in the regulations; 257

(5) A provision specifying the period of existence of the 258 corporation if it is to be otherwise than perpetual; 259

(6) Subject to division (C) of this section, any additional 260

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provision permitted by this chapter.

(C) Original articles of a corporation may not set forth any 262 provision that eliminates the rights of shareholders under this 263 chapter to cumulate the voting power that they possess in the 264 election of directors. 265

(D) A written appointment of a statutory agent for the 266 purposes set forth in section 1701.07 of the Revised Code shall be 267 filed with the articles, unless the corporation belongs to one of 268 the classes mentioned in division (0) of that section. 269

(E) The legal existence of the corporation shall begin begins 270 upon the filing of the articles or on a later date specified in 271 the articles that is not more than ninety days after filing, and, 272 unless the articles otherwise provide, its period of existence 273 shall be perpetual. 274

Sec. 1701.07. (A) Every corporation shall have and maintain 275 an agent, sometimes referred to as the "statutory agent," upon 276 whom any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by 277 statute to be served upon a corporation may be served. The agent 278 may be a natural person who is a resident of this state or may be 279 a domestic corporation or a foreign corporation holding a license 280 as such under the laws of this state, that is authorized by its 281 articles of incorporation to act as such agent and that has a 282 business address in this state. 283

(B) The secretary of state shall not accept original articles 284 for filing unless there is filed with the articles a written 285 appointment of an agent that is signed by the incorporators of the 286 corporation or a majority of them and a written acceptance of the 287 appointment that is signed by the agent. In all other cases, the 288 corporation shall appoint the agent and shall file in the office 289 of the secretary of state a written appointment of the agent that 290 is signed by any authorized officer of the corporation and a 291

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written acceptance of the appointment that is either the original acceptance signed by the agent or a photocopy, facsimile, or similar reproduction of the original acceptance signed by the agent.

(C) The written appointment of an agent shall set forth the 296 name and address in this state of the agent, including the street 297 and number or other particular description, and shall otherwise be 298 in such form as the secretary of state prescribes. The secretary 299 of state shall keep a record of the names of corporations, and the 300 names and addresses of their respective agents. 301

(D) If any agent dies, removes from the state, or resigns, 302
the corporation shall forthwith appoint another agent and file 303
with the secretary of state, on a form prescribed by the secretary 304
of state, a written appointment of the agent. 305

(E) Unless the change is reported on the annual report filed
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with the department of taxation, if <u>If</u> the agent changes the
agent's address from that appearing upon the record in the office
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of the secretary of state, the corporation or the agent shall
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forthwith file with the secretary of state, on a form prescribed
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by the secretary of state, a written statement setting forth the
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(F) An agent may resign by filing with the secretary of 313 state, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, a written 314 notice to that effect that is signed by the agent and by sending a 315 copy of the notice to the corporation at the current or last known 316 address of its principal office on or prior to the date the notice 317 is filed with the secretary of state. The notice shall set forth 318 the name of the corporation, the name and current address of the 319 agent, the current or last known address, including the street and 320 number or other particular description, of the corporation's 321 principal office, the resignation of the agent, and a statement 322 that a copy of the notice has been sent to the corporation within 323

324 the time and in the manner prescribed by this division. Upon the 325 expiration of thirty days after the filing, the authority of the agent shall terminate.

(G) A corporation may revoke the appointment of an agent by 327 filing with the secretary of state, on a form prescribed by the 328 secretary of state, a written appointment of another agent and a 329 statement that the appointment of the former agent is revoked. 330

(H) Any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by 331 statute to be served upon a corporation may be served upon the 332 corporation by delivering a copy of it to its agent, if a natural 333 person, or by delivering a copy of it at the address of its agent 334 in this state, as the address appears upon the record in the 335 office of the secretary of state. If (1) the agent cannot be 336 found, or (2) the agent no longer has that address, or (3) the 337 corporation has failed to maintain an agent as required by this 338 section, and if in any such case the party desiring that the 339 process, notice, or demand be served, or the agent or 340 representative of the party, shall have filed with the secretary 341 of state an affidavit stating that one of the foregoing conditions 342 exists and stating the most recent address of the corporation that 343 the party after diligent search has been able to ascertain, then 344 service of process, notice, or demand upon the secretary of state, 345 as the agent of the corporation, may be initiated by delivering to 346 the secretary of state or at the secretary of state's office 347 quadruplicate copies of such process, notice, or demand and by 348 paying to the secretary of state a fee of five dollars. The 349 secretary of state shall forthwith give notice of the delivery to 350 the corporation at its principal office as shown upon the record 351 in the secretary of state's office and at any different address 352 shown on its last franchise tax report filed in this state, or to 353 the corporation at any different address set forth in the above 354 mentioned affidavit, and shall forward to the corporation at said 355

addresses, by certified mail, with request for return receipt, a 356 copy of the process, notice, or demand; and thereupon service upon 357 the corporation shall be deemed to have been made. 358

(I) The secretary of state shall keep a record of each 359 process, notice, and demand delivered to the secretary of state or 360 at the secretary of state's office under this section or any other 361 law of this state that authorizes service upon the secretary of 362 state, and shall record the time of the delivery and the action 363 thereafter with respect thereto. 364

(J) This section does not limit or affect the right to serve
 any process, notice, or demand upon a corporation in any other
 manner permitted by law.
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(K) Every corporation shall state in each annual report filed368by it with the department of taxation the name and address of its369statutory agent.370

(L) Except when an original appointment of an agent is filed 371 with the original articles, a written appointment of an agent or a 372 written statement filed by a corporation with the secretary of 373 state shall be signed by any authorized officer of the corporation 374 or by the incorporators of the corporation or a majority of them 375 if no directors have been elected. 376

(M) For filing a written appointment of an agent other than
 one filed with original articles, and for filing a statement of
 change of address of an agent, the secretary of state shall charge
 and collect the fee specified in division (R) of section 111.16 of
 the Revised Code.

(N) Upon the failure of a corporation to appoint another
 agent or to file a statement of change of address of an agent, the
 secretary of state shall give notice thereof by certified mail to
 the corporation at the address set forth in the notice of
 resignation or on the last franchise tax return filed in this

387 state by the corporation. Unless the default is cured within 388 thirty days after the mailing by the secretary of state of the 389 notice or within any further period of time that the secretary of 390 state grants, upon the expiration of that period of time from the 391 date of the mailing, the articles of the corporation shall be 392 canceled without further notice or action by the secretary of 393 state. The secretary of state shall make a notation of the 394 cancellation on the secretary of state's records.

A corporation whose articles have been canceled may be 395 reinstated by filing, on a form prescribed by the secretary of 396 state, an application for reinstatement and the required 397 appointment of agent or required statement, and by paying the 398 filing fee specified in division (Q) of section 111.16 of the 399 Revised Code. The rights, privileges, and franchises of a 400 corporation whose articles have been reinstated are subject to 401 section 1701.922 of the Revised Code. The secretary of state shall 402 furnish the tax commissioner a monthly list of all corporations 403 canceled and reinstated under this division. 404

(0) This section does not apply to banks, trust companies, 405
insurance companies, or any corporation defined under the laws of 406
this state as a public utility for taxation purposes. 407

sec. 1701.11. (A)(1) Regulations for the government of a 408
corporation, the conduct of its affairs, and the management of its 409
property, consistent with law and the articles, may be adopted in 410
any of the following ways: 411

(a) Within ninety days after the corporation is formed, by
the directors in accordance with section 1701.10 of the Revised
Code;
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(b) By the shareholders at a meeting held for that purpose,
by the affirmative vote of the holders of shares entitling them to
exercise a majority of the voting power of the corporation on the
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proposal;

(c) Without a meeting, by the written consent of the holders
of shares entitling them to exercise two-thirds of the voting
power of the corporation on the proposal.
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(2) The regulations may be amended, or new regulations may be422adopted, in either of the following ways:423

(a) By the shareholders at a meeting held for that purpose, 424
by the affirmative vote of the holders of shares entitling them to 425
exercise a majority of the voting power of the corporation on the 426
proposal; 427

(b) Without a meeting, by the written consent of the holders
of shares entitling them to exercise two-thirds of the voting
power of the corporation on the proposal.
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(3) If the articles or regulations that have been adopted so
provide or permit, regulations may be adopted or amended or new
regulations may be adopted by the affirmative vote or written
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consent of the holders of shares entitling them to exercise a
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greater or lesser proportion but not less than a majority of the
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voting power of the corporation.

(B) Without limiting the generality of the authority
described in division (A) of this section, the regulations may
include provisions with respect to all of the following:
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(1) The time and place, if any, and time for holding, the 440 manner of and authority for calling, giving notice of, and 441 conducting, and the requirements of a quorum for, meetings of 442 shareholders; 443

(2) The taking of a record of shareholders or the temporaryclosing of books against transfers of shares;445

(3) The number, classification, manner of fixing or changingthe number, qualifications, term of office, and compensation or447

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manner of fixing compensation, of directors;	
(4) The time and place <u>, if any, and time</u> for holding, the	449
manner of and authority for calling, giving notice of, and	450
conducting, and the requirements of a quorum for, meetings of the	451
directors;	452
(5) The appointment of an executive and other committees of	453
the directors, and their authority;	454
(6) The titles, qualifications, duties, term of office,	455
compensation or manner of fixing compensation, and the removal, of	456
officers;	457
(7) The terms on which new certificates for shares may be	458
issued in the place of lost, stolen, or destroyed certificates;	459
(8) The manner in which and conditions upon which a	460
certificated security, and the conditions upon which an	461
uncertificated security, and the shares represented by a	462
certificated or uncertificated security, may be transferred,	463
restrictions on the right to transfer the shares, and reservations	464
of liens on the shares;	465
(9)(a) Restrictions on the transfer and the right to transfer	466
shares of either of the following:	467
(i) An issuing public corporation to any person in a control	468
share acquisition;	469
(ii) A corporation with fifty or more shareholders to any	470
person in an acquisition that would be a control share acquisition	471
if the corporation were an issuing public corporation.	472
(b) The restrictions on the transfer and the right to	473
transfer shares described in division (B)(9)(a)(i) and (ii) of	474
this section may include requirements and procedures for consent	475
to an acquisition of the shares by directors based on a	476
determination by the directors of the best interests of the	477

478 corporation and its shareholders, consent to an acquisition of the 479 shares by shareholders, and reasonable sanctions for a violation 480 of those requirements, including the right of the corporation to 481 refuse to transfer, to redeem, or to deny voting or other 482 shareholder rights appurtenant to shares acquired in an 483 acquisition of the shares.

(10) Defining, limiting, or regulating the exercise of the 484 authority of the corporation, the directors, the officers, or all 485 the shareholders.

487 (C) The shareholders of a corporation may adopt and may authorize the directors to adopt, either before or during an 488 emergency, as that term is defined in division (U) of section 489 1701.01 of the Revised Code, emergency regulations that shall be 490 operative only during an emergency. The emergency regulations may 491 include any provisions that are authorized to be included in 492 regulations by divisions (A) and (B) of this section. In addition, 493 unless expressly prohibited by the articles or the regulations, 494 the emergency regulations may make any provision, notwithstanding 495 any different provisions in this chapter and notwithstanding any 496 different provisions in the articles or the regulations that are 497 not expressly stated to be operative during an emergency, that may 498 499 be practical or necessary with respect to the following:

(1) The time and place, if any, and time for holding, the 501 manner of and authority for calling, giving notice of, and 502 conducting, and the requirements of a quorum for, meetings of the 503 directors; 504

(2) The creation and appointment of an executive and other 505 committees of the directors and the delegation of authority to the 506 committees by the board; 507

(3) The creation, existence, and filling of vacancies, 508

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officers and other persons to serve as directors for a meeting of	
the board in the absence from the meeting of one or more of the	512
directors;	
(5) The creation, existence, and filling of vacancies,	514
including temporary vacancies, in any office;	
(6) The order of rank and the succession to the duties and	516
authority of officers.	
(D) If the regulations are amended or new regulations are	518
adopted, without a meeting of the shareholders, the secretary of	
the corporation shall mail send a copy of the amendment or the new	
regulations by mail, overnight delivery service, or any other	521
means of communication authorized by the shareholder to whom a	522
copy of the amendment or new regulations are sent, to each	523
shareholder who would have been entitled to vote on the adoption	
of the amendment or the new regulations and did not participate in	

including temporary vacancies, in the office of director;

(4) The selection, by appointment, election, or otherwise, of

(E) No person dealing with the corporation shall be charged 527 with constructive notice of the regulations. 528

the adoption of the amendment or the new regulations.

(F) Unless expressly prohibited by the articles or the 529 regulations or unless otherwise provided by the emergency 530 regulations, the following special rules shall be applicable 531 during an emergency notwithstanding any different provision 532 elsewhere in this chapter: 533

(1) Meetings of the directors may be called by any officer or 534 director. 535

(2) Notice of the time and place of each meeting of the 536 directors shall be given to such of the directors as it may be 537 feasible to reach at the time and by the means of communication, 538

written or oral, personal or mass, as may be practicable at the 539 time. 540

(3) The director or directors present at any meeting of the 541 directors that has been duly called and notice of which has been 542 duly given shall constitute a quorum for the meeting, and, in the 543 absence of one or more of the directors, the director or directors 544 present may appoint one or more of the officers of the corporation 545 directors for the meeting. 546

(4) If none of the directors attends a meeting of the
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directors that has been duly called and notice of which has been
duly given, the officers of the corporation who are present, not
stall three, in order of rank, shall be directors for the
meeting, shall constitute a quorum for the meeting, and may
appoint one or more of the other officers of the corporation
552
directors for the meeting.

(5) If the chief executive officer dies, is missing, or for 554 any other reason is temporarily or permanently incapable of 555 discharging the duties of the office, the next ranking officer who 556 is available shall assume the duties and authority of the office 557 of the deceased, missing, or incapacitated chief executive officer 558 until such time as the directors shall otherwise order. 559

(6) The offices of secretary and treasurer shall be deemed to 560 be of equal rank, and, within the same office and as between the 561 offices of secretary and treasurer, rank shall be determined by 562 priority in time of the first election to the office or, if two or 563 more persons have been first elected to the office at the same 564 time, by seniority in age. 565

Sec. 1701.25. (A) Each certificate for shares of a566corporation shall state:567

(1) That the corporation is organized under the laws of this 568

As Passed by the House	
state;	569
(2) The name of the person to whom the shares represented by	570
the certificate are issued;	571
(3) The number of shares represented by the certificate;	572
(4) If the shares of the corporation are classified, the	573
designation of the class, and the series, if any, of the shares	574
represented by the certificate;	575
(5) On the face or the back of the certificate:	576
(a) The express terms, if any, of the shares represented by	577
the certificate and of the other class or classes and series of	578
shares, if any, which the corporation is authorized to issue; or	579
(b) A summary of such express terms; or	580
(c) That the corporation will mail <u>send</u> to the shareholder a	581
copy of such express terms without charge within five days after	582
receipt of written request therefor; or	583
(d) That a copy of such express terms is attached to and by	584
reference made a part of such certificate and that the corporation	585
will mail send to the shareholder a copy of such express terms	586
without charge within five days after receipt of written request	587
therefor if the copy has become detached from the certificate.	588
(B) No restriction on the right to transfer shares and no	589
reservation of lien on shares shall be effective against a	590
transferee of such shares unless there has been compliance with	591
section 1308.11 of the Revised Code, and unless, as to	592
certificated securities, there is set forth on the face or the	593
back of the certificate therefor:	594
(1) A statement of the terms of such restriction or	595
reservation; or	596

(2) A summary of the terms of such restriction or reservation 597

and a statement that the corporation will mail send to the598shareholder a copy of such restriction or reservation without599charge within five days after receipt of written request therefor;600or601

(3) If such restriction or reservation is contained in the 602 articles or regulations of the corporation, or in an instrument in 603 writing to which the corporation is a party, a statement to that 604 effect and a statement that the corporation will mail send to the 605 shareholder a copy of such restriction or reservation without 606 charge within five days after receipt of written request therefor; 607 or 608

(4) If such restriction or reservation is contained in an
609
instrument in writing (other than the articles or regulations of
610
the corporation or an instrument in writing to which the
611
corporation is a party), a statement to that effect identifying
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the instrument by title, date, and parties.
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(C) A corporation shall mail send to a shareholder without
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charge within five days after receipt of written request therefor
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the copy or copies referred to in paragraphs (5)(c) and (5)(d) of
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division divisions (A)(5)(c) and (d) and paragraphs (B)(2) and (3)
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of division (B) of this section by mail, overnight delivery
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service, or any other means of communication authorized by the
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shareholder to whom the copy or copies are sent.

Sec. 1701.37. (A) Each corporation shall keep correct and 621 complete books and records of account, together with minutes of 622 the proceedings of its incorporators, shareholders, directors, and 623 committees of the directors, and records of its shareholders 624 showing their names and addresses and the number and class of 625 shares issued or transferred of record to or by them from time to 626 time. 627

(B) Upon request of any shareholder at any meeting of

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629 shareholders, there shall be produced at such meeting an 630 alphabetically arranged list, or classified lists, of the 631 shareholders of record as of the applicable record date, who are 632 entitled to vote, showing their respective addresses and the 633 number and class of shares held by each. Such list or lists when 634 certified by the officer or agent in charge of the transfers of 635 shares shall be prima-facie evidence of the facts shown therein. 636 If the meeting is to be held solely or in part by means of 637 communications equipment, then the corporation shall make the list 638 or lists open to the examination of any shareholder or proxyholder 639 during the whole time of the meeting on a reasonably accessible 640 electronic network. The directors may adopt quidelines and 641 procedures to permit the corporation to verify that any person 642 accessing the list or lists is a shareholder or proxyholder.

(C) Any shareholder of the corporation, upon written demand 643 stating the specific purpose thereof, shall have the right to 644 examine in person or by agent or attorney at any reasonable time 645 and for any reasonable and proper purpose, the articles of the 646 corporation, its regulations, its books and records of account, 647 minutes, and records of shareholders aforesaid, and voting trust 648 agreements, if any, on file with the corporation, and to make 649 copies or extracts thereof. Any written demand by an acquiring 650 person to examine the records of shareholders for the purpose of 651 communicating with shareholders of the issuing public corporation 652 in connection with a meeting of shareholders called pursuant to 653 section 1701.831 of the Revised Code shall be deemed to have been 654 made by a shareholder of the issuing public corporation for a 655 reasonable and proper purpose.

(D) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, if a shareholder has 657 authorized the corporation to deliver notices of shareholder 658 meetings required by section 1701.41 of the Revised Code to the 659 shareholder by any means other than mail and has not rescinded 660

Page 22

that authorization, the corporation shall include the electronic661mail address or other electronic contact information necessary to662deliver the notice on any list or lists of shareholders prepared663pursuant to division (B) or (C) of this section.664

sec. 1701.38. (A) At the annual meeting of shareholders, or 665 the meeting held in lieu of it, every corporation, except a 666 banking corporation, shall lay before the shareholders financial 667 statements, which may be consolidated, consisting of: 668

(1) A balance sheet containing a summary of the assets, 669 liabilities, stated capital, if any, and surplus (showing 670 separately any capital surplus arising from unrealized 671 appreciation of assets, other capital surplus, and earned surplus) 672 as of the end of the corporation's most recent fiscal year, except 673 that, if consolidated financial statements are laid before the 674 shareholders, the consolidated balance sheet shall show separately 675 or disclose by a note the amount of consolidated surplus that does 676 not constitute under the Revised Code earned surplus of the 677 corporation or any of its subsidiaries and that is not classified 678 as stated capital or capital surplus on the consolidated balance 679 sheet; 680

(2) A statement of profit and loss and surplus, including a 681 summary of profits, dividends or distributions paid, and other 682 changes in the surplus accounts, for the period commencing with 683 the date marking the end of the period for which the last 684 preceding statement of profit and loss required under this section 685 was made and ending with the date of the balance sheet or, in the 686 case of the first statement of profit and loss, for the period 687 commencing with the date of incorporation of the corporation and 688 ending with the date of the balance sheet. 689

(B) The financial statements shall have appended to them anopinion signed by the president or a vice-president or the691

692 treasurer or an assistant treasurer of the corporation or by a 693 public accountant or firm of public accountants to the effect that 694 the financial statement presents fairly the financial position of 695 the corporation and the results of its operations in conformity 696 with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis 697 consistent with that of the preceding period, or to the effect 698 that the financial statements have been prepared on the basis of 699 accounting practices and principles that are reasonable in the circumstances.

(C) Upon the written request of any shareholder made in 701 writing or by any other means of communication authorized by the 702 corporation prior to the date of the meeting described in division 703 (A) of this section, the corporation shall mail send a copy of the 704 financial statements laid or to be laid before the shareholders at 705 the meeting to the shareholder by mail, overnight delivery 706 service, or any other means of communication authorized by the 707 shareholder to whom the copy is sent on or before the later of the 708 709 following:

(1) The fifth day after the receipt of the written request; 710

(2) The earlier of the following:

(a) The fifth day before the date of the meeting;

(b) The fifth day after the expiration of four months from 713 the date of the balance sheet described in division (A)(1) of this 714 section. 715

(D) If the meeting described in division (A) of this section 716 is to be held solely by means of communications equipment, the 717 corporation shall make the financial statements described in that 718 division open to the examination of any shareholder or proxyholder 719 during the whole time of the meeting on a reasonably accessible 720 electronic network. The directors may adopt guidelines and 721 procedures to permit the corporation to verify that any person 722

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accessing the financial statements is a shareholder or 723 proxyholder. 724

sec. 1701.40. (A) Meetings of shareholders may be called by 725
any of the following: 726

(1) The chairman chairperson of the board, the president, or, 727 in case of the president's absence, death, or disability, the 728 vice-president authorized to exercise the authority of the 729 president; 730

(2) The directors by action at a meeting, or a majority ofthe directors acting without a meeting;732

(3) Persons who hold twenty-five per cent of all shares
outstanding and entitled to vote thereat at the meeting, unless
the articles or the regulations specify for such that purpose a
smaller or larger proportion but not in excess of fifty per cent;
736

(4) Such other officers or persons as the articles or theregulations authorize to call such the meetings.738

(B) Meetings of shareholders may be held either within or 739 without this state if so provided in the articles or the 740 regulations. The articles or regulations may authorize the 741 directors to determine that the meeting shall not be held at any 742 physical place, but instead may be held solely by means of 743 communications equipment as authorized by division (C) of this 744 section. If the corporation is an issuing public corporation and 745 the articles or regulations do not require that a meeting be held 746 at a particular physical place and authorize the directors to fix 747 the place of the meeting, the directors may determine that the 748 meeting shall not be held at any physical place, but instead may 749 be held solely by means of communications equipment as authorized 750 by division (C) of this section. In the absence of any such 751 provision, all meetings shall be held at the principal office of 752 the corporation in this state.

(C) If authorized by the directors, the shareholders and 754 proxyholders who are not physically present at a meeting of 755 shareholders may attend a meeting of shareholders by use of 756 communications equipment that enables the shareholder or 757 proxyholder an opportunity to participate in the meeting and to 758 vote on matters submitted to the shareholders, including an 759 opportunity to read or hear the proceedings of the meeting and to 760 speak or otherwise participate in the proceedings 761 762 contemporaneously with those physically present. Any shareholder using communications equipment will be deemed present in person at 763 the meeting whether the meeting is to be held at a designated 764 place or solely by means of communications equipment. The 765 directors may adopt quidelines and procedures for the use of 766 communications equipment in connection with a meeting of 767 shareholders to permit the corporation to verify that a person is 768 a shareholder or proxyholder and to maintain a record of any vote 769 or other action. 770

Sec. 1701.41. (A) Written notice stating the time, place, if 771 any, and purposes of a meeting of the shareholders, and the means, 772 if any, by which shareholders can be present and vote at the 773 meeting through the use of communications equipment shall be given 774 either by personal delivery or by mail, overnight delivery 775 service, or any other means of communication authorized by the 776 shareholder to whom the notice is given, not less than seven nor 777 more than sixty days before the date of the meeting unless the 778 articles or the regulations specify a longer period: (1) to each 779 every shareholder of record entitled to notice of the meeting; (2) 780 by or at the direction of the president or the secretary or any 781 other person required or permitted by the regulations to give such 782 that notice. If mailed or sent by overnight delivery service, such 783 784 the notice shall be addressed sent to the shareholder at his the

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785 shareholder's address as it appears on the records of the corporation. If sent by another means of communication authorized 786 by the shareholder, the notice shall be sent to the address 787 furnished by the shareholder for those transmissions. Notice of 788 adjournment of a meeting need not be given if the time and place, 789 if any, to which it is adjourned and the means, if any, by which 790 shareholders can be present and vote at the adjourned meeting 791 through the use of communications equipment are fixed and 792 announced at such the meeting. 793

(B) Upon request in writing delivered either in person or by 794 registered mail to the president or the secretary by any persons 795 entitled to call a meeting of shareholders, such that officer 796 shall forthwith cause to be given to the shareholders entitled 797 thereto to notice of a meeting to be held on a date not less than 798 seven nor more than sixty days after the receipt of such the 799 request, as such the officer may fix, unless the articles or the 800 regulations specify a longer period for such this purpose. If such 801 the notice is not given within fifteen days after the delivery or 802 mailing of such the request, or such that shorter or longer period 803 as the articles or the regulations specify for such this purpose, 804 the persons calling the meeting may fix the time of meeting and 805 give notice thereon of the time of meeting as provided in division 806 (A) of this section, or cause such the notice to be given by any 807 designated representative. 808

(C) Any authorization by a shareholder to send notices given 809 pursuant to this chapter by any means other than in person or by 810 mail or overnight delivery service is revocable by written notice 811 to the corporation either by personal delivery or by mail, 812 overnight delivery service, or any other means of communication 813 authorized by the corporation. If sent by another means of 814 communication authorized by the corporation, the notice shall be 815 sent to the address furnished by the corporation for those 816

817 transmissions. Any authorization by a shareholder to send notices 818 given pursuant to this chapter by any means other than in person 819 or by mail or overnight delivery service will be deemed to have 820 been revoked by the shareholder if (1) the corporation has 821 attempted to make delivery of two consecutive notices in 822 accordance with that authorization, and (2) the secretary or an 823 assistant secretary of the corporation, or other person 824 responsible for giving of notice, has received notice that, or 825 otherwise believes that, delivery has not occurred. However, an 826 inadvertent failure to treat the inability to deliver notice as a 827 revocation will not invalidate any meeting of shareholders or 828 other action.

Sec. 1701.42. Notice of the time, place, if any, and purposes 829 of any meeting of shareholders or directors, as the case may be, 830 whether required by law, the articles, the regulations, or (in the 831 case of directors) the bylaws, may be waived in writing, either 832 before or after the holding of such meeting, by any shareholder, 833 or by any director, which writing shall be filed with or entered 834 upon the records of the meeting. The attendance of any shareholder 835 or any director at any such meeting without protesting, prior to 836 or at the commencement of the meeting, the lack of proper notice 837 shall be deemed to be a waiver by him the shareholder or director 838 of notice of such meeting. A telegram, cablegram, electronic mail, 839 or an electronic or other transmission capable of authentication 840 that appears to have been sent by a person described in this 841 section and that contains a waiver by that person is a writing for 842 the purposes of this section. 843

Sec. 1701.51. Unless the articles or the regulations 844 otherwise provide: 845

(A) The shareholders present in person or, by proxy, or by
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 the use of communications equipment at any meeting of shareholders
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shall constitute a quorum for such meeting, but no action required 848 by law, the articles, or the regulations to be authorized or taken 849 by the holders of a designated proportion of the shares of any 850 particular class or of each class, may be authorized or taken by a 851 lesser proportion;.

(B) The holders of a majority of the voting shares
represented at a meeting, whether or not a quorum is present, may
adjourn such meeting from time to time.

sec. 1701.54. (A) Unless the articles or the regulations 856 prohibit the authorization or taking of any action of the 857 shareholders or of the directors without a meeting, any action 858 which that may be authorized or taken at a meeting of the 859 shareholders or of the directors, as the case may be, may be 860 authorized or taken without a meeting with the affirmative vote or 861 approval of, and in a writing or writings signed by all the 862 shareholders who would be entitled to notice of a meeting of the 863 shareholders held for such purpose, or all the directors, 864 respectively, which writing or writings shall be filed with or 865 entered upon the records of the corporation. Any certificate with 866 respect to the authorization or taking of any such action which 867 that is required to be filed in the office of the secretary of 868 state shall recite that the authorization or taking of such action 869 was in a writing or writings approved and signed as specified in 870 this section. 871

(B) A telegram, cablegram, electronic mail, or an electronic 872 or other transmission capable of authentication that appears to 873 874 have been sent by a person described in division (A) of this section and that contains an affirmative vote or approval of that 875 person is a signed writing for the purposes of this section. The 876 date on which that telegram, cablegram, electronic mail, or 877 electronic or other transmission is sent is the date on which the 878 879 writing is signed.

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Sec. 1701.61. Unless otherwise provided in the articles, the 880 regulations, or the bylaws, and subject to the exceptions, 881 applicable during an emergency as that term is defined in section 882 1701.01 of the Revised Code, for which provision is made in 883 division (F) of section 1701.11 of the Revised Code: 884

(A) Meetings of the directors may be called by the chairman
 <u>chairperson</u> of the board, the president, any vice-president, or
 886
 any two directors +.
 887

(B) Meetings of the directors may be held at any place within 888 or without the state and, unless the articles or the regulations 889 prohibit participation by directors at a meeting by means of 890 communications equipment, meetings of the directors may be held 891 through any communications equipment if all persons participating 892 can hear each other and participation in a meeting pursuant to 893 this division shall constitute presence at such the meeting+. 894

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(C) Written notice Notice of the time and place, if any, and 896 time of each meeting of the directors shall be given to each 897 director either by personal delivery or by mail, telegram, or 898 cablegram, overnight delivery service, or any other means of 899 communication authorized by the director at least two days before 900 the meeting, which. The notice need not specify the purposes of 901 the meeting; .

(D) Notice of adjournment of a meeting need not be given if
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 the time and place to which it is adjourned are fixed and
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 announced at such the meeting.
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Sec. 1701.69. (A) The articles may be amended from time to 906 time in any respect if the articles as amended set forth all such 907 provisions as are required in, and, except for amendments to the 908 articles as described in divisions (B)(10) and (11) of this 909

910 section, only such provisions as may properly be in, original articles filed at the time of adopting the amendment, and, if a 911 change in issued shares is to be made, or if as the result of any 912 amendment the stated capital of any class of shares is to be 913 created, increased, reduced, or eliminated, then such provisions, 914 not inconsistent with section 1701.30 of the Revised Code, as are 915 necessary to effect such change, or to effect such creation, 916 increase, reduction, or elimination of stated capital. 917

(B) Without limiting the generality of the authority to amend918the articles, the articles may be amended to do any of the919following:920

(1) Change the name of the corporation;

(2) Change the place in this state where its principal office922is to be located;923

(3) Change, enlarge, or diminish its purpose or purposes;

(4) Increase or decrease the authorized number of shares of 925any class; 926

(5) Authorize shares of a new class or classes;

(6) Increase or decrease the par value of issued or unissued928shares with par value;929

(7) Change issued or unissued shares of any class, whether
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 with or without par value, into the same or a different number of
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 shares of any class with or without par value, theretofore or then
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 authorized;
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(8) Provide that, as a result of an amendment described in 934 division (B)(6), (7), or (11) of this section, the stated capital 935 of any class of shares shall be created, increased, reduced, or 936 eliminated, consistent with section 1701.30 of the Revised Code, 937 except that, in the case of any amendment to change the 938 corporation into a nonprofit corporation, the stated capital of 939

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the corporation may be reduced or eliminated;

(9) Change any of the express terms of issued or unissued
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shares of any class or series, which change may include the
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discharge, adjustment, or elimination of rights to accrued
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undeclared cumulative dividends or distributions on the shares of
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such class or series;
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(10) Eliminate the right of every shareholder to vote 946 cumulatively in the election of directors or to delete a provision 947 that eliminates that right, except that, if a corporation is 948 formed after the effective date of this amendment or if a 949 corporation that exists on the effective date of this amendment 950 does not have issued and outstanding shares that are listed on a 951 952 national securities exchange or are regularly guoted in an over-the-counter market by one or more members of a national or 953 affiliated securities association, the articles may be amended to 954 eliminate the right of every shareholder to vote cumulatively in 955 the election of directors only upon compliance with both of the 956 following: 957

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this division in 958
connection with surviving corporations in mergers and new 959
corporations resulting from consolidations, the shareholder action 960
on the amendment to the articles shall not occur earlier than 961
ninety days after the effective date of this amendment or ninety 962
days after the date that the corporation was formed, whichever 963
date is later; 964

(b) A written notice shall have been given sent to the 965
shareholders by mail, overnight delivery service, or any other 966
means of communication authorized by the shareholder to whom the 967
notice is sent that states, in solid capital letters, that an 968
effect of the amendment to the articles will be to do both of the 969
following: 970

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(i) To permit a majority of a quorum of the voting power in 971 the election or removal of directors to elect or remove every 972 director;

(ii) To preclude a minority of a quorum of the voting power 974 in the election or removal of directors from electing or 975 preventing the removal of any director. 976

977 In the case of a surviving corporation as a result of a merger or of a new corporation resulting from a consolidation, if 978 immediately prior to the merger or consolidation at least one of 979 the constituent corporations had issued and outstanding shares 980 listed on a national securities exchange or regularly quoted in an 981 over-the-counter market by one or more members of a national or 982 affiliated securities association, then the ninety-day limitation 983 prescribed in division (B)(10)(a) of this section does not apply 984 and the agreement of merger or consolidation, as adopted pursuant 985 to section 1701.78 or 1701.80 of the Revised Code, may eliminate, 986 subject to division (B)(10)(b) of this section, the right of every 987 shareholder to vote cumulatively in the election of directors. An 988 agreement of merger or consolidation that is so adopted and that 989 eliminates the right of every shareholder to vote cumulatively in 990 the election of directors shall be considered an amendment 991 permitted by this division. 992

(11) Change a corporation into a nonprofit corporation; 993

(12) Change any provision of the articles or add any 994 provision that may properly be included in the articles. 995

Sec. 1701.70. (A) If initial directors are not named in the 996 articles, before subscriptions to shares have been received and 997 before the incorporators have elected directors, the incorporators 998 may adopt an amendment to the articles by a writing signed by 999 them. If initial directors are named in the articles, or if the 1000 incorporators have elected directors and have not received 1001

subscriptions, then before subscriptions to shares have been 1002 received, the directors may adopt an amendment to the articles. 1003

1004 (B) The directors may adopt an amendment to the articles in the following cases: 1005

(1) When and to the extent authorized by the articles, the 1006 directors may adopt an amendment determining, in whole or in part, 1007 the express terms, within the limits set forth in this chapter, of 1008 any class of shares before the issuance of any shares of that 1009 class, or of one or more series within a class before the issuance 1010 of shares of that series. 1011

(2) When the corporation has issued shares or obligations 1012 convertible into shares of the corporation or has granted options 1013 to purchase any shares, and the conversion or option rights are 1014 set forth in the articles or have been approved by the same vote 1015 of shareholders as, at the time of the approval, would have been 1016 required to amend the articles to authorize the shares required 1017 for that purpose, and the corporation does not have sufficient 1018 authorized but unissued shares to satisfy those conversion or 1019 option rights, the directors may adopt an amendment to authorize 1020 the shares. 1021

(3) Whenever shares of any class have been redeemed, or have 1022 been surrendered to or acquired by the corporation upon 1023 conversion, exchange, purchase, or otherwise, the directors may 1024 adopt an amendment to reduce the authorized number of shares of 1025 the class by the number so redeemed, surrendered, or acquired; and 1026 when all of the authorized shares of a class have been redeemed or 1027 surrendered to or acquired by the corporation, the directors may 1028 adopt an amendment to eliminate from the articles all references 1029 to the shares of the class and to make other appropriate changes 1030 that are required by the elimination. 1031

(4) When articles have been amended and any change of issued 1032 or unissued shares provided for in the amendment or amended 1033

1034 articles has become effective, the directors may adopt an 1035 amendment to eliminate from the articles all references to the 1036 change of shares and to make any other appropriate changes that 1037 are required by the elimination; however, an amendment to articles 1038 that is so adopted by the directors shall contain a statement with 1039 respect to the authorized number and the par value, if any, of the 1040 shares of each class.

(5) After a merger or consolidation, in which the surviving 1041 or new corporation is a domestic corporation, becomes effective, 1042 the directors may adopt an amendment: 1043

(a) To eliminate from the articles any statement or provision 1044 pertaining exclusively to the merger or consolidation, or that was 1045 1046 required to be set forth in the agreement of merger or consolidation and that would not be required in original articles 1047 or amendments to articles filed at the time the statement or 1048 provision was adopted; 1049

1050 (b) To make any other appropriate changes required by that elimination. 1051

An amendment to articles adopted by the directors under 1052 division (B)(5) of this section need not contain or continue any 1053 statement with respect to the amount of stated capital. 1054

(6) Unless otherwise provided in the articles, the directors 1055 may adopt an amendment changing the name of the corporation. 1056

(7) The directors may adopt an amendment changing the place 1057 in this state where the principal office of the corporation is to 1058 be located. 1059

(8) When the directors have declared a dividend or 1060 distribution on any class of outstanding shares of the corporation 1061 to be paid in shares of the same class, the directors may adopt an 1062 amendment to proportionately increase the authorized number of 1063 shares of the class, provided that the corporation has only one 1064

class of shares outstanding or the dividend or distribution is not	5
substantially prejudicial to the holders of any other class of the	6
corporation's shares, and further provided that such an amendment 1067	7
be adopted concurrently with the amendment described in division 1068	8
(B)(10) of this section when the dividend or distribution is 1069	9
declared on outstanding shares with par value. 1070	0

(9) The directors may adopt an amendment to change each 1071 issued and unissued authorized share of an outstanding class into 1072 a greater number of shares of that class and to proportionately 1073 increase the authorized number of shares of that class, provided 1074 that the corporation has only one class of shares outstanding or 1075 the change is not substantially prejudicial to the holders of any 1076 other class of the corporation's shares, and further provided that 1077 such an amendment be adopted concurrently with the amendment 1078 described in division (B)(10) of this section when the change is 1079 made to outstanding shares with par value. 1080

(10) Concurrently with the adoption of an amendment under 1081 division (B)(8) or (9) of this section, the directors may adopt an 1082 amendment decreasing the par value of issued and unissued shares 1083 of a particular class to the extent necessary to prevent an 1084 increase in the aggregate par value of the outstanding shares of 1085 the class as a result of the dividend or distribution described in 1086 division (B)(8) of this section or the change described in 1087 division (B)(9) of this section. 1088

(C) If a vote on the adoption of an amendment is required by 1089 division (B)(4) of section 1701.71 of the Revised Code, any 1090 amendment to the articles adopted pursuant to division (B) of this 1091 section that creates a class or series of shares the express terms 1092 of which provide for the convertibility of the shares into shares 1093 of another class shall also require the approval of the holders, 1094 voting as a class, of any issued and outstanding shares into which 1095 1096 the shares may be converted.

(D) Divisions (B)(6) to (10) of this section shall not apply 1097 to a corporation with one hundred or fewer shareholders unless the 1098 corporation was created on or after the effective date of this 1099 amendment, or the articles of the corporation have been amended in 1100 compliance with section 1701.71 or 1701.73 of the Revised Code 1101

specifically to make those divisions applicable. 1102

Sec. 1701.71. (A)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this 1103 division or division (A)(2) of this section, the shareholders, at 1104 a meeting held for that purpose, may adopt an amendment, including 1105 any amendment that could be adopted by the directors, by the 1106 affirmative vote of the holders of shares entitling them to 1107 exercise two-thirds of the voting power of the corporation on the 1108 proposal or, if the articles provide or permit, by the affirmative 1109 vote of a greater or lesser proportion, but not less than a 1110 majority, of such voting power, and by the affirmative vote of the 1111 holders of shares of any particular class that is required by the 1112 articles. If, at the time an amendment to eliminate cumulative 1113 voting rights permitted by division (B)(10) of section 1701.69 of 1114 the Revised Code is acted upon by the shareholders, a corporation 1115 does not have issued and outstanding shares that are listed on a 1116 national securities exchange or are regularly quoted in an 1117 over-the-counter market by one or more members of a national or 1118 affiliated securities association, that amendment shall not be 1119 adopted if the votes of a sufficient number of shares are cast 1120 against the amendment that, if cumulatively voted at an election 1121 of all the directors, or all the directors of a particular class, 1122 as the case may be, would at the time the amendment is acted upon 1123 by the shareholders be sufficient to elect at least one director. 1124

(2) Whenever under division (B) of this section the holders 1125 of shares of any particular class are entitled to vote as a class 1126 on the adoption of an amendment, the amendment, in order to be 1127 adopted, must receive the affirmative vote of the holders of at 1128

Page 37

1129 least two-thirds of the shares of that class or, if the articles 1130 provide or permit, a greater or lesser proportion, but not less 1131 than a majority, of the shares of that class. If the proposed 1132 amendment would authorize any particular corporate action that, 1133 under any applicable provision of law or under the existing 1134 articles, could be authorized only by or pursuant to a specified 1135 vote of shareholders, the amendment, in order to be adopted, must 1136 receive the affirmative vote so specified.

(B) Regardless of limitations or restrictions in the articles
on the voting rights of the shares of any class, the holders of
shares of a particular class, and in the cases specified in
divisions (B)(6), (7), and (8) of this section the holders of
shares of every class, shall be entitled to vote as a class on the
adoption of an amendment that does any of the following:

(1) Increases or decreases the par value of the issued shares
of the particular class, except in the case of an amendment to the
articles adopted by the directors pursuant to division (B)(10) of
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section 1701.70 of the Revised Code;

(2) Changes issued shares of the particular class, whether 1148 with or without par value, into a lesser number of shares of the 1149 same class or into the same or a different number of shares of any 1150 other class, with or without par value, previously or then 1151 authorized; 1152

(3) Changes the express terms, or adds express terms, of the 1153
shares of the particular class in any manner substantially 1154
prejudicial to the holders of the shares; 1155

(4) Changes the express terms of issued shares of any class
senior to the particular class in any manner substantially
prejudicial to the holders of shares of the particular class;
1158

(5) Authorizes shares of another class that are convertible 1159

into, or authorizes the conversion of shares of another class 1160 into, shares of the particular class, or authorizes the directors 1161 to fix or alter conversion rights of shares of another class that 1162 are convertible into shares of the particular class; provided, 1163 however, both of the following apply: 1164

(a) The failure to obtain the shareholders' approval only 1165
prevents the conversion of the shares until the shareholders' 1166
approval is obtained and does not otherwise affect the 1167
authorization or any other express terms of the shares; 1168

(b) The articles may provide that no vote of the holders of 1169 common shares, as a class, is required in connection with the 1170 authorization of shares of any class that are convertible into 1171 common shares. 1172

(6) Provides, in the case of an amendment described in 1173 division (B)(1) or (2) of this section, that the stated capital of 1174 the corporation shall be reduced or eliminated as a result of the 1175 amendment, or provides, in the case of an amendment described in 1176 division (B)(5) of this section, that the stated capital of the 1177 corporation shall be reduced or eliminated upon the exercise of 1178 such conversion rights, provided that any reduction or elimination 1179 is consistent with section 1701.30 of the Revised Code; 1180

(7) Changes substantially the purposes of the corporation, or 1181
provides that a subsequent amendment to the articles may be 1182
adopted that changes substantially the purposes of the 1183
corporation; 1184

(8) Changes a corporation into a nonprofit corporation. 1185

(C) An amendment that changes a corporation into a nonprofit 1186 corporation shall contain a statement of purposes proper in the 1187 case of a nonprofit corporation and a statement that, after the 1188 effective date of the amendment, the corporation shall be subject 1189 to the provisions of the Revised Code relating to nonprofit 1190

1191 corporations. In the case of a corporation formed on or after June 1192 9, 1927, the amendment also shall provide for the cancellation of 1193 all outstanding shares and the terms and considerations, if any, 1194 for the cancellation. In the case of a corporation formed prior to 1195 June 9, 1927, the amendment may provide for the cancellation of 1196 outstanding shares, but if it does not so provide, the amendment 1197 shall contain a provision forbidding the payment of dividends or 1198 distributions on any shares after the effective date of the 1199 amendment.

Sec. 1701.73. (A) Upon the adoption of any amendment or 1200 amended articles, a certificate containing a copy of the 1201 resolution adopting the amendment or amended articles, a statement 1202 of the manner of its adoption, and, in the case of adoption of the 1203 resolution by the incorporators or directors, a statement of the 1204 basis for such adoption, shall be filed with the secretary of 1205 state, and thereupon the articles shall be amended accordingly, 1206 1207 any change of shares provided for in the amendment or amended articles shall become effective, and the amended articles shall 1208 supersede the existing articles. When an amendment or amended 1209 articles are adopted by the directors pursuant to section 1701.70 1210 of the Revised Code, the corporation shall send notice of the 1211 amendment or amended articles, and a copy or summary thereof, by 1212 mail, overnight delivery service, or any other means of 1213 communication authorized by the shareholder to whom the notice and 1214 copy or summary are sent, to each shareholder of the corporation 1215 of record as of the date on which the directors approved the 1216 amendment or amended articles. The notice shall be sent to the 1217 shareholders within twenty days after the filing of the 1218 certificate required by this division. 1219

(B) When an amendment or amended articles are adopted by the 1220 incorporators, the certificate shall be signed by each of them. 1221

(C) When an amendment or amended articles are adopted by the
 directors or by the shareholders, the certificate shall be signed
 by any authorized officer.

(D) A copy of an amendment or amended articles changing the 1225 name of a corporation or its principal office in this state, 1226 certified by the secretary of state, may be filed for record in 1227 the office of the county recorder of any county in this state, and 1228 for such recording the county recorder shall charge and collect 1229 the same fee as provided for in division (A) of section 317.32 of 1230 the Revised Code. Such copy shall be recorded in the records of 1231 deeds. 1232

Sec. 1701.80. (A) Pursuant to an agreement of merger between 1233 the constituent corporations as provided in this section and 1234 provided that the provisions of Chapter 1704. of the Revised Code 1235 do not prevent the merger from being effected, one or more 1236 domestic or foreign subsidiaries may be merged into a domestic or 1237 foreign parent corporation, provided that the parent owns ninety 1238 per cent or more of each class of the outstanding shares of each 1239 subsidiary, that at least one constituent corporation is a 1240 domestic corporation, and that, in the case of a domestic parent, 1241 the conditions set forth in divisions (D)(1), (2), (3), and (4) of 1242 section 1701.78 of the Revised Code do not exist. 1243

(B) The agreement of merger shall set forth the designation 1244 and the number of the outstanding shares of each class of each 1245 subsidiary constituent corporation and the number of shares of 1246 each such class owned by the surviving corporation. It shall also 1247 set forth any statements and matters that are required, and may 1248 set forth any provision that is permitted, in a merger under 1249 section 1701.78 of the Revised Code if the surviving corporation 1250 is a domestic corporation or under section 1701.79 of the Revised 1251 Code if the surviving corporation is a foreign corporation. 1252

(C)(1) To effect the merger, the agreement shall be approved 1253 by the directors of each domestic constituent corporation, but it 1254 need not be adopted by the shareholders of any domestic 1255 constituent corporation. If any constituent corporation is a 1256 foreign corporation, the agreement shall be approved or otherwise 1257 authorized by or on behalf of each foreign constituent corporation 1258 in accordance with the laws of the state under which it exists. 1259

(2) Within twenty days after the approval of the agreement of 1260 merger by the directors of each domestic constituent corporation, 1261 the surviving corporation shall deliver or send written notice of 1262 such approval and copy or summary of the agreement to each 1263 shareholder of each domestic constituent corporation, other than 1264 the surviving corporation, of record as of the date on which the 1265 directors of the surviving corporation approved the agreement by 1266 mail, overnight delivery service, or any other means of 1267 communication authorized by the shareholder to whom the notice and 1268 1269 copy or summary are sent.

(D) The approval of the agreement of merger by the directors 1270of a domestic constituent corporation under this section 1271constitutes adoption by that corporation. 1272

sec. 1701.801. (A) Pursuant to an agreement of merger between 1273 the constituent corporations as provided in this section and 1274 provided that the provisions of Chapter 1704. of the Revised Code 1275 do not prevent the merger from being effected, one or more 1276 domestic or foreign corporations may be merged into a domestic 1277 corporation, provided that the domestic surviving corporation is a 1278 subsidiary of one of the constituent corporations and that the 1279 parent constituent corporation owns ninety per cent or more of 1280 each class of the outstanding shares of the surviving subsidiary 1281 corporation. 1282

(B) The agreement of merger shall set forth the designation 1283

and the number of the outstanding shares of each class of the1284surviving subsidiary corporation and the number of shares of each1285such class owned by the parent constituent corporation. It shall1286also set forth any statements and matters that are required, and1287may set forth any provision that is permitted, in a merger under1288section 1701.78 of the Revised Code.1289

(C)(1) To effect the merger, the agreement shall be approved 1290 by the directors of each domestic constituent corporation and 1291 shall be adopted by the shareholders of each domestic constituent 1292 corporation in the same manner and with the same notice to and 1293 vote of shareholders or holders of a particular class of shares as 1294 is required by section 1701.78 of the Revised Code, except that 1295 the agreement need not be adopted by the shareholders of the 1296 surviving subsidiary corporation. If any constituent corporation 1297 is a foreign corporation, the agreement shall be approved or 1298 otherwise authorized by or on behalf of each foreign constituent 1299 corporation in accordance with the laws of the state under which 1300 it exists. 1301

(2) Within twenty days after the approval of the agreement of 1302 merger by the directors of the surviving subsidiary corporation, 1303 the surviving corporation shall deliver or send written notice of 1304 such approval and a copy or summary of the agreement to each 1305 shareholder of the surviving corporation, other than the parent of 1306 the surviving corporation, of record as of the date on which the 1307 directors of the surviving corporation approved the agreement by 1308 mail, overnight delivery service, or any other means of 1309 communication authorized by the shareholder to whom the notice and 1310 copy or summary are sent. 1311

(D) The approval of the agreement of merger by the directors 1312
of the surviving subsidiary corporation under this section 1313
constitutes adoption by the corporation. 1314

sec. 1701.86. (A) A corporation may be dissolved voluntarily 1315 in the manner provided in this section, provided the provisions of 1316 Chapter 1704. of the Revised Code do not prevent the dissolution 1317 from being effected. 1318

	(B)	A	resolution	of	dissolution	for	а	corporation	shall	set	1319
forth	:										1320

(1) That the corporation elects to be dissolved;

(2) Any additional provision considered necessary withrespect to the proposed dissolution and winding up.1323

(C) If an initial stated capital is not set forth in the 1324 articles then before the corporation begins business, or if an 1325 initial stated capital is set forth in the articles then before 1326 subscriptions to shares shall have been received in the amount of 1327 that initial stated capital, the incorporators or a majority of 1328 them may adopt, by a writing signed by them, a resolution of 1329 dissolution.

(D) The directors may adopt a resolution of dissolution in 1331the following cases: 1332

(1) When the corporation has been adjudged bankrupt or hasmade a general assignment for the benefit of creditors;1334

(2) By leave of the court, when a receiver has been appointed
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in a general creditors' suit or in any suit in which the affairs
of the corporation are to be wound up;
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(3) When substantially all of the assets have been sold atjudicial sale or otherwise;1339
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(4) When the articles have been canceled for failure to file
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annual franchise or excise tax returns or for failure to pay
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franchise or excise taxes and the corporation has not been
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reinstated or does not desire to be reinstated;
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(5) When the period of existence of the corporation specified 1344 in its articles has expired. 1345

(E) The shareholders at a meeting held for such purpose may 1346 adopt a resolution of dissolution by the affirmative vote of the 1347 holders of shares entitling them to exercise two-thirds of the 1348 voting power of the corporation on such proposal or, if the 1349 articles provide or permit, by the affirmative vote of a greater 1350 or lesser proportion, though less than a majority, of such voting 1351 power, and by such affirmative vote of the holders of shares of 1352 any particular class as is required by the articles. Notice of the 1353 meeting of the shareholders shall be given to all the shareholders 1354 whether or not entitled to vote at it. 1355

(F) Upon the adoption of a resolution of dissolution, a 1356 certificate shall be prepared, on a form prescribed by the 1357 secretary of state, setting forth the following: 1358

(1) The name of the corporation;

(2) A statement that a resolution of dissolution has been 1360 adopted; 1361

(3) A statement of the manner of adoption of such resolution, 1362 and, in the case of its adoption by the incorporators or 1363 directors, a statement of the basis for such adoption; 1364

(4) The place in this state where its principal office is or 1365 is to be located; 1366

(5) The names and addresses of its directors and officers, 1367 unless the resolution of dissolution is adopted by the 1368 incorporators, in which event the names and addresses of the 1369 incorporators shall be set forth in the certificate; 1370

(6) The name and address of its statutory agent: 1371

(7) The date of dissolution, if other than the filing date. 1372

(G) Such certificate shall be signed as follows: 1373

(1) When the resolution of dissolution is adopted by the
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incorporators or a majority of them, the certificate shall be
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signed by not less than a majority of them;
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(2) When the resolution is adopted by the directors or by the 1377 shareholders, the certificate shall be signed by any authorized 1378 officer, unless the officer fails to execute and file such 1379 certificate within thirty days after the adoption of the 1380 resolution or upon any date specified in the resolution as the 1381 date upon which such certificate is to be filed or upon the 1382 expiration of any period specified in the resolution as the period 1383 within which such certificate is to be filed, whichever is latest, 1384 in which event the certificate of dissolution may be signed by any 1385 three shareholders and shall set forth a statement that the 1386 persons signing the certificate are shareholders and are filing 1387 the certificate because of the failure of the officers to do so. 1388

(H) A certificate of dissolution, filed with the secretary of 1389state, shall be accompanied by: 1390

(1) An affidavit of one or more of the persons executing the 1391 certificate of dissolution or of an officer of the corporation 1392 containing a statement of the counties, if any, in this state in 1393 which the corporation has personal property or a statement that 1394 the corporation is of a type required to pay personal property 1395 taxes to state authorities only; 1396

(2) A receipt, certificate, or other evidence showing the
payment of all franchise, sales, use, and highway use taxes
accruing up to the date of such filing or, if applicable, to the
later date specified in the certificate of dissolution in
accordance with division (F) of this section, or that such payment
has been adequately guaranteed;

(3) A receipt, certificate, or other evidence showing the 1403payment of all personal property taxes accruing up to the date of 1404

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such filing or, if applicable, to the later date specified in the1405certificate of dissolution in accordance with division (F) of this1406section, or that such payment has been adequately guaranteed;1407

(4) A receipt, certificate, or other evidence from the
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director of job and family services showing that all contributions
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due from the corporation as an employer have been paid, or that
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such payment has been adequately guaranteed, or that the
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corporation is not subject to such contributions;
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(5) A receipt, certificate, or other evidence from the bureau 1413 of workers' compensation showing that all premiums due from the 1414 corporation as an employer have been paid, or that such payment 1415 has been adequately guaranteed, or that the corporation is not 1416 subject to such premium payments; 1417

(6) In lieu of the receipt, certificate, or other evidence 1418 described in division (H)(2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section, an 1419 affidavit of one or more persons executing the certificate of 1420 dissolution or of an officer of the corporation containing a 1421 statement of the date upon which the particular department, 1422 agency, or authority was advised in writing of the scheduled 1423 effective date of filing of the certificate of dissolution and was 1424 advised in writing of the acknowledgment by the corporation of the 1425 applicability of the provisions of section 1701.95 of the Revised 1426 Code. 1427

(I) Upon the filing of a certificate of dissolution and such
 accompanying documents or on a later date specified in the
 1428
 certificate that is not more than ninety days after the filing,
 the corporation shall be dissolved.

sec. 1701.93. (A) No officer, director, employee, or agent of 1432
a corporation shall, either alone or with another or others, with 1433
intent to deceive: 1434

(1) Make, issue, deliver, transmit by mail, or publish, or 1435
send by mail or by any other means of communication any 1436
prospectus, report, circular, certificate, statement, balance 1437
sheet, exhibit, or document, respecting the shares, assets, 1438
liabilities, capital, business, dividends or distributions, 1439
earnings, or accounts of a corporation, which that is false in any 1440
material respect, knowing such the statement to be false; 1441

(2) Having charge of any books, minutes, records, or accounts 1442 of a corporation, make therein in them any entry which that is 1443 false in any material respect, knowing such the entry to be false, 1444 or remove, erase, alter, or cancel any entry therein in them, 1445 knowing that the entries resulting therefrom from them will be 1446 false. 1447

(B) Whoever violates this section shall be personally liable, 1448 jointly and severally, with all other persons participating with 1449 him the offender in any such act of that type, to any person for 1450 any damage actually suffered and proximately resulting from such 1451 the act. 1452

(C) No action to enforce a liability under this section shall
 be brought after four years from the time of the act complained
 1454
 of.

(D) Remedies under this section are not exclusive of other 1456 remedies at common law or under other statutes. 1457

sec. 1701.94. (A) Every corporation which that fails to: 1458
 (1) Keep the books of account, minutes of proceedings, or 1459
records of shareholders as required by section 1701.37 of the 1460
Revised Code; 1461

(2) Comply with division (C) of section 1701.11 of the 1462
Revised Code with respect to mailing a copy of an amendment to, or 1463
copy of new, regulations; 1464

(3) Perform the obligation imposed on it by division (C) of 1465section 1701.25 of the Revised Code; 1466

(4) Mail Send to any shareholder making written request
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therefor, within the period provided for in division (C) of
section 1701.38 of the Revised Code, a copy of the financial
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statement referred to in that section;

(5) Lay before the shareholders or make available in the
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manner provided for in division (D) of section 1701.38 of the
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Revised Code at a proper meeting of shareholders, upon request of
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any shareholder at such meeting, such financial statement;
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(6) Produce at a meeting of shareholders, upon request of any 1475 shareholder at such meeting, the list or lists of shareholders 1476 required by section 1701.37 of the Revised Code; shall be subject 1477 to a forfeiture of one hundred dollars and in cases under 1478 paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) to a further forfeiture of ten 1479 dollars for every day that such failure continues, beginning, in 1480 cases under paragraphs (1) or (2), with the fifth day after 1481 written request by a shareholder that the corporation comply with 1482 said respective paragraphs, and in cases under paragraphs (3) and 1483 (4) beginning with the day following the day on which the 1484 corporation becomes delinquent in complying with said paragraph, 1485 which amount shall be paid to every shareholder making such 1486 request. The right of a shareholder to enforce any such forfeiture 1487 is in addition to all other remedies. 1488

(B) If any officer charged with one of the duties specified 1489 in division (A) of this section fails to perform such duty after 1490 written request by any shareholder, he the officer shall be 1491 subject to a forfeiture of one hundred dollars, and to the further 1492 forfeiture of ten dollars for every day that such default 1493 continues, beginning in cases under paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and 1494 (4) of division (A) on the same respective days as are provided 1495 for in division (A), which amount shall be paid to each 1496

shareholder making such request. The right of each shareholder to 1497 enforce any such forfeiture is in addition to all other remedies. 1498

(C) The court in which an action is brought to enforce any 1499 forfeiture under this section may reduce, remit, or suspend such 1500 forfeiture on such terms as it deems reasonable when it appears 1501 that the failure was excusable or that the imposition of the full 1502 forfeiture would be unreasonable or unjust. 1503

sec. 1702.04. (A) Any person, singly or jointly with others, 1504
and without regard to residence, domicile, or state of 1505
incorporation, may form a corporation by signing and filing with 1506
the secretary of state articles of incorporation, which shall set 1507
forth the following: 1508

(1) The name of the corporation;

(2) The place in this state where the principal office of the 1510corporation is to be located; 1511

(3) The purpose or purposes for which the corporation is 1512formed. 1513

(B) The articles also may set forth the following:

(1) The names of individuals who are to serve as the initial 1515directors; 1516

(2) The names of any persons or the designation of any groupof persons who are to be the initial members;1518

(3) Any qualification of membership and the classification of 1519members; 1520

(4) A provision to the effect that the corporation shall be
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subordinate to and subject to the authority of any head or
national association, lodge, order, beneficial association,
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fraternal or beneficial society, foundation, federation, or any
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other nonprofit corporation, society, organization, or

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	1526					
association;						
(5) Any lawful provision for the purpose of defining,	1527					
limiting, or regulating the exercise of the authority of the	1528					
corporation, the incorporators, the directors, the officers, the	1529					
members, or any class of members, or creating or defining rights	1530					
and privileges of the members among themselves or in the property	1531					
of the corporation, or governing the distribution of assets on	1532					
dissolution;	1533					
(6) Any provision that may be set forth in the regulations;	1534					
(7) A provision specifying the period of existence of the	1535					
corporation if it is to be otherwise than perpetual;	1536					
(8) Any additional provision permitted by this chapter.	1537					
(C) A written appointment of a statutory agent for the	1538					
purposes set forth in section 1702.06 of the Revised Code shall be	1539					
filed with the articles, unless the corporation belongs to one of	1540					
the classes mentioned in division (N) of that section.	1541					
(D) The legal existence of the corporation shall begin <u>begins</u>	1542					
upon the filing of the articles or on a later date specified in	1543					
the articles that is not more than ninety days after the filing,	1544					
and, unless the articles otherwise provide, its period of	1545					
existence shall be perpetual.	1546					
Sec. 1702.47. (A) A corporation may be dissolved voluntarily	1547					
in the manner provided in this section.	1548					
(B) A resolution of dissolution for a corporation shall set	1549					
forth:						

(1) That the corporation elects to be dissolved;

(2) Any additional provision deemed necessary with respect to 1552the proposed dissolution and winding up. 1553

(C) The directors may adopt a resolution of dissolution in 1554

the following cases:

(1) When the corporation has been adjudged bankrupt or hasmade a general assignment for the benefit of creditors;1557

(2) By leave of the court, when a receiver has been appointed
in a general creditors' suit or in any suit in which the affairs
of the corporation are to be wound up;
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(3) When substantially all of the assets have been sold atjudicial sale or otherwise;1562

(4) When the period of existence of the corporation specified 1563in its articles has expired. 1564

(D) The voting members at a meeting held for such purpose may 1565 adopt a resolution of dissolution by the affirmative vote of a 1566 majority of the voting members present in person or, if permitted, 1567 by mail or by proxy, if a quorum is present or, if the articles or 1568 the regulations provide or permit, by the affirmative vote of a 1569 greater or lesser proportion or number of the voting members, and 1570 by such affirmative vote of the voting members of any particular 1571 class as is required by the articles or the regulations. Notice of 1572 the meeting of the members shall be given to all the members 1573 entitled to vote thereat. 1574

(E) Upon the adoption of a resolution of dissolution, a
certificate shall be prepared, on a form prescribed by the
secretary of state, setting forth the following:
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(1) The name of the corporation;

(2) A statement that a resolution of dissolution has been 1579adopted; 1580

(3) A statement of the manner of adoption of such resolution, 1581
and, in the case of its adoption by the directors, a statement of 1582
the basis for such adoption; 1583

(4) The place in this state where its principal office is or 1584

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is to be located;	1585			
(5) The names and addresses of its directors and officers;	1586			
(6) The name and address of its statutory agent <u>;</u>	1587			
(7) The date of dissolution, if other than the filing date.	1588			
(F) Such certificate shall be signed by any authorized	1589			
officer, unless the officer fails to execute and file such	1590			
certificate within thirty days after the adoption of the				
resolution, or upon any date specified in the resolution as the	1592			
date upon which such certificate is to be filed or upon the	1593			

date upon which such certificate is to be filed, or upon the 1593 expiration of any period specified in the resolution as the period 1594 within which such certificate is to be filed, whichever is latest, 1595 in which event the certificate of dissolution may be signed by any 1596 three voting members and shall set forth a statement that the 1597 persons signing the certificate are voting members and are filing 1598 the certificate because of the failure of the officers to do so. 1599

(G) A certificate of dissolution, filed with the secretary of 1600state, shall be accompanied by: 1601

(1) An affidavit of one or more of the persons executing the
certificate of dissolution or of an officer of the corporation
containing a statement of the counties, if any, in this state in
which the corporation has personal property subject to personal
property taxes or a statement that the corporation is of a type
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required to pay personal property taxes to state authorities only;
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(2) A receipt, certificate, or other evidence showing the
payment of all personal property taxes accruing up to the date of
such filing or, if applicable, to the later date specified in the
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certificate of dissolution in accordance with division (E) of this
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section, unless the affidavit provided for in division (G)(1) of
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this section states that the corporation has in this state no
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personal property subject to personal property taxes;

(3) A receipt, certificate, or other evidence from the
director of job and family services showing that all contributions
due from the corporation as an employer have been paid, or that
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such payment has been adequately guaranteed, or that the
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corporation is not subject to such contributions;

(4) A receipt, certificate, or other evidence showing the
payment of all sales, use, and highway use taxes accruing up to
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the date of such filing or, if applicable, to the later date
specified in the certificate of dissolution in accordance with
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division (E) of this section, or that such payment has been
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adequately guaranteed;

(5) In lieu of the receipt, certificate, or other evidence 1626 described in division (G)(2), (3), or (4) of this section, an 1627 affidavit of one or more of the persons executing the certificate 1628 of dissolution or of an officer of the corporation containing a 1629 statement of the date upon which the particular department, 1630 agency, or authority was advised in writing of the scheduled 1631 effective date of the filing of the certificate of dissolution and 1632 was advised in writing of the acknowledgement by the corporation 1633 of the applicability of section 1702.55 of the Revised Code. 1634

(H) Upon the filing of a certificate of dissolution and such
accompanying documents or on a later date specified in the
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certificate that is not more than ninety days after the filing,
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the corporation shall be dissolved.

Sec. 1703.06. Any person intending to organize a corporation 1639 under the laws of another state, or any foreign corporation 1640 intending to transact business in this state or intending to 1641 change its name, may file in the office of the secretary of state, 1642 in writing and on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, an 1643 application for the exclusive use of a name to be used by such 1644 that proposed or existing foreign corporation. If the secretary of 1645

state finds that such a name is proper under section 1703.04 of 1646 the Revised Code, the secretary of state shall indorse the 1647 secretary of state's approval upon such the application, and from 1648 the date of such that indorsement such the applicant shall have 1649 the exclusive use of such that name for a period of sixty one 1650 hundred eighty days. The rights so secured may be transferred by 1651 the holder thereof of the rights by filing in the office of the 1652 secretary of state a written transfer setting forth the name and 1653 address of the transferee. Every such application under this 1654 section shall be accompanied by a fee of five fifty dollars, which 1655 shall be returned in the event that the application is not 1656 approved. 1657

Sec. 1705.04. (A) One or more persons, without regard to 1658 residence, domicile, or state of organization, may form a limited 1659 liability company. The company is formed when one or more persons 1660 or their authorized representative signs and files articles of 1661 organization shall be signed and filed with the secretary of state 1662 articles of organization that and shall set forth all of the 1663 following: 1664

(1) The name of the company;

(2) Except as provided in division (B) of this section, the 1666period of its duration, which may be perpetual; 1667

(3) Any other provisions that are from the operating
agreement or that are not inconsistent with applicable law and
that the members elect to set out in the articles for the
regulation of the affairs of the company.

The legal existence of the company begins upon the filing of1672the articles of organization or on a later date specified in the1673articles of organization that is not more than ninety days after1674the filing.1675

(B) If the articles of organization or operating agreement do 1676

not set forth the period of the duration of the limited liability 1677 company, its duration shall be perpetual. 1678

(C) If a limited liability company is formed under this 1679 chapter for the purpose of rendering a professional service, the 1680 kinds of professional services authorized under Chapters 4703. and 1681 4733. of the Revised Code, or a combination of the professional 1682 services of optometrists authorized under Chapter 4725. of the 1683 Revised Code, chiropractors authorized under Chapter 4734. of the 1684 Revised Code, psychologists authorized under Chapter 4732. of the 1685 Revised Code, registered or licensed practical nurses authorized 1686 under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code, pharmacists authorized 1687 under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code, physical therapists 1688 authorized under sections 4755.40 to 4755.53 of the Revised Code, 1689 mechanotherapists authorized under section 4731.151 of the Revised 1690 Code, and doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 1691 and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery authorized under 1692 Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, the following apply: 1693

(1) Each member, employee, or other agent of the company who 1694 renders a professional service in this state and, if the 1695 management of the company is not reserved to its members, each 1696 manager of the company who renders a professional service in this 1697 state shall be licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally 1698 authorized to render in this state the same kind of professional 1699 service; if applicable, the kinds of professional services 1700 authorized under Chapters 4703. and 4733. of the Revised Code; or, 1701 if applicable, any of the kinds of professional services of 1702 optometrists authorized under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code, 1703 chiropractors authorized under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code, 1704 psychologists authorized under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code, 1705 registered or licensed practical nurses authorized under Chapter 1706 4723. of the Revised Code, pharmacists authorized under Chapter 1707 4729. of the Revised Code, physical therapists authorized under 1708

sections 4755.40 to 4755.53 of the Revised Code, mechanotherapists authorized under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code, or doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code.

(2) Each member, employee, or other agent of the company who
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renders a professional service in another state and, if the
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management of the company is not reserved to its members, each
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manager of the company who renders a professional service in
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another state shall be licensed, certificated, or otherwise
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legally authorized to render that professional service in the
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other state.

(D) Except for the provisions of this chapter pertaining to 1721 the personal liability of members, employees, or other agents of a 1722 limited liability company and, if the management of the company is 1723 not reserved to its members, the personal liability of managers of 1724 the company, this chapter does not restrict, limit, or otherwise 1725 affect the authority or responsibilities of any agency, board, 1726 commission, department, office, or other entity to license, 1727 certificate, register, and otherwise regulate the professional 1728 conduct of individuals or organizations of any kind rendering 1729 professional services in this state or to regulate the practice of 1730 any profession that is within the jurisdiction of the agency, 1731 board, commission, department, office, or other entity, 1732 notwithstanding that the individual is a member or manager of a 1733 limited liability company and is rendering the professional 1734 services or engaging in the practice of the profession through the 1735 limited liability company or that the organization is a limited 1736 liability company. 1737

(E) No limited liability company formed for the purpose of 1738
 providing a combination of the professional services, as defined 1739
 in section 1785.01 of the Revised Code, of optometrists authorized 1740

1741 under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code, chiropractors authorized 1742 under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code, psychologists authorized 1743 under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code, registered or licensed 1744 practical nurses authorized under Chapter 4723. of the Revised 1745 Code, pharmacists authorized under Chapter 4729. of the Revised 1746 Code, physical therapists authorized under sections 4755.40 to 1747 4755.53 of the Revised Code, mechanotherapists authorized under 1748 section 4731.151 of the Revised Code, and doctors of medicine and 1749 surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine 1750 and surgery authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code 1751 shall control the professional clinical judgment exercised within 1752 accepted and prevailing standards of practice of a licensed, 1753 certificated, or otherwise legally authorized optometrist, 1754 chiropractor, psychologist, nurse, pharmacist, physical therapist, 1755 mechanotherapist, or doctor of medicine and surgery, osteopathic 1756 medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery in 1757 rendering care, treatment, or professional advice to an individual 1758 patient.

This division does not prevent a hospital, as defined in 1759 section 3727.01 of the Revised Code, insurer, as defined in 1760 section 3999.36 of the Revised Code, or intermediary organization, 1761 as defined in section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, from entering 1762 into a contract with a limited liability company described in this 1763 division that includes a provision requiring utilization review, 1764 quality assurance, peer review, or other performance or quality 1765 standards. Those activities shall not be construed as controlling 1766 the professional clinical judgment of an individual practitioner 1767 listed in this division. 1768

Sec. 1775.64. (A) Before transacting business in this state, 1769
a foreign limited liability partnership shall file a registration 1770
application with the secretary of state. The application shall be 1771
on a form prescribed by the secretary of state and shall set forth 1772

only the following information:	1773				
(1) The name of the partnership;	1774				
(2) The jurisdiction pursuant to the laws of which it was	1775				
organized as a limited liability partnership;					
(3) The address of its principal office or, if the	1777				
partnership's principal office is not located in this state, the					
address of a registered office;					
(4) The name and address of its agent for service of process	1780				
in this state;					
(5) A brief statement of the business in which the	1782				
partnership engages.					
(B) A registration application shall be accompanied by the	1784				
application fee specified in division (F) of section 111.16 of the					
Revised Code.					
(C) A foreign limited liability partnership transacting	1787				
business in this state shall comply with the name, correction, and					

business in this state shall comply with the name, correction, and 1788 annual reporting requirements set forth in division (G) of section 1789 1775.61, divisions (B) and (C) of section 1775.62, and section 1790 1775.63 of the Revised Code and shall comply with any statutory or 1791 administrative registration or filing requirements governing the 1792 specific type of business in which the partnership engages. 1793

(D) The secretary of state shall register as a foreign 1794 limited liability partnership, any foreign limited liability 1795 partnership that submits a completed registration application with 1796 the required fee. 1797

(E) Registration as a foreign limited liability partnership 1798 ceases if the registration is voluntarily withdrawn by filing with 1799 the secretary of state, on a form prescribed by the secretary of 1800 state, a written withdrawal notice signed by one or more partners 1801 authorized by the partnership to execute a withdrawal notice. 1802

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only the following information:

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sec. 1785.06. A professional association, within thirty days 1804 after the thirtieth day of June in each even-numbered year, shall 1805 furnish a statement to the secretary of state showing the names 1806 and post-office addresses of all of the shareholders in the 1807 association and certifying that all of the shareholders are duly 1808 licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to render 1809 within this state the same professional service for which the 1810 association was organized or, in the case of a combination of 1811 professional services described in division (B) of section 1785.01 1812 of the Revised Code, to render within this state any of the 1813 applicable types of professional services for which the 1814 association was organized. This statement shall be made on a form 1815 that the secretary of state shall prescribe, shall be signed by an 1816 officer of the association, and shall be filed in the office of 1817 the secretary of state. 1818

If any professional association fails to file the annual 1819 biennial statement within the time required by this section, the 1820 secretary of state shall give notice of the failure by certified 1821 mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of the 1822 association or its agent. If the annual biennial statement is not 1823 filed within thirty days after the mailing of the notice, the 1824 secretary of state, upon the expiration of that period, shall 1825 cancel the association's articles of incorporation, give notice of 1826 the cancellation to the association by mail sent to the last known 1827 address of the association or its agent, and make a notation of 1828 the cancellation on the records of the secretary of state. 1829

A professional association whose articles have been canceled 1830 pursuant to this section may be reinstated by filing an 1831 application for reinstatement and the required <u>annual biennial</u> 1832 statement or statements and by paying the reinstatement fee 1833 specified in division (Q) of section 111.16 of the Revised Code. 1834

The rights, privileges, and franchises of a professional 1835 association whose articles have been reinstated are subject to 1836 section 1701.922 of the Revised Code. The secretary of state shall 1837 inform the tax commissioner of all cancellations and 1838 reinstatements under this section. 1839

sec. 5733.03. The annual corporation report shall include 1840
statements of the following facts as of the date of the beginning 1841
of the corporation's annual accounting period that includes the 1842
first day of January of the tax year: 1843

(A) The name of the corporation;

(B) The name of the state or country under the laws of which 1845it is incorporated; 1846

(C) The location of its principal office and, in the case of 1847 a foreign corporation, the location of its principal place of 1848 business in this state and the name and address of the officer or 1849 agent of the corporation in charge of the business in this state; 1850

(D) The names of its president, secretary, treasurer, and
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statutory agent in this state, with the post office address of
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each;
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(E) The kind of business in which the corporation is engaged; 1854

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(F) The date of the beginning of the corporation's annual
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 accounting period that includes the first day of January of the
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 tax year;

(G) All other information that the tax commissioner requires 1859 for the proper administration and enforcement of this chapter. 1860

The tax commissioner may prescribe requirements as to the 1861 keeping of records and other pertinent documents, the filing of 1862 copies of federal income tax returns and determinations, and 1863 computations reconciling federal income tax returns with the 1864

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1865 report required by section 5733.02 or 5733.021 of the Revised 1866 Code. The commissioner may require any corporation, by rule or 1867 notice served on such that corporation, to keep such those records 1868 as that the commissioner considers necessary to show whether, and 1869 the extent to which, a corporation is subject to this chapter. 1870 Such Those records and other documents shall be open during 1871 business hours to the inspection of the commissioner, and shall be 1872 preserved for a period of four years, unless the commissioner, in 1873 writing, consents to their destruction within that period, or by 1874 order requires that they be kept longer.

Any information gained as the result of returns, 1875 investigations, hearings, or verifications required or authorized 1876 by Chapter 5733. of the Revised Code this chapter is confidential, 1877 and no person shall disclose such information, except for official 1878 purposes, or as provided by division (B) of section 5703.21 or 1879 section 5715.50 of the Revised Code, or in accordance with a 1880 proper judicial order. The tax commissioner may furnish the 1881 internal revenue service with copies of returns filed. This 1882 section does not prohibit the publication of statistics in a form 1883 which that does not disclose information with respect to 1884 individual taxpayers. 1885

By the thirty-first day of March each year, the tax1886commissioner shall release to the secretary of state the name and1887address of each corporation and the name and address of the1888statutory agent of that corporation as indicated in the1889corporation's annual report filed during the preceding calendar1890year.1891

Section 2. That existing sections 111.16, 1329.58, 1701.04,18921701.07, 1701.11, 1701.25, 1701.37, 1701.38, 1701.40, 1701.41,18931701.42, 1701.51, 1701.54, 1701,61, 1701.69, 1701.70, 1701.71,18941701.73, 1701.80, 1701.801, 1701.86, 1701.93, 1701.94, 1702.04,1895

1702.47,	1703.06,	1705.04,	1775.64,	1785.06,	and 5	5733.03	of	the	1896
Revised	Code are 1	hereby rep	pealed.						1897