As Reported by the Senate Judiciary--Civil Justice Committee

124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

Sub. H. B. No. 530

REPRESENTATIVES Peterson, Willamowski, Seitz, Manning, Sulzer, Collier, Grendell, Calvert, Distel, Schmidt, Hartnett, Coates, Sferra, Otterman, Carano, Niehaus, Evans, Flowers, Redfern, Perry, Latell, Raga

A BILL

То	amend sections 1901.01, 1901.02, 1901.027, 1901.03,	1
	1901.04, 1901.08, 1901.31, 1901.34, 1905.01,	2
	1907.011, 1907.11, 2313.13, and 2313.24 of the	3
	Revised Code to modify the small county exception	4
	to the drawing, summoning, and service of jurors	5
	for a term or part of a term of a court of common	6
	pleas; to create the Brown County Municipal Court	7
	in Georgetown on February 9, 2003, establish one	8
	full-time judgeship in that court, abolish the	9
	Brown County Court on that date, designate	10
	one of the part-time judges of the Brown County	11
	County Court to continue after that court is	12
	abolished as the full-time judge of the Brown	13
	County Municipal Court from February 9, 2003, until	14
	December 31, 2005, and continue the authority of	15
	the mayor of Georgetown to conduct a mayor's court;	16
	to create the Morrow County Municipal Court in	17
	Mount Gilead on January 1, 2003, establish one	18
	full-time judgeship in that court, abolish the	19
	Morrow County Court on that date, designate	20
	the part-time judge of the Morrow County County	21
	Court to continue after that court is abolished as	22
	the full-time judge of the Morrow County Municipal	23

Cou	rt from January 1, 2003, until December 31,	24
200	5, and continue the authority of the mayor of	25
Mou	ant Gilead to conduct a mayor's court; to amend	26
the	e versions of sections 1901.31 and 1905.01 of the	e 27
Rev	rised Code that are scheduled to take effect on	28
Jan	uary 1, 2004, to continue the provisions of this	s 29
act	on and after that effective date; and to	30
dec	lare an emergency.	31
BE IT ENACTED BY TI	HE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:	
Section 1. Tha	at sections 1901.01, 1901.02, 1901.027, 1901.03,	32
	.901.31, 1901.34, 1905.01, 1907.011, 1907.11,	33
	24 of the Revised Code be amended to read as	34
follows:		35
Sec. 1901.01.	(A) There is hereby established a municipal	36
court in each of th	ne following municipal corporations:	37
Akron Alliano	ce, Ashland, Ashtabula, Athens, Avon Lake,	38
	Bellefontaine, Bellevue, Berea, Bowling Green,	39
	mbridge, Campbell, Canton, Celina, Chardon,	40
	cothe, Cincinnati, Circleville, Cleveland,	41
_	Columbus, Conneaut, Coshocton, Cuyahoga Falls,	42
	Delaware, East Cleveland, East Liverpool, Eaton,	43
_	rborn, Fairfield, Findlay, Fostoria, Franklin,	44
	s, Garfield Heights, <u>Georgetown,</u> Girard,	45
_	o, Huron, Ironton, Jackson, Kenton, Kettering,	46
	t, Lebanon, Lima, Logan, London, Lorain,	47
	d, Marietta, Marion, Marysville, Mason,	48
	Medina, Mentor, Miamisburg, Middletown, Mount	49
	on, Napoleon, Newark, New Philadelphia, Newton	50
	alk, Oakwood, Oberlin, Oregon, Painesville,	51

Sub. H. B. No. 530

As Reported by the Senate Judiciary--Civil Justice Committee

Page 2

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

As Reported by the Senate Judiciary--Civil Justice Committee

Sandusky, Shaker Heights, Shelby, Sidney, South Euclid, Springfield, Steubenville, Struthers, Sylvania, Tiffin, Toledo, Troy, Upper Sandusky, Urbana, Vandalia, Van Wert, Vermilion, Wadsworth, Wapakoneta, Warren, City of Washington in Fayette county, to be known as Washington Court House, Willoughby, Wilmington, Wooster, Xenia, Youngstown, and Zanesville.

Parma, Perrysburg, Port Clinton, Portsmouth, Ravenna, Rocky River,

- (B) There is hereby established a municipal court within Clermont county in Batavia or in any other municipal corporation or unincorporated territory within Clermont county that is selected by the legislative authority of the Clermont county municipal court. The municipal court established by this division is a continuation of the municipal court previously established in Batavia by this section before the enactment of this division.
- (C) There is hereby established a municipal court within Columbiana County in Lisbon or in any other municipal corporation or unincorporated territory within Columbiana county, except the municipal corporation of East Liverpool or Liverpool or St. Clair township, that is selected by the judges of the municipal court pursuant to division (I) of section 1901.021 of the Revised Code.
- Sec. 1901.02. (A) The municipal courts established by section 1901.01 of the Revised Code have jurisdiction within the corporate limits of their respective municipal corporations, or, for the Clermont county municipal court, within the municipal corporation or unincorporated territory in which it is established, and are courts of record. Each of the courts shall be styled "..... municipal court," inserting the name of the municipal corporation, except the following courts, which shall be styled as set forth below:
- (1) The municipal court established in Chesapeake that shall 81 be styled and known as the "Lawrence county municipal court"; 82

As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 4
(2) The municipal court established in Cincinnati that shall	83
be styled and known as the "Hamilton county municipal court";	84
(3) The municipal court established in Ravenna that shall be	85
styled and known as the "Portage county municipal court";	86
(4) The municipal court established in Athens that shall be	87
styled and known as the "Athens county municipal court";	88
(5) The municipal court established in Columbus that shall be	89
styled and known as the "Franklin county municipal court";	90
(6) The municipal court established in London that shall be	91
styled and known as the "Madison county municipal court";	92
(7) The municipal court established in Newark that shall be	93
styled and known as the "Licking county municipal court";	94
(8) The municipal court established in Wooster that shall be	95
styled and known as the "Wayne county municipal court";	96
(9) The municipal court established in Wapakoneta that shall	97
be styled and known as the "Auglaize county municipal court";	98
(10) The municipal court established in Troy that shall be	99
styled and known as the "Miami county municipal court";	100
(11) The municipal court established in Bucyrus that shall be	101
styled and known as the "Crawford county municipal court";	102
(12) The municipal court established in Logan that shall be styled and known as the "Hocking county municipal court";	103
	104
(13) The municipal court established in Urbana that shall be styled and known as the "Champaign county municipal court";	105 106
(14) The municipal court established in Jackson that shall be styled and known as the "Jackson county municipal court";	107 108
(15) The municipal court established in Springfield that shall be styled and known as the "Clark county municipal court";	109 110

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 5
(16) The municipal court established in Kenton that shall be	111
styled and known as the "Hardin county municipal court";	112
(17) The municipal court established within Clermont county	113
in Batavia or in any other municipal corporation or unincorporated	114
territory within Clermont county that is selected by the	115
legislative authority of that court that shall be styled and known	116
as the "Clermont county municipal court";	117
(18) The municipal court established in Wilmington that,	118
beginning July 1, 1992, shall be styled and known as the "Clinton	119
county municipal court";	120
(19) The municipal court established in Port Clinton that	121
shall be styled and known as "the Ottawa county municipal court";	122
(20) The municipal court established in Lancaster that,	123
beginning January 2, 2000, shall be styled and known as the	124
"Fairfield county municipal court";	125
(21) The municipal court established within Columbiana county	126
in Lisbon or in any other municipal corporation or unincorporated	127
territory selected pursuant to division (I) of section 1901.021 of	128
the Revised Code, that shall be styled and known as the	129
"Columbiana county municipal court <u>";</u>	130
(22) The municipal court established in Georgetown that,	131
beginning February 9, 2003, shall be styled and known as the	132
"Brown county municipal court";	133
(23) The municipal court established in Mount Gilead that,	134
beginning January 1, 2003, shall be styled and known as the	135
"Morrow county municipal court."	136
(B) In addition to the jurisdiction set forth in division (A)	137
of this section, the municipal courts established by section	138
1901.01 of the Revised Code have jurisdiction as follows:	139
The Akron municipal court has jurisdiction within Bath,	140

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 6
Northampton, Richfield, and Springfield townships, and within the municipal corporations of Fairlawn, Lakemore, and Mogadore, in Summit county.	141 142 143
The Alliance municipal court has jurisdiction within Lexington, Marlboro, Paris, and Washington townships in Stark county.	144 145 146
The Ashland municipal court has jurisdiction within Ashland county.	147 148
The Ashtabula municipal court has jurisdiction within Ashtabula, Plymouth, and Saybrook townships in Ashtabula county.	149 150
The Athens county municipal court has jurisdiction within Athens county.	151 152
The Auglaize county municipal court has jurisdiction within Auglaize county.	153 154
The Avon Lake municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporations of Avon and Sheffield in Lorain county.	155 156
The Barberton municipal court has jurisdiction within Coventry, Franklin, and Green townships, within all of Copley	157 158
township except within the municipal corporation of Fairlawn, and within the municipal corporations of Clinton and Norton, in Summit county.	159 160 161
The Bedford municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporations of Bedford Heights, Oakwood, Glenwillow,	162 163
Solon, Bentleyville, Chagrin Falls, Moreland Hills, Orange, Warrensville Heights, North Randall, and Woodmere, and within	164 165
Warrensville and Chagrin Falls townships, in Cuyahoga county. The Bellefontaine municipal court has jurisdiction within	166
Logan county. The Bellevue municipal court has jurisdiction within Lyme and	168 169
Sherman townships in Huron county and within York township in	170

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 7
Sandusky county.	171
The Berea municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporations of Strongsville, Middleburgh Heights, Brook	172 173
Park, Westview, and Olmsted Falls, and within Olmsted township, in Cuyahoga county.	174 175
The Bowling Green municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporations of Bairdstown, Bloomdale, Bradner, Custar,	176 177
Cygnet, Grand Rapids, Haskins, Hoytville, Jerry City, Milton Center, North Baltimore, Pemberville, Portage, Rising Sun,	178 179
Tontogany, Wayne, and Weston, and within Bloom, Center, Freedom,	180
Grand Rapids, Henry, Jackson, Liberty, Middleton, Milton, Montgomery, Plain, Portage, Washington, Webster, and Weston townships in Wood county.	181 182 183
Beginning February 9, 2003, the Brown county municipal court has jurisdiction within Brown county.	184 185
The Bryan municipal court has jurisdiction within Williams	186 187
The Cambridge municipal court has jurisdiction within Guernsey county.	188 189
The Campbell municipal court has jurisdiction within Coitsville township in Mahoning county.	190 191
The Canton municipal court has jurisdiction within Canton, Lake, Nimishillen, Osnaburg, Pike, Plain, and Sandy townships in Stark county.	192 193 194
The Celina municipal court has jurisdiction within Mercer county.	195 196
The Champaign county municipal court has jurisdiction within Champaign county.	197 198
The Chardon municipal court has jurisdiction within Geauga county.	199 200

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 8
The Chillicothe municipal court has jurisdiction within Ross county.	201 202
The Circleville municipal court has jurisdiction within Pickaway county.	203 204
The Clark county municipal court has jurisdiction within Clark county.	205 206
The Clermont county municipal court has jurisdiction within Clermont county.	207 208
The Cleveland municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporation of Bratenahl in Cuyahoga county.	209 210
Beginning July 1, 1992, the Clinton county municipal court has jurisdiction within Clinton county.	211 212
The Columbiana county municipal court has jurisdiction within all of Columbiana county except within the municipal corporation of East Liverpool and except within Liverpool and St. Clair townships.	213 214 215 216
The Coshocton municipal court has jurisdiction within Coshocton county.	217 218
The Crawford county municipal court has jurisdiction within Crawford county.	219 220
The Cuyahoga Falls municipal court has jurisdiction within Boston, Hudson, Northfield Center, Sagamore Hills, and Twinsburg townships, and within the municipal corporations of Boston Heights, Hudson, Munroe Falls, Northfield, Peninsula, Reminderville, Silver Lake, Stow, Tallmadge, Twinsburg, and Macedonia, in Summit county.	221222223224225226
The Defiance municipal court has jurisdiction within Defiance county.	227 228
The Delaware municipal court has jurisdiction within Delaware	229

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 9
county.	230
The East Liverpool municipal court has jurisdiction within Liverpool and St. Clair townships in Columbiana county.	231 232
The Eaton municipal court has jurisdiction within Preble county.	233 234
The Elyria municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporations of Grafton, LaGrange, and North Ridgeville, and within Elyria, Carlisle, Eaton, Columbia, Grafton, and LaGrange townships, in Lorain county.	235236237238
The Fairborn municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporation of Beavercreek and within Bath and Beavercreek townships in Greene county.	239 240 241
Beginning January 2, 2000, the Fairfield county municipal court has jurisdiction within Fairfield county.	242 243
The Findlay municipal court has jurisdiction within all of Hancock county except within Washington township.	244 245
The Fostoria municipal court has jurisdiction within Loudon and Jackson townships in Seneca county, within Washington township in Hancock county, and within Perry township in Wood county.	246 247 248
The Franklin municipal court has jurisdiction within Franklin township in Warren county.	249 250
The Franklin county municipal court has jurisdiction within Franklin county.	251 252
The Fremont municipal court has jurisdiction within Ballville and Sandusky townships in Sandusky county.	253 254
The Gallipolis municipal court has jurisdiction within Gallia county.	255 256
The Garfield Heights municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporations of Maple Heights, Walton Hills, Valley	257 258

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 10
View, Cuyahoga Heights, Newburgh Heights, Independence, and	259
Brecksville in Cuyahoga county.	260
The Girard municipal court has jurisdiction within Liberty,	261
Vienna, and Hubbard townships in Trumbull county.	262
The Hamilton municipal court has jurisdiction within Ross and St. Clair townships in Butler county.	263 264
The Hamilton county municipal court has jurisdiction within Hamilton county.	265 266
The Hardin county municipal court has jurisdiction within Hardin county.	267 268
The Hillsboro municipal court has jurisdiction within all of Highland county except within Madison township.	269 270
The Hocking county municipal court has jurisdiction within Hocking county.	271 272
The Huron municipal court has jurisdiction within all of Huron township in Erie county except within the municipal corporation of Sandusky.	273274275
The Ironton municipal court has jurisdiction within Aid, Decatur, Elizabeth, Hamilton, Lawrence, Upper, and Washington townships in Lawrence county.	276 277 278
The Jackson county municipal court has jurisdiction within Jackson county.	279 280
The Kettering municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporations of Centerville and Moraine, and within Washington township, in Montgomery county.	281 282 283
Until January 2, 2000, the Lancaster municipal court has jurisdiction within Fairfield county.	284 285
The Lawrence county municipal court has jurisdiction within the townships of Fayette, Mason, Perry, Rome, Symmes, Union, and	286 287

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 11
Windsor in Lawrence county.	288
The Lebanon municipal court has jurisdiction within Turtlecreek township in Warren county.	289 290
The Licking county municipal court has jurisdiction within Licking county.	291 292
The Lima municipal court has jurisdiction within Allen county.	293 294
The Lorain municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporation of Sheffield Lake, and within Sheffield township, in Lorain county.	295 296 297
The Lyndhurst municipal court has jurisdiction within the municipal corporations of Mayfield Heights, Gates Mills, Mayfield, Highland Heights, and Richmond Heights in Cuyahoga county.	298 299 300
The Madison county municipal court has jurisdiction within Madison county.	301 302
The Mansfield municipal court has jurisdiction within Madison, Springfield, Sandusky, Franklin, Weller, Mifflin, Troy, Washington, Monroe, Perry, Jefferson, and Worthington townships, and within sections 35-36-31 and 32 of Butler township, in Richland county.	303 304 305 306 307
The Marietta municipal court has jurisdiction within Washington county.	308 309
The Marion municipal court has jurisdiction within Marion county.	310 311
The Marysville municipal court has jurisdiction within Union county.	312 313
The Mason municipal court has jurisdiction within Deerfield township in Warren county.	314 315
The Massillon municipal court has jurisdiction within	316

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 12
Bethlehem, Perry, Sugar Creek, Tuscarawas, Lawrence, and Jackson	317
townships in Stark county.	318
The Maumee municipal court has jurisdiction within the	319
municipal corporations of Waterville and Whitehouse, within	320
Waterville and Providence townships, and within those portions of	321
Springfield, Monclova, and Swanton townships lying south of the	322
northerly boundary line of the Ohio turnpike, in Lucas county.	323
The Medina municipal court has jurisdiction within the	324
municipal corporations of Briarwood Beach, Brunswick,	325
Chippewa-on-the-Lake, and Spencer and within the townships of	326
Brunswick Hills, Chatham, Granger, Hinckley, Lafayette,	327
Litchfield, Liverpool, Medina, Montville, Spencer, and York	328
townships, in Medina county.	329
The Mentor municipal court has jurisdiction within the	330
municipal corporation of Mentor-on-the-Lake in Lake county.	331
The Miami county municipal court has jurisdiction within	332
Miami county and within the part of the municipal corporation of	333
Bradford that is located in Darke county.	334
The Miamisburg municipal court has jurisdiction within the	335
municipal corporations of Germantown and West Carrollton, and	336
within German and Miami townships in Montgomery county.	337
The Middletown municipal court has jurisdiction within	338
Madison township, and within all of Lemon township, except within	339
the municipal corporation of Monroe, in Butler county.	340
Beginning January 1, 2003, the Morrow county municipal court	341
has jurisdiction within Morrow county.	342
The Mount Vernon municipal court has jurisdiction within Knox	343
county.	344
The Napoleon municipal court has jurisdiction within Henry	345
county.	346

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 13
The New Philadelphia municipal court has jurisdiction within	347
the municipal corporation of Dover, and within Auburn, Bucks,	348
Fairfield, Goshen, Jefferson, Warren, York, Dover, Franklin,	349
Lawrence, Sandy, Sugarcreek, and Wayne townships in Tuscarawas	350
county.	351
The Newton Falls municipal court has jurisdiction within	352
Bristol, Bloomfield, Lordstown, Newton, Braceville, Southington,	353
Farmington, and Mesopotamia townships in Trumbull county.	354
The Niles municipal court has jurisdiction within the	355
municipal corporation of McDonald, and within Weathersfield	356
township in Trumbull county.	357
The Norwalk municipal court has jurisdiction within all of	358
Huron county except within the municipal corporation of Bellevue	359
and except within Lyme and Sherman townships.	360
The Oberlin municipal court has jurisdiction within the	361
municipal corporations of Amherst, Kipton, Rochester, South	362
Amherst, and Wellington, and within Henrietta, Russia, Camden,	363
Pittsfield, Brighton, Wellington, Penfield, Rochester, and	364
Huntington townships, and within all of Amherst township except	365
within the municipal corporation of Lorain, in Lorain county.	366
The Oregon municipal court has jurisdiction within the	367
municipal corporation of Harbor View, and within Jerusalem	368
township, in Lucas county, and north within Maumee Bay and Lake	369
Erie to the boundary line between Ohio and Michigan between the	370
easterly boundary of the court and the easterly boundary of the	371
Toledo municipal court.	372
The Ottawa county municipal court has jurisdiction within	373
Ottawa county.	374
The Painesville municipal court has jurisdiction within	375
Painesville, Perry, Leroy, Concord, and Madison townships in Lake	376
county.	377

As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 14
The Parma municipal court has jurisdiction within the	378
municipal corporations of Parma Heights, Brooklyn, Linndale, North	379
Royalton, Broadview Heights, Seven Hills, and Brooklyn Heights in	380
Cuyahoga county.	381
The Perrysburg municipal court has jurisdiction within the	382
municipal corporations of Luckey, Millbury, Northwood, Rossford,	383
and Walbridge, and within Perrysburg, Lake, and Troy townships, in	384
Wood county.	385
The Portage county municipal court has jurisdiction within	386
Portage county.	387
The Portsmouth municipal court has jurisdiction within Scioto	388
county.	389
The Rocky River municipal court has jurisdiction within the	390
municipal corporations of Bay Village, Westlake, Fairview Park,	391
and North Olmsted, and within Riveredge township, in Cuyahoga	392
county.	393
The Sandusky municipal court has jurisdiction within the	394
municipal corporations of Castalia and Bay View, and within	395
Perkins township, in Erie county.	396
The Shaker Heights municipal court has jurisdiction within	397
the municipal corporations of University Heights, Beachwood,	398
Pepper Pike, and Hunting Valley in Cuyahoga county.	399
The Shelby municipal court has jurisdiction within Sharon,	400
Jackson, Cass, Plymouth, and Blooming Grove townships, and within	401
all of Butler township except sections 35-36-31 and 32, in	402
Richland county.	403
The Sidney municipal court has jurisdiction within Shelby	404
county.	405
The Struthers municipal court has jurisdiction within the	406
municipal corporations of Lowellville, New Middleton, and Poland,	407

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 15
and within Poland and Springfield townships in Mahoning county.	408
The Sylvania municipal court has jurisdiction within the	409
municipal corporations of Berkey and Holland, and within Sylvania,	410
Richfield, Spencer, and Harding townships, and within those	411
portions of Swanton, Monclova, and Springfield townships lying	412
north of the northerly boundary line of the Ohio turnpike, in	413
Lucas county.	414
The Tiffin municipal court has jurisdiction within Adams, Big	415
Spring, Bloom, Clinton, Eden, Hopewell, Liberty, Pleasant, Reed,	416
Scipio, Seneca, Thompson, and Venice townships in Seneca county.	417
The Toledo municipal court has jurisdiction within Washington	418
township, and within the municipal corporation of Ottawa Hills, in	419
Lucas county.	420
The Upper Sandusky municipal court has jurisdiction within	421
Wyandot county.	422
The Vandalia municipal court has jurisdiction within the	423
municipal corporations of Clayton, Englewood, and Union, and	424
within Butler, Harrison, and Randolph townships, in Montgomery	425
county.	426
The Van Wert municipal court has jurisdiction within Van Wert	427
county.	428
The Vermilion municipal court has jurisdiction within the	429
townships of Vermilion and Florence in Erie county and within all	430
of Brownhelm township except within the municipal corporation of	431
Lorain, in Lorain county.	432
The Wadsworth municipal court has jurisdiction within the	433
municipal corporations of Gloria Glens Park, Lodi, Seville, and	434
Westfield Center, and within Guilford, Harrisville, Homer, Sharon,	435
Wadsworth, and Westfield townships in Medina county.	436
The Warren municipal court has jurisdiction within Warren and	437

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 16
Champion townships, and within all of Howland township except	438
within the municipal corporation of Niles, in Trumbull county.	439
The Washington Court House municipal court has jurisdiction	440
within Fayette county.	441
The Wayne county municipal court has jurisdiction within	442
Wayne county.	443
The Willoughby municipal court has jurisdiction within the	444
municipal corporations of Eastlake, Wickliffe, Willowick,	445
Willoughby Hills, Kirtland, Kirtland Hills, Waite Hill,	446
Timberlake, and Lakeline, and within Kirtland township, in Lake	447
county.	448
Through June 30, 1992, the Wilmington municipal court has	449
jurisdiction within Clinton county.	450
The Xenia municipal court has jurisdiction within	451
Caesarcreek, Cedarville, Jefferson, Miami, New Jasper, Ross,	452
Silvercreek, Spring Valley, Sugarcreek, and Xenia townships in	453
Greene county.	454
(C) As used in this section:	455
(1) "Within a township" includes all land, including, but not	456
limited to, any part of any municipal corporation, that is	457
physically located within the territorial boundaries of that	458
township, whether or not that land or municipal corporation is	459
governmentally a part of the township.	460
(2) "Within a municipal corporation" includes all land within	461
the territorial boundaries of the municipal corporation and any	462
townships that are coextensive with the municipal corporation.	463
Sec. 1901.027. In addition to the territorial jurisdiction	464
conferred by section 1901.02 of the Revised Code, the municipal	465
courts established in Athens, Batavia, East Liverpool, Gallipolis,	466

Page 17

481

485

486

487

488

489

Georgetown, Cincinnati, Ironton, Chesapeake, Marietta, Portsmouth,	467
and Steubenville and the municipal court established within	468
Columbiana county that is described in division (C) of section	469
1901.01 of the Revised Code have jurisdiction beyond the north or	470
northwest shore of the Ohio river extending to the opposite shore	471
line, between the extended boundary lines of any adjacent	472
municipal courts or adjacent county courts. Each of the municipal	473
courts that is given jurisdiction on the Ohio river by this	474
section has concurrent jurisdiction on the Ohio river with any	475
adjacent municipal courts or adjacent county courts that border on	476
that river and with any court of Kentucky or of West Virginia that	477
borders on the Ohio river and that has jurisdiction on the Ohio	478
river under the law of Kentucky or the law of West Virginia,	479
whichever is applicable, or under federal law.	480

Sec. 1901.03. As used in this chapter:

- (A) "Territory" means the geographical areas within which

 municipal courts have jurisdiction as provided in sections 1901.01

 483

 and 1901.02 of the Revised Code.
- (B) "Legislative authority" means the legislative authority of the municipal corporation in which a municipal court, other than a county-operated municipal court, is located, and means the respective board of county commissioners of the county in which a county-operated municipal court is located.
- (C) "Chief executive" means the chief executive of the 490 municipal corporation in which a municipal court, other than a 491 county-operated municipal court, is located, and means the 492 respective chairman of the board of county commissioners of the 493 county in which a county-operated municipal court is located. 494
- (D) "City treasury" means the treasury of the municipal 495 corporation in which a municipal court, other than a 496 county-operated municipal court, is located. 497

(E) "City treasurer" means the treasurer of the municipal 498 corporation in which a municipal court, other than a 499 county-operated municipal court, is located. 500

Page 18

510

511

512

513

514

515

516

517

518

519

520

521

522

523

524

525

526

527

528

- (F) "County-operated municipal court" means the Auglaize 501 county, Brown county, Clermont county, Columbiana county, Crawford 502 county, Hamilton county, Hocking county, Jackson county, Lawrence 503 county, Madison county, Miami county, Morrow county, Ottawa 504 county, Portage county, or Wayne county municipal court. 505
- (G) "A municipal corporation in which a municipal court is 506 located" includes each municipal corporation named in section 507 1901.01 of the Revised Code, but does not include one in which a 508 judge sits pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code. 509

Sec. 1901.04. Upon the institution of a municipal court other than the Brown county municipal court or the Morrow county municipal court, the jurisdiction of the mayor in all civil and criminal causes terminates within the municipal corporation in which the municipal court is located. All other The institution of the Brown county municipal court or the Morrow county municipal court does not terminate or affect the jurisdiction of the mayor of Georgetown or the mayor of Mount Gilead, respectively, in any civil or criminal cause. Upon the institution of either court, the mayor of Georgetown and the mayor of Mount Gilead retain jurisdiction in causes as described in section 1905.01 of the Revised Code. Those mayors shall exercise that jurisdiction concurrently with the municipal court. Upon the institution of a municipal court, all mayors of municipal corporations within the territory other than the municipal corporation in which the court is located may retain any jurisdiction that is now provided in all criminal causes involving violation of ordinances of their respective municipal corporations and in all criminal causes involving moving traffic violations occurring on state highways

Sub. H. B. No. 530	Page 19
As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	

located within their respective municipal corporations, to be 529 exercised concurrently with the municipal court. 530

531

532

533

534

535

536

537

538

539

540

541

542

543

544

545

546

547

548

549

550

551

552

553

554

555

556

557

558

559

560

Upon the institution of a municipal court, the jurisdiction of county courts in all civil and criminal causes terminates in any township or municipal corporation that is entirely within the territory.

Upon the institution of a municipal court, all causes, judgments, executions, and proceedings then pending in courts of mayors and county courts within the territory as to which their jurisdiction is terminated by this section shall proceed in the municipal court as if originally instituted in the municipal court. The parties may make any amendments to their pleadings that are required to conform to the rules of the municipal court.

In all cases over which the municipal court is given jurisdiction and for which the jurisdiction of county courts and the courts of mayors is terminated by this section upon the institution of the municipal court, the pleadings, orders, entries, dockets, bonds, papers, records, books, exhibits, files, moneys, property, and persons that belong to, are in the possession of, or are subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of mayors or county courts or any officer of either court and that are in any municipal corporation or township which is entirely within the territory of a municipal court shall be transferred by their custodian to the municipal court. If a part of any township that was within the jurisdiction of a county court is included within the territory of a municipal court, all pleadings, orders, entries, dockets, bonds, papers, records, books, exhibits, files, moneys, property, and persons that belong to, are in the possession of, or are subject to the jurisdiction of the county court or any officer of the county court and that pertain to causes, judgments, executions, and proceedings then pending in the county court and arising from the court's jurisdiction in that

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 20
part of the township within the territory of the municipal court	561
shall be transferred by their custodian to the municipal court.	562
The termination of a municipal court reinstates the	563
jurisdiction of the mayor of the municipal corporation in which	564
the terminated municipal court was located, if the jurisdiction of	565
the mayor was terminated by this section.	566
Sec. 1901.08. The number of, and the time for election of,	567
judges of the following municipal courts and the beginning of	568
their terms shall be as follows:	569
In the Akron municipal court, two full-time judges shall be	570
elected in 1951, two full-time judges shall be elected in 1953,	571
one full-time judge shall be elected in 1967, and one full-time	572
judge shall be elected in 1975.	573
In the Alliance municipal court, one full-time judge shall be	574
elected in 1953.	575
In the Ashland municipal court, one full-time judge shall be	576
elected in 1951.	577
In the Ashtabula municipal court, one full-time judge shall	578
be elected in 1953.	579
In the Athens county municipal court, one full-time judge	580
shall be elected in 1967.	581
In the Auglaize county municipal court, one full-time judge	582
shall be elected in 1975.	583
In the Avon Lake municipal court, one part-time judge shall	584
be elected in 1957.	585
In the Barberton municipal court, one full-time judge shall	586
be elected in 1969, and one full-time judge shall be elected in	587
1971.	588
In the Bedford municipal court, one full-time judge shall be	589

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 21
elected in 1975, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1979.	590
In the Bellefontaine municipal court, one full-time judge	591
shall be elected in 1993.	592
In the Bellevue municipal court, one part-time judge shall be	593
elected in 1951.	594
In the Berea municipal court, one part-time judge shall be	595
elected in 1957, term to commence on the first day of January next	596
after election, and one part-time judge shall be elected in 1981,	597
term to commence on the second day of January next after election.	598
The part-time judge elected in 1987 whose term commenced on	599
January 1, 1988, shall serve until December 31, 1993, and the	600
office of that judge is abolished, effective on the earlier of	601
December 31, 1993, or the date on which that judge resigns,	602
retires, or otherwise vacates judicial office.	603
In the Bowling Green municipal court, one full-time judge	604
shall be elected in 1983.	605
In the Brown county municipal court, one full-time judge	606
shall be elected in 2005. Beginning February 9, 2003, the	607
part-time judge of the Brown county county court that existed	608
prior to that date whose term commenced on January 2, 2001 shall	609
serve as the full-time judge of the Brown county municipal court	610
until December 31, 2005.	611
In the Bryan municipal court, one full-time judge shall be	612
elected in 1965.	613
In the Cambridge municipal court, one full-time judge shall	614
be elected in 1951.	615
In the Campbell municipal court, one part-time judge shall be	616
elected in 1963.	617
In the Canton municipal court, one full-time judge shall be	618
elected in 1951, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1969, and	619

In the Celina municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1957. 622 In the Champaign county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 2001. 624 In the Champaign county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 2001. 625 In the Chardon municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1963. 626 In the Chillicothe municipal court, one full-time judge shall 627 be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 628 1977. 629 In the Circleville municipal court, one full-time judge shall 630 be elected in 1953. 631 In the Clark county municipal court, one full-time judge shall 630 shall be elected in 1989, and two full-time judges shall be 633 elected in 1991. The full-time judges of the Springfield municipal 634 court who were elected in 1983 and 1985 shall serve as the judges 635 of the Clark county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1975. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected for 1991 shall serve as the judge 646	Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 22
In the Champaign county municipal court, one full-time judge 623 shall be elected in 2001. 624 In the Chardon municipal court, one part-time judge shall be 625 elected in 1963. 626 In the Chillicothe municipal court, one full-time judge shall 627 be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 628 1977. 629 In the Circleville municipal court, one full-time judge shall 630 be elected in 1953. 631 In the Clark county municipal court, one full-time judge 632 shall be elected in 1989, and two full-time judges shall be 633 elected in 1991. The full-time judges of the Springfield municipal 634 court who were elected in 1983 and 1985 shall serve as the judges 635 of the Clark county municipal court from January 1, 1988, until 636 the end of their respective terms. 637 In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648	two full-time judges shall be elected in 1977.	620
In the Chardon municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1963. 626 In the Chillicothe municipal court, one full-time judge shall 627 be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1957. 629 In the Circleville municipal court, one full-time judge shall 630 be elected in 1953. 631 In the Clark county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1989, and two full-time judges shall be 633 elected in 1991. The full-time judges of the Springfield municipal 634 court who were elected in 1983 and 1985 shall serve as the judges 635 of the Clark county municipal court from January 1, 1988, until 636 the end of their respective terms. 637 In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		
elected in 1963. 626 In the Chillicothe municipal court, one full-time judge shall 627 be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 628 1977. 629 In the Circleville municipal court, one full-time judge shall 630 be elected in 1953. 631 In the Clark county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1989, and two full-time judges shall be 633 elected in 1991. The full-time judges of the Springfield municipal 634 court who were elected in 1983 and 1985 shall serve as the judges 635 of the Clark county municipal court from January 1, 1988, until 636 the end of their respective terms. 637 In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		
be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 628 1977. 629 In the Circleville municipal court, one full-time judge shall 630 be elected in 1953. 631 In the Clark county municipal court, one full-time judge 632 shall be elected in 1989, and two full-time judges shall be 633 elected in 1991. The full-time judges of the Springfield municipal 634 court who were elected in 1983 and 1985 shall serve as the judges 635 of the Clark county municipal court from January 1, 1988, until 636 the end of their respective terms. 637 In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		
De elected in 1953. In the Clark county municipal court, one full-time judge 632 shall be elected in 1989, and two full-time judges shall be 633 elected in 1991. The full-time judges of the Springfield municipal 634 court who were elected in 1983 and 1985 shall serve as the judges 635 of the Clark county municipal court from January 1, 1988, until 636 the end of their respective terms. 637 In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648	be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in	628
shall be elected in 1989, and two full-time judges shall be elected in 1991. The full-time judges of the Springfield municipal court who were elected in 1983 and 1985 shall serve as the judges of the Clark county municipal court from January 1, 1988, until 636 the end of their respective terms. 637 In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		
elected in 1991. The full-time judges of the Springfield municipal 634 court who were elected in 1983 and 1985 shall serve as the judges 635 of the Clark county municipal court from January 1, 1988, until 636 the end of their respective terms. 637 In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648	In the Clark county municipal court, one full-time judge	632
court who were elected in 1983 and 1985 shall serve as the judges 635 of the Clark county municipal court from January 1, 1988, until 636 the end of their respective terms. 637 In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648	shall be elected in 1989, and two full-time judges shall be	633
of the Clark county municipal court from January 1, 1988, until 636 the end of their respective terms. 637 In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648	elected in 1991. The full-time judges of the Springfield municipal	634
The end of their respective terms. In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		635
In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges 638 shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected 639 in 1999. 640 In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall 641 be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		
shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1999. In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648	the end of their respective terms.	637
In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648	In the Clermont county municipal court, two full-time judges	638
be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		
be elected in 1975, three full-time judges shall be elected in 642 1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. 643 In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648	In the Cleveland municipal court, six full-time judges shall	641
1953, and four full-time judges shall be elected in 1955. In the Cleveland Heights municipal court, one full-time judge 644 shall be elected in 1957. In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		
shall be elected in 1957. 645 In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		643
In the Clinton county municipal court, one full-time judge 646 shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		
shall be elected in 1997. The full-time judge of the Wilmington 647 municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		
municipal court who was elected in 1991 shall serve as the judge 648		
- () E (() () V (of the Clinton county municipal court from July 1, 1992, until the	649

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 23
end of that judge's term on December 31, 1997.	650
In the Columbiana county municipal court, two full-time judges shall be elected in 2001	651 652
In the Conneaut municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1953.	653 654
In the Coshocton municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951.	655 656
In the Crawford county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1977.	657 658
In the Cuyahoga Falls municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1953, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1967.	659 660 661
In the Dayton municipal court, three full-time judges shall be elected in 1987, their terms to commence on successive days beginning on the first day of January next after their election, and two full-time judges shall be elected in 1955, their terms to commence on successive days beginning on the second day of January next after their election.	662 663 664 665 666
In the Defiance municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1957.	668 669
In the Delaware municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1953.	670 671
In the East Cleveland municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1957.	672 673
In the East Liverpool municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1953.	674 675
In the Eaton municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1973.	676 677
In the Elyria municipal court, one full-time judge shall be	678

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 24
elected in 1955, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1973.	679
In the Euclid municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951.	680 681
In the Fairborn municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1977.	682 683
In the Fairfield county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 2003, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 2005.	684 685 686
In the Fairfield municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1989.	687 688
In the Findlay municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1955, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1993.	689 690
In the Fostoria municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1975.	691 692
In the Franklin municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1951.	693 694
In the Franklin county municipal court, two full-time judges shall be elected in 1969, three full-time judges shall be elected in 1971, seven full-time judges shall be elected in 1967, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1975, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1991, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1997.	695 696 697 698 699 700
In the Fremont municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1975.	701 702
In the Gallipolis municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1981.	703 704
In the Garfield Heights municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1981.	705 706 707

In the Kettering municipal court, one full-time judge shall

737

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 26
be elected in 1971, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1975.	738 739
In the Lakewood municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1955.	740 741
In the Lancaster municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1979. Beginning January 2, 2000, the full-time judges of the	742 743 744
Lancaster municipal court who were elected in 1997 and 1999 shall serve as judges of the Fairfield county municipal court until the end of those judges' terms.	745 746 747
In the Lawrence county municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1981.	748 749
In the Lebanon municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1955.	750 751
In the Licking county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1971.	752 753 754
In the Lima municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1967.	755 756
In the Lorain municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1953, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1973.	757 758
In the Lyndhurst municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1957.	759 760
In the Madison county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1981.	761 762
In the Mansfield municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1969.	763 764 765
In the Marietta municipal court, one full-time judge shall be	766

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 27
elected in 1957.	767
In the Marion municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951.	768 769
In the Marysville municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1963.	770 771
In the Mason municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1965.	772 773
In the Massillon municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1953, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1971.	774 775 776
In the Maumee municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1963.	777 778
In the Medina municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1957.	779 780
In the Mentor municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1971.	781 782
In the Miami county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1975, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1979.	783 784 785
In the Miamisburg municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1951.	786 787
In the Middletown municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1953.	788 789
In the Morrow county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 2005. Beginning January 1, 2003, the part-time	790 791
judge of the Morrow county county court that existed prior to that date shall serve as the full-time judge of the Morrow county	792 793
municipal court until December 31, 2005. In the Mount Vernon municipal court, one full-time judge	794 795

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 28
shall be elected in 1951.	796
In the Napoleon municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1963.	797 798
In the New Philadelphia municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1975.	799 800
In the Newton Falls municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1963.	801 802
In the Niles municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951.	803 804
In the Norwalk municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1975.	805 806
In the Oakwood municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1953.	807 808
In the Oberlin municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1989.	809 810
In the Oregon municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1963.	811 812
In the Ottawa county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1995, and the full-time judge of the Port Clinton municipal court who is elected in 1989 shall serve as the judge of the Ottawa county municipal court from February 4, 1994, until the end of that judge's term.	813 814 815 816 817
In the Painesville municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951.	818 819
In the Parma municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1967, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1971.	820 821 822
In the Perrysburg municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1977.	823 824

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 29
In the Portage county municipal court, two full-time judges	825
shall be elected in 1979, and one full-time judge shall be elected	826
in 1971.	827
In the Port Clinton municipal court, one full-time judge	828
shall be elected in 1953. The full-time judge of the Port Clinton	829
municipal court who is elected in 1989 shall serve as the judge of	830
the Ottawa county municipal court from February 4, 1994, until the	831
end of that judge's term.	832
In the Portsmouth municipal court, one full-time judge shall	833
be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in	834
1985.	835
In the Rocky River municipal court, one full-time judge shall	836
be elected in 1957, and one full-time judge shall be elected in	837
1971.	838
In the Sandusky municipal court, one full-time judge shall be	839
elected in 1953.	840
In the Shaker Heights municipal court, one full-time judge	841
shall be elected in 1957.	842
In the Shelby municipal court, one part-time judge shall be	843
elected in 1957.	844
In the Sidney municipal court, one full-time judge shall be	845
elected in 1995.	846
In the South Euclid municipal court, one full-time judge	847
shall be elected in 1999. The part-time judge elected in 1993,	848
whose term commenced on January 1, 1994, shall serve until	849
December 31, 1999, and the office of that judge is abolished on	850
January 1, 2000.	851
In the Springfield municipal court, two full-time judges	852
shall be elected in 1985, and one full-time judge shall be elected	853
in 1983, all of whom shall serve as the judges of the Springfield	854

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 30
municipal court through December 31, 1987, and as the judges of the Clark county municipal court from January 1, 1988, until the end of their respective terms.	855 856 857
In the Steubenville municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1953.	858 859
In the Struthers municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1963.	860 861
In the Sylvania municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1963.	862 863
In the Tiffin municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1953.	864 865
In the Toledo municipal court, two full-time judges shall be elected in 1971, four full-time judges shall be elected in 1975, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1973.	866 867 868
In the Upper Sandusky municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1957.	869 870
In the Vandalia municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1959.	871 872
In the Van Wert municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1957.	873 874
In the Vermilion municipal court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1965.	875 876
In the Wadsworth municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1981.	877 878
In the Warren municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1971.	879 880
In the Washington Court House municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1999. The part-time judge elected in 1993, whose term commenced on January 1, 1994, shall serve until	881 882 883

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 31
December 31, 1999, and the office of that judge is abolished on January 1, 2000.	884 885
In the Wayne county municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1975, and one full-time judge shall be elected in 1979.	886 887 888
In the Willoughby municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951.	889 890
In the Wilmington municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1991, who shall serve as the judge of the Wilmington municipal court through June 30, 1992, and as the judge of the Clinton county municipal court from July 1, 1992, until the end of that judge's term on December 31, 1997.	891 892 893 894 895
In the Xenia municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1977.	896 897
In the Youngstown municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1951, and two full-time judges shall be elected in 1953.	898 899 900
In the Zanesville municipal court, one full-time judge shall be elected in 1953.	901 902
Sec. 1901.31. The clerk and deputy clerks of a municipal court shall be selected, be compensated, give bond, and have powers and duties as follows:	903 904 905
(A) There shall be a clerk of the court who is appointed or elected as follows:	906 907
(1)(a) Except in the Akron, Barberton, Cuyahoga Falls, Medina, Toledo, Clermont county, Hamilton county, Portage county, and Wayne county municipal courts, if the population of the	908 909 910
territory equals or exceeds one hundred thousand at the regular municipal election immediately preceding the expiration of the	911 912

914

915

916

920

921

922

923

924

925

926

927

928

929

930

931

932

933

934

935

936

937

938

939

940

941

942

943

944

term of the present clerk, the clerk shall be nominated and elected by the qualified electors of the territory in the manner that is provided for the nomination and election of judges in section 1901.07 of the Revised Code.

917 918 919

The clerk so elected shall hold office for a term of six years, which term shall commence on the first day of January following the clerk's election and continue until the clerk's successor is elected and qualified.

- (b) In the Hamilton county municipal court, the clerk of courts of Hamilton county shall be the clerk of the municipal court and may appoint an assistant clerk who shall receive the compensation, payable out of the treasury of Hamilton county in semimonthly installments, that the board of county commissioners prescribes. The clerk of courts of Hamilton county, acting as the clerk of the Hamilton county municipal court and assuming the duties of that office, shall receive compensation at one-fourth the rate that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of common pleas as determined in accordance with the population of the county and the rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code. This compensation shall be paid from the county treasury in semimonthly installments and is in addition to the annual compensation that is received for the performance of the duties of the clerk of courts of Hamilton county, as provided in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code.
- (c) In the Portage county and Wayne county municipal courts, the clerks of courts of Portage county and Wayne county shall be the clerks, respectively, of the Portage county and Wayne county municipal courts and may appoint a chief deputy clerk for each branch that is established pursuant to section 1901.311 of the Revised Code and assistant clerks as the judges of the municipal court determine are necessary, all of whom shall receive the compensation that the legislative authority prescribes. The clerks

of courts of Portage county and Wayne county, acting as the clerks of the Portage county and Wayne county municipal courts and assuming the duties of these offices, shall receive compensation payable from the county treasury in semimonthly installments at one-fourth the rate that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of common pleas as determined in accordance with the population of the county and the rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code.

(d) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(d) of this section, in the Akron municipal court, candidates for election to the office of clerk of the court shall be nominated by primary election. The primary election shall be held on the day specified in the charter of the city of Akron for the nomination of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 3513.257 of the Revised Code, the nominating petitions of independent candidates shall be signed by at least two hundred fifty qualified electors of the territory of the court.

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the Revised Code.

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political party for election to the office of clerk of the Akron municipal court, a primary election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to that office. If only one person files a valid declaration of candidacy and petition for nomination as a candidate of a particular political

party for election to that office, a primary election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to that office, and the candidate shall be issued a certificate of nomination in the manner set forth in section 3513.02 of the Revised Code.

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk of the Akron municipal court shall contain a designation of the term for which the candidate seeks election. At the following regular municipal election, all candidates for the office shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the territory of the court in the manner that is provided in section 1901.07 of the Revised Code for the election of the judges of the court. The clerk so elected shall hold office for a term of six years, which term shall commence on the first day of January following the clerk's election and continue until the clerk's successor is elected and qualified.

- (e) In the Clermont county municipal court, the clerk of courts of Clermont county shall be the clerk of the municipal court. The clerk of courts of Clermont county, acting as the clerk of the Clermont county municipal court and assuming the duties of that office, shall receive compensation at one-fourth the rate that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of common pleas as determined in accordance with the population of the county and the rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code. This compensation shall be paid from the county treasury in semimonthly installments and is in addition to the annual compensation that is received for the performance of the duties of the clerk of courts of Clermont county, as provided in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code.
- (f) Irrespective of the population of the territory of the Medina municipal court, the clerk of that court shall be appointed

pursuant to division (A)(2)(a) of this section by the judges of
that court, shall hold office until the clerk's successor is
similarly appointed and qualified, and shall receive pursuant to
division (C) of this section the annual compensation that the
legislative authority prescribes and that is payable in
semimonthly installments from the same sources and in the same
manner as provided in section 1901.11 of the Revised Code.

(q) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(q) of 1016 this section, in the Barberton municipal court, candidates for 1017 election to the office of clerk of the court shall be nominated by 1018 primary election. The primary election shall be held on the day 1019 specified in the charter of the city of Barberton for the 1020 nomination of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 3513.257 1021 of the Revised Code, the nominating petitions of independent 1022 candidates shall be signed by at least two hundred fifty qualified 1023 electors of the territory of the court. 1024

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and 1025 petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not 1026 later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of 1027 the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 1028 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and 1029 petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the 1030 applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the 1031 Revised Code. 1032

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by 1033 any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political 1034 party for election to the office of clerk of the Barberton 1035 municipal court, a primary election shall not be held for the 1036 purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to 1037 that office. If only one person files a valid declaration of 1038 candidacy and petition for nomination as a candidate of a 1039 particular political party for election to that office, a primary 1040

qualified.

1041

1042

1043

1044

1056

election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to that office, and the candidate shall be issued a certificate of nomination in the manner set forth in section 3513.02 of the Revised Code.

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating 1045 petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk 1046 1047 of the Barberton municipal court shall contain a designation of the term for which the candidate seeks election. At the following 1048 regular municipal election, all candidates for the office shall be 1049 submitted to the qualified electors of the territory of the court 1050 in the manner that is provided in section 1901.07 of the Revised 1051 Code for the election of the judges of the court. The clerk so 1052 elected shall hold office for a term of six years, which term 1053 shall commence on the first day of January following the clerk's 1054 election and continue until the clerk's successor is elected and 1055

(h) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(h) of 1057 this section, in the Cuyahoga Falls municipal court, candidates 1058 for election to the office of clerk of the court shall be 1059 nominated by primary election. The primary election shall be held 1060 on the day specified in the charter of the city of Cuyahoga Falls 1061 for the nomination of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 1062 3513.257 of the Revised Code, the nominating petitions of 1063 independent candidates shall be signed by at least two hundred 1064 fifty qualified electors of the territory of the court. 1065

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and 1066 petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not 1067 later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of 1068 the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 1069 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and 1070 petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the 1071 applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the

Revised Code.

1073

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by 1074 any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political 1075 party for election to the office of clerk of the Cuyahoga Falls 1076 municipal court, a primary election shall not be held for the 1077 purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to 1078 that office. If only one person files a valid declaration of 1079 candidacy and petition for nomination as a candidate of a 1080 particular political party for election to that office, a primary 1081 election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a 1082 candidate of that party for election to that office, and the 1083 candidate shall be issued a certificate of nomination in the 1084 manner set forth in section 3513.02 of the Revised Code. 1085

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating 1086 petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk 1087 of the Cuyahoga Falls municipal court shall contain a designation 1088 of the term for which the candidate seeks election. At the 1089 following regular municipal election, all candidates for the 1090 office shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the 1091 territory of the court in the manner that is provided in section 1092 1901.07 of the Revised Code for the election of the judges of the 1093 court. The clerk so elected shall hold office for a term of six 1094 years, which term shall commence on the first day of January 1095 following the clerk's election and continue until the clerk's 1096 successor is elected and qualified. 1097

(i) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(i) of 1098 this section, in the Toledo municipal court, candidates for 1099 election to the office of clerk of the court shall be nominated by 1100 primary election. The primary election shall be held on the day 1101 specified in the charter of the city of Toledo for the nomination 1102 of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 3513.257 of the 1103 Revised Code, the nominating petitions of independent candidates 1104

shall be signed by at least two hundred fifty qualified electors of the territory of the court.

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the Revised Code.

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political party for election to the office of clerk of the Toledo municipal court, a primary election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to that office. If only one person files a valid declaration of candidacy and petition for nomination as a candidate of a particular political party for election to that office, a primary election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to that office, and the candidate shall be issued a certificate of nomination in the manner set forth in section 3513.02 of the Revised Code.

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk of the Toledo municipal court shall contain a designation of the term for which the candidate seeks election. At the following regular municipal election, all candidates for the office shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the territory of the court in the manner that is provided in section 1901.07 of the Revised Code for the election of the judges of the court. The clerk so elected shall hold office for a term of six years, which term shall commence on the first day of January following the clerk's

that is established pursuant to section 1901.311 of the Revised

Code, and may appoint any assistant clerks that the judges of the

court determine are necessary. All of the chief deputy clerks and

assistant clerks shall receive the compensation that the

legislative authority prescribes. The clerk of courts of

Columbiana county, acting as the clerk of the Columbiana county

municipal court and assuming the duties of that office, shall

receive compensation payable from the county treasury in

semimonthly installments at one-fourth the rate that is prescribed

for the clerks of courts of common pleas as determined in

accordance with the population of the county and the rates set

forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code.

- (3) During the temporary absence of the clerk due to illness, vacation, or other proper cause, the court may appoint a temporary clerk, who shall be paid the same compensation, have the same authority, and perform the same duties as the clerk.
- (B) Except in the Clermont county, Hamilton county, Medina, Portage county, and Wayne county municipal courts, if a vacancy occurs in the office of the clerk of the Alliance, Lorain, Massillon, or Youngstown municipal court or occurs in the office of the clerk of a municipal court for which the population of the territory equals or exceeds one hundred thousand because the clerk ceases to hold the office before the end of the clerk's term or because a clerk-elect fails to take office, the vacancy shall be filled, until a successor is elected and qualified, by a person chosen by the residents of the territory of the court who are members of the county central committee of the political party by which the last occupant of that office or the clerk-elect was nominated. Not less than five nor more than fifteen days after a vacancy occurs, those members of that county central committee shall meet to make an appointment to fill the vacancy. At least four days before the date of the meeting, the chairperson or a

1202

1203

1204

1205

1206

1207

1208

1209

1210

1211

1212

1213

1214

1215

1216

1217

1218

1219

1220

1221

1222

1223

1224

1225

1226

1227

1228

1229

1230

1231

1232

secretary of the county central committee shall notify each such member of that county central committee by first class mail of the date, time, and place of the meeting and its purpose. A majority of all such members of that county central committee constitutes a quorum, and a majority of the quorum is required to make the appointment. If the office so vacated was occupied or was to be occupied by a person not nominated at a primary election, or if the appointment was not made by the committee members in accordance with this division, the court shall make an appointment to fill the vacancy. A successor shall be elected to fill the office for the unexpired term at the first municipal election that is held more than one hundred twenty days after the vacancy occurred.

(C)(1) In a municipal court, other than the Auglaize county, the Brown county, the Columbiana county, and the Lorain municipal courts, for which the population of the territory is less than one hundred thousand and in the Medina municipal court, the clerk of the municipal court shall receive the annual compensation that the presiding judge of the court prescribes, if the revenue of the court for the preceding calendar year, as certified by the auditor or chief fiscal officer of the municipal corporation in which the court is located or, in the case of a county-operated municipal court, the county auditor, is equal to or greater than the expenditures, including any debt charges, for the operation of the court payable under this chapter from the city treasury or, in the case of a county-operated municipal court, the county treasury for that calendar year, as also certified by the auditor or chief fiscal officer. If the revenue of a municipal court, other than the Auglaize county, the Brown county, the Columbiana county, and the Lorain municipal courts, for which the population of the territory is less than one hundred thousand or the revenue of the Medina municipal court for the preceding calendar year as so

Page 42

certified is not equal to or greater than those expenditures for	1233
the operation of the court for that calendar year as so certified,	1234
the clerk of a municipal court shall receive the annual	1235
compensation that the legislative authority prescribes. As used in	1236
this division, "revenue" means the total of all costs and fees	1237
that are collected and paid to the city treasury or, in a	1238
county-operated municipal court, the county treasury by the clerk	1239
of the municipal court under division (F) of this section and all	1240
interest received and paid to the city treasury or, in a	1241
county-operated municipal court, the county treasury in relation	1242
to the costs and fees under division (G) of this section.	1243

- (2) In a municipal court, other than the Clermont county, 1244
 Hamilton county, Medina, Portage county, and Wayne county 1245
 municipal courts, for which the population of the territory is one 1246
 hundred thousand or more, and in the Lorain municipal court, the 1247
 clerk of the municipal court shall receive annual compensation in 1248
 a sum equal to eighty-five per cent of the salary of a judge of 1249
 the court.
- (3) The compensation of a clerk described in division (C)(1) 1251 or (2) of this section is payable in semimonthly installments from 1252 the same sources and in the same manner as provided in section 1253 1901.11 of the Revised Code. 1254
- (D) Before entering upon the duties of the clerk's office, 1255
 the clerk of a municipal court shall give bond of not less than 1256
 six thousand dollars to be determined by the judges of the court, 1257
 conditioned upon the faithful performance of the clerk's duties. 1258
- (E) The clerk of a municipal court may do all of the 1259 following: administer oaths, take affidavits, and issue executions 1260 upon any judgment rendered in the court, including a judgment for 1261 unpaid costs; issue, sign, and attach the seal of the court to all 1262 writs, process, subpoenas, and papers issuing out of the court; 1263 and approve all bonds, sureties, recognizances, and undertakings 1264

fixed by any judge of the court or by law. The clerk may refuse to accept for filing any pleading or paper submitted for filing by a person who has been found to be a vexatious litigator under section 2323.52 of the Revised Code and who has failed to obtain leave to proceed under that section. The clerk shall do all of the following: file and safely keep all journals, records, books, and papers belonging or appertaining to the court; record the proceedings of the court; perform all other duties that the judges of the court may prescribe; and keep a book showing all receipts and disbursements, which book shall be open for public inspection at all times.

The clerk shall prepare and maintain a general index, a docket, and other records that the court, by rule, requires, all of which shall be the public records of the court. In the docket, the clerk shall enter, at the time of the commencement of an action, the names of the parties in full, the names of the counsel, and the nature of the proceedings. Under proper dates, the clerk shall note the filing of the complaint, issuing of summons or other process, returns, and any subsequent pleadings. The clerk also shall enter all reports, verdicts, orders, judgments, and proceedings of the court, clearly specifying the relief granted or orders made in each action. The court may order an extended record of any of the above to be made and entered, under the proper action heading, upon the docket at the request of any party to the case, the expense of which record may be taxed as costs in the case or may be required to be prepaid by the party demanding the record, upon order of the court.

(F) The clerk of a municipal court shall receive, collect, and issue receipts for all costs, fees, fines, bail, and other moneys payable to the office or to any officer of the court. The clerk shall each month disburse to the proper persons or officers, and take receipts for, all costs, fees, fines, bail, and other

1297 moneys that the clerk collects. Subject to sections 3375.50 and 1298 4511.193 of the Revised Code and to any other section of the 1299 Revised Code that requires a specific manner of disbursement of 1300 any moneys received by a municipal court and except for the 1301 Hamilton county, Lawrence county, and Ottawa county municipal 1302 courts, the clerk shall pay all fines received for violation of 1303 municipal ordinances into the treasury of the municipal 1304 corporation the ordinance of which was violated and shall pay all 1305 fines received for violation of township resolutions adopted 1306 pursuant to Chapter 504. of the Revised Code into the treasury of 1307 the township the resolution of which was violated. Subject to 1308 sections 1901.024 and 4511.193 of the Revised Code, in the 1309 Hamilton county, Lawrence county, and Ottawa county municipal 1310 courts, the clerk shall pay fifty per cent of the fines received 1311 for violation of municipal ordinances and fifty per cent of the 1312 fines received for violation of township resolutions adopted 1313 pursuant to Chapter 504. of the Revised Code into the treasury of 1314 the county. Subject to sections 3375.50, 3375.53, 4511.99, and 1315 5503.04 of the Revised Code and to any other section of the 1316 Revised Code that requires a specific manner of disbursement of 1317 any moneys received by a municipal court, the clerk shall pay all 1318 fines collected for the violation of state laws into the county 1319 treasury. Except in a county-operated municipal court, the clerk 1320 shall pay all costs and fees the disbursement of which is not 1321 otherwise provided for in the Revised Code into the city treasury. 1322 The clerk of a county-operated municipal court shall pay the costs 1323 and fees the disbursement of which is not otherwise provided for 1324 in the Revised Code into the county treasury. Moneys deposited as 1325 security for costs shall be retained pending the litigation. The 1326 clerk shall keep a separate account of all receipts and 1327 disbursements in civil and criminal cases, which shall be a 1328 permanent public record of the office. On the expiration of the 1329 term of the clerk, the clerk shall deliver the records to the

clerk's successor. The clerk shall have other powers and duties as

are prescribed by rule or order of the court.

(G) All moneys paid into a municipal court shall be noted on the record of the case in which they are paid and shall be deposited in a state or national bank, or a domestic savings and loan association, as defined in section 1151.01 of the Revised Code, that is selected by the clerk. Any interest received upon the deposits shall be paid into the city treasury, except that, in a county-operated municipal court, the interest shall be paid into the treasury of the county in which the court is located.

On the first Monday in January of each year, the clerk shall make a list of the titles of all cases in the court that were finally determined more than one year past in which there remains unclaimed in the possession of the clerk any funds, or any part of a deposit for security of costs not consumed by the costs in the case. The clerk shall give notice of the moneys to the parties who are entitled to the moneys or to their attorneys of record. All the moneys remaining unclaimed on the first day of April of each year shall be paid by the clerk to the city treasurer, except that, in a county-operated municipal court, the moneys shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which the court is located. The treasurer shall pay any part of the moneys at any time to the person who has the right to the moneys upon proper certification of the clerk.

(H) Deputy clerks may be appointed by the clerk and shall receive the compensation, payable in semimonthly installments out of the city treasury, that the clerk may prescribe, except that the compensation of any deputy clerk of a county-operated municipal court shall be paid out of the treasury of the county in which the court is located. Each deputy clerk shall take an oath of office before entering upon the duties of the deputy clerk's office and, when so qualified, may perform the duties appertaining

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate Judiciary--Civil Justice Committee

Page 47

1413

1414

1415

1416

1417

1418

1419

1420

1421

Portage county prosecuting attorneys shall prosecute in municipal 1393 court all violations of state law arising in their respective 1394 counties. The Crawford county, Hamilton county, Madison county, 1395 and Wayne county prosecuting attorneys shall prosecute all 1396 violations of state law arising within the unincorporated areas of 1397 their respective counties. The Columbiana county prosecuting 1398 attorney shall prosecute in the Columbiana county municipal court 1399 all violations of state law arising in the county, except for 1400 violations arising in the municipal corporation of East Liverpool, 1401 Liverpool township, or St. Clair township. 1402

The prosecuting attorney of any county given the duty of 1403 prosecuting in municipal court violations of state law shall 1404 receive no additional compensation for assuming these additional 1405 duties, except that the prosecuting attorney of Hamilton, Portage, 1406 and Wayne counties shall receive compensation at the rate of four 1407 thousand eight hundred dollars per year, and the prosecuting 1408 attorney of Auglaize county shall receive compensation at the rate 1409 of one thousand eight hundred dollars per year, each payable from 1410 the county treasury of the respective counties in semimonthly 1411 installments. 1412

- (C) The village solicitor, city director of law, or similar chief legal officer shall perform the same duties, insofar as they are applicable to the village solicitor, city director of law, or similar chief legal officer, as are required of the prosecuting attorney of the county. The village solicitor, city director of law, similar chief legal officer or any assistants who may be appointed shall receive for such services additional compensation to be paid from the treasury of the county as the board of county commissioners prescribes.
- (D) The prosecuting attorney of any county, other than 1422
 Auglaize, <u>Brown</u>, Clermont, Hocking, Jackson, <u>Morrow</u>, Ottawa, or 1423
 Portage county, may enter into an agreement with any municipal 1424

corporation in the county in which the prosecuting attorney serves 1425 pursuant to which the prosecuting attorney prosecutes all criminal 1426 cases brought before the municipal court that has territorial 1427 jurisdiction over that municipal corporation for criminal offenses 1428 occurring within the municipal corporation. The prosecuting 1429 attorney of Auglaize, Brown, Clermont, Hocking, Jackson, Morrow, 1430 Ottawa, or Portage county may enter into an agreement with any 1431 municipal corporation in the county in which the prosecuting 1432 attorney serves pursuant to which the respective prosecuting 1433 attorney prosecutes all cases brought before the Auglaize county, 1434 Brown county, Clermont county, Hocking county, Jackson county, 1435 Morrow county, Ottawa county, or Portage county municipal court 1436 for violations of the ordinances of the municipal corporation or 1437 for criminal offenses other than violations of state law occurring 1438 within the municipal corporation. For prosecuting these cases, the 1439 prosecuting attorney and the municipal corporation may agree upon 1440 a fee to be paid by the municipal corporation, which fee shall be 1441 paid into the county treasury, to be used to cover expenses of the 1442 office of the prosecuting attorney. 1443

Sec. 1905.01. (A) In Georgetown in Brown county, in Mount 1444 Gilead in Morrow county, and in all other municipal corporations, 1445 other than Batavia in Clermont county, not being the site of a 1446 municipal court nor a place where a judge of the Auglaize county, 1447 Crawford county, Jackson county, Miami county, Portage county, or 1448 Wayne county municipal court sits as required pursuant to section 1449 1901.021 of the Revised Code or by designation of the judges 1450 pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the 1451 municipal corporation has jurisdiction, except as provided in 1452 divisions (B), (C), and (E) of this section and subject to the 1453 limitation contained in section 1905.03 and the limitation 1454 contained in section 1905.031 of the Revised Code, to hear and 1455 determine any prosecution for the violation of an ordinance of the 1456

As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	3.
municipal corporation, to hear and determine any case involving a	1457
violation of a vehicle parking or standing ordinance of the	1458
municipal corporation unless the violation is required to be	1459
handled by a parking violations bureau or joint parking violations	1460
bureau pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the Revised Code, and to hear	1461
and determine all criminal causes involving any moving traffic	1462
violation occurring on a state highway located within the	1463
boundaries of the municipal corporation, subject to the	1464
limitations of sections 2937.08 and 2938.04 of the Revised Code.	1465
(B)(1) In Georgetown in Brown county, in Mount Gilead in	1466
Morrow county, and in all other municipal corporations, other than	1467
Batavia in Clermont county, not being the site of a municipal	1468
court nor a place where a judge of a court listed in division (A)	1469
of this section sits as required pursuant to section 1901.021 of	1470
the Revised Code or by designation of the judges pursuant to	1471
section 1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the municipal	1472
corporation has jurisdiction, subject to the limitation contained	1473
in section 1905.03 of the Revised Code, to hear and determine	1474
prosecutions involving a violation of an ordinance of the	1475
municipal corporation relating to operating a vehicle while under	1476
the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug	1477
of abuse or relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited	1478
concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, and to	1479
hear and determine criminal causes involving a violation of	1480
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that occur on a state highway	1481
located within the boundaries of the municipal corporation,	1482
subject to the limitations of sections 2937.08 and 2938.04 of the	1483
Revised Code, only if the person charged with the violation,	1484
within six years of the date of the violation charged, has not	1485
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:	1486
(a) A violation of an ordinance of any municipal corporation	1487

relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 50
alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse or	1489
relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of	1490
alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine;	1491
(b) A violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code;	1492
(c) A violation of any ordinance of any municipal corporation	1493
or of any section of the Revised Code that regulates the operation	1494
of vehicles, streetcars, and trackless trolleys upon the highways	1495
or streets, in relation to which all of the following apply:	1496
	1497
(i) The person, in the case in which the conviction was	1498
obtained or the plea of guilty was entered, had been charged with	1499
a violation of an ordinance of any municipal corporation relating	1500
to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a	1501
drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse or relating to	1502
operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in	1503
the blood, breath, or urine, or with a violation of section	1504
4511.19 of the Revised Code;	1505
(ii) The charge of the violation described in division	1506
(B)(1)(c)(i) of this section was dismissed or reduced;	1507
(iii) The violation of which the person was convicted or to	1508
which the person pleaded guilty arose out of the same facts and	1509
circumstances and the same act as did the charge that was	1510
dismissed or reduced.	1511
(d) A violation of a statute of the United States or of any	1512
other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation	1513
located in any other state that is substantially similar to	1514
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	1515
(2) The mayor of a municipal corporation does not have	1516
jurisdiction to hear and determine any prosecution or criminal	1517
cause involving a violation described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b)	1518
of this section, regardless of where the violation occurred, if	1519

the person charged with the violation, within six years of the violation charged, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any violation listed in division (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section.

If the mayor of a municipal corporation, in hearing a prosecution involving a violation of an ordinance of the municipal corporation the mayor serves relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse or relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, or in hearing a criminal cause involving a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, determines that the person charged, within six years of the violation charged, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any violation listed in division (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the mayor immediately shall transfer the case to the county court or municipal court with jurisdiction over the violation charged, in accordance with section 1905.032 of the Revised Code.

(C)(1) In Georgetown in Brown county, in Mount Gilead in Morrow county, and in all other municipal corporations, other than Batavia in Clermont county, not being the site of a municipal court and not being a place where a judge of a court listed in division (A) of this section sits as required pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code or by designation of the judges pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the municipal corporation, subject to sections 1901.031, 2937.08, and 2938.04 of the Revised Code, has jurisdiction to hear and determine prosecutions involving a violation of a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to division (B)(1) or (D)(2) of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code and to hear and determine criminal causes that involve a moving traffic violation, that involve a violation of division (B)(1) or (D)(2) of section

the violation.

Code, shall be governed by the laws pertaining to county courts.

conferred by section 1907.01 of the Revised Code, the county

courts of Adams, Belmont, Brown, Jefferson, Meigs, and Monroe

counties have jurisdiction beyond the north or northwest shore of

the Ohio river extending to the opposite shore line, between the

courts. Each of the county courts that is given jurisdiction on

the Ohio river by this section has concurrent jurisdiction on the

Ohio river with any adjacent municipal courts or adjacent county

of West Virginia that borders on the Ohio river and that has

following county court judges, to be elected as follows:

law.

be elected in 1982.

jurisdiction on the Ohio river under the law of Kentucky or the

law of West Virginia, whichever is applicable, or under federal

Sec. 1907.11. (A) Each county court district shall have the

In the Adams county court, one part-time judge shall

In the Ashtabula county county court, one part-time judge

courts that border on that river and with any court of Kentucky or

boundary lines of any adjacent municipal courts or adjacent county

Sec. 1907.011. In addition to the territorial jurisdiction

1656

1657

1658

1659

1660

1661

1662

1663

1664

1665

1666

1667

1668

1669

1670

1671

1672

1673

1674

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 56
shall be elected in 1980, and one part-time judge shall be elected	1676
in 1982.	1677
In the Belmont county county court, one part-time judge shall	1678
be elected in 1992, term to commence on January 1, 1993, and two	1679
part-time judges shall be elected in 1994, terms to commence on	1680
January 1, 1995, and January 2, 1995, respectively.	1681
In the Brown county county two part-time judges shall	1682
be elected in 1994, terms to commence on January 1, 1995, and	1683
January 2, 1995, respectively.	1684
In the Butler county county court, one part-time judge shall	1685
be elected in 1992, term to commence on January 1, 1993, and two	1686
part-time judges shall be elected in 1994, terms to commence on	1687
January 1, 1995, and January 2, 1995, respectively.	1688
In the Carroll county county court, one part-time judge shall	1689
be elected in 1982.	1690
In the Darke county county court, one part-time judge shall	1691
be elected in 1980, and one part-time judge shall be elected in	1692
1982.	1693
In the Erie county county court, one part-time judge shall be	1694
elected in 1982.	1695
In the Fulton county county court, one part-time judge shall	1696
be elected in 1980, and one part-time judge shall be elected in	1697
1982.	1698
In the Harrison county county court, one part-time judge	1699
shall be elected in 1982.	1700
In the Highland county county court, one part-time judge	1701
shall be elected in 1982.	1702
In the Holmes county county court, one part-time judge shall	1703
be elected in 1982.	1704

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 57
In the Jefferson county county court, one part-time judge	1705
shall be elected in 1992, term to commence on January 1, 1993, and	1706
two part-time judges shall be elected in 1994, terms to commence	1707
on January 1, 1995, and January 2, 1995, respectively.	1708
In the Mahoning county county court, one part-time judge	1709
shall be elected in 1992, term to commence on January 1, 1993, and	1710
three part-time judges shall be elected in 1994, terms to commence	1711
on January 1, 1995, January 2, 1995, and January 3, 1995,	1712
respectively.	1713
In the Meigs county county court, one part-time judge shall	1714
be elected in 1982.	1715
In the Monroe county county court, one part-time judge shall	1716
be elected in 1982.	1717
In the Montgomery county court, three part-time judges	1718
shall be elected in 1998, terms to commence on January 1, 1999,	1719
January 2, 1999, and January 3, 1999, respectively, and two	1720
part-time judges shall be elected in 1994, terms to commence on	1721
January 1, 1995, and January 2, 1995, respectively.	1722
In the Morgan county county court, one part-time judge shall	1723
be elected in 1982.	1724
In the Morrow county county court, one part-time judge shall	1725
be elected in 1982.	1726
In the Muskingum county county court, one part-time judge	1727
shall be elected in 1980, and one part-time judge shall be elected	1728
in 1982.	1729
In the Noble county county court, one part-time judge shall	1730
be elected in 1982.	1731
In the Paulding county county court, one part-time judge	1732
shall be elected in 1982.	1733
In the Perry county court, one part-time judge shall	1734

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 58
be elected in 1982.	1735
In the Pike county court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1982.	1736 1737
In the Putnam county county court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1980, and one part-time judge shall be elected in 1982.	1738 1739 1740
In the Sandusky county county court, two part-time judges shall be elected in 1994, terms to commence on January 1, 1995, and January 2, 1995, respectively.	1741 1742 1743
In the Trumbull county county court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1992, and one part-time judge shall be elected in 1994.	1744 1745 1746
In the Tuscarawas county county court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1982.	1747 1748
In the Vinton county county court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1982.	1749 1750
In the Warren county county court, one part-time judge shall be elected in 1980, and one part-time judge shall be elected in 1982.	1751 1752 1753
(B)(1) Additional judges shall be elected at the next regular election for a county court judge as provided in section 1907.13 of the Revised Code.	1754 1755 1756
(2) Vacancies caused by the death or the resignation from, forfeiture of, or removal from office of a judge shall be filled in accordance with section 107.08 of the Revised Code, except as provided in section 1907.15 of the Revised Code.	1757 1758 1759 1760
Sec. 2313.13. (A) The court of common pleas may postpone the whole or a part of the time of service of a juror, after notice for service, to a later date during the same term or part of a	1761 1762 1763

1819

1820

1821

1822

1823

- (D) The court of common pleas of a county or a judge of the

 court of common pleas of a county may excuse a juror, after

 summoning the juror for jury duty, from service on jury duty at

 that term of court for not more than three days at a time, if the

 exigencies of the juror's business require the juror's temporary

 excuse.

 1796

 1797

 1798

 1798

 1798

 1799

 1800

 1801

 Sec. 2313.24. (A) The court of common pleas of a county, or a
- sec. 2313.24. (A) The court of common pleas of a county, or a 1802 judge thereof of the court of common pleas of a county, shall 1803 specify by written order the number of jurors to be drawn for each 1804 term of that court, or part of a term, of that court when the term 1805 is divided into parts, to comply with sections 2313.01 to 2313.46 1806 of the Revised Code. A proportionate 1807
- (B) A portion of the number of jurors ordered for a term or 1808 part of a term to be drawn pursuant to division (A) of this 1809 section shall be first drawn and shall be summoned to be present 1810 for duty during the first three consecutive calendar weeks of the 1811 term or part of a term, and the. The same number of jurors shall 1812 next be drawn and shall be summoned to be present for duty during 1813 the next three consecutive calendar weeks, and in like manner 1814 jurors. Jurors shall be drawn and summoned for each succeeding 1815 three weeks of the term of court. This section as to the division 1816 of terms and as to the service of jurors for three weeks 1817
- (C) Divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall not apply to counties with a population of less than one two hundred fifty thousand population in which cases the. If divisions (A) and (B) of this section do not apply to a county, the court of common pleas of that county or a judge of the court of common pleas of that county shall make rules in his own that apply to that county applicable to such matters for the drawing and summons of jurors.
- (D) The commissioners of jurors may send by mail or otherwise 1825 to a juror whose name is drawn, a printed notice, informing him 1826

Sub. H. B. No. 530	Page 61
As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	
the juror that he the juror has been drawn for jury duty and will	1827
be notified <u>summoned</u> by the sheriff, and such. The notice may	1828
contain copies of such the portions of sections 2313.01 to 2313.46	1829
of the Revised Code , as <u>that</u> the commissioners <u>deem consider</u>	1830
advisable.	1831
Section 2. That existing sections 1901.01, 1901.02, 1901.027,	1832
1901.03, 1901.04, 1901.08, 1901.31, 1901.34, 1905.01, 1907.011,	1833
1907.11, 2313.13, and 2313.24 of the Revised Code are hereby	1834
repealed.	1835
Section 3. That the versions of sections 1901.31 and 1905.01	1836
of the Revised Code that are scheduled to take effect on January	1837
1, 2004, be amended to read as follows:	1838
Sec. 1901.31. The clerk and deputy clerks of a municipal	1839
court shall be selected, be compensated, give bond, and have	1840
powers and duties as follows:	1841
(A) There shall be a clerk of the court who is appointed or	1842
elected as follows:	1843
(1)(a) Except in the Akron, Barberton, Cuyahoga Falls,	1844
Medina, Toledo, Clermont county, Hamilton county, Portage county,	1845
and Wayne county municipal courts, if the population of the	1846
territory equals or exceeds one hundred thousand at the regular	1847
municipal election immediately preceding the expiration of the	1848
term of the present clerk, the clerk shall be nominated and	1849
elected by the qualified electors of the territory in the manner	1850
that is provided for the nomination and election of judges in	1851
section 1901.07 of the Revised Code.	1852
The clerk so elected shall hold office for a term of six	1853
years, which term shall commence on the first day of January	1854
following the clerk's election and continue until the clerk's	1855

successor is elected and qualified.

- (b) In the Hamilton county municipal court, the clerk of courts of Hamilton county shall be the clerk of the municipal court and may appoint an assistant clerk who shall receive the compensation, payable out of the treasury of Hamilton county in semimonthly installments, that the board of county commissioners prescribes. The clerk of courts of Hamilton county, acting as the clerk of the Hamilton county municipal court and assuming the duties of that office, shall receive compensation at one-fourth the rate that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of common pleas as determined in accordance with the population of the county and the rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code. This compensation shall be paid from the county treasury in semimonthly installments and is in addition to the annual compensation that is received for the performance of the duties of the clerk of courts of Hamilton county, as provided in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code.
- (c) In the Portage county and Wayne county municipal courts, the clerks of courts of Portage county and Wayne county shall be the clerks, respectively, of the Portage county and Wayne county municipal courts and may appoint a chief deputy clerk for each branch that is established pursuant to section 1901.311 of the Revised Code and assistant clerks as the judges of the municipal court determine are necessary, all of whom shall receive the compensation that the legislative authority prescribes. The clerks of courts of Portage county and Wayne county, acting as the clerks of the Portage county and Wayne county municipal courts and assuming the duties of these offices, shall receive compensation payable from the county treasury in semimonthly installments at one-fourth the rate that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of common pleas as determined in accordance with the population of the county and the rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18

of the Revised Code.

1888

1906

1907

1908

1909

1910

1911

1912

1913

1914

1915

1916

1917

(d) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(d) of 1889 this section, in the Akron municipal court, candidates for 1890 election to the office of clerk of the court shall be nominated by 1891 primary election. The primary election shall be held on the day 1892 specified in the charter of the city of Akron for the nomination 1893 of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 3513.257 of the 1894 Revised Code, the nominating petitions of independent candidates 1895 shall be signed by at least two hundred fifty qualified electors 1896 of the territory of the court. 1897

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and 1898 petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not 1899 later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of 1900 the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 1901 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and 1902 petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the 1903 applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the 1904 Revised Code. 1905

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political party for election to the office of clerk of the Akron municipal court, a primary election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to that office. If only one person files a valid declaration of candidacy and petition for nomination as a candidate of a particular political party for election to that office, a primary election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to that office, and the candidate shall be issued a certificate of nomination in the manner set forth in section 3513.02 of the Revised Code.

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating 1918 petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk 1919

- 1920 of the Akron municipal court shall contain a designation of the 1921 term for which the candidate seeks election. At the following 1922 regular municipal election, all candidates for the office shall be 1923 submitted to the qualified electors of the territory of the court 1924 in the manner that is provided in section 1901.07 of the Revised 1925 Code for the election of the judges of the court. The clerk so 1926 elected shall hold office for a term of six years, which term 1927 shall commence on the first day of January following the clerk's 1928 election and continue until the clerk's successor is elected and 1929 qualified.
- (e) In the Clermont county municipal court, the clerk of 1930 courts of Clermont county shall be the clerk of the municipal 1931 court. The clerk of courts of Clermont county, acting as the clerk 1932 of the Clermont county municipal court and assuming the duties of 1933 that office, shall receive compensation at one-fourth the rate 1934 that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of common pleas as 1935 determined in accordance with the population of the county and the 1936 rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code. 1937 This compensation shall be paid from the county treasury in 1938 semimonthly installments and is in addition to the annual 1939 compensation that is received for the performance of the duties of 1940 the clerk of courts of Clermont county, as provided in sections 1941 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code. 1942
- (f) Irrespective of the population of the territory of the 1943 Medina municipal court, the clerk of that court shall be appointed 1944 pursuant to division (A)(2)(a) of this section by the judges of 1945 that court, shall hold office until the clerk's successor is 1946 similarly appointed and qualified, and shall receive pursuant to 1947 division (C) of this section the annual compensation that the 1948 legislative authority prescribes and that is payable in 1949 semimonthly installments from the same sources and in the same 1950 manner as provided in section 1901.11 of the Revised Code. 1951

(g) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(g) of 1952 this section, in the Barberton municipal court, candidates for 1953 election to the office of clerk of the court shall be nominated by 1954 primary election. The primary election shall be held on the day 1955 specified in the charter of the city of Barberton for the 1956 nomination of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 3513.257 1957 of the Revised Code, the nominating petitions of independent 1958 candidates shall be signed by at least two hundred fifty qualified 1959 electors of the territory of the court. 1960

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and 1961 petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not 1962 later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of 1963 the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 1964 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and 1965 petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the 1966 applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the 1967 Revised Code. 1968

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by 1969 any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political 1970 party for election to the office of clerk of the Barberton 1971 municipal court, a primary election shall not be held for the 1972 purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to 1973 that office. If only one person files a valid declaration of 1974 candidacy and petition for nomination as a candidate of a 1975 particular political party for election to that office, a primary 1976 election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a 1977 candidate of that party for election to that office, and the 1978 candidate shall be issued a certificate of nomination in the 1979 manner set forth in section 3513.02 of the Revised Code. 1980

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating 1981 petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk 1982 of the Barberton municipal court shall contain a designation of 1983

the term for which the candidate seeks election. At the following regular municipal election, all candidates for the office shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the territory of the court in the manner that is provided in section 1901.07 of the Revised Code for the election of the judges of the court. The clerk so elected shall hold office for a term of six years, which term shall commence on the first day of January following the clerk's election and continue until the clerk's successor is elected and qualified.

(h) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(h) of this section, in the Cuyahoga Falls municipal court, candidates for election to the office of clerk of the court shall be nominated by primary election. The primary election shall be held on the day specified in the charter of the city of Cuyahoga Falls for the nomination of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 3513.257 of the Revised Code, the nominating petitions of independent candidates shall be signed by at least two hundred fifty qualified electors of the territory of the court.

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the Revised Code.

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by
any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political
party for election to the office of clerk of the Cuyahoga Falls

municipal court, a primary election shall not be held for the

purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to

that office. If only one person files a valid declaration of

candidacy and petition for nomination as a candidate of a

particular political party for election to that office, a primary

election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a

candidate of that party for election to that office, and the

candidate shall be issued a certificate of nomination in the

manner set forth in section 3513.02 of the Revised Code.

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating 2022 petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk 2023 of the Cuyahoga Falls municipal court shall contain a designation 2024 of the term for which the candidate seeks election. At the 2025 following regular municipal election, all candidates for the 2026 office shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the 2027 territory of the court in the manner that is provided in section 2028 1901.07 of the Revised Code for the election of the judges of the 2029 court. The clerk so elected shall hold office for a term of six 2030 years, which term shall commence on the first day of January 2031 following the clerk's election and continue until the clerk's 2032 successor is elected and qualified. 2033

(i) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(i) of 2034 this section, in the Toledo municipal court, candidates for 2035 election to the office of clerk of the court shall be nominated by 2036 primary election. The primary election shall be held on the day 2037 specified in the charter of the city of Toledo for the nomination 2038 of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 3513.257 of the 2039 Revised Code, the nominating petitions of independent candidates 2040 shall be signed by at least two hundred fifty qualified electors 2041 of the territory of the court. 2042

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and 2043 petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not 2044 later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of 2045 the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 2046 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and 2047

Sub. H. B. No. 530	
As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	

Page 68

petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the

applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the

Revised Code.

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by 2051 any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political 2052 party for election to the office of clerk of the Toledo municipal 2053 court, a primary election shall not be held for the purpose of 2054 nominating a candidate of that party for election to that office. 2055 If only one person files a valid declaration of candidacy and 2056 petition for nomination as a candidate of a particular political 2057 party for election to that office, a primary election shall not be 2058 held for the purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for 2059 election to that office, and the candidate shall be issued a 2060 certificate of nomination in the manner set forth in section 2061 3513.02 of the Revised Code. 2062

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating 2063 petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk 2064 of the Toledo municipal court shall contain a designation of the 2065 term for which the candidate seeks election. At the following 2066 regular municipal election, all candidates for the office shall be 2067 submitted to the qualified electors of the territory of the court 2068 in the manner that is provided in section 1901.07 of the Revised 2069 Code for the election of the judges of the court. The clerk so 2070 elected shall hold office for a term of six years, which term 2071 shall commence on the first day of January following the clerk's 2072 election and continue until the clerk's successor is elected and 2073 qualified. 2074

(2)(a) Except for the Alliance, Auglaize county, Brown

county, Columbiana county, Lorain, Massillon, and Youngstown

2076

municipal courts, in a municipal court for which the population of

the territory is less than one hundred thousand and in the Medina

municipal court, the clerk shall be appointed by the court, and

2079

Sub. H. B. No. 530	Page 69
As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	

the clerk shall hold office until the clerk's successor is 2080 appointed and qualified. 2081

- (b) In the Alliance, Lorain, Massillon, and Youngstown 2082 municipal courts, the clerk shall be elected for a term of office 2083 as described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section. 2084
- (c) In the Auglaize county and Brown county municipal court 2085 <u>courts</u>, the <u>clerk</u> <u>clerks</u> of courts of Auglaize county <u>and Brown</u> 2086 2087 county shall be the clerk clerks, respectively, of the Auglaize county and Brown county municipal court courts and may appoint a 2088 chief deputy clerk for each branch that is established pursuant to 2089 section 1901.311 of the Revised Code, and assistant clerks as the 2090 judge of the court determines are necessary, all of whom shall 2091 receive the compensation that the legislative authority 2092 prescribes. The clerk clerks of courts of Auglaize county and 2093 Brown county, acting as the clerk clerks of the Auglaize county 2094 and Brown county municipal court courts and assuming the duties of 2095 that office these offices, shall receive compensation payable from 2096 the county treasury in semimonthly installments at one-fourth the 2097 rate that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of common pleas 2098 as determined in accordance with the population of the county and 2099 the rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised 2100 Code. 2101
- (d) In the Columbiana county municipal court, the clerk of 2102 courts of Columbiana county shall be the clerk of the municipal 2103 court, may appoint a chief deputy clerk for each branch office 2104 that is established pursuant to section 1901.311 of the Revised 2105 Code, and may appoint any assistant clerks that the judges of the 2106 court determine are necessary. All of the chief deputy clerks and 2107 assistant clerks shall receive the compensation that the 2108 legislative authority prescribes. The clerk of courts of 2109 Columbiana county, acting as the clerk of the Columbiana county 2110 municipal court and assuming the duties of that office, shall 2111

2113

2114

2115

2116

2120

2121

2122

2123

2124

2125

2126

2127

2128

2129

2130

2131

2132

2133

2134

2135

2136

2137

2138

2139

2140

2141

2142

2143

receive compensation payable from the county treasury in semimonthly installments at one-fourth the rate that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of common pleas as determined in accordance with the population of the county and the rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code.

- (3) During the temporary absence of the clerk due to illness, 2117 vacation, or other proper cause, the court may appoint a temporary 2118 clerk, who shall be paid the same compensation, have the same 2119
- authority, and perform the same duties as the clerk.
- (B) Except in the Clermont county, Hamilton county, Medina, Portage county, and Wayne county municipal courts, if a vacancy occurs in the office of the clerk of the Alliance, Lorain, Massillon, or Youngstown municipal court or occurs in the office of the clerk of a municipal court for which the population of the territory equals or exceeds one hundred thousand because the clerk ceases to hold the office before the end of the clerk's term or because a clerk-elect fails to take office, the vacancy shall be filled, until a successor is elected and qualified, by a person chosen by the residents of the territory of the court who are members of the county central committee of the political party by which the last occupant of that office or the clerk-elect was nominated. Not less than five nor more than fifteen days after a vacancy occurs, those members of that county central committee shall meet to make an appointment to fill the vacancy. At least four days before the date of the meeting, the chairperson or a secretary of the county central committee shall notify each such member of that county central committee by first class mail of the date, time, and place of the meeting and its purpose. A majority of all such members of that county central committee constitutes a quorum, and a majority of the quorum is required to make the appointment. If the office so vacated was occupied or was to be occupied by a person not nominated at a primary election, or if

2145

2146

2147

2148

2149

the appointment was not made by the committee members in accordance with this division, the court shall make an appointment to fill the vacancy. A successor shall be elected to fill the office for the unexpired term at the first municipal election that is held more than one hundred twenty days after the vacancy occurred.

2150

(C)(1) In a municipal court, other than the Auglaize county, the Brown county, the Columbiana county, and the Lorain municipal 2151 courts, for which the population of the territory is less than one 2152 hundred thousand and in the Medina municipal court, the clerk of 2153 the municipal court shall receive the annual compensation that the 2154 presiding judge of the court prescribes, if the revenue of the 2155 court for the preceding calendar year, as certified by the auditor 2156 or chief fiscal officer of the municipal corporation in which the 2157 court is located or, in the case of a county-operated municipal 2158 court, the county auditor, is equal to or greater than the 2159 expenditures, including any debt charges, for the operation of the 2160 court payable under this chapter from the city treasury or, in the 2161 case of a county-operated municipal court, the county treasury for 2162 that calendar year, as also certified by the auditor or chief 2163 fiscal officer. If the revenue of a municipal court, other than 2164 the Auglaize county, the Brown county, the Columbiana county, and 2165 the Lorain municipal courts, for which the population of the 2166 territory is less than one hundred thousand or the revenue of the 2167 Medina municipal court for the preceding calendar year as so 2168 certified is not equal to or greater than those expenditures for 2169 the operation of the court for that calendar year as so certified, 2170 the clerk of a municipal court shall receive the annual 2171 compensation that the legislative authority prescribes. As used in 2172 this division, "revenue" means the total of all costs and fees 2173 that are collected and paid to the city treasury or, in a 2174 county-operated municipal court, the county treasury by the clerk 2175

of the municipal court under division (F) of this section and all	2176
interest received and paid to the city treasury or, in a	2177
county-operated municipal court, the county treasury in relation	2178
to the costs and fees under division (G) of this section.	2179

Page 72

- (2) In a municipal court, other than the Clermont county, Hamilton county, Medina, Portage county, and Wayne county municipal courts, for which the population of the territory is one hundred thousand or more, and in the Lorain municipal court, the clerk of the municipal court shall receive annual compensation in a sum equal to eighty-five per cent of the salary of a judge of the court.
- (3) The compensation of a clerk described in division (C)(1) or (2) of this section is payable in semimonthly installments from the same sources and in the same manner as provided in section 1901.11 of the Revised Code.
- (D) Before entering upon the duties of the clerk's office, 2191 the clerk of a municipal court shall give bond of not less than 2192 six thousand dollars to be determined by the judges of the court, 2193 conditioned upon the faithful performance of the clerk's duties. 2194
- (E) The clerk of a municipal court may do all of the following: administer oaths, take affidavits, and issue executions upon any judgment rendered in the court, including a judgment for unpaid costs; issue, sign, and attach the seal of the court to all writs, process, subpoenas, and papers issuing out of the court; and approve all bonds, sureties, recognizances, and undertakings fixed by any judge of the court or by law. The clerk may refuse to accept for filing any pleading or paper submitted for filing by a person who has been found to be a vexatious litigator under section 2323.52 of the Revised Code and who has failed to obtain leave to proceed under that section. The clerk shall do all of the following: file and safely keep all journals, records, books, and papers belonging or appertaining to the court; record the

2209

2210

2211

proceedings of the court; perform all other duties that the judges of the court may prescribe; and keep a book showing all receipts and disbursements, which book shall be open for public inspection at all times.

The clerk shall prepare and maintain a general index, a 2212 docket, and other records that the court, by rule, requires, all 2213 of which shall be the public records of the court. In the docket, 2214 the clerk shall enter, at the time of the commencement of an 2215 action, the names of the parties in full, the names of the 2216 counsel, and the nature of the proceedings. Under proper dates, 2217 the clerk shall note the filing of the complaint, issuing of 2218 summons or other process, returns, and any subsequent pleadings. 2219 The clerk also shall enter all reports, verdicts, orders, 2220 judgments, and proceedings of the court, clearly specifying the 2221 relief granted or orders made in each action. The court may order 2222 an extended record of any of the above to be made and entered, 2223 under the proper action heading, upon the docket at the request of 2224 any party to the case, the expense of which record may be taxed as 2225 costs in the case or may be required to be prepaid by the party 2226 demanding the record, upon order of the court. 2227

(F) The clerk of a municipal court shall receive, collect, 2228 and issue receipts for all costs, fees, fines, bail, and other 2229 moneys payable to the office or to any officer of the court. The 2230 clerk shall each month disburse to the proper persons or officers, 2231 and take receipts for, all costs, fees, fines, bail, and other 2232 moneys that the clerk collects. Subject to sections 3375.50 and 2233 4511.193 of the Revised Code and to any other section of the 2234 Revised Code that requires a specific manner of disbursement of 2235 any moneys received by a municipal court and except for the 2236 Hamilton county, Lawrence county, and Ottawa county municipal 2237 courts, the clerk shall pay all fines received for violation of 2238 municipal ordinances into the treasury of the municipal 2239

2269

2270

2271

corporation the ordinance of which was violated and shall pay all	2240
fines received for violation of township resolutions adopted	2241
pursuant to Chapter 504. of the Revised Code into the treasury of	2242
the township the resolution of which was violated. Subject to	2243
sections 1901.024 and 4511.193 of the Revised Code, in the	2244
Hamilton county, Lawrence county, and Ottawa county municipal	2245
courts, the clerk shall pay fifty per cent of the fines received	2246
for violation of municipal ordinances and fifty per cent of the	2247
fines received for violation of township resolutions adopted	2248
pursuant to Chapter 504. of the Revised Code into the treasury of	2249
the county. Subject to sections 3375.50, 3375.53, 4511.19, and	2250
5503.04 of the Revised Code and to any other section of the	2251
Revised Code that requires a specific manner of disbursement of	2252
any moneys received by a municipal court, the clerk shall pay all	2253
fines collected for the violation of state laws into the county	2254
treasury. Except in a county-operated municipal court, the clerk	2255
shall pay all costs and fees the disbursement of which is not	2256
otherwise provided for in the Revised Code into the city treasury.	2257
The clerk of a county-operated municipal court shall pay the costs	2258
and fees the disbursement of which is not otherwise provided for	2259
in the Revised Code into the county treasury. Moneys deposited as	2260
security for costs shall be retained pending the litigation. The	2261
clerk shall keep a separate account of all receipts and	2262
disbursements in civil and criminal cases, which shall be a	2263
permanent public record of the office. On the expiration of the	2264
term of the clerk, the clerk shall deliver the records to the	2265
clerk's successor. The clerk shall have other powers and duties as	2266
are prescribed by rule or order of the court.	2267

(G) All moneys paid into a municipal court shall be noted on the record of the case in which they are paid and shall be deposited in a state or national bank, or a domestic savings and loan association, as defined in section 1151.01 of the Revised

Code, that is selected by the clerk. Any interest received upon the deposits shall be paid into the city treasury, except that, in a county-operated municipal court, the interest shall be paid into the treasury of the county in which the court is located.

On the first Monday in January of each year, the clerk shall make a list of the titles of all cases in the court that were finally determined more than one year past in which there remains unclaimed in the possession of the clerk any funds, or any part of a deposit for security of costs not consumed by the costs in the case. The clerk shall give notice of the moneys to the parties who are entitled to the moneys or to their attorneys of record. All the moneys remaining unclaimed on the first day of April of each year shall be paid by the clerk to the city treasurer, except that, in a county-operated municipal court, the moneys shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which the court is located. The treasurer shall pay any part of the moneys at any time to the person who has the right to the moneys upon proper certification of the clerk.

(H) Deputy clerks may be appointed by the clerk and shall receive the compensation, payable in semimonthly installments out of the city treasury, that the clerk may prescribe, except that the compensation of any deputy clerk of a county-operated municipal court shall be paid out of the treasury of the county in which the court is located. Each deputy clerk shall take an oath of office before entering upon the duties of the deputy clerk's office and, when so qualified, may perform the duties appertaining to the office of the clerk. The clerk may require any of the

deputy clerks to give bond of not less than three thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of the deputy clerk's duties.

(I) For the purposes of this section, whenever the population of the territory of a municipal court falls below one hundred

2304 thousand but not below ninety thousand, and the population of the 2305 territory prior to the most recent regular federal census exceeded 2306 one hundred thousand, the legislative authority of the municipal 2307 corporation may declare, by resolution, that the territory shall 2308 be considered to have a population of at least one hundred thousand.

2309

2310

2311

(J) The clerk or a deputy clerk shall be in attendance at all sessions of the municipal court, although not necessarily in the courtroom, and may administer oaths to witnesses and jurors and receive verdicts.

2312 2313

Sec. 1905.01. (A) In Georgetown in Brown county, in Mount Gilead in Morrow county, and in all other municipal corporations, other than Batavia in Clermont county, not being the site of a municipal court nor a place where a judge of the Auglaize county, Crawford county, Jackson county, Miami county, Portage county, or Wayne county municipal court sits as required pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code or by designation of the judges pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the municipal corporation has jurisdiction, except as provided in divisions (B), (C), and (E) of this section and subject to the limitation contained in section 1905.03 and the limitation contained in section 1905.031 of the Revised Code, to hear and determine any prosecution for the violation of an ordinance of the municipal corporation, to hear and determine any case involving a violation of a vehicle parking or standing ordinance of the municipal corporation unless the violation is required to be handled by a parking violations bureau or joint parking violations bureau pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the Revised Code, and to hear and determine all criminal causes involving any moving traffic violation occurring on a state highway located within the boundaries of the municipal corporation, subject to the limitations of sections 2937.08 and 2938.04 of the Revised Code.

2315

2314

2316 2317

2318

2319

2320

2321

2322 2323

2324

2325

2326 2327

2328

2329

2330 2331

2332

2333

2334

(B)(I) In <u>Georgetown in Brown county, in Mount Gilead in</u>	2336
Morrow county, and in all other municipal corporations, other than	2337
Batavia in Clermont county, not being the site of a municipal	2338
court nor a place where a judge of a court listed in division (A)	2339
of this section sits as required pursuant to section 1901.021 of	2340
the Revised Code or by designation of the judges pursuant to	2341
section 1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the municipal	2342
corporation has jurisdiction, subject to the limitation contained	2343
in section 1905.03 of the Revised Code, to hear and determine	2344
prosecutions involving a violation of an ordinance of the	2345
municipal corporation relating to operating a vehicle while under	2346
the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination of	2347
them or relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited	2348
concentration of alcohol in the whole blood, blood serum or	2349
plasma, breath, or urine, and to hear and determine criminal	2350
causes involving a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised	2351
Code that occur on a state highway located within the boundaries	2352
of the municipal corporation, subject to the limitations of	2353
sections 2937.08 and 2938.04 of the Revised Code, only if the	2354
person charged with the violation, within six years of the date of	2355
the violation charged, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty	2356
to any of the following:	2357

- (a) A violation of an ordinance of any municipal corporation 2358 relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of 2359 alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination of them or relating to 2360 operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in 2361 the whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine; 2362
 - (b) A violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code;
- (c) A violation of any ordinance of any municipal corporation 2364 or of any section of the Revised Code that regulates the operation 2365 of vehicles, streetcars, and trackless trolleys upon the highways 2366 or streets, to which all of the following apply: 2367

As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	
(i) The person, in the case in which the conviction was	2368
obtained or the plea of guilty was entered, had been charged with	2369
a violation of an ordinance of a type described in division	2370
(B)(1)(a) of this section, or with a violation of section 4511.19	2371
of the Revised Code;	2372
(ii) The charge of the violation described in division	2373
(B)(1)(c)(i) of this section was dismissed or reduced;	2374
(iii) The violation of which the person was convicted or to	2375
which the person pleaded guilty arose out of the same facts and	2376
circumstances and the same act as did the charge that was	2377
dismissed or reduced.	2378
(d) A violation of a statute of the United States or of any	2379
other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation	2380
located in any other state that is substantially similar to	2381
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	2382
(2) The mayor of a municipal corporation does not have	2383
jurisdiction to hear and determine any prosecution or criminal	2384
cause involving a violation described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b)	2385
of this section, regardless of where the violation occurred, if	2386
the person charged with the violation, within six years of the	2387
violation charged, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any	2388
violation listed in division $(B)(1)(a)$, (b) , (c) , or (d) of this	2389
section.	2390
If the mayor of a municipal corporation, in hearing a	2391
prosecution involving a violation of an ordinance of the municipal	2392
corporation the mayor serves relating to operating a vehicle while	2393
under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination	2394
of them or relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited	2395
concentration of alcohol in the whole blood, blood serum or	2396
plasma, breath, or urine, or in hearing a criminal cause involving	2397
a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, determines	2398

240024012402240324042405

that the person charged, within six years of the violation
charged, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any violation
listed in division (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section,
the mayor immediately shall transfer the case to the county court
or municipal court with jurisdiction over the violation charged,
in accordance with section 1905.032 of the Revised Code.

- (C)(1) In <u>Georgetown in Brown county</u>, in <u>Mount Gilead in</u> 2406 Morrow county, and in all other municipal corporations, other than 2407 Batavia in Clermont county, not being the site of a municipal 2408 court and not being a place where a judge of a court listed in 2409 division (A) of this section sits as required pursuant to section 2410 1901.021 of the Revised Code or by designation of the judges 2411 pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the 2412 municipal corporation, subject to sections 1901.031, 2937.08, and 2413 2938.04 of the Revised Code, has jurisdiction to hear and 2414 determine prosecutions involving a violation of a municipal 2415 ordinance that is substantially equivalent to division (A) of 2416 section 4510.14 or section 4510.16 of the Revised Code and to hear 2417 and determine criminal causes that involve a moving traffic 2418 violation, that involve a violation of division (A) of section 2419 4510.14 or section 4510.16 of the Revised Code, and that occur on 2420 a state highway located within the boundaries of the municipal 2421 corporation only if all of the following apply regarding the 2422 violation and the person charged: 2423
- (a) Regarding a violation of section 4510.16 of the Revised 2424

 Code or a violation of a municipal ordinance that is substantially 2425
 equivalent to that division, the person charged with the 2426
 violation, within six years of the date of the violation charged, 2427
 has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the 2428
 following: 2429
 - (i) A violation of section 4510.16 of the Revised Code;

As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	
(ii) A violation of a municipal ordinance that is	2431
substantially equivalent to section 4510.16 of the Revised Code;	2432
(iii) A violation of any municipal ordinance or section of	2433
the Revised Code that regulates the operation of vehicles,	2434
streetcars, and trackless trolleys upon the highways or streets,	2435
in a case in which, after a charge against the person of a	2436
violation of a type described in division (C)(1)(a)(i) or (ii) of	2437
this section was dismissed or reduced, the person is convicted of	2438
or pleads guilty to a violation that arose out of the same facts	2439
and circumstances and the same act as did the charge that was	2440
dismissed or reduced.	2441
(b) Regarding a violation of division (A) of section 4510.14	2442
of the Revised Code or a violation of a municipal ordinance that	2443
is substantially equivalent to that division, the person charged	2444
with the violation, within six years of the date of the violation	2445
charged, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	2446
following:	2447
(i) A violation of division (A) of section 4510.14 of the	2448
Revised Code;	2449
(ii) A violation of a municipal ordinance that is	2450
substantially equivalent to division (A) of section 4510.14 of the	2451
Revised Code;	2452
(iii) A violation of any municipal ordinance or section of	2453
the Revised Code that regulates the operation of vehicles,	2454
streetcars, and trackless trolleys upon the highways or streets in	2455
a case in which, after a charge against the person of a violation	2456
of a type described in division (C)(1)(b)(i) or (ii) of this	2457
section was dismissed or reduced, the person is convicted of or	2458
pleads guilty to a violation that arose out of the same facts and	2459
circumstances and the same act as did the charge that was	2460
dismissed or reduced.	2461

- (2) The mayor of a municipal corporation does not have 2462 jurisdiction to hear and determine any prosecution or criminal 2463 cause involving a violation described in division (C)(1)(a)(i) or 2464 (ii) of this section if the person charged with the violation, 2465 within six years of the violation charged, has been convicted of 2466 or pleaded guilty to any violation listed in division 2467 (C)(1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this section and does not have 2468 jurisdiction to hear and determine any prosecution or criminal 2469 cause involving a violation described in division (C)(1)(b)(i) or 2470 (ii) of this section if the person charged with the violation, 2471 within six years of the violation charged, has been convicted of 2472 or pleaded guilty to any violation listed in division 2473 (C)(1)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this section. 2474
- (3) If the mayor of a municipal corporation, in hearing a 2475 prosecution involving a violation of an ordinance of the municipal 2476 corporation the mayor serves that is substantially equivalent to 2477 division (A) of section 4510.14 or section 4510.16 of the Revised 2478 Code or a violation of division (A) of section 4510.14 or section 2479 4510.16 of the Revised Code, determines that, under division 2480 (C)(2) of this section, mayors do not have jurisdiction of the 2481 prosecution, the mayor immediately shall transfer the case to the 2482 county court or municipal court with jurisdiction over the 2483 violation in accordance with section 1905.032 of the Revised Code. 2484
- (D) If the mayor of a municipal corporation has jurisdiction 2485 pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section to hear and determine 2486 a prosecution or criminal cause involving a violation described in 2487 division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, the authority of the 2488 mayor to hear or determine the prosecution or cause is subject to 2489 the limitation contained in division (C) of section 1905.03 of the 2490 Revised Code. If the mayor of a municipal corporation has 2491 jurisdiction pursuant to division (A) or (C) of this section to 2492 hear and determine a prosecution or criminal cause involving a 2493

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 82
violation other than a violation described in division (B)(1)(a)	2494
or (b) of this section, the authority of the mayor to hear or	2495
determine the prosecution or cause is subject to the limitation	2496
contained in division (C) of section 1905.031 of the Revised Code.	2497
(E)(1) The mayor of a municipal corporation does not have	2498
jurisdiction to hear and determine any prosecution or criminal	2499
cause involving any of the following:	2500
(a) A violation of section 2919.25 or 2919.27 of the Revised	2501
Code;	2502
(b) A violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13,	2503
2903.211, or 2911.211 of the Revised Code that involves a person	2504
who was a family or household member of the defendant at the time	2505
of the violation;	2506
(c) A violation of a municipal ordinance that is	2507
substantially equivalent to an offense described in division	2508
(E)(1)(a) or (b) of this section and that involves a person who	2509
was a family or household member of the defendant at the time of	2510
the violation.	2511
(2) The mayor of a municipal corporation does not have	2512
jurisdiction to hear and determine a motion filed pursuant to	2513
section 2919.26 of the Revised Code or filed pursuant to a	2514
municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to that	2515
section or to issue a protection order pursuant to that section or	2516
a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance.	2517
(3) As used in this section, "family or household member" has	2518
the same meaning as in section 2919.25 of the Revised Code.	2519
(F) In keeping a docket and files, the mayor, and a mayor's	2520
court magistrate appointed under section 1905.05 of the Revised	2521
Code, shall be governed by the laws pertaining to county courts.	2522
Section 4. That the existing versions of sections 1901.31 and	2523

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 83
1905.01 of the Revised Code that are scheduled to take effect on	2524
January 1, 2004, are hereby repealed.	2525
Section 5. Sections 3 and 4 of this act shall take effect on	2526
January 1, 2004.	2527
Section 6. (A)(1) Effective February 9, 2003, the Brown	2528
County County is abolished.	2529
(2) All causes, executions, and other proceedings pending in	2530
the Brown County County at the close of business on February	2531
8, 2003, shall be transferred to and proceed in the Brown County	2532
Municipal Court on February 9, 2003, as if originally instituted	2533
in the Brown County Municipal Court. Parties to those causes,	2534
judgments, executions, and proceedings may make any amendments to	2535
their pleadings that are required to conform them to the rules of	2536
the Brown County Municipal Court. The Clerk of the Brown County	2537
County Court or other custodian shall transfer to the Brown County	2538
Municipal Court all pleadings, orders, entries, dockets, bonds,	2539
papers, records, books, exhibits, files, moneys, property, and	2540
persons that belong to, are in the possession of, or are subject	2541
to the jurisdiction of the Brown County County Court, or any	2542
officer of that court, at the close of business on February 8,	2543
2003, and that pertain to those causes, judgments, executions, and	2544
proceedings.	2545
(3) All employees of the Brown County County Court shall be	2546
transferred to and shall become employees of the Brown County	2547
Municipal Court on February 9, 2003.	2548
(4) Effective February 9, 2003, both part-time judgeships in	2549
the Brown County County Court are abolished; however, the	2550
part-time judge of that court who is not elected in the general	2551
election of November 2002 as the judge of the probate division of	2552
the Brown County Court of Common Pleas shall serve from February	2553

Sub. H. B. No. 530 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCivil Justice Committee	Page 85
peace, health, and safety. The reason for such necessity is that	2585
the Brown County Municipal Court and the Morrow County Municipal	2586
Court created by this act and the designation by this act of the	2587
specified current county court judges to serve as judges in those	2588
created courts are crucial for the proper, timely, and efficient	2589
administration of justice in Brown County and Morrow County.	2590
Therefore, this act shall go into immediate effect.	2591