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124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 427

REPRESENTATIVES Womer Benjamin, Latta, Seitz, Willamowski, Jerse, Perry, Sferra, D. Miller, Hartnett, Hoops, Flannery, Distel, Webster, Sulzer, DeBose, Widowfield, Flowers, McGregor, Wolpert, G. Smith, Ogg, DePiero, Cirelli, Redfern, Patton, Carmichael, Hughes, Reidelbach, Schneider, Niehaus, Setzer, Coates, Kilbane, Roman, Barrett, Schmidt, Allen, Brown, Clancy, Metzger, Otterman, S. Smith, Salerno, Buehrer, Driehaus

A BILL

Го	amend sections 109.573, 2152.74, 2743.191, and	1
	2901.07 of the Revised Code to expand the offenses	2
	for which DNA specimens are collected from	3
	delinquent children and criminal offenders, to	4
	delay the implementation of the expansion of DNA	5
	specimen collection until the Superintendent of the	6
	Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation	7
	gives official notification that the state DNA	8
	laboratory is prepared to accept DNA specimens of	9
	that nature, to pay the costs of DNA specimen	10
	collection from the Reparations Fund, to remove the	11
	requirement that DNA specimens be collected by	12
	specified medical practitioners in certain cases,	13
	and to expand the circumstances in which a person	14
	returning to incarceration must submit to a DNA	15
	specimen collection procedure to include	16
	misdemeanants covered by the DNA Specimen	17
	Collection Law who are on probation.	18

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.573, 2152.74, 2743.191, and	19
2901.07 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	20
Sec. 109.573. (A) As used in this section:	21
Sec. 109.373. (A) As used in this section.	21
(1) "DNA" means human deoxyribonucleic acid.	22
(2) "DNA analysis" means a laboratory analysis of a DNA	23
specimen to identify DNA characteristics and to create a DNA	24
record.	25
(3) "DNA database" means a collection of DNA records from	26
forensic casework or from crime scenes, specimens from anonymous	27
and unidentified sources, and records collected pursuant to	28
sections 2152.74 and 2901.07 of the Revised Code and a population	29
statistics database for determining the frequency of occurrence of	30
characteristics in DNA records.	31
(4) "DNA record" means the objective result of a DNA analysis	32
of a DNA specimen, including representations of DNA fragment	33
lengths, digital images of autoradiographs, discrete allele	34
assignment numbers, and other DNA specimen characteristics that	35
aid in establishing the identity of an individual.	36
(5) "DNA specimen" includes human blood cells or	37
physiological tissues or body fluids.	38
(6) "Unidentified person database" means a collection of DNA	39
records, and, on and after May 21, 1998, of fingerprint and	40
photograph records, of unidentified human corpses, human remains,	41
or living individuals.	42
(7) "Relatives of missing persons database" means a	43
collection of DNA records of persons related by consanguinity of	44
the first degree to a missing person.	45

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(8) "Law enforcement agency" means a police department, the
office of a sheriff, the state highway patrol, a county
prosecuting attorney, or a federal, state, or local governmental
body that enforces criminal laws and that has employees who have a
statutory power of arrest.

(B)(1) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation may do all of the following:

(a) Establish and maintain a state DNA laboratory to perform DNA analysis of DNA specimens;

(b) Establish and maintain a DNA database;

(c) Establish and maintain an unidentified person database to 56
aid in the establishment of the identity of unknown human corpses, 57
human remains, or living individuals; 58

(d) Establish and maintain a relatives of missing persons database for comparison with the unidentified person database to aid in the establishment of the identity of unknown human corpses, human remains, and living individuals.

(2) If the bureau of criminal identification and investigation establishes and maintains a DNA laboratory and a DNA database, the bureau may use or disclose information regarding DNA records for the following purposes:

(a) The bureau may disclose information to a law enforcement agency for purposes of identification.

(b) The bureau shall disclose pursuant to a court order
issued under section 3111.09 of the Revised Code any information
necessary to determine the existence of a parent and child
relationship in an action brought under sections 3111.01 to
3111.18 of the Revised Code.

(c) The bureau may use or disclose information from the74population statistics database, for identification research and75

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protocol development, or for quality control purposes. 76

(3) If the bureau of criminal identification and investigation establishes and maintains a relatives of missing persons database, all of the following apply:

(a) If a person has disappeared and has been continuously 80 absent from the person's place of last domicile for a thirty-day 81 or longer period of time without being heard from during the 82 period, persons related by consanguinity of the first degree to 83 the missing person may submit to the bureau a DNA specimen, the 84 bureau may include the DNA record of the specimen in the relatives 85 of missing persons database, and, if the bureau does not include 86 the DNA record of the specimen in the relatives of missing persons 87 database, the bureau shall retain the DNA record for future 88 reference and inclusion as appropriate in that database. 89

(b) The bureau shall not charge a fee for the submission of a DNA specimen pursuant to division (B)(3)(a) of this section.

(c) A If the DNA specimen submitted pursuant to division 92 (B)(3)(a) of this section is collected by withdrawing blood from 93 the person or a similarly invasive procedure, a physician, 94 registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, duly licensed clinical 95 laboratory technician, or other qualified medical practitioner 96 shall conduct the collection procedure for the DNA specimen 97 submitted pursuant to division (B)(3)(a) of this section and shall 98 collect the DNA specimen in a medically approved manner. If the 99 DNA specimen is collected by swabbing for buccal cells or a 100 similarly noninvasive procedure, division (B)(3)(c) of this 101 section does not require that the DNA specimen be collected by a 102 qualified medical practitioner of that nature. No later than 103 fifteen days after the date of the collection of the DNA specimen, 104 the person conducting the DNA specimen collection procedure shall 105 cause the DNA specimen to be forwarded to the bureau of criminal 106 identification and investigation in accordance with procedures 107

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established by the superintendent of the bureau under division (H) 108 of this section. The bureau may provide the specimen vials, 109 mailing tubes, labels, postage, and instruction needed for the 110 collection and forwarding of the DNA specimen to the bureau. 111

(d) The superintendent, in the superintendent's discretion, 112
may compare DNA records in the relatives of missing persons 113
database with the DNA records in the unidentified person database. 114

(4) If the bureau of criminal identification and 115 investigation establishes and maintains an unidentified person 116 database and if the superintendent of the bureau identifies a 117 matching DNA record for the DNA record of a person or deceased 118 person whose DNA record is contained in the unidentified person 119 database, the superintendent shall inform the coroner who 120 submitted or the law enforcement agency that submitted the DNA 121 specimen to the bureau of the match and, if possible, of the 122 identity of the unidentified person. 123

(5) The bureau of criminal identification and investigation 124 may enter into a contract with a qualified public or private 125 laboratory to perform DNA analyses, DNA specimen maintenance, 126 preservation, and storage, DNA record keeping, and other duties 127 required of the bureau under this section. A public or private 128 laboratory under contract with the bureau shall follow quality 129 assurance and privacy requirements established by the 130 superintendent of the bureau. 131

(C) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal 132 identification and investigation shall establish procedures for 133 entering into the DNA database the DNA records submitted pursuant 134 to sections 2152.74 and 2901.07 of the Revised Code and for 135 determining an order of priority for entry of the DNA records 136 based on the types of offenses committed by the persons whose 137 records are submitted and the available resources of the bureau. 138

(D) When a DNA record is derived from a DNA specimen provided 139

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140 pursuant to section 2152.74 or 2901.07 of the Revised Code, the 141 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall attach 142 to the DNA record personal identification information that 143 identifies the person from whom the DNA specimen was taken. The 144 personal identification information may include the subject 145 person's fingerprints and any other information the bureau 146 determines necessary. The DNA record and personal identification 147 information attached to it shall be used only for the purpose of 148 personal identification or for a purpose specified in this 149 section.

(E) DNA records, DNA specimens, fingerprints, and photographs
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that the bureau of criminal identification and investigation
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receives pursuant to this section and sections 313.08, 2152.74,
and 2901.07 of the Revised Code and personal identification
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information attached to a DNA record are not public records under
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section 149.43 of the Revised Code.

(F) The bureau of criminal identification and investigation
 may charge a reasonable fee for providing information pursuant to
 this section to any law enforcement agency located in another
 state.

(G)(1) No person who because of the person's employment or 160 official position has access to a DNA specimen, a DNA record, or 161 other information contained in the DNA database that identifies an 162 individual shall knowingly disclose that specimen, record, or 163 information to any person or agency not entitled to receive it or 164 otherwise shall misuse that specimen, record, or information. 165

(2) No person without authorization or privilege to obtain
information contained in the DNA database that identifies an
individual person shall purposely obtain that information.

(H) The superintendent of the bureau of criminalidentification and investigation shall establish procedures for170

all of the following:

(1) The forwarding to the bureau of DNA specimens collected 172 pursuant to division (H) of this section and sections 313.08, -173 2152.74, and 2901.07 of the Revised Code and of fingerprints and 174 photographs collected pursuant to section 313.08 of the Revised 175 Code; 176

(2) The collection, maintenance, preservation, and analysis of DNA specimens;

(3) The creation, maintenance, and operation of the DNA 179 database; 180

(4) The use and dissemination of information from the DNA 181 database; 182

(5) The creation, maintenance, and operation of the 183 unidentified person database; 184

(6) The use and dissemination of information from the 185 unidentified person database; 186

(7) The creation, maintenance, and operation of the relatives 187 of missing persons database; 188

(8) The use and dissemination of information from the 189 relatives of missing persons database; 190

(9) The verification of entities requesting DNA records and 191 other DNA information from the bureau and the authority of the 192 entity to receive the information; 193

(10) The operation of the bureau and responsibilities of 194 employees of the bureau with respect to the activities described 195 in this section. 196

Sec. 2152.74. (A) As used in this section, "DNA analysis" and 197 "DNA specimen" have the same meanings as in section 109.573 of the 198 Revised Code. 199

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(B)(1) A child who is adjudicated a delinquent child for 200 committing an act listed in division (D) of this section and who 201 is committed to the custody of the department of youth services or 202 to a school, camp, institution, or other facility for delinquent 203 children described in division (A)(2) of section 2152.19 of the 204 Revised Code shall submit to a DNA specimen collection procedure 205 administered by the director of youth services if committed to the 206 department or by the chief administrative officer of the school, 207 camp, institution, or other facility for delinquent children to 208 which the child was committed. If the court commits the child to 209 the department of youth services, the director of youth services 210 shall cause the DNA specimen to be collected from the child during 211 the intake process at an institution operated by or under the 212 control of the department. If the court commits the child to a 213 school, camp, institution, or other facility for delinquent 214 children, the chief administrative officer of the school, camp, 215 institution, or facility to which the child is committed shall 216 cause the DNA specimen to be collected from the child during the 217 intake process for the school, camp, institution, or facility. In 218 accordance with division (C) of this section, the director or the 219 chief administrative officer shall cause the DNA specimen to be 220 forwarded to the bureau of criminal identification and 221 investigation no later than fifteen days after the date of the 222 collection of the DNA specimen. The DNA specimen shall be 223 collected from the child in accordance with division (C) of this 224 section. 225

(2) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for
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committing an act listed in division (D) of this section, is
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committed to the department of youth services or to a school,
camp, institution, or other facility for delinquent children, and
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does not submit to a DNA specimen collection procedure pursuant to
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division (B)(1) of this section, prior to the child's release from
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232 the custody of the department of youth services or from the 233 custody of the school, camp, institution, or facility, the child 234 shall submit to, and the director of youth services or the chief 235 administrator of the school, camp, institution, or facility to 236 which the child is committed shall administer, a DNA specimen 237 collection procedure at the institution operated by or under the 238 control of the department of youth services or at the school, 239 camp, institution, or facility to which the child is committed. In 240 accordance with division (C) of this section, the director or the 241 chief administrative officer shall cause the DNA specimen to be 242 forwarded to the bureau of criminal identification and 243 investigation no later than fifteen days after the date of the 244 collection of the DNA specimen. The DNA specimen shall be 245 collected in accordance with division (C) of this section.

(C) A If the DNA specimen is collected by withdrawing blood 246 from the child or a similarly invasive procedure, a physician, 247 registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, duly licensed clinical 248 laboratory technician, or other qualified medical practitioner 249 shall collect in a medically approved manner the DNA specimen 250 required to be collected pursuant to division (B) of this section. 251 If the DNA specimen is collected by swabbing for buccal cells or a 252 similarly noninvasive procedure, this section does not require 253 that the DNA specimen be collected by a qualified medical 254 practitioner of that nature. No later than fifteen days after the 255 date of the collection of the DNA specimen, the director of youth 256 services or the chief administrative officer of the school, camp, 257 institution, or other facility for delinquent children to which 258 the child is committed shall cause the DNA specimen to be 259 forwarded to the bureau of criminal identification and 260 investigation in accordance with procedures established by the 261 superintendent of the bureau under division (H) of section 109.573 262 of the Revised Code. The bureau shall provide the specimen vials, 263

mailing tubes, labels, postage, and instruction needed for the 264 collection and forwarding of the DNA specimen to the bureau. 265

(D) The director of youth services and the chief
administrative officer of a school, camp, institution, or other
facility for delinquent children shall cause a DNA specimen to be
collected in accordance with divisions (B) and (C) of this section
from each child in its custody who is adjudicated a delinquent
child for committing any of the following acts:

(1) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11,2722905.01, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, or 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,273or 2911.12 of the Revised Code;274

(2) A violation of section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as it 275existed prior to September 3, 1996; 276

(3) An attempt to commit a violation of section <u>2903.01</u>,
<u>2903.02</u>, 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.05 of the Revised Code or to
commit a violation of section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as it
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existed prior to September 3, 1996;
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(4) A felony violation of any law that arose out of the same 281 facts and circumstances and same act as did a charge against the 282 child of a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11, 283 2905.01, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, or <u>2911.01, 2911.02,</u> 2911.11, 284 or 2911.12 of the Revised Code that previously was dismissed or 285 amended or as did a charge against the child of a violation of 286 section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to 287 September 3, 1996, that previously was dismissed or amended; 288

(5) A violation of section 2905.02 or 2919.23 of the Revised
Code that would have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the
Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the
violation been committed prior to that date;

(6) A violation of section 2923.01 of the Revised Code 293 involving a conspiracy to commit a violation of section 2903.01, 294

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<u>2903.02, 2905.01, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the</u>		
Revised Code;		
(7) A violation of section 2923.03 of the Revised Code	297	
involving complicity in committing a violation of section 2903.01,	298	
<u>2903.02, 2903.11, 2905.01, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,</u>	299	
<u>2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code or a</u>	300	
violation of section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as it existed	301	
prior to September 3, 1996.	302	
(E) The director of youth services and the chief	303	
administrative officer of a school, camp, institution, or other	304	
facility for delinquent children is not required to comply with	305	
this section in relation to the following acts until the	306	
superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	307	
investigation gives agencies in the juvenile justice system, as	308	
defined in section 181.51 of the Revised Code, in the state	309	
official notification that the state DNA laboratory is prepared to	310	
accept DNA specimens <u>of that nature:</u>	311	
(1) A violation of section 2903.11, 2911.01, 2911.02, or	312	
2911.12 of the Revised Code;	313	
(2) An attempt to commit a violation of section 2903.01 or	314	
2903.02 of the Revised Code;	315	
(3) A felony violation of any law that arose out of the same	316	
facts and circumstances and same act as did a charge against the	317	
child of a violation of section 2903.11, 2911.01, 2911.02, or	318	
2911.12 of the Revised Code that previously was dismissed or	319	
amended;	320	
(4) A violation of section 2923.01 of the Revised Code	321	
involving a conspiracy to commit a violation of section 2903.01,	322	
<u>2903.02, 2905.01, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the</u>	323	
Revised Code;	324	
(5) A violation of gogtion 2022 02 of the Povigod Godo	205	

(5) A violation of section 2923.03 of the Revised Code 325

involving complicity in committing a violation of section 2903.01,	
2903.02, 2903.11, 2905.01, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,	327
<u>2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code or a</u>	328
violation of section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as it existed	329
prior to September 3, 1996.	
Sec. 2743.191. (A) <u>(1)</u> There is hereby created in the state	331
treasury the reparations fund, which shall be used only for the	332
following purposes:	333
(a) The payment of awards of reparations that are granted by	334
the attorney general , the ;	335
(b) The compensation of any personnel needed by the attorney	336
general to administer sections 2743.51 to 2743.72 of the Revised	337
Code , the ;	338
(c) The compensation of witnesses as provided in division (B)	339
of section 2743.65 of the Revised Code, other;	340
(d) Other administrative costs of hearing and determining	341
claims for an award of reparations by the attorney general, the	342
(e) The costs of administering sections 2907.28 and 2969.01	343
to 2969.06 of the Revised Code , the ;	344
(f) The costs of investigation and decision-making as	345
certified by the attorney general, the;	346
(g) The provision of state financial assistance to victim	347
assistance programs in accordance with sections 109.91 and 109.92	348
of the Revised Code , the<u>;</u>	349
(h) The costs of paying the expenses of sex offense-related	350
examinations and antibiotics pursuant to section 2907.28 of the	351
Revised Code , the ;	352
(i) The cost of printing and distributing the pamphlet	353
prepared by the attorney general pursuant to section 109.42 of the	354

Revised Code, and, subject;

(j) Subject to division (D) of section 2743.71 of the Revised 356 Code, the costs associated with the printing and providing of 357 information cards or other printed materials to law enforcement 358 359 agencies and prosecuting authorities and with publicizing the availability of awards of reparations pursuant to section 2743.71 360 of the Revised Code; 361

(k) The payment of costs of administering a DNA specimen 362 collection procedure pursuant to sections 2151.315, 2152.74, and 363 2901.07 of the Revised Code, of performing DNA analysis of those 364 DNA specimens, and of entering the resulting DNA records into the 365 DNA database pursuant to section 109.573 of the Revised Code. All 366

(2) All costs paid pursuant to section 2743.70 of the Revised 367 Code, the portions of license reinstatement fees mandated by 368 division (L)(2)(b) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code to be 369 credited to the fund, the portions of the proceeds of the sale of 370 a forfeited vehicle specified in division (D)(2) of section 371 4503.234 of the Revised Code, payments collected by the department 372 of rehabilitation and correction from prisoners who voluntarily 373 participate in an approved work and training program pursuant to 374 division (C)(8)(b)(ii) of section 5145.16 of the Revised Code, and 375 all moneys collected by the state pursuant to its right of 376 subrogation provided in section 2743.72 of the Revised Code shall 377 be deposited in the fund. 378

(B) In making an award of reparations, the attorney general 379 shall render the award against the state. The award shall be 380 accomplished only through the following procedure, and the 381 following procedure may be enforced by writ of mandamus directed 382 to the appropriate official: 383

(1) The attorney general shall provide for payment of the 384 claimant or providers in the amount of the award. 385

(2) The expense shall be charged against all available unencumbered moneys in the fund.

(3) If sufficient unencumbered moneys do not exist in the 388 fund, the attorney general shall make application for payment of 389 the award out of the emergency purposes account or any other 390 appropriation for emergencies or contingencies, and payment out of 391 this account or other appropriation shall be authorized if there 392 are sufficient moneys greater than the sum total of then pending 393 emergency purposes account requests or requests for releases from 394 the other appropriations. 395

(4) If sufficient moneys do not exist in the account or any 396 other appropriation for emergencies or contingencies to pay the 397 award, the attorney general shall request the general assembly to 398 make an appropriation sufficient to pay the award, and no payment 399 shall be made until the appropriation has been made. The attorney 400 general shall make this appropriation request during the current 401 biennium and during each succeeding biennium until a sufficient 402 appropriation is made. If, prior to the time that an appropriation 403 is made by the general assembly pursuant to this division, the 404 fund has sufficient unencumbered funds to pay the award or part of 405 the award, the available funds shall be used to pay the award or 406 407 part of the award, and the appropriation request shall be amended to request only sufficient funds to pay that part of the award 408 409 that is unpaid.

(C) The attorney general shall not make payment on a decision 410 or order granting an award until all appeals have been determined 411 and all rights to appeal exhausted, except as otherwise provided 412 in this section. If any party to a claim for an award of 413 reparations appeals from only a portion of an award, and a 414 remaining portion provides for the payment of money by the state, 415 that part of the award calling for the payment of money by the 416 state and not a subject of the appeal shall be processed for 417

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payment as described in this section.

(D) The attorney general shall prepare itemized bills for the 419 costs of printing and distributing the pamphlet the attorney 420 general prepares pursuant to section 109.42 of the Revised Code. The itemized bills shall set forth the name and address of the 422 persons owed the amounts set forth in them. 423

(E) As used in this section, "DNA analysis" and "DNA 424 specimen" have the same meanings as in section 109.573 of the 425 Revised Code. 426

Sec. 2901.07. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "DNA analysis" and "DNA specimen" have the same meanings 428 as in section 109.573 of the Revised Code. 429

(2) "Jail" and "community-based correctional facility" have 430 the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code. 431

(3) "Post-release control" has the same meaning as in section 432 2967.01 of the Revised Code. 433

(B)(1) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 434 felony offense listed in division (D) of this section and who is 435 sentenced to a prison term or to a community residential sanction 436 in a jail or community-based correctional facility pursuant to 437 section 2929.16 of the Revised Code, and a person who is convicted 438 of or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor offense listed in division 439 (D) of this section and who is sentenced to a term of imprisonment 440 shall submit to a DNA specimen collection procedure administered 441 by the director of rehabilitation and correction or the chief 442 administrative officer of the jail or other detention facility in 443 which the person is serving the term of imprisonment. If the 444 person serves the prison term in a state correctional institution, 445 the director of rehabilitation and correction shall cause the DNA 446 specimen to be collected from the person during the intake process 447

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448 at the reception facility designated by the director. If the 449 person serves the community residential sanction or term of 450 imprisonment in a jail, a community-based correctional facility, 451 or another county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 452 multicounty-municipal detention facility, the chief administrative 453 officer of the jail, community-based correctional facility, or 454 detention facility shall cause the DNA specimen to be collected 455 from the person during the intake process at the jail, 456 community-based correctional facility, or detention facility. In 457 accordance with division (C) of this section, the director or the 458 chief administrative officer shall cause the DNA specimen to be 459 forwarded to the bureau of criminal identification and 460 investigation no later than fifteen days after the date of the 461 collection of the DNA specimen. The DNA specimen shall be 462 collected in accordance with division (C) of this section.

(2) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to an 463 offense listed in division (D) of this section, is serving a 464 prison term, community residential sanction, or term of 465 imprisonment for that offense, and does not provide a DNA specimen 466 pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, prior to the person's 467 release from the prison term, community residential sanction, or 468 imprisonment, the person shall submit to, and the director of 469 rehabilitation and correction or the chief administrative officer 470 of the jail, community-based correctional facility, or detention 471 facility in which the person is serving the prison term, community 472 residential sanction, or term of imprisonment shall administer, a 473 474 DNA specimen collection procedure at the state correctional institution, jail, community-based correctional facility, or 475 detention facility in which the person is serving the prison term, 476 community residential sanction, or term of imprisonment. In 477 accordance with division (C) of this section, the director or the 478 chief administrative officer shall cause the DNA specimen to be 479

forwarded to the bureau of criminal identification and480investigation no later than fifteen days after the date of the481collection of the DNA specimen. The DNA specimen shall be482collected in accordance with division (C) of this section.483

(3) If a person serving a term of imprisonment, prison term, 484 or community residential sanction for a felony committing an 485 offense listed in division (D) of this section is on probation, is 486 released on parole, under transitional control, or on another type 487 of release, or is on post-release control, if the person is under 488 the supervision of <u>a probation department or</u> the adult parole 489 authority, if the person is sent to jail or is returned to a jail, 490 community-based correctional facility, or state correctional 491 institution for a violation of the terms and conditions of the 492 probation, parole, transitional control, other release, or 493 post-release control, if the person was or will be serving a term 494 of imprisonment, prison term, or community residential sanction 495 for committing an offense listed in division (D) of this section, 496 and if the person did not provide a DNA specimen pursuant to 497 division (B)(1) or (2) of this section, the person shall submit 498 to, and the director of rehabilitation and correction or the chief 499 administrative officer of the jail or community-based correctional 500 facility shall administer, a DNA specimen collection procedure at 501 the jail, community-based correctional facility, or state 502 correctional institution in which the person is serving the term 503 of imprisonment, prison term, or community residential sanction. 504 In accordance with division (C) of this section, the director or 505 the chief administrative officer shall cause the DNA specimen to 506 be forwarded to the bureau of criminal identification and 507 investigation no later than fifteen days after the date of the 508 collection of the DNA specimen. The DNA specimen shall be 509 collected from the person in accordance with division (C) of this 510 section. 511

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(C) A If the DNA specimen is collected by withdrawing blood 512 from the person or a similarly invasive procedure, a physician, 513 registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, duly licensed clinical 514 laboratory technician, or other qualified medical practitioner 515 shall collect in a medically approved manner the DNA specimen 516 required to be collected pursuant to division (B) of this section. 517 If the DNA specimen is collected by swabbing for buccal cells or a 518 similarly noninvasive procedure, this section does not require 519 that the DNA specimen be collected by a qualified medical 520 practitioner of that nature. No later than fifteen days after the 521 date of the collection of the DNA specimen, the director of 522 rehabilitation and correction or the chief administrative officer 523 of the jail, community-based correctional facility, or other 524 county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 525 multicounty-municipal detention facility, in which the person is 526 527 serving the prison term, community residential sanction, or term of imprisonment shall cause the DNA specimen to be forwarded to 528 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in 529 accordance with procedures established by the superintendent of 530 the bureau under division (H) of section 109.573 of the Revised 531 Code. The bureau shall provide the specimen vials, mailing tubes, 532 labels, postage, and instructions needed for the collection and 533 forwarding of the DNA specimen to the bureau. 534

(D) The director of rehabilitation and correction and the 535 chief administrative officer of the jail, community-based 536 correctional facility, or other county, multicounty, municipal, 537 municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal detention facility 538 shall cause a DNA specimen to be collected in accordance with 539 540 divisions (B) and (C) of this section from a person in its custody who is convicted of or pleads guilty to any of the following 541 offenses: 542

(1) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, <u>2903.11</u>, 543

2905.01, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, or 2911.01, 2911.02, 544 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code; 545 (2) A violation of section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as it 546 existed prior to September 3, 1996; 547

(3) An attempt to commit a violation of section <u>2903.01</u>,
<u>2903.02</u>, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, or 2907.05 of the Revised Code
or to commit a violation of section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as
it existed prior to September 3, 1996;
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(4) A felony violation of any law that arose out of the same 552 facts and circumstances and same act as did a charge against the 553 person of a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11, 554 2905.01, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, or <u>2911.01, 2911.02</u>, 555 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code that previously was 556 dismissed or amended or as did a charge against the person of a 557 violation of section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as it existed 558 prior to September 3, 1996, that previously was dismissed or 559 amended; 560

(5) A violation of section 2905.02 or 2919.23 of the Revised
Code that would have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the
Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had it been
563 committed prior to that date;

(6) A sexually oriented offense, as defined in section 565 2950.01 of the Revised Code, if, in relation to that offense, the 566 offender has been adjudicated as being a sexual predator, as 567 defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code<u>;</u> 568

 (7) A conspiracy to commit a violation of section 2903.01,
 569

 2903.02, 2905.01, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the
 570

 Revised Code;
 571

(8) Complicity in committing a violation of section 2903.01,5722903.02, 2903.11, 2905.01, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,5732911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code or a574

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violation of section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as it existed	575	
<u>prior to September 3, 1996</u> .		
	- - - -	
(E) The director of rehabilitation and correction or a chief	577	
administrative officer of a jail, community-based correctional	578	
facility, or other detention facility described in division (B) of	579	
this section <u>in relation to the following offenses</u> is not required	580	
to comply with this section until the superintendent of the bureau	581	
of criminal identification and investigation gives agencies in the	582	
criminal justice system, as defined in section 181.51 of the	583	
Revised Code, in the state official notification that the state	584	
DNA laboratory is prepared to accept DNA specimens of that nature:	585	
(1) A violation of section 2903.11, 2911.01, 2911.02, or	586	
2911.12 of the Revised Code;	587	
(2) An attempt to commit a violation of section 2903.01 or	588	
2903.02 of the Revised Code;	589	
(3) A felony violation of any law that arose out of the same	590	
facts and circumstances and same act as did a charge against the	591	
person of a violation of section 2903.11, 2911.01, 2911.02, or	592	
2911.12 of the Revised Code that previously was dismissed or	593	
amended;	594	
(4) A conspiracy to commit a violation of section 2903.01,	595	
<u>2903.02, 2905.01, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the</u>	596	
Revised Code;	597	
	591	
(5) Complicity in committing a violation of section 2903.01,	598	
(5) Complicity in committing a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11, 2905.01, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,		
	598	
<u>2903.02, 2903.11, 2905.01, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,</u>	598 599	
2903.02, 2903.11, 2905.01, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code or a	598 599 600	

 Section 2. That existing sections 109.573, 2152.74, 2743.191,
 603

 and 2901.07 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.
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Section 3. Section 109.573 of the Revised Code is presented 605 in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am. 606 Sub. S.B. 179 and Am. Sub. S.B. 180 of the 123rd General Assembly. 607 The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division 608 (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be 609 harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds 610 that the composite is the resulting version of the section in 611 effect prior to the effective date of the section as presented in 612 this act. 613