As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

Sub. S. B. No. 123

Senators Oelslager, Mead Representatives Womer Benjamin, Willamowski, Seitz, Latta

A BILL

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4583.01, 5120.032, 5120.033, 5120.161, 5503.22,	85
and 5743.99; to amend, for the purpose of adopting	86
new section numbers as indicated in parentheses,	87
sections 4507.022 (4510.038), 4507.061 (4510.32),	88
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and 4511.951 (4510.72); to enact sections	99
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4583.99 of the Revised Code to adopt, effective	110
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modifications, and related changes in the traffic	113
laws.	

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

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5120.033, 5120.161, 5503.22, and 5743.99 be amended; sections	175
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(4510.63), 4507.63 (4510.64), 4511.95 (4510.71), and 4511.951	184

Revised Code.

- (D) Sections 9.98 to 9.983 of the Revised Code shall be
 215
 liberally construed to permit flexibility in the arrangements
 216
 therein provided to enhance the issuance of such bonds and provide
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 for terms most beneficial and satisfactory to the persons which
 218
 undertake to provide for their payment, security, and liquidity.
 219
- Sec. 119.062. (A) Notwithstanding section 119.06 of the 220 Revised Code, the registrar of motor vehicles is not required to 221 hold any hearing in connection with an order revoking canceling or 222 suspending a motor vehicle driver's or commercial driver's license 223 pursuant to section 4507.16, 4509.24, 4509.291, 4509.31, 4509.33, 224 4509.37, 4509.39, 4509.42, 4509.66, 4511.191, or 4511.196 2903.06, 225 2903.08, 2907.24, 2921.331, 4549.02, 4549.021, or 5743.99 or any 226 provision of Chapter 2925., 4509., 4510., or 4511. of the Revised 227 Code or in connection with an out-of-service order issued under 228 Chapter 4506. of the Revised Code. 229
- (B) Notwithstanding section 119.07 of the Revised Code, the registrar is not required to use registered mail, return receipt 231 requested, in connection with an order revoking canceling or 232 suspending a motor vehicle driver's or commercial driver's 233 license, or a notification to a person to surrender a certificate 234 of registration and registration plates. 235
- Sec. 733.40. Except as otherwise provided in section 4511.193 236 of the Revised Code, all fines, forfeitures, and costs in 237 ordinance cases and all fees that are collected by the mayor, or 238 which that in any manner come into his the mayor's hands, or which 239 that are due such the mayor or a marshal, chief of police, or 240 other officer of the municipal corporation, any other fees and 241 expenses which that have been advanced out of the treasury of the 242 municipal corporation, and all money received by such the mayor 243 for the use of such the municipal corporation, shall be paid by 244

him the mayor into such the treasury of the municipal corporation	245
on the first Monday of each month. At the first regular meeting of	246
the legislative authority each month, the mayor shall submit a	247
full statement of all money received, from whom and for what	248
purposes received, and when paid into the treasury. Except as	249
otherwise provided by sections 3375.50 to 3375.52 or 4511.99	250
4511.19 of the Revised Code, all fines, and forfeitures collected	251
by the mayor in state cases, together with all fees and expenses	252
collected which that have been advanced out of the county	253
treasury, shall be paid by him the mayor to the county treasury on	254
the first business day of each month. Except as otherwise provided	255
by sections 3375.50 to 3375.52 or 4511.99 <u>4511.19</u> of the Revised	256
Code, the mayor shall pay all court costs and fees collected by	257
the mayor in state cases shall be paid by him into the municipal	258
treasury on the first business day of each month.	259

This section does not apply to fines collected by a mayor's 260 court for violations of division (B) of section 4513.263 of the 261 Revised Code, or for violations of any municipal ordinance that is 262 substantively comparable to that division, all of which shall be 263 forwarded to the treasurer of state as provided in division (E) of 264 section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.

- Sec. 1547.11. (A) No person shall operate or be in physical 266 control of any vessel underway or shall manipulate any water skis, 267 aquaplane, or similar device on the waters in this state if, at 268 the time of the operation, control, or manipulation, any of the 269 following applies:
- (1) The person is under the influence of alcohol ex, a drug of abuse, or the combined influence of alcohol and a drug of 272 abuse; a combination of them.
- (2) The person has a concentration of ten-hundredths of one 274 per cent or more by weight of alcohol <u>per unit volume</u> in the 275

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person's <u>whole</u> blood÷.	276
(3) The person has a concentration of twelve-hundredths of	277
one per cent or more by weight per unit volume of alcohol in the	278
person's blood serum or plasma.	279
(4) The person has a concentration of fourteen-hundredths of	280
one gram or more by weight of alcohol per one hundred milliliters	281
of the person's urine+.	282
$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$ The person has a concentration of ten-hundredths of	283
one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters	284
of the person's breath.	285
(B) No person under twenty-one years of age shall operate or	286
be in physical control of any vessel underway or shall manipulate	287
any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device on the waters in this	288
state if, at the time of the operation, control, or manipulation,	289
any of the following applies:	290
(1) The person has a concentration of at least two-hundredths	291
of one per cent, but less than ten-hundredths of one per cent by	292
weight per unit volume of alcohol in the person's whole blood $\dot{\tau}$.	293
	294
(2) The person has a concentration of at least	295
three-hundredths of one per cent but less than twelve-hundredths	296
of one per cent by weight per unit volume of alcohol in the	297
person's blood serum or plasma.	298
(3) The person has a concentration of at least twenty-eight	299
one-thousandths of one gram, but less than fourteen-hundredths of	300
one gram by weight of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of the	301
person's urine÷.	302
$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ The person has a concentration of at least	303
two-hundredths of one gram, but less than ten-hundredths of one	304
gram by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of the	305

person's breath.

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(C) In any proceeding arising out of one incident, a person 307 may be charged with a violation of division (A)(1) and a violation 308 of division (B)(1), (2), O(4) of this section, but the 309 person shall not be convicted of more than one violation of those 310 divisions.

(D)(1) In any criminal prosecution or juvenile court 312 proceeding for a violation of this section or of an ordinance of 313 any municipal corporation relating to operating a vessel or using 314 any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device while under the 315 influence of alcohol or a drug of abuse for an equivalent 316 violation, the court may admit evidence on the concentration of 317 alcohol or a drug, drugs of abuse, or a combination of them in the 318 defendant's or child's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, urine, 319 or breath at the time of the alleged violation as shown by 320 chemical analysis of the defendant's blood, urine, or breath 321 substance withdrawn, or specimen taken within two hours of the 322 time of the alleged violation. 323

When a person submits to a blood test, only a physician, a 324 registered nurse, or a qualified technician or, chemist, or 325 phlebotomist shall withdraw blood for the purpose of determining 326 its the alcohol or, drug of abuse, or alcohol and drug content of 327 the whole blood, blood serum, or blood plasma. This limitation 328 does not apply to the taking of breath or urine specimens. A 329 physician, registered nurse, or qualified technician or chemist 330 person authorized to withdraw blood under this division may refuse 331 to withdraw blood for the purpose of determining its alcohol or 332 drug of abuse content under this division if, in the that person's 333 opinion of the physician, nurse, or technician or chemist, the 334 physical welfare of the person defendant or child would be 335 endangered by the withdrawing of blood. 336

The whole blood, blood serum or plasma, urine, or breath

shall be analyzed in accordance with methods approved by the	338
director of health by an individual possessing a valid permit	339
issued by the director pursuant to section 3701.143 of the Revised	340
Code.	341

(2) In a criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding 342 for a violation of division (A) of this section or for a violation 343 of a prohibition that is substantially equivalent to division (A) 344 of this section, if there was at the time the whole blood, blood 345 serum or plasma, urine, or breath was taken a concentration of 346 less than ten hundredths of one per cent by weight of alcohol in 347 the defendant's blood, less than fourteen hundredths of one gram 348 by weight of alcohol per one hundred milliters of the defendant's 349 urine, or less than ten hundredths of one gram by weight of 350 alcohol per two hundred ten liters of the defendant's breath the 351 applicable concentration of alcohol specified for a violation of 352 division (A)(2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section, that fact may 353 be considered with other competent evidence in determining the 354 guilt or innocence of the defendant or in making an adjudication 355 for the child. This division does not limit or affect a criminal 356 prosecution or juvenile court proceeding for a violation of 357 division (B) of this section or for a violation of a prohibition 358 that is substantially equivalent to that division. 359

(3) Upon the request of the person who was tested, the results of the <u>chemical</u> test shall be made available to the person or the person's attorney or agent immediately upon the completion of the test analysis.

The person tested may have a physician, <u>a</u> registered nurse, 364 or <u>a</u> qualified technician or, chemist, <u>or phlebotomist</u> of the 365 person's own choosing administer a chemical test or tests in 366 addition to any administered at the direction of a law enforcement 367 officer, and shall be so advised. The failure or inability to 368 obtain an additional test by a person shall not preclude the 369

Sub. S. B. No. 123

(2) "Operate" means that a vessel is being used on the waters
in this state when the vessel is not securely affixed to a dock or
to shore or to any permanent structure to which the vessel has the
right to affix or that a vessel is not anchored in a designated
anchorage area or boat camping area that is established by the
United States coast guard, this state, or a political subdivision
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and in which the vessel has the right to anchor.

Sec. 1547.111. (A)(1) Any person who operates or is in 439 physical control of a vessel or uses any water skis, aquaplane, or 440 similar device upon any waters in this state shall be deemed to 441 have given consent to a chemical test or tests of the person's 442 blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining its to 443 <u>determine the</u> alcohol or, drug of abuse, or alcohol and drug of 444 abuse content of the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, 445 breath, or urine if arrested for the offense of operating or being 446 in physical control of a vessel or using manipulating any water 447 skis, aquaplane, or similar device in violation of section 1547.11 448 of the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal 449 ordinance. The 450

(2) The test or tests under division (A) of this section 451 shall be administered at the direction of a law enforcement 452 officer having reasonable grounds to believe the person to have 453 been was operating or in physical control of a vessel or using 454 manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device in 455 violation of section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or a 456 substantially equivalent municipal ordinance. The law enforcement 457 agency by which the officer is employed shall designate which of 458 the test or tests shall be administered. 459

(B) Any person who is dead, or unconscious, or who otherwise

is in a condition rendering the person incapable of refusal shall

be deemed not to have withdrawn consent consented as provided by

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in division (A)(1) of this section, and the test or tests may be
administered, subject to sections 313.12 to 313.16 of the Revised
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Code.

- (C) Any person under arrest for the offense of operating a 466 vessel or using any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device in 467 violation of violating section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or a 468 substantially equivalent municipal ordinance shall be advised of 469 the consequences of refusing to submit to a chemical test or tests 470 designated by the law enforcement agency as provided in division 471 (A) of this section. The advice shall be in a written form 472 prescribed by the chief of the division of watercraft and shall be 473 read to the person. The form shall contain a statement that the 474 form was shown to the person under arrest and read to the person 475 in the presence of by the arresting officer and either another law 476 enforcement officer, a civilian law enforcement employee, or an 477 employee of a hospital, first aid station, or clinic, if any, to 478 which the person has been taken for first-aid or medical 479 treatment. The reading of the form shall be witnessed by one or 480 more persons, and the witnesses shall certify to this fact by 481 signing the form. 482
- (D) If a <u>law enforcement officer asks a</u> person under arrest 483 for the offense of operating a vessel or using any water skis, 484 aquaplane, or similar device in violation of violating section 485 1547.11 of the Revised Code refuses upon the request of a law 486 enforcement officer or a substantially equivalent municipal 487 ordinance to submit to a chemical test designated by the law 488 enforcement agency or tests as provided in division (A) of this 489 section, after first having been advised if the arresting officer 490 advises the person of the consequences of the person's refusal as 491 provided in division (C) of this section, and if the person 492 refuses to submit, no chemical test shall be given, but the chief, 493 upon. Upon receipt of a sworn statement of the law enforcement 494

officer that the arresting law enforcement officer had reasonable 495 grounds to believe the arrested person had been operating a vessel 496 or using any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device while under 497 the influence of alcohol or a drug of abuse, under the combined 498 influence of alcohol and a drug of abuse, or with a prohibited 499 concentration of alcohol in the person's blood, urine, or breath, 500 violated section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or a substantially 501 equivalent municipal ordinance and that the person refused to 502 submit to the chemical test upon the request of the law 503 enforcement officer, and upon receipt of the form as provided in 504 division (C) of this section certifying that the arrested person 505 was advised of the consequences of the refusal, the chief of the 506 division of watercraft shall inform the person by written notice 507 that the person is prohibited from operating or being in physical 508 control of a vessel or, from using any water skis, aquaplane, or 509 similar device, and is prohibited from registering any watercraft 510 in accordance with section 1547.54 of the Revised Code, for one 511 year following the date of the alleged violation of section 512 1547.11 of the Revised Code. The suspension of these operation, 513 physical control, use, and registration privileges shall continue 514 for the entire one-year period, subject to review as provided in 515 this section. 516

If the person under arrest is the owner of the vessel 517 involved in the alleged violation, the law enforcement officer who 518 arrested the person shall seize the watercraft registration 519 certificate and tags from the vessel involved in the violation and 520 forward them to the chief. The chief, in addition to informing the 521 person by written notice that the person is prohibited from 522 operating a vessel or using any water skis, aquaplane, or similar 523 device, and from registering any watercraft in accordance with 524 section 1547.54 of the Revised Code, for one year following the 525 date of the alleged violation, shall retain the impounded 526 registration certificate and tags, and shall impound all other 527

registration certificates and tags issued to the person in 528 accordance with sections 1547.54 and 1547.57 of the Revised Code, 529 for a period of one year following the date of the alleged 530 violation, subject to review as provided in this section. 531

If the arrested person fails to surrender the registration certificate because it is not on the person of the arrested person or in the watercraft, the law enforcement officer who made the arrest shall order the person to surrender it within twenty-four hours to the law enforcement officer or the law enforcement agency that employs the law enforcement officer. If the person fails to do so, the law enforcement officer shall notify the chief of that fact in the statement the officer submits to the chief under this division.

- (E) Upon suspending a person's operation, physical control, use, and registration privileges in accordance with division (D) of this section, the chief shall notify the person in writing, at the person's last known address, and inform the person that the person may petition for a hearing in accordance with division (F) of this section. If a person whose operation, physical control, use, and registration privileges have been suspended petitions for a hearing or appeals any adverse decision that is adverse to the person, the suspension of privileges shall begin at the termination of any hearing or appeal unless the hearing or appeal resulted results in a decision favorable to the person.
- (F) Any person who has been notified by the chief that the person is prohibited from operating or being in physical control of a vessel or using any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device and from registering any watercraft in accordance with section 1547.54 of the Revised Code, or who has had the registration certificate and tags of the person's watercraft impounded pursuant to division (D) of this section, within twenty days of the notification or impoundment, may file a petition in the municipal

court or the county court, or if the person is a minor in juvenile court, in whose with jurisdiction over the place at which the arrest occurred, agreeing to pay the cost of the proceedings and alleging error in the action taken by the chief under division (D) of this section or alleging one or more of the matters within the scope of the hearing as provided in this section, or both. The petitioner shall notify the chief of the filing of the petition and send the chief a copy of the petition.

The scope of the hearing is limited to the issues of whether the law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the petitioner was operating or in physical control of a vessel or using manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device while under the influence of alcohol or a drug of abuse, under the combined influence of alcohol and a drug of abuse, or with a prohibited concentration of alcohol or a drug of abuse in the person's blood, urine, or breath in violation of section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, whether the petitioner was placed under arrest, whether the petitioner refused to submit to the chemical test upon request of the officer, and whether the petitioner was advised of the consequences of the petitioner's refusal.

- (G)(1) The chief shall furnish the court a copy of the 581 affidavit as provided in division (C) of this section and any 582 other relevant information requested by the court. 583
- (2) In hearing the matter and in determining whether the 584 person has shown error in the decision taken by the chief as 585 provided in division (D) of this section, the court shall decide 586 the issue upon the relevant, competent, and material evidence 587 submitted by the chief or the person whose operation, physical 588 control, use, and registration privileges have been suspended. 589

In the proceedings, the chief shall be represented by the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the petition is filed

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if the petition is filed in a county court or juvenile court, except that if the arrest occurred within a city or village within the jurisdiction of the county court in which the petition is filed, the city director of law or village solicitor of that city or village shall represent the chief. If the petition is filed in the municipal court, the chief shall be represented as provided in section 1901.34 of the Revised Code.

- (3) If the court finds from the evidence submitted that the 599 person has failed to show error in the action taken by the chief 600 under division (D) of this section or in one or more of the 601 matters within the scope of the hearing as provided in division 602 (F) of this section, or both, the court shall assess the cost of 603 the proceeding against the person and shall uphold the suspension 604 of the operation, physical control, use, and registration 605 privileges provided in division (D) of this section. If the court 606 finds that the person has shown error in the action taken by the 607 chief under division (D) of this section or in one or more of the 608 matters within the scope of the hearing as provided in division 609 (F) of this section, or both, the cost of the proceedings shall be 610 paid out of the county treasury of the county in which the 611 proceedings were held, the chief shall reinstate the operation, 612 physical control, use, and registration privileges of the person 613 shall be reinstated without charge, and the chief shall return the 614 registration certificate and tags, if impounded, shall be returned 615 without charge. 616
- (4) The court shall give information in writing of any action 617 taken under this section to the chief. 618
- (H) At the end of any period of suspension or impoundment 619 imposed under this section, and upon request of the person whose 620 operation, physical control, use, and registration privileges were 621 suspended or whose registration certificate and tags were 622 impounded, the chief shall reinstate the person's operation, 623

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of the Revised Code or a rule adopted under division (A)(2) of section 1547.52 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.

- (G) Whoever violates section 1547.11 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be punished as provided in division (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section.
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(2) or (3) of 660 this section, the court shall sentence the offender to a term of 661 imprisonment of three consecutive days and may sentence the 662 offender pursuant to section 2929.21 of the Revised Code to a 663 longer term of imprisonment. In addition, the court shall impose 664 upon the offender a fine of not less than one hundred fifty nor 665 more than one thousand dollars.

The court may suspend the execution of the mandatory three 667 consecutive days of imprisonment that it is required to impose by 668 division (G)(1) of this section if the court, in lieu of the 669 suspended term of imprisonment, places the offender on probation 670 and requires the offender to attend, for three consecutive days, a 671 drivers' intervention program that is certified pursuant to 672 section 3793.10 of the Revised Code. The court also may suspend 673 the execution of any part of the mandatory three consecutive days 674 of imprisonment that it is required to impose by division (G)(1) 675 of this section if the court places the offender on probation for 676 part of the three consecutive days; requires the offender to 677 attend, for that part of the three consecutive days, a drivers' 678 intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 679 of the Revised Code; and sentences the offender to a term of 680 imprisonment equal to the remainder of the three consecutive days 681 that the offender does not spend attending the drivers' 682 intervention program. The court may require the offender, as a 683 condition of probation, to attend and satisfactorily complete any 684 treatment or education programs, in addition to the required 685

attendance at a drivers' intervention program, that the operators

of the drivers' intervention program determine that the offender

should attend and to report periodically to the court on the

offender's progress in the programs. The court also may impose any

other conditions of probation on the offender that it considers

necessary.

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(2) If, within five six years of the offense, the offender 692 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of 693 section 1547.11 of the Revised Code, of a municipal ordinance 694 relating to operating a watercraft or manipulating any water skis, 695 aquaplane, or similar device while under the influence of alcohol, 696 a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse <u>a combination of</u> 697 them, of a municipal ordinance relating to operating a watercraft 698 or manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device with 699 a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the whole blood, blood 700 serum or plasma, breath, or urine, of division (A)(1) of section 701 2903.06 of the Revised Code, or of division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of 702 section 2903.06 of the Revised Code or former section 2903.06 or 703 2903.07 of the Revised Code as they existed prior to March 23, 704 2000, in a case in which the jury or judge found that the offender 705 was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol 706 and a drug of abuse a combination of them, the court shall 707 sentence the offender to a term of imprisonment of ten consecutive 708 days and may sentence the offender pursuant to section 2929.21 of 709 the Revised Code to a longer term of imprisonment. In addition, 710 the court shall impose upon the offender a fine of not less than 711 one hundred fifty nor more than one thousand dollars. 712

In addition to any other sentence that it imposes upon the 713 offender, the court may require the offender to attend a drivers' 714 intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 715 of the Revised Code. 716

(3) If, within five six years of the offense, the offender

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has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to more than one violation 718 identified in division (G)(2) of this section, the court shall 719 sentence the offender to a term of imprisonment of thirty 720 consecutive days and may sentence the offender to a longer term of 721 imprisonment of not more than one year. In addition, the court 722 shall impose upon the offender a fine of not less than one hundred 723 fifty nor more than one thousand dollars. 724

In addition to any other sentence that it imposes upon the offender, the court may require the offender to attend a drivers' intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 of the Revised Code.

- (4) Upon a showing that imprisonment would seriously affect 729 the ability of an offender sentenced pursuant to division (G)(1), 730 (2), or (3) of this section to continue the offender's employment, 731 the court may authorize that the offender be granted work release 732 from imprisonment after the offender has served the three, ten, or 733 thirty consecutive days of imprisonment that the court is required 734 by division (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section to impose. No 735 court shall authorize work release from imprisonment during the 736 three, ten, or thirty consecutive days of imprisonment that the 737 court is required by division (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section 738 to impose. The duration of the work release shall not exceed the 739 time necessary each day for the offender to commute to and from 740 the place of employment and the place of imprisonment and the time 741 actually spent under employment. 742
- (5) Notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code that

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 authorizes the suspension of the imposition or execution of a

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 sentence or the placement of an offender in any treatment program

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 in lieu of imprisonment, no court shall suspend the ten or thirty

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 consecutive days of imprisonment required to be imposed by

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 division (G)(2) or (3) of this section or place an offender who is

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 sentenced pursuant to division (G)(2) or (3) of this section in

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any treatment program in lieu of imprisonment until after the 750 offender has served the ten or thirty consecutive days of 751 imprisonment required to be imposed pursuant to division (G)(2) or 752 (3) of this section. Notwithstanding any section of the Revised 753 Code that authorizes the suspension of the imposition or execution 754 of a sentence or the placement of an offender in any treatment 755 program in lieu of imprisonment, no court, except as specifically 756 authorized by division (G)(1) of this section, shall suspend the 757 three consecutive days of imprisonment required to be imposed by 758 division (G)(1) of this section or place an offender who is 759 sentenced pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section in any 760 treatment program in lieu of imprisonment until after the offender 761 has served the three consecutive days of imprisonment required to 762 be imposed pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section. 763

- (H) Whoever violates section 1547.304 of the Revised Code is
 guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree and also shall be
 assessed any costs incurred by the state or a county, township,
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 municipal corporation, or other political subdivision in disposing
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 of an abandoned junk vessel or outboard motor, less any money
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 accruing to the state, county, township, municipal corporation, or
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 other political subdivision from that disposal.
- (I) Whoever violates division (B) or (C) of section 1547.49 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.
- (J) Whoever violates section 1547.31 of the Revised Code is 773 guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on a first offense. 774 On each subsequent offense, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor 775 of the third degree. 776
- (K) Whoever violates section 1547.05 or 1547.051 of the 777
 Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree if 778
 the violation is not related to a collision, injury to a person, 779
 or damage to property and a misdemeanor of the third degree if the 780
 violation is related to a collision, injury to a person, or damage 781

to property. 782

(L) The sentencing court, in addition to the penalty provided 783 under this section for a violation of this chapter or a rule 784 adopted under it that involves a powercraft powered by more than 785 ten horsepower and that, in the opinion of the court, involves a 786 threat to the safety of persons or property, shall order the 787 offender to complete successfully a boating course approved by the 788 national association of state boating law administrators before 789 the offender is allowed to operate a powercraft powered by more 790 than ten horsepower on the waters in this state. Violation of a 791 court order entered under this division is punishable as contempt 792 under Chapter 2705. of the Revised Code. 793

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- Sec. 1901.024. (A) The board of county commissioners of 795 Hamilton county shall pay all of the costs of operation of the 796 Hamilton county municipal court. Subject to sections 3375.50, 797 3375.53, 4511.19, 4511.193, 4511.99, and 5503.04 of the Revised 798 Code and to any other section of the Revised Code that requires a 799 specific manner of disbursement of any moneys received by a 800 municipal court, the county shall receive all of the costs, fees, 801 and other moneys, except fines collected for violations of 802 municipal ordinances and for violations of township resolutions 803 adopted pursuant to Chapter 504. of the Revised Code, that are 804 received by the Hamilton county municipal court and shall receive 805 fifty per cent of all of the fines for violations of municipal 806 ordinances and for violations of township resolutions adopted 807 pursuant to Chapter 504. of the Revised Code that are received by 808 the court. 809
- (B) The board of county commissioners of Lawrence county
 shall pay all of the costs of operation of the Lawrence county
 municipal court. Subject to sections 3375.50, 3375.53, 4511.19,
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4511.193, 4511.99, and 5503.04 of the Revised Code and to any 813 other section of the Revised Code that requires a specific manner 814 of disbursement of any moneys received by a municipal court, the 815 county shall receive all of the costs, fees, and other moneys, 816 except fines collected for violations of municipal ordinances and 817 for violations of township resolutions adopted pursuant to Chapter 818 504. of the Revised Code, that are received by the Lawrence county 819 municipal court and shall receive fifty per cent of all of the 820 fines for violations of municipal ordinances and for violations of 821 township resolutions adopted pursuant to Chapter 504. of the 822 Revised Code that are received by the court. 823

- (C) The board of county commissioners of Ottawa county shall 824 pay all of the costs of operation of the Ottawa county municipal 825 court. Subject to sections 3375.50, 3375.53, 4511.19, 4511.193, 826 4511.99, and 5503.04 of the Revised Code and to any other section 827 of the Revised Code that requires a specific manner of 828 disbursement of any moneys received by a municipal court, the 829 county shall receive all of the costs, fees, and other moneys, 830 except fines collected for violations of municipal ordinances and 831 for violations of township resolutions adopted pursuant to Chapter 832 504. of the Revised Code, that are received by the Ottawa county 833 municipal court and shall receive fifty per cent of all of the 834 fines for violations of municipal ordinances and for violations of 835 township resolutions adopted pursuant to Chapter 504. of the 836 Revised Code that are received by the court. 837
- (D) The board of county commissioners of a county in which a 838 county-operated municipal court is located shall pay all of the 839 costs of operation of the municipal court. The county in which a 840 county-operated municipal court that is not subject to division 841 (A), (B), or (C) of this section is located shall receive all of 842 the costs, fees, and other moneys, except fines collected for 843 violations of municipal ordinances and for violations of township 844

resolutions adopted pursuant to Chapter 504. of the Revised Code	845
and except as provided in sections 3375.50, 3375.53, and 5503.04	846
of the Revised Code and in any other section of the Revised Code	847
that requires a specific manner of disbursement of any moneys	848
received by a municipal court, that are received by the court.	849

- sec. 1901.31. The clerk and deputy clerks of a municipal 850
 court shall be selected, be compensated, give bond, and have 851
 powers and duties as follows: 852
- (A) There shall be a clerk of the court who is appointed or 853 elected as follows:
- (1)(a) Except in the Akron, Barberton, Cuyahoga Falls, 855 Medina, Toledo, Clermont county, Hamilton county, Portage county, 856 and Wayne county municipal courts, if the population of the 857 territory equals or exceeds one hundred thousand at the regular 858 municipal election immediately preceding the expiration of the 859 term of the present clerk, the clerk shall be nominated and 860 elected by the qualified electors of the territory in the manner 861 that is provided for the nomination and election of judges in 862 section 1901.07 of the Revised Code. 863

The clerk so elected shall hold office for a term of six 864 years, which term shall commence on the first day of January 865 following the clerk's election and continue until the clerk's 866 successor is elected and qualified.

(b) In the Hamilton county municipal court, the clerk of 868 courts of Hamilton county shall be the clerk of the municipal 869 court and may appoint an assistant clerk who shall receive the 870 compensation, payable out of the treasury of Hamilton county in 871 semimonthly installments, that the board of county commissioners 872 prescribes. The clerk of courts of Hamilton county, acting as the 873 clerk of the Hamilton county municipal court and assuming the 874 duties of that office, shall receive compensation at one-fourth 875

the rate that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of common 876 pleas as determined in accordance with the population of the 877 county and the rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of 878 the Revised Code. This compensation shall be paid from the county 879 treasury in semimonthly installments and is in addition to the 880 annual compensation that is received for the performance of the 881 duties of the clerk of courts of Hamilton county, as provided in 882 sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code. 883

- (c) In the Portage county and Wayne county municipal courts, 884 the clerks of courts of Portage county and Wayne county shall be 885 the clerks, respectively, of the Portage county and Wayne county 886 municipal courts and may appoint a chief deputy clerk for each 887 branch that is established pursuant to section 1901.311 of the 888 Revised Code and assistant clerks as the judges of the municipal 889 court determine are necessary, all of whom shall receive the 890 compensation that the legislative authority prescribes. The clerks 891 of courts of Portage county and Wayne county, acting as the clerks 892 of the Portage county and Wayne county municipal courts and 893 assuming the duties of these offices, shall receive compensation 894 payable from the county treasury in semimonthly installments at 895 one-fourth the rate that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of 896 common pleas as determined in accordance with the population of 897 the county and the rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 898 of the Revised Code. 899
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(d) of 900 this section, in the Akron municipal court, candidates for 901 election to the office of clerk of the court shall be nominated by 902 primary election. The primary election shall be held on the day 903 specified in the charter of the city of Akron for the nomination 904 of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 3513.257 of the 905 Revised Code, the nominating petitions of independent candidates 906 shall be signed by at least two hundred fifty qualified electors 907

of the territory of the court.

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and 909 petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not 910 later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of 911 the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 912 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and 913 petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the 914 applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the 915 Revised Code. 916

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by 917 any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political 918 party for election to the office of clerk of the Akron municipal 919 court, a primary election shall not be held for the purpose of 920 nominating a candidate of that party for election to that office. 921 If only one person files a valid declaration of candidacy and 922 petition for nomination as a candidate of a particular political 923 party for election to that office, a primary election shall not be 924 held for the purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for 925 election to that office, and the candidate shall be issued a 926 certificate of nomination in the manner set forth in section 927 3513.02 of the Revised Code. 928

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating 929 petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk 930 of the Akron municipal court shall contain a designation of the 931 term for which the candidate seeks election. At the following 932 regular municipal election, all candidates for the office shall be 933 submitted to the qualified electors of the territory of the court 934 in the manner that is provided in section 1901.07 of the Revised 935 Code for the election of the judges of the court. The clerk so 936 elected shall hold office for a term of six years, which term 937 shall commence on the first day of January following the clerk's 938 election and continue until the clerk's successor is elected and 939

qualified.

(e) In the Clermont county municipal court, the clerk of 941 courts of Clermont county shall be the clerk of the municipal 942 court. The clerk of courts of Clermont county, acting as the clerk 943 of the Clermont county municipal court and assuming the duties of 944 that office, shall receive compensation at one-fourth the rate 945 that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of common pleas as 946 determined in accordance with the population of the county and the 947 rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code. 948 This compensation shall be paid from the county treasury in 949 semimonthly installments and is in addition to the annual 950 compensation that is received for the performance of the duties of 951 the clerk of courts of Clermont county, as provided in sections 952 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code. 953

- (f) Irrespective of the population of the territory of the 954 Medina municipal court, the clerk of that court shall be appointed 955 pursuant to division (A)(2)(a) of this section by the judges of 956 that court, shall hold office until the clerk's successor is 957 similarly appointed and qualified, and shall receive pursuant to 958 division (C) of this section the annual compensation that the 959 legislative authority prescribes and that is payable in 960 semimonthly installments from the same sources and in the same 961 manner as provided in section 1901.11 of the Revised Code. 962
- (q) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(q) of 963 this section, in the Barberton municipal court, candidates for 964 election to the office of clerk of the court shall be nominated by 965 primary election. The primary election shall be held on the day 966 specified in the charter of the city of Barberton for the 967 nomination of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 3513.257 968 of the Revised Code, the nominating petitions of independent 969 candidates shall be signed by at least two hundred fifty qualified 970 electors of the territory of the court. 971

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and 972 petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not 973 later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of 974 the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 975 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and 976 petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the 977 applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the 978 Revised Code. 979

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by 980 any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political 981 party for election to the office of clerk of the Barberton 982 municipal court, a primary election shall not be held for the 983 purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to 984 that office. If only one person files a valid declaration of 985 candidacy and petition for nomination as a candidate of a 986 particular political party for election to that office, a primary 987 election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a 988 candidate of that party for election to that office, and the 989 candidate shall be issued a certificate of nomination in the 990 manner set forth in section 3513.02 of the Revised Code. 991

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating 992 petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk 993 of the Barberton municipal court shall contain a designation of 994 the term for which the candidate seeks election. At the following 995 regular municipal election, all candidates for the office shall be 996 submitted to the qualified electors of the territory of the court 997 in the manner that is provided in section 1901.07 of the Revised 998 Code for the election of the judges of the court. The clerk so 999 elected shall hold office for a term of six years, which term 1000 shall commence on the first day of January following the clerk's 1001 election and continue until the clerk's successor is elected and 1002 qualified. 1003

(h) Except as otherwise provided in division $(A)(1)(h)$ of	1004
this section, in the Cuyahoga Falls municipal court, candidates	1005
for election to the office of clerk of the court shall be	1006
nominated by primary election. The primary election shall be held	1007
on the day specified in the charter of the city of Cuyahoga Falls	1008
for the nomination of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section	1009
3513.257 of the Revised Code, the nominating petitions of	1010
independent candidates shall be signed by at least two hundred	1011
fifty qualified electors of the territory of the court.	1012

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and 1013 petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not 1014 later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of 1015 the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 1016 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and 1017 petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the 1018 applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the 1019 Revised Code. 1020

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by 1021 any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political 1022 party for election to the office of clerk of the Cuyahoga Falls 1023 municipal court, a primary election shall not be held for the 1024 purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for election to 1025 that office. If only one person files a valid declaration of 1026 candidacy and petition for nomination as a candidate of a 1027 particular political party for election to that office, a primary 1028 election shall not be held for the purpose of nominating a 1029 candidate of that party for election to that office, and the 1030 candidate shall be issued a certificate of nomination in the 1031 manner set forth in section 3513.02 of the Revised Code. 1032

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating 1033
petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk 1034
of the Cuyahoga Falls municipal court shall contain a designation 1035

of the term for which the candidate seeks election. At the	1036
following regular municipal election, all candidates for the	1037
office shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the	1038
territory of the court in the manner that is provided in section	1039
1901.07 of the Revised Code for the election of the judges of the	1040
court. The clerk so elected shall hold office for a term of six	1041
years, which term shall commence on the first day of January	1042
following the clerk's election and continue until the clerk's	1043
successor is elected and qualified.	1044

(i) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(i) of 1045 this section, in the Toledo municipal court, candidates for 1046 election to the office of clerk of the court shall be nominated by 1047 primary election. The primary election shall be held on the day 1048 specified in the charter of the city of Toledo for the nomination 1049 of municipal officers. Notwithstanding section 3513.257 of the 1050 Revised Code, the nominating petitions of independent candidates 1051 shall be signed by at least two hundred fifty qualified electors 1052 of the territory of the court. 1053

The candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy and 1054 petition, or a nominating petition, whichever is applicable, not 1055 later than four p.m. of the seventy-fifth day before the day of 1056 the primary election, in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 or 1057 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The declaration of candidacy and 1058 petition, or the nominating petition, shall conform to the 1059 applicable requirements of section 3513.05 or 3513.257 of the 1060 Revised Code. 1061

If no valid declaration of candidacy and petition is filed by
any person for nomination as a candidate of a particular political
party for election to the office of clerk of the Toledo municipal
court, a primary election shall not be held for the purpose of
nominating a candidate of that party for election to that office.

If only one person files a valid declaration of candidacy and

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petition for nomination as a candidate of a particular political	1068
party for election to that office, a primary election shall not be	1069
held for the purpose of nominating a candidate of that party for	1070
election to that office, and the candidate shall be issued a	1071
certificate of nomination in the manner set forth in section	1072
3513.02 of the Revised Code.	1073

Declarations of candidacy and petitions, nominating 1074 petitions, and certificates of nomination for the office of clerk 1075 of the Toledo municipal court shall contain a designation of the 1076 term for which the candidate seeks election. At the following 1077 regular municipal election, all candidates for the office shall be 1078 submitted to the qualified electors of the territory of the court 1079 in the manner that is provided in section 1901.07 of the Revised 1080 Code for the election of the judges of the court. The clerk so 1081 elected shall hold office for a term of six years, which term 1082 shall commence on the first day of January following the clerk's 1083 election and continue until the clerk's successor is elected and 1084 qualified. 1085

- (2)(a) Except for the Alliance, Auglaize county, Columbiana county, Lorain, Massillon, and Youngstown municipal courts, in a municipal court for which the population of the territory is less than one hundred thousand and in the Medina municipal court, the clerk shall be appointed by the court, and the clerk shall hold office until the clerk's successor is appointed and qualified.
- (b) In the Alliance, Lorain, Massillon, and Youngstown municipal courts, the clerk shall be elected for a term of office as described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section.
- (c) In the Auglaize county municipal court, the clerk of 1095 courts of Auglaize county shall be the clerk of the municipal 1096 court and may appoint a chief deputy clerk for each branch that is 1097 established pursuant to section 1901.311 of the Revised Code, and 1098 assistant clerks as the judge of the court determines are 1099

- necessary, all of whom shall receive the compensation that the 1100 legislative authority prescribes. The clerk of courts of Auglaize 1101 county, acting as the clerk of the Auglaize county municipal court 1102 and assuming the duties of that office, shall receive compensation 1103 payable from the county treasury in semimonthly installments at 1104 one-fourth the rate that is prescribed for the clerks of courts of 1105 common pleas as determined in accordance with the population of 1106 the county and the rates set forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 1107 of the Revised Code. 1108
- (d) In the Columbiana county municipal court, the clerk of 1109 courts of Columbiana county shall be the clerk of the municipal 1110 court, may appoint a chief deputy clerk for each branch office 1111 that is established pursuant to section 1901.311 of the Revised 1112 Code, and may appoint any assistant clerks that the judges of the 1113 court determine are necessary. All of the chief deputy clerks and 1114 assistant clerks shall receive the compensation that the 1115 legislative authority prescribes. The clerk of courts of 1116 Columbiana county, acting as the clerk of the Columbiana county 1117 municipal court and assuming the duties of that office, shall 1118 receive compensation payable from the county treasury in 1119 semimonthly installments at one-fourth the rate that is prescribed 1120 for the clerks of courts of common pleas as determined in 1121 accordance with the population of the county and the rates set 1122 forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code. 1123
- (3) During the temporary absence of the clerk due to illness, 1124 vacation, or other proper cause, the court may appoint a temporary 1125 clerk, who shall be paid the same compensation, have the same 1126 authority, and perform the same duties as the clerk. 1127
- (B) Except in the Clermont county, Hamilton county, Medina, 1128

 Portage county, and Wayne county municipal courts, if a vacancy 1129

 occurs in the office of the clerk of the Alliance, Lorain, 1130

 Massillon, or Youngstown municipal court or occurs in the office 1131

of the clerk of a municipal court for which the population of the 1132 territory equals or exceeds one hundred thousand because the clerk 1133 ceases to hold the office before the end of the clerk's term or 1134 because a clerk-elect fails to take office, the vacancy shall be 1135 filled, until a successor is elected and qualified, by a person 1136 chosen by the residents of the territory of the court who are 1137 members of the county central committee of the political party by 1138 which the last occupant of that office or the clerk-elect was 1139 nominated. Not less than five nor more than fifteen days after a 1140 vacancy occurs, those members of that county central committee 1141 shall meet to make an appointment to fill the vacancy. At least 1142 four days before the date of the meeting, the chairperson or a 1143 secretary of the county central committee shall notify each such 1144 member of that county central committee by first class mail of the 1145 date, time, and place of the meeting and its purpose. A majority 1146 of all such members of that county central committee constitutes a 1147 quorum, and a majority of the quorum is required to make the 1148 appointment. If the office so vacated was occupied or was to be 1149 occupied by a person not nominated at a primary election, or if 1150 the appointment was not made by the committee members in 1151 accordance with this division, the court shall make an appointment 1152 to fill the vacancy. A successor shall be elected to fill the 1153 office for the unexpired term at the first municipal election that 1154 is held more than one hundred twenty days after the vacancy 1155 occurred. 1156

(C)(1) In a municipal court, other than the Auglaize county, 1157 the Columbiana county, and the Lorain municipal courts, for which 1158 the population of the territory is less than one hundred thousand 1159 and in the Medina municipal court, the clerk of the municipal 1160 court shall receive the annual compensation that the presiding 1161 judge of the court prescribes, if the revenue of the court for the 1162 preceding calendar year, as certified by the auditor or chief 1163 fiscal officer of the municipal corporation in which the court is 1164

located or, in the case of a county-operated municipal court, the	1165
county auditor, is equal to or greater than the expenditures,	1166
including any debt charges, for the operation of the court payable	1167
under this chapter from the city treasury or, in the case of a	1168
county-operated municipal court, the county treasury for that	1169
calendar year, as also certified by the auditor or chief fiscal	1170
officer. If the revenue of a municipal court, other than the	1171
Auglaize county, the Columbiana county, and the Lorain municipal	1172
courts, for which the population of the territory is less than one	1173
hundred thousand or the revenue of the Medina municipal court for	1174
the preceding calendar year as so certified is not equal to or	1175
greater than those expenditures for the operation of the court for	1176
that calendar year as so certified, the clerk of a municipal court	1177
shall receive the annual compensation that the legislative	1178
authority prescribes. As used in this division, "revenue" means	1179
the total of all costs and fees that are collected and paid to the	1180
city treasury or, in a county-operated municipal court, the county	1181
treasury by the clerk of the municipal court under division (F) of	1182
this section and all interest received and paid to the city	1183
treasury or, in a county-operated municipal court, the county	1184
treasury in relation to the costs and fees under division (G) of	1185
this section.	1186

- (2) In a municipal court, other than the Clermont county, 1187
 Hamilton county, Medina, Portage county, and Wayne county 1188
 municipal courts, for which the population of the territory is one 1189
 hundred thousand or more, and in the Lorain municipal court, the 1190
 clerk of the municipal court shall receive annual compensation in 1191
 a sum equal to eighty-five per cent of the salary of a judge of 1192
 the court.
- (3) The compensation of a clerk described in division (C)(1) 1194 or (2) of this section is payable in semimonthly installments from 1195 the same sources and in the same manner as provided in section 1196

1901.11 of the Revised Code.

(D) Before entering upon the duties of the clerk's office, 1198 the clerk of a municipal court shall give bond of not less than 1199 six thousand dollars to be determined by the judges of the court, 1200 conditioned upon the faithful performance of the clerk's duties. 1201

(E) The clerk of a municipal court may do all of the 1202 following: administer oaths, take affidavits, and issue executions 1203 upon any judgment rendered in the court, including a judgment for 1204 unpaid costs; issue, sign, and attach the seal of the court to all 1205 writs, process, subpoenas, and papers issuing out of the court; 1206 and approve all bonds, sureties, recognizances, and undertakings 1207 fixed by any judge of the court or by law. The clerk may refuse to 1208 accept for filing any pleading or paper submitted for filing by a 1209 person who has been found to be a vexatious litigator under 1210 section 2323.52 of the Revised Code and who has failed to obtain 1211 leave to proceed under that section. The clerk shall do all of the 1212 following: file and safely keep all journals, records, books, and 1213 papers belonging or appertaining to the court; record the 1214 proceedings of the court; perform all other duties that the judges 1215 of the court may prescribe; and keep a book showing all receipts 1216 and disbursements, which book shall be open for public inspection 1217 at all times. 1218

The clerk shall prepare and maintain a general index, a 1219 docket, and other records that the court, by rule, requires, all 1220 of which shall be the public records of the court. In the docket, 1221 the clerk shall enter, at the time of the commencement of an 1222 action, the names of the parties in full, the names of the 1223 counsel, and the nature of the proceedings. Under proper dates, 1224 the clerk shall note the filing of the complaint, issuing of 1225 summons or other process, returns, and any subsequent pleadings. 1226 The clerk also shall enter all reports, verdicts, orders, 1227 judgments, and proceedings of the court, clearly specifying the 1228 relief granted or orders made in each action. The court may order

an extended record of any of the above to be made and entered,

under the proper action heading, upon the docket at the request of

any party to the case, the expense of which record may be taxed as

costs in the case or may be required to be prepaid by the party

demanding the record, upon order of the court.

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(F) The clerk of a municipal court shall receive, collect, 1235 and issue receipts for all costs, fees, fines, bail, and other 1236 moneys payable to the office or to any officer of the court. The 1237 clerk shall each month disburse to the proper persons or officers, 1238 and take receipts for, all costs, fees, fines, bail, and other 1239 moneys that the clerk collects. Subject to sections 3375.50 and 1240 4511.193 of the Revised Code and to any other section of the 1241 Revised Code that requires a specific manner of disbursement of 1242 any moneys received by a municipal court and except for the 1243 Hamilton county, Lawrence county, and Ottawa county municipal 1244 courts, the clerk shall pay all fines received for violation of 1245 municipal ordinances into the treasury of the municipal 1246 corporation the ordinance of which was violated and shall pay all 1247 fines received for violation of township resolutions adopted 1248 pursuant to Chapter 504. of the Revised Code into the treasury of 1249 the township the resolution of which was violated. Subject to 1250 sections 1901.024 and 4511.193 of the Revised Code, in the 1251 Hamilton county, Lawrence county, and Ottawa county municipal 1252 courts, the clerk shall pay fifty per cent of the fines received 1253 for violation of municipal ordinances and fifty per cent of the 1254 fines received for violation of township resolutions adopted 1255 pursuant to Chapter 504. of the Revised Code into the treasury of 1256 the county. Subject to sections 3375.50, 3375.53, 4511.99 4511.19, 1257 and 5503.04 of the Revised Code and to any other section of the 1258 Revised Code that requires a specific manner of disbursement of 1259 any moneys received by a municipal court, the clerk shall pay all 1260 fines collected for the violation of state laws into the county 1261

treasury. Except in a county-operated municipal court, the clerk 1262 shall pay all costs and fees the disbursement of which is not 1263 otherwise provided for in the Revised Code into the city treasury. 1264 The clerk of a county-operated municipal court shall pay the costs 1265 and fees the disbursement of which is not otherwise provided for 1266 in the Revised Code into the county treasury. Moneys deposited as 1267 security for costs shall be retained pending the litigation. The 1268 clerk shall keep a separate account of all receipts and 1269 disbursements in civil and criminal cases, which shall be a 1270 permanent public record of the office. On the expiration of the 1271 term of the clerk, the clerk shall deliver the records to the 1272 clerk's successor. The clerk shall have other powers and duties as 1273 are prescribed by rule or order of the court. 1274

(G) All moneys paid into a municipal court shall be noted on 1275 the record of the case in which they are paid and shall be 1276 deposited in a state or national bank, or a domestic savings and 1277 loan association, as defined in section 1151.01 of the Revised 1278 Code, that is selected by the clerk. Any interest received upon 1279 the deposits shall be paid into the city treasury, except that, in 1280 a county-operated municipal court, the interest shall be paid into 1281 the treasury of the county in which the court is located. 1282

On the first Monday in January of each year, the clerk shall 1283 make a list of the titles of all cases in the court that were 1284 finally determined more than one year past in which there remains 1285 unclaimed in the possession of the clerk any funds, or any part of 1286 a deposit for security of costs not consumed by the costs in the 1287 case. The clerk shall give notice of the moneys to the parties who 1288 are entitled to the moneys or to their attorneys of record. All 1289 the moneys remaining unclaimed on the first day of April of each 1290 year shall be paid by the clerk to the city treasurer, except 1291 that, in a county-operated municipal court, the moneys shall be 1292 paid to the treasurer of the county in which the court is located. 1293

As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	
The treasurer shall pay any part of the moneys at any time to the	1294
person who has the right to the moneys upon proper certification	1295
of the clerk.	1296
(H) Deputy clerks may be appointed by the clerk and shall	1297
receive the compensation, payable in semimonthly installments out	1298
of the city treasury, that the clerk may prescribe, except that	1299
the compensation of any deputy clerk of a county-operated	1300
municipal court shall be paid out of the treasury of the county in	1301
which the court is located. Each deputy clerk shall take an oath	1302
of office before entering upon the duties of the deputy clerk's	1303
office and, when so qualified, may perform the duties appertaining	1304
to the office of the clerk. The clerk may require any of the	1305
deputy clerks to give bond of not less than three thousand	1306
dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of the deputy	1307
clerk's duties.	1308
(I) For the purposes of this section, whenever the population	1309
of the territory of a municipal court falls below one hundred	1310
thousand but not below ninety thousand, and the population of the	1311
territory prior to the most recent regular federal census exceeded	1312
one hundred thousand, the legislative authority of the municipal	1313
corporation may declare, by resolution, that the territory shall	1314
be considered to have a population of at least one hundred	1315
thousand.	1316
(J) The clerk or a deputy clerk shall be in attendance at all	1317
sessions of the municipal court, although not necessarily in the	1318
courtroom, and may administer oaths to witnesses and jurors and	1319
receive verdicts.	1320
Sec. 1905.01. (A) In all municipal corporations, other than	1321
Batavia in Clermont county, not being the site of a municipal	1322
court nor a place where a judge of the Auglaize county, Crawford	1323

county, Jackson county, Miami county, Portage county, or Wayne 1324

county municipal court sits as required pursuant to section 1325 1901.021 of the Revised Code or by designation of the judges 1326 pursuant to section 1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the 1327 municipal corporation has jurisdiction, except as provided in 1328 divisions (B), (C), and (E) of this section and subject to the 1329 limitation contained in section 1905.03 and the limitation 1330 contained in section 1905.031 of the Revised Code, to hear and 1331 determine any prosecution for the violation of an ordinance of the 1332 municipal corporation, to hear and determine any case involving a 1333 violation of a vehicle parking or standing ordinance of the 1334 municipal corporation unless the violation is required to be 1335 handled by a parking violations bureau or joint parking violations 1336 bureau pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the Revised Code, and to hear 1337 and determine all criminal causes involving any moving traffic 1338 violation occurring on a state highway located within the 1339 boundaries of the municipal corporation, subject to the 1340 limitations of sections 2937.08 and 2938.04 of the Revised Code. 1341 (B)(1) In all municipal corporations, other than Batavia in 1342 Clermont county, not being the site of a municipal court nor a 1343 place where a judge of a court listed in division (A) of this 1344 section sits as required pursuant to section 1901.021 of the 1345 Revised Code or by designation of the judges pursuant to section 1346 1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the municipal 1347 corporation has jurisdiction, subject to the limitation contained 1348 in section 1905.03 of the Revised Code, to hear and determine 1349 prosecutions involving a violation of an ordinance of the 1350 municipal corporation relating to operating a vehicle while under 1351 the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug 1352 of abuse combination of them or relating to operating a vehicle 1353 with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the whole blood, 1354 blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine, and to hear and determine 1355 criminal causes involving a violation of section 4511.19 of the 1356

Revised Code that occur on a state highway located within the

circumstances and the same act as did the charge that was

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dismissed or reduced.

(d) A violation of a statute of the United States or of any 1390 other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation 1391 located in any other state that is substantially similar to 1392 section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.

(2) The mayor of a municipal corporation does not have 1394 jurisdiction to hear and determine any prosecution or criminal 1395 cause involving a violation described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) 1396 of this section, regardless of where the violation occurred, if 1397 the person charged with the violation, within six years of the 1398 violation charged, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any 1399 violation listed in division (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this 1400 section. 1401

If the mayor of a municipal corporation, in hearing a 1402 prosecution involving a violation of an ordinance of the municipal 1403 corporation the mayor serves relating to operating a vehicle while 1404 under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a 1405 drug of abuse combination of them or relating to operating a 1406 vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the whole 1407 blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine, or in hearing a 1408 criminal cause involving a violation of section 4511.19 of the 1409 Revised Code, determines that the person charged, within six years 1410 of the violation charged, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 1411 to any violation listed in division (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of 1412 this section, the mayor immediately shall transfer the case to the 1413 county court or municipal court with jurisdiction over the 1414 violation charged, in accordance with section 1905.032 of the 1415 Revised Code. 1416

(C)(1) In all municipal corporations, other than Batavia in 1417 Clermont county, not being the site of a municipal court and not 1418 being a place where a judge of a court listed in division (A) of 1419 this section sits as required pursuant to section 1901.021 of the 1420

Revised Code or by designation of the judges pursuant to section	1421
1901.021 of the Revised Code, the mayor of the municipal	1422
corporation, subject to sections 1901.031, 2937.08, and 2938.04 of	1423
the Revised Code, has jurisdiction to hear and determine	1424
prosecutions involving a violation of a municipal ordinance that	1425
is substantially equivalent to division $\frac{(B)(1) \text{ or } (D)(2) \text{ of }}{(A) \text{ of }}$	1426
section 4510.14 or section 4507.02 4510.16 of the Revised Code and	1427
to hear and determine criminal causes that involve a moving	1428
traffic violation, that involve a violation of division $\frac{(B)(1)-or}{}$	1429
(D)(2) of (A) of section 4510.14 or section 4507.02 4510.16 of the	1430
Revised Code, and that occur on a state highway located within the	1431
boundaries of the municipal corporation only if all of the	1432
following apply regarding the violation and the person charged:	1433

- (a) Regarding a violation of division (B)(1) of section 1434 4507.02 4510.16 of the Revised Code or a violation of a municipal 1435 ordinance that is substantially equivalent to that division, the 1436 person charged with the violation, within five six years of the 1437 date of the violation charged, has not been convicted of or 1438 pleaded guilty to any of the following: 1439
- (i) A violation of division (B)(1) of section 4507.02 4510.16 1440 of the Revised Code; 1441
- (ii) A violation of a municipal ordinance that is
 substantially equivalent to division (B)(1) of section 4507.02
 4510.16 of the Revised Code;
 1444
- (iii) A violation of any municipal ordinance or section of 1445 the Revised Code that regulates the operation of vehicles, 1446 streetcars, and trackless trolleys upon the highways or streets, 1447 in a case in which, after a charge against the person of a 1448 violation of a type described in division (C)(1)(a)(i) or (ii) of 1449 this section was dismissed or reduced, the person is convicted of 1450 or pleads guilty to a violation that arose out of the same facts 1451 and circumstances and the same act as did the charge that was 1452

(ii) of this section if the person charged with the violation,

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within five six years of the violation charged, has been convicted 1484 of or pleaded guilty to any violation listed in division 1485 (C)(1)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this section. 1486 (3) If the mayor of a municipal corporation, in hearing a 1487 prosecution involving a violation of an ordinance of the municipal 1488 corporation the mayor serves that is substantially equivalent to 1489 1490 4507.02 4510.16 of the Revised Code or a violation of division 1491 (B)(1) or (D)(2) of (A) of section 4510.14 or section 4507.02 1492 4510.16 of the Revised Code, determines that, under division 1493 (C)(2) of this section, mayors do not have jurisdiction of the 1494 prosecution, the mayor immediately shall transfer the case to the 1495 county court or municipal court with jurisdiction over the 1496 violation in accordance with section 1905.032 of the Revised Code. 1497 (D) If the mayor of a municipal corporation has jurisdiction 1498 pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section to hear and determine 1499 a prosecution or criminal cause involving a violation described in 1500 division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, the authority of the 1501 mayor to hear or determine the prosecution or cause is subject to 1502 the limitation contained in division (C) of section 1905.03 of the 1503 Revised Code. If the mayor of a municipal corporation has 1504 jurisdiction pursuant to division (A) or (C) of this section to 1505 hear and determine a prosecution or criminal cause involving a 1506 violation other than a violation described in division (B)(1)(a) 1507 or (b) of this section, the authority of the mayor to hear or 1508 determine the prosecution or cause is subject to the limitation 1509 contained in division (C) of section 1905.031 of the Revised Code. 1510 (E)(1) The mayor of a municipal corporation does not have 1511 jurisdiction to hear and determine any prosecution or criminal 1512 cause involving any of the following: 1513

(a) A violation of section 2919.25 or 2919.27 of the Revised

Code;

(b) A violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 1516 2903.211, or 2911.211 of the Revised Code that involves a person 1517 who was a family or household member of the defendant at the time 1518 of the violation; 1519 (c) A violation of a municipal ordinance that is 1520 substantially equivalent to an offense described in division 1521 (E)(1)(a) or (b) of this section and that involves a person who 1522 was a family or household member of the defendant at the time of 1523 the violation. 1524 (2) The mayor of a municipal corporation does not have 1525 jurisdiction to hear and determine a motion filed pursuant to 1526 section 2919.26 of the Revised Code or filed pursuant to a 1527 municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to that 1528 section or to issue a protection order pursuant to that section or 1529 a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance. 1530 (3) As used in this section, "family or household member" has 1531 the same meaning as in section 2919.25 of the Revised Code. 1532 (F) In keeping a docket and files, the mayor, and a mayor's 1533 court magistrate appointed under section 1905.05 of the Revised 1534 Code, shall be governed by the laws pertaining to county courts. 1535 Sec. 1905.201. The mayor of a municipal corporation that has 1536 a mayor's court, and a mayor's court magistrate, are entitled to 1537 suspend or revoke, and shall suspend or revoke, in accordance with 1538 division (B) of section 4507.16 sections 4510.02, 4510.07, and 1539 4511.19 of the Revised Code, the driver's or commercial driver's 1540 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege of any person 1541 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division 1542 (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, of a municipal 1543 ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the 1544 influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of

abuse a combination of them, or of a municipal ordinance relating 1546 to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol 1547 in the whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine that 1548 is substantially equivalent to division (A) of section 4511.19 of 1549 the Revised Code. The mayor of a municipal corporation that has a 1550 mayor's court, and a mayor's court magistrate, are entitled to 1551 suspend, and shall suspend, in accordance with division (E) of 1552 section 4507.16 sections 4510.02, 4510.07, and 4511.19 of the 1553 Revised Code, the driver's, or commercial driver's license or 1554 permit or nonresident operating privilege of any person who is 1555 convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (B) of 1556 section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a municipal ordinance 1557 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of 1558 alcohol in the whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or 1559 urine that is substantially equivalent to division (B) of section 1560 4511.19 of the Revised Code. 1561

Suspension of a commercial driver's license under this 1562 section shall be concurrent with any period of disqualification or 1563 suspension under section 3123.611 3123.58 or 4506.16 of the 1564 Revised Code or period of suspension under section 3123.58 of the 1565 Revised Code. No person who is disqualified for life from holding 1566 a commercial driver's license under section 4506.16 of the Revised 1567 Code shall be issued a driver's license under Chapter 4507. of the 1568 Revised Code during the period for which the commercial driver's 1569 license was suspended under this section, and no person whose 1570 commercial driver's license is suspended under this section shall 1571 be issued a driver's license under Chapter 4507. of the Revised 1572 Code during the period of the suspension. 1573

sec. 1907.20. (A) The clerk of courts shall be the clerk of
the county court, except that the board of county commissioners,
with the concurrence of the county court judges, may appoint a
clerk for each county court judge, who shall serve at the pleasure
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of the board and shall receive compensation as set by the board, 1578 payable in semimonthly installments from the treasury of the 1579 county. An appointed clerk, before entering upon the duties of the office, shall give bond of not less than five thousand dollars, as 1581 determined by the board of county commissioners, conditioned upon 1582 the faithful performance of the clerk's duties. 1583

The clerks of courts of common pleas, when acting as the 1584 clerks of county courts, and upon assuming their county court 1585 duties, shall receive compensation at one-fourth the rate 1586 prescribed for the clerks of courts of common pleas as determined 1587 in accordance with the population of the county and the rates set 1588 forth in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the Revised Code. This 1589 compensation shall be paid from the county treasury in semimonthly 1590 installments and is in addition to the annual compensation 1591 received for the performance of the duties of the clerk of a court 1592 of common pleas as provided in sections 325.08 and 325.18 of the 1593 Revised Code. 1594

(B) The clerk of a county court shall have general powers to 1595 administer oaths, take affidavits, and issue executions upon any 1596 judgment rendered in the county court, including a judgment for 1597 unpaid costs, power to issue and sign all writs, process, 1598 subpoenas, and papers issuing out of the court, and to attach the 1599 seal of the court to them, and power to approve all bonds, 1600 sureties, recognizances, and undertakings fixed by any judge of 1601 the court or by law. The clerk shall file and safely keep all 1602 journals, records, books, and papers belonging or appertaining to 1603 the court, record its proceedings, perform all other duties that 1604 the judges of the court may prescribe, and keep a book showing all 1605 receipts and disbursements, which shall be open for public 1606 inspection at all times. The clerk may refuse to accept for filing 1607 any pleading or paper submitted for filing by a person who has 1608 been found to be a vexatious litigator under section 2323.52 of 1609 the Revised Code and who has failed to obtain leave to proceed 1610 under that section.

The clerk shall prepare and maintain a general index, a 1612 docket as prescribed by the court, which shall be furnished by the 1613 board of county commissioners, and such other records as the 1614 court, by rule, requires, all of which shall be the public records 1615 of the court. In the docket, the clerk shall enter at times of the 1616 commencement of an action, the names of the parties in full, the 1617 names of the counsel, and the nature of the proceedings. Under 1618 proper dates, the clerk shall note the filing of the complaint, 1619 issuing of summons or other process, returns, and pleadings 1620 subsequent thereto. The clerk also shall enter all reports, 1621 verdicts, orders, judgments, and proceedings of the court, clearly 1622 specifying the relief granted or orders made in each action. The 1623 court may order an extended record of any of the above to be made 1624 and entered, under the proper action heading, upon the docket at 1625 the request of any party to the case, the expense of which may be 1626 taxed as costs in the case or may be required to be prepaid by the 1627 party demanding the extended record, upon order of the court. 1628

(C) The clerk of a county court shall receive and collect all 1629 costs, fees, fines, penalties, bail, and other moneys payable to 1630 the office or to any officer of the court and issue receipts 1631 therefor, and shall each month disburse the costs, fees, fines, 1632 penalties, bail, and other moneys to the proper persons or 1633 officers and take receipts therefor. Subject to sections 3375.51, 1634 3375.53, <u>4511.19</u>, 4511.193, and 4511.99 <u>5503.04</u> of the Revised 1635 Code and all other statutes that require a different distribution 1636 of fines, fines received for violations of municipal ordinances 1637 shall be paid into the treasury of the municipal corporation whose 1638 ordinance was violated, fines received for violations of township 1639 resolutions adopted pursuant to Chapter 504. of the Revised Code 1640 shall be paid into the treasury of the township whose resolution 1641

was violated, and fines collected for the violation of state laws	1642
shall be paid into the county treasury. Moneys deposited as	1643
security for costs shall be retained pending the litigation.	1644

The clerk shall keep a separate account of all receipts and 1645 disbursements in civil and criminal cases. The separate account 1646 shall be a permanent public record of the office. On the 1647 expiration of a clerk's term, those records shall be delivered to 1648 the clerk's successor.

The clerk shall have such other powers and duties as are 1650 prescribed by rule or order of the court. 1651

- (D) All moneys paid into a county court shall be noted on the 1652 record of the case in which they are paid and shall be deposited 1653 in a state or national bank selected by the clerk. On the first 1654 Monday in January of each year, the clerk shall make a list of the 1655 titles of all cases in the county court that were finally 1656 determined more than one year past in which there remains 1657 unclaimed in the possession of the clerk any funds, or any part of 1658 a deposit for security of costs not consumed by the costs in the 1659 case. The clerk shall give notice of the moneys to the parties 1660 entitled to them or to their attorneys of record. All the moneys 1661 remaining unclaimed on the first day of April of each year shall 1662 be paid by the clerk to the county treasurer. Any part of the 1663 moneys shall be paid by the county treasurer at any time to the 1664 person having the right to them, upon proper certification of the 1665 clerk. 1666
- (E)(1) In county court districts having appointed clerks, 1667 deputy clerks may be appointed by the board of county 1668 commissioners. Clerks and deputy clerks shall receive such 1669 compensation payable in semimonthly installments out of the county 1670 treasury as the board may prescribe. Each deputy clerk shall take 1671 an oath of office before entering upon the duties of the deputy 1672 clerk's office and, when so qualified, may perform the duties 1673

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appertaining to the office of the clerk. The clerk may require any
of the deputy clerks to give bond of not less than three thousand
dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of the deputy
clerk's duties.
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- (2) A clerk of courts acting as clerk of the county court may

 appoint deputy clerks to perform the duties pertaining to the

 office of clerk of the county court. Each deputy clerk shall take

 an oath of office before entering upon the deputy clerk's duties,

 and the clerk of courts may require the deputy clerk to give bond

 of not less than three thousand dollars, conditioned for the

 faithful performance of the deputy clerk's duties.

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- (3) The clerk or a deputy clerk of a county court shall be in 1685 attendance at all sessions of the court, although not necessarily 1686 in the courtroom, and may administer oaths to witnesses and jurors 1687 and receive verdicts.
- (F)(1) In county court districts having appointed clerks, the 1689 board of county commissioners may order the establishment of one 1690 or more branch offices of the clerk and, with the concurrence of 1691 the county judges, may appoint a special deputy clerk to 1692 administer each branch office. Each special deputy clerk shall 1693 take an oath of office before entering upon the duties of the 1694 deputy clerk's office and, when so qualified, may perform any one 1695 or more of the duties appertaining to the office of clerk, as the 1696 board prescribes. Special deputy clerks shall receive such 1697 compensation payable in semimonthly installments out of the county 1698 treasury as the board may prescribe. The board may require any of 1699 the special deputy clerks to give bond of not less than three 1700 thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of the 1701 deputy clerk's duties. 1702

The board of county commissioners may authorize the clerk of the county court to operate one or more branch offices, to divide the clerk's time between the offices, and to perform duties

driver's license, or temporary instruction permit issued to the	1736
child <u>for a period of time prescribed by the court</u> and suspend or	1737
revoke the registration of all motor vehicles registered in the	1738
name of the child <u>for a period of time prescribed by the court</u> . A	1739
child whose license or permit is so suspended or revoked is	1740
ineligible for issuance of a license or permit during the period	1741
of suspension or revocation . At the end of the period of	1742
suspension or revocation , the child shall not be reissued a	1743
license or permit until the child has paid any applicable	1744
reinstatement fee and complied with all requirements governing	1745
license reinstatement.	1746

- (4) Commit the child to the temporary or permanent custody of 1747 the court;
- (5) Make any further disposition the court finds proper that 1749 is consistent with sections 2151.312 and 2151.56 to 2151.61 of the 1750 Revised Code;
- (6) If, after making a disposition under division (A)(1), 1752
 (2), or (3) of this section, the court finds upon further hearing 1753
 that the child is not amenable to treatment or rehabilitation 1754
 under that disposition, make a disposition otherwise authorized 1755
 under divisions (A)(1), (3), (4), and (7) of section 2152.19 of 1756
 the Revised Code that is consistent with sections 2151.312 and 1757
 2151.56 to 2151.61 of the Revised Code. 1758
- (B) If a child is adjudicated an unruly child for committing 1759 any act that, if committed by an adult, would be a drug abuse 1760 offense, as defined in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code, or a 1761 violation of division (B) of section 2917.11 of the Revised Code, 1762 then, in addition to imposing, in its discretion, any other order 1763 of disposition authorized by this section, the court shall do both 1764 of the following:
 - (1) Require the child to participate in a drug abuse or

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alcohol abuse counseling program;

- (2) Suspend or revoke the temporary instruction permit, 1768 probationary driver's license, or driver's license issued to the 1769 child for a period of time prescribed by the court or, at the 1770 discretion of the court, until. The court, in its discretion, may 1771 terminate the suspension if the child attends and satisfactorily 1772 completes a drug abuse or alcohol abuse education, intervention, 1773 or treatment program specified by the court. During the time the 1774 child is attending the a program as described in this division, 1775 the court shall retain any the child's temporary instruction 1776 permit, probationary driver's license, or driver's license issued 1777 to the child, and the court shall return the permit or license 1778 when the child satisfactorily completes the program if it 1779 terminates the suspension. 1780
- (C)(1) If a child is adjudicated an unruly child for being an 1781 habitual truant, in addition to or in lieu of imposing any other 1782 order of disposition authorized by this section, the court may do 1783 any of the following:
- (a) Order the board of education of the child's school district or the governing board of the educational service center in the child's school district to require the child to attend an alternative school if an alternative school has been established pursuant to section 3313.533 of the Revised Code in the school district in which the child is entitled to attend school;
- (b) Require the child to participate in any academic program 1791 or community service program; 1792
- (c) Require the child to participate in a drug abuse or 1793 alcohol abuse counseling program; 1794
- (d) Require that the child receive appropriate medical or 1795 psychological treatment or counseling; 1796
 - (e) Make any other order that the court finds proper to 1797

address the child's habitual truancy, including an order requiring	1798
the child to not be absent without legitimate excuse from the	1799
public school the child is supposed to attend for five or more	1800
consecutive days, seven or more school days in one school month,	1801
or twelve or more school days in a school year and including an	1802
order requiring the child to participate in a truancy prevention	1803
mediation program.	1804

- (2) If a child is adjudicated an unruly child for being an 1805 habitual truant and the court determines that the parent, 1806 guardian, or other person having care of the child has failed to 1807 cause the child's attendance at school in violation of section 1808 3321.38 of the Revised Code, in addition to any order of 1809 disposition authorized by this section, all of the following 1810 apply:
- (a) The court may require the parent, guardian, or other 1812 person having care of the child to participate in any community 1813 service program, preferably a community service program that 1814 requires the involvement of the parent, guardian, or other person 1815 having care of the child in the school attended by the child. 1816
- (b) The court may require the parent, guardian, or otherperson having care of the child to participate in a truancyprevention mediation program.
- (c) The court shall warn the parent, guardian, or other 1820 person having care of the child that any subsequent adjudication 1821 of the child as an unruly or delinquent child for being an 1822 habitual or chronic truant may result in a criminal charge against 1823 the parent, guardian, or other person having care of the child for 1824 a violation of division (C) of section 2919.21 or section 2919.24 1825 of the Revised Code.
- Sec. 2152.19. (A) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent 1827 child, the court may make any of the following orders of 1828

division, it shall require the child: to wear, otherwise have	1890
attached to the child's person, or otherwise be subject to	1891
monitoring by a certified electronic monitoring device or to	1892
participate in the operation of and monitoring by a certified	1893
electronic monitoring system; to remain in the child's home or	1894
other specified premises for the entire period of electronically	1895
monitored house arrest except when the court permits the child to	1896
leave those premises to go to school or to other specified	1897
premises; to be monitored by a central system that can determine	1898
the child's location at designated times; to report periodically	1899
to a person designated by the court; and to enter into a written	1900
contract with the court agreeing to comply with all requirements	1901
imposed by the court, agreeing to pay any fee imposed by the court	1902
for the costs of the electronically monitored house arrest, and	1903
agreeing to waive the right to receive credit for any time served	1904
on electronically monitored house arrest toward the period of any	1905
other dispositional order imposed upon the child if the child	1906
violates any of the requirements of the dispositional order of	1907
electronically monitored house arrest. The court also may impose	1908
other reasonable requirements upon the child.	1909

Unless ordered by the court, a child shall not receive credit 1910 for any time served on electronically monitored house arrest 1911 toward any other dispositional order imposed upon the child for 1912 the act for which was imposed the dispositional order of 1913 electronically monitored house arrest.

(1) A suspension of the driver's license, probationary

driver's license, or temporary instruction permit issued to the

child for a period of time prescribed by the court, or a

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suspension of the registration of all motor vehicles registered in

the name of the child for a period of time prescribed by the

court. A child whose license or permit is so suspended is

ineligible for issuance of a license or permit during the period

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program;

(ii) Require the parent, guardian, or other person having	1953
care of the child to participate in any community service program,	1954
preferably a community service program that requires the	1955
involvement of the parent, guardian, or other person having care	1956
of the child in the school attended by the child.	1957
(7) Make any further disposition that the court finds proper,	1958
except that the child shall not be placed in any of the following:	1959
	1960
(a) A state correctional institution, a county, multicounty,	1961
or municipal jail or workhouse, or another place in which an adult	1962
convicted of a crime, under arrest, or charged with a crime is	1963
held;	1964
(b) A community corrections facility, if the child would be	1965
covered by the definition of public safety beds for purposes of	1966
sections 5139.41 to 5139.45 of the Revised Code if the court	1967
exercised its authority to commit the child to the legal custody	1968
of the department of youth services for institutionalization or	1969
institutionalization in a secure facility pursuant to this	1970
chapter.	1971
(B) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child, in addition	1972
to any order of disposition made under division (A) of this	1973
section, the court, in the following situations and for the	1974
specified periods of time, shall suspend the child's temporary	1975
instruction permit, restricted license, probationary driver's	1976
license, or nonresident operating privilege, or suspend the	1977
child's ability to obtain such a permit:	1978
(1) The If the child is adjudicated a delinquent child for	1979
violating section 2923.122 of the Revised Code, with the	1980
suspension and denial being impose a class four suspension of the	1981
child's license, permit, or privilege from the range specified in	1982

division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code or deny the

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child the issuance of a license or permit in accordance with division (E)(F)(1)(a), (c), (d), or (e) of section 2923.122 of the 1985 Revised Code.

- (2) The If the child is adjudicated a delinquent child for 1987 committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a drug 1988 abuse offense or for violating division (B) of section 2917.11 of 1989 the Revised Code, with suspend the child's license, permit, or 1990 privilege for a period of time prescribed by the court. The court, 1991 in its discretion, may terminate the suspension continuing until 1992 if the child attends and satisfactorily completes a drug abuse or 1993 alcohol abuse education, intervention, or treatment program 1994 specified by the court. During the time the child is attending the 1995 a program described in this division, the court shall retain any 1996 the child's temporary instruction permit, probationary driver's 1997 license, or driver's license issued to the child, and the court 1998 shall return the permit or license when the child satisfactorily 1999 completes the program if it terminates the suspension as described 2000 in this division. 2001
- (C) The court may establish a victim-offender mediation 2002 program in which victims and their offenders meet to discuss the 2003 offense and suggest possible restitution. If the court obtains the 2004 assent of the victim of the delinquent act committed by the child, 2005 the court may require the child to participate in the program. 2006
- (D)(1) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for 2008 committing an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult 2009 and if the child caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, 2010 or created a risk of physical harm to the victim of the act, the 2011 court, prior to issuing an order of disposition under this 2012 section, shall order the preparation of a victim impact statement 2013 by the probation department of the county in which the victim of 2014 the act resides, by the court's own probation department, or by a 2015

victim assistance program that is operated by the state, a county,

a municipal corporation, or another governmental entity. The court

shall consider the victim impact statement in determining the

order of disposition to issue for the child.

- (2) Each victim impact statement shall identify the victim of 2020 the act for which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child, 2021 itemize any economic loss suffered by the victim as a result of 2022 the act, identify any physical injury suffered by the victim as a 2023 result of the act and the seriousness and permanence of the 2024 injury, identify any change in the victim's personal welfare or 2025 familial relationships as a result of the act and any 2026 psychological impact experienced by the victim or the victim's 2027 family as a result of the act, and contain any other information 2028 related to the impact of the act upon the victim that the court 2029 requires. 2030
- (3) A victim impact statement shall be kept confidential and 2031 is not a public record. However, the court may furnish copies of 2032 the statement to the department of youth services if the 2033 delinquent child is committed to the department or to both the 2034 adjudicated delinquent child or the adjudicated delinquent child's 2035 counsel and the prosecuting attorney. The copy of a victim impact 2036 statement furnished by the court to the department pursuant to 2037 this section shall be kept confidential and is not a public 2038 record. If an officer is preparing pursuant to section 2947.06 or 2039 2951.03 of the Revised Code or Criminal Rule 32.2 a presentence 2040 investigation report pertaining to a person, the court shall make 2041 available to the officer, for use in preparing the report, a copy 2042 of any victim impact statement regarding that person. The copies 2043 of a victim impact statement that are made available to the 2044 adjudicated delinquent child or the adjudicated delinquent child's 2045 counsel and the prosecuting attorney pursuant to this division 2046 shall be returned to the court by the person to whom they were 2047

made available immediately following the imposition of an order of 2048 disposition for the child under this chapter. 2049

The copy of a victim impact statement that is made available pursuant to this division to an officer preparing a criminal presentence investigation report shall be returned to the court by the officer immediately following its use in preparing the report.

- (4) The department of youth services shall work with local 2054 probation departments and victim assistance programs to develop a 2055 standard victim impact statement. 2056
- (E) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being a chronic truant or an habitual truant who previously has been adjudicated an unruly child for being an habitual truant and the court determines that the parent, guardian, or other person having care of the child has failed to cause the child's attendance at school in violation of section 3321.38 of the Revised Code, in addition to any order of disposition it makes under this section, the court shall warn the parent, guardian, or other person having care of the child that any subsequent adjudication of the child as an unruly or delinquent child for being an habitual or chronic truant may result in a criminal charge against the parent, guardian, or other person having care of the child for a violation of division (C) of section 2919.21 or section 2919.24 of the Revised Code.
- (F)(1) During the period of a delinquent child's community control granted under this section, authorized probation officers who are engaged within the scope of their supervisory duties or responsibilities may search, with or without a warrant, the person of the delinquent child, the place of residence of the delinquent child, and a motor vehicle, another item of tangible or intangible personal property, or other real property in which the delinquent child has a right, title, or interest or for which the delinquent child has the express or implied permission of a person with a

right, title, or interest to use, occupy, or possess if the	2080
probation officers have reasonable grounds to believe that the	2081
delinquent child is not abiding by the law or otherwise is not	2082
complying with the conditions of the delinquent child's community	2083
control. The court that places a delinquent child on community	2084
control under this section shall provide the delinquent child with	2085
a written notice that informs the delinquent child that authorized	2086
probation officers who are engaged within the scope of their	2087
supervisory duties or responsibilities may conduct those types of	2088
searches during the period of community control if they have	2089
reasonable grounds to believe that the delinquent child is not	2090
abiding by the law or otherwise is not complying with the	2091
conditions of the delinquent child's community control. The court	2092
also shall provide the written notice described in division (E)(2)	2093
of this section to each parent, guardian, or custodian of the	2094
delinquent child who is described in that division.	2095

- (2) The court that places a child on community control under 2096 this section shall provide the child's parent, guardian, or other 2097 custodian with a written notice that informs them that authorized 2098 probation officers may conduct searches pursuant to division 2099 (E)(1) of this section. The notice shall specifically state that a 2100 permissible search might extend to a motor vehicle, another item 2101 of tangible or intangible personal property, or a place of 2102 residence or other real property in which a notified parent, 2103 guardian, or custodian has a right, title, or interest and that 2104 the parent, guardian, or custodian expressly or impliedly permits 2105 the child to use, occupy, or possess. 2106
- (G) If a juvenile court commits a delinquent child to the 2107 custody of any person, organization, or entity pursuant to this 2108 section and if the delinquent act for which the child is so 2109 committed is a sexually oriented offense, the court in the order 2110 of disposition shall do one of the following: 2111

(1) Require that the child be provided treatment as described	2112
in division (A)(2) of section 5139.13 of the Revised Code;	2113
	2114
(2) Inform the person, organization, or entity that it is the	2115
preferred course of action in this state that the child be	2116
provided treatment as described in division (A)(2) of section	2117
5139.13 of the Revised Code and encourage the person,	2118
organization, or entity to provide that treatment.	2119
Sec. 2152.21. (A) Unless division (C) of this section	2120
applies, if a child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender,	2121
the court may make any of the following orders of disposition:	2122
(1) Impose costs and one or more financial sanctions in	2123
accordance with section 2152.20 of the Revised Code;	2124
(2) Suspend the child's driver's license, probationary	2125
driver's license, or temporary instruction permit <u>for a definite</u>	2126
period not exceeding two years or suspend the registration of all	2127
motor vehicles registered in the name of the child for a definite	2128
period not exceeding two years. A child whose license or permit is	2129
so suspended is ineligible for issuance of a license or permit	2130
during the period of suspension. At the end of the period of	2131
suspension, the child shall not be reissued a license or permit	2132
until the child has paid any applicable reinstatement fee and	2133
complied with all requirements governing license reinstatement.	2134
(3) Place the child on community control;	2135
(4) Require the child to make restitution for all damages	2136
caused by the child's traffic violation;	2137
(5)(a) If the child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic	2138
offender for committing a violation of division (A) of section	2139
4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a municipal ordinance that is	2140
substantially equivalent to that division, commit the child, for	2141

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not longer than five days, to either of the following:	2142
(i) $\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$ temporary custody of a detention facility or	2143
district detention facility established under section 2152.41 of	2144
the Revised Code;	2145
(ii) $\frac{1}{10}$ the $\frac{1}{10}$ temporary custody of any school, camp,	2146
institution, or other facility for children operated in whole or	2147
in part for the care of juvenile traffic offenders of that nature	2148
by the county, by a district organized under section 2152.41 or	2149
2151.65 of the Revised Code, or by a private agency or	2150
organization within the state that is authorized and qualified to	2151
provide the care, treatment, or placement required.	2152
(b) If an order of disposition committing a child to the	2153
temporary custody of a home, school, camp, institution, or other	2154
facility of that nature is made under division (A)(5)(a) of this	2155
section, the length of the commitment shall not be reduced or	2156
diminished as a credit for any time that the child was held in a	2157
place of detention or shelter care, or otherwise was detained,	2158
prior to entry of the order of disposition.	2159
(6) If, after making a disposition under divisions $(A)(1)$ to	2160
(5) of this section, the court finds upon further hearing that the	2161
child has failed to comply with the orders of the court and the	2162
child's operation of a motor vehicle constitutes the child a	2163
danger to the child and to others, the court may make any	2164
disposition authorized by divisions $(A)(1)$, (3) , (4) , and (7) of	2165
section 2152.19 of the Revised Code, except that the child may not	2166
be committed to or placed in a secure correctional facility unless	2167
authorized by division $(A)(5)$ of this section, and commitment to	2168
or placement in a detention facility may not exceed twenty-four	2169
hours.	2170

(B) If a child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender for 2171 violating division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised 2172

Code, in addition to any order of disposition made under division	2173
(A) of this section, the court shall suspend <u>impose a class six</u>	2174
suspension of the temporary instruction permit, probationary	2175
driver's license, or driver's license issued to the child for a	2176
definite period of at least three months but not more than two	2177
years or, at the discretion of the court, until from the range	2178
specified in division (A)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised	2179
Code. The court, in its discretion, may terminate the suspension	2180
<u>if</u> the child attends and satisfactorily completes a drug abuse or	2181
alcohol abuse education, intervention, or treatment program	2182
specified by the court. During the time the child is attending the	2183
a program as described in this division, the court shall retain	2184
any the child's temporary instruction permit, probationary	2185
driver's license, or driver's license issued to the child , and <u>the</u>	2186
court shall return the permit or license when the child	2187
satisfactorily completes the program if it terminates the	2188
suspension as described in this division.	2189

- (C) If a child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender for 2190 violating division (B)(1) or (2) of section 4513.263 of the 2191 Revised Code, the court shall impose the appropriate fine set 2192 forth in division (G) of that section 4513.99 of the Revised Code. 2193 If a child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender for 2194 violating division (B)(3) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code 2195 and if the child is sixteen years of age or older, the court shall 2196 impose the fine set forth in division (G)(2) of that section 2197 4513.99 of the Revised Code. If a child is adjudicated a juvenile 2198 traffic offender for violating division (B)(3) of section 4513.263 2199 of the Revised Code and if the child is under sixteen years of 2200 age, the court shall not impose a fine but may place the child on 2201 probation or community control. 2202
- (D) A juvenile traffic offender is subject to sections 2203 4509.01 to 4509.78 of the Revised Code. 2204

Sec. 2743.191. (A) There is hereby created in the state	2205
treasury the reparations fund, which shall be used only for the	2206
payment of awards of reparations that are granted by the attorney	2207
general, the compensation of any personnel needed by the attorney	2208
general to administer sections 2743.51 to 2743.72 of the Revised	2209
Code, the compensation of witnesses as provided in division (B) of	2210
section 2743.65 of the Revised Code, other administrative costs of	2211
hearing and determining claims for an award of reparations by the	2212
attorney general, the costs of administering sections 2907.28 and	2213
2969.01 to 2969.06 of the Revised Code, the costs of investigation	2214
and decision-making as certified by the attorney general, the	2215
provision of state financial assistance to victim assistance	2216
programs in accordance with sections 109.91 and 109.92 of the	2217
Revised Code, the costs of paying the expenses of sex	2218
offense-related examinations and antibiotics pursuant to section	2219
2907.28 of the Revised Code, the cost of printing and distributing	2220
the pamphlet prepared by the attorney general pursuant to section	2221
109.42 of the Revised Code, and, subject to division (D) of	2222
section 2743.71 of the Revised Code, the costs associated with the	2223
printing and providing of information cards or other printed	2224
materials to law enforcement agencies and prosecuting authorities	2225
and with publicizing the availability of awards of reparations	2226
pursuant to section 2743.71 of the Revised Code. All costs paid	2227
pursuant to section 2743.70 of the Revised Code, the portions of	2228
license reinstatement fees mandated by division $\frac{(L)(F)}{(2)}(2)$ of	2229
section 4511.191 of the Revised Code to be credited to the fund,	2230
the portions of the proceeds of the sale of a forfeited vehicle	2231
specified in division $\frac{(D)(C)}{(2)}$ of section 4503.234 of the Revised	2232
Code, payments collected by the department of rehabilitation and	2233
correction from prisoners who voluntarily participate in an	2234
approved work and training program pursuant to division	2235
(C)(8)(b)(ii) of section 5145.16 of the Revised Code, and all	2236

moneys collected by the state pursuant to its right of subrogation 2237 provided in section 2743.72 of the Revised Code shall be deposited 2238 in the fund.

- (B) In making an award of reparations, the attorney general 2240 shall render the award against the state. The award shall be 2241 accomplished only through the following procedure, and the 2242 following procedure may be enforced by writ of mandamus directed 2243 to the appropriate official: 2244
- (1) The attorney general shall provide for payment of the 2245 claimant or providers in the amount of the award. 2246
- (2) The expense shall be charged against all available 2247 unencumbered moneys in the fund. 2248
- (3) If sufficient unencumbered moneys do not exist in the 2249 fund, the attorney general shall make application for payment of 2250 the award out of the emergency purposes account or any other 2251 appropriation for emergencies or contingencies, and payment out of 2252 this account or other appropriation shall be authorized if there 2253 are sufficient moneys greater than the sum total of then pending 2254 emergency purposes account requests or requests for releases from 2255 the other appropriations. 2256
- (4) If sufficient moneys do not exist in the account or any 2257 other appropriation for emergencies or contingencies to pay the 2258 award, the attorney general shall request the general assembly to 2259 make an appropriation sufficient to pay the award, and no payment 2260 shall be made until the appropriation has been made. The attorney 2261 general shall make this appropriation request during the current 2262 biennium and during each succeeding biennium until a sufficient 2263 appropriation is made. If, prior to the time that an appropriation 2264 is made by the general assembly pursuant to this division, the 2265 fund has sufficient unencumbered funds to pay the award or part of 2266 the award, the available funds shall be used to pay the award or 2267

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employee benefits;	2328
(vii) Was temporarily in another state for the purpose of	2329
receiving occupational, vocational, or other job-related training	2330
or instruction required by an employer located within this state	2331
as an express condition of employment or employee benefits;	2332
(viii) Was a full-time student at an academic institution,	2333
college, or university located in another state;	2334
(ix) Had not departed the geographical boundaries of this	2335
state for a period exceeding thirty days or with the intention of	2336
becoming a citizen of another state or establishing a permanent	2337
place of residence in another state.	2338
(b) A dependent of a deceased victim who is described in	2339
division (A)(2)(a) of this section;	2340
(c) A third person, other than a collateral source, who	2341
legally assumes or voluntarily pays the obligations of a victim,	2342
or of a dependent of a victim, who is described in division	2343
(A)(2)(a) of this section, which obligations are incurred as a	2344
result of the criminally injurious conduct that is the subject of	2345
the claim and may include, but are not limited to, medical or	2346
burial expenses;	2347
(d) A person who is authorized to act on behalf of any person	2348
who is described in division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this	2349
section.	2350
(B) "Collateral source" means a source of benefits or	2351
advantages for economic loss otherwise reparable that the victim	2352
or claimant has received, or that is readily available to the	2353
victim or claimant, from any of the following sources:	2354
(1) The offender;	2355
(2) The government of the United States or any of its	2356
agencies, a state or any of its political subdivisions, or an	2357

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instrumentality of two or more states, unless the law providing	2358
for the benefits or advantages makes them excess or secondary to	2359
benefits under sections 2743.51 to 2743.72 of the Revised Code;	2360
(3) Social security, medicare, and medicaid;	2361
(4) State-required, temporary, nonoccupational disability	2362
insurance;	2363
(5) Workers' compensation;	2364
(6) Wage continuation programs of any employer;	2365
(7) Proceeds of a contract of insurance payable to the victim	2366
for loss that the victim sustained because of the criminally	2367
injurious conduct;	2368
(8) A contract providing prepaid hospital and other health	2369
care services, or benefits for disability;	2370
(9) That portion of the proceeds of all contracts of	2371
insurance payable to the claimant on account of the death of the	2372
victim that exceeds fifty thousand dollars;	2373
(10) Any compensation recovered or recoverable under the laws	2374
of another state, district, territory, or foreign country because	2375
the victim was the victim of an offense committed in that state,	2376
district, territory, or country.	2377
"Collateral source" does not include any money, or the	2378
monetary value of any property, that is subject to sections	2379
2969.01 to 2969.06 of the Revised Code.	2380
(C) "Criminally injurious conduct" means one of the	2381
following:	2382
(1) For the purposes of any person described in division	2383
$(\mbox{A})(1)$ of this section, any conduct that occurs or is attempted in	2384
this state; poses a substantial threat of personal injury or	2385
death; and is punishable by fine, imprisonment, or death, or would	2386
be so punishable but for the fact that the person engaging in the	2387

(b) The person engaging in the conduct was using the vehicle

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to flee immediately after committing a felony or an act that would	2419
constitute a felony but for the fact that the person engaging in	2420
the conduct lacked the capacity to commit the felony under the	2421
laws of the state, district, territory, or foreign country in	2422
which the conduct occurred or was attempted;	2423
(c) The person engaging in the conduct was using the vehicle	2424
in a manner that constitutes an OMVI OVI violation;	2425
(d) The conduct occurred on or after July 25, 1990, the	2426
person engaging in the conduct was using the vehicle in a manner	2427
that constitutes a violation of any law of the state, district,	2428
territory, or foreign country in which the conduct occurred, and	2429
that law is substantially similar to a violation of section	2430
2903.08 of the Revised Code.	2431
(3) For the purposes of any person described in division	2432
(A)(1) or (2) of this section, terrorism that occurs within or	2433
outside the territorial jurisdiction of the United States.	2434
(D) "Dependent" means an individual wholly or partially	2435
dependent upon the victim for care and support, and includes a	2436
child of the victim born after the victim's death.	2437
(E) "Economic loss" means economic detriment consisting only	2438
of allowable expense, work loss, funeral expense, unemployment	2439
benefits loss, replacement services loss, cost of crime scene	2440
cleanup, and cost of evidence replacement. If criminally injurious	2441
conduct causes death, economic loss includes a dependent's	2442
economic loss and a dependent's replacement services loss.	2443
Noneconomic detriment is not economic loss; however, economic loss	2444
may be caused by pain and suffering or physical impairment.	2445
	2446
(F)(1) "Allowable expense" means reasonable charges incurred	2447
for reasonably needed products, services, and accommodations,	2448

including those for medical care, rehabilitation, rehabilitative

occupational training, and other remedial treatment and care and 2450 including replacement costs for eyeglasses and other corrective 2451 lenses. It does not include that portion of a charge for a room in 2452 a hospital, clinic, convalescent home, nursing home, or any other 2453 institution engaged in providing nursing care and related services 2454 in excess of a reasonable and customary charge for semiprivate 2455 accommodations, unless accommodations other than semiprivate 2456 accommodations are medically required. 2457

- (2) An immediate family member of a victim of criminally 2458 injurious conduct that consists of a homicide, a sexual assault, 2459 domestic violence, or a severe and permanent incapacitating injury 2460 resulting in paraplegia or a similar life-altering condition, who 2461 requires psychiatric care or counseling as a result of the 2462 criminally injurious conduct, may be reimbursed for that care or 2463 counseling as an allowable expense through the victim's 2464 application. The cumulative allowable expense for care or 2465 counseling of that nature for each family member of a victim of 2466 that type shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars. 2467
- (G) "Work loss" means loss of income from work that the 2468 injured person would have performed if the person had not been 2469 injured and expenses reasonably incurred by the person to obtain 2470 services in lieu of those the person would have performed for 2471 income, reduced by any income from substitute work actually 2472 performed by the person, or by income the person would have earned 2473 in available appropriate substitute work that the person was 2474 capable of performing but unreasonably failed to undertake. 2475
- (H) "Replacement services loss" means expenses reasonably 2476 incurred in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of 2477 those the injured person would have performed, not for income, but 2478 for the benefit of the person's self or family, if the person had 2479 not been injured.
 - (I) "Dependent's economic loss" means loss after a victim's

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death of contributions of things of economic value to the victim's 2482 dependents, not including services they would have received from 2483 the victim if the victim had not suffered the fatal injury, less 2484 expenses of the dependents avoided by reason of the victim's 2485 death. If a minor child of a victim is adopted after the victim's 2486 death, the minor child continues after the adoption to incur a 2487 dependent's economic loss as a result of the victim's death. If 2488 the surviving spouse of a victim remarries, the surviving spouse 2489 continues after the remarriage to incur a dependent's economic 2490 loss as a result of the victim's death. 2491

- (J) "Dependent's replacement services loss" means loss reasonably incurred by dependents after a victim's death in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the victim would have performed for their benefit if the victim had not suffered the fatal injury, less expenses of the dependents avoided by reason of the victim's death and not subtracted in calculating the dependent's economic loss. If a minor child of a victim is adopted after the victim's death, the minor child continues after the adoption to incur a dependent's replacement services loss as a result of the victim's death. If the surviving spouse of a victim remarries, the surviving spouse continues after the remarriage to incur a dependent's replacement services loss as a result of the victim's death.
- (K) "Noneconomic detriment" means pain, suffering,inconvenience, physical impairment, or other nonpecuniary damage.
- (L) "Victim" means a person who suffers personal injury or 2507 death as a result of any of the following: 2508
 - (1) Criminally injurious conduct; 2509
- (2) The good faith effort of any person to prevent criminally 2510injurious conduct; 2511
 - (3) The good faith effort of any person to apprehend a person 2512

was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol

and a drug of abuse combination of them, at the time of the

commission of the offense;

- (4) For purposes of any person described in division (A)(2) 2547 of this section, a violation of any law of the state, district, 2548 territory, or foreign country in which the criminally injurious 2549 conduct occurred, if that law is substantially similar to a 2550 violation described in division (P)(1) or (2) of this section or 2551 if that law is substantially similar to a violation described in 2552 division (P)(3) of this section and the offender was under the 2553 influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of 2554 abuse combination of them, at the time of the commission of the 2555 offense. 2556
- (Q) "Pendency of the claim" for an original reparations 2557 application or supplemental reparations application means the 2558 period of time from the date the criminally injurious conduct upon 2559 which the application is based occurred until the date a final 2560 decision, order, or judgment concerning that original reparations 2561 application or supplemental reparations application is issued. 2562
- (R) "Terrorism" means any activity to which all of the 2563 following apply:
- (1) The activity involves a violent act or an act that is 2565 dangerous to human life. 2566
- (2) The act described in division (R)(1) of this section is 2567 committed within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States 2568 and is a violation of the criminal laws of the United States, this 2569 state, or any other state or the act described in division (R)(1) 2570 of this section is committed outside the territorial jurisdiction 2571 of the United States and would be a violation of the criminal laws 2572 of the United States, this state, or any other state if committed 2573 within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States. 2574

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(3) The activity appears to be intended to do any of the	2575
following:	2576
(a) Intimidate or coerce a civilian population;	2577
(b) Influence the policy of any government by intimidation or	2578
coercion;	2579
(c) Affect the conduct of any government by assassination or	2580
kidnapping.	2581
(4) The activity occurs primarily outside the territorial	2582
jurisdiction of the United States or transcends the national	2583
boundaries of the United States in terms of the means by which the	2584
activity is accomplished, the person or persons that the activity	2585
appears intended to intimidate or coerce, or the area or locale in	2586
which the perpetrator or perpetrators of the activity operate or	2587
seek asylum.	2588
(S) "Transcends the national boundaries of the United States"	2589
means occurring outside the territorial jurisdiction of the United	2590
States in addition to occurring within the territorial	2591
jurisdiction of the United States.	2592
(T) "Cost of crime scene cleanup" means reasonable and	2593
necessary costs of cleaning the scene where the criminally	2594
injurious conduct occurred, not to exceed seven hundred fifty	2595
dollars in the aggregate per claim.	2596
(U) "Cost of evidence replacement" means costs for	2597
replacement of property confiscated for evidentiary purposes	2598
related to the criminally injurious conduct, not to exceed seven	2599
hundred fifty dollars in the aggregate per claim.	2600
(V) "Provider" means any person who provides a victim or	2601
claimant with a product, service, or accommodations that are an	2602
allowable expense or a funeral expense.	2603
(W) "Immediate family member" means an individual who is	2604

2929.14 of the Revised Code.

- (C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of involuntary 2635 manslaughter. Violation of division (A) of this section is a 2636 felony of the first degree. Violation of division (B) of this 2637 section is a felony of the third degree. 2638 (D) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2639 violation of division (A) or (B) of this section and if the 2640 felony, misdemeanor, or regulatory offense that the offender 2641 committed or attempted to commit, that proximately resulted in the 2642 death of the other person or the unlawful termination of another's 2643 pregnancy, and that is the basis of the offender's violation of 2644 division (A) or (B) of this section was a violation of division 2645 (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a 2646 substantially equivalent municipal ordinance or included, as an 2647 element of that felony, misdemeanor, or regulatory offense, the 2648 offender's operation or participation in the operation of a 2649 snowmobile, locomotive, watercraft, or aircraft while the offender 2650 was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol 2651 and a drug of abuse, both of the following apply: 2652 (1) The court shall permanently revoke impose a class one 2653 suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial driver's 2654 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege pursuant to 2655 as specified in division (A)(1) of section 4507.16 4510.02 of the 2656 Revised Code. 2657 (2) The court shall impose a mandatory prison term for the 2658 violation of division (A) or (B) of this section from the range of 2659 prison terms authorized for the level of the offense under section 2660
- sec. 2903.06. (A) No person, while operating or participating 2662
 in the operation of a motor vehicle, motorcycle, snowmobile, 2663
 locomotive, watercraft, or aircraft, shall cause the death of 2664
 another or the unlawful termination of another's pregnancy in any 2665

permanently revoke impose upon the offender a class one suspension

of the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,

temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident

operating privilege pursuant to as specified in division (A)(1) of

section 4507.16 4510.02 of the Revised Code.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this division, aggravated 2702 vehicular homicide committed in violation of division (A)(2) of 2703 this section is a felony of the third degree. Aggravated vehicular 2704 homicide committed in violation of division (A)(2) of this section 2705 is a felony of the second degree if, at the time of the offense, 2706 the offender was driving under a suspension imposed under Chapter 2707 4507. of the Revised Code 4510. or any other provision of the 2708 Revised Code or if the offender previously has been convicted of 2709 or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or any 2710 traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense. 2711

In addition to any other sanctions imposed, the court shall

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suspend impose upon the offender a class two suspension of the

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offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,

temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident

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operating privilege for a definite period of three years to life

pursuant to from the range specified in division (A)(2) of section

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4507.16 4510.02 of the Revised Code.

(2) Whoever violates division (A)(3) of this section is 2719 guilty of vehicular homicide. Except as otherwise provided in this 2720 division, vehicular homicide is a misdemeanor of the first degree. 2721 Vehicular homicide is a felony of the fourth degree if, at the 2722 time of the offense, the offender was driving under a suspension 2723 or revocation imposed under Chapter 4507. or any other provision 2724 of the Revised Code or if the offender previously has been 2725 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or 2726 any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense. 2727

In addition to any other sanctions imposed, the court shall

suspend impose upon the offender a class four suspension of the 2729 offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 2730 temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 2731 operating privilege for a definite period of one to five years 2732 pursuant to from the range specified in division (A)(4) of section 2733 4507.16 4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the offender previously 2734 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this 2735 section or any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault 2736 offense, for a definite period of two to ten years pursuant to a 2737 class three suspension of the offender's driver's license, 2738 commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit, 2739 probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege from the 2740 range specified in division (A)(3) of that section. 2741

(3) Whoever violates division (A)(4) of this section is 2742 guilty of vehicular manslaughter. Except as otherwise provided in 2743 this division, vehicular manslaughter is a misdemeanor of the 2744 second degree. Vehicular manslaughter is a misdemeanor of the 2745 first degree if, at the time of the offense, the offender was 2746 driving under a suspension imposed under Chapter 4507. 4510. or 2747 any other provision of the Revised Code or if the offender 2748 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation 2749 of this section or any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or 2750 assault offense. 2751

In addition to any other sanctions imposed, the court shall 2752 suspend impose upon the offender a class six suspension of the 2753 offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 2754 temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 2755 operating privilege for a definite period of three months to two 2756 years pursuant to from the range specified in division (A)(6) of 2757 section 4507.16 4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the offender 2758 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation 2759 of this section or any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or 2760

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offense includes any violation of any substantially equivalent	2792
municipal ordinance, former law of this state, or current or	2793
former law of another state or the United States.	2794
Sec. 2903.08. (A) No person, while operating or participating	2795
in the operation of a motor vehicle, motorcycle, snowmobile,	2796
locomotive, watercraft, or aircraft, shall cause serious physical	2797
harm to another person or another's unborn in either of the	2798
following ways:	2799
	2100
(1) As the proximate result of committing a violation of	2800
division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a	2801
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance;	2802
(2) Recklessly.	2803
(B)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(1) of this section is	2804
guilty of aggravated vehicular assault. Except as otherwise	2805
provided in this division, aggravated vehicular assault is a	2806
felony of the third degree. Aggravated vehicular assault is a	2807
felony of the second degree if, at the time of the offense, the	2808
offender was driving under a suspension imposed under Chapter	2809
4507. 4510. or any other provision of the Revised Code or if the	2810
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	2811
violation of this section; any traffic-related homicide,	2812
manslaughter, or assault offense; three prior violations of	2813
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent	2814
municipal ordinance within the previous six years; or a second or	2815
subsequent felony violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of	2816
the Revised Code.	2817
In addition to any other sanctions imposed, the court shall	2818
suspend impose upon the offender a class three suspension of the	2819
offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	2820
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident	2821
operating privilege for a definite period of two to ten years	2822

pursuant to from the range specified in division (A)(3) of section	2823
4507.16 4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the offender previously	2824
has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this	2825
section or any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault	2826
offense, for a definite period of three years to life pursuant to	2827
a class two suspension of the offender's driver's license,	2828
commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit,	2829
probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege from the	2830
range specified in division (A)(2) of that section.	2831

(2) Whoever violates division (A)(2) of this section is 2832 guilty of vehicular assault. Except as otherwise provided in this 2833 division, vehicular assault is a felony of the fourth degree. 2834 Vehicular assault is a felony of the third degree if, at the time 2835 of the offense, the offender was driving under a suspension 2836 imposed under Chapter 4507. 4510. or any other provision of the 2837 Revised Code or if the offender previously has been convicted of 2838 or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or any 2839 traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense. 2840

In addition to any other sanctions imposed, the court shall 2841 suspend impose upon the offender a class four suspension of the 2842 offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 2843 temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 2844 operating privilege for a definite period of one to five years 2845 pursuant to from the range specified in division (A)(4) of section 2846 4507.16 4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the offender previously 2847 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this 2848 section or any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault 2849 offense, for a definite period of two to ten years pursuant to a 2850 class three suspension of the offender's driver's license, 2851 commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit, 2852 probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege from the 2853 range specified in division (A)(3) of that section. 2854

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(C) The court shall impose a mandatory prison term on an 2855 offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of 2856 division (A)(1) of this section. The court shall impose a 2857 mandatory prison term on an offender who is convicted of or pleads 2858 guilty to a violation of division (A)(2) of this section if either 2859 of the following applies: 2860 (1) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded 2861 quilty to a violation of this section or section 2903.06 of the 2862 Revised Code. 2863 (2) At the time of the offense, the offender was driving 2864 under suspension under Chapter 4507. 4510. or any other provision 2865 of the Revised Code. 2866 (D) As used in this section: 2867 (1) "Mandatory prison term" has the same meaning as in 2868 section 2929.01 of the Revised Code. 2869 (2) "Traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault 2870 offense" has the same meaning as in section 2903.06 of the Revised 2871 Code. 2872 (E) For the purposes of this section, when a penalty or 2873 suspension is enhanced because of a prior or current violation of 2874 a specified law or a prior or current specified offense, the 2875 reference to the violation of the specified law or the specified 2876 offense includes any violation of any substantially equivalent 2877 municipal ordinance, former law of this state, or current or 2878 former law of another state or the United States. 2879 Sec. 2907.24. (A) No person shall solicit another to engage 2880 with such other person in sexual activity for hire. 2881

(B) No person, with knowledge that the person has tested

immunodeficiency syndrome, shall engage in conduct in violation of

positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired

division (A) of this section.

- (C)(1) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is 2886 quilty of soliciting, a misdemeanor of the third degree. 2887
- (2) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is guilty 2888 of engaging in solicitation after a positive HIV test. If the 2889 offender commits the violation prior to July 1, 1996, engaging in 2890 solicitation after a positive HIV test is a felony of the second 2891 degree. If the offender commits the violation on or after July 1, 2892 1996, engaging in solicitation after a positive HIV test is a 2893 felony of the third degree. 2894
- (D) If a person is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 2895 violation of any provision of this section, an attempt to commit a 2896 violation of any provision of this section, or a violation of or 2897 an attempt to commit a violation of a municipal ordinance that is 2898 substantially equivalent to any provision of this section and if 2899 the person, in committing or attempting to commit the violation, 2900 was in, was on, or used a motor vehicle, the court, in addition to 2901 or independent of all other penalties imposed for the violation, 2902 shall impose upon the offender a class six suspension of the 2903 person's driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary 2904 instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating 2905 privilege from the range specified in division (A)(6) of section 2906 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 2907
- Sec. 2919.22. (A) No person, who is the parent, guardian, 2908 custodian, person having custody or control, or person in loco 2909 parentis of a child under eighteen years of age or a mentally or 2910 physically handicapped child under twenty-one years of age, shall 2911 create a substantial risk to the health or safety of the child, by 2912 violating a duty of care, protection, or support. It is not a 2913 violation of a duty of care, protection, or support under this 2914 division when the parent, guardian, custodian, or person having 2915

- violation of this division and a violation of division (A) of 2947 section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that constitutes the basis of 2948 the charge of the violation of this division. For purposes of 2949 section sections 4511.191 to 4511.197 of the Revised Code and all 2950 related provisions of law, a person arrested for a violation of 2951 this division shall be considered to be under arrest for operating 2952 a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, 2953 or alcohol and a drug of abuse a combination of them or for 2954 operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in 2955 the whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine. 2956
- (2) As used in division (C)(1) of this section, "vehicle," 2957
 "streetcar," and "trackless trolley" have the same meanings as in 2958
 section 4511.01 of the Revised Code. 2959
- (D)(1) Division (B)(5) of this section does not apply to any 2960 material or performance that is produced, presented, or 2961 disseminated for a bona fide medical, scientific, educational, 2962 religious, governmental, judicial, or other proper purpose, by or 2963 to a physician, psychologist, sociologist, scientist, teacher, 2964 person pursuing bona fide studies or research, librarian, member 2965 of the clergy, prosecutor, judge, or other person having a proper 2966 interest in the material or performance. 2967
- (2) Mistake of age is not a defense to a charge under 2968 division (B)(5) of this section. 2969
- (3) In a prosecution under division (B)(5) of this section, 2970 the trier of fact may infer that an actor, model, or participant 2971 in the material or performance involved is a juvenile if the 2972 material or performance, through its title, text, visual 2973 representation, or otherwise, represents or depicts the actor, 2974 model, or participant as a juvenile. 2975
- (4) As used in this division and division (B)(5) of this 2976 section:

(a) "Material," "performance," "obscene," and "sexual	2978
activity" have the same meanings as in section 2907.01 of the	2979
Revised Code.	2980
(b) "Nudity-oriented matter" means any material or	2981
performance that shows a minor in a state of nudity and that,	2982
taken as a whole by the average person applying contemporary	2983
community standards, appeals to prurient interest.	2984
(c) "Sexually oriented matter" means any material or	2985
performance that shows a minor participating or engaging in sexual	2986
activity, masturbation, or bestiality.	2987
(E)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of endangering	2988
children.	2989
(2) If the offender violates division (A) or (B)(1) of this	2990
section, endangering children is one of the following:	2991
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (E)(2)(b), (c),	2992
or (d) of this section, a misdemeanor of the first degree;	2993
(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of an	2994
offense under this section or of any offense involving neglect,	2995
abandonment, contributing to the delinquency of, or physical abuse	2996
of a child, except as otherwise provided in division $(E)(2)(c)$ or	2997
(d) of this section, a felony of the fourth degree;	2998
(c) If the violation is a violation of division (A) of this	2999
section and results in serious physical harm to the child	3000
involved, a felony of the third degree;	3001
(d) If the violation is a violation of division (B)(1) of	3002
this section and results in serious physical harm to the child	3003
involved, a felony of the second degree.	3004
(3) If the offender violates division $(B)(2)$, (3) , or (4) of	3005
this section, except as otherwise provided in this division,	3006

endangering children is a felony of the third degree. If the

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violation results in serious physical harm to the child involved,	3008
or if the offender previously has been convicted of an offense	3009
under this section or of any offense involving neglect,	3010
abandonment, contributing to the delinquency of, or physical abuse	3011
of a child, endangering children is a felony of the second degree.	3012
(4) If the offender violates division (B)(5) of this section,	3013
endangering children is a felony of the second degree.	3014
(5) If the offender violates division (C) of this section,	3015
the offender shall be punished as follows:	3016
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (E)(5)(b) or (c)	3017
of this section, endangering children in violation of division (C)	3018
of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree.	3019
(b) If the violation results in serious physical harm to the	3020
child involved or the offender previously has been convicted of an	3021
offense under this section or any offense involving neglect,	3022
abandonment, contributing to the delinquency of, or physical abuse	3023
of a child, except as otherwise provided in division (E)(5)(c) of	3024
this section, endangering children in violation of division (C) of	3025
this section is a felony of the fifth degree.	3026
(c) If the violation results in serious physical harm to the	3027
child involved and if the offender previously has been convicted	3028
of a violation of division (C) of this section, section 2903.06 or	3029
2903.08 of the Revised Code, section 2903.07 of the Revised Code	3030
as it existed prior to March 23, 2000, or section 2903.04 of the	3031
Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the	3032
sanctions described in division (D) of that section, endangering	3033
children in violation of division (C) of this section is a felony	3034
of the fourth degree.	3035

(d) In addition to any term of imprisonment, fine, or other
 sentence, penalty, or sanction it imposes upon the offender
 pursuant to division (E)(5)(a), (b), or (c) of this section or
 3036

pursuant to any other provision of law, the court also may impose 3039

upon the offender one or both of the following sanctions: 3040

- (i) It may require the offender, as part of the offender's 3041 sentence and in the manner described in division (F) of this 3042 section, to perform not more than two hundred hours of supervised 3043 community service work under the authority of any agency, 3044 political subdivision, or charitable organization of the type 3045 described in division (F)(1) of section 2951.02 of the Revised 3046 Code, provided that the court shall not require the offender to 3047 perform supervised community service work under this division 3048 unless the offender agrees to perform the supervised community 3049 service work. 3050
- (ii) It may suspend the driver's or commercial driver's 3051 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege of the 3052 offender for up to ninety days, and in addition to any suspension 3053 or revocation of the offender's driver's or commercial driver's 3054 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege under Chapter 3055 4506., 4507., 4509., 4510., or 4511. of the Revised Code or under 3056 any other provision of law, the court also may impose upon the 3057 offender a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's or 3058 commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 3059 privilege from the range specified in division (A)(7) of section 3060 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 3061
- (e) In addition to any term of imprisonment, fine, or other 3062 sentence, penalty, or sanction imposed upon the offender pursuant 3063 to division (E)(5)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section or 3064 pursuant to any other provision of law for the violation of 3065 division (C) of this section, if as part of the same trial or 3066 proceeding the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3067 separate charge charging the violation of division (A) of section 3068 4511.19 of the Revised Code that was the basis of the charge of 3069 the violation of division (C) of this section, the offender also 3070

shall be sentenced, in accordance with section 4511.99 4511.19 of	3071
the Revised Code, for that violation of division (A) of section	3072
4511.19 of the Revised Code and also shall be subject to all other	3073
sanctions that are required or authorized by any provision of law	3074
for that violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the	3075
Revised Code.	3076

- (F)(1)(a) If a A court, pursuant to division (E)(5)(d)(i) of 3077 this section, requires may require an offender to perform not more 3078 than two hundred hours of supervised community service work under 3079 the authority of an agency, subdivision, or charitable 3080 organization, if the offender agrees to perform the supervised 3081 community service work. The requirement shall be part of the 3082 community control sanction or sentence of the offender, and the 3083 court shall impose the community service in accordance with and 3084 subject to divisions (F)(1)(a) and (b) of this section. The court 3085 may require an offender whom it requires to perform supervised 3086 community service work as part of the offender's community control 3087 sanction or sentence to pay the court a reasonable fee to cover 3088 the costs of the offender's participation in the work, including, 3089 but not limited to, the costs of procuring a policy or policies of 3090 liability insurance to cover the period during which the offender 3091 will perform the work. If the court requires the offender to 3092 perform supervised community service work as part of the 3093 offender's community control sanction or sentence, the court shall 3094 do so in accordance with the following limitations and criteria: 3095
- (i) The court shall require that the community service work 3096 be performed after completion of the term of imprisonment imposed 3097 upon the offender for the violation of division (C) of this 3098 section, if applicable.
- (ii) The supervised community service work shall be subject 3100to the limitations set forth in divisions (F)(1)(a) to (c) of 3101section 2951.02 of the Revised Code. 3102

- (iii) The community service work shall be supervised in the 3103 manner described in division (F)(1)(d) of section 2951.02 of the 3104 Revised Code by an official or person with the qualifications 3105 described in that division. The official or person periodically 3106 shall report in writing to the court concerning the conduct of the 3107 offender in performing the work. 3108
- (iv) The court shall inform the offender in writing that if 3109 the offender does not adequately perform, as determined by the 3110 court, all of the required community service work, the court may 3111 order that the offender be committed to a jail or workhouse for a 3112 period of time that does not exceed the term of imprisonment that 3113 the court could have imposed upon the offender for the violation 3114 of division (C) of this section, reduced by the total amount of 3115 time that the offender actually was imprisoned under the sentence 3116 or term that was imposed upon the offender for that violation and 3117 by the total amount of time that the offender was confined for any 3118 reason arising out of the offense for which the offender was 3119 convicted and sentenced as described in sections 2949.08 and 3120 2967.191 of the Revised Code, and that, if the court orders that 3121 the offender be so committed, the court is authorized, but not 3122 required, to grant the offender credit upon the period of the 3123 commitment for the community service work that the offender 3124 adequately performed. 3125
- (b) If a court, pursuant to this division and division 3126 $\frac{(E)(5)(d)(i)(F)(1)(a)}{(E)(E)(E)(E)(E)(E)}$ of this section, orders an offender to 3127 perform community service work as part of the offender's community 3128 control sanction or sentence and if the offender does not 3129 adequately perform all of the required community service work, as 3130 determined by the court, the court may order that the offender be 3131 committed to a jail or workhouse for a period of time that does 3132 not exceed the term of imprisonment that the court could have 3133 imposed upon the offender for the violation of division (C) of 3134

this section, reduced by the total amount of time that the	3135
offender actually was imprisoned under the sentence or term that	3136
was imposed upon the offender for that violation and by the total	3137
amount of time that the offender was confined for any reason	3138
arising out of the offense for which the offender was convicted	3139
and sentenced as described in sections 2949.08 and 2967.191 of the	3140
Revised Code. The court may order that a person committed pursuant	3141
to this division shall receive hour-for-hour credit upon the	3142
period of the commitment for the community service work that the	3143
offender adequately performed. No commitment pursuant to this	3144
division shall exceed the period of the term of imprisonment that	3145
the sentencing court could have imposed upon the offender for the	3146
violation of division (C) of this section, reduced by the total	3147
amount of time that the offender actually was imprisoned under	3148
that sentence or term and by the total amount of time that the	3149
offender was confined for any reason arising out of the offense	3150
for which the offender was convicted and sentenced as described in	3151
sections 2949.08 and 2967.191 of the Revised Code.	3152

- (2) Divisions (E)(5)(d)(i) and Division (F)(1) of this 3153 section do does not limit or affect the authority of the court to 3154 suspend the sentence imposed upon a misdemeanor offender and place 3155 the offender on probation or otherwise suspend the sentence 3156 pursuant to sections 2929.51 and 2951.02 of the Revised Code, to 3157 require the misdemeanor offender, as a condition of the offender's 3158 probation or of otherwise suspending the offender's sentence, to 3159 perform supervised community service work in accordance with 3160 division (F) of section 2951.02 of the Revised Code, or to place a 3161 felony offender under a community control sanction. 3162
- (G)(1) If a court suspends an offender's driver's or 3163 commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 3164 privilege under division (E)(5)(d)(ii) of this section, the period 3165 of the suspension shall be consecutive to, and commence after, the 3166

(f) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of

section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that

is substantially similar to either of those divisions;

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(g) Division $(A)(2)$, (3) , or (4) of section 2903.06, division	3198
(A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the	3199
Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially	3200
similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a	3201
case in which the jury or judge found that the offender was under	3202
the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug	3203
of abuse;	3204
(h) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a	3205
municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any	3206
other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B)	3207
of section 4511.19 Any equivalent offense, as defined in section	3208
4511.181 of the Revised Code.	3209
(3) Any other offender who is not described in division	3210
(G)(2) of this section and whose license, permit, or nonresident	3210
operating privilege has been suspended under division	3211
	3212
(E)(5)(d)(ii) of this section may file with the sentencing court a	3213
petition alleging that the suspension would seriously affect the	0221
offender's ability to continue employment. Upon satisfactory proof	3215
that there is reasonable cause to believe that the suspension	3216
would seriously affect the offender's ability to continue	3217
employment, the court may grant the offender occupational driving	3218
privileges during the period during which the suspension otherwise	3219
would be imposed, except that the court shall not grant	3220
occupational driving privileges for employment as a driver of	3221
commercial motor vehicles to any person who is disqualified from	3222
operating a commercial motor vehicle under section 3123.611 or	3223
4506.16 of the Revised Code or whose commercial driver's license	3224
or commercial driver's temporary instruction permit has been	3225
suspended under section 3123.58 of the Revised Code.	3226
(H)(1) If a person violates division (C) of this section and	3227
if, at the time of the violation, there were two or more children	3228
under eighteen years of age in the motor vehicle involved in the	3229

- violation, the offender may be convicted of a violation of 3230 division (C) of this section for each of the children, but the 3231 court may sentence the offender for only one of the violations. 3232
- (2)(a) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3233 violation of division (C) of this section but the person is not 3234 also convicted of and does not also plead guilty to a separate 3235 charge charging the violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 3236 of the Revised Code that was the basis of the charge of the 3237 violation of division (C) of this section, both of the following 3238 apply: 3239
- (i) For purposes of the provisions of section 4511.99 4511.19 3240 of the Revised Code that set forth the penalties and sanctions for 3241 a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised 3242 Code, the conviction of or plea of guilty to the violation of 3243 division (C) of this section shall not constitute a violation of 3244 division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code; 3245
- (ii) For purposes of any provision of law that refers to a 3246 conviction of or plea of guilty to a violation of division (A) of 3247 section 4511.19 of the Revised Code and that is not described in 3248 division (H)(2)(a)(i) of this section, the conviction of or plea 3249 of guilty to the violation of division (C) of this section shall 3250 constitute a conviction of or plea of guilty to a violation of 3251 division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. 3252
- (b) If a person is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 3253 violation of division (C) of this section and the person also is 3254 convicted of or pleads guilty to a separate charge charging the 3255 violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code 3256 that was the basis of the charge of the violation of division (C) 3257 of this section, the conviction of or plea of quilty to the 3258 violation of division (C) of this section shall not constitute, 3259 for purposes of any provision of law that refers to a conviction 3260 of or plea of guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 3261

(ix) Any other relevant factors indicating that the	3320
offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally	3321
constituting the offense.	3322
(D) If an offender is sentenced pursuant to division (C)(4)	3323
or (5) of this section for a violation of division (B) of this	3324
section, and if the offender is sentenced to a prison term for	3325
that violation, the offender shall serve the prison term	3326
consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term	3327
imposed upon the offender.	3328
(E) In addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation	3329
of this section, the court shall impose a class two suspension	3330
from the range specified in division (A)(2) of section 4510.02 of	3331
the Revised Code. If the offender previously has been found guilty	3332
of an offense under this section, the court shall impose a class	3333
one suspension as described in division (A)(1) of that section.	3334
The court shall not grant limited driving privileges to the	3335
offender. No judge shall suspend the first three years of	3336
suspension under a class two suspension of an offender's license,	3337
permit, or privilege required by this division on any portion of	3338
the suspension under a class one suspension of an offender's	3339
license, permit, or privilege required by this division.	3340
(F) As used in this section:	3341
(1) "Moving violation" has the same meaning as in section	3342
2743.70 of the Revised Code.	3343
(2) "Police officer" has the same meaning as in section	3344
4511.01 of the Revised Code.	3345
Sec. 2923.01. (A) No person, with purpose to commit or to	3346
promote or facilitate the commission of aggravated murder, murder,	3347
kidnapping, compelling prostitution, promoting prostitution,	3348
aggravated arson, arson, aggravated robbery, robbery, aggravated	3349

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burglary, burglary, engaging in a pattern of corrupt activity,	3350
corrupting another with drugs, a felony drug trafficking,	3351
manufacturing, processing, or possession offense, theft of drugs,	3352
or illegal processing of drug documents, the commission of a	3353
felony offense of unauthorized use of a vehicle, or the commission	3354
of a violation of any provision of Chapter 3734. of the Revised	3355
Code, other than section 3734.18 of the Revised Code, that relates	3356
to hazardous wastes, shall do either of the following:	3357
(1) With another person or persons, plan or aid in planning	3358
the commission of any of the specified offenses;	3359
(2) Agree with another person or persons that one or more of	3360
them will engage in conduct that facilitates the commission of any	3361
of the specified offenses.	3362
(B) No person shall be convicted of conspiracy unless a	3363
substantial overt act in furtherance of the conspiracy is alleged	3364
and proved to have been done by the accused or a person with whom	3365
the accused conspired, subsequent to the accused's entrance into	3366
the conspiracy. For purposes of this section, an overt act is	3367
substantial when it is of a character that manifests a purpose on	3368
the part of the actor that the object of the conspiracy should be	3369
completed.	3370
(C) When the offender knows or has reasonable cause to	3371
believe that a person with whom the offender conspires also has	3372
conspired or is conspiring with another to commit the same	3373
offense, the offender is guilty of conspiring with that other	3374
person, even though the other person's identity may be unknown to	3375
the offender.	3376
(D) It is no defense to a charge under this section that, in	3377
retrospect, commission of the offense that was the object of the	3378

conspiracy was impossible under the circumstances.

(E) A conspiracy terminates when the offense or offenses that

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are its objects are committed or when it is abandoned by all	3381
conspirators. In the absence of abandonment, it is no defense to a	3382
charge under this section that no offense that was the object of	3383
the conspiracy was committed.	3384
(F) A person who conspires to commit more than one offense is	3385
guilty of only one conspiracy, when the offenses are the object of	3386
the same agreement or continuous conspiratorial relationship.	3387
(G) When a person is convicted of committing or attempting to	3388
commit a specific offense or of complicity in the commission of or	3389
attempt to commit the specific offense, the person shall not be	3390
convicted of conspiracy involving the same offense.	3391
(H)(1) No person shall be convicted of conspiracy upon the	3392
testimony of a person with whom the defendant conspired,	3393
unsupported by other evidence.	3394
(2) If a person with whom the defendant allegedly has	3395
conspired testifies against the defendant in a case in which the	3396
defendant is charged with conspiracy and if the testimony is	3397
supported by other evidence, the court, when it charges the jury,	3398
shall state substantially the following:	3399
"The testimony of an accomplice that is supported by other	3400
evidence does not become inadmissible because of the accomplice's	3401
complicity, moral turpitude, or self-interest, but the admitted or	3402
claimed complicity of a witness may affect the witness'	3403
credibility and make the witness' testimony subject to grave	3404
suspicion, and require that it be weighed with great caution.	3405
It is for you, as jurors, in the light of all the facts	3406
presented to you from the witness stand, to evaluate such	3407
testimony and to determine its quality and worth or its lack of	3408
quality and worth."	3409
	0.4.1.0

(3) "Conspiracy," as used in division (H)(1) of this section,

does not include any conspiracy that results in an attempt to

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fifth degree.	3442
(K) This section does not define a separate conspiracy	3443
offense or penalty where conspiracy is defined as an offense by	3444
one or more sections of the Revised Code, other than this section.	3445
In such a case, however:	3446
(1) With respect to the offense specified as the object of	3447
the conspiracy in the other section or sections, division (A) of	3448
this section defines the voluntary act or acts and culpable mental	3449
state necessary to constitute the conspiracy;	3450
(2) Divisions (B) to (I) of this section are incorporated by	3451
reference in the conspiracy offense defined by the other section	3452
or sections of the Revised Code.	3453
(L)(1) In addition to the penalties that otherwise are	3454
imposed for conspiracy, a person who is found guilty of conspiracy	3455
to engage in a pattern of corrupt activity is subject to divisions	3456
(B)(2), (3), (4), and (5) of section 2923.32 of the Revised Code.	3457
(2) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to	3458
conspiracy and if the most serious offense that is the object of	3459
the conspiracy is a felony drug trafficking, manufacturing,	3460
processing, or possession offense, in addition to the penalties or	3461
sanctions that may be imposed for the conspiracy under division	3462
$(\mathtt{J})(\mathtt{2})$ or $(\mathtt{4})$ of this section and Chapter 2929. of the Revised	3463
Code, both of the following apply:	3464
(a) The provisions of divisions (D), (F), and (G) of section	3465
2925.03, division (D) of section 2925.04, division (D) of section	3466
2925.05, division (D) of section 2925.06, and division (E) of	3467
section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that pertain to mandatory and	3468
additional fines, driver's or commercial driver's license or	3469
permit revocations or suspensions, and professionally licensed	3470
persons or persons who have been admitted to the bar by order of	3471
the supreme court and that would apply under the appropriate	3472

provisions of those divisions to a person who is convicted of or	3473
pleads guilty to the felony drug trafficking, manufacturing,	3474
processing, or possession offense that is the most serious offense	3475
that is the basis of the conspiracy shall apply to the person who	3476
is convicted of or pleads guilty to the conspiracy as if the	3477
person had been convicted of or pleaded guilty to the felony drug	3478
trafficking, manufacturing, processing, or possession offense that	3479
is the most serious offense that is the basis of the conspiracy.	3480
(b) The court that imposes sentence upon the person who is	3481
convicted of or pleads guilty to the conspiracy shall comply with	3482
the provisions identified as being applicable under division	3483
(L)(2) of this section, in addition to any other penalty or	3484
sanction that it imposes for the conspiracy under division $(J)(2)$	3485
or (4) of this section and Chapter 2929. of the Revised Code.	3486
(M) As used in this section 7:	3487
(1) "felony Felony drug trafficking, manufacturing,	3488
processing, or possession offense" means any of the following that	3489
is a felony:	3490
(1) (a) A violation of section 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, or	3491
2925.06 of the Revised Code;	3492
(2)(b) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code	3493
that is not a minor drug possession offense.	3494
(2) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning as	3495
defined in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	3496
Sec. 2923.122. (A) No person shall knowingly convey, or	3497
attempt to convey, a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance into a	3498
school safety zone.	3499
(B) No person shall knowingly possess a deadly weapon or	3500
dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone.	3501
(C) No person shall knowingly possess an object in a school	3502

safety zone if both of the following apply:

(1) The object is indistinguishable from a firearm, whether 3504

or not the object is capable of being fired. 3505

(2) The person indicates that the person possesses the object 3506and that it is a firearm, or the person knowingly displays or 3507brandishes the object and indicates that it is a firearm. 3508

(D) This section does not apply to officers, agents, or 3509 employees of this or any other state or the United States, or to 3510 law enforcement officers, authorized to carry deadly weapons or 3511 dangerous ordnance and acting within the scope of their duties, to 3512 any security officer employed by a board of education or governing 3513 body of a school during the time that the security officer is on 3514 duty pursuant to that contract of employment, or to any other 3515 person who has written authorization from the board of education 3516 or governing body of a school to convey deadly weapons or 3517 dangerous ordnance into a school safety zone or to possess a 3518 deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone and 3519 who conveys or possesses the deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance 3520 in accordance with that authorization. 3521

Division (C) of this section does not apply to premises upon 3522 which home schooling is conducted. Division (C) of this section 3523 also does not apply to a school administrator, teacher, or 3524 employee who possesses an object that is indistinguishable from a 3525 firearm for legitimate school purposes during the course of 3526 employment, a student who uses an object that is indistinguishable 3527 from a firearm under the direction of a school administrator, 3528 teacher, or employee, or any other person who with the express 3529 prior approval of a school administrator possesses an object that 3530 is indistinguishable from a firearm for a legitimate purpose, 3531 including the use of the object in a ceremonial activity, a play, 3532 reenactment, or other dramatic presentation, or a ROTC activity or 3533 another similar use of the object. 3534

(E)(1) Whoever violates division (A) or (B) of this section	3535
is guilty of illegal conveyance or possession of a deadly weapon	3536
or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone. Except as otherwise	3537
provided in this division, illegal conveyance or possession of a	3538
deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone is a	3539
felony of the fifth degree. If the offender previously has been	3540
convicted of a violation of this section, illegal conveyance or	3541
possession of a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school	3542
safety zone is a felony of the fourth degree.	3543
(2) Whoever violates division (C) of this section is guilty	3544
of illegal possession of an object indistinguishable from a	3545
firearm in a school safety zone. Except as otherwise provided in	3546
this division, illegal possession of an object indistinguishable	3547
from a firearm in a school safety zone is a misdemeanor of the	3548
first degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of a	3549
violation of this section, illegal possession of an object	3550
indistinguishable from a firearm in a school safety zone is a	3551
felony of the fifth degree.	3552
(F)(1) In addition to any other penalty imposed upon a person	3553
who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of this	3554
section and subject to division $(F)(2)$ of this section, if the	3555
offender has not attained nineteen years of age, regardless of	3556
whether the offender is attending or is enrolled in a school	3557
operated by a board of education or for which the state board of	3558
education prescribes minimum standards under section 3301.07 of	3559
the Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender	3560
whichever of the following penalties applies:	3561
(a) If the offender has been issued a class four suspension	3562
of the offender's probationary driver's license, restricted	3563
license, driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary	3564
instruction permit, or probationary commercial driver's license	3565

that then is in effect, the court shall suspend for a period of

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not less than twelve months and not more than thirty-six months	3567
that license of the offender.	3568
(b) If the offender has been issued a temporary instruction	3569
permit that then is in effect, the court shall revoke it and deny	3570
the offender the issuance of another temporary instruction permit,	3571
and the period of denial shall be for not less than twelve months	3572
and not more than thirty-six months.	3573
(c) If the offender has been issued a commercial driver's	3574
license temporary instruction permit that then is in effect, the	3575
court shall suspend the offender's driver's license, revoke the	3576
commercial driver's license temporary instruction permit, and deny	3577
the offender the issuance of another commercial driver's license	3578
temporary instruction permit, and the period of suspension plus	3579
the period of denial shall total not less than twelve months and	3580
not more than thirty six months.	3581
(d) If, on the date the court imposes sentence upon the	3582
offender for a violation of this section, the offender has not	3583
been issued any type of license that then is in effect to operate	3584
a motor vehicle in this state or a temporary instruction permit	3585
that then is in effect, the court from the range specified in	3586
division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code and shall	3587
deny the offender the issuance of a temporary instruction any	3588
permit for a or license of that type during the period of not less	3589
than twelve months and not more than thirty-six months the	3590
suspension.	3591
(e) If the offender is not a resident of this state, the	3592
court shall suspend for a period of not less than twelve months	3593
and not more than thirty six months impose a class four suspension	3594
$\underline{\text{of}}$ the nonresident operating privilege of the offender $\underline{\text{from the}}$	3595
range specified in division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the	3596
Revised Code.	3597

(2) If the offender shows good cause why the court should not	3598
suspend or revoke one of the types of licenses, permits, or	3599
privileges specified in division (F)(1) of this section or deny	3600
the issuance of one of the temporary instruction permits specified	3601
in that division, the court in its discretion may choose not to	3602
impose the suspension, revocation, or denial required in that	3603
division.	3604
(G) As used in this section, "object that is	3605
indistinguishable from a firearm" means an object made,	3606
constructed, or altered so that, to a reasonable person without	3607
specialized training in firearms, the object appears to be a	3608
firearm.	3609
Sec. 2925.01. As used in this chapter:	3610
(A) "Administer," "controlled substance," "dispense,"	3611
"distribute," "hypodermic," "manufacturer," "official written	3612
order," "person," "pharmacist," "pharmacy," "sale," "schedule I,"	3613
"schedule II," "schedule III," "schedule IV," "schedule V," and	3614
"wholesaler" have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of the	3615
Revised Code.	3616
(B) "Drug dependent person" and "drug of abuse" have the same	3617
meanings as in section 3719.011 of the Revised Code.	3618
(C) "Drug," "dangerous drug," "licensed health professional	3619
authorized to prescribe drugs," and "prescription" have the same	3620
meanings as in section 4729.01 of the Revised Code.	3621
(D) "Bulk amount" of a controlled substance means any of the	3622
following:	3623
(1) For any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance	3624
included in schedule I, schedule II, or schedule III, with the	3625
exception of marihuana, cocaine, L.S.D., heroin, and hashish and	3626
except as provided in division (D)(2) or (5) of this section,	3627

As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee whichever of the following is applicable: 3628 (a) An amount equal to or exceeding ten grams or twenty-five 3629 unit doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that 3630 is or contains any amount of a schedule I opiate or opium 3631 derivative; 3632 (b) An amount equal to or exceeding ten grams of a compound, 3633 mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount 3634 of raw or qum opium; 3635 (c) An amount equal to or exceeding thirty grams or ten unit 3636 doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or 3637 contains any amount of a schedule I hallucinogen other than 3638 tetrahydrocannabinol or lysergic acid amide, or a schedule I 3639 stimulant or depressant; 3640 (d) An amount equal to or exceeding twenty grams or five 3641 times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range specified in 3642 a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a compound, mixture, 3643 preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount of a 3644 schedule II opiate or opium derivative; 3645 (e) An amount equal to or exceeding five grams or ten unit 3646 doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or 3647 contains any amount of phencyclidine; 3648 (f) An amount equal to or exceeding one hundred twenty grams 3649 or thirty times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range 3650 specified in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a 3651 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains 3652 any amount of a schedule II stimulant that is in a final dosage 3653 form manufactured by a person authorized by the "Federal Food, 3654 Drug, and Cosmetic Act, " 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as 3655 amended, and the federal drug abuse control laws, as defined in 3656 section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, that is or contains any 3657

amount of a schedule II depressant substance or a schedule II

hallucinogenic substance;

- (g) An amount equal to or exceeding three grams of a 3660 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains 3661 any amount of a schedule II stimulant, or any of its salts or 3662 isomers, that is not in a final dosage form manufactured by a 3663 person authorized by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and 3664 the federal drug abuse control laws.
- (2) An amount equal to or exceeding one hundred twenty grams 3666 or thirty times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range 3667 specified in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a 3668 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains 3669 any amount of a schedule III or IV substance other than an 3670 anabolic steroid or a schedule III opiate or opium derivative; 3671
- (3) An amount equal to or exceeding twenty grams or five 3672 times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range specified in 3673 a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a compound, mixture, 3674 preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount of a 3675 schedule III opiate or opium derivative; 3676
- (4) An amount equal to or exceeding two hundred fifty 3677
 milliliters or two hundred fifty grams of a compound, mixture, 3678
 preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount of a 3679
 schedule V substance; 3680
- (5) An amount equal to or exceeding two hundred solid dosage 3681 units, sixteen grams, or sixteen milliliters of a compound, 3682 mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount 3683 of a schedule III anabolic steroid. 3684
- (E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, 3685 mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that is 3686 separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it is 3687 the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is separately 3688 administered to or taken by an individual. 3689

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(F) "Cultivate" includes planting, watering, fertilizing, or	3690
tilling.	3691
(G) "Drug abuse offense" means any of the following:	3692
(1) A violation of division (A) of section 2913.02 that	3693
constitutes theft of drugs, or a violation of section 2925.02,	3694
2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.12,	3695
2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.24, 2925.31, 2925.32, 2925.36, or	3696
2925.37 of the Revised Code;	3697
(2) A violation of an existing or former law of this or any	3698
other state or of the United States that is substantially	3699
equivalent to any section listed in division (G)(1) of this	3700
section;	3701
(3) An offense under an existing or former law of this or any	3702
other state, or of the United States, of which planting,	3703
cultivating, harvesting, processing, making, manufacturing,	3704
producing, shipping, transporting, delivering, acquiring,	3705
possessing, storing, distributing, dispensing, selling, inducing	3706
another to use, administering to another, using, or otherwise	3707
dealing with a controlled substance is an element;	3708
(4) A conspiracy to commit, attempt to commit, or complicity	3709
in committing or attempting to commit any offense under division	3710
(G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section.	3711
(H) "Felony drug abuse offense" means any drug abuse offense	3712
that would constitute a felony under the laws of this state, any	3713
other state, or the United States.	3714
(I) "Harmful intoxicant" does not include beer or	3715
intoxicating liquor but means any of the following:	3716
(1) Any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance the gas,	3717
fumes, or vapor of which when inhaled can induce intoxication,	3718
excitement, giddiness, irrational behavior, depression,	3719

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education or any school for which the state board of education	3780
prescribes minimum standards under section 3301.07 of the Revised	3781
Code, whether or not any instruction, extracurricular activities,	3782
or training provided by the school is being conducted at the time	3783
a criminal offense is committed.	3784
(R) "School premises" means either of the following:	3785
(1) The parcel of real property on which any school is	3786
situated, whether or not any instruction, extracurricular	3787
activities, or training provided by the school is being conducted	3788
on the premises at the time a criminal offense is committed;	3789
(2) Any other parcel of real property that is owned or leased	3790
by a board of education of a school or the governing body of a	3791
school for which the state board of education prescribes minimum	3792
standards under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code and on which	3793
some of the instruction, extracurricular activities, or training	3794
of the school is conducted, whether or not any instruction,	3795
extracurricular activities, or training provided by the school is	3796
being conducted on the parcel of real property at the time a	3797
criminal offense is committed.	3798
(S) "School building" means any building in which any of the	3799
instruction, extracurricular activities, or training provided by a	3800
school is conducted, whether or not any instruction,	3801
extracurricular activities, or training provided by the school is	3802
being conducted in the school building at the time a criminal	3803
offense is committed.	3804
(T) "Disciplinary counsel" means the disciplinary counsel	3805
appointed by the board of commissioners on grievances and	3806

discipline of the supreme court under the Rules for the Government

and organized committee of the Ohio state bar association or of

(U) "Certified grievance committee" means a duly constituted

of the Bar of Ohio.

(7) A person licensed and regulated to engage in the business	3841
of a debt pooling company by a legislative authority, under	3842
authority of Chapter 4710. of the Revised Code;	3843
(8) A person who has been issued a cosmetologist's license,	3844
manicurist's license, esthetician's license, managing	3845
cosmetologist's license, managing manicurist's license, managing	3846
esthetician's license, cosmetology instructor's license,	3847
manicurist instructor's license, esthetician instructor's license,	3848
or tanning facility permit under Chapter 4713. of the Revised	3849
Code;	3850
(9) A person who has been issued a license to practice	3851
dentistry, a general anesthesia permit, a conscious intravenous	3852
sedation permit, a limited resident's license, a limited teaching	3853
license, a dental hygienist's license, or a dental hygienist's	3854
teacher's certificate under Chapter 4715. of the Revised Code;	3855
(10) A person who has been issued an embalmer's license, a	3856
funeral director's license, a funeral home license, or a crematory	3857
license, or who has been registered for an embalmer's or funeral	3858
director's apprenticeship under Chapter 4717. of the Revised Code;	3859
(11) A person who has been licensed as a registered nurse or	3860
practical nurse, or who has been issued a certificate for the	3861
practice of nurse-midwifery under Chapter 4723. of the Revised	3862
Code;	3863
(12) A person who has been licensed to practice optometry or	3864
to engage in optical dispensing under Chapter 4725. of the Revised	3865
Code;	3866
(13) A person licensed to act as a pawnbroker under Chapter	3867
4727. of the Revised Code;	3868
(14) A person licensed to act as a precious metals dealer	3869
under Chapter 4728. of the Revised Code;	3870

(15) A person licensed as a pharmacist, a pharmacy intern, a	3871
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs, or a terminal	3872
distributor of dangerous drugs under Chapter 4729. of the Revised	3873
Code;	3874
(16) A person who is authorized to practice as a physician	3875
assistant under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code;	3876
(17) A person who has been issued a certificate to practice	3877
medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, a limited	3878
branch of medicine, or podiatry under Chapter 4731. of the Revised	3879
Code;	3880
(18) A person licensed as a psychologist or school	3881
psychologist under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code;	3882
(19) A person registered to practice the profession of	3883
engineering or surveying under Chapter 4733. of the Revised Code;	3884
(20) A person who has been issued a license to practice	3885
chiropractic under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code;	3886
(21) A person licensed to act as a real estate broker or real	3887
estate salesperson under Chapter 4735. of the Revised Code;	3888
(22) A person registered as a registered sanitarian under	3889
Chapter 4736. of the Revised Code;	3890
(23) A person licensed to operate or maintain a junkyard	3891
under Chapter 4737. of the Revised Code;	3892
(24) A person who has been issued a motor vehicle salvage	3893
dealer's license under Chapter 4738. of the Revised Code;	3894
(25) A person who has been licensed to act as a steam	3895
engineer under Chapter 4739. of the Revised Code;	3896
(26) A person who has been issued a license or temporary	3897
permit to practice veterinary medicine or any of its branches, or	3898
who is registered as a graduate animal technician under Chapter	3899

(1) A cocaine salt, isomer, or derivative, a salt of a 3930 cocaine isomer or derivative, or the base form of cocaine; 3931 (2) Coca leaves or a salt, compound, derivative, or 3932 preparation of coca leaves, including ecgonine, a salt, isomer, or 3933 derivative of ecgonine, or a salt of an isomer or derivative of 3934 ecgonine; 3935 3936 (3) A salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of a substance identified in division (X)(1) or (2) of this section 3937 that is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of those 3938 substances, except that the substances shall not include 3939 decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves if the 3940 extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine. 3941 (Y) "L.S.D." means lysergic acid diethylamide. 3942 (Z) "Hashish" means the resin or a preparation of the resin 3943 contained in marihuana, whether in solid form or in a liquid 3944 concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form. 3945 (AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section 3719.01 3946 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include hashish. 3947 (BB) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a juvenile" 3948 if the offender commits the offense within one hundred feet of a 3949 juvenile or within the view of a juvenile, regardless of whether 3950 the offender knows the age of the juvenile, whether the offender 3951 knows the offense is being committed within one hundred feet of or 3952 within view of the juvenile, or whether the juvenile actually 3953 views the commission of the offense. 3954 (CC) "Presumption for a prison term" or "presumption that a 3955 prison term shall be imposed" means a presumption, as described in 3956 division (D) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, that a prison 3957 term is a necessary sanction for a felony in order to comply with 3958

the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of

the Revised Code.	3960
(DD) "Major drug offender" has the same meaning as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	3961 3962
(EE) "Minor drug possession offense" means either of the following:	3963 3964
(1) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996;	3965 3966
(2) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as it exists on and after July 1, 1996, that is a misdemeanor or a felony of the fifth degree.	3967 3968 3969
(FF) "Mandatory prison term" has the same meaning as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	3970 3971
(GG) "Crack cocaine" means a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount of cocaine that is analytically identified as the base form of cocaine or that is in a form that resembles rocks or pebbles generally intended for individual use.	3972 3973 3974 3975 3976
(HH) "Adulterate" means to cause a drug to be adulterated as described in section 3715.63 of the Revised Code.	3977 3978
(II) "Public premises" means any hotel, restaurant, tavern, store, arena, hall, or other place of public accommodation, business, amusement, or resort.	3979 3980 3981
Sec. 2925.02. (A) No person shall knowingly do any of the following:	3982 3983
(1) By force, threat, or deception, administer to another or induce or cause another to use a controlled substance;	3984 3985
(2) By any means, administer or furnish to another or induce or cause another to use a controlled substance with purpose to cause serious physical harm to the other person, or with purpose	3986 3987 3988

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to cause the other person to become drug dependent;	3989
(3) By any means, administer or furnish to another or induce	3990
or cause another to use a controlled substance, and thereby cause	3991
serious physical harm to the other person, or cause the other	3992
person to become drug dependent;	3993
(4) By any means, do any of the following:	3994
(a) Furnish or administer a controlled substance to a	3995
juvenile who is at least two years the offender's junior, when the	3996
offender knows the age of the juvenile or is reckless in that	3997
regard;	3998
(b) Induce or cause a juvenile who is at least two years the	3999
offender's junior to use a controlled substance, when the offender	4000
knows the age of the juvenile or is reckless in that regard;	4001
(c) Induce or cause a juvenile who is at least two years the	4002
offender's junior to commit a felony drug abuse offense, when the	4003
offender knows the age of the juvenile or is reckless in that	4004
regard;	4005
(d) Use a juvenile, whether or not the offender knows the age	4006
of the juvenile, to perform any surveillance activity that is	4007
intended to prevent the detection of the offender or any other	4008
person in the commission of a felony drug abuse offense or to	4009
prevent the arrest of the offender or any other person for the	4010
commission of a felony drug abuse offense.	4011
(B) Division $(A)(1)$, (3) , or (4) of this section does not	4012
apply to manufacturers, wholesalers, licensed health professionals	4013
authorized to prescribe drugs, pharmacists, owners of pharmacies,	4014
and other persons whose conduct is in accordance with Chapters	4015
3719., 4715., 4723., 4729., 4731., and 4741. of the Revised Code.	4016
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of corrupting	4017
another with drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be	4018

determined as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4020 drug involved is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance 4021 included in schedule I or II, with the exception of marihuana, 4022 corrupting another with drugs is a felony of the second degree, 4023 and, subject to division (E) of this section, the court shall 4024 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 4025 prescribed for a felony of the second degree. If the drug involved 4026 is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in 4027 schedule I or II, with the exception of marihuana, and if the 4028 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, corrupting 4029 another with drugs is a felony of the first degree, and, subject 4030 to division (E) of this section, the court shall impose as a 4031 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 4032 felony of the first degree. 4033

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4034 drug involved is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance 4035 included in schedule III, IV, or V, corrupting another with drugs 4036 is a felony of the second degree, and there is a presumption for a 4037 prison term for the offense. If the drug involved is any compound, 4038 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV, 4039 or V and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, 4040 corrupting another with drugs is a felony of the second degree, 4041 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 4042 prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 4043
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the drug involved is marihuana, corrupting another with drugs is a 4045 felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 4046 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 4047 prison term on the offender. If the drug involved is marihuana and 4048 if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, 4049 corrupting another with drugs is a felony of the third degree, and 4050

division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 4051 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 4052 (D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 4053 division (C) or (E) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 4054 2929.14 of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction 4055 imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 4056 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender 4057 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division 4058 (A) of this section or the clerk of that court shall do all of the 4059 following that are applicable regarding the offender: 4060 (1)(a) If the violation is a felony of the first, second, or 4061 third degree, the court shall impose upon the offender the 4062 mandatory fine specified for the offense under division (B)(1) of 4063 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code unless, as specified in that 4064 division, the court determines that the offender is indigent. 4065 (b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 4066 of the Revised Code, any mandatory fine imposed pursuant to 4067 division (D)(1)(a) of this section and any fine imposed for a 4068 violation of this section pursuant to division (A) of section 4069 2929.18 of the Revised Code shall be paid by the clerk of the 4070 court in accordance with and subject to the requirements of, and 4071 shall be used as specified in, division (F) of section 2925.03 of 4072 the Revised Code. 4073 (c) If a person is charged with any violation of this section 4074 that is a felony of the first, second, or third degree, posts 4075 bail, and forfeits the bail, the forfeited bail shall be paid by 4076 the clerk of the court pursuant to division (D)(1)(b) of this 4077 section as if it were a fine imposed for a violation of this 4078 section. 4079 (2) The court either shall revoke or, if it does not revoke, 4080

shall suspend for not less than six months or more than five

years, the driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of	4082
any person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of	4083
this section that is a felony of the first degree and shall	4084
suspend for not less than six months nor more than five years the	4085
offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of	4086
any person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to any other	4087
violation of this section. If an offender's driver's or commercial	4088
driver's license or permit is revoked suspended pursuant to this	4089
division, the offender, at any time after the expiration of two	4090
years from the day on which the offender's sentence was imposed or	4091
from the day on which the offender finally was released from a	4092
prison term under the sentence, whichever is later, may file a	4093
motion with the sentencing court requesting termination of the	4094
revocation suspension. Upon the filing of the motion and the	4095
court's finding of good cause for the termination, the court may	4096
terminate the revocation suspension.	4097

- (3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a

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 person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme

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 court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, in

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 addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of this

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 section, the court forthwith immediately shall comply with section

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 2925.38 of the Revised Code.
- (E) Notwithstanding the prison term otherwise authorized or 4104 required for the offense under division (C) of this section and 4105 sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of the Revised Code, if the violation 4106 of division (A) of this section involves the sale, offer to sell, 4107 or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, with the 4108 exception of marihuana, and if the court imposing sentence upon 4109 the offender finds that the offender as a result of the violation 4110 is a major drug offender and is guilty of a specification of the 4111 type described in section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code, the 4112 court, in lieu of the prison term that otherwise is authorized or 4113

required, shall impose upon the offender the mandatory prison term	4114
specified in division (D)(3)(a) of section 2929.14 of the Revised	4115
Code and may impose an additional prison term under division	4116
(D)(3)(b) of that section.	4117
Sec. 2925.03. (A) No person shall knowingly do any of the	4118
following:	4119
(1) Sell or offer to sell a controlled substance;	4120
(2) Prepare for shipment, ship, transport, deliver, prepare	4121
for distribution, or distribute a controlled substance, when the	4122
offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the	4123
controlled substance is intended for sale or resale by the	4124
offender or another person.	4125
(B) This section does not apply to any of the following:	4126
(1) Manufacturers, licensed health professionals authorized	4127
to prescribe drugs, pharmacists, owners of pharmacies, and other	4128
persons whose conduct is in accordance with Chapters 3719., 4715.,	4129
4723., 4729., 4731., and 4741. of the Revised Code;	4130
(2) If the offense involves an anabolic steroid, any person	4131
who is conducting or participating in a research project involving	4132
the use of an anabolic steroid if the project has been approved by	4133
the United States food and drug administration;	4134
(3) Any person who sells, offers for sale, prescribes,	4135
dispenses, or administers for livestock or other nonhuman species	4136
an anabolic steroid that is expressly intended for administration	4137
through implants to livestock or other nonhuman species and	4138
approved for that purpose under the "Federal Food, Drug, and	4139
Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended,	4140
and is sold, offered for sale, prescribed, dispensed, or	4141
administered for that purpose in accordance with that act.	4142
(C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty	4143

of one of the following:

- (1) If the drug involved in the violation is any compound,

 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule I or

 4146
 schedule II, with the exception of marihuana, cocaine, L.S.D.,

 heroin, and hashish, whoever violates division (A) of this section

 4148
 is guilty of aggravated trafficking in drugs. The penalty for the

 4149
 offense shall be determined as follows:

 4150
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1)(b), (c), 4151 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, aggravated trafficking in drugs 4152 is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 4153 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to 4154 impose a prison term on the offender. 4155
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1)(c), (d), 4156
 (e), or (f) of this section, if the offense was committed in the 4157
 vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, aggravated 4158
 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the third degree, and division 4159
 (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining 4160
 whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 4161
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4162 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the bulk amount but 4163 is less than five times the bulk amount, aggravated trafficking in 4164 drugs is a felony of the third degree, and the court shall impose 4165 as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for 4166 a felony of the third degree. If the amount of the drug involved 4167 is within that range and if the offense was committed in the 4168 vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, aggravated 4169 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second degree, and the 4170 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison 4171 terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 4172
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4173 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five times the bulk 4174

amount but is less than fifty times the bulk amount, aggravated 4175 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second degree, and the 4176 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison 4177 terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. If the amount 4178 of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 4179 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 4180 juvenile, aggravated trafficking in drugs is a felony of the first 4181 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one 4182 of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 4183

- (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds

 fifty times the bulk amount but is less than one hundred times the

 bulk amount and regardless of whether the offense was committed in

 the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile,

 aggravated trafficking in drugs is a felony of the first degree,

 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the

 prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree.

 4184
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 4191 hundred times the bulk amount and regardless of whether the 4192 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 4193 vicinity of a juvenile, aggravated trafficking in drugs is a 4194 felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, 4195 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum 4196 prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may 4197 impose an additional prison term prescribed for a major drug 4198 offender under division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the 4199 Revised Code. 4200
- (2) If the drug involved in the violation is any compound, 4201 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV, 4202 or V, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 4203 trafficking in drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be 4204 determined as follows:
 - (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b), (c), 4206

- (d), or (e) of this section, trafficking in drugs is a felony of
 the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the
 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison
 term on the offender.
 4207
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(c), (d), 4211 or (e) of this section, if the offense was committed in the 4212 vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking 4213 in drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of 4214 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether 4215 to impose a prison term on the offender. 4216
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4217 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the bulk amount but 4218 is less than five times the bulk amount, trafficking in drugs is a 4219 felony of the fourth degree, and there is a presumption for a 4220 prison term for the offense. If the amount of the drug involved is 4221 within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity 4222 of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in drugs 4223 is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for a 4224 prison term for the offense. 4225
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4226 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five times the bulk 4227 amount but is less than fifty times the bulk amount, trafficking 4228 in drugs is a felony of the third degree, and there is a 4229 presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the amount of 4230 the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 4231 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 4232 juvenile, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second degree, 4233 and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 4234
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4235 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty times the bulk 4236 amount, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second degree, and 4237 the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 4238

prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. If the	4239
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty times the bulk	4240
amount and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a	4241
school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in drugs is a	4242
felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a	4243
mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a	4244
felony of the first degree.	4245

- (3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana or a 4246 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing marihuana 4247 other than hashish, whoever violates division (A) of this section 4248 is guilty of trafficking in marihuana. The penalty for the offense 4249 shall be determined as follows: 4250
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(3)(b), (c), 4251 (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in marihuana is 4252 a felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 4253 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 4254 prison term on the offender. 4255
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(3)(c), (d), 4256

 (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was committed in 4257

 the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, 4258

 trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the fourth degree, and 4259

 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 4260

 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 4261
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4262 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred grams 4263 but is less than one thousand grams, trafficking in marihuana is a 4264 felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 4265 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 4266 prison term on the offender. If the amount of the drug involved is 4267 within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity 4268 of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in 4269 marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of 4270

section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether 4271 to impose a prison term on the offender. 4272

- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4273 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one thousand grams 4274 but is less than five thousand grams, trafficking in marihuana is 4275 a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 4276 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 4277 prison term on the offender. If the amount of the drug involved is 4278 within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity 4279 of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in 4280 marihuana is a felony of the second degree, and there is a 4281 presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for the offense. 4282
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4283 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five thousand grams 4284 but is less than twenty thousand grams, trafficking in marihuana 4285 is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption that a 4286 prison term shall be imposed for the offense. If the amount of the 4287 drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 4288 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 4289 juvenile, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the second 4290 degree, and there is a presumption that a prison term shall be 4291 imposed for the offense. 4292
- 4293 (f) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty thousand 4294 grams, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the second degree, 4295 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum 4296 prison term prescribed for a felony of the second degree. If the 4297 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty thousand 4298 grams and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school 4299 or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in marihuana is a 4300 felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 4301 mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a 4302

felony of the first degree.

- (g) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4304 offense involves a gift of twenty grams or less of marihuana, 4305 trafficking in marihuana is a minor misdemeanor upon a first 4306 offense and a misdemeanor of the third degree upon a subsequent 4307 offense. If the offense involves a gift of twenty grams or less of 4308 marihuana and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a 4309 school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in marihuana 4310 is a misdemeanor of the third degree. 4311
- (4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a

 4312
 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing cocaine,
 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of

 4314
 trafficking in cocaine. The penalty for the offense shall be
 4315
 determined as follows:

 4316
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(b), (c), 4317 (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in cocaine is a 4318 felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of 4319 the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 4320 term on the offender.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(c), (d), 4322
 (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was committed in 4323
 the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, 4324
 trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the fourth degree, and 4325
 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 4326
 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 4327
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4328 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five grams but is 4329 less than ten grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine or equals 4330 or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams of crack cocaine, 4331 trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the fourth degree, and there 4332 is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the amount 4333

of the drug involved is within one of those ranges and if the 4334 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 4335 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the 4336 third degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for the 4337 offense.

- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4339 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is 4340 less than one hundred grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine 4341 or equals or exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams of 4342 crack cocaine, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the third 4343 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one 4344 of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the third degree. 4345 If the amount of the drug involved is within one of those ranges 4346 and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in 4347 the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of 4348 the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory 4349 prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the 4350 second degree. 4351
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4352 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred grams 4353 but is less than five hundred grams of cocaine that is not crack 4354 cocaine or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than 4355 twenty-five grams of crack cocaine, trafficking in cocaine is a 4356 felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a 4357 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 4358 felony of the second degree. If the amount of the drug involved is 4359 within one of those ranges and if the offense was committed in the 4360 vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking 4361 in cocaine is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall 4362 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 4363 prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 4364
 - (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 4365

hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams of cocaine that	4366
is not crack cocaine or equals or exceeds twenty-five grams but is	4367
less than one hundred grams of crack cocaine and regardless of	4368
whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or	4369
in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in cocaine is a felony	4370
of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	4371
prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the	4372
first degree.	4373

- (g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 4374 thousand grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine or equals or 4375 exceeds one hundred grams of crack cocaine and regardless of 4376 whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or 4377 in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in cocaine is a felony 4378 of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and 4379 the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum 4380 prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may 4381 impose an additional mandatory prison term prescribed for a major 4382 drug offender under division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the 4383 Revised Code. 4384
- (5) If the drug involved in the violation is L.S.D. or a 4385 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing L.S.D., 4386 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 4387 trafficking in L.S.D. The penalty for the offense shall be 4388 determined as follows:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(b), (c), 4390 (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in L.S.D. is a 4391 felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of 4392 the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 4393 term on the offender.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(c), (d), 4395
 (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was committed in 4396
 the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, 4397

trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the fourth degree, and 4398 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 4399 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 4400

- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4401 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses but 4402 is less than fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals 4403 or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams of L.S.D. in a 4404 liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, 4405 trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the fourth degree, and there 4406 is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the amount 4407 of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 4408 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 4409 juvenile, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the third degree, 4410 and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 4411
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4412 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit doses but 4413 is less than two hundred fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid 4414 form or equals or exceeds five grams but is less than twenty-five 4415 grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 4416 distillate form, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the third 4417 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one 4418 of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the third degree. 4419 If the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the 4420 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 4421 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the 4422 second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison 4423 term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second 4424 degree. 4425
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4426 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred fifty 4427 unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a 4428 solid form or equals or exceeds twenty-five grams but is less than 4429

one hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid	4430
extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in L.S.D. is a	4431
felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a	4432
mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a	4433
felony of the second degree. If the amount of the drug involved is	4434
within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity	4435
of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in	4436
L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose	4437
as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for	4438
a felony of the first degree.	4439

- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 4440 thousand unit doses but is less than five thousand unit doses of 4441 L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds one hundred grams but 4442 is less than five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, 4443 liquid extract, or liquid distillate form and regardless of 4444 whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or 4445 in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony 4446 of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory 4447 prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the 4448 first degree. 4449
- (g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 4450 thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds 4451 five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 4452 extract, or liquid distillate form and regardless of whether the 4453 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 4454 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the 4455 first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the court 4456 shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum prison term 4457 prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may impose an 4458 additional mandatory prison term prescribed for a major drug 4459 offender under division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the 4460 Revised Code. 4461

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(6) If the drug involved in the violation is heroin or a	4462
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing heroin,	4463
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	4464
trafficking in heroin. The penalty for the offense shall be	4465
determined as follows:	4466
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(b), (c),	4467
(d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in heroin is a	4468
felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of	4469
the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison	4470
term on the offender.	4471
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(c), (d),	4472
(e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was committed in	4473
the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile,	4474
trafficking in heroin is a felony of the fourth degree, and	4475
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	4476
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	4477
(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	4478
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses but	4479
is less than fifty unit doses or equals or exceeds one gram but is	4480
less than five grams, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the	4481
fourth degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for	4482
the offense. If the amount of the drug involved is within that	4483
range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school	4484
or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in heroin is a	4485
felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for a	4486
prison term for the offense.	4487
(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	4488
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit doses but	4489
is less than one hundred unit doses or equals or exceeds five	4490
grams but is less than ten grams, trafficking in heroin is a	4491
felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for a	4492

prison term for the offense. If the amount of the drug involved is	4493
within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity	4494
of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in	4495
heroin is a felony of the second degree, and there is a	4496
presumption for a prison term for the offense.	4497

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4498 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred unit 4499 doses but is less than five hundred unit doses or equals or 4500 exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams, trafficking in 4501 heroin is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall 4502 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 4503 prescribed for a felony of the second degree. If the amount of the 4504 drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 4505 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 4506 juvenile, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the first degree, 4507 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 4508 prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 4509
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 4510 hundred unit doses but is less than two thousand five hundred unit 4511 doses or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than two 4512 hundred fifty grams and regardless of whether the offense was 4513 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 4514 juvenile, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the first degree, 4515 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 4516 prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 4517
- (g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two 4518 thousand five hundred unit doses or equals or exceeds two hundred 4519 fifty grams and regardless of whether the offense was committed in 4520 the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, 4521 trafficking in heroin is a felony of the first degree, the 4522 offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a 4523 mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a 4524

felony of the first degree and may impose an additional mandatory	4525
prison term prescribed for a major drug offender under division	4526
(D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.	4527

- (7) If the drug involved in the violation is hashish or a 4528 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing hashish, 4529 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 4530 trafficking in hashish. The penalty for the offense shall be 4531 determined as follows: 4532
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(b), (c), 4533 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, trafficking in hashish is a 4534 felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of 4535 the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 4536 term on the offender.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(c), (d), 4538 (e), or (f) of this section, if the offense was committed in the 4539 vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking 4540 in hashish is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of 4541 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether 4542 to impose a prison term on the offender.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4544 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is 4545 less than fifty grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or 4546 exceeds two grams but is less than ten grams of hashish in a 4547 liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, 4548 trafficking in hashish is a felony of the fourth degree, and 4549 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 4550 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. If 4551 the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the 4552 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 4553 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the 4554 third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised 4555 Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 4556

offender.

- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4558 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty grams but is 4559 less than two hundred fifty grams of hashish in a solid form or 4560 equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams of 4561 hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 4562 distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the third 4563 degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 4564 applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 4565 offender. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range 4566 and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in 4567 the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in hashish is a felony of 4568 the second degree, and there is a presumption that a prison term 4569 shall be imposed for the offense. 4570
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4571 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred fifty 4572 grams but is less than one thousand grams of hashish in a solid 4573 form or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than two hundred 4574 grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or 4575 liquid distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the 4576 third degree, and there is a presumption that a prison term shall 4577 be imposed for the offense. If the amount of the drug involved is 4578 within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity 4579 of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in 4580 hashish is a felony of the second degree, and there is a 4581 presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for the offense. 4582
- (f) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4583 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one thousand grams 4584 of hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds two hundred grams 4585 of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 4586 distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the second 4587 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the 4588

maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 4589

If the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the 4590

offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 4591

vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the 4592

first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison 4593

term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first 4594

degree.

- (D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 4596 division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of 4597 the Revised Code, and in addition to any other sanction imposed 4598 for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 4599 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender who is 4600 convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (A) of 4601 this section shall do all of the following that are applicable 4602 regarding the offender: 4603
- (1) If the violation of division (A) of this section is a 4604 felony of the first, second, or third degree, the court shall 4605 impose upon the offender the mandatory fine specified for the 4606 offense under division (B)(1) of section 2929.18 of the Revised 4607 Code unless, as specified in that division, the court determines 4608 that the offender is indigent. Except as otherwise provided in 4609 division (H)(1) of this section, a mandatory fine or any other 4610 fine imposed for a violation of this section is subject to 4611 division (F) of this section. If a person is charged with a 4612 violation of this section that is a felony of the first, second, 4613 or third degree, posts bail, and forfeits the bail, the clerk of 4614 the court shall pay the forfeited bail pursuant to divisions 4615 (D)(1) and (F) of this section, as if the forfeited bail was a 4616 fine imposed for a violation of this section. If any amount of the 4617 forfeited bail remains after that payment and if a fine is imposed 4618 under division (H)(1) of this section, the clerk of the court 4619 shall pay the remaining amount of the forfeited bail pursuant to 4620

divisions $(H)(2)$ and (3) of this section, as if that remaining	4621
amount was a fine imposed under division (H)(1) of this section.	4622
	4623
(2) The court shall revoke or suspend the driver's or	4624
commercial driver's license or permit of the offender in	4625
accordance with division (G) of this section.	4626
(3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a	4627
person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme	4628
court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, the	4629
court forthwith immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 of	4630
the Revised Code.	4631
(E) When a person is charged with the sale of or offer to	4632
sell a bulk amount or a multiple of a bulk amount of a controlled	4633
substance, the jury, or the court trying the accused, shall	4634
determine the amount of the controlled substance involved at the	4635
time of the offense and, if a guilty verdict is returned, shall	4636
return the findings as part of the verdict. In any such case, it	4637
is unnecessary to find and return the exact amount of the	4638
controlled substance involved, and it is sufficient if the finding	4639
and return is to the effect that the amount of the controlled	4640
substance involved is the requisite amount, or that the amount of	4641
the controlled substance involved is less than the requisite	4642
amount.	4643
(F)(1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section	4644
3719.21 of the Revised Code and except as provided in division (H)	4645
of this section, the clerk of the court shall pay any mandatory	4646
fine imposed pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section and any	4647
fine other than a mandatory fine that is imposed for a violation	4648
of this section pursuant to division (A) or (B)(5) of section	4649
2929.18 of the Revised Code to the county, township, municipal	4650
corporation, park district, as created pursuant to section 511.18	4651
or 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or state law enforcement agencies	4652

in this state that primarily were responsible for or involved in	4653
making the arrest of, and in prosecuting, the offender. However,	4654
the clerk shall not pay a mandatory fine so imposed to a law	4655
enforcement agency unless the agency has adopted a written	4656
internal control policy under division $(F)(2)$ of this section that	4657
addresses the use of the fine moneys that it receives. Each agency	4658
shall use the mandatory fines so paid to subsidize the agency's	4659
law enforcement efforts that pertain to drug offenses, in	4660
accordance with the written internal control policy adopted by the	4661
recipient agency under division (F)(2) of this section.	4662

(2)(a) Prior to receiving any fine moneys under division 4663 (F)(1) of this section or division (B)(5) of section 2925.42 of 4664 the Revised Code, a law enforcement agency shall adopt a written 4665 internal control policy that addresses the agency's use and 4666 disposition of all fine moneys so received and that provides for 4667 the keeping of detailed financial records of the receipts of those 4668 fine moneys, the general types of expenditures made out of those 4669 fine moneys, and the specific amount of each general type of 4670 expenditure. The policy shall not provide for or permit the 4671 identification of any specific expenditure that is made in an 4672 ongoing investigation. All financial records of the receipts of 4673 those fine moneys, the general types of expenditures made out of 4674 those fine moneys, and the specific amount of each general type of 4675 expenditure by an agency are public records open for inspection 4676 under section 149.43 of the Revised Code. Additionally, a written 4677 internal control policy adopted under this division is such a 4678 public record, and the agency that adopted it shall comply with 4679 it. 4680

(b) Each law enforcement agency that receives in any calendar
year any fine moneys under division (F)(1) of this section or
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division (B)(5) of section 2925.42 of the Revised Code shall
prepare a report covering the calendar year that cumulates all of
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the information contained in all of the public financial records	4685
kept by the agency pursuant to division (F)(2)(a) of this section	4686
for that calendar year, and shall send a copy of the cumulative	4687
report, no later than the first day of March in the calendar year	4688
following the calendar year covered by the report, to the attorney	4689
general. Each report received by the attorney general is a public	4690
record open for inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised	4691
Code. Not later than the fifteenth day of April in the calendar	4692
year in which the reports are received, the attorney general shall	4693
send to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house	4694
of representatives a written notification that does all of the	4695
following:	4696
(i) Indicates that the attorney general has received from law	4697
enforcement agencies reports of the type described in this	4698
division that cover the previous calendar year and indicates that	4699
the reports were received under this division;	4700
(ii) Indicates that the reports are open for inspection under	4701
section 149.43 of the Revised Code;	4702
(iii) Indicates that the attorney general will provide a copy	4703
of any or all of the reports to the president of the senate or the	4704
speaker of the house of representatives upon request.	4705
(3) As used in division (F) of this section:	4706
(a) "Law enforcement agencies" includes, but is not limited	4707
to, the state board of pharmacy and the office of a prosecutor.	4708
(b) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01	4709
of the Revised Code.	4710
(G) When required under division (D)(2) of this section $\underline{\text{or}}$	4711
any other provision of this chapter, the court either shall revoke	4712
or, if it does not revoke, shall suspend for not less than six	4713
months or more than five years, the driver's or commercial	4714

driver's license or permit of any person who is convicted of or

pleads guilty to a violation of this section that is a felony of	4716
the first degree and shall suspend for not less than six months or	4717
more than five years the driver's or commercial driver's license	4718
or permit of any person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	4719
any other violation of this section or any other specified	4720
provision of this chapter. If an offender's driver's or commercial	4721
driver's license or permit is revoked suspended pursuant to this	4722
division, the offender, at any time after the expiration of two	4723
years from the day on which the offender's sentence was imposed or	4724
from the day on which the offender finally was released from a	4725
prison term under the sentence, whichever is later, may file a	4726
motion with the sentencing court requesting termination of the	4727
revocation suspension; upon the filing of such a motion and the	4728
court's finding of good cause for the termination, the court may	4729
terminate the revocation suspension.	4730

(H)(1) In addition to any prison term authorized or required 4731 by division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 4732 of the Revised Code, in addition to any other penalty or sanction 4733 imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 4734 2929.18 of the Revised Code, and in addition to the forfeiture of 4735 property in connection with the offense as prescribed in sections 4736 2925.42 to 2925.45 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences 4737 an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of 4738 division (A) of this section may impose upon the offender an 4739 additional fine specified for the offense in division (B)(4) of 4740 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code. A fine imposed under division 4741 (H)(1) of this section is not subject to division (F) of this 4742 section and shall be used solely for the support of one or more 4743 eligible alcohol and drug addiction programs in accordance with 4744 divisions (H)(2) and (3) of this section. 4745

(2) The court that imposes a fine under division (H)(1) of 4746 this section shall specify in the judgment that imposes the fine 4747

one or more eligible alcohol and drug addiction programs for the	4748
support of which the fine money is to be used. No alcohol and drug	4749
addiction program shall receive or use money paid or collected in	4750
satisfaction of a fine imposed under division $(H)(1)$ of this	4751
section unless the program is specified in the judgment that	4752
imposes the fine. No alcohol and drug addiction program shall be	4753
specified in the judgment unless the program is an eligible	4754
alcohol and drug addiction program and, except as otherwise	4755
provided in division $(H)(2)$ of this section, unless the program is	4756
located in the county in which the court that imposes the fine is	4757
located or in a county that is immediately contiguous to the	4758
county in which that court is located. If no eligible alcohol and	4759
drug addiction program is located in any of those counties, the	4760
judgment may specify an eligible alcohol and drug addiction	4761
program that is located anywhere within this state.	4762

- (3) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 4763 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay any fine 4764 imposed under division (H)(1) of this section to the eligible 4765 alcohol and drug addiction program specified pursuant to division 4766 (H)(2) of this section in the judgment. The eligible alcohol and 4767 drug addiction program that receives the fine moneys shall use the 4768 moneys only for the alcohol and drug addiction services identified 4769 in the application for certification under section 3793.06 of the 4770 Revised Code or in the application for a license under section 4771 3793.11 of the Revised Code filed with the department of alcohol 4772 and drug addiction services by the alcohol and drug addiction 4773 4774 program specified in the judgment.
- (4) Each alcohol and drug addiction program that receives in 4775 a calendar year any fine moneys under division (H)(3) of this 4776 section shall file an annual report covering that calendar year 4777 with the court of common pleas and the board of county 4778 commissioners of the county in which the program is located, with 4779

of the production of a controlled substance.

(B) This section does not apply to any person listed in

division (B)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2925.03 of the Revised

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the court of common pleas and the board of county commissioners of	4780
each county from which the program received the moneys if that	4781
county is different from the county in which the program is	4782
located, and with the attorney general. The alcohol and drug	4783
addiction program shall file the report no later than the first	4784
day of March in the calendar year following the calendar year in	4785
which the program received the fine moneys. The report shall	4786
include statistics on the number of persons served by the alcohol	4787
and drug addiction program, identify the types of alcohol and drug	4788
addiction services provided to those persons, and include a	4789
specific accounting of the purposes for which the fine moneys	4790
received were used. No information contained in the report shall	4791
identify, or enable a person to determine the identity of, any	4792
person served by the alcohol and drug addiction program. Each	4793
report received by a court of common pleas, a board of county	4794
commissioners, or the attorney general is a public record open for	4795
inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	4796
(5) As used in divisions (H)(1) to (5) of this section:	4797
(a) "Alcohol and drug addiction program" and "alcohol and	4798
drug addiction services" have the same meanings as in section	4799
3793.01 of the Revised Code.	4800
(b) "Eligible alcohol and drug addiction program" means an	4801
alcohol and drug addiction program that is certified under section	4802
3793.06 of the Revised Code or licensed under section 3793.11 of	4803
the Revised Code by the department of alcohol and drug addiction	4804
services.	4805
Sec. 2925.04. (A) No person shall knowingly cultivate	4806
marihuana or knowingly manufacture or otherwise engage in any part	4807

Code to the extent and under the circumstances described in those 4811 divisions. 4812 (C)(1) Whoever commits a violation of division (A) of this 4813 section that involves any drug other than marihuana is guilty of 4814 illegal manufacture of drugs, and whoever commits a violation of 4815 division (A) of this section that involves marihuana is guilty of 4816 illegal cultivation of marihuana. 4817 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 4818 drug involved in the violation of division (A) of this section is 4819 any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in 4820 schedule I or II, with the exception of marihuana, illegal 4821 manufacture of drugs is a felony of the second degree, and, 4822 subject to division (E) of this section, the court shall impose as 4823 a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 4824 felony of the second degree. If the drug involved in the violation 4825 is methamphetamine, any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of 4826 methamphetamine, or any compound, mixture, preparation, or 4827 substance containing methamphetamine or any salt, isomer, or salt 4828 of an isomer of methamphetamine and if the offense was committed 4829 in the vicinity of a juvenile, in the vicinity of a school, or on 4830 public premises, illegal manufacture of drugs is a felony of the 4831 first degree, and, subject to division (E) of this section, the 4832 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison 4833 terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 4834 (3) If the drug involved in the violation of division (A) of 4835 this section is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance 4836

- this section is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance
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 included in schedule III, IV, or V, illegal manufacture of drugs
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 is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for a
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 prison term for the offense.
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- (4) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana, the 4840 penalty for the offense shall be determined as follows: 4841

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(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(b), (c),	4842
(d), (e), or (f) of this section, illegal cultivation of marihuana	4843
is a minor misdemeanor.	4844
(b) If the amount of marihuana involved equals or exceeds one	4845
hundred grams but is less than two hundred grams, illegal	4846
cultivation of marihuana is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	4847
(c) If the amount of marihuana involved equals or exceeds two	4848
hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams, illegal	4849
cultivation of marihuana is a felony of the fifth degree, and	4850
division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	4851
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	4852
(d) If the amount of marihuana involved equals or exceeds one	4853
thousand grams but is less than five thousand grams, illegal	4854
cultivation of marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and	4855
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	4856
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	4857
(e) If the amount of marihuana involved equals or exceeds	4858
five thousand grams but is less than twenty thousand grams,	4859
illegal cultivation of marihuana is a felony of the third degree,	4860
and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	4861
(f) If the amount of marihuana involved equals or exceeds	4862
twenty thousand grams, illegal cultivation of marihuana is a	4863
felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a	4864
mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a	4865
felony of the second degree.	4866
(D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by	4867
division (C) or (E) of this section and sections 2929.13 and	4868
2929.14 of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction	4869
imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to	4870
2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender	4871

who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division

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- (A) of this section shall do all of the following that are 4873 applicable regarding the offender: 4874
- (1) If the violation of division (A) of this section is a 4875 felony of the first, second, or third degree, the court shall 4876 impose upon the offender the mandatory fine specified for the 4877 offense under division (B)(1) of section 2929.18 of the Revised 4878 Code unless, as specified in that division, the court determines 4879 that the offender is indigent. The clerk of the court shall pay a 4880 mandatory fine or other fine imposed for a violation of this 4881 section pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.18 of the Revised 4882 Code in accordance with and subject to the requirements of 4883 division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. The agency 4884 that receives the fine shall use the fine as specified in division 4885 (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. If a person is charged 4886 with a violation of this section that is a felony of the first, 4887 second, or third degree, posts bail, and forfeits the bail, the 4888 clerk shall pay the forfeited bail as if the forfeited bail were a 4889 fine imposed for a violation of this section. 4890
- (2) The court shall revoke or suspend the offender's driver's 4891 or commercial driver's license or permit in accordance with 4892 division (G) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. If an 4893 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is 4894 revoked suspended in accordance with that division, the offender 4895 may request termination of, and the court may terminate, the 4896 revocation suspension in accordance with that division. 4897
- (3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a

 person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme

 court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, the

 court immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised

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 Code.
- (E) Notwithstanding the prison term otherwise authorized or 4903 required for the offense under division (C) of this section and 4904

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(F) It is an affirmative defense, as provided in section 2901.05 of the Revised Code, to a charge under this section for a fifth degree felony violation of illegal cultivation of marihuana that the marihuana that gave rise to the charge is in an amount, is in a form, is prepared, compounded, or mixed with substances that are not controlled substances in a manner, or is possessed or cultivated under any other circumstances that indicate that the marihuana was solely for personal use.

Notwithstanding any contrary provision of division (F) of 4925 this section, if, in accordance with section 2901.05 of the 4926 Revised Code, a person who is charged with a violation of illegal 4927 cultivation of marihuana that is a felony of the fifth degree 4928 sustains the burden of going forward with evidence of and 4929 establishes by a preponderance of the evidence the affirmative 4930 defense described in this division, the person may be prosecuted 4931 for and may be convicted of or plead guilty to a misdemeanor 4932 violation of illegal cultivation of marihuana. 4933

(G) Arrest or conviction for a minor misdemeanor violation of 4934 this section does not constitute a criminal record and need not be 4935 reported by the person so arrested or convicted in response to any 4936

inquiries about the person's criminal record, including any	4937
inquiries contained in an application for employment, a license,	4938
or any other right or privilege or made in connection with the	4939
person's appearance as a witness.	4940

- sec. 2925.05. (A) No person shall knowingly provide money or 4941 other items of value to another person with the purpose that the 4942 recipient of the money or items of value use them to obtain any 4943 controlled substance for the purpose of violating section 2925.04 4944 of the Revised Code or for the purpose of selling or offering to 4945 sell the controlled substance in the following amount: 4946
- (1) If the drug to be sold or offered for sale is any 4947 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule 4948 I or II, with the exception of marihuana, cocaine, L.S.D., heroin, 4949 and hashish, or schedule III, IV, or V, an amount of the drug that 4950 equals or exceeds the bulk amount of the drug; 4951
- (2) If the drug to be sold or offered for sale is marihuana 4952 or a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance other than 4953 hashish containing marihuana, an amount of the marihuana that 4954 equals or exceeds two hundred grams; 4955
- (3) If the drug to be sold or offered for sale is cocaine or 4956 a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing cocaine, 4957 an amount of the cocaine that equals or exceeds five grams if the 4958 cocaine is not crack cocaine or equals or exceeds one gram if the 4959 cocaine is crack cocaine; 4960
- (4) If the drug to be sold or offered for sale is L.S.D. or a 4961 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing L.S.D., an 4962 amount of the L.S.D. that equals or exceeds ten unit doses if the 4963 L.S.D. is in a solid form or equals or exceeds one gram if the 4964 L.S.D. is in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 4965 distillate form;

(5) If the drug to be sold or offered for sale is heroin or a 4967 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing heroin, an 4968 amount of the heroin that equals or exceeds ten unit doses or 4969 equals or exceeds one gram; 4970 (6) If the drug to be sold or offered for sale is hashish or 4971 a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing hashish, 4972 an amount of the hashish that equals or exceeds ten grams if the 4973 hashish is in a solid form or equals or exceeds two grams if the 4974 4975 hashish is in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form. 4976 (B) This section does not apply to any person listed in 4977 division (B)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2925.03 of the Revised 4978 Code to the extent and under the circumstances described in those 4979 divisions. 4980 (C)(1) If the drug involved in the violation is any compound, 4981 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule I or II, 4982 with the exception of marihuana, whoever violates division (A) of 4983 this section is quilty of aggravated funding of drug trafficking, 4984 a felony of the first degree, and, subject to division (E) of this 4985 section, the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of 4986 the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 4987 4988 (2) If the drug involved in the violation is any compound, 4989 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV, 4990 or V, whoever violates division (A) of this section is quilty of 4991 funding of drug trafficking, a felony of the second degree, and 4992 the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 4993 prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 4994 (3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana, 4995 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of funding 4996

of marihuana trafficking, a felony of the third degree, and the

court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison 4998 terms prescribed for a felony of the third degree. 4999

- (D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 5000 division (C) or (E) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 5001 2929.14 of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction 5002 imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 5003 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender 5004 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division 5005 (A) of this section shall do all of the following that are 5006 applicable regarding the offender: 5007
- (1) The court shall impose the mandatory fine specified for 5008 the offense under division (B)(1) of section 2929.18 of the 5009 Revised Code unless, as specified in that division, the court 5010 determines that the offender is indigent. The clerk of the court 5011 shall pay a mandatory fine or other fine imposed for a violation 5012 of this section pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.18 of the 5013 Revised Code in accordance with and subject to the requirements of 5014 division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. The agency 5015 that receives the fine shall use the fine in accordance with 5016 division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. If a person 5017 is charged with a violation of this section, posts bail, and 5018 forfeits the bail, the forfeited bail shall be paid as if the 5019 forfeited bail were a fine imposed for a violation of this 5020 section. 5021
- (2) The court shall revoke or suspend the offender's driver's 5022 or commercial driver's license or permit in accordance with 5023 division (G) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. If an 5024 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is 5025 revoked suspended in accordance with that division, the offender 5026 may request termination of, and the court may terminate, the 5027 revocation suspension in accordance with that division. 5028
 - (3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a 5029

person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme	5030
court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, the	5031
court <u>immediately</u> shall comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised	5032
Code.	5033
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- (E) Notwithstanding the prison term otherwise authorized or 5034 required for the offense under division (C) of this section and 5035 sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of the Revised Code, if the violation 5036 of division (A) of this section involves the sale, offer to sell, 5037 or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, with the 5038 exception of marihuana, and if the court imposing sentence upon 5039 the offender finds that the offender as a result of the violation 5040 is a major drug offender and is guilty of a specification of the 5041 type described in section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code, the 5042 court, in lieu of the prison term otherwise authorized or 5043 required, shall impose upon the offender the mandatory prison term 5044 specified in division (D)(3)(a) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 5045 Code and may impose an additional prison term under division 5046 (D)(3)(b) of that section. 5047
- Sec. 2925.06. (A) No person shall knowingly administer to a 5048 human being, or prescribe or dispense for administration to a 5049 human being, any anabolic steroid not approved by the United 5050 States food and drug administration for administration to human 5051 beings.
- (B) This section does not apply to any person listed in 5053 division (B)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2925.03 of the Revised 5054 Code to the extent and under the circumstances described in those 5055 divisions.
- (C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty 5057 of illegal administration or distribution of anabolic steroids, a 5058 felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 5059 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 5060

5061 prison term on the offender. (D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 5062 division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of 5063 the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction imposed for 5064 the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of 5065 the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender who is 5066 convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (A) of 5067 this section shall do both of the following: 5068 (1) The court shall revoke or suspend the offender's driver's 5069 or commercial driver's license or permit in accordance with 5070 division (G) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. If an 5071 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is 5072 revoked suspended in accordance with that division, the offender 5073 may request termination of, and the court may terminate, the 5074 revocation suspension in accordance with that division. 5075 (2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a 5076 person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme 5077 court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, the 5078 court immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised 5079 Code. 5080 (E) If a person commits any act that constitutes a violation 5081 of division (A) of this section and that also constitutes a 5082 violation of any other provision of the Revised Code, the 5083 prosecutor, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, 5084 using customary prosecutorial discretion, may prosecute the person 5085 for a violation of the appropriate provision of the Revised Code. 5086 Sec. 2925.11. (A) No person shall knowingly obtain, possess, 5087 or use a controlled substance. 5088 (B) This section does not apply to any of the following: 5089

(1) Manufacturers, licensed health professionals authorized

to prescribe drugs, pharmacists, owners of pharmacies, and other	5091
persons whose conduct was in accordance with Chapters 3719.,	5092
4715., 4723., 4729., 4731., and 4741. of the Revised Code;	5093
(2) If the offense involves an anabolic steroid, any person	5094
who is conducting or participating in a research project involving	5095
the use of an anabolic steroid if the project has been approved by	5096
the United States food and drug administration;	5097
(3) Any person who sells, offers for sale, prescribes,	5098
dispenses, or administers for livestock or other nonhuman species	5099
an anabolic steroid that is expressly intended for administration	5100
through implants to livestock or other nonhuman species and	5101
approved for that purpose under the "Federal Food, Drug, and	5102
Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended,	5103
and is sold, offered for sale, prescribed, dispensed, or	5104
administered for that purpose in accordance with that act;	5105
(4) Any person who obtained the controlled substance pursuant	5106
to a prescription issued by a licensed health professional	5107
authorized to prescribe drugs.	5108
(C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty	5109
of one of the following:	5110
(1) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound,	5111
mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule I or II,	5112
with the exception of marihuana, cocaine, L.S.D., heroin, and	5113
hashish, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty	5114
of aggravated possession of drugs. The penalty for the offense	5115
shall be determined as follows:	5116
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1)(b), (c),	5117
(d), or (e) of this section, aggravated possession of drugs is a	5118
felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of	5119
the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison	5120
term on the offender.	5121

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(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the	5122
bulk amount but is less than five times the bulk amount,	5123
aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the third degree,	5124
and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	5125
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five	5126
times the bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk	5127
amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the second	5128
degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one	5129
of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree.	5130
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	5131
fifty times the bulk amount but is less than one hundred times the	5132
bulk amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the	5133
first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison	5134
term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first	5135
degree.	5136
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one	5137
hundred times the bulk amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a	5138
felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender,	5139
and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum	5140
prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may	5141
impose an additional mandatory prison term prescribed for a major	5142
drug offender under division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the	5143
Revised Code.	5144
(2) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound,	5145
mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV,	5146
or V, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	5147
possession of drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be	5148
determined as follows:	5149
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b), (c),	5150

or (d) of this section, possession of drugs is a misdemeanor of

the third degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted

of a drug abuse offense, a misdemeanor of the second degree. If	5153
the drug involved in the violation is an anabolic steroid included	5154
in schedule III and if the offense is a misdemeanor of the third	5155
degree under this division, in lieu of sentencing the offender to	5156
a term of imprisonment in a detention facility, the court may	5157
place the offender on conditional probation pursuant to division	5158
(F) of section 2951.02 of the Revised Code.	5159

- (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the 5160 bulk amount but is less than five times the bulk amount, 5161 possession of drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and division 5162 (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining 5163 whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 5164
- (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 5165 times the bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk 5166 amount, possession of drugs is a felony of the third degree, and 5167 there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 5168
- (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 5169 fifty times the bulk amount, possession of drugs is a felony of 5170 the second degree, and the court shall impose upon the offender as 5171 a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 5172 felony of the second degree. 5173
- (3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana or a 5174 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing marihuana 5175 other than hashish, whoever violates division (A) of this section 5176 is guilty of possession of marihuana. The penalty for the offense 5177 shall be determined as follows: 5178
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(3)(b), (c),(d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of marihuana is a5180minor misdemeanor.
- (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 5182 hundred grams but is less than two hundred grams, possession of 5183

term on the offender.

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marihuana is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 5184 (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two 5185 hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams, possession of 5186 marihuana is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of 5187 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether 5188 to impose a prison term on the offender. 5189 (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 5190 thousand grams but is less than five thousand grams, possession of 5191 marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of 5192 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether 5193 to impose a prison term on the offender. 5194 (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 5195 thousand grams but is less than twenty thousand grams, possession 5196 of marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and there is a 5197 presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for the offense. 5198 5199 (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 5200 twenty thousand grams, possession of marihuana is a felony of the 5201 second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison 5202 term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the second 5203 degree. 5204 (4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a 5205 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing cocaine, 5206 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 5207 possession of cocaine. The penalty for the offense shall be 5208 determined as follows: 5209 (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(b), (c), 5210 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of cocaine is a 5211 felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of 5212 the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 5213

- (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 5215 grams but is less than twenty-five grams of cocaine that is not 5216 crack cocaine or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five 5217 grams of crack cocaine, possession of cocaine is a felony of the 5218 fourth degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for 5219 the offense.
- (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 5221 twenty-five grams but is less than one hundred grams of cocaine 5222 that is not crack cocaine or equals or exceeds five grams but is 5223 less than ten grams of crack cocaine, possession of cocaine is a 5224 felony of the third degree, and the court shall impose as a 5225 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 5226 felony of the third degree. 5227
- (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 5228 hundred grams but is less than five hundred grams of cocaine that 5229 is not crack cocaine or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less 5230 than twenty-five grams of crack cocaine, possession of cocaine is 5231 a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a 5232 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 5233 felony of the second degree. 5234
- (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 5235 hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams of cocaine that 5236 is not crack cocaine or equals or exceeds twenty-five grams but is 5237 less than one hundred grams of crack cocaine, possession of 5238 cocaine is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall 5239 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 5240 prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 5241
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 5242 thousand grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine or equals or 5243 exceeds one hundred grams of crack cocaine, possession of cocaine 5244 is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug 5245

offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term	5246
the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first	5247
degree and may impose an additional mandatory prison term	5248
prescribed for a major drug offender under division (D)(3)(b) of	5249
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.	5250

- (5) If the drug involved in the violation is L.S.D., whoever 5251 violates division (A) of this section is guilty of possession of 5252 L.S.D. The penalty for the offense shall be determined as follows: 5253
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(b), (c), 5255 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of L.S.D. is a felony 5256 of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the 5257 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 5258 term on the offender. 5259
- (b) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds ten 5260 unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid 5261 form or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams of 5262 L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 5263 distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the fourth 5264 degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 5265 applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 5266 offender. 5267
- (c) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds fifty 5268 unit doses, but is less than two hundred fifty unit doses of 5269 L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds five grams but is less 5270 than twenty-five grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 5271 extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is a 5272 felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for a 5273 prison term for the offense. 5274
- (d) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds two 5275 hundred fifty unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses 5276

- of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds twenty-five grams 5277 but is less than one hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid 5278 concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession 5279 of L.S.D. is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall 5280 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 5281 prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 5282
- (e) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds one 5283 thousand unit doses but is less than five thousand unit doses of 5284 L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds one hundred grams but 5285 is less than five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, 5286 liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is 5287 a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 5288 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 5289 felony of the first degree. 5290
- (f) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds five 5291 thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds 5292 five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 5293 extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is a 5294 felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, 5295 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum 5296 prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may 5297 impose an additional mandatory prison term prescribed for a major 5298 drug offender under division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the 5299 Revised Code. 5300
- (6) If the drug involved in the violation is heroin or a 5301 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing heroin, 5302 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 5303 possession of heroin. The penalty for the offense shall be 5304 determined as follows: 5305
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(b), (c),
 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of heroin is a felony
 of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the
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5309 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 5310 (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten 5311 unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses or equals or exceeds 5312 one gram but is less than five grams, possession of heroin is a 5313 felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 5314 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 5315 prison term on the offender. 5316 (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 5317 fifty unit doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or equals 5318 or exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams, possession of 5319 heroin is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption 5320 for a prison term for the offense. 5321 (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 5322 hundred unit doses but is less than five hundred unit doses or 5323 equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams, 5324 possession of heroin is a felony of the second degree, and the 5325 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison 5326 terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 5327 (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 5328 hundred unit doses but is less than two thousand five hundred unit 5329 doses or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than two 5330

- hundred unit doses but is less than two thousand five hundred unit

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 doses or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than two
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 hundred fifty grams, possession of heroin is a felony of the first
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 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one
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 of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree.
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- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two thousand five hundred unit doses or equals or exceeds two hundred fifty grams, possession of heroin is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may impose an additional

mandatory prison term prescribed for a major drug offender under 5340 division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. 5341 (7) If the drug involved in the violation is hashish or a 5342 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing hashish, 5343 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 5344 possession of hashish. The penalty for the offense shall be 5345 determined as follows: 5346 (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(b), (c), 5347 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of hashish is a minor 5348 misdemeanor. 5349 (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 5350 grams but is less than ten grams of hashish in a solid form or 5351 equals or exceeds one gram but is less than two grams of hashish 5352 in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate 5353 form, possession of hashish is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 5354 5355 (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten 5356 grams but is less than fifty grams of hashish in a solid form or 5357 equals or exceeds two grams but is less than ten grams of hashish 5358 in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate 5359 form, possession of hashish is a felony of the fifth degree, and 5360 division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 5361 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 5362 (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 5363 fifty grams but is less than two hundred fifty grams of hashish in 5364

(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds

fifty grams but is less than two hundred fifty grams of hashish in

a solid form or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty

grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or

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liquid distillate form, possession of hashish is a felony of the

third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised

Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the

offender.

- (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two 5371 hundred fifty grams but is less than one thousand grams of hashish 5372 in a solid form or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than 5373 two hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid 5374 extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish is a 5375 felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption that a 5376 prison term shall be imposed for the offense. 5377
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 5378 thousand grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds two 5379 hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, 5380 or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish is a felony of 5381 the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory 5382 prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the 5383 second degree.
- (D) Arrest or conviction for a minor misdemeanor violation of 5385 this section does not constitute a criminal record and need not be 5386 reported by the person so arrested or convicted in response to any 5387 inquiries about the person's criminal record, including any 5388 inquiries contained in any application for employment, license, or 5389 other right or privilege, or made in connection with the person's 5390 appearance as a witness.
- (E) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 5392 division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of 5393 the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction that is 5394 imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 5395 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender 5396 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division 5397 (A) of this section shall do all of the following that are 5398 applicable regarding the offender: 5399
- (1)(a) If the violation is a felony of the first, second, or 5400 third degree, the court shall impose upon the offender the 5401

mandatory fine specified for the offense under division (B)(1) of	5402
section 2929.18 of the Revised Code unless, as specified in that	5403
division, the court determines that the offender is indigent.	5404

- (b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 5405 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay a mandatory 5406 fine or other fine imposed for a violation of this section 5407 pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in 5408 accordance with and subject to the requirements of division (F) of 5409 section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. The agency that receives the 5410 fine shall use the fine as specified in division (F) of section 5411 2925.03 of the Revised Code. 5412
- (c) If a person is charged with a violation of this section 5413 that is a felony of the first, second, or third degree, posts 5414 bail, and forfeits the bail, the clerk shall pay the forfeited 5415 bail pursuant to division (E)(1)(b) of this section as if it were 5416 a mandatory fine imposed under division (E)(1)(a) of this section. 5417
- (2) The court shall suspend for not less than six months or 5418 more than five years the <u>offender's</u> driver's or commercial 5419 driver's license or permit of any person who is convicted of or 5420 has pleaded guilty to a violation of this section. 5421
- (3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a

 person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme

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 court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, in

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 addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of this

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 section, the court forthwith immediately shall comply with section

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 2925.38 of the Revised Code.
- (F) It is an affirmative defense, as provided in section 5428 2901.05 of the Revised Code, to a charge of a fourth degree felony violation under this section that the controlled substance that 5430 gave rise to the charge is in an amount, is in a form, is 5431 prepared, compounded, or mixed with substances that are not 5432

controlled substances in a manner, or is possessed under any other	5433
circumstances, that indicate that the substance was possessed	5434
solely for personal use. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of	5435
this section, if, in accordance with section 2901.05 of the	5436
Revised Code, an accused who is charged with a fourth degree	5437
felony violation of division $(C)(2)$, (4) , (5) , or (6) of this	5438
section sustains the burden of going forward with evidence of and	5439
establishes by a preponderance of the evidence the affirmative	5440
defense described in this division, the accused may be prosecuted	5441
for and may plead guilty to or be convicted of a misdemeanor	5442
violation of division (C)(2) of this section or a fifth degree	5443
felony violation of division $(C)(4)$, (5) , or (6) of this section	5444
respectively.	5445

(G) When a person is charged with possessing a bulk amount or 5446 multiple of a bulk amount, division (E) of section 2925.03 of the 5447 Revised Code applies regarding the determination of the amount of 5448 the controlled substance involved at the time of the offense. 5449

Sec. 2925.12. (A) No person shall knowingly make, obtain, 5450 possess, or use any instrument, article, or thing the customary 5451 and primary purpose of which is for the administration or use of a 5452 dangerous drug, other than marihuana, when the instrument involved 5453 is a hypodermic or syringe, whether or not of crude or 5454 extemporized manufacture or assembly, and the instrument, article, 5455 or thing involved has been used by the offender to unlawfully 5456 administer or use a dangerous drug, other than marihuana, or to 5457 prepare a dangerous drug, other than marihuana, for unlawful 5458 administration or use. 5459

(B) This section does not apply to manufacturers, licensed 5460 health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs, pharmacists, 5461 owners of pharmacies, and other persons whose conduct was in 5462 accordance with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4729., 4731., and 5463

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4741. of the Revised Code. 5464 (C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of possessing 5465 drug abuse instruments, a misdemeanor of the second degree. If the 5466 offender previously has been convicted of a drug abuse offense, a 5467 violation of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree. 5468 5469 5470 (D) In addition to any other sanction imposed upon an offender for a violation of this section, the court shall suspend 5471 for not less than six months or more than five years the 5472 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of 5473 any person who is convicted of or has pleaded guilty to a 5474 violation of this section. If the offender is a professionally 5475 licensed person or a person who has been admitted to the bar by 5476 order of the supreme court in compliance with its prescribed and 5477 published rules, in addition to any other sanction imposed for a 5478 violation of this section, the court forthwith immediately shall 5479 comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised Code. 5480 Sec. 2925.13. (A) No person who is the owner, operator, or 5481 person in charge of a locomotive, watercraft, aircraft, or other 5482 vehicle, as defined in division (A) of section 4501.01 of the 5483 Revised Code, shall knowingly permit the vehicle to be used for 5484 the commission of a felony drug abuse offense. 5485 (B) No person who is the owner, lessee, or occupant, or who 5486 has custody, control, or supervision, of premises or real estate, 5487 including vacant land, shall knowingly permit the premises or real 5488

(C)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of permitting drug abuse.

estate, including vacant land, to be used for the commission of a

felony drug abuse offense by another person.

(2) Except as provided in division (C)(3) of this section,

Revised Code.

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permitting drug abuse is a misdemeanor of the first degree. 5494 (3) Permitting drug abuse is a felony of the fifth degree, 5495 and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 5496 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender, if 5497 the felony drug abuse offense in question is a violation of 5498 section 2925.02 or 2925.03 of the Revised Code. 5499 (D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 5500 division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of 5501 the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction imposed for 5502 the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of 5503 the Revised Code, the court that sentences a person who is 5504 convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (A) of 5505 this section shall do all of the following that are applicable 5506 regarding the offender: 5507 (1) The court shall suspend for not less than six months or 5508 more than five years the offender's driver's or commercial 5509 driver's license or permit of the offender. 5510 (2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a 5511 person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme 5512 court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, in 5513 addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of this 5514 section, the court forthwith immediately shall comply with section 5515 2925.38 of the Revised Code. 5516 (E) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 5517 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay a fine 5518 imposed for a violation of this section pursuant to division (A) 5519 of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in accordance with and 5520 subject to the requirements of division (F) of section 2925.03 of 5521 the Revised Code. The agency that receives the fine shall use the 5522 fine as specified in division (F) of section 2925.03 of the 5523

(F) Any premises or real estate that is permitted to be used	5525
in violation of division (B) of this section constitutes a	5526
nuisance subject to abatement pursuant to Chapter 3767. of the	5527
Revised Code.	5528
Sec. 2925.14. (A) As used in this section, "drug	5529
paraphernalia" means any equipment, product, or material of any	5530
kind that is used by the offender, intended by the offender for	5531
use, or designed for use, in propagating, cultivating, growing,	5532
harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing,	5533
processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging,	5534
storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling,	5535
or otherwise introducing into the human body, a controlled	5536
substance in violation of this chapter. "Drug paraphernalia"	5537
includes, but is not limited to, any of the following equipment,	5538
products, or materials that are used by the offender, intended by	5539
the offender for use, or designed by the offender for use, in any	5540
of the following manners:	5541
(1) A kit for propagating, cultivating, growing, or	5542
harvesting any species of a plant that is a controlled substance	5543
or from which a controlled substance can be derived;	5544
(2) A kit for manufacturing, compounding, converting,	5545
producing, processing, or preparing a controlled substance;	5546
(3) Any object, instrument, or device for manufacturing,	5547
compounding, converting, producing, processing, or preparing	5548
methamphetamine or any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of	5549
methamphetamine;	5550
(4) An isomerization device for increasing the potency of any	5551
species of a plant that is a controlled substance;	5552
(5) Testing equipment for identifying, or analyzing the	5553
strength, effectiveness, or purity of, a controlled substance;	5554

(6) A scale or balance for weighing or measuring a controlled	5555
substance;	5556
(7) A diluent or adulterant, such as quinine hydrochloride,	5557
mannitol, mannite, dextrose, or lactose, for cutting a controlled	5558
substance;	5559
(8) A separation gin or sifter for removing twigs and seeds	5560
from, or otherwise cleaning or refining, marihuana;	5561
(9) A blender, bowl, container, spoon, or mixing device for	5562
compounding a controlled substance;	5563
(10) A capsule, balloon, envelope, or container for packaging	5564
small quantities of a controlled substance;	5565
(11) A container or device for storing or concealing a	5566
controlled substance;	5567
(12) A hypodermic syringe, needle, or instrument for	5568
parenterally injecting a controlled substance into the human body;	5569
(13) An object, instrument, or device for ingesting,	5570
inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body, marihuana,	5571
cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil, such as a metal, wooden,	5572
acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipe, with or without a	5573
screen, permanent screen, hashish head, or punctured metal bowl;	5574
water pipe; carburetion tube or device; smoking or carburetion	5575
mask; roach clip or similar object used to hold burning material,	5576
such as a marihuana cigarette, that has become too small or too	5577
short to be held in the hand; miniature cocaine spoon, or cocaine	5578
vial; chamber pipe; carburetor pipe; electric pipe; air driver	5579
pipe; chillum; bong; or ice pipe or chiller.	5580
(B) In determining if any equipment, product, or material is	5581
drug paraphernalia, a court or law enforcement officer shall	5582
consider, in addition to other relevant factors, the following:	5583
(1) Any statement by the owner, or by anyone in control, of	5584

the equipment, product, or material, concerning its use;	5585
(2) The proximity in time or space of the equipment, product,	5586
or material, or of the act relating to the equipment, product, or	5587
material, to a violation of any provision of this chapter;	5588
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(3) The proximity of the equipment, product, or material to	5590
any controlled substance;	5591
(4) The existence of any residue of a controlled substance on	5592
the equipment, product, or material;	5593
(5) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of the	5594
owner, or of anyone in control, of the equipment, product, or	5595
material, to deliver it to any person whom the owner or person in	5596
control of the equipment, product, or material knows intends to	5597
use the object to facilitate a violation of any provision of this	5598
chapter. A finding that the owner, or anyone in control, of the	5599
equipment, product, or material, is not guilty of a violation of	5600
any other provision of this chapter does not prevent a finding	5601
that the equipment, product, or material was intended or designed	5602
by the offender for use as drug paraphernalia.	5603
(6) Any oral or written instruction provided with the	5604
equipment, product, or material concerning its use;	5605
(7) Any descriptive material accompanying the equipment,	5606
product, or material and explaining or depicting its use;	5607
(8) National or local advertising concerning the use of the	5608
equipment, product, or material;	5609
(9) The manner and circumstances in which the equipment,	5610
product, or material is displayed for sale;	5611
(10) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of the	5612
sales of the equipment, product, or material to the total sales of	5613
the business enterprise;	5614

(D)(8) of section 2933.41 of the Revised Code.

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(11) The existence and scope of legitimate uses of the 5615 equipment, product, or material in the community; 5616 (12) Expert testimony concerning the use of the equipment, 5617 product, or material. 5618 (C)(1) No person shall knowingly use, or possess with purpose 5619 to use, drug paraphernalia. 5620 (2) No person shall knowingly sell, or possess or manufacture 5621 with purpose to sell, drug paraphernalia, if the person knows or 5622 reasonably should know that the equipment, product, or material 5623 will be used as drug paraphernalia. 5624 (3) No person shall place an advertisement in any newspaper, 5625 magazine, handbill, or other publication that is published and 5626 printed and circulates primarily within this state, if the person 5627 knows that the purpose of the advertisement is to promote the 5628 illegal sale in this state of the equipment, product, or material 5629 that the offender intended or designed for use as drug 5630 paraphernalia. 5631 (D) This section does not apply to manufacturers, licensed 5632 health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs, pharmacists, 5633 owners of pharmacies, and other persons whose conduct is in 5634 accordance with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4729., 4731., and 5635 4741. of the Revised Code. This section shall not be construed to 5636 prohibit the possession or use of a hypodermic as authorized by 5637 section 3719.172 of the Revised Code. 5638 (E) Notwithstanding sections 2933.42 and 2933.43 of the 5639 Revised Code, any drug paraphernalia that was used, possessed, 5640 sold, or manufactured in a violation of this section shall be 5641 seized, after a conviction for that violation shall be forfeited, 5642 and upon forfeiture shall be disposed of pursuant to division 5643

(F)(1) Whoever violates division (C)(1) of this section is 5645 guilty of illegal use or possession of drug paraphernalia, a 5646 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 5647 (2) Except as provided in division (F)(3) of this section, 5648 whoever violates division (C)(2) of this section is guilty of 5649 dealing in drug paraphernalia, a misdemeanor of the second degree. 5650 (3) Whoever violates division (C)(2) of this section by 5651 selling drug paraphernalia to a juvenile is quilty of selling drug 5652 paraphernalia to juveniles, a misdemeanor of the first degree. 5653 (4) Whoever violates division (C)(3) of this section is 5654 guilty of illegal advertising of drug paraphernalia, a misdemeanor 5655 of the second degree. 5656 (G) In addition to any other sanction imposed upon an 5657 offender for a violation of this section, the court shall suspend 5658 for not less than six months or more than five years the 5659 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of 5660 any person who is convicted of or has pleaded guilty to a 5661 violation of this section. If the offender is a professionally 5662 licensed person or a person who has been admitted to the bar by 5663 order of the supreme court in compliance with its prescribed and 5664 published rules, in addition to any other sanction imposed for a 5665 violation of this section, the court forthwith immediately shall 5666 comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised Code. 5667 Sec. 2925.22. (A) No person, by deception, as defined in 5668 section 2913.01 of the Revised Code, shall procure the 5669 administration of, a prescription for, or the dispensing of, a 5670 dangerous drug or shall possess an uncompleted preprinted 5671 prescription blank used for writing a prescription for a dangerous 5672 drug. 5673

(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of deception to

obtain a dangerous drug. The penalty for the offense shall be 5675 determined as follows: 5676

- (1) If the drug involved is a compound, mixture, preparation, 5677 or substance included in schedule I or II, with the exception of 5678 marihuana, deception to obtain drugs is a felony of the fourth 5679 degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 5680 applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 5681 offender.
- (2) If the drug involved is a dangerous drug or a compound, 5683 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV, 5684 or V or is marihuana, deception to obtain a dangerous drug is a 5685 felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of 5686 the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 5687 term on the offender.
- (C) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by
 division (B) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of
 the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction imposed for
 the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of
 the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender who is
 convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (A) of
 this section shall do both of the following:

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- (1) The court shall suspend for not less than six months or 5696 more than five years the <u>offender's</u> driver's or commercial 5697 driver's license or permit of any person who is convicted of or 5698 has pleaded guilty to a violation of this section. 5699
- (2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a 5700 person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme 5701 court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, in 5702 addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of this 5703 section, the court forthwith immediately shall comply with section 5704 2925.38 of the Revised Code. 5705

(D) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21	5706
of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay a fine	5707
imposed for a violation of this section pursuant to division (A)	5708
of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in accordance with and	5709
subject to the requirements of division (F) of section 2925.03 of	5710
the Revised Code. The agency that receives the fine shall use the	5711
fine as specified in division (F) of section 2925.03 of the	5712
Revised Code.	5713
Sec. 2925.23. (A) No person shall knowingly make a false	5714
statement in any prescription, order, report, or record required	5715
by Chapter 3719. or 4729. of the Revised Code.	5716
(B) No person shall intentionally make, utter, or sell, or	5717
knowingly possess any of the following that is a false or forged:	5718
(1) Prescription;	5719
(2) Uncompleted preprinted prescription blank used for	5720
writing a prescription;	5721
(3) Official written order;	5722
(4) License for a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs as	5723
required in section 4729.60 of the Revised Code;	5724
(5) Registration certificate for a wholesale distributor of	5725
dangerous drugs as required in section 4729.60 of the Revised	5726
Code.	5727
(C) No person, by theft as defined in section 2913.02 of the	5728
Revised Code, shall acquire any of the following:	5729
(1) A prescription;	5730
(2) An uncompleted preprinted prescription blank used for	5731
writing a prescription;	5732
(3) An official written order;	5733

(4) A blank official written order;	5734
(5) A license or blank license for a terminal distributor of	5735
dangerous drugs as required in section 4729.60 of the Revised	5736
Code;	5737
(6) A registration certificate or blank registration	5738
certificate for a wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs as	5739
required in section 4729.60 of the Revised Code.	5740
(D) No person shall knowingly make or affix any false or	5741
forged label to a package or receptacle containing any dangerous	5742
drugs.	5743
(E) Divisions (A) and (D) of this section do not apply to	5744
licensed health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs,	5745
pharmacists, owners of pharmacies, and other persons whose conduct	5746
is in accordance with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4725., 4729.,	5747
4731., and 4741. of the Revised Code.	5748
(F) Whoever violates this section is guilty of illegal	5749
processing of drug documents. If the offender violates division	5750
(B)(2), (4), or (5) or division (C)(2), (4), (5), or (6) of this	5751
section, illegal processing of drug documents is a felony of the	5752
fifth degree. If the offender violates division (A), division	5753
(B)(1) or (3), division (C)(1) or (3), or division (D) of this	5754
section, the penalty for illegal processing of drug documents	5755
shall be determined as follows:	5756
(1) If the drug involved is a compound, mixture, preparation,	5757
or substance included in schedule I or II, with the exception of	5758
marihuana, illegal processing of drug documents is a felony of the	5759
fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised	5760
Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the	5761
offender.	5762

(2) If the drug involved is a dangerous drug or a compound,

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mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV,
or V or is marihuana, illegal processing of drug documents is a
felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of
the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison
term on the offender.

- (G) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by division (F) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to any violation of divisions (A) to (D) of this section shall do both of the following:
- (1) The court shall suspend for not less than six months or 5776 more than five years the <u>offender's</u> driver's or commercial 5777 driver's license or permit of any person who is convicted of or 5778 has pleaded guilty to a violation of this section. 5779
- (2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a 5780 person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme 5781 court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, in 5782 addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of this 5783 section, the court forthwith immediately shall comply with section 5784 2925.38 of the Revised Code. 5785
- (H) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 5786 of the Revised Code, the clerk of court shall pay a fine imposed 5787 for a violation of this section pursuant to division (A) of 5788 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in accordance with and subject 5789 to the requirements of division (F) of section 2925.03 of the 5790 Revised Code. The agency that receives the fine shall use the fine 5791 as specified in division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised 5792 Code. 5793

medical, dental, or veterinary purposes, no person, with purpose	5795
to induce intoxication or similar physiological effects, shall	5796
obtain, possess, or use a harmful intoxicant.	5797

- (B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of abusing 5798 harmful intoxicants, a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the 5799 offender previously has been convicted of a drug abuse offense, 5800 abusing harmful intoxicants is a felony of the fifth degree. 5801
- (C) In addition to any other sanction imposed upon an 5802 offender for a violation of this section, the court shall suspend 5803 for not less than six months or more than five years the 5804 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of 5805 any person who is convicted of or has pleaded guilty to a 5806 violation of this section. If the offender is a professionally 5807 licensed person or a person who has been admitted to the bar by 5808 order of the supreme court in compliance with its prescribed and 5809 published rules, in addition to any other sanction imposed for a 5810 violation of this section, the court forthwith immediately shall 5811 comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised Code. 5812
- Sec. 2925.32. (A) Divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section do 5813 not apply to the dispensing or distributing of nitrous oxide. 5814
- (1) No person shall knowingly dispense or distribute a 5815 harmful intoxicant to a person age eighteen or older if the person 5816 who dispenses or distributes it knows or has reason to believe 5817 that the harmful intoxicant will be used in violation of section 5818 2925.31 of the Revised Code. 5819
- (2) No person shall knowingly dispense or distribute a 5820 harmful intoxicant to a person under age eighteen if the person 5821 who dispenses or distributes it knows or has reason to believe 5822 that the harmful intoxicant will be used in violation of section 5823 2925.31 of the Revised Code. Division (A)(2) of this section does 5824 not prohibit either of the following: 5825

division (F) of this section;

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(a) Dispensing or distributing a harmful intoxicant to a 5826 person under age eighteen if a written order from the juvenile's 5827 parent or quardian is provided to the dispenser or distributor; 5828 (b) Dispensing or distributing gasoline or diesel fuel to a 5829 person under age eighteen if the dispenser or distributor does not 5830 know or have reason to believe the product will be used in 5831 violation of section 2925.31 of the Revised Code. Division 5832 (A)(2)(a) of this section does not require a person to obtain a 5833 written order from the parent or guardian of a person under age 5834 eighteen in order to distribute or dispense gasoline or diesel 5835 fuel to the person. 5836 (B)(1) No person shall knowingly dispense or distribute 5837 nitrous oxide to a person age twenty-one or older if the person 5838 who dispenses or distributes it knows or has reason to believe the 5839 nitrous oxide will be used in violation of section 2925.31 of the 5840 Revised Code. 5841 (2) Except for lawful medical, dental, or clinical purposes, 5842 no person shall knowingly dispense or distribute nitrous oxide to 5843 a person under age twenty-one. 5844 (3) No person, at the time a cartridge of nitrous oxide is 5845 sold to another person, shall sell a device that allows the 5846 purchaser to inhale nitrous oxide from cartridges or to hold 5847 nitrous oxide released from cartridges for purposes of inhalation. 5848 The sale of any such device constitutes a rebuttable presumption 5849 that the person knew or had reason to believe that the purchaser 5850 intended to abuse the nitrous oxide. 5851 (4) No person who dispenses or distributes nitrous oxide in 5852 cartridges shall fail to comply with either of the following: 5853 (a) The record-keeping requirements established under 5854

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(b) The labeling and transaction identification requirements 5856 established under division (G) of this section. 5857 (C) This section does not apply to products used in making, 5858 fabricating, assembling, transporting, or constructing a product 5859 or structure by manual labor or machinery for sale or lease to 5860 another person, or to the mining, refining, or processing of 5861 natural deposits. 5862 (D)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(1) or (2) or division 5863 (B)(1), (2), or (3) of this section is guilty of trafficking in 5864 harmful intoxicants, a felony of the fifth degree. If the offender 5865 previously has been convicted of a drug abuse offense, trafficking 5866 in harmful intoxicants is a felony of the fourth degree. In 5867 addition to any other sanction imposed upon an offender for 5868 trafficking in harmful intoxicants, the court shall suspend for 5869 not less than six months or more than five years the offender's 5870 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of any person 5871 who is convicted of or has pleaded guilty to trafficking in 5872 harmful intoxicants. If the offender is a professionally licensed 5873 person or a person who has been admitted to the bar by order of 5874 the supreme court in compliance with its prescribed and published 5875 rules, in addition to any other sanction imposed for trafficking 5876 in harmful intoxicants, the court forthwith immediately shall 5877 comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised Code. 5878 5879 (2) Whoever violates division (B)(4)(a) or (b) of this 5880 section is guilty of improperly dispensing or distributing nitrous 5881 oxide, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 5882 (E) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of a violation 5883 of division (A)(2) or (B)(2) of this section that: 5884 (1) An individual exhibited to the defendant or an officer or

employee of the defendant, for purposes of establishing the

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individual's age, a driver's license or permit issued by this	5887
state, a commercial driver's license or permit issued by this	5888
state, an identification card issued pursuant to section 4507.50	5889
of the Revised Code, for another document that purports to be a	5890
license, permit, or identification card described in this	5891
division;	5892

- (2) The document exhibited appeared to be a genuine, 5893 unaltered document, to pertain to the individual, and to establish 5894 the individual's age; 5895
- (3) The defendant or the officer or employee of the defendant
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 otherwise did not have reasonable cause to believe that the
 individual was under the age represented.
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- (F) Beginning July 1, 2001, a person who dispenses or 5899 distributes nitrous oxide shall record each transaction involving 5900 the dispensing or distributing of the nitrous oxide on a separate 5901 card. The person shall require the purchaser to sign the card and 5902 provide a complete residence address. The person dispensing or 5903 distributing the nitrous oxide shall sign and date the card. The 5904 person shall retain the card recording a transaction for one year 5905 from the date of the transaction. The person shall maintain the 5906 cards at the person's business address and make them available 5907 during normal business hours for inspection and copying by 5908 officers or employees of the state board of pharmacy or of other 5909 law enforcement agencies of this state or the United States that 5910 are authorized to investigate violations of Chapter 2925., 3719., 5911 or 4729. of the Revised Code or the federal drug abuse control 5912 laws. 5913

The cards used to record each transaction shall inform the purchaser of the following:

(1) That nitrous oxide cartridges are to be used only for 5916 purposes of preparing food; 5917

(2) That inhalation of nitrous oxide can have dangerous	5918
health effects;	5919
(3) That it is a violation of state law to distribute or	5920
dispense cartridges of nitrous oxide to any person under age	5921
twenty-one, punishable as a felony of the fifth degree.	5922
(G)(1) Each cartridge of nitrous oxide dispensed or	5923
distributed in this state shall bear the following printed	5924
warning:	5925
"Nitrous oxide cartridges are to be used only for purposes of	5926
preparing food. Nitrous oxide cartridges may not be sold to	5927
persons under age twenty-one. Do not inhale contents. Misuse can	5928
be dangerous to your health."	5929
(2) Each time a person dispenses or distributes one or more	5930
cartridges of nitrous oxide, the person shall mark the packaging	5931
containing the cartridges with a label or other device that	5932
identifies the person who dispensed or distributed the nitrous	5933
oxide and the person's business address.	5934
Sec. 2925.36. (A) No person shall knowingly furnish another a	5935
sample drug.	5936
(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply to	5937
manufacturers, wholesalers, pharmacists, owners of pharmacies,	5938
licensed health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs, and	5939
other persons whose conduct is in accordance with Chapters 3719.,	5940
4715., 4723., 4725., 4729., 4731., and 4741. of the Revised Code.	5941
(C)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of illegal	5942
dispensing of drug samples.	5943
(2) If the drug involved in the offense is a compound,	5944
mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule I or II,	5945
with the exception of marihuana, the penalty for the offense shall	5946
be determined as follows:	5947

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b) of 5948 this section, illegal dispensing of drug samples is a felony of 5949 the fifth degree, and, subject to division (E) of this section, 5950 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 5951 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 5952 (b) If the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school 5953 or in the vicinity of a juvenile, illegal dispensing of drug 5954 samples is a felony of the fourth degree, and, subject to division 5955 (E) of this section, division (C) of section 2929.13 of the 5956 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 5957 term on the offender. 5958 (3) If the drug involved in the offense is a dangerous drug 5959 or a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in 5960 schedule III, IV, or V, or is marihuana, the penalty for the 5961 offense shall be determined as follows: 5962 (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(3)(b) of 5963 this section, illegal dispensing of drug samples is a misdemeanor 5964 of the second degree. 5965 (b) If the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school 5966 or in the vicinity of a juvenile, illegal dispensing of drug 5967 samples is a misdemeanor of the first degree. 5968 (D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 5969 division (C) or (E) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 5970 2929.14 of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction 5971 imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 5972 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender 5973 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division 5974 (A) of this section shall do both of the following: 5975 (1) The court shall suspend for not less than six months or 5976 more than five years the offender's driver's or commercial 5977

driver's license or permit of any person who is convicted of or

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has pleaded guilty to a violation of this section.

- (2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a 5980 person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme 5981 court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, in 5982 addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of this 5983 section, the court forthwith immediately shall comply with section 5984 2925.38 of the Revised Code. 5985
- (E) Notwithstanding the prison term authorized or required by 5986 5987 division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of the Revised Code, if the violation of division (A) of this section 5988 involves the sale, offer to sell, or possession of a schedule I or 5989 II controlled substance, with the exception of marihuana, and if 5990 the court imposing sentence upon the offender finds that the 5991 offender as a result of the violation is a major drug offender and 5992 is guilty of a specification of the type described in section 5993 2941.1410 of the Revised Code, the court, in lieu of the prison 5994 term otherwise authorized or required, shall impose upon the 5995 offender the mandatory prison term specified in division (D)(3)(a) 5996 of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code and may impose an 5997 additional prison term under division (D)(3)(b) of that section. 5998
- (F) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 6000 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay a fine 6001 imposed for a violation of this section pursuant to division (A) 6002 of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in accordance with and 6003 subject to the requirements of division (F) of section 2925.03 of 6004 the Revised Code. The agency that receives the fine shall use the 6005 fine as specified in division (F) of section 2925.03 of the 6006 Revised Code. 6007
- Sec. 2925.37. (A) No person shall knowingly possess any 6008 counterfeit controlled substance. 6009

(B) No person shall knowingly make, sell, offer to sell, or 6010 deliver any substance that the person knows is a counterfeit 6011 controlled substance. 6012 (C) No person shall make, possess, sell, offer to sell, or 6013 deliver any punch, die, plate, stone, or other device knowing or 6014 having reason to know that it will be used to print or reproduce a 6015 trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark upon a 6016 counterfeit controlled substance. 6017 (D) No person shall sell, offer to sell, give, or deliver any 6018 counterfeit controlled substance to a juvenile. 6019 (E) No person shall directly or indirectly represent a 6020 counterfeit controlled substance as a controlled substance by 6021 describing its effects as the physical or psychological effects 6022 associated with use of a controlled substance. 6023 (F) No person shall directly or indirectly falsely represent 6024 or advertise a counterfeit controlled substance as a controlled 6025 substance. As used in this division, "advertise" means engaging in 6026 "advertisement," as defined in section 3715.01 of the Revised 6027 Code. 6028 (G) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty 6029 of possession of counterfeit controlled substances, a misdemeanor 6030 of the first degree. 6031 (H) Whoever violates division (B) or (C) of this section is 6032 guilty of trafficking in counterfeit controlled substances. Except 6033 as otherwise provided in this division, trafficking in counterfeit 6034 controlled substances is a felony of the fifth degree, and 6035 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 6036 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. If 6037 the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 6038 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in counterfeit controlled 6039

substances is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of

section	2929.13	of	the	Revi	ised	Code	applies	in	determining	whether	6	5041
to impos	se a pri	son	term	n on	the	offer	nder.				6	5042

- (I) Whoever violates division (D) of this section is guilty
 of aggravated trafficking in counterfeit controlled substances.

 Except as otherwise provided in this division, aggravated

 trafficking in counterfeit controlled substances is a felony of
 the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the

 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison

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 term on the offender.
- (J) Whoever violates division (E) of this section is guilty 6050 of promoting and encouraging drug abuse. Except as otherwise 6051 provided in this division, promoting and encouraging drug abuse is 6052 a felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 6053 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 6054 prison term on the offender. If the offense was committed in the 6055 vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, promoting 6056 and encouraging drug abuse is a felony of the fourth degree, and 6057 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 6058 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 6059
- (K) Whoever violates division (F) of this section is guilty 6060 of fraudulent drug advertising. Except as otherwise provided in 6061 this division, fraudulent drug advertising is a felony of the 6062 fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised 6063 Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 6064 offender. If the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school 6065 or in the vicinity of a juvenile, fraudulent drug advertising is a 6066 felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 6067 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 6068 prison term on the offender. 6069
- (L) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 6070 divisions (H) to (K) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 6071 2929.14 of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction 6072

imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to	6073
2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender	6074
who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division	6075
(B), (C), (D), (E), or (F) of this section shall do both of the	6076
following:	6077

- (1) The court shall suspend for not less than six months or
 more than five years the <u>offender's</u> driver's or commercial

 driver's license or permit of any person who is convicted of or

 has pleaded guilty to any other violation of this section.

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- (2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a 6082 person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme 6083 court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, in 6084 addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of this 6085 section, the court forthwith immediately shall comply with section 6086 2925.38 of the Revised Code.
- (M) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 6088 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay a fine 6089 imposed for a violation of this section pursuant to division (A) 6090 of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in accordance with and 6091 subject to the requirements of division (F) of section 2925.03 of 6092 the Revised Code. The agency that receives the fine shall use the 6093 fine as specified in division (F) of section 2925.03 of the 6094 Revised Code. 6095
- Sec. 2925.38. If a person who is convicted of or pleads 6096 quilty to a violation of section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 6097 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.12, 2925.13, 2925.14, 6098 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.31, 2925.32, 2925.36, or 2925.37 of the 6099 Revised Code is a professionally licensed person, in addition to 6100 any other sanctions imposed for the violation, the court 6101 forthwith, except as otherwise provided in this section, 6102 immediately shall transmit a certified copy of the judgment entry 6103

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of conviction to the regulatory or licensing board or agency that	6104
has the administrative authority to suspend or revoke the	6105
offender's professional license. If $\frac{1}{2}$ the professionally licensed	6106
person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of any	6107
section listed in this section is a person who has been admitted	6108
to the bar by order of the supreme court in compliance with its	6109
prescribed and published rules, in addition to any other sanctions	6110
imposed for the violation, the court forthwith <u>immediately</u> shall	6111
transmit a certified copy of the judgment entry of conviction to	6112
the secretary of the board of commissioners on grievances and	6113
discipline of the supreme court and to either the disciplinary	6114
counsel or the president, secretary, and chairperson of each	6115
certified grievance committee.	6116

Sec. 2929.01. As used in this chapter:

- (A)(1) "Alternative residential facility" means, subject to 6118 division (A)(2) of this section, any facility other than an 6119 offender's home or residence in which an offender is assigned to 6120 live and that satisfies all of the following criteria: 6121
- (a) It provides programs through which the offender may seek6122or maintain employment or may receive education, training,treatment, or habilitation.6124
- (b) It has received the appropriate license or certificate 6125 for any specialized education, training, treatment, habilitation, 6126 or other service that it provides from the government agency that 6127 is responsible for licensing or certifying that type of education, 6128 training, treatment, habilitation, or service.
- (2) "Alternative residential facility" does not include a 6130 community-based correctional facility, jail, halfway house, or 6131 prison.
 - (B) "Bad time" means the time by which the parole board

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administratively extends an offender's stated prison term or terms	6134
pursuant to section 2967.11 of the Revised Code because the parole	6135
board finds by clear and convincing evidence that the offender,	6136
while serving the prison term or terms, committed an act that is a	6137
criminal offense under the law of this state or the United States,	6138
whether or not the offender is prosecuted for the commission of	6139
that act.	6140
(C) "Basic probation supervision" means a requirement that	6141
the offender maintain contact with a person appointed to supervise	6142
the offender in accordance with sanctions imposed by the court or	6143
imposed by the parole board pursuant to section 2967.28 of the	6144
Revised Code. "Basic probation supervision" includes basic parole	6145
supervision and basic post-release control supervision.	6146
(D) "Cocaine," "crack cocaine," "hashish," "L.S.D.," and	6147
"unit dose" have the same meanings as in section 2925.01 of the	6148
Revised Code.	6149
(E) "Community-based correctional facility" means a	6150
community-based correctional facility and program or district	6151
community-based correctional facility and program developed	6152
pursuant to sections 2301.51 to 2301.56 of the Revised Code.	6153
(F) "Community control sanction" means a sanction that is not	6154
a prison term and that is described in section 2929.15, 2929.16,	6155
2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code.	6156
(G) "Controlled substance," "marihuana," "schedule I," and	6157
"schedule II" have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of the	6158
Revised Code.	6159
(H) "Curfew" means a requirement that an offender during a	6160
specified period of time be at a designated place.	6161
(I) "Day reporting" means a sanction pursuant to which an	6162

offender is required each day to report to and leave a center or

other approved reporting location at specified times in order to

2929.23 of the Revised Code except as otherwise specified in

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the Revised Code.

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section 2929.20 of the Revised Code. 6196

(Q) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11 of 6197

- (R) "Halfway house" means a facility licensed by the division 6199 of parole and community services of the department of 6200 rehabilitation and correction pursuant to section 2967.14 of the 6201 Revised Code as a suitable facility for the care and treatment of 6202 adult offenders.
- (S) "House arrest" means a period of confinement of an 6204 eligible offender that is in the eligible offender's home or in 6205 other premises specified by the sentencing court or by the parole 6206 board pursuant to section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, that may be 6207 electronically monitored house arrest, and during which all of the 6208 following apply:
- (1) The eligible offender is required to remain in the 6210 eligible offender's home or other specified premises for the 6211 specified period of confinement, except for periods of time during 6212 which the eligible offender is at the eligible offender's place of 6213 employment or at other premises as authorized by the sentencing 6214 court or by the parole board. 6215
- (2) The eligible offender is required to report periodically 6216 to a person designated by the court or parole board. 6217
- (3) The eligible offender is subject to any other
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 restrictions and requirements that may be imposed by the
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 sentencing court or by the parole board.
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- (T) "Intensive probation supervision" means a requirement 6221 that an offender maintain frequent contact with a person appointed 6222 by the court, or by the parole board pursuant to section 2967.28 6223 of the Revised Code, to supervise the offender while the offender 6224 is seeking or maintaining necessary employment and participating 6225 in training, education, and treatment programs as required in the 6226

court's or parole board's order. "Intensive probation supervision"	6227
includes intensive parole supervision and intensive post-release	6228
control supervision.	6229

- (U) "Jail" means a jail, workhouse, minimum security jail, or 6230 other residential facility used for the confinement of alleged or 6231 convicted offenders that is operated by a political subdivision or 6232 a combination of political subdivisions of this state. 6233
- (V) "Delinquent child" has the same meaning as in section 6234 2152.02 of the Revised Code. 6235
- (W) "License violation report" means a report that is made by 6236 a sentencing court, or by the parole board pursuant to section 6237 2967.28 of the Revised Code, to the regulatory or licensing board 6238 or agency that issued an offender a professional license or a 6239 license or permit to do business in this state and that specifies 6240 that the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an 6241 offense that may violate the conditions under which the offender's 6242 professional license or license or permit to do business in this 6243 state was granted or an offense for which the offender's 6244 professional license or license or permit to do business in this 6245 state may be revoked or suspended. 6246
- (X) "Major drug offender" means an offender who is convicted 6247 of or pleads guilty to the possession of, sale of, or offer to 6248 sell any drug, compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that 6249 consists of or contains at least one thousand grams of hashish; at 6250 least one hundred grams of crack cocaine; at least one thousand 6251 grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine; at least two thousand 6252 five hundred unit doses or two hundred fifty grams of heroin; at 6253 least five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. or five hundred grams of 6254 L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 6255 distillate form; or at least one hundred times the amount of any 6256 other schedule I or II controlled substance other than marihuana 6257 that is necessary to commit a felony of the third degree pursuant 6258

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to section 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, or 2925.11 of the Revised	6259
Code that is based on the possession of, sale of, or offer to sell	6260
the controlled substance.	6261
(Y) "Mandatory prison term" means any of the following:	6262
(1) Subject to division $(Y)(2)$ of this section, the term in	6263
prison that must be imposed for the offenses or circumstances set	6264
forth in divisions $(F)(1)$ to (8) or $(F)(12)$ of section 2929.13 and	6265
division (D) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. Except as	6266
provided in sections 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, and	6267
2925.11 of the Revised Code, unless the maximum or another	6268
specific term is required under section 2929.14 of the Revised	6269
Code, a mandatory prison term described in this division may be	6270
any prison term authorized for the level of offense.	6271
(2) The term of sixty or one hundred twenty days in prison	6272
that a sentencing court is required to impose for a third or	6273
fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense pursuant to division (G)(2)	6274
of section 2929.13 and division $\frac{(A)(4)(G)(1)(d)}{(A)(G)(1)(d)}$ or $\frac{(8)(e)}{(A)(G)(1)(d)}$	6275
section 4511.99 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	6276
(3) The term in prison imposed pursuant to section 2971.03 of	6277
the Revised Code for the offenses and in the circumstances	6278
described in division (F)(11) of section 2929.13 of the Revised	6279
Code and that term as modified or terminated pursuant to section	6280
2971.05 of the Revised Code.	6281
(Z) "Monitored time" means a period of time during which an	6282
offender continues to be under the control of the sentencing court	6283
or parole board, subject to no conditions other than leading a	6284
law-abiding life.	6285
(AA) "Offender" means a person who, in this state, is	6286
convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony or a misdemeanor.	6287
(BB) "Prison" means a residential facility used for the	6288

confinement of convicted felony offenders that is under the

(i) Aggravated murder, murder, involuntary manslaughter,	6320
rape, felonious sexual penetration as it existed under section	6321
2907.12 of the Revised Code prior to September 3, 1996, a felony	6322
of the first or second degree that resulted in the death of a	6323
person or in physical harm to a person, or complicity in or an	6324
attempt to commit any of those offenses;	6325
(ii) An offense under an existing or former law of this	6326
state, another state, or the United States that is or was	6327
substantially equivalent to an offense listed under division	6328
(DD)(2)(a)(i) of this section and that resulted in the death of a	6329
person or in physical harm to a person.	6330
(b) The person previously was adjudicated a delinquent child	6331
for committing an act that if committed by an adult would have	6332
been an offense listed in division (DD)(2)(a)(i) or (ii) of this	6333
section, the person was committed to the department of youth	6334
services for that delinquent act.	6335
(EE) "Sanction" means any penalty imposed upon an offender	6336
who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense, as punishment	6337
for the offense. "Sanction" includes any sanction imposed pursuant	6338
to any provision of sections 2929.14 to 2929.18 of the Revised	6339
Code.	6340
(FF) "Sentence" means the sanction or combination of	6341
sanctions imposed by the sentencing court on an offender who is	6342
convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony.	6343
(GG) "Stated prison term" means the prison term, mandatory	6344
prison term, or combination of all prison terms and mandatory	6345
prison terms imposed by the sentencing court pursuant to section	6346
2929.14 or 2971.03 of the Revised Code. "Stated prison term"	6347
includes any credit received by the offender for time spent in	6348
jail awaiting trial, sentencing, or transfer to prison for the	6349

offense and any time spent under house arrest or electronically

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monitored house arrest imposed after earning credits pursuant to	6351
section 2967.193 of the Revised Code.	6352
(HH) "Victim-offender mediation" means a reconciliation or	6353
mediation program that involves an offender and the victim of the	6354
offense committed by the offender and that includes a meeting in	6355
which the offender and the victim may discuss the offense, discuss	6356
restitution, and consider other sanctions for the offense.	6357
(II) "Fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense" means a	6358
violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code	6359
that, under <u>division (G) of that</u> section 4511.99 of the Revised	6360
Code, is a felony of the fourth degree.	6361
(JJ) "Mandatory term of local incarceration" means the term	6362
of sixty or one hundred twenty days in a jail, a community-based	6363
correctional facility, a halfway house, or an alternative	6364
residential facility that a sentencing court may impose upon a	6365
person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a fourth degree	6366
felony $\frac{OMVI}{OVI}$ offense pursuant to division (G)(1) of section	6367
2929.13 of the Revised Code and division $\frac{(A)(4)(G)(1)(d)}{(G)(1)(d)}$ or $\frac{(8)(e)}{(G)(1)}$	6368
of section 4511.99 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	6369
(KK) "Designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense,"	6370
"sexual motivation specification," "sexually violent offense,"	6371
"sexually violent predator," and "sexually violent predator	6372
specification" have the same meanings as in section 2971.01 of the	6373
Revised Code.	6374
(LL) "Habitual sex offender," "sexually oriented offense,"	6375
and "sexual predator" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01	6376
of the Revised Code.	6377
(MM) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a child" if	6378
the offender commits the offense within thirty feet of or within	6379
the same residential unit as a child who is under eighteen years	6380

of age, regardless of whether the offender knows the age of the

child or whether the offender knows the offense is being committed	6382
within thirty feet of or within the same residential unit as the	6383
child and regardless of whether the child actually views the	6384
commission of the offense.	6385
(NN) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as in	6386
section 2919.25 of the Revised Code.	6387
(00) "Motor vehicle" and "manufactured home" have the same	6388
meanings as in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code.	6389
(PP) "Detention" and "detention facility" have the same	6390
meanings as in section 2921.01 of the Revised Code.	6391
(QQ) "Third degree felony $\frac{OMVI}{OVI}$ offense" means a violation	6392
of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that, under	6393
division (G) of that section 4511.99 of the Revised Code, is a	6394
felony of the third degree.	6395
(RR) "Random drug testing" has the same meaning as in section	6396
5120.63 of the Revised Code.	6397
(SS) "Felony sex offense" has the same meaning as in section	6398
2957.28 of the Revised Code.	6399
(TT) "Body armor" has the same meaning as in section	6400
2941.1411 of the Revised Code.	6401
Sec. 2929.13. (A) Except as provided in division (E), (F), or	6402
(G) of this section and unless a specific sanction is required to	6403
be imposed or is precluded from being imposed pursuant to law, a	6404
court that imposes a sentence upon an offender for a felony may	6405
impose any sanction or combination of sanctions on the offender	6406
that are provided in sections 2929.14 to 2929.18 of the Revised	6407
Code. The sentence shall not impose an unnecessary burden on state	6408
or local government resources.	6409
If the offender is eligible to be sentenced to community	6410

control sanctions, the court shall consider the appropriateness of

whether any of the following apply:

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imposing a financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18 of the	6412
Revised Code or a sanction of community service pursuant to	6413
section 2929.17 of the Revised Code as the sole sanction for the	6414
offense. Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	6415
court is required to impose a mandatory prison term for the	6416
offense for which sentence is being imposed, the court also may	6417
impose a financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18 of the	6418
Revised Code but may not impose any additional sanction or	6419
combination of sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the	6420
Revised Code.	6421
If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony	6422
$\frac{\text{OMVI}}{\text{OVI}}$ offense or for a third degree felony $\frac{\text{OMVI}}{\text{OVI}}$ offense, in	6423
addition to the mandatory term of local incarceration or the	6424
mandatory prison term required for the offense by division (G)(1)	6425
or (2) of this section, the court shall impose upon the offender a	6426
mandatory fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of section	6427
2929.18 of the Revised Code and may impose whichever of the	6428
following is applicable:	6429
(1) For a fourth degree felony $\frac{OMVI}{OVI}$ offense for which	6430
sentence is imposed under division (G)(1) of this section, an	6431
additional community control sanction or combination of community	6432
control sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised	6433
Code;	6434
(2) For a third or fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense for	6435
which sentence is imposed under division (G)(2) of this section,	6436
an additional prison term as described in division (D)(4) of	6437
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.	6438
(B)(1) Except as provided in division $(B)(2)$, (E) , (F) , or	6439
(G) of this section, in sentencing an offender for a felony of the	6440
fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall determine	6441

(a) In committing the offense, the offender caused physical	6443
harm to a person.	6444
(b) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to	6445
cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person with a	6446
deadly weapon.	6447
(c) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to	6448
cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person, and	6449
the offender previously was convicted of an offense that caused	6450
physical harm to a person.	6451
(d) The offender held a public office or position of trust	6452
and the offense related to that office or position; the offender's	6453
position obliged the offender to prevent the offense or to bring	6454
those committing it to justice; or the offender's professional	6455
reputation or position facilitated the offense or was likely to	6456
influence the future conduct of others.	6457
(e) The offender committed the offense for hire or as part of	6458
an organized criminal activity.	6459
(f) The offense is a sex offense that is a fourth or fifth	6460
degree felony violation of section 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,	6461
2907.22, 2907.31, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, or 2907.34 of the	6462
Revised Code.	6463
(g) The offender at the time of the offense was serving, or	6464
the offender previously had served, a prison term.	6465
(h) The offender committed the offense while under a	6466
community control sanction, while on probation, or while released	6467
from custody on a bond or personal recognizance.	6468
(i) The offender committed the offense while in possession of	6469
a firearm.	6470
(2)(a) If the court makes a finding described in division	6471
(B)(1)(a), (b) , (c) , (d) , (e) , (f) , (g) , (h) , or (i) of this	6472

- section and if the court, after considering the factors set forth 6473 in section 2929.12 of the Revised Code, finds that a prison term 6474 is consistent with the purposes and principles of sentencing set 6475 forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and finds that the 6476 offender is not amenable to an available community control 6477 sanction, the court shall impose a prison term upon the offender. 6478
- (b) Except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this 6479 section, if the court does not make a finding described in 6480 division (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of 6481 this section and if the court, after considering the factors set 6482 forth in section 2929.12 of the Revised Code, finds that a 6483 community control sanction or combination of community control 6484 sanctions is consistent with the purposes and principles of 6485 sentencing set forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code, the 6486 court shall impose a community control sanction or combination of 6487 community control sanctions upon the offender. 6488
- (C) Except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this 6489 section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a 6490 sanction for a felony of the third degree or a felony drug offense 6491 that is a violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised 6492 Code and that is specified as being subject to this division for 6493 purposes of sentencing, the sentencing court shall comply with the 6494 purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the 6495 Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of the Revised Code. 6496
- (D) Except as provided in division (E) or (F) of this 6497 section, for a felony of the first or second degree and for a 6498 felony drug offense that is a violation of any provision of 6499 Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code for which a 6500 presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as being 6501 applicable, it is presumed that a prison term is necessary in 6502 order to comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing 6503 under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code. Notwithstanding the 6504

presumption established under this division, the sentencing court	6505
may impose a community control sanction or a combination of	6506
community control sanctions instead of a prison term on an	6507
offender for a felony of the first or second degree or for a	6508
felony drug offense that is a violation of any provision of	6509
Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code for which a	6510
presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as being	6511
applicable if it makes both of the following findings:	6512

- (1) A community control sanction or a combination of 6513 community control sanctions would adequately punish the offender 6514 and protect the public from future crime, because the applicable 6515 factors under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a 6516 lesser likelihood of recidivism outweigh the applicable factors 6517 under that section indicating a greater likelihood of recidivism. 6518
- (2) A community control sanction or a combination of 6519 community control sanctions would not demean the seriousness of 6520 the offense, because one or more factors under section 2929.12 of 6521 the Revised Code that indicate that the offender's conduct was 6522 less serious than conduct normally constituting the offense are 6523 applicable, and they outweigh the applicable factors under that 6524 section that indicate that the offender's conduct was more serious 6525 than conduct normally constituting the offense. 6526
- (E)(1) Except as provided in division (F) of this section, 6527 for any drug offense that is a violation of any provision of 6528 Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and that is a felony of the 6529 third, fourth, or fifth degree, the applicability of a presumption 6530 under division (D) of this section in favor of a prison term or of 6531 division (B) or (C) of this section in determining whether to 6532 impose a prison term for the offense shall be determined as 6533 specified in section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, 6534 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.36, or 2925.37 of the 6535 Revised Code, whichever is applicable regarding the violation. 6536

(2) If an offender who was convicted of or pleaded guilty to 6537 a felony violates the conditions of a community control sanction 6538 imposed for the offense solely by reason of producing positive 6539 results on a drug test, the court, as punishment for the violation 6540 of the sanction, shall not order that the offender be imprisoned 6541 unless the court determines on the record either of the following: 6542 (a) The offender had been ordered as a sanction for the 6543 felony to participate in a drug treatment program, in a drug 6544 education program, or in narcotics anonymous or a similar program, 6545 and the offender continued to use illegal drugs after a reasonable 6546 period of participation in the program. 6547 (b) The imprisonment of the offender for the violation is 6548 consistent with the purposes and principles of sentencing set 6549 forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code. 6550 (F) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section, the 6551 court shall impose a prison term or terms under sections 2929.02 6552 to 2929.06, section 2929.14, or section 2971.03 of the Revised 6553 Code and except as specifically provided in section 2929.20 or 6554 2967.191 of the Revised Code or when parole is authorized for the 6555 offense under section 2967.13 of the Revised Code shall not reduce 6556 the terms pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any 6557 other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised 6558 Code for any of the following offenses: 6559 6560 (1) Aggravated murder when death is not imposed or murder; 6561 (2) Any rape, regardless of whether force was involved and 6562 regardless of the age of the victim, or an attempt to commit rape 6563 by force when the victim is under thirteen years of age; 6564 (3) Gross sexual imposition or sexual battery, if the victim 6565 is under thirteen years of age, if the offender previously was 6566

convicted of or pleaded guilty to rape, the former offense of

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felonious sexual penetration, gross sexual imposition, or sexual	6568
battery, and if the victim of the previous offense was under	6569
thirteen years of age;	6570
(4) A felony violation of section 2903.04, 2903.06, 2903.08,	6571
2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the Revised Code if the section	6572
requires the imposition of a prison term;	6573
(5) A first, second, or third degree felony drug offense for	6574
which section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06,	6575
2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.36, 2925.37, 3719.99, or	6576
4729.99 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable regarding the	6577
violation, requires the imposition of a mandatory prison term;	6578
(6) Any offense that is a first or second degree felony and	6579
that is not set forth in division $(F)(1)$, (2) , (3) , or (4) of this	6580
section, if the offender previously was convicted of or pleaded	6581
guilty to aggravated murder, murder, any first or second degree	6582
felony, or an offense under an existing or former law of this	6583
state, another state, or the United States that is or was	6584
substantially equivalent to one of those offenses;	6585
(7) Any offense that is a third degree felony and that is	6586
listed in division (DD)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised Code	6587
if the offender previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to	6588
any offense that is listed in division (DD)(2)(a)(i) or (ii) of	6589
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code;	6590
(8) Any offense, other than a violation of section 2923.12 of	6591
the Revised Code, that is a felony, if the offender had a firearm	6592
on or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	6593
while committing the felony, with respect to a portion of the	6594
sentence imposed pursuant to division (D)(1)(a) of section 2929.14	6595
of the Revised Code for having the firearm;	6596

(9) Any offense of violence that is a felony, if the offender

wore or carried body armor while committing the felony offense of

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violence, with respect to the portion of the sentence imposed	6599
pursuant to division (D)(1)(d) of section 2929.14 of the Revised	6600
Code for wearing or carrying the body armor;	6601
(10) Corrupt activity in violation of section 2923.32 of the	6602
Revised Code when the most serious offense in the pattern of	6603
corrupt activity that is the basis of the offense is a felony of	6604
the first degree;	6605
(11) Any sexually violent offense for which the offender also	6606
is convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually violent predator	6607
specification that was included in the indictment, count in the	6608
indictment, or information charging the sexually violent offense;	6609
	6610
(12) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2921.36	6611
of the Revised Code, or a violation of division (C) of that	6612
section involving an item listed in division (A)(1) or (2) of that	6613
section, if the offender is an officer or employee of the	6614
department of rehabilitation and correction.	6615
(G) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section, if	6616
an offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OMVI OVI	6617
offense or for a third degree felony OMVI OVI offense, the court	6618
shall impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local	6619
incarceration or a mandatory prison term in accordance with the	6620
following:	6621
(1) If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree	6622
felony $\frac{OVI}{OVI}$ offense, the court may impose upon the offender a	6623
mandatory term of local incarceration of sixty days or one hundred	6624

mandatory term of local incarceration of sixty days or one hundred

twenty days as specified in division (A)(4)(G)(1)(d) of section

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4511.99 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a mandatory term of local

incarceration of one hundred twenty days as specified in division

(A)(8) of that section. The court shall not reduce the term

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pursuant to section 2929.20, 2967.193, or any other provision of

the Revised Code. The court that imposes a mandatory term of local 6630 incarceration under this division shall specify whether the term 6631 is to be served in a jail, a community-based correctional 6632 facility, a halfway house, or an alternative residential facility, 6633 and the offender shall serve the term in the type of facility 6634 specified by the court. A mandatory term of local incarceration 6635 imposed under division (G)(1) of this section is not subject to 6636 extension under section 2967.11 of the Revised Code, to a period 6637 of post-release control under section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, 6638 or to any other Revised Code provision that pertains to a prison 6639 term. 6640

(2) If the offender is being sentenced for a third degree 6641 felony OMVI OVI offense, or if the offender is being sentenced for 6642 a fourth degree felony OWVI OVI offense and the court does not 6643 impose a mandatory term of local incarceration under division 6644 (G)(1) of this section, the court shall impose upon the offender a 6645 mandatory prison term of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as 6646 specified in division $\frac{A}{4}$ $\frac{G}{G}$ $\frac{1}{E}$ of section $\frac{4511.99}{E}$ 6647 of the Revised Code or a mandatory prison term of one hundred 6648 twenty days as specified in division (A)(8) of that section. The 6649 court shall not reduce the term pursuant to section 2929.20, 6650 2967.193, or any other provision of the Revised Code. In no case 6651 shall an offender who once has been sentenced to a mandatory term 6652 of local incarceration pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section 6653 for a fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense be sentenced to 6654 another mandatory term of local incarceration under that division 6655 for any violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the 6656 Revised Code. The court shall not sentence the offender to a 6657 community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the 6658 Revised Code. The department of rehabilitation and correction may 6659 place an offender sentenced to a mandatory prison term under this 6660 division in an intensive program prison established pursuant to 6661 section 5120.033 of the Revised Code if the department gave the 6662

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sentencing judge prior notice of its intent to place the offender	6663
in an intensive program prison established under that section and	6664
if the judge did not notify the department that the judge	6665
disapproved the placement. Upon the establishment of the initial	6666
intensive program prison pursuant to section 5120.033 of the	6667
Revised Code that is privately operated and managed by a	6668
contractor pursuant to a contract entered into under section 9.06	6669
of the Revised Code, both of the following apply:	6670

- (a) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that a sufficient number of offenders sentenced to a mandatory prison term under this division are placed in the privately operated and managed prison so that the privately operated and managed prison has full occupancy.
- (b) Unless the privately operated and managed prison has full 6676 occupancy, the department of rehabilitation and correction shall 6677 not place any offender sentenced to a mandatory prison term under 6678 this division in any intensive program prison established pursuant 6679 to section 5120.033 of the Revised Code other than the privately 6680 operated and managed prison.
- (H) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually oriented
 offense committed on or after January 1, 1997, the judge shall
 require the offender to submit to a DNA specimen collection
 6684
 procedure pursuant to section 2901.07 of the Revised Code if
 either of the following applies:
 6686
- (1) The offense was a sexually violent offense, and the 6687 offender also was convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually 6688 violent predator specification that was included in the 6689 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the 6690 sexually violent offense. 6691
- (2) The judge imposing sentence for the sexually oriented 6692 offense determines pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.09 of 6693

the Revised Code that the offender is a sexual predator.

(I) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually oriented 6695 offense committed on or after January 1, 1997, the judge shall 6696 include in the sentence a summary of the offender's duty to 6697 register pursuant to section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, the 6698 offender's duty to provide notice of a change in residence address 6699 and register the new residence address pursuant to section 2950.05 6700 of the Revised Code, the offender's duty to periodically verify 6701 the offender's current residence address pursuant to section 6702 2950.06 of the Revised Code, and the duration of the duties. The 6703 judge shall inform the offender, at the time of sentencing, of 6704 those duties and of their duration and, if required under division 6705 (A)(2) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code, shall perform the 6706 duties specified in that section. 6707

- (J)(1) Except as provided in division (J)(2) of this section, 6708 when considering sentencing factors under this section in relation 6709 to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an attempt 6710 to commit an offense in violation of section 2923.02 of the 6711 Revised Code, the sentencing court shall consider the factors 6712 applicable to the felony category of the violation of section 6713 2923.02 of the Revised Code instead of the factors applicable to 6714 the felony category of the offense attempted. 6715
- (2) When considering sentencing factors under this section in 6716 relation to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an 6717 attempt to commit a drug abuse offense for which the penalty is 6718 determined by the amount or number of unit doses of the controlled 6719 substance involved in the drug abuse offense, the sentencing court 6720 shall consider the factors applicable to the felony category that 6721 the drug abuse offense attempted would be if that drug abuse 6722 offense had been committed and had involved an amount or number of 6723 unit doses of the controlled substance that is within the next 6724 lower range of controlled substance amounts than was involved in 6725

the attempt.	6726
(K) As used in this section, "drug abuse offense" has the	6727
same meaning as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	6728
Sec. 2929.14. (A) Except as provided in division (C), (D)(1),	6729
(D)(2), $(D)(3)$, $(D)(4)$, or (G) of this section and except in	6730
relation to an offense for which a sentence of death or life	6731
imprisonment is to be imposed, if the court imposing a sentence	6732
upon an offender for a felony elects or is required to impose a	6733
prison term on the offender pursuant to this chapter and is not	6734
prohibited by division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised	6735
Code from imposing a prison term on the offender, the court shall	6736
impose a definite prison term that shall be one of the following:	6737
(1) For a felony of the first degree, the prison term shall	6738
be three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years.	6739
(2) For a felony of the second degree, the prison term shall	6740
be two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years.	6741
(3) For a felony of the third degree, the prison term shall	6742
be one, two, three, four, or five years.	6743
(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term shall	6744
be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen,	6745
fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, or eighteen months.	6746
(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term shall	6747
be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months.	6748
(B) Except as provided in division (C), (D)(1), (D)(2),	6749
(D)(3), or (G) of this section, in section 2907.02 of the Revised	6750
Code, or in Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code, if the court	6751
imposing a sentence upon an offender for a felony elects or is	6752
required to impose a prison term on the offender, the court shall	6753
impose the shortest prison term authorized for the offense	6754
pursuant to division (A) of this section, unless one or more of	6755

the following applies:

- (1) The offender was serving a prison term at the time of the 6757
- offense, or the offender previously had served a prison term. 6758
- (2) The court finds on the record that the shortest prison 6759 term will demean the seriousness of the offender's conduct or will 6760 not adequately protect the public from future crime by the 6761 offender or others.
- (C) Except as provided in division (G) of this section or in 6763 Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code, the court imposing a sentence 6764 upon an offender for a felony may impose the longest prison term 6765 authorized for the offense pursuant to division (A) of this 6766 section only upon offenders who committed the worst forms of the 6767 offense, upon offenders who pose the greatest likelihood of 6768 committing future crimes, upon certain major drug offenders under 6769 division (D)(3) of this section, and upon certain repeat violent 6770 offenders in accordance with division (D)(2) of this section. 6771
- (D)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (D)(1)(e) of this 6772 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 6773 felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of 6774 the type described in section 2941.141, 2941.144, or 2941.145 of 6775 the Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender one of 6776 the following prison terms:
- (i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of the 6778 type described in section 2941.144 of the Revised Code that 6779 charges the offender with having a firearm that is an automatic 6780 firearm or that was equipped with a firearm muffler or silencer on 6781 or about the offender's person or under the offender's control 6782 while committing the felony; 6783
- (ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is of6784the type described in section 2941.145 of the Revised Code that6785charges the offender with having a firearm on or about the6786

offender's person or under the offender's control while committing	6787
the offense and displaying the firearm, brandishing the firearm,	6788
indicating that the offender possessed the firearm, or using it to	6789
facilitate the offense;	6790

- (iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of 6791 the type described in section 2941.141 of the Revised Code that 6792 charges the offender with having a firearm on or about the 6793 offender's person or under the offender's control while committing 6794 the felony.
- (b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under
 division (D)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be
 reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any
 other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised
 6799
 Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an
 offender under division (D)(1)(a) of this section for felonies
 6801
 committed as part of the same act or transaction.
- (c) Except as provided in division (D)(1)(e) of this section, 6803 if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation 6804 of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a felony that 6805 includes, as an essential element, purposely or knowingly causing 6806 or attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another, 6807 also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the 6808 type described in section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that 6809 charges the offender with committing the offense by discharging a 6810 firearm from a motor vehicle other than a manufactured home, the 6811 court, after imposing a prison term on the offender for the 6812 violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the other 6813 felony offense under division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of this 6814 section, shall impose an additional prison term of five years upon 6815 the offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 6816 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. 6817 or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose 6818

more than one additional prison term on an offender under division	6819
(D)(1)(c) of this section for felonies committed as part of the	6820
same act or transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison	6821
term on an offender under division (D)(1)(c) of this section	6822
relative to an offense, the court also shall impose a prison term	6823
under division (D)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same	6824
offense, provided the criteria specified in that division for	6825
imposing an additional prison term are satisfied relative to the	6826
offender and the offense.	6827

- (d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to an 6828 offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or 6829 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 6830 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender with 6831 wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony offense 6832 of violence, the court shall impose on the offender a prison term 6833 of two years. The prison term so imposed shall not be reduced 6834 pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any other 6835 provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A 6836 court shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender 6837 under division (D)(1)(d) of this section for felonies committed as 6838 part of the same act or transaction. If a court imposes an 6839 additional prison term under division (D)(1)(a) or (c) of this 6840 section, the court is not precluded from imposing an additional 6841 prison term under division (D)(1)(d) of this section. 6842
- (e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 6843 described in division (D)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 6844 additional prison terms described in division (D)(1)(c) of this 6845 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 6846 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of 6847 the prison terms described in division (D)(1)(a) of this section 6848 or any of the additional prison terms described in division 6849 (D)(1)(c) of this section upon an offender for a violation of 6850

section 2923.13 of the Revised Code unless all of the following 6851 apply: 6852

- (i) The offender previously has been convicted of aggravated 6853 murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second degree. 6854
- (ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender was6855released from prison or post-release control, whichever is later,6856for the prior offense.
- (2)(a) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to 6858 a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification 6859 of the type described in section 2941.149 of the Revised Code that 6860 the offender is a repeat violent offender, the court shall impose 6861 a prison term from the range of terms authorized for the offense 6862 under division (A) of this section that may be the longest term in 6863 the range and that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 6864 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. 6865 or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. If the court finds that the 6866 repeat violent offender, in committing the offense, caused any 6867 physical harm that carried a substantial risk of death to a person 6868 or that involved substantial permanent incapacity or substantial 6869 permanent disfigurement of a person, the court shall impose the 6870 longest prison term from the range of terms authorized for the 6871 offense under division (A) of this section. 6872
- (b) If the court imposing a prison term on a repeat violent 6873 offender imposes the longest prison term from the range of terms 6874 authorized for the offense under division (A) of this section, the 6875 court may impose on the offender an additional definite prison 6876 term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or 6877 ten years if the court finds that both of the following apply with 6878 respect to the prison terms imposed on the offender pursuant to 6879 division (D)(2)(a) of this section and, if applicable, divisions 6880 (D)(1) and (3) of this section: 6881

- (i) The terms so imposed are inadequate to punish the 6882 offender and protect the public from future crime, because the 6883 applicable factors under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code 6884 indicating a greater likelihood of recidivism outweigh the 6885 applicable factors under that section indicating a lesser 6886 likelihood of recidivism.
- (ii) The terms so imposed are demeaning to the seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors under section 6889 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally constituting the offense are 6891 present, and they outweigh the applicable factors under that 6892 section indicating that the offender's conduct is less serious 6893 than conduct normally constituting the offense. 6894
- (3)(a) Except when an offender commits a violation of section 6895 2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed for 6896 the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of 6897 section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a 6898 violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and 6899 that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender and 6900 requires the imposition of a ten-year prison term on the offender, 6901 if the offender commits a felony violation of section 2925.02, 6902 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36, 3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 6903 4729.37, or 4729.61, division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, 6904 division (C) of section 4729.51, or division (J) of section 6905 4729.54 of the Revised Code that includes the sale, offer to sell, 6906 or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, with the 6907 exception of marihuana, and the court imposing sentence upon the 6908 offender finds that the offender is guilty of a specification of 6909 the type described in section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code 6910 charging that the offender is a major drug offender, or if the 6911 court imposing sentence upon an offender for a felony finds that 6912 the offender is guilty of corrupt activity with the most serious 6913

6914 offense in the pattern of corrupt activity being a felony of the first degree or is quilty of an attempted forcible violation of 6915 section 2907.02 of the Revised Code with the victim being under 6916 thirteen years of age and that attempted violation is the felony 6917 for which sentence is being imposed, the court shall impose upon 6918 the offender for the felony violation a ten-year prison term that 6919 cannot be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20 or Chapter 2967. or 6920 5120. of the Revised Code. 6921

- (b) The court imposing a prison term on an offender under

 division (D)(3)(a) of this section may impose an additional prison

 term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or

 ten years, if the court, with respect to the term imposed under

 division (D)(3)(a) of this section and, if applicable, divisions

 (D)(1) and (2) of this section, makes both of the findings set

 forth in divisions (D)(2)(b)(i) and (ii) of this section.
- (4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or fourth 6929 degree felony OWVI OVI offense under division (G)(2) of section 6930 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall impose 6931 upon the offender a mandatory prison term in accordance with that 6932 division. In addition to the mandatory prison term, if the 6933 offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI 6934 offense, the court, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this 6935 section, may sentence the offender to a definite prison term of 6936 not less than six months and not more than thirty months, and if 6937 the offender is being sentenced for a third degree felony OVI 6938 offense, the sentencing court may sentence the offender to an 6939 additional prison term of any duration specified in division 6940 (A)(3) of this section minus. In either case, the additional 6941 prison term imposed shall be reduced by the sixty or one hundred 6942 twenty days imposed upon the offender as the mandatory prison 6943 term. The total of the additional prison term imposed under 6944 division (D)(4) of this section plus the sixty or one hundred 6945

twenty days imposed as the mandatory prison term shall equal $\underline{\mathbf{a}}$	6946
definite term in the range of six months to thirty months for a	6947
fourth degree felony OVI offense and shall equal one of the	6948
authorized prison terms specified in division (A)(3) of this	6949
section for a third degree felony OVI offense. If the court	6950
imposes an additional prison term under division $(D)(4)$ of this	6951
section, the offender shall serve the additional prison term after	6952
the offender has served the mandatory prison term required for the	6953
offense. The court shall not sentence the offender to a community	6954
control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised	6955
Code.	6956

(E)(1)(a) Subject to division (E)(1)(b) of this section, if a 6957 mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant to 6958 division (D)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or 6959 about the offender's person or under the offender's control while 6960 committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an 6961 offender pursuant to division (D)(1)(c) of this section for 6962 committing a felony specified in that division by discharging a 6963 firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of mandatory prison 6964 terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any mandatory prison 6965 term imposed under either division consecutively to any other 6966 mandatory prison term imposed under either division or under 6967 division (D)(1)(d) of this section, consecutively to and prior to 6968 any prison term imposed for the underlying felony pursuant to 6969 division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of this section or any other 6970 section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any other prison 6971 term or mandatory prison term previously or subsequently imposed 6972 upon the offender. 6973

(b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 6974 pursuant to division (D)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or 6975 carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that 6976 is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so 6977

imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed	6978
under that division or under division (D)(1)(a) or (c) of this	6979
section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for	6980
the underlying felony under division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of	6981
this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and	6982
consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term	6983
previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	6984

- (2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 6985 other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02, 6986 2917.03, 2921.34, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code, if an offender 6987 who is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony 6988 violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an 6989 offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other residential 6990 detention facility or is under detention at a detention facility 6991 commits another felony while the offender is an escapee in 6992 violation of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term 6993 imposed upon the offender for one of those violations shall be 6994 served by the offender consecutively to the prison term or term of 6995 imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender committed 6996 that offense and to any other prison term previously or 6997 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 6998
- (3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of division 6999

 (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code or if a prison term is 7000 imposed for a felony violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 7001 of the Revised Code, the offender shall serve that prison term 7002 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 7003 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 7004
- (4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender for 7005 convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the 7006 offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court 7007 finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the 7008 public from future crime or to punish the offender and that 7009

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consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the seriousness	7010
of the offender's conduct and to the danger the offender poses to	7011
the public, and if the court also finds any of the following:	7012
(a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple	7013
offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing, was	7014
under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16, 2929.17, or	7015
2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under post-release control for	7016
a prior offense.	7017
(b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed as	7018
part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused by two	7019
or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so great or	7020
unusual that no single prison term for any of the offenses	7021
committed as part of any of the courses of conduct adequately	7022
reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct.	7023
(c) The offender's history of criminal conduct demonstrates	
(c) The offender's history of criminal conduct demonstraces	7024
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public	7024 7025
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public	7025
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender.	7025 7026
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender. (5) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to	7025 7026 7027
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender. (5) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (E)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, the term to be	7025 7026 7027 7028
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender. (5) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (E)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of all of the terms so imposed.	7025 7026 7027 7028 7029
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender. (5) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (E)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of all of the terms so imposed. (F) If a court imposes a prison term of a type described in	7025 7026 7027 7028 7029 7030
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender. (5) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (E)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of all of the terms so imposed. (F) If a court imposes a prison term of a type described in division (B) of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, it shall	7025 7026 7027 7028 7029 7030 7031
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender. (5) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (E)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of all of the terms so imposed. (F) If a court imposes a prison term of a type described in division (B) of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, it shall include in the sentence a requirement that the offender be subject	7025 7026 7027 7028 7029 7030 7031 7032
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender. (5) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (E)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of all of the terms so imposed. (F) If a court imposes a prison term of a type described in division (B) of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, it shall include in the sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-release control after the offender's release	7025 7026 7027 7028 7029 7030 7031 7032 7033
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender. (5) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (E)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of all of the terms so imposed. (F) If a court imposes a prison term of a type described in division (B) of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, it shall include in the sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-release control after the offender's release from imprisonment, in accordance with that division. If a court	7025 7026 7027 7028 7029 7030 7031 7032 7033 7034
that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender. (5) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (E)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of all of the terms so imposed. (F) If a court imposes a prison term of a type described in division (B) of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, it shall include in the sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-release control after the offender's release from imprisonment, in accordance with that division. If a court imposes a prison term of a type described in division (C) of that	7025 7026 7027 7028 7029 7030 7031 7032 7033 7034 7035

division, if the parole board determines that a period of

post-release control is necessary.

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- (G) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 7041 sexually violent offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty 7042 to a sexually violent predator specification that was included in 7043 the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging 7044 that offense, the court shall impose sentence upon the offender in 7045 accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter 7046 2971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or 7047 term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the offender 7048 and the service of that term of imprisonment. 7049
- (H) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 7050 to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of imprisonment 7051 under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of the Revised 7052 Code, section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, or any other provision 7053 of law, section 5120.163 of the Revised Code applies regarding the 7054 person while the person is confined in a state correctional 7055 institution.
- (I) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 7057 felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or 7058 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 7059 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender with having 7060 committed the felony while participating in a criminal gang, the 7061 court shall impose upon the offender an additional prison term of 7062 one, two, or three years.
- (J) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to 7064 aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second, or 7065 third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted of 7066 or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 7067 section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 7068 with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or 7069 towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose 7070 upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The 7071 7072 offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to and

prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.	7073
(K) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the	7074
offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under	7075
section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an	7076
intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised	7077
Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock	7078
incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or	7079
make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case	7080
shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the	7081
offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the	7082
department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032	7083
of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is	7084
eligible for the placement.	7085
If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a	7086
program or prison of that nature, the department of rehabilitation	7087
and correction shall not place the offender in any program of	7088
shock incarceration or intensive program prison.	7089
If the court recommends placement of the offender in a	7090
program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison,	7091
and if the offender is subsequently placed in the recommended	7092
program or prison, the department shall notify the court of the	7093
placement and shall include with the notice a brief description of	7094
the placement.	7095
If the court recommends placement of the offender in a	7096
program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison	7097
and the department does not subsequently place the offender in the	7098
recommended program or prison, the department shall send a notice	7099
to the court indicating why the offender was not placed in the	7100
recommended program or prison.	7101
If the court does not make a recommendation under this	7102

division with respect to an offender and if the department

determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the 7104 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 7105 eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature, the 7106 7107 department shall screen the offender and determine if there is an available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 7108 prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an available 7109 program of shock incarceration or an intensive program prison for 7110 which the offender is suited, the department shall notify the 7111 court of the proposed placement of the offender as specified in 7112 section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code and shall include 7113 with the notice a brief description of the placement. The court 7114 shall have ten days from receipt of the notice to disapprove the 7115 placement. 7116

Sec. 2929.15. (A)(1) If in sentencing an offender for a 7117 felony the court is not required to impose a prison term, a 7118 mandatory prison term, or a term of life imprisonment upon the 7119 offender, the court may directly impose a sentence that consists 7120 of one or more community control sanctions authorized pursuant to 7121 section 2929.16, 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code. If the 7122 court is sentencing an offender for a fourth degree felony OMVI 7123 OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the 7124 Revised Code, in addition to the mandatory term of local 7125 incarceration imposed under that division and the mandatory fine 7126 required by division (B)(3) of section 2929.18 of the Revised 7127 Code, the court may impose upon the offender a community control 7128 sanction or combination of community control sanctions in 7129 accordance with sections 2929.16 and 2929.17 of the Revised Code. 7130 The duration of all community control sanctions imposed upon an 7131 offender under this division shall not exceed five years. If the 7132 offender absconds or otherwise leaves the jurisdiction of the 7133 court in which the offender resides without obtaining permission 7134 from the court or the offender's probation officer to leave the 7135

jurisdiction of the court, or if the offender is confined in any 7136 institution for the commission of any offense while under a 7137 community control sanction, the period of the community control 7138 sanction ceases to run until the offender is brought before the 7139 court for its further action. If the court sentences the offender 7140 to one or more nonresidential sanctions under section 2929.17 of 7141 the Revised Code, the court shall impose as a condition of the 7142 nonresidential sanctions that, during the period of the sanctions, 7143 the offender must abide by the law and must not leave the state 7144 without the permission of the court or the offender's probation 7145 officer. The court may impose any other conditions of release 7146 under a community control sanction that the court considers 7147 appropriate, including, but not limited to, requiring that the 7148 offender not ingest or be injected with a drug of abuse and submit 7149 to random drug testing as provided in division (D) of this section 7150 to determine whether the offender ingested or was injected with a 7151 drug of abuse and requiring that the results of the drug test 7152 indicate that the offender did not ingest or was not injected with 7153 a drug of abuse. If the court is sentencing an offender for a 7154 third or fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense under division 7155 (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the court shall not 7156 impose upon the offender any community control sanction or 7157 combination of community control sanctions under section 2929.16 7158 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code. 7159

(2)(a) If a court sentences an offender to any community 7160 control sanction or combination of community control sanctions 7161 authorized pursuant to section 2929.16, 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the 7162 Revised Code, the court shall place the offender under the general 7163 control and supervision of a department of probation in the county 7164 that serves the court for purposes of reporting to the court a 7165 violation of any condition of the sanctions, any condition of 7166 release under a community control sanction imposed by the court, a 7167 violation of law, or the departure of the offender from this state 7168

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If there is no department of probation in the county that 7185 serves the court, the court shall place the offender, regardless 7186 of the offender's county of residence, under the general control 7187 and supervision of the adult parole authority for purposes of 7188 reporting to the court a violation of any of the sanctions, any 7189 condition of release under a community control sanction imposed by 7190 the court, a violation of law, or the departure of the offender 7191 from this state without the permission of the court or the 7192 offender's probation officer. 7193

(b) If the court imposing sentence upon an offender sentences 7194 the offender to any community control sanction or combination of 7195 community control sanctions authorized pursuant to section 7196 2929.16, 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, and if the 7197 offender violates any condition of the sanctions, any condition of 7198 release under a community control sanction imposed by the court, 7199 violates any law, or departs the state without the permission of 7200

the court or the offender's probation officer, the public or	7201
private person or entity that operates or administers the sanction	7202
or the program or activity that comprises the sanction shall	7203
report the violation or departure directly to the sentencing	7204
court, or shall report the violation or departure to the county or	7205
multicounty department of probation with general control and	7206
supervision over the offender under division (A)(2)(a) of this	7207
section or the officer of that department who supervises the	7208
offender, or, if there is no such department with general control	7209
and supervision over the offender under that division, to the	7210
adult parole authority. If the public or private person or entity	7211
that operates or administers the sanction or the program or	7212
activity that comprises the sanction reports the violation or	7213
departure to the county or multicounty department of probation or	7214
the adult parole authority, the department's or authority's	7215
officers may treat the offender as if the offender were on	7216
probation and in violation of the probation, and shall report the	7217
violation of the condition of the sanction, any condition of	7218
release under a community control sanction imposed by the court,	7219
the violation of law, or the departure from the state without the	7220
required permission to the sentencing court.	7221

(B) If the conditions of a community control sanction are 7222 violated or if the offender violates a law or leaves the state 7223 without the permission of the court or the offender's probation 7224 officer, the sentencing court may impose a longer time under the 7225 same sanction if the total time under the sanctions does not 7226 exceed the five-year limit specified in division (A) of this 7227 section, may impose a more restrictive sanction under section 7228 2929.16, 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or may impose a 7229 prison term on the offender pursuant to section 2929.14 of the 7230 Revised Code. The prison term, if any, imposed upon a violator 7231 pursuant to this division shall be within the range of prison 7232 terms available for the offense for which the sanction that was 7233

violated was imposed and shall not exceed the prison term 7234 specified in the notice provided to the offender at the sentencing 7235 hearing pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2929.19 of the 7236 Revised Code. The court may reduce the longer period of time that 7237 the offender is required to spend under the longer sanction, the 7238 more restrictive sanction, or a prison term imposed pursuant to 7239 this division by the time the offender successfully spent under 7240 7241 the sanction that was initially imposed.

- (C) If an offender, for a significant period of time, 7242 fulfills the conditions of a sanction imposed pursuant to section 7243 2929.16, 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code in an exemplary 7244 manner, the court may reduce the period of time under the sanction 7245 or impose a less restrictive sanction, but the court shall not 7246 permit the offender to violate any law or permit the offender to 7247 leave the state without the permission of the court or the 7248 offender's probation officer. 7249
- (D)(1) If a court under division (A)(1) of this section 7250 imposes a condition of release under a community control sanction 7251 that requires the offender to submit to random drug testing, the 7252 department of probation or the adult parole authority that has 7253 general control and supervision of the offender under division 7254 (A)(2)(a) of this section may cause the offender to submit to 7255 random drug testing performed by a laboratory or entity that has 7256 entered into a contract with any of the governmental entities or 7257 officers authorized to enter into a contract with that laboratory 7258 or entity under section 341.26, 753.33, or 5120.63 of the Revised 7259 Code. 7260
- (2) If no laboratory or entity described in division (D)(1) 7261 of this section has entered into a contract as specified in that 7262 division, the department of probation or the adult parole 7263 authority that has general control and supervision of the offender 7264 under division (A)(2)(a) of this section shall cause the offender 7265

to submit to random drug testing performed by a reputable public 7266 laboratory to determine whether the individual who is the subject 7267 of the drug test ingested or was injected with a drug of abuse. 7268

(3) A laboratory or entity that has entered into a contract 7269 pursuant to section 341.26, 753.33, or 5120.63 of the Revised Code 7270 shall perform the random drug tests under division (D)(1) of this 7271 section in accordance with the applicable standards that are 7272 included in the terms of that contract. A public laboratory shall 7273 perform the random drug tests under division (D)(2) of this 7274 section in accordance with the standards set forth in the policies 7275 and procedures established by the department of rehabilitation and 7276 correction pursuant to section 5120.63 of the Revised Code. An 7277 offender who is required under division (A)(1) of this section to 7278 submit to random drug testing as a condition of release under a 7279 community control sanction and whose test results indicate that 7280 the offender ingested or was injected with a drug of abuse shall 7281 pay the fee for the drug test if the department of probation or 7282 the adult parole authority that has general control and 7283 supervision of the offender requires payment of a fee. A 7284 laboratory or entity that performs the random drug testing on an 7285 offender under division (D)(1) or (2) of this section shall 7286 transmit the results of the drug test to the appropriate 7287 department of probation or the adult parole authority that has 7288 general control and supervision of the offender under division 7289 (A)(2)(a) of this section. 7290

Sec. 2929.16. (A) The court imposing a sentence for a felony 7291 upon an offender who is not required to serve a mandatory prison 7292 term may impose any community residential sanction or combination 7293 of community residential sanctions under this section. The court 7294 imposing a sentence for a fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense 7295 under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code may 7296 impose upon the offender, in addition to the mandatory term of 7297

- (B) The court that assigns any offender convicted of a felony 7319 to a residential sanction under this section may authorize the 7320 offender to be released so that the offender may seek or maintain 7321 employment, receive education or training, or receive treatment. A 7322 release pursuant to this division shall be only for the duration 7323 of time that is needed to fulfill the purpose of the release and 7324 for travel that reasonably is necessary to fulfill the purposes of 7325 the release. 7326
- (C) If the court assigns an offender to a county jail that is 7327 not a minimum security misdemeanant jail in a county that has 7328

established a county jail industry program pursuant to section	7329
5147.30 of the Revised Code, the court shall specify, as part of	7330
the sentence, whether the sheriff of that county may consider the	7331
offender for participation in the county jail industry program.	7332
During the offender's term in the county jail, the court shall	7333
retain jurisdiction to modify its specification upon a	7334
reassessment of the offender's qualifications for participation in	7335
the program.	7336

- (D) If a court sentences an offender to a term in jail under 7337 division (A)(2) or (3) of this section and if the sentence is 7338 imposed for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree that is not an 7339 offense of violence, the court may specify that it prefers that 7340 the offender serve the term in a minimum security jail established 7341 under section 341.34 or 753.21 of the Revised Code. If the court 7342 includes a specification of that type in the sentence and if the 7343 administrator of the appropriate minimum security jail or the 7344 designee of that administrator classifies the offender in 7345 accordance with section 341.34 or 753.21 of the Revised Code as a 7346 minimal security risk, the offender shall serve the term in the 7347 minimum security jail established under section 341.34 or 753.21 7348 of the Revised Code. Absent a specification of that type and a 7349 finding of that type, the offender shall serve the term in a jail 7350 other than a minimum security jail established under section 7351 341.34 or 753.21 of the Revised Code. 7352
- (E) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 7353 to a felony is sentenced to a community residential sanction as 7354 described in division (A) of this section, at the time of 7355 reception and at other times the person in charge of the operation 7356 of the community-based correctional facility, jail, halfway house, 7357 alternative residential facility, or other place at which the 7358 offender will serve the residential sanction determines to be 7359 appropriate, the person in charge of the operation of the 7360

community-based correctional facility, jail, halfway house,	7361
alternative residential facility, or other place may cause the	7362
convicted offender to be examined and tested for tuberculosis, HIV	7363
infection, hepatitis, including but not limited to hepatitis A, B,	7364
and C, and other contagious diseases. The person in charge of the	7365
operation of the community-based correctional facility, jail,	7366
halfway house, alternative residential facility, or other place at	7367
which the offender will serve the residential sanction may cause a	7368
convicted offender in the community-based correctional facility,	7369
jail, halfway house, alternative residential facility, or other	7370
place who refuses to be tested or treated for tuberculosis, HIV	7371
infection, hepatitis, including but not limited to hepatitis A, B,	7372
and C, or another contagious disease to be tested and treated	7373
involuntarily.	7374

Sec. 2929.17. The court imposing a sentence for a felony upon 7375 an offender who is not required to serve a mandatory prison term 7376 may impose any nonresidential sanction or combination of 7377 nonresidential sanctions authorized under this section. If the 7378 court imposes one or more nonresidential sanctions authorized 7379 under this section, the court shall impose as a condition of the 7380 sanction that, during the period of the nonresidential sanction, 7381 the offender shall abide by the law and shall not leave the state 7382 without the permission of the court or the offender's probation 7383 officer. 7384

The court imposing a sentence for a fourth degree felony OMVI 7385 OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the 7386 Revised Code may impose upon the offender, in addition to the 7387 mandatory term of local incarceration imposed under that division, 7388 a nonresidential sanction or combination of nonresidential 7389 sanctions under this section, and the offender shall serve or 7390 satisfy the sanction or combination of sanctions after the 7391 offender has served the mandatory term of local incarceration 7392

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required for the offense. Nonresidential sanctions include, but	7393
are not limited to, the following:	7394
(A) A term of day reporting;	7395
(B) A term of electronically monitored house arrest, a term	7396
of electronic monitoring without house arrest, or a term of house	7397
arrest without electronic monitoring;	7398
(C) A term of community service of up to five hundred hours	7399
pursuant to division (F) of section 2951.02 of the Revised Code	7400
or, if the court determines that the offender is financially	7401
incapable of fulfilling a financial sanction described in section	7402
2929.18 of the Revised Code, a term of community service as an	7403
alternative to a financial sanction;	7404
(D) A term in a drug treatment program with a level of	7405
security for the offender as determined necessary by the court;	7406
(E) A term of intensive probation supervision;	7407
(F) A term of basic probation supervision;	7408
(G) A term of monitored time;	7409
(H) A term of drug and alcohol use monitoring, including	7410
random drug testing pursuant to section 2951.05 of the Revised	7411
Code;	7412
(I) A curfew term;	7413
(J) A requirement that the offender obtain employment;	7414
(K) A requirement that the offender obtain education or	7415
training;	7416
(L) Provided the court obtains the prior approval of the	7417
victim, a requirement that the offender participate in	7418
victim-offender mediation;	7419
(M) A license violation report;	7420
(N) If the offense is a violation of section 2919.25 or a	7421

violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the Revised	7422
Code involving a person who was a family or household member at	7423
the time of the violation, if the offender committed the offense	7424
in the vicinity of one or more children who are not victims of the	7425
offense, and if the offender or the victim of the offense is a	7426
parent, guardian, custodian, or person in loco parentis of one or	7427
more of those children, a requirement that the offender obtain	7428
counseling. This division does not limit the court in requiring	7429
the offender to obtain counseling for any offense or in any	7430
circumstance not specified in this division.	7431

Sec. 2929.18. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this 7432 division and in addition to imposing court costs pursuant to 7433 section 2947.23 of the Revised Code, the court imposing a sentence 7434 upon an offender for a felony may sentence the offender to any 7435 financial sanction or combination of financial sanctions 7436 authorized under this section or, in the circumstances specified 7437 in section 2929.25 of the Revised Code, may impose upon the 7438 offender a fine in accordance with that section. If the offender 7439 is sentenced to a sanction of confinement pursuant to section 7440 2929.14 or 2929.16 of the Revised Code that is to be served in a 7441 facility operated by a board of county commissioners, a 7442 legislative authority of a municipal corporation, or another 7443 governmental entity, the court imposing sentence upon an offender 7444 for a felony shall comply with division (A)(4)(b) of this section 7445 in determining whether to sentence the offender to a financial 7446 sanction described in division (A)(4)(a) of this section. 7447 Financial sanctions that may be imposed pursuant to this section 7448 include, but are not limited to, the following: 7449

(1) Restitution by the offender to the victim of the 7450 offender's crime or any survivor of the victim, in an amount based 7451 on the victim's economic loss. The court shall order that the 7452 restitution be made to the adult probation department that serves 7453

the county on behalf of the victim, to the clerk of courts, or to	7454
another agency designated by the court, except that it may include	7455
a requirement that reimbursement be made to third parties for	7456
amounts paid to or on behalf of the victim or any survivor of the	7457
victim for economic loss resulting from the offense. If	7458
reimbursement to third parties is required, the reimbursement	7459
shall be made to any governmental agency to repay any amounts paid	7460
by the agency to or on behalf of the victim or any survivor of the	7461
victim for economic loss resulting from the offense before any	7462
reimbursement is made to any person other than a governmental	7463
agency. If no governmental agency incurred expenses for economic	7464
loss of the victim or any survivor of the victim resulting from	7465
the offense, the reimbursement shall be made to any person other	7466
than a governmental agency to repay amounts paid by that person to	7467
or on behalf of the victim or any survivor of the victim for	7468
economic loss of the victim resulting from the offense. The court	7469
shall not require an offender to repay an insurance company for	7470
any amounts the company paid on behalf of the offender pursuant to	7471
a policy of insurance. At sentencing, the court shall determine	7472
the amount of restitution to be made by the offender. All	7473
restitution payments shall be credited against any recovery of	7474
economic loss in a civil action brought by the victim or any	7475
survivor of the victim against the offender.	7476

(2) Except as provided in division (B)(1), (3), or (4) of 7477 this section, a fine payable by the offender to the state, to a 7478 political subdivision, or as described in division (B)(2) of this 7479 section to one or more law enforcement agencies, with the amount 7480 of the fine based on a standard percentage of the offender's daily 7481 income over a period of time determined by the court and based 7482 upon the seriousness of the offense. A fine ordered under this 7483 division shall not exceed the statutory fine amount authorized for 7484 the level of the offense under division (A)(3) of this section. 7485

(3) Except as provided in division $(B)(1)$, (3) , or (4) of	7486
this section, a fine payable by the offender to the state, to a	7487
political subdivision when appropriate for a felony, or as	7488
described in division (B)(2) of this section to one or more law	7489
enforcement agencies, in the following amount:	7490
(a) For a felony of the first degree, not more than twenty	7491
thousand dollars;	7492
(b) For a felony of the second degree, not more than fifteen	7493
thousand dollars;	7494
(c) For a felony of the third degree, not more than ten	7495
thousand dollars;	7496
(d) For a felony of the fourth degree, not more than five	7497
thousand dollars;	7498
(e) For a felony of the fifth degree, not more than two	7499
thousand five hundred dollars.	7500
(4)(a) Subject to division (A)(4)(b) of this section,	7501
reimbursement by the offender of any or all of the costs of	7502
sanctions incurred by the government, including the following:	7503
(i) All or part of the costs of implementing any community	7504
control sanction;	7505
(ii) All or part of the costs of confinement under a sanction	7506
imposed pursuant to section 2929.14 or 2929.16 of the Revised	7507
Code, provided that the amount of reimbursement ordered under this	7508
division shall not exceed the total amount of reimbursement the	7509
offender is able to pay as determined at a hearing and shall not	7510
exceed the actual cost of the confinement;	7511
(b) If the offender is sentenced to a sanction of confinement	7512
pursuant to section 2929.14 or 2929.16 of the Revised Code that is	7513
to be served in a facility operated by a board of county	7514
commissioners, a legislative authority of a municipal corporation.	7515

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applies:

(i) If, pursuant to section 307.93, 341.14, 341.19, 341.23,	7518
753.02, 753.04, 753.16, 2301.56, or 2947.19 of the Revised Code,	7519
the board, legislative authority, or other local governmental	7520
entity requires prisoners convicted of an offense other than a	7521
minor misdemeanor to reimburse the county, municipal corporation,	7522
or other entity for its expenses incurred by reason of the	7523
prisoner's confinement, the court shall impose a financial	7524
sanction under division $(A)(4)(a)$ of this section that requires	7525
the offender to reimburse the county, municipal corporation, or	7526
other local governmental entity for the cost of the confinement.	7527
In addition, the court may impose any other financial sanction	7528
under this section.	7529

- (ii) If, pursuant to any section identified in division 7530 (A)(4)(b)(i) of this section, the board, legislative authority, or 7531 other local governmental entity has adopted a resolution or 7532 ordinance specifying that prisoners convicted of felonies are not 7533 required to reimburse the county, municipal corporation, or other 7534 local governmental entity for its expenses incurred by reason of 7535 the prisoner's confinement, the court shall not impose a financial 7536 sanction under division (A)(4)(a) of this section that requires 7537 the offender to reimburse the county, municipal corporation, or 7538 other local governmental entity for the cost of the confinement, 7539 but the court may impose any other financial sanction under this 7540 section. 7541
- (iii) If neither division (A)(4)(b)(i) nor (A)(4)(b)(ii) of 7542 this section applies, the court may impose, but is not required to 7543 impose, any financial sanction under this section. 7544
- (c) Reimbursement by the offender for costs pursuant to section 2929.28 of the Revised Code.

- (B)(1) For a first, second, or third degree felony violation 7547 of any provision of Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised 7548 Code, the sentencing court shall impose upon the offender a 7549 mandatory fine of at least one-half of, but not more than, the 7550 maximum statutory fine amount authorized for the level of the 7551 offense pursuant to division (A)(3) of this section. If an 7552 offender alleges in an affidavit filed with the court prior to 7553 sentencing that the offender is indigent and unable to pay the 7554 mandatory fine and if the court determines the offender is an 7555 indigent person and is unable to pay the mandatory fine described 7556 in this division, the court shall not impose the mandatory fine 7557 upon the offender. 7558
- (2) Any mandatory fine imposed upon an offender under 7559 division (B)(1) of this section and any fine imposed upon an 7560 offender under division (A)(2) or (3) of this section for any 7561 fourth or fifth degree felony violation of any provision of 7562 Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code shall be paid 7563 to law enforcement agencies pursuant to division (F) of section 7564 2925.03 of the Revised Code.
- (3) For a fourth degree felony OWVI OVI offense and for a 7566 third degree felony OWVI OVI offense, the sentencing court shall 7567 impose upon the offender a mandatory fine in the amount specified 7568 in division $\frac{(A)(4)}{(G)(1)(d)}$ or $\frac{(8)(e)}{(e)}$ of section $\frac{4511.99}{4511.19}$ 7569 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable. The mandatory fine 7570 so imposed shall be disbursed as provided in the division (A)(4)7571 or (8) of section 4511.99 of the Revised Code pursuant to which it 7572 7573 is imposed.
- (4) Notwithstanding any fine otherwise authorized or required 7574 to be imposed under division (A)(2) or (3) or (B)(1) of this 7575 section or section 2929.31 of the Revised Code for a violation of 7576 section 2925.03 of the Revised Code, in addition to any penalty or 7577 sanction imposed for that offense under section 2925.03 or 7578

sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised Code and in addition to	7579
the forfeiture of property in connection with the offense as	7580
prescribed in sections 2925.42 to 2925.45 of the Revised Code, the	7581
court that sentences an offender for a violation of section	7582
2925.03 of the Revised Code may impose upon the offender a fine in	7583
addition to any fine imposed under division $(A)(2)$ or (3) of this	7584
section and in addition to any mandatory fine imposed under	7585
division (B)(1) of this section. The fine imposed under division	7586
(B)(4) of this section shall be used as provided in division (H)	7587
of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. A fine imposed under	7588
division (B)(4) of this section shall not exceed whichever of the	7589
following is applicable:	7590

- (a) The total value of any personal or real property in which 7591 the offender has an interest and that was used in the course of, 7592 intended for use in the course of, derived from, or realized 7593 through conduct in violation of section 2925.03 of the Revised 7594 Code, including any property that constitutes proceeds derived 7595 from that offense; 7596
- (b) If the offender has no interest in any property of the 7597 type described in division (B)(4)(a) of this section or if it is 7598 not possible to ascertain whether the offender has an interest in 7599 any property of that type in which the offender may have an 7600 interest, the amount of the mandatory fine for the offense imposed 7601 under division (B)(1) of this section or, if no mandatory fine is 7602 imposed under division (B)(1) of this section, the amount of the 7603 fine authorized for the level of the offense imposed under 7604 division (A)(3) of this section. 7605
- (5) Prior to imposing a fine under division (B)(4) of this 7606 section, the court shall determine whether the offender has an 7607 interest in any property of the type described in division 7608 (B)(4)(a) of this section. Except as provided in division (B)(6) 7609 or (7) of this section, a fine that is authorized and imposed 7610

under division (B)(4) of this section does not limit or affect the	7611
imposition of the penalties and sanctions for a violation of	7612
section 2925.03 of the Revised Code prescribed under those	7613
sections or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised Code and	7614
does not limit or affect a forfeiture of property in connection	7615
with the offense as prescribed in sections 292t.42 2925.42 to	7616
2925.45 of the Revised Code.	7617

- (6) If the sum total of a mandatory fine amount imposed for a 7618 first, second, or third degree felony violation of section 2925.03 7619 of the Revised Code under division (B)(1) of this section plus the 7620 amount of any fine imposed under division (B)(4) of this section 7621 does not exceed the maximum statutory fine amount authorized for 7622 the level of the offense under division (A)(3) of this section or 7623 section 2929.31 of the Revised Code, the court may impose a fine 7624 for the offense in addition to the mandatory fine and the fine 7625 imposed under division (B)(4) of this section. The sum total of 7626 the amounts of the mandatory fine, the fine imposed under division 7627 (B)(4) of this section, and the additional fine imposed under 7628 division (B)(6) of this section shall not exceed the maximum 7629 statutory fine amount authorized for the level of the offense 7630 under division (A)(3) of this section or section 2929.31 of the 7631 Revised Code. The clerk of the court shall pay any fine that is 7632 imposed under division (B)(6) of this section to the county, 7633 township, municipal corporation, park district as created pursuant 7634 to section 511.18 or 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or state law 7635 enforcement agencies in this state that primarily were responsible 7636 for or involved in making the arrest of, and in prosecuting, the 7637 offender pursuant to division (F) of section 2925.03 of the 7638 Revised Code. 7639
- (7) If the sum total of the amount of a mandatory fine 7640 imposed for a first, second, or third degree felony violation of 7641 section 2925.03 of the Revised Code plus the amount of any fine 7642

imposed under division (B)(4) of this section exceeds the maximum 7643 statutory fine amount authorized for the level of the offense 7644 under division (A)(3) of this section or section 2929.31 of the 7645 Revised Code, the court shall not impose a fine under division 7646 (B)(6) of this section.

- (C)(1) The offender shall pay reimbursements imposed upon the 7648 offender pursuant to division (A)(4)(a) of this section to pay the 7649 costs incurred by the department of rehabilitation and correction 7650 in operating a prison or other facility used to confine offenders 7651 pursuant to sanctions imposed under section 2929.14 or 2929.16 of 7652 the Revised Code to the treasurer of state. The treasurer of state 7653 shall deposit the reimbursements in the confinement cost 7654 reimbursement fund that is hereby created in the state treasury. 7655 The department of rehabilitation and correction shall use the 7656 amounts deposited in the fund to fund the operation of facilities 7657 used to confine offenders pursuant to sections 2929.14 and 2929.16 7658 of the Revised Code. 7659
- (2) Except as provided in section 2951.021 of the Revised 7660 Code, the offender shall pay reimbursements imposed upon the 7661 offender pursuant to division (A)(4)(a) of this section to pay the 7662 costs incurred by a county pursuant to any sanction imposed under 7663 this section or section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code or 7664 in operating a facility used to confine offenders pursuant to a 7665 sanction imposed under section 2929.16 of the Revised Code to the 7666 county treasurer. The county treasurer shall deposit the 7667 reimbursements in the sanction cost reimbursement fund that each 7668 board of county commissioners shall create in its county treasury. 7669 The county shall use the amounts deposited in the fund to pay the 7670 costs incurred by the county pursuant to any sanction imposed 7671 under this section or section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised 7672 Code or in operating a facility used to confine offenders pursuant 7673 to a sanction imposed under section 2929.16 of the Revised Code. 7674

- (3) Except as provided in section 2951.021 of the Revised 7675 Code, the offender shall pay reimbursements imposed upon the 7676 offender pursuant to division (A)(4)(a) of this section to pay the 7677 costs incurred by a municipal corporation pursuant to any sanction 7678 imposed under this section or section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the 7679 Revised Code or in operating a facility used to confine offenders 7680 pursuant to a sanction imposed under section 2929.16 of the 7681 Revised Code to the treasurer of the municipal corporation. The 7682 treasurer shall deposit the reimbursements in a special fund that 7683 shall be established in the treasury of each municipal 7684 corporation. The municipal corporation shall use the amounts 7685 deposited in the fund to pay the costs incurred by the municipal 7686 corporation pursuant to any sanction imposed under this section or 7687 section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code or in operating a 7688 facility used to confine offenders pursuant to a sanction imposed 7689 under section 2929.16 of the Revised Code. 7690
- (4) Except as provided in section 2951.021 of the Revised 7691 Code, the offender shall pay reimbursements imposed pursuant to 7692 division (A)(4)(a) of this section for the costs incurred by a 7693 private provider pursuant to a sanction imposed under this section 7694 or section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code to the provider. 7695
- (D) A financial sanction imposed pursuant to division (A) or 7696 (B) of this section is a judgment in favor of the state or a 7697 political subdivision in which the court that imposed the 7698 financial sanction is located, except that a financial sanction of 7699 reimbursement imposed pursuant to division (A)(4)(a)(ii) of this 7700 section upon an offender who is incarcerated in a state facility 7701 or a municipal jail is a judgment in favor of the state or the 7702 municipal corporation, a financial sanction of reimbursement 7703 imposed upon an offender pursuant to this section for costs 7704 incurred by a private provider of sanctions is a judgment in favor 7705 of the private provider, and a financial sanction of restitution 7706

imposed pursuant to this section is a judgment in favor of the	7707
victim of the offender's criminal act. The offender subject to the	7708
sanction is the judgment debtor. Imposition of a financial	7709
sanction and execution on the judgment does not preclude any other	7710
power of the court to impose or enforce sanctions on the offender.	7711
Once the financial sanction is imposed as a judgment, the victim,	7712
private provider, state, or political subdivision may bring an	7713
action to do any of the following:	7714
(1) Obtain execution of the judgment through any available	7715
procedure, including:	7716
(a) An execution against the property of the judgment debtor	7717
under Chapter 2329. of the Revised Code;	7718
(b) An execution against the person of the judgment debtor	7719
under Chapter 2331. of the Revised Code;	7720
(c) A proceeding in aid of execution under Chapter 2333. of	7721
the Revised Code, including:	7722
(i) A proceeding for the examination of the judgment debtor	7723
under sections 2333.09 to 2333.12 and sections 2333.15 to 2333.27	7724
of the Revised Code;	7725
(ii) A proceeding for attachment of the person of the	7726
judgment debtor under section 2333.28 of the Revised Code;	7727
(iii) A creditor's suit under section 2333.01 of the Revised	7728
Code.	7729
(d) The attachment of the property of the judgment debtor	7730
under Chapter 2715. of the Revised Code;	7731
(e) The garnishment of the property of the judgment debtor	7732
under Chapter 2716. of the Revised Code.	7733
(2) Obtain an order for the assignment of wages of the	7734
judgment debtor under section 1321.33 of the Revised Code.	7735
(E) A court that imposes a financial sanction upon an	7736

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offender may hold a hearing if necessary to determine whether the	7737
offender is able to pay the sanction or is likely in the future to	7738
be able to pay it.	7739
(F) Each court imposing a financial sanction upon an offender	7740
under this section or under section 2929.25 of the Revised Code	7741
may designate a court employee to collect, or may enter into	7742
contracts with one or more public agencies or private vendors for	7743
the collection of, amounts due under the financial sanction	7744
imposed pursuant to this section or section 2929.25 of the Revised	7745
Code. Before entering into a contract for the collection of	7746
amounts due from an offender pursuant to any financial sanction	7747
imposed pursuant to this section or section 2929.25 of the Revised	7748
Code, a court shall comply with sections 307.86 to 307.92 of the	7749
Revised Code.	7750
(G) If a court that imposes a financial sanction under	7751
division (A) or (B) of this section finds that an offender	7752
satisfactorily has completed all other sanctions imposed upon the	7753
offender and that all restitution that has been ordered has been	7754
paid as ordered, the court may suspend any financial sanctions	7755
imposed pursuant to this section or section 2929.25 of the Revised	7756
Code that have not been paid.	7757
(H) No financial sanction imposed under this section or	7758
section 2929.25 of the Revised Code shall preclude a victim from	7759
bringing a civil action against the offender.	7760
Sec. 2929.19. (A)(1) The court shall hold a sentencing	7761
hearing before imposing a sentence under this chapter upon an	7762
offender who was convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony and	7763
before resentencing an offender who was convicted of or pleaded	7764
guilty to a felony and whose case was remanded pursuant to section	7765

2953.07 or 2953.08 of the Revised Code. At the hearing, the

offender, the prosecuting attorney, the victim or the victim's

representative in accordance with section 2930.14 of the Revised	7768
Code, and, with the approval of the court, any other person may	7769
present information relevant to the imposition of sentence in the	7770
case. The court shall inform the offender of the verdict of the	7771
jury or finding of the court and ask the offender whether the	7772
offender has anything to say as to why sentence should not be	7773
imposed upon the offender.	7774

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, before 7775 imposing sentence on an offender who is being sentenced for a 7776 sexually oriented offense that was committed on or after January 7777 1, 1997, and that is not a sexually violent offense, and before 7778 imposing sentence on an offender who is being sentenced for a 7779 sexually violent offense committed on or after January 1, 1997, 7780 and who was not charged with a sexually violent predator 7781 specification in the indictment, count in the indictment, or 7782 information charging the sexually violent offense, the court shall 7783 conduct a hearing in accordance with division (B) of section 7784 2950.09 of the Revised Code to determine whether the offender is a 7785 sexual predator. The court shall not conduct a hearing under that 7786 division if the offender is being sentenced for a sexually violent 7787 offense and a sexually violent predator specification was included 7788 in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information 7789 charging the sexually violent offense. Before imposing sentence on 7790 an offender who is being sentenced for a sexually oriented 7791 offense, the court also shall comply with division (E) of section 7792 2950.09 of the Revised Code. 7793
- (B)(1) At the sentencing hearing, the court, before imposing 7794 sentence, shall consider the record, any information presented at 7795 the hearing by any person pursuant to division (A) of this 7796 section, and, if one was prepared, the presentence investigation 7797 report made pursuant to section 2951.03 of the Revised Code or 7798 Criminal Rule 32.2, and any victim impact statement made pursuant 7799

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to section 2947.051 of the Revised Code.	7800
(2) The court shall impose a sentence and shall make a	7801
finding that gives its reasons for selecting the sentence imposed	7802
in any of the following circumstances:	7803
(a) Unless the offense is a sexually violent offense for	7804
which the court is required to impose sentence pursuant to	7805
division (G) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, if it imposes	7806
a prison term for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree or for a	7807
felony drug offense that is a violation of a provision of Chapter	7808
2925. of the Revised Code and that is specified as being subject	7809
to division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code for	7810
purposes of sentencing, its reasons for imposing the prison term,	7811
based upon the overriding purposes and principles of felony	7812
sentencing set forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code, and	7813
any factors listed in divisions (B)(1)(a) to (i) of section	7814
2929.13 of the Revised Code that it found to apply relative to the	7815
offender.	7816
(b) If it does not impose a prison term for a felony of the	7817
first or second degree or for a felony drug offense that is a	7818
violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and	7819
for which a presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as	7820
being applicable, its reasons for not imposing the prison term and	7821
for overriding the presumption, based upon the overriding purposes	7822
and principles of felony sentencing set forth in section 2929.11	7823
of the Revised Code, and the basis of the findings it made under	7824
divisions (D)(1) and (2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code.	7825
(c) If it imposes consecutive sentences under section 2929.14	7826
of the Revised Code, its reasons for imposing the consecutive	7827
sentences;	7828
(1) = 5 + 1 + 1 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 1 + 1	7000

(d) If the sentence is for one offense and it imposes a

prison term for the offense that is the maximum prison term

allowed for that offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of the	7831
Revised Code, its reasons for imposing the maximum prison term;	7832
(e) If the sentence is for two or more offenses arising out	7833
of a single incident and it imposes a prison term for those	7834
offenses that is the maximum prison term allowed for the offense	7835
of the highest degree by division (A) of section 2929.14 of the	7836
Revised Code, its reasons for imposing the maximum prison term.	7837
(3) Subject to division (B)(4) of this section, if the	7838
sentencing court determines at the sentencing hearing that a	7839
prison term is necessary or required, the court shall do all of	7840
the following:	7841
(a) Impose a stated prison term;	7842
(b) Notify the offender that, as part of the sentence, the	7843
parole board may extend the stated prison term for certain	7844
violations of prison rules for up to one-half of the stated prison	7845
term;	7846
(c) Notify the offender that the offender will be supervised	7847
under section 2967.28 of the Revised Code after the offender	7848
leaves prison if the offender is being sentenced for a felony of	7849
the first degree or second degree, for a felony sex offense, or	7850
for a felony of the third degree in the commission of which the	7851
offender caused or threatened to cause physical harm to a person;	7852
(d) Notify the offender that the offender may be supervised	7853
under section 2967.28 of the Revised Code after the offender	7854
leaves prison if the offender is being sentenced for a felony of	7855
the third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division	7856
(B)(3)(c) of this section;	7857
(e) Notify the offender that, if a period of supervision is	7858
imposed following the offender's release from prison, as described	7859
in division $(B)(3)(c)$ or (d) of this section, and if the offender	7860
violates that supervision or a condition of post-release control	7861

imposed under division (B) of section 2967.131 of the Revised	7862
Code, the parole board may impose a prison term, as part of the	7863
sentence, of up to one-half of the stated prison term originally	7864
imposed upon the offender;	7865

- (f) Require that the offender not ingest or be injected with 7866 a drug of abuse and submit to random drug testing as provided in 7867 section 341.26, 753.33, or 5120.63 of the Revised Code, whichever 7868 is applicable to the offender who is serving a prison term, and 7869 require that the results of the drug test administered under any 7870 of those sections indicate that the offender did not ingest or was 7871 not injected with a drug of abuse.
- (4) If the offender is being sentenced for a sexually violent 7873 offense that the offender committed on or after January 1, 1997, 7874 and the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 7875 sexually violent predator specification that was included in the 7876 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the 7877 sexually violent offense or if the offender is being sentenced for 7878 a sexually oriented offense that the offender committed on or 7879 after January 1, 1997, and the court imposing the sentence has 7880 determined pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.09 of the 7881 Revised Code that the offender is a sexual predator, the court 7882 shall include in the offender's sentence a statement that the 7883 offender has been adjudicated as being a sexual predator and shall 7884 comply with the requirements of section 2950.03 of the Revised 7885 Code. Additionally, in the circumstances described in division (G) 7886 of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose 7887 sentence on the offender as described in that division. 7888
- (5) If the sentencing court determines at the sentencing 7889 hearing that a community control sanction should be imposed and 7890 the court is not prohibited from imposing a community control 7891 sanction, the court shall impose a community control sanction. The 7892 court shall notify the offender that, if the conditions of the 7893

sanction are violated, if the offender commits a violation of any	7894
law, or if the offender leaves this state without the permission	7895
of the court or the offender's probation officer, the court may	7896
impose a longer time under the same sanction, may impose a more	7897
restrictive sanction, or may impose a prison term on the offender	7898
and shall indicate the specific prison term that may be imposed as	7899
a sanction for the violation, as selected by the court from the	7900
range of prison terms for the offense pursuant to section 2929.14	7901
of the Revised Code.	7902

- (6) Before imposing a financial sanction under section 7903 2929.18 of the Revised Code or a fine under section 2929.25 of the 7904 Revised Code, the court shall consider the offender's present and 7905 future ability to pay the amount of the sanction or fine. 7906
- (C)(1) If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree 7907 felony OMVI OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 7908 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose the mandatory term of 7909 local incarceration in accordance with that division, shall impose 7910 a mandatory fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of section 7911 2929.18 of the Revised Code, and, in addition, may impose 7912 additional sanctions as specified in sections 2929.15, 2929.16, 7913 2929.17, and 2929.18 of the Revised Code. The court shall not 7914 impose a prison term on the offender. 7915
- (2) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or fourth 7916 degree felony OMVI OVI offense under division (G)(2) of section 7917 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose the mandatory 7918 prison term in accordance with that division, shall impose a 7919 mandatory fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of section 7920 2929.18 of the Revised Code, and, in addition, may impose an 7921 additional prison term as specified in section 2929.14 of the 7922 Revised Code. The court shall not impose any community control 7923 sanction on the offender. 7924
 - (D) The sentencing court, pursuant to division (K) of section 7925

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2929.14 of the Revised Code, may recommend placement of the	7926
offender in a program of shock incarceration under section	7927
5120.031 of the Revised Code or an intensive program prison under	7928
section 5120.032 of the Revised Code, disapprove placement of the	7929
offender in a program or prison of that nature, or make no	7930
recommendation. If the court recommends or disapproves placement,	7931
it shall make a finding that gives its reasons for its	7932
recommendation or disapproval.	7933

Sec. 2929.23. (A) As used in this section:

- (1) "Electronic monitoring device" means any of the 7935 following:
- (a) Any device that can be operated by electrical or battery 7937 power and that conforms with all of the following: 7938
- (i) The device has a transmitter that can be attached to a 7939 person, that will transmit a specified signal to a receiver of the 7940 type described in division (A)(1)(a)(ii) of this section if the 7941 transmitter is removed from the person, turned off, or altered in 7942 any manner without prior court approval in relation to 7943 electronically monitored house arrest or electronically monitored 7944 house detention or without prior approval of the department of 7945 rehabilitation and correction in relation to the use of an 7946 electronic monitoring device for an inmate on transitional control 7947 or otherwise is tampered with, that can transmit continuously and 7948 periodically a signal to that receiver when the person is within a 7949 specified distance from the receiver, and that can transmit an 7950 appropriate signal to that receiver if the person to whom it is 7951 attached travels a specified distance from that receiver. 7952
- (ii) The device has a receiver that can receive continuously the signals transmitted by a transmitter of the type described in division (A)(1)(a)(i) of this section, can transmit continuously those signals by telephone to a central monitoring computer of the

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type described in division (A)(1)(a)(iii) of this section, a	and can 7957
transmit continuously an appropriate signal to that central	7958
monitoring computer if the receiver is turned off or altered	d 7959
without prior court approval or otherwise tampered with.	7960
(iii) The device has a central monitoring computer that	t can 7961
receive continuously the signals transmitted by telephone by	y a 7962
receiver of the type described in division (A)(1)(a)(ii) of	this 7963
section and can monitor continuously the person to whom an	7964
electronic monitoring device of the type described in divisi	ion 7965
(A)(1)(a) of this section is attached.	7966
(b) Any device that is not a device of the type describ	oed in 7967
division (A)(1)(a) of this section and that conforms with al	ll of 7968
the following:	7969
(i) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that	t can 7970
monitor and determine the location of a subject person at ar	ny 7971
time, or at a designated point in time, through the use of a	a 7972
central monitoring computer or through other electronic mean	ns; 7973
(ii) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that	at can 7974
determine at any time, or at a designated point in time, the	rough 7975
the use of a central monitoring computer or other electronic	c means 7976
the fact that the transmitter is turned off or altered in ar	ny 7977
manner without prior approval of the court in relation to	7978
electronically monitored house arrest or electronically monit	itored 7979
house detention or without prior approval of the department	of 7980
rehabilitation and correction in relation to the use of an	7981
electronic monitoring device for an inmate on transitional of	control 7982
or otherwise is tampered with.	7983
(c) Any type of technology that can adequately track or	r 7984
determine the location of a subject person at any time and t	that is 7985

approved by the director of rehabilitation and correction,

including, but not limited to, any satellite technology, voice

tracking system, or retinal scanning system that is so approved.	7988
(2) "Certified electronic monitoring device" means an	7989
electronic monitoring device that has been certified by the	7990
superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	7991
investigation pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section.	7992
(3) "Eligible offender" means a person who has been convicted	7993
of or pleaded guilty to any offense, except that a person is not	7994
an "eligible offender" if any of the following apply in relation	7995
to the person, the offense, or the person and the offense:	7996
	7997
(a) The person is subject to or is serving a term of life	7998
imprisonment.	7999
(b) The person is subject to or is serving a mandatory prison	8000
term imposed under division (F) of section 2929.13, division (D)	8001
of section 2929.14, or any other section of the Revised Code,	8002
provided that, after the person has served all of the mandatory	8003
prison terms so imposed, the person may be an eligible offender	8004
unless excluded by division $(A)(3)(a)$, (c) or (d) of this section.	8005
	8006
(c) The offense is a violation of division (A) of section	8007
4511.19 of the Revised Code fourth degree felony OVI offense, and	8008
the offender is sentenced for that offense pursuant to division	8009
(G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code and is serving the	8010
mandatory term of local incarceration of sixty or one hundred	8011
twenty consecutive days of imprisonment imposed under that	8012
division, provided that, after the person has served all of the	8013
mandatory term of local incarceration so imposed, the person may	8014
be an eligible offender unless excluded by division $(A)(3)(a)$,	8015
(b), or (d) of this section.	8016
(d) The offense is a violation of division (A) of section	8017
4511.19 of the Revised Code third or fourth degree felony OVI	8018

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offense, and the person is sentenced for that offense pursuant to	8019
division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code.	8020
(4) "Electronically monitored house arrest" means a period of	8021
confinement of an eligible offender in the eligible offender's	8022
home or in other premises specified by the sentencing court or a	8023
period of confinement of a delinquent child in the child's home or	8024
in other premises specified by the juvenile court, during which	8025
period of confinement all of the following apply:	8026
(a) The eligible offender or child wears, otherwise has	8027
attached to the eligible offender's or child's person, or	8028
otherwise is subject to monitoring by a certified electronic	8029
monitoring device, or the eligible offender or child is subject to	8030
monitoring by a certified electronic monitoring system;	8031
(b) The eligible offender or child is required to remain in	8032
the eligible offender's or child's home or other premises	8033
specified by the sentencing court or juvenile court for the	8034
specified period of confinement, except for periods of time during	8035
which the eligible offender or child is at the eligible offender's	8036
place of employment, at school, or at other premises as authorized	8037
by the sentencing court;	8038
(c) The eligible offender or child is subject to monitoring	8039
by a central system that monitors the certified electronic	8040
monitoring device that is attached to the eligible offender's or	8041
child's person or that otherwise is being used to monitor the	8042
eligible offender or child and that can monitor and determine the	8043
eligible offender's or child's location at any time or at a	8044
designated point in time, or the eligible offender or child is	8045
required to participate in monitoring by a certified electronic	8046
monitoring system;	8047

(d) The eligible offender or child is required by the 8048 sentencing court or juvenile court to report periodically to a 8049

electronically monitored house arrest upon an eligible offender

who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony, except that the

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total of any period of electronically monitored house arrest	8080
imposed upon that eligible offender plus the period of all other	8081
sanctions imposed upon the same eligible offender pursuant to	8082
sections 2929.15, 2929.16, 2929.17, and 2929.18 of the Revised	8083
Code shall not exceed five years. Any court may impose a period of	8084
electronically monitored house arrest upon an eligible offender	8085
who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor in addition	8086
to or in lieu of any other sentence imposed or authorized for the	8087
offense, except that the total of any period of electronically	8808
monitored house arrest imposed upon that eligible offender plus	8089
the period of any sentence of imprisonment imposed upon the same	8090
eligible offender shall not exceed the maximum term of	8091
imprisonment that could be imposed upon the eligible offender	8092
pursuant to section 2929.21 of the Revised Code and except that,	8093
if the offense for which an eligible offender is being sentenced	8094
is a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 or of division	8095
$\frac{\text{(D)(2)}}{\text{(A)}}$ of section $\frac{4507.02}{\text{4510.14}}$ of the Revised Code, the	8096
court may impose a period of electronically monitored house arrest	8097
upon the eligible offender only when authorized by and only in the	8098
circumstances described in division $\frac{A}{G}$ of section $\frac{4511.99}{G}$	8099
$\underline{4511.19}$ or division $\underline{(B)(C)}$ of section $\underline{4507.99}$ $\underline{4510.14}$ of the	8100
Revised Code.	8101

If a court imposes a period of electronically monitored house 8102 arrest upon an eligible offender, it shall require the eligible 8103 offender to wear, otherwise have attached to the eligible 8104 offender's person, or otherwise be subject to monitoring by a 8105 certified electronic monitoring device or to participate in the 8106 operation of and monitoring by a certified electronic monitoring 8107 system; to remain in the eligible offender's home or other 8108 specified premises for the entire period of electronically 8109 monitored house arrest except when the court permits the eligible 8110 offender to leave those premises to go to the eligible offender's 8111 place of employment or to other specified premises; to be 8112

monitored by a central system that monitors the certified	8113
electronic monitoring device that is attached to the eligible	8114
offender's person or that otherwise is being used to monitor the	8115
eligible offender and that can monitor and determine the eligible	8116
offender's location at any time or at a designated point in time	8117
or to be monitored by the certified electronic monitoring system;	8118
to report periodically to a person designated by the court; and,	8119
in return for receiving a period of electronically monitored house	8120
arrest, to enter into a written contract with the court agreeing	8121
to comply with all restrictions and requirements imposed by the	8122
court, agreeing to pay any fee imposed by the court for the costs	8123
of the electronically monitored house arrest imposed by the court	8124
pursuant to division (E) of this section, and agreeing to waive	8125
the right to receive credit for any time served on electronically	8126
monitored house arrest toward any prison term or sentence of	8127
imprisonment imposed upon the eligible offender for the offense	8128
for which the period of electronically monitored house arrest was	8129
imposed if the eligible offender violates any of the restrictions	8130
or requirements of the period of electronically monitored house	8131
arrest, and additionally, it may impose any other reasonable	8132
restrictions and requirements upon the eligible offender.	8133

- (2) If an eligible offender violates any of the restrictions 8134 or requirements imposed upon the eligible offender as part of the 8135 eligible offender's period of electronically monitored house 8136 arrest, the eligible offender shall not receive credit for any 8137 time served on electronically monitored house arrest toward any 8138 prison term or sentence of imprisonment imposed upon the eligible 8139 offender for the offense for which the period of electronically 8140 monitored house arrest was imposed. 8141
- (C)(1) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal 8142 identification and investigation, in accordance with this section 8143 and rules adopted by the superintendent pursuant to division 8144

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- (C)(2) of this section, shall certify for use in cases of 8145 electronically monitored house arrest and in relation to an inmate 8146 on transitional control specific types and brands of electronic 8147 monitoring devices and electronic monitoring systems that comply 8148 with the requirements of this section, section 5120.073 of the 8149 Revised Code, and those rules. Any manufacturer that, pursuant to 8150 this division, seeks to obtain the certification of any type or 8151 brand of electronic monitoring device or electronic monitoring 8152 system shall submit to the superintendent an application for 8153 certification in accordance with those rules together with the 8154 application fee and costs of certification as required by those 8155 rules. The superintendent shall not certify any electronic 8156 monitoring device or electronic monitoring system pursuant to this 8157 division unless the application fee and costs have been paid to 8158 the superintendent. 8159
- (2) The superintendent, in accordance with Chapter 119. of 8160 the Revised Code, shall adopt rules for certifying specific types 8161 and brands of electronic monitoring devices and electronic 8162 monitoring systems for use in electronically monitored house 8163 arrest and in relation to an inmate on transitional control. The 8164 rules shall set forth the requirements for obtaining the 8165 certification, the application fee and other costs for obtaining 8166 the certification, the procedure for applying for certification, 8167 and any other requirements and procedures considered necessary by 8168 the superintendent. The rules shall require that no type or brand 8169 of electronic monitoring device or electronic monitoring system be 8170 certified unless the type or brand of device or system complies 8171 with whichever of the following is applicable, in addition to any 8172 other requirements specified by the superintendent: 8173
- (a) For electronic monitoring devices of the type described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the type or brand of device complies with all of the following:

(i) It has a transmitter of the type described in division	8177
(A)(1)(a)(i) of this section, a receiver of the type described in	8178
division (A)(1)(a)(ii) of this section, and a central monitoring	8179
computer of the type described in division (A)(1)(a)(iii) of this	8180
section;	8181
(ii) Its transmitter can be worn by or attached to a person	8182
with a minimum of discomfort during normal activities, is	8183
difficult to remove, turn off, or otherwise alter without prior	8184
court approval in relation to electronically monitored house	8185
arrest or prior approval of the department of rehabilitation and	8186
correction in relation to the use of an electronic monitoring	8187
device for an inmate on transitional control, and will transmit a	8188
specified signal to the receiver if it is removed, turned off,	8189
altered, or otherwise tampered with;	8190
(iii) Its receiver is difficult to turn off or alter and will	8191
transmit a signal to the central monitoring computer if it is	8192
turned off, altered, or otherwise tampered with;	8193
(iv) Its central monitoring computer is difficult to	8194
circumvent;	8195
(v) Its transmitter, receiver, and central monitoring	8196
computer work accurately and reliably under the anticipated	8197
conditions under which electronically monitored house arrest will	8198
be imposed by courts or under which an electronic monitoring	8199
device will be used by the department of rehabilitation and	8200
correction in relation to an inmate on transitional control;	8201
(vi) It has a backup battery power supply that operates	8202
automatically when the main source of electrical or battery power	8203
for the device fails.	8204
(b) For electronic monitoring devices of the type described	8205
in division (A)(1)(b) of this section, the type or brand of device	8206
complies with all of the following:	8207

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(i) It has a transmitter and receiver of the type described 8208 in divisions (A)(1)(b)(i) and (ii) of this section. 8209 (ii) Its transmitter is difficult to turn off or alter 8210 without prior court approval in relation to electronically 8211 monitored house arrest or without prior approval of the department 8212 of rehabilitation and correction in relation to the use of an 8213 electronic monitoring device for an inmate on transitional 8214 control, and, if the transmitter is turned off or altered in any 8215 manner without prior approval of the court or department or 8216 otherwise is tampered with, the fact that it has been turned off, 8217 altered, or tampered with can be determined at any time, or at a 8218 designated point in time, through the use of a central monitoring 8219 computer or through other electronic means. 8220 (iii) Its receiver is difficult to turn off or alter, and, if 8221 the receiver is turned off, altered, or otherwise tampered with, 8222 the fact that it has been turned off, altered, or tampered with 8223 can be determined at any time, or at a designated point in time, 8224 through the use of a central monitoring computer or through other 8225 electronic means. 8226 (iv) Its central monitoring computer or other means of 8227 electronic monitoring is difficult to circumvent. 8228 (v) Its transmitter, receiver, and central monitoring 8229 computer or other means of electronic monitoring work accurately 8230 and reliably under the anticipated conditions under which 8231 electronically monitored house arrest will be used, or under which 8232 an electronic monitoring device will be used by the department of 8233 rehabilitation and correction in relation to an inmate on 8234 transitional control. 8235 (vi) If it operates on electrical or battery power, it has a 8236

backup battery power supply that operates automatically when the

main source of electrical or battery power for the device fails,

As Reported by the House Chillinal Justice Committee	
or, if it does not operate on electrical or battery power, it has	8239
a backup method of operation so that it will continue to operate	8240
if its main method of operation fails.	8241
(c) For electronic monitoring systems, the type or brand of	8242
system complies with all of the following:	8243
(i) It can be programmed to call the telephone or telephones	8244
assigned to the person who is the subject of the monitoring as	8245
often as necessary;	8246
(ii) It is equipped with a voice recognition system that can	8247
work accurately and reliably under the anticipated conditions in	8248
which it will operate;	8249
(iii) It is equipped to perform an alarm function if the	8250
person who is the subject of the monitoring does not respond to	8251
system commands in the manner required.	8252
(3) The superintendent shall publish and make available to	8253
all courts and to the department of rehabilitation and correction,	8254
without charge, a list of all types and brands of electronic	8255
monitoring devices and electronic monitoring systems that have	8256
been certified by the superintendent pursuant to division (C)(1)	8257
of this section and information about the manufacturers of the	8258
certified devices and systems and places at which the devices and	8259
systems can be obtained.	8260
(D) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal	8261
identification and investigation shall deposit all costs and fees	8262
collected pursuant to division (C) of this section into the	8263
general revenue fund.	8264
(E)(1) Each county in which is located a court that imposes a	8265
period of electronically monitored house arrest as a sentencing	8266
sanction or alternative may establish in the county treasury an	8267
electronically monitored house arrest fund. The clerk of each	8268
court that uses that sentencing sanction or alternative may	8269

deposit into the fund all fees collected from eligible offenders	8270
upon whom electronically monitored house arrest is imposed	8271
pursuant to this section, section 2152.19, or any other section of	8272
the Revised Code that specifically authorizes the imposition of	8273
electronically monitored house arrest. Each court that imposes	8274
electronically monitored house arrest may adopt by local court	8275
rule a reasonable daily fee to be paid by each eligible offender	8276
upon whom a period of electronically monitored house arrest is	8277
imposed as a sentencing sanction or alternative. The fee may	8278
include the actual costs of providing house arrest and an	8279
additional amount necessary to enable the court to provide	8280
electronically monitored house arrest to indigent eligible	8281
offenders. The fund may be used only for the payment of the costs	8282
of electronically monitored house arrest, including, but not	8283
limited to, the costs of electronically monitored house arrest for	8284
indigent eligible offenders.	8285

(2) If a fee is adopted pursuant to division (E)(1) of this 8286 section, it shall be in addition to any fine specifically 8287 authorized or required by any other section of the Revised Code 8288 for an eligible offender upon whom a period of electronically 8289 monitored house arrest is imposed as a sentencing sanction or 8290 alternative.

Sec. 2929.41. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this 8292 section, division (E) of section 2929.14, or division (D) or (E) 8293 of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, a sentence of imprisonment 8294 shall be served concurrently with any other sentence of 8295 imprisonment imposed by a court of this state, another state, or 8296 the United States. Except as provided in division (B)(2)(3) of 8297 this section, a sentence of imprisonment for misdemeanor shall be 8298 served concurrently with a prison term or sentence of imprisonment 8299 for felony served in a state or federal correctional institution. 8300

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(B)(1) A sentence of imprisonment for a misdemeanor shall be	8301
served consecutively to any other sentence of imprisonment when	8302
the trial court specifies that it is to be served consecutively or	8303
when it is imposed for a misdemeanor violation of section	8304
2907.322, 2921.34, or 2923.131 of the Revised Code.	8305
When consecutive sentences of imprisonment are imposed for	8306
misdemeanor under this division, the term to be served is the	8307
aggregate of the consecutive terms imposed, except that the	8308
aggregate term to be served shall not exceed eighteen months.	8309
$\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ If a court of this state imposes a prison term upon	8310
the offender for the commission of a felony and a court of another	8311
state or the United States also has imposed a prison term upon the	8312
offender for the commission of a felony, the court of this state	8313
may order that the offender serve the prison term it imposes	8314
consecutively to any prison term imposed upon the offender by the	8315
court of another state or the United States.	8316
$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ A sentence of imprisonment imposed for a misdemeanor	8317
violation of section <u>4510.11</u> , <u>4510.14</u> , <u>4510.16</u> , <u>4510.21</u> , <u>or</u>	8318
4511.19 or division (B)(1), (C), (D)(1), or (D)(2) of section	8319
4507.02 of the Revised Code shall be served consecutively to a	8320
prison term that is imposed for a felony violation of section	8321
2903.06, 2903.07, 2903.08, or 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a	8322
felony violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code involving	8323
the operation of a motor vehicle by the offender and that is	8324
served in a state correctional institution when the trial court	8325
specifies that it is to be served consecutively.	8326
When consecutive sentences of imprisonment and prison terms	8327
are imposed for one or more misdemeanors and one or more felonies	8328
under this division, the term to be served is the aggregate of the	8329
consecutive terms imposed, and the offender shall serve all terms	8330

imposed for a felony before serving any term imposed for a

misdemeanor.

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- Sec. 2935.03. (A)(1) A sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal, 8333 deputy marshal, municipal police officer, township constable, 8334 police officer of a township or joint township police district, 8335 member of a police force employed by a metropolitan housing 8336 authority under division (D) of section 3735.31 of the Revised 8337 Code, member of a police force employed by a regional transit 8338 authority under division (Y) of section 306.35 of the Revised 8339 Code, state university law enforcement officer appointed under 8340 section 3345.04 of the Revised Code, Ohio veterans' home police 8341 officer appointed under section 5907.02 of the Revised Code, or 8342 special police officer employed by a port authority under section 8343 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code shall arrest and detain, 8344 until a warrant can be obtained, a person found violating, within 8345 the limits of the political subdivision, metropolitan housing 8346 authority housing project, regional transit authority facilities 8347 or areas of a municipal corporation that have been agreed to by a 8348 regional transit authority and a municipal corporation located 8349 within its territorial jurisdiction, college, university, Ohio 8350 veterans' home, or port authority in which the peace officer is 8351 appointed, employed, or elected, a law of this state, an ordinance 8352 of a municipal corporation, or a resolution of a township. 8353
- (2) A peace officer of the department of natural resources or an individual designated to perform law enforcement duties under 8355 section 511.232, 1545.13, or 6101.75 of the Revised Code shall 8356 arrest and detain, until a warrant can be obtained, a person found 8357 violating, within the limits of the peace officer's or 8358 individual's territorial jurisdiction, a law of this state. 8359
- (3) The house sergeant at arms if the house sergeant at arms 8360 has arrest authority pursuant to division (E)(1) of section 8361 101.311 of the Revised Code and an assistant house sergeant at 8362

arms shall arrest and detain, until a warrant can be obtained, a 8363 person found violating, within the limits of the sergeant at arm's 8364 arms's or assistant sergeant at arm's arms's territorial 8365 jurisdiction specified in division (D)(1)(a) of section 101.311 of 8366 the Revised Code or while providing security pursuant to division 8367 (D)(1)(f) of section 101.311 of the Revised Code, a law of this 8368 state, an ordinance of a municipal corporation, or a resolution of 8369 a township. 8370

(B)(1) When there is reasonable ground to believe that an 8371 offense of violence, the offense of criminal child enticement as 8372 defined in section 2905.05 of the Revised Code, the offense of 8373 public indecency as defined in section 2907.09 of the Revised 8374 Code, the offense of domestic violence as defined in section 8375 2919.25 of the Revised Code, the offense of violating a protection 8376 order as defined in section 2919.27 of the Revised Code, the 8377 offense of menacing by stalking as defined in section 2903.211 of 8378 the Revised Code, the offense of aggravated trespass as defined in 8379 section 2911.211 of the Revised Code, a theft offense as defined 8380 in section 2913.01 of the Revised Code, or a felony drug abuse 8381 offense as defined in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code, has 8382 been committed within the limits of the political subdivision, 8383 metropolitan housing authority housing project, regional transit 8384 authority facilities or those areas of a municipal corporation 8385 that have been agreed to by a regional transit authority and a 8386 municipal corporation located within its territorial jurisdiction, 8387 college, university, Ohio veterans' home, or port authority in 8388 which the peace officer is appointed, employed, or elected or 8389 within the limits of the territorial jurisdiction of the peace 8390 officer, a peace officer described in division (A) of this section 8391 may arrest and detain until a warrant can be obtained any person 8392 who the peace officer has reasonable cause to believe is guilty of 8393 the violation. 8394

- (2) For purposes of division (B)(1) of this section, the 8395 execution of any of the following constitutes reasonable ground to 8396 believe that the offense alleged in the statement was committed 8397 and reasonable cause to believe that the person alleged in the 8398 statement to have committed the offense is guilty of the 8399 violation:
- (a) A written statement by a person alleging that an alleged 8401 offender has committed the offense of menacing by stalking or 8402 aggravated trespass; 8403
- (b) A written statement by the administrator of the 8404 interstate compact on mental health appointed under section 8405 5119.51 of the Revised Code alleging that a person who had been 8406 hospitalized, institutionalized, or confined in any facility under 8407 an order made pursuant to or under authority of section 2945.37, 8408 2945.371, 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the 8409 Revised Code has escaped from the facility, from confinement in a 8410 vehicle for transportation to or from the facility, or from 8411 supervision by an employee of the facility that is incidental to 8412 hospitalization, institutionalization, or confinement in the 8413 facility and that occurs outside of the facility, in violation of 8414 section 2921.34 of the Revised Code; 8415
- (c) A written statement by the administrator of any facility 8416 in which a person has been hospitalized, institutionalized, or 8417 confined under an order made pursuant to or under authority of 8418 section 2945.37, 2945.371, 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or 8419 2945.402 of the Revised Code alleging that the person has escaped 8420 from the facility, from confinement in a vehicle for 8421 transportation to or from the facility, or from supervision by an 8422 employee of the facility that is incidental to hospitalization, 8423 institutionalization, or confinement in the facility and that 8424 occurs outside of the facility, in violation of section 2921.34 of 8425 8426 the Revised Code.

(3)(a) For purposes of division (B)(1) of this section, a 8427 peace officer described in division (A) of this section has 8428 reasonable grounds to believe that the offense of domestic 8429 violence or the offense of violating a protection order has been 8430 committed and reasonable cause to believe that a particular person 8431 is guilty of committing the offense if any of the following 8432 occurs: 8433 (i) A person executes a written statement alleging that the 8434 person in question has committed the offense of domestic violence 8435 or the offense of violating a protection order against the person 8436 who executes the statement or against a child of the person who 8437 executes the statement. 8438 (ii) No written statement of the type described in division 8439 (B)(3)(a)(i) of this section is executed, but the peace officer, 8440 based upon the peace officer's own knowledge and observation of 8441 the facts and circumstances of the alleged incident of the offense 8442 of domestic violence or the alleged incident of the offense of 8443 violating a protection order or based upon any other information, 8444 including, but not limited to, any reasonably trustworthy 8445 information given to the peace officer by the alleged victim of 8446 the alleged incident of the offense or any witness of the alleged 8447 incident of the offense, concludes that there are reasonable 8448 grounds to believe that the offense of domestic violence or the 8449 offense of violating a protection order has been committed and 8450 reasonable cause to believe that the person in question is guilty 8451 of committing the offense. 8452 (iii) No written statement of the type described in division 8453 (B)(3)(a)(i) of this section is executed, but the peace officer 8454 witnessed the person in question commit the offense of domestic 8455 violence or the offense of violating a protection order. 8456

(b) If pursuant to division (B)(3)(a) of this section a peace

officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the offense of 8458 domestic violence or the offense of violating a protection order 8459 has been committed and reasonable cause to believe that a 8460 particular person is guilty of committing the offense, it is the 8461 preferred course of action in this state that the officer arrest 8462 and detain that person pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section 8463 until a warrant can be obtained.

If pursuant to division (B)(3)(a) of this section a peace 8465 officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the offense of 8466 domestic violence or the offense of violating a protection order 8467 has been committed and reasonable cause to believe that family or 8468 household members have committed the offense against each other, 8469 it is the preferred course of action in this state that the 8470 officer, pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, arrest and 8471 detain until a warrant can be obtained the family or household 8472 member who committed the offense and whom the officer has 8473 reasonable cause to believe is the primary physical aggressor. 8474 There is no preferred course of action in this state regarding any 8475 other family or household member who committed the offense and 8476 whom the officer does not have reasonable cause to believe is the 8477 primary physical aggressor, but, pursuant to division (B)(1) of 8478 this section, the peace officer may arrest and detain until a 8479 warrant can be obtained any other family or household member who 8480 committed the offense and whom the officer does not have 8481 reasonable cause to believe is the primary physical aggressor. 8482

(c) If a peace officer described in division (A) of this 8483 section does not arrest and detain a person whom the officer has 8484 reasonable cause to believe committed the offense of domestic 8485 violence or the offense of violating a protection order when it is 8486 the preferred course of action in this state pursuant to division 8487 (B)(3)(b) of this section that the officer arrest that person, the 8488 officer shall articulate in the written report of the incident 8489

required by section 2935.032 of the Revised Code a clear statement	8490
of the officer's reasons for not arresting and detaining that	8491
person until a warrant can be obtained.	8492
(d) In determining for purposes of division (B)(3)(b) of this	8493
section which family or household member is the primary physical	8494
aggressor in a situation in which family or household members have	8495
committed the offense of domestic violence or the offense of	8496
violating a protection order against each other, a peace officer	8497
described in division (A) of this section, in addition to any	8498
other relevant circumstances, should consider all of the	8499
following:	8500
(i) Any history of domestic violence or of any other violent	8501
acts by either person involved in the alleged offense that the	8502
officer reasonably can ascertain;	8503
(ii) If violence is alleged, whether the alleged violence was	8504
caused by a person acting in self-defense;	8505
(iii) Each person's fear of physical harm, if any, resulting	8506
from the other person's threatened use of force against any person	8507
or resulting from the other person's use or history of the use of	8508
force against any person, and the reasonableness of that fear;	8509
(iv) The comparative severity of any injuries suffered by the	8510
persons involved in the alleged offense.	8511
(e)(i) A peace officer described in division (A) of this	8512
section shall not require, as a prerequisite to arresting or	8513
charging a person who has committed the offense of domestic	8514
violence or the offense of violating a protection order, that the	8515
victim of the offense specifically consent to the filing of	8516
charges against the person who has committed the offense or sign a	8517
complaint against the person who has committed the offense.	8518
(ii) If a person is arrested for or charged with committing	8519

the offense of domestic violence or the offense of violating a

protection order and if the victim of the offense does not 8521 cooperate with the involved law enforcement or prosecuting 8522 authorities in the prosecution of the offense or, subsequent to 8523 the arrest or the filing of the charges, informs the involved law 8524 enforcement or prosecuting authorities that the victim does not 8525 wish the prosecution of the offense to continue or wishes to drop 8526 charges against the alleged offender relative to the offense, the 8527 involved prosecuting authorities, in determining whether to 8528 continue with the prosecution of the offense or whether to dismiss 8529 charges against the alleged offender relative to the offense and 8530 notwithstanding the victim's failure to cooperate or the victim's 8531 wishes, shall consider all facts and circumstances that are 8532 relevant to the offense, including, but not limited to, the 8533 statements and observations of the peace officers who responded to 8534 the incident that resulted in the arrest or filing of the charges 8535 and of all witnesses to that incident. 8536

- (f) In determining pursuant to divisions (B)(3)(a) to (g) of 8537 this section whether to arrest a person pursuant to division 8538 (B)(1) of this section, a peace officer described in division (A) 8539 of this section shall not consider as a factor any possible 8540 shortage of cell space at the detention facility to which the 8541 person will be taken subsequent to the person's arrest or any 8542 possibility that the person's arrest might cause, contribute to, 8543 or exacerbate overcrowding at that detention facility or at any 8544 other detention facility. 8545
- (g) If a peace officer described in division (A) of this 8546 section intends pursuant to divisions (B)(3)(a) to (g) of this 8547 section to arrest a person pursuant to division (B)(1) of this 8548 section and if the officer is unable to do so because the person 8549 is not present, the officer promptly shall seek a warrant for the 8550 arrest of the person.
 - (h) If a peace officer described in division (A) of this

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section responds to a report of an alleged incident of the offense 8553 of domestic violence or an alleged incident of the offense of 8554 violating a protection order and if the circumstances of the 8555 incident involved the use or threatened use of a deadly weapon or 8556 any person involved in the incident brandished a deadly weapon 8557 during or in relation to the incident, the deadly weapon that was 8558 used, threatened to be used, or brandished constitutes contraband, 8559 and, to the extent possible, the officer shall seize the deadly 8560 weapon as contraband pursuant to section 2933.43 of the Revised 8561 Code. Upon the seizure of a deadly weapon pursuant to division 8562 (B)(3)(h) of this section, section 2933.43 of the Revised Code 8563 shall apply regarding the treatment and disposition of the deadly 8564 weapon. For purposes of that section, the "underlying criminal 8565 offense" that was the basis of the seizure of a deadly weapon 8566 under division (B)(3)(h) of this section and to which the deadly 8567 weapon had a relationship is any of the following that is 8568 applicable: 8569

- (i) The alleged incident of the offense of domestic violence or the alleged incident of the offense of violating a protection order to which the officer who seized the deadly weapon responded;
- (ii) Any offense that arose out of the same facts and 8573 circumstances as the report of the alleged incident of the offense 8574 of domestic violence or the alleged incident of the offense of 8575 violating a protection order to which the officer who seized the 8576 deadly weapon responded.
- (4) If, in the circumstances described in divisions (B)(3)(a) 8578 to (g) of this section, a peace officer described in division (A) 8579 of this section arrests and detains a person pursuant to division 8580 (B)(1) of this section, or if, pursuant to division (B)(3)(h) of 8581 this section, a peace officer described in division (A) of this 8582 section seizes a deadly weapon, the officer, to the extent 8583 described in and in accordance with section 9.86 or 2744.03 of the

Revised Code, is immune in any civil action for damages for 8585 injury, death, or loss to person or property that arises from or 8586 is related to the arrest and detention or the seizure. 8587

- (C) When there is reasonable ground to believe that a 8588 violation of division (A)(1), (B)(2), or (C)(3) of section 4506.15 8589 or a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code has been 8590 committed by a person operating a motor vehicle subject to 8591 regulation by the public utilities commission of Ohio under Title 8592 XLIX of the Revised Code, a peace officer with authority to 8593 enforce that provision of law may stop or detain the person whom 8594 the officer has reasonable cause to believe was operating the 8595 motor vehicle in violation of the division or section and, after 8596 investigating the circumstances surrounding the operation of the 8597 vehicle, may arrest and detain the person. 8598
- (D) If a sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal, deputy marshal, 8599 municipal police officer, member of a police force employed by a 8600 metropolitan housing authority under division (D) of section 8601 3735.31 of the Revised Code, member of a police force employed by 8602 a regional transit authority under division (Y) of section 306.35 8603 of the Revised Code, special police officer employed by a port 8604 authority under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code, 8605 township constable, police officer of a township or joint township 8606 police district, state university law enforcement officer 8607 appointed under section 3345.04 of the Revised Code, peace officer 8608 of the department of natural resources, individual designated to 8609 perform law enforcement duties under section 511.232, 1545.13, or 8610 6101.75 of the Revised Code, the house sergeant at arms if the 8611 house sergeant at arms has arrest authority pursuant to division 8612 (E)(1) of section 101.311 of the Revised Code, or an assistant 8613 house sergeant at arms is authorized by division (A) or (B) of 8614 this section to arrest and detain, within the limits of the 8615 political subdivision, metropolitan housing authority housing 8616

project, regional transit authority facilities or those areas of a	8617
municipal corporation that have been agreed to by a regional	8618
transit authority and a municipal corporation located within its	8619
territorial jurisdiction, port authority, college, or university	8620
in which the officer is appointed, employed, or elected or within	8621
the limits of the territorial jurisdiction of the peace officer, a	8622
person until a warrant can be obtained, the peace officer, outside	8623
the limits of that territory, may pursue, arrest, and detain that	8624
person until a warrant can be obtained if all of the following	8625
apply:	8626
(1) The pursuit takes place without unreasonable delay after	8627
the offense is committed;	8628
(2) The supposit is initiated within the limits of the	0600
(2) The pursuit is initiated within the limits of the	8629

- political subdivision, metropolitan housing authority housing 8630 project, regional transit authority facilities or those areas of a 8631 municipal corporation that have been agreed to by a regional 8632 transit authority and a municipal corporation located within its 8633 territorial jurisdiction, port authority, college, or university 8634 in which the peace officer is appointed, employed, or elected or 8635 within the limits of the territorial jurisdiction of the peace 8636 officer; 8637
- (3) The offense involved is a felony, a misdemeanor of the 8638 first degree or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, a 8639 misdemeanor of the second degree or a substantially equivalent 8640 municipal ordinance, or any offense for which points are 8641 chargeable pursuant to division (G) of section 4507.021 4510.036 8642 of the Revised Code.
- (E) In addition to the authority granted under division (A) 8644 or (B) of this section:
- (1) A sheriff or deputy sheriff may arrest and detain, until 8646 a warrant can be obtained, any person found violating section 8647

4503.11, 4503.21, or 4549.01, sections 4549.08 to 4549.12, section	8648
4549.62, or Chapter 4511. or 4513. of the Revised Code on the	8649
portion of any street or highway that is located immediately	8650
adjacent to the boundaries of the county in which the sheriff or	8651
deputy sheriff is elected or appointed.	8652

- (2) A member of the police force of a township police 8653 district created under section 505.48 of the Revised Code, a 8654 member of the police force of a joint township police district 8655 created under section 505.481 of the Revised Code, or a township 8656 constable appointed in accordance with section 509.01 of the 8657 Revised Code, who has received a certificate from the Ohio peace 8658 officer training commission under section 109.75 of the Revised 8659 Code, may arrest and detain, until a warrant can be obtained, any 8660 person found violating any section or chapter of the Revised Code 8661 listed in division (E)(1) of this section, other than sections 8662 4513.33 and 4513.34 of the Revised Code, on the portion of any 8663 street or highway that is located immediately adjacent to the 8664 boundaries of the township police district or joint township 8665 police district, in the case of a member of a township police 8666 district or joint township police district police force, or the 8667 unincorporated territory of the township, in the case of a 8668 township constable. However, if the population of the township 8669 that created the township police district served by the member's 8670 police force, or the townships that created the joint township 8671 police district served by the member's police force, or the 8672 township that is served by the township constable, is sixty 8673 thousand or less, the member of the township police district or 8674 joint police district police force or the township constable may 8675 not make an arrest under division (E)(2) of this section on a 8676 state highway that is included as part of the interstate system. 8677
- (3) A police officer or village marshal appointed, elected, 8678 or employed by a municipal corporation may arrest and detain, 8679

until a warrant can be obtained, any person found violating any	8680
section or chapter of the Revised Code listed in division (E)(1)	8681
of this section on the portion of any street or highway that is	8682
located immediately adjacent to the boundaries of the municipal	8683
corporation in which the police officer or village marshal is	8684
appointed, elected, or employed.	8685

- (4) A peace officer of the department of natural resources or 8686 an individual designated to perform law enforcement duties under 8687 section 511.232, 1545.13, or 6101.75 of the Revised Code may 8688 arrest and detain, until a warrant can be obtained, any person 8689 found violating any section or chapter of the Revised Code listed 8690 in division (E)(1) of this section, other than sections 4513.33 8691 and 4513.34 of the Revised Code, on the portion of any street or 8692 highway that is located immediately adjacent to the boundaries of 8693 the lands and waters that constitute the territorial jurisdiction 8694 of the peace officer. 8695

A department of mental health special police officer or a 8703 department of mental retardation and developmental disabilities 8704 special police officer may arrest without a warrant and detain 8705 until a warrant can be obtained any person who has been 8706 hospitalized, institutionalized, or confined in an institution 8707 under the jurisdiction of the particular department pursuant to or 8708 under authority of section 2945.37, 2945.371, 2945.38, 2945.39, 8709 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code and who is 8710 found committing on the premises of any institution under the 8711

jurisdiction of the particular department a violation of section 8712 2921.34 of the Revised Code that involves an escape from the 8713 premises of the institution. 8714

- (2)(a) If a department of mental health special police 8715 officer or a department of mental retardation and developmental 8716 disabilities special police officer finds any person who has been 8717 hospitalized, institutionalized, or confined in an institution 8718 under the jurisdiction of the particular department pursuant to or 8719 under authority of section 2945.37, 2945.371, 2945.38, 2945.39, 8720 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code committing a 8721 violation of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code that involves an 8722 escape from the premises of the institution, or if there is 8723 reasonable ground to believe that a violation of section 2921.34 8724 of the Revised Code has been committed that involves an escape 8725 from the premises of an institution under the jurisdiction of the 8726 department of mental health or the department of mental 8727 retardation and developmental disabilities and if a department of 8728 mental health special police officer or a department of mental 8729 retardation and developmental disabilities special police officer 8730 has reasonable cause to believe that a particular person who has 8731 been hospitalized, institutionalized, or confined in the 8732 institution pursuant to or under authority of section 2945.37, 8733 2945.371, 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the 8734 Revised Code is quilty of the violation, the special police 8735 officer, outside of the premises of the institution, may pursue, 8736 arrest, and detain that person for that violation of section 8737 2921.34 of the Revised Code, until a warrant can be obtained, if 8738 both of the following apply: 8739
- (i) The pursuit takes place without unreasonable delay after 8740 the offense is committed; 8741
- (ii) The pursuit is initiated within the premises of the 8742 institution from which the violation of section 2921.34 of the 8743

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Revised Code occurred.

(b) For purposes of division (F)(2)(a) of this section, the 8745 execution of a written statement by the administrator of the 8746 institution in which a person had been hospitalized, 8747 institutionalized, or confined pursuant to or under authority of 8748 section 2945.37, 2945.371, 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or 8749 2945.402 of the Revised Code alleging that the person has escaped 8750 from the premises of the institution in violation of section 8751 2921.34 of the Revised Code constitutes reasonable ground to 8752 believe that the violation was committed and reasonable cause to 8753 believe that the person alleged in the statement to have committed 8754 the offense is guilty of the violation. 8755

- (G) As used in this section:
- (1) A "department of mental health special police officer" 8757
 means a special police officer of the department of mental health 8758
 designated under section 5119.14 of the Revised Code who is 8759
 certified by the Ohio peace officer training commission under 8760
 section 109.77 of the Revised Code as having successfully 8761
 completed an approved peace officer basic training program. 8762
- (2) A "department of mental retardation and developmental 8763 disabilities special police officer" means a special police 8764 officer of the department of mental retardation and developmental 8765 disabilities designated under section 5123.13 of the Revised Code 8766 who is certified by the Ohio peace officer training council under 8767 section 109.77 of the Revised Code as having successfully 8768 completed an approved peace officer basic training program. 8769
- (3) "Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as in section 8770
 2923.11 of the Revised Code. 8771
- (4) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as in 8772 section 2919.25 of the Revised Code. 8773
 - (5) "Street" or "highway" has the same meaning as in section 8774

4511.01 of the Revised Code.

- (6) "Interstate system" has the same meaning as in section 8776
 5516.01 of the Revised Code. 8777
- (7) "Peace officer of the department of natural resources" 8778 means an employee of the department of natural resources who is a 8779 natural resources law enforcement staff officer designated 8780 pursuant to section 1501.013, a forest officer designated pursuant 8781 to section 1503.29, a preserve officer designated pursuant to 8782 section 1517.10, a wildlife officer designated pursuant to section 8783 1531.13, a park officer designated pursuant to section 1541.10, or 8784 a state watercraft officer designated pursuant to section 1547.521 8785 of the Revised Code. 8786
- Sec. 2935.27. (A)(1) If a law enforcement officer issues a 8787 citation to a person pursuant to section 2935.26 of the Revised 8788 Code and if the minor misdemeanor offense for which the citation 8789 is issued is an act prohibited by Chapter 4511., 4513., or 4549. 8790 of the Revised Code or an act prohibited by any municipal 8791 ordinance that is substantially similar to any section contained 8792 in Chapter 4511., 4513., or 4549. of the Revised Code, the officer 8793 shall inform the person, if the person has a current valid Ohio 8794 driver's or commercial driver's license, of the possible 8795 consequences of the person's actions as required under division 8796 (E) of this section, and also shall inform the person that the 8797 person is required either to appear at the time and place stated 8798 in the citation or to comply with division (C) of section 2935.26 8799 of the Revised Code. 8800
- (2) If the person is an Ohio resident who but does not have a 8801 current valid Ohio driver's or commercial driver's license or if 8802 the person is a resident of a state that is not a member of the 8803 nonresident violator compact, of which this state is a member 8804 pursuant to section 4511.95 4510.71 of the Revised Code, and if 8805

the officer shall bring the person before the court with which the	8806
citation is required to be filed, by local rule, has prescribed a	8807
procedure for the setting of a reasonable security by the court	8808
pursuant to division (F) of this section, security shall be set in	8809
accordance with that local rule and that division.	8810

A court by local rule may prescribe a procedure for the

setting of reasonable security as described in this division. As

an alternative to this procedure, a court by local rule may

prescribe a procedure for the setting of a reasonable security by

the person without the person appearing before the court.

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- (B) A person who appears before a court to have has security 8816 set under division (A)(2) of this section shall be given a receipt 8817 or other evidence of the deposit of the security by the court. 8818
- (C) Upon compliance with division (C) of section 2935.26 of 8819 the Revised Code by a person who was issued a citation, the clerk 8820 of the court shall notify the court. The court shall immediately 8821 return any sum of money, license, or other security deposited in 8822 relation to the citation to the person, or to any other person who deposited the security.
- (D) If a person who has a current valid Ohio driver's or 8825 commercial driver's license and who was issued a citation fails to 8826 appear at the time and place specified on the citation, fails to 8827 comply with division (C) of section 2935.26 of the Revised Code, 8828 or fails to comply with or satisfy any judgment of the court 8829 within the time allowed by the court, the court shall declare the 8830 forfeiture suspension of the person's license. Thirty days after 8831 the declaration of forfeiture, the court shall enter information 8832 relative to the **forfeiture** <u>suspension</u> on a form approved and 8833 furnished by the registrar of motor vehicles, and forward the form 8834 to the registrar. The registrar shall suspend the person's 8835 driver's or commercial driver's license, send written notification 8836 of the suspension to the person at the person's last known 8837

address, and order the person to surrender the person's driver's	8838
or commercial driver's license to the registrar within forty-eight	8839
hours. No valid driver's or commercial driver's license shall be	8840
granted to the person until the court having jurisdiction of the	8841
offense that led to the suspension orders that the forfeiture	8842
suspension be terminated. The court shall so order if the person,	8843
after having failed to appear in court at the required time and	8844
place to answer the charge or after having pleaded guilty to or	8845
been found guilty of the violation and having failed within the	8846
time allowed by the court to pay the fine imposed by the court,	8847
thereafter appears to answer the charge and pays any fine imposed	8848
by the court or pays the fine originally imposed by the court. The	8849
court shall inform the registrar of the termination of the	8850
forfeiture suspension by entering information relative to the	8851
termination on a form approved and furnished by the registrar and	8852
sending the form to the registrar as provided in this division.	8853
The court also shall charge and collect from the person <u>shall pay</u>	8854
to the bureau of motor vehicles a fifteen-dollar processing fee to	8855
cover the costs of the bureau of motor vehicles in administering	8856
this section. The clerk of the court shall transmit monthly all	8857
such processing fees to the registrar for shall deposit the fees	8858
so paid into the state bureau of motor vehicles fund created by	8859
section 4501.25 of the Revised Code.	8860

In addition, upon receipt of the copy of the declaration of 8861 forfeiture suspension from the court, neither the registrar nor 8862 any deputy registrar shall accept any application for the 8863 registration or transfer of registration of any motor vehicle 8864 owned or leased by the person named in the declaration of 8865 forfeiture suspension until the court having jurisdiction of the 8866 offense that led to the **forfeiture** <u>suspension</u> orders that the 8867 forfeiture suspension be terminated. However, for a motor vehicle 8868 leased by a person named in a declaration of forfeiture 8869 suspension, the registrar shall not implement the preceding 8870

sentence until the registrar adopts procedures for that	8871
implementation under section 4503.39 of the Revised Code. Upon	8872
receipt by the registrar of an order terminating the forfeiture	8873
suspension, the registrar shall take such measures as may be	8874
necessary to permit the person to register a motor vehicle owned	8875
or leased by the person or to transfer the registration of such a	8876
motor vehicle, if the person later makes application to take such	8877
action and the person otherwise is eligible to register the motor	8878
vehicle or to transfer the registration of it.	8879

The registrar is not required to give effect to any

declaration of forfeiture suspension or order terminating a

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forfeiture suspension unless the order is transmitted to the

registrar by means of an electronic transfer system.

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If the person who was issued the citation fails to appear at the time and place specified on the citation and fails to comply 8885 with division (C) of section 2935.26 of the Revised Code and the person has deposited a sum of money or other security in relation 8887 to the citation under division (A)(2) of this section, the deposit 8888 immediately shall be forfeited to the court.

This section does not preclude further action as authorized 8890 by division (F) of section 2935.26 of the Revised Code. 8891

(E) A law enforcement officer who issues a person a minor 8892 misdemeanor citation for an act prohibited by Chapter 4511., 8893 4513., or 4549. of the Revised Code or an act prohibited by a 8894 municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any section 8895 contained in Chapter 4511., 4513., or 4549. of the Revised Code 8896 shall inform the person that if the person does not appear at the 8897 time and place stated on the citation or does not comply with 8898 division (C) of section 2935.26 of the Revised Code, the person's 8899 driver's or commercial driver's license will be suspended, the 8900 person will not be eligible for the reissuance of the license or 8901 the issuance of a new license or the issuance of a certificate of 8902

When a local court accepts the license as bond or continues

the case to another date and time, it shall provide the person

with a card in a form approved by the registrar of motor vehicles

setting forth the license number, name, address, the date and time

of the court appearance, and a statement that the license is being

held as bond. The card shall serve as a valid license until the

date and time contained in the card.

The court may accept other bond at any time and return the

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license to the person. The court shall return the license to the	8934
person when judgment is satisfied, including, but not limited to,	8935
compliance with any court orders, unless a suspension or	8936
revocation cancellation is part of the penalty imposed.	8937

Neither "the violator's notice to appear" nor a court_ 8938 granted card shall continue driving privileges beyond the 8939 expiration date of the license. 8940

If the person arrested fails to appear in court at the date 8941 and time set by the court or fails to satisfy the judgment of the 8942 court, including, but not limited to, compliance with all court 8943 orders within the time allowed by the court, the court may declare 8944 the forfeiture of impose a class seven suspension of the person's 8945 license from the range specified in division (A)(7) of section 8946 4510.02 of the Revised Code. Thirty days after the declaration of 8947 forfeiture suspension, the court shall forward the person's 8948 license to the registrar. The court also shall enter information 8949 relative to the forfeiture suspension on a form approved and 8950 furnished by the registrar and send the form to the registrar, who 8951 and the registrar shall suspend the license and send written 8952 notification of the suspension to the person at the person's last 8953 known address. No valid driver's or commercial driver's license 8954 shall be granted to the person until the expiration of the period 8955 of the suspension or, prior to the expiration of that period, the 8956 court having jurisdiction orders that the forfeiture be suspension 8957 is terminated. The If the court terminates the suspension, the 8958 court shall inform the registrar of the termination of the 8959 forfeiture by entering information relative to the termination on 8960 a form approved and furnished by the registrar and sending the 8961 form to the registrar. The court also shall charge and collect 8962 from Upon the expiration or termination of the suspension, the 8963 person shall pay to the bureau of motor vehicles a processing fee 8964 of fifteen dollars to cover the costs of the bureau of motor 8965

vehicles in administering this section. The clerk of the court	8966
shall transmit monthly all such processing fees to the registrar	8967
for shall deposit the fees so paid into the state bureau of motor	8968
vehicles fund created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code.	8969

In addition, upon receipt from the court of the copy of the 8970 declaration of forfeiture suspension, neither the registrar nor 8971 any deputy registrar shall accept any application for the 8972 registration or transfer of registration of any motor vehicle 8973 owned by or leased in the name of the person named in the 8974 declaration of forfeiture suspension until the expiration of the 8975 period of the suspension or, prior to the expiration of that 8976 period, the court having jurisdiction over the offense that led to 8977 the suspension issues an order terminating the forfeiture 8978 suspension. However, for a motor vehicle leased in the name of a 8979 person named in a declaration of forfeiture suspension, the 8980 registrar shall not implement the preceding sentence until the 8981 registrar adopts procedures for that implementation under section 8982 4503.39 of the Revised Code. Upon the expiration of the suspension 8983 or upon receipt by the registrar of such an order terminating the 8984 suspension, the registrar also shall take such the measures as may 8985 be necessary to permit the person to register a motor vehicle the 8986 person owns or leases or to transfer the registration of such a 8987 motor vehicle the person owns or leases if the person later makes 8988 a proper application and otherwise is eligible to be issued or to 8989 transfer a motor vehicle registration. 8990

- (B) Division (A) of this section applies to persons arrested 8991 for violation of:
- (1) Any of the provisions of Chapter 4511. or 4513. of the 8993
 Revised Code, except sections 4511.19, 4511.20, 4511.251, and 8994
 4513.36 of the Revised Code; 8995
- (2) Any municipal ordinance substantially similar to a section included in division (B)(1) of this section;

(3) Any bylaw, rule, or regulation of the Ohio turnpike	8998
commission substantially similar to a section included in division	8999
(B)(1) of this section.	9000

Division (A) of this section does not apply to those persons 9001 issued a citation for the commission of a minor misdemeanor under 9002 section 2935.26 of the Revised Code. 9003

(C) No license shall be accepted as bond by an arresting 9004 officer or by a court under this section until the officer or 9005 court has notified the person that, if the person deposits the 9006 license with the officer or court and either does not appear on 9007 the date and at the time set by the officer or the court, if the 9008 court sets a time, or does not satisfy any judgment rendered, 9009 including, but not limited to, compliance with all court orders, 9010 the license will be suspended, and the person will not be eligible 9011 for reissuance of the license or issuance of a new license, or the 9012 issuance of a certificate of registration for a motor vehicle 9013 owned or leased by the person until the person appears and 9014 complies with any order issued by the court. The person also is 9015 subject to any criminal penalties that may apply to the person. 9016

Sec. 2937.222. (A) On the motion of the prosecuting attorney 9017 or on the judge's own motion, the judge shall hold a hearing to 9018 determine whether an accused person charged with aggravated murder 9019 when it is not a capital offense, murder, a felony of the first or 9020 second degree, a violation of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code, 9021 a violation of section 2903.211 of the Revised Code that is a 9022 felony, or a felony ONVI OVI offense shall be denied bail. The 9023 judge shall order that the accused be detained until the 9024 conclusion of the hearing. Except for good cause, a continuance on 9025 the motion of the state shall not exceed three court days. Except 9026 for good cause, a continuance on the motion of the accused shall 9027 not exceed five court days unless the motion of the accused waives 9028

in writing the five-day limit and states in writing a specific	9029
period for which the accused requests a continuance. A continuance	9030
granted upon a motion of the accused that waives in writing the	9031
five-day limit shall not exceed five court days after the period	9032
of continuance requested in the motion.	9033

At the hearing, the accused has the right to be represented by counsel and, if the accused is indigent, to have counsel appointed. The judge shall afford the accused an opportunity to testify, to present witnesses and other information, and to cross-examine witnesses who appear at the hearing. The rules concerning admissibility of evidence in criminal trials do not apply to the presentation and consideration of information at the hearing. Regardless of whether the hearing is being held on the motion of the prosecuting attorney or on the court's own motion, the state has the burden of proving that the proof is evident or the presumption great that the accused committed the offense with which the accused is charged, of proving that the accused poses a substantial risk of serious physical harm to any person or to the community, and of proving that no release conditions will reasonably assure the safety of that person and the community.

The judge may reopen the hearing at any time before trial if the judge finds that information exists that was not known to the movant at the time of the hearing and that that information has a material bearing on whether bail should be denied. If a municipal court or county court enters an order denying bail, a judge of the court of common pleas having jurisdiction over the case may continue that order or may hold a hearing pursuant to this section to determine whether to continue that order.

(B) No accused person shall be denied bail pursuant to this section unless the judge finds by clear and convincing evidence that the proof is evident or the presumption great that the

accused committed the offense described in division (A) of this	9061
section with which the accused is charged, finds by clear and	9062
convincing evidence that the accused poses a substantial risk of	9063
serious physical harm to any person or to the community, and finds	9064
by clear and convincing evidence that no release conditions will	9065
reasonably assure the safety of that person and the community.	9066
(C) The judge, in determining whether the accused person	9067
described in division (A) of this section poses a substantial risk	9068
of serious physical harm to any person or to the community and	9069
whether there are conditions of release that will reasonably	9070
assure the safety of that person and the community, shall consider	9071
all available information regarding all of the following:	9072
(1) The nature and circumstances of the offense charged,	9073
including whether the offense is an offense of violence or	9074
involves alcohol or a drug of abuse;	9075
(2) The weight of the evidence against the accused;	9076
(3) The history and characteristics of the accused,	9077
including, but not limited to, both of the following:	9078
(a) The character, physical and mental condition, family	9079
ties, employment, financial resources, length of residence in the	9080
community, community ties, past conduct, history relating to drug	9081
or alcohol abuse, and criminal history of the accused;	9082
(b) Whether, at the time of the current alleged offense or at	9083
the time of the arrest of the accused, the accused was on	9084
probation, parole, post-release control, or other release pending	9085
trial, sentencing, appeal, or completion of sentence for the	9086
commission of an offense under the laws of this state, another	9087
state, or the United States or under a municipal ordinance.	9088
(4) The nature and seriousness of the danger to any person or	9089

the community that would be posed by the person's release.

(D)(1) An order of the court of common pleas denying bail	9091
pursuant to this section is a final appealable order. In an appeal	9092
pursuant to division (D) of this section, the court of appeals	9093
shall do all of the following:	9094
(a) Give the appeal priority on its calendar;	9095
(b) Liberally modify or dispense with formal requirements in	9096
the interest of a speedy and just resolution of the appeal;	9097
(c) Decide the appeal expeditiously;	9098
(d) Promptly enter its judgment affirming or reversing the	9099
order denying bail.	9100
(2) The pendency of an appeal under this section does not	9101
deprive the court of common pleas of jurisdiction to conduct	9102
further proceedings in the case or to further consider the order	9103
denying bail in accordance with this section. If, during the	9104
pendency of an appeal under division (D) of this section, the	9105
court of common pleas sets aside or terminates the order denying	9106
bail, the court of appeals shall dismiss the appeal.	9107
(E) As used in this section:	9108
(1) "Court day" has the same meaning as in section 5122.01 of	9109
the Revised Code.	9110
(2) "Felony OMVI <u>OVI</u> offense" means a third degree felony	9111
OMVI OVI offense and a fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense.	9112
(3) "Fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense" and "third degree	9113
felony OMVI <u>OVI</u> offense" have the same meanings as in section	9114
2929.01 of the Revised Code.	9115
Sec. 2937.46. (A) The supreme court of Ohio may, in the	9116
interest of uniformity of procedure in the various courts, and for	9117
the purpose of promoting prompt and efficient disposition of cases	9118
arising under the traffic laws of this state and related	9119

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commission of a misdemeanor charge or for appearance as a witness,	9150
failure to appear is a misdemeanor of the first degree.	9151
(D) This section does not apply to misdemeanors and related	9152
ordinance offenses arising under Chapters 4501., 4503., 4505.,	9153
4507., 4509., <u>4510.</u> , 4511., 4513., 4517., 4549., and 5577. of the	9154
Revised Code, except that this section does apply to violations of	9155
sections 4511.19, 4549.02, and 4549.021 of the Revised Code and	9156
ordinance offenses related to sections 4511.19, 4549.02, and	9157
4549.021 of the Revised Code.	9158
Sec. 2951.02. (A)(1) In determining whether to suspend a	9159
sentence of imprisonment imposed upon an offender for a	9160
misdemeanor and place the offender on probation or whether to	9161
otherwise suspend a sentence of imprisonment imposed upon an	9162
offender for a misdemeanor pursuant to division (A) of section	9163
2929.51 of the Revised Code, the court shall consider the risk	9164
that the offender will commit another offense and the need for	9165
protecting the public from the risk, the nature and circumstances	9166
of the offense, and the history, character, and condition of the	9167
offender.	9168
(2) An offender who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	9169
to a misdemeanor shall not be placed on probation and shall not	9170
otherwise have the sentence of imprisonment imposed upon the	9171
offender suspended pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.51 of	9172
the Revised Code if either of the following applies:	9173
(a) The offender is a repeat or dangerous offender.	9174
(b) The misdemeanor offense involved was not a violation of	9175
section 2923.12 of the Revised Code and was committed while the	9176
offender was armed with a firearm or dangerous ordnance.	9177
(B) The following do not control the court's discretion but	9178

the court shall consider them in favor of placing an offender who

of probation or other suspension, the offender shall abide by the	9210
law and shall not leave the state without the permission of the	9211
court or the offender's probation officer. In the interests of	9212
doing justice, rehabilitating the offender, and ensuring the	9213
offender's good behavior, the court may impose additional	9214
requirements on the offender. Compliance with the additional	9215
requirements imposed under this division also shall be a condition	9216
of the offender's probation or other suspension. The additional	9217
requirements so imposed may include, but shall not be limited to,	9218
any of the following:	9219

- (a) A requirement that the offender make restitution pursuant 9220 to section 2929.21 of the Revised Code for all or part of the 9221 property damage that is caused by the offender's offense and for 9222 all or part of the value of the property that is the subject of 9223 any theft offense that the offender committed; 9224
- (b) If the offense is a violation of section 2919.25 or a 9225 violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised Code involving a 9226 person who was a family or household member at the time of the 9227 violation, if the offender committed the offense in the vicinity 9228 of one or more children who are not victims of the offense, and if 9229 the offender or the victim of the offense is a parent, guardian, 9230 custodian, or person in loco parentis of one or more of those 9231 children, a requirement that the offender obtain counseling. This 9232 division does not limit the court in imposing a requirement that 9233 the offender obtain counseling for any offense or in any 9234 circumstance not specified in this division. 9235
- (c) A requirement that the offender not ingest or be injected 9236 with a drug of abuse and submit to random drug testing and 9237 requiring that the results of the drug test indicate that the 9238 offender did not ingest or was not injected with a drug of abuse. 9239 If the court requires the offender to submit to random drug 9240 testing under division (C)(1)(c) of this section, the county 9241

department of probation, the multicounty department of probation, 9242 or the adult parole authority, as appropriate, that has general 9243 control and supervision of offenders who are on probation or other 9244 suspension or are under a nonresidential sanction, shall cause the 9245 offender to submit to random drug testing pursuant to section 9246 2951.05 of the Revised Code.

(2) During the period of a misdemeanor offender's probation 9248 or other suspension or during the period of a felon's 9249 nonresidential sanction, authorized probation officers who are 9250 engaged within the scope of their supervisory duties or 9251 responsibilities may search, with or without a warrant, the person 9252 of the offender, the place of residence of the offender, and a 9253 motor vehicle, another item of tangible or intangible personal 9254 property, or other real property in which the offender has a 9255 right, title, or interest or for which the offender has the 9256 express or implied permission of a person with a right, title, or 9257 interest to use, occupy, or possess if the probation officers have 9258 reasonable grounds to believe that the offender is not abiding by 9259 the law or otherwise is not complying with the conditions of the 9260 offender's probation or other suspension or the conditions of the 9261 offender's nonresidential sanction. If a felon who is sentenced to 9262 a nonresidential sanction is under the general control and 9263 supervision of the adult parole authority, as described in 9264 division (A)(2)(a) of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code, adult 9265 parole authority field officers with supervisory responsibilities 9266 over the felon shall have the same search authority relative to 9267 the felon during the period of the sanction as is described under 9268 this division for probation officers. The court that places the 9269 offender on probation or suspends the misdemeanor offender's 9270 sentence of imprisonment pursuant to division (D)(2) or (4) of 9271 section 2929.51 of the Revised Code or that sentences the felon to 9272 a nonresidential sanction pursuant to section 2929.17 of the 9273 Revised Code shall provide the offender with a written notice that 9274

informs the offender that authorized probation officers or adult 9275 parole authority field officers with supervisory responsibilities 9276 over the offender who are engaged within the scope of their 9277 supervisory duties or responsibilities may conduct those types of 9278 searches during the period of probation or other suspension or 9279 during the period of the nonresidential sanction if they have 9280 reasonable grounds to believe that the offender is not abiding by 9281 the law or otherwise is not complying with the conditions of the 9282 offender's probation or other suspension or the conditions of the 9283 offender's nonresidential sanction. 9284

- (D) The following do not control the court's discretion but 9285 the court shall consider them against placing an offender who has 9286 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor on probation 9287 and against otherwise suspending the offender's sentence of 9288 imprisonment pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.51 of the 9289 Revised Code: 9290
- (1) The offender recently violated the conditions of pardon, 9291 post-release control pursuant to section 2967.28 of the Revised 9292 Code, or a probation or suspension pursuant to division (A) of 9293 section 2929.51 of the Revised Code, previously granted the 9294 offender. 9295
- (2) There is a substantial risk that, while at liberty during 9296 the period of probation or other suspension, the offender will 9297 commit another offense. 9298
- (3) The offender is in need of correctional or rehabilitative 9299 treatment that can be provided best by the offender's commitment 9300 to a locally governed and operated residential facility. 9301
- (4) Regardless of whether the offender knew the age of the 9303 victim, the victim of the offense was sixty-five years of age or 9304 older or permanently and totally disabled at the time of the 9305

commission of the offense.

(E) The criteria listed in divisions (B) and (D) of this 9307 section shall not be construed to limit the matters that may be 9308 considered in determining whether to suspend sentence of 9309 imprisonment and place an offender who has been convicted of or 9310 pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor on probation or whether to 9311 otherwise suspend the offender's sentence of imprisonment pursuant 9312 to division (A) of section 2929.51 of the Revised Code. 9313

(F)(1) When an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 9314 misdemeanor, the court may require the offender, as a condition of 9315 probation or as a condition of otherwise suspending the offender's 9316 sentence pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.51 of the 9317 Revised Code, in addition to the conditions of probation or other 9318 suspension imposed pursuant to division (C) of this section, to 9319 perform supervised community service work under the authority of 9320 health districts, park districts, counties, municipal 9321 corporations, townships, other political subdivisions of the 9322 state, or agencies of the state or any of its political 9323 subdivisions, or under the authority of charitable organizations 9324 that render services to the community or its citizens, in 9325 accordance with this division. Supervised community service work 9326 shall not be required as a condition of probation or other 9327 suspension under this division unless the offender agrees to 9328 perform the work offered as a condition of probation or other 9329 suspension by the court. The court may require an offender who 9330 agrees to perform the work to pay to it a reasonable fee to cover 9331 the costs of the offender's participation in the work, including, 9332 but not limited to, the costs of procuring a policy or policies of 9333 liability insurance to cover the period during which the offender 9334 will perform the work. 9335

A court may permit any offender convicted of a misdemeanor to 9336 satisfy the payment of a fine imposed for the offense by 9337

performing supervised community service work as described in this 9338 division if the offender requests an opportunity to satisfy the 9339 payment by this means and if the court determines the offender is 9340 financially unable to pay the fine. 9341

The supervised community service work that may be imposed 9342 under this division shall be subject to the following limitations: 9343

- (a) The court shall fix the period of the work and, if 9344 necessary, shall distribute it over weekends or over other 9345 appropriate times that will allow the offender to continue at the 9346 offender's occupation or to care for the offender's family. The 9347 period of the work as fixed by the court shall not exceed an 9348 aggregate of two hundred hours.
- (b) An agency, political subdivision, or charitable 9350 organization must agree to accept the offender for the work before 9351 the court requires the offender to perform the work for the 9352 entity. A court shall not require an offender to perform 9353 supervised community service work for an agency, political 9354 subdivision, or charitable organization at a location that is an 9355 unreasonable distance from the offender's residence or domicile, 9356 unless the offender is provided with transportation to the 9357 location where the work is to be performed. 9358
- (c) A court may enter into an agreement with a county 9359 department of job and family services for the management, 9360 placement, and supervision of offenders eligible for community 9361 service work in work activities, developmental activities, and 9362 alternative work activities under sections 5107.40 to 5107.69 of 9363 the Revised Code. If a court and a county department of job and 9364 family services have entered into an agreement of that nature, the 9365 clerk of that court is authorized to pay directly to the county 9366 department all or a portion of the fees collected by the court 9367 pursuant to this division in accordance with the terms of its 9368 9369 agreement.

- (d) Community service work that a court requires under this 9370 division shall be supervised by an official of the agency, 9371 political subdivision, or charitable organization for which the 9372 work is performed or by a person designated by the agency, 9373 political subdivision, or charitable organization. The official or 9374 designated person shall be qualified for the supervision by 9375 education, training, or experience, and periodically shall report, 9376 in writing, to the court and to the offender's probation officer 9377 concerning the conduct of the offender in performing the work. 9378
- (2) When an offender is convicted of a felony, the court may 9379 impose pursuant to sections 2929.15 and 2929.17 of the Revised 9380 Code a sanction that requires the offender to perform supervised 9381 community service work in accordance with this division and under 9382 the authority of any agency, political subdivision, or charitable 9383 organization as described in division (F)(1) of this section. The 9384 court may require an offender who is ordered to perform the work 9385 to pay to it a reasonable fee to cover the costs of the offender's 9386 participation in the work, including, but not limited to, the 9387 costs of procuring a policy or policies of liability insurance to 9388 cover the period during which the offender will perform the work. 9389

A court may permit an offender convicted of a felony to 9390 satisfy the payment of a fine imposed for the offense pursuant to 9391 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code by performing supervised 9392 community service work as described in this division if the court 9393 determines that the offender is financially unable to pay the 9394 fine.

The supervised community service work that may be imposed 9396 under this division shall be subject to the limitations specified 9397 in divisions (F)(1)(a) to (d) of this section, except that the 9398 court is not required to obtain the agreement of the offender to 9399 impose supervised community work as a sanction. Additionally, the 9400 total of any period of supervised community service work imposed 9401

on an offender under this division plus the period of all other 9402 sanctions imposed pursuant to sections 2929.15, 2929.16, 2929.17, 9403 and 2929.18 of the Revised Code shall not exceed five years. 9404

- (G)(1) When an offender is convicted of a violation of 9405 section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance 9406 relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of 9407 alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, or a 9408 municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a 9409 prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or 9410 urine, the court may require, as a condition of probation in 9411 addition to the required conditions of probation and the 9412 discretionary conditions of probation that may be imposed pursuant 9413 to division (C) of this section, any suspension or revocation of a 9414 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident 9415 operating privilege, and all other penalties provided by law or by 9416 ordinance, that the offender operate only a motor vehicle equipped 9417 with an ignition interlock device that is certified pursuant to 9418 section 4511.83 4510.43 of the Revised Code. 9419
- (2) When a court requires an offender, as a condition of 9420 probation pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section, to operate 9421 only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device 9422 that is certified pursuant to section 4511.83 4510.43 of the 9423 Revised Code, the offender immediately shall surrender the 9424 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit to 9425 the court. Upon the receipt of the offender's license or permit, 9426 the court shall issue an order authorizing the offender to operate 9427 a motor vehicle equipped with a certified ignition interlock 9428 device, deliver the offender's license or permit to the bureau of 9429 motor vehicles, and include in the abstract of the case forwarded 9430 to the bureau pursuant to section 4507.021 4510.036 of the Revised 9431 Code the conditions of probation imposed pursuant to division 9432 (G)(1) of this section. The court shall give the offender a copy 9433

of its order, and that copy shall be used by the offender in lieu 9434 of a driver's or commercial driver's license or permit until the 9435 bureau issues a restricted license to the offender. 9436

- (3) Upon receipt of an offender's driver's or commercial 9437 driver's license or permit pursuant to division (G)(2) of this 9438 section, the bureau of motor vehicles shall issue a restricted 9439 license to the offender. The restricted license shall be identical 9440 to the surrendered license, except that it shall have printed on 9441 its face a statement that the offender is prohibited from 9442 operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition 9443 interlock device that is certified pursuant to section 4511.83 9444 4510.43 of the Revised Code. The bureau shall deliver the 9445 offender's surrendered license or permit to the court upon receipt 9446 of a court order requiring it to do so, or reissue the offender's 9447 license or permit under section 4507.54 4510.52 of the Revised 9448 Code if the registrar destroyed the offender's license or permit 9449 under that section. The offender shall surrender the restricted 9450 license to the court upon receipt of the offender's surrendered 9451 license or permit. 9452
- (4) If an offender violates a requirement of the court 9453 imposed under division (G)(1) of this section, the court may 9454 impose a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's or 9455 commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 9456 privilege may be suspended as provided in from the range specified 9457 in division (A)(7) of section 4507.16 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 9458 On a second or subsequent violation, the court may impose a class 9459 four suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial driver's 9460 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege from the 9461 range specified in division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the 9462 Revised Code. 9463
 - (H) As used in this section:
 - (1) "Repeat offender" and "dangerous offender" have the same 9465

As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	
meanings as in section 2935.36 of the Revised Code.	9466
(2) "Firearm" and "dangerous ordnance" have the same meanings	9467
as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.	9468
(3) "Theft offense" has the same meaning as in section	9469
2913.01 of the Revised Code.	9470
(4) "Random drug testing" has the same meaning as in section	9471
5120.63 of the Revised Code.	9472
(5) "Ignition interlock device" has the same meaning as in	9473
section 4511.83 4510.01 of the Revised Code.	9474
Sec. 2953.31. As used in sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the	9475
Revised Code:	9476
(A) "First offender" means anyone who has been convicted of	9477
an offense in this state or any other jurisdiction and who	9478
previously or subsequently has not been convicted of the same or a	9479
different offense in this state or any other jurisdiction. When	9480
two or more convictions result from or are connected with the same	9481
act or result from offenses committed at the same time, they shall	9482
be counted as one conviction. When two or three convictions result	9483
from the same indictment, information, or complaint, from the same	9484
plea of guilty, or from the same official proceeding, and result	9485
from related criminal acts that were committed within a	9486
three-month period but do not result from the same act or from	9487
offenses committed at the same time, they shall be counted as one	9488
conviction, provided that a court may decide as provided in	9489
division (C)(1)(a) of section 2953.32 of the Revised Code that it	9490
is not in the public interest for the two or three convictions to	9491
be counted as one conviction.	9492
For purposes of, and except as otherwise provided in, this	9493

division, a conviction for a minor misdemeanor, a conviction for a 9494 violation of any section in Chapter 4507., 4510., 4511., 4513., or 9495

do not apply to any of the following:

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4549. of the Revised Code, or a conviction for a violation of a	9496
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any section	9497
in those chapters is not a previous or subsequent conviction. ${\tt A}$	9498
However, a conviction for a violation of section 4511.197	9499
4511.192 , 4511.251, 4549.02, 4549.021, 4549.03, 4549.042, or	9500
4549.07 4549.62 or sections 4549.41 to 4549.46 of the Revised	9501
Code, or a conviction for a violation of section 4510.11 or	9502
4510.14 of the Revised Code that is based upon the offender's	9503
operation of a vehicle during a suspension imposed under section	9504
4511.191 or 4511.196 of the Revised Code, for a violation of a	9505
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance that is substantially	9506
similar to any of those sections, for a felony violation of Title	9507
XLV of the Revised Code, or for a violation of a substantially	9508
equivalent former law of this state or former municipal ordinance	9509
shall be considered a previous or subsequent conviction.	9510
(B) "Prosecutor" means the county prosecuting attorney, city	9511
director of law, village solicitor, or similar chief legal	9512
officer, who has the authority to prosecute a criminal case in the	9513
court in which the case is filed.	9514
(C) "Bail forfeiture" means the forfeiture of bail by a	9515
defendant who is arrested for the commission of a misdemeanor,	9516
other than a defendant in a traffic case as defined in Traffic	9517
Rule 2, if the forfeiture is pursuant to an agreement with the	9518
court and prosecutor in the case.	9519
(D) "Official records" has the same meaning as in division	9520
(D) of section 2953.51 of the Revised Code.	9521
(E) "Official proceeding" has the same meaning as in section	9522
2921.01 of the Revised Code.	9523
Sec. 2953.36. Sections 2953.31 to 2953.35 of the Revised Code	9524
200. 200.00. December 200.01 to 200.00 or the nevibed code	7 2 1

(A) Convictions when the offender is subject to a mandatory 9526 prison term; 9527 (B) Convictions under section 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 9528 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.321, 2907.322, or 2907.323, former section 9529 2907.12, or Chapter 4507., 4510., 4511., or 4549. of the Revised 9530 Code, or a conviction for a violation of a municipal ordinance 9531 that is substantially similar to any section contained in any of 9532 those chapters; 9533 (C) convictions of an offense of violence when the offense is 9534 a misdemeanor of the first degree or a felony and when the offense 9535 is not a violation of section 2917.03 of the Revised Code and is 9536 not a violation of section 2903.13, 2917.01 or 2917.31 of the 9537 Revised Code that is a misdemeanor of the first degree; 9538 (D) Convictions of an offense in circumstances in which the 9539 victim of the offense was under eighteen years of age when the 9540 offense is a misdemeanor of the first degree or a felony; 9541 (E) Convictions of a felony of the first or second degree; 9542 (F) Bail forfeitures in a traffic case as defined in Traffic 9543 Rule 2. 9544 Sec. 3123.55. Notice shall be sent to the individual 9545 described in section 3123.54 of the Revised Code in compliance 9546 with section 3121.23 of the Revised Code. The notice shall specify 9547 that a court or agency has determined the individual to be in 9548 default under a child support order or that the individual is an 9549 obligor under a child support order who has failed to comply with 9550 a subpoena or warrant issued by a court or agency with respect to 9551 a proceeding to enforce a child support order, that a notice 9552 containing the individual's name and social security number or 9553 other identification number may be sent to the registrar of motor 9554

vehicles, and that, if the registrar receives that notice and

determines that the individual is the individual named in that	9556
notice and the registrar has not received notice under section	9557
3123.56 or 3123.57 of the Revised Code, all of the following will	9558
occur:	9559

- (A) The registrar and all deputy registrars will be 9560 prohibited from issuing to the individual a driver's or commercial 9561 driver's license, motorcycle operator's license or endorsement, or 9562 temporary instruction permit or commercial driver's temporary 9563 instruction permit.
- (B) The registrar and all deputy registrars will be 9565 prohibited from renewing for the individual a driver's or 9566 commercial driver's license, motorcycle operator's license or 9567 endorsement, or commercial driver's temporary instruction permit. 9568
- (C) If the individual holds a driver's or commercial driver's 9569 license, motorcycle operator's license or endorsement, or 9570 temporary instruction permit or commercial driver's temporary 9571 instruction permit, it the registrar will be suspended impose a 9572 class F suspension under division (B)(6) of section 4510.02 of the 9573 Revised Code if the registrar determines that the individual is 9574 the individual named in the notice sent pursuant to section 9575 3123.54 of the Revised Code. 9576
- (D) If the individual is the individual named in the notice, 9577 the individual will not be issued or have renewed any license, 9578 endorsement, or permit, and no suspension will be lifted with 9579 respect to any license, endorsement, or permit listed in this 9580 section until the registrar receives a notice under section 9581 3123.56 or 3123.57 of the Revised Code.
- sec. 3123.58. (A) On receipt of a notice pursuant to section 9583
 3123.54 of the Revised Code, the registrar of motor vehicles shall 9584
 determine whether the individual named in the notice holds or has 9585
 applied for a driver's license or commercial driver's license, 9586

motorcycle operator's license or endorsement, or temporary	9587
instruction permit or commercial driver's temporary instruction	9588
permit. If the registrar determines that the individual holds or	9589
has applied for a license, permit, or endorsement and the	9590
individual is the individual named in the notice and does not	9591
receive a notice pursuant to section 3123.56 or 3123.57 of the	9592
Revised Code, the registrar immediately shall provide notice of	9593
the determination to each deputy registrar. The registrar or a	9594
deputy registrar may not issue to the individual a driver's or	9595
commercial driver's license, motorcycle operator's license or	9596
endorsement, or temporary instruction permit or commercial	9597
driver's temporary instruction permit and may not renew for the	9598
individual a driver's or commercial driver's license, motorcycle	9599
operator's license or endorsement, or commercial driver's	9600
temporary instruction permit. The registrar or a deputy registrar	9601
also shall suspend impose a class F suspension of the license,	9602
permit, or endorsement held by the individual <u>under division</u>	9603
(B)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code.	9604
(B) Prior to the date specified in section 3123.52 of the	9605
Revised Code, the registrar of motor vehicles or a deputy	9606
registrar shall do only the following with respect to an	9607
individual if the registrar makes the determination required under	9608
division (A) of this section and no notice is received concerning	9609
the individual under section 3123.56 or 3123.57 of the Revised	9610
Code:	9611
(1) Refuse to issue or renew the individual's commercial	9612
driver's license or commercial driver's temporary instruction	9613
<pre>permit;</pre>	9614
(2) Impose a class F suspension under division (B)(6) of	9615
section 4510.02 of the Revised Code on the individual with respect	9616
to the license or permit held by the individual.	9617

Sec. 3123.59. Not later than seven days after receipt of a	9619
notice pursuant to section 3123.56 or 3123.57 of the Revised Code,	9620
the registrar of motor vehicles shall notify each deputy registrar	9621
of the notice. The registrar and each deputy registrar shall then,	9622
if the individual otherwise is eligible for the license, permit,	9623
or endorsement and wants the license, permit, or endorsement,	9624
issue a license, permit, or endorsement to, or renew a license,	9625
permit, or endorsement of, the individual, or, if the registrar	9626
imposed a class F suspension of the individual's license, permit,	9627
or endorsement was suspended pursuant to <u>division (A) of</u> section	9628
3123.58 of the Revised Code, remove the suspension. On and after	9629
the date specified in section 3123.52 of the Revised Code, the	9630
registrar or a deputy registrar shall remove, after receipt of a	9631
notice under section 3123.56 or 3123.57 of the Revised Code, a	9632
disqualification class F suspension imposed on an individual with	9633
respect to a commercial driver's license or commercial driver's	9634
temporary instruction permit pursuant to division (B) of section	9635
3123.611 3123.58 of the Revised Code. The registrar or a deputy	9636
registrar may charge a fee of not more than twenty-five dollars	9637
for issuing or renewing or removing the suspension of a license,	9638
permit, or for removing a disqualification endorsement pursuant to	9639
this section. The fees collected by the registrar pursuant to this	9640
section shall be paid into the state bureau of motor vehicles fund	9641
established in section 4501.25 of the Revised Code.	9642

Sec. 3123.613. Prior to the date specified in section 3123.52 9644 of the Revised Code, instead of the notice provisions described in 9645 divisions (A), (B), (C), and (D) of section 3123.55 of the Revised 9646 Code, the notice shall specify that all of the following will 9647 occur: 9648

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(A) The registrar of motor vehicles and all deputy registrars 9649

- will be prohibited from issuing to, or renewing for, the 9650 individual a commercial driver's license or commercial driver's 9651 temporary instruction permit. 9652
- (B) If the individual holds a commercial driver's license or 9653 commercial driver's temporary instruction permit, the registrar 9654 will impose a disqualification as defined in class F suspension 9655 under division (B)(6) of section 4506.01 4510.02 of the Revised 9656 Code with respect to the license or permit if the registrar 9657 determines that the individual is the individual named in the 9658 notice sent pursuant to section 3123.54 of the Revised Code. 9659
- (C) If the individual is the individual named in the notice, 9660 the individual will not be issued, and the disqualification will 9661 not be removed with respect to, any license or permit listed in 9662 this section until the registrar receives a notice under section 9663 3123.56 or 3123.57 of the Revised Code.
- Sec. 3123.614. Notwithstanding section 119.06 of the Revised 9665 Code and prior to the date specified in section 3123.52 of the 9666 Revised Code, the registrar of motor vehicles shall not hold any 9667 hearing in connection with an order refusing to issue or renew, or 9668 imposing a disqualification suspension with respect to, the 9669 commercial driver's license or commercial driver's temporary 9670 instruction permit of an individual pursuant to division (B) of 9671 section 3123.611 3123.58 of the Revised Code. 9672
- Sec. 3327.10. (A) No person shall be employed as driver of a 9673 school bus or motor van, owned and operated by any school district 9674 or educational service center or privately owned and operated 9675 under contract with any school district or service center in this 9676 state, who has not received a certificate from the educational 9677 service center governing board in case such person is employed by 9678 a service center or by a local school district under the 9679

supervision of the service center governing board, or by the	9680
superintendent of schools, in case such person is employed by the	9681
board of a city or exempted village school district, certifying	9682
that such person is at least eighteen years of age and is of good	9683
moral character and is qualified physically and otherwise for such	9684
position. The service center governing board or the	9685
superintendent, as the case may be, shall provide for an annual	9686
physical examination that conforms with rules adopted by the state	9687
board of education of each driver to ascertain the driver's	9688
physical fitness for such employment. Any certificate may be	9689
revoked by the authority granting the same on proof that the	9690
holder has been guilty of failing to comply with division (D)(1)	9691
of this section, or upon a conviction or a guilty plea for a	9692
violation, or any other action, that results in a loss or	9693
suspension of driving rights. Failure to comply with such division	9694
may be cause for disciplinary action or termination of employment	9695
under division (C) of section 3319.081, or section 124.34 of the	9696
Revised Code.	9697

- (B) No person shall be employed as driver of a school bus or 9698 motor van not subject to the rules of the department of education 9699 pursuant to division (A) of this section who has not received a 9700 certificate from the school administrator or contractor certifying 9701 that such person is at least eighteen years of age, is of good 9702 moral character, and is qualified physically and otherwise for 9703 such position. Each driver shall have an annual physical 9704 examination which conforms to the state highway patrol rules, 9705 ascertaining the driver's physical fitness for such employment. 9706 The examination shall be performed by one of the following: 9707
- (1) A person licensed under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code 9708or by another state to practice medicine and surgery or 9709osteopathic medicine and surgery; 9710
 - (2) A registered nurse who holds a certificate of authority

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issued under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code to practice as a 9712 certified nurse practitioner or clinical nurse specialist and is 9713 practicing pursuant to a standard care arrangement with a 9714 collaborating physician. 9715

Any certificate may be revoked by the authority granting the same on proof that the holder has been guilty of failing to comply with division (D)(2) of this section.

- (C) Any person who drives a school bus or motor van must give 9719 satisfactory and sufficient bond except a driver who is an 9720 employee of a school district and who drives a bus or motor van 9721 owned by the school district.
- (D) No person employed as driver of a school bus or motor van

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 under this section who is convicted of a traffic violation or who

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 has had the person's commercial driver's license suspended or

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 revoked shall drive a school bus or motor van until such the

 person has filed a written notice of such the conviction, or

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 suspension, or revocation as follows:

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- (1) If the person is employed under division (A) of this 9729 section, such the person shall file the notice shall be filed with 9730 the superintendent, or a person designated by the superintendent, 9731 of the school district for which such the person drives a school 9732 bus or motor van as an employee or drives a privately owned and 9733 operated school bus or motor van under contract. 9734
- (2) If employed under division (B) of this section, such the person shall file the notice shall be filed with the employing 9736 school administrator or contractor, or a person designated by the 9737 administrator or contractor. 9738
- (E) In addition to resulting in possible revocation of a 9739 certificate as authorized by divisions (A) and (B) of this 9740 section, violation of division (D) of this section is a minor 9741 misdemeanor.

Sub. S. B. No. 123 As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

Sec. 3793.02. (A) The department of alcohol and drug	9743
addiction services shall promote, assist in developing, and	9744
coordinate or conduct programs of education and research for the	9745
prevention of alcohol and drug addiction and for the treatment,	9746
including intervention, of alcoholics and persons who abuse drugs	9747
of abuse, including anabolic steroids. Programs established by the	9748
department shall include abstinence-based prevention and treatment	9749
programs.	9750
(B) In addition to the other duties prescribed by this	9751
chapter, the department shall do all of the following:	9752
(1) Promote and coordinate efforts in the provision of	9753
alcohol and drug addiction services by other state agencies, as	9754
defined in section 1.60 of the Revised Code; courts; hospitals;	9755
clinics; physicians in private practice; public health	9756
authorities; boards of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health	9757
services; alcohol and drug addiction programs; law enforcement	9758
agencies; and related groups;	9759
(2) Provide for education and training in prevention,	9760
diagnosis, treatment, and control of alcohol and drug addiction	9761
for medical students, physicians, nurses, social workers,	9762
professional counselors, psychologists, and other persons who	9763
provide alcohol and drug addiction services;	9764
(3) Provide training and consultation for persons who	9765
supervise alcohol and drug addiction programs and facilities;	9766
(4) Develop measures for evaluating the effectiveness of	9767
alcohol and drug addiction services, including services that use	9768
methadone treatment, and for increasing the accountability of	9769
alcohol and drug addiction programs;	9770
(5) Provide to each court of record, and biennially update, a	9771

list of the treatment and education programs within that court's

As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	
jurisdiction that the court may require an offender, sentenced	9773
pursuant to $\frac{\text{division }(A) \text{ of}}{\text{section }}$ section $\frac{4511.99}{4511.19}$ of the Revised	9774
Code, to attend;	9775
(6) Print and distribute the warning sign described in	9776
sections 3313.752, 3345.41, and 3707.50 of the Revised Code.	9777
(C) The department may accept and administer grants from	9778
public or private sources for carrying out any of the duties	9779
enumerated in this section.	9780
(D) Pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the	9781
department shall adopt a rule defining the term "intervention" as	9782
it is used in this chapter in connection with alcohol and drug	9783
addiction services. The department may adopt other rules as	9784
necessary to implement the requirements of this chapter.	9785
Sec. 3793.10. A drivers' intervention program may be used as	9786

an alternative to a term of imprisonment for an offender sentenced 9787 pursuant to division $\frac{A}{(1)}(G)(1)(a)$ of section $\frac{4511.99}{4511.19}$ of 9788 the Revised Code, if it is certified by the director of alcohol 9789 and drug addiction services pursuant to this section. No drivers' 9790 intervention program shall be used as an alternative to a term of 9791 imprisonment that is imposed pursuant to division $\frac{(A)(2)}{(3)}$, 9792 (4), (6), (7)(G)(1)(b), (c), (d), or (8)(e) of section 4511.999793 4511.19 of the Revised Code. 9794

To qualify for certification by the director and to receive 9795 funds from the statewide treatment and prevention fund created by 9796 section 4301.30 of the Revised Code in any amounts and at any 9797 times that the director determines are appropriate, a drivers' 9798 intervention program shall meet state minimum standards that the 9799 director shall establish by rule. The rules shall include, but are 9800 not limited to, standards governing program course hours and 9801 content, qualifications of program personnel, methods of 9802 identifying and testing participants to isolate participants with 9803

alcohol and drug abuse problems, referral of such persons to	9804
alcohol and drug addiction programs, the prompt notification of	9805
courts by program operators of the completion of the programs by	9806
persons required by courts to attend them, and record keeping,	9807
including methods of tracking participants for a reasonable time	9808
after they have left the program.	9809

The director shall issue a certificate to any qualified 9810 drivers' intervention program. The certificate is valid for three 9811 years. 9812

- Sec. 3937.31. (A) Every automobile insurance policy shall be 9813 issued for a period of not less than two years or guaranteed 9814 renewable for successive policy periods totaling not less than two 9815 years. Where renewal is mandatory, "cancellation," as used in 9816 sections 3937.30 to 3937.39 of the Revised Code, includes refusal 9817 to renew a policy with at least the coverages, included insureds, 9818 and policy limits provided at the end of the next preceding policy 9819 period. No insurer may cancel any such policy except pursuant to 9820 the terms of the policy, and in accordance with sections 3937.30 9821 to 3937.39 of the Revised Code, and for one or more of the 9822 following reasons: 9823
- (1) Misrepresentation by the insured to the insurer of any 9824 material fact in the procurement or renewal of the insurance or in 9825 the submission of claims thereunder; 9826
- (2) Loss of driving privileges through suspension, 9827 revocation, or expiration of the driver's or commercial driver's 9828 license of the named insured or any member of the named insured's 9829 family covered as a driver; provided that the insurer shall 9830 continue the policy in effect but exclude by endorsement all 9831 coverage as to the person whose driver's license has been 9832 suspended or revoked or has expired, if the person is other than 9833 the named insured or the principal operator; 9834

(3) Nonpayment of premium, which means failure of the named 9835 insured to discharge when due any of the named insured's 9836 obligations in connection with the payment of premiums on a 9837 policy, or any installment of such premiums, whether the premium 9838 is payable directly to the insurer or its agent or indirectly 9839 under any premium finance plan or extension of credit; 9840 (4) The place of residence of the insured or the state of 9841 registration or license of the insured automobile is changed to a 9842 state or country in which the insurer is not authorized to write 9843 automobile coverage. 9844 This section does not apply in the case of a cancellation if 9845 the insurer has indicated its willingness to issue a new policy 9846 within the same insurer or within another insurer under the same 9847 ownership or management as that of the insurer that has issued the 9848 cancellation. 9849 (B) Sections 3937.30 to 3937.39 of the Revised Code do not 9850 prohibit: 9851 (1) Changes in coverage or policy limits, cancellation, or 9852 nonrenewal for any reason at the request or with the consent of 9853 the insured; 9854 (2) Lawful surcharges, adjustments, or other changes in 9855 9856 premium; (3) Policy modification to all policies issued to a 9857 classification of risk which do not effect a withdrawal or 9858 reduction in the initial coverage or policy limits; 9859 (4) An insurer's refusing for any reason to renew a policy 9860 upon its expiration at the end of any mandatory period, provided 9861 such nonrenewal complies with the procedure set forth in section 9862 3937.34 of the Revised Code. 9863

(C) Sections 3937.30 to 3937.39 of the Revised Code do not

apply to any policy or coverage that has been in effect less than	9865
ninety days at the time notice of cancellation is mailed by the	9866
insurer, unless it is a renewal policy.	9867

- (D) Renewal of a policy does not constitute a waiver or 9868 estoppel with respect to grounds for cancellation that existed 9869 before the effective date of such renewal. 9870
- (E) Nothing in this section prohibits an insurer from 9871 incorporating into a policy any changes that are permitted or 9872 required by this section or other sections of the Revised Code at 9873 the beginning of any policy period within the two-year period set 9874 forth in division (A) of this section. 9875
- sec. 4301.99. (A) Whoever violates section 4301.47, 4301.48, 9876
 4301.49, 4301.62, or 4301.70 or division (B) of section 4301.691 9877
 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. 9878
- (B) Whoever violates section 4301.15, division (A)(2) or (D) 9879 of section 4301.22, division (C), (D), (E), (F), (G), (H), or (I) 9880 of section 4301.631, or section 4301.64 or 4301.67 of the Revised 9881 Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 9882

If an offender who violates section 4301.64 of the Revised 9883 Code was under the age of eighteen years at the time of the 9884 offense, the court, in addition to any other penalties it imposes 9885 upon the offender, shall suspend the offender's temporary 9886 instruction permit, probationary driver's license, or driver's 9887 license for a period of not less than six months and not more than 9888 one year. If the offender is fifteen years and six months of age 9889 or older and has not been issued a temporary instruction permit or 9890 probationary driver's license, the offender shall not be eligible 9891 to be issued such a license or permit for a period of six months. 9892 If the offender has not attained the age of fifteen years and six 9893 months, the offender shall not be eligible to be issued a 9894 temporary instruction permit until the offender attains the age of 9895 Page 318

9896 sixteen years.

(C) Whoever violates division (D) of section 4301.21, or 9897 section 4301.251, 4301.58, 4301.59, 4301.60, 4301.632, 4301.633, 9898 4301.66, 4301.68, or 4301.74, division (B), (C), (D), (E), or (F) 9899 of section 4301.69 of the Revised Code, or division (C), (D), (E), 9900 (F), (G), or (I) of section 4301.691 of the Revised Code is guilty 9901 of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 9902

If an offender who violates section 4301.632 of the Revised 9903 Code was under the age of eighteen years at the time of the 9904 offense and the offense occurred while the offender was the 9905 operator of or a passenger in a motor vehicle, the court, in 9906 addition to any other penalties it imposes upon the offender, 9907 shall suspend the offender's temporary instruction permit or 9908 probationary driver's license for a period of not less than six 9909 months and not more than one year. If the offender is fifteen 9910 years and six months of age or older and has not been issued a 9911 temporary instruction permit or probationary driver's license, the 9912 offender shall not be eligible to be issued such a license or 9913 permit for a period of six months. If the offender has not 9914 attained the age of fifteen years and six months, the offender 9915 shall not be eligible to be issued a temporary instruction permit 9916 until the offender attains the age of sixteen years. 9917

- (D) Whoever violates division (B) of section 4301.14, or 9918 division (A)(1) or (3), (B), or (C) of section 4301.22 of the 9919 Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 9920
- (E) Whoever violates section 4301.63 or division (B) of 9921 section 4301.631 of the Revised Code shall be fined not less than 9922 twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars. The court imposing 9923 a fine for a violation of section 4301.63 or division (B) of 9924 section 4301.631 of the Revised Code may order that the fine be 9925 paid by the performance of public work at a reasonable hourly rate 9926 9927 established by the court. The court shall designate the time

more than six months.

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within which the public work shall be completed.

(F)(1) Whoever violates section 4301.634 of the Revised Code 9929 is quilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. If, in committing 9930 a first violation of that section, the offender presented to the 9931 permit holder or the permit holder's employee or agent a false, 9932 fictitious, or altered identification card, a false or fictitious 9933 driver's license purportedly issued by any state, or a driver's 9934 license issued by any state that has been altered, the offender is 9935 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be fined not 9936 less than two hundred fifty and not more than one thousand 9937 dollars, and may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not 9938

- (2) On a second violation in which, for the second time, the 9940 offender presented to the permit holder or the permit holder's 9941 employee or agent a false, fictitious, or altered identification 9942 card, a false or fictitious driver's license purportedly issued by 9943 any state, or a driver's license issued by any state that has been 9944 altered, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 9945 degree and shall be fined not less than five hundred nor more than 9946 one thousand dollars, and may be sentenced to a term of 9947 imprisonment of not more than six months. The court also may 9948 suspend impose a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's 9949 or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 9950 privilege or deny the offender the opportunity to be issued a 9951 driver's or commercial driver's license for a period not exceeding 9952 sixty days from the range specified in division (A)(7) of section 9953 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 9954
- (3) On a third or subsequent violation in which, for the 9955 third or subsequent time, the offender presented to the permit 9956 holder or the permit holder's employee or agent a false, 9957 fictitious, or altered identification card, a false or fictitious 9958 driver's license purportedly issued by any state, or a driver's 9959

license issued by any state that has been altered, the offender is	9960
guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be fined not	9961
less than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and may	9962
be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than six	9963
months. The court also shall suspend impose a class six suspension	9964
$\underline{\text{of}}$ the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or	9965
permit or nonresident operating privilege or deny the offender the	9966
opportunity to be issued a driver's or commercial driver's license	9967
for a period of ninety days from the range specified in division	9968
(A)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code, and the court may	9969
order that the suspension or denial remain in effect until the	9970
offender attains the age of twenty-one years. The court also may	9971
order the offender to perform a determinate number of hours of	9972
community service, with the court determining the actual number of	9973
hours and the nature of the community service the offender shall	9974
perform.	9975

- (G) Whoever violates section 4301.636 of the Revised Code is 9976 guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. 9977
- (H) Whoever violates division (A)(1) of section 4301.22 of 9978 the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor, shall be fined not 9979 less than five hundred and not more than one thousand dollars, 9980 and, in addition to the fine, may be imprisoned for a definite 9981 term of not more than sixty days.
- (I) Whoever violates division (A) of section 4301.69 or 9983 division (H) of section 4301.691 of the Revised Code is guilty of 9984 a misdemeanor, shall be fined not less than five hundred and not 9985 more than one thousand dollars, and, in addition to the fine, may 9986 be imprisoned for a definite term of not more than six months. 9987
- sec. 4501.01. As used in this chapter and Chapters 4503., 9988
 4505., 4507., 4509., 4510., 4511., 4513., 4515., and 4517. of the
 Revised Code, and in the penal laws, except as otherwise provided: 9990

miles per hour or less.

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9991 (A) "Vehicles" means everything on wheels or runners, 9992 including motorized bicycles, but does not mean vehicles that are 9993 operated exclusively on rails or tracks or from overhead electric 9994 trolley wires and vehicles that belong to any police department, 9995 municipal fire department, or volunteer fire department, or that 9996 are used by such a department in the discharge of its functions. 9997 (B) "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle, including mobile homes 9998 and recreational vehicles, that is propelled or drawn by power 9999 other than muscular power or power collected from overhead 10000 electric trolley wires. "Motor vehicle" does not include motorized 10001 bicycles, road rollers, traction engines, power shovels, power 10002 cranes, and other equipment used in construction work and not 10003 designed for or employed in general highway transportation, 10004 well-drilling machinery, ditch-digging machinery, farm machinery, 10005 trailers that are used to transport agricultural produce or 10006 agricultural production materials between a local place of storage 10007 or supply and the farm when drawn or towed on a public road or 10008 highway at a speed of twenty-five miles per hour or less, 10009 threshing machinery, hay-baling machinery, corn sheller, 10010 hammermill and agricultural tractors, machinery used in the 10011 production of horticultural, agricultural, and vegetable products, 10012 and trailers that are designed and used exclusively to transport a 10013 boat between a place of storage and a marina, or in and around a 10014 marina, when drawn or towed on a public road or highway for a 10015 10016 distance of no more than ten miles and at a speed of twenty-five

(C) "Agricultural tractor" and "traction engine" mean any 10019 self-propelling vehicle that is designed or used for drawing other 10020 vehicles or wheeled machinery, but has no provisions for carrying 10021 loads independently of such other vehicles, and that is used 10022

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principally for agricultural purposes.

(D) "Commercial tractor," except as defined in division (C) 10024 of this section, means any motor vehicle that has motive power and 10025 either is designed or used for drawing other motor vehicles, or is 10026

designed or used for drawing another motor vehicle while carrying

a portion of the other motor vehicle or its load, or both.

- (E) "Passenger car" means any motor vehicle that is designed 10030 and used for carrying not more than nine persons and includes any 10031 motor vehicle that is designed and used for carrying not more than 10032 fifteen persons in a ridesharing arrangement. 10033
- (F) "Collector's vehicle" means any motor vehicle or 10034 agricultural tractor or traction engine that is of special 10035 interest, that has a fair market value of one hundred dollars or 10036 more, whether operable or not, and that is owned, operated, 10037 collected, preserved, restored, maintained, or used essentially as 10038 a collector's item, leisure pursuit, or investment, but not as the 10039 owner's principal means of transportation. "Licensed collector's 10040 vehicle" means a collector's vehicle, other than an agricultural 10041 tractor or traction engine, that displays current, valid license 10042 tags issued under section 4503.45 of the Revised Code, or a 10043 similar type of motor vehicle that displays current, valid license 10044 tags issued under substantially equivalent provisions in the laws 10045 of other states. 10046
- (G) "Historical motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle that 10047 is over twenty-five years old and is owned solely as a collector's 10048 item and for participation in club activities, exhibitions, tours, parades, and similar uses, but that in no event is used for 10050 general transportation.
- (H) "Noncommercial motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle, 10052 including a farm truck as defined in section 4503.04 of the 10053

Revised Code, that is designed by the manufacturer to carry a load	10054
of no more than one ton and is used exclusively for purposes other	10055
than engaging in business for profit.	10056

- (I) "Bus" means any motor vehicle that has motor power and is 10057 designed and used for carrying more than nine passengers, except 10058 any motor vehicle that is designed and used for carrying not more 10059 than fifteen passengers in a ridesharing arrangement. 10060
- (J) "Commercial car" or "truck" means any motor vehicle that 10061 has motor power and is designed and used for carrying merchandise 10062 or freight, or that is used as a commercial tractor. 10063
- (K) "Bicycle" means every device, other than a tricycle that 10064 is designed solely for use as a play vehicle by a child, that is 10065 propelled solely by human power upon which any person may ride, 10066 and that has either two tandem wheels, or one wheel in front and 10067 two wheels in the rear, any of which is more than fourteen inches 10068 in diameter.
- (L) "Motorized bicycle" means any vehicle that either has two 10070 tandem wheels or one wheel in the front and two wheels in the 10071 rear, that is capable of being pedaled, and that is equipped with 10072 a helper motor of not more than fifty cubic centimeters piston 10073 displacement that produces no more than one brake horsepower and 10074 is capable of propelling the vehicle at a speed of no greater than 10075 twenty miles per hour on a level surface.
- (M) "Trailer" means any vehicle without motive power that is 10077 designed or used for carrying property or persons wholly on its 10078 own structure and for being drawn by a motor vehicle, and includes 10079 any such vehicle that is formed by or operated as a combination of 10080 a semitrailer and a vehicle of the dolly type such as that 10081 commonly known as a trailer dolly, a vehicle used to transport 10082 agricultural produce or agricultural production materials between 10083 a local place of storage or supply and the farm when drawn or 10084

towed on a public road or highway at a speed greater than

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twenty-five miles per hour, and a vehicle that is designed and

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used exclusively to transport a boat between a place of storage

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and a marina, or in and around a marina, when drawn or towed on a

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public road or highway for a distance of more than ten miles or at

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a speed of more than twenty-five miles per hour. "Trailer" does

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(N) "Noncommercial trailer" means any trailer, except a travel trailer or trailer that is used to transport a boat as described in division (B) of this section, but, where applicable, includes a vehicle that is used to transport a boat as described in division (M) of this section, that has a gross weight of no more than three thousand pounds, and that is used exclusively for purposes other than engaging in business for a profit.

(0) "Mobile home" means a building unit or assembly of closed construction that is fabricated in an off-site facility, is more than thirty-five body feet in length or, when erected on site, is three hundred twenty or more square feet, is built on a permanent chassis, is transportable in one or more sections, and does not qualify as a manufactured home as defined in division (C)(4) of section 3781.06 of the Revised Code or as an industrialized unit as defined in division (C)(3) of section 3781.06 of the Revised Code.

(P) "Semitrailer" means any vehicle of the trailer type that does not have motive power and is so designed or used with another and separate motor vehicle that in operation a part of its own weight or that of its load, or both, rests upon and is carried by the other vehicle furnishing the motive power for propelling itself and the vehicle referred to in this division, and includes, for the purpose only of registration and taxation under those chapters, any vehicle of the dolly type, such as a trailer dolly,

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that is designed or used for the conversion of a semitrailer into	10117
a trailer.	10118
(Q) "Recreational vehicle" means a vehicular portable	10119
structure that meets all of the following conditions:	10120
(1) It is designed for the sole purpose of recreational travel.	10121 10122
(2) It is not used for the purpose of engaging in business for profit.	10123 10124
(3) It is not used for the purpose of engaging in intrastate commerce.	10125 10126
(4) It is not used for the purpose of commerce as defined in 49 C.F.R. 383.5, as amended.	10127 10128
(5) It is not regulated by the public utilities commission pursuant to Chapter 4919., 4921., or 4923. of the Revised Code.	10129 10130
(6) It is classed as one of the following:	10131
(a) "Travel trailer" means a nonself-propelled recreational	10132
vehicle that does not exceed an overall length of thirty-five	10133
feet, exclusive of bumper and tongue or coupling, and contains	10134
less than three hundred twenty square feet of space when erected	10135
on site. "Travel trailer" includes a tent-type fold-out camping	10136
trailer as defined in section 4517.01 of the Revised Code.	10137
(b) "Motor home" means a self-propelled recreational vehicle	10138
that has no fifth wheel and is constructed with permanently	10139
installed facilities for cold storage, cooking and consuming of	10140
food, and for sleeping.	10141
(c) "Truck camper" means a nonself-propelled recreational	10142
vehicle that does not have wheels for road use and is designed to	10143
be placed upon and attached to a motor vehicle. "Truck camper"	10144
does not include truck covers that consist of walls and a roof,	10145
but do not have floors and facilities enabling them to be used as	10146

a dwelling.	10147
(d) "Fifth wheel trailer" means a vehicle that is of such	10148
size and weight as to be movable without a special highway permit,	10149
that has a gross trailer area of four hundred square feet or less,	10150
that is constructed with a raised forward section that allows a	10151
bi-level floor plan, and that is designed to be towed by a vehicle	10152
equipped with a fifth-wheel hitch ordinarily installed in the bed	10153
of a truck.	10154
(e) "Park trailer" means a vehicle that is commonly known as	10155
a park model recreational vehicle, meets the American national	10156
standard institute standard Al19.5 (1988) for park trailers, is	10157
built on a single chassis, has a gross trailer area of four	10158
hundred square feet or less when set up, is designed for seasonal	10159
or temporary living quarters, and may be connected to utilities	10160
necessary for the operation of installed features and appliances.	10161
(R) "Pneumatic tires" means tires of rubber and fabric or	10162
tires of similar material, that are inflated with air.	10163
(S) "Solid tires" means tires of rubber or similar elastic	10164
material that are not dependent upon confined air for support of	10165
the load.	10166
(T) "Solid tire vehicle" means any vehicle that is equipped	10167
with two or more solid tires.	10168
(U) "Farm machinery" means all machines and tools that are	10169
used in the production, harvesting, and care of farm products, and	10170
includes trailers that are used to transport agricultural produce	10171
or agricultural production materials between a local place of	10172
storage or supply and the farm when drawn or towed on a public	10173
road or highway at a speed of twenty-five miles per hour or less.	10174
	10175
(V) "Owner" includes any person or firm, other than a	10176

manufacturer or dealer, that has title to a motor vehicle, except

that, in sections 4505.01 to 4505.19 of the Revised Code, "owner" 10178 includes in addition manufacturers and dealers.

- (W) "Manufacturer" and "dealer" include all persons and firms 10180 that are regularly engaged in the business of manufacturing, 10181 selling, displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in motor 10182 vehicles, at an established place of business that is used 10183 exclusively for the purpose of manufacturing, selling, displaying, 10184 offering for sale, or dealing in motor vehicles. A place of 10185 business that is used for manufacturing, selling, displaying, 10186 offering for sale, or dealing in motor vehicles shall be deemed to 10187 be used exclusively for those purposes even though snowmobiles or 10188 all-purpose vehicles are sold or displayed for sale thereat, even 10189 though farm machinery is sold or displayed for sale thereat, or 10190 even though repair, accessory, gasoline and oil, storage, parts, 10191 service, or paint departments are maintained thereat, or, in any 10192 county having a population of less than seventy-five thousand at 10193 the last federal census, even though a department in a place of 10194 business is used to dismantle, salvage, or rebuild motor vehicles 10195 by means of used parts, if such departments are operated for the 10196 purpose of furthering and assisting in the business of 10197 manufacturing, selling, displaying, offering for sale, or dealing 10198 in motor vehicles. Places of business or departments in a place of 10199 business used to dismantle, salvage, or rebuild motor vehicles by 10200 means of using used parts are not considered as being maintained 10201 for the purpose of assisting or furthering the manufacturing, 10202 selling, displaying, and offering for sale or dealing in motor 10203 vehicles. 10204
- (X) "Operator" includes any person who drives or operates a 10206 motor vehicle upon the public highways. 10207
- (Y) "Chauffeur" means any operator who operates a motor 10208 vehicle, other than a taxicab, as an employee for hire; or any 10209

operator whether or not the owner of a motor vehicle, other than a	10210
taxicab, who operates such vehicle for transporting, for gain,	10211
compensation, or profit, either persons or property owned by	10212
another. Any operator of a motor vehicle who is voluntarily	10213
involved in a ridesharing arrangement is not considered an	10214
employee for hire or operating such vehicle for gain,	10215
compensation, or profit.	10216
(Z) "State" includes the territories and federal districts of	10217
the United States, and the provinces of Canada.	10218
(AA) "Public roads and highways" for vehicles includes all	10219
public thoroughfares, bridges, and culverts.	10220
(BB) "Manufacturer's number" means the manufacturer's	10221
original serial number that is affixed to or imprinted upon the	10222
chassis or other part of the motor vehicle.	10223
(CC) "Motor number" means the manufacturer's original number	10224
that is affixed to or imprinted upon the engine or motor of the	10225
vehicle.	10226
(DD) "Distributor" means any person who is authorized by a	10227
motor vehicle manufacturer to distribute new motor vehicles to	10228
licensed motor vehicle dealers at an established place of business	10229
that is used exclusively for the purpose of distributing new motor	10230
vehicles to licensed motor vehicle dealers, except when the	10231
distributor also is a new motor vehicle dealer, in which case the	10232
distributor may distribute at the location of the distributor's	10233
licensed dealership.	10234
(EE) "Ridesharing arrangement" means the transportation of	10235
persons in a motor vehicle where the transportation is incidental	10236
to another purpose of a volunteer driver and includes ridesharing	10237
arrangements known as carpools, vanpools, and buspools.	10238
(FF) "Apportionable vehicle" means any vehicle that is used	10239

or intended for use in two or more international registration plan

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member jurisdictions that allocate or proportionally register	10241
vehicles, that is used for the transportation of persons for hire	10242
or designed, used, or maintained primarily for the transportation	10243
of property, and that meets any of the following qualifications:	10244
	10245
(1) Is a power unit having a gross vehicle weight in excess	10246
of twenty-six thousand pounds;	10247
(2) Is a power unit having three or more axles, regardless of	10248
the gross vehicle weight;	10249
(3) Is a combination vehicle with a gross vehicle weight in	10250
excess of twenty-six thousand pounds.	10251
"Apportionable vehicle" does not include recreational	10252
vehicles, vehicles displaying restricted plates, city pick-up and	10253
delivery vehicles, buses used for the transportation of chartered	10254
parties, or vehicles owned and operated by the United States, this	10255
state, or any political subdivisions thereof.	10256
(GG) "Chartered party" means a group of persons who contract	10257
as a group to acquire the exclusive use of a passenger-carrying	10258
motor vehicle at a fixed charge for the vehicle in accordance with	10259
the carrier's tariff, lawfully on file with the United States	10260
department of transportation, for the purpose of group travel to a	10261
specified destination or for a particular itinerary, either agreed	10262
upon in advance or modified by the chartered group after having	10263
left the place of origin.	10264
(HH) "International registration plan" means a reciprocal	10265
agreement of member jurisdictions that is endorsed by the American	10266
association of motor vehicle administrators, and that promotes and	10267
encourages the fullest possible use of the highway system by	10268
authorizing apportioned registration of fleets of vehicles and	10269
recognizing registration of vehicles apportioned in member	10270
jurisdictions.	10271

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(II) "Restricted plate" means a license plate that has a	10272
restriction of time, geographic area, mileage, or commodity, and	10273
includes license plates issued to farm trucks under division (K)	10274
of section 4503.04 of the Revised Code.	10275
(JJ) "Gross vehicle weight," with regard to any commercial	10276
car, trailer, semitrailer, or bus that is taxed at the rates	10277
established under section 4503.042 of the Revised Code, means the	10278
unladen weight of the vehicle fully equipped plus the maximum	10279
weight of the load to be carried on the vehicle.	10280
(KK) "Combined gross vehicle weight" with regard to any	10281
combination of a commercial car, trailer, and semitrailer, that is	10282
taxed at the rates established under section 4503.042 of the	10283
Revised Code, means the total unladen weight of the combination of	10284
vehicles fully equipped plus the maximum weight of the load to be	10285
carried on that combination of vehicles.	10286
(LL) "Chauffeured limousine" means a motor vehicle that is	10287
designed to carry nine or fewer passengers and is operated for	10288
hire on an hourly basis pursuant to a prearranged contract for the	10289
transportation of passengers on public roads and highways along a	10290
route under the control of the person hiring the vehicle and not	10291
over a defined and regular route. "Prearranged contract" means an	10292
agreement, made in advance of boarding, to provide transportation	10293
from a specific location in a chauffeured limousine at a fixed	10294
rate per hour or trip. "Chauffeured limousine" does not include	10295
any vehicle that is used exclusively in the business of funeral	10296
directing.	10297
(MM) "Manufactured home" has the same meaning as in division	10298
(C)(4) of section 3781.06 of the Revised Code.	10299
(NN) "Acquired situs," with respect to a manufactured home or	10300
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a mobile home, means to become located in this state by the

placement of the home on real property, but does not include the

placement of a manufactured home or a mobile home in the inventory	10303
of a new motor vehicle dealer or the inventory of a manufacturer,	10304
remanufacturer, or distributor of manufactured or mobile homes.	10305
	10306
(00) "Electronic" includes electrical, digital, magnetic,	10307
optical, electromagnetic, or any other form of technology that	10308
entails capabilities similar to these technologies.	10309
(PP) "Electronic record" means a record generated,	10310
communicated, received, or stored by electronic means for use in	10311
an information system or for transmission from one information	10312
system to another.	10313
(QQ) "Electronic signature" means a signature in electronic	10314
form attached to or logically associated with an electronic	10315
record.	10316
(RR) "Financial transaction device" has the same meaning as	10317
in division (A) of section 113.40 of the Revised Code.	10318
(SS) "Electronic motor vehicle dealer" means a motor vehicle	10319
dealer licensed under Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code whom the	10320
registrar of motor vehicles determines meets the criteria	10321
designated in section 4503.035 of the Revised Code for electronic	10322
motor vehicle dealers and designates as an electronic motor	10323
vehicle dealer under that section.	10324
(TT) "Limited driving privileges" means the privilege to	10325
operate a motor vehicle that a court grants under section 4510.021	10326
of the Revised Code to a person whose driver's or commercial	10327
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege has	10328
been suspended.	10329
den 4501 000 (a) mb	10220
Sec. 4501.022. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles shall	10330
determine the necessary or appropriate method by which written	10331
notice of an order revoking or suspending a motor vehicle driver's	10332

or commercial driver's license or requiring the surrender of a	10333
certificate of registration and registration plates may be	10334
provided to the person holding the license or the certificate of	10335
registration and registration plates. Division (A) of this section	10336
does not apply if the registrar is required to provide	10337
notification by use of a method specified by law.	10338

(B) Pursuant to rules adopted by the registrar, the bureau of 10339 motor vehicles shall implement proof of mailing procedures to 10340 provide verification that written notice of an order revoking or 10341 suspending a motor vehicle driver's or commercial driver's license 10342 or requiring the surrender of a certificate of registration and 10343 registration plates was sent to the person holding the license or 10344 the certificate of registration and registration plates. 10345

Sec. 4501.17. There is hereby created in the state treasury 10346 the OMVI OVI fines fund. The fund shall consist of fine money 10347 received by the state highway patrol pursuant to division (A) of 10348 section 4511.99 4511.19 of the Revised Code, and shall be used by 10349 the state highway patrol to enforce that section 4511.19 of the 10350 Revised Code and to conduct programs to inform the public of the 10351 dangers of, and laws governing, the operation of motor vehicles 10352 while under the influence of alcohol. 10353

Sec. 4501.19. There is hereby created in the state treasury 10354 the law enforcement reimbursement fund. The law enforcement 10355 reimbursement fund shall consist of fees collected by the 10356 registrar of motor vehicles under division $(A) \frac{(6)}{(5)}$ of section 10357 4503.233 of the Revised Code, and shall be used to make payments 10358 to law enforcement agencies in accordance with that division. 10359 However, the director of budget and management may transfer excess 10360 money from the law enforcement reimbursement fund to the bureau of 10361 motor vehicles fund created in section 4501.25 of the Revised Code 10362 if the registrar determines that the amount of money in the law 10363

enforcement reimbursement fund exceeds the amounts required to be	10364
paid by division $(A)\frac{(6)(5)}{(5)}$ of section 4503.233 of the Revised	10365
Code, and the registrar requests the director to make the	10366
transfer. All investment earnings of the law enforcement	10367
reimbursement fund shall be credited to the fund.	10368

Sec. 4501.25. There is hereby created in the state treasury 10369 the state bureau of motor vehicles fund. The fund shall consist of 10370 all money collected by the registrar of motor vehicles, including 10371 taxes, fees, and fines levied, charged, or referred to in Chapters 10372 4501., 4503., 4505., 4506., 4507., 4509., <u>4510.</u>, 4511., 4517., 10373 4519., and 4521., and sections 3123.59, 2935.27, 2937.221, 10374 4738.06, 4738.13, and 4738.18 of the Revised Code unless otherwise 10375 designated by law. The fund shall be used to pay the expenses of 10376 administering the law relative to the powers and duties of the 10377 registrar of motor vehicles. All investment earnings of the fund 10378 shall be retained by the fund. 10379

Sec. 4507.25 4501.34. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles may 10380 adopt and publish rules to govern his the registrar's proceedings. 10381 All proceedings of the registrar shall be open to the public, and 10382 all documents in his the registrar's possession shall be are 10383 public records. He The registrar shall adopt a seal bearing the 10384 inscription: "Motor Vehicle Registrar of Ohio." The seal shall be 10385 affixed to all writs and authenticated copies of records, and, 10386 when it has been so attached, such the copies shall be received in 10387 evidence with the same effect as other public records. All courts 10388 shall take judicial notice of the seal. 10389

(B) Upon the request of any person accompanied by a 10390 nonrefundable fee of two dollars per name, the registrar may 10391 furnish lists of names and addresses as they appear upon the 10392 applications for driver's licenses, provided that any further 10393 information contained in the applications shall not be disclosed. 10394

All The registrar shall pay all the fees collected shall be paid	10395
by the registrar into the state treasury to the credit of the	10396
state bureau of motor vehicles fund established in section 4501.25	10397
of the Revised Code.	10398

This division does not apply to the list of qualified driver 10399 licensees required to be compiled and filed pursuant to section 10400 2313.06 of the Revised Code.

sec. 4507.26 4501.351. An order, except an order relating to 10402 a license as defined in section 119.01 of the Revised Code, made 10403 by the registrar of motor vehicles may be reversed, vacated, or 10404 modified by the court of common pleas of Franklin county, or by 10405 the court of common pleas in the county in which the party 10406 affected is a resident, or in which the matter complained of 10407 arose.

Sec. 4507.27 4501.36. A proceeding to obtain the reversal, 10409 vacation, or modification of an order of the registrar of motor 10410 vehicles shall be by appeal -. Any party to the proceedings before 10411 the registrar shall file notice of which shall be filed the appeal 10412 in the court of common pleas on or before the expiration of thirty 10413 days from date of entry of such the order, by any party to the 10414 proceedings before the registrar. Such. The court shall set such 10415 the appeal for hearing and take such any testimony as is necessary 10416 to decide the matter. At The court shall give the registrar at 10417 least ten days' notice of the time and place of such the hearing 10418 shall be given to the registrar. 10419

sec. 4507.28 4501.37. No court may reverse, suspend, or delay 10420 any order made by the registrar of motor vehicles, or enjoin, 10421 restrain, or interfere with the registrar or a deputy registrar in 10422 the performance of official duties, except as provided in sections 10423 4507.01 to 4507.39, inclusive, this chapter and Chapter 4507. or 10424

4510. of the Revised Code.

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Sec. 4507.29 4501.38 . Upon the request of the registrar of	10426
motor vehicles, the prosecuting attorney of the county in which	10427
any proceedings are pending, shall aid in any investigation,	10428
prosecution, hearing, or trial had held under sections 4507.01 to	10429
4507.39, this chapter or Chapter 4506., 4507., 4510., or 4511. of	10430
the Revised Code $_{ au}$ and shall institute and prosecute $\frac{1}{2}$ any	10431
actions or proceedings for the enforcement of such the sections	10432
contained in those chapters, and for the punishment of all	10433
violations thereof of those sections, as the registrar directs.	10434

- sec. 4503.033. (A) Annually, on or before the thirty-first 10435
 day of January, every deputy registrar shall file with the 10436
 registrar of motor vehicles on a form prescribed by the registrar, 10437
 a statement disclosing all of the following: 10438
- (1) The name of the person filing the statement, and, if 10439 applicable, of his spouse and of members of his immediate family; 10440
- (2) Any contribution made within the previous calendar year 10441 by the person and, if applicable, by his spouse and by members of 10442 his immediate family to each of the following: 10443
 - (a) Any political party;
- (b) Any candidate for the office of governor, attorney 10445 general, secretary of state, treasurer of state, auditor of state, 10446 member of the senate or house of representatives of the general 10447

assembly, or to the campaign committee of any such candidate.

- (3) The month, day, and year in which the contribution was 10449 made;
- (4) The full name and address of each person, political 10451 party, or campaign committee to which a contribution was made; 10452
 - (5) The value in dollars and cents of the contribution. 10453

(B) No person shall knowingly fail to file, on or before the	10454
filing deadline under this section, a statement that is required	10455
by division (A) of this section.	10456
(C) No person shall knowingly make a false statement in a	10457
statement that is required to be filed under division (A) of this	10458
section.	10459
(D) On and after the effective date of this amendment March	10460
2, 1994 , the statement required by division (A) of this section	10461
shall be accompanied by a filing fee of twenty-five dollars. If	10462
the statement required by division (A) of this section is not	10463
filed by the date on which it is required to be filed, the	10464
registrar of motor vehicles shall assess a late filing fee as	10465
prescribed in division (F) of section 102.02 of the Revised Code.	10466
The registrar shall deposit all fees he receives under this	10467
division into the general revenue fund of the state.	10468
(E) Not later than the date a deputy registrar is required to	10469
file a statement under division (A) of this section, the deputy	10470
registrar shall file a copy of the statement with the office of	10471
the secretary of state. The secretary of state shall keep the	10472
copies of all statements filed with his office under this division	10473
only for the purpose of making them available for public	10474
inspection.	10475
(F) Whoever violates division (B) of this section shall be	10476
fined one thousand dollars. Whoever violates division (C) of this	10477
section shall be fined ten thousand dollars.	10478
Sec. 4503.05. (A) No person shall use a motor vehicle	10479
registered as a noncommercial motor vehicle as defined in section	10480
4501.01 of the Revised Code for other than the purposes set forth	10481
in that section 4501.01 of the Revised Code.	10482
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	10483

of the fourth degree.

10484

Sec. 4503.061. (A) All manufactured and mobile homes shall be listed on either the real property tax list or the manufactured 10486 home tax list of the county in which the home has situs. Each 10487 owner shall follow the procedures in this section to identify the 10488 home to the county auditor of the county containing the taxing 10489 district in which the home has situs so that the auditor may place 10490 the home on the appropriate tax list.

- (B) When a manufactured or mobile home first acquires situs 10492 in this state and is subject to real property taxation pursuant to 10493 division (B)(1) or (2) of section 4503.06 of the Revised Code, the 10494 owner shall present to the auditor of the county containing the 10495 taxing district in which the home has its situs the certificate of 10496 title for the home, together with proof that all taxes due have 10497 been paid and proof that a relocation notice was obtained for the 10498 home if required under this section. Upon receiving the 10499 certificate of title and the required proofs, the auditor shall 10500 place the home on the real property tax list and proceed to treat 10501 the home as other properties on that list. After the auditor has 10502 placed the home on the tax list of real and public utility 10503 property, the auditor shall deliver the certificate of title to 10504 the clerk of the court of common pleas that issued it pursuant to 10505 section 4505.11 of the Revised Code, and the clerk shall 10506 inactivate the certificate of title. 10507
- (C)(1) When a manufactured or mobile home subject to a 10508 manufactured home tax is relocated to or first acquires situs in 10509 any county that has adopted a permanent manufactured home 10510 registration system, as provided in division (F) of this section, 10511 the owner, within thirty days after the home is relocated or first 10512 acquires situs under section 4503.06 of the Revised Code, shall 10513 register the home with the county auditor of the county containing 10514

the taxing district in which the home has its situs. For the first 10515 registration in each county of situs, the owner or vendee in 10516 possession shall present to the county auditor an Ohio certificate 10517 of title, certified copy of the certificate of title, or 10518 memorandum certificate of title as such are required by law, and 10519 proof, as required by the county auditor, that the home, if it has 10520 previously been occupied and is being relocated, has been 10521 previously registered, that all taxes due and required to be paid 10522 under division (H)(1) of this section before a relocation notice 10523 may be issued have been paid, and that a relocation notice was 10524 obtained for the home if required by division (H) of this section. 10525 If the owner or vendee does not possess the Ohio certificate of 10526 title, certified copy of the certificate of title, or memorandum 10527 certificate of title at the time the owner or vendee first 10528 registers the home in a county, the county auditor shall register 10529 the home without presentation of the document, but the owner or 10530 vendee shall present the certificate of title, certified copy of 10531 the certificate of title, or memorandum certificate of title to 10532 the county auditor within fourteen days after the owner or vendee 10533 obtains possession of the document. 10534

(2) When a manufactured or mobile home is registered for the 10535 first time in a county and when the total tax due has been paid as 10536 required by division (F) of section 4503.06 of the Revised Code or 10537 divisions (E) and (H) of this section, the county treasurer shall 10538 note by writing or by a stamp on the certificate of title, 10539 certified copy of certificate of title, or memorandum certificate 10540 of title that the home has been registered and that the taxes due, 10541 if any, have been paid for the preceding five years and for the 10542 current year. The treasurer shall then issue a certificate 10543 evidencing registration and a decal to be displayed on the street 10544 side of the home. Such certificate is valid in any county in this 10545 state during the year for which it is issued. 10546

- (3) For each year thereafter, the county treasurer shall 10547 issue a tax bill stating the amount of tax due under section 10548 4503.06 of the Revised Code, as provided in division (D)(6) of 10549 that section. When the total tax due has been paid as required by 10550 division (F) of section 4503.06 of the Revised Code, the county 10551 treasurer shall issue a certificate evidencing registration that 10552 shall be valid in any county in this state during the year for 10553 which the certificate is issued. 10554
- (4) The permanent decal issued under this division is valid 10555 during the period of ownership, except that when a manufactured 10556 home is relocated in another county the owner shall apply for a 10557 new registration as required by this section and section 4503.06 10558 of the Revised Code.
- (D)(1) All owners of manufactured or mobile homes subject to 10560 the manufactured home tax being relocated to or having situs in a 10561 county that has not adopted a permanent registration system, as 10562 provided in division (F) of this section, shall register the home 10563 within thirty days after the home is relocated or first acquires 10564 situs under section 4503.06 of the Revised Code and thereafter 10565 shall annually register the home with the county auditor of the 10566 county containing the taxing district in which the home has its 10567 10568 situs.
- (2) Upon the annual registration, the county treasurer shall 10569 issue a tax bill stating the amount of annual manufactured home 10570 tax due under section 4503.06 of the Revised Code, as provided in 10571 division (D)(6) of that section. When a manufactured or mobile 10572 home is registered and when the tax for the current one-half year 10573 has been paid as required by division (F) of section 4503.06 of 10574 the Revised Code, the county treasurer shall issue a certificate 10575 evidencing registration and a decal. Such certificate and decal 10576 are valid in any county in this state during the year for which 10577 they are issued. The decal shall be displayed on the street side 10578

of the home.

- (3) For the first annual registration in each county of 10580 situs, the county auditor shall require the owner or vendee to 10581 present an Ohio certificate of title, certified copy of the 10582 certificate of title, or memorandum certificate of title as such 10583 are required by law, and proof, as required by the county auditor, 10584 that the manufactured or mobile home has been previously 10585 registered, if such registration was required, that all taxes due 10586 and required to be paid under division (H)(1) of this section 10587 before a relocation notice may be issued have been paid, and that 10588 a relocation notice was obtained for the home if required by 10589 division (H) of this section. If the owner or vendee does not 10590 possess the Ohio certificate of title, certified copy of the 10591 certificate of title, or memorandum certificate of title at the 10592 time the owner or vendee first registers the home in a county, the 10593 county auditor shall register the home without presentation of the 10594 document, but the owner or vendee shall present the certificate of 10595 title, certified copy of the certificate of title, or memorandum 10596 certificate of title to the county auditor within fourteen days 10597 after the owner or vendee obtains possession of the document. When 10598 the county treasurer receives the tax payment, the county 10599 treasurer shall note by writing or by a stamp on the certificate 10600 of title, certified copy of the certificate of title, or 10601 memorandum certificate of title that the home has been registered 10602 for the current year and that the manufactured home taxes due, if 10603 any, have been paid for the preceding five years and for the 10604 current year. 10605
- (4) For subsequent annual registrations, the auditor may 10606 require the owner or vendee in possession to present an Ohio 10607 certificate of title, certified copy of the certificate of title, 10608 or memorandum certificate of title to the county treasurer upon 10609 payment of the manufactured home tax that is due. 10610

- (E)(1) Upon the application to transfer ownership of a 10611 manufactured or mobile home for which manufactured home taxes are 10612 paid pursuant to division (C) of section 4503.06 of the Revised 10613 Code the clerk of the court of common pleas shall not issue any 10614 certificate of title that does not contain or have attached both 10615 of the following:
- (a) An endorsement of the county treasurer stating that the 10617 home has been registered for each year of ownership and that all 10618 manufactured home taxes imposed pursuant to section 4503.06 of the 10619 Revised Code have been paid or that no tax is due; 10620
- (b) An endorsement of the county auditor that the 10621 manufactured home transfer tax imposed pursuant to section 322.06 10622 of the Revised Code and any fees imposed under division (F) of 10623 section 319.54 of the Revised Code have been paid. 10624
- (2) If all the taxes have not been paid, the clerk shall 10625 notify the vendee to contact the county treasurer of the county 10626 containing the taxing district in which the home has its situs at 10627 the time of the proposed transfer. The county treasurer shall then 10628 collect all the taxes that are due for the year of the transfer 10629 and all previous years not exceeding a total of five years. The 10630 county treasurer shall distribute that part of the collection owed 10631 to the county treasurer of other counties if the home had its 10632 situs in another county during a particular year when the unpaid 10633 tax became due and payable. The burden to prove the situs of the 10634 home in the years that the taxes were not paid is on the 10635 transferor of the home. Upon payment of such taxes, the county 10636 auditor shall remove all remaining taxes from the manufactured 10637 home tax list and the delinquent manufactured home tax list, and 10638 the county treasurer shall release all liens for such taxes. The 10639 clerk of courts shall issue a certificate of title, free and clear 10640 of all liens for manufactured home taxes, to the transferee of the 10641 home. 10642

- (3) Once the transfer is complete and the certificate of 10643 title has been issued, the transferee shall register the 10644 manufactured or mobile home pursuant to division (C) or (D) of 10645 this section with the county auditor of the county containing the 10646 taxing district in which the home remains after the transfer or, 10647 if the home is relocated to another county, with the county 10648 auditor of the county to which the home is relocated. The 10649 transferee need not pay the annual tax for the year of acquisition 10650 if the original owner has already paid the annual tax for that 10651 10652 year.
- (F) The county auditor may adopt a permanent registration 10653 system and issue a permanent decal with the first registration as 10654 prescribed by the tax commissioner. 10655
- (G) When any manufactured or mobile home required to be 10656 registered by this section is not registered, the county auditor 10657 shall impose a penalty of one hundred dollars upon the owner and 10658 deposit the amount to the credit of the county real estate 10659 assessment fund to be used to pay the costs of administering this 10660 section and section 4503.06 of the Revised Code. If unpaid, the 10661 penalty shall constitute a lien on the home and shall be added by 10662 the county auditor to the manufactured home tax list for 10663 collection. 10664
- (H)(1) Before moving a manufactured or mobile home on public 10665 roads from one address within this state to another address within 10666 or outside this state, the owner of the home shall obtain a 10667 relocation notice, as provided by this section, from the auditor 10668 of the county in which the home is located if the home is 10669 currently subject to taxation pursuant to section 4503.06 of the 10670 Revised Code. The auditor shall charge five dollars for the 10671 notice, and deposit the amount to the credit of the county real 10672 estate assessment fund to be used to pay the costs of 10673 administering this section and section 4503.06 of the Revised 10674

Code. The auditor shall not issue a relocation notice unless all 10675 taxes owed on the home under section 4503.06 of the Revised Code 10676 that were first charged to the home during the period of ownership 10677 of the owner seeking the relocation notice have been paid. If the 10678 home is being moved by a new owner of the home or by a party 10679 taking repossession of the home, the auditor shall not issue a 10680 relocation notice unless all of the taxes due for the preceding 10681 five years and for the current year have been paid. A relocation 10682 notice issued by a county auditor is valid until the last day of 10683 December of the year in which it was issued. 10684

- (2) If a manufactured or mobile home is not yet subject to 10685 taxation under section 4503.06 of the Revised Code, the owner of 10686 the home shall obtain a relocation notice from the dealer of the 10687 home. Within thirty days after the manufactured or mobile home is 10688 purchased, the dealer of the home shall provide the auditor of the 10689 county in which the home is to be located written notice of the 10690 name of the purchaser of the home, the registration number or 10691 vehicle identification number of the home, and the address or 10692 location to which the home is to be moved. The county auditor 10693 shall provide to each manufactured and mobile home dealer, without 10694 charge, a supply of relocation notices to be distributed to 10695 purchasers pursuant to this section. 10696
- (3) The notice shall be in the form of a one-foot square 10697 yellow sign with the words "manufactured home relocation notice" 10698 printed prominently on it. The name of the owner of the home, the 10699 home's registration number or vehicle identification number, the 10700 county and the address or location to which the home is being 10701 moved, and the county in which the notice is issued shall also be 10702 entered on the notice.
- (4) The relocation notice must be attached to the rear of the 10704 home when the home is being moved on a public road. Except as 10705 provided in division (H)(5) of this section, no person shall drive 10706

a motor vehicle moving a manufactured or mobile home on a public 10707 road from one address to another address within this state unless 10708 a relocation notice is attached to the rear of the home. 10709

(5) If the county auditor determines that a manufactured or 10710 mobile home has been moved without a relocation notice as required 10711 under this division, the auditor shall impose a penalty of one 10712 hundred dollars upon the owner of the home and upon the person who 10713 moved the home and deposit the amount to the credit of the county 10714 real estate assessment fund to pay the costs of administering this 10715 section and section 4503.06 of the Revised Code. If the home was 10716 relocated from one county in this state to another county in this 10717 state and the county auditor of the county to which the home was 10718 relocated imposes the penalty, that county auditor, upon 10719 collection thereof, shall cause an amount equal to the penalty to 10720 be transmitted from the county real estate assessment fund to the 10721 county auditor of the county from which the home was relocated, 10722 who shall deposit the amount to the credit of the county real 10723 estate assessment fund. If the penalty on the owner is unpaid, the 10724 penalty shall constitute a lien on the home and the auditor shall 10725 add the penalty to the manufactured home tax list for collection. 10726 If the county auditor determines that a dealer that has sold a 10727 manufactured or mobile home has failed to timely provide the 10728 information required under this division, the auditor shall impose 10729 a penalty upon the dealer in the amount of one hundred dollars. 10730 The penalty shall be credited to the county real estate assessment 10731 fund and used to pay the costs of administering this section and 10732 section 4503.06 of the Revised Code. 10733

(I) Whoever violates division (H)(4) of this section is 10734 quilty of a minor misdemeanor. 10735

sec. 4503.066. (A)(1) To obtain a reduction in the assessable 10736
value of a manufactured or mobile home under section 4503.065 of 10737

the Revised Code, the owner of the home shall file an application 10738 with the county auditor of the county in which the home is 10739 located. An application for reduction in assessable value based 10740 upon a physical disability shall be accompanied by a certificate 10741 signed by a physician, and an application for reduction in 10742 assessable value based upon a mental disability shall be 10743 accompanied by a certificate signed by a physician or psychologist 10744 licensed to practice in this state. The certificate shall attest 10745 to the fact that the applicant is permanently and totally 10746 disabled, shall be in a form that the department of taxation 10747 requires, and shall include the definition of totally and 10748 permanently disabled as set forth in section 4503.064 of the 10749 Revised Code. An application for reduction in assessable value 10750 based upon a disability certified as permanent and total by a 10751 state or federal agency having the function of so classifying 10752 persons shall be accompanied by a certificate from that agency. 10753

(2) Each application shall constitute a continuing 10754 application for a reduction in assessable value for each year in 10755 which the manufactured or mobile home is occupied by the applicant 10756 and in which the amount of the reduction in assessable value does 10757 not exceed either the amount or per cent of the reduction for the 10758 year in which the application was first filed. Failure to receive 10759 a new application or notification under division (B) of this 10760 section after a certificate of reduction has been issued under 10761 section 4503.067 of the Revised Code is prima-facie evidence that 10762 the original applicant is entitled to the reduction in assessable 10763 value calculated on the basis of the information contained in the 10764 original application. The original application and any subsequent 10765 application shall be in the form of a signed statement and shall 10766 be filed not later than the first Monday in June. The statement 10767 shall be on a form, devised and supplied by the tax commissioner, 10768 that shall require no more information than is necessary to 10769 establish the applicant's eligibility for the reduction in 10770

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assessable value and the amount of the reduction to which the	10771
applicant is entitled. The form shall contain a statement that	10772
signing such application constitutes a delegation of authority by	10773
the applicant to the county auditor to examine any financial	10774
records that relate to income earned by the applicant as stated on	10775
the application for the purpose of determining eligibility under,	10776
or possible violation of, division (C) or (D) of this section. The	10777
form also shall contain a statement that conviction of willfully	10778
falsifying information to obtain a reduction in assessable value	10779
or failing to comply with division (B) of this section shall	10780
result in the revocation of the right to the reduction for a	10781
period of three years.	10782

(3) A late application for a reduction in assessable value 10783 for the year preceding the year for which an original application 10784 is filed may be filed with an original application. If the auditor 10785 determines that the information contained in the late application 10786 is correct, the auditor shall determine both the amount of the 10787 reduction in assessable value to which the applicant would have 10788 been entitled for the current tax year had the application been 10789 timely filed and approved in the preceding year, and the amount 10790 the taxes levied under section 4503.06 of the Revised Code for the 10791 current year would have been reduced as a result of the reduction 10792 in assessable value. When an applicant is permanently and totally 10793 disabled on the first day of January of the year in which the 10794 applicant files a late application, the auditor, in making the 10795 determination of the amounts of the reduction in assessable value 10796 and taxes under division (A)(3) of this section, is not required 10797 to determine that the applicant was permanently and totally 10798 disabled on the first day of January of the preceding year. 10799

The amount of the reduction in taxes pursuant to a late application shall be treated as an overpayment of taxes by the

applicant. The auditor shall credit the amount of the overpayment	10803
against the amount of the taxes or penalties then due from the	10804
applicant, and, at the next succeeding settlement, the amount of	10805
the credit shall be deducted from the amount of any taxes or	10806
penalties distributable to the county or any taxing unit in the	10807
county that has received the benefit of the taxes or penalties	10808
previously overpaid, in proportion to the benefits previously	10809
received. If, after the credit has been made, there remains a	10810
balance of the overpayment, or if there are no taxes or penalties	10811
due from the applicant, the auditor shall refund that balance to	10812
the applicant by a warrant drawn on the county treasurer in favor	10813
of the applicant. The treasurer shall pay the warrant from the	10814
general fund of the county. If there is insufficient money in the	10815
general fund to make the payment, the treasurer shall pay the	10816
warrant out of any undivided manufactured or mobile home taxes	10817
subsequently received by the treasurer for distribution to the	10818
county or taxing district in the county that received the benefit	10819
of the overpaid taxes, in proportion to the benefits previously	10820
received, and the amount paid from the undivided funds shall be	10821
deducted from the money otherwise distributable to the county or	10822
taxing district in the county at the next or any succeeding	10823
distribution. At the next or any succeeding distribution after	10824
making the refund, the treasurer shall reimburse the general fund	10825
for any payment made from that fund by deducting the amount of	10826
that payment from the money distributable to the county or other	10827
taxing unit in the county that has received the benefit of the	10828
taxes, in proportion to the benefits previously received. On the	10829
second Monday in September of each year, the county auditor shall	10830
certify the total amount of the reductions in taxes made in the	10831
current year under division $(A)(3)$ of this section to the tax	10832
commissioner who shall treat that amount as a reduction in taxes	10833
for the current tax year and shall make reimbursement to the	10834
county of that amount in the manner prescribed in section 4503.068	10835

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of	the	Revised	Code,	from	monevs	appropriated	for	that	purpose.	10836
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(B) If in any year after an application has been filed under	10837
division (A) of this section the owner no longer qualifies for the	10838
reduction in assessable value for which the owner was issued a	10839
certificate or qualifies for a reduction that is less than either	10840
the per cent or amount of the reduction to which the owner was	10841
entitled in the year the application was filed, the owner shall	10842
notify the county auditor that the owner is not qualified for a	10843
reduction in the assessable value of the home or file a new	10844
application under division (A) of this section.	10845

During January of each year, the county auditor shall furnish 10846 each person issued a certificate of reduction in value, by 10847 ordinary mail, a form on which to report any changes in total 10848 income that would have the effect of increasing or decreasing the 10849 reduction to which the person is entitled, changes in ownership of 10850 the home, including changes in or revocation of a revocable inter 10851 vivos trust, changes in disability, and other changes in the 10852 information earlier furnished the auditor relative to the 10853 application. The form shall be completed and returned to the 10854 auditor not later than the first Monday in June if the changes 10855 would affect the level of reduction in assessable value. 10856

- (C) No person shall knowingly make a false statement for the purpose of obtaining a reduction in assessable value under section 4503.065 of the Revised Code.
- (D) No person shall knowingly fail to notify the county 10860 auditor of any change required by division (B) of this section 10861 that has the effect of maintaining or securing a reduction in 10862 assessable value of the home in excess of the reduction allowed 10863 under section 4503.065 of the Revised Code. 10864
- (E) No person shall knowingly make a false statement or 10865 certification attesting to any person's physical or mental 10866

condition	fo	r purpose	es of	qua	lify	/ing	such	pei	cson	for	tax	relief	10867
pursuant	to	sections	4503	.064	to	4503	3.069	of	the	Revi	ised	Code.	10868

(F) Whoever violates division (C), (D), or (E) of this

section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.

10870

Sec. 4503.10. (A) The owner of every snowmobile, off-highway 10871 motorcycle, and all-purpose vehicle required to be registered 10872 under section 4519.02 of the Revised Code shall file an 10873 application for registration under section 4519.03 of the Revised 10874 Code. The owner of a motor vehicle, other than a snowmobile, 10875 off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle, that is not 10876 designed and constructed by the manufacturer for operation on a 10877 street or highway may not register it under this chapter except 10878 upon certification of inspection pursuant to section 4513.02 of 10879 the Revised Code by the sheriff, or the chief of police of the 10880 municipal corporation or township, with jurisdiction over the 10881 political subdivision in which the owner of the motor vehicle 10882 resides. Except as provided in section 4503.103 of the Revised 10883 Code, every owner of every other motor vehicle not previously 10884 described in this section and every person mentioned as owner in 10885 the last certificate of title of a motor vehicle that is operated 10886 or driven upon the public roads or highways shall cause to be 10887 filed each year, by mail or otherwise, in the office of the 10888 registrar of motor vehicles or a deputy registrar, a written or 10889 electronic application or a preprinted registration renewal notice 10890 issued under section 4503.102 of the Revised Code, the form of 10891 which shall be prescribed by the registrar, for registration for 10892 the following registration year, which shall begin on the first 10893 day of January of every calendar year and end on the thirty-first 10894 day of December in the same year. Applications for registration 10895 and registration renewal notices shall be filed at the times 10896 established by the registrar pursuant to section 4503.101 of the 10897 Revised Code. A motor vehicle owner also may elect to apply for or 10898

renew a motor vehicle registration by electronic means using	10899
electronic signature in accordance with rules adopted by the	10900
registrar. Except as provided in division (J) of this section,	10901
applications for registration shall be made on blanks furnished by	10902
the registrar for that purpose, containing the following	10903
information:	10904
(1) A brief description of the motor vehicle to be	10905
registered, including the name of the manufacturer, the factory	10906
number of the vehicle, the year's model, and, in the case of	10907
commercial cars, the gross weight of the vehicle fully equipped	10908
computed in the manner prescribed in section 4503.08 of the	10909
Revised Code;	10910
(2) The name and residence address of the owner, and the	10911
township and municipal corporation in which the owner resides;	10912
(3) The district of registration, which shall be determined	10913
as follows:	10914
(a) In case the motor vehicle to be registered is used for	10915
hire or principally in connection with any established business or	10916
branch business, conducted at a particular place, the district of	10917
registration is the municipal corporation in which that place is	10918
located or, if not located in any municipal corporation, the	10919
county and township in which that place is located.	10920
(b) In case the vehicle is not so used, the district of	10921
registration is the municipal corporation or county in which the	10922
owner resides at the time of making the application.	10923
(4) Whether the motor vehicle is a new or used motor vehicle;	10924
	10925
(5) The date of purchase of the motor vehicle;	10926
(6) Whether the fees required to be paid for the registration	10927
or transfer of the motor vehicle, during the preceding	10928

registration year and during the preceding period of the current 10929 registration year, have been paid. Each application for 10930 registration shall be signed by the owner, either manually or by 10931 electronic signature, or pursuant to obtaining a limited power of 10932 attorney authorized by the registrar for registration, or other 10933 document authorizing such signature. If the owner elects to apply 10934 for or renew the motor vehicle registration with the registrar by 10935 electronic means, the owner's manual signature is not required. 10936

- (7) The owner's social security number, if assigned, or, 10937 where a motor vehicle to be registered is used for hire or 10938 principally in connection with any established business, the 10939 owner's federal taxpayer identification number. The bureau of 10940 motor vehicles shall retain in its records all social security 10941 numbers provided under this section, but the bureau shall not 10942 place social security numbers on motor vehicle certificates of 10943 10944 registration.
- (B) Each time an applicant first registers a motor vehicle in 10945 the applicant's name, the applicant shall present for inspection a 10946 physical certificate of title or a memorandum certificate showing 10947 title to the motor vehicle to be registered in the name of the 10948 applicant if a physical certificate of title or memorandum 10949 certificate has been issued by a clerk of a court of common pleas. 10950 If, under sections 4505.021, 4505.06, and 4505.08 of the Revised 10951 Code, a clerk instead has issued an electronic certificate of 10952 title for the applicant's motor vehicle, that certificate may be 10953 10954 presented for inspection at the time of first registration in a manner prescribed by rules adopted by the registrar. When a motor 10955 vehicle inspection and maintenance program is in effect under 10956 section 3704.14 of the Revised Code and rules adopted under it, 10957 each application for registration for a vehicle required to be 10958 inspected under that section and those rules shall be accompanied 10959 by an inspection certificate for the motor vehicle issued in 10960

accordance with that	section.	The application shall be refused if	10961
any of the following	applies:		10962

- (1) The application is not in proper form. 10963
- (2) The application is prohibited from being accepted by 10964 division (D) of section 2935.27, division (A) of section 2937.221, 10965 division (A) of section 4503.13, division (B) of section 4507.168 10966 4510.22, or division (B)(1) of section 4521.10 of the Revised 10967 Code.
- (3) A certificate of title or memorandum certificate of title 10969 does not accompany the application or, in the case of an 10970 electronic certificate of title, is not presented in a manner 10971 prescribed by the registrar's rules. 10972
- (4) All registration and transfer fees for the motor vehicle, 10973for the preceding year or the preceding period of the current 10974registration year, have not been paid. 10975
- (5) The owner or lessee does not have an inspection 10976 certificate for the motor vehicle as provided in section 3704.14 10977 of the Revised Code, and rules adopted under it, if that section 10978 is applicable.

This section does not require the payment of license or 10980 registration taxes on a motor vehicle for any preceding year, or 10981 for any preceding period of a year, if the motor vehicle was not 10982 taxable for that preceding year or period under sections 4503.02, 10983 4503.04, 4503.11, 4503.12, and 4503.16 or Chapter 4504. of the 10984 Revised Code. When a certificate of registration is issued upon 10985 the first registration of a motor vehicle by or on behalf of the 10986 owner, the official issuing the certificate shall indicate the 10987 issuance with a stamp on the certificate of title or memorandum 10988 certificate or, in the case of an electronic certificate of title, 10989 an electronic stamp or other notation as specified in rules 10990 adopted by the registrar, and with a stamp on the inspection 10991

certificate for the motor vehicle, if any. The official also shall	10992
indicate, by a stamp or by other means the registrar prescribes,	10993
on the registration certificate issued upon the first registration	10994
of a motor vehicle by or on behalf of the owner the odometer	10995
reading of the motor vehicle as shown in the odometer statement	10996
included in or attached to the certificate of title. Upon each	10997
subsequent registration of the motor vehicle by or on behalf of	10998
the same owner, the official also shall so indicate the odometer	10999
reading of the motor vehicle as shown on the immediately preceding	11000
certificate of registration.	11001

The registrar shall include in the permanent registration 11002 record of any vehicle required to be inspected under section 11003 3704.14 of the Revised Code the inspection certificate number from 11004 the inspection certificate that is presented at the time of 11005 registration of the vehicle as required under this division. 11006

(C) In addition, a charge of twenty-five cents shall be made 11007 for each reflectorized safety license plate issued, and a single 11008 charge of twenty-five cents shall be made for each county 11009 identification sticker or each set of county identification 11010 stickers issued, as the case may be, to cover the cost of 11011 producing the license plates and stickers, including material, 11012 manufacturing, and administrative costs. Those fees shall be in 11013 addition to the license tax. If the total cost of producing the 11014 plates is less than twenty-five cents per plate, or if the total 11015 cost of producing the stickers is less than twenty-five cents per 11016 sticker or per set issued, any excess moneys accruing from the 11017 fees shall be distributed in the same manner as provided by 11018 section 4501.04 of the Revised Code for the distribution of 11019 license tax moneys. If the total cost of producing the plates 11020 exceeds twenty-five cents per plate, or if the total cost of 11021 producing the stickers exceeds twenty-five cents per sticker or 11022 per set issued, the difference shall be paid from the license tax 11023 moneys collected pursuant to section 4503.02 of the Revised Code. 11024

- (D) Each deputy registrar shall be allowed a fee of two 11025 dollars and seventy-five cents commencing on July 1, 2001, three 11026 dollars and twenty-five cents commencing on January 1, 2003, and 11027 three dollars and fifty cents commencing on January 1, 2004, for 11028 each application for registration and registration renewal notice 11029 the deputy registrar receives, which shall be for the purpose of 11030 compensating the deputy registrar for the deputy registrar's 11031 services, and such office and rental expenses, as may be necessary 11032 for the proper discharge of the deputy registrar's duties in the 11033 receiving of applications and renewal notices and the issuing of 11034 registrations. 11035
- (E) Upon the certification of the registrar, the county 11036 sheriff or local police officials shall recover license plates 11037 erroneously or fraudulently issued. 11038
- (F) Each deputy registrar, upon receipt of any application 11039 for registration or registration renewal notice, together with the 11040 license fee and any local motor vehicle license tax levied 11041 pursuant to Chapter 4504. of the Revised Code, shall transmit that 11042 fee and tax, if any, in the manner provided in this section, 11043 together with the original and duplicate copy of the application, 11044 to the registrar. The registrar, subject to the approval of the 11045 director of public safety, may deposit the funds collected by 11046 those deputies in a local bank or depository to the credit of the 11047 "state of Ohio, bureau of motor vehicles." Where a local bank or 11048 depository has been designated by the registrar, each deputy 11049 registrar shall deposit all moneys collected by the deputy 11050 registrar into that bank or depository not more than one business 11051 day after their collection and shall make reports to the registrar 11052 of the amounts so deposited, together with any other information, 11053 some of which may be prescribed by the treasurer of state, as the 11054 registrar may require and as prescribed by the registrar by rule. 11055

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- (G) This section does not prevent any person from making an 11072 application for a motor vehicle license directly to the registrar 11073 by mail, by electronic means, or in person at any of the 11074 registrar's offices, upon payment of a service fee of two dollars 11075 and seventy-five cents commencing on July 1, 2001, three dollars 11076 and twenty-five cents commencing on January 1, 2003, and three 11077 dollars and fifty cents commencing on January 1, 2004, for each 11078 application. 11079
- (H) No person shall make a false statement as to the district 11080 of registration in an application required by division (A) of this 11081 section. Violation of this division is falsification under section 11082 2921.13 of the Revised Code and punishable as specified in that 11083 section.
- (I)(1) Where applicable, the requirements of division (B) of this section relating to the presentation of an inspection 11086 certificate issued under section 3704.14 of the Revised Code and 11087

rules adopted under it for a motor vehicle, the refusal of a	11088
license for failure to present an inspection certificate, and the	11089
stamping of the inspection certificate by the official issuing the	11090
certificate of registration apply to the registration of and	11091
issuance of license plates for a motor vehicle under sections	11092
4503.102, 4503.12, 4503.14, 4503.15, 4503.16, 4503.171, 4503.172,	11093
4503.19, 4503.40, 4503.41, 4503.42, 4503.43, 4503.44, 4503.46,	11094
4503.47, and 4503.51 of the Revised Code.	11095

- (2)(a) The registrar shall adopt rules ensuring that each 11096 owner registering a motor vehicle in a county where a motor 11097 vehicle inspection and maintenance program is in effect under 11098 section 3704.14 of the Revised Code and rules adopted under it 11099 receives information about the requirements established in that 11100 section and those rules and about the need in those counties to 11101 present an inspection certificate with an application for 11102 registration or preregistration. 11103
- (b) Upon request, the registrar shall provide the director of 11104 environmental protection, or any person that has been awarded a 11105 contract under division (D) of section 3704.14 of the Revised 11106 Code, an on-line computer data link to registration information 11107 for all passenger cars, noncommercial motor vehicles, and 11108 commercial cars that are subject to that section. The registrar 11109 also shall provide to the director of environmental protection a 11110 magnetic data tape containing registration information regarding 11111 passenger cars, noncommercial motor vehicles, and commercial cars 11112 for which a multi-year registration is in effect under section 11113 4503.103 of the Revised Code or rules adopted under it, including, 11114 without limitation, the date of issuance of the multi-year 11115 registration, the registration deadline established under rules 11116 adopted under section 4503.101 of the Revised Code that was 11117 applicable in the year in which the multi-year registration was 11118 issued, and the registration deadline for renewal of the 11119

- (J) Application for registration under the international 11121 registration plan, as set forth in sections 4503.60 to 4503.66 of 11122 the Revised Code, shall be made to the registrar on forms 11123 furnished by the registrar. In accordance with international 11124 registration plan guidelines and pursuant to rules adopted by the 11125 registrar, the forms shall include the following: 11126
 - (1) A uniform mileage schedule; 11127
- (2) The gross vehicle weight of the vehicle or combined gross 11128 vehicle weight of the combination vehicle as declared by the 11129 registrant; 11130
 - (3) Any other information the registrar requires by rule. 11131
- Sec. 4503.102. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles shall 11132 adopt rules to establish a centralized system of motor vehicle 11133 registration renewal by mail or by electronic means. Any person 11134 owning a motor vehicle that was registered in the person's name 11135 during the preceding registration year shall renew the 11136 registration of the motor vehicle not more than ninety days prior 11137 to the expiration date of the registration either by mail or by 11138 electronic means through the centralized system of registration 11139 established under this section, or in person at any office of the 11140 registrar or at a deputy registrar's office. 11141
- (B)(1) No less than forty-five days prior to the expiration 11142 date of any motor vehicle registration, the registrar shall mail a 11143 renewal notice to the person in whose name the motor vehicle is 11144 registered. The renewal notice shall clearly state that the 11145 registration of the motor vehicle may be renewed by mail or 11146 electronic means through the centralized system of registration or 11147 in person at any office of the registrar or at a deputy 11148 registrar's office and shall be preprinted with information 11149

including, but not limited to, the owner's name and residence 11150 address as shown in the records of the bureau of motor vehicles, a 11151 brief description of the motor vehicle to be registered, notice of 11152 the license taxes and fees due on the motor vehicle, the toll-free 11153 telephone number of the registrar as required under division 11154 (D)(1) of section 4503.031 of the Revised Code, and any additional 11155 information the registrar may require by rule. The renewal notice 11156 shall be sent by regular mail to the owner's last known address as 11157 shown in the records of the bureau of motor vehicles. 11158

- (2) If the application for renewal of the registration of a 11159 motor vehicle is prohibited from being accepted by the registrar 11160 or a deputy registrar by division (D) of section 2935.27, division 11161 (A) of section 2937.221, division (A) of section 4503.13, division 11162 (B) of section 4507.168 4510.22, or division (B)(1) of section 11163 4521.10 of the Revised Code, the registrar is not required to send 11164 a renewal notice to the vehicle owner or vehicle lessee.
- (C) The owner of the motor vehicle shall verify the 11166 information contained in the notice, sign it either manually or by 11167 electronic means, and return it, either by mail or electronic 11168 means, or the owner may take it in person to any office of the 11169 registrar or of a deputy registrar, together with a financial 11170 transaction device number, when permitted by rule of the 11171 registrar, check, or money order in the amount of the registration 11172 taxes and fees payable on the motor vehicle and a mail fee of two 11173 dollars and seventy-five cents commencing on July 1, 2001, three 11174 dollars and twenty-five cents commencing on January 1, 2003, and 11175 three dollars and fifty cents commencing on January 1, 2004, plus 11176 postage as indicated on the notice, if the registration is renewed 11177 by mail, and an inspection certificate for the motor vehicle as 11178 provided in section 3704.14 of the Revised Code. If the motor 11179 vehicle owner chooses to renew the motor vehicle registration by 11180 electronic means, the owner shall proceed in accordance with the 11181

rules the registrar adopts.

(D) If all registration and transfer fees for the motor 11183 vehicle for the preceding year or the preceding period of the 11184 current registration year have not been paid, if division (D) of 11185 section 2935.27, division (A) of section 2937.221, division (A) of 11186 section 4503.13, division (B) of section 4507.168 4510.22, or 11187 division (B)(1) of section 4521.10 of the Revised Code prohibits 11188 acceptance of the renewal notice, or if the owner or lessee does 11189 not have an inspection certificate for the motor vehicle as 11190 provided in section 3704.14 of the Revised Code, if that section 11191 is applicable, the license shall be refused, and the registrar or 11192 deputy registrar shall so notify the owner. This section does not 11193 require the payment of license or registration taxes on a motor 11194 vehicle for any preceding year, or for any preceding period of a 11195 year, if the motor vehicle was not taxable for that preceding year 11196 or period under section 4503.02, 4503.04, 4503.11, 4503.12, or 11197 4503.16 or Chapter 4504. of the Revised Code. 11198

- (E)(1) Failure to receive a renewal notice does not relieve a 11199 motor vehicle owner from the responsibility to renew the 11200 registration for the motor vehicle. Any person who has a motor 11201 vehicle registered in this state and who does not receive a 11202 renewal notice as provided in division (B) of this section prior 11203 to the expiration date of the registration shall request an 11204 application for registration from the registrar or a deputy 11205 registrar and sign the application manually or by electronic means 11206 and submit the application and pay any applicable license taxes 11207 and fees to the registrar or deputy registrar. 11208
- (2) If the owner of a motor vehicle submits an application 11209 for registration and the registrar is prohibited by division (D) 11210 of section 2935.27, division (A) of section 2937.221, division (A) 11211 of section 4503.13, division (B) of section 4507.168 4510.22, or 11212 division (B)(1) of section 4521.10 of the Revised Code from 11213

accepting the application, the registrar shall return the	11214
application and the payment to the owner. If the owner of a motor	11215
vehicle submits a registration renewal application to the	11216
registrar by electronic means and the registrar is prohibited from	11217
accepting the application as provided in this division, the	11218
registrar shall notify the owner of this fact and deny the	11219
application and return the payment or give a credit on the	11220
financial transaction device account of the owner in the manner	11221
the registrar prescribes by rule adopted pursuant to division (A)	11222
of this section.	11223

- (F) Every deputy registrar shall post in a prominent place at 11224 the deputy's office a notice informing the public of the mail 11225 registration system required by this section and also shall post a 11226 notice that every owner of a motor vehicle and every chauffeur 11227 holding a certificate of registration is required to notify the 11228 registrar in writing of any change of residence within ten days 11229 after the change occurs. The notice shall be in such form as the 11230 registrar prescribes by rule. 11231
- (G) The two dollars and seventy-five cents fee collected from 11232 July 1, 2001, through December 31, 2002, the three dollars and 11233 twenty-five cents fee collected from January 1, 2003, through 11234 December 31, 2003, and the three dollars and fifty cents fee 11235 collected after January 1, 2004, plus postage and any financial 11236 transaction device surcharge collected by the registrar for 11237 registration by mail, shall be paid to the credit of the state 11238 bureau of motor vehicles fund established by section 4501.25 of 11239 the Revised Code. 11240
- (H) Pursuant to section 113.40 of the Revised Code, the 11241 registrar may implement a program permitting payment of motor 11242 vehicle registration taxes and fees, driver's license and 11243 commercial driver's license fees, and any other taxes, fees, 11244 penalties, or charges imposed or levied by the state by means of a 11245

financial	transaction	device.	The	registrar	may	adopt	rules	as	11246
necessary	for this pur	pose.							11247

- (I) For persons who reside in counties where tailpipe 11248 emissions inspections are required under the motor vehicle 11249 inspection and maintenance program, the notice required by 11250 division (B) of this section shall also include the toll-free 11251 telephone number maintained by the Ohio environmental protection 11252 agency to provide information concerning the locations of 11253 emissions testing centers.
- Sec. 4503.11. (A) Except as provided by sections 4503.103, 11255 4503.173, 4503.41, 4503.43, and 4503.46 of the Revised Code, no 11256 person who is the owner or chauffeur of a motor vehicle operated 11257 or driven upon the public roads or highways shall fail to file 11258 annually the application for registration or to pay the tax 11259 therefor.
- (B) Except as provided by sections 4503.12 and 4503.16 of the 11261 Revised Code, the taxes payable on all applications made under 11262 sections 4503.10 and 4503.102 of the Revised Code shall be the sum 11263 of the tax due under division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section 11264 plus the tax due under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section: 11265
- (1)(a) If the application is made before the second month of
 the current registration period to which the motor vehicle is
 11267
 assigned as provided in section 4503.101 of the Revised Code, the
 tax due is the full amount of the tax provided in section 4503.04
 of the Revised Code;
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- (b) If the application is made during or after the second 11271 month of the current registration period to which the motor 11272 vehicle is assigned as provided in section 4503.101 of the Revised 11273 Code, and prior to the beginning of the next such registration 11274 period, the amount of the tax provided in section 4503.04 of the 11275 Revised Code shall be reduced by one-twelfth of the amount of such 11276

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tax, rounded upward to the nearest cent, multiplied by the number	11277
of full months that have elapsed in the current registration	11278
period. The resulting amount shall be rounded upward to the next	11279
highest dollar and shall be the amount of tax due.	11280
(2)(a) If the application is made before the sixth month of	11281
the current registration period to which the motor vehicle is	11282
assigned as provided in section 4503.101 of the Revised Code, the	11283
amount of tax due is the full amount of local motor vehicle	11284
license taxes levied under Chapter 4504. of the Revised Code;	11285
(b) If the application is made during or after the sixth	11286
month of the current registration period to which the motor	11287
vehicle is assigned as provided in section 4503.101 of the Revised	11288
Code and prior to the beginning of the next such registration	11289
period, the amount of tax due is one-half of the amount of local	11290
motor vehicle license taxes levied under Chapter 4504. of the	11291
Revised Code.	11292
(C) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor	11293
of the fourth degree.	11294
Sec. 4503.12. (A) Upon the transfer of ownership of a motor	11295
vehicle, the registration of the motor vehicle expires, and the	11296
original owner immediately shall remove the license plates from	11297
the motor vehicle, except that:	11298
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ If a statutory merger or consolidation results in the	11299
transfer of ownership of a motor vehicle from a constituent	11300
corporation to the surviving corporation, or if the incorporation	11301
of a proprietorship or partnership results in the transfer of	11302
ownership of a motor vehicle from the proprietorship or	11303
partnership to the corporation, the registration shall be	11304
continued upon the filing by the surviving or new corporation,	11305
within thirty days of such transfer, of an application for an	11306
amended certificate of registration, unless such registration is	11307

prohibited by division (D) of section 2935.27, division (A) of 11308 section 2937.221, division (B) of section 4507.168, or division 11309 (B)(1) of section 4521.10 of the Revised Code. The application 11310 shall be accompanied by a service fee of two dollars and 11311 seventy-five cents commencing on July 1, 2001, three dollars and 11312 twenty-five cents commencing on January 1, 2003, and three dollars 11313 and fifty cents commencing on January 1, 2004, a transfer fee of 11314 one dollar, and the original certificate of registration. Upon a 11315 proper filing, the registrar of motor vehicles shall issue an 11316 amended certificate of registration in the name of the new owner. 11317 $\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ If the death of the owner of a motor vehicle results 11318

in the transfer of ownership of the motor vehicle to the surviving 11319 spouse of the owner or if a motor vehicle is owned by two persons 11320 under joint ownership with right of survivorship established under 11321 section 2131.12 of the Revised Code and one of those persons dies, 11322 the registration shall be continued upon the filing by the 11323 survivor of an application for an amended certificate of 11324 registration, unless such registration is prohibited by division 11325 (D) of section 2935.27, division (A) of section 2937.221, division 11326 (A) of section 4503.13, division (B) of section 4507.168 4510.22, 11327 or division (B)(1) of section 4521.10 of the Revised Code. The 11328 application shall be accompanied by a service fee of two dollars 11329 and seventy-five cents commencing on July 1, 2001, three dollars 11330 and twenty-five cents commencing on January 1, 2003, and three 11331 dollars and fifty cents commencing on January 1, 2004, a transfer 11332 fee of one dollar, the original certificate of registration, and, 11333 in relation to a motor vehicle that is owned by two persons under 11334 joint ownership with right of survivorship established under 11335 section 2131.12 of the Revised Code, by a copy of the certificate 11336 of title that specifies that the vehicle is owned under joint 11337 ownership with right of survivorship. Upon a proper filing, the 11338 registrar shall issue an amended certificate of registration in 11339 the name of the survivor. 11340

$\frac{(C)(3)}{(3)}$ If the death of the owner of a motor vehicle results	11341
in the transfer of ownership of the motor vehicle to a	11342
transfer-on-death beneficiary or beneficiaries designated under	11343
section 2131.13 of the Revised Code, the registration shall be	11344
continued upon the filing by the transfer-on-death beneficiary or	11345
beneficiaries of an application for an amended certificate of	11346
registration, unless that registration is prohibited by division	11347
(D) of section 2935.27, division (A) of section 2937.221, division	11348
(A) of section 4503.13, division (B) of section 4507.168 4510.22 ,	11349
or division (B)(1) of section 4521.10 of the Revised Code. The	11350
application shall be accompanied by a service fee of two dollars	11351
and seventy-five cents commencing on July 1, 2001, three dollars	11352
and twenty-five cents commencing on January 1, 2003, and three	11353
dollars and fifty cents commencing on January 1, 2004, a transfer	11354
fee of one dollar, the original certificate of registration, and a	11355
copy of the certificate of title that specifies that the owner of	11356
the motor vehicle has designated the motor vehicle in beneficiary	11357
form under section 2131.13 of the Revised Code. Upon a proper	11358
filing, the registrar shall issue an amended certificate of	11359
registration in the name of the transfer-on-death beneficiary or	11360
beneficiaries.	11361

 $\frac{(D)}{(4)}$ If the original owner of a motor vehicle that has been 11362 transferred makes application for the registration of another 11363 motor vehicle at any time during the remainder of the registration 11364 period for which the transferred motor vehicle was registered, the 11365 owner, unless such registration is prohibited by division (D) of 11366 section 2935.27, division (A) of section 2937.221, division (A) of 11367 section 4503.13, division (E) of section 4503.234, division (B) of 11368 section 4507.168 4510.22, or division (B)(1) of section 4521.10 of 11369 the Revised Code, may file an application for transfer of the 11370 registration and, where applicable, the license plates, 11371 accompanied by a service fee of two dollars and seventy-five cents 11372

commencing on July 1, 2001, three dollars and twenty-five cents	11373
commencing on January 1, 2003, and three dollars and fifty cents	11374
commencing on January 1, 2004, a transfer fee of one dollar, and	11375
the original certificate of registration. The transfer of the	11376
registration and, where applicable, the license plates from the	11377
motor vehicle for which they originally were issued to a	11378
succeeding motor vehicle purchased by the same person in whose	11379
name the original registration and license plates were issued	11380
shall be done within a period not to exceed thirty days. During	11381
that thirty-day period, the license plates from the motor vehicle	11382
for which they originally were issued may be displayed on the	11383
succeeding motor vehicle, and the succeeding motor vehicle may be	11384
operated on the public roads and highways in this state.	11385

At the time of application for transfer, the registrar shall 11386 compute and collect the amount of tax due on the succeeding motor 11387 vehicle, based upon the amount that would be due on a new 11388 registration as of the date on which the transfer is made less a 11389 credit for the unused portion of the original registration 11390 beginning on that date. If the credit exceeds the amount of tax 11391 due on the new registration, no refund shall be made. In computing 11392 the amount of tax due and credits to be allowed under this 11393 division, the provisions of division (B)(1)(a) and (b) of section 11394 4503.11 of the Revised Code shall apply. As to passenger cars, 11395 noncommercial vehicles, motor homes, and motorcycles, transfers 11396 within or between these classes of motor vehicles only shall be 11397 allowed. If the succeeding motor vehicle is of a different class 11398 than the motor vehicle for which the registration originally was 11399 issued, new license plates also shall be issued upon the surrender 11400 of the license plates originally issued and payment of the fees 11401 provided in divisions (C) and (D) of section 4503.10 of the 11402 Revised Code. 11403

 $\frac{(E)(5)}{(5)}$ The owner of a commercial car having a gross vehicle

weight or combined gross vehicle weight of more than ten thousand	11405
pounds may transfer the registration of that commercial car to	11406
another commercial car the owner owns without transferring	11407
ownership of the first commercial car, unless registration of the	11408
second commercial car is prohibited by division (D) of section	11409
2935.27, division (A) of section 2937.221, division (A) of section	11410
4503.13, division (B) of section 4507.168 , or division (B)(1) of	11411
section 4521.10 of the Revised Code. At any time during the	11412
remainder of the registration period for which the first	11413
commercial car was registered, the owner may file an application	11414
for the transfer of the registration and, where applicable, the	11415
license plates, accompanied by a service fee of two dollars and	11416
seventy-five cents commencing on July 1, 2001, three dollars and	11417
twenty-five cents commencing on January 1, 2003, and three dollars	11418
and fifty cents commencing on January 1, 2004, a transfer fee of	11419
one dollar, and the certificate of registration of the first	11420
commercial car. The amount of any tax due or credit to be allowed	11421
for a transfer of registration under this division shall be	11422
computed in accordance with division $\frac{(D)(A)(4)}{(A)(4)}$ of this section.	11423

No commercial car to which a registration is transferred 11424 under this division shall be operated on a public road or highway 11425 in this state until after the transfer of registration is 11426 completed in accordance with this division. 11427

(F) (6) Upon application to the registrar or a deputy 11428 registrar, a person who owns or leases a motor vehicle may 11429 transfer special license plates assigned to that vehicle to any 11430 other vehicle that the person owns or leases or that is owned or 11431 leased by the person's spouse. The application shall be 11432 accompanied by a service fee of two dollars and seventy-five cents 11433 commencing on July 1, 2001, three dollars and twenty-five cents 11434 commencing on January 1, 2003, and three dollars and fifty cents 11435 commencing on January 1, 2004, a transfer fee of one dollar, and 11436

applicant's use of the vehicle to enable the applicant to legally

11466

operate the motor vehicle while proper title, license plates, and	11467
a certificate of registration are being obtained, and shall be	11468
displayed on no other motor vehicle.	11469
Dlaganda on windshield stickers issued under this section one	11470

Placards or windshield stickers issued under this section are 11470 valid for a period of thirty days from date of issuance and are 11471 not transferable or renewable. 11472

The fee for the placards or windshield stickers is two 11473 dollars plus a deputy registrar service fee of two dollars and 11474 seventy-five cents commencing on July 1, 2001, three dollars and 11475 twenty-five cents commencing on January 1, 2003, and three dollars 11476 and fifty cents commencing on January 1, 2004, for each placard 11477 issued by a deputy registrar.

(B) The registrar of motor vehicles may issue to a motorized 11479 bicycle dealer or a licensed motor vehicle dealer temporary 11480 license placards to be issued to purchasers for use on vehicles 11481 sold by the dealer, in accordance with rules prescribed by the 11482 registrar. The dealer shall notify the registrar, within 11483 forty-eight hours, of the issuance of a placard by electronic 11484 means via computer equipment purchased and maintained by the 11485 dealer or in any other manner prescribed by the registrar. 11486

The fee for each placard issued by the registrar to a 11487 licensed motor vehicle dealer is two dollars plus a fee of two 11488 dollars and seventy-five cents commencing on July 1, 2001, three 11489 dollars and twenty-five cents commencing on January 1, 2003, and 11490 three dollars and fifty cents commencing on January 1, 2004. 11491

(C) The registrar of motor vehicles, at the registrar's 11492 discretion, may issue a temporary license placard. Such a placard 11493 may be issued in the case of extreme hardship encountered by a 11494 citizen from this state or another state who has attempted to 11495 comply with all registration laws, but for extreme circumstances 11496 is unable to properly register the citizen's vehicle. 11497

(D) The registrar shall adopt rules, in accordance with	11498
division (B) of section 111.15 of the Revised Code, to specify the	11499
procedures for reporting the information from applications for	11500
temporary license placards and windshield stickers and for	11501
providing the information from these applications to law	11502
enforcement agencies.	11503
(E) Temporary license placards issued under this section	11504
shall bear a distinctive combination of seven letters, numerals,	11505
or letters and numerals, and shall incorporate a security feature	11506
that, to the greatest degree possible, prevents tampering with any	11507
of the information that is entered upon a placard when it is	11508
issued.	11509
(F) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty	11510
of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. Whoever violates division	11511
(B) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first	11512
degree.	11513
(G) As used in this section, "motorized bicycle dealer" means	11514
any person engaged in the business of selling at retail,	11515
displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in motorized bicycles	11516
who is not subject to section 4503.09 of the Revised Code.	11517
der 4502 10 (A) Then the filing of an application for	11518
Sec. 4503.19. (A) Upon the filing of an application for	
registration and the payment of the tax for registration, the	11519
registrar of motor vehicles or a deputy registrar shall determine	11520
whether the owner previously has been issued license plates for	11521
the motor vehicle described in the application. If no license	11522
plates previously have been issued to the owner for that motor	11523
vehicle, the registrar or deputy registrar shall assign to the	11524
motor vehicle a distinctive number and issue and deliver to the	11525
owner in the manner that the registrar may select a certificate of	11526
registration, in the form that the registrar shall prescribe, and,	11527

except as otherwise provided in this section, two license plates, 11528

duplicates of each other, and a validation sticker, or a	11529
validation sticker alone, to be attached to the number plates as	11530
provided in section 4503.191 of the Revised Code. The registrar or	11531
deputy registrar also shall charge the owner any fees required	11532
under division (C) of section 4503.10 of the Revised Code.	11533
Trailers, manufactured homes, mobile homes, semitrailers, the	11534
manufacturer thereof, the dealer, or in transit companies therein,	11535
shall be issued one license plate only and one validation sticker,	11536
or a validation sticker alone, and the license plate and	11537
validation sticker shall be displayed only on the rear of such	11538
vehicles. A commercial tractor that does not receive an	11539
apportioned license plate under the international registration	11540
plan shall be issued two license plates and one validation	11541
sticker, and the validation sticker shall be displayed on the	11542
front of the commercial tractor. An apportioned vehicle receiving	11543
an apportioned license plate under the international registration	11544
plan shall be issued one license plate only and one validation	11545
sticker, or a validation sticker alone; the license plate shall be	11546
displayed only on the front of a semitractor and on the rear of	11547
all other vehicles. School buses shall not be issued license	11548
plates but shall bear identifying numbers in the manner prescribed	11549
by section 4511.764 of the Revised Code. The certificate of	11550
registration and license plates and validation stickers, or	11551
validation stickers alone, shall be issued and delivered to the	11552
owner in person or by mail. Chauffeured limousines shall be issued	11553
license plates, a validation sticker, and a livery sticker as	11554
provided in section 4503.24 of the Revised Code. In the event of	11555
the loss, mutilation, or destruction of any certificate of	11556
registration, or of any license plates or validation stickers, or	11557
if the owner chooses to replace license plates previously issued	11558
for a motor vehicle, or if the registration certificate and	11559
license plates have been impounded as provided by division	11560
$\frac{(F)(B)}{(B)}(1)$ of section 4507.02 and division $\frac{(A)(4)}{(B)}$ section	11561

4507.16 of the Revised Code, the owner of a motor vehicle, or	11562
manufacturer or dealer, may obtain from the registrar, or from a	11563
deputy registrar if authorized by the registrar, a duplicate	11564
thereof or new license plates bearing a different number, if the	11565
registrar considers it advisable, upon filing an application	11566
prescribed by the registrar, and upon paying a fee of one dollar	11567
for such certificate of registration, a fee of two dollars for	11568
each set of two license plates, or one dollar for each single	11569
license plate or validation sticker. In addition, each applicant	11570
for a replacement certificate of registration, license plate, or	11571
validation sticker shall pay the fees provided in divisions (C)	11572
and (D) of section 4503.10 of the Revised Code.	11573

Additionally, the registrar and each deputy registrar who 11574 either issues license plates and a validation sticker for use on 11575 any vehicle other than a commercial tractor, semitrailer, or 11576 apportioned vehicle, or who issues a validation sticker alone for 11577 use on such a vehicle and the owner has changed the owner's county 11578 of residence since the owner last was issued county identification 11579 stickers, also shall issue and deliver to the owner either one or 11580 two county identification stickers, as appropriate, which shall be 11581 attached to the license plates in a manner prescribed by the 11582 director of public safety. The county identification stickers 11583 shall identify prominently by name or number the county in which 11584 the owner of the vehicle resides at the time of registration. 11585

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor 11586 misdemeanor. 11587

sec. 4503.21. (A) No person who is the owner or operator of a 11588 motor vehicle shall fail to display in plain view on the front and 11589 rear of the motor vehicle the distinctive number and registration 11590 mark, including any county identification sticker and any 11591 validation sticker issued under sections 4503.19 and 4503.191 of 11592

the Revised Code, furnished by the director of public safety,	11593
except that a manufacturer of motor vehicles or dealer therein,	11594
the holder of an in transit permit, and the owner or operator of a	11595
motorcycle, motorized bicycle, manufactured home, mobile home,	11596
trailer, or semitrailer shall display on the rear only. A motor	11597
vehicle that is issued two license plates shall display the	11598
validation sticker only on the rear license plate, except that a	11599
commercial tractor that does not receive an apportioned license	11600
plate under the international registration plan shall display the	11601
validation sticker on the front of the commercial tractor. An	11602
apportioned vehicle receiving an apportioned license plate under	11603
the international registration plan shall display the license	11604
plate only on the front of a commercial tractor and on the rear of	11605
all other vehicles. All license plates shall be securely fastened	11606
so as not to swing, and shall not be covered by any material that	11607
obstructs their visibility.	11608

No person to whom a temporary license placard or windshield 11609 sticker has been issued for the use of a motor vehicle under 11610 section 4503.182 of the Revised Code, and no operator of that 11611 motor vehicle, shall fail to display the temporary license placard 11612 in plain view from the rear of the vehicle either in the rear 11613 window or on an external rear surface of the motor vehicle, or 11614 fail to display the windshield sticker in plain view on the rear 11615 window of the motor vehicle. No temporary license placard or 11616 windshield sticker shall be covered by any material that obstructs 11617 its visibility. 11618

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor 11619 misdemeanor.

Sec. 4503.231. (A) No motor vehicle registered in the name of 11621 a person whose certificate of registration and identification 11622 license plates have been impounded as provided by division 11623

$\frac{(F)(B)}{(1)}$ of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code, shall be	11624
operated or driven on any highway in this state unless it displays	11625
identification restricted license plates which that are a	11626
different color from those regularly issued and carry a special	11627
serial number that may be readily identified by law enforcement	11628
officers. The registrar of motor vehicles shall designate the	11629
color and serial number to be used on such restricted license	11630
plates, which shall remain the same from year to year and shall	11631
not be displayed on any other motor vehicles.	11632
The bureau of motor vehicles shall adopt rules providing for	11633
the decentralization of the issuance of identification restricted	11634
license plates under this section. The rules shall provide for the	11635
issuance of the identification <u>restricted</u> license plates by at	11636
least one agency in each county.	11637
No person operating a motor vehicle displaying restricted	11638
license plates as described in this division shall knowingly	11639
disguise or obscure the color of the restricted plate.	11640
(B) If a person has been granted limited driving privileges	11641
with a condition of the privileges being that the person must	11642
display on the vehicle that is driven under the privileges	11643
restricted license plates that are described in this section, all	11644
of the following apply:	11645
(1) If a motor vehicle to be driven under the limited driving	11646
privileges is owned by the person's employer and if the person is	11647
required to operate that motor vehicle in the course and scope of	11648
the person's employment, the person may operate that vehicle	11649
without displaying on that vehicle restricted license plates that	11650
are issued under this section if the employer has been notified	11651
that the person has limited driving privileges and of the nature	11652
of the restriction and if the person has proof of the employer's	11653
notification in the person's possession while operating the	11654

employer's vehicle for normal business duties. A motor vehicle

owned by a business that is partly or entirely owned or controlled	11656
by the person with the limited driving privileges is not a motor	11657
vehicle owned by an employer, for purposes of this division.	11658
	11659
(2) If a motor vehicle to be driven under the limited driving	11660
privileges is registered in a state other than this state, instead	11661
of displaying on that vehicle restricted license plates that are	11662
issued under this section, the person with the limited driving	11663
privileges shall display on the vehicle a decal, as prescribed by	11664
the registrar of motor vehicles, that states that the vehicle is	11665
subject to limited driving privileges in this state and that	11666
describes the restriction. The decal shall be displayed on the	11667
bottom left corner of the back window of the vehicle or, if there	11668
is no back window, on the bottom left corner of the windshield of	11669
the vehicle. The bureau of motor vehicles shall adopt rules	11670
providing for the decentralization of the issuance of the decals	11671
described in this division, with the rules providing for the	11672
issuance of the decals by at least one agency in each county.	11673
	11674
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor	11675
misdemeanor.	11676
Sec. 4503.233. (A)(1) As used in this section, "vehicle	11677
owner" means either of the following:	11678
(a) The person in whose name is registered, at the time of	11679
the offense, a vehicle that is subject to an immobilization order	11680
issued under division (A)(2) of this section;	11681
(b) A person to whom, at the time of the offense, the	11682
certificate of title to a vehicle has been assigned and who has	11683
not obtained a certificate of title to the vehicle in that	11684
person's name but who is deemed by the court as being the owner of	11685
the vehicle at the time of the offense for which the vehicle is	11686

11718

subject to an immobilization order issued under division (A)(2) of	11687
this section.	11688
(2) If a court is required to order the immobilization of a	11689
vehicle for a specified period of time pursuant to division (B)(1)	11690
or (2), (C)(1) or (2), or (E)(1) of section 4507.99, pursuant to	11691
division (A)(2)(b),, (6)(b), or (7)(b) of section 4511.99,	11692
pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) or (C)(1) or (2) of section	11693
4507.361, or pursuant to division (B)(2)(i) or (ii) of section	11694
4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16, 4510.41, 4511.19, 4511.193, or 4511.203	11695
of the Revised Code, the court shall issue an immobilization	11696
order, subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, in	11697
accordance with this division and for the period of time specified	11698
in the particular division section, and the immobilization under	11699
the order shall be in accordance with this section. The court, at	11700
the time of sentencing the offender for the offense relative to	11701
which the immobilization order is issued or as soon thereafter as	11702
is practicable, shall give a copy of the order to the offender or	11703
the offender's counsel and to the vehicle owner or the vehicle	11704
owner's counsel. The court promptly shall send a copy of the order	11705
to the registrar on a form prescribed by the registrar and to the	11706
person or agency it designates to execute the order.	11707
The order shall indicate the date on which it is issued,	11708
shall identify the vehicle that is subject to the order, and shall	11709
specify all of the following:	11710
(a) The period of the immobilization;	11711
(b) The place at which the court determines that the	11712
immobilization shall be carried out, provided that the court shall	11713
not determine and shall not specify that the immobilization is to	11714
be carried out at any place other than a commercially operated	11715
private storage lot, a place owned by a law enforcement or other	11716

government agency, or a place to which one of the following

applies:

(i) The place is leased by or otherwise under the control of	11719
a law enforcement or other government agency.	11720
(ii) The place is owned by the offender, the offender's	11721
spouse, or a parent or child of the offender.	11722
(iii) The place is owned by a private person or entity, and,	11723
prior to the issuance of the order, the private entity or person	11724
that owns the place, or the authorized agent of that private	11725
entity or person, has given express written consent for the	11726
immobilization to be carried out at that place.	11727
(iv) The place is a public street or highway on which the	11728
vehicle is parked in accordance with the law.	11729
(c) The person or agency designated by the court to execute	11730
the order, which shall be either the law enforcement agency that	11731
employs the law enforcement officer who seized the vehicle, a	11732
bailiff of the court, another person the court determines to be	11733
appropriate to execute the order, or the law enforcement agency	11734
with jurisdiction over the place of residence of the vehicle	11735
owner;	11736
(d) That neither the registrar nor a deputy registrar will be	11737
permitted to accept an application for the license plate	11738
registration of any motor vehicle in the name of the vehicle owner	11739
until the immobilization fee is paid.	11740
$\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ The person or agency the court designates to	11741
immobilize the vehicle shall seize or retain that vehicle's	11742
license plates and forward them to the bureau of motor vehicles.	11743
$\frac{(4)(3)}{(3)}$ In all cases, the vehicle owner offender shall be	11744
assessed an immobilization fee of one hundred dollars, and the	11745
immobilization fee shall be paid to the registrar before the	11746
vehicle may be released to the vehicle owner <u>offender</u> Neither the	11747
registrar nor a deputy registrar shall accept an application for	11748

the registration of an	y motor vehicle in the	e name of the vehicle	11749
owner offender until t	ne immobilization fee	is paid.	11750

(5)(4) If the vehicle subject to the order is immobilized 11751 pursuant to the order and is found being operated upon any street 11752 or highway in this state during the immobilization period, it 11753 shall be seized, removed from the street or highway, and 11754 criminally forfeited and disposed of pursuant to section 4503.234 11755 of the Revised Code.

 $\frac{(6)(5)}{(5)}$ The registrar shall deposit the immobilization fee 11757 into the law enforcement reimbursement fund created by section 11758 4501.19 of the Revised Code. Money in the fund shall be expended 11759 only as provided in division $(A) \cdot (5) \cdot (5)$ of this section. If the 11760 court designated in the order a court bailiff or another 11761 appropriate person other than a law enforcement officer to 11762 immobilize the vehicle, the amount of the fee deposited into the 11763 law enforcement reimbursement fund shall be paid out to the county 11764 treasury if the court that issued the order is a county court, to 11765 the treasury of the municipal corporation served by the court if 11766 the court that issued the order is a mayor's court, or to the city 11767 treasury of the legislative authority of the court, both as 11768 defined in section 1901.03 of the Revised Code, if the court that 11769 issued the order is a municipal court. If the court designated a 11770 law enforcement agency to immobilize the vehicle and if the law 11771 enforcement agency immobilizes the vehicle, the amount of the fee 11772 deposited into the law enforcement reimbursement fund shall be 11773 paid out to the law enforcement agency to reimburse the agency for 11774 the costs it incurs in obtaining immobilization equipment and, if 11775 required, in sending an officer or other person to search for and 11776 locate the vehicle specified in the immobilization order and to 11777 immobilize the vehicle. 11778

In addition to the immobilization fee required to be paid 11779 under division (A) $\frac{(4)}{(3)}$ of this section, the vehicle owner 11780

offender may be charged expenses or charges incurred in the
removal and storage of the immobilized vehicle.
11781

- (B) If a court issues an immobilization order under division 11783 $(A)\frac{(2)(1)}{(2)}$ of this section, the person or agency designated by the 11784 court to execute the immobilization order promptly shall 11785 immobilize or continue the immobilization of the vehicle at the 11786 place specified by the court in the order. The registrar shall not 11787 authorize the release of the vehicle or authorize the issuance of 11788 new identification license plates for the vehicle at the end of 11789 the immobilization period until the immobilization fee has been 11790 paid. 11791
- (C) Upon receipt of the license plates for a vehicle under 11792 this section, the registrar shall destroy the license plates. At 11793 the end of the immobilization period and upon the payment of the 11794 immobilization fee that must be paid under this section, the 11795 registrar shall authorize the release of the vehicle and authorize 11796 the issuance, upon the payment of the same fee as is required for 11797 the replacement of lost, mutilated, or destroyed license plates 11798 and certificates of registration, of new license plates and, if 11799 necessary, a new certificate of registration to the vehicle owner 11800 offender for the vehicle in question. 11801
- (D)(1) If a court issues an immobilization order under 11802 division (A) of this section, the immobilization period commences 11803 on the day on which the vehicle in question is immobilized. If the 11804 vehicle in question had been seized under section 4507.38 4510.41 11805 or 4511.195 of the Revised Code, the time between the seizure and 11806 the beginning of the immobilization period shall be credited 11807 against the immobilization period specified in the immobilization 11808 order issued under division (A) of this section. No vehicle that 11809 is impounded immobilized under this section is eligible to have 11810 special restricted license plates of the type described in under 11811 section 4503.231 of the Revised Code issued for that vehicle. 11812

- (2) If a court issues an immobilization order under division 11814 (A) of this section, if the vehicle subject to the order is 11815 immobilized under the order, and if the vehicle is found being 11816 operated upon any street or highway of this state during the 11817 immobilization period, it shall be seized, removed from the street 11818 or highway, and criminally forfeited, and disposed of pursuant to 11819 section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. No vehicle that is forfeited 11820 under this provision shall be considered contraband for purposes 11821 of section 2933.41, 2933.42, or 2933.43 of the Revised Code, but 11822 shall be held by the law enforcement agency that employs the 11823 officer who seized it for disposal in accordance with section 11824 4503.234 of the Revised Code. 11825
- (3) If a court issues an immobilization order under division 11826 (A) of this section, and if the vehicle is not claimed within 11827 seven days after the end of the period of immobilization or if the 11828 vehicle owner offender has not paid the immobilization fee, the 11829 person or agency that immobilized the vehicle shall send a written 11830 notice to the vehicle owner offender at the vehicle owner's 11831 offender's last known address informing the vehicle owner offender 11832 of the date on which the period of immobilization ended, that the 11833 vehicle owner offender has twenty days after the date of the 11834 notice to pay the immobilization fee and obtain the release of the 11835 vehicle, and that if the vehicle owner offender does not pay the 11836 fee and obtain the release of the vehicle within that twenty-day 11837 period, the vehicle will be forfeited under section 4503.234 of 11838 the Revised Code to the entity that is entitled to the 11839 immobilization fee. 11840
- (4) An owner of a offender whose motor vehicle that is 11841 subject to an immobilization order issued under division (A) of 11842 this section shall not sell the motor vehicle without approval of 11843 the court that issued the order. If such an owner offender wishes 11844

to sell the motor vehicle during the immobilization period, the	11845
owner offender shall apply to the court that issued the	11846
immobilization order for permission to assign the title to the	11847
vehicle. If the court is satisfied that the sale will be in good	11848
faith and not for the purpose of circumventing the provisions of	11849
division $(A)\frac{(2)}{(1)}$ of this section, it may certify its consent to	11850
the owner offender and to the registrar. Upon receipt of the	11851
court's consent, the registrar shall enter the court's notice in	11852
the owner's offender's vehicle license plate registration record.	11853

If, during a period of immobilization under an immobilization 11854 order issued under division (A) of this section, the title to the 11855 immobilized motor vehicle is transferred by the foreclosure of a 11856 chattel mortgage, a sale upon execution, the cancellation of a 11857 conditional sales contract, or an order of a court, the involved 11858 court shall notify the registrar of the action, and the registrar 11859 shall enter the court's notice in the owner's offender's vehicle 11860 license plate registration record. 11861

Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring the 11862 registrar or the clerk of the court of common pleas to note upon 11863 the certificate of title records any prohibition regarding the 11864 sale of a motor vehicle.

(5) If the title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an 11866 immobilization order under division (A) of this section is 11867 assigned or transferred without court approval between the time of 11868 arrest of the person who was operating the vehicle at the time of 11869 offender who committed the offense for which such an order is to 11870 be issued and the time of the actual immobilization of the 11871 vehicle, the court shall order that, for a period of two years 11872 from the date of the order, neither the registrar nor any deputy 11873 registrar shall accept an application for the registration of any 11874 motor vehicle in the name of the owner of the offender whose 11875 vehicle that was assigned or transferred without court approval. 11876

The	court	shall	notify	the	regis	strar	of	the	order	on	a	form	11877
pres	cribed	d by t	he regis	strar	for	that	pui	rpose	≥.				11878

(E)(1) The court with jurisdiction over the case, after 11879 notice to all interested parties including lienholders, and after 11880 an opportunity for them to be heard, if the vehicle owner offender 11881 fails to appear in person, without good cause, or if the court 11882 finds that the vehicle owner offender does not intend to seek 11883 release of the vehicle at the end of the period of immobilization 11884 or that the vehicle owner offender is not or will not be able to 11885 pay the expenses and charges incurred in its removal and storage, 11886 may order that title to the vehicle be transferred, in order of 11887 priority, first into the name of the entity entitled to the 11888 immobilization fee under division (A) $\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ of this section, next 11889 into the name of a lienholder, or lastly, into the name of the 11890 owner of the place of storage. 11891

A lienholder that receives title under a court order shall do 11892 so on the condition that it pay any expenses or charges incurred 11893 in the vehicle's removal and storage. If the entity that receives 11894 title to the vehicle is the entity that is entitled to the 11895 immobilization fee under division (A)(6)(5) of this section, it 11896 shall receive title on the condition that it pay any lien on the 11897 vehicle. The court shall not order that title be transferred to 11898 any person or entity other than the owner of the place of storage 11899 if the person or entity refuses to receive the title. Any person 11900 or entity that receives title may either keep title to the vehicle 11901 or may dispose of the vehicle in any legal manner that it 11902 considers appropriate, including assignment of the certificate of 11903 title to the motor vehicle to a salvage dealer or a scrap metal 11904 processing facility. The person or entity shall not transfer the 11905 vehicle to the person who is the vehicle's immediate previous 11906 owner. 11907

If the person or entity assigns the motor vehicle to a

salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility, the person or	11909
entity shall send the assigned certificate of title to the motor	11910
vehicle to the clerk of the court of common pleas of the county in	11911
which the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility is	11912
located. The person or entity shall mark the face of the	11913
certificate of title with the words "FOR DESTRUCTION" and shall	11914
deliver a photocopy of the certificate of title to the salvage	11915
dealer or scrap metal processing facility for its records.	11916

- (2) Whenever a court issues an order under division (E)(1) of 11917 this section, the court also shall order removal of the license 11918 plates from the vehicle and cause them to be sent to the registrar 11919 if they have not already been sent to the registrar. Thereafter, 11920 no further proceedings shall take place under this section, but 11921 the vehicle owner offender remains liable for payment of the 11922 immobilization fee described in division (A)(4)(3) of this section 11923 if an immobilization order previously had been issued by the 11924 court. 11925
- (3) Prior to initiating a proceeding under division (E)(1) of 11926 this section, and upon payment of the fee under division (B) of 11927 section 4505.14 of the Revised Code, any interested party may 11928 cause a search to be made of the public records of the bureau of 11929 motor vehicles or the clerk of the court of common pleas, to 11930 ascertain the identity of any lienholder of the vehicle. The 11931 initiating party shall furnish this information to the clerk of 11932 the court with jurisdiction over the case, and the clerk shall 11933 provide notice to the vehicle owner, the defendant, any 11934 lienholder, and any other interested parties listed by the 11935 initiating party, at the last known address supplied by the 11936 initiating party, by certified mail or, at the option of the 11937 initiating party, by personal service or ordinary mail. 11938

As used in this section, "interested party" includes the 11939 vehicle owner offender, all lienholders, the defendant, the owner 11940

of the place of storage, the person or entity that caused the	11941
vehicle to be removed, and the person or entity, if any, entitled	11942
to the immobilization fee under division (A) $(6)(5)$ of this	11943
section.	11944

sec. 4503.234. (A) As used in this section, "vehicle owner"

means the person in whose name is registered a vehicle that is

subject to an order of forfeiture issued under this section.

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(B) If a court is required by section 4503.233, 4503.236, 11948 4507.361, 4507.99, <u>4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16, 4510.41, 4511.19,</u> 11949 4511.193, or 4511.99 4511.203 of the Revised Code to order the 11950 criminal forfeiture of a vehicle, the order shall be issued and 11951 enforced in accordance with this division, subject to division 11952 (C)(B) of this section and section 4503.235 of the Revised Code. 11953 An order of criminal forfeiture issued under this division shall 11954 authorize an appropriate law enforcement agency to seize the 11955 vehicle ordered criminally forfeited upon the terms and conditions 11956 that the court determines proper. No vehicle ordered criminally 11957 forfeited pursuant to this division shall be considered contraband 11958 for purposes of section 2933.41, 2933.42, or 2933.43 of the 11959 Revised Code, but shall be held by the law enforcement agency that 11960 employs the officer who seized it shall hold the vehicle for 11961 disposal in accordance with this section. A forfeiture order may 11962 be issued only after the vehicle owner offender has been provided 11963 with an opportunity to be heard. The prosecuting attorney shall 11964 give the vehicle owner offender written notice of the possibility 11965 of forfeiture by sending a copy of the relevant uniform traffic 11966 ticket or other written notice to the vehicle owner offender not 11967 less than seven days prior to the date of issuance of the 11968 forfeiture order. A vehicle is subject to an order of criminal 11969 forfeiture pursuant to this division upon the conviction of the 11970 offender of or plea of guilty by the offender to a violation of 11971 division (A) of section 4503.236, division (B)(1) or (D)(2) of 11972

section 4507.02, section 4507.33 4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16, or	11973
4511.203, or division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code,	11974
or a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to	11975
division (A) of section 4503.236, division (B)(1) or (D)(2) of	11976
section 4507.02, section 4507.33, or division (A) of section	11977
4511.19 of the Revised Code any of those sections or divisions.	11978

 $\frac{(C)}{(B)}(1)$ Prior to the issuance of an order of criminal 11979 forfeiture pursuant to division (B) of this section, the law 11980 enforcement agency that employs the law enforcement officer who 11981 seized the vehicle shall conduct or cause to be conducted a search 11982 of the appropriate public records that relate to the vehicle and 11983 shall make or cause to be made reasonably diligent inquiries to 11984 identify any lienholder or any person or entity with an ownership 11985 interest in the vehicle. The court that is to issue the forfeiture 11986 order also shall cause a notice of the potential order relative to 11987 the vehicle and of the expected manner of disposition of the 11988 vehicle after its forfeiture to be sent to any lienholder or 11989 person who is known to the court to have any right, title, or 11990 interest in the vehicle. The court shall give the notice by 11991 certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service. 11992

(2) No order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued pursuant 11993 to division (B) of this section if a lienholder or other person 11994 with an ownership interest in the vehicle establishes to the 11995 court, by a preponderance of the evidence after filing a motion 11996 with the court, that the lienholder or other that person neither 11997 knew nor should have known after a reasonable inquiry that the 11998 vehicle would be used or involved, or likely would be used or 11999 involved, in the violation resulting in the issuance of the order 12000 of criminal forfeiture or the violation of the order of 12001 immobilization issued under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code, 12002 that the lienholder or other that person did not expressly or 12003 impliedly consent to the use or involvement of the vehicle in that 12004 violation, and that the lien or ownership interest was perfected 12005 pursuant to law prior to the seizure of the vehicle under section 12006 4503.236, 4507.38, or 4510.41, 4511.195, or 4511.203 of the 12007 Revised Code. If the lienholder or holder of the ownership 12008 interest satisfies the court that these criteria have been met, 12009 the court shall preserve the holder's the lienholder's or other 12010 person's lien or interest, and the court either shall return the 12011 vehicle to the holder, the holder's or shall order that the the 12012 holder's proceeds of any sale held pursuant to division (D)(C)(2) 12013 of this section be paid to the lienholder or holder of the 12014 interest less the costs of seizure, storage, and maintenance of 12015 the vehicle. The court shall not return a vehicle to a lienholder 12016 or a holder of an ownership interest under division (C)(2) of this 12017 section unless the lienholder or holder submits an affidavit to 12018 the court that states that the lienholder or holder will not 12019 return the vehicle to the person from whom the vehicle was seized 12020 pursuant to the order of criminal forfeiture or to any member of 12021 that person's family and will not otherwise knowingly permit that 12022 person or any member of that person's family to obtain possession 12023 of the vehicle. 12024

(3) No order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued pursuant 12025 to division (B) of this section if a person with an interest in 12026 the vehicle establishes to the court, by a preponderance of the 12027 evidence after filing a motion with the court, that the person 12028 neither knew nor should have known after a reasonable inquiry that 12029 the vehicle had been used or was involved in the violation 12030 resulting in the issuance of the order of criminal forfeiture or 12031 the violation of the order of immobilization issued under section 12032 4503.233 of the Revised Code, that the person did not expressly or 12033 impliedly consent to the use or involvement of the vehicle in that 12034 violation, that the interest was perfected in good faith and for 12035 value pursuant to law between the time of the arrest of the 12036 offender and the final disposition of the criminal charge in 12037

question, and that the vehicle was in the possession of the	12038
vehicle owner interest holder at the time of the perfection of the	12039
interest. If the court is satisfied that the interest holder has	12040
met these criteria, the court shall preserve the holder's the	12041
interest holder's interest, and the court either shall return the	12042
vehicle to the interest holder the holder's or order that the the	12043
$\frac{\text{holder's}}{\text{proceeds}}$ proceeds of any sale held pursuant to division $\frac{\text{(D)}(\text{C)}}{\text{(C)}}$ of	12044
this section be paid to the holder of the interest less the costs	12045
of seizure, storage, and maintenance of the vehicle. The court	12046
shall not return a vehicle to an interest holder under division	12047
(C)(3) of this section unless the holder submits an affidavit to	12048
the court stating that the holder will not return the vehicle to	12049
the person from whom the holder acquired the holder's	12050
interest, nor to any member of that person's family, and the	12051
holder will not otherwise knowingly permit that person or any	12052
member of that person's family to obtain possession of the	12053
vehicle.	12054

 $\frac{(D)(C)}{(C)}$ A vehicle ordered criminally forfeited to the state 12055 pursuant to division (B) of this section shall be disposed of as 12056 follows: 12057

- (1) It shall be given to the law enforcement agency that 12058 employs the law enforcement officer who seized the vehicle, if 12059 that agency desires to have it; 12060
- (2) If a vehicle is not disposed of pursuant to division 12061 $\frac{(D)(C)}{(1)}$ of this section, the vehicle shall be sold, without 12062 appraisal, if the value of the vehicle is two thousand dollars or 12063 more as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's 12064 association, at a public auction to the highest bidder for cash. 12065 Prior to the sale, the prosecuting attorney in the case shall 12066 cause a notice of the proposed sale to be given in accordance with 12067 law. The court shall cause notice of the sale of the vehicle to be 12068 published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in 12069

which the court is located at least seven days prior to the date	12070
of the sale. The proceeds of a sale under this division or	12071
division $\frac{(G)(F)}{(F)}$ of this section shall be applied in the following	12072
order:	12073

- (a) First, they shall be applied to the payment of the costs 12074 incurred in connection with the seizure, storage, and maintenance 12075 of, and provision of security for, the vehicle, any proceeding 12076 arising out of the forfeiture, and if any, the sale. 12077
- (b) Second, the remaining proceeds after compliance with 12078 division $\frac{(D)(C)}{(2)}(a)$ of this section, shall be applied to the 12079 payment of the value of any lien or ownership interest in the 12080 vehicle preserved under division $\frac{(C)(B)}{(B)}$ of this section. 12081
- (c) Third, the remaining proceeds, after compliance with 12082 divisions $\frac{(D)(C)}{(2)}(a)$ and (b) of this section, shall be applied 12083 to the appropriate funds in accordance with divisions (D)(1)(c) 12084 and (2) of section 2933.43 of the Revised Code, provided that the 12085 total of the amount so deposited under this division shall not 12086 exceed one thousand dollars. The remaining proceeds deposited 12087 under this division shall be used only for the purposes authorized 12088 by those divisions and division (D)(3)(a)(ii) of that section. 12089
- (d) Fourth, the remaining proceeds after compliance with 12090 divisions (D)(C)(2)(a) and (b) of this section and after deposit 12091 of a total amount of one thousand dollars under division 12092 $\frac{(D)}{(C)(2)(c)}$ of this section shall be applied so that fifty per 12093 cent of those remaining proceeds is paid into the reparation fund 12094 established by section 2743.191 of the Revised Code, twenty-five 12095 per cent is paid into the drug abuse resistance education programs 12096 fund created by division $\frac{(L)(F)}{(F)}(2)(e)$ of section 4511.191 of the 12097 Revised Code and shall be used only for the purposes authorized by 12098 12099 division $\frac{(L)(F)(2)(e)}{(E)(E)}$ of that section, and twenty-five per cent is applied to the appropriate funds in accordance with division 12100 (D)(1)(c) of section 2933.43 of the Revised Code. The proceeds 12101

deposited into any fund described in section 2933.43 of the	12102
Revised Code shall be used only for the purposes authorized by	12103
division $(D)(1)(c)$, (2) , and $(3)(a)(ii)$ of that section.	12104
(E) Notwithstanding (D) Except as provided in division (E) of	12105
section 4511.203 of the Revised Code and notwithstanding any other	12106
provision of law, neither the registrar of motor vehicles nor any	12107
deputy registrar shall accept an application for the registration	12108
of any motor vehicle in the name of any person, or register any	12109
motor vehicle in the name of any person, if both of the following	12110
apply:	12111
(1) Any vehicle registered in the person's name was	12112
criminally forfeited under division (B) of this section and	12113
section 4503.233, 4503.236, 4507.361, 4507.99 <u>4510.10, 4510.11,</u>	12114
<u>4510.14, 4510.16, 4510.161, 4510.41, 4511.19</u> , 4511.193, or 4511.99	12115
4511.203 of the Revised Code;	12116
(2) Less than five years have expired since the issuance of	12117
the most recent order of criminal forfeiture issued in relation to	12118
a vehicle registered in the person's name.	12119
$\frac{(F)(E)}{(E)}$ If a court is required by section 4503.233, $\frac{4507.361}{(E)}$	12120
4507.99 <u>4503.236</u> , <u>4510.10</u> , <u>4510.11</u> , <u>4510.14</u> , <u>4510.16</u> , <u>4510.161</u> ,	12121
<u>4510.41, 4511.19</u> , 4511.193, or <u>4511.99</u> <u>4511.203</u> of the Revised	12122
Code to order the criminal forfeiture to the state of a vehicle,	12123
and the title to the motor vehicle is assigned or transferred, and	12124
division $\frac{(C)(B)}{(C)}$ or (3) of this section applies, in addition to	12125
or independent of any other penalty established by law, the court	12126
may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by	12127
publications of the national auto dealer's association. The	12128
proceeds from any fine imposed under this division (F) of this	12129
$\frac{\text{section}}{\text{section}}$ shall be distributed in accordance with division $\frac{\text{(D)}(4)}{\text{(D)}}$	12130
(C)(2) of this section.	12131

 $\frac{(G)}{(F)}$ As used in division (D) of this section and divisions 12132

(D)(1)(c), $(D)(2)$, and $(D)(3)(a)(ii)$ of section 2933.43 of the	12133
Revised Code in relation to proceeds of the sale of a vehicle	12134
under division $\frac{(D)(C)}{(D)}$ of this section, "prosecuting attorney"	12135
includes the prosecuting attorney, village solicitor, city	12136
director of law, or similar chief legal officer of a municipal	12137
corporation who prosecutes the case resulting in the conviction or	12138
guilty plea in question.	12139

(G) If the vehicle to be forfeited has an average retail 12140 value of less than two thousand dollars as determined by 12141 publications of the national auto dealer's association, no public 12142 auction is required to be held. In such a case, the court may 12143 direct that the vehicle be disposed of in any manner that it 12144 considers appropriate, including assignment of the certificate of 12145 title to the motor vehicle to a salvage dealer or a scrap metal 12146 processing facility. The court shall not transfer the vehicle to 12147 the person who is the vehicle's immediate previous owner. 12148

If the court assigns the motor vehicle to a salvage dealer or 12149 scrap metal processing facility and the court is in possession of 12150 the certificate of title to the motor vehicle, it shall send the 12151 assigned certificate of title to the motor vehicle to the clerk of 12152 the court of common pleas of the county in which the salvage 12153 dealer or scrap metal processing facility is located. The court 12154 shall mark the face of the certificate of title with the words 12155 "FOR DESTRUCTION" and shall deliver a photocopy of the certificate 12156 of title to the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility 12157 for its records. 12158

If the court is not in possession of the certificate of title 12159 to the motor vehicle, the court shall issue an order transferring 12160 ownership of the motor vehicle to a salvage dealer or scrap metal 12161 processing facility, send the order to the clerk of the court of 12162 common pleas of the county in which the salvage dealer or scrap 12163 metal processing facility is located, and send a photocopy of the 12164

order to the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility for	12165
its records. The clerk shall make the proper notations or entries	12166
in the clerk's records concerning the disposition of the motor	12167
vehicle.	12168
Sec. 4503.236. (A) No person shall operate a motor vehicle or	12169
permit the operation of a motor vehicle upon any public or private	12170
property used by the public for vehicular travel or parking	12171
knowing or having reasonable cause to believe that the motor	12172
vehicle has been ordered immobilized pursuant to an immobilization	12173
order issued under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code.	12174
	12175
(B) A motor vehicle that is operated by a person during a	12176
violation of division (A) of this section shall be criminally	12177
forfeited to the state in accordance with the procedures contained	12178
in section 4503.234 of the Revised Code, but such forfeiture is	12179
subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code.	12180
(C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is quilty	12181
of a misdemeanor of the second degree.	12182
Sec. 4503.28. (A) No person who is a manufacturer of, dealer	12183
in, or distributor of motor vehicles shall fail to file an	12184
application for registration and to pay the tax therefor for the	12185
registration and to apply for and pay the legal fees for as many	12186
certified copies thereof of the registration as the law requires.	12187
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	12188
of the fourth degree.	12189
Sec. 4503.30. (A) Any placards issued by the registrar of	12190
motor vehicles and bearing the distinctive number assigned to a	12191
manufacturer, dealer, or distributor pursuant to section 4503.27	12192
of the Revised Code may be displayed on any motor vehicle, other	12193

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Such placards may be displayed on commercial cars only when 12209 the cars are in transit from a manufacturer to a dealer, from a 12210 distributor to a dealer or distributor, or from a dealer to a 12211 purchaser, or when the cars are being demonstrated for sale or 12212 lease, and shall not be displayed when the cars are being used for 12213 delivery, hauling, transporting, or other commercial purpose. 12214

(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor 12215 of the third degree. 12216

Sec. 4503.301. (A) A manufacturer, dealer, or distributor of 12217 motor vehicles may apply for a reasonable number of commercial car 12218 demonstration placards. The application shall show the make of 12219 commercial cars, commercial tractors, trailers, and semitrailers 12220 manufactured, dealt, or distributed in and shall show the taxing 12221 district in which the applicant's place of business is located. 12222

Upon the filing of such application and the payment of an 12224

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annual fee of five hundred dollars and appropriate postage as	12225
required by the registrar of motor vehicles, the registrar shall	12226
assign to the applicant a distinctive placard and number. Such	12227
placards shall be known as "commercial car demonstration	12228
placards," and shall expire on a date prescribed by the registrar.	12229
Upon the first application by any person for such placards, the	12230
registrar shall prorate the annual fee in accordance with section	12231
4503.11 of the Revised Code; for all renewals or replacements of	12232
such placards, the registrar shall collect the full amount of the	12233
annual fee.	12234

Commercial car demonstration placards may be displayed on 12235 commercial cars, commercial tractors, trailers and semitrailers 12236 owned by the manufacturer, dealer, or distributor, when those 12237 vehicles are operated by or being demonstrated to a prospective 12238 purchaser. In addition to the purposes permitted by section 12239 4503.30 of the Revised Code, the placards provided for in this 12240 section may be displayed on vehicles operated or used for 12241 delivery, hauling, transporting, or any other lawful purpose. When 12242 such placards are used, the placards provided for in section 12243 4503.30 of the Revised Code need not be displayed. 12244

The operator of any commercial car, commercial tractor, 12245 trailer, or semitrailer displaying the placards provided for in 12246 this section, at all times, shall carry with the operator a letter 12247 from the manufacturer, dealer, or distributor authorizing the use 12248 of such manufacturer's, dealer's, or distributor's commercial car 12249 demonstration placards.

When such placards are used on any commercial car or 12251 commercial tractor, such power unit shall be considered duly 12252 registered and licensed for the purposes of section 4503.38 of the 12253 Revised Code.

(B) No manufacturer, dealer, or distributor of motor vehicles shall use the commercial car demonstration placard for purposes

Sec. 4503.44. (A) As used in this section and in section	12285
4511.69 of the Revised Code:	12286
(1) "Person with a disability that limits or impairs the	12287
ability to walk" means any person who, as determined by a	12288
physician or chiropractor, meets any of the following criteria:	12289
(a) Cannot walk two hundred feet without stopping to rest;	12290
(b) Cannot walk without the use of, or assistance from, a	12291
brace, cane, crutch, another person, prosthetic device,	12292
wheelchair, or other assistive device;	12293
(c) Is restricted by a lung disease to such an extent that	12294
the person's forced (respiratory) expiratory volume for one	12295
second, when measured by spirometry, is less than one liter, or	12296
the arterial oxygen tension is less than sixty millimeters of	12297
mercury on room air at rest;	12298
(d) Uses portable oxygen;	12299
(d) Uses portable oxygen;(e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's	12299 12300
(e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's	12300
(e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or	12300 12301
(e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American heart	12300 12301 12302
(e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American heart association;	12300 12301 12302 12303
(e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American heart association; (f) Is severely limited in the ability to walk due to an	12300 12301 12302 12303 12304
 (e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American heart association; (f) Is severely limited in the ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition; 	12300 12301 12302 12303 12304 12305
<pre>(e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American heart association; (f) Is severely limited in the ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition; (g) Is blind.</pre>	12300 12301 12302 12303 12304 12305 12306
<pre>(e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American heart association; (f) Is severely limited in the ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition; (g) Is blind. (2) "Organization" means any private organization or</pre>	12300 12301 12302 12303 12304 12305 12306
<pre>(e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American heart association; (f) Is severely limited in the ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition; (g) Is blind. (2) "Organization" means any private organization or corporation, or any governmental board, agency, department,</pre>	12300 12301 12302 12303 12304 12305 12306 12307 12308
 (e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American heart association; (f) Is severely limited in the ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition; (g) Is blind. (2) "Organization" means any private organization or corporation, or any governmental board, agency, department, division, or office, that, as part of its business or program, 	12300 12301 12302 12303 12304 12305 12306 12307 12308 12309
<pre>(e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American heart association; (f) Is severely limited in the ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition; (g) Is blind. (2) "Organization" means any private organization or corporation, or any governmental board, agency, department, division, or office, that, as part of its business or program, transports persons with disabilities that limit or impair the</pre>	12300 12301 12302 12303 12304 12305 12306 12307 12308 12309 12310

apply to division (J) of this section.

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(3) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine 12315 or surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery under Chapter 4731. 12316 of the Revised Code. 12317

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(4) "Chiropractor" means a person licensed to practice chiropractic under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code. 12319

12320 (B) Any organization or person with a disability that limits or impairs the ability to walk may apply to the registrar of motor 12321 vehicles for a removable windshield placard or, if the person owns 12322 or leases a motor vehicle, the person may apply for the 12323 registration of any motor vehicle the person owns or leases. In 12324 addition to one or more sets of license plates or one placard, a 12325 person with a disability that limits or impairs the ability to 12326 walk is entitled to one additional placard, but only if the person 12327 applies separately for the additional placard, states the reasons 12328 why the additional placard is needed, and the registrar, in the 12329 registrar's discretion, determines that good and justifiable cause 12330 exists to approve the request for the additional placard. When a 12331 motor vehicle has been altered for the purpose of providing it 12332 with special equipment for a person with a disability that limits 12333 or impairs the ability to walk, but is owned or leased by someone 12334 other than such a person, the owner or lessee may apply to the 12335 registrar or a deputy registrar for registration under this 12336 section. The application for registration of a motor vehicle owned 12337 or leased by a person with a disability that limits or impairs the 12338 ability to walk shall be accompanied by a signed statement from 12339 the applicant's personal physician or chiropractor certifying that 12340 the applicant meets at least one of the criteria contained in 12341 division (A)(1) of this section and that the disability is 12342 expected to continue for more than six consecutive months. The 12343 application for a removable windshield placard made by a person 12344 with a disability that limits or impairs the ability to walk shall 12345

be accompanied by a prescription from the applicant's personal	12346
physician or chiropractor prescribing such a placard for the	12347
applicant, and by a signed statement certifying that the applicant	12348
meets at least one of the criteria contained in division (A)(1) of	12349
this section. The physician or chiropractor shall state on the	12350
prescription the length of time the physician or chiropractor	12351
expects the applicant to have the disability that limits or	12352
impairs the applicant's ability to walk. The application for a	12353
removable windshield placard made by an organization shall be	12354
accompanied by such documentary evidence of regular transport of	12355
persons with disabilities that limit or impair the ability to walk	12356
by the organization as the registrar may require by rule and shall	12357
be completed in accordance with procedures that the registrar may	12358
require by rule. The application for registration of a motor	12359
vehicle that has been altered for the purpose of providing it with	12360
special equipment for a person with a disability that limits or	12361
impairs the ability to walk but is owned by someone other than	12362
such a person shall be accompanied by such documentary evidence of	12363
vehicle alterations as the registrar may require by rule.	12364

(C) When an organization, a person with a disability that 12366 limits or impairs the ability to walk, or a person who does not 12367 have a disability that limits or impairs the ability to walk but 12368 owns a motor vehicle that has been altered for the purpose of 12369 providing it with special equipment for a person with a disability 12370 that limits or impairs the ability to walk first submits an 12371 application for registration of a motor vehicle under this section 12372 and every fifth year thereafter, the organization or person shall 12373 submit a signed statement from the applicant's personal physician 12374 or chiropractor, a completed application, and any required 12375 documentary evidence of vehicle alterations as provided in 12376 division (B) of this section, and also a power of attorney from 12377 the owner of the motor vehicle if the applicant leases the 12378

vehicle. Upon submission of these items, the registrar or deputy 12379 registrar shall issue to the applicant appropriate vehicle 12380 registration and a set of license plates and validation stickers, 12381 or validation stickers alone when required by section 4503.191 of 12382 the Revised Code. In addition to the letters and numbers 12383 ordinarily inscribed thereon, the license plates shall be 12384 imprinted with the international symbol of access. The license 12385 plates and validation stickers shall be issued upon payment of the 12386 regular license fee as prescribed under section 4503.04 of the 12387 Revised Code and any motor vehicle tax levied under Chapter 4504. 12388 of the Revised Code, and the payment of a service fee equal to the 12389 amount specified in division (D) or (G) of section 4503.10 of the 12390 Revised Code. 12391

(D)(1) Upon receipt of a completed and signed application for 12392 a removable windshield placard, a prescription as described in 12393 division (B) of this section, documentary evidence of regular 12394 transport of persons with disabilities that limit or impair the 12395 ability to walk, if required, and payment of a service fee equal 12396 to the amount specified in division (D) or (G) of section 4503.10 12397 of the Revised Code, the registrar or deputy registrar shall issue 12398 to the applicant a removable windshield placard, which shall bear 12399 the date of expiration on both sides of the placard and shall be 12400 valid until expired, revoked, or surrendered. Every removable 12401 windshield placard expires as described in division (D)(2) of this 12402 section, but in no case shall a removable windshield placard be 12403 valid for a period of less than sixty days. Removable windshield 12404 placards shall be renewable upon application as provided in 12405 division (B) of this section, and a service fee equal to the 12406 amount specified in division (D) or (G) of section 4503.10 of the 12407 Revised Code shall be charged for the renewal of a removable 12408 windshield placard. The registrar shall provide the application 12409 form and shall determine the information to be included thereon. 12410 The registrar also shall determine the form and size of the 12411 removable windshield placard, the material of which it is to be 12412 made, and any other information to be included thereon, and shall 12413 adopt rules relating to the issuance, expiration, revocation, 12414 surrender, and proper display of such placards. Any placard issued 12415 after October 14, 1999, shall be manufactured in a manner that 12416 allows the expiration date of the placard to be indicated on it 12417 through the punching, drilling, boring, or creation by any other 12418 means of holes in the placard. 12419

- (2) At the time a removable windshield placard is issued to a 12420 person with a disability that limits or impairs the ability to 12421 walk, the registrar or deputy registrar shall enter into the 12422 records of the bureau of motor vehicles the last date on which the 12423 person will have that disability, as indicated on the accompanying 12424 prescription. Not less than thirty days prior to that date and all 12425 removable windshield placard renewal dates, the bureau shall send 12426 a renewal notice to that person at the person's last known address 12427 as shown in the records of the bureau, informing the person that 12428 the person's removable windshield placard will expire on the 12429 indicated date not to exceed five years from the date of issuance, 12430 and that the person is required to renew the placard by submitting 12431 to the registrar or a deputy registrar another prescription, as 12432 described in division (B) of this section, and by complying with 12433 the renewal provisions prescribed in division (D)(1) of this 12434 section. If such a prescription is not received by the registrar 12435 or a deputy registrar by that date, the placard issued to that 12436 person expires and no longer is valid, and this fact shall be 12437 recorded in the records of the bureau. 12438
- (3) At least once every year, on a date determined by the registrar, the bureau shall examine the records of the office of vital statistics, located within the department of health, that 12441 pertain to deceased persons, and also the bureau's records of all 12442 persons who have been issued removable windshield placards and 12443

temporary removable windshield placards. If the records of the	12444
office of vital statistics indicate that a person to whom a	12445
removable windshield placard or temporary removable windshield	12446
placard has been issued is deceased, the bureau shall cancel that	12447
placard, and note the cancellation in its records.	12448

The office of vital statistics shall make available to the 12449 bureau all information necessary to enable the bureau to comply 12450 with division (D)(3) of this section. 12451

- (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a 12452 person or organization to apply for a removable windshield placard 12453 or special license plates if the parking card or special license 12454 plates issued to the person or organization under prior law have 12455 not expired or been surrendered or revoked. 12456
- (E) Any person with a disability that limits or impairs the 12457 ability to walk may apply to the registrar or a deputy registrar 12458 for a temporary removable windshield placard. The application for 12459 a temporary removable windshield placard shall be accompanied by a 12460 prescription from the applicant's personal physician or 12461 chiropractor prescribing such a placard for the applicant, and by 12462 a signed statement certifying that the applicant meets at least 12463 one of the criteria contained in division (A)(1) of this section 12464 and that the disability is expected to continue for six 12465 consecutive months or less. The physician or chiropractor shall 12466 state on the prescription the length of time the physician or 12467 chiropractor expects the applicant to have the disability that 12468 limits or impairs the applicant's ability to walk, which cannot 12469 exceed six months from the date of the prescription. Upon receipt 12470 of an application for a temporary removable windshield placard, 12471 presentation of the prescription and the signed statement from the 12472 applicant's personal physician or chiropractor, and payment of a 12473 service fee equal to the amount specified in division (D) or (G) 12474 of section 4503.10 of the Revised Code, the registrar or deputy 12475

registrar shall issue to the applicant a temporary removable	12476
windshield placard. The temporary removable windshield placard	12477
shall be of the same size and form as the removable windshield	12478
placard, shall be printed in white on a red-colored background,	12479
and shall bear the word "temporary" in letters of such size as the	12480
registrar shall prescribe. A temporary removable windshield	12481
placard also shall bear the date of expiration on the front and	12482
back of the placard, and shall be valid until expired,	12483
surrendered, or revoked, but in no case shall such a placard be	12484
valid for a period of less than sixty days. The registrar shall	12485
provide the application form and shall determine the information	12486
to be included on it. The registrar also shall determine the	12487
material of which the temporary removable windshield placard is to	12488
be made and any other information to be included on the placard	12489
and shall adopt rules relating to the issuance, expiration,	12490
surrender, revocation, and proper display of those placards. Any	12491
temporary removable windshield placard issued after October 14,	12492
1999, shall be manufactured in a manner that allows for the	12493
expiration date of the placard to be indicated on it through the	12494
punching, drilling, boring, or creation by any other means of	12495
holes in the placard.	12496

(F) If an applicant for a removable windshield placard is a 12497 veteran of the armed forces of the United States whose disability, 12498 as defined in division (A)(1) of this section, is 12499 service-connected, the registrar or deputy registrar, upon receipt 12500 of the application, presentation of a signed statement from the 12501 applicant's personal physician or chiropractor certifying the 12502 applicant's disability, and presentation of such documentary 12503 evidence from the department of veterans affairs that the 12504 disability of the applicant meets at least one of the criteria 12505 identified in division (A)(1) of this section and is 12506 service-connected as the registrar may require by rule, but 12507 without the payment of any service fee, shall issue the applicant 12508

a removable	windshield	placard	that	is	valid	until	expired,	12509
surrendered	, or revoked	d.						12510

Upon a conviction of a violation of division (H), (I), or (J) 12511 of this section, the court shall report the conviction, and send 12512 the placard or parking card, if available, to the registrar, who 12513 thereupon shall revoke the privilege of using the placard or 12514 parking card and send notice in writing to the placardholder or 12515 cardholder at that holder's last known address as shown in the 12516 records of the bureau, and the placardholder or cardholder shall 12517 return the placard or card if not previously surrendered to the 12518 court, to the registrar within ten days following mailing of the 12519 notice. 12520

Whenever a person to whom a removable windshield placard or 12521 parking card has been issued moves to another state, the person 12522 shall surrender the placard or card to the registrar; and whenever 12523 an organization to which a placard or card has been issued changes 12524 its place of operation to another state, the organization shall 12525 surrender the placard or card to the registrar. 12526

- (G) Subject to division (F) of section 4511.69 of the Revised 12527 Code, the operator of a motor vehicle displaying a removable 12528 windshield placard, temporary removable windshield placard, 12529 parking card, or the special license plates authorized by this 12530 section is entitled to park the motor vehicle in any special 12531 parking location reserved for persons with disabilities that limit 12532 or impair the ability to walk, also known as handicapped parking 12533 spaces or disability parking spaces. 12534
- (H) No person or organization that is not eligible under
 division (B) or (E) of this section shall willfully and falsely
 represent that the person or organization is so eligible.

No person or organization shall display license plates issued 12538 under this section unless the license plates have been issued for 12539

the vehicle on which they are displayed and are valid.	12540
(I) No person or organization to which a removable windshield	12541
placard or temporary removable windshield placard is issued shall	12542
do either of the following:	12543
(1) Display or permit the display of the placard on any motor	12544
vehicle when having reasonable cause to believe the motor vehicle	12545
is being used in connection with an activity that does not include	12546
providing transportation for persons with disabilities that limit	12547
or impair the ability to walk;	12548
(2) Refuse to return or surrender the placard, when required.	12549
	12550
(J)(1) No person or organization to which a parking card is	12551
issued shall do either of the following:	12552
(a) Display or permit the display of the parking card on any	12553
motor vehicle when having reasonable cause to believe the motor	12554
vehicle is being used in connection with an activity that does not	12555
include providing transportation for a handicapped person;	12556
(b) Refuse to return or surrender the parking card, when	12557
required.	12558
(2) As used in division (J) of this section:	12559
(a) "Handicapped person" means any person who has lost the	12560
use of one or both legs or one or both arms, who is blind, deaf,	12561
or so severely handicapped as to be unable to move about without	12562
the aid of crutches or a wheelchair, or whose mobility is	12563
restricted by a permanent cardiovascular, pulmonary, or other	12564
handicapping condition.	12565
(b) "Organization" means any private organization or	12566
corporation, or any governmental board, agency, department,	12567
division, or office, that, as part of its business or program,	12568
transports handicapped persons on a regular basis in a motor	12569

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vehicle that has not been altered for the purposes of providing it	12570
with special equipment for use by handicapped persons.	12571
(K) If a removable windshield placard, temporary removable	12572
windshield placard, or parking card is lost, destroyed, or	12573
mutilated, the placardholder or cardholder may obtain a duplicate	12574
by doing both of the following:	12575
(1) Furnishing suitable proof of the loss, destruction, or	12576
mutilation to the registrar;	12577
(2) Paying a service fee equal to the amount specified in	12578
division (D) or (G) of section 4503.10 of the Revised Code.	12579
Any placardholder or cardholder who loses a placard or card	12580
and, after obtaining a duplicate, finds the original, immediately	12581
shall surrender the original placard or card to the registrar.	12582
(L) The registrar shall pay all fees received under this	12583
section for the issuance of removable windshield placards or	12584
temporary removable windshield placards or duplicate removable	12585
windshield placards or cards into the state treasury to the credit	12586
of the state bureau of motor vehicles fund created in section	12587
4501.25 of the Revised Code.	12588
(M) For purposes of enforcing this section, every peace	12589
officer is deemed to be an agent of the registrar. Any peace	12590
officer or any authorized employee of the bureau of motor vehicles	12591
who, in the performance of duties authorized by law, becomes aware	12592
of a person whose placard or parking card has been revoked	12593
pursuant to this section, may confiscate that placard or parking	12594
card and return it to the registrar. The registrar shall prescribe	12595
any forms used by law enforcement agencies in administering this	12596
section.	12597
No peace officer, law enforcement agency employing a peace	12598
officer, or political subdivision or governmental agency employing	12599
a peace officer, and no employee of the bureau is liable in a	12600

civil action for damages or loss to persons arising out of the	12601
performance of any duty required or authorized by this section. As	12602
used in this division, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in	12603
division (B) of section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	12604

(N) All applications for registration of motor vehicles, 12605 removable windshield placards, and temporary removable windshield 12606 placards issued under this section, all renewal notices for such 12607 items, and all other publications issued by the bureau that relate 12608 to this section shall set forth the criminal penalties that may be 12609 imposed upon a person who violates any provision relating to 12610 special license plates issued under this section, the parking of 12611 vehicles displaying such license plates, and the issuance, 12612 procurement, use, and display of removable windshield placards and 12613 temporary removable windshield placards issued under this section. 12614

(0) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor 12615 of the fourth degree. 12616

Sec. 4503.46. (A) For the purposes of this section, "prisoner 12617 of war" means any regularly appointed, enrolled, enlisted, or 12618 inducted member of the military forces of the United States who 12619 was captured, separated, and incarcerated by an enemy of the 12620 United States at any time, and any regularly appointed, enrolled, 12621 or enlisted member of the military forces of Great Britain, 12622 France, any of the countries that comprised the former Union of 12623 Soviet Socialist Republics, Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, 12624 China, Denmark, Greece, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, 12625 Poland, South Africa, or any of the countries that comprised the 12626 former Yugoslavia who was a citizen of the United States at the 12627 time of such appointment, enrollment, or enlistment, and was 12628 captured, separated, and incarcerated by an enemy of this country 12629 during World War II. 12630

(B) Any person who has been a prisoner of war may apply to

the registrar of motor vehicles for the registration of one 12632 passenger car, noncommercial motor vehicle, or other vehicle of a 12633 class approved by the registrar the person owns or leases. The 12634 application shall be accompanied by written evidence in the form 12635 of a record of separation, a letter from one of the armed forces 12636 of the United States or other country as provided in division (A) 12637 of this section, or other evidence as the registrar may require by 12638 rule, that such a person was a prisoner of war and was honorably 12639 discharged or is presently residing in this state on active duty 12640 with one of the branches of the armed forces of the United States, 12641 or was a prisoner of war and was honorably discharged or received 12642 an equivalent discharge or release from one of the armed forces of 12643 such other country. 12644

Upon receipt of an application for registration of a motor 12645 vehicle under this section, and presentation of satisfactory 12646 evidence of such prisoner-of-war status, the registrar shall issue 12647 to the applicant the appropriate vehicle registration and a set of 12648 license plates. In addition to the letters and numbers ordinarily 12649 inscribed thereon, the license plates shall be inscribed with the 12650 words "FORMER POW." The license plates shall be issued without 12651 payment of any registration fee or service fee as required by 12652 division (B) of section 4503.04 and sections 4503.10 and 4503.102 12653 of the Revised Code, and without payment of any applicable county, 12654 township, or municipal motor vehicle tax levied under Chapter 12655 4504. of the Revised Code. 12656

(C) The spouse of a deceased former prisoner of war who has

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not remarried, if the deceased person received or was eligible to

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receive special license plates issued under division (B) of this

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section, may apply to the registrar for the registration of the

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spouse's personal motor vehicle without the payment of any fee or

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tax as provided by division (B) of this section. The application

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for registration shall be accompanied by documentary evidence of

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the deceased person's status as a former prisoner of war and	d by 12664
any other evidence that the registrar requires by rule.	12665

Upon receipt of an application for registration under this division and presentation of satisfactory evidence as required by this division and by the registrar, the registrar shall issue to the spouse the appropriate vehicle registration and a set of license plates as provided in division (B) of this section.

- (D) No person who is not a former prisoner of war or spouse 12671 of a deceased former prisoner of war who has not remarried shall 12672 willfully and falsely represent that the person is such a former 12673 prisoner of war or spouse, for the purpose of obtaining license 12674 plates under this section.
- (E) No person shall own or lease a motor vehicle bearing 12676 license plates issued under this section unless the person is 12677 eligible to be issued the license plates. 12678
- (F) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor 12679 of the fourth degree. 12680

sec. 4503.47. (A) Any person who is a volunteer firefighter 12681 may apply to the registrar of motor vehicles for the registration 12682 of one passenger car or other vehicle of a class approved by the 12683 registrar the person owns or leases. The application shall be 12684 accompanied by such written evidence as the registrar may require 12685 by rule, that the person is a volunteer firefighter. 12686

Upon receipt of an application for the registration of a 12687 passenger car or other vehicle of a class approved by the 12688 registrar under this section and presentation of satisfactory 12689 evidence of such volunteer firefighter status, the registrar shall 12690 issue to the applicant the appropriate vehicle registration and a 12691 set of license plates and a validation sticker, or a validation 12692 sticker alone when required by section 4503.191 of the Revised 12693

thereon, the license plates shall be inscribed with the letters "F.D." inside a Maltese cross emblem. The license plates and validation stickers shall be issued upon payment of the regular license fees as prescribed under section 4503.04 of the Revised Code and any local motor vehicle tax levied under Chapter 4504. of the Revised Code, and upon the payment of an additional fee of ten dollars for issuance under this section. The fee shall be for the purpose of compensating the bureau of motor vehicles for additional services required in the issuing of such license plates, and shall be transmitted by the registrar to the treasurer of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license plates annually.
validation stickers shall be issued upon payment of the regular license fees as prescribed under section 4503.04 of the Revised Code and any local motor vehicle tax levied under Chapter 4504. of the Revised Code, and upon the payment of an additional fee of ten dollars for issuance under this section. The fee shall be for the purpose of compensating the bureau of motor vehicles for additional services required in the issuing of such license plates, and shall be transmitted by the registrar to the treasurer of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12707
license fees as prescribed under section 4503.04 of the Revised Code and any local motor vehicle tax levied under Chapter 4504. of the Revised Code, and upon the payment of an additional fee of ten dollars for issuance under this section. The fee shall be for the purpose of compensating the bureau of motor vehicles for additional services required in the issuing of such license plates, and shall be transmitted by the registrar to the treasurer of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12698 12698 12698 12700 12700 12701 12702 12702 12703
Code and any local motor vehicle tax levied under Chapter 4504. of 12699 the Revised Code, and upon the payment of an additional fee of ten 12700 dollars for issuance under this section. The fee shall be for the 12701 purpose of compensating the bureau of motor vehicles for 12702 additional services required in the issuing of such license 12703 plates, and shall be transmitted by the registrar to the treasurer 12704 of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund 12705 created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall 12706 apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12707
the Revised Code, and upon the payment of an additional fee of ten 12700 dollars for issuance under this section. The fee shall be for the 12701 purpose of compensating the bureau of motor vehicles for 12702 additional services required in the issuing of such license 12703 plates, and shall be transmitted by the registrar to the treasurer 12704 of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund 12705 created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall 12706 apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12707
dollars for issuance under this section. The fee shall be for the 12701 purpose of compensating the bureau of motor vehicles for 12702 additional services required in the issuing of such license 12703 plates, and shall be transmitted by the registrar to the treasurer 12704 of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund 12705 created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall 12706 apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12707
purpose of compensating the bureau of motor vehicles for 12702 additional services required in the issuing of such license 12703 plates, and shall be transmitted by the registrar to the treasurer 12704 of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund 12705 created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall 12706 apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12707
additional services required in the issuing of such license 12703 plates, and shall be transmitted by the registrar to the treasurer 12704 of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund 12705 created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall 12706 apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12707
plates, and shall be transmitted by the registrar to the treasurer 12704 of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund 12705 created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall 12706 apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12707
of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund 12705 created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall 12706 apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12707
created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. No person shall 12706 apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12707
apply for more than one set of volunteer firefighter license 12707
plates annually. 12708

The chief of a fire department or the fire chief shall 12709 immediately notify the registrar whenever any person under the 12710 chief's supervision is no longer a volunteer firefighter. 12711

Whenever a person is no longer eligible to be issued

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volunteer firefighter license plates, the person shall surrender

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the volunteer firefighter license plates to the bureau in exchange

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for plates without the "F.D." emblem. A fee of five dollars shall

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be charged for the services required in the issuing of replacement

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plates when an individual is no longer eligible to be issued

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volunteer firefighter license plates.

Application for volunteer firefighter license plates may be 12719 made, and such license plates and replacement plates shall be 12720 issued, at any time of year. 12721

No person who is not a volunteer firefighter shall willfully 12722 and falsely represent that the person is a volunteer firefighter 12723 for the purpose of obtaining volunteer firefighter license plates 12724 under this section. No person shall own a vehicle bearing such 12725

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license plates unless the person is eligible to be issued such	12726
license plates.	12727
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	12728
of the fourth degree.	12729
Sec. 4503.471. (A) Any person who is a member in good	12730
standing of the international association of firefighters may	12731
apply to the registrar of motor vehicles for the registration of	12732
any passenger car, noncommercial vehicle, motor home, or other	12733
vehicle of a class approved by the registrar that the person owns	12734
or leases and the issuance of international association of	12735
firefighters license plates. The application shall be accompanied	12736
by the written evidence that the registrar may require by rule	12737
showing that the person is a member in good standing of the	12738
international association of firefighters. The application for	12739
international association of firefighters license plates may be	12740
combined with a request for a special reserved license plate under	12741
section 4503.40 or 4503.42 of the Revised Code.	12742
Upon receipt of an application for registration of a vehicle	12743
under this section and presentation of satisfactory evidence	12744
showing that the person is a member in good standing of the	12745
international association of firefighters, the registrar shall	12746
issue to the applicant the appropriate vehicle registrations, sets	12747
of license plates and validation stickers, or validation stickers	12748
alone when required by section 4503.191 of the Revised Code.	12749
In addition to the letters and numbers ordinarily inscribed	12750
on the license plates, international association of firefighters	12751
license plates shall be inscribed with a Maltese cross emblem	12752
designed by the international association of firefighters and	12753
approved by the registrar. International association of	12754
firefighters license plates shall bear county identification	12755
stickers that identify the county of registration by name or	12756

number. 12757

The license plates and validation stickers shall be issued 12758 upon payment of the regular license fee as prescribed under 12759 section 4503.04 of the Revised Code, payment of any local motor 12760 vehicle tax levied under Chapter 4504. of the Revised Code, and 12761 payment of an additional fee of ten dollars for the purpose of 12762 compensating the bureau of motor vehicles for additional services 12763 required in the issuing of license plates under this section. If 12764 the application for international association of firefighters 12765 license plates is combined with a request for a special reserved 12766 license plate under section 4503.40 or 4503.42 of the Revised 12767 Code, the license plate and validation sticker shall be issued 12768 upon payment of the fees and taxes contained in this division and 12769 the additional fee prescribed under section 4503.40 or 4503.42 of 12770 the Revised Code. The registrar shall deposit the additional fee 12771 of ten dollars in the state bureau of motor vehicles fund created 12772 by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. 12773

Whenever a person no longer is eligible to be issued 12774 international association of firefighters license plates, the 12775 person shall surrender the international association of 12776 firefighters license plates to the bureau in exchange for license 12777 plates without the Maltese cross emblem described in this section. 12778 A fee of five dollars shall be charged for the services required 12779 in the issuing of replacement plates when a person no longer is 12780 eligible to be issued international association of firefighters 12781 license plates. 12782

A person may make application for international association 12783 of firefighters license plates at any time of year, and the 12784 registrar shall issue international association of firefighters 12785 license plates and replacement plates at any time of year. 12786

(B) No person who is not a member in good standing of the 12787 international association of firefighters shall willfully and 12788

falsely represent that the person is a member in good standing of	12789
the international association of firefighters for the purpose of	12790
obtaining international association of firefighters license plates	12791
under this section. No person shall own or lease a vehicle bearing	12792
international association of firefighters license plates unless	12793
the person is eligible to be issued international association of	12794
firefighters license plates.	12795

(C) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is guilty 12796
of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 12797

Sec. 4505.101. (A) The owner of any repair garage or place of 12798 storage in which a motor vehicle with a value of less than two 12799 thousand five hundred dollars has been left unclaimed for fifteen 12800 days or more following completion of the requested repair or the 12801 agreed term of storage may send by certified mail, return receipt 12802 requested, to the last known address of the owner a notice to 12803 remove the motor vehicle. If the motor vehicle remains unclaimed 12804 by the owner for fifteen days after the mailing of the notice, and 12805 the person on whose property the vehicle has been abandoned has 12806 received the signed receipt from the certified mail or has been 12807 notified that the delivery was not possible, the person shall 12808 obtain a certificate of title to the motor vehicle in the person's 12809 name in the manner provided in this section. 12810

The owner of the repair garage or place of storage that 12811 mailed the notice shall execute an affidavit that all of the 12812 requirements of this section necessary to authorize the issuance 12813 of a certificate of title for the motor vehicle have been met. The 12814 affidavit shall set forth the value of the motor vehicle when 12815 unclaimed as determined in accordance with standards fixed by the 12816 registrar of motor vehicles; the length of time that the motor 12817 vehicle has remained unclaimed; the expenses incurred with the 12818 motor vehicle; that a notice to remove the vehicle has been mailed 12819

to the titled owner, if known, by certified mail, return receipt	12820
requested; and that a search of the records of the bureau of motor	12821
vehicles has been made for outstanding liens on the motor vehicle.	12822
No affidavit shall be executed or filed under this section	12823
until after a search of the records of the bureau of motor	12824
vehicles has been made. If the research reveals any outstanding	12825
lien on the motor vehicle, the owner of the repair garage or place	12826
of storage of the motor vehicle shall notify the mortgagee or	12827
lienholder by certified mail, return receipt requested, stating	12828
where the motor vehicle is located and the value of the vehicle.	12829
Unless the mortgagee or lienholder claims the motor vehicle within	12830
fifteen days from the mailing of the notice, the mortgagee's	12831
mortgage or the lienholder's lien shall be invalid.	12832
Upon presentation by the owner of the repair garage or place	12833
of storage of the affidavit, showing compliance with all	12834
requirements of this section to the clerk of courts of the county	12835
in which the repair garage or place of storage is located, the	12836
clerk of courts shall issue a certificate of title, free and clear	12837
of all liens and encumbrances, to the owner of the place of	12838
storage.	12839
The value of the motor vehicle, as determined in accordance	12840
with standards fixed by the registrar of motor vehicles, less	12841
expenses incurred by the owner of such repair garage or place of	12842
storage, shall be paid to the clerk of courts for deposit into the	12843
county general fund upon receipt of the certificate of title.	12844
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	12845
than two hundred dollars, imprisoned not more than ninety days, or	12846
both.	12847

sec. 4505.102. (A) If a pawnbroker licensed under Chapter 12848
4727. of the Revised Code makes a loan that is secured by a motor 12849
vehicle, watercraft, or outboard motor and has taken possession of 12850

the motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard motor and the	12851
certificate of title to the motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard	12852
motor, and the owner of the motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard	12853
motor fails to redeem or pay interest on the loan for which the	12854
motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard motor was pledged within	12855
two months from the date of the loan or the date on which the last	12856
interest payment is due, and the pawnbroker notifies the owner by	12857
mail, with proof of mailing, as required by division (A) of	12858
section 4727.11 of the Revised Code, of the possible forfeiture of	12859
the motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard motor, and the owner	12860
fails to redeem the motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard motor	12861
within the thirty-day period required by that division to be	12862
specified in the notice, the pawnbroker shall proceed to obtain a	12863
certificate of title to the motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard	12864
motor in the pawnbroker's name in the manner provided in this	12865
section.	12866
(B) The pawnbroker shall execute an affidavit stating all of	12867
the following:	12868
(1) That the pawnbroker is a pawnbroker licensed under	12869
Chapter 4727. of the Revised Code;	12870
(2) That the pawnbroker has made a loan to the owner of a	12871
motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard motor, and the security for	12872
the loan is the motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard motor;	12873
	12874
(3) That both the motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard	12875
motor and the certificate of title to the motor vehicle,	12876
watercraft, or outboard motor are in the possession of the	12877
pawnbroker;	12878
(4) That the owner of the motor vehicle, watercraft, or	12879
outboard motor has failed to redeem the pledged motor vehicle,	12880
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watercraft, or outboard motor or pay interest on the loan for

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which the motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard motor was pledged	12882
within two months from the date of the loan or the date on which	12883
the last interest payment was due;	12884
(5) That the pawnbroker has notified the owner of the motor	12885
vehicle, watercraft, or outboard motor by mail, with proof of	12886
mailing, as required by division (A) of section 4727.11 of the	12887
Revised Code, and the owner has failed to redeem the motor	12888
vehicle, watercraft, or outboard motor within the thirty-day	12889
period required by that division to be specified in the notice.	12890
Upon presentation by the pawnbroker of a copy of the	12891
affidavit, a copy of the pawn form, a copy of the proof of	12892
mailing, and the certificate of title to the motor vehicle,	12893
watercraft, or outboard motor, a clerk of a court of common pleas	12894
shall issue, if the record shows no lien or encumbrances exist, a	12895
certificate of title, free and clear of all liens and	12896
encumbrances, to the pawnbroker.	12897
(C) No person shall execute or present the affidavit required	12898
by this section, knowing any entry on the affidavit to be false.	12899
	12900
(D) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	12901
than two hundred dollars, imprisoned not more than ninety days, or	12902
both.	12903
Sec. 4505.11. (A) Each owner of a motor vehicle and each	12904
person mentioned as owner in the last certificate of title, when	12905
the motor vehicle is dismantled, destroyed, or changed in such	12906
manner that it loses its character as a motor vehicle, or changed	12907
in such manner that it is not the motor vehicle described in the	12908
certificate of title, shall surrender the certificate of title to	12909
that motor vehicle to a clerk of a court of common pleas, and the	12910
clerk, with the consent of any holders of any liens noted on the	12911

certificate of title, then shall enter a cancellation upon the

clerk's records and shall notify the registrar of motor vehicles 12913 of the cancellation.

Upon the cancellation of a certificate of title in the manner 12915 prescribed by this section, any clerk and the registrar of motor 12916 vehicles may cancel and destroy all certificates and all 12917 memorandum certificates in that chain of title. 12918

- (B) If an Ohio certificate of title or salvage certificate of 12919 title to a motor vehicle is assigned to a salvage dealer, the 12920 dealer is not required to obtain an Ohio certificate of title or a 12921 salvage certificate of title to the motor vehicle in the dealer's 12922 own name if the dealer dismantles or destroys the motor vehicle, 12923 indicates the number of the dealer's motor vehicle salvage 12924 dealer's license on it, marks "FOR DESTRUCTION" across the face of 12925 the certificate of title or salvage certificate of title, and 12926 surrenders the certificate of title or salvage certificate of 12927 title to a clerk of a court of common pleas as provided in 12928 division (A) of this section. If the salvage dealer retains the 12929 motor vehicle for resale, the dealer shall make application for a 12930 salvage certificate of title to the motor vehicle in the dealer's 12931 own name as provided in division (C)(1) of this section. 12932
- (C)(1) When an insurance company declares it economically 12934 impractical to repair such a motor vehicle and has paid an agreed 12935 price for the purchase of the motor vehicle to any insured or 12936 claimant owner, the insurance company shall receive the 12937 certificate of title and the motor vehicle and proceed as follows. 12938 Within thirty days, the insurance company shall deliver the 12939 certificate of title to a clerk of a court of common pleas and 12940 shall make application for a salvage certificate of title. The 12941 clerk shall issue the salvage certificate of title on a form, 12942 prescribed by the registrar, that shall be easily distinguishable 12943 from the original certificate of title and shall bear the same 12944

number and information as the original certificate of title. 12945 Except as provided in division (C)(2) of this section, the salvage 12946 certificate of title shall be assigned by the insurance company to 12947 a salvage dealer or any other person for use as evidence of 12948 ownership upon the sale or other disposition of the motor vehicle, 12949 and the salvage certificate of title shall be transferrable to any 12950 other person. The clerk shall charge a fee of four dollars for the 12951 cost of processing each salvage certificate of title. 12952

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- (2) If an insurance company considers a motor vehicle as described in division (C)(1) of this section to be impossible to restore for highway operation, the insurance company may assign the certificate of title to the motor vehicle to a salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility and send the assigned certificate of title to the clerk of the court of common pleas of the county in which the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility is located. The insurance company shall mark the face of the certificate of title "FOR DESTRUCTION" and shall deliver a photocopy of the certificate of title to the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility for its records.
- (3) If an insurance company declares it economically 12965 impractical to repair a motor vehicle, agrees to pay to the 12966 insured or claimant owner an amount in settlement of a claim 12967 against a policy of motor vehicle insurance covering the motor 12968 vehicle, and agrees to permit the insured or claimant owner to 12969 retain possession of the motor vehicle, the insurance company 12970 shall not pay the insured or claimant owner any amount in 12971 settlement of the insurance claim until the owner obtains a 12972 salvage certificate of title to the vehicle and furnishes a copy 12973 of the salvage certificate of title to the insurance company. 12974
- (D) When a self-insured organization, rental or leasing 12975 company, or secured creditor becomes the owner of a motor vehicle 12976

that is burned, damaged, or dismantled and is determined to be	12977
economically impractical to repair, the self-insured organization,	12978
rental or leasing company, or secured creditor shall do one of the	12979
following:	12980

- (1) Mark the face of the certificate of title to the motor 12981 vehicle "FOR DESTRUCTION" and surrender the certificate of title 12982 to a clerk of a court of common pleas for cancellation as 12983 described in division (A) of this section. The self-insured 12984 organization, rental or leasing company, or secured creditor then 12985 shall deliver the motor vehicle, together with a photocopy of the 12986 certificate of title, to a salvage dealer or scrap metal 12987 processing facility and shall cause the motor vehicle to be 12988 dismantled, flattened, crushed, or destroyed. 12989
- (2) Obtain a salvage certificate of title to the motor 12990 vehicle in the name of the self-insured organization, rental or 12991 leasing company, or secured creditor, as provided in division 12992 (C)(1) of this section, and then sell or otherwise dispose of the 12993 motor vehicle. If the motor vehicle is sold, the self-insured 12994 organization, rental or leasing company, or secured creditor shall 12995 obtain a salvage certificate of title to the motor vehicle in the 12996 name of the purchaser from a clerk of a court of common pleas. 12997
- (E) If a motor vehicle titled with a salvage certificate of 12999 title is restored for operation upon the highways, application 13000 shall be made to a clerk of a court of common pleas for a 13001 certificate of title. Upon inspection by the state highway patrol, 13002 which shall include establishing proof of ownership and an 13003 inspection of the motor number and vehicle identification number 13004 of the motor vehicle and of documentation or receipts for the 13005 materials used in restoration by the owner of the motor vehicle 13006 being inspected, which documentation or receipts shall be 13007 presented at the time of inspection, the clerk, upon surrender of 13008

the salvage certificate of title, shall issue a certificate of	13009
title for a fee prescribed by the registrar. The certificate of	13010
title shall be in the same form as the original certificate of	13011
title, shall bear the same number as the salvage certificate of	13012
title and the original certificate of title, and shall bear the	13013
words "REBUILT SALVAGE" in black boldface letters on its face.	13014
Every subsequent certificate of title, memorandum certificate of	13015
title, or duplicate certificate of title issued for the motor	13016
vehicle also shall bear the words "REBUILT SALVAGE" in black	13017
boldface letters on its face. The exact location on the face of	13018
the certificate of title of the words "REBUILT SALVAGE" shall be	13019
determined by the registrar, who shall develop an automated	13020
procedure within the automated title processing system to comply	13021
with this division. The clerk shall use reasonable care in	13022
performing the duties imposed on the clerk by this division in	13023
issuing a certificate of title pursuant to this division, but the	13024
clerk is not liable for any of the clerk's errors or omissions or	13025
those of the clerk's deputies, or the automated title processing	13026
system in the performance of those duties. A fee of fifty dollars	13027
shall be assessed by the state highway patrol for each inspection	13028
made pursuant to this division and shall be deposited into the	13029
state highway safety fund established by section 4501.06 of the	13030
Revised Code.	13031

- (F) No person shall operate upon the highways in this state a 13032 motor vehicle, title to which is evidenced by a salvage 13033 certificate of title, except to deliver the motor vehicle pursuant 13034 to an appointment for an inspection under this section. 13035
- (G) No motor vehicle the certificate of title to which has 13036 been marked "FOR DESTRUCTION" and surrendered to a clerk of a 13037 court of common pleas shall be used for anything except parts and 13038 scrap metal.
 - (H)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, an

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- (2) If the certificate of title for a manufactured or mobile 13051 home that is to be taxed as real property is held by a lienholder, 13052 the lienholder shall surrender the certificate of title to the 13053 auditor of the county containing the taxing district in which the 13054 home is located, and the auditor shall deliver the certificate of 13055 title to the clerk of the court of common pleas who issued it. The 13056 lienholder shall surrender the certificate within thirty days 13057 after both of the following have occurred: 13058
- (a) The homeowner has provided written notice to the 13059 lienholder requesting that the certificate of title be surrendered 13060 to the auditor of the county containing the taxing district in 13061 which the home is located.
- (b) The homeowner has either paid the lienholder the 13063 remaining balance owed to the lienholder, or, with the 13064 lienholder's consent, executed and delivered to the lienholder a 13065 mortgage on the home and land on which the home is sited in the 13066 amount of the remaining balance owed to the lienholder. 13067
- (3) Upon the delivery of a certificate of title by the county 13068auditor to the clerk, the clerk shall inactivate it and retain it 13069for a period of thirty years. 13070
 - (4) Upon application by the owner of a manufactured or mobile 13071

home that is taxed as real property pursuant to division (B) of	13072
section 4503.06 of the Revised Code and that no longer satisfies	13073
divisions $(B)(1)(a)$ and (b) or divisions $(B)(2)(a)$ and (b) of that	13074
section, the clerk shall reactivate the record of the certificate	13075
of title that was inactivated under division (H)(3) of this	13076
section and shall issue a new certificate of title, but only if	13077
the application contains or has attached to it all of the	13078
following:	13079
(a) An endorsement of the county treasurer that all real	13080
property taxes charged against the home under Title LVII of the	13081
Revised Code and division (B) of section 4503.06 of the Revised	13082
Code for all preceding tax years have been paid;	13083
(b) An endorsement of the county auditor that the home will	13084
be removed from the real property tax list;	13085
(c) Proof that there are no outstanding mortgages or other	13086
liens on the home or, if there are such mortgages or other liens,	13087
that the mortgagee or lienholder has consented to the reactivation	13088
of the certificate of title.	13089
(I)(1) Whoever violates division (F) of this section shall be	13090
fined not more than two thousand dollars, imprisoned not more than	13091
one year, or both.	13092
(2) Whoever violates division (G) of this section shall be	13093
fined not more than one thousand dollars, imprisoned not more than	13094
six months, or both.	13095
Sec. 4505.111. (A) Every motor vehicle, other than a motor	13096
vehicle as provided in divisions (C), (D), and (E) of section	13097
4505.11 of the Revised Code, that is assembled from component	13098
parts by a person other than the manufacturer, shall be inspected	13099
by the state highway patrol prior to issuance of title to the	13100
motor vehicle. The inspection shall include establishing proof of	13101

having knowledge of a stolen motor vehicle, immediately shall

furnish the registrar of motor vehicles with full information

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been canceled.

(B) This section does not apply to persons engaged in the	13193
business of warehousing or transporting motor vehicles for the	13194
purpose of salvage disposition.	13195
(C) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	13196
than two hundred dollars, imprisoned not more than ninety days, or	13197
both.	13198
Sec. 4505.19. (A) No person shall do any of the following:	13199
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Procure or attempt to procure a certificate of title	13200
or a salvage certificate of title to a motor vehicle, or pass or	13201
attempt to pass a certificate of title, a salvage certificate of	13202
title, or any assignment of a certificate of title or salvage	13203
certificate of title to a motor vehicle, or in any other manner	13204
gain or attempt to gain ownership to a motor vehicle, knowing or	13205
having reason to believe that the motor vehicle or any part of the	13206
motor vehicle has been acquired through commission of a theft	13207
offense as defined in section 2913.01 of the Revised Code;	13208
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ Purport to sell or transfer a motor vehicle without	13209
delivering to the purchaser or transferee of it a certificate of	13210
title, a salvage certificate of title, or a manufacturer's or	13211
importer's certificate to it, assigned to the purchaser as	13212
provided for in this chapter, except as otherwise provided in this	13213
chapter;	13214
$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ With intent to defraud, possess, sell, offer to sell,	13215
counterfeit, or supply a blank, forged, fictitious, counterfeit,	13216
stolen, or fraudulently or unlawfully obtained certificate of	13217
title, registration, bill of sale, or other instruments of	13218
ownership of a motor vehicle, or conspire to do any of the	13219
foregoing;	13220
$\frac{(D)}{(4)}$ Knowingly obtain goods, services, credit, or money by	13221
means of an invalid, fictitious, forged, counterfeit, stolen, or	13222

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unlawfully obtained original or duplicate certificate of title,	13223
registration, bill of sale, or other instrument of ownership of a	13224
motor vehicle;	13225
$\frac{(E)}{(5)}$ Knowingly obtain goods, services, credit, or money by	13226
means of a certificate of title to a motor vehicle, which is	13227
required to be surrendered to the registrar of motor vehicles or	13228
the clerk of the court of common pleas as provided in this	13229
chapter.	13230
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	13231
than five thousand dollars or imprisoned in the county jail or	13232
workhouse not less than six months nor more than one year, or	13233
both, or in a state correctional institution not less than one	13234
year nor more than five years.	13235
Sec. 4505.20. (A) Notwithstanding division (A)(2) of section	13236
4505.18 of the Revised Code or any other provision of this chapter	13237
or Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code, a secured party may	13238
designate any dealer to display, display for sale, or sell a	13239
manufactured or mobile home if the home has come into the	13240
possession of that secured party by a default in the terms of a	13241
security instrument and the certificate of title remains in the	13242
name and possession of the secured party.	13243
(B) Notwithstanding division (A)(2) of section 4505.18 of the	13244
Revised Code or any other provision of this chapter or Chapter	13245
4517. of the Revised Code, the owner of a recreational vehicle or	13246
a secured party of a recreational vehicle who has come into	13247
possession of the vehicle by a default in the terms of a security	13248
instrument, may designate any dealer to display, display for sale,	13249
or sell the vehicle while the certificate of title remains in the	13250
possession of the owner or secured party. No dealer may display or	13251
offer for sale more than five recreational vehicles at any time	13252

under this division. No dealer may display or offer for sale a 13253

Sec. 4505.21. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Certified receipt of title cancellation" means a form	13284
prescribed by the registrar of motor vehicles for use under this	13285
section that shall include all of the following:	13286
(a) The name of the owner who surrenders a certificate of	13287
title to a vehicle intended to be exported;	13288
(b) A description of the motor vehicle that shall include the	13289
year, make, model, style, vehicle identification number, color,	13290
license registration number, and the state of registration;	13291
(c) The destination of the motor vehicle;	13292
(d) Whether the purpose of the export is for sale, lease,	13293
personal use, or other specified use;	13294
(e) Such other information as the registrar determines to be	13295
appropriate.	13296
(2) A "declaration of temporary export" means a form	13297
prescribed by the registrar that includes all of the following:	13298
(a) The items specified in divisions (A)(1)(a) to (e) of this	13299
section;	13300
(b) A statement that the vehicle will not be permanently	13301
located outside of the United States and that the owner intends to	13302
return the vehicle to the United States;	13303
(c) The period of time for which it is anticipated that the	13304
motor vehicle will be located outside of the United States.	13305
(3) "Export" means the shipping or transportation of a motor	13306
vehicle from any point inside the United States to a point outside	13307
of the United States. "Export" does not include operating the	13308
motor vehicle by means of its own power or that of a motor vehicle	13309
drawing or towing it unless the purpose of the owner is to avoid	13310
compliance with division (B) or (C) of this section.	13311
(4) "Owner" means the person named on a certificate of title	13312

issued by this state as the owner or assignee of the owner of the	13313
motor vehicle for which the certificate of title has been issued	13314
and includes any person who is lawfully entitled to the issuance	13315
of a new certificate of title to the motor vehicle naming the	13316
person as owner of the vehicle or who is lawfully entitled to	13317
surrender the certificate of title under this section. "Owner"	13318
includes a secured party who exports or permits the export of a	13319
motor vehicle in the exercise of the secured party's rights and	13320
powers under the security agreement.	13321
(B) No owner of a motor vehicle who exports or permits the	13322
export of the motor vehicle for permanent location outside of the	13323
United States shall do any of the following:	13324
(1) Fail to surrender the certificate of title to the motor	13325
vehicle to the registrar prior to the date that the motor vehicle	13326
is delivered to any person for export;	13327
(2) Knowingly fail to surrender the certificate of title to	13328
the motor vehicle to the registrar prior to the date that the	13329
motor vehicle is delivered to any person for export.	13330
(C) No owner of a motor vehicle who exports or permits the	13331
export of the motor vehicle for temporary location outside of the	13332
United States shall do any of the following:	13333
(1) Fail to file a declaration of temporary export with the	13334
registrar prior to the date that the motor vehicle is delivered to	13335
any person for export;	13336
(2) Purposely fail to file a declaration of temporary export	13337
with the registrar prior to the date that the motor vehicle is	13338
delivered to any person for export in order to facilitate the	13339
commission of a conspiracy, attempt, complicity, or theft offense	13340
related to the title of a motor vehicle or the proceeds of a motor	13341
vehicle insurance policy.	13342

(D)(1) Proof that the defendant acted in good faith and 13343

- be delivered and any security interests that are to be noted on 13358 the certified receipt of title cancellation. The registrar shall 13359 inspect the title surrender form and the certificate of title to 13360 determine whether any uncanceled security interests have been 13361 noted on the title under section 4505.13 of the Revised Code and 13362 whether the person exporting the vehicle is the lawful owner. If 13363 the registrar determines that the certificate is in proper order 13364 and that all secured parties having uncanceled security interests 13365 noted on the certificate have consented to the surrender of the 13366 certificate, the registrar shall issue a certified receipt of 13367 title to the owner with such notation of security interests as 13368 shall be requested upon the title surrender form. 13369
- (F) The registrar shall record a declaration of temporary 13370 export filed under division (B)(2) of this section and retain it 13371 with the records of the certificate of title until the owner 13372 notifies the registrar, on a form prescribed by the registrar, 13373 that the motor vehicle has been returned to the United States. 13374
 - (G)(1) Whoever violates division (B)(1) or (C)(1) of this 13375

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section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	13376
(2) Whoever violates division (B)(2) or (C)(2) of this	13377
section is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree.	13378
Sec. 4505.99. (A) Whoever violates division (G) of section	13379
4505.11 of the Revised Code shall be fined not more than one	13380
thousand dollars, imprisoned not more than six months, or both.	13381
(B) Whoever violates division (F) of section 4505.11 or	13382
section 4505.111 of the Revised Code shall be fined not more than	13383
two thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year, or	13384
both.	13385
(C) Whoever violates any provision of sections 4505.01 to	13386
4505.21 of the Revised Code for which no penalty $\pm s$ otherwise $\pm s$	13387
provided in this the section that contains the provision violated	13388
shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars, imprisoned not	13389
more than ninety days, or both.	13390
(D) Whoever violates section 4505.19 of the Revised Code	13391
shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned	13392
in the county jail or workhouse not less than six months nor more	13393
than one year, or both, or in a state correctional institution not	13394
less than one nor more than five years.	13395
(E) Whoever violates division (B)(1) or (C)(1) of section	13396
4505.21 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	13397
first-degree.	13398
(F) Whoever violates division (B)(2) or (C)(2) of section	13399
4505.21 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth	13400
degree.	13401
Sec. 4506.01. As used in this chapter:	13402
(A) "Alcohol concentration" means the concentration of	13403
alcohol in a person's blood, breath, or urine. When expressed as a	13404

(4) Any school bus with a gross vehicle weight rating of less	13435
than twenty-six thousand one pounds that is designed to transport	13436
fewer than sixteen passengers including the driver;	13437
(5) Is transporting hazardous materials for which placarding	13438
is required by regulations adopted under the "Hazardous Materials	13439
Transportation Act, 88 Stat. 2156 (1975), 49 U.S.C.A. 1801, as	13440
amended;	13441
(6) Any single vehicle or combination of vehicles that is	13442
designed to be operated and to travel on a public street or	13443
highway and is considered by the federal highway administration to	13444
be a commercial motor vehicle, including, but not limited to, a	13445
motorized crane, a vehicle whose function is to pump cement, a rig	13446
for drilling wells, and a portable crane.	13447
(F) "Controlled substance" means all of the following:	13448
(1) Any substance classified as a controlled substance under	13449
the "Controlled Substances Act," 80 Stat. 1242 (1970), 21 U.S.C.A.	13450
802(6), as amended;	13451
(2) Any substance included in schedules I through V of 21	13452
C.F.R. part 1308, as amended;	13453
(3) Any drug of abuse.	13454
(G) "Conviction" means an unvacated adjudication of guilt or	13455
a determination that a person has violated or failed to comply	13456
with the law in a court of original jurisdiction or an authorized	13457
administrative tribunal, an unvacated forfeiture of bail or	13458
collateral deposited to secure the person's appearance in court,	13459
the payment of a fine or court cost, or violation of a condition	13460
of release without bail, regardless of whether or not the penalty	13461
is rebated, suspended, or probated.	13462
(H) "Disqualification" means withdrawal of the privilege to	13463
drive a commercial motor vehicle.	13464

(I) "Drive" means to drive, operate, or be in physical control of a motor vehicle.	13465 13466
Control of a motor venicle.	13400
(J) "Driver" means any person who drives, operates, or is in	13467
physical control of a commercial motor vehicle or is required to	13468
have a commercial driver's license.	13469
(K) "Driver's license" means a license issued by the bureau	13470
of motor vehicles that authorizes an individual to drive.	13471
(L) "Drug of abuse" means any controlled substance, dangerous	13472
drug as defined in section 4729.01 of the Revised Code, or	13473
over-the-counter medication that, when taken in quantities	13474
exceeding the recommended dosage, can result in impairment of	13475
judgment or reflexes.	13476
(M) "Employer" means any person, including the federal	13477
government, any state, and a political subdivision of any state,	13478
that owns or leases a commercial motor vehicle or assigns a person	13479
to drive such a motor vehicle.	13480
(N) "Endorsement" means an authorization on a person's	13481
commercial driver's license that is required to permit the person	13482
to operate a specified type of commercial motor vehicle.	13483
(0) "Felony" means any offense under federal or state law	13484
that is punishable by death or specifically classified as a felony	13485
under the law of this state, regardless of the penalty that may be	13486
imposed.	13487
(P) "Foreign jurisdiction" means any jurisdiction other than	13488
a state.	13489
(Q) "Gross vehicle weight rating" means the value specified	13490
by the manufacturer as the maximum loaded weight of a single or a	13491
combination vehicle. The gross vehicle weight rating of a	13492
combination vehicle is the gross vehicle weight rating of the	13493
power unit plus the gross vehicle weight rating of each towed	13494

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facilitate handling of the tank by mechanical means.	13555
Sec. 4506.02. (A) Nothing in this chapter applies to any	13556
person when engaged in the operation of any of the following:	13557
(1) A farm truck;	13558
(2) Fire equipment for a fire department, volunteer or	13559
nonvolunteer fire company, fire district, or joint fire district;	13560
(3) A public safety vehicle used to provide transportation or	13561
emergency medical service for ill or injured persons;	13562
(4) A recreational vehicle;	13563
(5) A commercial motor vehicle within the boundaries of an	13564
eligible unit of local government, if the person is employed by	13565
the eligible unit of local government and is operating the	13566
commercial motor vehicle for the purpose of removing snow or ice	13567
from a roadway by plowing, sanding, or salting, but only if either	13568
the employee who holds a commercial driver's license issued under	13569
this chapter and ordinarily operates a commercial motor vehicle	13570
for these purposes is unable to operate the vehicle, or the	13571
employing eligible unit of local government determines that a snow	13572
or ice emergency exists that requires additional assistance;	13573
(6) A vehicle owned by the department of defense and operated	13574
by any member or uniformed employee of the armed forces of the	13575
United States or their reserve components, including the Ohio	13576
national guard. This exception does not apply to United States	13577
reserve technicians.	13578
(7) A commercial motor vehicle that is operated for	13579
nonbusiness purposes. "Operated for nonbusiness purposes" means	13580
that the commercial motor vehicle is not used in commerce as	13581
"commerce" is defined in 49 C.F.R. 383.5, as amended, and is not	13582
regulated by the public utilities commission pursuant to Chapter	13583
4919., 4921., or 4923. of the Revised Code.	13584

(8) A motor vehicle that is designed primarily for the	13585
transportation of goods and not persons, while that motor vehicle	13586
is being used for the occasional transportation of personal	13587
property by individuals not for compensation and not in the	13588
furtherance of a commercial enterprise.	13589
(B) Nothing contained in division $(A)(5)$ of this section	13590
shall be construed as preempting or superseding any law, rule, or	13591
regulation of this state concerning the safe operation of	13592
commercial motor vehicles.	13593
(B)(C) As used in this section:	13594
(1) "Eligible unit of local government" means a village,	13595
township, or county that has a population of not more than three	13596
thousand persons according to the most recent federal census.	13597
(2) "Farm truck" means a truck controlled and operated by a	13598
farmer for use in the transportation to or from a farm, for a	13599
distance of no more than one hundred fifty miles, of products of	13600
the farm, including livestock and its products, poultry and its	13601
products, floricultural and horticultural products, and in the	13602
transportation to the farm, from a distance of no more than one	13603
hundred fifty miles, of supplies for the farm, including tile,	13604
fence, and every other thing or commodity used in agricultural,	13605
floricultural, horticultural, livestock, and poultry production,	13606
and livestock, poultry, and other animals and things used for	13607
breeding, feeding, or other purposes connected with the operation	13608
of the farm, when the truck is operated in accordance with this	13609
division and is not used in the operations of a motor	13610
transportation company or private motor carrier.	13611
(3) "Public safety vehicle" has the same meaning as in	13612
divisions $(E)(1)$ and (3) of section 4511.01 of the Revised Code.	13613

(4) "Recreational vehicle" includes every vehicle that is 13614

defined as a recreational vehicle in section 4501.01 of the

(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	13647
of the first degree.	13648
Sec. 4506.04. (A) No person shall do any of the following:	13649
(1) Drive a commercial motor vehicle while having in his the	13650
<pre>person's possession or otherwise under his the person's control</pre>	13651
more than one valid driver's license issued by this state, any	13652
other state, or by a foreign jurisdiction;	13653
(2) Drive a commercial motor vehicle on a highway in this	13654
state in violation of an out-of-service order, while his the	13655
person's driving privilege is suspended, revoked, or canceled, or	13656
while he the person is subject to disqualification;	13657
(3) Drive a motor vehicle on a highway in this state under	13658
authority of a commercial driver's license issued by another state	13659
or a foreign jurisdiction, after having been a resident of this	13660
state for thirty days or longer;	13661
(4) Knowingly give false information in any application or	13662
certification required by section 4506.07 of the Revised Code.	13663
(B) The department of public safety shall give every	13664
conviction occurring out of this state and notice of which is	13665
received after December 31, 1989, full faith and credit and treat	13666
it for sanctioning purposes under this chapter as though the	13667
conviction had occurred in this state.	13668
(C)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of this	13669
section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	13670
(2) Whoever violates division (A)(4) of this section is	13671
guilty of falsification, a misdemeanor of the first degree. In	13672
addition, the provisions of section 4507.19 of the Revised Code	13673
apply.	13674

Sec. 4506.05. (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,

a person may drive a commercial motor vehicle on a highway in this	13676
state if all of the following conditions are met:	13677
(A) He (1) The person has a valid commercial driver's license	13678
or commercial driver's license temporary instruction permit issued	13679
by any state in accordance with the minimum standards adopted by	13680
the federal highway administration under the "Commercial Motor	13681
Vehicle Safety Act of 1986," 100 Stat. 3207-171, 49 U.S.C.A. App.	13682
for issuance of commercial drivers' licenses;	13683
(B) His (2) The person's commercial driver's license or	13684
permit is not suspended, revoked, or canceled;	13685
(C) He (3) The person is not disqualified from driving a	13686
commercial motor vehicle;	13687
(D) He (4) The person is not subject to an out-of-service	13688
order.	13689
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	13690
of the first degree.	13691
Sec. 4506.06. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles, upon	13692
receiving an application for a commercial driver's temporary	13693
instruction permit, may issue the permit to any person who is at	13694
least eighteen years of age and holds a valid driver's license,	13695
other than a restricted license, issued under Chapter 4507. of the	13696
Revised Code. A commercial driver's temporary instruction permit	13697
shall not be issued for a period exceeding six months and only one	13698
renewal of a permit shall be granted in a two-year period.	13699
The holder of a commercial driver's temporary instruction	13700
permit, unless otherwise disqualified, may drive a commercial	13701
motor vehicle when having the permit in the holder's actual	13702
possession and accompanied by a person who holds a valid	13703
commercial driver's license valid for the type of vehicle being	13704
commercial driver's license valid for the type of vehicle being driven and who occupies a seat beside the permit holder for the	

(c) A person who is a certified nurse practitioner or a	13736
clinical nurse specialist licensed under Chapter 4723. of the	13737
Revised Code who is practicing in accordance with a standard care	13738
arrangement pursuant to section 4723.431 of the Revised Code.	13739
(2) Any part of an examination required by this section that	13740
pertains to visual acuity, field of vision, and the ability to	13741
recognize colors may be performed by a person licensed under	13742
Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code to practice optometry in this	13743
state, or licensed under any similar law of another state.	13744
(D) Whenever good cause appears, the registrar, upon issuing	13745
a commercial driver's license under this chapter, may impose	13746
restrictions suitable to the licensee's driving ability with	13747
respect to the type of motor vehicle or special mechanical control	13748
devices required on a motor vehicle that the licensee may operate,	13749
or such other restrictions applicable to the licensee as the	13750
registrar determines to be necessary.	13751
The registrar may either issue a special restricted license	13752
or may set forth $\frac{1}{2}$ the restrictions upon the usual license form $\frac{1}{2}$	13753
restrictions imposed.	13754
The registrar, upon receiving satisfactory evidence of any	13755
violation of the restrictions of the license, may suspend or	13756
revoke it impose a class D license suspension of the license for	13757
the period of time specified in division (B)(4) of section 4510.02	13758
of the Revised Code.	13759
The registrar, upon receiving satisfactory evidence that an	13760
applicant or holder of a commercial driver's license has violated	13761
division (A)(4) of section 4506.04 of the Revised Code and	13762
knowingly given false information in any application or	13763
certification required by section 4506.07 of the Revised Code,	13764
shall cancel the commercial driver's license of the person or any	13765

pending application from the person for a commercial driver's

license or class D driver's license for a period of at least sixty	13767
days, during which time no application for a commercial driver's	13768
license or class D driver's license shall be received from the	13769
person.	13770
Sec. 4506.11. (A) Every commercial driver's license shall be	13773
marked "commercial driver's license" or "CDL" and shall be of such	13774
material and so designed as to prevent its reproduction or	13775
alteration without ready detection, and, to this end, shall be	13776
laminated with a transparent plastic material. The commercial	13777
driver's license for licensees under twenty-one years of age shall	13778
have characteristics prescribed by the registrar of motor vehicles	13779
distinguishing it from that issued to a licensee who is twenty-one	13780
years of age or older. Every commercial driver's license shall	13781
display all of the following information:	13782
(1) The name and residence address of the licensee;	13783
(2) A color photograph of the licensee;	13784
(3) A physical description of the licensee, including sex,	13785
height, weight, and color of eyes and hair;	13786
(4) The licensee's date of birth;	13787
(4) The licensee's date of Diffin	13707
(5) The licensee's social security number if the person has	13788
requested that the number be displayed in accordance with section	13789
4501.31 of the Revised Code or if federal law requires the social	13790
security number to be displayed and any number or other identifier	13791
the director of public safety considers appropriate and	13792
establishes by rules adopted under Chapter 119. of the Revised	13793
Code and in compliance with federal law.	13794
(6) The licensee's signature;	13795
(7) The classes of commercial motor vehicles the licensee is	13796
authorized to drive and any endorsements or restrictions relating	13797
to the licensee's driving of those vehicles;	13798

(8) A space marked "blood type" in which the licensee may	13799
specify the licensee's blood type;	13800
(9) The name of this state;	13801
(10) The dates of issuance and of expiration of the license;	13802
(11) If the licensee has certified willingness to make an	13803
anatomical donation under section 2108.04 of the Revised Code, any	13804
symbol chosen by the registrar of motor vehicles to indicate that	13805
the licensee has certified that willingness;	13806
(12) If the licensee has executed a durable power of attorney	13807
for health care or a declaration governing the use or	13808
continuation, or the withholding or withdrawal, of life-sustaining	13809
treatment and has specified that the licensee wishes the license	13810
to indicate that the licensee has executed either type of	13811
instrument, any symbol chosen by the registrar to indicate that	13812
the licensee has executed either type of instrument;	13813
(13) Any other information the registrar considers advisable	13814
and requires by rule.	13815
(B) The registrar may establish and maintain a file of	13816
negatives of photographs taken for the purposes of this section.	13817
(C) Neither the registrar nor any deputy registrar shall	13818
issue a commercial driver's license to anyone under twenty-one	13819
years of age that does not have the characteristics prescribed by	13820
the registrar distinguishing it from the commercial driver's	13821
license issued to persons who are twenty-one years of age or	13822
older.	13823
(D) Whoever violates division (C) of this section is guilty	13824
of a minor misdemeanor.	13825
(E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	13771
of the first degree.	13772

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Sec. 4506.12. (A) Commercial drivers' licenses shall be	13826
issued in the following classes and shall include any endorsements	13827
and restrictions that are applicable. Subject to any such	13828
endorsements and restrictions, the holder of a valid commercial	13829
driver's license may drive all commercial motor vehicles in the	13830
class for which that license is issued and all lesser classes of	13831
vehicles, except that $\frac{1}{1}$ the $\frac{1}{1}$ shall not operate a motorcycle	13832
unless he the holder is licensed to do so under Chapter 4507. of	13833
the Revised Code.	13834
(B) The classes of commercial drivers' licenses and the	13835
commercial motor vehicles that they authorize the operation of are	13836
as follows:	13837
(1) Class Aany combination of vehicles with a combined	13838
gross vehicle weight rating of twenty-six thousand one pounds or	13839
more, if the gross vehicle weight rating of the vehicle or	13840
vehicles being towed is in excess of ten thousand pounds.	13841
(2) Class Bany single vehicle with a gross vehicle weight	13842
rating of twenty-six thousand one pounds or more or any such	13843
vehicle towing a vehicle having a gross vehicle weight rating that	13844
is not in excess of ten thousand pounds.	13845
(3) Class Cany single vehicle, or combination of vehicles,	13846
that is not a class A or class B vehicle, but that either is	13847
designed to transport sixteen or more passengers, including the	13848
driver, or is placarded for hazardous materials and any school bus	13849
with a gross vehicle weight rating of less than twenty-six	13850
thousand one pounds that is designed to transport fewer than	13851
sixteen passengers including the driver.	13852
(C) The following endorsements and restrictions apply to	13853
commercial drivers' licenses:	13854

(1) H--authorizes the driver to drive a vehicle transporting

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proper endorsement appears on the person's commercial driver's	13885
license.	13886
(E) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor	13887
of the first degree.	13888
Sec. 4506.14. (A) Commercial driver's licenses shall expire	13889
as follows:	13890
(1) Except as provided in division (A)(3) of this section,	13891
each such license issued to replace an operator's or chauffeur's	13892
license shall expire on the original expiration date of the	13893
operator's or chauffeur's license and, upon renewal, shall expire	13894
on the licensee's birthday in the fourth year after the date of	13895
issuance.	13896
(2) Except as provided in division (A)(3) of this section,	13897
each such license issued as an original license to a person whose	13898
residence is in this state shall expire on the licensee's birthday	13899
in the fourth year after the date of issuance, and each such	13900
license issued to a person whose temporary residence is in this	13901
state shall expire in accordance with rules adopted by the	13902
registrar of motor vehicles. A license issued to a person with a	13903
temporary residence in this state is nonrenewable, but may be	13904
replaced with a new license within ninety days prior to its	13905
expiration upon the applicant's compliance with all applicable	13906
requirements.	13907
(3) Each such license issued to replace the operator's or	13908
chauffeur's license of a person who is less than twenty-one years	13909
of age, and each such license issued as an original license to a	13910
person who is less than twenty-one years of age, shall expire on	13911
the licensee's twenty-first birthday.	13912
(B) No commercial driver's license shall be issued for a	13913
period longer than four years and ninety days. Except as provided	13914

in section 4507.12 of the Revised Code, the registrar may waive	13915
the examination of any person applying for the renewal of a	13916
commercial driver's license issued under this chapter, provided	13917
that the applicant presents either an unexpired commercial	13918
driver's license or a commercial driver's license that has expired	13919
not more than six months prior to the date of application.	13920
(C) Subject to the requirements of this chapter and except as	13921
provided in division (A)(2) of this section in regard to a person	13922
whose temporary residence is in this state, every commercial	13923
driver's license shall be renewable ninety days before its	13924
expiration upon payment of the fees required by section 4506.08 of	13925
the Revised Code. Each person applying for renewal of a commercial	13926
driver's license shall complete the application form prescribed by	13927
section 4506.07 of the Revised Code and shall provide all	13928
certifications required. If the person wishes to retain an	13929
endorsement authorizing the person to transport hazardous	13930
materials, the person shall take and successfully complete the	13931
written test for the endorsement.	13932
(D) Each person licensed as a driver under this chapter shall	13933
notify the registrar of any change in the person's address within	13934
ten days following that change. The notification shall be in	13935
writing on a form provided by the registrar and shall include the	13936
full name, date of birth, license number, county of residence,	13937
social security number, and new address of the person.	13938
(E) Whoever violates division (D) of this section is guilty	13939
of a minor misdemeanor.	13940
Sec. 4506.15. (A) No person shall do any of the following:	13941
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Drive a commercial motor vehicle while having a	13942
measurable or detectable amount of alcohol or of a controlled	13943
substance in his the person's blood, breath, or urine;	13944

$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ Drive a commercial motor vehicle while having an	13945
alcohol concentration of four-hundredths of one per cent or more;	13946
$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ Drive a commercial motor vehicle while under the	13947
influence of a controlled substance;	13948
$\frac{(D)}{(4)}$ Knowingly leave the scene of an accident involving a	13949
commercial motor vehicle driven by the person;	13950
$\frac{(E)}{(5)}$ Use a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of a	13951
felony;	13952
$\frac{(F)(6)}{(6)}$ Refuse to submit to a test under section 4506.17 of	13953
the Revised Code;	13954
$\frac{(G)}{(7)}$ Violate an out-of-service order issued under this	13955
chapter;	13956
$\frac{(H)}{(8)}$ Violate any prohibition described in divisions	13957
$\frac{(B)(A)(2)}{(B)(C)}$ to $\frac{(G)(C)}{(C)}$ of this section while transporting hazardous	13958
materials.	13959
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	13960
of the first degree.	13961
Sec. 4506.16. (A) Whoever violates division (A)(1) of section	13962
4506.15 of the Revised Code or a similar law of another state or a	13963
foreign jurisdiction, immediately shall be placed out-of-service	13964
for twenty-four hours, in addition to any disqualification	13965
required by this section and any other penalty imposed by the	13966
Revised Code.	13967
(B) The registrar of motor vehicles shall disqualify any	13968
person from operating a commercial motor vehicle as follows:	13969
(1) Upon Subject to division (B)(4) of this section, upon a	13970
first conviction for a violation of any provision of divisions	13971
$\frac{(B)(A)(2)}{(B)(C)}$ to $\frac{(G)(C)}{(C)}$ of section 4506.15 of the Revised Code or a	13972
similar law of another state or a foreign jurisdiction, one year,	13973

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in addition to any other penalty imposed by the Revised Code;	13974
(2) Upon a first conviction for a violation of division	13975
$\frac{\mathrm{(H)}(\mathrm{A})(\mathrm{8})}{\mathrm{(H)}(\mathrm{B})}$ of section 4506.15 of the Revised Code or a similar law	13976
of another state or a foreign jurisdiction, three years, in	13977
addition to any other penalty imposed by the Revised Code;	13978
(3) Upon a second conviction for a violation of any provision	13979
of divisions $\frac{(B)(A)(2)}{(A)(2)}$ to $\frac{(G)(7)}{(G)}$ of section 4506.15 of the Revised	13980
Code or a similar law of another state or a foreign jurisdiction,	13981
or any combination of such violations arising from two or more	13982
separate incidents, the person shall be disqualified for life or	13983
for any other period of time as determined by the United States	13984
secretary of transportation and designated by the director of	13985
public safety by rule, in addition to any other penalty imposed by	13986
the Revised Code;	13987
(4) Upon conviction of a violation of division $\frac{(E)(A)(5)}{(A)(5)}$ of	13988
section 4506.15 of the Revised Code or a similar law of another	13989
state or a foreign jurisdiction in connection with the	13990
manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance	13991
or the possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or	13992
dispense a controlled substance, the person shall be disqualified	13993
for life, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the Revised	13994
Code;	13995
(5) Upon conviction of two serious traffic violations	13996
involving the operation of a commercial motor vehicle by the	13997
person and arising from separate incidents occurring in a	13998
three-year period, the person shall be disqualified for sixty	13999
days, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the Revised	14000
Code;	14001
(6) Upon conviction of three serious traffic violations	14002
involving the operation of a commercial motor vehicle by the	14003

person and arising from separate incidents occurring in a

(F) The registrar immediately shall notify a driver who is

finally convicted of any offense described in section 4506.15 of

the Revised Code or division (B)(4), (5), or (6) of this section

disqualification is to be imposed, and that the driver may request

a hearing within thirty days of the mailing of the notice to show

cause why the driver should not be disqualified from operating a

commercial motor vehicle. If a request for such a hearing is not

and thereby is subject to disqualification, of the offense or

offenses involved, of the length of time for which

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made within thirty days of the mailing of the notice, the order of	14035
disqualification is final. The registrar may designate hearing	14036
examiners who, after affording all parties reasonable notice,	14037
shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the disqualification	14038
order is supported by reliable evidence. The registrar shall adopt	14039
rules to implement this division.	14040

- (G) Any person who is disqualified from operating a 14041 commercial motor vehicle under this section may apply to the 14042 registrar for a driver's license to operate a motor vehicle other 14043 than a commercial motor vehicle, provided the person's commercial 14044 driver's license is not otherwise suspended or revoked. A person 14045 whose commercial driver's license is suspended or revoked shall 14046 not apply to the registrar for or receive a driver's license under 14047 Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code during the period of suspension 14048 or revocation. 14049
- Sec. 4506.17. (A) Any person who drives a commercial motor 14050 vehicle within this state shall be deemed to have given consent to 14051 a test or tests of the person's whole blood, blood serum or 14052 plasma, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the 14053 person's alcohol concentration or the presence of any controlled 14054 substance.
- (B) A test or tests as provided in division (A) of this 14056 section may be administered at the direction of a peace officer 14057 having reasonable ground to stop or detain the person and, after 14058 investigating the circumstances surrounding the operation of the 14059 commercial motor vehicle, also having reasonable ground to believe 14060 the person was driving the commercial vehicle while having a 14061 measurable or detectable amount of alcohol or of a controlled 14062 substance in the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, 14063 breath, or urine. Any such test shall be given within two hours of 14064 the time of the alleged violation. 14065

- (C) A person requested to submit to a test under division (A) 14066 of this section shall be advised by the peace officer requesting 14067 the test that a refusal to submit to the test will result in the 14068 person immediately being placed out-of-service for a period of 14069 twenty-four hours and being disqualified from operating a 14070 commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than one year, 14071 and that the person is required to surrender the person's 14072 commercial driver's license to the peace officer. 14073
- (D) If a person refuses to submit to a test after being 14074 warned as provided in division (C) of this section or submits to a 14075 test that discloses the presence of a controlled substance or an 14076 alcohol concentration of four-hundredths of one per cent or more, 14077 the person immediately shall surrender the person's commercial 14078 driver's license to the peace officer. The peace officer shall 14079 forward the license, together with a sworn report, to the 14080 registrar of motor vehicles certifying that the test was requested 14081 pursuant to division (A) of this section and that the person 14082 either refused to submit to testing or submitted to a test that 14083 disclosed the presence of a controlled substance or an alcohol 14084 concentration of four-hundredths of one per cent or more. The form 14085 and contents of the report required by this section shall be 14086 established by the registrar by rule, but shall contain the advice 14087 to be read to the driver and a statement to be signed by the 14088 driver acknowledging that the driver has been read the advice and 14089 that the form was shown to the driver. 14090
- (E) Upon receipt of a sworn report from a peace officer as 14091 provided in division (D) of this section, the registrar shall 14092 disqualify the person named in the report from driving a 14093 commercial motor vehicle for the period described below: 14094
 - (1) Upon a first incident, one year; 14095
 - (2) Upon an incident of refusal or of a prohibited 14096

concentration of alcohol after one or more previous incidents of	14097
either refusal or of a prohibited concentration of alcohol, the	14098
person shall be disqualified for life or such lesser period as	14099
prescribed by rule by the registrar.	14100

- (F) A blood test of a person's whole blood or a person's 14101 blood serum or plasma given under this section shall comply with 14102 the applicable provisions of division (D) of section 4511.19 of 14103 the Revised Code and any physician, registered nurse, or qualified 14104 technician ex, chemist, or phlebotomist who withdraws whole blood 14105 or blood serum or plasma from a person under this section, and any 14106 hospital, first-aid station, or clinic, or other facility at which 14107 whole blood or blood serum or plasma is withdrawn from a person 14108 pursuant to this section, is immune from criminal liability, and 14109 from civil liability that is based upon a claim of assault and 14110 battery or based upon any other claim of malpractice, for any act 14111 performed in withdrawing whole blood or blood serum or plasma from 14112 the person. 14113
- (G) When a person submits to a test under this section, the 14114 results of the test, at the person's request, shall be made 14115 available to the person, the person's attorney, or the person's 14116 agent, immediately upon completion of the chemical test analysis. 14117 The person also may have an additional test administered by a 14118 physician, a registered nurse, or a qualified technician or, 14119 chemist, or phlebotomist of the person's own choosing as provided 14120 in division (D) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code for tests 14121 administered under that section, and the failure to obtain such a 14122 test has the same effect as in that division. 14123
- (H) No person shall refuse to immediately surrender theperson's commercial driver's license to a peace officer whenrequired to do so by this section.
- (I) A peace officer issuing an out-of-service order or 14127 receiving a commercial driver's license surrendered under this 14128

section may remove or arrange for the removal of any commercial	14129
motor vehicle affected by the issuance of that order or the	14130
surrender of that license.	14131

- (J)(1) Except for civil actions arising out of the operation 14132 of a motor vehicle and civil actions in which the state is a 14133 plaintiff, no peace officer of any law enforcement agency within 14134 this state is liable in compensatory damages in any civil action 14135 that arises under the Revised Code or common law of this state for 14136 an injury, death, or loss to person or property caused in the 14137 performance of official duties under this section and rules 14138 adopted under this section, unless the officer's actions were 14139 manifestly outside the scope of the officer's employment or 14140 official responsibilities, or unless the officer acted with 14141 malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless 14142 manner. 14143
- (2) Except for civil actions that arise out of the operation 14144 of a motor vehicle and civil actions in which the state is a 14145 plaintiff, no peace officer of any law enforcement agency within 14146 this state is liable in punitive or exemplary damages in any civil 14147 action that arises under the Revised Code or common law of this 14148 state for any injury, death, or loss to person or property caused 14149 in the performance of official duties under this section of the 14150 Revised Code and rules adopted under this section, unless the 14151 officer's actions were manifestly outside the scope of the 14152 officer's employment or official responsibilities, or unless the 14153 officer acted with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton 14154 or reckless manner. 14155
- (K) When disqualifying a driver, the registrar shall cause 14156 the records of the bureau of motor vehicles to be updated to 14157 reflect the disqualification within ten days after it occurs. 14158
- (L) The registrar immediately shall notify a driver who is 14159 subject to disqualification of the disqualification, of the length 14160

of the disqualification, and that the driver may request a hearing	14161
within thirty days of the mailing of the notice to show cause why	14162
the driver should not be disqualified from operating a commercial	14163
motor vehicle. If a request for such a hearing is not made within	14164
thirty days of the mailing of the notice, the order of	14165
disqualification is final. The registrar may designate hearing	14166
examiners who, after affording all parties reasonable notice,	14167
shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the disqualification	14168
order is supported by reliable evidence. The registrar shall adopt	14169
rules to implement this division.	14170
(M) Any person who is disqualified from operating a	14171
commercial motor vehicle under this section may apply to the	14172
registrar for a driver's license to operate a motor vehicle other	14173
than a commercial motor vehicle, provided the person's commercial	14174
driver's license is not otherwise suspended or revoked . A person	14175
whose commercial driver's license is suspended or revoked shall	14176
not apply to the registrar for or receive a driver's license under	14177
Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code during the period of suspension	14178
or revocation.	14179
(N) Whoever violates division (H) of this section is guilty	14180
of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	14181
Sec. 4506.18. (A) Any driver who holds a commercial driver's	14182
license issued by this state and is convicted in another state or	14183
a foreign jurisdiction of violating any law or ordinance relating	14184
to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation,	14185
shall provide written notice of that conviction within thirty days	14186
after the date of conviction to the bureau of motor vehicles and	
	14187
to his the driver's employer in accordance with the provisions of	14188
49 C.F.R. 383, subpart C, as amended.	14189
(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor	14190
of the first degree.	14191

Sec. 4506.19. (A) The provisions of 49 C.F.R. 383, subpart C,	14192
as amended, shall apply to all commercial drivers or persons who	14193
apply for employment as commercial drivers. No person shall fail	14194
to make a report to his the person's employer as required by this	14195
section.	14196
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	14197
of the first degree.	14198
Sec. 4506.20. (A) Each employer shall require every applicant	14199
for employment as a driver of a commercial motor vehicle to	14200
provide the information specified in section 4506.20 of the	14201
Revised Code.	14202
(B) No employer shall knowingly permit or authorize any	14203
driver employed by him the employer to drive a commercial motor	14204
vehicle during any period in which any of the following apply:	14205
(1) The driver's commercial driver's license is suspended,	14206
revoked, or canceled by any state or a foreign jurisdiction;	14207
(2) The driver has lost his the privilege to drive, or	14208
currently is disqualified from driving, a commercial motor vehicle	14209
in any state or foreign jurisdiction;	14210
(3) The driver is subject to an out-of-service order in any	14211
state or foreign jurisdiction;	14212
(4) The driver has more than one driver's license.	14213
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	14214
of the first degree.	14215
Sec. 4506.99. (A) Whoever violates division (A) of section	14216
4506.03, division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 4506.04, division	14217
(A) of section 4506.10, division (H) of section 4506.17, or	14218
section 4506.20 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of	14219

property used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or	14250
parking in this state unless the person has a valid license as a	14251
motorcycle operator, that was issued upon application by the	14252
registrar under this chapter. The license shall be in the form of	14253
an endorsement, as determined by the registrar, upon a driver's or	14254
commercial driver's license, if the person has a valid license to	14255
operate a motor vehicle or commercial motor vehicle, or in the	14256
form of a restricted license as provided in section 4507.14 of the	14257
Revised Code, if the person does not have a valid license to	14258
operate a motor vehicle or commercial motor vehicle.	14259

 $\frac{(4)}{(2)}$ No person shall receive a driver's license, or a 14260 motorcycle operator's endorsement of a driver's or commercial 14261 driver's license, unless and until the person surrenders to the 14262 registrar all valid licenses issued to the person by another 14263 jurisdiction recognized by this state. All surrendered licenses 14264 shall be returned by the registrar to the issuing authority, 14265 14266 together with information that a license is now issued in this state. No person shall be permitted to have more than one valid 14267 license at any time. 14268

14269 (B)(1) No person, whose driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident's operating privilege has been 14270 suspended or revoked pursuant to Chapter 4509. of the Revised 14271 Code, shall operate any motor vehicle within this state, or 14272 knowingly permit any motor vehicle owned by the person to be 14273 operated by another person in the state, during the period of the 14274 suspension or revocation, except as specifically authorized by 14275 Chapter 4509. of the Revised Code. No person shall operate a motor 14276 vehicle within this state, or knowingly permit any motor vehicle 14277 owned by the person to be operated by another person in the state, 14278 during the period in which the person is required by section 14279 4509.45 of the Revised Code to file and maintain proof of 14280 financial responsibility for a violation of section 4509.101 of 14281

operate any motor vehicle upon the highways or streets within this

state during the period of suspension. No person who is granted

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As Reported by the nouse Criminal Justice Committee	
occupational driving privileges by any court shall operate any	14314
motor vehicle upon the highways or streets in this state except in	14315
accordance with the terms of those privileges.	14316
(E)(1) It is an affirmative defense to any prosecution	14317
brought pursuant to division (B), (C), or (D) of this section that	14318
the alleged offender drove under suspension or in violation of a	14319
restriction because of a substantial emergency, provided that no	14320
other person was reasonably available to drive in response to the	14321
emergency.	14322
(2) It is an affirmative defense to any prosecution brought	14323
pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section that the order of	14324
suspension resulted from the failure of the alleged offender to	14325
respond to a financial responsibility random verification request	14326
under division (A)(3)(c) of section 4509.101 of the Revised Code	14327
and that, upon a showing of proof of financial responsibility, the	14328
alleged offender was in compliance with division (A)(1) of section	14329
4509.101 of the Revised Code at the time of the initial financial	14330
responsibility random verification request.	14331
$\frac{(F)}{(1)}$ If a person is convicted of a violation of $\frac{division}{(1)}$	14332
(B), (C), or (D) of this section 4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16, or	14333
4510.21 of the Revised Code or if division (F) of section 4507.164	14334
of the Revised Code applies, the trial judge of any court, in	14335
addition to or independent of, any other penalties provided by law	14336
or ordinance, shall impound the identification license plates of	14337
any motor vehicle registered in the name of the person. The court	14338
shall send the impounded license plates to the registrar, who may	14339
retain the license plates until the driver's or commercial	14340
driver's license of the owner has been reinstated or destroy them	14341
pursuant to section 4503.232 of the Revised Code.	14342
If the license plates of a person convicted of a violation of	14343
division (B), (C), or (D) of this section any provision of those	14344

sections have been impounded in accordance with the provisions of

this division, the court shall notify the registrar of that	14346
action. The notice shall contain the name and address of the	14347
driver, the serial number of the driver's driver's or commercial	14348
driver's license, the serial numbers of the license plates of the	14349
motor vehicle, and the length of time for which the license plates	14350
have been impounded. The registrar shall record the data in the	14351
notice as part of the driver's permanent record.	14352

(2) Any motor vehicle owner who has had the license plates of 14353 a motor vehicle impounded pursuant to division $\frac{(F)(B)}{(B)}(1)$ of this 14354 section may apply to the registrar, or to a deputy registrar, for 14355 special license plates which that shall conform to the 14356 requirements of section 4503.231 of the Revised Code. The 14357 registrar or deputy registrar forthwith shall notify the court of 14358 the application and, upon approval of the court, shall issue 14359 special license plates to the applicant. Until the driver's or 14360 commercial driver's license of the owner is reinstated, any new 14361 license plates issued to the owner also shall conform to the 14362 requirements of section 4503.231 of the Revised Code. 14363

The registrar or deputy registrar shall charge the owner of a 14364 vehicle the fees provided in section 4503.19 of the Revised Code 14365 for special license plates that are issued in accordance with this 14366 division, except upon renewal as specified in section 4503.10 of 14367 the Revised Code, when the regular fee as provided in section 14368 4503.04 of the Revised Code shall be charged. The registrar or 14369 deputy registrar shall charge the owner of a vehicle the fees 14370 provided in section 4503.19 of the Revised Code whenever special 14371 license plates are exchanged, by reason of the reinstatement of 14372 the driver's or commercial driver's license of the owner, for 14373 those ordinarily issued. 14374

(3) If an owner wishes to sell a motor vehicle during the time the special license plates provided under division $\frac{F}{B}(2)$ 14376 of this section are in use, the owner may apply to the court that 14377

Sec. 4507.05. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles, or a 14406 deputy registrar, upon receiving an application for a temporary 14407

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tax commissioner. The tax commissioner may return to the registrar

the address of any such person as shown on the most recent return

filed by that person under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code.

of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device.

- (B) The registrar or a deputy registrar, upon receiving from 14438 any person an application for a temporary instruction permit and 14439 temporary instruction permit identification card to operate a 14440 motorcycle or motorized bicycle, may issue such a permit and 14441 identification card entitling the applicant, while having the 14442 permit and identification card in the applicant's immediate 14443 possession, to drive a motorcycle or motorized bicycle under 14444 restrictions determined by the registrar. A temporary instruction 14445 permit and temporary instruction permit identification card to 14446 operate a motorized bicycle may be issued to a person fourteen or 14447 fifteen years old. 14448 (C) Any permit and identification card issued under this 14449 section shall be issued in the same manner as a driver's license, 14450 upon a form to be furnished by the registrar. A temporary 14451 instruction permit to drive a motor vehicle other than a 14452 commercial motor vehicle shall be valid for a period of one year. 14453 (D) Any person having in the person's possession a valid and 14454 14455
- (D) Any person having in the person's possession a valid and 14454 current driver's license or motorcycle operator's license or 14455 endorsement issued to the person by another jurisdiction 14456 recognized by this state is exempt from obtaining a temporary 14457 instruction permit for a driver's license, but shall submit to the 14458 regular examination in obtaining a driver's license or motorcycle 14459 operator's endorsement in this state.
- (E) The registrar may adopt rules governing the use of 14461 temporary instruction permits and temporary instruction permit 14462 identification cards.
- (F)(1) No holder of a permit issued under division (A) of 14464 this section shall operate a motor vehicle upon a highway or any 14465 public or private property used by the public for purposes of 14466 vehicular travel or parking in violation of the conditions 14467 established under division (A) of this section.

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(2) Except as provided in division (F)(2) of this section, no 14469 holder of a permit that is issued under division (A) of this 14470 section and that is issued on or after the effective date of this 14471 amendment, and who has not attained the age of seventeen years, 14472 shall operate a motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or 14473 private property used by the public for purposes of vehicular 14474 travel or parking between the hours of one a.m. and five a.m. 14475

The holder of a permit issued under division (A) of this 14476 section on or after the effective date of this amendment, who has 14477 not attained the age of seventeen years, may operate a motor 14478 vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property used by 14479 the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking between the 14480 hours of one a.m. and five a.m. if, at the time of such operation, 14481 the holder is accompanied by the holder's parent, guardian, or 14482 custodian, and the parent, guardian, or custodian holds a current 14483 valid driver's or commercial driver's license issued by this state 14484 and is actually occupying a seat beside the permit holder. 14485

- (G)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 14486 contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of a 14487 motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the 14488 motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether each 14489 occupant of the motor vehicle is wearing all of the available 14490 elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device as 14491 required by division (A) of this section, or for the sole purpose 14492 of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons if the requirement in 14493 that division has been or is being violated, or for causing the 14494 arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a person for a violation 14495 of that requirement. 14496
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 14497 contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of a 14498 motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the 14499 motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether a 14500

address, including county of residence, duration of residence in

this state, and country of citizenship;

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(b) Whether the applicant previously has been licensed as an 14530 operator, chauffeur, driver, commercial driver, or motorcycle 14531 operator and, if so, when, by what state, and whether such license 14532 is suspended or revoked canceled at the present time and, if so, 14533 the date of and reason for the suspension or revocation 14534 cancellation; 14535 (c) Whether the applicant is now or ever has been afflicted 14536 with epilepsy, or whether the applicant now is suffering from any 14537 physical or mental disability or disease and, if so, the nature 14538 and extent of the disability or disease, giving the names and 14539 addresses of physicians then or previously in attendance upon the 14540 applicant; 14541 (d) Whether an applicant for a duplicate driver's license, or 14542 duplicate license containing a motorcycle operator endorsement has 14543 pending a citation for violation of any motor vehicle law or 14544 ordinance, a description of any such citation pending, and the 14545 date of the citation; 14546 (e) Whether the applicant wishes to certify willingness to 14547 make an anatomical gift under section 2108.04 of the Revised Code, 14548 which shall be given no consideration in the issuance of a license 14549 or endorsement; 14550 (f) On and after May 1, 1993, whether Whether the applicant 14551 has executed a valid durable power of attorney for health care 14552 pursuant to sections 1337.11 to 1337.17 of the Revised Code or has 14553 executed a declaration governing the use or continuation, or the 14554 withholding or withdrawal, of life-sustaining treatment pursuant 14555 to sections 2133.01 to 2133.15 of the Revised Code and, if the 14556 applicant has executed either type of instrument, whether the 14557 applicant wishes the applicant's license to indicate that the 14558 applicant has executed the instrument. 14559

(2) Every applicant for a driver's license shall be

photographed in color at the time the application for the license	14561
is made. The application shall state any additional information	14562
that the registrar requires.	14563

- (B) The registrar or a deputy registrar, in accordance with 14564 section 3503.11 of the Revised Code, shall register as an elector 14565 any person who applies for a driver's license or motorcycle 14566 operator's license or endorsement under division (A) of this 14567 section, or for a renewal or duplicate of the license or 14568 endorsement, if the applicant is eligible and wishes to be 14569 registered as an elector. The decision of an applicant whether to 14570 register as an elector shall be given no consideration in the 14571 decision of whether to issue the applicant a license or 14572 endorsement, or a renewal or duplicate. 14573
- (C) The registrar or a deputy registrar, in accordance with 14574 section 3503.11 of the Revised Code, shall offer the opportunity 14575 of completing a notice of change of residence or change of name to 14576 any applicant for a driver's license or endorsement under division 14577 (A) of this section, or for a renewal or duplicate of the license 14578 or endorsement, if the applicant is a registered elector who has 14579 changed the applicant's residence or name and has not filed such a 14580 notice. 14581
- sec. 4507.071. (A) No driver's license shall be issued to any 14582 person under eighteen years of age, except that a probationary 14583 license may be issued to a person who is at least sixteen years of 14584 age and has held a temporary instruction permit for a period of at 14585 least six months.
- (B) No holder of a probationary driver's license issued on or
 after the effective date of this section who has not attained the
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 age of seventeen years shall operate a motor vehicle upon a
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 highway or any public or private property used by the public for
 purposes of vehicular travel or parking between the hours of one
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a.m. and five a.m. unless the holder is accompanied by the 14592 holder's parent or guardian. 14593

- (C) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of division 14594 (B) of this section if, at the time of the violation, the holder 14595 of the probationary driver's license was traveling to or from the 14596 holder's place of employment or an official function sponsored by 14597 the school the holder attends, or an emergency existed that 14598 required the holder to operate a motor vehicle in violation of 14599 division (B) of this section, or the holder was an emancipated 14600 minor. 14601
- (D) No holder of a probationary license shall operate a motor 14602 vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property used by 14603 the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking unless the 14604 total number of occupants of the vehicle does not exceed the total 14605 number of occupant restraining devices originally installed in the 14606 motor vehicle by its manufacturer, and each occupant of the 14607 vehicle is wearing all of the available elements of a properly 14608 adjusted occupant restraining device. 14609
- (E) A restricted license may be issued to a person who is 14610 fourteen or fifteen years of age upon proof of hardship 14611 satisfactory to the registrar of motor vehicles. 14612
- (F) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 14613 contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of a 14614 motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the 14615 motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether each 14616 occupant of the motor vehicle is wearing all of the available 14617 elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device as 14618 required by division (D) of this section, or for the sole purpose 14619 of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons if the requirement in 14620 that division has been or is being violated, or for causing the 14621 arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a person for a violation 14622 of that requirement. 14623

(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the	14624
contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of a	14625
motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the	14626
motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether a	14627
violation of division (B) of this section has been or is being	14628
committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a ticket, citation,	14629
or summons for such a violation or for causing the arrest of or	14630
commencing a prosecution of a person for such violation.	14631
(H) As used in this section, "occupant restraining device"	14632
has the same meaning as in section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.	14633
(I) Whoever violates division (B) or (D) of this section is	14634
guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	14635
Sec. 4507.08. (A) No probationary license shall be issued to	14636
any person under the age of eighteen who has been adjudicated an	14637
unruly or delinquent child or a juvenile traffic offender for	14638
having committed any act that if committed by an adult would be a	14639
drug abuse offense, as defined in section 2925.01 of the Revised	14640
Code, a violation of division (B) of section 2917.11, or a	14641
violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code,	14642
unless the person has been required by the court to attend a drug	14643
abuse or alcohol abuse education, intervention, or treatment	14644
program specified by the court and has satisfactorily completed	14645
the program.	14646
(B) No temporary instruction permit or driver's license shall	14647
be issued to any person whose license has been suspended, during	14648
the period for which the license was suspended, nor to any person	14649
whose license has been revoked canceled, under sections 4507.01 to	14650
4507.39 Chapter 4510. or any other provision of the Revised Code-	14651

until the expiration of one year after the license was revoked.

(C) No temporary instruction permit or driver's license shall	14654
be issued to any person whose commercial driver's license is	14655
suspended under section 1905.201, 3123.58, 4507.16, 4507.34,	14656
4507.99, 4511.191, or 4511.196 of the Revised Code Chapter 4510.	14657
or under any other provision of the Revised Code during the period	14658
of the suspension.	14659
No temporary instruction permit or driver's license shall be	14660
issued to any person when issuance is prohibited by division (A)	14661
of section 4507.091 of the Revised Code.	14662
(D) No temporary instruction permit or driver's license shall	14663
be issued to, or retained by, any of the following persons:	14664
(1) Any person who is an alcoholic, or is addicted to the use	14665
of controlled substances to the extent that the use constitutes an	14666
impairment to the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle with	14667
the required degree of safety;	14668
(2) Any person who is under the age of eighteen and has been	14669
adjudicated an unruly or delinquent child or a juvenile traffic	14670
offender for having committed any act that if committed by an	14671
adult would be a drug abuse offense, as defined in section 2925.01	14672
of the Revised Code, a violation of division (B) of section	14673
2917.11, or a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the	14674
Revised Code, unless the person has been required by the court to	14675
attend a drug abuse or alcohol abuse education, intervention, or	14676
treatment program specified by the court and has satisfactorily	14677
completed the program;	14678
(3) Any person who, in the opinion of the registrar, is	14679
afflicted with or suffering from a physical or mental disability	14680
or disease that prevents the person from exercising reasonable and	14681
ordinary control over a motor vehicle while operating the vehicle	14682
upon the highways, except that a restricted license effective for	14683

six months may be issued to any person otherwise qualified who is

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or has been subject to any condition resulting in episodic	14685
impairment of consciousness or loss of muscular control and whose	14686
condition, in the opinion of the registrar, is dormant or is	14687
sufficiently under medical control that the person is capable of	14688
exercising reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle. A	14689
restricted license effective for six months shall be issued to any	14690
person who $\stackrel{\cdot}{\text{is}}$ otherwise $\stackrel{\cdot}{\text{is}}$ qualified $\stackrel{\cdot}{\text{and}}$ who is subject to any	14691
condition that causes episodic impairment of consciousness or a	14692
loss of muscular control if the person presents a statement from a	14693
licensed physician that the person's condition is under effective	14694
medical control and the period of time for which the control has	14695
been continuously maintained, unless, thereafter, a medical	14696
examination is ordered and, pursuant thereto, cause for denial is	14697
found.	14698

A person to whom a six-month restricted license has been 14699 issued shall give notice of the person's medical condition to the 14700 registrar on forms provided by the registrar and signed by the 14701 licensee's physician. The notice shall be sent to the registrar 14702 six months after the issuance of the license. Subsequent 14703 restricted licenses issued to the same individual shall be 14704 effective for six months.

- (4) Any person who is unable to understand highway warnings 14706 or traffic signs or directions given in the English language; 14707
- (5) Any person making an application whose driver's license 14708 or driving privileges are under cancellation, revocation, or 14709 suspension in the jurisdiction where issued or any other 14710 jurisdiction, until the expiration of one year after the license 14711 was canceled or revoked or until the period of suspension ends. 14712 Any person whose application is denied under this division may 14713 file a petition in the municipal court or county court in whose 14714 jurisdiction the person resides agreeing to pay the cost of the 14715 proceedings and alleging that the conduct involved in the offense 14716

that resulted in suspension, cancellation, or revocation in the	14717
foreign jurisdiction would not have resulted in a suspension,	14718
cancellation, or revocation had the offense occurred in this	14719
state. If the petition is granted, the petitioner shall notify the	14720
registrar by a certified copy of the court's findings and a	14721
license shall not be denied under this division.	14722

- (6) Any person who is under a class one or two suspension 14723 imposed for a violation of section 2903.04, 2903.06, or 2903.08 of 14724 the Revised Code or whose driver's or commercial driver's license 14725 or permit has been was permanently revoked prior to the effective 14726 date of this amendment for a substantially equivalent violation 14727 pursuant to division (C) of section 4507.16 of the Revised Code; 14728
- (7) Any person who is not a resident or temporary resident of 14729 this state.
- Sec. 4507.081. (A) Upon the expiration of a restricted 14731 license issued under division (D)(3) of section 4507.08 of the 14732 Revised Code and submission of a statement as provided in division 14733 (C) of this section, the registrar of motor vehicles may issue a 14734 driver's license to the person to whom the restricted license was 14735 issued. A driver's license issued under this section, unless 14736 otherwise revoked suspended or canceled, shall be effective for 14737 14738 one year.
- (B) A driver's license issued under this section may be 14739 renewed annually, for no more than three consecutive years, 14740 whenever the person to whom the license has been issued submits to 14741 the registrar, by certified mail and no sooner than thirty days 14742 prior to the expiration date of the license or renewal thereof, a 14743 statement as provided in division (C) of this section. A renewal 14744 of a driver's license, unless the license is otherwise revoked 14745 suspended or canceled, shall be effective for one year following 14746 the expiration date of the license or renewal thereof, and shall 14747

be evidenced by a validation sticker. The renewal validation	14748
sticker shall be in a form prescribed by the registrar and shall	14749
be affixed to the license.	14750

(C) No person may be issued a driver's license under this 14751 section, and no such driver's license may be renewed, unless the 14752 person presents a signed statement from a licensed physician that 14753 the person's condition either is dormant or is under effective 14754 medical control, that the control has been maintained continuously 14755 for at least one year prior to the date on which application for 14756 the license is made, and that, if continued medication is 14757 prescribed to control the condition, the person may be depended 14758 upon to take the medication. 14759

The statement shall be made on a form provided by the 14760 registrar, shall be in not less than duplicate, and shall contain 14761 any other information the registrar considers necessary. The 14762 duplicate copy of the statement may be retained by the person 14763 requesting the license renewal and, when in the person's immediate 14764 possession and used in conjunction with the original license, 14765 shall entitle the person to operate a motor vehicle during a 14766 period of no more than thirty days following the date of 14767 submission of the statement to the registrar, except when the 14768 registrar denies the request for the license renewal and so 14769 notifies the person. 14770

- (D) Whenever the registrar receives a statement indicating 14771 that the condition of a person to whom a driver's license has been 14772 issued under this section no longer is dormant or under effective 14773 medical control, the registrar shall revoke cancel the person's 14774 driver's license.
- (E) Nothing in this section shall require a person submitting 14776 a signed statement from a licensed physician to obtain a medical 14777 examination prior to the submission of the statement. 14778

(F) Any person whose driver's license has been revoked	14779
canceled under this section may apply for a subsequent restricted	14780
license according to the provisions of section 4507.08 of the	14781
Revised Code.	14782
Sec. 4507.111. On receipt of a notice pursuant to section	14783
3123.54 of the Revised Code, the registrar of motor vehicles shall	14784
comply with sections 3123.52 to 3123.614 of the Revised Code and	14785
any applicable rules adopted under section 3123.63 of the Revised	14786
Code with respect to $\frac{1}{2}$ any driver's or commercial license or	14787
<pre>permit, motorcycle operator's license or endorsement, or temporary</pre>	14788
instruction permit or commercial driver's temporary instruction	14789
permit issued pursuant to this chapter by this state that is the	14790
subject of the notice.	14791
Sec. 4507.12. (A) Except as provided in division (C) of	14792
section 4507.10 of the Revised Code, each person applying for the	14793
renewal of a driver's license shall submit to a screening of his	14794
the person's vision before the license may be renewed. The vision	14795
screening shall be conducted at the office of the deputy registrar	14796
receiving the application for license renewal.	14797
(B) When the results of a vision screening given under	14798
division (A) of this section indicate that the vision of the	14799
person examined meets the standards required for licensing, the	14800
deputy registrar may renew the person's driver's license at that	14801
time.	14802
(C) When the results of a vision screening given under	14803
division (A) of this section indicate that the vision of the	14804
person screened may not meet the standards required for licensing,	14805
the deputy registrar shall not renew the person's driver's license	14806
at that time but shall refer the person to a driver's license	14807
at that time but shall refer the person to a driver's intense	14007

examiner appointed by the superintendent of the state highway

examination of his the person's vision. When a person referred to 14810
a driver's license examiner by a deputy registrar does not meet 14811
the vision standards required for licensing, the driver's license 14812
examiner shall retain the person's operator's or chauffeur's 14813
license and shall immediately notify the registrar of motor 14814
vehicles of that fact. No driver's license shall be issued to any 14815
such person, until the person's vision is corrected to meet the 14816
standards required for licensing and the person passes the vision 14817
screening required by this section. Any person who operates a 14818
motor vehicle on a highway, or on any public or private property 14819
used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking, 14820
during the time his the person's driver's license is held by a 14821
driver's license examiner under this division, shall be deemed to 14822
be operating a motor vehicle in violation of division (A) of 14823
section 4507.02 4510.12 of the Revised Code. 14824

- (D) The registrar shall adopt rules and shall provide any 14825 forms necessary to properly conduct vision screenings at the 14826 office of a deputy registrar. 14827
- (E) No person conducting vision screenings under this section 14828 shall be personally liable for damages for injury or loss to 14829 persons or property and for death caused by the operation of a 14830 motor vehicle by any person whose driver's license was renewed by 14831 the deputy registrar under division (B) of this section. 14832
- Sec. 4507.13. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles shall issue 14833 a driver's license to every person licensed as an operator of 14834 motor vehicles other than commercial motor vehicles. No person 14835 licensed as a commercial motor vehicle driver under Chapter 4506. 14836 of the Revised Code need procure a driver's license, but no person 14837 shall drive any commercial motor vehicle unless licensed as a 14838 commercial motor vehicle driver. 14839

14871

Every driver's license shall display on it the distinguishing	14840
number assigned to the licensee and shall display the licensee's	14841
name and date of birth; the licensee's residence address and	14842
county of residence; a color photograph of the licensee; a brief	14843
description of the licensee for the purpose of identification; a	14844
facsimile of the signature of the licensee as it appears on the	14845
application for the license; a space marked "blood type" in which	14846
a licensee may specify the licensee's blood type; a notation, in a	14847
manner prescribed by the registrar, indicating any condition	14848
described in division (D)(3) of section 4507.08 of the Revised	14849
Code to which the licensee is subject; if the licensee has	14850
executed a durable power of attorney for health care or a	14851
declaration governing the use or continuation, or the withholding	14852
or withdrawal, of life-sustaining treatment and has specified that	14853
the licensee wishes the license to indicate that the licensee has	14854
executed either type of instrument, any symbol chosen by the	14855
registrar to indicate that the licensee has executed either type	14856
of instrument; and any additional information that the registrar	14857
requires by rule. No license shall display the licensee's social	14858
security number unless the licensee specifically requests that the	14859
licensee's social security number be displayed on the license. If	14860
federal law requires the licensee's social security number to be	14861
displayed on the license, the social security number shall be	14862
displayed on the license notwithstanding this section.	14863

The driver's license for licensees under twenty-one years of 14864 age shall have characteristics prescribed by the registrar 14865 distinguishing it from that issued to a licensee who is twenty-one 14866 years of age or older, except that a driver's license issued to a 14867 person who applies no more than thirty days before the applicant's 14868 twenty-first birthday shall have the characteristics of a license 14869 issued to a person who is twenty-one years of age or older. 14870

The driver's license issued to a temporary resident shall

As Reported by the House Orinimal Justice Committee	
contain the word "nonrenewable" and shall have any additional	14872
characteristics prescribed by the registrar distinguishing it from	14873
a license issued to a resident.	14874
Every driver's or commercial driver's license displaying a	14875
motorcycle operator's endorsement and every restricted license to	14876
operate a motor vehicle also shall display the designation	14877
"novice," if the endorsement or license is issued to a person who	14878
is eighteen years of age or older and previously has not been	14879
licensed to operate a motorcycle by this state or another	14880
jurisdiction recognized by this state. The "novice" designation	14881
shall be effective for one year after the date of issuance of the	14882
motorcycle operator's endorsement or license.	14883
Each license issued under this section shall be of such	14884
material and so designed as to prevent its reproduction or	14885
alteration without ready detection and, to this end, shall be	14886
laminated with a transparent plastic material.	14887
(B) Except in regard to a driver's license issued to a person	14888
who applies no more than thirty days before the applicant's	14889
twenty-first birthday, neither the registrar nor any deputy	14890
registrar shall issue a driver's license to anyone under	14891
twenty-one years of age that does not have the characteristics	14892
prescribed by the registrar distinguishing it from the driver's	14893
license issued to persons who are twenty-one years of age or	14894
older.	14895
(C) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is quilty	14896
of a minor misdemeanor.	14897
Sec. 4507.14. The registrar of motor vehicles upon issuing a	14898
driver's license, a motorcycle operator's endorsement, a driver's	14899
license renewal, or the renewal of any other license issued under	14900
this chapter, whenever good cause appears, may impose restrictions	14901

suitable to the licensee's driving ability with respect to the 14902

type of or special mechanical control devices required on a motor	14903
vehicle which that the licensee may operate, or such any other	14904
restrictions applicable to the licensee as that the registrar	14905
determines to be necessary.	14906

When issuing a license to a person with impaired hearing, the registrar shall require that a motor vehicle operated by the person be equipped with two outside rear vision mirrors, one on 14909 the left side and the other on the right side. 14910

The registrar either may issue a special restricted license 14911 or may set forth such any restrictions applicable to the license 14912 upon the usual license form. 14913

The registrar, upon receiving satisfactory evidence of any
violation of the restrictions of such any license, after an
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opportunity for a hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the
Revised Code, may suspend the license for a period of six months
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impose upon the offender a class D suspension of the license from
the range specified in division (B)(4) of section 4510.02 of the
Revised Code.
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Sec. 4507.15. For the purpose of enforcing sections 4507.01 14921 to 4507.39, inclusive, this chapter and Chapter 4510. of the 14922 Revised Code, any court of record having criminal jurisdiction 14923 shall have county-wide jurisdiction within the county in which it 14924 is located to hear and finally determine cases arising under such 14925 sections this chapter and Chapter 4510. of the Revised Code. Such 14926 actions An action arising under this section shall be commenced by 14927 the filing of an affidavit, and the right of trial by jury is 14928 preserved, but indictments are not required in misdemeanor cases 14929 arising under such sections this chapter and Chapter 4510. of the 14930 Revised Code. The registrar shall prepare and furnish blanks for 14931 the use of said the court in making reports of said convictions 14932 and bond forfeitures arising under this chapter and Chapter 4510. 14933

driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident

operating privilege of any person who is convicted of or pleads

quilty to a violation of section 2903.06 or 2903.08 of the Revised

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Code. The suspension shall be for the period of time specified in	14964
section 2903.06 or 2903.08 of the Revised Code, whichever is	14965
applicable.	14966
(3) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	14967
violation of section 2907.24 of the Revised Code, an attempt to	14968
commit a violation of that section, or a violation of or an	14969
attempt to commit a violation of a municipal ordinance that is	14970
substantially equivalent to that section and if the person, in	14971
committing or attempting to commit the violation, was in, was on,	14972
or used a motor vehicle, the trial judge of a court of record, in	14973
addition to or independent of all other penalties provided by law	14974
or ordinance, shall suspend for thirty days the person's driver's	14975
or commercial driver's license or permit.	14976
The trial judge of any court of record, in addition to	14977
suspensions or revocations of licenses, permits, or privileges	14978
pursuant to this division and in addition to or independent of all	14979
other penalties provided by law or by ordinance, shall impose a	14980
suspended jail sentence not to exceed six months, if imprisonment	14981
was not imposed for the offense for which the person was	14982
convicted, a class six suspension of the offender's driver's	14983
license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction	14984
permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege	14985
from the range specified in division (A)(6) of section 4510.02 of	14986
the Revised Code. No judge shall suspend the first three months of	14987
suspension of an offender's license, permit, or privilege required	14988
by this division.	14989
$\frac{(4)(B)}{(B)}$ If the trial judge of any court of record suspends $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$	14990
revokes the driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	14991
nonresident operating privilege of a person who is convicted of or	14992
pleads guilty to any offense for which $\frac{1}{2}$ suspension $\frac{1}{2}$	14993
revocation of that type is provided by law or ordinance, in	14994

addition to all other penalties provided by law or ordinance, the

judge may issue an order prohibiting the offender from	14996
registering, renewing, or transferring the registration of any	14997
vehicle during the period that the offender's license, permit, or	14998
privilege is suspended or revoked . The court promptly shall send a	14999
copy of the order to the registrar of motor vehicles.	15000

Upon receipt of such an the order from the court, neither the 15001 registrar nor any deputy registrar shall accept any application 15002 for the registration, registration renewal, or transfer of 15003 registration of any motor vehicle owned or leased by the person 15004 named in the order during the period that the person's license, 15005 permit, or privilege is suspended or revoked, unless the registrar 15006 is properly notified by the court that the order of suspension ex 15007 revocation has been canceled. When the period of suspension or 15008 revocation expires or the order is canceled, the registrar or 15009 deputy registrar shall accept the application for registration, 15010 registration renewal, or transfer of registration of the person 15011 named in the order. 15012

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the trial 15013 judge of any court of record and the mayor of a mayor's court, in 15014 addition to or independent of all other penalties provided by law 15015 or by ordinance, shall revoke the driver's or commercial driver's 15016 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege of any person 15017 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division 15018 (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, of a municipal 15019 ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the 15020 influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of 15021 abuse, or of a municipal ordinance that is substantially 15022 equivalent to division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code 15023 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of 15024 alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine or suspend the license, 15025 permit, or privilege as follows: 15026

(1) Except when division (B)(2), (3), or (4) of this section

applies and the judge or mayor is required to suspend or revoke	15028
the offender's license or permit pursuant to that division, the	15029
judge or mayor shall suspend the offender's driver's or commercial	15030
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege for	15031
not less than six months nor more than three years.	15032
(2) Subject to division (B)(4) of this section, if, within	15033
six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or	15034
pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section	15035
4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to	15036
operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug	15037
of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance	15038
relating to operating a motor vehicle with a prohibited	15039
concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section	15040
2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was	15041
subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that	15042
section, section 2903.06 or 2903.08 of the Revised Code, former	15043
section 2903.07 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that	15044
is substantially similar to former section 2903.07 of the Revised	15045
Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the offender	15046
was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol	15047
and a drug of abuse, or a statute of the United States or of any	15048
other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation	15049
located in any other state that is substantially similar to	15050
division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, the	15051
judge shall suspend the offender's driver's or commercial driver's	15052
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege for not less	15053
than one year nor more than five years.	15054
(3) Subject to division (B)(4) of this section, if, within	15055
six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or	15056
pleaded guilty to two violations described in division (B)(2) of	15057
this section, or a statute of the United States or of any other	15058

state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located
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in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A)	15060
or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, the judge shall	15061
suspend the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or	15062
permit or nonresident operating privilege for not less than one	15063
year nor more than ten years.	15064
(4) If, within six years of the offense, the offender has	15065
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations	15066
described in division (B)(2) of this section, a statute of the	15067
United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a	15068
municipal corporation located in any other state that is	15069
substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of	15070
the Revised Code, or if the offender previously has been convicted	15071
of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section	15072
4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the	15073
violation was a felony and regardless of when the violation and	15074
the conviction or guilty plea occurred, the judge shall suspend	15075
the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit	15076
or nonresident operating privilege for a period of time set by the	15077
court but not less than three years, and the judge may permanently	15078
revoke the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or	15079
permit or nonresident operating privilege.	15080
(5) The filing of an appeal by a person whose driver's or	15081
commercial driver's license is suspended or revoked under division	15082
(B)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section regarding any aspect of	15083
the person's trial or sentence does not stay the operation of the	15084
suspension or revocation.	15085
(C) The trial judge of any court of record or the mayor of a	15086
mayor's court, in addition to or independent of all other	15087
penalties provided by law or by ordinance, may suspend the	15088
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident	15089
operating privilege of any person who violates a requirement or	15090
	4500

prohibition of the court imposed under division (F) of this

person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is

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under suspension on the date the court imposes sentence upon the	15124
person, any revocation imposed upon the person that is referred to	15125
in division (D)(2) of this section shall take effect immediately.	15126
If the person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit	15127
is under suspension on the date the court imposes sentence upon	15128
the person, any period of suspension imposed upon the person that	15129
is referred to in division (D)(2) of this section shall take	15130
effect on the next day immediately following the end of that	15131
period of suspension. If the person is sixteen years of age or	15132
older and is a resident of this state but does not have a current,	15133
valid Ohio driver's or commercial driver's license or permit, the	15134
court shall order the registrar to deny to the person the issuance	15135
of a driver's or commercial driver's license or permit for six	15136
months beginning on the date the court imposes a sentence upon the	15137
person. If the person has not attained the age of sixteen years on	15138
the date the court sentences the person for the violation, the	15139
period of denial shall commence on the date the person attains the	15140
age of sixteen years.	15141
(E) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the trial	15142
judge of any court of record and the mayor of a mayor's court, in	15143
addition to or independent of all other penalties provided by law	15144
or ordinance, shall suspend for not less than sixty days nor more	15145
than two years the driver's or commercial driver's license or	15146
permit or nonresident operating privilege of any person who is	15147
convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (B) of	15148
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a municipal ordinance	15149
substantially equivalent to that division relating to operating a	15150
vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood,	15151
breath, or urine.	15152
(F)(1) A person is not entitled to request, and a judge or	15153
mayor shall not grant to the person, occupational driving	15154
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privileges under division (F) of this section if a person's

driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident	15156
operating privilege has been suspended pursuant to division (B) or	15157
(C) of this section or pursuant to division (F) of section	15158
4511.191 of the Revised Code, and the person, within the preceding	15159
seven years, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or	15160
more violations of one or more of the following:	15161
(a) Division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised	15162
Code;	15163
(b) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle	15164
while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol	15165
and a drug of abuse;	15166
(c) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle	15167
with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath,	15168
or urine;	15169
(d) Section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which	15170
the person was subject to the sanctions described in division (D)	15171
the person was subject to the sametrons described in division (b)	131/1
of that section;	15171
of that section;	15172
of that section; (c) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of	15172 15173
of that section; (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that	15172 15173 15174
of that section; (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to either of those divisions;	15172 15173 15174 15175
of that section; (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to either of those divisions; (f) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06, division	15172 15173 15174 15175 15176
of that section; (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to either of those divisions; (f) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06, division (A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the	15172 15173 15174 15175 15176 15177
of that section; (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to either of those divisions; (f) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06, division (A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially	15172 15173 15174 15175 15176 15177 15178
of that section: (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to either of those divisions; (f) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06, division (A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a	15172 15173 15174 15175 15176 15177 15178 15179
of that section: (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to either of those divisions; (f) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06, division (A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a case in which the jury or judge found that the person was under	15172 15173 15174 15175 15176 15177 15178 15179 15180
of that section; (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to either of those divisions; (f) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06, division (A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a case in which the jury or judge found that the person was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug	15172 15173 15174 15175 15176 15177 15178 15179 15180 15181
of that section; (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to either of those divisions; (f) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06, division (A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a case in which the jury or judge found that the person was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse;	15172 15173 15174 15175 15176 15177 15178 15179 15180 15181 15182
of that section; (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to either of those divisions; (f) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06, division (A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a case in which the jury or judge found that the person was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse; (g) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a	15172 15173 15174 15175 15176 15177 15178 15179 15180 15181 15182

(2) Any other person who is not described in division (F)(1)	15187
of this section and whose driver's or commercial driver's license	15188
or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under any of	15189
those divisions may file a petition that alleges that the	15190
suspension would seriously affect the person's ability to continue	15191
the person's employment. The petition of a person whose license,	15192
permit, or privilege was suspended pursuant to division (F) of	15193
section 4511.191 of the Revised Code shall be filed in the court	15194
specified in division (I)(4) of that section, and the petition of	15195
a person whose license, permit, or privilege was suspended under	15196
division (B) or (C) of this section shall be filed in the	15197
municipal, county, mayor's, or in the case of a minor, juvenile	15198
court that has jurisdiction over the place of arrest. Upon	15199
satisfactory proof that there is reasonable cause to believe that	15200
the suspension would seriously affect the person's ability to	15201
continue the person's employment, the judge of the court or mayor	15202
of the mayor's court may grant the person occupational driving	15203
privileges during the period during which the suspension otherwise	15204
would be imposed, except that the judge or mayor shall not grant	15205
occupational driving privileges for employment as a driver of	15206
commercial motor vehicles to any person who is disqualified from	15207
operating a commercial motor vehicle under section 3123.611 or	15208
4506.16 of the Revised Code or whose commercial driver's license	15209
or commercial driver's temporary intruction permit has been	15210
suspended under section 3123.58 of the Revised Code, and shall not	15211
grant occupational driving privileges during any of the following	15212
periods of time:	15213
(a) The first fifteen days of suspension imposed upon an	15214
offender whose license, permit, or privilege is suspended pursuant	15215
to division (B)(1) of this section or division (F)(1) of section	15216
4511.191 of the Revised Code. On or after the sixteenth day of	15217
suspension, the court may grant the offender occupational driving	15218

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privileges, but the court may provide that the offender shall not exercise the occupational driving privileges unless the vehicles the offender operates are equipped with ignition interlock devices.

(b) The first thirty days of suspension imposed upon an offender whose license, permit, or privilege is suspended pursuant to division (B)(2) of this section or division (F)(2) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. On or after the thirty first day of suspension, the court may grant the offender occupational driving privileges, but the court may provide that the offender shall not exercise the occupational driving privileges unless the vehicles the offender operates are equipped with ignition interlock devices.

(c) The first one hundred eighty days of suspension imposed 15232 upon an offender whose license, permit, or privilege is suspended 15233 pursuant to division (B)(3) of this section or division (F)(3) of 15234 section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The judge may grant 15235 occupational driving privileges to an offender who receives a 15236 suspension under either of those divisions on or after the one 15237 hundred eighty first day of the suspension only if division (F) of 15238 this section does not prohibit the judge from granting the 15239 privileges and only if the judge, at the time of granting the 15240 privileges, also issues an order prohibiting the offender, while 15241 exercising the occupational driving privileges during the period 15242 commencing with the one hundred eighty-first day of suspension and 15243 ending with the first year of suspension, from operating any motor 15244 vehicle unless it is equipped with a certified ignition interlock 15245 device. After the first year of the suspension, the court may 15246 authorize the offender to continue exercising the occupational 15247 driving privileges in vehicles that are not equipped with ignition 15248 interlock devices. If the offender does not petition for 15249 occupational driving privileges until after the first year of 15250

suspension and if division (F) of this section does not prohibit	15251
the judge from granting the privileges, the judge may grant the	15252
offender occupational driving privileges without requiring the use	15253
of a certified ignition interlock device.	15254
(d) The first three years of suspension imposed upon an	15255

5 offender whose license, permit, or privilege is suspended pursuant 15256 to division (B)(4) of this section or division (F)(4) of section 15257 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The judge may grant occupational 15258 driving privileges to an offender who receives a suspension under 15259 either of those divisions after the first three years of 15260 suspension only if division (F) of this section does not prohibit 15261 the judge from granting the privileges and only if the judge, at 15262 the time of granting the privileges, also issues an order 15263 prohibiting the offender from operating any motor vehicle, for the 15264 period of suspension following the first three years of 15265 suspension, unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a certified 15266 ignition interlock device. 15267

(G) If a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or 15268 permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under 15269 division (E) of this section, and the person, within the preceding 15270 seven years, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or 15271 more violations identified in division (F)(1) of this section, the 15272 person is not entitled to request, and the judge or mayor shall 15273 not grant to the person, occupational driving privileges under 15274 this division. Any other person whose driver's or commercial 15275 driver's license or nonresident operating privilege has been 15276 suspended under division (E) of this section may file a petition 15277 that alleges that the suspension would seriously affect the 15278 person's ability to continue the person's employment. The petition 15279 shall be filed in the municipal, county, or mayor's court that has 15280 jurisdiction over the place of arrest. Upon satisfactory proof 15281 that there is reasonable cause to believe that the suspension 15282

would seriously affect the person's ability to continue the	15283
person's employment, the judge of the court or mayor of the	15284
mayor's court may grant the person occupational driving privileges	15285
during the period during which the suspension otherwise would be	15286
imposed, except that the judge or mayor shall not grant	15287
occupational driving privileges for employment as a driver of	15288
commercial motor vehicles to any person who is disqualified from	15289
operating a commercial motor vehicle under section 4506.16 of the	15290
Revised Code, and shall not grant occupational driving privileges	15291
during the first sixty days of suspension imposed upon an offender	15292
whose driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	15293
nonresident operating privilege is suspended pursuant to division	15294
(E) of this section.	15295
(H)(1) After a driver's or commercial driver's license or	15296
permit has been suspended or revoked pursuant to this section, the	15297
judge of the court or mayor of the mayor's court that suspended or	15298
revoked the license or permit shall cause the offender to deliver	15299
the license or permit to the court. The judge, mayor, or clerk of	15300
the court or mayor's court, if the license or permit has been	15301
suspended or revoked in connection with any of the offenses listed	15302
in this section, forthwith shall forward it to the registrar with	15303
notice of the action of the court.	15304
(2) Suspension of a commercial driver's license under this	15305
section shall be concurrent with any period of disqualification	15306
under section 3123.611 or 4506.16 of the Revised Code or any	15307
period of suspension under section 3123.58 of the Revised Code. No	15308
person who is disqualified for life from holding a commercial	15309
driver's license under section 4506.16 of the Revised Code shall	15310
be issued a driver's license under this chapter during the period	15311
for which the commercial driver's license was suspended under this	15312
section, and no person whose commercial driver's license is	15313
	4 = 6 - 4

suspended under this section shall be issued a driver's license

(K) The judge or mayor shall notify the bureau of any
determinations made, and of any suspensions or revocations
imposed, pursuant to division (B) of this section.

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(L)(1) If a court issues an ignition interlock order under

division (F) of this section, the order shall authorize the	15347
offender during the specified period to operate a motor vehicle	15348
only if it is equipped with a certified ignition interlock device.	15349
The court shall provide the offender with a copy of an ignition	15350
interlock order issued under division (F) of this section, and the	15351
copy of the order shall be used by the offender in lieu of an Ohio	15352
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit until the	15353
registrar or a deputy registrar issues the offender a restricted	15354
license.	15355
An order issued under division (F) of this section does not	15356
authorize or permit the offender to whom it has been issued to	15357
operate a vehicle during any time that the offender's driver's or	15358
commercial driver's license or permit is suspended or revoked	15359
under any other provision of law.	15360
(2) The offender may present the ignition interlock order to	15361
the registrar or to a deputy registrar. Upon presentation of the	15362
order to the registrar or a deputy registrar, the registrar or	15363
deputy registrar shall issue the offender a restricted license. A	15364
restricted license issued under this division shall be identical	15365
to an Ohio driver's license, except that it shall have printed on	15366
its face a statement that the offender is prohibited during the	15367
period specified in the court order from operating any motor	15368
vehicle that is not equipped with a certified ignition interlock	15369
device, and except that the date of commencement and the date of	15370
termination of the period shall be indicated conspicuously upon	15371
the face of the license.	15372
(3) As used in this section:	15373
(a) "Ignition interlock device" has the same meaning as in	15374
section 4511.83 of the Revised Code.	15375
(b) "Certified ignition interlock device" means an ignition	15376
interlock device that is certified pursuant to section 4511.83 of	15377

the Revised Code. 15378

Sec. 4507.164. (A) Except as provided in divisions (C) to (E) 15380 of this section, when the license of any person is suspended or 15381 revoked pursuant to any provision of the Revised Code other than 15382 division $\frac{(B)(G)}{(B)}$ of section $\frac{4507.16}{(B)}$ 4511.19 of the Revised Code and 15383 other than section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a violation of 15384 a municipal OVI ordinance, the trial judge may impound the 15385 identification license plates of any motor vehicle registered in 15386 the name of the person. 15387

- (B)(1) When the license of any person is suspended or revoked 15388 pursuant to division (B)(1)(G)(1)(a) of section 4507.16 4511.19 of 15389 the Revised Code, or pursuant to section 4510.07 of the Revised 15390 Code for a municipal OVI offense when the suspension is equivalent 15391 in length to the suspension under division (G) of section 4511.19 15392 of the Revised Code that is specified in this division, the trial 15393 judge of the court of record or the mayor of the mayor's court 15394 that suspended or revoked the license may impound the 15395 identification license plates of any motor vehicle registered in 15396 the name of the person. 15397
- (2) When the license of any person is suspended or revoked 15398 pursuant to division (B)(2)(G)(1)(b) of section 4507.16 4511.19 of 15399 the Revised Code, or pursuant to section 4510.07 of the Revised 15400 Code for a municipal OVI offense when the suspension is equivalent 15401 in length to the suspension under division (G) of section 4511.19 15402 of the Revised Code that is specified in this division, the trial 15403 judge of the court of record that suspended or revoked the license 15404 shall order the impoundment of the identification license plates 15405 of the motor vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the 15406 offense and the immobilization of that vehicle in accordance with 15407 section 4503.233 and division $\frac{(A)(2), (6), or (7)(G)(1)(b)}{(G)(1)(B)}$ of 15408 section 4511.99 4511.19 or division (B)(2)(i) or (ii)(a) of 15409

section 4511.193 of the Revised Code and may impound the	15410
identification license plates of any other motor vehicle	15411
registered in the name of the person whose license is suspended or	15412
revoked .	15413

- (3) When the license of any person is suspended or revoked 15414 pursuant to division $\frac{(B)(3)(G)(1)(c)}{(d)}$, or $\frac{(4)(e)}{(e)}$ of section 15415 4507.16 4511.19 of the Revised Code, or pursuant to section 15416 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a municipal OVI offense when the 15417 suspension is equivalent in length to the suspension under 15418 division (G) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that is 15419 specified in this division, the trial judge of the court of record 15420 that suspended or revoked the license shall order the criminal 15421 forfeiture to the state of the motor vehicle the offender was 15422 operating at the time of the offense in accordance with section 15423 4503.234 and division $\frac{(A)(3) \text{ or } (4)(G)(1)(C)}{(G)}$, $\frac{(d)}{(G)}$, or $\frac{(8)(e)}{(G)}$ of 15424 section 4511.99 4511.19 or division (B)(2)(b)(iii) of section 15425 4511.193 of the Revised Code and may impound the identification 15426 license plates of any other motor vehicle registered in the name 15427 of the person whose license is suspended or revoked. 15428
- (C)(1) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 15429 violation of division (D)(2) of section 4507.02 4510.14 of the 15430 Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance and 15431 division (B)(1) or (2) of section 4507.99 4510.14 or division 15432 (C)(1) or (2) of section 4507.36 4510.161 of the Revised Code 15433 applies, the trial judge of the court of record or the mayor of 15434 the mayor's court that imposes sentence shall order the 15435 immobilization of the vehicle the person was operating at the time 15436 of the offense and the impoundment of its identification license 15437 plates in accordance with section 4503.233 and division (B)(1) or 15438 (2) of section 4507.99 4510.14 or division (C)(1) or (2) of 15439 section 4507.361 4510.161 of the Revised Code and may impound the 15440 identification license plates of any other vehicle registered in 15441

vehicle registered in the name of that person.

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the name of that person.

(2) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 15443 violation of division (D)(2) of section 4507.02 4510.14 of the 15444 Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance and 15445 division (B)(3) of section 4507.99 4510.14 or division (C)(3) of 15446 section 4507.361 4510.161 of the Revised Code applies, the trial 15447 judge of the court of record that imposes sentence shall order the 15448 criminal forfeiture to the state of the vehicle the person was 15449 operating at the time of the offense in accordance with section 15450 4503.234 and division (B)(3) of section 4507.99 4510.14 or 15451 division (C)(3) of section 4507.361 4510.161 of the Revised Code 15452 and may impound the identification license plates of any other 15453

- (D)(1) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 15455 violation of division $\frac{(B)(1)(A)}{(A)}$ of section $\frac{4507.02}{(B)}$ 4510.16 of the 15456 Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance and 15457 division $\frac{(C)(1)(B)(2)}{(B)(2)}$ or $\frac{(2)(3)}{(2)}$ of section $\frac{4507.99}{(2)}$ 4510.16 or 15458 division (B)(1) or (2) of section 4507.361 4510.161 of the Revised 15459 Code applies, the trial judge of the court of record or the mayor 15460 of the mayor's court that imposes sentence shall order the 15461 immobilization of the vehicle the person was operating at the time 15462 of the offense and the impoundment of its identification license 15463 plates in accordance with section 4503.233 and division 15464 $\frac{(C)(1)(B)(2)}{(B)(2)}$ or $\frac{(2)(3)}{(B)(2)}$ of section $\frac{4507.99}{(B)(2)}$ 4510.16 or division 15465 (B)(1) or (2) of section 4507.361 ± 4510.161 of the Revised Code and 15466 may impound the identification license plates of any other vehicle 15467 registered in the name of that person. 15468
- (2) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 15469 violation of division $\frac{(B)(1)(A)}{(A)}$ of section $\frac{4507.02}{4510.16}$ of the 15470 Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance and 15471 division $\frac{(C)(3)(B)(4)}{(B)(3)}$ of section $\frac{4507.99}{4510.16}$ or division 15472 (B)(3) of section $\frac{4507.361}{4510.161}$ of the Revised Code applies, 15473

the trial judge of the court of record that imposes sentence shall	15474
order the criminal forfeiture to the state of the vehicle the	15475
person was operating at the time of the offense in accordance with	15476
section 4503.234 and division $\frac{(C)(3)(B)(4)}{(B)(4)}$ of section $\frac{4507.99}{(B)(B)(B)}$	15477
$\underline{4510.16}$ or division (B)(3) of section $\underline{4507.361}$ $\underline{4510.161}$ of the	15478
Revised Code and may impound the identification license plates of	15479
any other vehicle registered in the name of that person.	15480

- (E)(1) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 15481 violation of section 4507.33 4511.203 of the Revised Code and the 15482 person is sentenced pursuant to division (E)(C)(1) or (2) of 15483 section 4507.99 4511.203 of the Revised Code, the trial judge of 15484 the court of record or the mayor of the mayor's court that imposes 15485 sentence shall order the immobilization of the vehicle that was 15486 involved in the commission of the offense and the impoundment of 15487 its identification license plates in accordance with division 15488 $\frac{(E)(C)}{(1)}$ or (2) of section 4507.99 4511.203 and section 4503.233 15489 of the Revised Code and may impound the identification license 15490 plates of any other vehicle registered in the name of that person. 15491
- (2) When a person is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 15492 violation of section 4507.33 4511.203 of the Revised Code and the 15493 person is sentenced pursuant to division $\frac{(E)(2)(C)(3)}{(E)(2)}$ of section 15494 4507.99 4511.203 of the Revised Code, the trial judge of the court 15495 of record or the mayor of the mayor's court that imposes sentence 15496 shall order the criminal forfeiture to the state of the vehicle 15497 that was involved in the commission of the offense in accordance 15498 with division (E)(2)(C)(3) of section 4507.99 4511.203 and section 15499 4503.234 of the Revised Code and may impound the identification 15500 license plates of any other vehicle registered in the name of that 15501 15502 person.
- (F) Except as provided in section 4503.233 or 4503.234 of the 15503 Revised Code, when the certificate of registration, the 15504 identification license plates, or both have been impounded, 15505

Sec. 4507.21. (A) Each applicant for a driver's license shall	15535
file an application in the office of the registrar of motor	15536
vehicles or of a deputy registrar.	15537
(B)(1) Each person under eighteen years of age applying for a	15538
driver's license issued in this state shall present satisfactory	15539
evidence of having successfully completed any one of the	15540
following:	15541
(a) A driver education course approved by the state	15542
department of education.	15543
(b) A driver training course approved by the director of	15544
public safety.	15545
(c) A driver training course comparable to a driver education	15546
or driver training course described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b)	15547
of this section and administered by a branch of the armed forces	15548
of the United States and completed by the applicant while residing	15549
outside this state for the purpose of being with or near any	15550
person serving in the armed forces of the United States.	15551
	15552
(2) Each person under eighteen years of age applying for a	15553
driver's license also shall present, on a form prescribed by the	15554
registrar, an affidavit signed by an eligible adult attesting that	15555
the person has acquired at least fifty hours of actual driving	15556
experience, with at least ten of those hours being at night.	15557
(C) If the registrar or deputy registrar determines that the	15558
applicant is entitled to the driver's license, it shall be issued.	15559
If the application shows that the applicant's license has been	15560
previously revoked canceled or suspended, the deputy registrar	15561
shall forward the application to the registrar, who shall	15562
determine whether the license shall be granted.	15563
(D) All applications shall be filed in duplicate, and the	15564

deputy registrar issuing the license shall immediately forward to 15565 the office of the registrar the original copy of the application, 15566 together with the duplicate copy of the certificate, if issued. 15567 The registrar shall prescribe rules as to the manner in which the 15568 deputy registrar files and maintains the applications and other 15569 records. The registrar shall file every application for a driver's 15570 or commercial driver's license and index them by name and number, 15571 and shall maintain a suitable record of all licenses issued, all 15572 convictions and bond forfeitures, all applications for licenses 15573 denied, and all licenses which that have been suspended or revoked 15574 canceled. 15575

- (E) For purposes of section 2313.06 of the Revised Code, the 15576 registrar shall maintain accurate and current lists of the 15577 residents of each county who are eighteen years of age or older, 15578 have been issued, on and after January 1, 1984, driver's or 15579 commercial driver's licenses that are valid and current, and would 15580 be electors if they were registered to vote, regardless of whether 15581 they actually are registered to vote. The lists shall contain the 15582 names, addresses, dates of birth, duration of residence in this 15583 state, citizenship status, and social security numbers, if the 15584 numbers are available, of the licensees, and may contain any other 15585 information that the registrar considers suitable. 15586
- (F) Each person under eighteen years of age applying for a 15587 motorcycle operator's endorsement or a restricted license enabling 15588 the applicant to operate a motorcycle shall present satisfactory 15589 evidence of having completed the courses of instruction in the 15590 motorcycle safety and education program described in section 15591 4508.08 of the Revised Code or a comparable course of instruction 15592 administered by a branch of the armed forces of the United States 15593 and completed by the applicant while residing outside this state 15594 for the purpose of being with or near any person serving in the 15595 armed forces of the United States. If the registrar or deputy 15596

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registrar then determines that the applicant is entitled to the	15597
endorsement or restricted license, it shall be issued.	15598
(G) No person shall knowingly make a false statement in an	15599
affidavit presented in accordance with division (B)(2) of this	15600
section.	15601
(H) As used in this section, "eligible adult" means any of	15602
the following persons:	15603
(1) A parent, guardian, or custodian of the applicant;	15604
(2) A person over the age of twenty-one who acts in loco	15605
parentis of the applicant and who maintains proof of financial	15606
responsibility with respect to the operation of a motor vehicle	15607
owned by the applicant or with respect to the applicant's	15608
operation of any motor vehicle.	15609
(I) Whoever violates division (G) of this section is quilty	15610
of a minor misdemeanor and shall be fined one hundred dollars.	15611
Sec. 4507.30. No person shall do any of the following:	15612
(A) Display, or cause or permit to be displayed, or possess	15613
any identification card, driver's or commercial driver's license,	15614
temporary instruction permit, or commercial driver's license	15615
temporary instruction permit knowing the same to be fictitious, or	15616
to have been canceled, revoked, suspended, or altered;	15617
(B) Lend to a person not entitled thereto, or knowingly	15618
permit him a person not entitled thereto to use any identification	15619
card, driver's or commercial driver's license, temporary	15620
instruction permit, or commercial driver's license temporary	15621
instruction permit issued to the person so lending or permitting	15622
the use thereof;	15623
(C) Display, or represent as one's own, any identification	15624
card, driver's or commercial driver's license, temporary	15625
instruction permit, or commercial driver's license temporary	15626

Sec. 4507.35. (A) The operator of a motor vehicle shall	15656
display his the operator's driver's license, or furnish	15657
satisfactory proof that he the operator has such a driver's	15658
license, upon demand of any peace officer or of any person damaged	15659
or injured in any collision in which such the licensee may be	15660
involved. When a demand is properly made and the operator has his	15661
the operator's driver's license on or about his the operator's	15662
person, he the operator shall not refuse to display said the	15663
license. Failure A person's failure to furnish satisfactory	15664
evidence that such the person is licensed under sections 4507.01	15665
to 4507.30 of the Revised Code this chapter when such the person	15666
does not have his the person's license on or about his the	15667
person's person shall be prima-facie evidence of his the person's	15668
not having obtained such <u>a driver's</u> license.	15669
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	15670
of the first degree.	15671
Sec. 4507.36. (A) No person shall knowingly make a false	15672
statement to any matter or thing required by sections 4507.01 to	15673
4507.39, inclusive, of the Revised Code this chapter.	15674
(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor	15675
of the first degree.	15676
or the fifth degree.	13070
Sec. 4507.45. If a person's driver's license, commercial	15677
driver's license, or nonresident operating privilege is suspended,	15678
disqualified, or revoked canceled for an indefinite period of time	15679
or for a period of at least ninety days, and if at the end of the	15680
period of suspension, disqualification, or revocation cancellation	15681
the person is eligible to have the license or privilege	15682
reinstated, the registrar of motor vehicles shall collect a	15683
reinstatement fee of thirty dollars when the person requests	15684
reinstatement. However, the registrar shall not collect the fee	15685

prescribed by this section if a different driver's license,	15686
commercial driver's license, or nonresident operating privilege	15687
reinstatement fee is prescribed by law.	15688

Sec. 4507.50. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles or a deputy 15689 registrar, upon receipt of an application filed in compliance with 15690 section 4507.51 of the Revised Code by any person who is a 15691 15692 resident or a temporary resident of this state and, except as otherwise provided in this section, is not licensed as an operator 15693 of a motor vehicle in this state or another licensing 15694 jurisdiction, and, except as provided in division (B) of this 15695 section, upon receipt of a fee of three dollars and fifty cents, 15696 shall issue an identification card to that person. 15697

Any person who is a resident or temporary resident of this 15698 state whose Ohio driver's or commercial driver's license has been 15699 suspended or revoked canceled, upon application in compliance with 15700 section 4507.51 of the Revised Code and, except as provided in 15701 division (B) of this section, payment of a fee of three dollars 15702 and fifty cents, may be issued a temporary identification card. 15703 The temporary identification card shall be identical to an 15704 identification card, except that it shall be printed on its face 15705 with a statement that the card is valid during the effective dates 15706 of the suspension or revocation cancellation of the cardholder's 15707 license, or until the birthday of the cardholder in the fourth 15708 year after the date on which it is issued, whichever is shorter. 15709 The cardholder shall surrender the identification card to the 15710 registrar or any deputy registrar before the cardholder's driver's 15711 or commercial driver's license is restored or reissued. 15712

Except as provided in division (B) of this section, the 15713 deputy registrar shall be allowed a fee of two dollars and 15714 seventy-five cents commencing on July 1, 2001, three dollars and 15715 twenty-five cents commencing on January 1, 2003, and three dollars 15716

and fifty cents commencing on January 1, 2004, for each	15717
identification card issued under this section. The fee allowed to	15718
the deputy registrar shall be in addition to the fee for issuing	15719
an identification card.	15720

Neither the registrar nor any deputy registrar shall charge a 15721 fee in excess of one dollar and fifty cents for laminating an 15722 identification card or temporary identification card. A deputy 15723 registrar laminating such a card shall retain the entire amount of 15724 the fee charged for lamination, less the actual cost to the 15725 registrar of the laminating materials used for that lamination, as 15726 specified in the contract executed by the bureau for the 15727 laminating materials and laminating equipment. The deputy 15728 registrar shall forward the amount of the cost of the laminating 15729 materials to the registrar for deposit as provided in this 15730 section. 15731

The fee collected for issuing an identification card under 15732 this section, except the fee allowed to the deputy registrar, 15733 shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the state 15734 bureau of motor vehicles fund created in section 4501.25 of the 15735 Revised Code.

(B) A disabled veteran who has a service-connected disability 15737 rated at one hundred per cent by the veterans' administration may 15738 apply to the registrar or a deputy registrar for the issuance to 15739 that veteran of an identification card or a temporary 15740 identification card under this section without payment of any fee 15741 prescribed in division (A) of this section, including any 15742 lamination fee.

If the identification card or temporary identification card 15744 of a disabled veteran described in this division is laminated by a 15745 deputy registrar who is acting as a deputy registrar pursuant to a 15746 contract with the registrar that is in effect on the effective 15747 date of this amendment, the disabled veteran shall pay the deputy 15748

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registrar the lamination fee prescribed in division (A) of this	15749
section. If the identification card or temporary identification	15750
card is laminated by a deputy registrar who is acting as a deputy	15751
registrar pursuant to a contract with the registrar that is	15752
executed after July 29, 1998, the disabled veteran is not required	15753
to pay the deputy registrar the lamination fee prescribed in	15754
division (A) of this section.	15755

A disabled veteran whose identification card or temporary identification card is laminated by the registrar is not required to pay the registrar any lamination fee.

An application made under division (A) of this section shall 15759 be accompanied by such documentary evidence of disability as the 15760 registrar may require by rule.

Sec. 4507.52. (A) Each identification card issued by the 15762 registrar of motor vehicles or a deputy registrar shall display a 15763 distinguishing number assigned to the cardholder, and shall 15764 display the following inscription: 15765

This card is not valid for the purpose of operating a motor vehicle. It is provided solely for the purpose of establishing the identity of the bearer described on the card, who currently is not licensed to operate a motor vehicle in the state of Ohio."

"STATE OF OHIO IDENTIFICATION CARD

The identification card shall display substantially the same 15771 information as contained in the application and as described in 15772 division (A)(1) of section 4507.51 of the Revised Code, but shall 15773 not display the cardholder's social security number unless the 15774 cardholder specifically requests that the cardholder's social 15775 security number be displayed on the card. If federal law requires 15776 the cardholder's social security number to be displayed on the 15777 identification card, the social security number shall be displayed 15778 on the card notwithstanding this section. The identification card 15779

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also shall display the color photograph of the cardholder. If the	15780
cardholder has executed a durable power of attorney for health	15781
care or a declaration governing the use or continuation, or the	15782
withholding or withdrawal, of life-sustaining treatment and has	15783
specified that the cardholder wishes the identification card to	15784
indicate that the cardholder has executed either type of	15785
instrument, the card also shall display any symbol chosen by the	15786
registrar to indicate that the cardholder has executed either type	15787
of instrument. The card shall be sealed in transparent plastic or	15788
similar material and shall be so designed as to prevent its	15789
reproduction or alteration without ready detection.	15790

The identification card for persons under twenty-one years of 15792 age shall have characteristics prescribed by the registrar 15793 distinguishing it from that issued to a person who is twenty-one 15794 years of age or older, except that an identification card issued 15795 to a person who applies no more than thirty days before the 15796 applicant's twenty-first birthday shall have the characteristics 15797 of an identification card issued to a person who is twenty-one 15798 years of age or older. 15799

Every identification card issued to a resident of this state 15800 shall expire, unless canceled or surrendered earlier, on the 15801 birthday of the cardholder in the fourth year after the date on 15802 which it is issued. Every identification card issued to a 15803 temporary resident shall expire in accordance with rules adopted 15804 by the registrar and is nonrenewable, but may be replaced with a 15805 new identification card upon the applicant's compliance with all 15806 applicable requirements. A cardholder may renew the cardholder's 15807 identification card within ninety days prior to the day on which 15808 it expires by filing an application and paying the prescribed fee 15809 in accordance with section 4507.50 of the Revised Code. 15810

If a cardholder applies for a driver's or commercial driver's

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license in this state or another licensing jurisdiction, the	15812
cardholder shall surrender the cardholder's identification card to	15813
the registrar or any deputy registrar before the license is	15814
issued.	15815
(B) If a card is lost, destroyed, or mutilated, the person to	15816
whom the card was issued may obtain a duplicate by doing both of	15817
the following:	15818
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Furnishing suitable proof of the loss, destruction, or	15819
mutilation to the registrar or a deputy registrar;	15820
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ Filing an application and presenting documentary	15821
evidence under section 4507.51 of the Revised Code.	15822
Any person who loses a card and, after obtaining a duplicate,	15823
finds the original, immediately shall surrender the original to	15824
the registrar or a deputy registrar.	15825
A cardholder may obtain a replacement identification card	15826
that reflects any change of the cardholder's name by furnishing	15827
suitable proof of the change to the registrar or a deputy	15828
registrar and surrendering the cardholder's existing card.	15829
When a cardholder applies for a duplicate or obtains a	15830
replacement identification card, the cardholder shall pay a fee of	15831
two dollars and fifty cents. A deputy registrar shall be allowed	15832
an additional fee of two dollars and seventy-five cents commencing	15833
on July 1, 2001, three dollars and twenty-five cents commencing on	15834
January 1, 2003, and three dollars and fifty cents commencing on	15835
January 1, 2004, for issuing a duplicate or replacement	15836
identification card. A disabled veteran who is a cardholder and	15837
has a service-connected disability rated at one hundred per cent	15838
by the veterans' administration may apply to the registrar or a	15839
deputy registrar for the issuance of a duplicate or replacement	15840
identification card without payment of any fee prescribed in this	15841

section, and without payment of any lamination fee if the disabled

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veteran would not be required to pay a lamination fee in	15843
connection with the issuance of an identification card or	15844
temporary identification card as provided in division (B) of	15845
section 4507.50 of the Revised Code.	15846
A duplicate or replacement identification card shall expire	15847
on the same date as the card it replaces.	15848
(C) The registrar shall cancel any card upon determining that	15849
the card was obtained unlawfully, issued in error, or was altered.	15850
The registrar also shall cancel any card that is surrendered to	15851
the registrar or to a deputy registrar after the holder has	15852
obtained a duplicate, replacement, or driver's or commercial	15853
driver's license.	15854
(D)(1) No agent of the state or its political subdivisions	15855
shall condition the granting of any benefit, service, right, or	15856
privilege upon the possession by any person of an identification	15857
card. Nothing in this section shall preclude any publicly operated	15858
or franchised transit system from using an identification card for	15859
the purpose of granting benefits or services of the system.	15860
	15861
(2) No person shall be required to apply for, carry, or	15862
possess an identification card.	15863
$\frac{(C)}{(E)}$ Except in regard to an identification card issued to a	15864
person who applies no more than thirty days before the applicant's	15865
twenty-first birthday, neither the registrar nor any deputy	15866
registrar shall issue an identification card to a person under	15867
twenty-one years of age that does not have the characteristics	15868
prescribed by the registrar distinguishing it from the	15869
identification card issued to persons who are twenty-one years of	15870
age or older.	15871
(F) Whoever violates division (E) of this section is guilty	15872
of a minor misdemeanor.	15873

Sec. 4507.99. (A) Whoever violates division (B)(2) or (D)(1)	15874
of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code is guilty of driving under	15875
suspension or revocation or in violation of license restrictions,	15876
a misdemeanor of the first degree. Whoever violates division (C)	15877
of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code is guilty of driving	15878
without paying a license reinstatement fee, a misdemeanor of the	15879
first degree. Except as otherwise provided in division (D) of	15880
section 4507.162 of the Revised Code, the court, in addition to or	15881
independent of all other penalties provided by law, may suspend	15882
for a period not to exceed one year the driver's or commercial	15883
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege of	15884
any person who pleads guilty to or is convicted of a violation of	15885
division (B)(2), (C), or (D)(1) of section 4507.02 of the Revised	15886
Code.	15887
(B) Whoever violates division (D)(2) of section 4507.02 of	15888
the Revised Code is guilty of driving under OMVI suspension or	15889
revocation and shall be punished as provided in division (B)(1),	15890
(2), or (3) and divisions (B)(4) to (8) of this section.	15891
(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(2) or (3) of	15892
this section, driving under OMVI suspension or revocation is a	15893
misdemeanor of the first degree, and the court shall sentence the	15894
offender to a term of imprisonment of not less than three	15895
consecutive days and may sentence the offender pursuant to section	15896
2929.21 of the Revised Code to a longer term of imprisonment. As	15897
an alternative to the term of imprisonment required to be imposed	15898
by this division, but subject to division (B)(6) of this section,	15899
the court may sentence the offender to a term of not less than	15900
thirty consecutive days of electronically monitored house arrest	15901
as defined in division (A)(4) of section 2929.23 of the Revised	15902
Code. The period of electronically monitored house arrest shall	15903
not exceed six months. In addition, the court shall impose upon	15904

the-	offender	a fine	of no	t less	than	two	-hundred	fifty	and	-not	15905
								- 1			
more	: than onc	tnous	ana ac	llars.							15906

Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was operating 15907 at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or 15908 in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or 15909 independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the 15910 offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, 15911 shall order the immobilization for thirty days of the vehicle the 15912 offender was operating at the time of the offense and the 15913 impoundment for thirty days of the identification license plates 15914 of that vehicle. The order for immobilization and impoundment 15915 shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 15916 of the Revised Code. 15917

(2) If, within five years of the offense, the offender has 15918 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division 15919 (D)(2) of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal 15920 ordinance that is substantially equivalent to that division, 15921 driving under OMVI suspension or revocation is a misdemeanor, and 15922 the court shall sentence the offender to a term of imprisonment of 15923 not less than ten consecutive days and may sentence the offender 15924 to a longer definite term of imprisonment of not more than one 15925 year. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment required to be 15926 imposed by this division, but subject to division (B)(6) of this 15927 section, the court may sentence the offender to a term of not less 15928 than ninety consecutive days of electronically monitored house 15929 arrest as defined in division (A)(4) of section 2929.23 of the 15930 Revised Code. The period of electronically monitored house arrest 15931 shall not exceed one year. In addition, the court shall impose 15932 upon the offender a fine of not less than five hundred and not 15933 more than two thousand five hundred dollars. 15934

Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was operating 15935 at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or 15936

in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or	15937
independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the	15938
offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code,	15939
shall order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the	15940
offender was operating at the time of the offense and the	15941
impoundment for sixty days of the identification license plates of	15942
that vehicle. The order for immobilization and impoundment shall	15943
be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 of the	15944
Revised Code.	15945

(3) If, within five years of the offense, the offender has 15946 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or more violations of 15947 division (D)(2) of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a 15948 municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to that 15949 division, driving under OMVI suspension or revocation is quilty of 15950 a misdemeanor. The court shall sentence the offender to a term of 15951 imprisonment of not less than thirty consecutive days and may 15952 sentence the offender to a longer definite term of imprisonment of 15953 not more than one year. The court shall not sentence the offender 15954 to a term of electronically monitored house arrest as defined in 15955 division (A)(4) of section 2929.23 of the Revised Code. In 15956 addition, the court shall impose upon the offender a fine of not 15957 less than five hundred and not more than two thousand five hundred 15958 dollars. 15959

Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was operating 15960 at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or 15961 in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or 15962 independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the 15963 offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, 15964 shall order the criminal forfeiture to the state of the vehicle 15965 the offender was operating at the time of the offense. The order 15966 of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance 15967 with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. 15968

If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for	15969
criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred	15970
and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code	15971
applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty	15972
established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of	15973
the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto	15974
dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed under	15975
this division shall be distributed in accordance with division	15976
(D)(4) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	15977
(4) In addition to or independent of all other penalties	15978
provided by law or ordinance, the trial judge of any court of	15979
record or the mayor of a mayor's court shall suspend for a period	15980
not to exceed one year the driver's or commercial driver's license	15981
or permit or nonresident operating privilege of an offender who is	15982
sentenced under division (B)(1), (2), or (3) of this section.	15983
(5) Fifty per cent of any fine imposed by a court under	15984
division (B)(1), (2), or (3) of this section shall be deposited	15985
into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or	15986
municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the	15987
control of that court, as created by the county or municipal	15988
corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the	15989
Revised Code.	15990
(6) No court shall impose the alternative sentence of not	15991
less than thirty consecutive days of electronically monitored	15992
house arrest permitted to be imposed by division (B)(1) of this	15993
section or the alternative sentence of a term of not less than	15994
ninety consecutive days of electronically monitored house arrest	15995
permitted to be imposed by division (B)(2) of this section, unless	15996
within sixty days of the date of sentencing, the court issues a	15997
written finding, entered into the record, that, due to the	15998
unavailability of space at the incarceration facility where the	15999
offender is required to serve the term of imprisonment imposed	16000

upon the offender, the offender will not be able to begin serving	16001
that term of imprisonment within the sixty day period following	16002
the date of sentencing. If the court issues such a finding, the	16003
court may impose the alternative sentence comprised of or	16004
including electronically monitored house arrest permitted to be	16005
imposed by division (B)(1) or (2) of this section.	16006
(7) An offender sentenced under this section to a period of	16007
electronically monitored house arrest shall be permitted work	16008
release during such period. The duration of the work release shall	16009
not exceed the time necessary each day for the offender to commute	16010
to and from the place of employment and the offender's home or	16011
other place specified by the sentencing court and the time	16012
actually spent under employment.	16013
(8) Suspension of a commercial driver's license under this	16014
section shall be concurrent with any period of disqualification	16015
under section 3123.611 or 4506.16 of the Revised Code or any	16016
period of suspension under section 3123.58 of the Revised Code. No	16017
person who is disqualified for life from holding a commercial	16018
driver's license under section 4506.16 of the Revised Code shall	16019
be issued a driver's license under this chapter during the period	16020
for which the commercial driver's license was suspended under this	16021
section, and no person whose commercial driver's license is	16022
suspended under this section shall be issued a driver's license	16023
under this chapter during the period of the suspension.	16024
(C) Whoever violates division (B)(1) of section 4507.02 of	16025
the Revised Code is guilty of driving under financial	16026
responsibility law suspension or revocation and shall be punished	16027
as provided in division (C)(1), (2), or (3) and division (C)(4) of	16028
this section.	16029
(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2) or (3) of	16030
this section, driving under financial responsibility law	16031
suspension or revocation is a misdemeanor of the first degree.	16032

Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was operating	16033
at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or	16034
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or	16035
independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the	16036
offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code,	16037
shall order the immobilization for thirty days of the vehicle the	16038
offender was operating at the time of the offense and the	16039
impoundment for thirty days of the identification license plates	16040
of that vehicle. The order for immobilization and impoundment	16041
shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233	16042
of the Revised Code.	16043
(2) If, within five years of the offense, the offender has	16044
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division	16045
(B)(1) of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal	16046
ordinance that is substantially equivalent to that division,	16047
driving under financial responsibility law suspension or	16048
revocation is a misdemeanor of the first degree.	16049
Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was operating	16050
at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or	16051
at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or	16051 16052
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or	16052
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the	16052 16053
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code,	16052 16053 16054
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the	16052 16053 16054 16055
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the	16052 16053 16054 16055 16056
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for sixty days of the identification license plates of	16052 16053 16054 16055 16056 16057
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for sixty days of the identification license plates of that vehicle. The order for immobilization and impoundment shall	16052 16053 16054 16055 16056 16057 16058
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for sixty days of the identification license plates of that vehicle. The order for immobilization and impoundment shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 of the	16052 16053 16054 16055 16056 16057 16058 16059
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for sixty days of the identification license plates of that vehicle. The order for immobilization and impoundment shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 of the Revised Code.	16052 16053 16054 16055 16056 16057 16058 16059 16060
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for sixty days of the identification license plates of that vehicle. The order for immobilization and impoundment shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 of the Revised Code. (3) If, within five years of the offense, the offender has	16052 16053 16054 16055 16056 16057 16058 16059 16060

division duiving under financial companibility last suggestion of	16065
division, driving under financial responsibility law suspension or	
revocation is a misdemeanor of the first degree.	16066
Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was operating	16067
at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or	16068
in the name of another person, the court, in addition to or	16069
independent of any other sentence that it imposes upon the	16070
offender and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code,	16071
shall order the criminal forfeiture to the state of the vehicle	16072
the offender was operating at the time of the offense. The order	16073
of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance	16074
with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	16075
If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for	16076
criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred	16077
and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code	16078
applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty	16079
established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of	16080
the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto	16081
dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed under	16082
this division shall be distributed in accordance with division	16083
(D)(4) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	16084
(4) Except as otherwise provided in division (D) of section	16085
4507.162 of the Revised Code, the court, in addition to or	16086
independent of all other penalties provided by law, may suspend	16087
for a period not to exceed one year the driver's or commercial	16088
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege of	16089
an offender who is sentenced under division (C)(1), (2), or (3) of	16090
this section.	16091
(5) The court shall not release a vehicle from the	16092
immobilization ordered under division (C)(1) or (2) of this	16093
section unless the court is presented with current proof of	16094
financial responsibility with respect to that vehicle.	16095

(=) ==	1.500.5
(D) Whoever violates division (A)(1) or (3) of section	16096
4507.02 of the Revised Code by operating a motor vehicle when the	16097
offender's driver's or commercial driver's license has been	16098
expired for no more than six months is guilty of a minor	16099
misdemeanor. Whoever violates division (B) of section 4507.13 or	16100
division (C) of section 4507.52 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	16101
minor misdemeanor.	16102
(E) Whoever violates section 4507.33 of the Revised Code is	16103
guilty of permitting the operation of a vehicle by a person with	16104
no legal right to operate a vehicle and shall be punished as	16105
provided in division (E)(1) or (2) of this section.	16106
(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (E)(2) of this	16107
section, permitting the operation of a vehicle by a person with no	16108
legal right to operate a vehicle is a misdemeanor of the first	16109
degree. In addition to or independent of any other sentence that	16110
it imposes upon the offender and subject to section 4503.235 of	16111
the Revised Code, the court shall order the immobilization for	16112
thirty days of the vehicle involved in the offense and the	16113
impoundment for thirty days of the identification license plates	16114
of that vehicle. The order for immobilization and impoundment	16115
shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233	16116
of the Revised Code.	16117
(2) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	16118
pleaded guilty to one or more violations of section 4507.33 of the	16119
Revised Code, permitting the operation of a vehicle by a person	16120
with no legal right to operate a vehicle is a misdemeanor of the	16121
first degree. In addition to or independent of any other sentence	16122
that it imposes upon the offender and subject to section 4503.235	16123
of the Revised Code, the court shall order the criminal forfeiture	16124
to the state of the vehicle involved in the offense. The order of	16125
criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance	16126
with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	16127

If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for	16128
criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred	16129
and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code	16130
applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty	16131
established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of	16132
the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto	16133
dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed under	16134
this division shall be distributed in accordance with division	16135
(D)(4) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	16136
(F) Whoever violates division (F)(1) or (2) of section	16137
4507.05, or division (B) or (D) of section 4507.071 of the Revised	16138
Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	16139
(G) Whoever violates division (G) of section 4507.21 of the	16140
Revised Code shall be fined one hundred dollars.	16141
(H) Except as provided in divisions (A) to (E) of this	16142
section and unless Unless another penalty is provided by the	16143
section that contains the provision violated or otherwise is	16144
provided by the laws of this state, whoever violates any provision	16145
of sections 4507.01 to 4507.081 or 4507.10 to 4507.37 of the	16146
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	16147
(I) Whenever a person is found guilty of a violation of	16148
section 4507.32 of the Revised Code, the trial judge of any court	16149
of record, in addition to or independent of all other penalties	16150
provided by law or ordinance, may suspend for any period of time	16151
not exceeding three years or revoke the license of any person,	16152
partnership, association, or corporation, issued under section	16153
4511.763 of the Revised Code.	16154
(J)(B) Whenever a person is found guilty of a violation of a	16155
traffic offense specified in Traffic Rule 13(B) that requires the	16156
person's appearance in court, the court shall require the person	16157
to verify the existence at the time of the offense of proof of	16158

financial responsibility covering the person's operation of the	16159
motor vehicle, or the motor vehicle if registered in the person's	16160
name, and notify the registrar pursuant to division (D) of section	16161
4509.101 of the Revised Code if the person fails to verify the	16162
existence of such proof of financial responsibility.	16163

sec. 4508.03. (A) No driver training school shall be
established nor any such existing school continued unless the
school applies for and obtains from the director of public safety
a license in the manner and form prescribed by the director.

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The rules shall state the requirements for a school license, 16168 including requirements concerning location, equipment, courses of 16169 instruction, instructors, previous records of the school and 16170 instructors, financial statements, schedule of fees and charges, 16171 character and reputation of the operators, insurance in such the 16172 sum and with such those provisions as the director considers 16173 necessary to protect adequately the interests of the public, and 16174 such any other matters as the director may prescribe for the 16175 protection of the public. The rules also shall require financial 16176 responsibility information as part of the driver education 16177 curriculum. 16178

- (B) Any school that offers a driver training program for 16179 disabled persons shall provide specially trained instructors for 16180 the driver training of such persons. No school shall operate a 16181 driver training program for disabled persons after June 30, 1978, 16182 unless it has been licensed for such operation by the director. No 16183 person shall act as a specially trained instructor in a driver 16184 training program for disabled persons operated by a school after 16185 June 30, 1978, unless that person has been licensed by the 16186 director. 16187
- (C) The director shall certify instructors to teach driver 16188 training to disabled persons in accordance with training program 16189

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misdemeanor of the first or second degree that is reasonably	16221
related to the person's fitness to be issued such a license.	16222
(C) No person shall knowingly make a false statement on a	16223
license application submitted under this section.	16224
(D)(1) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is	16225
guilty of acting as a driver training instructor without a valid	16226
license, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	16227
(2) Whoever violates division (C) of this section may be	16228
charged with falsification under section 2921.13 of the Revised	16229
Code.	16230
Sec. 4508.06. (A) The director of public safety may refuse to	16231
issue, or may suspend or revoke, a license in any case where in	16232
which the director finds the applicant or licensee has violated	16233
any of the provisions of this chapter, or <u>any of</u> the regulations	16234
adopted by the director. $\frac{1}{2}$ No person whose license has been	16235
suspended or revoked license <u>under this section</u> shall be returned	16236
fail to return the license to the director by the licensee.	16237
(B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty	16238
of failing to return a suspended or revoked license, a minor	16239
misdemeanor or, on a second or subsequent offense within two years	16240
after the first offense, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	16241
Sec. 4508.091. (A) No person who operates a driver training	16242
school shall use or cause to be used in the operation of the	16243
driving school and upon any public property or private property	16244
used for vehicular traffic any vehicle that does not meet the	16245
minimum standards that are established by the director of public	16246
safety and that are applicable to vehicles used in the operation	16247
of a driving school.	16248
(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of using an	16249
unsafe vehicle at a driving school, a minor misdemeanor or, on a	16250

nonresident operating privilege for the period of time specified	16281
in division (B)(5) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code and	16282
impoundment of the person's license until the person complies with	16283
division $(A)(5)$ of this section. The suspension shall be for a	16284
period of not less than ninety days except that if, . The court may	16285
grant limited driving privileges to the person only if the person	16286
presents proof of financial responsibility and has complied with	16287
division (A)(5) of this section.	16288
(b) If, within five years of the violation, the person's	16289
operating privileges are again suspended and the person's license	16290
again is impounded one or more times for a violation of division	16291
(A)(1) of this section, a class C suspension of the person's	16292
driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary	16293
instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating	16294
privilege for the period of time specified in division (B)(3) of	16295
section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited	16296
driving privileges to the person only if the person presents proof	16297
of financial responsibility and has complied with division (A)(5)	16298
of this section, and no court may grant limited driving privileges	16299
for the first fifteen days of the suspension shall be for a period	16300
of not less than one year. Except as provided by section 4509.105	16301
of the Revised Code, the suspension is not subject to revocation,	16302
suspension, or occupational or other limited operating privileges.	16303
(b)(c) If, within five years of the violation, the person's	16304
operating privileges are suspended and the person's license is	16305
impounded two or more times for a violation of division (A)(1) of	16306
this section, a class B suspension of the person's driver's	16307
license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction	16308
permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege	16309
for the period of time specified in division (B)(2) of section	16310
4510.02 of the Revised Code. No court may grant limited driving	16311
privileges during the suspension.	16312

(d) In addition to the suspension of an owner's license under 16313 division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, the suspension of 16314 the rights of the owner to register the motor vehicle and the 16315 impoundment of the owner's certificate of registration and license 16316 plates until the owner complies with division (A)(5) of this 16317 section. 16318 (3) A person to whom this state has issued a certificate of 16319 registration for a motor vehicle or a license to operate a motor 16320 vehicle or who is determined to have operated any motor vehicle or 16321 permitted the operation in this state of a motor vehicle owned by 16322 the person shall be required to verify the existence of proof of 16323 financial responsibility covering the operation of the motor 16324 vehicle or the person's operation of the motor vehicle under any 16325 of the following circumstances: 16326 (a) The person or a motor vehicle owned by the person is 16327 involved in a traffic accident that requires the filing of an 16328 accident report under section 4509.06 of the Revised Code. 16329 (b) The person receives a traffic ticket indicating that 16330 proof of the maintenance of financial responsibility was not 16331 produced upon the request of a peace officer or state highway 16332 patrol trooper made in accordance with division (D)(2) of this 16333 section. 16334 (c) Whenever, in accordance with rules adopted by the 16335 registrar, the person is randomly selected by the registrar and 16336 requested to provide such verification. 16337 (4) An order of the registrar that suspends and impounds a 16338 license or registration, or both, shall state the date on or 16339 before which the person is required to surrender the person's 16340 license or certificate of registration and license plates. The 16341 person is deemed to have surrendered the license or certificate of 16342

registration and license plates, in compliance with the order, if

in an amount, not to exceed fifty dollars, determined by the

the certificate of registration and license plates of any owner

who has violated division (A)(1) of this section;

16403

- (b) Order the suspension required under division (A)(2)(a), 16405
 (b), or (c) of this section of the license of any operator or 16406
 owner who has violated division (A)(1) of this section; 16407
- (c) Record the name and address of the person whose 16408 certificate of registration and license plates have been impounded 16409 or are under an order of impoundment, or whose license has been 16410 suspended or is under an order of suspension; the serial number of 16411 the person's license; the serial numbers of the person's 16412 certificate of registration and license plates; and the person's 16413 social security account number, if assigned, or, where the motor 16414 vehicle is used for hire or principally in connection with any 16415 established business, the person's federal taxpayer identification 16416 number. The information shall be recorded in such a manner that it 16417 becomes a part of the person's permanent record, and assists the 16418 registrar in monitoring compliance with the orders of suspension 16419 or impoundment. 16420
- (d) Send written notification to every person to whom the 16421 order pertains, at the person's last known address as shown on the 16422 records of the bureau. The person, within ten days after the date 16423 of the mailing of the notification, shall surrender to the 16424 registrar, in a manner set forth in division (A)(4) of this 16425 section, any certificate of registration and registration plates 16426 under an order of impoundment, or any license under an order of 16427 suspension. 16428
- (2) The registrar shall issue any order under division (B)(1) 16429 of this section without a hearing. Any person adversely affected 16430 by the order, within ten days after the issuance of the order, may 16431 request an administrative hearing before the registrar, who shall 16432 provide the person with an opportunity for a hearing in accordance 16433 with this paragraph. A request for a hearing does not operate as a 16434 suspension of the order. The scope of the hearing shall be limited 16435 to whether the person in fact demonstrated to the registrar proof 16436

- of financial responsibility in accordance with this section. The 16437 registrar shall determine the date, time, and place of any 16438 hearing, provided that the hearing shall be held, and an order 16439 issued or findings made, within thirty days after the registrar 16440 receives a request for a hearing. If requested by the person in 16441 writing, the registrar may designate as the place of hearing the 16442 county seat of the county in which the person resides or a place 16443 within fifty miles of the person's residence. The person shall pay 16444 the cost of the hearing before the registrar, if the registrar's 16445 order of suspension or impoundment is upheld. 16446
- (C) Any order of suspension or impoundment issued under this 16447 section or division (B) of section 4509.37 of the Revised Code may 16448 be terminated at any time if the registrar determines upon a 16449 showing of proof of financial responsibility that the operator or 16450 owner of the motor vehicle was in compliance with division (A)(1) 16451 of this section at the time of the traffic offense, motor vehicle 16452 inspection, or accident that resulted in the order against the 16453 person. A determination may be made without a hearing. This 16454 division does not apply unless the person shows good cause for the 16455 person's failure to present satisfactory proof of financial 16456 responsibility to the registrar prior to the issuance of the 16457 order. 16458
- (D)(1) For the purpose of enforcing this section, every peace 16459 officer is deemed an agent of the registrar. 16460
- (a) Except as provided in division (D)(1)(b) of this section, 16461 any peace officer who, in the performance of the peace officer's 16462 duties as authorized by law, becomes aware of a person whose 16463 license is under an order of suspension, or whose certificate of 16464 registration and license plates are under an order of impoundment, 16465 pursuant to this section, may confiscate the license, certificate 16466 of registration, and license plates, and return them to the 16467 registrar. 16468

- (b) Any peace officer who, in the performance of the peace 16469 officer's duties as authorized by law, becomes aware of a person 16470 whose license is under an order of suspension, or whose 16471 certificate of registration and license plates are under an order 16472 of impoundment resulting from failure to respond to a financial 16473 responsibility random verification, shall not, for that reason, 16474 arrest the owner or operator or seize the vehicle or license 16475 plates. Instead, the peace officer shall issue a citation for a 16476 violation of division (B)(1) of section 4507.02 4510.16 of the 16477 Revised Code specifying the circumstances as failure to respond to 16478 a financial responsibility random verification. 16479
- (2) A peace officer shall request the owner or operator of a 16480 motor vehicle to produce proof of financial responsibility in a 16481 manner described in division (G) of this section at the time the 16482 peace officer acts to enforce the traffic laws of this state and 16483 during motor vehicle inspections conducted pursuant to section 16484 4513.02 of the Revised Code.
- (3) A peace officer shall indicate on every traffic ticket 16486 whether the person receiving the traffic ticket produced proof of 16487 the maintenance of financial responsibility in response to the 16488 officer's request under division (D)(2) of this section. The peace 16489 officer shall inform every person who receives a traffic ticket 16490 and who has failed to produce proof of the maintenance of 16491 financial responsibility that the person must submit proof to the 16492 traffic violations bureau with any payment of a fine and costs for 16493 the ticketed violation or, if the person is to appear in court for 16494 the violation, the person must submit proof to the court. 16495
- (4)(a) If a person who has failed to produce proof of the
 maintenance of financial responsibility appears in court for a
 ticketed violation, the court may permit the defendant to present
 evidence of proof of financial responsibility to the court at such
 time and in such manner as the court determines to be necessary or
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appropriate. The clerk of courts shall provide the registrar with	16501
the identity of any person who fails to submit proof of the	16502
maintenance of financial responsibility pursuant to division	16503
(D)(3) of this section.	16504

- (b) If a person who has failed to produce proof of the 16505 maintenance of financial responsibility also fails to submit that 16506 proof to the traffic violations bureau with payment of a fine and 16507 costs for the ticketed violation, the traffic violations bureau 16508 shall notify the registrar of the identity of that person. 16509
- (5)(a) Upon receiving notice from a clerk of courts or 16510 traffic violations bureau pursuant to division (D)(4) of this 16511 section, the registrar shall order the suspension of the license 16512 of the person required under division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of 16513 this section and the impoundment of the person's certificate of 16514 registration and license plates required under division 16515 $(A)(2)\frac{(b)(d)}{(d)}$ of this section, effective thirty days after the date 16516 of the mailing of notification. The registrar also shall notify 16517 the person that the person must present the registrar with proof 16518 of financial responsibility in accordance with this section, 16519 surrender to the registrar the person's certificate of 16520 registration, license plates, and license, or submit a statement 16521 subject to section 2921.13 of the Revised Code that the person did 16522 not operate or permit the operation of the motor vehicle at the 16523 time of the offense. Notification shall be in writing and shall be 16524 sent to the person at the person's last known address as shown on 16525 the records of the bureau of motor vehicles. The person, within 16526 fifteen days after the date of the mailing of notification, shall 16527 present proof of financial responsibility, surrender the 16528 certificate of registration, license plates, and license to the 16529 registrar in a manner set forth in division (A)(4) of this 16530 section, or submit the statement required under this section 16531 together with other information the person considers appropriate. 16532

If the registrar does not receive proof or the person does 16533 not surrender the certificate of registration, license plates, and 16534 license, in accordance with this division, the registrar shall 16535 permit the order for the suspension of the license of the person 16536 and the impoundment of the person's certificate of registration 16537 and license plates to take effect.

- (b) In the case of a person who presents, within the

 fifteen-day period, documents to show proof of financial

 responsibility, the registrar shall terminate the order of

 suspension and the impoundment of the registration and license

 plates required under division (A)(2)(b)(d) of this section and

 shall send written notification to the person, at the person's

 last known address as shown on the records of the bureau.

 16549
- (c) Any person adversely affected by the order of the 16546 registrar under division (D)(5)(a) or (b) of this section, within 16547 ten days after the issuance of the order, may request an 16548 administrative hearing before the registrar, who shall provide the 16549 person with an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with this 16550 paragraph. A request for a hearing does not operate as a 16551 suspension of the order. The scope of the hearing shall be limited 16552 to whether the person in fact demonstrated to the registrar proof 16553 of financial responsibility in accordance with this section. The 16554 registrar shall determine the date, time, and place of any 16555 hearing; provided, that the hearing shall be held, and an order 16556 issued or findings made, within thirty days after the registrar 16557 receives a request for a hearing. If requested by the person in 16558 writing, the registrar may designate as the place of hearing the 16559 county seat of the county in which the person resides or a place 16560 within fifty miles of the person's residence. Such person shall 16561 pay the cost of the hearing before the registrar, if the 16562 registrar's order of suspension or impoundment under division 16563 (D)(5)(a) or (b) of this section is upheld. 16564

- (6) A peace officer may charge an owner or operator of a 16565 motor vehicle with a violation of division (B)(1) of section 16566 4507.02 4510.16 of the Revised Code when the owner or operator 16567 fails to show proof of the maintenance of financial responsibility 16568 pursuant to a peace officer's request under division (D)(2) of 16569 this section, if a check of the owner or operator's driving record 16570 indicates that the owner or operator, at the time of the operation 16571 of the motor vehicle, is required to file and maintain proof of 16572 financial responsibility under section 4509.45 of the Revised Code 16573 for a previous violation of this chapter. 16574
- (7) Any forms used by law enforcement agencies in 16575 administering this section shall be prescribed, supplied, and paid 16576 for by the registrar.
- (8) No peace officer, law enforcement agency employing a 16578 peace officer, or political subdivision or governmental agency 16579 that employs a peace officer shall be liable in a civil action for 16580 damages or loss to persons arising out of the performance of any 16581 duty required or authorized by this section. 16582
- (9) As used in this division and divisions (E) and (G) of 16583
 this section, "peace officer" has the meaning set forth in section 16584
 2935.01 of the Revised Code. 16585
- (E) All fees, except court costs, collected under this 16586 section shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the 16587 financial responsibility compliance fund. The financial 16588 responsibility compliance fund shall be used exclusively to cover 16589 costs incurred by the bureau in the administration of this section 16590 and sections 4503.20, 4507.212, and 4509.81 of the Revised Code, 16591 and by any law enforcement agency employing any peace officer who 16592 returns any license, certificate of registration, and license 16593 plates to the registrar pursuant to division (C) of this section, 16594 except that the director of budget and management may transfer 16595

excess money from the financial responsibility compliance fund to	16596
the state bureau of motor vehicles fund if the registrar	16597
determines that the amount of money in the financial	16598
responsibility compliance fund exceeds the amount required to	16599
cover such costs incurred by the bureau or a law enforcement	16600
agency and requests the director to make the transfer.	16601
All investment earnings of the financial responsibility	16602
compliance fund shall be credited to the fund.	16603
(F) Chapter 119. of the Revised Code applies to this section	16604
only to the extent that any provision in that chapter is not	16605
clearly inconsistent with this section.	16606
(G)(1) The registrar, court, traffic violations bureau, or	16607
peace officer may require proof of financial responsibility to be	16608
demonstrated by use of a standard form prescribed by the	16609
registrar. If the use of a standard form is not required, a person	16610
may demonstrate proof of financial responsibility under this	16611
section by presenting to the traffic violations bureau, court,	16612
registrar, or peace officer any of the following documents or a	16613
copy of the documents:	16614
(a) A financial responsibility identification card as	16615
provided in section 4509.104 4509.103 of the Revised Code;	16616
(b) A certificate of proof of financial responsibility on a	16617
form provided and approved by the registrar for the filing of an	16618
accident report required to be filed under section 4509.06 of the	16619
Revised Code;	16620
(c) A policy of liability insurance, a declaration page of a	16621
policy of liability insurance, or liability bond, if the policy or	16622
bond complies with section 4509.20 or sections 4509.49 to 4509.61	16623
of the Revised Code;	16624
(d) A bond or certification of the issuance of a bond as	16625
provided in section 4509.59 of the Revised Code;	16626

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(e) A certificate of deposit of money or securities as	16627
provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;	16628
(f) A certificate of self-insurance as provided in section	16629
4509.72 of the Revised Code.	16630
(2) If a person fails to demonstrate proof of financial	16631
responsibility in a manner described in division $(G)(1)$ of this	16632
section, the person may demonstrate proof of financial	16633
responsibility under this section by any other method that the	16634
court or the bureau, by reason of circumstances in a particular	16635
case, may consider appropriate.	16636
(3) A motor carrier certificated by the interstate commerce	16637
commission or by the public utilities commission may demonstrate	16638
proof of financial responsibility by providing a statement	16639
designating the motor carrier's operating authority and averring	16640
that the insurance coverage required by the certificating	16641
authority is in full force and effect.	16642
(4)(a) A finding by the registrar or court that a person is	16643
covered by proof of financial responsibility in the form of an	16644
insurance policy or surety bond is not binding upon the named	16645
insurer or surety or any of its officers, employees, agents, or	16646
representatives and has no legal effect except for the purpose of	16647
administering this section.	16648
(b) The preparation and delivery of a financial	16649
responsibility identification card or any other document	16650
authorized to be used as proof of financial responsibility under	16651
this division does not do any of the following:	16652
(i) Create any liability or estoppel against an insurer or	16653
surety, or any of its officers, employees, agents, or	16654
representatives;	16655

(ii) Constitute an admission of the existence of, or of any 16656

liability or coverage under, any policy or bond;

- (iii) Waive any defenses or counterclaims available to an 16658 insurer, surety, agent, employee, or representative in an action 16659 commenced by an insured or third-party claimant upon a cause of 16660 action alleged to have arisen under an insurance policy or surety 16661 bond or by reason of the preparation and delivery of a document 16662 for use as proof of financial responsibility.
- (c) Whenever it is determined by a final judgment in a 16664 judicial proceeding that an insurer or surety, which has been 16665 named on a document accepted by a court or the registrar as proof 16666 of financial responsibility covering the operation of a motor 16667 vehicle at the time of an accident or offense, is not liable to 16668 pay a judgment for injuries or damages resulting from such 16669 operation, the registrar, notwithstanding any previous contrary 16670 finding, shall forthwith suspend the operating privileges and 16671 registration rights of the person against whom the judgment was 16672 rendered as provided in division (A)(2) of this section. 16673
- (H) In order for any document described in division (G)(1)(b) 16674 of this section to be used for the demonstration of proof of 16675 financial responsibility under this section, the document shall 16676 state the name of the insured or obligor, the name of the insurer 16677 or surety company, and the effective and expiration dates of the 16678 financial responsibility, and designate by explicit description or 16679 by appropriate reference all motor vehicles covered which may 16680 include a reference to fleet insurance coverage. 16681
- (I) For purposes of this section, "owner" does not include a 16682 licensed motor vehicle leasing dealer as defined in section 16683 4517.01 of the Revised Code, but does include a motor vehicle 16684 renting dealer as defined in section 4549.65 of the Revised Code. 16685 Nothing in this section or in section 4509.51 of the Revised Code 16686 shall be construed to prohibit a motor vehicle renting dealer from 16687 entering into a contractual agreement with a person whereby the

person renting the motor vehicle agrees to be solely responsible	16689
for maintaining proof of financial responsibility, in accordance	16690
with this section, with respect to the operation, maintenance, or	16691
use of the motor vehicle during the period of the motor vehicle's	16692
rental.	16693

- (J) The purpose of this section is to require the maintenance 16694 of proof of financial responsibility with respect to the operation 16695 of motor vehicles on the highways of this state, so as to minimize 16696 those situations in which persons are not compensated for injuries 16697 and damages sustained in motor vehicle accidents. The general 16698 assembly finds that this section contains reasonable civil 16699 penalties and procedures for achieving this purpose.
- (K) Nothing in this section shall be construed to be subject 16702 to section 4509.78 of the Revised Code. 16703
- (L) The registrar shall adopt rules in accordance with 16704 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that are necessary to administer 16705 and enforce this section. The rules shall include procedures for 16706 the surrender of license plates upon failure to maintain proof of 16707 financial responsibility and provisions relating to reinstatement 16708 of registration rights, acceptable forms of proof of financial 16709 responsibility, and verification of the existence of financial 16710 responsibility during the period of registration. 16711
- Sec. 4509.17. Except as provided in sections 4509.01 to 16712 4509.78 of the Revised Code, upon failure of any person to request 16713 a hearing as provided for in section 4509.13 of the Revised Code-16714 or to deposit the security required under section 4509.12 of the 16715 Revised Code within thirty days after the registrar of motor 16716 vehicles has sent the notice provided for in section 4509.13 of 16717 the Revised Code, the registrar shall suspend the license of such 16718 impose a class F suspension of the person's driver's license, 16719

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commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit,	16720
probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege for the	16721
period of time specified in division (B)(6) of section 4510.02 of	16722
the Revised Code on the person and the registrations of all motor	16723
vehicles owned by $\frac{\text{such } \underline{\text{the}}}{\text{person}}$ person. If the person is a nonresident,	16724
the suspension shall include the privilege of operating any motor	16725
vehicle within this state or permitting the operation within this	16726
state of any motor vehicle owned by the nonresident.	16727

Sec. 4509.24. (A) The persons involved in or affected by a motor vehicle accident may at any time enter into a written agreement for the payment of an agreed amount with respect to all claims for bodily injury to or death of any person or property damage arising from the accident which may provide for payment in installments. A signed copy of the agreement may be filed with the registrar of motor vehicles.

- (B) The registrar, upon filing of any such written agreement, 16736 shall not require the deposit of security by any party to the 16737 agreement for the benefit or protection of any party to the 16738 agreement. The registrar shall modify appropriately any prior 16739 order of suspension with reference to such persons, or if security 16740 has been deposited, the registrar immediately shall return to the 16741 depositor or the depositor's personal representative any deposit 16742 for the benefit or protection of any party to the agreement. 16743
- (C) If the registrar receives satisfactory evidence that any 16744 person obliged to make payment under any such agreement has 16745 defaulted in payment, the registrar shall issue an order of impose 16746 a class F suspension with respect to that of the offender's 16747 driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary 16748 instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating 16749 privilege for the period of time specified in division (B)(6) of 16750

- section 4510.02 of the Revised Code on the person as provided in
 section 4509.17 of the Revised Code. Such an order of suspension
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 remains in effect until any of the following occurs:
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- (1) Security is deposited by the person to whom the 16754 suspension applies in such amount as the registrar may then 16755 determine; 16756
- (2) The registrar receives satisfactory evidence that the 16757 entire obligation has been paid or released; 16758
- (3) A period of two years has elapsed following the breach of 16759 agreement and satisfactory evidence is filed with the registrar 16760 that no action has been instituted on the agreement during that 16761 period.
- Sec. 4509.291. (A) When a nonresident's operating privilege 16763 is suspended pursuant to section 4509.101, 4509.17, or 4509.24 of 16764 the Revised Code for a violation of any provision of sections 16765 4509.01 to 4509.78, inclusive, of the Revised Code, the registrar 16766 of motor vehicles shall transmit a certified copy of the record of 16767 such action to the official in charge of the issuance of licenses 16768 and registration certificates in the state in which such 16769 nonresident resides, if the law of such other state provides for 16770 action in relation thereto similar to the provision set forth in 16771 division (B) of this section. 16772
- (B) Upon receipt of a certification that the operating 16773 privilege of a resident of this state has been suspended or 16774 revoked in any other state pursuant to a law providing for its 16775 suspension or revocation for failure to deposit security for the 16776 payment of judgments arising out of a motor vehicle accident or 16777 failure to give proof of financial responsibility, under 16778 circumstances which would require the registrar to suspend a 16779 nonresident's operating privilege had the accident occurred in 16780 this state, the registrar shall suspend the license impose a class 16781

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F suspension of the person's driver's license, commercial driver's	16782
license, temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or	16783
nonresident operating privilege for the period of time specified	16784
in division (B)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code on the	16785
person and all registrations of such resident. Such suspension	16786
shall continue until such resident furnishes evidence of $\frac{1}{2}$	16787
person's compliance with the law of such other state relating to	16788
the deposit of such security or to the giving of proof of	16789
financial responsibility.	16790

Sec. 4509.33. If a nonresident by final order or judgment of 16791 a court of record or mayor's court is convicted of, or forfeits 16792 bail or collateral deposited to secure an appearance for trial 16793 for, any offense enumerated in section 4507.16 of the Revised Code 16794 for which the suspension of a license is provided, the registrar 16795 of motor vehicles shall suspend or revoke impose a suspension of 16796 the privilege of the nonresident to operate a motor vehicle for 16797 the same period for which suspension or revocation of a license by 16798 a court of record is authorized by the applicable section 4507.16 16799 of the Revised Code. The suspension or revocation shall remain in 16800 effect until the expiration of the period so ordered and 16801 thereafter until the nonresident gives and thereafter maintains 16802 proof of financial responsibility in accordance with section 16803 4509.45 of the Revised Code. 16804

The registrar shall also suspend the privilege of the use in this state of every motor vehicle owned by the nonresident, except that the registrar shall not suspend the privilege if the owner has given or immediately gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility with respect to all motor vehicles owned by the nonresident. The registrar shall restore such privilege of a nonresident owner when the owner gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility in accordance with section 4509.45 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4509.34. (A) The suspension or revocation of a license	16814
referred to in sections <u>section</u> 4509.291 and 4509.31 of the	16815
Revised Code shall remain in effect and the registrar of motor	16816
vehicles shall not issue to any person whose license is so	16817
suspended or revoked any new or renewal license until permitted	16818
under the motor vehicle laws, and not then until such person gives	16819
and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility in	16820
accordance with section 4509.45 of the Revised Code.	16821
(B) The suspension of registration referred to in such	16822

(B) The suspension of registration referred to in such
sections shall remain in effect and the registrar shall not
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register or reregister in the name of any person whose
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registration is so suspended as owner of any motor vehicle, nor
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return or re-issue license plates for such vehicle, until such
person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial
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responsibility in accordance with section 4509.45 of the Revised
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Code.

Sec. 4509.35. Whenever any person fails within thirty days to 16830 satisfy a judgment rendered within this state, upon the written 16831 request of the judgment creditor or his the judgment creditor's 16832 attorney, the clerk of the court which rendered the judgment, or 16833 the judge of the court or mayor of the mayor's court if the court 16834 has no clerk, immediately shall forward a certified copy of the judgment to the registrar of motor vehicles.

Whenever any nonresident has been convicted of the offenses

enumerated in section 4507.16 an offense for which the court is

required to impose a license suspension under any provision of the

Revised Code or has forfeited bail given to secure his the

nonresident's appearance for trial upon a charge of any offense

enumerated in that section for which the court is required to

impose a license suspension under any provision of the Revised

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<pre>Code, the clerk of every court of record and the mayor of every</pre>	16844
mayor's court immediately shall forward to the registrar a	16845
certified copy or transcript of the conviction or order forfeiture	16846
of bail.	16847

Sec. 4509.37. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles upon receipt of a certified copy of a judgment, shall forthwith suspend impose a class F suspension for the period of time specified in division (B)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code of the license and registration and any nonresident's operating privilege of any person against whom such judgment was rendered, except as provided in sections 4509.01 to 4509.78 of the Revised Code.

Such certified copy of a judgment shall include the last 16855 known address, the social security number, if known, and the 16856 operator's license number, of the judgment debtor. 16857

- (B) The registrar shall also impose the civil penalties 16858 specified in division (A)(2) of section 4509.101 of the Revised 16859 Code unless either of the following applies: 16860
- (1) The judgment debtor presents proof of financial 16861 responsibility to the registrar proving that the judgment debtor 16862 was covered, at the time of the motor vehicle accident out of 16863 which the cause of action arose, by proof of financial 16864 responsibility in compliance with section 4509.101 of the Revised 16865 Code.
- (2) The judgment debtor proves to the registrar that the 16867 judgment debtor's registration and license have been previously 16868 suspended under section 4509.101 of the Revised Code by reason of 16869 the judgment debtor's failure to prove that the judgment debtor 16870 was covered, at the time of the motor vehicle accident out of 16871 which the cause of action arose, by proof of financial 16872 responsibility.

Sec. 4509.40. Any license, registration, and nonresident's	16874
operating privilege suspended The registrar of motor vehicles	16875
shall impose a class F suspension of the person's driver's	16876
license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction	16877
permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege	16878
for the period of time specified in division (B)(6) of section	16879
4510.02 of the Revised Code for nonpayment of a judgment shall	16880
remain so suspended for a period of seven years from the effective	16881
date of suspension, and while such order is in force no license,	16882
registration, or permit to operate a motor vehicle shall be issued	16883
in the name of such person, including any such person not	16884
previously licensed. The registrar shall vacate the order of	16885
suspension upon proof that such judgment is stayed, or satisfied	16886
in full or to the extent provided in section 4509.41 of the	16887
Revised Code, subject to the exemptions stated in sections	16888
4509.37, 4509.38, 4509.39, and 4509.42 of the Revised Code, and	16889
upon such person's filing with the registrar of motor vehicles	16890
evidence of financial responsibility in accordance with section	16891
4509.45 of the Revised Code.	16892

- sec. 4509.42. (A) A judgment debtor upon due notice to the 16893 judgment creditor may apply to the court in which the judgment was 16894 rendered for the privilege of paying the judgment in installments 16895 and the court, in its discretion and without prejudice to any 16896 other legal remedies which the judgment creditor has, may order 16897 and fix the amounts and times of payment of the installments. 16898
- (B) The registrar of motor vehicles shall not suspend for
 nonpayment of a judgment, a license, registration, or
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 nonresident's operating privilege, and shall restore the license,
 registration, or nonresident's operating privilege suspended for
 nonpayment, when the judgment debtor gives proof of financial
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 responsibility and maintains it in accordance with section 4509.45

Such proof (B) Proof under division (A) of this section shall

be filed and maintained for five years from the date of the

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registrar's imposition of a class A, B, or C suspension of	16935
operating privileges by the registrar of motor vehicles and shall	16936
be filed and maintained for three years from the date of the	16937
registrar's imposition of a class D, E, or F suspension of	16938
operating privileges.	16939
Sec. 4509.74. (A) No person shall fail to report a motor	16940
vehicle accident as required under the laws of this state.	16941
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor	16942
misdemeanor.	16943
Sec. 4509.77. (A) No person shall willfully fail to return a	16944
license or registration as required in section 4509.69 of the	16945
Revised Code.	16946
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	16947
than five hundred dollars, imprisoned for not more than thirty	16948
days, or both.	16949
Sec. 4509.78. (A) No person shall violate section 4509.01 to	16950
4509.78 , inclusive, of the Revised Code for which no penalty is	16951
otherwise provided.	16952
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	16953
than five hundred dollars, imprisoned not more than ninety days,	16954
or both.	16955
Sec. 4509.79. (A) As used in this section, "ridesharing	16956
arrangement" means the transportation of persons in a motor	16957
vehicle where such transportation is incidental to another purpose	16958
of a volunteer driver and includes ridesharing arrangements known	16959
as carpools, vanpools, and buspools.	16960
(B) Every owner registering as a passenger car a motor	16961
vehicle designed and used for carrying more than nine but not more	16962

than fifteen passengers or registering a bus under division (H)(8)	16963
of section 4503.04 of the Revised Code shall have in effect,	16964
whenever the motor vehicle is used in a ridesharing arrangement, a	16965
policy of liability insurance with respect to the motor vehicle in	16966
amounts and coverage no less than:	16967
(1) One hundred thousand dollars because of bodily injury to	16968
or death of one person in any one accident;	16969
(2) Three hundred thousand dollars because of bodily injury	16970
to or death of two or more persons in any one accident;	16971
(3) Fifty thousand dollars because of injury to property of	16972
others in any one accident.	16973
(C) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	16974
than five thousand dollars.	16975
Sec. 4509.80. (A) Every owner registering a chauffeured	16976
limousine shall furnish and maintain proof of financial	16977
responsibility with respect to the limousine by filing with the	16978
registrar of motor vehicles any of the following:	16979
(1) A certificate of insurance as provided in section 4509.46	16980
or 4509.47 of the Revised Code;	16981
(2) A policy of liability insurance, a declaration page of a	16982
policy of liability insurance, or liability bond, if the policy or	16983
bond provides coverage in accordance with division (B) of this	16984
section and otherwise complies with sections 4509.49 to 4509.61 of	16985
the Revised Code, and if the policy or bond provides that such	16986
policy or bond shall not be canceled or terminated prior to not	16987
less than ten days after a written notice of cancellation or	16988
termination is filed with the registrar;	16989
(3) A bond or certification of the issuance of a bond if the	16990
bond provides coverage in the amount of three hundred thousand	16991
dollars and otherwise complies with section 4509.59 of the Revised	16992

Code;

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- (4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities if the 16994 certificate of deposit provides coverage in the amount of three 16995 hundred thousand dollars and otherwise complies with section 16996 4509.62 of the Revised Code; 16997
- (5) A certificate of self-insurance as provided in section 16998 4509.72 of the Revised Code. 16999
- (B) As used in this section and section 4509.81 of the 17000 Revised Code, "proof of financial responsibility" means proof of 17001 ability to respond in damages for liability, on account of 17002 accidents occurring subsequent to the effective date of such 17003 proof, arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a 17004 chauffeured limousine in the amount of one hundred thousand 17005 dollars because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any 17006 one accident, three hundred thousand dollars because of bodily 17007 injury to or death of two or more persons in any one accident, and 17008 fifty thousand dollars because of injury to property of others in 17009 any one accident. 17010
- (C) Upon the request of a law enforcement officer, the 17011 operator of any chauffeured limousine shall produce proof of 17012 compliance with this section. The law enforcement officer 17013 requesting such proof shall notify the registrar of any violation 17014 of this section. The notice to the registrar shall be on a form 17015 prescribed by the registrar and supplied by the registrar at the 17016 registrar's expense, and shall include the license plate number of 17017 the chauffeured limousine and any other information the registrar 17018 requires. 17019
- (D) The owner, or his the owner's designee, shall provide written notice to the registrar of cancellation or termination of the coverage required by this section not less than ten days prior to the effective date of cancellation, and, on or before the

effective date of cancellation, shall voluntarily surrender the	17024
livery license plate sticker for the vehicle or vehicles for which	17025
the cancellation is effective. If the livery license plate sticker	17026
is timely and voluntarily surrendered, the registrar shall, upon	17027
the filing of proof of financial responsibility as required by	17028
this section, reinstate the livery registration of the vehicle and	17029
issue a current livery license plate sticker for the vehicle.	17030

(E) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.

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Sec. 4509.81. (A) Upon receipt of a notification of violation 17034 as provided in division (C) of section 4509.80 of the Revised 17035 Code; upon failure of a timely surrender of the livery license 17036 plate sticker as required by division (D) of section 4509.80 of 17037 the Revised Code; or if the registrar of motor vehicles, upon 17038 receipt of notification from an insurer of the imminent 17039 cancellation or termination of coverage required by section 17040 4509.80 of the Revised Code, fails to receive evidence of a 17041 continuation or substitution of coverage prior to the cancellation 17042 or termination date, the registrar shall order the immediate 17043 suspension of the rights of the owner of the chauffeured limousine 17044 described in the notice to register the limousine and the 17045 impoundment of the certificate of registration and registration 17046 plates for the limousine. The registrar shall notify the owner 17047 that the owner must surrender the certificate of registration and 17048 registration plates to the registrar. The notification shall be in 17049 writing and sent to the owner at the owner's last known address as 17050 shown in the records of the bureau of motor vehicles. Proceedings 17051 under this section are deemed special, summary statutory 17052 17053 proceedings.

(B) The order of suspension and impoundment of a registration 17054

shall state the date on or before which the owner of the	17055
chauffeured limousine involved is required to surrender the	17056
certificate of registration and registration plates to the	17057
registrar. The owner shall be deemed to have surrendered the	17058
certificate of registration and registration plates if the owner	17059
causes the items to be delivered to the registrar on or before the	17060
date specified in the order or mails the items to the registrar in	17061
an envelope or container bearing a postmark showing a date no	17062
later than the date specified in the order.	17063

- (C) The registrar shall not restore any registration rights 17064 suspended under this section, return any certificate of 17065 registration or registration plates impounded under this section, 17066 or reissue registration plates under section 4503.232 of the 17067 Revised Code, if the registrar destroyed the impounded 17068 registration plates under that section, unless those rights are 17069 not subject to suspension or revocation under any other law and 17070 unless the owner complies with both of the following: 17071
- (1) Pays a financial responsibility reinstatement fee of 17072 thirty dollars. The reinstatement fee may be increased, upon 17073 approval of the controlling board, up to an amount not exceeding 17074 fifty dollars.
- (2) Files and maintains proof of financial responsibility 17076 under section 4509.80 of the Revised Code. 17077
- (D) Any owner adversely affected by the order of the 17078 registrar under this section may, within ten days after the 17079 issuance of the order, request an administrative hearing before 17080 the registrar, who shall provide the owner with an opportunity for 17081 a hearing in accordance with this division. A request for a 17082 hearing does not operate as a suspension of the order unless the 17083 owner establishes to the satisfaction of the registrar that the 17084 operation of the owner's chauffeured limousine will be covered by 17085 proof of financial responsibility during the pendency of the 17086

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appeal. The scope of the hearing shall be limited to whether the	17087
owner in fact demonstrated to the registrar proof of financial	17088
responsibility in accordance with section 4509.80 of the Revised	17089
Code. The registrar shall determine the date, time, and place of	17090
any hearing, provided that the hearing shall be held and an order	17091
issued or findings made within thirty days after the registrar	17092
receives a request for a hearing. If requested by the owner in	17093
writing, the registrar may designate as the place of hearing the	17094
county seat of the county in which the owner resides or a place	17095
within fifty miles of the owner's residence. The owner shall pay	17096
the cost of the hearing before the registrar, if the registrar's	17097
order of suspension or impoundment is upheld.	17098

- (E) Any order of suspension or impoundment issued under this section may be terminated at any time if the registrar determines upon a showing of proof of financial responsibility that the owner of the limousine was in compliance with section 4509.80 of the Revised Code at the time of the incident that resulted in the order against the owner. Such a determination may be made without a hearing.
- (F) All fees collected under this section shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the financial responsibility compliance fund created by section 4509.101 of the Revised Code.
- (G) Chapter 119. of the Revised Code applies to this section 17109 only to the extent that any provision in that chapter is not 17110 clearly inconsistent with this section. 17111
- (H)(1) Proof of financial responsibility may be demonstrated 17112 by any of the methods authorized in section 4509.80 of the Revised 17113 Code. 17114
- (2) Divisions (G)(4)(a) and (b) of section 4509.101 of the 17115 Revised Code apply to any finding by the registrar under this 17116 section that an owner is covered by proof of financial 17117

(E) "Moving violation" means any violation of any statute or	17148
ordinance that regulates the operation of vehicles, streetcars, or	17149
trackless trolleys on the highways or streets. "Moving violation"	17150
does not include a violation of section 4513.263 of the Revised	17151
Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, a	17152
violation of any statute or ordinance regulating pedestrians or	17153
the parking of vehicles, vehicle size or load limitations, vehicle	17154
fitness requirements, or vehicle registration.	17155
(F) "Municipal OVI ordinance" and "municipal OVI offense"	17156
have the same meanings as in section 4511.181 of the Revised Code.	17157
(G) "Prototype device" means any testing device to monitor	17158
limited driving privileges that has not yet been approved or	17159
disapproved by the director of public safety.	17160
(H) "Suspend" or "suspension" means the permanent or	17161
temporary withdrawal, by action of a court or the bureau of motor	17162
vehicles, of a driver's license, commercial driver's license,	17163
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident	17164
operating privilege for the period of the suspension or the	17165
permanent or temporary withdrawal of the privilege to obtain a	17166
license, permit, or privilege of that type for the period of the	17167
suspension.	17168
Sec. 4510.02. (A) When a court elects or is required to	17169
suspend the driver's license, commercial driver's license,	17170
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident	17171
operating privilege of any offender from a specified suspension	17172
class, for each of the following suspension classes, the court	17173
shall impose a definite period of suspension from the range	17174
specified for the suspension class:	17175
(1) For a class one suspension, a definite period for the	17176
life of the person subject to the suspension;	17177

(2) For a class two suspension, a definite period of three	17178
years to life;	17179
(3) For a class three suspension, a definite period of two to	17180
ten years;	17181
(4) For a class four suspension, a definite period of one to	17182
five years;	17183
(5) For a class five suspension, a definite period of six	17184
months to three years;	17185
(6) For a class six suspension, a definite period of three	17186
months to two years;	17187
(7) For a class seven suspension, a definite period not to	17188
exceed one year.	17189
(B) When the bureau of motor vehicles elects or is required	17190
to suspend the driver's license, commercial driver's license,	17191
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident	17192
operating privilege of any person from a specified suspension	17193
class, for each of the following suspension classes, the period of	17194
suspension shall be as follows:	17195
(1) For a class A suspension, three years;	17196
(2) For a class B suspension, two years;	17197
(3) For a class C suspension, one year;	17198
(4) For a class D suspension, six months;	17199
(5) For a class E suspension, three months;	17200
(6) For a class F suspension, until conditions are met.	17201
(C) The court may require a person to successfully complete a	17202
remedial driving course as a condition for the return of full	17203
driving privileges after a suspension period imposed from any	17204
range in division (A) of this section or otherwise imposed by the	17205
court pursuant to any other provision of law ends.	17206

(D) When a court or the bureau suspends the driver's license,	17207
commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit,	17208
probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege of any	17209
offender or person pursuant to any provision of law that does not	17210
provide for the suspension to be from a class set forth in	17211
division (A) or (B) of this section, except as otherwise provided	17212
in the provision that authorizes or requires the suspension, the	17213
suspension shall be subject to and governed by this chapter.	17214
	17215
Sec. 4510.021. (A)(1) Unless expressly prohibited by section	17216
2919.22, section 4510.13, or any other section of the Revised	17217
Code, a court may grant limited driving privileges for any purpose	17218
described in division (A)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section	17219
during any suspension imposed by the court. In granting the	17220
privileges, the court shall specify the purposes, times, and	17221
places of the privileges and may impose any other reasonable	17222
conditions on the person's driving of a motor vehicle. The	17223
privileges shall be for any of the following limited purposes:	17224
(a) Occupational, educational, vocational, or medical	17225
purposes;	17226
(b) Taking the driver's or commercial driver's license	17227
examination;	17228
(c) Attending court-ordered treatment.	17229
(B) Unless expressly authorized by a section of the Revised	17230
Code, a court may not grant limited driving privileges during any	17231
suspension imposed by the bureau of motor vehicles. To obtain	17232
limited driving privileges during a suspension imposed by the	17233
bureau, a petition may be filed in a court of record in the county	17234
in which the person under suspension resides. A person who is not	17235
a resident of this state shall file any petition for privileges in	17236

the Franklin county municipal court, or, if the person is a minor,	17237
in the Franklin county juvenile court. If a court grants limited	17238
driving privileges as described in this division, the privileges	17239
shall be for any of the limited purposes identified in division	17240
(A) of this section.	17241
(C) When the use of an immobilizing or disabling device is	17242
not otherwise required by law, the court, as a condition of	17243
granting limited driving privileges, may require that the person's	17244
vehicle be equipped with an immobilizing or disabling device,	17245
except as provided in division (C) of section 4510.43 of the	17246
Revised Code. When the use of restricted license plates issued	17247
under section 4503.231 of the Revised Code is not otherwise	17248
required by law, the court, as a condition of granting limited	17249
driving privileges, may require that the person's vehicle be	17250
equipped with restricted license plates of that nature, except as	17251
provided in division (B) of that section.	17252
(D) When the court grants limited driving privileges under	17253
section 4510.31 of the Revised Code or any other provision of law	17254
during the suspension of the temporary instruction permit or	17255
probationary driver's license of a person who is under eighteen	17256
years of age, the court may include as a purpose of the privilege	17257
the person's practicing of driving with the person's parent,	17258
guardian, or other custodian during the period of the suspension.	17259
If the court grants limited driving privileges for this purpose,	17260
the court, in addition to all other conditions it imposes, shall	17261
impose as a condition that the person exercise the privilege only	17262
when a parent, guardian, or custodian of the person who holds a	17263
current valid driver's or commercial driver's license issued by	17264
this state actually occupies the seat beside the person in the	17265
vehicle the person is operating.	17266
(E) Before granting limited driving privileges under this	17267

section, the court shall require the offender to provide proof of

the offense, the date of hearing, the plea, the judgment, or

a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the whole	17330
blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine; and if the	17331
violation of which the person was convicted or in relation to	17332
which the person forfeited bail arose out of the same facts and	17333
circumstances and the same act as did the charge that was	17334
dismissed or reduced, the abstract prepared under section 4510.03	17335
of the Revised Code also shall set forth the charge that was	17336
dismissed or reduced, indicate that it was dismissed or reduced,	17337
and indicate that the violation resulting in the conviction or	17338
bail forfeiture arose out of the same facts and circumstances and	17339
the same act as did the charge that was dismissed or reduced.	17340
(B) If a charge against a person of a violation of division	17341
(A) of section 4510.11, division (A) of section 4510.14, or	17342
division (A) of section 4510.16 of the Revised Code or any	17343
municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to any of	17344
those divisions is dismissed or reduced and if the person is	17345
convicted of or forfeits bail in relation to a violation of any	17346
other section of the Revised Code or any other ordinance that	17347
regulates the operation of vehicles, streetcars, and trackless	17348
trolleys on highways and streets that arose out of the same facts	17349
and circumstances as did the charge that was dismissed or reduced,	17350
the abstract also shall set forth the charge that was dismissed or	17351
reduced, indicate that it was dismissed or reduced, and indicate	17352
that the violation resulting in the conviction or bail forfeiture	17353
arose out of the same facts and circumstances and the same act as	17354
did the charge that was dismissed or reduced.	17355
(C)(1) If a child has been adjudicated an unruly or	17356
delinguent child or a juvenile traffic offender for having	17357
committed any act that if committed by an adult would be a drug	17358
abuse offense or any violation of division (B) of section 2917.11	17359
or of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, the court shall notify	17360
the bureau, by means of an abstract of the court record as	17361

prepared pursuant to section 4510.03, 4510.031, or 4510.032 of the	17392
Revised Code shall specifically set forth these facts and clearly	17393
indicate the date on which the order of criminal forfeiture was	17394
issued or would have been issued but for the operation of section	17395
4503.234 of the Revised Code. If the registrar receives an	17396
abstract containing this information relating to a person, the	17397
registrar, in accordance with sections 4503.12 and 4503.234 of the	17398
Revised Code, shall take all necessary measures to prevent the	17399
registrar's office or any deputy registrar from accepting from the	17400
person, for the period of time ending five years after the date on	17401
which the order was issued or would have been issued and as	17402
described in section 4503.234 of the Revised Code, any new	17403
application for the registration of any motor vehicle in the name	17404
of the person.	17405
Sec. 4510.035. The purposeful failure or refusal of any	17406
person to comply with any provision of section 4510.03, 4510.032,	17407
4510.034, 4510.036, or 4510.037 of the Revised Code constitutes	17408
misconduct in office and is a ground for removal of the person	17409
from the office.	17410
Sec. 4510.036. (A) The bureau of motor vehicles shall record	17411
within ten days, after receipt, and shall keep at its main office,	17412
all abstracts received under this section or section 4510.03,	17413
4510.031, 4510.032, or 4510.034 of the Revised Code and shall	17414
maintain records of convictions and bond forfeitures for any	17415
violation of a state law or a municipal ordinance regulating the	17416
operation of vehicles, streetcars, and trackless trolleys on	17417
highways and streets, except a violation related to parking a	17418
motor vehicle.	17419
(B) Every court of record or mayor's court before which a	17420
person is charged with a violation for which points are chargeable	17421
by this section shall assess and transcribe to the abstract of	17422

conviction that is furnished by the bureau to the court the number	17423
of points chargeable by this section in the correct space assigned	17424
on the reporting form. A United States district court that has	17425
jurisdiction within this state and before which a person is	17426
charged with a violation for which points are chargeable by this	17427
section may assess and transcribe to the abstract of conviction	17428
report that is furnished by the bureau the number of points	17429
chargeable by this section in the correct space assigned on the	17430
reporting form. If the federal court so assesses and transcribes	17431
the points chargeable for the offense and furnishes the report to	17432
the bureau, the bureau shall record the points in the same manner	17433
as those assessed and transcribed by a court of record or mayor's	17434
court.	17435
(C) A court shall assess the following points for an offense	17436
based on the following formula:	17437
(1) Aggravated vehicular homicide, vehicular homicide,	17438
vehicular manslaughter, aggravated vehicular assault, or vehicular	17439
assault when the offense involves the operation of a vehicle,	17440
streetcar, or trackless trolley on a highway or street	17441
6 points	17442
(2) A violation of section 2921.331 of the Revised Code or	17443
any ordinance prohibiting the willful fleeing or eluding of a law	17444
enforcement officer 6 points	17445
(3) A violation of section 4549.02 or 4549.021 of the Revised	17446
Code or any ordinance requiring the driver of a vehicle to stop	17447
and disclose identity at the scene of an accident 6	17448
<u>points</u>	17449
(4) A violation of section 4511.251 of the Revised Code or	17450
any ordinance prohibiting street racing 6 points	17451
(5) A violation of section 4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16, or	17452
4510.21 of the Revised Code or any ordinance prohibiting the	17453

(b) When the speed exceeds the lawful speed limit of	17485
fifty-five miles per hour or more by more than ten miles per hour	17486
2 points	17487
(c) When the speed exceeds the lawful speed limit of less	17488
than fifty-five miles per hour by more than five miles per hour	17489
2 points	17490
(d) When the speed does not exceed the amounts set forth in	17491
divisions (C)(11)(a), (b), or (c) of this section 0	17492
<u>points</u>	17493
(12) Operating a motor vehicle in violation of a restriction	17494
imposed by the registrar 2 points	17495
(13) All other moving violations reported under this section	17496
2 points	17497
(D) Upon receiving notification from the proper court,	17498
including a United States district court that has jurisdiction	17499
within this state, the bureau shall delete any points entered for	17500
a bond forfeiture if the driver is acquitted of the offense for	17501
which bond was posted.	17502
(E) If a person is convicted of or forfeits bail for two or	17503
more offenses arising out of the same facts and points are	17504
chargeable for each of the offenses, points shall be charged for	17505
only the conviction or bond forfeiture for which the greater	17506
number of points is chargeable, and, if the number of points	17507
chargeable for each offense is equal, only one offense shall be	17508
recorded, and points shall be charged only for that offense.	17509
Sec. 4510.037. (A) When the registrar of motor vehicles	17510
determines that the total points charged against any person under	17511
section 4510.036 of the Revised Code exceed five, the registrar	17512
shall send a warning letter to the person at the person's last	17513
known address by regular mail. The warning letter shall list the	17514

reported violations that are the basis of the points charged, list 17515 the number of points charged for each violation, and outline the 17516 suspension provisions of this section. 17517 (B) When the registrar determines that the total points 17518 charged against any person under section 4510.036 of the Revised 17519 Code within any two-year period beginning on the date of the first 17520 conviction within the two-year period is equal to twelve or more, 17521 the registrar shall send a written notice to the person at the 17522 person's last known address by regular mail. The notice shall list 17523 the reported violations that are the basis of the points charged, 17524 list the number of points charged for each violation, and state 17525 that, because the total number of points charged against the 17526 person within the applicable two-year period is equal to twelve or 17527 more, the registrar is imposing a class D suspension of the 17528 person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or 17529 nonresident operating privileges for the period of time specified 17530 in division (B)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The 17531 notice also shall state that the suspension is effective on the 17532 twentieth day after the mailing of the notice, unless the person 17533 files a petition appealing the determination and suspension in the 17534 municipal court, county court, or, if the person is under the age 17535 of eighteen, the juvenile division of the court of common pleas in 17536 whose jurisdiction the person resides or, if the person is not a 17537 resident of this state, in the Franklin county municipal court or 17538 juvenile division of the Franklin county court of common pleas. By 17539 filing the appeal of the determination and suspension, the person 17540 agrees to pay the cost of the proceedings in the appeal of the 17541 determination and suspension and alleges that the person can show 17542 cause why the person's driver's or commercial driver's license or 17543 permit or nonresident operating privileges should not be 17544 suspended. 17545 (C)(1) Any person against whom at least two but less than 17546

twelve points have been charged under section 4510.036 of the	17547
Revised Code may enroll in a course of remedial driving	17548
instruction that is approved by the director of public safety.	17549
Upon the person's completion of an approved course of remedial	17550
driving instruction, the person may apply to the registrar on a	17551
form prescribed by the registrar for a credit of two points on the	17552
person's driving record. Upon receipt of the application and proof	17553
of completion of the approved remedial driving course, the	17554
registrar shall approve the two-point credit. The registrar shall	17555
not approve any credits for a person who completes an approved	17556
course of remedial driving instruction pursuant to a judge's order	17557
under section 4510.02 of the Revised Code.	17558
(2) In any three-year period, the registrar shall approve	17559
only one two-point credit on a person's driving record under	17560
division (C)(1) of this section. The registrar shall approve not	17561
more than five two-point credits on a person's driving record	17562
under division (C)(1) of this section during that person's	17563
lifetime.	17564
(D) When a judge of a court of record suspends a person's	17565
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident	17566
operating privilege and charges points against the person under	17567
section 4510.036 of the Revised Code for the offense that resulted	17568
in the suspension, the registrar shall credit that period of	17569
suspension against the time of any subsequent suspension imposed	17570
under this section for which those points were used to impose the	17571
subsequent suspension. When a United States district court that	17572
has jurisdiction within this state suspends a person's driver's or	17573
commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating	17574
privileges pursuant to the "Assimilative Crimes Act," 102 Stat.	17575
4381 (1988), 18 U.S.C.A. 13, as amended, the district court	17576
prepares an abstract pursuant to section 4510.031 of the Revised	17577
Code, and the district court charges points against the person	17578

under section 4510.036 of the Revised Code for the offense that	17579
resulted in the suspension, the registrar shall credit the period	17580
of suspension imposed by the district court against the time of	17581
any subsequent suspension imposed under this section for which the	17582
points were used to impose the subsequent suspension.	17583
(E) The registrar, upon the written request of a licensee who	17584
files a petition under division (B) of this section, shall furnish	17585
the licensee a certified copy of the registrar's record of the	17586
convictions and bond forfeitures of the person. This record shall	17587
include the name, address, and date of birth of the licensee; the	17588
name of the court in which each conviction or bail forfeiture took	17589
place; the nature of the offense that was the basis of the	17590
conviction or bond forfeiture; and any other information that the	17591
registrar considers necessary. If the record indicates that twelve	17592
points or more have been charged against the person within a	17593
two-year period, it is prima-facie evidence that the person is a	17594
repeat traffic offender, and the registrar shall suspend the	17595
person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	17596
nonresident operating privilege pursuant to division (B) of this	17597
section.	17598
In hearing the petition and determining whether the person	17599
filing the petition has shown cause why the person's driver's or	17600
commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating	17601
privilege should not be suspended, the court shall decide the	17602
issue on the record certified by the registrar and any additional	17603
relevant, competent, and material evidence that either the	17604
registrar or the person whose license is sought to be suspended	17605
submits.	17606
(F) If a petition is filed under division (B) of this section	17607
in a county court, the prosecuting attorney of the county in which	17608
the case is pending shall represent the registrar in the	17609
proceedings, except that, if the petitioner resides in a municipal	17610

corporation within the jurisdiction of the county court, the city	17611
director of law, village solicitor, or other chief legal officer	17612
of the municipal corporation shall represent the registrar in the	17613
proceedings. If a petition is filed under division (B) of this	17614
section in a municipal court, the registrar shall be represented	17615
in the resulting proceedings as provided in section 1901.34 of the	17616
Revised Code.	17617
(G) If the court determines from the evidence submitted that	17618
a person who filed a petition under division (B) of this section	17619
has failed to show cause why the person's driver's or commercial	17620
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privileges	17621
should not be suspended, the court shall assess against the person	17622
the cost of the proceedings in the appeal of the determination and	17623
suspension and shall impose the applicable suspension under this	17624
section or suspend all or a portion of the suspension and impose	17625
any conditions or probation upon the person that the court	17626
considers proper. If the court determines from the evidence	17627
submitted that a person who filed a petition under division (B) of	17628
this section has shown cause why the person's driver's or	17629
commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating	17630
privileges should not be suspended, the costs of the appeal	17631
proceeding shall be paid out of the county treasury of the county	17632
in which the proceedings were held.	17633
(H) Any person whose driver's or commercial driver's license	17634
or permit or nonresident operating privileges are suspended under	17635
this section is not entitled to apply for or receive a new	17636
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or to request or	17637
be granted nonresident operating privileges during the effective	17638
period of the suspension.	17639
(I) Upon the termination of any suspension or other penalty	17640
imposed under this section involving the surrender of license or	17641
nermit and upon the request of the person whose ligense or permit	17642

driving instruction approved by the director of public safety $_{\tau}$

provided the person commences taking the course after the person's

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driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is suspended	17674
under section 4507.021 or division (E) of section 4507.16 of the	17675
Revised Code. A minimum of twenty-five per cent of the number of	17676
hours of instruction included in the course shall be devoted to	17677
instruction on driver attitude.	17678

The course also shall devote a number of hours to instruction 17679 in the area of alcohol and drugs and the operation of motor 17680 vehicles. The instruction shall include, but not be limited to, a 17681 review of the laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle 17682 while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or both a combination 17683 of them, the dangers of operating a motor vehicle while under the 17684 influence of alcohol, drugs, or both a combination of them, and 17685 other information relating to the operation of motor vehicles and 17686 the consumption of alcoholic beverages and use of drugs. The 17687 director, in consultation with the director of alcohol and drug 17688 addiction services, shall prescribe the content of the 17689 instruction. The number of hours devoted to the area of alcohol 17690 and drugs and the operation of motor vehicles shall comprise a 17691 minimum of twenty-five per cent of the number of hours of 17692 instruction included in the course. 17693

- (B) The person is examined in the manner provided for in 17694 section 4507.20 of the Revised Code, and found by the registrar of 17695 motor vehicles to be qualified to operate a motor vehicle; 17696
- (C) The person gives and maintains proof of financial 17697 responsibility, in accordance with section 4509.45 of the Revised 17698 Code.
- Sec. 4510.04. It is an affirmative defense to any prosecution

 brought under section 4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16, or 4510.21 of the

 Revised Code or under any substantially equivalent municipal

 ordinance that the alleged offender drove under suspension,

 without a valid permit or driver's or commercial driver's license,

 17704

or in violation of a restriction because of a substantial	17705
emergency, and because no other person was reasonably available to	17706
drive in response to the emergency.	17707

It is an affirmative defense to any prosecution brought under 17708 section 4510.16 of the Revised Code that the order of suspension 17709 resulted from the failure of the alleged offender to respond to a 17710 financial responsibility random verification request under 17711 division (A)(3)(c) of section 4509.101 of the Revised Code and 17712 that, at the time of the initial financial responsibility random 17713 verification request, the alleged offender was in compliance with 17714 division (A)(1) of section 4509.101 of the Revised Code as shown 17715 by proof of financial responsibility that was in effect at the 17716 time of that request. 17717

Sec. 4507.1611 4510.05. Except as may otherwise be provided 17718 in section 4510.07 or in any other provision of the Revised Code, 17719 whenever an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 17720 violation of a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar 17721 to a provision of the Revised Code, and a court is permitted or 17722 required to suspend or revoke a person's driver's or commercial 17723 driver's license or permit for a violation of that provision, a 17724 court, in addition to any other penalties it is authorized by law 17725 to impose upon the offender, may suspend the offender's driver's 17726 or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 17727 privileges for the period of time the court determines 17728 appropriate, or may revoke the license or permit, but in no case 17729 shall the period of suspension imposed for the violation of the 17730 municipal ordinance shall not exceed the period of suspension that 17731 is permitted or required to be imposed for the violation of the 17732 provision of the Revised Code to which the municipal ordinance is 17733 substantially similar. 17734

whose jurisdiction lies within this state suspends, revokes, or	17736
cancels , or forfeits the driver's or commercial driver's license	17737
or permit, or nonresident operating privileges of any person	17738
pursuant to the "Assimilative Crimes Act," 102 Stat. 4381 (1988),	17739
18 U.S.C.A. 13, as amended, that suspension, revocation, or	17740
cancellation, or forfeiture is deemed to operate in the same	17741
manner and to have the same effect throughout this state as if it	17742
were imposed under the laws of this state by a judge of a court of	17743
record of this state. In such a that type of case, if the United	17744
States district court observes the procedures prescribed by the	17745
Revised Code and utilizes the forms prescribed by the registrar of	17746
motor vehicles, the bureau of motor vehicles shall make the	17747
appropriate notation or record and shall take any other action	17748
that is prescribed or permitted by the Revised Code.	17749

Sec. 4507.1613 4510.07. The court imposing a sentence upon an 17750 offender for any violation of a municipal ordinance that is 17751 substantially equivalent to a violation of section 2903.06 or 17752 2907.24 of the Revised Code or for any violation of a municipal 17753 OVI ordinance also shall impose a suspension of the offender's 17754 driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary 17755 instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating 17756 privilege from the range specified in division (B) of section 17757 4510.02 of the Revised Code that is equivalent in length to the 17758 suspension required for a violation of section 2903.06 or 2907.24 17759 or division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code 17760 under similar circumstances. 17761

Sec. 4510.10. (A) As used in this section, "reinstatement 17762

fees" means the fees that are required under section 4507.1612, 17763

4507.45, 4509.101, 4509.81, 4511.191, 4511.951, or any other 17764

provision of the Revised Code, or under a schedule established by 17765

the bureau of motor vehicles, in order to reinstate a driver's or 17766

(D) If a court enters an order of the type described in	17798
division (B)(1), (B)(2), or (C) of this section, during the	17799
pendency of the order, the offender in relation to whom it applies	17800
is not subject to prosecution for failing to pay the reinstatement	17801
fees covered by the order.	17802
Sec. 4510.11. (A) No person whose driver's or commercial	17803
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege has	17804
been suspended under any provision of the Revised Code, other than	17805
Chapter 4509. of the Revised Code, or under any applicable law in	17806
any other jurisdiction in which the person's license or permit was	17807
issued shall operate any motor vehicle upon the public roads and	17808
highways or upon any public or private property used by the public	17809
for purposes of vehicular travel or parking within this state	17810
during the period of suspension unless the person is granted	17811
limited driving privileges and is operating the vehicle in	17812
accordance with the terms of the limited driving privileges.	17813
	17814
(B) No person shall operate any motor vehicle upon a highway	17815
or any public or private property used by the public for purposes	17816
of vehicular travel or parking in this state in violation of any	17817
restriction of the person's driver's or commercial driver's	17818
license or permit imposed under division (D) of section 4506.10 or	17819
under section 4507.14 of the Revised Code.	17820
(C)(1) Whoever violates this section is quilty of driving	17821
under suspension or in violation of a license restriction, a	17822
misdemeanor of the first degree. The court shall impose upon the	17823
offender a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's	17824
license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction	17825
permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege	17826
from the range specified in division (A)(7) of section 4510.02 of	17827
the Revised Code.	17828

section, the court, in addition to any other penalty that it imposes on the offender and if the vehicle is registered in the offender's name, shall order the immobilization of the vehicle 1	.7829 .7830 .7831 .7832 .7833 .7834
<pre>imposes on the offender and if the vehicle is registered in the offender's name, shall order the immobilization of the vehicle</pre> 1	.7831 .7832 .7833 .7834
offender's name, shall order the immobilization of the vehicle 1	.7832 .7833 .7834
	.7833 .7834
involved in the offense for thirty days in accordance with section 1	.7834
THE THE OFFICE FOR CHIFTEY WAYS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION	
4503.233 of the Revised Code and the impoundment of that vehicle's	.7835
license plates for thirty days.	
(3) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	.7836
pleaded quilty to one violation of this section or of a	.7837
substantially similar municipal ordinance, the court, in addition 1	.7838
to any other sentence that it imposes on the offender and if the	7839
vehicle is registered in the offender's name, shall order the	7840
immobilization of the vehicle involved in the offense for sixty	7841
days in accordance with section 4503.233 of the Revised Code and	7842
the impoundment of that vehicle's license plates for sixty days.	.7843
(4) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	7844
pleaded quilty to two or more violations of this section or of a	7845
substantially similar municipal ordinance, the court, in addition 1	7846
to any other sentence that it imposes on the offender and if the	7847
vehicle is registered in the offender's name, shall order the	7848
criminal forfeiture of the vehicle involved in the offense to the	7849
state. 1	.7850
(D) Any order for immobilization and impoundment under this	.7851
section shall be issued and enforced under section 4503.233 of the	7852
Revised Code. The court shall not release a vehicle from	.7853
immobilization ordered under this section unless the court is	7854
presented with current proof of financial responsibility with	.7855
respect to that vehicle.	7856
(E) Any order of criminal forfeiture under this section shall	.7857
be issued and enforced under section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	.7858

Upon receipt of the copy of the order from the court, neither the

registrar of motor vehicles nor a deputy registrar shall accept	17860
any application for the registration or transfer of registration	17861
of any motor vehicle owned or leased by the person named in the	17862
declaration of forfeiture. The period of registration denial shall	17863
be five years after the date of the order, unless, during that	17864
period, the court having jurisdiction of the offense that led to	17865
the order terminates the forfeiture and notifies the registrar of	17866
the termination. The registrar then shall take necessary measures	17867
to permit the person to register a vehicle owned or leased by the	17868
person or to transfer registration of the vehicle.	17869
	17870

Sec. 4510.12. (A)(1) No person, except those expressly 17871 exempted under sections 4507.03, 4507.04, and 4507.05 of the 17872 Revised Code, shall operate any motor vehicle upon a public road 17873 or highway or any public or private property used by the public 17874 for purposes of vehicular travel or parking in this state unless 17875 the person has a valid driver's license issued under Chapter 4507. 17876 of the Revised Code or a commercial driver's license issued under 17877 Chapter 4506. of the Revised Code. 17878

(2) No person, except a person expressly exempted under 17879 sections 4507.03, 4507.04, and 4507.05 of the Revised Code, shall 17880 operate any motorcycle upon a public road or highway or any public 17881 or private property used by the public for purposes of vehicular 17882 travel or parking in this state unless the person has a valid 17883 license as a motorcycle operator that was issued upon application 17884 by the registrar of motor vehicles under Chapter 4507. of the 17885 Revised Code. The license shall be in the form of an endorsement, 17886 as determined by the registrar, upon a driver's or commercial 17887 driver's license, if the person has a valid license to operate a 17888 motor vehicle or commercial motor vehicle, or in the form of a 17889 restricted license as provided in section 4507.14 of the Revised 17890 Code, if the person does not have a valid license to operate a 17891

comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the

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three previous requests to consent to a chemical test of the	17984
person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine to	17985
determine its alcohol content.	17986
(4) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges	17987
for employment as a driver of commercial motor vehicles to an	17988
offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or permit	17989
or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under	17990
division (G) or (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under	17991
division (B) or (C) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, or	17992
under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a municipal OVI	17993
conviction if the offender is disqualified from operating a	17994
commercial motor vehicle, or whose license or permit has been	17995
suspended, under section 3123.58 or 4506.16 of the Revised Code.	17996
(5) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges	17997
to an offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or	17998
permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under	17999
division (G) or (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under	18000
division (C) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, or under	18001
section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a conviction of a	18002
violation of a municipal OVI ordinance during any of the following	18003
periods of time:	18004
(a) The first fifteen days of a suspension imposed under	18005
division (G)(1)(a) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a	18006
comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the	18007
Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division (C)(1)(a)	18008
of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. On or after the sixteenth	18009
day of the suspension, the court may grant limited driving	18010
privileges, but the court may require that the offender shall not	18011
exercise the privileges unless the vehicles the offender operates	18012
are equipped with immobilizing or disabling devices that monitor	18013
the offender's alcohol consumption or any other type of	18014
immobilizing or disabling devices, except as provided in division	18015

(C) of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code.	18016
(b) The first thirty days of a suspension imposed under	18017
division (G)(1)(b) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a	18018
comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the	18019
Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division (C)(1)(b)	18020
of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. On or after the	18021
thirty-first day of suspension, the court may grant limited	18022
driving privileges, but the court may require that the offender	18023
shall not exercise the privileges unless the vehicles the offender	18024
operates are equipped with immobilizing or disabling devices that	18025
monitor the offender's alcohol consumption or any other type of	18026
immobilizing or disabling devices, except as provided in division	18027
(C) of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code.	18028
(c) The first sixty days of a suspension imposed under	18029
division (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a	18030
comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the	18031
Revised Code.	18032
(d) The first one hundred eighty days of a suspension imposed	18033
	18034
under division (G)(1)(c) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or	
a comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of	18035
the Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division	18036
(C)(1)(c) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The judge may	18037
grant limited driving privileges on or after the one hundred	18038
eighty-first day of the suspension only if the judge, at the time	18039
of granting the privileges, also issues an order prohibiting the	18040
offender, while exercising the privileges during the period	18041
commencing with the one hundred eighty-first day of suspension and	18042
ending with the first year of suspension, from operating any motor	18043
vehicle unless it is equipped with an immobilizing or disabling	18044
device that monitors the offender's alcohol consumption. After the	18045
first year of the suspension, the court may authorize the offender	18046
to continue exercising the privileges in vehicles that are not	18047

equipped with immobilizing or disabling devices that monitor the	18048
offender's alcohol consumption, except as provided in division (C)	18049
of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code. If the offender does not	18050
petition for limited driving privileges until after the first year	18051
of suspension, the judge may grant limited driving privileges	18052
without requiring the use of an immobilizing or disabling device	18053
that monitors the offender's alcohol consumption.	18054
	18055
(e) The first three years of a suspension imposed under	18056
division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code	18057
or a comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of	18058
the Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division	18059
(C)(1)(d) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The judge may	18060
grant limited driving privileges after the first three years of	18061
suspension only if the judge, at the time of granting the	18062
privileges, also issues an order prohibiting the offender from	18063
operating any motor vehicle, for the period of suspension	18064
following the first three years of suspension, unless the motor	18065
vehicle is equipped with an immobilizing or disabling device that	18066
monitors the offender's alcohol consumption, except as provided in	18067
division (C) of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code.	18068
(6) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges	18069
to an offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or	18070
permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under	18071
division (B) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code during any of	18072
the following periods of time:	18073
(a) The first thirty days of suspension imposed under	18074
division (B)(1)(a) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code;	18075
(b) The first ninety days of suspension imposed under	18076
division (B)(1)(b) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code;	18077
(c) The first year of suspension imposed under division	18078

(B)(1)(c) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code;	18079
(d) The first three years of suspension imposed under	18080
division (B)(1)(d) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code.	18081
(7) In any case in which a judge or mayor grants limited	18082
driving privileges to an offender whose driver's or commercial	18083
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege has	18084
been suspended under division (G) of section 4511.19 of the	18085
Revised Code or under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a	18086
municipal OVI conviction, the judge or mayor shall impose as a	18087
condition of the privileges that the offender must display on the	18088
vehicle that is driven subject to the privileges restricted	18089
license plates that are issued under section 4503.231 of the	18090
Revised Code, except as provided in division (B) of that section.	18091
(B) Any person whose driver's or commercial driver's license	18092
or permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended	18093
pursuant to section 4511.19 or 4511.191 of the Revised Code or	18094
under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a violation of a	18095
municipal OVI ordinance may file a petition for limited driving	18096
privileges during the suspension. The person shall file the	18097
petition in the court that has jurisdiction over the place of	18098
arrest. Subject to division (A) of this section, the court may	18099
grant the person limited driving privileges during the period	18100
during which the suspension otherwise would be imposed. However,	18101
the court shall not grant the privileges for employment as a	18102
driver of a commercial motor vehicle to any person who is	18103
disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under	18104
section 4506.16 of the Revised Code or during any of the periods	18105
prescribed by division (A) of this section.	18106
(C)(1) After a driver's or commercial driver's license or	18107
permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended	18108
pursuant to section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.24, 2921.331, 4511.19,	18109
4511.251, 4549.02, 4549.021, or 5743.99 of the Revised Code, any	18110

provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code, or section 4510.07	18111
of the Revised Code for a violation of a municipal OVI ordinance,	18112
the judge of the court or mayor of the mayor's court that	18113
suspended the license, permit, or privilege shall cause the	18114
offender to deliver to the court the license or permit. The judge,	18115
mayor, or clerk of the court or mayor's court shall forward to the	18116
registrar the license or permit together with notice of the action	18117
of the court.	18118
(2) A suspension of a commercial driver's license under any	18119
section or chapter identified in division (C)(1) of this section	18120
shall be concurrent with any period of suspension or	18121
disqualification under section 3123.58 or 4506.16 of the Revised	18122
Code. No person who is disqualified for life from holding a	18123
commercial driver's license under section 4506.16 of the Revised	18124
Code shall be issued a driver's license under this chapter during	18125
the period for which the commercial driver's license was suspended	18126
under this section, and no person whose commercial driver's	18127
license is suspended under any section or chapter identified in	18128
division (C)(1) of this section shall be issued a driver's license	18129
under Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code during the period of the	18130
suspension.	18131
(3) No judge or mayor shall suspend any class one suspension,	18132
or any portion of any class one suspension, required by section	18133
2903.04 or 2903.06 of the Revised Code. No judge or mayor shall	18134
suspend the first thirty days of any class two, class three, class	18135
four, class five, or class six suspension imposed under section	18136
2903.06 or 2903.08 of the Revised Code.	18137
(D) The judge of the court or mayor of the mayor's court	18138
shall credit any time during which an offender was subject to an	18139
administrative suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial	18140
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege	18141
imposed pursuant to section 4511.191 or 4511.192 of the Revised	18142

(b) A fine of not less than two hundred fifty and not more

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than one thousand dollars;	18206
(c) A license suspension under division (E) of this section;	18207
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of	18208
the offense is registered in the offender's name, immobilization	18209
for thirty days of the offender's vehicle and impoundment for	18210
thirty days of the identification license plates of that vehicle.	18211
The order for immobilization and impoundment shall be issued and	18212
enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 of the Revised Code.	18213
(2) If, within six years of the offense, the offender	18214
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	18215
violation of this section or one equivalent offense, driving under	18216
OVI suspension is a misdemeanor of the first degree. The court	18217
shall sentence the offender to all of the following:	18218
(a) A mandatory jail term of ten consecutive days.	18219
Notwithstanding the terms of imprisonment provided in Chapter	18220
2929. of the Revised Code, the court may sentence the offender to	18221
a longer jail term of not more than one year. The ten-day	18222
mandatory jail term shall be imposed unless, subject to division	18223
(C) of this section, the court instead imposes a sentence of not	18224
less than ninety consecutive days of electronically monitored	18225
house arrest. The period of electronically monitored house arrest	18226
shall not exceed one year.	18227
(b) Notwithstanding the fines provided for in Chapter 2929.	18228
of the Revised Code, a fine of not less than five hundred and not	18229
more than two thousand five hundred dollars;	18230
(c) A license suspension under division (E) of this section;	18231
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of	18232
the offense is registered in the offender's name, immobilization	18233
of the offender's vehicle for sixty days and the impoundment for	18234
sixty days of the identification license plates of that vehicle.	18235
The order for immobilization and impoundment shall be issued and	18236

enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 of the Revised Code.	18237
(3) If, within six years of the offense, the offender	18238
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or more	18239
violations of this section or two or more equivalent offenses,	18240
driving under OVI suspension is a misdemeanor. The court shall	18241
sentence the offender to all of the following:	18242
(a) A mandatory jail term of thirty consecutive days.	18243
Notwithstanding the terms of imprisonment provided in Chapter	18244
2929. of the Revised Code, the court may sentence the offender to	18245
a longer jail term of not more than one year. The court shall not	18246
sentence the offender to a term of electronically monitored house	18247
arrest in lieu of the mandatory portion of the jail term.	18248
(b) Notwithstanding the fines set forth in Chapter 2929. of	18249
the Revised Code, a fine of not less than five hundred and not	18250
more than two thousand five hundred dollars;	18251
(c) A license suspension under division (E) of this section;	18252
	10232
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of	18253
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of	18253
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal	18253 18254
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of	18253 18254 18255
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance	18253 18254 18255 18256
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. If title to a motor	18253 18254 18255 18256 18257
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal forfeiture under	18253 18254 18255 18256 18257 18258
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal forfeiture under this division is assigned or transferred and division (B)(2) or	18253 18254 18255 18256 18257 18258 18259
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal forfeiture under this division is assigned or transferred and division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, the court may	18253 18254 18255 18256 18257 18258 18259 18260
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal forfeiture under this division is assigned or transferred and division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by	18253 18254 18255 18256 18257 18258 18259 18260 18261
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal forfeiture under this division is assigned or transferred and division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's association. The	18253 18254 18255 18256 18257 18258 18259 18260 18261 18262
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal forfeiture under this division is assigned or transferred and division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine so imposed shall be distributed in	18253 18254 18255 18256 18257 18258 18259 18260 18261 18262 18263
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal forfeiture under this division is assigned or transferred and division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine so imposed shall be distributed in accordance with division (C)(2) of section 4503.234 of the Revised	18253 18254 18255 18256 18257 18258 18259 18260 18261 18262 18263 18264
(d) If the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name, criminal forfeiture to the state of the offender's vehicle. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal forfeiture under this division is assigned or transferred and division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine so imposed shall be distributed in accordance with division (C)(2) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	18253 18254 18255 18256 18257 18258 18259 18260 18261 18262 18263 18264 18265

of this section unless, within sixty days of the date of	18268
sentencing, the court issues a written finding on the record that,	18269
due to the unavailability of space at the jail where the offender	18270
is required to serve the jail term imposed, the offender will not	18271
be able to begin serving that term within the sixty-day period	18272
following the date of sentencing.	18273
An offender sentenced under this section to a period of	18274
electronically monitored house arrest shall be permitted work	18275
release during that period.	18276
(D) Fifty per cent of any fine imposed by a court under	18277
division (B)(1), (2), or (3) of this section shall be deposited	18278
into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or	18279
municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the	18280
control of that court, as created by the county or municipal	18281
corporation pursuant to division (H) of section 4511.191 of the	18282
Revised Code.	18283
(E) In addition to or independent of all other penalties	18284
provided by law or ordinance, the trial judge of any court of	18285
record or the mayor of a mayor's court shall impose on an offender	18286
who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of this	18287
section a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's or	18288
commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating	18289
privilege from the range specified in division (A)(7) of section	18290
4510.02 of the Revised Code.	18291
When permitted as specified in section 4510.021 of the	18292
Revised Code, if the court grants limited driving privileges	18293
during a suspension imposed under this section, the privileges	18294
shall be granted on the additional condition that the offender	18295
must display restricted license plates, issued under section	18296
4503.231 of the Revised Code, on the vehicle driven subject to the	18297
privileges, except as provided in division (B) of that section.	18298

A suspension of a commercial driver's license under this	18299
section shall be concurrent with any period of suspension or	18300
disqualification under section 3123.58 or 4506.16 of the Revised	18301
Code. No person who is disqualified for life from holding a	18302
commercial driver's license under section 4506.16 of the Revised	18303
Code shall be issued a driver's license under Chapter 4507. of the	18304
Revised Code during the period for which the commercial driver's	18305
license was suspended under this section, and no person whose	18306
commercial driver's license is suspended under this section shall	18307
be issued a driver's license under Chapter 4507. of the Revised	18308
Code during the period of the suspension.	18309
(F) As used in this section:	18310
(1) "Electronically monitored house arrest" has the same	18311
meaning as in section 2929.23 of the Revised Code.	18312
(2) "Equivalent offense" means any of the following:	18313
(a) A violation of a municipal ordinance, law of another	18314
state, or law of the United States that is substantially	18315
equivalent to division (A) of this section;	18316
(b) A violation of a former law of this state that was	18317
substantially equivalent to division (A) of this section.	18318
(3) "Jail" has the same meaning as in section 2929.01 of the	18319
Revised Code.	18320
	10201
(4) "Mandatory jail term" means the mandatory term in jail of	18321
three, ten, or thirty consecutive days that must be imposed under	18322
division (B)(1), (2), or (3) of this section upon an offender	18323
convicted of a violation of division (A) of this section and in	18324
relation to which all of the following apply:	18325
(a) Except as specifically authorized under this section, the	18326
term must be served in a jail.	18327
(b) Except as specifically authorized under this section, the	18328

term cannot be suspended, reduced, or otherwise modified pursuant	18329
to section 2929.51, 2951.02, or any other provision of the Revised	18330
Code.	18331

Sec. 4507.34 4510.15. Whenever a person is found guilty of 18332 reckless operation of a motor vehicle under the laws of this state 18333 or under any ordinance of any political subdivision of this state, 18334 18335 of operating a motor vehicle in violation of such laws or ordinances, relating to reckless operation, the trial court of any 18336 court of record may, in addition to or independent of all other 18337 penalties provided by law, suspend for any period of time or 18338 revoke the may impose a class five suspension of the offender's 18339 driver's license or commercial driver's license of any person so 18340 convicted or pleading quilty to such offenses for any period that 18341 it determines, not to exceed one year or permit or nonresident 18342 operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(5) of 18343 section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 18344

Suspension of a commercial driver's license under this 18345 section shall be concurrent with any period of suspension 18346 disqualification under section 3123.611 3123.58 or 4506.16 of the 18347 Revised Code or period of suspension under section 3123.58 of the 18348 Revised Code. No person who is disqualified for life from holding 18349 a commercial driver's license under section 4506.16 of the Revised 18350 Code shall be issued a driver's license under this chapter Chapter 18351 4507. of the Revised Code during the period for which the 18352 commercial driver's license was suspended under this section, and 18353 no person whose commercial driver's license is suspended under 18354 this section shall be issued a driver's license under this chapter 18355 Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code during the period of the 18356 suspension. 18357

Sec. 4510.16. (A) No person, whose driver's or commercial

driver's license or temporary instruction permit or nonresident's

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operating privilege has been suspended or canceled pursuant to	18360
Chapter 4509. of the Revised Code, shall operate any motor vehicle	18361
within this state, or knowingly permit any motor vehicle owned by	18362
the person to be operated by another person in the state, during	18363
the period of the suspension or cancellation, except as	18364
specifically authorized by Chapter 4509. of the Revised Code. No	18365
person shall operate a motor vehicle within this state, or	18366
knowingly permit any motor vehicle owned by the person to be	18367
operated by another person in the state, during the period in	18368
which the person is required by section 4509.45 of the Revised	18369
Code to file and maintain proof of financial responsibility for a	18370
violation of section 4509.101 of the Revised Code, unless proof of	18371
financial responsibility is maintained with respect to that	18372
vehicle.	18373
(B)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of driving	18374
under financial responsibility law suspension or cancellation, a	18375
misdemeanor of the first degree. The court shall impose a class	18376
seven suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial driver's	18377
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege for the	18378
period of time specified in division (A)(7) of section 4510.02 of	18379
the Revised Code.	18380
(2) If the vehicle is registered in the offender's name, the	18381
court, in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it	18382
imposes upon the offender, shall do one of the following:	18383
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(2)(b) or (c)	18384
of this section, order the immobilization for thirty days of the	18385
vehicle involved in the offense and the impoundment for thirty	18386
days of the license plates of that vehicle;	18387
(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	18388
pleaded guilty to one violation of this section or a substantially	18389
similar municipal ordinance, order the immobilization for sixty	18390
days of the vehicle involved in the offense and impoundment for	18391

sixty days of the license plates of that vehicle;	18392
(c) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	18393
pleaded guilty to two or more violations of this section or a	18394
substantially similar municipal ordinance, order the criminal	18395
forfeiture to the state of the vehicle involved in the offense. If	18396
title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal	18397
forfeiture under this division is assigned or transferred and	18398
division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code	18399
applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty	18400
established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of	18401
the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto	18402
dealers association. The proceeds from any fine so imposed shall	18403
be distributed in accordance with division (C)(2) of that section.	18404
(C) Any order for immobilization and impoundment under this	18405
section shall be issued and enforced in accordance with sections	18406
4503.233 and 4507.02 of the Revised Code, as applicable. Any order	18407
of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and enforced in accordance	18408
with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. The court shall not	18409
release a vehicle from immobilization orders under this section	18410
unless the court is presented with current proof of financial	18411
responsibility with respect to that vehicle.	18412
Sec. 4507.361 4510.161 . (A) The requirements and sanctions	18413
imposed by divisions (B) and (C) of this section are an adjunct to	18414
and derive from the state's exclusive authority over the	18415
registration and titling of motor vehicles and do not comprise a	18416
part of the criminal sentence to be imposed upon a person who	18417
violates a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to	18418
section 4510.14 or to division $\frac{(B)(1)}{(B)}$ or $\frac{(D)(2)}{(A)}$ of section	18419
4507.02 4510.16 of the Revised Code.	18420
(B) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	18421
municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to division	18422

$\frac{(B)(1)(A)}{(A)}$ of section $\frac{4507.02}{4510.16}$ of the Revised Code, the	18423
court, in addition to and independent of any sentence that it	18424
imposes upon the offender for the offense, regardless of whether	18425
$\underline{ ext{if}}$ the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the	18426
offense is registered in his the offender's name or in the name of	18427
another person, and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised	18428
Code, shall do whichever of the following is applicable:	18429

- (1) If, within five years of the current offense, the 18430 offender has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 18431 violation of division (A) of section 4510.16 or former division 18432 (B)(1) of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal 18433 ordinance that is substantially equivalent to that either 18434 division, the court shall order the immobilization for thirty days 18435 of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the 18436 offense and the impoundment for thirty days of the identification 18437 license plates of that vehicle. 18438
- (2) If, within five years of the current offense, the 18439 offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation 18440 of division (A) of section 4510.16 or former division (B)(1) of 18441 section 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that 18442 is substantially equivalent to that either division, the court 18443 shall order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the 18444 offender was operating at the time of the offense and the 18445 impoundment for sixty days of the identification license plates of 18446 that vehicle. 18447
- (3) If, within five years of the current offense, the

 offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or more

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 violations of division (A) of section 4510.16 or former division

 (B)(1) of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal

 ordinance that is substantially equivalent to that either

 division, the court shall order the criminal forfeiture to the

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 state of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the

offense. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and 18455 enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. 18456

- (C) If a person is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 18457 municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to division 18458 $\frac{\text{(D)(2) of}}{\text{section }}$ section $\frac{4507.02}{4510.14}$ of the Revised Code, the court, 18459 in addition to and independent of any sentence that it imposes 18460 upon the offender for the offense, regardless of whether if the 18461 vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is 18462 registered in his the offender's name or in the name of another 18463 person, and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall 18464 do whichever of the following is applicable: 18465
- (1) If, within five years of the current offense, the 18466 offender has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 18467 violation of section 4510.14 or former division (D)(2) of section 18468 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is 18469 substantially equivalent to that section or former division, the 18470 court shall order the immobilization for thirty days of the 18471 vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and 18472 the impoundment for thirty days of the identification license 18473 plates of that vehicle. 18474
- (2) If, within five years of the current offense, the 18475 offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation 18476 of section 4510.14 or former division (D)(2) of section 4507.02 of 18477 the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially 18478 equivalent to that section or former division, the court shall 18479 order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the 18480 offender was operating at the time of the offense and the 18481 impoundment for sixty days of the identification license plates of 18482 that vehicle. 18483
- (3) If, within five years of the current offense, the 18484 offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or more 18485 violations of section 4510.14 or former division (D)(2) of section 18486

4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is

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substantially equivalent to that section or former division, the

court shall order the criminal forfeiture to the state of the

vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense.

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(D) An order of criminal forfeiture issued pursuant to this
section shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section
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4503.234 of the Revised Code. An order for the immobilization and
impoundment of a vehicle that issued pursuant to this section
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shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233
18495
of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4507.169 4510.17. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles 18497 shall suspend for the period of time specified in this division 18498 the driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of, or deny 18499 for such period of time the issuance of a driver's or commercial 18500 driver's license or permit to, impose a class D suspension of the 18501 person's driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary 18502 instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating 18503 privilege for the period of time specified in division (B)(4) of 18504 section 4510.02 of the Revised Code on any person who is a 18505 resident of this state and is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 18506 violation of a statute of any other state or any federal statute 18507 that is substantially similar to section 2925.02, 2925.03, 18508 2925.04, 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.12, 2925.13, 18509 2925.14, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.31, 2925.32, 2925.36, or 2925.37 18510 of the Revised Code. Upon receipt of a report from a court, court 18511 clerk, or other official of any other state or from any federal 18512 authority that a resident of this state was convicted of or 18513 pleaded guilty to an offense described in this division, the 18514 registrar shall send a notice by regular first class mail to the 18515 person, at the person's last known address as shown in the records 18516 of the bureau of motor vehicles, informing the person of the 18517 suspension or denial, that the suspension or denial will take 18518

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effect twenty-one days from the date of the notice, and that, if	18519
the person wishes to appeal the suspension or denial, the person	18520
must file a notice of appeal within twenty-one days of the date of	18521
the notice requesting a hearing on the matter. If the person	18522
requests a hearing, the registrar shall hold the hearing not more	18523
than forty days after receipt by the registrar of the notice of	18524
appeal. The filing of a notice of appeal does not stay the	18525
operation of the suspension or denial that must be imposed	18526
pursuant to this division. The scope of the hearing shall be	18527
limited to whether the person actually was convicted of or pleaded	18528
guilty to the offense for which the suspension or denial is to be	18529
imposed.	18530

The period of suspension or denial the registrar is required to impose under this division shall end either on the last day of any period of the class D suspension period or of the suspension of the person's nonresident operating privilege imposed by the state or federal court located in the other state, or the date six months and twenty one days from the date of the notice sent by the registrar to the person under this division, whichever is earlier.

The registrar shall subscribe to or otherwise participate in 18538 any information system or register, or enter into reciprocal and 18539 mutual agreements with other states and federal authorities, in 18540 order to facilitate the exchange of information with other states 18541 and the United States government regarding persons who plead 18542 guilty to or are convicted of offenses described in this division 18543 and therefore are subject to the suspension or denial described in 18544 this division. 18545

(B) The registrar shall suspend for the period of time 18546
specified in this division the driver's or commercial driver's 18547
license or permit of, or deny for such period of time the issuance 18548
of a driver's or commercial driver's license or permit to, impose 18549
a class D suspension of the person's driver's license, commercial 18550

driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary	18551
license, or nonresident operating privilege for the period of time	18552
specified in division (B)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised	18553
Code on any person who is a resident of this state and is	18554
convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of a statute of any	18555
other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation	18556
located in any other state that is substantially similar to	18557
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. Upon receipt of a report from	18558
another state made pursuant to section 4507.60 4510.61 of the	18559
Revised Code indicating that a resident of this state was	18560
convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense described in this	18561
division, the registrar shall send a notice by regular first class	18562
mail to the person, at the person's last known address as shown in	18563
the records of the bureau of motor vehicles, informing the person	18564
of the suspension or denial , that the suspension or denial will	18565
take effect twenty-one days from the date of the notice, and that,	18566
if the person wishes to appeal the suspension or denial, the	18567
person must file a notice of appeal within twenty-one days of the	18568
date of the notice requesting a hearing on the matter. If the	18569
person requests a hearing, the registrar shall hold the hearing	18570
not more than forty days after receipt by the registrar of the	18571
notice of appeal. The filing of a notice of appeal does not stay	18572
the operation of the suspension or denial that must be imposed	18573
pursuant to this division. The scope of the hearing shall be	18574
limited to whether the person actually was convicted of or pleaded	18575
guilty to the offense for which the suspension or denial is to be	18576
imposed.	18577

The period of suspension or denial the registrar is required 18578 to impose under this division shall end either on the last day of 18579 any period of the class D suspension period or of the suspension 18580 of the person's nonresident operating privilege imposed by the 18581 state or federal court located in the other state, or the date six 18582 months and twenty one days from the date of the notice sent by the 18583

registrar to the person under this division, whichever is earlier.	18584
(C) The registrar shall suspend for the period of time	18585
specified in this division the driver's or commercial driver's	18586
license or permit of, or deny for such period of time the issuance	18587
of a driver's or commercial driver's license or permit to, impose	18588
a class D suspension of the child's driver's license, commercial	18589
driver's license, temporary instruction permit, or nonresident	18590
operating privilege for the period of time specified in division	18591
(B)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code on any child who is	18592
a resident of this state and is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	18593
violation of a statute of any other state or any federal statute	18594
that is substantially similar to section 2925.02, 2925.03,	18595
2925.04, 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.12, 2925.13,	18596
2925.14, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.31, 2925.32, 2925.36, or 2925.37	18597
of the Revised Code. Upon receipt of a report from a court, court	18598
clerk, or other official of any other state or from any federal	18599
authority that a child who is a resident of this state was	18600
convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense described in this	18601
division, the registrar shall send a notice by regular first class	18602
mail to the child, at the child's last known address as shown in	18603
the records of the bureau of motor vehicles, informing the child	18604
of the suspension or denial, that the suspension or denial will	18605
take effect twenty-one days from the date of the notice, and that,	18606
if the child wishes to appeal the suspension or denial, the child	18607
must file a notice of appeal within twenty-one days of the date of	18608
the notice requesting a hearing on the matter. If the child	18609
requests a hearing, the registrar shall hold the hearing not more	18610
than forty days after receipt by the registrar of the notice of	18611
appeal. The filing of a notice of appeal does not stay the	18612
operation of the suspension or denial that must be imposed	18613
pursuant to this division. The scope of the hearing shall be	18614
limited to whether the child actually was convicted of or pleaded	18615
guilty to the offense for which the suspension or denial is to be	18616

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imposed.	18617
inposea:	10017

The period of suspension the registrar is required to impose 18618 under this division shall end either on the last day of any period 18619 of the class D suspension period or of the suspension of the 18620 child's nonresident operating privilege imposed by the state or 18621 federal court located in the other state, or the date six months 18622 and twenty-one days from the date of the notice sent by the 18623 registrar to the child under this division, whichever is earlier. 18624 If the child is a resident of this state who is sixteen years of 18625 age or older and does not have a current, valid Ohio driver's or 18626 commercial driver's license or permit, the notice shall inform the 18627 child that the child will be denied issuance of a driver's or 18628 commercial driver's license or permit for six months beginning on 18629 the date of the notice. If the child has not attained the age of 18630 sixteen years on the date of the notice, the notice shall inform 18631 the child that the period of denial of six months shall commence 18632 on the date the child attains the age of sixteen years. 18633

The registrar shall subscribe to or otherwise participate in 18634 any information system or register, or enter into reciprocal and 18635 mutual agreements with other states and federal authorities, in 18636 order to facilitate the exchange of information with other states 18637 and the United States government regarding children who are 18638 residents of this state and plead guilty to or are convicted of 18639 offenses described in this division and therefore are subject to 18640 the suspension or denial described in this division. 18641

(D) The registrar shall suspend for the period of time

specified in this division the driver's or commercial driver's

license or permit of, or deny for such period of time the issuance
of a driver's or commercial driver's license or permit to, impose
a class D suspension of the child's driver's license, commercial
driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary
license, or nonresident operating privilege for the period of time

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specified in division (B)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised	18649
Code on any child who is a resident of this state and is convicted	18650
of or pleads guilty to a violation of a statute of any other state	18651
or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any	18652
other state that is substantially similar to section 4511.19 of	18653
the Revised Code. Upon receipt of a report from another state made	18654
pursuant to section 4507.60 4510.61 of the Revised Code indicating	18655
that a child who is a resident of this state was convicted of or	18656
pleaded guilty to an offense described in this division, the	18657
registrar shall send a notice by regular first class mail to the	18658
child, at the child's last known address as shown in the records	18659
of the bureau of motor vehicles, informing the child of the	18660
suspension or denial , that the suspension or denial will take	18661
effect twenty-one days from the date of the notice, and that, if	18662
the child wishes to appeal the suspension or denial, the child	18663
must file a notice of appeal within twenty-one days of the date of	18664
the notice requesting a hearing on the matter. If the child	18665
requests a hearing, the registrar shall hold the hearing not more	18666
than forty days after receipt by the registrar of the notice of	18667
appeal. The filing of a notice of appeal does not stay the	18668
operation of the suspension or denial that must be imposed	18669
pursuant to this division. The scope of the hearing shall be	18670
limited to whether the child actually was convicted of or pleaded	18671
guilty to the offense for which the suspension or denial is to be	18672
imposed.	18673

The period of suspension the registrar is required to impose 18674 under this division shall end either on the last day of any period 18675 of the class D suspension period or of the suspension of the 18676 child's nonresident operating privilege imposed by the state or 18677 federal court located in the other state, or the date six months 18678 and twenty one days from the date of the notice sent by the 18679 registrar to the child under this division, whichever is earlier. 18680 If the child is a resident of this state who is sixteen years of 18681

age or older and does not have a current, valid Ohio driver's or	18682
commercial driver's license or permit, the notice shall inform the	18683
child that the child will be denied issuance of a driver's or	18684
commercial driver's license or permit for six months beginning on	18685
the date of the notice. If the child has not attained the age of	18686
sixteen years on the date of the notice, the notice shall inform	18687
the child that the period of denial of six months shall commence	18688
on the date the child attains the age of sixteen years.	18689

- (E) Any person whose license or permit has been suspended 18690 pursuant to division (B) or (D) of this section may file a 18691 petition in the municipal or county court, or in case the person 18692 is under eighteen years of age, the juvenile court, in whose 18693 jurisdiction the person resides, agreeing to pay the cost of the 18694 proceedings and alleging that the suspension would seriously 18695 affect the person's ability to continue the person's employment. 18696 Upon satisfactory proof that there is reasonable cause to believe 18697 that the suspension would seriously affect the person's ability to 18698 continue the person's employment, the judge may grant the person 18699 occupational <u>limited</u> driving privileges during the period during 18700 which the suspension otherwise would be imposed, except that the 18701 judge shall not grant occupational limited driving privileges for 18702 employment as a driver of a commercial motor vehicle to any person 18703 who would be disqualified from operating a commercial motor 18704 vehicle under section 4506.16 of the Revised Code if the violation 18705 had occurred in this state, or during any of the following periods 18706 of time: 18707
- (1) The first fifteen days of the suspension, if the person 18708 has not been convicted within five six years of the date of the 18709 offense giving rise to the suspension under this section of a 18710 violation of any of the following:
- (a) Section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, of a municipal 18712 ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the 18713

of this section.

If a person petitions for occupational limited driving 18746 privileges under division (E) of this section, the registrar shall 18747 be represented by the county prosecutor of the county in which the 18748 person resides if the petition is filed in a juvenile court or 18749 county court, except that if the person resides within a city or 18750 village that is located within the jurisdiction of the county in 18751 which the petition is filed, the city director of law or village 18752 solicitor of that city or village shall represent the registrar. 18753 If the petition is filed in a municipal court, the registrar shall 18754 be represented as provided in section 1901.34 of the Revised Code. 18755

In granting occupational limited driving privileges under 18756 division (E) of this section, the court may impose any condition 18757 it considers reasonable and necessary to limit the use of a 18758 vehicle by the person. The court shall deliver to the person a 18759 permit card, in a form to be prescribed by the court, setting 18760 forth the time, place, and other conditions limiting the person's 18761 use of a motor vehicle. The grant of occupational limited driving 18762 privileges shall be conditioned upon the person's having the 18763 permit in the person's possession at all times during which the 18764 person is operating a vehicle. 18765

A person granted occupational <u>limited</u> driving privileges who 18766 operates a vehicle for other than occupational <u>limited</u> purposes, 18767 in violation of any condition imposed by the court or without 18768 having the permit in the person's possession, is guilty of a 18769 violation of <u>division (D)(1) of</u> section <u>4507.02 4510.11</u> of the 18770 Revised Code.

- (F) As used in divisions (C) and (D) of this section:
- (1) "Child" means a person who is under the age of eighteen 18773
 years, except that any person who violates a statute or ordinance 18774
 described in division (C) or (D) of this section prior to 18775

As reported by the riouse orinimal sustice committee	
attaining eighteen years of age shall be deemed a "child"	18776
irrespective of the person's age at the time the complaint or	18777
other equivalent document is filed in the other state or a	18778
hearing, trial, or other proceeding is held in the other state on	18779
the complaint or other equivalent document, and irrespective of	18780
the person's age when the period of license suspension or denial	18781
prescribed in division (C) or (D) of this section is imposed.	18782
(2) "Is convicted of or pleads guilty to" means, as it	18783
relates to a child who is a resident of this state, that in a	18784
proceeding conducted in a state or federal court located in	18785
another state for a violation of a statute or ordinance described	18786
in division (C) or (D) of this section, the result of the	18787
proceeding is any of the following:	18788
(a) Under the laws that govern the proceedings of the court,	18789
the child is adjudicated to be or admits to being a delinquent	18790
child or a juvenile traffic offender for a violation described in	18791
division (C) or (D) of this section that would be a crime if	18792
committed by an adult;	18793
(b) Under the laws that govern the proceedings of the court,	18794
the child is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation	18795
described in division (C) or (D) of this section;	18796
(c) Under the laws that govern the proceedings of the court,	18797
irrespective of the terminology utilized in those laws, the result	18798
of the court's proceedings is the functional equivalent of	18799
division (F)(2)(a) or (b) of this section.	18800
4570.05 (2) 25	10001
Sec. 4510.21. (A) No person whose driver's license,	18801
commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit, or	18802
nonresident's operating privilege has been suspended shall operate	18803
any motor vehicle upon a public road or highway or any public or	18804
private property after the suspension has expired unless the	18805

person has complied with all license reinstatement requirements

The registrar shall suspend impose a class F suspension of 18837

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to the registrar. The court also shall forward the person's

license, if it is in the possession of the court, to the

registrar. The

the person's driver's or commercial driver's license, or temporary 18838 instruction permit for the period of time specified in division 18839 (B)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code on any person who is 18840 named in a declaration received by the registrar under this 18841 section. The registrar shall send written notification of the 18842 suspension to the person of the suspension at the person's last 18843 known address, and, if the person is in possession of the license, 18844 order the person to surrender the person's driver's or commercial 18845 driver's license or permit to the registrar within forty-eight 18846 hours. No 18847

No valid driver's or commercial driver's license shall be 18848 granted to the person after the suspension, unless the court 18849 having jurisdiction of the offense that led to the suspension 18850 orders that the forfeiture suspension be terminated. The court 18851 shall so order the termination of the suspension if the person-18852 after having failed to appear in court at the required time and 18853 place to answer the charge or after having pleaded guilty to or 18854 been found guilty of the violation and having failed within the 18855 time allowed by the court to pay the fine imposed by the court, 18856 thereafter appears to answer the charge and pays any fine imposed 18857 by the court or pays the fine originally imposed by the court. The 18858 court shall inform the registrar of the termination of the 18859 forfeiture suspension by entering information relative to the 18860 termination on a form approved and furnished by the registrar and 18861 sending the form to the registrar. The court also shall charge and 18862 collect from the person shall pay to the bureau of motor vehicles 18863 a fifteen-dollar processing fee to cover the costs of the bureau 18864 of motor vehicles in administering this section. The clerk of the 18865 court shall transmit monthly all such processing fees to the 18866 registrar for shall deposit the fee into the state bureau of motor 18867 vehicles fund created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code. 18868

(B) In addition to suspending the driver's or commercial	18870
driver's license or permit of the person named in a declaration of	18871
forfeiture suspension, the registrar, upon receipt from the court	18872
of the copy of the declaration of forfeiture <u>suspension</u> , shall	18873
take any measures that may be necessary to ensure that neither the	18874
registrar nor any deputy registrar accepts any application for the	18875
registration or transfer of registration of any motor vehicle	18876
owned or leased by the person named in the declaration $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$	18877
forfeiture. However, for a motor vehicle leased by a person named	18878
in a declaration of forfeiture, the registrar shall not implement	18879
the preceding sentence until the registrar adopts procedures for	18880
that implementation under section 4503.39 of the Revised Code. The	18881
period of denial of registration or transfer shall continue until	18882
such time as the court having jurisdiction of the offense that led	18883
to the suspension of the person's driver's or commercial driver's	18884
license orders the forfeiture suspension to be terminated. Upon	18885
receipt by the registrar of an order terminating the forfeiture	18886
suspension, the registrar also shall take any measures that may be	18887
necessary to permit the person to register a motor vehicle owned	18888
or leased by the person or to transfer the registration of such a	18889
motor vehicle, if the person later makes application to take such	18890
action and otherwise is eligible to register the motor vehicle or	18891
to transfer its registration.	18892

The registrar shall not be required to give effect to any
declaration of forfeiture suspension or order terminating a

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forfeiture suspension provided by a court under this section
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unless the information contained in the declaration or order is
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transmitted to the registrar by means of an electronic transfer
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system.

(C) The period of license suspension imposed pursuant to 18899 division (A) of this section is independent of any other period of 18900 license suspension that the court having jurisdiction over the 18901

offense may impose, and the period of license suspension imposed	18902
pursuant to that division and the period of denial relating to the	18903
issuance or transfer of a certificate of registration for a motor	18904
vehicle imposed pursuant to $\underline{\text{this}}$ division $\overline{\text{(B)}}$ of this section	18905
remains in effect until the person pays any fine imposed by the	18906
court relative to the offense.	18907

Sec. 4507.161 4510.23. When any person having a driver's or 18908 commercial driver's license is adjudicated incompetent for the 18909 purpose of holding the license, as provided in section 5122.301 of 18910 the Revised Code, the probate judge shall order the license of 18911 such the person delivered to the court. The court shall forward 18912 such the license with notice of such the adjudication to the 18913 registrar of motor vehicles. The registrar of motor vehicles shall 18914 suspend such license impose a class F suspension of the person's 18915 driver's or commercial driver's license for the period of time 18916 specified in division (B)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised 18917 Code. The suspension shall remain in effect until receipt of 18918 written notice by the head of the hospital, or other agency which 18919 has or had custody of such person, that such person's mental 18920 illness is not an impairment to such person's ability to operate a 18921 motor vehicle, or upon receipt of notice from the adjudicating 18922 court that such person has been restored to competency by court 18923 decree. 18924

Sec. 4507.162 4510.31. (A)(1) Except as provided in division 18925 (C) of this section, the registrar of motor vehicles shall suspend 18926 the probationary driver's license, restricted license, or 18927 temporary instruction permit issued to any person when the person 18928 has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated in 18929 juvenile court of having committed, prior to the person's 18930 eighteenth birthday, any of the following: 18931

(1)(a) Three separate violations of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 18932

2921.331, 4511.12, 4511.13, 4511.15, 4511.191, 4511.192, 4511.20,	18933
4511.201, 4511.202, 4511.21, 4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25 to 4511.48,	18934
4511.57 to 4511.65, 4511.75, 4549.02, 4549.021, or 4549.03 of the	18935
Revised Code, section 4510.14 of the Revised Code involving a	18936
suspension imposed under section 4511.191 or 4511.196 of the	18937
Revised Code, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in	18938
which the person would have been subject to the sanctions	18939
described in division (D) of that section had the person been	18940
convicted of the violation of that section, former section 2903.07	18941
of the Revised Code, or any municipal ordinances similarly	18942
relating to the offenses referred to in those sections;	18943
(2)(b) One violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code	18944
or a substantially similar municipal ordinance;	18945
$\frac{(3)(c)}{(c)}$ Two separate violations of any of the Revised Code	18946
sections referred to in division $(A)(1)(a)$ of this section, or any	18947
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those	18948
sections.	18949
(2) Any person whose license or permit is suspended under	18950
division $(A)(1)(a)$, $(2)(b)$, or $(3)(c)$ of this section shall mail	18951
or deliver the person's probationary driver's license, restricted	18952
license, or temporary instruction permit to the registrar within	18953
fourteen days of notification of the suspension. The registrar	18954
shall retain the license or permit during the period of the	18955
suspension. A suspension pursuant to division $(A)(1)(a)$ of this	18956
section shall remain in effect until one year has elapsed since	18957
the date of suspension of the probationary driver's license,	18958
restricted license, or temporary instruction permit be a class C	18959
suspension, a suspension pursuant to division $(A)\frac{(2)}{(1)(b)}$ of this	18960
section shall remain in effect until six months have elapsed since	18961
the date of the suspension be a class D suspension, and a	18962
suspension pursuant to division (A) $\frac{(3)}{(1)}$ $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$ of this section shall	18963
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remain in effect until ninety days have elapsed since the date of

the suspension be a class E suspension, all for the periods of	18965
time specified in division (B) of section 4510.02 of the Revised	18966
<pre>Code. If the person's probationary driver's license, restricted</pre>	18967
license, or temporary instruction permit is under suspension on	18968
the date the court imposes sentence upon the person for a	18969
violation described in division (A) $\frac{(2)}{(1)(b)}$ of this section, the	18970
suspension shall take effect on the next day immediately following	18971
the end of that period of suspension. If the person is sixteen	18972
years of age or older and pleads guilty to or is convicted of a	18973
violation described in division (A) $\frac{(2)}{(1)(b)}$ of this section and	18974
the person does not have a current, valid probationary driver's	18975
license, restricted license, or temporary instruction permit, the	18976
registrar shall deny the issuance to the person of a probationary	18977
driver's license, restricted license, driver's license, commercial	18978
driver's license, or temporary instruction permit, as the case may	18979
be, for six months beginning on the date the court imposes	18980
sentence upon the person for the violation. If the person has not	18981
attained the age of sixteen years on the date the court imposes	18982
sentence upon the person for the violation, the period of denial	18983
shall commence on the date the person attains the age of sixteen	18984
years.	18985

(B) The registrar also shall suspend impose a class D 18986 suspension for the period of time specified in division (B)(4) of 18987 section 4510.02 of the Revised Code of the temporary instruction 18988 permit or probationary driver's license of any person under the 18989 age of eighteen who has been adjudicated an unruly child, 18990 delinquent child, or a juvenile traffic offender for having 18991 committed any act that if committed by an adult would be a drug 18992 abuse offense as defined in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code, 18993 or a violation of division (B) of section 2917.11 of the Revised 18994 Code until the person reaches the age of eighteen years or 18995 attends. The registrar, in the registrar's discretion, may 18996 terminate the suspension if the child, at the discretion of the 18997

(d) Section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which

(e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of

the person was subject to the sanctions described in division (D)

of that section;

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, is to person all the treatment of the	
section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that	19029
is substantially similar to either of those divisions;	19030
(f) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06, division	19031
(A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the	19032
Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially	19033
similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a	19034
case in which the jury or judge found that the person was under	19035
the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug	19036
of abuse.	19037
(2) For Except as provided in division (C)(3) of this	19038
section, for any other person who is not described in division	19039
(C)(1) of this section and who is convicted of, pleads guilty to,	19040
or is adjudicated in juvenile court of having committed a second	19041
or third violation of section 4511.12, 4511.13, 4511.15, 4511.20	19042
to 4511.23, 4511.25, 4511.26 to 4511.48, 4511.57 to 4511.65, or	19043
4511.75 of the Revised Code or any similar municipal ordinances	19044
and whose license or permit is suspended under division (A)(1)(a)	19045
or (c) of this section, the court in which the second or third	19046
conviction, finding, plea, or adjudication resulting in the	19047
suspension was made, upon petition of the person, may grant the	19048
person occupational <u>limited</u> driving privileges <u>during the period</u>	19049
during which the suspension otherwise would be imposed under	19050
division (A)(1)(a) or (c) of this section if the court finds that	19051
the person will reach the person's eighteenth birthday before the	19052
period of suspension required to be imposed under division (A)(1)	19053
of this section expires and further finds reasonable cause to	19054
believe that the suspension, if continued beyond the person's	19055
eighteenth birthday, will seriously affect the person's ability to	19056
continue in employment, educational training, vocational training,	19057
or treatment. The occupational driving privileges granted under	19058
this division shall be effective on the person's eighteenth	19059

birthday and during the period following such birthday for which

the suspension otherwise would be imposed. In granting	19061
occupational the limited driving privileges, the court shall	19062
specify the <u>purposes</u> , times, and places at which the person may	19063
drive of the privileges and may impose any other conditions upon	19064
the person's use of <u>driving</u> a motor vehicle that the court	19065
considers reasonable and necessary.	19066

A court that grants occupational limited driving privileges 19067 to a person under this division shall retain the person's 19068 probationary driver's license, restricted license, or temporary 19069 instruction permit during the period the license or permit is 19070 suspended and also during the period for which occupational 19071 <u>limited</u> driving privileges are granted, and shall deliver to the 19072 person a permit card, in a form to be prescribed by the court, 19073 setting forth the date on which the occupational limited driving 19074 privileges will become effective, the purposes for which the 19075 person may drive, the times and places at which the person may 19076 drive, and any other conditions imposed upon the person's use of a 19077 motor vehicle. 19078

The court immediately shall notify the registrar, in writing, 19079 of a grant of occupational limited driving privileges under this 19080 division. The notification shall specify the date on which the 19081 occupational limited driving privileges will become effective, the 19082 purposes for which the person may drive, the times and places at 19083 which the person may drive, and any other conditions imposed upon 19084 the person's use of a motor vehicle. The registrar shall not 19085 suspend the probationary driver's license, restricted license, or 19086 temporary instruction permit of any person pursuant to division 19087 (A) of this section during any period for which the person has 19088 been granted occupational limited driving privileges as provided 19089 in this division, if the registrar has received the notification 19090 described in this division from the court. 19091

(2) Except as provided in division (C)(3) of this section, in

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any case in which the temporary instruction permit or probationary	19093
driver's license of a person under eighteen years of age has been	19094
suspended under division (A) or (B) of this section or any other	19095
provision of law, the court may grant the person limited driving	19096
privileges for the purpose of the person's practicing of driving	19097
with the person's parent, guardian, or other custodian during the	19098
period of the suspension. Any grant of limited driving privileges	19099
under this division shall comply with division (D) of section	19100
4510.021 of the Revised Code.	19101
(3) A court shall not grant limited driving privileges to a	19102
person identified in division (C)(1) or (2) of this section if the	19103
person, within the preceding six years, has been convicted of,	19104
pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated in juvenile court of having	19105
committed three or more violations of one or more of the divisions	19106
or sections set forth in divisions (G)(2)(b) to (g) of section	19107
2919.22 of the Revised Code.	19108
(D) If a person who has been granted occupational limited	19109
driving privileges under division (C) of this section is convicted	19110
of, pleads guilty to, or is adjudicated in juvenile court of	19111
having committed, a violation of section 4507.02 Chapter 4510.	19112
the Revised Code, or a fourth or subsequent violation of any of	19113
the other sections of the Revised Code listed in division	19114
(A)(1)(a) of this section or any similar municipal ordinance	19115
during the period for which the person was granted occupational	19116
limited driving privileges, the court that granted the	19117
occupational <u>limited</u> driving privileges shall revoke them and	19118
cancel suspend the person's permit card. The court or the clerk of	19119
the court immediately shall forward the person's probationary	19120
driver's license, restricted license, or temporary instruction	19121
permit together with written notification of the court's action to	19122

the registrar. Upon receipt of the license or permit and

notification, the registrar shall $\displaystyle \frac{\text{suspend}}{\text{suspend}}$ $\displaystyle \frac{\text{impose a class } C}{\text{or suppose a class } C}$

driver's license was suspended under this section to undertake and	19156
pass, as successful completion of an approved juvenile driver	19157
improvement program, the driver's license examination that a	19158
person who holds a temporary instruction permit is required to	19159
undertake and pass in order to be issued a probationary driver's	19160
license. The person shall pay the applicable fee that is required	19161
to accompany an application for a driver's license as prescribed	19162
in division (E) of section 4507.23 of the Revised Code. The	19163
registrar shall prescribe the requirements for the curriculum to	19164
be provided as well as other program directives. Only those	19165
programs approved by the registrar shall be acceptable for	19166
reinstatement of the driving privileges of a person whose	19167
probationary driver's license was suspended under this section.	19168

Sec. 4510.311. The registrar of motor vehicles shall 19169 establish standards for juvenile driver improvement programs and 19170 shall approve any programs that meet the established standards. 19171 The standards established by the registrar shall require a minimum 19172 of five hours of classroom instruction, with at least three hours 19173 devoted to driver skill requirements and two hours devoted to 19174 juvenile driver information related to the driving records of 19175 drivers under eighteen years of age, driver perceptions, and the 19176 value of the traffic laws. The standards also shall require a 19177 person whose probationary driver's license was suspended under 19178 section 4510.31 of the Revised Code to undertake and pass, as 19179 successful completion of an approved juvenile driver improvement 19180 program, the driver's license examination that a person who holds 19181 a temporary instruction permit is required to undertake and pass 19182 in order to be issued a probationary driver's license. The person 19183 shall pay the applicable fee that is required to accompany an 19184 application for a driver's license as prescribed in division (E) 19185 of section 4507.23 of the Revised Code. The registrar shall 19186 prescribe the requirements for the curriculum to be provided as 19187

well as other program directives. Only those programs approved by	19188
the registrar shall be acceptable for reinstatement of the driving	19189
privileges of a person whose probationary driver's license was	19190
suspended under section 4510.31 of the Revised Code.	19191

- shall record within ten days of receipt and keep at the main 19193 office of the bureau of motor vehicles all information provided to 19194 the registrar by the superintendent of a school district in 19195 accordance with division (B) of section 3321.13 of the Revised 19196 Code.
- (B) Whenever the registrar receives a notice under division 19198 (B) of section 3321.13 of the Revised Code, the registrar shall 19199 suspend impose a class F suspension of the temporary instruction 19200 permit or driver's license of the person who is the subject of the 19201 notice for the period of time specified in division (B)(6) of 19202 section 4510.02 of the Revised Code, or, if the person has not 19203 been issued such a temporary instruction permit or driver's 19204 license, the registrar shall deny to the person the issuance of a 19205 temporary instruction permit or driver's license. The requirements 19206 of the second paragraph of section 119.06 of the Revised Code do 19207 not apply to a suspension of a person's temporary instruction 19208 permit or driver's license or a denial of a person's opportunity 19209 to obtain a temporary instruction permit or driver's license by 19210 the registrar under this division. 19211
- (C) Upon suspending the temporary instruction permit or 19212 driver's license of any person or denying any person the 19213 opportunity to be issued such a license or permit as provided in 19214 division (B) of this section, the registrar immediately shall 19215 notify the person in writing of the suspension or denial and 19216 inform the person that the person may petition for a hearing as 19217 provided in division (E) of this section.

- (D) Any person whose permit or license is suspended under 19219 this section shall mail or deliver the person's permit or license 19220 to the registrar of motor vehicles within twenty days of 19221 notification of the suspension; however, the person's permit or 19222 license and the person's driving privileges shall be suspended 19223 immediately upon receipt of the notification. The registrar may 19224 retain the permit or license during the period of the suspension 19225 or the registrar may destroy it under section 4507.54 4510.52 of 19226 the Revised Code. Any such suspension of a person's permit or 19227 license or denial of a person's opportunity to obtain a permit or 19228 license under this section shall remain in effect until the person 19229 attains eighteen years of age or until it is terminated prior to 19230 the child's attainment of that age pursuant to division (F) of 19231 this section. 19232
- (E) Any person whose temporary instruction permit or driver's 19233 license has been suspended, or whose opportunity to obtain such a 19234 permit or license has been denied pursuant to this section, may 19235 file a petition in the juvenile court in whose jurisdiction the 19236 person resides alleging error in the action taken by the registrar 19237 of motor vehicles under division (B) of this section or alleging 19238 one or more of the matters within the scope of the hearing, as 19239 described in this division, or both. The petitioner shall notify 19240 the registrar and the superintendent of the school district who 19241 gave the notice to the registrar and juvenile judge under division 19242 (B) of section 3321.13 of the Revised Code of the filing of the 19243 petition and send them copies of the petition. The scope of the 19244 hearing is limited to the issues of whether the notice given by 19245 the superintendent to the registrar was in error and whether the 19246 suspension or denial of driving privileges will result in 19247 substantial hardship to the petitioner. 19248

The registrar shall furnish the court a copy of the record 19249 created in accordance with division (A) of this section. The 19250

registrar	and	the	superinte	endent	shall	furi	nish	the	court	with	any	19251
other rel	evant	inf	formation	requir	ced by	the	cour	ct.				19252

In hearing the matter and determining whether the petitioner 19253 has shown that the petitioner's temporary instruction permit or 19254 driver's license should not be suspended or that the petitioner's 19255 opportunity to obtain such a permit or license should not be 19256 denied, the court shall decide the issue upon the information 19257 furnished by the registrar and the superintendent and any such 19258 additional evidence that the registrar, the superintendent, or the 19259 petitioner submits. 19260

If the court finds from the evidence submitted that the 19261 petitioner has failed to show error in the action taken by the 19262 registrar under division (B) of this section and has failed to 19263 prove any of the matters within the scope of the hearing, then the 19264 court may assess the cost of the proceeding against the petitioner 19265 and shall uphold the suspension of the petitioner's permit or 19266 license or the denial of the petitioner's opportunity to obtain a 19267 permit or license. If the court finds that the petitioner has 19268 shown error in the action taken by the registrar under division 19269 (B) of this section or has proved one or more of the matters 19270 within the scope of the hearing, or both, the cost of the 19271 proceeding shall be paid out of the county treasury of the county 19272 in which the proceedings were held, and the suspension of the 19273 petitioner's permit or license or the denial of the person's 19274 opportunity to obtain a permit or license shall be terminated. 19275

- (F) The registrar shall cancel the record created under this 19276 section of any person who is the subject of a notice given under 19277 division (B) of section 3321.13 of the Revised Code and shall 19278 terminate the suspension of the person's permit or license or the 19279 denial of the person's opportunity to obtain a permit or license, 19280 if any of the following applies: 19281
 - (1) The person is at least eighteen years of age.

- (2) The person provides evidence, as the registrar shall
 require by rule, of receipt of a high school diploma or a general
 educational development certificate of high school equivalence.
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- (3) The superintendent of a school district informs the 19286 registrar that the notification of withdrawal, habitual absence 19287 without legitimate excuse, suspension, or expulsion concerning the person was in error. 19289
- (4) The suspension or denial was imposed subsequent to a 19290 notification given under division (B)(3) or (4) of section 3321.13 19291 of the Revised Code, and the superintendent of a school district 19292 informs the registrar that the person in question has satisfied 19293 any terms or conditions established by the school as necessary to 19294 terminate the suspension or denial of driving privileges. 19295
- (5) The suspension or denial was imposed subsequent to a 19296 notification given under division (B)(1) of section 3321.13 of the 19297 Revised Code, and the superintendent of a school district informs 19298 the registrar that the person in question is now attending school 19299 or enrolled in and attending an approved program to obtain a 19300 diploma or its equivalent to the satisfaction of the school 19301 superintendent.
- (6) The suspension or denial was imposed subsequent to a 19303 notification given under division (B)(2) of section 3321.13 of the 19304 Revised Code, the person has completed at least one semester or 19305 term of school after the one in which the notification was given, 19306 the person requests the superintendent of the school district to 19307 notify the registrar that the person no longer is habitually 19308 absent without legitimate excuse, the superintendent determines 19309 that the person has not been absent from school without legitimate 19310 excuse in the current semester or term, as determined under that 19311 division, for more than ten consecutive school days or for more 19312 than fifteen total school days, and the superintendent informs the 19313

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registrar of that fact. If a person described in division (F)(6)	19314
of this section requests the superintendent of the school district	19315
to notify the registrar that the person no longer is habitually	19316
absent without legitimate excuse and the superintendent makes the	19317
determination described in this division, the superintendent shall	19318
provide the information described in division (F)(6) of this	19319
section to the registrar within five days after receiving the	19320
request.	19321

- (7) The suspension or denial was imposed subsequent to a notification given under division (B)(2) of section 3321.13 of the Revised Code, and the superintendent of a school district informs the registrar that the person in question has received an age and schooling certificate in accordance with section 3331.01 of the Revised Code.
- (8) The person filed a petition in court under division (E) 19328 of this section and the court found that the person showed error 19329 in the action taken by the registrar under division (B) of this 19330 section or proved one or more of the matters within the scope of 19331 the hearing on the petition, as set forth in division (E) of this 19332 section, or both.

At the end of the suspension period under this section and 19334 upon the request of the person whose temporary instruction permit 19335 or driver's license was suspended, the registrar shall return the 19336 driver's license or permit to the person or reissue the person's 19337 license or permit under section 4507.54 4510.52 of the Revised 19338 Code, if the registrar destroyed the suspended license or permit 19339 under that section.

Sec. 4507.163 4510.33. (A) Any No person of insufficient age 19341 to purchase intoxicating liquor or beer who, contrary to division 19342 (A) or (C) of section 4507.30 of the Revised Code, displays shall 19343 display as proof that the person is of sufficient age to purchase 19344

intoxicating liquor or beer, a driver's or commercial driver's	19345
license, knowing the same to be fictitious, altered, or not the	19346
person's own, shall thereby forfeit the driving privileges	19347
authorized by. The registrar of motor vehicles shall impose a	19348
class C suspension of the person's own driver's license,	19349
probationary driver's license, commercial driver's license,	19350
temporary instruction permit, or commercial driver's license	19351
temporary instruction permit and be denied the issuance or	19352
reissuance of any such license or permit by the registrar of motor	19353
vehicles for one year beginning with the date on which	19354
notification of such forfeiture and denial is mailed to the person	19355
by the registrar for the period of time specified in division	19356
(B)(3) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code upon the offender	19357
and shall not issue or reissue a license or permit of that type to	19358
the offender during the suspension period.	19359

- (B) In any prosecution, or in any proceeding before the 19360 liquor control commission, in which the defense authorized by 19361 section 4301.639 of the Revised Code is sustained, the clerk of 19362 the court in which the prosecution was had, or the clerk of the 19363 liquor control commission, shall certify to the registrar the 19364 facts ascertainable from the clerk's records evidencing violation 19365 of division (A) or (C) of section 4507.30 of the Revised Code by a 19366 person of insufficient age to purchase intoxicating liquor or 19367 beer, including in the certification the person's name and 19368 residence address. 19369
- (C) The registrar, upon receipt of the certification, shall 19370 suspend the person's license or permit to drive subject to review 19371 as provided in this section, and shall mail to the person, at the 19372 person's last known address, a notice of the suspension and of the 19373 hearing provided in division (D) of this section. 19374
- (D) Any person whose license or permit to drive has been 19375 suspended under this section, within twenty days of the mailing of 19376

the notice provided above, may file a petition in the municipal 19377 court or county court, or in case the person is under the age of 19378 19379 eighteen years, in the juvenile court, in whose jurisdiction the person resides, agreeing to pay the cost of the proceedings, and 19380 alleging error by the registrar in the suspension of the license 19381 or permit to drive, or in one or more of the matters within the 19382 scope of the hearing as provided in this section, or both. The 19383 petitioner shall notify the registrar of the filing of the 19384 petition and send the registrar a copy thereof. The scope of the 19385 hearing shall be limited to whether a court of record did in fact 19386 find that the petitioner displayed, or, if the original 19387 proceedings were before the liquor control commission, whether the 19388 petitioner did in fact display, as proof that the person was of 19389 sufficient age to purchase intoxicating liquor or beer, a driver's 19390 or commercial driver's license knowing the same to be fictitious, 19391 altered, or not the person's own, and whether the person was at 19392 that time of insufficient age legally to make a purchase of 19393 19394 intoxicating liquor or beer.

- (E) In any hearing authorized by this section, the registrar 19395 shall be represented by the prosecuting attorney of the county 19396 where the petitioner resides. 19397
- (F) If the court finds from the evidence submitted that the 19398 person has failed to show error in the action by the registrar or 19399 in one or more of the matters within the scope of the hearing as 19400 limited in division (D) of this section, or both, the court shall 19401 assess the cost of the proceeding against the person and shall 19402 impose the suspension provided in divisions (A) and (C) of this 19403 section. If the court finds that the person has shown error in the 19404 action taken by the registrar, or in one or more of the matters 19405 within the scope of the hearing as limited in division (B) of this 19406 section, or both, the cost of the proceeding shall be paid out of 19407 the county treasury of the county in which the proceedings were 19408

held, and the suspension provided in divisions (A) and (C) of this	19409
section shall not be imposed. The court shall inform the registrar	19410
in writing of the action taken.	19411

- Sec. 4507.167 4510.34. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles 19412 shall revoke impose a class F suspension for the period of time 19413 specified in division (B)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised 19414 Code of the probationary motorized bicycle license issued to any 19415 person when the person has been convicted of, pleaded no contest 19416 to and been found guilty of, or pleaded guilty to, in any court of 19417 competent jurisdiction, or has been adjudicated in juvenile court 19418 of having committed, a violation of division (A) or (D) of section 19419 4511.521 of the Revised Code, or of any other section of the 19420 Revised Code or similar municipal ordinance for which points are 19421 chargeable under section 4507.021 4510.036 of the Revised Code. 19422
- (B) Any person whose license is revoked suspended under this
 section shall mail or deliver his the person's probationary
 19424
 motorized bicycle license to the registrar within fourteen days of
 notification of such revocation the suspension. The registrar
 19426
 shall retain such the license during the period of revocation. Any
 such revocation shall remain in effect until the person reaches
 19428
 sixteen years of age suspension.
 19429
- (C) No application for a motorized bicycle license or 19430 probationary motorized bicycle license shall be received from any 19431 person whose probationary motorized bicycle license has been 19432 revoked suspended under this section until the person reaches 19433 sixteen years of age. 19434

Sec. 4507.38 4510.41. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Arrested person" means a person who is arrested for a 19436 violation of division (B)(1) or (D)(2) of section 4507.02 or 19437 section 4507.33 4510.14, 4510.16, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code, 19438

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19469

As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	
or a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to any	19439
of those Revised Code provisions <u>sections</u> , and whose arrest	19440
results in a vehicle being seized under division (B) of this	19441
section.	19442
(2) "Vehicle owner" means either of the following:	19443
(a) The person in whose name is registered, at the time of	19444
the seizure, a vehicle that is seized under division (B) of this	19445
section;	19446
(b) A person to whom the certificate of title to a vehicle	19447
that is seized under division (B) of this section has been	19448
assigned and who has not obtained a certificate of title to the	19449
vehicle in that person's name, but who is deemed by the court as	19450
being the owner of the vehicle at the time the vehicle was seized	19451
under division (B) of this section.	19452
(3) "Interested party" includes the owner of a vehicle seized	19453
under this section, all lienholders of such a vehicle, the	19454
arrested person, the owner of the place of storage at which a	19455
vehicle seized under this section is stored, and the person or	19456
entity that caused the vehicle to be removed.	19457
(B)(1) If a person is arrested for a violation of division	19458
$\frac{(B)(1) \text{ or } (D)(2) \text{ of section } 4507.02 \text{ or}}{4507.33} = \frac{4510.14}{4507.33}$	19459
4510.16, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance	19460
that is substantially equivalent to any of those Revised Code	19461
provisions sections, the arresting officer or another officer of	19462
the law enforcement agency that employs the arresting officer, in	19463
addition to any action that the arresting officer is required or	19464
authorized to take by any other provision of law, shall seize the	19465
vehicle that the person was operating at the time of, or that was	19466
involved in, the alleged offense if the vehicle is registered in	19467
the arrested person's name and its license plates. Except as	19468
otherwise presided in this division the officer shall sains the	10460

otherwise provided in this division, the officer shall seize the

vehicle and its license plates regardless of whether the vehicle	19470
is registered in the name of the arrested person or in the name of	19471
another person or entity. This section does not apply to or affect	19472
any rented or leased vehicle that is being rented or leased for a	19473
$\frac{1}{2}$ period of thirty days or less, except that a \underline{A} law enforcement	19474
agency that employs a law enforcement officer who makes an arrest	19475
of a type that is described in this division $(B)(1)$ of this	19476
section and that involves a rented or leased vehicle of this type	19477
that is being rented or leased for a period of thirty days or less	19478
shall notify, within twenty-four hours after the officer makes the	19479
arrest, the lessor or owner of the vehicle regarding the	19480
circumstances of the arrest and the location at which the vehicle	19481
may be picked up. At the time of the seizure of the vehicle, the	19482
law enforcement officer who made the arrest shall give the	19483
arrested person written notice that the vehicle and its license	19484
plates have been seized; that the vehicle either will be kept by	19485
the officer's law enforcement agency or will be immobilized at	19486
least until the person's initial appearance on the charge of the	19487
offense for which the arrest was made; that, at the initial	19488
appearance, the court in certain circumstances may order that the	19489
vehicle and license plates be released to the vehicle owner	19490
arrested person until the disposition of that charge; that, if the	19491
arrested person is convicted of that charge, the court generally	19492
must order the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment	19493
of its license plates or the forfeiture of the vehicle; and that $ au$	19494
if the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, the arrested	19495
person immediately should inform the vehicle owner that the	19496
vehicle and its license plates have been seized and that the	19497
vehicle owner may be able to obtain their release at the initial	19498
appearance or thereafter may be charged expenses or charges	19499
incurred under this section and section 4503.233 of the Revised	19500
Code for the removal and storage of the vehicle.	19501

(2) The arresting officer or a law enforcement officer of the 19502

agency that employs the arresting officer shall give written	19503
notice of the seizure to the court that will conduct the initial	19504
appearance of the arrested person the arrested person on the	19505
charges arising out of the arrest. The notice shall be given when	19506
the charges are filed against the arrested person. Upon receipt of	19507
the notice, the court promptly shall determine whether the	19508
arrested person is the vehicle owner and whether there are any	19509
liens recorded on the certificate of title to the vehicle. If the	19510
court determines that the arrested person is not the vehicle	19511
owner, it promptly shall send by regular mail written notice of	19512
the seizure of the motor vehicle to the vehicle vehicle's	19513
registered owner and to all lienholders recorded on the	19514
certificate of title. The written notice to the vehicle owner and	19515
lienholders shall contain all of the information required by	19516
division (B)(1) of this section to be in a notice to be given to	19517
the arrested person and also shall specify the date, time, and	19518
place of the arrested person's initial appearance the arrested	19519
person. The notice also shall inform the vehicle owner that if	19520
title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal	19521
forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and	19522
division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code	19523
applies, the court may fine the arrested person the value of the	19524
vehicle. The notice to the vehicle owner also shall state that if	19525
the vehicle is immobilized under division (A) of section 4503.233	19526
of the Revised Code, seven days after the end of the period of	19527
immobilization a law enforcement agency will send the vehicle	19528
owner a notice, informing the owner that if the owner does not	19529
obtain the release of the vehicle is not obtained in accordance	19530
with division (D)(3) of section 4503.233 of the Revised Code, the	19531
vehicle shall be forfeited. The notice also shall inform the	19532
vehicle owner that the owner may be charged expenses or charges	19533
incurred under this section and section 4503.233 of the Revised	19534
Code for the removal and storage of the vehicle.	19535

The written notice that is given or delivered to the vehicle 19536 owner arrested person also shall state that if the arrested person 19537 pleads quilty to or is convicted of or pleads quilty to the 19538 offense for which the arrested person was arrested and the court 19539 issues an immobilization and impoundment order relative to that 19540 vehicle, division (D)(4) of section 4503.233 of the Revised Code 19541 prohibits the vehicle from being sold during the period of 19542 immobilization without the prior approval of the court. 19543

(3) At or before the initial appearance, the vehicle owner 19544 may file a motion requesting the court to order that the vehicle 19545 and its license plates be released to the vehicle owner. Except as 19546 provided in this division and subject to the payment of expenses 19547 or charges incurred in the removal and storage of the vehicle, the 19548 court, in its discretion, then may issue an order releasing the 19549 vehicle and its license plates to the vehicle owner. Such an order 19550 may be conditioned upon such terms as the court determines 19551 appropriate, including the posting of a bond in an amount 19552 determined by the court. If the arrested person is not the vehicle 19553 owner and if the vehicle owner is not present at the arrested 19554 person's initial appearance, and if the court believes that the 19555 vehicle owner was not provided with adequate notice of the initial 19556 appearance, the court, in its discretion, may allow the vehicle 19557 owner to file a motion within seven days of the initial 19558 appearance. If the court allows the vehicle owner to file such a 19559 motion after the initial appearance, the extension of time granted 19560 by the court does not extend the time within which the initial 19561 appearance is to be conducted. If the court issues an order for 19562 the release of the vehicle and its license plates, a copy of the 19563 order shall be made available to the vehicle owner. If the vehicle 19564 owner presents a copy of the order to the law enforcement agency 19565 that employs the law enforcement officer who arrested the arrested 19566 person who was operating the vehicle, the law enforcement agency 19567

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promptly shall release the vehicle and its license plates to the	19568
vehicle owner upon payment by the vehicle owner of any expenses or	19569
charges incurred in the removal or storage of the vehicle.	19570

(4) A vehicle seized under division (B)(1) of this section 19572 either shall be towed to a place specified by the law enforcement 19573 agency that employs the arresting officer to be safely kept by the 19574 agency at that place for the time and in the manner specified in 19575 this section or shall be otherwise immobilized for the time and in 19576 the manner specified in this section. A law enforcement officer of 19577 that agency shall remove the identification license plates of the 19578 vehicle, and they shall be safely kept by the agency for the time 19579 and in the manner specified in this section. No vehicle that is 19580 seized and either towed or immobilized pursuant to this division 19581 shall be considered contraband for purposes of section 2933.41, 19582 2933.42, or 2933.43 of the Revised Code. The vehicle shall not be 19583 immobilized at any place other than a commercially operated 19584 private storage lot, a place owned by a law enforcement or other 19585 government agency, or a place to which one of the following 19586 applies: 19587

- (a) The place is leased by or otherwise under the control of a law enforcement or other government agency.
- (b) The place is owned by the arrested person, the arrested 19590 person's spouse, or a parent or child of the arrested person. 19591
- (c) The place is owned by a private person or entity, and, 19592 prior to the immobilization, the private entity or person that 19593 owns the place, or the authorized agent of that private entity or 19594 person, has given express written consent for the immobilization 19595 to be carried out at that place.
- (d) The place is a public street or highway on which the 19597 vehicle is parked in accordance with the law. 19598

(C)(1) A vehicle $\frac{1}{2}$ seized under division (B) of this	19599
section shall be safely kept at the place to which it is towed or	19600
otherwise moved by the law enforcement agency that employs the	19601
arresting officer until the initial appearance of the arrested	19602
person relative to the charge the arrested person in question. The	e 19603
license plates of the vehicle that are removed pursuant to	19604
division (B) of this section shall be safely kept by the law	19605
enforcement agency that employs the arresting officer until at	19606
least the initial appearance of the arrested person relative to	19607
the charge in question.	19608
(2)(a) the owner's the owner the owner's the owner	19609
the owner's the owner's the arrested person the vehicle owner's	19610
the owner's the owner's the arrested person the court also shall	19611
notify the arrested person, and the movant if the movant is not	19612
the arrested person, that if title to a motor vehicle that is	19613
subject to an order for criminal forfeiture under this section is	19614
assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section	19615
4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, the court may fine the	19616
offender the value of the vehicle. the owner's At the initial	19617
appearance or not less than seven days prior to the date of final	19618
disposition, the court shall notify the arrested person that, if	19619
title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal	19620
forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and	19621
division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code	19622
applies, the court may fine the arrested person the value of the	19623
vehicle. If, at the initial appearance, the arrested person pleads	s 19624
guilty to the violation of $\frac{\text{division }(B)(1) \text{ or }(D)(2) \text{ of section}}{2}$	19625
4507.02 or section 4507.33 4510.14 , 4510.16 , or 4511.203 of the	19626
Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially	19627
equivalent to any of those Revised Code provisions sections or	19628
pleads no contest to and is convicted of the violation, the court	19629
	1055

shall impose sentence upon the arrested person as provided by law 19630

or ordinance; the court, except as provided in this division and	19631
subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the	19632
immobilization of the vehicle the arrested person was operating at	19633
the time of, or that was involved in, the offense $\underline{\text{if registered in}}$	19634
the arrested person's name and the impoundment of its license	19635
plates under section 4503.233 and section 4507.361 or 4507.99	19636
4510.14, 4510.16, 4510.161, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code or the	19637
criminal forfeiture to the state of the vehicle <u>if registered in</u>	19638
the arrested person's name under section 4503.234 and section	19639
4507.361 or 4507.99 <u>4510.14, 4510.16, 4510.161, or 4511.203</u> of the	19640
Revised Code, whichever is applicable; and the vehicle and its	19641
identification license plates shall not be returned or released to	19642
the vehicle owner <u>arrested person</u> . If the arrested person is not	19643
the vehicle owner and the vehicle owner the owner's is not present	19644
at the arrested person's initial appearance and if the court	19645
believes that the vehicle owner was not provided adequate notice	19646
of the initial appearance, the court, in its discretion, may	19647
refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven days from	19648
ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of	19649
its license plates or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle so	19650
that the vehicle owner the owner's may appear before the court to	19651
present evidence as to why the court should not order the	19652
immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license	19653
plates or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle. If the court	19654
refrains from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the	19655
impoundment of its license plates or the criminal forfeiture of	19656
the vehicle, section 4503.235 of the Revised Code applies relative	19657
to the order of immobilization and impoundment or the order of	19658
forfeiture.	19659

(b) If, at any time, the charge that the arrested person 19660 violated division (B)(1) or (D)(2) of section 4507.02 or section 19661 $\frac{4507.33}{4510.14}$, $\frac{4510.16}{4507.33}$ of the Revised Code, or a 19662 municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to any of 19663

those Revised Code provisions sections is dismissed for any	19664
reason, the court shall order that the vehicle seized at the time	19665
of the arrest and its license plates immediately be released to	19666
the vehicle owner subject to the payment of expenses or the	19667
owner's charges incurred in the removal and storage of the vehicle	19668
person.	19669

- (D) If a vehicle is and its license plates are seized under 19670 division (B) of this section the arrested person and it is are not 19671 returned or released to the vehicle owner the owner's arrested 19672 person pursuant to division (C) of this section, the vehicle and 19673 its license plates shall be retained until the final disposition 19674 of the charge in question. Upon the final disposition of that 19675 charge, the court shall do whichever of the following is 19676 applicable: 19677
- (1) If the arrested person is convicted of or pleads guilty 19678 to the violation of division (B)(1) or (D)(2) of section 4507.02 19679 or section 4507.33 4510.14, 4510.16, or 4511.203 of the Revised 19680 Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to 19681 any of those Revised Code provisions sections, the court shall 19682 impose sentence upon the arrested person as provided by law or 19683 ordinance and, subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, 19684 shall order the immobilization of the vehicle the arrested person 19685 was operating at the time of, or that was involved in, the offense 19686 if it is registered in the arrested person's name and the 19687 impoundment of its license plates under section 4503.233 and 19688 section 4507.361 or 4507.99 4510.14, 4510.16, 4510.161, or 19689 4511.203 of the Revised Code or the criminal forfeiture of the 19690 vehicle if it is registered in the arrested person's name under 19691 section 4503.234 and section 4507.361 or 4507.99 4510.14, 4510.16, 19692 <u>4510.161</u>, or <u>4511.203</u> of the Revised Code, whichever is 19693 applicable. 19694
 - (2) If the arrested person is found not guilty of the

violation of $\frac{\text{division }(B)(1) \text{ or }(D)(2) \text{ of section } 4507.02 \text{ or}}{\text{division }(B)(1) \text{ or }(D)(2) \text{ of section } 4507.02 \text{ or}}$	19696
section 4507.33 4510.14, 4510.16, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code,	19697
or a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to any	19698
of those Revised Code provisions sections, the court shall order	19699
that the vehicle and its license plates immediately be released to	19700
the vehicle owner upon the payment of any expenses or the owner's	19701
charges incurred in its removal and storage arrested person.	19702
(3) If the charge that the arrested person violated division	19703
(B)(1) or $(D)(2)$ of section 4507.02 or section 4507.33 4510.14 ,	19704
4510.16, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance	19705
that is substantially equivalent to any of those Revised Code	19706
provisions sections is dismissed for any reason, the court shall	19707
order that the vehicle and its license plates immediately be	19708
released to the vehicle owner upon the payment of any expenses or	19709
the owner's charges incurred in its removal and storage arrested	19710
person.	19711
the arrested person the owner's the owner's the arrested	19712
the arrested person the owner's the owner's the arrested person	19712 19713
	-
person	19713
person (4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized	19713 19714
(4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its	19713 19714 19715
(4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its license plates be returned immediately to the arrested person or,	19713 19714 19715 19716
(4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its license plates be returned immediately to the arrested person or, if the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, to the vehicle	19713 19714 19715 19716 19717
(4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its license plates be returned immediately to the arrested person or, if the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, to the vehicle owner and shall order that the state or political subdivision of	19713 19714 19715 19716 19717 19718
(4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its license plates be returned immediately to the arrested person or, if the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, to the vehicle owner and shall order that the state or political subdivision of the law enforcement agency served by the law enforcement officer	19713 19714 19715 19716 19717 19718 19719
(4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its license plates be returned immediately to the arrested person or, if the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, to the vehicle owner and shall order that the state or political subdivision of the law enforcement agency served by the law enforcement officer who seized the vehicle pay all expenses and charges incurred in	19713 19714 19715 19716 19717 19718 19719
(4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its license plates be returned immediately to the arrested person or, if the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, to the vehicle owner and shall order that the state or political subdivision of the law enforcement agency served by the law enforcement officer who seized the vehicle pay all expenses and charges incurred in its removal and storage.	19713 19714 19715 19716 19717 19718 19719 19720 19721
(4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its license plates be returned immediately to the arrested person or, if the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, to the vehicle owner and shall order that the state or political subdivision of the law enforcement agency served by the law enforcement officer who seized the vehicle pay all expenses and charges incurred in its removal and storage. (E) If a vehicle is seized under division (B) of this	19713 19714 19715 19716 19717 19718 19719 19720 19721
(4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its license plates be returned immediately to the arrested person or, if the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, to the vehicle owner and shall order that the state or political subdivision of the law enforcement agency served by the law enforcement officer who seized the vehicle pay all expenses and charges incurred in its removal and storage. (E) If a vehicle is seized under division (B) of this section, the time between the seizure of the vehicle and either	19713 19714 19715 19716 19717 19718 19719 19720 19721 19722

the Revised Code shall be credited against the period of

immobilization ordered by the court.

(F)(1) The vehicle owner Except as provided in division 19729 (D)(4) of this section, the arrested person may be charged 19730 expenses or charges incurred in the removal and storage of the 19731 immobilized vehicle. The court with jurisdiction over the case, 19732 after notice to all interested parties, including lienholders, and 19733 after an opportunity for them to be heard, if the vehicle owner 19734 fails to appear in person, without good cause, or if the court 19735 finds that the vehicle owner arrested person does not intend to 19736 seek release of the vehicle at the end of the period of 19737 immobilization under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code or that 19738 the vehicle owner <u>arrested person</u> is not or will not be able to 19739 pay the expenses and charges incurred in its removal and storage, 19740 may order that title to the vehicle be transferred, in order of 19741 priority, first into the name of the person or entity that removed 19742 it, next into the name of a lienholder, or lastly into the name of 19743 the owner of the place of storage. 19744

Any lienholder that receives title under a court order shall 19745 do so on the condition that it pay any expenses or charges 19746 incurred in the vehicle's removal and storage. If the person or 19747 entity that receives title to the vehicle is the person or entity 19748 that removed it, the person or entity shall receive title on the 19749 condition that it pay any lien on the vehicle. The court shall not 19750 order that title be transferred to any person or entity other than 19751 the owner of the place of storage if the person or entity refuses 19752 to receive the title. Any person or entity that receives title 19753 either may keep title to the vehicle or may dispose of the vehicle 19754 in any legal manner that it considers appropriate, including 19755 assignment of the certificate of title to the motor vehicle to a 19756 salvage dealer or a scrap metal processing facility. The person or 19757 entity shall not transfer the vehicle to the person who is the 19758 vehicle's immediate previous owner. 19759

If the person or entity that receives title assigns the motor	19760
vehicle to a salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility,	19761
the person or entity shall send the assigned certificate of title	19762
to the motor vehicle to the clerk of the court of common pleas of	19763
the county in which the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing	19764
facility is located. The person or entity shall mark the face of	19765
the certificate of title with the words "FOR DESTRUCTION" and	19766
shall deliver a photocopy of the certificate of title to the	19767
salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility for its records.	19768

- (2) Whenever a court issues an order under division (F)(1) of 19769 this section, the court also shall order removal of the license 19770 plates from the vehicle and cause them to be sent to the registrar 19771 if they have not already been sent to the registrar. Thereafter, 19772 no further proceedings shall take place under this section or 19773 under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code. 19774
- (3) Prior to initiating a proceeding under division (F)(1) of 19775 this section, and upon payment of the fee under division (B) of 19776 section 4505.14, any interested party may cause a search to be 19777 made of the public records of the bureau of motor vehicles or the 19778 clerk of the court of common pleas, to ascertain the identity of 19779 any lienholder of the vehicle. The initiating party shall furnish 19780 this information to the clerk of the court with jurisdiction over 19781 the case, and the clerk shall provide notice to the vehicle owner, 19782 the defendant arrested person, any lienholder, and any other 19783 interested parties listed by the initiating party, at the last 19784 known address supplied by the initiating party, by certified mail, 19785 or, at the option of the initiating party, by personal service or 19786 ordinary mail. 19787

the offender 19788

Sec. 45	10.43.	(A)	(1) The	dir	ector c	of pui	blic	safety, ι	<u>upon</u>	19789
consultation	with	+ho	directo	c of	health	and	in	aggordange		19790
Consultation	W I LII	CITE	<u>utrecto</u>		<u> 11Earti.</u>	<u>i anu</u>	<u> </u>	<u>accordance</u>	= WILLII	19/90

Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall certify immobilizing and	19791
disabling devices and shall publish and make available to the	19792
courts, without charge, a list of approved devices together with	19793
information about the manufacturers of the devices and where they	19794
may be obtained. The manufacturer of an immobilizing or disabling	19795
device shall pay the cost of obtaining the certification of the	19796
device to the director of public safety, and the director shall	19797
deposit the payment in the drivers' treatment and intervention	19798
fund established by sections 4511.19 and 4511.191 of the Revised	19799
Code.	19800
(2) The director of public safety, in accordance with Chapter	19801
119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt and publish rules setting	19802
forth the requirements for obtaining the certification of an	19803
immobilizing or disabling device. The director of public safety	19804
shall not certify an immobilizing or disabling device under this	19805
section unless it meets the requirements specified and published	19806
by the director in the rules adopted pursuant to this division. A	19807
certified device may consist of an ignition interlock device, an	19808
ignition blocking device initiated by time or magnetic or	19809
electronic encoding, an activity monitor, or any other device that	19810
reasonably assures compliance with an order granting limited	19811
driving privileges.	19812
mbo nominomenta fon an immebilitina en diseblina desire thet	10012
The requirements for an immobilizing or disabling device that	19813
is an ignition interlock device shall include provisions for	19814
setting a minimum and maximum calibration range and shall include,	19815
but shall not be limited to, specifications that the device	19816
complies with all of the following:	19817
(a) It does not impede the safe operation of the vehicle.	19818
(b) It has features that make circumvention difficult and	19819
that do not interfere with the normal use of the vehicle.	19820
(c) It correlates well with established measures of alcohol	19821

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impairment.	19822
(d) It works accurately and reliably in an unsupervised	19823
<pre>environment.</pre>	19824
(e) It is resistant to tampering and shows evidence of	19825
tampering if tampering is attempted.	19826
(f) It is difficult to circumvent and requires premeditation	19827
to do so.	19828
(g) It minimizes inconvenience to a sober user.	19829
(h) It requires a proper, deep-lung breath sample or other	19830
accurate measure of the concentration by weight of alcohol in the	19831
breath.	19832
(i) It operates reliably over the range of automobile	19833
environments.	19834
(j) It is made by a manufacturer who is covered by product	19835
liability insurance.	19836
(3) The director of public safety may adopt, in whole or in	19837
part, the guidelines, rules, regulations, studies, or independent	19838
laboratory tests performed and relied upon by other states, or	19839
their agencies or commissions, in the certification or approval of	19840
immobilizing or disabling devices.	19841
(4) The director of public safety shall adopt rules in	19842
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for the design of	19843
a warning label that shall be affixed to each immobilizing or	19844
disabling device upon installation. The label shall contain a	19845
warning that any person tampering, circumventing, or otherwise	19846
misusing the device is subject to a fine, imprisonment, or both	19847
and may be subject to civil liability.	19848
(B) A court considering the use of a prototype device in a	19849
pilot program shall advise the director of public safety, thirty	19850
days before the use, of the prototype device and its protocol,	19851

methodology, manufacturer, and licensor, lessor, other agent, or	19852
owner, and the length of the court's pilot program. A prototype	19853
device shall not be used for a violation of section 4510.14 or	19854
4511.19 of the Revised Code, a violation of a municipal OVI	19855
ordinance, or in relation to a suspension imposed under section	19856
4511.191 of the Revised Code. A court that uses a prototype device	19857
in a pilot program, periodically during the existence of the	19858
program and within fourteen days after termination of the program,	19859
shall report in writing to the director of public safety regarding	19860
the effectiveness of the prototype device and the program.	19861
	19862
(C) If a person has been granted limited driving privileges	19863
with a condition of the privileges being that the motor vehicle	19864
that is operated under the privileges must be equipped with an	19865
immobilizing or disabling device, all of the following apply:	19866
(1) If a motor vehicle to be driven under the limited driving	19867
privileges is owned by the person's employer and if the person is	19868
required to operate that motor vehicle in the course and scope of	19869
the offender's employment, the person may operate that vehicle	19870
without the installation of an immobilizing or disabling device,	19871
provided that the employer has been notified that the person has	19872
limited driving privileges and of the nature of the restriction	19873
and that the person has proof of the employer's notification in	19874
the person's possession while operating the employer's vehicle for	19875
normal business duties. A motor vehicle owned by a business that	19876
is partly or entirely owned or controlled by a person with limited	19877
driving privileges is not a motor vehicle owned by an employer,	19878
for purposes of this division.	19879
(2) If the motor vehicle to be driven under the limited	19880
driving privileges is registered in a state other than this state,	19881
instead of installing on that vehicle an immobilizing or disabling	19882
	10000

device, the person with the limited driving privileges shall

display on the vehicle a decal, as prescribed by the registrar of	19884
motor vehicles, that states that the vehicle is subject to limited	19885
driving privileges in this state and that describes the	19886
restriction. The decal shall be displayed on the bottom left	19887
corner of the back window of the vehicle or, if there is no back	19888
window, on the bottom left corner of the windshield of the	19889
vehicle.	19890
Sec. 4510.44. (A)(1) No offender with limited driving	19891
privileges, during any period that the offender is required to	19892
operate only a motor vehicle equipped with an immobilizing or	19893
disabling device, shall request or permit any other person to	19894
breathe into the device if it is an ignition interlock device or	19895
another type of device that monitors the concentration of alcohol	19896
in a person's breath or to otherwise start the motor vehicle	19897
equipped with the device, for the purpose of providing the	19898
offender with an operable motor vehicle.	19899
(2)(a) Except as provided in division (A)(2)(b) of this	19900
section, no person shall breathe into an immobilizing or disabling	19901
device that is an ignition interlock device or another type of	19902
device that monitors the concentration of alcohol in a person's	19903
breath or otherwise start a motor vehicle equipped with an	19904
immobilizing or disabling device, for the purpose of providing an	19905
operable motor vehicle to an offender with limited driving	19906
privileges who is permitted to operate only a motor vehicle	19907
equipped with an immobilizing or disabling device.	19908
(b) Division (A)(2)(a) of this section does not apply to a	19909
person in the following circumstances:	19910
(i) mbe never in an effection with limited duining	10011
(i) The person is an offender with limited driving	19911
privileges.	19912
(ii) The person breathes into an immobilizing or disabling	19913
device that is an ignition interlock device or another type of	19914

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device that monitors the concentration of alcohol in a person's	19915
breath or otherwise starts a motor vehicle equipped with an	19916
immobilizing or disabling device.	19917
(iii) The person breathes into the device or starts the	19918
vehicle for the purpose of providing the person with an operable	19919
motor vehicle.	19920
(3) No unauthorized person shall tamper with or circumvent	19921
the operation of an immobilizing or disabling device.	19922
(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of an	19923
immobilizing or disabling device violation, a misdemeanor of the	19924
first degree.	19925
Sec. 4507.54 4510.52. (A) Upon the receipt of any driver's	19926
license or commercial driver's license or permit that has been	19927
suspended, revoked, or canceled, or forfeited under any provision	19928
of law, and notwithstanding any other provision of law that	19929
requires the registrar of motor vehicles to retain the license or	19930
permit, the registrar may destroy the license or permit.	19931
(B) If, as authorized by division (A) of this section, the	19932
registrar destroys a license or permit that has been suspended $\overline{\tau}$	19933
revoked, or canceled, or forfeited, he the registrar shall reissue	19934
or authorize the reissuance of a new license or permit to the	19935
person to whom the destroyed license or permit orginally	19936
originally was issued upon payment of a fee in the same amount as	19937
the fee specified in division (C) of section 4507.23 of the	19938
Revised Code for a duplicate license or permit and upon payment of	19939
a service fee in the same amount as specified in division (D) of	19940
section 4503.10 of the Revised Code if issued by a deputy	19941
registrar or in division (G) of that section if issued by the	19942
registrar.	19943
This division applies only if the driver's license or	19944

commercial driver's license or permit that was destroyed would	19945
have been valid at the time the person applies for the duplicate	19946
license or permit. A duplicate driver's license or commercial	19947
driver's license or permit issued under this section shall bear	19948
the same expiration date that appeared on the license or permit it	19949
replaces.	19950

- sec. 4507.55 4510.53. (A) Upon the receipt of any driver's or 19951 commercial driver's license or permit that has been revoked or 19952 suspended under section 4511.19 or 4511.191 of the Revised Code, 19953 the registrar of motor vehicles, notwithstanding any other 19954 provision of law that purports to require him the registrar to 19955 retain the license or permit, may destroy the license or permit. 19956
- (B)(1) Subject to division (B)(2) of this section, if a 19957 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit that has been 19958 suspended under section 4511.19 or 4511.191 of the Revised Code is 19959 delivered to the registrar and if the registrar destroys the 19960 license or permit under authority of division (A) of this section, 19961 the registrar shall reissue or authorize the reissuance of a 19962 driver's or commercial driver's license to the person, free of 19963 payment of any type of fee or charge, if either of the following 19964 applies: 19965
- (a) The person appeals the suspension of the license or 19966
 permit at his or within thirty days of the person's initial 19967
 appearance, pursuant to division (H) of section 4511.191 4511.197 19968
 of the Revised Code, the judge of the court of record or the mayor 19969
 of the mayor's court who conducts the initial appearance 19970
 terminates the suspension, and the judge or mayor does not suspend 19971
 the license or permit under section 4511.196 of the Revised Code; 19972
- (b) The person appeals the suspension of the license or 19973

 permit at his or within thirty days of the person's initial 19974

 appearance, pursuant to division (H) of section 4511.191 4511.197 19975

of the Revised Code, the judge of the court of record or the mayor	19976
of the mayor's court who conducts the initial appearance does not	19977
terminate the suspension, the person appeals the judge's or	19978
mayor's decision not to terminate the suspension that is made at	19979
the initial appearance, and upon appeal of the decision, the	19980
suspension is terminated.	19981
(2) Division (B)(1) of this section applies only if the	19982
driver's or commercial driver's license that was destroyed would	19983
have been valid at the time in question, if it had not been	19984
destroyed as permitted by division (A) of this section.	19985
(C) A driver's or commercial <u>commercial</u> driver's license or	19986
permit issued to a person pursuant to division (B)(1) of this	19987
section shall bear the same expiration date as the expiration date	19988
that appeared on the license it replaces.	19989
Sec. 4510.54. (A) A person whose driver's or commercial	19990
Sec. 4510.54. (A) A person whose driver's or commercial driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one	19990 19991
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one	19991
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended	19991 19992
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended for a period in excess of fifteen years under a class two	19991 19992 19993
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended for a period in excess of fifteen years under a class two suspension may file a motion with the sentencing court for	19991 19992 19993 19994
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended for a period in excess of fifteen years under a class two suspension may file a motion with the sentencing court for modification or termination of the suspension. A motion under this	19991 19992 19993 19994 19995
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended for a period in excess of fifteen years under a class two suspension may file a motion with the sentencing court for modification or termination of the suspension. A motion under this division may be heard only once. The person filing the motion	19991 19992 19993 19994 19995 19996
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended for a period in excess of fifteen years under a class two suspension may file a motion with the sentencing court for modification or termination of the suspension. A motion under this division may be heard only once. The person filing the motion shall demonstrate all of the following:	19991 19992 19993 19994 19995 19996
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended for a period in excess of fifteen years under a class two suspension may file a motion with the sentencing court for modification or termination of the suspension. A motion under this division may be heard only once. The person filing the motion shall demonstrate all of the following: (1) At least fifteen years have elapsed since the suspension	19991 19992 19993 19994 19995 19996 19997
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended for a period in excess of fifteen years under a class two suspension may file a motion with the sentencing court for modification or termination of the suspension. A motion under this division may be heard only once. The person filing the motion shall demonstrate all of the following: (1) At least fifteen years have elapsed since the suspension began.	19991 19992 19993 19994 19995 19996 19997 19998 19999
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended for a period in excess of fifteen years under a class two suspension may file a motion with the sentencing court for modification or termination of the suspension. A motion under this division may be heard only once. The person filing the motion shall demonstrate all of the following: (1) At least fifteen years have elapsed since the suspension began.	19991 19992 19993 19994 19995 19996 19997 19998 19999 20000
driver's license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended for a period in excess of fifteen years under a class two suspension may file a motion with the sentencing court for modification or termination of the suspension. A motion under this division may be heard only once. The person filing the motion shall demonstrate all of the following: (1) At least fifteen years have elapsed since the suspension began. (2) For the past fifteen years, the person has not been found quilty of any felony, any offense involving a moving violation	19991 19992 19993 19994 19995 19996 19997 19998 19999 20000 20001

(3) The person has proof of financial responsibility, a	20006
policy of liability insurance in effect that meets the minimum	20007
standard set forth in section 4509.51 of the Revised Code, or	20008
proof, to the satisfaction of the registrar of motor vehicles,	20009
that the person is able to respond in damages in an amount at	20010
least equal to the minimum amounts specified in that section.	20011
(4) If the suspension was imposed because the person was	20012
under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or combination of	20013
them at the time of the offense or because at the time of the	20014
offense the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath,	20015
or urine contained at least the concentration of alcohol specified	20016
in division (A)(2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 4511.19 of the	20017
Revised Code, the person also shall demonstrate all of the	20018
<pre>following:</pre>	20019
(a) The person successfully completed an alcohol, drug, or	20020
alcohol and drug treatment program.	20021
(b) The person has not abused alcohol or other drugs for a	20022
period satisfactory to the court.	20023
(c) For the past fifteen years, the person has not been found	20024
guilty of any alcohol-related or drug-related offense.	20025
(B) Upon receipt of a motion for modification or termination	20025
(B) Upon receipt of a motion for modification or termination	20026
(B) Upon receipt of a motion for modification or termination of the suspension under this section, the court may schedule a	20026 20027
(B) Upon receipt of a motion for modification or termination of the suspension under this section, the court may schedule a hearing on the motion. If scheduled, the hearing shall be	20026 20027 20028
(B) Upon receipt of a motion for modification or termination of the suspension under this section, the court may schedule a hearing on the motion. If scheduled, the hearing shall be conducted in open court within ninety days after the date on which	20026 20027 20028 20029
(B) Upon receipt of a motion for modification or termination of the suspension under this section, the court may schedule a hearing on the motion. If scheduled, the hearing shall be conducted in open court within ninety days after the date on which the motion is filed.	20026 20027 20028 20029 20030
(B) Upon receipt of a motion for modification or termination of the suspension under this section, the court may schedule a hearing on the motion. If scheduled, the hearing shall be conducted in open court within ninety days after the date on which the motion is filed. (C) The court shall notify the person whose license was	20026 20027 20028 20029 20030 20031
(B) Upon receipt of a motion for modification or termination of the suspension under this section, the court may schedule a hearing on the motion. If scheduled, the hearing shall be conducted in open court within ninety days after the date on which the motion is filed. (C) The court shall notify the person whose license was suspended and the prosecuting attorney of the date, time, and	20026 20027 20028 20029 20030 20031 20032
(B) Upon receipt of a motion for modification or termination of the suspension under this section, the court may schedule a hearing on the motion. If scheduled, the hearing shall be conducted in open court within ninety days after the date on which the motion is filed. (C) The court shall notify the person whose license was suspended and the prosecuting attorney of the date, time, and location of the hearing. Upon receipt of the notice from the	20026 20027 20028 20029 20030 20031 20032 20033

(D) At any hearing under this section, the person who seeks	20037
modification or termination of the suspension has the burden to	20038
demonstrate, under oath, that the person meets the requirements of	20039
division (A) of this section. At the hearing, the court shall	20040
afford the offender or the offender's counsel an opportunity to	20041
present oral or written information relevant to the motion. The	20042
court shall afford a similar opportunity to provide relevant	20043
information to the prosecuting attorney and the victim or victim's	20044
representative.	20045
Before ruling on the motion, the court shall take into	20046
account the person's driving record, the nature of the offense	20047
that led to the suspension, and the impact of the offense on any	20048
victim. In addition, if the offender is eligible for modification	20049
or termination of the suspension under division (A)(2) of this	20050
section, the court shall consider whether the person committed any	20051
other offense while under suspension and determine whether the	20052
offense is relevant to a determination under this section. The	20053
court may modify or terminate the suspension subject to any	20054
considerations it considers proper if it finds that allowing the	20055
person to drive is not likely to present a danger to the public.	20056
After the court makes a ruling on a motion filed under this	20057
section, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim or the	20058
victim's representative of the court's ruling.	20059
(E) If a court modifies a person's license suspension under	20060
this section and the person subsequently is found quilty of any	20061
moving violation or of any substantially equivalent municipal	20062
ordinance that carries as a possible penalty the suspension of a	20063
person's driver's or commercial driver's license, the court may	20064
reimpose the class one or other lifetime suspension, or the class	20065
two suspension, whichever is applicable.	20066

Sec. 4507.60 4510.61. The driver license compact is hereby 20067

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enacted into law and entered into with all other jurisdictions	20068
legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:	20069
ARTICLE I	20070
Findings and Declaration of Policy	20071
(a) The party states find that:	20072
(1) The safety of their streets and highways is materially	20073
affected by the degree of compliance with state and local	20074
ordinances relating to the operation of motor vehicles.	20075
(2) Violation of such a law or ordinance is evidence that the	20076
violator engages in conduct which is likely to endanger the safety	20077
of persons and property.	20078
(3) The continuance in force of a license to drive is	20079
predicated upon compliance with laws and ordinances relating to	20080
the operation of motor vehicles, in whichever jurisdiction the	20081
vehicle is operated.	20082
(b) It is the policy of each of the party states to:	20083
(1) Promote compliance with the laws, ordinances, and	20084
administrative rules and regulations relating to the operation of	20085
motor vehicles by their operators in each of the jurisdictions	20086
where such operators drive motor vehicles.	20087
(2) Make the reciprocal recognition of licenses to drive and	20088
eligibility therefor more just and equitable by considering the	20089
over-all compliance with motor vehicle laws, ordinances, and	20090
administrative rules and regulations as a condition precedent to	20091
the continuance or issuance of any license by reason of which the	20092
licensee is authorized or permitted to operate a motor vehicle in	20093
any of the party states.	20094
ARTICLE II	20095
Definitions	20096
As used in this compact:	20097

(a) "State" means a state, territory, or possession of the	20098
United States, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of	20099
Puerto Rico.	20100
(b) "Home state" means the state that has issued and has the	20101
power to suspend or revoke the use of the license or permit to	20102
operate a motor vehicle.	20103
(c) "Conviction" means a conviction of any offense related to	20104
the use or operation of a motor vehicle that is prohibited by	20105
state law, municipal ordinance, or administrative rule or	20106
regulation; or a forfeiture of bail, bond, or other security	20107
deposited to secure appearance by a person charged with having	20108
committed any such offense, and which conviction or forfeiture is	20109
required to be reported to the licensing authority.	20110
ARTICLE III	20111
Reports of Conviction	20112
The licensing authority of a party state shall report each	20113
The licensing authority of a party state shall report each conviction of a person from another party state occurring within	20113 20114
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within	20114
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of	20114 20115
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of the licensee. Such report shall clearly identify the person	20114 20115 20116
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of the licensee. Such report shall clearly identify the person convicted; describe the violation specifying the section of the	20114 20115 20116 20117
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of the licensee. Such report shall clearly identify the person convicted; describe the violation specifying the section of the statute, code, or ordinance violated; identify the court in which	20114 20115 20116 20117 20118
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of the licensee. Such report shall clearly identify the person convicted; describe the violation specifying the section of the statute, code, or ordinance violated; identify the court in which action was taken; indicate whether a plea of guilty or not guilty	20114 20115 20116 20117 20118 20119
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of the licensee. Such report shall clearly identify the person convicted; describe the violation specifying the section of the statute, code, or ordinance violated; identify the court in which action was taken; indicate whether a plea of guilty or not guilty was entered, or the security; and shall include any special	20114 20115 20116 20117 20118 20119 20120
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of the licensee. Such report shall clearly identify the person convicted; describe the violation specifying the section of the statute, code, or ordinance violated; identify the court in which action was taken; indicate whether a plea of guilty or not guilty was entered, or the security; and shall include any special findings made in connection therewith.	20114 20115 20116 20117 20118 20119 20120 20121
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of the licensee. Such report shall clearly identify the person convicted; describe the violation specifying the section of the statute, code, or ordinance violated; identify the court in which action was taken; indicate whether a plea of guilty or not guilty was entered, or the security; and shall include any special findings made in connection therewith. ARTICLE IV	20114 20115 20116 20117 20118 20119 20120 20121 20122
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of the licensee. Such report shall clearly identify the person convicted; describe the violation specifying the section of the statute, code, or ordinance violated; identify the court in which action was taken; indicate whether a plea of guilty or not guilty was entered, or the security; and shall include any special findings made in connection therewith. ARTICLE IV Effect of Conviction	20114 20115 20116 20117 20118 20119 20120 20121 20122 20123
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of the licensee. Such report shall clearly identify the person convicted; describe the violation specifying the section of the statute, code, or ordinance violated; identify the court in which action was taken; indicate whether a plea of guilty or not guilty was entered, or the security; and shall include any special findings made in connection therewith. ARTICLE IV Effect of Conviction (a) The licensing authority in the home state, for the	20114 20115 20116 20117 20118 20119 20120 20121 20122 20123 20124
conviction of a person from another party state occurring within its jurisdiction to the licensing authority of the home state of the licensee. Such report shall clearly identify the person convicted; describe the violation specifying the section of the statute, code, or ordinance violated; identify the court in which action was taken; indicate whether a plea of guilty or not guilty was entered, or the security; and shall include any special findings made in connection therewith. ARTICLE IV Effect of Conviction (a) The licensing authority in the home state, for the purpose of suspension, revocation, or limitation of the license to	20114 20115 20116 20117 20118 20119 20120 20121 20122 20123 20124 20125

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affected as to all severable matters.

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(b) The administrator of each party state shall furnish to	20191
the administrator of each other party state any information or	20192
documents reasonably necessary to facilitate the administration of	20193
this compact.	20194
ARTICLE VIII	20195
Entry Into Force and Withdrawal	20196
(a) This compact shall enter into force and become effective	20197
as to any state when it has enacted the same into law.	20198
(b) Any party state may withdraw from this compact by	20199
enacting a statute repealing the same, but no such withdrawal	20200
shall take effect until six months after the executive head of the	20201
withdrawing state has given notice of the withdrawal to the	20202
executive heads of all other party states. No withdrawal shall	20203
affect the validity or applicability by the licensing authorities	20204
of states remaining party to the compact of any report of	20205
conviction occurring prior to the withdrawal.	20206
ARTICLE IX	20207
Construction and Severability	20208
This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate	20209
the purposes thereof. The provisions of this compact shall be	20210
severable; and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of	20211
this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any	20212
party state or of the United States or the applicability thereof	20213
to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held	20214
invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the	20215
applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or	20216
circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact shall	20217
be held contrary to the constitution of any state party thereto,	20218
the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the	20219
remaining states and in full force and effect as to the state	20220

Sec. 4507.61 4510.62. (A) "Executive head" as used in article	20222
VIII (b) of the compact set forth in section 4507.60 4510.61 of	20223
the Revised Code with reference to this state means the governor.	20224
	20225
(B) "Licensing authority" as used in Articles III, IV, V, and	20226
VII of the compact set forth in section 4507.60 4510.61 of the	20227
Revised Code with reference to this state means the bureau of	20228
motor vehicles within the department of public safety.	20229
Sec. 4507.62 4510.63. Pursuant to Article VII of the compact	20230
set forth in section 4507.60 4510.61 of the Revised Code the	20231
bureau of motor vehicles shall furnish to the appropriate	20232
authorities of any other party state any information or documents	20233
reasonably necessary to facilitate the administration of Articles	20234
III, IV, and V of the compact set forth in section 4507.60 4510.61	20235
of the Revised Code.	20236
Sec. 4507.63 4510.64. The compact administrator provided for	20237
in Article VII of the compact set forth in section 4507.60 4510.61	
	20238
of the Revised Code is not entitled to any additional compensation	20238
of the Revised Code is not entitled to any additional compensation because of his services for serving as administrator of the	
	20239
because of his services for serving as administrator of the	20239
because of his services for serving as administrator of the compact, but shall be reimbursed for travel and other necessary	20239 20240 20241
because of his services for serving as administrator of the compact, but shall be reimbursed for travel and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties thereunder as provided by law for other state officers.	20239 20240 20241 20242 20243
because of his services for serving as administrator of the compact, but shall be reimbursed for travel and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties thereunder as provided by law for other state officers. Sec. 4511.95 4510.71. The nonresident violator compact,	20239 20240 20241 20242 20243
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because of his services for serving as administrator of the compact, but shall be reimbursed for travel and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties thereunder as provided by law for other state officers. Sec. 4511.95 4510.71. The nonresident violator compact, hereinafter called "the compact," is hereby enacted into law and entered into with all other jurisdictions legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:	20239 20240 20241 20242 20243 20244 20245 20246 20247

(A) The party jurisdictions find that:	20251
(1) In most instances, a motorist who is cited for a traffic	20252
violation in a jurisdiction other than his home jurisdiction:	20253
(a) Must post collateral or bond to secure appearance for	20254
trial at a later date; or	20255
(b) If unable to post collateral or bond, is taken into	20256
custody until the collateral or bond is posted; or	20257
(c) Is taken directly to court for his trial to be held.	20258
(2) In some instances, the motorist's driver's license may be	20259
deposited as collateral to be returned after he has complied with	20260
the terms of the citation.	20261
(3) The purpose of the practices described in divisions	20262
(A)(1) and (2) of this article is to ensure compliance with the	20263
terms of a traffic citation by the motorist who, if permitted to	20264
continue on his way after receiving the traffic citation, could	20265
return to his home jurisdiction and disregard his duty under the	20266
terms of the traffic citation.	20267
(4) A motorist receiving a traffic citation in his home	20268
jurisdiction is permitted, except for certain violations, to	20269
accept the citation from the officer at the scene of the violation	20270
and to immediately continue on his way after promising or being	20271
instructed to comply with the terms of the citation.	20272
(5) The practice described in division (A)(1) of this article	20273
causes unnecessary inconvenience and, at times, a hardship for the	20274
motorist who is unable at the time to post collateral, furnish a	20275
bond, stand trial, or pay the fine, and thus is compelled to	20276
remain in custody until some arrangement can be made.	20277
(6) The deposit of a driver's license as a bail bond, as	20278
described in division $(A)(2)$ of this article, is viewed with	20279
disfavor.	20280

(7) The practices described herein consume an undue amount of	20281
law enforcement time.	20282
(B) It is the policy of the party jurisdictions to:	20283
(1) Seek compliance with the laws, ordinances, and	20284
administrative rules and regulations relating to the operation of	20285
motor vehicles in each of the jurisdictions;	20286
(2) Allow motorists to accept a traffic citation for certain	20287
violations and proceed on their way without delay whether or not	20288
the motorist is a resident of the jurisdiction in which the	20289
citation was issued;	20290
(3) Extend cooperation to its fullest extent among the	20291
jurisdictions for obtaining compliance with the terms of a traffic	20292
citation issued in one jurisdiction to a resident of another	20293
jurisdiction;	20294
(4) Maximize effective utilization of law enforcement	20295
personnel and assist court systems in the efficient disposition of	20296
traffic violations.	20297
(C) The purpose of this compact is to:	20298
(1) Provide a means through which the party jurisdictions may	20299
participate in a reciprocal program to effectuate the policies	20300
enumerated in division (B) of this article in a uniform and	20301
orderly manner;	20302
(2) Provide for the fair and impartial treatment of traffic	20303
violators operating within party jurisdictions in recognition of	20304
the motorist's right of due process and the sovereign status of a	20305
party jurisdiction.	20306
Article II Definitions	20307
(A) In the nonresident violator compact, the following words	20308
have the meaning indicated, unless the context requires otherwise.	20309
(B)(1) "Citation" means any summons, ticket, or other	20310

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official document issued by a police officer for a traffic	20311
violation containing an order which requires the motorist to	20312
respond.	20313
(2) "Collateral" means any cash or other security deposited	20314
to secure an appearance for trial, following the issuance by a	20315
police officer of a citation for a traffic violation.	20316
(3) "Court" means a court of law or traffic tribunal.	20317
(4) "Driver's license" means any license or privilege to	20318
operate a motor vehicle issued under the laws of the home	20319
jurisdiction.	20320
(5) "Home jurisdiction" means the jurisdiction that issued	20321
the driver's license of the traffic violator.	20322
(6) "Issuing jurisdiction" means the jurisdiction in which	20323
the traffic citation was issued to the motorist.	20324
(7) "Jurisdiction" means a state, territory, or possession of	20325
the United States, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth	20326
of Puerto Rico.	20327
(8) "Motorist" means a driver of a motor vehicle operating in	20328
a party jurisdiction other than the home jurisdiction.	20329
(9) "Personal recognizance" means an agreement by a motorist	20330
made at the time of issuance of the traffic citation that he will	20331
comply with the terms of that traffic citation.	20332
(10) "Police officer" means any individual authorized by the	20333
party jurisdiction to issue a citation for a traffic violation.	20334
(11) "Terms of the citation" means those options expressly	20335
stated upon the citation.	20336
Article III	20337
Procedure for Issuing Jurisdiction	20338
(A) When issuing a citation for a traffic violation, a police	20339
officer shall issue the citation to a motorist who possesses a	20340

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driver's license issued by a party jurisdiction and shall not,	20341
subject to the exceptions noted in division (B) of this article,	20342
require the motorist to post collateral to secure appearance, if	20343
the officer receives the motorist's signed, personal recognizance	20344
that he or she will comply with the terms of the citation.	20345
	20346
(B) Personal recognizance is acceptable only if not	20347
prohibited by law. If mandatory appearance is required, it must	20348
take place immediately following issuance of the citation.	20349
(C) Upon failure of a motorist to comply with the terms of a	20350
traffic citation, the appropriate official shall report the	20351
failure to comply to the licensing authority of the jurisdiction	20352
in which the traffic citation was issued. The report shall be made	20353
in accordance with procedures specified by the issuing	20354
jurisdiction and shall contain information as specified in the	20355
compact manual as minimum requirements for effective processing by	20356
the home jurisdiction.	20357
(D) Upon receipt of the report, the licensing authority of	20358
the issuing jurisdiction shall transmit to the licensing authority	20359
in the home jurisdiction of the motorist the information in a form	20360
and content as contained in the compact manual.	20361
(E) The licensing authority of the issuing jurisdiction may	20362
not suspend the privilege of a motorist for whom a report has been	20363
transmitted.	20364
(F) The licensing authority of the issuing jurisdiction shall	20365
not transmit a report on any violation if the date of transmission	20366
is more than six months after the date on which the traffic	20367
citation was issued.	20368
(G) The licensing authority of the issuing jurisdiction shall	20369
not transmit a report on any violation where the date of issuance	20370

of the citation predates the most recent of the effective dates of 20371

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entry for the two jurisdictions affected.	20372
Article IV Procedures for Home Jurisdiction	20373
(A) Upon receipt of a report of a failure to comply from the	20374
licensing authority of the issuing jurisdiction, the licensing	20375
authority of the home jurisdiction shall notify the motorist and	20376
initiate a suspension action, in accordance with the home	20377
jurisdiction's procedures, to suspend the motorist's driver's	20378
license until satisfactory evidence of compliance with the terms	20379
of the traffic citation has been furnished to the home	20380
jurisdiction licensing authority. Due process safeguards will be	20381
accorded.	20382
(B) The licensing authority of the home jurisdiction shall	20383
maintain a record of actions taken and make reports to issuing	20384
jurisdictions as provided in the compact manual.	20385
Article V Applicability of Other Laws	20386
Except as expressly required by provisions of this compact,	20387
nothing contained herein shall be construed to affect the right of	20388
any party jurisdiction to apply any of its other laws relating to	20389
licenses to drive to any person or circumstance, or to invalidate	20390
or prevent any driver license agreement or other cooperative	20391
arrangement between a party jurisdiction and nonparty	20392
jurisdiction.	20393
Article VI Compact Administrator Procedures	20394
(A) For the purpose of administering the provisions of this	20395
compact and to serve as a governing body for the resolution of all	20396
matters relating to the operation of this compact, a board of	20397
compact administrators is established. The board shall be composed	20398
of one representative from each party jurisdiction to be known as	20399
the compact administrator. The compact administrator shall be	20400
appointed by the jurisdiction executive and will serve and be	20401
subject to removal in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction	20402
he represents. A compact administrator may provide for the	20403

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discharge of his duties and the performance of his functions as a	20404
board member by an alternate. An alternate may not be entitled to	20405
serve unless written notification of his identity has been given	20406
to the board.	20407
(B) Each member of the board of compact administrators shall	20408
be entitled to one vote. No action of the board shall be binding	20409
unless taken at a meeting at which a majority of the total number	20410
of votes on the board are cast in favor. Action by the board shall	20411
be only at a meeting at which a majority of the party	20412
jurisdictions are represented.	20413
(C) The board shall elect annually, from its membership, a	20414
chairman and a vice chairman.	20415
(D) The board shall adopt bylaws, not inconsistent with the	20416
provisions of this compact or the laws of a party jurisdiction,	20417
for the conduct of its business and shall have the power to amend	20418
and rescind its bylaws.	20419
(E) The board may accept for any of its purposes and	20420
functions under this compact any and all donations, and grants of	20421
money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, conditional	20422
or otherwise, from any jurisdiction, the United States, or any	20423
other governmental agency, and may receive, utilize, and dispose	20424
of the same.	20425
(F) The board may contract with, or accept services or	20426
personnel from, any governmental or intergovernmental agency,	20427
person, firm, or corporation, or any private nonprofit	20428
organization or institution.	20429
(G) The board shall formulate all necessary procedures and	20430
develop uniform forms and documents for administering the	20431
provisions of this compact. All procedures and forms adopted	20432
pursuant to board action shall be contained in the compact manual.	20433

Article VII Entry into Compact and Withdrawal

(A) This compact shall become effective when it has been	20435
adopted by at least two jurisdictions.	20436
(B)(1) Entry into the compact shall be made by a resolution	20437
of ratification executed by the authorized officials of the	20438
applying jurisdiction and submitted to the chairman of the board.	20439
(2) The resolution shall be in a form and content as provided	20440
in the compact manual and shall include statements that in	20441
substance are as follows:	20442
(a) A citation of the authority by which the jurisdiction is	20443
empowered to become a party to this compact;	20444
(b) Agreement to comply with the terms and provisions of the	20445
compact;	20446
(c) That compact entry is with all jurisdictions then party	20447
to the compact and with any jurisdiction that legally becomes a	20448
party to the compact.	20449
(3) The effective date of entry shall be specified by the	20450
applying jurisdiction, but it shall not be less than sixty days	20451
after notice has been given by the chairman of the board of	20452
compact administrators or by the secretariat of the board to each	20453
party jurisdiction that the resolution from the applying	20454
jurisdiction has been received.	20455
(C) A party jurisdiction may withdraw from this compact by	20456
official written notice to the other party jurisdictions, but a	20457
withdrawal shall not take effect until ninety days after notice of	20458
withdrawal is given. The notice shall be directed to the compact	20459
administrator of each member jurisdiction. No withdrawal shall	20460
affect the validity of this compact as to the remaining party	20461
jurisdictions.	20462
Article VIII Exceptions	20463
The provisions of this compact shall not apply to parking or	20464

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standing violations, highway weight limit violations, and	20465
violations of law governing the transportation of hazardous	20466
materials.	20467
Article IX Amendments to the Compact	20468
(A) This compact may be amended from time to time. Amendments	20469
shall be presented in resolution form to the chairman of the board	20470
of compact administrators and may be initiated by one or more	20471
party jurisdictions.	20472
(B) Adoption of an amendment shall require endorsement of all	20473
party jurisdictions and shall become effective thirty days after	20474
the date of the last endorsement.	20475
(C) Failure of a party jurisdiction to respond to the compact	20476
chairman within one hundred twenty days after receipt of the	20477
proposed amendment shall constitute endorsement.	20478
Article X Construction and Severability	20479
This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate	20480
the purposes stated herein. The provisions of this compact shall	20481
be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of	20482
this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any	20483
party jurisdiction or of the United States or the applicability	20484
thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance, the	20485
compact shall not be affected thereby. If this compact shall be	20486
held contrary to the constitution of any jurisdiction party	20487
thereto, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to	20488
the remaining jurisdictions and in full force and effect as to the	20489
jurisdiction affected as to all severable matters.	20490
Article XI Title	20491
This compact shall be known as the Nonresident Violator	20492
Compact of 1977."	20493
Sec. 4511.951 4510.72. (A) A fee of thirty dollars shall be	20494

charged by the registrar of motor vehicles for the reinstatement	20495
of any driver's license suspended pursuant to division (A) of	20496
Article IV of the compact enacted in section 4511.95 4510.71 of	20497
the Revised Code.	20498

- (B) Pursuant to division (A) of Article VI of the nonresident 20499 violator compact of 1977 enacted in section 4511.95 4510.71 of the 20500 Revised Code, the director of public safety shall serve as the 20501 compact administrator for Ohio.
- sec. 4511.01. As used in this chapter and in Chapter 4513. of
 the Revised Code:
 20503
- (A) "Vehicle" means every device, including a motorized 20505 bicycle, in, upon, or by which any person or property may be 20506 transported or drawn upon a highway, except that "vehicle" does 20507 not include any motorized wheelchairs wheelchair, devices any 20508 device that is moved by power collected from overhead electric 20509 trolley wires, or that is used exclusively upon stationary rails 20510 or tracks, and devices or any device, other than bicycles a 20511 bicycle, that is moved by human power. 20512
- (B) "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle propelled or drawn by 20513 power other than muscular power or power collected from overhead 20514 electric trolley wires, except motorized bicycles, road rollers, 20515 traction engines, power shovels, power cranes, and other equipment 20516 used in construction work and not designed for or employed in 20517 general highway transportation, hole-digging machinery, 20518 well-drilling machinery, ditch-digging machinery, farm machinery, 20519 trailers used to transport agricultural produce or agricultural 20520 production materials between a local place of storage or supply 20521 and the farm when drawn or towed on a street or highway at a speed 20522 of twenty-five miles per hour or less, threshing machinery, 20523 hay-baling machinery, agricultural tractors and machinery used in 20524 the production of horticultural, floricultural, agricultural, and 20525

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vegetable products, and trailers designed and used exclusively to	20526
transport a boat between a place of storage and a marina, or in	20527
and around a marina, when drawn or towed on a street or highway	20528
for a distance of no more than ten miles and at a speed of	20529
twenty-five miles per hour or less.	20530
(C) "Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle, other than a	20531
tractor, having a saddle for the use of the operator and designed	20532
to travel on not more than three wheels in contact with the	20533
ground, including, but not limited to, motor vehicles known as	20534
"motor-driven cycle," "motor scooter," or "motorcycle" without	20535
regard to weight or brake horsepower.	20536
(D) "Emergency vehicle" means emergency vehicles of	20537
municipal, township, or county departments or public utility	20538
corporations when identified as such as required by law, the	20539
director of public safety, or local authorities, and motor	20540
vehicles when commandeered by a police officer.	20541
(E) "Public safety vehicle" means any of the following:	20542
(1) Ambulances, including private ambulance companies under	20543
contract to a municipal corporation, township, or county, and	20544
private ambulances and nontransport vehicles bearing license	20545
plates issued under section 4503.49 of the Revised Code;	20546
(2) Motor vehicles used by public law enforcement officers or	20547
other persons sworn to enforce the criminal and traffic laws of	20548
the state;	20549
(3) Any motor vehicle when properly identified as required by	20550
the director of public safety, when used in response to fire	20551
emergency calls or to provide emergency medical service to ill or	20552
injured persons, and when operated by a duly qualified person who	20553
is a member of a volunteer rescue service or a volunteer fire	20554

department, and who is on duty pursuant to the rules or directives

of that service. The state fire marshal shall be designated by the

director of public safety	as the certifying agency for all public	20557
safety vehicles described	in division $(E)(3)$ of this section.	20558

(4) Vehicles used by fire departments, including motor
vehicles when used by volunteer fire fighters responding to
emergency calls in the fire department service when identified as
required by the director of public safety.

Any vehicle used to transport or provide emergency medical 20564 service to an ill or injured person, when certified as a public 20565 safety vehicle, shall be considered a public safety vehicle when 20566 transporting an ill or injured person to a hospital regardless of 20567 whether such vehicle has already passed a hospital. 20568

- (5) Vehicles used by the commercial motor vehicle safety 20569 enforcement unit for the enforcement of orders and rules of the 20570 public utilities commission as specified in section 5503.34 of the 20571 Revised Code.
- (F) "School bus" means every bus designed for carrying more 20573 than nine passengers that is owned by a public, private, or 20574 governmental agency or institution of learning and operated for 20575 the transportation of children to or from a school session or a 20576 school function, or owned by a private person and operated for 20577 compensation for the transportation of children to or from a 20578 school session or a school function, provided "school bus" does 20579 not include a bus operated by a municipally owned transportation 20580 system, a mass transit company operating exclusively within the 20581 territorial limits of a municipal corporation, or within such 20582 limits and the territorial limits of municipal corporations 20583 immediately contiguous to such municipal corporation, nor a common 20584 passenger carrier certified by the public utilities commission 20585 unless such bus is devoted exclusively to the transportation of 20586 children to and from a school session or a school function, and 20587 "school bus" does not include a van or bus used by a licensed 20588

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child day-care center or type A family day-care home to transport	20589
children from the child day-care center or type A family day-care	20590
home to a school if the van or bus does not have more than fifteen	20591
children in the van or bus at any time.	20592
(G) "Bicycle" means every device, other than a tricycle	20593
designed solely for use as a play vehicle by a child, propelled	20594
solely by human power upon which any person may ride having either	20595
two tandem wheels, or one wheel in the front and two wheels in the	20596
rear, any of which is more than fourteen inches in diameter.	20597
(H) "Motorized bicycle" means any vehicle having either two	20598
tandem wheels or one wheel in the front and two wheels in the	20599
rear, that is capable of being pedaled and is equipped with a	20600
helper motor of not more than fifty cubic centimeters piston	20601
displacement that produces no more than one brake horsepower and	20602
is capable of propelling the vehicle at a speed of no greater than	20603
twenty miles per hour on a level surface.	20604
(I) "Commercial tractor" means every motor vehicle having	20605
motive power designed or used for drawing other vehicles and not	20606
so constructed as to carry any load thereon, or designed or used	20607
for drawing other vehicles while carrying a portion of such other	20608
vehicles, or load thereon, or both.	20609
(J) "Agricultural tractor" means every self-propelling	20610
vehicle designed or used for drawing other vehicles or wheeled	20611
machinery but having no provision for carrying loads independently	20612
of such other vehicles, and used principally for agricultural	20613
purposes.	20614

- (K) "Truck" means every motor vehicle, except trailers and 20615 semitrailers, designed and used to carry property. 20616
- (L) "Bus" means every motor vehicle designed for carrying 20617 more than nine passengers and used for the transportation of 20618 persons other than in a ridesharing arrangement, and every motor 20619

vehicle, automobile for hire, or funeral car, other than a taxicab	20620
or motor vehicle used in a ridesharing arrangement, designed and	20621
used for the transportation of persons for compensation.	20622

- (M) "Trailer" means every vehicle designed or used for 20623 carrying persons or property wholly on its own structure and for 20624 being drawn by a motor vehicle, including any such vehicle when 20625 formed by or operated as a combination of a "semitrailer" and a 20626 vehicle of the dolly type, such as that commonly known as a 20627 "trailer dolly," a vehicle used to transport agricultural produce 20628 or agricultural production materials between a local place of 20629 storage or supply and the farm when drawn or towed on a street or 20630 highway at a speed greater than twenty-five miles per hour, and a 20631 vehicle designed and used exclusively to transport a boat between 20632 a place of storage and a marina, or in and around a marina, when 20633 drawn or towed on a street or highway for a distance of more than 20634 ten miles or at a speed of more than twenty-five miles per hour. 20635
- (N) "Semitrailer" means every vehicle designed or used for 20636 carrying persons or property with another and separate motor 20637 vehicle so that in operation a part of its own weight or that of its load, or both, rests upon and is carried by another vehicle. 20639
- (0) "Pole trailer" means every trailer or semitrailer 20640 attached to the towing vehicle by means of a reach, pole, or by 20641 being boomed or otherwise secured to the towing vehicle, and 20642 ordinarily used for transporting long or irregular shaped loads 20643 such as poles, pipes, or structural members capable, generally, of 20644 sustaining themselves as beams between the supporting connections. 20645
- (P) "Railroad" means a carrier of persons or property operating upon rails placed principally on a private right-of-way.
- (Q) "Railroad train" means a steam engine or an electric or 20648 other motor, with or without cars coupled thereto, operated by a 20649 railroad.

(R) "Streetcar" means a car, other than a railroad train, for	20651
transporting persons or property, operated upon rails principally	20652
within a street or highway.	20653
(S) "Trackless trolley" means every car that collects its	20654
power from overhead electric trolley wires and that is not	20655
operated upon rails or tracks.	20656
(T) "Explosives" means any chemical compound or mechanical	20657
mixture that is intended for the purpose of producing an explosion	20658
that contains any oxidizing and combustible units or other	20659
ingredients in such proportions, quantities, or packing that an	20660
ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion, or by	20661
a detonator of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such	20662
a sudden generation of highly heated gases that the resultant	20663
gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on	20664
contiguous objects, or of destroying life or limb. Manufactured	20665
articles shall not be held to be explosives when the individual	20666
units contain explosives in such limited quantities, of such	20667
nature, or in such packing, that it is impossible to procure a	20668
simultaneous or a destructive explosion of such units, to the	20669
injury of life, limb, or property by fire, by friction, by	20670
concussion, by percussion, or by a detonator, such as fixed	20671
ammunition for small arms, firecrackers, or safety fuse matches.	20672
(U) "Flammable liquid" means any liquid that has a flash	20673
point of seventy degrees Fahrenheit, or less, as determined by a	20674
tagliabue or equivalent closed cup test device.	20675
(V) "Gross weight" means the weight of a vehicle plus the	20676
weight of any load thereon.	20677
(W) "Person" means every natural person, firm,	20678
co-partnership, association, or corporation.	20679

(X) "Pedestrian" means any natural person afoot.

(Y) "Driver or operator" means every person who drives or is	20681
in actual physical control of a vehicle, trackless trolley, or	20682
streetcar.	20683
(Z) "Police officer" means every officer authorized to direct	20684
or regulate traffic, or to make arrests for violations of traffic	20685
regulations.	20686
(AA) "Local authorities" means every county, municipal, and	20687
other local board or body having authority to adopt police	20688
regulations under the constitution and laws of this state.	20689
(BB) "Street" or "highway" means the entire width between the	20690
boundary lines of every way open to the use of the public as a	20691
thoroughfare for purposes of vehicular travel.	20692
(CC) "Controlled-access highway" means every street or	20693
highway in respect to which owners or occupants of abutting lands	20694
and other persons have no legal right of access to or from the	20695
same except at such points only and in such manner as may be	20696
determined by the public authority having jurisdiction over such	20697
street or highway.	20698
(DD) "Private road or driveway" means every way or place in	20699
private ownership used for vehicular travel by the owner and those	20700
having express or implied permission from the owner but not by	20701
other persons.	20702
(EE) "Roadway" means that portion of a highway improved,	20703
designed, or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, except the berm	20704
or shoulder. If a highway includes two or more separate roadways	20705
the term "roadway" means any such roadway separately but not all	20706
such roadways collectively.	20707
(FF) "Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the	20708
curb lines, or the lateral lines of a roadway, and the adjacent	20709

property lines, intended for the use of pedestrians.

(GG) "Laned highway" means a highway the roadway of which is	20711
divided into two or more clearly marked lanes for vehicular	20712
traffic.	20713
(HH) "Through highway" means every street or highway as	20714
provided in section 4511.65 of the Revised Code.	20715
(II) "State highway" means a highway under the jurisdiction	20716
of the department of transportation, outside the limits of	20717
municipal corporations, provided that the authority conferred upon	20718
the director of transportation in section 5511.01 of the Revised	20719
Code to erect state highway route markers and signs directing	20720
traffic shall not be modified by sections 4511.01 to 4511.79 and	20721
4511.99 of the Revised Code.	20722
(JJ) "State route" means every highway that is designated	20723
with an official state route number and so marked.	20724
(KK) "Intersection" means:	20725
(1) The area embraced within the prolongation or connection	20726
of the lateral curb lines, or, if none, then the lateral boundary	20727
lines of the roadways of two highways which join one another at,	20728
or approximately at, right angles, or the area within which	20729
vehicles traveling upon different highways joining at any other	20730
angle may come in conflict.	20731
(2) Where a highway includes two roadways thirty feet or more	20732
apart, then every crossing of each roadway of such divided highway	20733
by an intersecting highway shall be regarded as a separate	20734
intersection. If an intersecting highway also includes two	20735
roadways thirty feet or more apart, then every crossing of two	20736
roadways of such highways shall be regarded as a separate	20737
intersection.	20738
(3) The junction of an alley with a street or highway, or	20739
with another alley, shall not constitute an intersection.	20740

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20770

(LL) "Crosswalk" means:	20741
(1) That part of a roadway at intersections ordinarily	20742
included within the real or projected prolongation of property	20743
lines and curb lines or, in the absence of curbs, the edges of the	20744
traversable roadway;	20745
(2) Any portion of a roadway at an intersection or elsewhere,	20746
distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines or other	20747
markings on the surface;	20748
(3) Notwithstanding divisions (LL)(1) and (2) of this	20749
section, there shall not be a crosswalk where local authorities	20750
have placed signs indicating no crossing.	20751
(MM) "Safety zone" means the area or space officially set	20752
apart within a roadway for the exclusive use of pedestrians and	20753
protected or marked or indicated by adequate signs as to be	20754
plainly visible at all times.	20755
(NN) "Business district" means the territory fronting upon a	20756
street or highway, including the street or highway, between	20757
successive intersections within municipal corporations where fifty	20758
per cent or more of the frontage between such successive	20759
intersections is occupied by buildings in use for business, or	20760
within or outside municipal corporations where fifty per cent or	20761
more of the frontage for a distance of three hundred feet or more	20762
is occupied by buildings in use for business, and the character of	20763
such territory is indicated by official traffic control devices.	20764
(00) "Residence district" means the territory, not comprising	20765
a business district, fronting on a street or highway, including	20766
the street or highway, where, for a distance of three hundred feet	20767
or more, the frontage is improved with residences or residences	20768
and buildings in use for business.	20769

(PP) "Urban district" means the territory contiguous to and

As reported by the riouse orininal sustice committee	
including any street or highway which is built up with structures	20771
devoted to business, industry, or dwelling houses situated at	20772
intervals of less than one hundred feet for a distance of a	20773
quarter of a mile or more, and the character of such territory is	20774
indicated by official traffic control devices.	20775
(QQ) "Traffic control devices" means all flaggers, signs,	20776
signals, markings, and devices placed or erected by authority of a	20777
public body or official having jurisdiction, for the purpose of	20778
regulating, warning, or guiding traffic, including signs denoting	20779
names of streets and highways.	20780
(RR) "Traffic control signal" means any device, whether	20781
manually, electrically, or mechanically operated, by which traffic	20782
is alternately directed to stop, to proceed, to change direction,	20783
or not to change direction.	20784
(SS) "Railroad sign or signal" means any sign, signal, or	20785
device erected by authority of a public body or official or by a	20786
railroad and intended to give notice of the presence of railroad	20787
tracks or the approach of a railroad train.	20788
(TT) "Traffic" means pedestrians, ridden or herded animals,	20789
vehicles, streetcars, trackless trolleys, and other devices,	20790
either singly or together, while using any highway for purposes of	20791
travel.	20792
(UU) "Right-of-way" means either of the following, as the	20793
context requires:	20794
(1) The right of a vehicle, streetcar, trackless trolley, or	20795
pedestrian to proceed uninterruptedly in a lawful manner in the	20796
direction in which it or the individual is moving in preference to	20797
another vehicle, streetcar, trackless trolley, or pedestrian	20798
approaching from a different direction into its or the	20799
<pre>individual's path;</pre>	20800

(2) A general term denoting land, property, or the interest 20801

therein, usually in the configuration of a strip, acquired for or	20802
devoted to transportation purposes. When used in this context,	20803
right-of-way includes the roadway, shoulders or berm, ditch, and	20804
slopes extending to the right-of-way limits under the control of	20805
the state or local authority.	20806
(VV) "Rural mail delivery vehicle" means every vehicle used	20807
to deliver United States mail on a rural mail delivery route.	20808
(WW) "Funeral escort vehicle" means any motor vehicle,	20809
including a funeral hearse, while used to facilitate the movement	20810
of a funeral procession.	20811
(XX) "Alley" means a street or highway intended to provide	20812
access to the rear or side of lots or buildings in urban districts	20813
and not intended for the purpose of through vehicular traffic, and	20814
includes any street or highway that has been declared an "alley"	20815
by the legislative authority of the municipal corporation in which	20816
such street or highway is located.	20817
(YY) "Freeway" means a divided multi-lane highway for through	20818
traffic with all crossroads separated in grade and with full	20819
control of access.	20820
(ZZ) "Expressway" means a divided arterial highway for	20821
through traffic with full or partial control of access with an	20822
excess of fifty per cent of all crossroads separated in grade.	20823
(AAA) "Thruway" means a through highway whose entire roadway	20824
is reserved for through traffic and on which roadway parking is	20825
prohibited.	20826
(BBB) "Stop intersection" means any intersection at one or	20827
more entrances of which stop signs are erected.	20828
(CCC) "Arterial street" means any United States or state	20829
numbered route, controlled access highway, or other major radial	20830
or circumferential street or highway designated by local	20831

authorities within their respective jurisdictions as part of a	20832
major arterial system of streets or highways.	20833
(DDD) "Ridesharing arrangement" means the transportation of	20834
persons in a motor vehicle where such transportation is incidental	20835
to another purpose of a volunteer driver and includes ridesharing	20836
arrangements known as carpools, vanpools, and buspools.	20837
(EEE) "Motorized wheelchair" means any self-propelled vehicle	20838
designed for, and used by, a handicapped person and that is	20839
incapable of a speed in excess of eight miles per hour.	20840
(FFF) "Child day-care center" and "type A family day-care	20841
home" have the same meanings as in section 5104.01 of the Revised	20842
Code.	20843
(GGG) "Multi-wheel agricultural tractor" means a type of	20844
agricultural tractor that has two or more wheels or tires on each	20845
side of one axle at the rear of the tractor, is designed or used	20846
for drawing other vehicles or wheeled machinery, has no provision	20847
for carrying loads independently of the drawn vehicles or	20848
machinery, and is used principally for agricultural purposes.	20849
(HHH) "Operate" means to cause or have caused movement of a	20850
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley on any public or private	20851
property used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or	20852
parking.	20853
(III) "Predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense" means any	20854
of the following:	20855
(1) A violation of section 4511.03, 4511.051, 4511.12,	20856
4511.132, 4511.16, 4511.20, 4511.201, 4511.21, 4511.211, 4511.213,	20857
4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25, 4511.26, 4511.27, 4511.28, 4511.29,	20858
4511.30, 4511.31, 4511.32, 4511.33, 4511.34, 4511.35, 4511.36,	20859
4511.37, 4511.38, 4511.39, 4511.40, 4511.41, 4511.42, 4511.43,	20860
4511.431, 4511.432, 4511.44, 4511.441, 4511.451, 4511.452,	20861
4511.46, 4511.47, 4511.48, 4511.481, 4511.49, 4511.50, 4511.511,	20862

sec. 4511.051. (A) No person, unless otherwise directed by a
police officer, shall:
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section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.

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$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ As a pedestrian, occupy any space within the limits of	20893
the right-of-way of a freeway, except: in a rest area; on a	20894
facility that is separated from the roadway and shoulders of the	20895
freeway and is designed and appropriately marked for pedestrian	20896
use; in the performance of public works or official duties; as a	20897
result of an emergency caused by an accident or breakdown of a	20898
motor vehicle; or to obtain assistance;	20899
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ Occupy any space within the limits of the right-of-way	20900
of a freeway, with: an animal-drawn vehicle; a ridden or led	20901
animal; herded animals; a pushcart; a bicycle, except on a	20902
facility that is separated from the roadway and shoulders of the	20903
freeway and is designed and appropriately marked for bicycle use;	20904
a bicycle with motor attached; a motor driven cycle with a motor	20905
which produces not to exceed five brake horsepower; an	20906
agricultural tractor; farm machinery; except in the performance of	20907
public works or official duties.	20908
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	20909
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	20910
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	20911
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	20912
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	20913
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	20914
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	20915

sec. 4511.11. (A) Local authorities in their respective 20918 jurisdictions shall place and maintain traffic control devices in 20919 accordance with the department of transportation manual and 20920 specifications for a uniform system of traffic control devices, 20921 adopted under section 4511.09 of the Revised Code, upon highways 20922 under their jurisdiction as are necessary to indicate and to carry 20923

predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this

section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.

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out sections 4511.01 to 4511.76 and 4511.99 of the Revised Code,	20924
local traffic ordinances, or to regulate, warn, or guide traffic.	20925
(B) The director of transportation may require to be removed	20926
any traffic control device that does not conform to the manual and	20927
specifications for a uniform system of traffic control devices on	20928
the extensions of the state highway system within municipal	20929
corporations.	20930
(C) No village shall place or maintain any traffic control	20931
signal upon an extension of the state highway system within the	20932
village without first obtaining the permission of the director.	20933
The director may revoke the permission and may require to be	20934
removed any traffic control signal that has been erected without	20935
his the director's permission on an extension of a state highway	20936
within a village, or that, if erected under a permit granted by	20937
the director, does not conform to the state manual and	20938
specifications, or that is not operated in accordance with the	20939
terms of the permit.	20940
(D) All traffic control devices erected on a public road,	20941
street, or alley, shall conform to the state manual and	20942
specifications.	20943
(E) No person, firm, or corporation shall sell or offer for	20944
sale to local authorities any traffic control device that does not	20945
conform to the state manual and specifications, except by	20946
permission of the director.	20947
(F) No local authority shall purchase or manufacture any	20948
traffic control device that does not conform to the state manual	20949
and specifications, except by permission of the director.	20950
(G) Whoever violates division (E) of this section is guilty	20951
of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	20952

Sec. 4511.12. (A) No pedestrian, driver of a vehicle, or 20953

operator of a streetcar or trackless trolley shall disobey the	20954
instructions of any traffic control device placed in accordance	20955
with this chapter, unless at the time otherwise directed by a	20956
police officer.	20957

No provision of this chapter for which signs are required 20958 shall be enforced against an alleged violator if at the time and 20959 place of the alleged violation an official sign is not in proper 20960 position and sufficiently legible to be seen by an ordinarily 20961 observant person. Whenever a particular section of this chapter 20962 does not state that signs are required, that section shall be 20963 effective even though no signs are erected or in place. 20964

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 20965 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within 20966 one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 20967 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 20968 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 20969 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 20970 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more 20971 predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this 20972 section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 20973

Sec. 4511.132. (A) The driver of a vehicle, streetcar, or
trackless trolley who approaches an intersection where traffic is
controlled by traffic control signals shall do all of the
following, if the signal facing him the driver either exhibits no
colored lights or colored lighted arrows or exhibits a combination
of such lights or arrows that fails to clearly indicate the
assignment of right-of-way:

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(A)(1) Stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if none, stop 20981 before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the 20982 intersection, or, if none, stop before entering the intersection; 20983 (B)(2) Yield the right-of-way to all vehicles, streetcars, or 20984

trackless trolleys in the intersection or approaching on an	20985
intersecting road, if the vehicles, streetcars, or trackless	20986
trolleys will constitute an immediate hazard during the time the	20987
driver is moving across or within the intersection or junction of	20988
roadways;	20989

 $\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ Exercise ordinary care while proceeding through the 20990 intersection.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 20992 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within 20993 one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 20994 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 20995 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 20996 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 20997 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more 20998 predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this 20999 section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 21000

Sec. 4511.16. (A) No person shall place, maintain, or display 21001 upon or in view of any highway any unauthorized sign, signal, 21002 marking, or device which purports to be, is an imitation of, or 21003 resembles a traffic control device or railroad sign or signal, or 21004 which attempts to direct the movement of traffic or hides from 21005 view or interferes with the effectiveness of any traffic control 21006 device or any railroad sign or signal, and no person shall place 21007 or maintain, nor shall any public authority permit, upon any 21008 highway any traffic sign or signal bearing thereon any commercial 21009 advertising. This section does not prohibit either the erection 21010 upon private property adjacent to highways of signs giving useful 21011 directional information and of a type that cannot be mistaken for 21012 traffic control devices or the erection upon private property of 21013 traffic control devices by the owner of real property in 21014 accordance with sections 4511.211 and 4511.432 of the Revised 21015

The respondence by the results of th	
or (3) of this section creates a risk of physical harm to any	21046
person, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first	21047
degree. If a violation of division (A)(1) or (3) of this section	21048
causes serious physical harm to property that is owned, leased, or	21049
controlled by a state or local authority, the offender is guilty	21050
of a felony of the fifth degree.	21051
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	21052
violates division (A)(2) of this section is quilty of a minor	21053
misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender	21054
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	21055
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates	21056
division (A)(2) of this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the	21057
fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender	21058
previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor	21059
vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates division (A)(2) of	21060
this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	21061
Sec. 4511.18. (A) As used in this section, "traffic control	21062
device" means any sign, traffic control signal, or other device	21063
conforming to and placed or erected in accordance with the manual	21064
adopted under section 4511.09 of the Revised Code by authority of	21065
a public body or official having jurisdiction, for the purpose of	21066
regulating, warning, or guiding traffic, including signs denoting	21067
the names of streets and highways, but does not mean any pavement	21068
marking.	21069
(B) No individual shall buy or otherwise possess, or sell, a	21070
traffic control device, except when one of the following applies:	21071
(1) In the course of $\frac{1}{2}$ the individual's employment by the	21072
state or a local authority for the express or implied purpose of	21073
manufacturing, providing, erecting, moving, or removing such a	21074
traffic control device;	21075

(2) In the course of his the individual's employment by any

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manufacturer of traffic control devices other than a state or	21077
local authority;	21078
(3) For the purpose of demonstrating the design and function	21079
of a traffic control device to state or local officials;	21080
(4) When the traffic control device has been purchased from	21081
the state or a local authority at a sale of property that is no	21082
longer needed or is unfit for use;	21083
(5) The traffic control device has been properly purchased	21084
from a manufacturer for use on private property and the person	21085
possessing the device has a sales receipt for the device or other	21086
acknowledgment of sale issued by the manufacturer.	21087
(C) This section does not preclude, and shall not be	21088
construed as precluding, prosecution for theft in violation of	21089
section 2913.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance	21090
relating to theft, or for receiving stolen property in violation	21091
of section 2913.51 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance	21092
relating to receiving stolen property.	21093
(D) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	21094
of the third degree.	21095
Sec. 4511.181. As used in sections 4511.181 to 4511.197 of	21096
the Revised Code:	21090
(A) "Equivalent offense" means any of the following:	21098
(1) A violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of	21099
the Revised Code;	21100
(2) A violation of a municipal OVI ordinance;	21101
(3) A violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a	21102
case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described	21103
in division (D) of that section;	21104
(4) A violation of division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or	21105

the time of the alleged violation.

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may be charged with a violation of division	(A)(1) and a violation 23	1197
of division $(B)(1)$, (2) , or (3) of this sec	etion, but the person 23	1198
may not be convicted of more than one viola	tion of these 23	1199
divisions.	23	1200
(D)(1) In any criminal prosecution or	juvenile court 23	1201
proceeding for a violation of this section-	- of a municipal 23	1202
ordinance relating to operating a vehicle w	while under the 23	1203
influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a	ilcohol and a drug of 23	1204
abuse, or of a municipal ordinance relating	to operating a vehicle 23	1205
with a prohibited concentration of alcohol	in the blood, breath, 23	1206
or urine or for an equivalent offense, the	court may admit 23	1207
evidence on the concentration of alcohol, of	lrugs of abuse, or 23	1208
alcohol and drugs of abuse a combination of	them in the 23	1209
defendant's whole blood, blood serum or pla	sma, breath, urine, or 23	1210
other bodily substance at the time of the a	alleged violation as 23	1211
shown by chemical analysis of the defendant	's blood, urine, 21	1212

When a person submits to a blood test at the request of a 21215 police law enforcement officer under section 4511.191 of the 21216 Revised Code, only a physician, a registered nurse, or a qualified 21217 technician ex, chemist, or phlebotomist shall withdraw blood for 21218 the purpose of determining its the alcohol, drug, or alcohol and 21219 drug content of the whole blood, blood serum, or blood plasma. 21220 This limitation does not apply to the taking of breath or urine 21221 specimens. A physician, a registered nurse, or a qualified 21222 technician or chemist person authorized to withdraw blood under 21223 this division may refuse to withdraw blood for the purpose of 21224 determining the alcohol, drug, or alcohol and drug content of the 21225 blood under this division, if in the that person's opinion of the 21226 physician, nurse, technician, or chemist, the physical welfare of 21227 the person would be endangered by the withdrawing of blood. 21228

breath, or other bodily substance withdrawn within two hours of

of the chemical test analysis.

Such The bodily substance withdrawn shall be analyzed in	21229
accordance with methods approved by the director of health by an	21230
individual possessing a valid permit issued by the director $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$	21231
health pursuant to section 3701.143 of the Revised Code.	21232
(2) In a criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding	21233
for a violation of division (A) of this section, of a municipal	21234
ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the	21235
influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of	21236
abuse, or of a municipal ordinance substantially equivalent to	21237
division (A) of this section relating to operating a vehicle with	21238
a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or	21239
urine or for an equivalent offense, if there was at the time the	21240
bodily substance was withdrawn a concentration of less than	21241
ten-hundredths of one per cent by weight of alcohol in the	21242
defendant's blood, less than ten hundredths of one gram by weight	21243
of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of the defendant's breath,	21244
or less than fourteen-hundredths of one gram by weight of alcohol	21245
per one hundred milliliters of the defendant's urine, such the	21246
applicable concentration of alcohol specified in divisions (A)(2),	21247
(3), (4), and (5) of this section, that fact may be considered	21248
with other competent evidence in determining the guilt or	21249
innocence of the defendant. This division does not limit or affect	21250
a criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding for a	21251
violation of division (B) of this section or of a municipal	21252
ordinance for an equivalent offense that is substantially	21253
equivalent to that division (B) of this section relating to	21254
operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in	21255
the blood, breath, or urine.	21256
(3) Upon the request of the person who was tested, the	21257
results of the chemical test shall be made available to the person	21258
or the person's attorney or agent, immediately upon the completion	21259

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The person tested may have a physician, a registered nurse,	21261
or a qualified technician or chemist, or phlebotomist of the	21262
person's own choosing administer a chemical test or tests, at the	21263
person's expense, in addition to any administered at the request	21264
of a police <u>law enforcement</u> officer , and shall be so advised . <u>The</u>	21265
form to be read to the person to be tested, as required under	21266
section 4511.192 of the Revised Code, shall state that the person	21267
may have an independent test performed at the person's expense.	21268
The failure or inability to obtain an additional chemical test by	21269
a person shall not preclude the admission of evidence relating to	21270
the chemical test or tests taken at the request of a police law	21271
enforcement officer.	21272
(4) Any (E)(1) Subject to division (E)(3) of this section, in	21273
any criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding for a	21274
violation of division (A)(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), or (9)	21275
or (B)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section or for an equivalent	21276
offense that is substantially equivalent to any of those	21277
divisions, a laboratory report from any forensic laboratory	21278
certified by the department of health that contains an analysis of	21279
the whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, urine, or other	21280
bodily substance tested and that contains all of the information	21281
specified in this division shall be admitted as prima-facie	21282
evidence of the information and statements that the report	21283
contains. The laboratory report shall contain all of the	21284
<pre>following:</pre>	21285
(a) The signature, under oath, of any person who performed	21286
the analysis;	21287
(b) Any findings as to the identity and quantity of alcohol,	21288
a drug of abuse, or a combination of them that was found;	21289
(c) A copy of a notarized statement by the laboratory	21290
director or a designee of the director that contains the name of	21291

each certified analyst or test performer involved with the report,	21292
the analyst's or test performer's employment relationship with the	21293
laboratory that issued the report, and a notation that performing	21294
an analysis of the type involved is part of the analyst's or test	21295
performer's regular duties;	21296
(d) An outline of the analyst's or test performer's	21297
education, training, and experience in performing the type of	21298
analysis involved and a certification that the laboratory	21299
satisfies appropriate quality control standards in general and, in	21300
this particular analysis, under rules of the department of health.	21301
(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the	21302
admission of evidence, a report of the type described in division	21303
(E)(1) of this section is not admissible against the defendant to	21304
whom it pertains in any proceeding, other than a preliminary	21305
hearing or a grand jury proceeding, unless the prosecutor has	21306
served a copy of the report on the defendant's attorney or, if the	21307
defendant has no attorney, on the defendant.	21308
(3) A report of the type described in division (E)(1) of this	21309
section shall not be prima-facie evidence of the contents,	21310
identity, or amount of any substance if, within seven days after	21311
the defendant to whom the report pertains or the defendant's	21312
attorney receives a copy of the report, the defendant or the	21313
defendant's attorney demands the testimony of the person who	21314
signed the report. The judge in the case may extend the seven-day	21315
time limit in the interest of justice.	21316
(F) Except as otherwise provided in this division, any	21317
physician, registered nurse, or qualified technician or chemist,	21318
or phlebotomist who withdraws blood from a person pursuant to this	21319
section, and any hospital, first-aid station, or clinic at which	21320
blood is withdrawn from a person pursuant to this section, is	21321
immune from criminal liability, and from civil liability that is	21322
based upon a claim of assault and battery or based upon any other	21323

claim that is not in the nature of a claim of malpractice, for any	21324
act performed in withdrawing blood from the person. The immunity	21325
provided in this division is not available to a person who	21326
withdraws blood if the person engages in willful or wanton	21327
misconduct.	21328
(G)(1) Whoever violates any provision of divisions (A)(1) to	21329
(9) of this section is guilty of operating a vehicle under the	21330
influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination of them.	21331
The court shall sentence the offender under Chapter 2929. of the	21332
Revised Code, except as otherwise authorized or required by	21333
divisions (G)(1)(a) to (e) of this section:	21334
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(1)(b), (c),	21335
(d), or (e) of this section, the offender is guilty of a	21336
misdemeanor of the first degree, and the court shall sentence the	21337
offender to all of the following:	21338
(i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	21339
division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section, a	21340
mandatory jail term of three consecutive days. As used in this	21341
division, three consecutive days means seventy-two consecutive	21342
hours. The court may sentence an offender to both an intervention	21343
program and a jail term. The court may impose a jail term in	21344
addition to the three-day mandatory jail term or intervention	21345
program. However, in no case shall the cumulative jail term	21346
imposed for the offense exceed six months.	21347
The court may suspend the execution of the three-day jail	21348
term under this division if the court, in lieu of that suspended	21349
term, places the offender on probation and requires the offender	21350
to attend, for three consecutive days, a drivers' intervention	21351
program certified under section 3793.10 of the Revised Code. The	21352
court also may suspend the execution of any part of the three-day	21353
jail term under this division if it places the offender on	21354
probation for part of the three days, requires the offender to	21355

attend for the suspended part of the term a drivers' intervention	21356
program so certified, and sentences the offender to a jail term	21357
equal to the remainder of the three consecutive days that the	21358
offender does not spend attending the program. The court may	21359
require the offender, as a condition of probation and in addition	21360
to the required attendance at a drivers' intervention program, to	21361
attend and satisfactorily complete any treatment or education	21362
programs that comply with the minimum standards adopted pursuant	21363
to Chapter 3793. of the Revised Code by the director of alcohol	21364
and drug addiction services that the operators of the drivers'	21365
intervention program determine that the offender should attend and	21366
to report periodically to the court on the offender's progress in	21367
the programs. The court also may impose on the offender any other	21368
conditions of probation that it considers necessary.	21369
(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	21370
division (A)(6), (7), (8), or (9) of this section, except as	21371
otherwise provided in this division, a mandatory jail term of at	21372
least three consecutive days and a requirement that the offender	21373
attend, for three consecutive days, a drivers' intervention	21374
program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 of the	21375
Revised Code. As used in this division, three consecutive days	21376
means seventy-two consecutive hours. If the court determines that	21377
the offender is not conducive to treatment in a drivers'	21378
intervention program, if the offender refuses to attend a drivers'	21379
intervention program, or if the jail at which the offender is to	21380
serve the jail term imposed can provide a driver's intervention	21381
program, the court shall sentence the offender to a mandatory jail	21382
term of at least six consecutive days.	21383
The court may require the offender, as a condition of	21384
probation, to attend and satisfactorily complete any treatment or	21385
education programs that comply with the minimum standards adopted	21386
pursuant to Chapter 3793. of the Revised Code by the director of	21387

alcohol and drug addiction services, in addition to the required	21388
attendance at drivers' intervention program, that the operators of	21389
the drivers' intervention program determine that the offender	21390
should attend and to report periodically to the court on the	21391
offender's progress in the programs. The court also may impose any	21392
other conditions of probation on the offender that it considers	21393
necessary.	21394
(iii) In all cases, a fine of not less than two hundred fifty	21395
and not more than one thousand dollars;	21396
(iv) In all cases, a class five license suspension of the	21397
offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	21398
nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in	21399
division (A)(5) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court	21400
may grant limited driving privileges relative to the suspension	21401
under sections 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code.	21402
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(1)(e) of	21403
this section, an offender who, within six years of the offense,	21404
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	21405
violation of division (A) or (B) of this section or one other	21406
equivalent offense is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	21407
The court shall sentence the offender to all of the following:	21408
(i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	21409
division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section, a	21410
mandatory jail term of ten consecutive days. The court shall	21411
impose the ten-day mandatory jail term under this division unless,	21412
subject to division (G)(3) of this section, it instead imposes a	21413
sentence under that division consisting of both a jail term and a	21414
term of electronically monitored house arrest. The court may	21415
impose a jail term in addition to the ten-day mandatory jail term.	21416
The cumulative jail term imposed for the offense shall not exceed	21417
six months.	21418

In addition to the jail term or the term of electronically	21419
monitored house arrest and jail term, the court may require the	21420
offender to attend a drivers' intervention program that is	21421
certified pursuant to section 3793.10 of the Revised Code. If the	21422
operator of the program determines that the offender is alcohol	21423
dependent, the program shall notify the court, and, subject to	21424
division (I) of this section, the court shall order the offender	21425
to obtain treatment through an alcohol and drug addiction program	21426
authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised Code.	21427
(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	21428
division (A)(6), (7), (8), or (9) of this section, except as	21429
otherwise provided in this division, a mandatory jail term of	21430
twenty consecutive days. The court shall impose the twenty-day	21431
mandatory jail term under this division unless, subject to	21432
division (G)(3) of this section, it instead imposes a sentence	21433
under that division consisting of both a jail term and a term of	21434
electronically monitored house arrest. The court may impose a jail	21435
term in addition to the twenty-day mandatory jail term. The	21436
cumulative jail term imposed for the offense shall not exceed six	21437
months.	21438
In addition to the jail term or the term of electronically	21439
monitored house arrest and jail term, the court may require the	21440
offender to attend a driver's intervention program that is	21441
certified pursuant to section 3793.10 of the Revised Code. If the	21442
operator of the program determines that the offender is alcohol	21443
dependent, the program shall notify the court, and, subject to	21444
division (I) of this section, the court shall order the offender	21445
to obtain treatment through an alcohol and drug addiction program	21446
authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised Code.	21447
(iii) In all cases, notwithstanding the fines set forth in	21448
Chapter 2929. of the Revised Code, a fine of not less than three	21449
hundred fifty and not more than one thousand five hundred dollars;	21450

(iv) In all cases, a class four license suspension of the	21451
offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	21452
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident	21453
operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(4) of	21454
section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited	21455
driving privileges relative to the suspension under sections	21456
4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code.	21457
(v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the	21458
offender's name, immobilization of the vehicle involved in the	21459
offense for ninety days in accordance with section 4503.233 of the	21460
Revised Code and impoundment of the license plates of that vehicle	21461
for ninety days.	21462
(c) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(1)(e) of	21463
this section, an offender who, within six years of the offense,	21464
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two	21465
violations of division (A) or (B) of this section or other	21466
equivalent offenses is guilty of a misdemeanor. The court shall	21467
sentence the offender to all of the following:	21468
(i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	21469
division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section, a	21470
mandatory jail term of thirty consecutive days. The court shall	21471
impose the thirty-day mandatory jail term under this division	21472
unless, subject to division (G)(3) of this section, it instead	21473
imposes a sentence under that division consisting of both a jail	21474
term and a term of electronically monitored house arrest. The	21475
court may impose a jail term in addition to the thirty-day	21476
mandatory jail term. Notwithstanding the terms of imprisonment set	21477
forth in Chapter 2929. of the Revised Code, the additional jail	21478
term shall not exceed one year, and the cumulative jail term	21479
imposed for the offense shall not exceed one year.	21480
(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	21481

division (A)(6), (7), (8), or (9) of this section, a mandatory	21482
jail term of sixty consecutive days. The court shall impose the	21483
sixty-day mandatory jail term under this division unless, subject	21484
to division (G)(3) of this section, it instead imposes a sentence	21485
under that division consisting of both a jail term and a term of	21486
electronically monitored house arrest. The court may impose a jail	21487
term in addition to the sixty-day mandatory jail term.	21488
Notwithstanding the terms of imprisonment set forth in Chapter	21489
2929. of the Revised Code, the additional jail term shall not	21490
exceed one year, and the cumulative jail term imposed for the	21491
offense shall not exceed one year.	21492
(iii) In all cases, notwithstanding the fines set forth in	21493
Chapter 2929. of the Revised Code, a fine of not less than five	21494
hundred fifty and not more than two thousand five hundred dollars;	21495
(iv) In all cases, a class three license suspension of the	21496
offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	21497
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident	21498
operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(3) of	21499
section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited	21500
driving privileges relative to the suspension under sections	21501
4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code.	21502
(v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the	21503
offender's name, criminal forfeiture of the vehicle involved in	21504
the offense in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised	21505
Code. Division (G)(6) of this section applies regarding any	21506
vehicle that is subject to an order of criminal forfeiture under	21507
this division.	21508
(vi) In all cases, participation in an alcohol and drug	21509
addiction program authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised	21510
Code, subject to division (I) of this section.	21511
(d) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(1)(e) of	21512

this section, an offender who, within six years of the offense,	21513
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or	21514
more violations of division (A) or (B) of this section or other	21515
equivalent offenses is guilty of a felony of the fourth degree.	21516
The court shall sentence the offender to all of the following:	21517
(i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	21518
division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section, in the	21519
discretion of the court, either a mandatory term of local	21520
incarceration of sixty consecutive days in accordance with	21521
division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code or a	21522
mandatory prison term of sixty consecutive days of imprisonment in	21523
accordance with division (G)(2) of that section. If the court	21524
imposes a mandatory term of local incarceration, it may impose a	21525
jail term in addition to the sixty-day mandatory term, the	21526
cumulative total of the mandatory term and the jail term for the	21527
offense shall not exceed one year, and no prison term is	21528
authorized for the offense. If the court imposes a mandatory	21529
prison term, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of section 2929.14 of	21530
the Revised Code, it also may sentence the offender to a definite	21531
prison term that shall be not less than six months and not more	21532
than thirty months, the prison terms shall be imposed as described	21533
in division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, and no	21534
term of local incarceration, community residential sanction, or	21535
nonresidential sanction is authorized for the offense.	21536
(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	21537
division (A)(6), (7), (8), or (9) of this section, in the	21538
discretion of the court, either a mandatory term of local	21539
incarceration of one hundred twenty consecutive days in accordance	21540
with division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code or a	21541
mandatory prison term of one hundred twenty consecutive days in	21542
accordance with division (G)(2) of that section. If the court	21543
imposes a mandatory term of local incarceration, it may impose a	21544

jail term in addition to the one hundred twenty-day mandatory	21545
term, the cumulative total of the mandatory term and the jail term	21546
for the offense shall not exceed one year, and no prison term is	21547
authorized for the offense. If the court imposes a mandatory	21548
prison term, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of section 2929.14 of	21549
the Revised Code, it also may sentence the offender to a definite	21550
prison term that shall be not less than six months and not more	21551
than thirty months, the prison terms shall be imposed as described	21552
in division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, and no	21553
term of local incarceration, community residential sanction, or	21554
nonresidential sanction is authorized for the offense.	21555
(iii) In all cases, notwithstanding section 2929.18 of the	21556
Revised Code, a fine of not less than eight hundred nor more than	21557
ten thousand dollars;	21558
(iv) In all cases, a class two license suspension of the	21559
offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	21560
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident	21561
operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(2) of	21562
section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited	21563
driving privileges relative to the suspension under sections	21564
4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code.	21565
(v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the	21566
offender's name, criminal forfeiture of the vehicle involved in	21567
the offense in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised	21568
Code. Division (G)(6) of this section applies regarding any	21569
vehicle that is subject to an order of criminal forfeiture under	21570
this division.	21571
(vi) In all cases, participation in an alcohol and drug	21572
addiction program authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised	21572
Code, subject to division (I) of this section.	21574
(vii) In all cases, if the court sentences the offender to a	21575

(iii) In all cases, notwithstanding section 2929.18 of the

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Revised Code, a fine of not less than eight hundred nor more than 21	L608
ten thousand dollars;	L609
(iv) In all cases, a class two license suspension of the	L610
offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	L611
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 21	L612
operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(2) of 21	L613
section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited 21	L614
driving privileges relative to the suspension under sections 21	L615
4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code. 21	L616
(v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the	L617
offender's name, criminal forfeiture of the vehicle involved in 21	L618
the offense in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised 21	L619
Code. Division (G)(6) of this section applies regarding any	L620
vehicle that is subject to an order of criminal forfeiture under 21	L621
this division.	L622
(vi) In all cases, participation in an alcohol and drug 21	L623
addiction program authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised 21	L624
Code, subject to division (I) of this section.	L625
(2) An offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 21	L626
violation of division (A) of this section and who subsequently 21	L627
seeks reinstatement of the driver's or occupational driver's	L628
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege suspended 21	L629
under this section as a result of the conviction or guilty plea 21	L630
shall pay a reinstatement fee as provided in division (F)(2) of 21	L631
section 4511.191 of the Revised Code.	L632
(3) If an offender is sentenced to a jail term under division 21	L633
(G)(1)(b)(i) or (ii) or (G)(1)(c)(i) or (ii) of this section and 21	L634
if, within sixty days of sentencing of the offender, the court 21	L635
issues a written finding on the record that, due to the	L636
unavailability of space at the jail where the offender is required 21	L637
to serve the term, the offender will not be able to begin serving 21	L638

consecutive days required by division (G)(1)(c)(ii) of this	21671
section, the court, under this division, may sentence the offender	21672
to thirty consecutive days in jail and not less than one hundred	21673
ten consecutive days of electronically monitored house arrest. The	21674
cumulative total of the thirty consecutive days in jail and the	21675
period of electronically monitored house arrest shall not exceed	21676
one year. The thirty consecutive days in jail do not have to be	21677
served prior to or consecutively to the period of house arrest.	21678
(4) If an offender's driver's or occupational driver's	21679
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege is suspended	21680
under division (G) of this section and if section 4510.13 of the	21681
Revised Code permits the court to grant limited driving	21682
privileges, the court may grant the limited driving privileges	21683
only if the court imposes as one of the conditions of the	21684
privileges that the offender must display on the vehicle that is	21685
driven subject to the privileges restricted license plates that	21686
are issued under section 4503.231 of the Revised Code, except as	21687
provided in division (B) of that section.	21688
(5) Fines imposed under this section for a violation of	21689
division (A) of this section shall be distributed as follows:	21690
(a) Twenty-five dollars of the fine imposed under division	21691
(G)(1)(a)(iii), thirty-five dollars of the fine imposed under	21692
division (G)(1)(b)(iii), one hundred twenty-three dollars of the	21693
fine imposed under division (G)(1)(c)(iii), and two hundred ten	21694
dollars of the fine imposed under division (G)(1)(d)(iii) or	21695
(e)(iii) of this section shall be paid to an enforcement and	21696
education fund established by the legislative authority of the law	21697
enforcement agency in this state that primarily was responsible	21698
for the arrest of the offender, as determined by the court that	21699
imposes the fine. The agency shall use this share to pay only	21700
those costs it incurs in enforcing this section or a municipal OVI	21701
ordinance and in informing the public of the laws governing the	21702

operation of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, the	21703
dangers of the operation of a vehicle under the influence of	21704
alcohol, and other information relating to the operation of a	21705
vehicle under the influence of alcohol and the consumption of	21706
alcoholic beverages.	21707
(b) Fifty dollars of the fine imposed under division	21708
(G)(1)(a)(iii) of this section shall be paid to the political	21709
subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender during the	21710
offender's term of incarceration. If the offender is being	21711
sentenced for a violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or	21712
(5) of this section and was confined as a result of the offense	21713
prior to being sentenced for the offense but is not sentenced to a	21714
term of incarceration, the fifty dollars shall be paid to the	21715
political subdivision that paid the cost of housing the offender	21716
during that period of confinement. The political subdivision shall	21717
use the share under this division to pay or reimburse	21718
incarceration or treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing	21719
drug and alcohol treatment to persons who violate this section or	21720
a municipal OVI ordinance, costs of any immobilizing or disabling	21721
device used on the offender's vehicle, and costs of electronic	21722
house arrest equipment needed for persons who violate this	21723
section.	21724
(c) Twenty-five dollars of the fine imposed under division	21725
(G)(1)(a)(iii) and fifty dollars of the fine imposed under	21726
division (G)(1)(b)(iii) of this section shall be deposited into	21727
the county or municipal indigent drivers' alcohol treatment fund	21728
under the control of that court, as created by the county or	21729
municipal corporation under division (N) of section 4511.191 of	21730
the Revised Code.	21731
(d) One hundred fifteen dollars of the fine imposed under	21732
division (G)(1)(b)(iii), two hundred seventy-seven dollars of the	21733
fine imposed under division (G)(1)(c)(iii), and four hundred forty	21734

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dollars of the fine imposed under division (G)(1)(d)(iii) or	21735
(e)(iii) of this section shall be paid to the political	21736
subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender during the	21737
offender's term of incarceration. The political subdivision shall	21738
use this share to pay or reimburse incarceration or treatment	21739
costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and alcohol treatment	21740
to persons who violate this section or a municipal OVI ordinance,	21741
costs for any immobilizing or disabling device used on the	21742
offender's vehicle, and costs of electronic house arrest equipment	21743
needed for persons who violate this section.	21744
(e) The balance of the fine imposed under division	21745
(G)(1)(a)(iii), (b)(iii), (c)(iii), (d)(iii), or (e)(iii) of this	21746
section shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law.	21747
(6) If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order	21748
of criminal forfeiture under division (G)(1)(c), (d), or (e) of	21749
this section is assigned or transferred and division (B)(2) or (3)	21750
of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or	21751
independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may	21752
fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by	21753
publications of the national auto dealers association. The	21754
proceeds of any fine so imposed shall be distributed in accordance	21755
with division (C)(2) of that section.	21756
(H) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is guilty	21757
of operating a vehicle after underage alcohol consumption and	21758
shall be punished as follows:	21759
(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(2) of this	21760
section, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth	21761
degree. In addition to any other sanction imposed for the offense,	21762
the court shall impose a class six suspension of the offender's	21763
driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary	21764
instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating	21765
privilege from the range specified in division (A)(6) of section	21766

(K) All terms defined in sections 4510.01 of the Revised Code

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of the suspension.

apply to this section. If the meaning of a term defined in section	21798
4510.01 of the Revised Code conflicts with the meaning of the same	21799
term as defined in section 4501.01 or 4511.01 of the Revised Code,	21800
the term as defined in section 4510.01 of the Revised Code applies	21801
to this section.	21802
(L)(1) The Ohio Traffic Rules in effect on the effective date	21803
of this amendment, as adopted by the supreme court under authority	21804
of section 2937.46 of the Revised Code, do not apply to felony	21805
violations of this section. Subject to division (L)(2) of this	21806
section, the Rules of Criminal Procedure apply to felony	21807
violations of this section.	21808
(2) If, on or after the effective date of this amendment, the	21809
supreme court modifies the Ohio Traffic Rules to provide	21810
procedures to govern felony violations of this section, the	21811
modified rules shall apply to felony violations of this section.	21812
Sec. 4511.191. (A)(1) "Physical control" has the same meaning	21813
as in section 4511.194 of the Revised Code.	21814
(2) Any person who operates a vehicle, streetcar, or	21815
trackless trolley upon a highway or any public or private property	21816
used by the public for vehicular travel or parking within this	21817
state or who is in physical control of a vehicle, streetcar, or	21818
trackless trolley shall be deemed to have given consent to a	21819
chemical test or tests of the person's whole blood, blood serum or	21820
plasma, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining to	21821
determine the alcohol, drug, or alcohol and drug content of the	21822
person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine if	21823
arrested for operating a vehicle while under the influence of	21824
alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse or for	21825
operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in	21826
the blood, breath, or urine. The a violation of division (A) or	21827
(B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, section 4511.194 of	21828

the Revised Code, or a municipal OVI ordinance.	21829
(3) The chemical test or tests under division (A)(2) of this	21830
section shall be administered at the request of a police law	21831
enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to believe the	21832
person to have been <u>was</u> operating <u>or in physical control of</u> a	21833
vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property used by	21834
the public for vehicular travel or parking in this state while	21835
under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a	21836
drug of abuse or with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the	21837
blood, breath, or urine, streetcar, or trackless trolley in	21838
violation of a division, section, or ordinance identified in	21839
division (A)(2) of this section. The law enforcement agency by	21840
which the officer is employed shall designate which of the tests	21841
shall be administered.	21842
$\frac{(B)(4)}{(B)}$ Any person who is dead or unconscious, or who is	21843
otherwise \underline{is} in a condition rendering the person incapable of	21844
refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn consent consented	21845
as provided $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$ in division (A)(2) of this section, and the test or	21846
tests may be administered, subject to sections 313.12 to 313.16 of	21847
the Revised Code.	21848
(C)(1) Any person under arrest for operating a vehicle while	21849
under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a	21850
drug of abuse or for operating a vehicle with a prohibited	21851
concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine shall be	21852
advised at a police station, or at a hospital, first-aid station,	21853
or clinic to which the person has been taken for first aid or	21854
medical treatment, of both of the following:	21855
(a) The consequences, as specified in division (E) of this	21856
section, of the person's refusal to submit upon request to a	21857
chemical test designated by the law enforcement agency as provided	21858
in division (A) of this section;	21859

(b) The consequences, as specified in division (F) of this	21860
section, of the person's submission to the designated chemical	21861
test if the person is found to have a prohibited concentration of	21862
alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine.	21863
(2)(a) The advice given pursuant to division (C)(1) of this	21864
section shall be in a written form containing the information	21865
described in division (C)(2)(b) of this section and shall be read	21866
to the person. The form shall contain a statement that the form	21867
was shown to the person under arrest and read to the person in the	21868
presence of the arresting officer and either another police	21869
officer, a civilian police employee, or an employee of a hospital,	21870
first-aid station, or clinic, if any, to which the person has been	21871
taken for first aid or medical treatment. The witnesses shall	21872
certify to this fact by signing the form.	21873
(b) The form required by division (C)(2)(a) of this section	21874
shall read as follows:	21875
"You now are under arrest for operating a vehicle while under	21876
the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or both alcohol and a	21877
drug of abuse and will be requested by a police officer to submit	21878
to a chemical test to determine the concentration of alcohol,	21879
drugs of abuse, or alcohol and drugs of abuse in your blood,	21880
breath, or urine.	21881
If you refuse to submit to the requested test or if you	21882
submit to the requested test and are found to have a prohibited	21883
concentration of alcohol in your blood, breath, or urine, your	21884
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident	21885
operating privilege immediately will be suspended for the period	21886
of time specified by law by the officer, on behalf of the	21887
registrar of motor vehicles. You may appeal this suspension at	21888
your initial appearance before the court that hears the charges	21889

7.6 Noperiou by the reason criminal eaches committee	
will be conducted no later than five days after the arrest. This	21891
suspension is independent of the penalties for the offense, and	21892
you may be subject to other penalties upon conviction."	21893
(D)(1) If a person under arrest as described in division	21894
(C)(1) of this section is not asked by a police officer to submit	21895
to a chemical test designated as provided in division (A) of this	21896
section, the arresting officer shall seize the Ohio or	21897
out of state driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of	21898
-	
the person and immediately forward the seized license or permit to	21899
the court in which the arrested person is to appear on the charge	21900
for which the person was arrested. If the arrested person does not	21901
have the person's driver's or commercial driver's license or	21902
permit on the person's self or in the person's vehicle, the	21903
arresting officer shall order the arrested person to surrender it	21904
to the law enforcement agency that employs the officer within	21905
twenty four hours after the arrest, and, upon the surrender, the	21906
officer's employing agency immediately shall forward the license	21907
or permit to the court in which the arrested person is to appear	21908
on the charge for which the person was arrested. Upon receipt of	21909
the license or permit, the court shall retain it pending the	21910
initial appearance of the arrested person and any action taken	21911
under section 4511.196 of the Revised Code.	21912
If a person under arrest as described in division (C)(1) of	21913
this section is asked by a police officer to submit to a chemical	21914
test designated as provided in division (A) of this section and is	21915
test designated as provided in division (A) of this section and is	∠⊥ソ⊥り

test designated as provided in division (A) of this section and is 21915 advised of the consequences of the person's refusal or submission 21916 as provided in division (C) of this section and if the person 21917 either refuses to submit to the designated chemical test or the 21918 person submits to the designated chemical test and the test 21919 results indicate that the person's blood contained a concentration 21920 of ten hundredths of one per cent or more by weight of alcohol, 21921 the person's breath contained a concentration of ten-hundredths of 21922

one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters	21923
of the person's breath, or the person's urine contained a	21924
concentration of fourteen-hundredths of one gram or more by weight	21925
of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of the person's urine at	21926
the time of the alleged offense, the arresting officer shall do	21927
all of the following:	21928
(a) On behalf of the registrar, serve a notice of suspension	21929
upon the person that advises the person that, independent of any	21930
penalties or sanctions imposed upon the person pursuant to any	21931
other section of the Revised Code or any other municipal	21932
ordinance, the person's driver's or commercial driver's license or	21933
permit or nonresident operating privilege is suspended, that the	21934
suspension takes effect immediately, that the suspension will last	21935
at least until the person's initial appearance on the charge that	21936
will be held within five days after the date of the person's	21937
arrest or the issuance of a citation to the person, and that the	21938
person may appeal the suspension at the initial appearance; seize	21939
the Ohio or out of state driver's or commercial driver's license	21940
or permit of the person; and immediately forward the seized	21941
license or permit to the registrar. If the arrested person does	21942
not have the person's driver's or commercial driver's license or	21943
permit on the person's self or in the person's vehicle, the	21944
arresting officer shall order the person to surrender it to the	21945
law enforcement agency that employs the officer within twenty-four	21946
hours after the service of the notice of suspension, and, upon the	21947
surrender, the officer's employing agency immediately shall	21948
forward the license or permit to the registrar.	21949
(b) Verify the current residence of the person and, if it	21950
differs from that on the person's driver's or commercial driver's	21951
license or permit, notify the registrar of the change;	21952
(a) In addition to forwarding the arrested paragraphs drivers	21052
(c) In addition to forwarding the arrested person's driver's	21953
or commercial driver's license or permit to the registrar, send to	21954

(v) That the officer served a notice of suspension upon the

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person as described in division (D)(1)(a) of this section.	21986
(2) The sworn report of an arresting officer completed under	21987
division (D)(1)(c) of this section shall be given by the officer	21988
to the arrested person at the time of the arrest or sent to the	21989
person by regular first class mail by the registrar as soon	21990
thereafter as possible, but no later than fourteen days after	21991
receipt of the report. An arresting officer may give an unsworn	21992
report to the arrested person at the time of the arrest provided	21993
the report is complete when given to the arrested person and	21994
subsequently is sworn to by the arresting officer. As soon as	21995
possible, but no later than forty-eight hours after the arrest of	21996
the person, the arresting officer shall send a copy of the sworn	21997
report to the court in which the arrested person is to appear on	21998
the charge for which the person was arrested.	21999
(3) The sworn report of an arresting officer completed and	22000
sent to the registrar and the court under divisions (D)(1)(c) and	22001
(D)(2) of this section is prima-facie proof of the information and	22002
statements that it contains and shall be admitted and considered	22003
as prima-facie proof of the information and statements that it	22004
contains in any appeal under division (H) of this section relative	22005
to any suspension of a person's driver's or commercial driver's	22006
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege that results	22007
from the arrest covered by the report.	22008
$\frac{(E)(B)}{(B)}$ (1) Upon receipt of the sworn report of an arresting a	22009
law enforcement officer who arrested a person for a violation of	22010
division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code,	22011
section 4511.194 of the Revised Code, or a municipal OVI ordinance	22012
that was completed and sent to the registrar and a court pursuant	22013
to $\frac{\text{divisions }(D)(1)(c)}{\text{and }(D)(2)}$ of this section $\frac{4511.192}{\text{of the}}$	22014
Revised Code in regard to a person who refused to take the	22015
designated chemical test, the registrar shall enter into the	22016
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registrar's records the fact that the person's driver's or

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commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating	22018
privilege was suspended by the arresting officer under division	22019
$\frac{(D)(1)(a)}{(D)(a)}$ this <u>division and that</u> section and the period of the	22020
suspension, as determined under $\frac{\text{divisions }(E)(1)(a)}{\text{to }(d)} = 0$ this	22021
section. The suspension shall be subject to appeal as provided in	22022
this section and 4511.197 of the Revised Code. The suspension	22023
shall be for whichever of the following periods applies:	22024

- (a) If the arrested person, within five years of the date on which the person refused the request to consent to the chemical 22026 test, had not refused a previous request to consent to a chemical 22027 test of the person's blood, breath, or urine to determine its 22028 alcohol content Except when division (B)(1)(b), (c), or (d) of this section applies and specifies a different class or length of 22030 suspension, the period of suspension shall be one year. If the 22031 person is a resident without a license or permit to operate a vehicle within this state, the registrar shall deny to the person 22033 the issuance of a driver's or commercial driver's license or permit for a period of one year after the date of the alleged violation a class C suspension for the period of time specified in 22036 division (B)(3) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 22037
- (b) If the arrested person, within five six years of the date 22038 on which the person refused the request to consent to the chemical 22039 test, had refused one previous request to consent to a chemical 22040 test of the person's blood, breath, or urine to determine its 22041 alcohol content, the period of suspension or denial shall be two 22042 years a class B suspension imposed for the period of time 22043 specified in division (B)(2) of section 4510.02 of the Revised 22044 Code. 22045
- (c) If the arrested person, within five six years of the date 22046 on which the person refused the request to consent to the chemical 22047 test, had refused two previous requests to consent to a chemical 22048 test of the person's blood, breath, or urine to determine its 22049

alcohol content, the period of suspension or denial shall be three	22050
years a class A suspension imposed for the period of time	22051
specified in division (B)(1) of section 4510.02 of the Revised	22052
Code.	22053
(d) If the arrested person, within $\frac{\text{five}}{\text{six}}$ years of the date	22054
on which the person refused the request to consent to the chemical	22055
test, had refused three or more previous requests to consent to a	22056
chemical test of the person's blood, breath, or urine to determine	22057
its alcohol content, the period of suspension or denial shall be	22058
<pre>for five years.</pre>	22059
(2) The suspension or denial imposed under division (E)(1) of	22060
this section shall continue for the entire one-year, two-year,	22061
three year, or five year period, subject to appeal as provided in	22062
this section and subject to termination as provided in division	22063
(K) of this section.	22064
(F)(2) The registrar shall terminate a suspension of the	22065
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of a resident or	22066
of the operating privilege of a nonresident, or a denial of a	22067
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit, imposed	22068
pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section upon receipt of notice	22069
that the person has entered a plea of guilty to, or has been	22070
convicted of, operating a vehicle in violation of section 4511.19	22071
of the Revised Code or in violation of a municipal OVI ordinance,	22072
if the offense for which the conviction is had or the plea is	22073
entered arose from the same incident that led to the suspension or	22074
denial.	22075
The registrar shall credit against any judicial suspension of	22076
a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	22077
nonresident operating privilege imposed pursuant to section	22078
4511.19 of the Revised Code, or pursuant to section 4510.07 of the	22079
Revised Code for a violation of a municipal OVI ordinance, any	22080
time during which the person serves a related suspension imposed	22081

pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section.	22082
(C)(1) Upon receipt of the sworn report of an arresting law	22083
enforcement officer who arrested a person for a violation of	22084
division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a	22085
municipal OVI ordinance that was completed and sent to the	22086
registrar and a court pursuant to $\frac{\text{divisions }(D)(1)(c)}{\text{and }(D)(2)}$	22087
of this section 4511.192 of the Revised Code in regard to a person	22088
whose test results indicate that the person's whole blood, blood	22089
serum or plasma, breath, or urine contained a at least the	22090
concentration of ten hundredths of one per cent or more by weight	22091
of alcohol, the person's breath contained a concentration of	22092
ten-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two	22093
hundred ten liters of the person's breath, or the person's urine	22094
contained a concentration of fourteen-hundredths of one gram or	22095
more by weight of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of the	22096
person's urine at the time of the alleged offense specified in	22097
division (A)(2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 4511.19 of the	22098
Revised Code, the registrar shall enter into the registrar's	22099
records the fact that the person's driver's or commercial driver's	22100
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege was suspended	22101
by the arresting officer under $\frac{\text{division }(D)(1)(a)}{\text{of}}$ this $\frac{\text{division}}{a}$	22102
and section 4511.192 of the Revised Code and the period of the	22103
suspension, as determined under divisions $(F)(1)$ to (4) of this	22104
section. The suspension shall be subject to appeal as provided in	22105
this section and 4511.197 of the Revised Code. The suspension	22106
described in this division does not apply to, and shall not be	22107
imposed upon, a person arrested for a violation of section	22108
4511.194 of the Revised Code who submits to a designated chemical	22109
test. The suspension shall be for whichever of the following	22110
periods that applies:	22111
$\frac{(1)(a)}{(a)}$ Except when division $\frac{(F)(2)}{(3)}$, or $\frac{(4)}{(C)(1)(b)}$,	22112
(c), or (d) of this section applies and specifies a different	22113

period of suspension or denial , the period of the suspension or	22114
denial shall be ninety days a class E suspension imposed for the	22115
period of time specified in division (B)(5) of section 4510.02 of	22116
the Revised Code.	22117
$\frac{(2)(b)}{(b)}$ The period of suspension or denial shall be one year <u>a</u>	22118
class C suspension for the period of time specified in division	22119
(B)(3) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code if the person has	22120
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, within six years of the	22121
date the test was conducted, of a one violation of one of the	22122
following:	22123
(a) Division division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the	22124
Revised Code÷	22125
(b) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle	22126
while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol	22127
and a drug of abuse;	22128
(c) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle	22129
with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath,	22130
or urine;	22131
(d) Section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which	22132
the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division	22133
(D) of that section;	22134
(e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of	22135
section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that	22136
is substantially similar to either of those divisions;	22137
(f) Division $(A)(2)$, (3) , or (4) of section 2903.06, division	22138
(A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the	22139
Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially	22140
similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a	22141
ease in which the jury or judge found that at the time of the	22142
commission of the offense the offender was under the influence of	22143
alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse;	22144

(g) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a	22145
municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any	22146
other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B)	22147
of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or one other equivalent	22148
offense.	22149
$\frac{(3)(c)}{(c)}$ If the person has been convicted, within six years of	22150
the date the test was conducted, of the person has been convicted	22151
of or pleaded guilty to two violations of a statute or ordinance	22152
described in division $\frac{(F)(2)(C)(1)(b)}{(C)(1)(b)}$ of this section, the period	22153
of the suspension or denial shall be two years a class B	22154
suspension imposed for the period of time specified in division	22155
(B)(2) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code.	22156
(4)(d) If the person has been convicted, within six years of	22157
the date the test was conducted, of the person has been convicted	22158
of or pleaded guilty to more than two violations of a statute or	22159
ordinance described in division $\frac{(F)(2)(C)(1)(b)}{(C)(1)(b)}$ of this section,	22160
the $\frac{1}{2}$ period of the suspension or denial shall be three years \underline{a}	22161
class A suspension imposed for the period of time specified in	22162
division (B)(1) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code.	22163
(2) The registrar shall terminate a suspension of the	22164
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of a resident or	22165
of the operating privilege of a nonresident, or a denial of a	22166
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit, imposed	22167
pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section upon receipt of notice	22168
that the person has entered a plea of guilty to, or has been	22169
convicted of, operating a vehicle in violation of section 4511.19	22170
of the Revised Code or in violation of a municipal OVI ordinance,	22171
if the offense for which the conviction is had or the plea is	22172
entered arose from the same incident that led to the suspension or	22173
denial.	22174

The registrar shall credit against any judicial suspension of

a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	22176
nonresident operating privilege imposed pursuant to section	22177
4511.19 of the Revised Code, or pursuant to section 4510.07 of the	22178
Revised Code for a violation of a municipal OVI ordinance, any	22179
time during which the person serves a related suspension imposed	22180
pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section.	22181
$\frac{(G)}{(D)}(1)$ A suspension of a person's driver's or commercial	22182
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege	22183
under $\frac{division}{(D)(1)(a)} = 0$ this section for the $\frac{period}{(a)} = 0$	22184
described in division $\frac{(E)(B)}{(B)}$ or $\frac{(F)(C)}{(C)}$ of this section is	22185
effective immediately from the time at which the arresting officer	22186
serves the notice of suspension upon the arrested person. Any	22187
subsequent finding that the person is not guilty of the charge	22188
that resulted in the person being requested to take, or in the	22189
person taking, the chemical test or tests under division (A) of	22190
this section affects does not affect the suspension only as	22191
described in division (H)(2) of this section.	22192
(2) If a person is arrested for operating a vehicle while	22193
under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a	22194
drug of abuse or for operating a vehicle with a prohibited	22195
concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine and,	22196
streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation of division (A) or	22197
(B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a municipal OVI	22198
ordinance, or for being in physical control of a vehicle,	22199
streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation of section 4511.194	22200
of the Revised Code, regardless of whether the person's driver's	22201
or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating	22202
privilege is or is not suspended under division $\frac{(E)(B)}{(B)}$ or $\frac{(F)(C)}{(B)}$	22203
of this section or Chapter 4510. of the Revised Code, the person's	22204
initial appearance on the charge resulting from the arrest shall	22205
be held within five days of the person's arrest or the issuance of	22206

the citation to the person, subject to any continuance granted by 22207

the court pursuant to $\frac{\text{division (H)(1) of this}}{\text{court pursuant to }}$	22208
the Revised Code regarding the issues specified in that division.	22209
(H)(1) If a person is arrested for operating a vehicle while	22210
under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a	22211
drug of abuse or for operating a vehicle with a prohibited	22212
concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine and if the	22213
person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	22214
nonresident operating privilege is suspended under division (E) or	22215
(F) of this section, the person may appeal the suspension at the	22216
person's initial appearance on the charge resulting from the	22217
arrest in the court in which the person will appear on that	22218
charge. If the person appeals the suspension at the person's	22219
initial appearance, the appeal does not stay the operation of the	22220
suspension. Subject to division (H)(2) of this section, no court	22221
has jurisdiction to grant a stay of a suspension imposed under	22222
division (E) or (F) of this section, and any order issued by any	22223
court that purports to grant a stay of any suspension imposed	22224
under either of those divisions shall not be given administrative	22225
effect.	22226
If the person appeals the suspension at the person's initial	22227
appearance, either the person or the registrar may request a	22228
continuance of the appeal. Either the person or the registrar	22229
shall make the request for a continuance of the appeal at the same	22230
time as the making of the appeal. If either the person or the	22231
registrar requests a continuance of the appeal, the court may	22232
grant the continuance. The court also may continue the appeal on	22233
its own motion. The granting of a continuance applies only to the	22234
conduct of the appeal of the suspension and does not extend the	22235
time within which the initial appearance must be conducted, and	22236
the court shall proceed with all other aspects of the initial	22237
appearance in accordance with its normal procedures. Neither the	22238
request for nor the granting of a continuance stays the operation	22239

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(2) If the person appeals the suspension at the initial	22270
appearance, the judge or referee of the court or the mayor of the	22271
mayor's court shall determine whether one or more of the	22272
conditions specified in divisions (H)(1)(a) to (d) of this section	22273
have not been met. The person who appeals the suspension has the	22274
burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that one or	22275
more of the specified conditions has not been met. If during the	22276
appeal at the initial appearance the judge or referee of the court	22277
or the mayor of the mayor's court determines that all of those	22278
conditions have been met, the judge, referee, or mayor shall	22279
uphold the suspension, shall continue the suspension, and shall	22280
notify the registrar of the decision on a form approved by the	22281
registrar. Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(2) of this	22282
section, if the suspension is upheld or if the person does not	22283
appeal the suspension at the person's initial appearance under	22284
division (H)(1) of this section, the suspension shall continue	22285
until the complaint alleging the violation for which the person	22286
was arrested and in relation to which the suspension was imposed	22287
is adjudicated on the merits by the judge or referee of the trial	22288
court or by the mayor of the mayor's court. If the suspension was	22289
imposed under division (E) of this section and it is continued	22290
under this division, any subsequent finding that the person is not	22291
guilty of the charge that resulted in the person being requested	22292
to take the chemical test or tests under division (A) of this	22293
section does not terminate or otherwise affect the suspension. If	22294
the suspension was imposed under division (F) of this section and	22295
it is continued under this division, the suspension shall	22296
terminate if, for any reason, the person subsequently is found not	22297
guilty of the charge that resulted in the person taking the	22298
chemical test or tests under division (A) of this section.	22299
If, during the appeal at the initial appearance, the judge or	22300
referee of the trial court or the mayor of the mayor's court	22301
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determines that one or more of the conditions specified in	22302
divisions (H)(1)(a) to (d) of this section have not been met, the	22303
judge, referee, or mayor shall terminate the suspension, subject	22304
to the imposition of a new suspension under division (B) of	22305
section 4511.196 of the Revised Code; shall notify the registrar	22306
of the decision on a form approved by the registrar; and, except	22307
as provided in division (B) of section 4511.196 of the Revised	22308
Code, shall order the registrar to return the driver's or	22309
commercial driver's license or permit to the person or to take	22310
such measures as may be necessary, if the license or permit was	22311
destroyed under section 4507.55 of the Revised Code, to permit the	22312
person to obtain a replacement driver's or commercial driver's	22313
license or permit from the registrar or a deputy registrar in	22314
accordance with that section. The court also shall issue to the	22315
person a court order, valid for not more than ten days from the	22316
date of issuance, granting the person operating privileges for	22317
that period of time.	22318
If the person appeals the suspension at the initial	22319
appearance, the registrar shall be represented by the prosecuting	
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attorney of the county in which the arrest occurred if the initial	2232022321
attorney of the county in which the arrest occurred if the initial appearance is conducted in a juvenile court or county court,	
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appearance is conducted in a juvenile court or county court,	22321 22322
appearance is conducted in a juvenile court or county court, except that if the arrest occurred within a city or village within	223212232222323
appearance is conducted in a juvenile court or county court, except that if the arrest occurred within a city or village within the jurisdiction of the county court in which the appeal is	22321 22322 22323 22324
appearance is conducted in a juvenile court or county court, except that if the arrest occurred within a city or village within the jurisdiction of the county court in which the appeal is conducted, the city director of law or village solicitor of that	22321 22322 22323 22324 22325
appearance is conducted in a juvenile court or county court, except that if the arrest occurred within a city or village within the jurisdiction of the county court in which the appeal is conducted, the city director of law or village solicitor of that city or village shall represent the registrar. If the appeal is	22321 22322 22323 22324 22325 22326
appearance is conducted in a juvenile court or county court, except that if the arrest occurred within a city or village within the jurisdiction of the county court in which the appeal is conducted, the city director of law or village solicitor of that city or village shall represent the registrar. If the appeal is conducted in a municipal court, the registrar shall be represented	22321 22322 22323 22324 22325 22326 22327
appearance is conducted in a juvenile court or county court, except that if the arrest occurred within a city or village within the jurisdiction of the county court in which the appeal is conducted, the city director of law or village solicitor of that city or village shall represent the registrar. If the appeal is conducted in a municipal court, the registrar shall be represented as provided in section 1901.34 of the Revised Code. If the appeal	22321 22322 22323 22324 22325 22326 22327 22328
appearance is conducted in a juvenile court or county court, except that if the arrest occurred within a city or village within the jurisdiction of the county court in which the appeal is conducted, the city director of law or village solicitor of that city or village shall represent the registrar. If the appeal is conducted in a municipal court, the registrar shall be represented as provided in section 1901.34 of the Revised Code. If the appeal is conducted in a mayor's court, the registrar shall be	22321 22322 22323 22324 22325 22326 22327 22328 22329

(I)(1)(a) A person is not entitled to request, and a court

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a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.

(b) Any other person who is not described in division

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(I)(1)(a) of this section and whose driver's or commercial driver's license or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended pursuant to division (E) of this section may file a petition requesting occupational driving privileges in the common pleas court, municipal court, county court, mayor's court, or, if the person is a minor, juvenile court with jurisdiction over the related criminal or delinquency case. The petition may be filed at any time subsequent to the date on which the notice of suspension is served upon the arrested person. The person shall pay the costs of the proceeding, notify the registrar of the filing of the petition, and send the registrar a copy of the petition.

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In the proceedings, the registrar shall be represented by the 22381 prosecuting attorney of the county in which the arrest occurred if 22382 the petition is filed in the juvenile court, county court, or 22383 common pleas court, except that, if the arrest occurred within a 22384 city or village within the jurisdiction of the county court in 22385 which the petition is filed, the city director of law or village 22386 solicitor of that city or village shall represent the registrar. 22387 If the petition is filed in the municipal court, the registrar 22388 shall be represented as provided in section 1901.34 of the Revised 22389 Code. If the petition is filed in a mayor's court, the registrar 22390 shall be represented by the city director of law, village 22391 solicitor, or other chief legal officer of the municipal 22392 22393 corporation that operates the mayor's court.

The court, if it finds reasonable cause to believe that

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suspension would seriously affect the person's ability to continue

in the person's employment, may grant the person occupational

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7.0 1.0pc.100 0, 110 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	
driving privileges during the period of suspension imposed	22397
pursuant to division (E) of this section, subject to the	22398
limitations contained in this division and division (I)(2) of this	22399
section. The court may grant the occupational driving privileges,	22400
subject to the limitations contained in this division and division	22401
(I)(2) of this section, regardless of whether the person appeals	22402
the suspension at the person's initial appearance under division	22403
(H)(1) of this section or appeals the decision of the court made	22404
pursuant to the appeal conducted at the initial appearance, and,	22405
if the person has appealed the suspension or decision, regardless	22406
of whether the matter at issue has been heard or decided by the	22407
court. The court shall not grant occupational driving privileges	22408
for employment as a driver of commercial motor vehicles to any	22409
person who is disqualified from operating a commercial motor	22410
vehicle under section 3123.611 or 4506.16 of the Revised Code or	22411
whose commercial driver's license or commercial driver's temporary	22412
instruction permit has been suspended under section 3123.58 of the	22413
Revised Code.	22414
(2)(a) In granting occupational driving privileges under	22415
division (I)(1) of this section, the court may impose any	22416
condition it considers reasonable and necessary to limit the use	22417
of a vehicle by the person. The court shall deliver to the person	22418
a permit card, in a form to be prescribed by the court, setting	22419
forth the time, place, and other conditions limiting the	22420
defendant's use of a vehicle. The grant of occupational driving	22421
privileges shall be conditioned upon the person's having the	22422
permit in the person's possession at all times during which the	22423
person is operating a vehicle.	22424
A person granted occupational driving privileges who operates	22425
a vehicle for other than occupational purposes, in violation of	22426
any condition imposed by the court, or without having the permit	22427

in the person's possession, is guilty of a violation of section 22428

more previous requests to consent to a chemical test of the	22460
person's blood, breath, or urine to determine its alcohol content.	22461
(3) The court shall give information in writing of any action	22462
taken under this section to the registrar.	22463
(4) If a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or	22464
permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended	22465
pursuant to division (F) of this section, and the person, within	22466
the preceding seven years, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	22467
to three or more violations of division (A) or (B) of section	22468
4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to	22469
operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug	22470
of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance	22471
relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of	22472
alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the	22473
Revised Code in a case in which the person was subject to the	22474
sanctions described in division (D) of that section, or section	22475
2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal	22476
ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the	22477
Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	22478
person was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or	22479
alcohol and a drug of abuse, or a statute of the United States or	22480
of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal	22481
corporation located in any other state that is substantially	22482
similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised	22483
Code, the person is not entitled to request, and the court shall	22484
not grant to the person, occupational driving privileges under	22485
this division. Any other person whose driver's or commercial	22486
driver's license or nonresident operating privilege has been	22487
suspended pursuant to division (F) of this section may file in the	22488
court specified in division (I)(1)(b) of this section a petition	22489
requesting occupational driving privileges in accordance with	22490
section 4507.16 of the Revised Code. The petition may be filed at	22491

any time subsequent to the date on which the arresting officer	22492
serves the notice of suspension upon the arrested person. Upon the	22493
making of the request, occupational driving privileges may be	22494
granted in accordance with section 4507.16 of the Revised Code.	22495
The court may grant the occupational driving privileges, subject	22496
to the limitations contained in section 4507.16 of the Revised	22497
Code, regardless of whether the person appeals the suspension at	22498
the person's initial appearance under division (H)(1) of this	22499
section or appeals the decision of the court made pursuant to the	22500
appeal conducted at the initial appearance, and, if the person has	22501
appealed the suspension or decision, regardless of whether the	22502
matter at issue has been heard or decided by the court.	22503

(J)(E) When it finally has been determined under the 22504 procedures of this section and sections 4511.192 through 4511.197 22505 of the Revised Code that a nonresident's privilege to operate a 22506 vehicle within this state has been suspended, the registrar shall 22507 give information in writing of the action taken to the motor 22508 vehicle administrator of the state of the person's residence and 22509 of any state in which the person has a license. 22510

22511 (K) A suspension of the driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of a resident, a suspension of the operating 22512 privilege of a nonresident, or a denial of a driver's or 22513 commercial driver's license or permit pursuant to division (E) or 22514 (F) of this section shall be terminated by the registrar upon 22515 receipt of notice of the person's entering a plea of guilty to, or 22516 of the person's conviction of, operating a vehicle while under the 22517 influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of 22518 abuse or with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, 22519 breath, or urine, if the offense for which the plea is entered or 22520 that resulted in the conviction arose from the same incident that 22521 led to the suspension or denial. 22522

The registrar shall credit against any judicial suspension of

22555

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a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	22524
nonresident operating privilege imposed pursuant to division (B)	22525
or (E) of section 4507.16 of the Revised Code any time during	22526
which the person serves a related suspension imposed pursuant to	22527
division (E) or (F) of this section.	22528
$\frac{(L)(F)}{(F)}$ At the end of a suspension period under this section,	22529
under section 4511.194 , section 4511.196 , or division $\frac{(B)}{(G)}$ of	22530
section 4507.16 4511.19 of the Revised Code, or under section	22531
4510.07 of the Revised Code for a violation of a municipal OVI	22532
ordinance and upon the request of the person whose driver's or	22533
commercial driver's license or permit was suspended and who is not	22534
otherwise subject to suspension, revocation cancellation, or	22535
disqualification, the registrar shall return the driver's or	22536
commercial driver's license or permit to the person upon the	22537
person's compliance with occurrence of all of the conditions	22538
specified in divisions $\frac{(L)(F)}{(I)}$ and (2) of this section:	22539
(1) A showing by the person that the person has proof of	22540
financial responsibility, a policy of liability insurance in	22541
effect that meets the minimum standards set forth in section	22542
4509.51 of the Revised Code, or proof, to the satisfaction of the	22543
registrar, that the person is able to respond in damages in an	22544
amount at least equal to the minimum amounts specified in section	22545
4509.51 of the Revised Code.	22546
(2) Subject to the limitation contained in division $\frac{(L)(F)}{(S)}$	22547
of this section, payment by the person to the bureau of motor	22548
vehicles of a license reinstatement fee of four hundred	22549
twenty-five dollars to the bureau of motor vehicles, which fee	22550
shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited as follows:	22551
(a) One hundred twelve dollars and fifty cents shall be	22552
credited to the statewide treatment and prevention fund created by	22553

section 4301.30 of the Revised Code. The fund shall be used to pay

the costs of driver treatment and intervention programs operated

pursuant to sections 3793.02 and 3793.10 of the Revised Code. The 22556 director of alcohol and drug addiction services shall determine 22557 the share of the fund that is to be allocated to alcohol and drug 22558 addiction programs authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised 22559 Code, and the share of the fund that is to be allocated to 22560 drivers' intervention programs authorized by section 3793.10 of 22561 the Revised Code.

- (b) Seventy-five dollars shall be credited to the reparations 22563 fund created by section 2743.191 of the Revised Code. 22564
- (c) Thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents shall be credited to 22565 the indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, which is hereby 22566 established. Except as otherwise provided in division $\frac{(L)(F)(2)(c)}{(c)}$ 22567 of this section, moneys in the fund shall be distributed by the 22568 department of alcohol and drug addiction services to the county 22569 indigent drivers alcohol treatment funds, the county juvenile 22570 indigent drivers alcohol treatment funds, and the municipal 22571 indigent drivers alcohol treatment funds that are required to be 22572 established by counties and municipal corporations pursuant to 22573 division (N) of this section, and shall be used only to pay the 22574 cost of an alcohol and drug addiction treatment program attended 22575 by an offender or juvenile traffic offender who is ordered to 22576 attend an alcohol and drug addiction treatment program by a 22577 county, juvenile, or municipal court judge and who is determined 22578 by the county, juvenile, or municipal court judge not to have the 22579 means to pay for the person's attendance at the program or to pay 22580 the costs specified in division $\frac{(N)(H)}{(4)}$ of this section in 22581 accordance with that division. Moneys in the fund that are not 22582 distributed to a county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, a 22583 county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, or a 22584 municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under division 22585 $\frac{(N)(H)}{(N)}$ of this section because the director of alcohol and drug 22586 addiction services does not have the information necessary to 22587

identify the county or municipal corporation where the offender or	22588
juvenile offender was arrested may be transferred by the director	22589
of budget and management to the statewide treatment and prevention	22590
fund created by section 4301.30 of the Revised Code, upon	22591
certification of the amount by the director of alcohol and drug	22592
addiction services.	22593
(d) Seventy-five dollars shall be credited to the Ohio	22594
rehabilitation services commission established by section 3304.12	22595
of the Revised Code, to the services for rehabilitation fund,	22596
which is hereby established. The fund shall be used to match	22597
available federal matching funds where appropriate, and for any	22598
other purpose or program of the commission to rehabilitate people	22599
with disabilities to help them become employed and independent.	22600
(e) Seventy-five dollars shall be deposited into the state	22601
treasury and credited to the drug abuse resistance education	22602
programs fund, which is hereby established, to be used by the	22603
attorney general for the purposes specified in division (L)(4) of	22604
this section.	22605
(f) Thirty dollars shall be credited to the state bureau of	22606
motor vehicles fund created by section 4501.25 of the Revised	22607
Code.	22608
(g) Twenty dollars shall be credited to the trauma and	22609
emergency medical services grants fund created by section 4513.263	22610
of the Revised Code.	22611
(3) If a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or	22612
permit is suspended under division (E) or (F) of this section,	22613
under section 4511.196, or division $\frac{(B)(G)}{(G)}$ of section $\frac{4507.16}{(G)}$	22614
4511.19 of the Revised Code, under section 4510.07 of the Revised	22615
Code for a violation of a municipal OVI ordinance or under any	22616
combination of the suspensions described in division $\frac{(L)(F)}{(S)}$ (3) of	22617

this section, and if the suspensions arise from a single incident 22618

or a single set of facts and circumstances, the person is liable	22619
for payment of, and shall be required to pay to the bureau, only	22620
one reinstatement fee of four hundred <pre>five twenty-five</pre> dollars.	22621
The reinstatement fee shall be distributed by the bureau in	22622
accordance with division $\frac{(L)(F)}{(2)}$ of this section.	22623

(4) The attorney general shall use amounts in the drug abuse 22624 resistance education programs fund to award grants to law 22625 enforcement agencies to establish and implement drug abuse 22626 resistance education programs in public schools. Grants awarded to 22627 a law enforcement agency under division (L)(2)(e) of this section 22628 shall be used by the agency to pay for not more than fifty per 22629 cent of the amount of the salaries of law enforcement officers who 22630 conduct drug abuse resistance education programs in public 22631 schools. The attorney general shall not use more than six per cent 22632 of the amounts the attorney general's office receives under 22633 division $\frac{(L)(F)}{(2)(e)}$ of this section to pay the costs it incurs 22634 in administering the grant program established by division 22635 $\frac{(L)(F)(2)(e)}{(E)(E)(E)}$ of this section and in providing training and 22636 materials relating to drug abuse resistance education programs. 22637

The attorney general shall report to the governor and the 22638 general assembly each fiscal year on the progress made in 22639 establishing and implementing drug abuse resistance education 22640 programs. These reports shall include an evaluation of the 22641 effectiveness of these programs.

(M)(G) Suspension of a commercial driver's license under 22643 division $\frac{(E)(B)}{(B)}$ or $\frac{(F)(C)}{(B)}$ of this section shall be concurrent with 22644 any period of disqualification under section 3123.611 or 4506.16 22645 of the Revised Code or any period of suspension under section 22646 3123.58 of the Revised Code. No person who is disqualified for 22647 life from holding a commercial driver's license under section 22648 4506.16 of the Revised Code shall be issued a driver's license 22649 under Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code during the period for 22650

which the commercial driver's license was suspended under division	22651
$\frac{(E)(B)}{(B)}$ or $\frac{(F)(C)}{(E)}$ of this section, and no. No person whose	22652
commercial driver's license is suspended under division $\frac{(E)(B)}{(B)}$ or	22653
(F)(C) of this section shall be issued a driver's license under	22654
that chapter Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code during the period	22655
of the suspension.	22656

(N)(H)(1) Each county shall establish an indigent drivers 22657 alcohol treatment fund, each county shall establish a juvenile 22658 indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, and each municipal 22659 corporation in which there is a municipal court shall establish an 22660 indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund. All revenue that the 22661 general assembly appropriates to the indigent drivers alcohol 22662 treatment fund for transfer to a county indigent drivers alcohol 22663 treatment fund, a county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol 22664 treatment fund, or a municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment 22665 fund, all portions of fees that are paid under division (L) of 22666 this section and that are credited under that division to the 22667 indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund in the state treasury for 22668 a county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, a county 22669 juvenile indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, or a municipal 22670 indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, and all portions of fines 22671 that are specified for deposit into a county or municipal indigent 22672 drivers alcohol treatment fund by section 4511.193 of the Revised 22673 Code shall be deposited into that county indigent drivers alcohol 22674 treatment fund, county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol treatment 22675 fund, or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund in 22676 accordance with division $\frac{(N)(H)}{(2)}$ of this section. Additionally, 22677 all portions of fines that are paid for a violation of section 22678 4511.19 of the Revised Code or division (B)(2) of section 4507.02 22679 of any prohibition contained in Chapter 4510. of the Revised Code, 22680 and that are required under division (A)(1), (2), (5), or (6) of 22681 section 4511.99 4511.19 or division (B)(5) of section 4507.99 any 22682 provision of Chapter 4510. of the Revised Code to be deposited 22683

into a county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal	22684
indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund shall be deposited into	22685
the appropriate fund in accordance with the applicable division.	22686
(2) That portion of the license reinstatement fee that is	22687
paid under division $\frac{(L)(F)}{(F)}$ of this section and that is credited	22688
under that division to the indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund	22689
shall be deposited into a county indigent drivers alcohol	22690
treatment fund, a county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol	22691
treatment fund, or a municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment	22692
fund as follows:	22693
(a) If the suspension in question was imposed under this	22694
section, that portion of the fee shall be deposited as follows:	22695
(i) If the fee is paid by a person who was charged in a	22696
county court with the violation that resulted in the suspension,	22697
the portion shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers	22698
alcohol treatment fund under the control of that court;	22699
(ii) If the fee is paid by a person who was charged in a	22700
juvenile court with the violation that resulted in the suspension,	22701
the portion shall be deposited into the county juvenile indigent	22702
drivers alcohol treatment fund established in the county served by	22703
the court;	22704
(iii) If the fee is paid by a person who was charged in a	22705
municipal court with the violation that resulted in the	22706
suspension, the portion shall be deposited into the municipal	22707
indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that	22708
court.	22709
(b) If the suspension in question was imposed under division	22710
(B) of section 4507.16 4511.19 of the Revised Code or under	22711
section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a violation of a municipal	22712
OVI ordinance, that portion of the fee shall be deposited as	22713
follows:	22714

- (i) If the fee is paid by a person whose license or permit 22715 was suspended by a county court, the portion shall be deposited 22716 into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the 22717 control of that court; 22718
- (ii) If the fee is paid by a person whose license or permit 22719 was suspended by a municipal court, the portion shall be deposited 22720 into the municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under 22721 the control of that court. 22722
- (3) Expenditures from a county indigent drivers alcohol 22723 treatment fund, a county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol 22724 treatment fund, or a municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment 22725 fund shall be made only upon the order of a county, juvenile, or 22726 municipal court judge and only for payment of the cost of the 22727 attendance at an alcohol and drug addiction treatment program of a 22728 person who is convicted of, or found to be a juvenile traffic 22729 offender by reason of, a violation of division (A) of section 22730 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal 22731 ordinance, who is ordered by the court to attend the alcohol and 22732 drug addiction treatment program, and who is determined by the 22733 court to be unable to pay the cost of attendance at the treatment 22734 program or for payment of the costs specified in division 22735 $\frac{(N)(H)}{(4)}$ of this section in accordance with that division. The 22736 alcohol and drug addiction services board or the board of alcohol, 22737 drug addiction, and mental health services established pursuant to 22738 section 340.02 or 340.021 of the Revised Code and serving the 22739 alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health service district in 22740 which the court is located shall administer the indigent drivers 22741 alcohol treatment program of the court. When a court orders an 22742 offender or juvenile traffic offender to attend an alcohol and 22743 drug addiction treatment program, the board shall determine which 22744 program is suitable to meet the needs of the offender or juvenile 22745 traffic offender, and when a suitable program is located and space 22746

is available at the program, the offender or juvenile traffic 22747 offender shall attend the program designated by the board. A 22748 reasonable amount not to exceed five per cent of the amounts 22749 credited to and deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol 22750 treatment fund, the county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol 22751 treatment fund, or the municipal indigent drivers alcohol 22752 treatment fund serving every court whose program is administered 22753 by that board shall be paid to the board to cover the costs it 22754 incurs in administering those indigent drivers alcohol treatment 22755 22756 programs.

- (4) If a county, juvenile, or municipal court determines, in 22757 consultation with the alcohol and drug addiction services board or 22758 the board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services 22759 established pursuant to section 340.02 or 340.021 of the Revised 22760 Code and serving the alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health 22761 district in which the court is located, that the funds in the 22762 county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, the county 22763 juvenile indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, or the municipal 22764 indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of the 22765 court are more than sufficient to satisfy the purpose for which 22766 the fund was established, as specified in divisions $\frac{(N)(H)}{(1)}$ to 22767 (3) of this section, the court may declare a surplus in the fund. 22768 If the court declares a surplus in the fund, the court may expend 22769 the amount of the surplus in the fund for alcohol and drug abuse 22770 assessment and treatment of persons who are charged in the court 22771 with committing a criminal offense or with being a delinquent 22772 child or juvenile traffic offender and in relation to whom both of 22773 the following apply: 22774
- (a) The court determines that substance abuse was a 22775 contributing factor leading to the criminal or delinquent activity 22776 or the juvenile traffic offense with which the person is charged. 22777
 - (b) The court determines that the person is unable to pay the 22778

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cost of the alcohol and drug abuse assessment and treatment for	22779
which the surplus money will be used.	22780
Sec. 4511.192. (A) No person whose driver's or commercial	22781
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege has	22782
been suspended under section 4511.191 or 4511.196 of the Revised	22783
Code shall operate a vehicle upon the highways or streets within	22784
this state.	22785
(B) It is an affirmative defense to any prosecution brought	22786
pursuant to this section that the alleged offender drove under	22787
suspension because of a substantial emergency, provided that no	22788
other person was reasonably available to drive in response to the	22789
emergency. The arresting law enforcement officer shall give advice	22790
in accordance with this section to any person under arrest for a	22791
violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised	22792
Code, section 4511.194 of the Revised Code, or a municipal OVI	22793
ordinance. The officer shall give that advice in a written form	22794
that contains the information described in division (B) of this	22795
section and shall read the advice to the person. The form shall	22796
contain a statement that the form was shown to the person under	22797
arrest and read to the person by the arresting officer. One or	22798
more persons shall witness the arresting officer's reading of the	22799
form, and the witnesses shall certify to this fact by signing the	22800
form.	22801
(B) If a person is under arrest as described in division (A)	22802
of this section, before the person may be requested to submit to a	22803
chemical test or tests to determine the alcohol and drug content	22804
of the person's blood, breath, or urine, the arresting officer	22805
shall read the following form to the person:	22806
"You now are under arrest for (specifically state the offense	22807
under state law or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance	22808
	00000

for which the person was arrested - operating a vehicle under the

influence of alcohol, a drug, or a combination of them; operating	22810
a vehicle after underage alcohol consumption; or having physical	22811
control of a vehicle while under the influence).	22812
If you refuse to take any chemical test required by law, your	22813
Ohio driving privileges will be suspended immediately, and you	22814
will have to pay a fee to have the privileges reinstated.	22815
(Read this part unless the person is under arrest for solely	22816
having physical control of a vehicle while under the influence.)	22817
If you take any chemical test required by law and are found to be	22818
at or over the prohibited amount of alcohol in your blood, breath,	22819
or urine as set by law, your Ohio driving privileges will be	22820
suspended immediately, and you will have to pay a fee to have the	22821
privileges reinstated.	22822
If you take a chemical test, you may have an independent	22823
chemical test taken at your own expense."	22824
(C) If the arresting law enforcement officer does not ask a	22825
	22826
person under arrest as described in division (A) of this section	
to submit to a chemical test or tests under section 4511.191 of	22827
the Revised Code, the arresting officer shall seize the Ohio or	22828
out-of-state driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of	22829
the person and immediately forward it to the court in which the	22830
arrested person is to appear on the charge. If the arrested person	22831
is not in possession of the person's license or permit or it is	22832
	22032
not in the person's vehicle, the officer shall order the person to	22833
not in the person's vehicle, the officer shall order the person to surrender it to the law enforcement agency that employs the	
	22833
surrender it to the law enforcement agency that employs the	22833 22834
surrender it to the law enforcement agency that employs the officer within twenty-four hours after the arrest, and, upon the	22833 22834 22835
surrender it to the law enforcement agency that employs the officer within twenty-four hours after the arrest, and, upon the surrender, the agency immediately shall forward the license or	22833 22834 22835 22836
surrender it to the law enforcement agency that employs the officer within twenty-four hours after the arrest, and, upon the surrender, the agency immediately shall forward the license or permit to the court in which the person is to appear on the	22833 22834 22835 22836 22837
surrender it to the law enforcement agency that employs the officer within twenty-four hours after the arrest, and, upon the surrender, the agency immediately shall forward the license or permit to the court in which the person is to appear on the charge. Upon receipt of the license or permit, the court shall	22833 22834 22835 22836 22837 22838

(D)(1) If a law enforcement officer asks a person under	22841
arrest as described in division (A) of this section to submit to a	22842
chemical test or tests under section 4511.191 of the Revised Code,	22843
if the officer advises the person in accordance with this section	22844
of the consequences of the person's refusal or submission, and if	22845
either the person refuses to submit to the test or tests or,	22846
unless the arrest was for a violation of section 4511.194 of the	22847
Revised Code, the person submits to the test or tests and the test	22848
results indicate a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the	22849
person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine at	22850
the time of the alleged offense, the arresting officer shall do	22851
all of the following:	22852
(a) On behalf of the registrar of motor vehicles, notify the	22853
person that, independent of any penalties or sanctions imposed	22854
upon the person, the person's Ohio driver's or commercial driver's	22855
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege is suspended	22856
immediately, that the suspension will last at least until the	22857
person's initial appearance on the charge, which will be held	22858
within five days after the date of the person's arrest or the	22859
issuance of a citation to the person, and that the person may	22860
appeal the suspension at the initial appearance or during the	22861
period of time ending thirty days after that initial appearance;	22862
(b) Seize the driver's or commercial driver's license or	22863
permit of the person and immediately forward it to the registrar.	22864
If the arrested person is not in possession of the person's	22865
license or permit or it is not in the person's vehicle, the	22866
officer shall order the person to surrender it to the law	22867
enforcement agency that employs the officer within twenty-four	22868
hours after the person is given notice of the suspension, and,	22869
upon the surrender, the officer's employing agency immediately	22870
shall forward the license or permit to the registrar.	22871
(c) Verify the person's current residence and, if it differs	22872

from that on the person's driver's or commercial driver's license	22873
or permit, notify the registrar of the change;	22874
(d) Send to the registrar, within forty-eight hours after the	22875
arrest of the person, a sworn report that includes all of the	22876
following statements:	22877
(i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe that,	22878
at the time of the arrest, the arrested person was operating a	22879
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation of division	22880
(A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a municipal	22881
OVI ordinance or for being in physical control of a stationary	22882
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation of section	22883
4511.194 of the Revised Code;	22884
(ii) That the person was arrested and charged with a	22885
violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised	22886
Code, section 4511.194 of the Revised Code, or a municipal OVI	22887
ordinance;	22888
(iii) That the officer asked the person to take the	22889
designated chemical test or tests, advised the person in	22890
accordance with this section of the consequences of submitting to,	22891
or refusing to take, the test or tests, and gave the person the	22892
form described in division (B) of this section;	22893
(iv) That either the person refused to submit to the chemical	22894
test or tests or, unless the arrest was for a violation of section	22895
4511.194 of the Revised Code, the person submitted to the chemical	22896
test or tests and the test results indicate a prohibited	22897
concentration of alcohol in the person's whole blood, blood serum	22898
or plasma, breath, or urine at the time of the alleged offense.	22899
	22900
(2) Division (D)(1) of this section does not apply to a	22901
person who is arrested for a violation of section 4511.194 of the	22902
Revised Code, who is asked by a law enforcement officer to submit	22903

to a chemical test or tests under section 4511.191 of the Revised	22904
Code, and who submits to the test or tests, regardless of the	22905
amount of alcohol that the test results indicate is present in the	22906
person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine.	22907
(E) The arresting officer shall give the officer's sworn	22908
report that is completed under this section to the arrested person	22909
at the time of the arrest, or the registrar of motor vehicles	22910
shall send the report to the person by regular first class mail as	22911
soon as possible after receipt of the report, but not later than	22912
fourteen days after receipt of it. An arresting officer may give	22913
an unsworn report to the arrested person at the time of the arrest	22914
provided the report is complete when given to the arrested person	22915
and subsequently is sworn to by the arresting officer. As soon as	22916
possible, but not later than forty-eight hours after the arrest of	22917
the person, the arresting officer shall send a copy of the sworn	22918
report to the court in which the arrested person is to appear on	22919
report to the court in which the arrested person is to appear on the charge for which the person was arrested.	22919
the charge for which the person was arrested.	22920
the charge for which the person was arrested. (F) The sworn report of an arresting officer completed under	22920 22921
the charge for which the person was arrested. (F) The sworn report of an arresting officer completed under this section is prima-facie proof of the information and	22920 22921 22922
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the charge for which the person was arrested. (F) The sworn report of an arresting officer completed under this section is prima-facie proof of the information and statements that it contains. It shall be admitted and considered as prima-facie proof of the information and statements that it contains in any appeal under section 4511.197 of the Revised Code relative to any suspension of a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege that results from the arrest covered by the report. Sec. 4511.193. (A) Twenty-five dollars of any fine imposed for a violation of a municipal OVI ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse,	22920 22921 22922 22923 22924 22925 22926 22927 22928 22929 22930 22931

drivers alcohol treatment fund created pursuant to division $\frac{(N)(H)}{(H)}$	22935
of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code in accordance with this	22936
section and section 733.40, divisions (A) and (B) of section	22937
1901.024, division (F) of section 1901.31, or division (C) of	22938
section 1907.20 of the Revised Code. Regardless of whether the	22939
fine is imposed by a municipal court, a mayor's court, or a	22940
juvenile court, if the fine was imposed for a violation of an	22941
ordinance of a municipal corporation that is within the	22942
jurisdiction of a municipal court, the twenty-five dollars that is	22943
subject to this section shall be deposited into the indigent	22944
drivers alcohol treatment fund of the municipal corporation in	22945
which is located the municipal court that has jurisdiction over	22946
that municipal corporation. Regardless of whether the fine is	22947
imposed by a county court, a mayor's court, or a juvenile court,	22948
if the fine was imposed for a violation of an ordinance of a	22949
municipal corporation that is within the jurisdiction of a county	22950
court, the twenty-five dollars that is subject to this section	22951
shall be deposited into the indigent drivers alcohol treatment	22952
fund of the county in which is located the county court that has	22953
jurisdiction over that municipal corporation. The deposit shall be	22954
made in accordance with section 733.40, divisions (A) and (B) of	22955
section 1901.024, division (F) of section 1901.31, or division (C)	22956
of section 1907.20 of the Revised Code.	22957
(B)(1) The requirements and sanctions imposed by divisions	22958

(B)(1) and (2) of this section are an adjunct to and derive from 22959 the state's exclusive authority over the registration and titling 22960 of motor vehicles and do not comprise a part of the criminal 22961 sentence to be imposed upon a person who violates a municipal OVI 22962 ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the 22963 influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of 22964 abuse or relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited 22965 concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine. 22966

(2)(a) The court shall follow division (B)(2)(b) of this	22967
section if If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	22968
violation of a municipal OVI ordinance relating to operating a	22969
vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or	22970
alcohol and a drug of abuse or relating to operating a vehicle	22971
with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath,	22972
or urine and if the circumstances described in division	22973
(B)(2)(b)(iii) of this section apply or if, within the period of	22974
time specified in division (B)(2) or (b)(i), (ii) (iii) of this	22975
section, if the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of	22976
the offense is registered in the offender's name, and if, within	22977
six years of the current offense, the offender has been convicted	22978
of or pleaded guilty to any violation of the following:	22979
(i) Section one or more violations of division (A) or (B) of	22980
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code;	22981
(ii) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle	22982
while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol	22983
and a drug of abuse;	22984
(iii) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle	22985
with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath,	22986
or urine;	22987
(iv) Section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which	22988
the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division	22989
(D) of that section;	22990
() Piii (7)(1)	22201
(v) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of	22991
section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that	22992
is substantially similar to either of those divisions;	22993
(vi) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06,	22994
division (A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of	22995
the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially	22996
similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a	22997

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Sec. 4511.195. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Vehicle operator" means a person who is operating a

vehicle at the time it is seized Arrested person means a person

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who is arrested for a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19	23059
of the Revised Code or a municipal OVI ordinance and whose arrest	23060
results in a vehicle being seized under division (B) of this	23061
section.	23062
(2) "Vehicle owner" means either of the following:	23063
(a) The person in whose name is registered, at the time of	23064
the seizure, a vehicle that is seized under division (B) of this	23065
section;	23066
(b) A person to whom the certificate of title to a vehicle	23067
that is seized under division (B) of this section has been	23068
assigned and who has not obtained a certificate of title to the	23069
vehicle in that person's name, but who is deemed by the court as	23070
being the owner of the vehicle at the time the vehicle was seized	23071
under division (B) of this section.	23072
(3) "Municipal OMVI ordinance" means any municipal ordinance	23073
prohibiting the operation of a vehicle while under the influence	23074
of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse or	23075
prohibiting the operation of a vehicle with a prohibited	23076
concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine.	23077
$\frac{4}{4}$ "Interested party" includes the owner of a vehicle seized	23078
under this section, all lienholders, the defendant <u>arrested</u>	23079
person, the owner of the place of storage at which a vehicle	23080
seized under this section is stored, and the person or entity that	23081
caused the vehicle to be removed.	23082
(B)(1) The arresting officer or another officer of the law	23083
enforcement agency that employs the arresting officer, in addition	23084
to any action that the arresting officer is required or authorized	23085
to take by section <u>4511.19 or</u> 4511.191 of the Revised Code or by	23086
any other provision of law, shall seize the vehicle that a person	23087
was operating at the time of the alleged offense and its license	23088
plates if the vehicle is registered in the arrested person's name	23089

and if either of the following apply applies:	23090
(a) The person is arrested for a violation of division (A) of	23091
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a municipal OMVI	23092
ordinance and, within six years of the alleged violation, the	23093
person previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	23094
or more violations of the following:	23095
(i) Division division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the	23096
Revised Code÷	23097
(ii) A municipal OMVI ordinance;	23098
(iii) Section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which	23099
the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division	23100
(D) of that section;	23101
(') 7' ' ' (7)(1) 5	02100
(iv) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of	23102
section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that	23103
is substantially similar to either of those divisions;	23104
(v) Division $(A)(2)$, (3) , or (4) of section 2903.06, division	23105
(A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the	23106
Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially	23107
similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a	23108
case in which the jury or judge found that the offender was under	23109
the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug	23110
of abuse;	23111
(vi) A statute of the United States or of any other state or	23112
a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any	23113
other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B)	23114
of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or one or more other	23115
equivalent offenses.	23116
(b) The person is arrested for a violation of division (A) of	23117
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a municipal OMVI OVI	23118
ordinance and the person previously has been convicted of or	23119
ordinance and the person previously has been convicted of or	∠ O T T ;

pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 23120 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was 23121 a felony, regardless of when the prior felony violation of 23122 division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code and the 23123 conviction or guilty plea occurred. 23124 (2) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) of this 23125 section, the officer making an arrest of the type described in 23126 division (B)(1) of this section shall seize the vehicle and its 23127 license plates regardless of whether the vehicle is registered in 23128 the name of the person who was operating it or in the name of 23129 another person or entity. This section does not apply to or affect 23130 any rented or leased vehicle that is being rented or leased for a 23131 period of thirty days or less, except that a A law enforcement 23132 agency that employs a law enforcement officer who makes an arrest 23133 of a type that is described in division (B)(1) of this section and 23134 that involves a rented or leased vehicle of this type that is 23135 being rented or leased for a period of thirty days or less shall 23136 notify, within twenty-four hours after the officer makes the 23137 arrest, the lessor or owner of the vehicle regarding the 23138 circumstances of the arrest and the location at which the vehicle 23139 may be picked up. At the time of the seizure of the vehicle, the 23140 law enforcement officer who made the arrest shall give the vehicle 23141 operator arrested person written notice that the vehicle and its 23142 license plates have been seized; that the vehicle either will be 23143 kept by the officer's law enforcement agency or will be 23144 immobilized at least until the operator's initial appearance on 23145 the charge of the offense for which the arrest was made; that, at 23146 the initial appearance, the court in certain circumstances may 23147 order that the vehicle and license plates be released to the 23148 vehicle owner <u>arrested person</u> until the disposition of that 23149 charge; and that, if the vehicle operator arrested person is 23150 convicted of that charge, the court generally must order the 23151

immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license

plates, or the forfeiture of the vehicle; and that, if the

operator is not the vehicle owner, the operator immediately should

inform the vehicle owner that the vehicle and its license plates

have been seized and that the vehicle owner may be able to obtain

their return or release at the initial appearance or thereafter.

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(3) The arresting officer or a law enforcement officer of the 23158 agency that employs the arresting officer shall give written 23159 notice of the seizure to the court that will conduct the initial 23160 appearance of the vehicle operator. The notice shall be given when 23161 the charges are filed against the vehicle operator arrested person 23162 on the charges arising out of the arrest. Upon receipt of the 23163 notice, the court promptly shall determine whether the vehicle 23164 operator arrested person is the vehicle owner and whether there 23165 are any liens recorded on the certificate of title to the vehicle. 23166 If the court determines that the vehicle operator arrested person 23167 is not the vehicle owner, it promptly shall send by regular mail 23168 written notice of the seizure of the motor vehicle to the vehicle 23169 vehicle's registered owner and to all lienholders recorded on the 23170 certificate of title. The written notice to the vehicle owner and 23171 lienholders shall contain all of the information required by 23172 division (B)(2) of this section to be in a notice to be given to 23173 the vehicle operator arrested person and also shall specify the 23174 date, time, and place of the vehicle operator's arrested person's 23175 initial appearance. The notice also shall inform the vehicle owner 23176 that if title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for 23177 criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred 23178 and division $\frac{(C)}{(B)}(2)$ or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised 23179 Code applies, the court may fine the vehicle operator arrested 23180 person the value of the vehicle. The notice to the vehicle owner 23181 also shall state that if the vehicle is immobilized under division 23182 (A) of section 4503.233 of the Revised Code, seven days after the 23183 end of the period of immobilization a law enforcement agency will 23184 send the vehicle owner a notice, informing the vehicle owner that 23185

if the release of the vehicle is not obtained in accordance with	23186
division (D)(3) of section 4503.233 of the Revised Code, the	23187
vehicle shall be forfeited. The notice also shall inform the	23188
vehicle owner that the vehicle owner may be charged expenses or	23189
charges incurred under this section and section 4503.233 of the	23190
Revised Code for the removal and storage of the vehicle.	23191

The written notice that is given to the vehicle operator or 23193 is sent or delivered to the vehicle owner if the vehicle owner is 23194 not the vehicle operator arrested person also shall state that if 23195 the vehicle operator pleads guilty to or <u>person</u> is convicted of <u>or</u> 23196 pleads quilty to the offense for which the vehicle operator was 23197 arrested and the court issues an immobilization and impoundment 23198 order relative to that vehicle, division (D)(4) of section 23199 4503.233 of the Revised Code prohibits the vehicle from being sold 23200 during the period of immobilization without the prior approval of 23201 the court. 23202

(4) At or before the initial appearance, the vehicle owner 23203 may file a motion requesting the court to order that the vehicle 23204 and its license plates be released to the vehicle owner. Except as 23205 provided in this division and subject to the payment of expenses 23206 or charges incurred in the removal and storage of the vehicle, the 23207 court, in its discretion, then may issue an order releasing the 23208 vehicle and its license plates to the vehicle owner. Such an order 23209 may be conditioned upon such terms as the court determines 23210 appropriate, including the posting of a bond in an amount 23211 determined by the court. If the vehicle operator arrested person 23212 is not the vehicle owner and if the vehicle owner is not present 23213 at the vehicle operator's arrested person's initial appearance, 23214 and if the court believes that the vehicle owner was not provided 23215 with adequate notice of the initial appearance, the court, in its 23216 discretion, may allow the vehicle owner to file a motion within 23217

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seven days of the initial appearance. If the court allows the	23218
vehicle owner to file such a motion after the initial appearance,	23219
the extension of time granted by the court does not extend the	23220
time within which the initial appearance is to be conducted. If	23221
the court issues an order for the release of the vehicle and its	23222
license plates, a copy of the order shall be made available to the	23223
vehicle owner. If the vehicle owner presents a copy of the order	23224
to the law enforcement agency that employs the law enforcement	23225
officer who arrested the <u>arrested</u> person who was operating the	23226
vehicle, the law enforcement agency promptly shall release the	23227
vehicle and its license plates to the vehicle owner upon payment	23228
by the vehicle owner of any expenses or charges incurred in the	23229
removal and storage of the vehicle.	23230

- (5) A vehicle seized under division (B)(1) of this section 23231 either shall be towed to a place specified by the law enforcement 23232 agency that employs the arresting officer to be safely kept by the 23233 agency at that place for the time and in the manner specified in 23234 this section or shall be otherwise immobilized for the time and in 23235 the manner specified in this section. A law enforcement officer of 23236 that agency shall remove the identification license plates of the 23237 vehicle, and they shall be safely kept by the agency for the time 23238 and in the manner specified in this section. No vehicle that is 23239 seized and either towed or immobilized pursuant to this division 23240 shall be considered contraband for purposes of section 2933.41, 23241 2933.42, or 2933.43 of the Revised Code. The vehicle shall not be 23242 immobilized at any place other than a commercially operated 23243 private storage lot, a place owned by a law enforcement agency or 23244 other government agency, or a place to which one of the following 23245 applies: 23246
- (a) The place is leased by or otherwise under the control of a law enforcement agency or other government agency.
 - (b) The place is owned by the vehicle operator, the vehicle

operator's spouse, or a parent or child of the vehicle operator. 23250

- (c) The place is owned by a private person or entity, and, 23251 prior to the immobilization, the private entity or person that 23252 owns the place, or the authorized agent of that private entity or 23253 person, has given express written consent for the immobilization 23254 to be carried out at that place. 23255
- (d) The place is a street or highway on which the vehicle is 23256 parked in accordance with the law. 23257
- (C)(1) A vehicle that is seized under division (B) of this 23258 section shall be safely kept at the place to which it is towed or 23259 otherwise moved by the law enforcement agency that employs the 23260 arresting officer until the initial appearance of the vehicle 23261 operator arrested person relative to the charge in question. The 23262 license plates of the vehicle that are removed pursuant to 23263 division (B) of this section shall be safely kept by the law 23264 enforcement agency that employs the arresting officer until the 23265 initial appearance of the vehicle operator arrested person 23266 relative to the charge in question. 23267
- (2)(a) At the initial appearance or not less than seven days 23268 prior to the date of final disposition, the court shall notify the 23269 vehicle operator, if the vehicle operator is the vehicle owner, 23270 arrested person that, if title to a motor vehicle that is subject 23271 to an order for criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned 23272 or transferred and division (C)(B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 23273 of the Revised Code applies, the court may fine the vehicle 23274 operator arrested person the value of the vehicle. If, at the 23275 initial appearance, the vehicle operator arrested person pleads 23276 guilty to the violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the 23277 Revised Code or of the municipal OMVI OVI ordinance or pleads no 23278 contest to and is convicted of the violation, the court shall 23279 impose sentence upon the vehicle operator person as provided by 23280 law or ordinance; the court, except as provided in this division 23281

and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order	23282
the immobilization of the vehicle the arrested person was	23283
operating at the time of the offense if registered in the arrested	23284
person's name and the impoundment of its license plates under	23285
section 4503.233 and section $\underline{4511.19}$ or $\underline{4511.193}$ or $\underline{4511.99}$ of the	23286
Revised Code, or the criminal forfeiture to the state of the	23287
vehicle <u>if registered in the arrested person's name</u> under section	23288
4503.234 and section $\underline{4511.19}$ or $\underline{4511.193}$ or $\underline{4511.99}$ of the Revised	23289
Code, whichever is applicable; and the vehicle and its license	23290
plates shall not be returned or released to the vehicle owner. If	23291
the vehicle operator is not the vehicle owner and the vehicle	23292
owner is not present at the vehicle operator's initial appearance	23293
and if the court believes that the vehicle owner was not provided	23294
adequate notice of the initial appearance, the court, in its	23295
adequate notice of the initial appearance, the court, in its discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven	23295 23296
discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven	23296
discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven days from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the	23296 23297
discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven days from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of	23296 23297 23298
discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven days from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle so that the vehicle owner may appear before the court	23296 23297 23298 23299
discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven days from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle so that the vehicle owner may appear before the court to present evidence as to why the court should not order the	23296 23297 23298 23299 23300
discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven days from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle so that the vehicle owner may appear before the court to present evidence as to why the court should not order the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license	23296 23297 23298 23299 23300 23301
discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven days from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle so that the vehicle owner may appear before the court to present evidence as to why the court should not order the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle. If the court	23296 23297 23298 23299 23300 23301 23302
discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven days from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle so that the vehicle owner may appear before the court to present evidence as to why the court should not order the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle. If the court refrains from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the	23296 23297 23298 23299 23300 23301 23302 23303
discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven days from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle so that the vehicle owner may appear before the court to present evidence as to why the court should not order the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle. If the court refrains from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of	23296 23297 23298 23299 23300 23301 23302 23303 23304
discretion, may refrain for a period of time not exceeding seven days from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle so that the vehicle owner may appear before the court to present evidence as to why the court should not order the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle. If the court refrains from ordering the immobilization of the vehicle and the impoundment of its license plates, or the criminal forfeiture of the vehicle, section 4503.235 of the Revised Code applies relative	23296 23297 23298 23299 23300 23301 23302 23303 23304 23305

(b) If, at any time, the charge that the vehicle operator

arrested person violated division (A) of section 4511.19 of the

Revised Code or the municipal OMVI OVI ordinance is dismissed for

any reason, the court shall order that the vehicle seized at the

time of the arrest and its license plates immediately be released

to the vehicle owner subject to the payment of expenses or charges

incurred in the removal and storage of the vehicle person.

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(D) If a vehicle is and its license plates are seized under 23315 division (B) of this section and is are not returned or released 23316 to the vehicle owner arrested person pursuant to division (C) of 23317 this section, the vehicle or and its license plates shall be 23318 retained until the final disposition of the charge in question. 23319 Upon the final disposition of that charge, the court shall do 23320 whichever of the following is applicable: 23321 (1) If the vehicle operator arrested person is convicted of 23322 or pleads guilty to the violation of division (A) of section 23323 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of the municipal OMVI OVI 23324 ordinance, the court shall impose sentence upon the vehicle 23325 operator person as provided by law or ordinance and, subject to 23326 section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the 23327 immobilization of the vehicle the vehicle operator person was 23328 operating at the time of, or that was involved in, the offense if 23329 it is registered in the arrested person's name and the impoundment 23330 of its license plates under section 4503.233 and section 4511.19 23331 or 4511.193 or 4511.99 of the Revised Code, or the criminal 23332 forfeiture of the vehicle if it is registered in the arrested 23333 person's name under section 4503.234 and section 4511.19 or 23334 4511.193 or 4511.99 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable. 23335 (2) If the vehicle operator arrested person is found not 23336 guilty of the violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the 23337 Revised Code or of the municipal OMVI OVI ordinance, the court 23338 shall order that the vehicle and its license plates immediately be 23339 released to the vehicle owner upon the payment of any expenses or 23340 charges incurred in its removal and storage arrested person. 23341 (3) If the charge that the vehicle operator arrested person 23342 violated division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or 23343 the municipal OWVI OVI ordinance is dismissed for any reason, the 23344 court shall order that the vehicle and its license plates 23345

immediately be released to the vehicle owner upon the payment of

any expenses or charges incurred in its removal and storage 23347 arrested person. 23348 (4) If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized 23349 under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its 23350 license plates be returned immediately to the arrested person or, 23351 if the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, to the vehicle 23352 owner, and shall order that the state or political subdivision of 23353 the law enforcement agency served by the law enforcement officer 23354 who seized the vehicle pay all expenses and charges incurred in 23355 its removal and storage. 23356 (E) If a vehicle is seized under division (B) of this 23357 section, the time between the seizure of the vehicle and either 23358 its release to the vehicle owner arrested person under division 23359 (C) of this section or the issuance of an order of immobilization 23360 of the vehicle under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code shall be 23361 credited against the period of immobilization ordered by the 23362 23363 court. (F)(1) The vehicle owner Except as provided in division 23364 (D)(4) of this section, the arrested person may be charged 23365 expenses or charges incurred in the removal and storage of the 23366 immobilized vehicle. The court with jurisdiction over the case, 23367 after notice to all interested parties, including lienholders, and 23368

after an opportunity for them to be heard, if the vehicle owner 23369 fails to appear in person, without good cause, or if the court 23370 finds that the vehicle owner arrested person does not intend to 23371 seek release of the vehicle at the end of the period of 23372 immobilization under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code or that 23373 the vehicle owner arrested person is not or will not be able to 23374 pay the expenses and charges incurred in its removal and storage, 23375 may order that title to the vehicle be transferred, in order of 23376 priority, first into the name of the person or entity that removed 23377 it, next into the name of a lienholder, or lastly into the name of 23378

the owner of the place of storage.

Any lienholder that receives title under a court order shall 23380 do so on the condition that it pay any expenses or charges 23381 incurred in the vehicle's removal and storage. If the person or 23382 entity that receives title to the vehicle is the person or entity 23383 that removed it, the person or entity shall receive title on the 23384 condition that it pay any lien on the vehicle. The court shall not 23385 order that title be transferred to any person or entity other than 23386 the owner of the place of storage if the person or entity refuses 23387 to receive the title. Any person or entity that receives title 23388 either may keep title to the vehicle or may dispose of the vehicle 23389 in any legal manner that it considers appropriate, including 23390 assignment of the certificate of title to the motor vehicle to a 23391 salvage dealer or a scrap metal processing facility. The person or 23392 entity shall not transfer the vehicle to the person who is the 23393 vehicle's immediate previous owner. 23394

If the person or entity that receives title assigns the motor 23395 vehicle to a salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility, 23396 the person or entity shall send the assigned certificate of title 23397 to the motor vehicle to the clerk of the court of common pleas of 23398 the county in which the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing 23399 facility is located. The person or entity shall mark the face of 23400 the certificate of title with the words "for destruction FOR 23401 DESTRUCTION" and shall deliver a photocopy of the certificate of 23402 title to the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility for 23403 its records. 23404

(2) Whenever a court issues an order under division (F)(1) of 23405 this section, the court also shall order removal of the license 23406 plates from the vehicle and cause them to be sent to the registrar 23407 of motor vehicles if they have not already been sent to the 23408 registrar. Thereafter, no further proceedings shall take place 23409 under this section or under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code. 23410

(3) Prior to initiating a proceeding under division $(F)(1)$ of	23411
this section, and upon payment of the fee under division (B) of	23412
section 4505.14 of the Revised Code, any interested party may	23413
cause a search to be made of the public records of the bureau of	23414
motor vehicles or the clerk of the court of common pleas, to	23415
ascertain the identity of any lienholder of the vehicle. The	23416
initiating party shall furnish this information to the clerk of	23417
the court with jurisdiction over the case, and the clerk shall	23418
provide notice to the vehicle owner, the defendant <u>arrested</u>	23419
<pre>person, any lienholder, and any other interested parties listed by</pre>	23420
the initiating party, at the last known address supplied by the	23421
initiating party, by certified mail or, at the option of the	23422
initiating party, by personal service or ordinary mail.	23423

Sec. 4511.196. (A) If a person is arrested for being in 23424 physical control of a vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley in 23425 violation of section 4511.194 of the Revised Code, or for 23426 operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug 23427 of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse or for operating a 23428 vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, 23429 breath, or urine and, streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation 23430 of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a 23431 municipal OVI ordinance, regardless of whether the person's 23432 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident 23433 operating privilege is or is not suspended under division (E) or 23434 (F) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, the person's initial 23435 appearance on the charge resulting from the arrest shall be held 23436 within five days of the person's arrest or the issuance of the 23437 citation to the person. 23438

(B)(1) If a person is arrested as described in division (A) 23439 of this section, if the person's driver's or commercial driver's 23440 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege has been 23441

suspended under division (E) or (F) of section 4511.191 of the 23442 Revised Code in relation to that arrest, if the person appeals the 23443 suspension in accordance with division (H)(1) of that section 23444 4511.197 of the Revised Code, and if the judge, magistrate, or 23445 mayor terminates the suspension in accordance with division (H)(2) 23446 of that section, the judge, magistrate, or mayor, at any time 23447 prior to adjudication on the merits of the charge resulting from 23448 the arrest, may impose a new suspension of the person's license, 23449 permit, or nonresident operating privilege, notwithstanding the 23450 termination of the suspension imposed under division (E) or (F) of 23451 section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, if the judge, magistrate, or 23452 mayor determines that the person's continued driving will be a 23453 threat to public safety. 23454

- (2) If a person is arrested as described in division (A) of 23455 this section and if the person's driver's or commercial driver's 23456 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege has not been 23457 suspended under division (E) or (F) of section 4511.191 of the 23458 Revised Code in relation to that arrest, the judge, magistrate, or 23459 mayor, at any time prior to the adjudication on the merits of the 23460 charge resulting from the arrest, may impose a suspension of the 23461 person's license, permit, or nonresident operating privilege if 23462 the judge, magistrate, or mayor determines that the person's 23463 continued driving will be a threat to public safety. 23464
- (C) A suspension of a person's driver's or commercial 23465 driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege 23466 under division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall continue until 23467 the complaint on the charge resulting from the arrest is 23468 adjudicated on the merits. A court that imposes a suspension under 23469 division (B)(2) of this section shall send the person's driver's 23470 license or permit to the registrar of motor vehicles. If the court 23471 possesses the driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of 23472 a person in the category described in division (B)(2) of this 23473

vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation of division

(A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a municipal

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OVI ordinance or for being in physical control of a vehicle,	23505
streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation of section 4511.194	23506
of the Revised Code and if the person's driver's or commercial	23507
driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege is	23508
suspended under section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, the person	23509
may appeal the suspension at the person's initial appearance on	23510
the charge resulting from the arrest or within the period ending	23511
thirty days after the person's initial appearance on that charge,	23512
in the court in which the person will appear on that charge. If	23513
the person appeals the suspension, the appeal itself does not stay	23514
the operation of the suspension. If the person appeals the	23515
suspension, either the person or the registrar of motor vehicles	23516
may request a continuance of the appeal and the court may grant	23517
the continuance. The court also may continue the appeal on its own	23518
motion. Neither the request for, nor the granting of, a	23519
continuance stays the suspension that is the subject of the	23520
appeal, unless the court specifically grants a stay.	23521
(B) A person shall file an appeal under division (A) of this	23522
section in the municipal court, county court, juvenile court,	23523
mayor's court, or court of common pleas that has jurisdiction over	23524
the charge in relation to which the person was arrested.	23525
(C) If a newgon appeals a sugmention under division (A) of	23526
(C) If a person appeals a suspension under division (A) of	
this section, the scope of the appeal is limited to determining	23527
whether one or more of the following conditions have not been met:	23528
(1) Whether the arresting law enforcement officer had	23529
reasonable ground to believe the arrested person was operating a	23530
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation of division	23531
(A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a municipal	23532
OVI ordinance or was in physical control of a vehicle, streetcar,	23533
or trackless trolley in violation of section 4511.194 of the	23534
Revised Code and whether the arrested person was in fact placed	23535
under arrest;	23536

(2) Whether the law enforcement officer requested the	23537
arrested person to submit to the chemical test or tests designated	23538
pursuant to division (A) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code;	23539
(3) Whether the arresting officer informed the arrested	23540
person of the consequences of refusing to be tested or of	23541
submitting to the test or tests;	23542
(4) Whichever of the following is applicable:	23543
(a) Whether the arrested person refused to submit to the	23544
chemical test or tests requested by the officer;	23545
(b) Whether the arrest was for a violation of division (A) or	23546
(B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a municipal OVI	23547
ordinance and, if it was, whether the chemical test results	23548
indicate that the arrested person's whole blood contained a	23549
concentration of ten-hundredths of one per cent or more by weight	23550
of alcohol, the person's blood serum or plasma contained a	23551
concentration of twelve-hundredths of one per cent or more by	23552
weight of alcohol, the person's breath contained a concentration	23553
of ten-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two	23554
hundred ten liters of the person's breath, or the person's urine	23555
contained a concentration of fourteen-hundredths of one gram or	23556
more by weight of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of the	23557
person's urine at the time of the alleged offense.	23558
(D) A person who appeals a suspension under division (A) of	23559
this section has the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the	23560
evidence, that one or more of the conditions specified in division	23561
(C) of this section has not been met. If, during the appeal, the	23562
judge or magistrate of the court or the mayor of the mayor's court	23563
determines that all of those conditions have been met, the judge,	23564
magistrate, or mayor shall uphold the suspension, continue the	23565
suspension, and notify the registrar of motor vehicles of the	23566
decision on a form approved by the registrar.	23567

Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a suspension 23568 imposed under section 4511.191 of the Revised Code is upheld on 23569 appeal or if the subject person does not appeal the suspension 23570 under division (A) of this section, the suspension shall continue 23571 until the complaint alleging the violation for which the person 23572 was arrested and in relation to which the suspension was imposed 23573 is adjudicated on the merits or terminated pursuant to law. If the 23574 suspension was imposed under division (B)(1) of section 4511.191 23575 of the Revised Code and it is continued under this section, any 23576 subsequent finding that the person is not quilty of the charge 23577 that resulted in the person being requested to take the chemical 23578 test or tests under division (A) of section 4511.191 of the 23579 Revised Code does not terminate or otherwise affect the 23580 suspension. If the suspension was imposed under division (C) of 23581 section 4511.191 of the Revised Code in relation to an alleged 23582 misdemeanor violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of 23583 the Revised Code or of a municipal OVI ordinance and it is 23584 continued under this section, the suspension shall terminate if, 23585 for any reason, the person subsequently is found not quilty of the 23586 charge that resulted in the person taking the chemical test or 23587

If, during the appeal, the judge or magistrate of the trial 23589 court or the mayor of the mayor's court determines that one or 23590 more of the conditions specified in division (C) of this section 23591 have not been met, the judge, magistrate, or mayor shall terminate 23592 the suspension, subject to the imposition of a new suspension 23593 under division (B) of section 4511.196 of the Revised Code; shall 23594 notify the registrar of motor vehicles of the decision on a form 23595 approved by the registrar; and, except as provided in division (B) 23596 of section 4511.196 of the Revised Code, shall order the registrar 23597 to return the driver's or commercial driver's license or permit to 23598 the person or to take any other measures that may be necessary, if 23599

tests.

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the license or permit was destroyed under section 4510.53 of the	23600
Revised Code, to permit the person to obtain a replacement	23601
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit from the	23602
registrar or a deputy registrar in accordance with that section.	23603
The court also shall issue to the person a court order, valid for	23604
not more than ten days from the date of issuance, granting the	23605
person operating privileges for that period.	23606
(E) Any person whose driver's or commercial driver's license	23607
or permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended	23608
pursuant to section 4511.191 of the Revised Code may file a	23609
petition requesting limited driving privileges in the common pleas	23610
court, municipal court, county court, mayor's court, or juvenile	23611
court with jurisdiction over the related criminal or delinquency	23612
case. The petition may be filed at any time subsequent to the date	23613
on which the arresting law enforcement officer serves the notice	23614
of suspension upon the arrested person but no later than thirty	23615
days after the arrested person's initial appearance or	23616
arraignment. Upon the making of the request, limited driving	23617
privileges may be granted under sections 4510.021 and 4510.13 of	23618
the Revised Code, regardless of whether the person appeals the	23619
suspension under this section or appeals the decision of the court	23620
on the appeal, and, if the person has so appealed the suspension	23621
or decision, regardless of whether the matter has been heard or	23622
decided by the court. The person shall pay the costs of the	23623
proceeding, notify the registrar of the filing of the petition,	23624
and send the registrar a copy of the petition.	23625
The court may not grant the person limited driving privileges	23626
when prohibited by section 4510.13 or 4511.191 of the Revised	23627
Code.	23628
(F) Any person whose driver's or commercial driver's license	23629
or permit has been suspended under section 4511.19 of the Revised	23630
Code or under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a conviction	23631

of a municipal OVI offense and who desires to retain the license	23632
or permit during the pendency of an appeal, at the time sentence	23633
is pronounced, shall notify the court of record or mayor's court	23634
that suspended the license or permit of the person's intention to	23635
appeal. If the person so notifies the court, the court, mayor, or	23636
clerk of the court shall retain the license or permit until the	23637
appeal is perfected, and, if execution of sentence is stayed, the	23638
license or permit shall be returned to the person to be held by	23639
the person during the pendency of the appeal. If the appeal is not	23640
perfected or is dismissed or terminated in an affirmance of the	23641
conviction, then the license or permit shall be taken up by the	23642
court, mayor, or clerk, at the time of putting the sentence into	23643
execution, and the court shall proceed in the same manner as if no	23644
appeal was taken.	23645
(G) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if a	23646
person whose driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	23647
nonresident operating privilege was suspended under section	23648
4511.191 of the Revised Code appeals the suspension under division	23649
(A) of this section, the prosecuting attorney of the county in	23650
which the arrest occurred shall represent the registrar of motor	23651
vehicles in the appeal. If the arrest occurred within a municipal	23652
corporation within the jurisdiction of the court in which the	23653
appeal is conducted, the city director of law, village solicitor,	23654
or other chief legal officer of that municipal corporation shall	23655
represent the registrar. If the appeal is conducted in a municipal	23656
court, the registrar shall be represented as provided in section	23657
1901.34 of the Revised Code. If the appeal is conducted in a	23658
mayor's court, the city director of law, village solicitor, or	23659
other chief legal officer of the municipal corporation that	23660
operates that mayor's court shall represent the registrar.	23661
(H) The court shall give information in writing of any action	23662
taken under this section to the registrar of motor vehicles.	23663

	23664
(I) When it finally has been determined under the procedures	23665
of this section that a nonresident's privilege to operate a	23666
vehicle within this state has been suspended, the registrar of	23667
motor vehicles shall give information in writing of the action	23668
taken to the motor vehicle administrator of the state of the	23669
nonresident's residence and of any state in which the nonresident	23670
has a license.	23671
Sec. 4511.20. (A) No person shall operate a vehicle,	23672
trackless trolley, or streetcar on any street or highway in	23673
willful or wanton disregard of the safety of persons or property.	23674
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	23675
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	23676
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	23677
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	23678
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	23679
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	23680
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	23681
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	23682
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	23683
Sec. 4511.201. (A) No person shall operate a vehicle,	23684
trackless trolley, or streetcar on any public or private property	23685
other than streets or highways, in willful or wanton disregard of	23686
the safety of persons or property.	23687
This section does not apply to the competitive operation of	23688
vehicles on public or private property when the owner of such	23689
property knowingly permits such operation thereon.	23690
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	23691
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	23692
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	23693

the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	23755
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident	23756
operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(7) of	23757
section 4510.02 of the Revised Code, and, if the vehicle involved	23758
in the offense is registered in the name of the offender, the	23759
court shall order one of the following:	23760
(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2) or (3) of	23761
this section, the court shall order, for thirty days, the	23762
immobilization of the vehicle involved in the offense and the	23763
impoundment of that vehicle's license plates. The order shall be	23764
issued and enforced under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code.	23765
(2) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	23766
pleaded guilty to one violation of this section or a substantially	23767
equivalent municipal ordinance, the court shall order, for sixty	23768
days, the immobilization of the vehicle involved in the offense	23769
and the impoundment of that vehicle's license plates. The order	23770
shall be issued and enforced under section 4503.233 of the Revised	23771
Code.	23772
(3) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	23773
pleaded guilty to two or more violations of this section or a	23774
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, the court shall	23775
order the criminal forfeiture to the state of the vehicle involved	23776
in the offense. The order shall be issued and enforced under	23777
section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	23778
If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for	23779
criminal forfeiture under this division is assigned or transferred	23780
and division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code	23781
applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty	23782
established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of	23783
the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto	23784
dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed under	23785
this division shall be distributed in accordance with division	23786

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(C)(2) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	23787
(D) If a court orders the immobilization of a vehicle under	23788
division (C) of this section, the court shall not release the	23789
vehicle from the immobilization before the termination of the	23790
period of immobilization ordered unless the court is presented	23791
with current proof of financial responsibility with respect to	23792
that vehicle.	23793
(E) If a court orders the criminal forfeiture of a vehicle	23794
under division (C) of this section, upon receipt of the order from	23795
the court, neither the registrar of motor vehicles nor any deputy	23796
registrar shall accept any application for the registration or	23797
transfer of registration of any motor vehicle owned or leased by	23798
the person named in the order. The period of denial shall be five	23799
years after the date the order is issued, unless, during that	23800
five-year period, the court with jurisdiction of the offense that	23801
resulted in the order terminates the forfeiture and notifies the	23802
registrar of the termination. If the court terminates the	23803
forfeiture and notifies the registrar, the registrar shall take	23804
all necessary measures to permit the person to register a vehicle	23805
owned or leased by the person or to transfer the registration of	23806
the vehicle.	23807
(F) This section does not apply to motor vehicle rental	23808
dealers or motor vehicle leasing dealers, as defined in section	23809
4549.65 of the Revised Code.	23810
(G) Evidence of a conviction of, plea of guilty to, or	23811
adjudication as a delinquent child for a violation of this section	23812
or a substantially similar municipal ordinance shall not be	23813
admissible as evidence in any civil action that involves the	23814
offender or delinquent child who is the subject of the conviction,	23815
plea, or adjudication and that arises from the wrongful	23816
entrustment of a motor vehicle.	23817

(H) As used in this section, a vehicle is owned by a person	23818
if, at the time of a violation of this section, the vehicle is	23819
registered in the person's name.	23820
Sec. 4511.21. (A) No person shall operate a motor vehicle,	23821
trackless trolley, or streetcar at a speed greater or less than is	23822
reasonable or proper, having due regard to the traffic, surface,	23823
and width of the street or highway and any other conditions, and	23824
no person shall drive any motor vehicle, trackless trolley, or	23825
streetcar in and upon any street or highway at a greater speed	23826
than will permit the person to bring it to a stop within the	23827
assured clear distance ahead.	23828
(B) It is prima-facie lawful, in the absence of a lower limit	23829
declared pursuant to this section by the director of	23830
transportation or local authorities, for the operator of a motor	23831
vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar to operate the same at a	23832
speed not exceeding the following:	23833
(1)(a) Twenty miles per hour in school zones during school	23834
recess and while children are going to or leaving school during	23835
the opening or closing hours, and when twenty miles per hour	23836
school speed limit signs are erected; except that, on	23837
controlled-access highways and expressways, if the right-of-way	23838
line fence has been erected without pedestrian opening, the speed	23839
shall be governed by division $(B)(4)$ of this section and on	23840
freeways, if the right-of-way line fence has been erected without	23841
pedestrian opening, the speed shall be governed by divisions	23842
(B)(8) and (9) of this section. The end of every school zone may	23843
be marked by a sign indicating the end of the zone. Nothing in	23844
this section or in the manual and specifications for a uniform	23845
system of traffic control devices shall be construed to require	23846
school zones to be indicated by signs equipped with flashing or	23847

other lights, or giving other special notice of the hours in which

the school zone speed limit is in effect.

- (b) As used in this section and in section 4511.212 of the 23850 Revised Code, "school" means any school chartered under section 23851 3301.16 of the Revised Code and any nonchartered school that 23852 during the preceding year filed with the department of education 23853 in compliance with rule 3301-35-08 of the Ohio Administrative 23854 Code, a copy of the school's report for the parents of the 23855 school's pupils certifying that the school meets Ohio minimum 23856 standards for nonchartered, nontax-supported schools and presents 23857 evidence of this filing to the jurisdiction from which it is 23858 requesting the establishment of a school zone. 23859
- (c) As used in this section, "school zone" means that portion 23860 of a street or highway passing a school fronting upon the street 23861 or highway that is encompassed by projecting the school property 23862 lines to the fronting street or highway, and also includes that 23863 portion of a state highway. Upon request from local authorities 23864 for streets and highways under their jurisdiction and that portion 23865 of a state highway under the jurisdiction of the director of 23866 transportation, the director may extend the traditional school 23867 zone boundaries. The distances in divisions (B)(1)(c)(i), (ii), 23868 and (iii) of this section shall not exceed three hundred feet per 23869 approach per direction and are bounded by whichever of the 23870 following distances or combinations thereof the director approves 23871 as most appropriate: 23872
- (i) The distance encompassed by projecting the school 23873 building lines normal to the fronting highway and extending a 23874 distance of three hundred feet on each approach direction; 23875
- (ii) The distance encompassed by projecting the school 23876 property lines intersecting the fronting highway and extending a 23877 distance of three hundred feet on each approach direction; 23878
 - (iii) The distance encompassed by the special marking of the 23879

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pavement for a	a principal	school pupil	l crosswalk plus	a distance	of 23880
three hundred	feet on eac	ch approach d	direction of the	highway.	23881

Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate the 23882 director's initial action on August 9, 1976, establishing all 23883 school zones at the traditional school zone boundaries defined by 23884 projecting school property lines, except when those boundaries are 23885 extended as provided in divisions (B)(1)(a) and (c) of this 23886 section.

(d) As used in this division, "crosswalk" has the meaning 23888 given that term in division (LL)(2) of section 4511.01 of the 23889 Revised Code.

The director may, upon request by resolution of the 23891 legislative authority of a municipal corporation, the board of 23892 trustees of a township, or a county board of mental retardation 23893 and developmental disabilities created pursuant to Chapter 5126. 23894 of the Revised Code, and upon submission by the municipal 23895 corporation, township, or county board of such engineering, 23896 traffic, and other information as the director considers 23897 necessary, designate a school zone on any portion of a state route 23898 lying within the municipal corporation, lying within the 23899 unincorporated territory of the township, or lying adjacent to the 23900 property of a school that is operated by such county board, that 23901 includes a crosswalk customarily used by children going to or 23902 leaving a school during recess and opening and closing hours, 23903 whenever the distance, as measured in a straight line, from the 23904 school property line nearest the crosswalk to the nearest point of 23905 the crosswalk is no more than one thousand three hundred twenty 23906 feet. Such a school zone shall include the distance encompassed by 23907 the crosswalk and extending three hundred feet on each approach 23908 direction of the state route. 23909

(2) Twenty-five miles per hour in all other portions of a municipal corporation, except on state routes outside business

23972

vehicle weighing eight thousand pounds or less empty weight and	23942
any commercial bus at all times on all portions of freeways that	23943
are part of the interstate system and that had such a speed limit	23944
established prior to October 1, 1995, and freeways that are not	23945
part of the interstate system, but are built to the standards and	23946
specifications that are applicable to freeways that are part of	23947
the interstate system and that had such a speed limit established	23948
prior to October 1, 1995, unless a higher speed limit is	23949
established under division (L) of this section;	23950
(12) Sixty-five miles per hour for operators of any motor	23951
vehicle weighing eight thousand pounds or less empty weight and	23952
any commercial bus at all times on all portions of the following:	23953
(a) Freeways that are part of the interstate system and that	23954
had such a speed limit established prior to October 1, 1995, and	23955
freeways that are not part of the interstate system, but are built	23956
to the standards and specifications that are applicable to	23957
freeways that are part of the interstate system and that had such	23958
a speed limit established prior to October 1, 1995;	23959
(b) Freeways that are part of the interstate system and	23960
freeways that are not part of the interstate system but are built	23961
to the standards and specifications that are applicable to	23962
freeways that are part of the interstate system, and that had such	23963
a speed limit established under division (L) of this section;	23964
(c) Rural, divided, multi-lane highways that are designated	23965
as part of the national highway system under the "National Highway	23966
System Designation Act of 1995, " 109 Stat. 568, 23 U.S.C.A. 103,	23967
and that had such a speed limit established under division (M) of	23968
this section.	23969
(C) It is prima-facie unlawful for any person to exceed any	23970

of the speed limitations in divisions (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), (4),

(6), and (7) of this section, or any declared pursuant to this

section by the director or local authorities and it is unlawful	23973
for any person to exceed any of the speed limitations in division	23974
(D) of this section. No person shall be convicted of more than one	23975
violation of this section for the same conduct, although	23976
violations of more than one provision of this section may be	23977
charged in the alternative in a single affidavit.	23978
(D) No person shall operate a motor vehicle, trackless	23979
trolley, or streetcar upon a street or highway as follows:	23980
(1) At a speed exceeding fifty-five miles per hour, except	23981
upon a freeway as provided in division (B)(12) of this section;	23982
(2) At a speed exceeding sixty-five miles per hour upon a	23983
freeway as provided in division (B)(12) of this section except as	23984
otherwise provided in division (D)(3) of this section;	23985
(3) If a motor vehicle weighing in excess of eight thousand	23986
pounds empty weight or a noncommercial bus as prescribed in	23987
division (B)(10) of this section, at a speed exceeding fifty-five	23988
miles per hour upon a freeway as provided in that division;	23989
(4) At a speed exceeding the posted speed limit upon a	23990
freeway for which the director has determined and declared a speed	23991
limit of not more than sixty-five miles per hour pursuant to	23992
division (L)(2) or (M) of this section;	23993
(5) At a speed exceeding sixty-five miles per hour upon a	23994
freeway for which such a speed limit has been established through	23995
the operation of division (L)(3) of this section;	23996
(6) At a speed exceeding the posted speed limit upon a	23997
freeway for which the director has determined and declared a speed	23998
limit pursuant to division (I)(2) of this section.	23999
(E) In every charge of violation of this section the	24000
affidavit and warrant shall specify the time, place, and speed at	24001
	04000

which the defendant is alleged to have driven, and in charges made

in reliance upon division (C) of this section also the speed which	24003
division $(B)(1)(a)$, (2) , (3) , (4) , (6) , or (7) of, or a limit	24004
declared pursuant to, this section declares is prima-facie lawful	24005
at the time and place of such alleged violation, except that in	24006
affidavits where a person is alleged to have driven at a greater	24007
speed than will permit the person to bring the vehicle to a stop	24008
within the assured clear distance ahead the affidavit and warrant	24009
need not specify the speed at which the defendant is alleged to	24010
have driven.	24011

- (F) When a speed in excess of both a prima-facie limitation 24012 and a limitation in division (D)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of 24013 this section is alleged, the defendant shall be charged in a 24014 single affidavit, alleging a single act, with a violation 24015 indicated of both division (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), (4), (6), or (7) 24016 of this section, or of a limit declared pursuant to this section 24017 by the director or local authorities, and of the limitation in 24018 division (D)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of this section. If 24019 the court finds a violation of division (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), (4), 24020 (6), or (7) of, or a limit declared pursuant to, this section has 24021 occurred, it shall enter a judgment of conviction under such 24022 division and dismiss the charge under division (D)(1), (2), (3), 24023 (4), (5), or (6) of this section. If it finds no violation of 24024 division (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), (4), (6), or (7) of, or a limit 24025 declared pursuant to, this section, it shall then consider whether 24026 the evidence supports a conviction under division (D)(1), (2), 24027 (3), (4), (5), or (6) of this section. 24028
- (G) Points shall be assessed for violation of a limitation 24029 under division (D) of this section only when the court finds the 24030 violation involved a speed of five miles per hour or more in 24031 excess of the posted speed limit in accordance with section 24032 4510.036 of the Revised Code.
 - (H) Whenever the director determines upon the basis of a 24034

geometric and traffic characteristic study that any speed limit	24035
set forth in divisions (B)(1)(a) to (D) of this section is greater	24036
or less than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to	24037
exist at any portion of a street or highway under the jurisdiction	24038
of the director, the director shall determine and declare a	24039
reasonable and safe prima-facie speed limit, which shall be	24040
effective when appropriate signs giving notice of it are erected	24041
at the location.	24042

- (I)(1) Except as provided in divisions (I)(2) and (K) of this 24043 section, whenever local authorities determine upon the basis of an 24044 engineering and traffic investigation that the speed permitted by 24045 divisions (B)(1)(a) to (D) of this section, on any part of a 24046 highway under their jurisdiction, is greater than is reasonable 24047 and safe under the conditions found to exist at such location, the 24048 local authorities may by resolution request the director to 24049 determine and declare a reasonable and safe prima-facie speed 24050 limit. Upon receipt of such request the director may determine and 24051 declare a reasonable and safe prima-facie speed limit at such 24052 location, and if the director does so, then such declared speed 24053 limit shall become effective only when appropriate signs giving 24054 notice thereof are erected at such location by the local 24055 authorities. The director may withdraw the declaration of a 24056 prima-facie speed limit whenever in the director's opinion the 24057 altered prima-facie speed becomes unreasonable. Upon such 24058 withdrawal, the declared prima-facie speed shall become 24059 ineffective and the signs relating thereto shall be immediately 24060 removed by the local authorities. 24061
- (2) A local authority may determine on the basis of a 24062 geometric and traffic characteristic study that the speed limit of 24063 sixty-five miles per hour on a portion of a freeway under its 24064 jurisdiction that was established through the operation of 24065 division (L)(3) of this section is greater than is reasonable or 24066

(c) Gravel.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (K)(4) and (5) 24098 of this section, whenever a board of township trustees determines 24099 upon the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation that 24100 the speed permitted by division (B)(5) of this section on any part 24101 of an unimproved highway under its jurisdiction and in the 24102 unincorporated territory of the township is greater than is 24103 24104 reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist at the location, the board may by resolution declare a reasonable and 24105 safe prima-facie speed limit of fifty-five but not less than 24106 twenty-five miles per hour. An altered speed limit adopted by a 24107 board of township trustees under this division becomes effective 24108 when appropriate traffic control devices, as prescribed in section 24109 4511.11 of the Revised Code, giving notice thereof are erected at 24110 the location, which shall be no sooner than sixty days after 24111 adoption of the resolution. 24112
- (3)(a) Whenever, in the opinion of a board of township

 trustees, any altered prima-facie speed limit established by the

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 board under this division becomes unreasonable, the board may

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 adopt a resolution withdrawing the altered prima-facie speed

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 limit. Upon the adoption of such a resolution, the altered

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 prima-facie speed limit becomes ineffective and the traffic

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 control devices relating thereto shall be immediately removed.

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- (b) Whenever a highway ceases to be an unimproved highway and 24120 the board has adopted an altered prima-facie speed limit pursuant 24121 to division (K)(2) of this section, the board shall, by 24122 resolution, withdraw the altered prima-facie speed limit as soon 24123 as the highway ceases to be unimproved. Upon the adoption of such 24124 a resolution, the altered prima-facie speed limit becomes 24125 ineffective and the traffic control devices relating thereto shall 24126 be immediately removed. 24127
- (4)(a) If the boundary of two townships rests on the 24128 centerline of an unimproved highway in unincorporated territory 24129

and both townships have jurisdiction over the highway, neither of	24130
the boards of township trustees of such townships may declare an	24131
altered prima-facie speed limit pursuant to division (K)(2) of	24132
this section on the part of the highway under their joint	24133
jurisdiction unless the boards of township trustees of both of the	24134
townships determine, upon the basis of an engineering and traffic	24135
investigation, that the speed permitted by division (B)(5) of this	24136
section is greater than is reasonable or safe under the conditions	24137
found to exist at the location and both boards agree upon a	24138
reasonable and safe prima-facie speed limit of less than	24139
fifty-five but not less than twenty-five miles per hour for that	24140
location. If both boards so agree, each shall follow the procedure	24141
specified in division $(K)(2)$ of this section for altering the	24142
prima-facie speed limit on the highway. Except as otherwise	24143
provided in division $(K)(4)(b)$ of this section, no speed limit	24144
altered pursuant to division $(K)(4)(a)$ of this section may be	24145
withdrawn unless the boards of township trustees of both townships	24146
determine that the altered prima-facie speed limit previously	24147
adopted becomes unreasonable and each board adopts a resolution	24148
withdrawing the altered prima-facie speed limit pursuant to the	24149
procedure specified in division $(K)(3)(a)$ of this section.	24150

(b) Whenever a highway described in division (K)(4)(a) of 24152 this section ceases to be an unimproved highway and two boards of 24153 township trustees have adopted an altered prima-facie speed limit 24154 pursuant to division (K)(4)(a) of this section, both boards shall, 24155 by resolution, withdraw the altered prima-facie speed limit as 24156 soon as the highway ceases to be unimproved. Upon the adoption of 24157 the resolution, the altered prima-facie speed limit becomes 24158 ineffective and the traffic control devices relating thereto shall 24159 be immediately removed. 24160

(5) As used in division (K)(5) of this section:

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- (a) "Commercial subdivision" means any platted territory 24162 outside the limits of a municipal corporation and fronting a 24163 highway where, for a distance of three hundred feet or more, the 24164 frontage is improved with buildings in use for commercial 24165 purposes, or where the entire length of the highway is less than 24166 three hundred feet long and the frontage is improved with 24167 buildings in use for commercial purposes. 24168
- (b) "Residential subdivision" means any platted territory 24169 outside the limits of a municipal corporation and fronting a 24170 highway, where, for a distance of three hundred feet or more, the 24171 frontage is improved with residences or residences and buildings 24172 in use for business, or where the entire length of the highway is 24173 less than three hundred feet long and the frontage is improved 24174 with residences or residences and buildings in use for business. 24175

Whenever a board of township trustees finds upon the basis of 24176 an engineering and traffic investigation that the prima-facie 24177 speed permitted by division (B)(5) of this section on any part of 24178 a highway under its jurisdiction that is located in a commercial 24179 or residential subdivision, except on highways or portions thereof 24180 at the entrances to which vehicular traffic from the majority of 24181 intersecting highways is required to yield the right-of-way to 24182 vehicles on such highways in obedience to stop or yield signs or 24183 traffic control signals, is greater than is reasonable and safe 24184 under the conditions found to exist at the location, the board may 24185 by resolution declare a reasonable and safe prima-facie speed 24186 limit of less than fifty-five but not less than twenty-five miles 24187 per hour at the location. An altered speed limit adopted by a 24188 board of township trustees under this division shall become 24189 effective when appropriate signs giving notice thereof are erected 24190 at the location by the township. Whenever, in the opinion of a 24191 board of township trustees, any altered prima-facie speed limit 24192 established by it under this division becomes unreasonable, it may 24193

adopt a resolution withdrawing the altered prima-facie speed, and	24194
upon such withdrawal, the altered prima-facie speed shall become	24195
ineffective, and the signs relating thereto shall be immediately	24196
removed by the township.	24197

- (L)(1) Within one hundred twenty days of the effective date 24198 of this amendment February 29, 1996, the director of 24199 transportation, based upon a geometric and traffic characteristic 24200 study of a freeway that is part of the interstate system or that 24201 is not part of the interstate system, but is built to the 24202 standards and specifications that are applicable to freeways that 24203 are part of the interstate system, in consultation with the 24204 director of public safety and, if applicable, the local authority 24205 having jurisdiction over a portion of such freeway, may determine 24206 and declare that the speed limit of less than sixty-five miles per 24207 hour established on such freeway or portion of freeway either is 24208 reasonable and safe or is less than that which is reasonable and 24209 safe. 24210
- (2) If the established speed limit for such a freeway or 24211 portion of freeway is determined to be less than that which is 24212 reasonable and safe, the director of transportation, in 24213 consultation with the director of public safety and, if 24214 applicable, the local authority having jurisdiction over the 24215 portion of freeway, shall determine and declare a reasonable and 24216 safe speed limit of not more than sixty-five miles per hour for 24217 that freeway or portion of freeway. 24218

The director of transportation or local authority having 24219 jurisdiction over the freeway or portion of freeway shall erect 24220 appropriate signs giving notice of the speed limit at such 24221 location within one hundred fifty days of the effective date of 24222 this amendment February 29, 1996. Such speed limit becomes 24223 effective only when such signs are erected at the location. 24224

(3) If, within one hundred twenty days of the effective date 24225

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of this amendment February 29, 1996, the director of	24226
transportation does not make a determination and declaration of a	24227
reasonable and safe speed limit for a freeway or portion of	24228
freeway that is part of the interstate system or that is not part	24229
of the interstate system, but is built to the standards and	24230
specifications that are applicable to freeways that are part of	24231
the interstate system and that has a speed limit of less than	24232
sixty-five miles per hour, the speed limit on that freeway or	24233
portion of a freeway shall be sixty-five miles per hour. The	24234
director of transportation or local authority having jurisdiction	24235
over the freeway or portion of the freeway shall erect appropriate	24236
signs giving notice of the speed limit of sixty-five miles per	24237
hour at such location within one hundred fifty days of the	24238
effective date of this amendment February 29, 1996. Such speed	24239
limit becomes effective only when such signs are erected at the	24240
location. A speed limit established through the operation of	24241
division (L)(3) of this section is subject to reduction under	24242
division (I)(2) of this section.	24243

(M) Within three hundred sixty days after the effective date 24244 of this amendment February 29, 1996, the director of 24245 transportation, based upon a geometric and traffic characteristic 24246 study of a rural, divided, multi-lane highway that has been 24247 designated as part of the national highway system under the 24248 "National Highway System Designation Act of 1995," 109 Stat. 568, 24249 23 U.S.C.A. 103, in consultation with the director of public 24250 safety and, if applicable, the local authority having jurisdiction 24251 over a portion of the highway, may determine and declare that the 24252 speed limit of less than sixty-five miles per hour established on 24253 the highway or portion of highway either is reasonable and safe or 24254 is less than that which is reasonable and safe. 24255

If the established speed limit for the highway or portion of highway is determined to be less than that which is reasonable and

safe, the director of transportation, in consultation with the	24258
director of public safety and, if applicable, the local authority	24259
having jurisdiction over the portion of highway, shall determine	24260
and declare a reasonable and safe speed limit of not more than	24261
sixty-five miles per hour for that highway or portion of highway.	24262
The director of transportation or local authority having	24263
jurisdiction over the highway or portion of highway shall erect	24264
appropriate signs giving notice of the speed limit at such	24265
location within three hundred ninety days after the effective date	24266
of this amendment February 29, 1996. The speed limit becomes	24267
effective only when such signs are erected at the location.	24268
(N) As used in this section:	24269
(1) "Interstate system" has the same meaning as in 23	24270
U.S.C.A. 101.	24271
(2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for	24272
carrying more than nine passengers and used for the transportation	24273
of persons for compensation.	24274
(3) "Noncommercial bus" includes but is not limited to a	24275
school bus or a motor vehicle operated solely for the	24276
transportation of persons associated with a charitable or	24277
nonprofit organization.	24278
(0)(1) A violation of any provision of this section is one of	24279
the following:	24280
(a) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (0)(1)(b),	24281
(1)(c), (2), and (3) of this section, a minor misdemeanor;	24282
(b) If, within one year of the offense, the offender	24283
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two	24284
violations of any provision of this section or of any provision of	24285
a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any	24286
provision of this section, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree;	24287

(c) If, within one year of the offense, the offender	24288
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or	24289
more violations of any provision of this section or of any	24290
provision of a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar	24291
to any provision of this section, a misdemeanor of the third	24292
degree;	24293
(2) If the offender has not previously been convicted of or	24294
pleaded guilty to a violation of any provision of this section or	24295
of any provision of a municipal ordinance that is substantially	24296
similar to this section and operated a motor vehicle faster than	24297
thirty-five miles an hour in a business district of a municipal	24298
corporation, faster than fifty miles an hour in other portions of	24299
a municipal corporation, or faster than thirty-five miles an hour	24300
in a school zone during recess or while children are going to or	24301
leaving school during the school's opening or closing hours, a	24302
misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	24303
(3) Notwithstanding division (0)(1) of this section, if the	24304
offender operated a motor vehicle in a construction zone where a	24305
sign was then posted in accordance with section 4511.98 of the	24306
Revised Code, the court, in addition to all other penalties	24307
provided by law, shall impose upon the offender a fine of two	24308
times the usual amount imposed for the violation. No court shall	24309
impose a fine of two times the usual amount imposed for the	24310
violation upon an offender if the offender alleges, in an	24311
affidavit filed with the court prior to the offender's sentencing,	24312
that the offender is indigent and is unable to pay the fine	24313
imposed pursuant to this division and if the court determines that	24314
the offender is an indigent person and unable to pay the fine.	24315
Sec. 4511.211. (A) The owner of a private road or driveway	24316
located in a private residential area containing twenty or more	24317
dualling units many catablish a smood limit on the good on dui-cour.	24210

dwelling units may establish a speed limit on the road or driveway

by complying with all of the following requirements: 24319 (1) The speed limit is not less than twenty-five miles per 24320 hour and is indicated by a sign that is in a proper position, is 24321 sufficiently legible to be seen by an ordinarily observant person, 24322 and meets the specifications for the basic speed limit sign 24323 included in the manual adopted by the department of transportation 24324 pursuant to section 4511.09 of the Revised Code; 24325 (2) The owner has posted a sign at the entrance of the 24326 private road or driveway that is in plain view and clearly informs 24327 persons entering the road or driveway that they are entering 24328 private property, a speed limit has been established for the road 24329 or driveway, and the speed limit is enforceable by law enforcement 24330 officers under state law. 24331 (B) No person shall operate a vehicle upon a private road or 24332 driveway as provided in division (A) of this section at a speed 24333 exceeding any speed limit established and posted pursuant to that 24334 division. 24335 (C) When a speed limit is established and posted in 24336 accordance with division (A) of this section, any law enforcement 24337 officer may apprehend a person violating the speed limit of the 24338 residential area by utilizing any of the means described in 24339 section 4511.091 of the Revised Code or by any other accepted 24340 method of determining the speed of a motor vehicle and may stop 24341 and charge the person with exceeding the speed limit. 24342 (D) Points shall be assessed for violation of a speed limit 24343 established and posted in accordance with division (A) of this 24344 section only when the violation involves a speed of five miles per 24345 hour or more in excess of the posted speed limit in accordance 24346 with section 4510.036 of the Revised Code. 24347 (E) As used in this section: 24348

(1) "Owner" includes but is not limited to a person who holds

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title to the real property in fee simple, a condominium owners'	24350
association, a property owner's association, the board of	24351
directors or trustees of a private community, and a nonprofit	24352
corporation governing a private community.	24353
(2) "Private residential area containing twenty or more	24354
dwelling units" does not include a Chautauqua assembly as defined	24355
in section 4511.90 of the Revised Code.	24356
(F) A violation of division (B) of this section is one of the	24357
following:	24358
(1) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (F)(2) and (3)	24359
of this section, a minor misdemeanor;	24360
(2) If, within one year of the offense, the offender	24361
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two	24362
violations of division (B) of this section or of any municipal	24363
ordinance that is substantially similar to division (B) of this	24364
section, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree;	24365
(3) If, within one year of the offense, the offender	24366
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or	24367
more violations of division (B) of this section or of any	24368
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to division (B)	24369
of this section, a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24370
Sec. 4511.213. (A) The driver of a motor vehicle, upon	24371
approaching a stationary public safety vehicle that is displaying	24372
a flashing red light, flashing combination red and white light,	24373
oscillating or rotating red light, oscillating or rotating	24374
combination red and white light, flashing blue light, flashing	24375
combination blue and white light, oscillating or rotating blue	24376
light, or oscillating or rotating combination blue and white	24377
light, shall do either of the following:	24378
(1) If the driver of the motor vehicle is traveling on a	24379

highway that consists of at least two lanes that carry traffic in	24380
the same direction of travel as that of the driver's motor	24381
vehicle, the driver shall proceed with due caution and, if	24382
possible and with due regard to the road, weather, and traffic	24383
conditions, shall change lanes into a lane that is not adjacent to	24384
that of the stationary public safety vehicle.	24385
(2) If the driver is not traveling on a highway of a type	24386
described in division (A)(1) of this section, or if the driver is	24387
traveling on a highway of that type but it is not possible to	24388
change lanes or if to do so would be unsafe, the driver shall	24389
proceed with due caution, reduce the speed of the motor vehicle,	24390
and maintain a safe speed for the road, weather, and traffic	24391
conditions.	24392
(B) This section does not relieve the driver of a public	24393
safety vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the	24394
safety of all persons and property upon the highway.	24395
(C) No person shall fail to drive a motor vehicle in	24396
compliance with division (A)(1) or (2) of this section when so	24397
required by division (A) of this section.	24398
(D)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24399
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24400
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24401
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24402
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	24403
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24404
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24405
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24406
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24407
(2) Notwithstanding section 2929.21 of the Revised Code, upon	24408
a finding that a person operated a motor vehicle in violation of	24409

division (C) of this section, the court, in addition to all other

Sec. 4511.23. (A) No person shall operate a vehicle,	24442
trackless trolley, or streetcar over any bridge or other elevated	24443
structure constituting a part of a highway at a speed which is	24444
greater than the maximum speed that can be maintained with safety	24445
to such bridge or structure, when such structure is posted with	24446
signs as provided in this section.	24447
The department of transportation upon request from any local	24448
authority shall, or upon its own initiative may, conduct an	24449
investigation of any bridge or other elevated structure	24450
constituting a part of a highway, and if it finds that such	24451
structure cannot with safety withstand traffic traveling at the	24452
speed otherwise permissible under sections 4511.01 to 4511.78	24453
$\underline{4511.85}$ and $\underline{4511.99}$ $\underline{4511.98}$ of the Revised Code, the department	24454
shall determine and declare the maximum speed of traffic which	24455
such structure can withstand, and shall cause or permit suitable	24456
signs stating such maximum speed to be erected and maintained at a	24457
distance of at least one hundred feet before each end of such	24458
structure.	24459
Upon the trial of any person charged with a violation of this	24460
section, proof of said determination of the maximum speed by the	24461
department and the existence of said signs shall constitute	24462
prima-facie evidence of the maximum speed which can be maintained	24463
with safety to such bridge or structure.	24464
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24465
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24466
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24467
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24468
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	24469
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24470
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24471

predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this

control devices designating certain lanes to the left of the	24503
center of the roadway for use by traffic not otherwise permitted	24504
to use the lanes, or except as permitted under division $(A)(2)$ of	24505
this section.	24506

Division (C) of this section This division shall not be 24507 construed as prohibiting the crossing of the center line in making 24508 a left turn into or from an alley, private road, or driveway. 24509

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 24510 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within 24511 one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 24512 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 24513 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 24514 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 24515 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more 24516 predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this 24517 section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 24518

Sec. 4511.251. (A) As used in this section and in sections 24519 4507.021 and 4507.16 section 4510.036 of the Revised Code, "street 24520 racing" means the operation of two or more vehicles from a point 24521 side by side at accelerating speeds in a competitive attempt to 24522 out-distance each other or the operation of one or more vehicles 24523 over a common selected course, from the same point to the same 24524 point, wherein timing is made of the participating vehicles 24525 involving competitive accelerations or speeds. Persons rendering 24526 assistance in any manner to such competitive use of vehicles shall 24527 be equally charged as the participants. The operation of two or 24528 more vehicles side by side either at speeds in excess of 24529 prima-facie lawful speeds established by divisions (B)(1)(a) to 24530 (B)(7) of section 4511.21 of the Revised Code or rapidly 24531 accelerating from a common starting point to a speed in excess of 24532 such prima-facie lawful speeds shall be prima-facie evidence of 24533

$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ The operator of a vehicle or trackless trolley	24564
overtaking another vehicle or trackless trolley proceeding in the	24565
same direction shall, except as provided in division $\frac{(C)(A)(3)}{(A)(3)}$ of	24566
this section, signal to the vehicle or trackless trolley to be	24567
overtaken, shall pass to the left thereof at a safe distance, and	24568
shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until	24569
safely clear of the overtaken vehicle or trackless trolley.	24570
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ Except when overtaking and passing on the right is	24571
permitted, the operator of an overtaken vehicle shall give way to	24572
the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle at the latter's	24573
audible signal, and $\frac{1}{1}$ the operator shall not increase the speed	24574
of his the operator's vehicle until completely passed by the	24575
overtaking vehicle.	24576
$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ The operator of a vehicle or trackless trolley	24577
overtaking and passing another vehicle or trackless trolley	24578
proceeding in the same direction on a divided highway as defined	24579
in section 4511.35 of the Revised Code, a limited access highway	24580
as defined in section 5511.02 of the Revised Code, or a highway	24581
with four or more traffic lanes, is not required to signal audibly	24582
to the vehicle or trackless trolley being overtaken and passed.	24583
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24584
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24585
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24586
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24587
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	24588
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24589
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24590
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24591
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24592

Sec. 4511.28. (A) The driver of a vehicle or trackless

trolley may overtake and pass upon the right of another vehicle or 24594

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trackless trolley only under the following conditions:	24595
(1) When the vehicle or trackless trolley overtaken is making	24596
or about to make a left turn;	24597
(2) Upon a roadway with unobstructed pavement of sufficient	24598
width for two or more lines of vehicles moving lawfully in the	24599
direction being traveled by the overtaking vehicle.	24600
(B) The driver of a vehicle or trackless trolley may overtake	24601
and pass another vehicle or trackless trolley only under	24602
conditions permitting such movement in safety. The movement shall	24603
not be made by driving off the roadway.	24604
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24605
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24606
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24607
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24608
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	24609
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24610
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24611
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24612
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24613
Sec. 4511.29. (A) No vehicle or trackless trolley shall be	24614
driven to the left of the center of the roadway in overtaking and	24615
passing traffic proceeding in the same direction, unless such left	24616
side is clearly visible and is free of oncoming traffic for a	24617
sufficient distance ahead to permit such overtaking and passing to	24618
be completely made, without interfering with the safe operation of	24619
any traffic approaching from the opposite direction or any traffic	24620
overtaken. In every event the overtaking vehicle or trackless	24621
trolley must return to an authorized lane of travel as soon as	24622
practicable and in the event the passing movement involves the use	24623
of a lane authorized for traffic approaching from the opposite	24624

direction, before coming within two hundred feet of any

one year of the offense, the offender previously has been

convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or

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traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	24656
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24657
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24658
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24659
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24660
Sec. 4511.31. (A) The department of transportation may	24661
determine those portions of any state highway where overtaking and	24662
passing other traffic or driving to the left of the center or	24663
center line of the roadway would be especially hazardous, and may,	24664
by appropriate signs or markings on the highway, indicate the	24665
beginning and end of such zones. When such signs or markings are	24666
in place and clearly visible, every operator of a vehicle or	24667
trackless trolley shall obey the directions thereof of the signs	24668
or markings, notwithstanding the distances set out in section	24669
4511.30 of the Revised Code.	24670
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24671
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24672
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24673
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24674
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	24675
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24676
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24677
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24678
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24679
Sec. 4511.32. (A) The department of transportation may	24680
designate any highway or any separate roadway under its	24681
jurisdiction for one-way traffic and shall erect appropriate signs	24682
giving notice thereof.	24683
Upon a roadway designated and posted with signs for one-way	24684

traffic a vehicle shall be driven only in the direction

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designated.	24686
A vehicle passing around a rotary traffic island shall be	24687
driven only to the right of such the rotary traffic island.	24688
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24689
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24690
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24691
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24692
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	24693
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24694
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24695
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24696
section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24697
Sec. 4511.33. (A) Whenever any roadway has been divided into	24698
two or more clearly marked lanes for traffic, or wherever within	24699
municipal corporations traffic is lawfully moving in two or more	24700
substantially continuous lines in the same direction, the	24701
following rules apply:	24702
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ A vehicle or trackless trolley shall be driven, as	24703
nearly as is practicable, entirely within a single lane or line of	24704
traffic and shall not be moved from such lane or line until the	24705
driver has first ascertained that such movement can be made with	24706
safety.	24707
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ Upon a roadway which is divided into three lanes and	24708
provides for two-way movement of traffic, a vehicle or trackless	24709
trolley shall not be driven in the center lane except when	24710
overtaking and passing another vehicle or trackless trolley where	24711
the roadway is clearly visible and such center lane is clear of	24712
traffic within a safe distance, or when preparing for a left turn,	24713
or where such center lane is at the time allocated exclusively to	24714
traffic moving in the direction the vehicle or trackless trolley	24715
is proceeding and is posted with signs to give notice of such	24716

without danger. This paragraph does not prevent overtaking and

passing nor	does it	apply to	any lane	specially	designated	for	use	24748
by trucks.								24749

Outside a municipal corporation, the driver of any truck, or 24750 motor vehicle when drawing another vehicle, while ascending to the 24751 crest of a grade beyond which the driver's view of a roadway is 24752 obstructed, shall not follow within three hundred feet of another 24753 truck, or motor vehicle drawing another vehicle. This paragraph 24754 shall not apply to any lane specially designated for use by 24755 trucks.

Motor vehicles being driven upon any roadway outside of a 24757 business or residence district in a caravan or motorcade, shall 24758 maintain a sufficient space between such vehicles so an overtaking 24759 vehicle may enter and occupy such space without danger. This 24760 paragraph shall not apply to funeral processions. 24761

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 24762 yiolates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within 24763 one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 24764 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 24765 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 24766 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 24767 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more 24768 predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this 24769 section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 24770

Sec. 4511.35. (A) Whenever any highway has been divided into 24771 two roadways by an intervening space, or by a physical barrier, or 24772 clearly indicated dividing section so constructed as to impede 24773 vehicular traffic, every vehicle shall be driven only upon the 24774 right-hand roadway, and no vehicle shall be driven over, across, 24775 or within any such dividing space, barrier, or section, except 24776 through an opening, crossover, or intersection established by 24777 public authority. This section does not prohibit the occupancy of 24778

such dividing space, barrier, or section for the purpose of an	24779
emergency stop or in compliance with an order of a police officer.	24780
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24781
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24782
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24783
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24784
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	24785
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24786
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24787
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24788
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24789
Sec. 4511.36. (A) The driver of a vehicle intending to turn	24790
at an intersection shall be governed by the following rules:	24791
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Approach for a right turn and a right turn shall be	24792
made as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the	24793
roadway.	24794
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ At any intersection where traffic is permitted to move	24795
in both directions on each roadway entering the intersection, an	24796
approach for a left turn shall be made in that portion of the	24797
right half of the roadway nearest the center line thereof and by	24798
passing to the right of such center line where it enters the	24799
intersection and after entering the intersection the left turn	24800
shall be made so as to leave the intersection to the right of the	24801
center line of the roadway being entered. Whenever practicable the	24802
left turn shall be made in that portion of the intersection to the	24803
left of the center of the intersection.	24804
$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ At any intersection where traffic is restricted to one	24805
direction on one or more of the roadways, the driver of a vehicle	24806
intending to turn left at any such intersection shall approach the	24807
intersection in the extreme left-hand lane lawfully available to	24808
traffic moving in the direction of travel of such vehicle, and	24809

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after entering the intersection the left turn shall be made so as	24810
to leave the intersection, as nearly as practicable, in the	24811
left-hand lane of the roadway being entered lawfully available to	24812
traffic moving in that lane.	24813
(B) The operator of a trackless trolley shall comply with	24814
divisions (A) (1) , $(B)(2)$, and $(C)(3)$ of this section wherever	24815
practicable.	24816
(C) The department of transportation and local authorities in	24817
their respective jurisdictions may cause markers, buttons, or	24818
signs to be placed within or adjacent to intersections and thereby	24819
require and direct that a different course from that specified in	24820
this section be traveled by vehicles, streetcars, or trackless	24821
trolleys, turning at an intersection, and when markers, buttons,	24822
or signs are so placed, no operator of a vehicle, streetcar, or	24823
trackless trolley shall turn such vehicle, streetcar, or trackless	24824
trolley at an intersection other than as directed and required by	24825
such markers, buttons, or signs.	24826
(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24827
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24828
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24829
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24830
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	24831
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24832
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24833
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24834
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24835
Sec. 4511.37. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this	24836
section, no vehicle shall be turned so as to proceed in the	24837
opposite direction upon any curve, or upon the approach to or near	24838
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the crest of a grade, if the vehicle cannot be seen within five

hundred feet by the driver of any other vehicle approaching from $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

either direction.	24841
(B) The driver of an emergency vehicle or public safety	24842
vehicle, when responding to an emergency call, may turn the	24843
vehicle so as to proceed in the opposite direction. This division	24844
applies only when the emergency vehicle or public safety vehicle	24845
is responding to an emergency call, is equipped with and	24846
displaying at least one flashing, rotating, or oscillating light	24847
visible under normal atmospheric conditions from a distance of	24848
five hundred feet to the front of the vehicle, and when the driver	24849
of the vehicle is giving an audible signal by siren, exhaust	24850
whistle, or bell. This division does not relieve the driver of an	24851
emergency vehicle or public safety vehicle from the duty to drive	24852
with due regard for the safety of all persons and property upon	24853
the highway.	24854
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24855
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24856
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24857
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24858
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	24859
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24860
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24861
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24862
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24863
Sec. 4511.38. (A) No person shall start a vehicle, streetcar,	24864
or trackless trolley which is stopped, standing, or parked until	24865
such movement can be made with reasonable safety.	24866
Before backing, operators of vehicle, streetcars, or	24867
trackless trolleys shall give ample warning, and while backing	24868
they shall exercise vigilance not to injure person or property on	24869
the street or highway.	24870
No person shall back a motor vehicle on a freeway, except: in	24871

that clearly indicate to both approaching and following traffic

intention to turn or move right or left, except that any motor

vehicle in use on a highway shall be equipped with, and the

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required signal shall be given by, signal lights when the distance	24903
from the center of the top of the steering post to the left	24904
outside limit of the body, cab, or load of such motor vehicle	24905
exceeds twenty-four inches, or when the distance from the center	24906
of the top of the steering post to the rear limit of the body or	24907
load thereof exceeds fourteen feet, whether a single vehicle or a	24908
combination of vehicles.	24909
The signal lights required by this section shall not be	24910
flashed on one side only on a disabled vehicle or trackless	24911
trolley, flashed as a courtesy or "do pass" signal to operators of	24912
other vehicles or trackless trolleys approaching from the rear,	24913
nor be flashed on one side only of a parked vehicle or trackless	24914
trolley except as may be necessary for compliance with this	24915
section.	24916
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24917
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24918
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24919
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24920
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	24921
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24922
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24923
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24924
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24925
Sec. 4511.40. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this	24926
section, all signals required by sections 4511.01 to 4511.78 of	24927
the Revised Code, when given by hand and arm, shall be given from	24928
the left side of the vehicle in the following manner, and such	24929
signals shall indicate as follows:	24930
(1) Left turn, hand and arm extended horizontally;	24931

(2) Right turn, hand and arm extended upward;

(3) Stop or decrease speed, hand and arm extended downward.	24933
(B) As an alternative to division (A)(2) of this section, a	24934
person operating a bicycle may give a right turn signal by	24935
extending the right hand and arm horizontally and to the right	24936
side of the bicycle.	24937
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24938
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24939
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24940
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24941
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	24942
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24943
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24944
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24945
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	24946
Sec. 4511.41. (A) When two vehicles, including any trackless	24947
trolley or streetcar, approach or enter an intersection from	24948
different streets or highways at approximately the same time, the	24949
driver of the vehicle on the left shall yield the right-of-way to	24950
the vehicle on the right.	24951
(B) The right-of-way rule declared in division (A) of this	24952
section is modified at through highways and otherwise as stated in	24953
Chapter 4511. of the Revised Code.	24954
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	24955
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	24956
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	24957
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	24958
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	24959
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	24960
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	24961
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	24962

section	is	quilty	of	а	misdemeanor	of	the	third	degree.	2	24963

Sec. 4511.42. (A) The operator of a vehicle, streetcar, or 24964 trackless trolley intending to turn to the left within an 24965 intersection or into an alley, private road, or driveway shall 24966 yield the right of way to any vehicle, streetcar, or trackless 24967 trolley approaching from the opposite direction, whenever the 24968 approaching vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley is within the 24969 intersection or so close to the intersection, alley, private road, 24970 or driveway as to constitute an immediate hazard. 24971

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 24972 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within 24973 one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 24974 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 24975 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 24976 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 24977 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more 24978 predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this 24979 section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 24980

Sec. 4511.43. (A) Except when directed to proceed by a law 24981 enforcement officer, every driver of a vehicle or trackless 24982 trolley approaching a stop sign shall stop at a clearly marked 24983 stop line, but if none, before entering the crosswalk on the near 24984 side of the intersection, or, if none, then at the point nearest 24985 the intersecting roadway where the driver has a view of 24986 approaching traffic on the intersecting roadway before entering 24987 it. After having stopped, the driver shall yield the right-of-way 24988 to any vehicle in the intersection or approaching on another 24989 roadway so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard during the 24990 time the driver is moving across or within the intersection or 24991 junction of roadways. 24992

(B) The driver of a vehicle or trackless trolley approaching	24993
a yield sign shall slow down to a speed reasonable for the	24994
existing conditions and, if required for safety to stop, shall	24995
stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if none, before entering	24996
the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection, or, if none,	24997
then at the point nearest the intersecting roadway where the	24998
driver has a view of approaching traffic on the intersecting	24999
roadway before entering it. After slowing or stopping, the driver	25000
shall yield the right-of-way to any vehicle or trackless trolley	25001
in the intersection or approaching on another roadway so closely	25002
as to constitute an immediate hazard during the time the driver is	25003
moving across or within the intersection or junction of roadways.	25004
Whenever a driver is involved in a collision with a vehicle or	25005
trackless trolley in the intersection or junction of roadways,	25006
after driving past a yield sign without stopping, the collision	25007
shall be prima-facie evidence of the driver's failure to yield the	25008
right-of-way.	25009
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25010

(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 25010 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within 25011 one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 25012 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 25013 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 25014 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 25015 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more 25016 predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this 25017 section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 25018

sec. 4511.431. (A) The driver of a vehicle or trackless 25019 trolley emerging from an alley, building, private road, or 25020 driveway within a business or residence district shall stop the 25021 vehicle or trackless trolley immediately prior to driving onto a 25022 sidewalk or onto the sidewalk area extending across the alley, 25023

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building entrance, road, or driveway, or in the event there is no	25024
sidewalk area, shall stop at the point nearest the street to be	25025
entered where the driver has a view of approaching traffic	25026
thereon.	25027
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25028
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25029
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25030
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25031
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25032
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25033
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25034
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25035
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25036
Sec. 4511.432. (A) The owner of a private road or driveway	25037
located in a private residential area containing twenty or more	25038
dwelling units may erect stop signs at places where the road or	25039
driveway intersects with another private road or driveway in the	25040
residential area, in compliance with all of the following	25041
requirements:	25042
(1) The stop sign is sufficiently legible to be seen by an	25043
ordinarily observant person and meets the specifications of and is	25044
placed in accordance with the manual adopted by the department of	25045
transportation pursuant to section 4511.09 of the Revised Code \div .	25046
(2) The owner has posted a sign at the entrance of the	25047
private road or driveway that is in plain view and clearly informs	25048
persons entering the road or driveway that they are entering	25049
private property, stop signs have been posted and must be obeyed,	25050
and the signs are enforceable by law enforcement officers under	25051
state law. The sign required by division (A)(2) of this section,	25052
where appropriate, may be incorporated with the sign required by	25053

division (A)(2) of section 4511.211 of the Revised Code.

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(B) Division (A) of section 4511.43 and section 4511.46 of 25055 the Revised Code shall be deemed to apply to the driver of a 25056 vehicle on a private road or driveway where a stop sign is placed 25057 in accordance with division (A) of this section and to a 25058 pedestrian crossing such a road or driveway at an intersection 25059 where a stop sign is in place. 25060 (C) When a stop sign is placed in accordance with division 25061 (A) of this section, any law enforcement officer may apprehend a 25062 person found violating the stop sign and may stop and charge the 25063 person with violating the stop sign. 25064 (D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 25065 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within 25066 one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 25067 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 25068 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 25069 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 25070 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more 25071 predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this 25072 section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 25073 (E) As used in this section, and for the purpose of applying 25074 division (A) of section 4511.43 and section 4511.46 of the Revised 25075 Code to conduct under this section: 25076 (1) "Intersection" means: 25077 (a) The area embraced within the prolongation or connection 25078 of the lateral curb lines, or, if none, then the lateral boundary 25079 lines of the roadways of two private roads or driveways which join 25080 one another at, or approximately at, right angles, or the area 25081 within which vehicles traveling upon different private roads or 25082 driveways joining at any other angle may come in conflict. 25083

(b) Where a private road or driveway includes two roadways

thirty feet or more apart, then every crossing of two roadways of

such private roads or driveways shall be regarded as a separate 25086 intersection. 25087 (2) "Roadway" means that portion of a private road or 25088 driveway improved, designed, or ordinarily used for vehicular 25089 travel, except the berm or shoulder. If a private road or driveway 25090 includes two or more separate roadways, the term "roadway" means 25091 any such roadway separately but not all such roadways 25092 collectively. 25093 (3) "Owner" and "private residential area containing twenty 25094 or more dwelling units" have the same meanings as in section 25095 4511.211 of the Revised Code. 25096 Sec. 4511.44. (A) The operator of a vehicle, streetcar, or 25097 trackless trolley about to enter or cross a highway from any place 25098 other than another roadway shall yield the right of way to all 25099 traffic approaching on the roadway to be entered or crossed. 25100 (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 25101 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within 25102 one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 25103 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 25104 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 25105 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 25106 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more 25107 predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this 25108 section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 25109 Sec. 4511.441. (A) The driver of a vehicle shall yield the 25110 right-of-way to any pedestrian on a sidewalk. 25111 (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 25112 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within 25113 one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 25114

convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or

traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	25116
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25117
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25118
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25119
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25120

- Sec. 4511.45. (A)(1) Upon the approach of a public safety 25121 vehicle or coroner's vehicle, equipped with at least one flashing, 25122 rotating or oscillating light visible under normal atmospheric 25123 conditions from a distance of five hundred feet to the front of 25124 the vehicle and the driver is giving an audible signal by siren, 25125 exhaust whistle, or bell, no driver of any other vehicle shall 25126 fail to yield the right-of-way, immediately drive if practical to 25127 a position parallel to, and as close as possible to, the right 25128 edge or curb of the highway clear of any intersection, and stop 25129 and remain in that position until the public safety vehicle or 25130 coroner's vehicle has passed, except when otherwise directed by a 25131 police officer. 25132
- (2) Upon the approach of a public safety vehicle or coroner's 25133 vehicle, as stated in division (A)(1) of this section, no operator 25134 of any streetcar or trackless trolley shall fail to immediately 25135 stop the streetcar or trackless trolley clear of any intersection 25136 and keep it in that position until the public safety vehicle or 25137 coroner's vehicle has passed, except when otherwise directed by a 25138 police officer.
- (B) This section does not relieve the driver of a public 25140 safety vehicle or coroner's vehicle from the duty to drive with 25141 due regard for the safety of all persons and property upon the 25142 highway.
- (C) This section applies to a coroner's vehicle only when the vehicle is operated in accordance with section 4513.171 of the 25145 Revised Code. As used in this section, "coroner's vehicle" means a 25146

procession without having the headlights of such vehicle lighted

and without displaying a purple and white pennant in such a manner	25178
as to be clearly visible to traffic approaching from any	25179
direction.	25180
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25181
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25182
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25183
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25184
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25185
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25186
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25187
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25188
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25189
Sec. 4511.452. (A) Upon the immediate approach of a public	25190
safety vehicle, as stated in section 4511.45 of the Revised Code,	25191
every pedestrian shall yield the right-of-way to the public safety	25192
vehicle.	25193
(B) This section shall not relieve the driver of a public	25194
safety vehicle from the duty to exercise due care to avoid	25195
colliding with any pedestrian.	25196
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25197
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25198
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25199
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25200
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25201
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25202
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25203
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25204
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25205
Sec. 4511.46. (A) When traffic control signals are not in	25206
Sec. 4511.46. (A) When traffic control signals are not in place, not in operation, or are not clearly assigning the	25206 25207

right-of-way, the driver of a vehicle, trackless trolley, or	25208
streetcar shall yield the right of way, slowing down or stopping	25209
if need be to so yield or if required by section 4511.132 of the	25210
Revised Code, to a pedestrian crossing the roadway within a	25211
crosswalk when the pedestrian is upon the half of the roadway upon	25212
which the vehicle is traveling, or when the pedestrian is	25213
approaching so closely from the opposite half of the roadway as to	25214
be in danger.	25215
(B) No pedestrian shall suddenly leave a curb or other place	25216
of safety and walk or run into the path of a vehicle, trackless	25217
trolley, or streetcar which is so close as to constitute an	25218
immediate hazard.	25219
(C) Division (A) of this section does not apply under the	25220
conditions stated in division (B) of section 4511.48 of the	25221
Revised Code.	25222
(D) Whenever any vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar is	25223
stopped at a marked crosswalk or at any unmarked crosswalk at an	25224
intersection to permit a pedestrian to cross the roadway, the	25225
driver of any other vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar	25226
approaching from the rear shall not overtake and pass the stopped	25227
vehicle.	25228
(E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25229
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25230
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25231
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25232
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25233
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25234
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25235
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25236

section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.

roadway.

As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	
"blind pedestrian" means a person having not more than 20/200	25239
visual acuity in the better eye with correcting lenses or visual	25240
acuity greater than 20/200 but with a limitation in the fields of	25241
vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends	25242
an angle no greater than twenty degrees.	25243
The driver of every vehicle shall yield the right of way to	25244
every blind pedestrian guided by a guide dog, or carrying a cane	25245
which is predominantly white or metallic in color, with or without	25246
a red tip.	25247
(B) No person, other than a blind person, while on any public	25248
highway, street, alley, or other public thoroughfare shall carry a	25249
white or metallic cane with or without a red tip.	25250
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25251
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25252
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25253
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25254
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	25255
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25256
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25257
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25258
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25259
Sec. 4511.48. (A) Every pedestrian crossing a roadway at any	25260
point other than within a marked crosswalk or within an unmarked	25261
crosswalk at an intersection shall yield the right of way to all	25262
vehicles, trackless trolleys, or streetcars upon the roadway.	25263
	25264
(B) Any pedestrian crossing a roadway at a point where a	25265
pedestrian tunnel or overhead pedestrian crossing has been	25266
provided shall yield the right of way to all traffic upon the	25267

(C) Between adjacent intersections at which traffic control	25269
signals are in operation, pedestrians shall not cross at any place	25270
except in a marked crosswalk.	25271
(D) No pedestrian shall cross a roadway intersection	25272
diagonally unless authorized by official traffic control devices;	25273
and, when authorized to cross diagonally, pedestrians shall cross	25273
only in accordance with the official traffic control devices	25275
pertaining to such crossing movements.	25276
percarning to such crossing movements.	25276
(E) This section does not relieve the operator of a vehicle,	25277
streetcar, or trackless trolley from exercising due care to avoid	25278
colliding with any pedestrian upon any roadway.	25279
(F) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25280
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25281
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25282
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25283
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25284
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25285
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25286
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25287
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25288
Sec. 4511.481. (A) A pedestrian who is under the influence of	25290
alcohol or , any drug of abuse, or any combination thereof, of them	25291
to a degree which that renders himself the pedestrian a hazard	25292
shall not walk or be upon a highway.	25293
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25294
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25295
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25296
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25297
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25298
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25299

offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25300
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25301
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25302
Sec. 4511.49. (A) Pedestrians shall move, whenever	25303
practicable, upon the right half of crosswalks.	25304
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25305
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25306
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25307
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25308
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	25309
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25310
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25311
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25312
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25313
Sec. 4511.50. (A) Where a sidewalk is provided and its use is	25314
practicable, it shall be unlawful for any pedestrian to walk along	25315
and upon an adjacent roadway.	25316
(B) Where a sidewalk is not available, any pedestrian walking	25317
along and upon a highway shall walk only on a shoulder, as far as	25318
practicable from the edge of the roadway.	25319
(C) Where neither a sidewalk nor a shoulder is available, any	25320
pedestrian walking along and upon a highway shall walk as near as	25321
practicable to an outside edge of the roadway, and, if on a	25322
two-way roadway, shall walk only on the left side of the roadway.	25323
(D) Except as otherwise provided in sections 4511.13 and	25324
4511.46 of the Revised Code, any pedestrian upon a roadway shall	25325
yield the right-of-way to all vehicles, trackless trolleys, or	25326
streetcars upon the roadway.	25327
(E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25328
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25329

advisable.

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one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25330
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25331
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25332
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25333
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25334
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25335
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25336
Sec. 4511.51. (A) No person while on a roadway outside a	25337
safety zone shall solicit a ride from the driver of any vehicle.	25338
(B)(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2) of this section,	25339
no person shall stand on a highway for the purpose of soliciting	25340
employment, business, or contributions from the occupant of any	25341
vehicle.	25342
(2) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation, by	25343
ordinance, may authorize the issuance of a permit to a charitable	25344
organization to allow a person acting on behalf of the	25345
organization to solicit charitable contributions from the occupant	25346
of a vehicle by standing on a highway, other than a freeway as	25347
provided in division (A) (1) of section 4511.051 of the Revised	25348
Code, that is under the jurisdiction of the municipal corporation.	25349
The permit shall be valid for only one period of time, which shall	25350
be specified in the permit, in any calendar year. The legislative	25351
authority also may specify the locations where contributions may	25352
be solicited and may impose any other restrictions on or	25353
requirements regarding the manner in which the solicitations are	25354
to be conducted that the legislative authority considers	25355

(3) As used in division (B)(2) of this section, "charitable 25357 organization" means an organization that has received from the 25358 internal revenue service a currently valid ruling or determination 25359 letter recognizing the tax-exempt status of the organization 25360

As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	
pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the "Internal Revenue Code."	25361
(C) No person shall hang onto or ride on the outside of any	25362
motor vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley while it is moving	25363
upon a roadway, except mechanics or test engineers making repairs	25364
or adjustments, or workers performing specialized highway or	25365
street maintenance or construction under authority of a public	25366
agency.	25367
(D) No operator shall knowingly permit any person to hang	25368
onto, or ride on the outside of, any motor vehicle, streetcar, or	25369
trackless trolley while it is moving upon a roadway, except	25370
mechanics or test engineers making repairs or adjustments, or	25371
workers performing specialized highway or street maintenance or	25372
construction under authority of a public agency.	25373
(E) No driver of a truck, trailer, or semitrailer shall	25374
knowingly permit any person who has not attained the age of	25375
sixteen years to ride in the unenclosed or unroofed cargo storage	25376
area of his the driver's vehicle if the vehicle is traveling	25377
faster than twenty-five miles per hour, unless either of the	25378
following applies:	25379
(1) The cargo storage area of the vehicle is equipped with a	25380
properly secured seat to which is attached a seat safety belt that	25381
is in compliance with federal standards for an occupant	25382
restraining device as defined in division (A)(2) of section	25383
4513.263 of the Revised Code, the seat and seat safety belt were	25384
installed at the time the vehicle was originally assembled, and	25385
the person riding in the cargo storage area is in the seat and is	25386
wearing the seat safety belt;	25387
(2) An emergency exists that threatens the life of the driver	25388
or the person being transported in the cargo storage area of the	25389
truck, trailer, or semitrailer.	25390
(=) == 1	05001

(F) No driver of a truck, trailer, or semitrailer shall

permit any person, except for those workers performing specialized	25392
highway or street maintenance or construction under authority of a	25393
public agency, to ride in the cargo storage area or on a tailgate	25394
of <u>his</u> <u>the driver's</u> vehicle while the tailgate is unlatched.	25395
(G)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25396
violates any provision of divisions (A) to (D) of this section is	25397
guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense,	25398
the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	25399
one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates	25400
any provision of divisions (A) to (D) of this section is guilty of	25401
a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25402
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25403
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates any	25404
provision of divisions (A) to (D) of this section is guilty of a	25405
misdemeanor of the third degree.	25406
(2) Whoever violates division (E) or (F) of this section is	25407
guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	25408
Sec. 4511.511. (A) No pedestrian shall enter or remain upon	25409
any bridge or approach thereto beyond the bridge signal, gate, or	25410
barrier after a bridge operation signal indication has been given.	25411
(B) No pedestrian shall pass through, around, over, or under	25412
any crossing gate or barrier at a railroad grade crossing or	25413
bridge while the gate or barrier is closed or is being opened or	25414
closed.	25415
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25416
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25417
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25418
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25419
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25420
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25421
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25422

predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25423
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25424
Sec. 4511.521. (A) No person shall operate a motorized	25425
bicycle upon a highway or any public or private property used by	25426
the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking, unless all	25427
of the following conditions are met:	25428
(1) The person is fourteen or fifteen years of age and holds	25429
a valid probationary motorized bicycle license issued after the	25430
person has passed the test provided for in this section, or the	25431
person is sixteen years of age or older and holds either a valid	25432
commercial driver's license issued under Chapter 4506. or a	25433
driver's license issued under Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code or	25434
a valid motorized bicycle license issued after the person has	25435
passed the test provided for in this section, except that if a	25436
person is sixteen years of age, has a valid probationary motorized	25437
bicycle license and desires a motorized bicycle license, $\frac{1}{1}$	25438
person is not required to comply with the testing requirements	25439
provided for in this section;	25440
(2) The motorized bicycle is equipped in accordance with the	25441
rules adopted under division (B) of this section and is in proper	25442
working order;	25443
(3) The person, if he is under eighteen years of age, is	25444
wearing a protective helmet on his the person's head with the chin	25445
strap properly fastened and the motorized bicycle is equipped with	25446
a rear-view mirror.	25447
(4) The person operates the motorized bicycle when	25448
practicable within three feet of the right edge of the roadway	25449
obeying all traffic rules applicable to vehicles.	25450
(B) The director of public safety, subject to sections 119.01	25451
to 119.13 of the Revised Code, shall adopt and promulgate rules	25452

concerning protective helmets, the equipment of motorized	25453
bicycles, and the testing and qualifications of persons who do not	25454
hold a valid driver's or commercial driver's license. The test	25455
shall be as near as practicable to the examination required for a	25456
motorcycle operator's endorsement under section 4507.11 of the	25457
Revised Code. The test shall also require the operator to give an	25458
actual demonstration of his the operator's ability to operate and	25459
control a motorized bicycle by driving one under the supervision	25460
of an examining officer.	25461
(C) Every motorized bicycle license expires on the birthday	25462
of the applicant in the fourth year after the date it is issued,	25463
but in no event shall any motorized bicycle license be issued for	25464
a period longer than four years.	25465
(D) No person operating a motorized bicycle shall carry	25466
another person upon the motorized bicycle.	25467
(E) The protective helmet and rear-view mirror required by	25468
division (A)(3) of this section shall, on and after January 1,	25469
1985, conform with rules adopted by the director under division	25470
(B) of this section.	25471
(F) Each probationary motorized bicycle license or motorized	25472
bicycle license shall be laminated with a transparent plastic	25473
material.	25474
(G) Whoever violates division (A), (D), or (E) of this	25475
section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	25476
God 4511 52 (A) For numbered of this gostion "spermobile"	25477
Sec. 4511.53. (A) For purposes of this section, "snowmobile"	25477
has the same meaning as given that term in section 4519.01 of the	25478
Revised Code.	25479
(B) A person operating a bicycle or motorcycle shall not ride	25480
other than upon the permanent and regular seat attached thereto.	25481

nor carry any other person upon such bicycle or motorcycle other 25482

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than upon a firmly attached and regular seat thereon, nor shall	25483
any person ride upon a bicycle or motorcycle other than upon such	25484
a firmly attached and regular seat.	25485

A person shall ride upon a motorcycle only while sitting 25486 astride the seat, facing forward, with one leg on each side of the 25487 motorcycle. 25488

No person operating a bicycle shall carry any package, 25489 bundle, or article that prevents the driver from keeping at least 25490 one hand upon the handle bars. 25491

No bicycle or motorcycle shall be used to carry more persons 25492 at one time than the number for which it is designed and equipped, 25493 nor shall any motorcycle be operated on a highway when the handle 25494 bars or grips are more than fifteen inches higher than the seat or 25495 saddle for the operator. 25496

No person shall operate or be a passenger on a snowmobile or 25497 motorcycle without using safety glasses or other protective eye 25498 device. No person who is under the age of eighteen years, or who 25499 holds a motorcycle operator's endorsement or license bearing a 25500 "novice" designation that is currently in effect as provided in 25501 section 4507.13 of the Revised Code, shall operate a motorcycle on 25502 a highway, or be a passenger on a motorcycle, unless wearing a 25503 protective helmet on his the person's head, and no other person 25504 shall be a passenger on a motorcycle operated by such a person 25505 unless similarly wearing a protective helmet. The helmet, safety 25506 glasses, or other protective eye device shall conform with 25507 regulations prescribed and promulgated by the director of public 25508 safety. The provisions of this paragraph or a violation thereof 25509 shall not be used in the trial of any civil action. 25510

(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been

convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25514
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25515
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25516
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25517
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25518
section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25519
Sec. 4511.54. (A) No person riding upon any bicycle, coaster,	25520
roller skates, sled, or toy vehicle shall attach the same or	25521
himself self to any streetcar, trackless trolley, or vehicle upon	25522
a roadway.	25523
No operator shall knowingly permit any person riding upon any	25524
bicycle, coaster, roller skates, sled, or toy vehicle to attach	25525
the same or himself <u>self</u> to any streetcar, trackless trolley, or	25526
vehicle while it is moving upon a roadway.	25527
This section does not apply to the towing of a disabled	25528
vehicle.	25529
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25530
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	
	25530
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25530 25531
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25530 25531 25532
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25530 25531 25532 25533
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25530 25531 25532 25533 25534
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25530 25531 25532 25533 25534 25535
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25530 25531 25532 25533 25534 25535 25536
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25530 25531 25532 25533 25534 25535 25536 25537
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25530 25531 25532 25533 25534 25535 25536 25537
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25530 25531 25532 25533 25534 25535 25536 25537 25538
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. Sec. 4511.55. (A) Every person operating a bicycle upon a	25530 25531 25532 25533 25534 25535 25536 25537 25538
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. Sec. 4511.55. (A) Every person operating a bicycle upon a roadway shall ride as near to the right side of the roadway as	25530 25531 25532 25533 25534 25535 25536 25537 25538 25539 25540

(B) Persons riding bicycles or motorcycles upon a roadway	25544
shall ride not more than two abreast in a single lane, except on	25545
paths or parts of roadways set aside for the exclusive use of	25546
bicycles or motorcycles.	25547
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25548
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25549
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25550
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25551
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25552
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25553
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25554
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25555
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25556
Sec. 4511.56. (A) Every bicycle when in use at the times	25557
specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, shall be	25558
equipped with the following:	25559
(1) A lamp on the front that shall emit a white light visible	25560
from a distance of at least five hundred feet to the front;	25561
	25562
(2) A red reflector on the rear of a type approved by the	25563
director of public safety that shall be visible from all distances	25564
from one hundred feet to six hundred feet to the rear when	25565
directly in front of lawful lower beams of head lamps on a motor	25566
vehicle;	25567
(3) A lamp emitting a red light visible from a distance of	25568
five hundred feet to the rear shall be used in addition to the red	25569
reflector;	25570
(4) An eggentially galantage moflector on the forest of	2557
(4) An essentially colorless reflector on the front of a type	25571
approved by the director;	25572
(5) Either with tires with retroreflective sidewalls or with	25573

(B)(2) When upon a one-way street;

an essentially colorless or amber reflector mounted on the spokes	25574
of the front wheel and an essentially colorless or red reflector	25575
mounted on the spokes of the rear wheel. Each reflector shall be	25576
visible on each side of the wheel from a distance of six hundred	25577
feet when directly in front of lawful lower beams of head lamps on	25578
a motor vehicle. Retroreflective tires or reflectors shall be of a	25579
type approved by the director.	25580
(B) No person shall operate a bicycle unless it is equipped	25581
with a bell or other device capable of giving a signal audible for	25582
a distance of at least one hundred feet, except that a bicycle	25583
shall not be equipped with nor shall any person use upon a bicycle	25584
any siren or whistle.	25585
(C) Every bicycle shall be equipped with an adequate brake	25586
when used on a street or highway.	25587
(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25588
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25589
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25590
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25591
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	25592
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25593
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25594
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25595
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25596
Sec. 4511.57. (A) The driver of a vehicle shall not overtake	25597
and pass upon the left nor drive upon the left side of any	25598
streetcar proceeding in the same direction, whether such streetcar	25599
is in motion or at rest, except:	25600
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ When so directed by a police officer or traffic	25601
control device;	25602

$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ When upon a street where the tracks are so located as	25604
to prevent compliance with this section;	25605
$\frac{(D)}{(4)}$ When authorized by local authorities.	25606
(B) The driver of any vehicle when permitted to overtake and	25607
pass upon the left of a streetcar which has stopped for the	25608
purpose of receiving or discharging any passenger shall accord	25609
pedestrians the right of way.	25610
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25611
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25612
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25613
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25614
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	25615
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25616
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25617
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25618
section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25619
Sec. 4511.58. (A) The driver of a vehicle overtaking upon the	25620
right any streetcar stopped for the purpose of receiving or	25621
discharging any passenger shall stop such vehicle at least five	25622
feet to the rear of the nearest running board or door of such	25623
streetcar and remain standing until all passengers have boarded	25624
such streetcar, or upon alighting therefrom have reached a place	25625
of safety, except that where a safety zone has been established, a	25626
vehicle need not be brought to a stop before passing any such	25627
streetcar or any trackless trolley, but may proceed past such	25628
streetcar or trackless trolley at a speed not greater than is	25629
reasonable and proper considering the safety of pedestrians.	
	25630
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25630 25631
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	
	25631

The respondence by the results of th	
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25634
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25635
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25636
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25637
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25638
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25639
Sec. 4511.59. (A) The driver of any vehicle proceeding upon	25641
any streetcar tracks in front of a streetcar shall remove such	25642
vehicle from the track as soon as practicable after signal from	25643
the operator of said streetcar.	25644
The driver of a vehicle upon overtaking and passing a	25645
streetcar shall not turn in front of such streetcar unless such	25646
movement can be made in safety.	25647
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25648
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25649
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25650
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25651
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25652
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25653
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25654
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25655
section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25656
Sec. 4511.60. (A) No vehicle shall at any time be driven	25657
through or within a safety zone.	25658
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25659
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25660
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25661
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25662
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	25663
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25664

(b) A crossing gate is lowered.

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offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25665
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25666
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25667
Sec. 4511.61. (A) The department of transportation and local	25668
authorities in their respective jurisdictions, with the approval	25669
of the department, may designate dangerous highway crossings over	25670
railroad tracks whether on state, county, or township highways or	25671
on streets or ways within municipal corporations, and erect stop	25672
signs thereat. When such stop signs are erected, the operator of	25673
any vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley shall stop within	25674
fifty, but not less than fifteen, feet from the nearest rail of	25675
the railroad tracks and shall exercise due care before proceeding	25676
across such grade crossing.	25677
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25678
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25679
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25680
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25681
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25682
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25683
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25684
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25685
section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25686
Sec. 4511.62. (A)(1) Whenever any person driving a vehicle or	25687
trackless trolley approaches a railroad grade crossing, the person	25688
shall stop within fifty feet, but not less than fifteen feet from	25689
the nearest rail of the railroad if any of the following	25690
circumstances exist at the crossing:	25691
(a) A clearly visible electric or mechanical signal device	25692
gives warning of the immediate approach of a train.	25693

(c) A flagperson gives or continues to give a signal of the 25695 approach or passage of a train. 25696 (d) There is insufficient space on the other side of the 25697 railroad grade crossing to accommodate the vehicle or trackless 25698 trolley the person is operating without obstructing the passage of 25699 other vehicles, trackless trolleys, pedestrians, or railroad 25700 trains, notwithstanding any traffic control signal indication to 25701 proceed. 25702 (e) An approaching train is emitting an audible signal or is 25703 plainly visible and is in hazardous proximity to the crossing. 25704 (2) A person who is driving a vehicle or trackless trolley 25705 and who approaches a railroad grade crossing shall not proceed as 25706 long as any of the circumstances described in divisions (A)(1)(a) 25707 to (e) of this section exist at the crossing. 25708 (B) No person shall drive any vehicle through, around, or 25709 under any crossing gate or barrier at a railroad crossing while 25710 the gate or barrier is closed or is being opened or closed unless 25711 the person is signaled by a law enforcement officer or flagperson 25712 that it is permissible to do so. 25713 (C) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor 25714 of the fourth degree. 25715 Sec. 4511.63. (A) The operator of any motor vehicle or 25716 trackless trolley, carrying passengers, for hire, of any school 25717 bus, or of any vehicle carrying explosives or flammable liquids as 25718 a cargo or as such part of a cargo as to constitute a hazard, 25719 before crossing at grade any track of a railroad, shall stop the 25720 vehicle or trackless trolley and, while so stopped, shall listen 25721 through an open door or open window and look in both directions 25722 along the track for any approaching train, and for signals 25723

indicating the approach of a train, and shall proceed only upon

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exercising due care after stopping, looking, and listening as	25725
required by this section. Upon proceeding, the operator of such a	25726
vehicle shall cross only in a gear that will ensure there will be	25727
no necessity for changing gears while traversing the crossing and	25728
shall not shift gears while crossing the tracks.	25729
(B) This section does not apply at any of the following:	25730
(1) Street railway grade crossings within a municipal	25731
corporation, or to abandoned tracks, spur tracks, side tracks, and	25732
industrial tracks when the public utilities commission has	25733
authorized and approved the crossing of the tracks without making	25734
the stop required by this section;	25735
(2) Through June 30, 1995, a street railway grade crossing	25736
where out-of-service signs are posted in accordance with section	25737
4955.37 of the Revised Code.	25738
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25739
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the	25740
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to one	25741
or more violations of this section or section 4511.76, 4511.761,	25742
4511.762, 4511.764, 4511.77, or 4511.79 of the Revised Code or a	25743
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those	25744
sections, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	25745
of the fourth degree.	25746
Sec. 4511.64. (A) No person shall operate or move any	25747
crawler-type tractor, steam shovel, derrick, roller, or any	25748
equipment or structure having a normal operating speed of six or	25749

crawler-type tractor, steam shovel, derrick, roller, or any
equipment or structure having a normal operating speed of six or
less miles per hour or a vertical body or load clearance of less
than nine inches above the level surface of a roadway, upon or
across any tracks at a railroad grade crossing without first
complying with divisions (A)(1) and (B)(2) of this section.

 $\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Before making any such crossing, the person operating 25754

or moving any such vehicle or equipment shall first stop the same, and while stopped he the person shall listen and look in both directions along such track for any approaching train and for signals indicating the approach of a train, and shall proceed only upon exercising due care.

 $\frac{(B)(2)}{(B)}$ No such crossing shall be made when warning is given by automatic signal or crossing gates or a <u>flagman flagperson</u> or otherwise of the immediate approach of a railroad train or car.

(B) If the normal sustained speed of such vehicle, equipment, or structure is not more than three miles per hour, the person owning, operating, or moving the same shall also give notice of such intended crossing to a station agent or superintendent of the railroad, and a reasonable time shall be given to such railroad to provide proper protection for such crossing. Where such vehicles or equipment are being used in constructing or repairing a section of highway lying on both sides of a railroad grade crossing, and in such construction or repair it is necessary to repeatedly move such vehicles or equipment over such crossing, one daily notice specifying when such work will start and stating the hours during which it will be prosecuted is sufficient.

(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.

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residence district, no person shall stop, park, or leave standing	25786
any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, upon the paved or	25787
main traveled part of the highway if it is practicable to stop,	25788
park, or so leave such vehicle off the paved or main traveled part	25789
of said highway. In every event a clear and unobstructed portion	25790
of the highway opposite such standing vehicle shall be left for	25791
the free passage of other vehicles, and a clear view of such	25792
stopped vehicle shall be available from a distance of two hundred	25793
feet in each direction upon such highway.	25794

This section does not apply to the driver of any vehicle 25795 which is disabled while on the paved or improved or main traveled 25796 portion of a highway in such manner and to such extent that it is 25797 impossible to avoid stopping and temporarily leaving the disabled 25798 vehicle in such position. 25799

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 25800 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within 25801 one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 25802 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 25803 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 25804 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 25805 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more 25806 predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this 25807 section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 25808

Sec. 4511.661. (A) No person driving or in charge of a motor 25809 vehicle shall permit it to stand unattended without first stopping 25810 the engine, locking the ignition, removing the key from the 25811 ignition, effectively setting the parking brake, and, when the 25812 motor vehicle is standing upon any grade, turning the front wheels 25813 to the curb or side of the highway. 25814

The requirements of this section relating to the stopping of 25815 the engine, locking of the ignition, and removing the key from the 25816

control device;

$\frac{(1)}{(9)}$ Within fifty feet of the nearest rail of a railroad	25846
crossing;	25847
$\frac{(J)(10)}{(J)}$ Within twenty feet of a driveway entrance to any fire	25848
station and, on the side of the street opposite the entrance to	25849
any fire station, within seventy-five feet of the entrance when it	25850
is properly posted with signs;	25851
$\frac{(K)}{(11)}$ Alongside or opposite any street excavation or	25852
obstruction when such standing or parking would obstruct traffic;	25853
$\frac{(L)}{(12)}$ Alongside any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge	25854
or curb of a street;	25855
$\frac{(M)(13)}{(M)}$ Upon any bridge or elevated structure upon a highway,	25856
or within a highway tunnel;	25857
$\frac{(N)}{(14)}$ At any place where signs prohibit stopping;	25858
(0)(15) Within one foot of another parked vehicle;	25859
(-) (16)	
$\frac{(P)(16)}{(16)}$ On the roadway portion of a freeway, expressway, or	25860
$\frac{(P)(16)}{(16)}$ On the roadway portion of a freeway, expressway, or thruway.	25860 25861
thruway.	25861
thruway. (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	25861 25862
thruway. (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	25861 25862 25863
thruway. (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	25861 25862 25863 25864
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	25861 25862 25863 25864 25865
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	25861 25862 25863 25864 25865 25866
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	25861 25862 25863 25864 25865 25866 25867
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	25861 25862 25863 25864 25865 25866 25867 25868
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25861 25862 25863 25864 25865 25866 25867 25868 25869
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	25861 25862 25863 25864 25865 25866 25867 25868 25869
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	25861 25862 25863 25864 25865 25866 25867 25868 25869 25870
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. Sec. 4511.681. (A) If an owner of private property posts on	25861 25862 25863 25864 25865 25866 25867 25868 25869 25870

$\frac{(A)(1)}{(A)}$ Park a vehicle on the property without the owner's	25875
consent;	25876
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ Park a vehicle on the property in violation of any	25877
condition or regulation posted by the owner.	25878
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor	25879
misdemeanor.	25880
Sec. 4511.69. (A) Every vehicle stopped or parked upon a	25881
roadway where there is an adjacent curb shall be stopped or parked	25882
with the right-hand wheels of the vehicle parallel with and not	25883
more than twelve inches from the right-hand curb, unless it is	25884
impossible to approach so close to the curb; in such case the stop	25885
shall be made as close to the curb as possible and only for the	25886
time necessary to discharge and receive passengers or to load or	25887
unload merchandise. Local authorities by ordinance may permit	25888
angle parking on any roadway under their jurisdiction, except that	25889
angle parking shall not be permitted on a state route within a	25890
municipal corporation unless an unoccupied roadway width of not	25891
less than twenty-five feet is available for free-moving traffic.	25892
(B) Local authorities by ordinance may permit parking of	25893
vehicles with the left-hand wheels adjacent to and within twelve	25894
inches of the left-hand curb of a one-way roadway.	25895
(C) No vehicle or trackless trolley shall be stopped or	25896
parked on a road or highway with the vehicle or trackless trolley	25897
facing in a direction other than the direction of travel on that	25898
side of the road or highway.	25899
(D) Notwithstanding any statute or any rule, resolution, or	25900
ordinance adopted by any local authority, air compressors,	25901
tractors, trucks, and other equipment, while being used in the	25902
construction, reconstruction, installation, repair, or removal of	25903

facilities near, on, over, or under a street or highway, may stop,

stand, or park where necessary in order to perform such work, 25905 provided a flagperson is on duty or warning signs or lights are 25906 displayed as may be prescribed by the director of transportation. 25907

- (E) Special parking locations and privileges for persons with 25908 disabilities that limit or impair the ability to walk, also known 25909 as handicapped parking spaces or disability parking spaces, shall 25910 be provided and designated by all political subdivisions and by 25911 the state and all agencies and instrumentalities thereof at all 25912 offices and facilities, where parking is provided, whether owned, 25913 rented, or leased, and at all publicly owned parking garages. The 25914 locations shall be designated through the posting of an elevated 25915 sign, whether permanently affixed or movable, imprinted with the 25916 international symbol of access and shall be reasonably close to 25917 exits, entrances, elevators, and ramps. All elevated signs posted 25918 in accordance with this division and division (C) of section 25919 3781.111 of the Revised Code shall be mounted on a fixed or 25920 movable post, and the distance from the ground to the top edge of 25921 the sign shall measure five feet. If a new sign or a replacement 25922 sign designating a special parking location is posted on or after 25923 the effective date of this amendment October 14, 1999, there also 25924 shall be affixed upon the surface of that sign or affixed next to 25925 the designating sign a notice that states the fine applicable for 25926 the offense of parking a motor vehicle in the special designated 25927 parking location if the motor vehicle is not legally entitled to 25928 be parked in that location. 25929
- (F)(1) No person shall stop, stand, or park any motor vehicle 25930 at special parking locations provided under division (E) of this 25931 section or at special clearly marked parking locations provided in 25932 or on privately owned parking lots, parking garages, or other 25933 parking areas and designated in accordance with that division, 25934 unless one of the following applies: 25935
 - (a) The motor vehicle is being operated by or for the

transport of a person with a disability that limits or impairs the	25937
ability to walk and is displaying a valid removable windshield	25938
placard or special license plates;	25939

- (b) The motor vehicle is being operated by or for the 25940 transport of a handicapped person and is displaying a parking card 25941 or special handicapped license plates. 25942
- 25943 (2) Any motor vehicle that is parked in a special marked parking location in violation of division (F)(1)(a) or (b) of this 25944 section may be towed or otherwise removed from the parking 25945 location by the law enforcement agency of the political 25946 subdivision in which the parking location is located. A motor 25947 vehicle that is so towed or removed shall not be released to its 25948 owner until the owner presents proof of ownership of the motor 25949 vehicle and pays all towing and storage fees normally imposed by 25950 that political subdivision for towing and storing motor vehicles. 25951 If the motor vehicle is a leased vehicle, it shall not be released 25952 to the lessee until the lessee presents proof that that person is 25953 the lessee of the motor vehicle and pays all towing and storage 25954 fees normally imposed by that political subdivision for towing and 25955 storing motor vehicles. 25956
- (3) If a person is charged with a violation of division 25957
 (F)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, it is an affirmative defense to 25958
 the charge that the person suffered an injury not more than 25959
 seventy-two hours prior to the time the person was issued the 25960
 ticket or citation and that, because of the injury, the person 25961
 meets at least one of the criteria contained in division (A)(1) of 25962
 section 4503.44 of the Revised Code. 25963
- (G) When a motor vehicle is being operated by or for the 25964 transport of a person with a disability that limits or impairs the 25965 ability to walk and is displaying a removable windshield placard 25966 or a temporary removable windshield placard or special license 25967 plates, or when a motor vehicle is being operated by or for the 25968

transport of a handicapped person and is displaying a parking card	25969
or special handicapped license plates, the motor vehicle is	25970
permitted to park for a period of two hours in excess of the legal	25971
parking period permitted by local authorities, except where local	25972
ordinances or police rules provide otherwise or where the vehicle	25973
is parked in such a manner as to be clearly a traffic hazard.	25974
(H) No owner of an office, facility, or parking garage where	25975
special parking locations are required to be designated in	25976
accordance with division (E) of this section shall fail to	25977
properly mark the special parking locations in accordance with	25978
that division or fail to maintain the markings of the special	25979
locations, including the erection and maintenance of the fixed or	25980
movable signs.	25981
(I) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a	25982
person or organization to apply for a removable windshield placard	25983
or special license plates if the parking card or special license	25984
plates issued to the person or organization under prior law have	25985
not expired or been surrendered or revoked.	25986
(J)(1) Whoever violates division (A) or (C) of this section	25987
is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	25988
(2)(a) Whoever violates division (F)(1)(a) or (b) of this	25989
section is quilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as	25990
provided in division (J)(2)(a) and (b) of this section. Except as	25991
otherwise provided in division (J)(2)(a) of this section, an	25992
offender who violates division (F)(1)(a) or (b) of this section	25993
shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty nor more than five	25994
hundred dollars. An offender who violates division (F)(1)(a) or	25995
(b) of this section shall be fined not more than one hundred	25996
dollars if the offender, prior to sentencing, proves either of the	25997
following to the satisfaction of the court:	25998
(i) At the time of the violation of division (F)(1)(a) of	25999

this section, the offender or the person for whose transport the	26000
motor vehicle was being operated had been issued a removable	26001
windshield placard that then was valid or special license plates	26002
that then were valid but the offender or the person neglected to	26003
display the placard or license plates as described in division	26004
(F)(1)(a) of this section.	26005
(ii) At the time of the violation of division (F)(1)(b) of	26006
this section, the offender or the person for whose transport the	26007
motor vehicle was being operated had been issued a parking card	26008
that then was valid or special handicapped license plates that	26009
then were valid but the offender or the person neglected to	26010
display the card or license plates as described in division	26011
(F)(1)(b) of this section.	26012
(b) In no case shall an offender who violates division	26013
(F)(1)(a) or (b) of this section be sentenced to any term of	26014
<u>imprisonment.</u>	26015
An arrest or conviction for a violation of division (F)(1)(a)	26016
or (b) of this section does not constitute a criminal record and	26017
need not be reported by the person so arrested or convicted in	26018
response to any inquiries contained in any application for	26019
employment, license, or other right or privilege, or made in	26020
connection with the person's appearance as a witness.	26021
The clerk of the court shall pay every fine collected under	26022
division (J)(2) of this section to the political subdivision in	26023
which the violation occurred. Except as provided in division	26024
(J)(2) of this section, the political subdivision shall use the	26025
fine moneys it receives under division (J)(2) of this section to	26026
pay the expenses it incurs in complying with the signage and	26027
notice requirements contained in division (E) of this section. The	26028
political subdivision may use up to fifty per cent of each fine it	26029
receives under division (J)(2) of this section to pay the costs of	26030
educational, advocacy, support, and assistive technology programs	26031

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for persons with disabilities, and for public improvements within	26032
the political subdivision that benefit or assist persons with	26033
disabilities, if governmental agencies or nonprofit organizations	26034
offer the programs.	26035
(3) Whoever violates division (H) of this section shall be	26036
punished as follows:	26037
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (J)(3) of this	26038
section, the offender shall be issued a warning.	26039
(b) If the offender proviously has been serviced of ex	26040
(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	
pleaded guilty to a violation of division (H) of this section or	26041
of a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to that	26042
division, the offender shall not be issued a warning but shall be	26043
fined twenty-five dollars for each parking location that is not	26044
properly marked or whose markings are not properly maintained.	26045
(K) As used in this section:	26046
(1) "Handicapped person" means any person who has lost the	26047
use of one or both legs or one or both arms, who is blind, deaf,	26048
or so severely handicapped as to be unable to move without the aid	26049
of crutches or a wheelchair, or whose mobility is restricted by a	26050
permanent cardiovascular, pulmonary, or other handicapping	26051
condition.	26052
(2) "Person with a disability that limits or impairs the	26053
ability to walk" has the same meaning as in section 4503.44 of the	26054
Revised Code.	26055
(3) "Special license plates" and "removable windshield	26056
placard" mean any license plates or removable windshield placard	26057
or temporary removable windshield placard issued under section	26058
4503.41 or 4503.44 of the Revised Code, and also mean any	26059
substantially similar license plates or removable windshield	26060
placard or temporary removable windshield placard issued by a	26061
state, district, country, or sovereignty.	26062
beace, arberree, country, or boverergitey.	20002

Sub. S. B. No. 123 As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

Sec. 4511.70. (A) No person shall drive a vehicle or	26063
trackless trolley when it is so loaded, or when there are in the	26064
front seat such number of persons, as to obstruct the view of the	26065
driver to the front or sides of the vehicle or to interfere with	26066
the driver's control over the driving mechanism of the vehicle.	26067
(B) No passenger in a vehicle or trackless trolley shall ride	26068
in such position as to interfere with the driver's view ahead or	26069
to the sides, or to interfere with <u>his</u> <u>the driver's</u> control over	26070
the driving mechanism of the vehicle.	26071
(C) No person shall open the door of a vehicle on the side	26072
available to moving traffic unless and until it is reasonably safe	26073
to do so, and can be done without interfering with the movement of	26074
other traffic, nor shall any person leave a door open on the side	26075
of a vehicle available to moving traffic for a period of time	26076
longer than necessary to load or unload passengers.	26077
(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26078
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26079
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26080
convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26081
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	26082
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26083
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26084
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26085
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26086
Sec. 4511.701. (A) No person shall occupy any travel trailer	26087
or manufactured or mobile home while it is being used as a	26088
conveyance upon a street or highway.	26089
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26090
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26091

one year of the offense, the offender previously has been

As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26093
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	26094
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26095
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26096
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26097
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26098
Sec. 4511.71. (A) No person shall drive upon, along, or	26099
across a street or highway, or any part thereof, which of a street	26100
or highway that has been closed in the process of its	26101
construction, reconstruction, or repair, and posted with	26102
appropriate signs by the authority having jurisdiction to close	26103
such highway.	26104
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26105
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26106
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26107
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26108
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	26109
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26110
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26111
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26112
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26113
Sec. 4511.711. (A) No person shall drive any vehicle, other	26114
than a bicycle, upon a sidewalk or sidewalk area except upon a	26115
permanent or duly authorized temporary driveway.	26116
Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting	26117
local authorities from regulating the operation of bicycles within	26118
their respective jurisdictions.	26119
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26120
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26121
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26122

convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26123
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	26124
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26125
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26126
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26127
section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26128
Sec. 4511.712. (A) No driver shall enter an intersection or	26129
marked crosswalk or drive onto any railroad grade crossing unless	26130
there is sufficient space on the other side of the intersection,	26131
crosswalk, or grade crossing to accommodate the vehicle,	26132
streetcar, or trackless trolley he <u>the driver</u> is operating without	26133
obstructing the passage of other vehicles, streetcars, trackless	26134
trolleys, pedestrians, or railroad trains, notwithstanding any	26135
traffic control signal indication to proceed.	26136
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26137
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26138
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26139
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26140
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	26141
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26142
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26143
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26144
section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26145
Sec. 4511.713. (A) No person shall operate a motor vehicle,	26146
snowmobile, or all-purpose vehicle upon any path set aside for the	26147
exclusive use of bicycles, when an appropriate sign giving notice	26148
of such use is posted on the path.	26149
Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any rule	26150
of the director of natural resources governing the operation of	26151
motor vehicles, snowmobiles, all-purpose vehicles, and bicycles on	26152

	26152
lands under his <u>the director's</u> jurisdiction.	26153
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26154
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26155
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26156
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26157
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	26158
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26159
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26160
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26161
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26162
Sec. 4511.72. (A) The driver of any vehicle, other than an	26163
emergency vehicle or public safety vehicle on official business,	26164
shall not follow any emergency vehicle or public safety vehicle	26165
traveling in response to an alarm closer than five hundred feet,	26166
or drive into or park such vehicle within the block where fire	26167
apparatus has stopped in answer to a fire alarm, unless directed	26168
to do so by a police officer or a fireman firefighter.	26169
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26170
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26171
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26172
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26173
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	26174
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26175
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26176
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26177
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26178
Gen 4511 73 (A) No street see two skillings treellers or rehigio	26170
Sec. 4511.73. (A) No streetcar, trackless trolley, or vehicle	26179
shall, without the consent of the fire department official in	26180
command, be driven over any unprotected hose of a fire department,	26181
when said hose that is laid down on any street, private driveway,	26182

or streetcar track to be used at any fire or alarm of fire.	26183
	26184
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26185
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26186
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26187
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26188
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	26189
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26190
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26191
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26192
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26193
Sec. 4511.74. (A) No person shall place or knowingly drop	26194
upon any part of a highway, lane, road, street, or alley any	26195
tacks, bottles, wire, glass, nails, or other articles which may	26196
damage or injure any person, vehicle, streetcar, trackless	26197
trolley, or animal traveling along or upon such highway, except	26198
such substances that may be placed upon the roadway by proper	26199
authority for the repair or construction thereof.	26200
Any person who drops or permits to be dropped or thrown upon	26201
any highway any destructive or injurious material shall	26202
immediately remove the same.	26203
Any person authorized to remove a wrecked or damaged vehicle,	26204
streetcar, or trackless trolley from a highway shall remove any	26205
glass or other injurious substance dropped upon the highway from	26206
such vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley.	26207
No person shall place any obstruction in or upon a highway	26208
without proper authority.	26209
(B) No person, with intent to cause physical harm to a person	26210
or a vehicle, shall place or knowingly drop upon any part of a	26211
highway, lane, road, street, or alley any tacks, bottles, wire,	26212

glass, nails, or other articles which may damage or injure any	26213
person, vehicle, streetcar, trackless trolley, or animal traveling	26214
along or upon such highway, except such substances that may be	26215
placed upon the roadway by proper authority for the repair or	26216
construction thereof.	26217
(C)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26218
violates division (A) of this section is quilty of a minor	26219
misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender	26220
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	26221
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates	26222
division (A) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	26223
fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender	26224
previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor	26225
vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates division (A) of this	26226
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26227
(2) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is guilty	26228
of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	26229
Sec. 4511.75. (A) The driver of a vehicle, streetcar, or	26230
trackless trolley upon meeting or overtaking from either direction	26231
any school bus stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging	26232
any school child, person attending programs offered by community	26233
boards of mental health and county boards of mental retardation	26234
and developmental disabilities, or child attending a program	26235
offered by a head start agency, shall stop at least ten feet from	26236
the front or rear of the school bus and shall not proceed until	26237
such school bus resumes motion, or until signaled by the school	26238
bus driver to proceed.	26239
It is no defense to a charge under this division that the	26240
school bus involved failed to display or be equipped with an	26241
automatically extended stop warning sign as required by division	26242
(B) of this section.	26243

- (B) Every school bus shall be equipped with amber and red 26244 visual signals meeting the requirements of section 4511.771 of the 26245 Revised Code, and an automatically extended stop warning sign of a 26246 type approved by the state board of education, which shall be 26247 actuated by the driver of the bus whenever but only whenever the 26248 bus is stopped or stopping on the roadway for the purpose of 26249 26250 receiving or discharging school children, persons attending programs offered by community boards of mental health and county 26251 boards of mental retardation and developmental disabilities, or 26252 children attending programs offered by head start agencies. A 26253 school bus driver shall not actuate the visual signals or the stop 26254 warning sign in designated school bus loading areas where the bus 26255 is entirely off the roadway or at school buildings when children 26256 or persons attending programs offered by community boards of 26257 mental health and county boards of mental retardation and 26258 developmental disabilities are loading or unloading at curbside or 26259 at buildings when children attending programs offered by head 26260 start agencies are loading or unloading at curbside. The visual 26261 signals and stop warning sign shall be synchronized or otherwise 26262 operated as required by rule of the board. 26263
- (C) Where a highway has been divided into four or more 26264 traffic lanes, a driver of a vehicle, streetcar, or trackless 26265 trolley need not stop for a school bus approaching from the 26266 opposite direction which has stopped for the purpose of receiving 26267 or discharging any school child, persons attending programs 26268 offered by community boards of mental health and county boards of 26269 mental retardation and developmental disabilities, or children 26270 attending programs offered by head start agencies. The driver of 26271 any vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley overtaking the school 26272 bus shall comply with division (A) of this section. 26273
- (D) School buses operating on divided highways or on highways 26274 with four or more traffic lanes shall receive and discharge all 26275

(G) As used in this section:

- (1) "Head start agency" has the same meaning as in division 26307(A)(1) of section 3301.31 of the Revised Code. 26308
- (2) "School bus," as used in relation to children who attend 26309 a program offered by a head start agency, means a bus that is 26310 owned and operated by a head start agency, is equipped with an 26311 automatically extended stop warning sign of a type approved by the 26312 state board of education, is painted the color and displays the 26313 markings described in section 4511.77 of the Revised Code, and is 26314 equipped with amber and red visual signals meeting the 26315 requirements of section 4511.771 of the Revised Code, irrespective 26316 of whether or not the bus has fifteen or more children aboard at 26317 any time. "School bus" does not include a van owned and operated 26318 by a head start agency, irrespective of its color, lights, or 26319 markings. 26320

sec. 4511.751. As used in this section, "license plate" 26321
includes, but is not limited to, any temporary license placard 26322
issued under section 4503.182 of the Revised Code or similar law 26323
of another jurisdiction. 26324

When the operator of a school bus believes that a motorist 26325 has violated division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code, 26326 the operator shall report the license plate number and a general 26327 description of the vehicle and of the operator of the vehicle to 26328 the law enforcement agency exercising jurisdiction over the area 26329 where the alleged violation occurred. The information contained in 26330 the report relating to the license plate number and to the general 26331 description of the vehicle and the operator of the vehicle at the 26332 time of the alleged violation may be supplied by any person with 26333 first-hand knowledge of the information. Information of which the 26334 operator of the school bus has first-hand knowledge also may be 26335 corroborated by any other person. 26336

Upon receipt of the report of the alleged violation of

division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code, the law	26338
enforcement agency shall conduct an investigation to attempt to	26339
determine or confirm the identity of the operator of the vehicle	26340
at the time of the alleged violation. If the identity of the	26341
operator at the time of the alleged violation is established, the	26342
reporting of the license plate number of the vehicle shall	26343
establish probable cause for the law enforcement agency to issue a	26344
citation for the violation of division (A) of section 4511.75 of	26345
the Revised Code. However, if the identity of the operator of the	26346
vehicle at the time of the alleged violation cannot be	26347
established, the law enforcement agency shall issue a warning to	26348
the owner of the vehicle at the time of the alleged violation,	26349
except in the case of a leased or rented vehicle when the warning	26350
shall be issued to the lessee at the time of the alleged	26351
violation.	26352

The registrar of motor vehicles and deputy registrars shall, 26353 at the time of issuing license plates to any person, include with 26354 the license plate a summary of the requirements of division (A) of 26355 section 4511.75 of the Revised Code, the procedures of section 26356 4507.165 of the Revised Code, and the procedures of, and penalty 26357 in, division (G)(F) of section 4511.99 4511.75 of the Revised 26358 Code.

sec. 4511.76. (A) The department of public safety, by and 26360 with the advice of the superintendent of public instruction, shall 26361 adopt and enforce rules relating to the construction, design, and 26362 equipment, including lighting equipment required by section 26363 4511.771 of the Revised Code, of all school buses both publicly 26364 and privately owned and operated in this state. 26365

(B) The department of education, by and with the advice of 26366 the director of public safety, shall adopt and enforce rules 26367 relating to the operation of all vehicles used for pupil 26368

,	
transportation.	26369
(C) No person shall operate a vehicle used for pupil	26370
transportation within this state in violation of the rules of the	26371
department of education or the department of public safety. No	26372
person, being the owner thereof or having the supervisory	26373
responsibility therefor, shall permit the operation of a vehicle	26374
used for pupil transportation within this state in violation of	26375
the rules of the department of education or the department of	26376
public safety.	26377
(D) The department of public safety shall adopt and enforce	26378
rules relating to the issuance of a license under section 4511.763	26379
of the Revised Code. The rules may relate to the moral character	26380
of the applicant; the condition of the equipment to be operated;	26381
the liability and property damage insurance carried by the	26382
applicant; the posting of satisfactory and sufficient bond; and	26383
such other rules as the director of public safety determines	26384
reasonably necessary for the safety of the pupils to be	26385
transported.	26386
(E) As used in this section, "vehicle used for pupil	26387
transportation" means any vehicle that is identified as such by	26388
the department of education by rule and that is subject to Chapter	26389
3301-83 of the Administrative Code.	26390
(F) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26391
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the	26392
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to one	26393
or more violations of this section or section 4511.63, 4511.761,	26394
4511.762, 4511.764, 4511.77, or 4511.79 of the Revised Code or a	26395
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those	26396
sections, whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor	26397
of the fourth degree.	26398

Sec. 4511.761. (A) The state highway patrol shall inspect 26399

every school bus to ascertain whether its construction, design,	26400
and equipment comply with the regulations adopted pursuant to	26401
section 4511.76 of the Revised Code and all other provisions of	26402
law.	26403

The superintendent of the state highway patrol shall adopt a 26404 distinctive inspection decal not less than twelve inches in size, 26405 and bearing the date of the inspection, which shall be affixed to 26406 the outside surface of each side of each school bus which upon 26407 such inspection is found to comply with the regulations adopted 26408 pursuant to section 4511.76 of the Revised Code. The appearance of 26409 said decal shall be changed from year to year as to shape and 26410 color in order to provide easy visual inspection. 26411

No person shall operate, nor shall any person being the owner 26412 thereof or having supervisory responsibility therefor permit the 26413 operation of, a school bus within this state unless there are 26414 displayed thereon the decals issued by the state highway patrol 26415 bearing the proper date of inspection for the calendar year for 26416 which the inspection decals were issued.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 26418 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the 26419 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to one 26420 or more violations of this section or section 4511.63, 4511.76, 26421 4511.762, 4511.764, 4511.77, or 4511.79 of the Revised Code or a 26422 municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those 26423 sections, whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor 26424 26425 of the fourth degree.

(C) Whenever a person is found guilty in a court of record of
a violation of this section, the trial judge, in addition to or
independent of all other penalties provided by law, may suspend
for any period of time not exceeding three years, or cancel the
license of any person, partnership, association, or corporation,
issued under section 4511.763 of the Revised Code.

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Sec. 4511.762. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this	26432
section, no person who is the owner of a bus that previously was	26433
registered as a school bus that is used or is to be used	26434
exclusively for purposes other than the transportation of	26435
children, shall operate the bus or permit it to be operated within	26436
this state unless the bus has been painted a color different from	26437
that prescribed for school buses by section 4511.77 of the Revised	26438
Code and painted in such a way that the words "stop" and "school	26439
bus" are obliterated.	26440
(B) Any church bus that previously was registered as a school	26441
bus and is registered under section 4503.07 of the Revised Code	26442
may retain the paint color prescribed for school buses by section	26443
4511.77 of the Revised Code if the bus complies with all of the	26444
following:	26445
(1) The words "school bus" required by section 4511.77 of the	26446
Revised Code are covered or obliterated and the bus is marked on	26447
the front and rear with the words "church bus" painted in black	26448
lettering not less than ten inches in height;	26449
(2) The automatically extended stop warning sign required by	26450
section 4511.75 of the Revised Code is removed and the word "stop"	26451
required by section 4511.77 of the Revised Code is covered or	26452
obliterated;	26453
(3) The flashing red and amber lights required by section	26454
4511.771 of the Revised Code are covered or removed;	26455
(4) The inspection decal required by section 4511.761 of the	26456
Revised Code is covered or removed;	26457
(5) The identification number assigned under section 4511.764	26458
of the Revised Code and marked in black lettering on the front and	26459
rear of the bus is covered or obliterated.	26460
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26461

violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the	26462
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	26463
or more violations of this section or section 4511.63, 4511.76,	26464
4511.761, 4511.764, 4511.77, or 4511.79 of the Revised Code or a	26465
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those	26466
sections, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	26467
of the fourth degree.	26468
(D) Whenever a person is found guilty in a court of record of	26469
a violation of this section, the trial judge, in addition to or	26470
independent of all other penalties provided by law, may suspend	26471
for any period of time not exceeding three years, or cancel the	26472
license of any person, partnership, association, or corporation,	26473
issued under section 4511.763 of the Revised Code.	26474
Sec. 4511.763. (A) No person, partnership, association, or	26475
corporation shall transport pupils to or from school on a school	26476
bus or enter into a contract with a board of education of any	26477
school district for the transportation of pupils on a school bus,	26478
without being licensed by the department of public safety.	26479
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26480
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26481
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26482
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26483
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	26484
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26485
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26486
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26487
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26488
Sec. 4511.764. (A) The superintendent of the state highway	26489

the owner, with the state highway patrol on forms and in

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accordance with regulations as the superintendent may adopt.	26492
When the superintendent is satisfied that the registration	26493
has been completed, he <u>the superintendent</u> shall assign an	26494
identifying number to each school bus registered in accordance	26495
with this section. The number so assigned shall be marked on the	26496
front and rear of the vehicle in black lettering not less than six	26497
inches in height and will remain unchanged as long as the	26498
ownership of that vehicle remains the same.	26499
No person shall operate, nor shall any person, being the	26500
owner thereof or having supervisory responsibility therefor,	26501
permit the operation of a school bus within this state unless	26502
there is displayed thereon an identifying number in accordance	26503
with this section.	26504
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26505
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the	26506
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to one	26507
or more violations of section 4511.63, 4511.76, 4511.761,	26508
4511.762, 4511.77, or 4511.79 of the Revised Code or a municipal	26509
ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those sections,	26510
whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	26511
fourth degree.	26512
Sec. 4511.77. (A) No person shall operate, nor shall any	26513
person being the owner thereof or having supervisory	26514
responsibility therefor permit the operation of, a school bus	26515
within this state unless it is painted national school bus yellow	26516
and is marked on both front and rear with the words "school bus"	26517
in black lettering not less than eight inches in height and on the	26518
rear of the bus with the word "stop" in black lettering not less	26519
than ten inches in height.	26520
(D) Brown of the miles mornialed in this division of the second	26521

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever

violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the

offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	26523
or more violations of this section or section 4511.63, 4511.76,	26524
4511.761, 4511.762, 4511.764, or 4511.79 of the Revised Code or a	26525
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those	26526
sections, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	26527
of the fourth degree.	26528
(C) Whenever a person is found quilty in a court of record of	26529
a violation of this section, the trial judge, in addition to or	26530
independent of all other penalties provided by law, may suspend	26531
for any period of time not exceeding three years, or cancel the	26532
license of any person, partnership, association, or corporation,	26533
issued under section 4511.763 of the Revised Code.	26534
Sec. 4511.771. (A) Every school bus shall, in addition to any	26535
other equipment and distinctive markings required pursuant to	26536
sections 4511.76, 4511.761, 4511.764, and 4511.77 of the Revised	26537
Code, be equipped with signal lamps mounted as high as	26538
practicable, which shall display to the front two alternately	26539
flashing red lights and two alternately flashing amber lights	26540
located at the same level and to the rear two alternately flashing	26541
red lights and two alternately flashing amber lights located at	26542
the same level, and these lights shall be visible at five hundred	26543
feet in normal sunlight. The alternately flashing red lights shall	26544
be spaced as widely as practicable, and the alternately flashing	26545
amber lights shall be located next to them.	26546
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26547
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26548
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26549
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26550
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	26551
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26552

offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more

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predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26554
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26555
Sec. 4511.772. (A) On and after the effective date of this	26556
section May 6, 1986, no person, school board, or governmental	26557
entity shall purchase, lease, or rent a new school bus unless the	26558
school bus has an occupant restraining device, as defined in	26559
section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, installed for use in its	26560
operator's seat.	26561
(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor	26562
misdemeanor.	26563
Sec. 4511.78. (A) As used in this section:	26564
(1) "Mass transit system" means any county transit system,	26565
regional transit authority, regional transit commission,	26566
municipally owned transportation system, mass transit company	26567
operating exclusively within the territorial limits of a municipal	26568
corporation, or within such limits and the territorial limits of	26569
municipal corporations immediately contiguous to such municipal	26570
corporation, and any common passenger carrier certified by the	26571
public utilities commission, that provides transportation for	26572
children to or from a school session or a school function.	26573
(2) "Bus" means every motor vehicle designed for carrying	26574
more than nine passengers and used for the transportation of	26575
persons, but does not mean any school bus as defined in section	26576
4511.01 of the Revised Code.	26577
(B) Whenever a mass transit system transports children to or	26578
from a school session or school function, the mass transit system	26579
shall provide for:	26580
(1) Periodic safety inspections of all buses used to provide	26581
transportation service. The inspections shall be based on rules	26582

adopted by the public utilities commission under Chapters 4921.

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and 4923. of the Revised Code to ensure the safety of operation of	26584
motor transportation companies and private motor carriers.	26585
(2) The safety training of all drivers operating buses used	26586
to provide transportation service;	26587
(3) The equipping of every bus with outside rear-view mirrors	26588
meeting the motor carrier regulations for bus equipment adopted by	26589
the federal highway administration. No exclusions from this	26590
requirement granted under the federal regulations shall be	26591
considered exclusions for the purposes of this division.	26592
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26593
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26594
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26595
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26596
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	26597
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26598
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26599
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26600
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26601
454 50 (2) 25	0.5.5.0.0
Sec. 4511.79. (A) No person shall drive a "commercial motor	26602
vehicle" as defined in section 4506.01 of the Revised Code, or a	26603
"commercial car" or "commercial tractor," as defined in section	26604
4501.01 of the Revised Code, while his <u>the person's</u> ability or	26605
alertness is so impaired by fatigue, illness, or other causes that	26606
it is unsafe for him <u>the person</u> to drive such vehicle. No driver	26607
shall use any drug which would adversely affect his the driver's	26608
ability or alertness.	26609
(B) No owner, as defined in section 4501.01 of the Revised	26610
Code, of a "commercial motor vehicle," "commercial car," or	26611
"commercial tractor," or a person employing or otherwise directing	26612
the driver of such vehicle, shall require or knowingly permit a	26613

driver in any such condition described in division (A) of this

section to drive such vehicle upon any street or highway.	26615
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26616
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the	26617
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	26618
or more violations of this section or section 4511.63, 4511.76,	26619
4511.761, 4511.762, 4511.764, Or 4511.77 of the Revised Code or a	26620
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those	26621
sections, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	26622
of the fourth degree.	26623
Sec. 4511.81. (A) When any child who is in either or both of	26624
the following categories is being transported in a motor vehicle,	26625
other than a taxicab or public safety vehicle as defined in	26626
section 4511.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered in this	26627
state and is required by the United States department of	26628
transportation to be equipped with seat belts at the time of	26629
manufacture or assembly, the operator of the motor vehicle shall	26630
have the child properly secured in accordance with the	26631
manufacturer's instructions in a child restraint system that meets	26632
federal motor vehicle safety standards:	26633
(1) A child who is less than four years of age;	26634
(2) A child who weighs less than forty pounds.	26635
(B) When any child who is in either or both of the following	26636
categories is being transported in a motor vehicle, other than a	26637
taxicab, that is registered in this state and is owned, leased, or	26638
otherwise under the control of a nursery school, kindergarten, or	26639
day-care center, the operator of the motor vehicle shall have the	26640
child properly secured in accordance with the manufacturer's	26641
instructions in a child restraint system that meets federal motor	26642
vehicle safety standards:	26643
(1) A child who is less than four years of age;	26644

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(2) A child who weighs less than forty pounds. 26645 (C) The director of public safety shall adopt such rules as 26646 are necessary to carry out this section. 26647 (D) The failure of an operator of a motor vehicle to secure a 26648 child in a child restraint system as required by this section is 26649 not negligence imputable to the child, is not admissible as 26650 evidence in any civil action involving the rights of the child 26651 against any other person allegedly liable for injuries to the 26652 child, is not to be used as a basis for a criminal prosecution of 26653 the operator of the motor vehicle other than a prosecution for a 26654 violation of this section, and is not admissible as evidence in 26655 any criminal action involving the operator of the motor vehicle 26656 other than a prosecution for a violation of this section. 26657 (E) This section does not apply when an emergency exists that 26658 threatens the life of any person operating a motor vehicle and to 26659 whom this section otherwise would apply or the life of any child 26660 who otherwise would be required to be restrained under this 26661 section. 26662 (F) If a person who is not a resident of this state is 26663 charged with a violation of division (A) or (B) of this section 26664 and does not prove to the court, by a preponderance of the 26665 evidence, that the person's use or nonuse of a child restraint 26666 system was in accordance with the law of the state of which the 26667 person is a resident, the court shall impose the fine levied by 26668 division (H)(2) of this section 4511.99 of the Revised Code. 26669 (G) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "child 26670 highway safety fund, " consisting of fines imposed pursuant to 26671 divisions (H)(1) and (2) of this section 4511.99 of the Revised 26672 Code for violations of divisions (A) and (B) of this section. The 26673

money in the fund shall be used by the department of health only

to defray the cost of designating hospitals as pediatric trauma

centers under section 3727.081 of the Revised Code and to	26676
establish and administer a child highway safety program. The	26677
purpose of the program shall be to educate the public about child	26678
restraint systems generally and the importance of their proper	26679
use. The program also shall include a process for providing child	26680
restraint systems to persons who meet the eligibility criteria	26681
established by the department, and a toll-free telephone number	26682
the public may utilize to obtain information about child restraint	26683
systems and their proper use.	26684
The director of health, in accordance with Chapter 119. of	26685
the Revised Code, shall adopt any rules necessary to carry out	26686
this section, including rules establishing the criteria a person	26687
must meet in order to receive a child restraint system under the	26688
department's child restraint system program; provided that rules	26689
relating to the verification of pediatric trauma centers shall not	26690
be adopted under this section.	26691
(H)(1) Whoever is a resident of this state and violates	26692
division (A) or (B) of this section shall be punished as follows:	26693
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(1)(b) of	26694
this section, the offender is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	26695
(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	26696
pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) or (B) of this	26697
section or of a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar	26698
to either of those divisions, the offender is quilty of a	26699
misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	26700
(2) Whoever is not a resident of this state, violates	26701
division (A) or (B) of this section, and fails to prove by a	26702
preponderance of the evidence that the offender's use or nonuse of	26703
a child restraint system was in accordance with the law of the	26704
state of which the offender is a resident is quilty of a minor	26705

misdemeanor on a first offense; on a second or subsequent offense,

listening devices that are built into protective headgear.

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(B) This section does not apply to:	26737
(1) Any person wearing a hearing aid;	26738
(2) Law enforcement personnel while on duty;	26739
(3) Fire department personnel and emergency medical service	26740
personnel while on duty;	26741
(4) Any person engaged in the operation of equipment for use	26742
in the maintenance or repair of any highway;	26743
(5) Any person engaged in the operation of refuse collection	26744
equipment.	26745
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	26746
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within	26747
one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	26748
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	26749
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	26750
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	26751
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more	26752
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this	26753
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	26754
Sec. 4511.85. (A) The operator of a chauffeured limousine	26755
shall accept passengers only on the basis of prearranged	26756
contracts, as defined in division (LL) of section 4501.01 of the	26757
Revised Code, and shall not cruise in search of patronage unless	26758
the limousine is in compliance with any statute or ordinance	26759
governing the operation of taxicabs or other similar vehicles for	26760
hire.	26761
(B) No person shall advertise or hold self out as doing	26762
business as a limousine service or livery service or other similar	26763
designation unless each vehicle used by the person to provide the	26764
service is registered in accordance with section 4503.24 of the	26765
Revised Code and is in compliance with section 4509.80 of the	26766

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Revised Code.	26767
(C) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor	26768
of the first degree.	26769
Sec. 4511.99. (A) Whoever violates division (A)(1), (2), (3),	26770
or (4) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, in addition to the	26771
license suspension or revocation provided in section 4507.16 of	26772
the Revised Code and any disqualification imposed under section	26773
4506.16 of the Revised Code, shall be punished as provided in	26774
division $(A)(1)$, (2) , (3) , or (4) of this section. Whoever	26775
violates division (A)(5), (6), or (7) of section 4511.19 of the	26776
Revised Code, in addition to the license suspension or revocation	26777
provided in section 4507.16 of the Revised Code and any	26778
disqualification imposed under section 4506.16 of the Revised	26779
Code, shall be punished as provided in division (A)(5), (6), (7),	26780
or (8) of this section.	26781
(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(2), (3), or	26782
(4) of this section, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of	26783
the first degree and the court shall sentence the offender to a	26784
term of imprisonment of three consecutive days and may sentence	26785
the offender pursuant to section 2929.21 of the Revised Code to a	26786
longer term of imprisonment. In addition, the court shall impose	26787
upon the offender a fine of not less than two hundred fifty and	26788
not more than one thousand dollars.	26789
The court may suspend the execution of the mandatory three	26790
consecutive days of imprisonment that it is required to impose by	26791
this division, if the court, in lieu of the suspended term of	26792
imprisonment, places the offender on probation and requires the	26793
offender to attend, for three consecutive days, a drivers'	26794
intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10	26795
of the Revised Code. The court also may suspend the execution of	26796

any part of the mandatory three consecutive days of imprisonment 26797

that it is required to impose by this division, if the court	26798
places the offender on probation for part of the three consecutive	26799
days; requires the offender to attend, for that part of the three	26800
consecutive days, a drivers' intervention program that is	26801
certified pursuant to section 3793.10 of the Revised Code; and	26802
sentences the offender to a term of imprisonment equal to the	26803
remainder of the three consecutive days that the offender does not	26804
spend attending the drivers' intervention program. The court may	26805
require the offender, as a condition of probation, to attend and	26806
satisfactorily complete any treatment or education programs that	26807
comply with the minimum standards adopted pursuant to Chapter	26808
3793. of the Revised Code by the director of alcohol and drug	26809
addiction services, in addition to the required attendance at a	26810
drivers' intervention program, that the operators of the drivers'	26811
intervention program determine that the offender should attend and	26812
to report periodically to the court on the offender's progress in	26813
the programs. The court also may impose any other conditions of	26814
probation on the offender that it considers necessary.	26815

Of the fine imposed pursuant to this division, twenty-five 26816 dollars shall be paid to an enforcement and education fund 26817 established by the legislative authority of the law enforcement 26818 agency in this state that primarily was responsible for the arrest 26819 of the offender, as determined by the court that imposes the fine. 26820 This share shall be used by the agency to pay only those costs it 26821 incurs in enforcing section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a 26822 substantially similar municipal ordinance and in informing the 26823 public of the laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle 26824 while under the influence of alcohol, the dangers of operating a 26825 motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, and other 26826 information relating to the operation of a motor vehicle and the 26827 consumption of alcoholic beverages. Fifty dollars of the fine 26828 imposed pursuant to this division shall be paid to the political 26829 subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender during the 26830

offender's term of incarceration to the credit of the fund that	26831
pays the cost of the incarceration. If the offender was confined	26832
as a result of the offense prior to being sentenced for the	26833
offense but is not sentenced to a term of incarceration, the fifty	26834
dollars shall be paid to the political subdivision that paid the	26835
cost of housing the offender during that period of confinement.	26836
The political subdivision shall use this share to pay or reimburse	26837
incarceration or treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing	26838
drug and alcohol treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19	26839
of the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance	26840
and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house	26841
arrest equipment for persons who violate that section. Twenty-five	26842
dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be	26843
deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund	26844
or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the	26845
control of that court, as created by the county or municipal	26846
corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the	26847
Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as	26848
otherwise provided by law.	26849
(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(4) of	26850
this section, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first	26851
degree, and, except as provided in this division, the court shall	26852
sentence the offender to a term of imprisonment of ten consecutive	26853
days and may sentence the offender pursuant to section 2929.21 of	26854
the Revised Code to a longer term of imprisonment if, within six	26855
years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or	26856
pleaded guilty to one violation of the following:	26857
(i) Division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised	26858
Code;	26859
(ii) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle	26860
while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol	26861
and a drug of abuse;	26862

(iii) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle	26863
with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath,	26864
or urine;	26865
(iv) Section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which	26866
the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division	26867
(D) of that section;	26868
(v) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of	26869
section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that	26870
is substantially similar to either of those divisions;	26871
(vi) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06,	26872
division (A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of	26873
the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially	26874
similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a	26875
case in which the jury or judge found that the offender was under	26876
the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug	26877
the influence of disonor, a drag of ababe, of disonor and a drag	
of abuse;	26878
-	26878 26879
of abuse;	
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or	26879
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any	26879 26880
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B)	26879 26880 26881
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	26879 26880 26881 26882
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment required to be	26879 26880 26881 26882 26883
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment required to be imposed by this division, but subject to division (A)(12) of this	26879 26880 26881 26882 26883 26884
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment required to be imposed by this division, but subject to division (A)(12) of this section, the court may impose upon the offender a sentence	26879 26880 26881 26882 26883 26884 26885
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment required to be imposed by this division, but subject to division (A)(12) of this section, the court may impose upon the offender a sentence consisting of both a term of imprisonment of five consecutive days	26879 26880 26881 26882 26883 26884 26885 26886
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment required to be imposed by this division, but subject to division (A)(12) of this section, the court may impose upon the offender a sentence consisting of both a term of imprisonment of five consecutive days and not less than eighteen consecutive days of electronically	26879 26880 26881 26882 26883 26884 26885 26886 26887
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment required to be imposed by this division, but subject to division (A)(12) of this section, the court may impose upon the offender a sentence consisting of both a term of imprisonment of five consecutive days and not less than eighteen consecutive days of electronically monitored house arrest as defined in division (A) of section	26879 26880 26881 26882 26883 26884 26885 26886 26887 26888
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment required to be imposed by this division, but subject to division (A)(12) of this section, the court may impose upon the offender a sentence consisting of both a term of imprisonment of five consecutive days and not less than eighteen consecutive days of electronically monitored house arrest as defined in division (A) of section 2929.23 of the Revised Code. The five consecutive days of	26879 26880 26881 26882 26883 26884 26885 26886 26887 26888
of abuse; (vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment required to be imposed by this division, but subject to division (A)(12) of this section, the court may impose upon the offender a sentence consisting of both a term of imprisonment of five consecutive days and not less than eighteen consecutive days of electronically monitored house arrest as defined in division (A) of section 2929.23 of the Revised Code. The five consecutive days of imprisonment and the period of electronically monitored house	26879 26880 26881 26882 26883 26884 26885 26886 26887 26888 26889 26890

In addition, the court shall impose upon the offender a fine	26894
of not less than three hundred fifty and not more than one	26895
thousand five hundred dollars.	26896
In addition to any other sentence that it imposes upon the	26897

offender, the court may require the offender to attend a drivers! 26898 intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 26899 of the Revised Code. If the officials of the drivers' intervention 26900 program determine that the offender is alcohol dependent, they 26901 shall notify the court, and the court shall order the offender to 26902 obtain treatment through an alcohol and drug addiction program 26903 authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised Code. The cost of the 26904 treatment shall be paid by the offender. 26905

Of the fine imposed pursuant to this division, thirty five 26906 dollars shall be paid to an enforcement and education fund 26907 established by the legislative authority of the law enforcement 26908 agency in this state that primarily was responsible for the arrest 26909 of the offender, as determined by the court that imposes the fine. 26910 This share shall be used by the agency to pay only those costs it 26911 incurs in enforcing section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a 26912 substantially similar municipal ordinance and in informing the 26913 public of the laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle 26914 while under the influence of alcohol, the dangers of operating a 26915 motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, and other 26916 information relating to the operation of a motor vehicle and the 26917 consumption of alcoholic beverages. One hundred fifteen dollars of 26918 the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be paid to the 26919 political subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender 26920 during the offender's term of incarceration. This share shall be 26921 used by the political subdivision to pay or reimburse 26922 incarceration or treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing 26923 drug and alcohol treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 26924 of the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance 26925

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and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house	26926
arrest equipment for persons who violate that section, and shall	26927
be paid to the credit of the fund that pays the cost of the	26928
incarceration. Fifty dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this	26929
division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers	26930
alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol	26931
treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the	26932
county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of	26933
section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine	26934
shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law.	26935
(b) Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was	26936
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the	26937
offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in	26938
addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(2)(a) of this	26939
section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to	26940
section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the	26941
immobilization for ninety days of the vehicle the offender was	26942
operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for	26943
ninety days of the identification license plates of that vehicle.	26944
The order for the immobilization and impoundment shall be issued	26945
and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 of the Revised	26946
Code.	26947
(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(4) of	26948
this section and except as provided in this division, if, within	26949
six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or	26950
pleaded guilty to two violations identified in division (A)(2) of	26951
this section, the court shall sentence the offender to a term of	26952
imprisonment of thirty consecutive days and may sentence the	26953
offender to a longer definite term of imprisonment of not more	26954
than one year. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment	26955
required to be imposed by this division, but subject to division	26956
(A)(12) of this sostion the sount may impose upon the offendor a	26057

(A)(12) of this section, the court may impose upon the offender a

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sentence consisting of both a term of imprisonment of fifteen	26958
consecutive days and not less than fifty five consecutive days of	26959
electronically monitored house arrest as defined in division (A)	26960
of section 2929.23 of the Revised Code. The fifteen consecutive	26961
days of imprisonment and the period of electronically monitored	26962
house arrest shall not exceed one year. The fifteen consecutive	26963
days of imprisonment do not have to be served prior to or	26964
consecutively with the period of electronically monitored house	26965
arrest.	26966

In addition, the court shall impose upon the offender a fine of not less than five hundred fifty and not more than two thousand five hundred dollars.

In addition to any other sentence that it imposes upon the offender, the court shall require the offender to attend an alcohol and drug addiction program authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised Code. The cost of the treatment shall be paid by the offender. If the court determines that the offender is unable to pay the cost of attendance at the treatment program, the court may order that payment of the cost of the offender's attendance at the treatment program be made from that court's indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund.

Of the fine imposed pursuant to this division, one hundred twenty three dollars shall be paid to an enforcement and education fund established by the legislative authority of the law enforcement agency in this state that primarily was responsible for the arrest of the offender, as determined by the court that imposes the fine. This share shall be used by the agency to pay only those costs it incurs in enforcing section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and in informing the public of the laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, the dangers of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol,

and other information relating to the operation of a motor vehicle	26990
and the consumption of alcoholic beverages. Two hundred	26991
seventy seven dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this	26992
division shall be paid to the political subdivision that pays the	26993
cost of housing the offender during the offender's term of	26994
incarceration. This share shall be used by the political	26995
subdivision to pay or reimburse incarceration or treatment costs	26996
it incurs in housing or providing drug and alcohol treatment to	26997
persons who violate section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a	26998
substantially similar municipal ordinance and to pay for ignition	26999
interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment for	27000
persons who violate that section and shall be paid to the credit	27001
of the fund that pays the cost of incarceration. The balance of	27002
the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law.	27003
(b) Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was	27004
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the	27005
offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in	27006
addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(3)(a) of this	27007
section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to	27008
section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the criminal	27009
forfeiture to the state of the vehicle the offender was operating	27010
at the time of the offense. The order of criminal forfeiture shall	27011
be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the	27012
Revised Code.	27013
(4)(a)(i) If, within six years of the offense, the offender	27014
has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to three or more	27015
violations identified in division (A)(2) of this section, and if	27016
sentence is not required to be imposed under division	27017
(A)(4)(a)(ii) of this section, the offender is guilty of a felony	27018
of the fourth degree and, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of	27019
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, may be sentenced to a	27020
definite prison term that shall be not less than six months and	27021
acting to Ferroit cerii. Chac bharr be nee rebb chan bin monenb and	2,021

not more than thirty months. The court shall sentence the offender	27022
in accordance with sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code	27023
and shall impose as part of the sentence either a mandatory term	27024
of local incarceration of sixty consecutive days of imprisonment	27025
in accordance with division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the	27026
Revised Code or a mandatory prison term of sixty consecutive days	27027
of imprisonment in accordance with division (G)(2) of that	27028
section. If the court requires the offender to serve a mandatory	27029
term of local incarceration of sixty consecutive days of	27030
imprisonment in accordance with division (G)(1) of section 2929.13	27031
of the Revised Code, the court, pursuant to section 2929.17 of the	27032
Revised Code, may impose upon the offender a sentence that	27033
includes a term of electronically monitored house arrest, provided	27034
that the term of electronically monitored house arrest shall not	27035
commence until after the offender has served the mandatory term of	27036
local incarceration.	27037
local incarceration. (ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	27037 27038
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	27038
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19	27038 27039
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was	27038 27039 27040
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior	27038 27039 27040 27041
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior conviction or guilty plea occurred, the offender is guilty of a	27038 27039 27040 27041 27042
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior conviction or guilty plea occurred, the offender is guilty of a felony of the third degree. The court shall sentence the offender	27038 27039 27040 27041 27042 27043
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior conviction or guilty plea occurred, the offender is guilty of a felony of the third degree. The court shall sentence the offender in accordance with sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code	27038 27039 27040 27041 27042 27043 27044
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior conviction or guilty plea occurred, the offender is guilty of a felony of the third degree. The court shall sentence the offender in accordance with sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code and shall impose as part of the sentence a mandatory prison term	27038 27039 27040 27041 27042 27043 27044 27045
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior conviction or guilty plea occurred, the offender is guilty of a felony of the third degree. The court shall sentence the offender in accordance with sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code and shall impose as part of the sentence a mandatory prison term of sixty consecutive days of imprisonment in accordance with division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code.	27038 27039 27040 27041 27042 27043 27044 27045 27046 27047
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior conviction or guilty plea occurred, the offender is guilty of a felony of the third degree. The court shall sentence the offender in accordance with sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code and shall impose as part of the sentence a mandatory prison term of sixty consecutive days of imprisonment in accordance with division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. (iii) In addition to all other sanctions imposed on an	27038 27039 27040 27041 27042 27043 27044 27045 27046 27047
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior conviction or guilty plea occurred, the offender is guilty of a felony of the third degree. The court shall sentence the offender in accordance with sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code and shall impose as part of the sentence a mandatory prison term of sixty consecutive days of imprisonment in accordance with division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. (iii) In addition to all other sanctions imposed on an offender under division (A)(4)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section, the	27038 27039 27040 27041 27042 27043 27044 27045 27046 27047 27048 27049
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior conviction or guilty plea occurred, the offender is guilty of a felony of the third degree. The court shall sentence the offender in accordance with sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code and shall impose as part of the sentence a mandatory prison term of sixty consecutive days of imprisonment in accordance with division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. (iii) In addition to all other sanctions imposed on an offender under division (A)(4)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section, the court shall impose upon the offender, pursuant to section 2929.18	27038 27039 27040 27041 27042 27043 27044 27045 27046 27047 27048 27049 27050
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior conviction or guilty plea occurred, the offender is guilty of a felony of the third degree. The court shall sentence the offender in accordance with sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code and shall impose as part of the sentence a mandatory prison term of sixty consecutive days of imprisonment in accordance with division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. (iii) In addition to all other sanctions imposed on an offender under division (A)(4)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section, the	27038 27039 27040 27041 27042 27043 27044 27045 27046 27047 27048 27049

In addition to any other sanction that it imposes upon the

offender under division (A)(4)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section, the	27054
court shall require the offender to attend an alcohol and drug	27055
addiction program authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised	27056
Code. The cost of the treatment shall be paid by the offender. If	27057
the court determines that the offender is unable to pay the cost	27058
of attendance at the treatment program, the court may order that	27059
payment of the cost of the offender's attendance at the treatment	27060
program be made from the court's indigent drivers alcohol	27061
treatment fund.	27062

Of the fine imposed pursuant to this division, two hundred 27063 ten dollars shall be paid to an enforcement and education fund 27064 established by the legislative authority of the law enforcement 27065 agency in this state that primarily was responsible for the arrest 27066 of the offender, as determined by the court that imposes the fine. 27067 This share shall be used by the agency to pay only those costs it 27068 incurs in enforcing section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a 27069 substantially similar municipal ordinance and in informing the 27070 public of the laws governing operation of a motor vehicle while 27071 under the influence of alcohol, the dangers of operation of a 27072 motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, and other 27073 information relating to the operation of a motor vehicle and the 27074 consumption of alcoholic beverages. Four hundred forty dollars of 27075 the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be paid to the 27076 political subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender 27077 during the offender's term of incarceration. This share shall be 27078 27079 used by the political subdivision to pay or reimburse incarceration or treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing 27080 drug and alcohol treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 27081 of the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance 27082 and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house 27083 arrest equipment for persons who violate that section, and shall 27084 be paid to the credit of the fund that pays the cost of 27085 incarceration. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as 27086

otherwise provided by law.	27087
(b) Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was	27088
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the	27089
offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in	27090
addition to the sanctions imposed under division (A)(4)(a) of this	27091
section and all other sanctions provided by law and subject to	27092
section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the criminal	27093
forfeiture to the state of the vehicle the offender was operating	27094
at the time of the offense. The order of criminal forfeiture shall	27095
be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the	27096
Revised Code.	27097
(c) As used in division (A)(4)(a) of this section, "mandatory	27098
prison term" and "mandatory term of local incarceration" have the	27099
same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	27100
	27101
If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for	27102
If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred	27102 27103
criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred	27103
eriminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code	27103 27104
criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty	27103 27104 27105
criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of	27103 27104 27105 27106
criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto	27103 27104 27105 27106 27107
criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed under	27103 27104 27105 27106 27107 27108
criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed under this division shall be distributed in accordance with division	27103 27104 27105 27106 27107 27108 27109
eriminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed under this division shall be distributed in accordance with division (D)(4) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	27103 27104 27105 27106 27107 27108 27109 27110
eriminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed under this division shall be distributed in accordance with division (D)(4) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	27103 27104 27105 27106 27107 27108 27109 27110
eriminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed under this division shall be distributed in accordance with division (D)(4) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. (5)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(6), (7), or (8) of this section, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of	27103 27104 27105 27106 27107 27108 27109 27110 27111 27112
eriminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed under this division shall be distributed in accordance with division (D)(4) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. (5)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(6), (7), or (8) of this section, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, and the court shall sentence the offender to one	27103 27104 27105 27106 27107 27108 27109 27110 27111 27112 27113

days, a drivers' intervention program that is certified pursuant 27117

imposed pursuant to this division shall be paid to the political subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender during the offender's term of incarceration to the credit of the fund that pays the cost of the incarceration. The political subdivision 271: shall use this share to pay or reimburse incarceration or 271: treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and alcohol treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 of the Revised 271: dod or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment for persons who violate that section. Twenty five dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal 271: indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by 271: daw: (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of 271: division and except as provided in this division, if, within 271: six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or 271: division of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance 271: division described in division (D) of that section, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 271: devised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 271: devised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 271: devised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the		
subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender during the offender's term of incorrection to the credit of the fund that 271: pays the cost of the incorrection. The political subdivision 271: shall use this share to pay or reimburse incorrection or 271: treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and alcohol 271: treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 of the Revised 271: dod or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment for persons who violate that section. Twenty five dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by 271: division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The 271: division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The 271: division and except as provided in division (A)(8) of 271: division and except as provided in division (A)(8) of 271: division and except as provided in division (A) or (B) of section 271: division of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance 271: dichol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 271: sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 271: sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 271: dichol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.07 of the 271: sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 271: sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 271: sanctions described in division (D) of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the 271: sanctions described in	consumption of alcoholic beverages. Fifty dollars of the fine	27150
offender's term of incorceration to the credit of the fund that pays the cost of the incorceration. The political subdivision 2715 shall use this share to pay or reimburse incorceration or 2715 treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and alcohol 2715 treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 of the Revised 2715 code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment 2715 for persons who violate that section. Twenty five dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal 2716 indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal 2716 indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or pursuant 2716 division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by 2716 this section and except as provided in this division (A)(B) of 2716 this section and except as provided in this division, if, within 2716 six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or 2717 pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 2717 operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance 2717 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of 2717 sleohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 2717 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of 2717 sleohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 2717 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of 2717 sleohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 2717 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of 2717 sleohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 2717 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of 2717 sleohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 2718 relations described in	imposed pursuant to this division shall be paid to the political	27151
paye the cost of the incarceration. The political subdivision shall use this share to pay or reimburse incarceration or treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and alcohol treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment for persons who violate that section. Twenty five dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(B) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 271 operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance 271 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender during the	27152
shall use this share to pay or reimburse incarceration or treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and alcohol treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment for persons who violate that section. Twenty five dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offence, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 271' 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	offender's term of incarceration to the credit of the fund that	27153
treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and alcohol treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment for persons who violate that section. Twenty five dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	pays the cost of the incarceration. The political subdivision	27154
treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 of the Revised 2715 Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment 2715 for persons who violate that section. Twenty five dollars of the 2716 fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal 2716 indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that 2716 court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The 2716 balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by 2716 this section and except as provided in division (A) (8) of 2716 this section and except as provided in this division, if, within 2716 six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or 2717 pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 2717 operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance 2717 alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 2717 alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 2717 Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the 2718 and 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal 2719 ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the 2718 Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	shall use this share to pay or reimburse incarceration or	27155
code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment for persons who violate that section. Twenty five dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 271 operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 271 ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 271 ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and alcohol	27156
ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment for persons who violate that section. Twenty five dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 271. 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 of the Revised	27157
for persons who violate that section. Twenty five dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 271. 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to pay for	27158
fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal 2716 indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that 2716 court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant 2716 to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The 2716 balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by 2716 this section and except as provided in division (A)(B) of 2716 this section and except as provided in this division, if, within 2716 six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or 2717 pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 2717 operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug 2717 of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance 2717 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 2717 sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2717 ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the 2718 ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest equipment	27159
county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2712 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	for persons who violate that section. Twenty-five dollars of the	27160
indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2712 ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be deposited into the	27161
court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The 2716 balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by 2716 law. 2716 (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of 2716 this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or 2717 pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 2717 operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance 2717 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of 2717 alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 2717 sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2717 ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the 2718 Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718 revised Code in a case in which the	county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund or municipal	27162
to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2710 2703.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the control of that	27163
balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2710 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	court, as created by the county or municipal corporation pursuant	27164
(6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 271° operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 271° ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 271° ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	to division (N) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The	27165
(6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2712 2703.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	balance of the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by	27166
this section and except as provided in this division, if, within six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 2717 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	law.	27167
six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2717 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	(6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of	27168
pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2717 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	this section and except as provided in this division, if, within	27169
4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2717 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or	27170
operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance 2717 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of 2717 alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the 2717 Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the 2717 sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal 2717 ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the 2718 Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718	pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section	27171
of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2717 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to	27172
relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2717 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug	27173
alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2717 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance	27174
Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2717 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of	27175
sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section 2717 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the	27176
2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the	27177
ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718	sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section	27178
Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the 2718	2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal	27179
	ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the	27180
offender was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or 2718	Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	27181
	offender was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or	27182

alcohol and a drug of abuse, or a statute of the United States or	27183
of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal	27184
corporation located in any other state that is substantially	27185
similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised	27186
Code, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree,	27187
and the court shall sentence the offender to a term of	27188
imprisonment of twenty consecutive days and may sentence the	27189
offender pursuant to section 2929.21 of the Revised Code to a	27190
longer term of imprisonment. As an alternative to the term of	27191
imprisonment required to be imposed by this division, but subject	27192
to division (A)(12) of this section, the court may impose upon the	27193
offender a sentence consisting of both a term of imprisonment of	27194
ten consecutive days and not less than thirty six consecutive days	27195
of electronically monitored house arrest as defined in division	27196
(A) of section 2929.23 of the Revised Code. The ten consecutive	27197
days of imprisonment and the period of electronically monitored	27198
house arrest shall not exceed six months. The ten consecutive days	27199
of imprisonment do not have to be served prior to or consecutively	27200
with the period of electronically monitored house arrest.	27201
	27202

In addition, the court shall impose upon the offender a fine 27203 of not less than three hundred fifty and not more than one 27204 thousand five hundred dollars. 27205

In addition to any other sentence that it imposes upon the 27206 offender, the court may require the offender to attend a drivers' 27207 intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 27208 of the Revised Code. If the officials of the drivers' intervention 27209 program determine that the offender is alcohol dependent, they 27210 shall notify the court, and the court shall order the offender to 27211 obtain treatment through an alcohol and drug addiction program 27212 authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised Code. The offender 27213 shall pay the cost of the treatment. 27214

Of the fine imposed pursuant to this division, thirty-five	27215
dollars shall be paid to an enforcement and education fund	27216
established by the legislative authority of the law enforcement	27217
agency in this state that primarily was responsible for the arrest	27218
of the offender, as determined by the court that imposes the fine.	27219
The agency shall use this share to pay only those costs it incurs	27220
in enforcing section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a	27221
substantially similar municipal ordinance and in informing the	27222
public of the laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle	27223
while under the influence of alcohol, the dangers of operating a	27224
motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, and other	27225
information relating to the operation of a motor vehicle and the	27226
consumption of alcoholic beverages. One hundred fifteen dollars of	27227
the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be paid to the	27228
political subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender	27229
during the offender's term of incarceration. The political	27230
subdivision shall use this share to pay or reimburse incarceration	27231
or treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and	27232
alcohol treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 of the	27233
Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to	27234
pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest	27235
equipment for persons who violate that section, and this share	27236
shall be paid to the credit of the fund that pays the cost of the	27237
incarceration. Fifty dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this	27238
division shall be deposited into the county indigent drivers	27239
alcohol treatment fund or municipal indigent drivers alcohol	27240
treatment fund under the control of that court, as created by the	27241
county or municipal corporation pursuant to division (N) of	27242
section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The balance of the fine	27243
shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law.	27244
(b) Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was	27245
· · · · · · · · ·	27246
(b) Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the	27245 27246

offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in	27247
addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(6)(a) of this	27248
section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to	27249
section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the	27250
immobilization for ninety days of the vehicle the offender was	27251
operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for	27252
ninety days of the identification license plates of that vehicle.	27253
The order for the immobilization and impoundment shall be issued	27254
and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 of the Revised	27255
Code.	27256
(7)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of	27257
this section and except as provided in this division, if, within	27258
six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or	27259
pleaded guilty to two violations of division (A) or (B) of section	27260
4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to	27261
operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug	27262
of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance	27263
relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of	27264
alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the	27265
Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the	27266
sanctions described in division (D) of that section, section	27267
2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal	27268
ordinance that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the	27269
Revised Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the	27270
offender was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or	27271
alcohol and a drug of abuse, or a statute of the United States or	27272
of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal	27273
corporation located in any other state that is substantially	27274
similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised	27275
Code, the court shall sentence the offender to a term of	27276
imprisonment of sixty consecutive days and may sentence the	27277
offender to a longer definite term of imprisonment of not more	27278
than one year. As an alternative to the term of imprisonment	27279

five hundred dollars.

27293

required to be imposed by this division, but subject to division	27280
(A)(12) of this section, the court may impose upon the offender a	27281
sentence consisting of both a term of imprisonment of thirty	27282
consecutive days and not less than one hundred ten consecutive	27283
days of electronically monitored house arrest as defined in	27284
division (A) of section 2929.23 of the Revised Code. The thirty	27285
consecutive days of imprisonment and the period of electronically	27286
monitored house arrest shall not exceed one year. The thirty	27287
consecutive days of imprisonment do not have to be served prior to	27288
or consecutively with the period of electronically monitored house	27289
arrest.	27290
In addition, the court shall impose upon the offender a fine	27291
of not less than five hundred fifty and not more than two thousand	27292
of not read chair rive managed rive, and not more than two chaudana	2,272

In addition to any other sentence that it imposes upon the 27294 offender, the court shall require the offender to attend an 27295 alcohol and drug addiction program authorized by section 3793.02 27296 of the Revised Code. The offender shall pay the cost of the 27297 treatment. If the court determines that the offender is unable to 27298 pay the cost of attendance at the treatment program, the court may 27299 order that payment of the cost of the offender's attendance at the 27300 treatment program be made from that court's indigent drivers 27301 alcohol treatment fund. 27302

Of the fine imposed pursuant to this division, one hundred 27303 twenty-three dollars shall be paid to an enforcement and education 27304 fund established by the legislative authority of the law 27305 enforcement agency in this state that primarily was responsible 27306 for the arrest of the offender, as determined by the court that 27307 imposes the fine. The agency shall use this share to pay only 27308 those costs it incurs in enforcing section 4511.19 of the Revised 27309 Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and in 27310 informing the public of the laws governing the operation of a 27311

motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, the dangers of	27312
operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol,	27313
and other information relating to the operation of a motor vehicle	27314
and the consumption of alcoholic beverages. Two hundred	27315
seventy seven dollars of the fine imposed pursuant to this	27316
division shall be paid to the political subdivision that pays the	27317
cost of housing the offender during the offender's term of	27318
incarceration. The political subdivision shall use this share to	27319
pay or reimburse incarceration or treatment costs it incurs in	27320
housing or providing drug and alcohol treatment to persons who	27321
violate section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a substantially	27322
similar municipal ordinance and to pay for ignition interlock	27323
devices and electronic house arrest equipment for persons who	27324
violate that section, and this share shall be paid to the credit	27325
of the fund that pays the cost of incarceration. The balance of	27326
the fine shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law.	27327
(b) Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was	27328
(b) Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense is registered in the	27328 27329
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the	27329
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in	27329 27330
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(7)(a) of this	27329 27330 27331
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(7)(a) of this section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to	27329 27330 27331 27332
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(7)(a) of this section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the	27329 27330 27331 27332 27333
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(7)(a) of this section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for one hundred eighty days of the vehicle the	27329 27330 27331 27332 27333 27334
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(7)(a) of this section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for one hundred eighty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the	27329 27330 27331 27332 27333 27334 27335
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(7)(a) of this section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for one hundred eighty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for one hundred eighty days of the identification	27329 27330 27331 27332 27333 27334 27335 27336
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(7)(a) of this section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for one hundred eighty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for one hundred eighty days of the identification license plates of that vehicle. The order for the immobilization	27329 27330 27331 27332 27333 27334 27335 27336 27337
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(7)(a) of this section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for one hundred eighty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for one hundred eighty days of the identification license plates of that vehicle. The order for the immobilization and impoundment shall be issued and enforced in accordance with	27329 27330 27331 27332 27333 27334 27335 27336 27337 27338
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(7)(a) of this section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for one hundred eighty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for one hundred eighty days of the identification license plates of that vehicle. The order for the immobilization and impoundment shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 of the Revised Code.	27329 27330 27331 27332 27333 27334 27335 27336 27337 27338 27339
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in addition to the penalties imposed under division (A)(7)(a) of this section and all other penalties provided by law and subject to section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the immobilization for one hundred eighty days of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment for one hundred eighty days of the identification license plates of that vehicle. The order for the immobilization and impoundment shall be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.233 of the Revised Code. (8)(a)(i) If, within six years of the offense, the offender	27329 27330 27331 27332 27333 27334 27335 27336 27337 27338 27339

vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or	27344			
alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance relating to	27345			
operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in	27346			
the blood, breath, or urine, section 2903.04 of the Revised Code				
in a case in which the offender was subject to the sanctions	27348			
described in division (D) of that section, section 2903.06,	27349			
2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance	27350			
that is substantially similar to section 2903.07 of the Revised	27351			
Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the offender	27352			
was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol	27353			
and a drug of abuse, or a statute of the United States or of any	27354			
other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation	27355			
located in any other state that is substantially similar to	27356			
division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, and if	27357			
sentence is not required to be imposed under division	27358			
(A)(8)(a)(ii) of this section, the offender is guilty of a felony	27359			
of the fourth degree and, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of	27360			
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, may be sentenced to a	27361			
definite prison term that shall be not less than six months and	27362			
not more than thirty months. The court shall sentence the offender	27363			
in accordance with sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code	27364			
and shall impose as part of the sentence either a mandatory term	27365			
of local incarceration of one hundred twenty consecutive days of	27366			
imprisonment in accordance with division (G)(1) of section 2929.13	27367			
of the Revised Code or a mandatory prison term of one hundred	27368			
twenty consecutive days of imprisonment in accordance with	27369			
division (C)(2) of that section. If the court requires the	27370			
offender to serve a mandatory term of local incarceration of one	27371			
hundred twenty consecutive days of imprisonment in accordance with	27372			
division (C)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the court,	27373			
pursuant to section 2929.17 of the Revised Code, may impose upon	27374			
the offender a sentence that includes a term of electronically	27375			
monitored house arrest, provided that the term of electronically	27376			

monitored house arrest shall not commence until after the offender	27377			
has served the mandatory term of local incarceration.	27378			
nds served one mandatery term of read incarecration.	27379			
	2,3,5			
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	27380			
pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19	27381			
of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the violation was	27382			
a felony, regardless of when the prior violation and the prior	27383			
conviction or guilty plea occurred, the offender is guilty of a	27384			
felony of the third degree. The court shall sentence the offender	27385			
in accordance with sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code	27386			
and shall impose as part of the sentence a mandatory prison term	27387			
of one hundred twenty consecutive days of imprisonment in	27388			
accordance with division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised	27389			
Code.	27390			
(iii) In addition to all other sanctions imposed on an	27391			
offender under division (A)(8)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section, the	27392			
court shall impose upon the offender, pursuant to section 2929.18				
of the Revised Code, a fine of not less than eight hundred nor	27393 27394			
more than ten thousand dollars.	27394			
more than ten thousand dollars.	2/395			
In addition to any other sanction that it imposes upon the	27396			
offender under division (A)(8)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section, the	27397			
court shall require the offender to attend an alcohol and drug	27398			
addiction program authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised	27399			
Code. The cost of the treatment shall be paid by the offender. If	27400			
the court determines that the offender is unable to pay the cost	27401			
of attendance at the treatment program, the court may order that	27402			
payment of the cost of the offender's attendance at the treatment	27403			
program be made from the court's indigent drivers alcohol	27404			
treatment fund.	27405			
Of the fine imposed pursuant to this division, two hundred	27406			
ten dollars shall be paid to an enforcement and education fund	27407			
	27407			
established by the legislative authority of the law enforcement	Z/4U8			

agency in this state that primarily was responsible for the arrest	27409			
of the offender, as determined by the court that imposes the fine.	27410			
The agency shall use this share to pay only those costs it incurs				
in enforcing section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a	27412			
substantially similar municipal ordinance and in informing the	27413			
public of the laws governing operation of a motor vehicle while	27414			
under the influence of alcohol, the dangers of operation of a	27415			
motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, and other	27416			
information relating to the operation of a motor vehicle and the	27417			
consumption of alcoholic beverages. Four hundred forty dollars of	27418			
the fine imposed pursuant to this division shall be paid to the	27419			
political subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender	27420			
during the offender's term of incarceration. The political	27421			
subdivision shall use this share to pay or reimburse incarceration	27422			
or treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and	27423			
alcohol treatment to persons who violate section 4511.19 of the				
Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance and to	27425			
pay for ignition interlock devices and electronic house arrest	27426			
equipment for persons who violate that section, and this share	27427			
shall be paid to the credit of the fund that pays the cost of	27428			
incarceration. The balance of the fine shall be disbursed as	27429			
otherwise provided by law.	27430			
(b) Regardless of whether the vehicle the offender was	27431			
operating at the time of the offense is registered in the	27432			
offender's name or in the name of another person, the court, in	27433			
addition to the sanctions imposed under division (A)(8)(a) of this	27434			
section and all other sanctions provided by law and subject to	27435			
section 4503.235 of the Revised Code, shall order the criminal	27436			
forfeiture to the state of the vehicle the offender was operating	27437			
at the time of the offense. The order of criminal forfeiture shall	27438			
be issued and enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the	27439			
Revised Code.	27440			

(c) As used in division (A)(8)(a) of this section, "mandatory	27441
prison term" and "mandatory term of local incarceration" have the	27442
same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	27443
	27444
(d) If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order	27445
for criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned or	27446
transferred and division (C)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the	27447
Revised Code applies, in addition to or independent of any other	27448
penalty established by law, the court may fine the offender the	27449
value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national	27450
auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed	27451
under this division shall be distributed in accordance with	27452
division (D)(4) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code.	27453
(9)(a) Except as provided in division (A)(9)(b) of this	27454
section, upon a showing that imprisonment would seriously affect	27455
the ability of an offender sentenced pursuant to division (A)(1),	27456
(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) of this section to continue	27457
the offender's employment, the court may authorize that the	27458
offender be granted work release from imprisonment after the	27459
offender has served the three, six, ten, twenty, thirty, or sixty	27460
consecutive days of imprisonment or the mandatory term of local	27461
incarceration of sixty or one hundred twenty consecutive days that	27462
the court is required by division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6),	27463
(7), or (8) of this section to impose. No court shall authorize	27464
work release from imprisonment during the three, six, ten, twenty,	27465
thirty, or sixty consecutive days of imprisonment or the mandatory	27466
term of local incarceration or mandatory prison term of sixty or	27467
one hundred twenty consecutive days that the court is required by	27468
division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) of this	27469
section to impose. The duration of the work release shall not	27470
exceed the time necessary each day for the offender to commute to	27471
and from the place of employment and the place of imprisonment and	27472

the time actually spent under employment.	27473			
(b) An offender who is sentenced pursuant to division (A)(2),				
(3), (6), or (7) of this section to a term of imprisonment	27475			
followed by a period of electronically monitored house arrest is	27476			
not eligible for work release from imprisonment, but that person	27477			
shall be permitted work release during the period of	27478			
electronically monitored house arrest. The duration of the work	27479			
release shall not exceed the time necessary each day for the	27480			
offender to commute to and from the place of employment and the	27481			
offender's home or other place specified by the sentencing court	27482			
and the time actually spent under employment.				
(10) Notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code that	27484			
authorizes the suspension of the imposition or execution of a	27485			
sentence, the placement of an offender in any treatment program in				
lieu of imprisonment, or the use of a community control sanction				
for an offender convicted of a felony, no court shall suspend the	27488			
ten, twenty, thirty, or sixty consecutive days of imprisonment	27489			
required to be imposed on an offender by division (A)(2), (3),	27490			
(6), or (7) of this section, no court shall place an offender who	27491			
is sentenced pursuant to division (A)(2), (3), (4), (6), (7), or	27492			
(8) of this section in any treatment program in lieu of	27493			
imprisonment until after the offender has served the ten, twenty,	27494			
thirty, or sixty consecutive days of imprisonment or the mandatory	27495			
term of local incarceration or mandatory prison term of sixty or	27496			
one hundred twenty consecutive days required to be imposed	27497			
pursuant to division $(A)(2)$, (3) , (4) , (6) , (7) , or (8) of this	27498			
section, no court that sentences an offender under division (A)(4)	27499			
or (8) of this section shall impose any sanction other than a	27500			
mandatory term of local incarceration or mandatory prison term to	27501			
apply to the offender until after the offender has served the	27502			
mandatory term of local incarceration or mandatory prison term of	27503			

sixty or one hundred twenty consecutive days required to be

imposed pursuant to division (A)(4) or (8) of this section, and no 2	7505			
court that imposes a sentence of imprisonment and a period of 2	7506			
electronically monitored house arrest upon an offender under 2	7507			
division $(A)(2)$, (3) , (6) , or (7) of this section shall suspend 2	7508			
any portion of the sentence or place the offender in any treatment 2	7509			
program in lieu of imprisonment or electronically monitored house 2	7510			
arrest. Notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code that	7511			
authorizes the suspension of the imposition or execution of a 2	7512			
sentence or the placement of an offender in any treatment program 2	7513			
in lieu of imprisonment, no court, except as specifically 2	7514			
authorized by division (A)(1) or (5) of this section, shall	7515			
suspend the three or more consecutive days of imprisonment 2	7516			
required to be imposed by division (A)(1) or (5) of this section 2	7517			
or place an offender who is sentenced pursuant to division (A)(1) 2	7518			
or (5) of this section in any treatment program in lieu of				
imprisonment until after the offender has served the three or more				
consecutive days of imprisonment required to be imposed pursuant 2	7521			
to division (A)(1) or (5) of this section.	7522			
(11) No court shall sentence an offender to an alcohol 2	7523			
treatment program pursuant to division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5),	7524			
(6), (7), or (8) of this section unless the treatment program 2	7525			
complies with the minimum standards adopted pursuant to Chapter 2	7526			
3793. of the Revised Code by the director of alcohol and drug	7527			
addiction services.	7528			
	5500			
(12) No court shall impose the alternative sentence of a term 2	7529			
	7529			
of imprisonment plus a term of electronically monitored house 2				
of imprisonment plus a term of electronically monitored house 2 arrest permitted to be imposed by division (A)(2), (3), (6), or 2	7530			
of imprisonment plus a term of electronically monitored house 2 arrest permitted to be imposed by division (A)(2), (3), (6), or 2 (7) of this section, unless within sixty days of the date of 2	7530 7531			
of imprisonment plus a term of electronically monitored house arrest permitted to be imposed by division (A)(2), (3), (6), or (7) of this section, unless within sixty days of the date of sentencing, the court issues a written finding, entered into the	7530 7531 7532			
of imprisonment plus a term of electronically monitored house arrest permitted to be imposed by division (A)(2), (3), (6), or (7) of this section, unless within sixty days of the date of sentencing, the court issues a written finding, entered into the record, that due to the unavailability of space at the	7530 7531 7532 7533			

 $\frac{(1)(c), (2), (3), (B)}{(B)}$ or $\frac{(4)(C)}{(C)}$ of this section, a minor

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misdemeanor;	27568				
misdemeanor,	2/500				
$\frac{(b)}{(B)}$ If, within one year of the offense, the offender					
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one					
violation of any provision of sections 4511.01 to 4511.76 or	27571				
section 4511.84 of the Revised Code for which no penalty otherwise	27572				
is provided in this section or a municipal ordinance that is	27573				
substantially similar to any provision of sections 4511.01 to	27574				
4511.76 or section 4511.84 of the Revised Code for which no	27575				
penalty otherwise is provided in this section predicate motor	27576				
vehicle or traffic offense, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree;	27577				
$\frac{(c)}{(C)}$ If, within one year of the offense, the offender	27578				
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or more					
violations of any provision described in division (D)(1)(b) of					
this section or any municipal ordinance that is substantially					
similar to any of those provisions predicate motor vehicle or					
traffic offenses, a misdemeanor of the third degree.					
(2) When any person is found guilty of a first offense for a	27584				
violation of section 4511.21 of the Revised Code upon a finding	27585				
that the person operated a motor vehicle faster than thirty-five	27586				
miles an hour in a business district of a municipal corporation,	27587				
or faster than fifty miles an hour in other portions, or faster	27588				
than thirty-five miles an hour while passing through a school zone	27589				
during recess or while children are going to or leaving school	27590				
during the opening or closing hours, the person is guilty of a	27591				
misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	27592				
(3) Notwithstanding section 2929.21 of the Revised Code, upon	27593				
a finding that such person operated a motor vehicle in a	27594				
construction zone where a sign was then posted in accordance with	27595				
section 4511.98 of the Revised Code, the court, in addition to all	27596				
other penalties provided by law, shall impose a fine of two times	27597				
the usual amount imposed for the violation. No court shall impose	27598				
	0==00				

a fine of two times the usual amount imposed for the violation

upon an offender who alleges, in an affidavit filed with the court	27600			
prior to the offender's sentencing, that the offender is indigent	27601			
and is unable to pay the fine imposed pursuant to this division,	27602			
provided the court determines the offender is an indigent person	27603			
and is unable to pay the fine.	27604			
(4) Notwithstanding section 2929.21 of the Revised Code, upon	27605			
a finding that a person operated a motor vehicle in violation of	27606			
division (C) of section 4511.213 of the Revised Code, the court,	27607			
in addition to all other penalties provided by law, shall impose a	27608			
fine of two times the usual amount imposed for the violation.	27609			
	27610			
(E) Whenever a person is found guilty in a court of record of	27611			
a violation of section 4511.761, 4511.762, or 4511.77 of the	27612			
Revised Code, the trial judge, in addition to or independent of				
all other penalties provided by law, may suspend for any period of	27614			
time not exceeding three years, or revoke the license of any	27615			
person, partnership, association, or corporation, issued under				
section 4511.763 of the Revised Code.	27617			
(F) Whoever violates division (E) or (F) of section 4511.51,	27618			
division (A), (D), or (E) of section 4511.521, section 4511.681,	27619			
division (A) or (C) of section 4511.69, section 4511.772, or	27620			
division (A) or (B) of section 4511.82 of the Revised Code is	27621			
guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	27622			
(G) Whoever violates division (A) of section 4511.75 of the	27623			
Revised Code may be fined an amount not to exceed five hundred	27624			
dollars. A person who is issued a citation for a violation of	27625			
division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code is not	27626			
permitted to enter a written plea of guilty and waive the person's	27627			
right to contest the citation in a trial, but instead must appear	27628			
in person in the proper court to answer the charge.	27629			
(H)(1) Whoever is a resident of this state and violates	27630			

(b) The offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	27693		
degree if, within one year of the offense, the offender has been	27694		
convicted of or pleaded guilty to any violation of the following:	27695		
(i) Division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised	27696		
Code;	27697		
(ii) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle	27698		
while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol	27699		
and a drug of abuse;	27700		
(iii) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle	27701		
with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath,	27702		
or urine;	27703		
(iv) Section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which	27704		
the offender was subject to the sanctions described in division	27705		
(D) of that section;			
(v) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of	27707		
section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that			
is substantially similar to either of those divisions;	27709		
(vi) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06 or	27710		
division (A)(2) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a	27711		
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those	27712		
divisions, or former section 2903.07 of the Revised Code or a	27713		
substantially similar municipal ordinance, in a case in which the	27714		
jury or judge found that the offender was under the influence of	27715		
alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse;	27716		
(vii) A statute of the United States or of any other state or	27717		
a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any	27718		
other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B)	27719		
of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.			
(2) In addition to or independent of all other penalties	27721		
provided by law, the offender's driver's or commercial driver's	27722		

As reported by the flouse of minial dustice committee				
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege shall be	27723			
suspended in accordance with, and for the period of time specified				
in, division (E) of section 4507.16 of the Revised Code.				
(O) Whoever violates section 4511.62 of the Revised Code is	27726			
guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	27727			
(P) Whoever violates division (F)(1)(a) or (b) of section	27728			
4511.69 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall	27729			
be fined not less than two hundred fifty nor more than five	27730			
hundred dollars, but in no case shall an offender be sentenced to	27731			
any term of imprisonment.	27732			
Arrest or conviction for a violation of division (F)(1)(a) or	27733			
(b) of section 4511.69 of the Revised Code does not constitute a				
criminal record and need not be reported by the person so arrested				
or convicted in response to any inquiries contained in any				
application for employment, license, or other right or privilege,				
or made in connection with the person's appearance as a witness.				
Every fine collected under this division shall be paid by the	27739			
clerk of the court to the political subdivision in which the	27740			
violation occurred. Except as provided in this division, the	27741			
political subdivision shall use the fine moneys it receives under	27742			
this division to pay the expenses it incurs in complying with the	27743			
signage and notice requirements contained in division (E) of	27744			
section 4511.69 of the Revised Code. The political subdivision may	27745			
use up to fifty per cent of each fine it receives under this	27746			
division to pay the costs of educational, advocacy, support, and	27747			
assistive technology programs for persons with disabilities, and	27748			
for public improvements within the political subdivision that	27749			
benefit or assist persons with disabilities, if governmental	27750			
agencies or nonprofit organizations offer the programs.	27751			
Sec. 4513 02 (A) No person shall drive or move or cause or	27752			

sec. 4513.02. (A) No person shall drive or move, or cause or 27752
knowingly permit to be driven or moved, on any highway any vehicle 27753

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or combination of vehicles which is in such unsafe condition as to	27754
endanger any person.	27755
(B) When directed by any state highway patrol trooper, the	27756
operator of any motor vehicle shall stop and submit such motor	27757
vehicle to an inspection under division $(B)(1)$ or (2) of this	27758

(1) Any motor vehicle not subject to inspection by the public 27760 utilities commission shall be inspected and tested to determine 27761 whether it is unsafe or not equipped as required by law, or that 27762 its equipment is not in proper adjustment or repair, or in 27763 violation of the equipment provisions of Chapter 4513. of the 27764 Revised Code.

section, as appropriate, and such tests as are necessary.

Such inspection shall be made with respect to the brakes, lights, turn signals, steering, horns and warning devices, glass, mirrors, exhaust system, windshield wipers, tires, and such other items of equipment as designated by the superintendent of the state highway patrol by rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code.

Upon determining that a motor vehicle is in safe operating 27772 condition and its equipment in conformity with Chapter 4513. of 27773 the Revised Code, the inspecting officer shall issue to the 27774 operator an official inspection sticker, which shall be in such 27775 form as the superintendent prescribes except that its color shall 27776 vary from year to year.

- (2) Any motor vehicle subject to inspection by the public 27778 utilities commission shall be inspected and tested in accordance 27779 with rules adopted by the commission. Upon determining that the 27780 vehicle and operator are in compliance with rules adopted by the 27781 commission, the inspecting officer shall issue to the operator an 27782 appropriate official inspection sticker. 27783
 - (C) The superintendent of the state highway patrol, pursuant 27784

to sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code, shall determine 27785 and promulgate standards for any inspection program conducted by a 27786 political subdivision of this state. These standards shall exempt 27787 licensed collector's vehicles and historical motor vehicles from 27788 inspection. Any motor vehicle bearing a valid certificate of 27789 inspection issued by another state or a political subdivision of 27790 this state whose inspection program conforms to the 27791 superintendent's standards, and any licensed collector's vehicle 27792 or historical motor vehicle which is not in a condition which 27793 endangers the safety of persons or property, shall be exempt from 27794 the tests provided in division (B) of this section. 27795

(D) Every person, firm, association, or corporation that, in 27796 the conduct of its business, owns and operates not less than 27797 fifteen motor vehicles in this state that are not subject to 27798 regulation by the public utilities commission and that, for the 27799 purpose of storing, repairing, maintaining, and servicing such 27800 motor vehicles, equips and operates one or more service 27801 departments within this state, may file with the superintendent of 27802 the state highway patrol applications for permits for such service 27803 departments as official inspection stations for its own motor 27804 vehicles. Upon receiving an application for each such service 27805 department, and after determining that it is properly equipped and 27806 27807 has competent personnel to perform the inspections referred to in this section, the superintendent shall issue the necessary 27808 inspection stickers and permit to operate as an official 27809 inspection station. Any such person who has had one or more 27810 service departments so designated as official inspection stations 27811 may have motor vehicles that are owned and operated by the person 27812 and that are not subject to regulation by the public utilities 27813 commission, excepting private passenger cars owned by the person 27814 or the person's employees, inspected at such service department; 27815 and any motor vehicle bearing a valid certificate of inspection 27816 issued by such service department shall be exempt from the tests 27817

provided in division	(B) of	this section.	27818
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No permit for an official inspection station shall be 27819 assigned or transferred or used at any location other than therein 27820 designated, and every such permit shall be posted in a conspicuous 27821 place at the location designated. 27822

If a person, firm, association, or corporation owns and
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operates fifteen or more motor vehicles in the conduct of business
and is subject to regulation by the public utilities commission,
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that person, firm, association, or corporation is not eligible to
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apply to the superintendent for permits to enable any of its
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service departments to serve as official inspection stations for
its own motor vehicles.
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- (E) When any motor vehicle is found to be unsafe for 27830 operation, the inspecting officer may order it removed from the 27831 highway and not operated, except for purposes of removal and 27832 repair, until it has been repaired pursuant to a repair order as 27833 provided in division (F) of this section. 27834
- (F) When any motor vehicle is found to be defective or in 27835 violation of Chapter 4513. of the Revised Code, the inspecting 27836 officer may issue a repair order, in such form and containing such 27837 information as the superintendent shall prescribe, to the owner or 27838 operator of the motor vehicle. The owner or operator shall 27839 thereupon obtain such repairs as are required and shall, as 27840 directed by the inspecting officer, return the repair order 27841 together with proof of compliance with its provisions. When any 27842 motor vehicle or operator subject to rules of the public utilities 27843 commission fails the inspection, the inspecting officer shall 27844 issue an appropriate order to obtain compliance with such rules. 27845
- (G) Sections 4513.01 to 4513.37 of the Revised Code, with 27846 respect to equipment on vehicles, do not apply to implements of 27847 husbandry, road machinery, road rollers, or agricultural tractors 27848

in cases where bumper heights have been lowered or modified, the

maximum height to the bottom of the frame rail, of any passenger

(C) No person shall operate upon a street or highway any

passenger car, multipurpose passenger vehicle, or truck registered

car, multipurpose passenger vehicle, or truck.

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Sec. 4513.022. (A) As part of the motor vehicle inspection	27908
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of the third degree.

conducted pursuant to section 4513.02 of the Revised Code, the	27909
state highway patrol trooper shall request that the owner or	27910
operator of the motor vehicle produce proof that the owner	27911
maintains or has maintained on the owner's behalf, proof of	27912
financial responsibility as required by section 4509.101 of the	27913
Revised Code.	27914

- (B) A state highway patrol trooper shall indicate on every 27915 traffic ticket issued pursuant to a motor vehicle inspection 27916 whether the person receiving the traffic ticket produced proof of 27917 the maintenance of financial responsibility in response to the 27918 state highway patrol trooper's request. The state highway patrol 27919 trooper shall inform every person who receives a traffic ticket 27920 and who has failed to produce proof of the maintenance of 27921 financial responsibility at the time of the motor vehicle 27922 inspection that the person must submit proof to the traffic 27923 violations bureau with any payment of a fine and costs for the 27924 ticketed violation or, if the person is to appear in court for the 27925 violation, the person must submit proof to the court. 27926
- (C)(1) If a person who has failed to produce proof of the 27927 maintenance of financial responsibility appears in court for a 27928 ticketed violation, the court may permit the defendant to present 27929 evidence of proof of financial responsibility to the court at such 27930 time and in such manner as the court determines to be necessary or 27931 appropriate. The clerk of courts shall provide the registrar with 27932 the identity of any person who fails to submit proof of the 27933 27934 maintenance of financial responsibility pursuant to division (B) of this section. 27935
- (2) If a person who has failed to present proof of the 27936 maintenance of financial responsibility also fails to submit that 27937 proof to the traffic violations bureau, the traffic violations 27938 bureau shall notify the registrar of the identity of that person. 27939
 - (3) Upon receiving notice from a clerk of courts or a traffic 27940

violation bureau pursuant to division (C) of this section, the	27941
registrar shall proceed against these persons under division (D)	27942
of section 4509.101 of the Revised Code in the same manner as the	27943
registrar proceeds against persons identified by the clerk of	27944
courts under division (D)(4) of section 4509.101 of the Revised	27945
Code.	27946

(D) A state highway patrol trooper may charge an owner or 27947 operator of a motor vehicle with a violation if division (B)(1) of 27948 section 4507.02 4510.16 of the Revised Code when the operator 27949 fails to produce proof of the maintenance of financial 27950 responsibility upon the state highway patrol trooper's request 27951 under division (A) of this section, if a check of the owner or 27952 operator's driving record indicates that the owner or operator, at 27953 the time of the motor vehicle inspection, is required to file and 27954 maintain proof of financial responsibility under section 4509.45 27955 of the Revised Code for a previous violation of Chapter 4509. of 27956 the Revised Code. 27957

Sec. 4513.03. (A) Every vehicle upon a street or highway 27958 within this state during the time from sunset to sunrise, and at 27959 any other time when there are unfavorable atmospheric conditions 27960 or when there is not sufficient natural light to render 27961 discernible persons, vehicles, and substantial objects on the 27962 highway at a distance of one thousand feet ahead, shall display 27963 lighted lights and illuminating devices as required by sections 27964 4513.04 to 4513.37 of the Revised Code, for different classes of 27965 vehicles; except that every motorized bicycle shall display at 27966 such times lighted lights meeting the rules adopted by the 27967 director of public safety under section 4511.521 of the Revised 27968 Code. No motor vehicle, during such times, shall be operated upon 27969 a street or highway within this state using only parking lights as 27970 illumination. 27971

Whenever in such sections a requirement is declared as to the	27972
distance from which certain lamps and devices shall render objects	27973
visible, or within which such lamps or devices shall be visible,	27974
such distance shall be measured upon a straight level unlighted	27975
highway under normal atmospheric conditions unless a different	27976
condition is expressly stated.	27977
Whenever in such sections a requirement is declared as to the	27978
mounted height of lights or devices, it shall mean from the center	27979
of such light or device to the level ground upon which the vehicle	27980
stands.	27981
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	27982
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	27983
Sec. 4513.04. (A) Every motor vehicle, other than a	27984
motorcycle, and every trackless trolley shall be equipped with at	27985
least two headlights with at least one near each side of the front	27986
of the motor vehicle or trackless trolley.	27987
Every motorcycle shall be equipped with at least one and not	27988
more than two headlights.	27989
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	27990
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	27991
Sec. 4513.05. (A) Every motor vehicle, trackless trolley,	27992
trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, or vehicle which is being	27993
drawn at the end of a train of vehicles shall be equipped with at	27994
least one tail light mounted on the rear which, when lighted,	27995
shall emit a red light visible from a distance of five hundred	27996
feet to the rear, provided that in the case of a train of vehicles	27997
only the tail light on the rearmost vehicle need be visible from	27998
the distance specified.	27999
Either a tail light or a separate light shall be so	28000

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As reported by the riouse orininal dustice committee	
constructed and placed as to illuminate with a white light the	28001
rear registration plate, when such registration plate is required,	28002
and render it legible from a distance of fifty feet to the rear.	28003
Any tail light, together with any separate light for illuminating	28004
the rear registration plate, shall be so wired as to be lighted	28005
whenever the headlights or auxiliary driving lights are lighted,	28006
except where separate lighting systems are provided for trailers	28007
for the purpose of illuminating such registration plate.	28008
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28009
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28010
Sec. 4513.06. (A) Every new motor vehicle sold after	28011
September 6, 1941, and operated on a highway, other than a	28012
commercial tractor, to which a trailer or semitrailer is attached	28013
shall carry at the rear, either as a part of the tail lamps or	28014
separately, two red reflectors meeting the requirements of this	28015
section, except that vehicles of the type mentioned in section	28016
4513.07 of the Revised Code shall be equipped with reflectors as	28017
required by the regulations provided for in said section.	28018
Every such reflector shall be of such size and	28019
characteristics and so maintained as to be visible at night from	28020
all distances within three hundred feet to fifty feet from such	28021
vehicle.	28022
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28023
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28024
Sec. 4513.07. (A) The director of public safety shall	28025
prescribe and promulgate regulations relating to clearance lights,	28026
marker lights, reflectors, and stop lights on busses buses,	28027
trackless trolleys, trucks, commercial tractors, trailers,	28028

semitrailers, and pole trailers, when operated upon any highway,

and such vehicles shall be equipped as required by such

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regulations, and such equipment shall be lighted at all times	28031
mentioned in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, except that	28032
clearance lights and side marker lights need not be lighted on any	28033
such vehicle when it is operated within a municipal corporation	28034
where there is sufficient light to reveal any person or	28035
substantial object on the highway at a distance of five hundred	28036
feet.	28037

Such equipment shall be in addition to all other lights 28038 specifically required by sections 4513.03 to 4513.16 of the 28039 Revised Code. 28040

Vehicles operated under the jurisdiction of the public utilities commission are not subject to this section.

(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as 28043 provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code. 28044

Sec. 4513.071. (A) Every motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, 28045 and pole trailer when operated upon a highway shall be equipped 28046 with two or more stop lights, except that passenger cars 28047 manufactured or assembled prior to January 1, 1967, motorcycles, 28048 and motor-driven cycles shall be equipped with at least one stop 28049 light. Stop lights shall be mounted on the rear of the vehicle, 28050 actuated upon application of the service brake, and may be 28051 incorporated with other rear lights. Such stop lights when 28052 actuated shall emit a red light visible from a distance of five 28053 hundred feet to the rear, provided that in the case of a train of 28054 vehicles only the stop lights on the rear-most vehicle need be 28055 visible from the distance specified. 28056

Such stop lights when actuated shall give a steady warning 28057 light to the rear of a vehicle or train of vehicles to indicate 28058 the intention of the operator to diminish the speed of or stop a 28059 vehicle or train of vehicles. 28060

When stop lights are used as required by this section, they	28061
shall be constructed or installed so as to provide adequate and	28062
reliable illumination and shall conform to the appropriate rules	28063
and regulations established under section 4513.19 of the Revised	28064
Code.	28065
Historical motor vehicles as defined in section 4503.181 of	28066
the Revised Code, not originally manufactured with stop lights,	28067
are not subject to this section.	28068
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28069
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28070
Sec. 4513.09. (A) Whenever the load upon any vehicle extends	28071
Sec. 4513.09. (A) Whenever the load upon any vehicle extends to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of such	28071 28072
	
to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of such	28072
to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of such vehicle, there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of the	28072 28073
to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of such vehicle, there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of the load, at the times specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised	28072 28073 28074
to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of such vehicle, there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of the load, at the times specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, a red light or lantern plainly visible from a distance of at	28072 28073 28074 28075
to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of such vehicle, there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of the load, at the times specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, a red light or lantern plainly visible from a distance of at least five hundred feet to the sides and rear. The red light or	28072 28073 28074 28075 28076
to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of such vehicle, there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of the load, at the times specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, a red light or lantern plainly visible from a distance of at least five hundred feet to the sides and rear. The red light or lantern required by this section is in addition to the red rear	28072 28073 28074 28075 28076 28077
to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of such vehicle, there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of the load, at the times specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, a red light or lantern plainly visible from a distance of at least five hundred feet to the sides and rear. The red light or lantern required by this section is in addition to the red rear light required upon every vehicle. At any other time there shall	28072 28073 28074 28075 28076 28077 28078
to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of such vehicle, there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of the load, at the times specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, a red light or lantern plainly visible from a distance of at least five hundred feet to the sides and rear. The red light or lantern required by this section is in addition to the red rear light required upon every vehicle. At any other time there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of such load a red flag or	28072 28073 28074 28075 28076 28077 28078 28079

Sec. 4513.10. (A) Except in case of an emergency, whenever a 28083 vehicle is parked or stopped upon a roadway open to traffic or a 28084 shoulder adjacent thereto, whether attended or unattended, during 28085 the times mentioned in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, such 28086 vehicle shall be equipped with one or more lights which shall 28087 exhibit a white or amber light on the roadway side visible from a 28088 distance of five hundred feet to the front of such vehicle, and a 28089 red light visible from a distance of five hundred feet to the 28090

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rear. No lights need be displayed upon any such vehicle when it is	28091
stopped or parked within a municipal corporation where there is	28092
sufficient light to reveal any person or substantial object within	28093
a distance of five hundred feet upon such highway. Any lighted	28094
headlights upon a parked vehicle shall be depressed or dimmed.	28095

(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as 28096 provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code. 28097

Sec. 4513.11. (A) All vehicles other than bicycles, including 28098 animal-drawn vehicles and vehicles referred to in division (G) of 28099 section 4513.02 of the Revised Code, not specifically required to 28100 be equipped with lamps or other lighting devices by sections 28101 4513.03 to 4513.10 of the Revised Code, shall, at the times 28102 specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, be equipped with 28103 at least one lamp displaying a white light visible from a distance 28104 of not less than one thousand feet to the front of the vehicle, 28105 and also shall be equipped with two lamps displaying red light 28106 visible from a distance of not less than one thousand feet to the 28107 rear of the vehicle, or as an alternative, one lamp displaying a 28108 red light visible from a distance of not less than one thousand 28109 feet to the rear and two red reflectors visible from all distances 28110 of six hundred feet to one hundred feet to the rear when 28111 illuminated by the lawful lower beams of headlamps. 28112

Lamps and reflectors required or authorized by this section shall meet standards adopted by the director of public safety.

(B) All boat trailers, farm machinery, and other machinery, 28115 including all road construction machinery, upon a street or 28116 highway, except when being used in actual construction and 28117 maintenance work in an area guarded by a flagperson, or where 28118 flares are used, or when operating or traveling within the limits 28119 of a construction area designated by the director of 28120 transportation, a city engineer, or the county engineer of the 28121

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several counties, when such construction area is marked in	28122
accordance with requirements of the director and the manual of	28123
uniform traffic control devices, as set forth in section 4511.09	28124
of the Revised Code, which is designed for operation at a speed of	28125
twenty-five miles per hour or less shall be operated at a speed	28126
not exceeding twenty-five miles per hour, and shall display a	28127
triangular slow-moving vehicle emblem (SMV). The emblem shall be	28128
mounted so as to be visible from a distance of not less than five	28129
hundred feet to the rear. The director of public safety shall	28130
adopt standards and specifications for the design and position of	28131
mounting the SMV emblem. The standards and specifications for SMV	28132
emblems referred to in this section shall correlate with and, so	28133
far as possible, conform with those approved by the American	28134
society of agricultural engineers.	28135

As used in this division, "machinery" does not include any vehicle designed to be drawn by an animal.

- (C) The use of the SMV emblem shall be restricted to 28138 animal-drawn vehicles, and to the slow-moving vehicles specified 28139 in division (B) of this section operating or traveling within the 28140 limits of the highway. Its use on slow-moving vehicles being 28141 transported upon other types of vehicles or on any other type of 28142 vehicle or stationary object on the highway is prohibited. 28143
- (D) No person shall sell, lease, rent, or operate any boat 28144 trailer, farm machinery, or other machinery defined as a 28145 slow-moving vehicle in division (B) of this section, except those 28146 units designed to be completely mounted on a primary power unit, 28147 which is manufactured or assembled on or after April 1, 1966, 28148 unless the vehicle is equipped with a slow-moving vehicle emblem 28149 mounting device as specified in division (B) of this section. 28150
- (E) Any boat trailer, farm machinery, or other machinery defined as a slow-moving vehicle in division (B) of this section, in addition to the use of the slow-moving vehicle emblem, may be

provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.

(H) As used in this section, "boat trailer" means any vehicle	28185
designed and used exclusively to transport a boat between a place	28186
of storage and a marina, or in and around a marina, when drawn or	28187
towed on a street or highway for a distance of no more than ten	28188
miles and at a speed of twenty-five miles per hour or less.	28189

- Sec. 4513.111. (A)(1) Every multi-wheel agricultural tractor 28191 whose model year was 2001 or earlier, when being operated or 28192 traveling on a street or highway at the times specified in section 28193 4513.03 of the Revised Code, at a minimum shall be equipped with 28194 and display reflectors and illuminated amber lamps so that the 28195 extreme left and right projections of the tractor are indicated by 28196 flashing lamps displaying amber light, visible to the front and 28197 the rear, by amber reflectors, all visible to the front, and by 28198 red reflectors, all visible to the rear. 28199
- (2) The lamps displaying amber light need not flash
 simultaneously and need not flash in conjunction with any
 directional signals of the tractor.

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- (3) The lamps and reflectors required by division (A)(1) of 28203 this section and their placement shall meet standards and 28204 specifications contained in rules adopted by the director of 28205 public safety in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. 28206 The rules governing the amber lamps, amber reflectors, and red 28207 reflectors and their placement shall correlate with and, as far as 28208 possible, conform with paragraphs 4.1.4.1, 4.1.7.1, and 4.1.7.2 28209 respectively of the American society of agricultural engineers 28210 standard ANSI/ASAE S279.10 OCT98, lighting and marking of 28211 agricultural equipment on highways. 28212
- (B) Every unit of farm machinery whose model year was 2002 or 28213 later, when being operated or traveling on a street or highway at 28214 the times specified in section 4513.03 of the Revised Code, shall 28215

(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as

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regulations shall not be used.

total of five of any such lights on the front of a vehicle shall

be lighted at any one time when the vehicle is upon a highway.

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- (B) Any lighted light or illuminating device upon a motor 28305 vehicle, other than headlights, spotlights, signal lights, or 28306 auxiliary driving lights, that projects a beam of light of an 28307 intensity greater than three hundred candle power, shall be so 28308 directed that no part of the beam will strike the level of the 28309 roadway on which the vehicle stands at a distance of more than 28310 seventy-five feet from the vehicle.
- (C)(1) Flashing lights are prohibited on motor vehicles, 28312 except as a means for indicating a right or a left turn, or in the 28313 presence of a vehicular traffic hazard requiring unusual care in 28314 approaching, or overtaking or passing. This prohibition does not 28315 apply to emergency vehicles, road service vehicles servicing or 28316 towing a disabled vehicle, traffic line stripers, snow plows, 28317 rural mail delivery vehicles, vehicles as provided in section 28318 4513.182 of the Revised Code, department of transportation 28319 maintenance vehicles, funeral hearses, funeral escort vehicles, 28320 and similar equipment operated by the department or local 28321 authorities, which shall be equipped with and display, when used 28322 on a street or highway for the special purpose necessitating such 28323 lights, a flashing, oscillating, or rotating amber light, but 28324 shall not display a flashing, oscillating, or rotating light of 28325 any other color, nor to vehicles or machinery permitted by section 28326 4513.11 of the Revised Code to have a flashing red light. 28327
- (2) When used on a street or highway, farm machinery and 28328 vehicles escorting farm machinery may be equipped with and display 28329 a flashing, oscillating, or rotating amber light, and the 28330 prohibition contained in division (C)(1) of this section does not 28331 apply to such machinery or vehicles. Farm machinery also may 28332 display the lights described in section 4513.11 of the Revised 28333 Code.
- (D) Except a person operating a public safety vehicle, as 28335 defined in division (E) of section 4511.01 of the Revised Code, or 28336

a school bus, no person shall operate, move, or park upon, or	28337
permit to stand within the right-of-way of any public street or	28338
highway any vehicle or equipment that is equipped with and	28339
displaying a flashing red or a flashing combination red and white	28340
light, or an oscillating or rotating red light, or a combination	28341
red and white oscillating or rotating light; and except a public	28342
law enforcement officer, or other person sworn to enforce the	28343
criminal and traffic laws of the state, operating a public safety	28344
vehicle when on duty, no person shall operate, move, or park upon,	28345
or permit to stand within the right-of-way of any street or	28346
highway any vehicle or equipment that is equipped with, or upon	28347
which is mounted, and displaying a flashing blue or a flashing	28348
combination blue and white light, or an oscillating or rotating	28349
blue light, or a combination blue and white oscillating or	28350
rotating light.	28351

(E) This section does not prohibit the use of warning lights 28352 required by law or the simultaneous flashing of turn signals on 28353 disabled vehicles or on vehicles being operated in unfavorable 28354 atmospheric conditions in order to enhance their visibility. This 28355 section also does not prohibit the simultaneous flashing of turn 28356 signals or warning lights either on farm machinery or vehicles 28357 escorting farm machinery, when used on a street or highway. 28358

(F) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as 28359 provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code. 28360

Sec. 4513.171. (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of 28361 law, a motor vehicle operated by a coroner, deputy coroner, or 28362 coroner's investigator may be equipped with a flashing, 28363 oscillating, or rotating red or blue light and a siren, whistle, 28364 or bell capable of emitting sound audible under normal conditions 28365 from a distance of not less than five hundred feet. Such a vehicle 28366 may display the flashing, oscillating, or rotating red or blue 28367

(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as

provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.

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in this section.

Sec. 4513.182. (A) No person shall operate any motor vehicle	28399
owned, leased, or hired by a nursery school, kindergarten, or	28400
day-care center, while transporting preschool children to or from	28401
such an institution unless the motor vehicle is equipped with and	28402
displaying two amber flashing lights mounted on a bar attached to	28403
the top of the vehicle, and a sign bearing the designation	28404
"cautionchildren," which shall be attached to the bar carrying	28405
the amber flashing lights in such a manner as to be legible to	28406
persons both in front of and behind the vehicle. The lights and	28407
sign shall meet standards and specifications adopted by the	28408
director of public safety. The director, subject to Chapter 119.	28409
of the Revised Code, shall adopt standards and specifications for	28410
the lights and sign, which shall include, but are not limited to,	28411
requirements for the color and size of lettering to be used on the	28412
sign, the type of material to be used for the sign, and the method	28413
of mounting the lights and sign so that they can be removed from a	28414
motor vehicle being used for purposes other than those specified	28415
in this section.	28416
(B) No person shall operate a motor vehicle displaying the	28417
lights and sign required by this section for any purpose other	28418
than the transportation of preschool children as provided in this	28419
section.	28420
(C) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28421
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28422
Sec. 4513.19. (A) No person shall use any lights mentioned in	28423
sections 4513.03 to 4513.18 of the Revised Code, upon any motor	28424
vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer unless said lights are equipped,	28425
mounted, and adjusted as to focus and aim in accordance with	28426
regulations which are prescribed by the director of public safety.	28427

(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as 28428

As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28429
Sec. 4513.20. (A) The following requirements govern as to	28430
brake equipment on vehicles:	28431
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Every trackless trolley and motor vehicle, other than	28432
a motorcycle, when operated upon a highway shall be equipped with	28433
brakes adequate to control the movement of and to stop and hold	28434
such trackless trolley or motor vehicle, including two separate	28435
means of applying the brakes, each of which means shall be	28436
effective to apply the brakes to at least two wheels. If these two	28437
separate means of applying the brakes are connected in any way,	28438
then on such trackless trolleys or motor vehicles manufactured or	28439
assembled after January 1, 1942, they shall be so constructed that	28440
failure of any one part of the operating mechanism shall not leave	28441
the trackless trolley or motor vehicle without brakes on at least	28442
two wheels.	28443
$\frac{(B)(2)}{(B)}$ Every motorcycle, when operated upon a highway shall	28444
be equipped with at least one adequate brake, which may be	28445
operated by hand or by foot.	28446
$\frac{(C)(3)}{(3)}$ Every motorized bicycle shall be equipped with brakes	28447
meeting the rules adopted by the director of public safety under	28448
section 4511.521 of the Revised Code.	28449
$\frac{(D)(4)}{(D)}$ When operated upon the highways of this state, the	28450
following vehicles shall be equipped with brakes adequate to	28451
control the movement of and to stop and to hold the vehicle,	28452
designed to be applied by the driver of the towing motor vehicle	28453
from its cab, and also designed and connected so that, in case of	28454
a breakaway of the towed vehicle, the brakes shall be	28455
automatically applied:	28456
$\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ Every trailer or semitrailer, except a pole trailer,	28457

with an empty weight of two thousand pounds or more, manufactured

assemblies, brake shoe anchors, and mechanical brake shoe

actuation mechanism normally associated with the wheel brake

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assemblies may be used for both the service brakes and the parking	28491
brakes. If the means of applying the parking brakes and the	28492
service brakes are connected in any way, they shall be so	28493
constructed that failure of any one part shall not leave the	28494
vehicle without operative brakes.	28495
$\frac{(H)(8)}{(8)}$ Every trackless trolley, motor vehicle, or combination	28496
of motor-drawn vehicles shall be capable at all times and under	28497
all conditions of loading of being stopped on a dry, smooth, level	28498
road free from loose material, upon application of the service or	28499
foot brake, within the following specified distances, or shall be	28500
capable of being decelerated at a sustained rate corresponding to	28501
these distances:	28502
$\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ Trackless trolleys, vehicles, or combinations of	28503
vehicles having brakes on all wheels shall come to a stop in	28504
thirty feet or less from a speed of twenty miles per hour.	28505
(2)(b) Vehicles or combinations of vehicles not having brakes	28506
on all wheels shall come to a stop in forty feet or less from a	28507
speed of twenty miles per hour.	28508
$\frac{(1)}{(9)}$ All brakes shall be maintained in good working order	28509
and shall be so adjusted as to operate as equally as practicable	28510
with respect to the wheels on opposite sides of the trackless	28511
trolley or vehicle.	28512
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28513
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28514
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Sec. 4513.201. (A) No hydraulic brake fluid for use in motor	28515
vehicles shall be sold in this state if the brake fluid is below	28516
the minimum standard of specifications for heavy duty type brake	28517
fluid established by the society of automotive engineers and the	28518
standard of specifications established by 49 C.F.R. 571.116, as	28519
amended.	28520

(B) All manufacturers, packers, or distributors of brake	28521
fluid selling such fluid in this state shall state on the	28522
containers that the brake fluid therein meets or exceeds the	28523
applicable minimum SAE standard of specifications and the standard	28524
of specifications established in 49 C.F.R. 571.116, as amended.	28525
(C) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28526
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28527
Sec. 4513.202. (A) No brake lining, brake lining material, or	28528
brake lining assemblies for use as repair and replacement parts in	28529
motor vehicles shall be sold in this state if these items do not	28530
meet or exceed the minimum standard of specifications established	28531
by the society of automotive engineers and the standard of	28532
specifications established in 49 C.F.R. 571.105, as amended, and	28533
49 C.F.R. 571.135, as amended.	28534
(B) All manufacturers or distributors of brake lining, brake	28535
lining material, or brake lining assemblies selling these items	28536
for use as repair and replacement parts in motor vehicles shall	28537
state that the items meet or exceed the applicable minimum	28538
standard of specifications.	28539
(C) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28540
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28541
(D) As used in this section, "minimum standard of	28542
specifications" means a minimum standard for brake system or brake	28543
component performance that meets the need for motor vehicle safety	28544
and complies with the applicable SAE standards and recommended	28545
practices, and the federal motor vehicle safety standards that	28546
cover the same aspect of performance for any brake lining, brake	28547
lining material, or brake lining assemblies.	28548
Sec. 4513.21. (A) Every motor vehicle or trackless trolley	28549
when operated upon a highway shall be equipped with a horn which	28550

is in good working order and capable of emitting sound audible, under normal conditions, from a distance of not less than two hundred feet.

No motor vehicle or trackless trolley shall be equipped with, nor shall any person use upon a vehicle, any siren, whistle, or bell. Any vehicle may be equipped with a theft alarm signal device which shall be so arranged that it cannot be used as an ordinary warning signal. Every emergency vehicle shall be equipped with a siren, whistle, or bell, capable of emitting sound audible under normal conditions from a distance of not less than five hundred feet and of a type approved by the director of public safety. Such equipment shall not be used except when such vehicle is operated in response to an emergency call or is in the immediate pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law, in which case the driver of the emergency vehicle shall sound such equipment when it is necessary to warn pedestrians and other drivers of the approach thereof.

(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4513.22. (A) Every motor vehicle and motorcycle with an internal combustion engine shall at all times be equipped with a muffler which is in good working order and in constant operation to prevent excessive or unusual noise, and no person shall use a muffler cutout, by-pass, or similar device upon a motor vehicle on a highway. Every motorcycle muffler shall be equipped with baffle plates.

No person shall own, operate, or have in his the person's possession any motor vehicle or motorcycle equipped with a device for producing excessive smoke or gas, or so equipped as to permit oil or any other chemical to flow into or upon the exhaust pipe or muffler of such vehicle, or equipped in any other way to produce

or emit smoke or dangerous or annoying gases from any portion of	28582
such vehicle, other than the ordinary gases emitted by the exhaust	28583
of an internal combustion engine under normal operation.	28584

(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as 28585 provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code. 28586

Sec. 4513.23. (A) Every motor vehicle, motorcycle, and 28587 trackless trolley shall be equipped with a mirror so located as to 28588 reflect to the operator a view of the highway to the rear of such 28589 vehicle, motorcycle, or trackless trolley. Operators of vehicles, 28590 motorcycles, streetcars, and trackless trolleys shall have a clear 28591 and unobstructed view to the front and to both sides of their 28592 vehicles, motorcycles, streetcars, or trackless trolleys and shall 28593 have a clear view to the rear of their vehicles, motorcycles, 28594 streetcars, or trackless trolleys by mirror. 28595

(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as 28596 provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code. 28597

- Sec. 4513.24. (A) No person shall drive any motor vehicle on 28598
 a street or highway in this state, other than a motorcycle or 28599
 motorized bicycle, that is not equipped with a windshield. 28600
- (B) No person shall drive any motor vehicle, other than a 28601 bus, with any sign, poster, or other nontransparent material upon 28602 the front windshield, sidewings, side, or rear windows of such 28603 vehicle other than a certificate or other paper required to be 28604 displayed by law, except that there may be in the lower left-hand 28605 or right-hand corner of the windshield a sign, poster, or decal 28606 not to exceed four inches in height by six inches in width. No 28607 sign, poster, or decal shall be displayed in the front windshield 28608 in such a manner as to conceal the vehicle identification number 28609 for the motor vehicle when, in accordance with federal law, that 28610 number is located inside the vehicle passenger compartment and so 28611

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placed as to be readable through the vehicle glazing without	28612
moving any part of the vehicle.	28613
(C) The windshield on every motor vehicle, streetcar, and	28614
trackless trolley shall be equipped with a device for cleaning	28615
rain, snow, or other moisture from the windshield. The device	28616
shall be maintained in good working order and so constructed as to	28617
be controlled or operated by the operator of the vehicle,	28618
streetcar, or trackless trolley.	28619
(D) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28620
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28621
Sec. 4513.241. (A) The director of public safety, in	28622
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt	28623
rules governing the use of tinted glass, and the use of	28624
transparent, nontransparent, translucent, and reflectorized	28625
materials in or on motor vehicle windshields, side windows,	28626
sidewings, and rear windows that prevent a person of normal vision	28627
looking into the motor vehicle from seeing or identifying persons	28628
or objects inside the motor vehicle.	28629
(B) The rules adopted under this section may provide for	28630
persons who meet either of the following qualifications:	28631
(1) On November 11, 1994, or the effective date of this	28632
section or of any rule adopted under this section, own a motor	28633
vehicle that does not comform <u>conform</u> to the requirements of this	28634
section or of any rule adopted under this section;	28635
(2) Establish residency in this state and are required to	28636
register a motor vehicle that does not conform to the requirements	28637
of this section or of any rule adopted under this section.	28638
(C) No person shall operate, on any highway or other public	28639
or private property open to the public for vehicular travel or	28640
parking, lease, or rent any motor vehicle that is registered in	28641

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this state unless the motor vehicle conforms to the requirements	28642
of this section and of any applicable rule adopted under this	28643
section.	28644
(D) No person shall install in or on any motor vehicle, any	28645
glass or other material that fails to conform to the requirements	28646
of this section or of any rule adopted under this section.	28647
(E) No used motor vehicle dealer or new motor vehicle dealer,	28648
as defined in section 4517.01 of the Revised Code, shall sell any	28649
motor vehicle that fails to conform to the requirements of this	28650
section or of any rule adopted under this section.	28651
(F) No reflectorized materials shall be permitted upon or in	28652
any front windshield, side windows, sidewings, or rear window.	28653
(G) This section does not apply to the manufacturer's tinting	28654
or glazing of motor vehicle windows or windshields that is	28655
otherwise in compliance with or permitted by federal motor vehicle	28656
safety standard number two hundred five.	28657
(H) With regard to any side window behind a driver's seat or	28658
any rear window other than any window on an emergency door, this	28659
section does not apply to any school bus used to transport a	28660
handicapped child pursuant to a special education program under	28661
Chapter 3323. of the Revised Code, whom it is impossible or	28662
impractical to transport by regular school bus in the course of	28663
regular route transportation provided by a school district. As	28664
used in this division, "handicapped child" and "special education	28665
program" have the same meanings as in section 3323.01 of the	28666
Revised Code.	28667
(I) This section does not apply to any school bus that is to	28668
be sold and operated outside this state.	28669
(J) Whoever violates division (C), (D), (E), or (F) of this	28670
section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor.	28671

Sec. 4513.242. (A) Notwithstanding section 4513.24 and	28672
division (F) of section 4513.241 of the Revised Code or any rule	28673
adopted thereunder, a decal, whether reflectorized or not, may be	28674
displayed upon any side window or sidewing of a motor vehicle if	28675
all of the following are met:	28676
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ The decal is necessary for public or private security	28677
arrangements to which the motor vehicle periodically is subjected;	28678
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ The decal is no larger than is necessary to accomplish	28679
the security arrangements;	28680
$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ The decal does not obscure the vision of the motor	28681
vehicle operator or prevent a person looking into the motor	28682
vehicle from seeing or identifying persons or objects inside the	28683
motor vehicle.	28684
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28685
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28686
Sec. 4513.25. (A) Every solid tire, as defined in section	28687
4501.01 of the Revised Code, on a vehicle shall have rubber or	28688
other resilient material on its entire traction surface at least	28689
one inch thick above the edge of the flange of the entire	28690
periphery.	28691
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28692
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28693
Sec. 4513.26. (A) No person shall sell any new motor vehicle	28694
nor shall any new motor vehicle be registered, and no person shall	28695
operate any motor vehicle, which is registered in this state and	28696
which has been manufactured or assembled on or after January 1,	28697
1936, unless the motor vehicle is equipped with safety glass	28698
wherever glass is used in the windshields, doors, partitions, rear	28699
windows, and windows on each side immediately adjacent to the rear	28700
	_0,00

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section constitutes a separate offense.

Sec. 4513.262. (A) As used in this section and in section	28730
4513.263 of the Revised Code, the component parts of a "seat	28731
safety belt" include a belt, anchor attachment assembly, and a	28732
buckle or closing device.	28733
$\frac{A}{B}$ No person shall sell, lease, rent, or operate any	28734
passenger car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of	28735
the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this	28736
state and that is manufactured or assembled on or after January 1,	28737
1962, unless the passenger car is equipped with sufficient	28738
anchorage units at the attachment points for attaching at least	28739
two sets of seat safety belts to its front seat. Such anchorage	28740
units at the attachment points shall be of such construction,	28741
design, and strength to support a loop load pull of not less than	28742
four thousand pounds for each belt.	28743
$\frac{(B)(C)}{(C)}$ No person shall sell, lease, or rent any passenger	28744
(B)(C) No person shall sell, lease, or rent any passenger car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised	28744 28745
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised	28745
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this state and	28745 28746
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this state and that is manufactured or assembled on or after January 1, 1966,	28745 28746 28747
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this state and that is manufactured or assembled on or after January 1, 1966, unless the passenger car has installed in its front seat at least	28745 28746 28747 28748
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this state and that is manufactured or assembled on or after January 1, 1966, unless the passenger car has installed in its front seat at least two seat safety belt assemblies.	28745 28746 28747 28748 28749
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this state and that is manufactured or assembled on or after January 1, 1966, unless the passenger car has installed in its front seat at least two seat safety belt assemblies. (C)(D) After January 1, 1966, neither any seat safety belt	28745 28746 28747 28748 28749 28750
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this state and that is manufactured or assembled on or after January 1, 1966, unless the passenger car has installed in its front seat at least two seat safety belt assemblies. (C)(D) After January 1, 1966, neither any seat safety belt for use in a motor vehicle nor any component part of any such seat	28745 28746 28747 28748 28749 28750 28751
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this state and that is manufactured or assembled on or after January 1, 1966, unless the passenger car has installed in its front seat at least two seat safety belt assemblies. (C)(D) After January 1, 1966, neither any seat safety belt for use in a motor vehicle nor any component part of any such seat safety belt shall be sold in this state unless the seat safety	28745 28746 28747 28748 28749 28750 28751 28752
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this state and that is manufactured or assembled on or after January 1, 1966, unless the passenger car has installed in its front seat at least two seat safety belt assemblies. (C)(D) After January 1, 1966, neither any seat safety belt for use in a motor vehicle nor any component part of any such seat safety belt shall be sold in this state unless the seat safety belt or the component part satisfies the minimum standard of	28745 28746 28747 28748 28749 28750 28751 28752 28753
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this state and that is manufactured or assembled on or after January 1, 1966, unless the passenger car has installed in its front seat at least two seat safety belt assemblies. (C)(D) After January 1, 1966, neither any seat safety belt for use in a motor vehicle nor any component part of any such seat safety belt shall be sold in this state unless the seat safety belt or the component part satisfies the minimum standard of specifications established by the society of automotive engineers	28745 28746 28747 28748 28749 28750 28751 28752 28753 28754
car, as defined in division (E) of section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is registered or to be registered in this state and that is manufactured or assembled on or after January 1, 1966, unless the passenger car has installed in its front seat at least two seat safety belt assemblies. (C)(D) After January 1, 1966, neither any seat safety belt for use in a motor vehicle nor any component part of any such seat safety belt shall be sold in this state unless the seat safety belt or the component part satisfies the minimum standard of specifications established by the society of automotive engineers for automotive seat belts and unless the seat safety belt or	28745 28746 28747 28748 28749 28750 28751 28752 28753 28754 28755

(F) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor	28760
misdemeanor.	28761
Sec. 4513.263. (A) As used in this section and in section	28762
4513.99 of the Revised Code:	28763
(1) "Automobile" means any commercial tractor, passenger car,	28764
commercial car, or truck that is required to be factory-equipped	28765
with an occupant restraining device for the operator or any	28766
passenger by regulations adopted by the United States secretary of	28767
transportation pursuant to the "National Traffic and Motor Vehicle	28768
Safety Act of 1966," 80 Stat. 719, 15 U.S.C.A. 1392.	28769
	28770
(2) "Occupant restraining device" means a seat safety belt,	28771
shoulder belt, harness, or other safety device for restraining a	28772
person who is an operator of or passenger in an automobile and	28773
that satisfies the minimum federal vehicle safety standards	28774
established by the United States department of transportation.	28775
(3) "Passenger" means any person in an automobile, other than	28776
its operator, who is occupying a seating position for which an	28777
occupant restraining device is provided.	28778
(4) "Commercial tractor," "passenger car," and "commercial	28779
car" have the same meanings as in section 4501.01 of the Revised	28780
Code.	28781
(5) "Vehicle" and "motor vehicle," as used in the definitions	28782
of the terms set forth in division $(A)(4)$ of this section, have	28783
the same meanings as in section 4511.01 of the Revised Code.	28784
	28785
(B) No person shall do any of the following:	28786
(1) Operate an automobile on any street or highway unless	28787
that person is wearing all of the available elements of a properly	28788
adjusted occupant restraining device, or operate a school bus that	28789

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has an occupant restraining device installed for use in its	28790
operator's seat unless that person is wearing all of the available	28791
elements of the device, as properly adjusted;	28792
(2) Operate an automobile on any street or highway unless	28793
each passenger in the automobile who is subject to the requirement	28794
set forth in division $(B)(3)$ of this section is wearing all of the	28795
available elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining	28796
device;	28797
(3) Occupy, as a passenger, a seating position on the front	28798
seat of an automobile being operated on any street or highway	28799
unless that person is wearing all of the available elements of a	28800
properly adjusted occupant restraining device;	28801
(4) Operate a taxicab on any street or highway unless all	28802
factory-equipped occupant restraining devices in the taxicab are	28803
maintained in usable form.	28804

- (C) Division (B)(3) of this section does not apply to a 28805 person who is required by section 4511.81 of the Revised Code to 28806 be secured in a child restraint device. Division (B)(1) of this 28807 section does not apply to a person who is an employee of the 28808 United States postal service or of a newspaper home delivery 28809 service, during any period in which the person is engaged in the 28810 operation of an automobile to deliver mail or newspapers to 28811 addressees. Divisions (B)(1) and (3) of this section do not apply 28812 to a person who has an affidavit signed by a physician licensed to 28813 practice in this state under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code or 28814 a chiropractor licensed to practice in this state under Chapter 28815 4734. of the Revised Code that states that the person has a 28816 physical impairment that makes use of an occupant restraining 28817 device impossible or impractical. 28818
- (D) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no 28819 law enforcement officer shall cause an operator of an automobile 28820

being operated on any street or highway to stop the automobile for	28821
the sole purpose of determining whether a violation of division	28822
(B) of this section has been or is being committed or for the sole	28823
purpose of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons for a violation	28824
of that nature or causing the arrest of or commencing a	28825
prosecution of a person for a violation of that nature, and no law	28826
enforcement officer shall view the interior or visually inspect	28827
any automobile being operated on any street or highway for the	28828
sole purpose of determining whether a violation of that nature has	28829
been or is being committed.	28830

- (E) All fines collected for violations of division (B) of 28831 this section, or for violations of any ordinance or resolution of 28832 a political subdivision that is substantively comparable to that 28833 division, shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state for deposit 28834 as follows:
- (1) Eight per cent shall be deposited into the seat belt 28836 education fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury, and 28837 shall be used by the department of public safety to establish a 28838 seat belt education program. 28839
- (2) Eight per cent shall be deposited into the elementary 28840 school program fund, which is hereby created in the state 28841 treasury, and shall be used by the department of public safety to 28842 establish and administer elementary school programs that encourage 28843 seat safety belt use.
- (3) Two per cent shall be deposited into the Ohio ambulance 28845 licensing trust fund created by section 4766.05 of the Revised 28846 Code.
- (4) Twenty-eight per cent shall be deposited into the trauma 28848 and emergency medical services fund, which is hereby created in 28849 the state treasury, and shall be used by the department of public 28850 safety for the administration of the division of emergency medical 28851

services and the state board of emergency medical services.

(5) Fifty-four per cent shall be deposited into the trauma 28853 and emergency medical services grants fund, which is hereby 28854 created in the state treasury, and shall be used by the state 28855 board of emergency medical services to make grants, in accordance 28856 with section 4765.07 of the Revised Code and rules the board 28857 adopts under section 4765.11 of the Revised Code. 28858

- (F)(1) Subject to division (F)(2) of this section, the 28859 failure of a person to wear all of the available elements of a 28860 properly adjusted occupant restraining device or to ensure that 28861 each passenger of an automobile being operated by the person is 28862 wearing all of the available elements of such a device, in 28863 violation of division (B) of this section, shall not be considered 28864 or used as evidence of negligence or contributory negligence, 28865 shall not diminish recovery for damages in any civil action 28866 involving the person arising from the ownership, maintenance, or 28867 operation of an automobile; shall not be used as a basis for a 28868 criminal prosecution of the person other than a prosecution for a 28869 violation of this section; and shall not be admissible as evidence 28870 in any civil or criminal action involving the person other than a 28871 prosecution for a violation of this section. 28872
- (2) If, at the time of an accident involving a passenger car 28873 equipped with occupant restraining devices, any occupant of the 28874 passenger car who sustained injury or death was not wearing an 28875 available occupant restraining device, was not wearing all of the 28876 available elements of such a device, or was not wearing such a 28877 device as properly adjusted, then, consistent with the Rules of 28878 Evidence, the fact that the occupant was not wearing the available 28879 occupant restraining device, was not wearing all of the available 28880 elements of such a device, or was not wearing such a device as 28881 properly adjusted is admissible in evidence in relation to any 28882 claim for relief in a tort action to the extent that the claim for 28883

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relief satisfies all of the following:	28884
(a) It seeks to recover damages for injury or death to the	28885
occupant.	28886
(b) The defendant in question is the manufacturer, designer,	28887
distributor, or seller of the passenger car.	28888
(c) The claim for relief against the defendant in question is	28889
that the injury or death sustained by the occupant was enhanced or	28890
aggravated by some design defect in the passenger car or that the	28891
passenger car was not crashworthy.	28892
(3) As used in division (F)(2) of this section, "tort action"	28893
means a civil action for damages for injury, death, or loss to	28894
person or property. "Tort action" includes a product liability	28895
claim that is subject to sections 2307.71 to 2307.80 of the	28896
Revised Code, but does not include a civil action for damages for	28897
a breach of a contract or another agreement between persons.	28898
(G)(1) Whoever violates division (B)(1) of this section shall	28899
be fined thirty dollars.	28900
(2) Whoever violates division (B)(3) of this section shall be	28901
fined twenty dollars.	28902
(3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	28903
violates division (B)(4) of this section is guilty of a minor	28904
misdemeanor. If the offender previously has been convicted of or	28905
pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B)(4) of this section,	28906
whoever violates division (B)(4) of this section is guilty of a	28907
misdemeanor of the third degree.	28908
Sec. 4513.27. (A) No person shall operate any motor truck,	28909
trackless trolley, bus, or commercial tractor upon any highway	28910
outside the corporate limits of municipalities at any time from	28911
sunset to sunrise unless there is carried in such vehicle and	28912
trackless trolley, except as provided in division (B) of this	28913

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section, the following equipment which shall be of the types	28914
approved by the director of transportation:	28915
(1) At least three flares or three red reflectors or three	28916
red electric lanterns, each of which is capable of being seen and	28917
distinguished at a distance of five hundred feet under normal	28918
atmospheric conditions at night time;	28919
(2) At least three red-burning fusees, unless red reflectors	28920
or red electric lanterns are carried;	28921
(3) At least two red cloth flags, not less than twelve inches	28922
square, with standards to support them;	28923
(4) The type of red reflectors shall comply with such	28924
standards and specifications in effect on September 16, 1963 or	28925
later established by the interstate commerce commission and must	28926
be certified as meeting such standards by underwriter's	28927
laboratories.	28928
(B) No person shall operate at the time and under the	28929
conditions stated in this section any motor vehicle used in	28930
transporting flammable liquids in bulk, or in transporting	28931
compressed flammable gases, unless there is carried in such	28932
vehicle three red electric lanterns or three red reflectors	28933
meeting the requirements stated in division (A) of this section.	28934
There shall not be carried in any such vehicle any flare, fusee,	28935
or signal produced by a flame.	28936
(C) This section does not apply to any person who operates	28937
any motor vehicle in a work area designated by protection	28938
equipment devices that are displayed and used in accordance with	28939
the manual adopted by the department of transportation under	28940
section 4511.09 of the Revised Code.	28941
(D) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	28942
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	28943

Sec. 4513.28. (A) Whenever any motor truck, trackless	28944
trolley, bus, commercial tractor, trailer, semi-trailer, or pole	28945
trailer is disabled upon the traveled portion of any highway or	28946
the shoulder thereof outside of any municipality, or upon any	28947
freeway, expressway, thruway and connecting, entering or exiting	28948
ramps within a municipality, at any time when lighted lamps are	28949
required on vehicles and trackless trolleys, the operator of such	28950
vehicle or trackless trolley shall display the following warning	28951
devices upon the highway during the time the vehicle or trackless	28952
trolley is so disabled on the highway except as provided in	28953
division (B) of this section:	28954
	20004
(1) A lighted fusee shall be immediately placed on the	28955
roadway at the traffic side of such vehicle or trackless trolley,	28956
unless red electric lanterns or red reflectors are displayed.	28957
(2) Within the burning period of the fusee and as promptly as	28958
possible, three lighted flares or pot torches, or three red	28959
reflectors or three red electric lanterns shall be placed on the	28960
roadway as follows:	28961
(a) One at a distance of forty paces or approximately one	28962
hundred feet in advance of the vehicle;	28963
(b) One at a distance of forty paces or approximately one	28964
hundred feet to the rear of the vehicle or trackless trolley	28965
except as provided in this section, each in the center of the lane	28966
of traffic occupied by the disabled vehicle or trackless trolley;	28967
(c) One at the traffic side of the vehicle or trackless	28968
trolley.	28969
(B) Whenever any vehicle used in transporting flammable	28970
liquids in bulk, or in transporting compressed flammable gases, is	28971
disabled upon a highway at any time or place mentioned in division	28972

(A) of this section, the driver of such vehicle shall display upon

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the roadway the following warning devices:	28974
(1) One red electric lantern or one red reflector shall be	28975
immediately placed on the roadway at the traffic side of the	28976
vehicle;	28977
(2) Two other red electric lanterns or two other red	28978
reflectors shall be placed to the front and rear of the vehicle in	28979
the same manner prescribed for flares in division (A) of this	28980
section.	28981
(C) When a vehicle of a type specified in division (B) of	28982
this section is disabled, the use of flares, fusees, or any signal	28983
produced by flame as warning signals is prohibited.	28984
(D) Whenever any vehicle or trackless trolley of a type	28985
referred to in this section is disabled upon the traveled portion	28986
of a highway or the shoulder thereof, outside of any municipality,	28987
or upon any freeway, expressway, thruway and connecting, entering	28988
or exiting ramps within a municipality, at any time when the	28989
display of fusees, flares, red reflectors, or electric lanterns is	28990
not required, the operator of such vehicle or trackless trolley	28991
shall display two red flags upon the roadway in the lane of	28992
traffic occupied by the disabled vehicle or trackless trolley, one	28993
at a distance of forty paces or approximately one hundred feet in	28994
advance of the vehicle or trackless trolley, and one at a distance	28995
of forty paces or approximately one hundred feet to the rear of	28996
the vehicle or trackless trolley, except as provided in this	28997
section.	28998
(E) The flares, fusees, lanterns, red reflectors, and flags	28999
to be displayed as required in this section shall conform with the	29000
requirements of section 4513.27 of the Revised Code applicable	29001
thereto.	29002

(F) In the event the vehicle or trackless trolley is disabled

near a curve, crest of a hill, or other obstruction of view, the

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flare, flag, reflector, or lantern in that direction shall be	29005
placed as to afford ample warning to other users of the highway,	29006
but in no case shall it be placed less than forty paces or	29007
approximately one hundred feet nor more than one hundred twenty	29008
paces or approximately three hundred feet from the disabled	29009
vehicle or trackless trolley.	29010
(G) This section does not apply to the operator of any	29011
vehicle in a work area designated by protection equipment devices	29012
that are displayed and used in accordance with the manual adopted	29013
by the department of transportation under section 4511.09 of the	29014
Revised Code.	29015
(H) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	29016
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	29017
Sec. 4513.29. (A) Any person operating any vehicle	29018
transporting explosives upon a highway shall at all times comply	29019
with the following requirements:	29020
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Said vehicle shall be marked or placarded on each side	29021
and on the rear with the word "explosives" in letters not less	29022
than eight inches high, or there shall be displayed on the rear of	29023
such vehicle a red flag not less than twenty-four inches square	29024
marked with the word "danger" in white letters six inches high, or	29025
shall be marked or placarded in accordance with section 177.823 of	29026
the United States department of transportation regulations.	29027
	29028
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ Said vehicle shall be equipped with not less than two	29029
fire extinguishers, filled and ready for immediate use, and placed	29030
at convenient points on such vehicle.	29031
$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ The director of transportation may promulgate such	29032
regulations governing the transportation of explosives and other	29033
dangerous articles by vehicles upon the highway as are reasonably	29034

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necessary to enforce sections 4513.01 to 4513.37 of the Revised	29035
Code.	29036
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	29037
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	29038
Sec. 4513.30. (A) No passenger-type vehicle shall be operated	29039
on a highway with any load carried on such vehicle which extends	29040
more than six inches beyond the line of the fenders on the	29041
vehicle's left side.	29042
	00043
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	29043
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	29044
Sec. 4513.31. (A) No vehicle shall be driven or moved on any	29045
highway unless the vehicle is so constructed, loaded, or covered	29046
as to prevent any of its load from dropping, sifting, leaking, or	29047
otherwise escaping therefrom, except that sand or other substance	29048
may be dropped for the purpose of securing traction, or water or	29049
other substance may be sprinkled on a roadway in cleaning or	29050
maintaining the roadway.	29051
(B) Except for a farm vehicle used to transport agricultural	29052
produce or agricultural production materials or a rubbish vehicle	29053
in the process of acquiring its load, no vehicle loaded with	29054
garbage, swill, cans, bottles, waste paper, ashes, refuse, trash,	29055
rubbish, waste, wire, paper, cartons, boxes, glass, solid waste,	29056
or any other material of an unsanitary nature that is susceptible	29057
to blowing or bouncing from a moving vehicle shall be driven or	29058
moved on any highway unless the load is covered with a sufficient	29059
cover to prevent the load or any part of the load from spilling	29060
onto the highway.	29061
(C) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	29062
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	29063

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Sec. 4513.32. (A) When one vehicle is towing another vehicle,	29064
the drawbar or other connection shall be of sufficient strength to	29065
pull all the weight towed thereby, and the drawbar or other	29066
connection shall not exceed fifteen feet from one vehicle to the	29067
other, except the connection between any two vehicles transporting	29068
poles, pipe, machinery, or other objects of structural nature	29069
which cannot readily be dismembered.	29070

When one vehicle is towing another and the connection consists only of a chain, rope, or cable, there shall be displayed upon such connection a white flag or cloth not less than twelve inches square.

In addition to such drawbar or other connection, each trailer 29075 and each semitrailer which is not connected to a commercial 29076 tractor by means of a fifth wheel shall be coupled with stay 29077 chains or cables to the vehicle by which it is being drawn. The 29078 chains or cables shall be of sufficient size and strength to 29079 prevent the towed vehicle's parting from the drawing vehicle in 29080 case the drawbar or other connection should break or become 29081 disengaged. In case of a loaded pole trailer, the connecting pole 29082 to the drawing vehicle shall be coupled to the drawing vehicle 29083 with stay chains or cables of sufficient size and strength to 29084 prevent the towed vehicle's parting from the drawing vehicle. 29085

Every trailer or semitrailer, except pole and cable trailers 29086 and pole and cable dollies operated by a public utility as defined 29087 in section 5727.01 of the Revised Code, shall be equipped with a 29088 coupling device, which shall be so designed and constructed that 29089 the trailer will follow substantially in the path of the vehicle 29090 drawing it, without whipping or swerving from side to side. 29091 Vehicles used to transport agricultural produce or agricultural 29092 production materials between a local place of storage and supply 29093 and the farm, when drawn or towed on a street or highway at a 29094

speed of twenty-five miles per hour or less, and vehicles designed	29095
and used exclusively to transport a boat between a place of	29096
storage and a marina, or in and around a marina, when drawn or	29097
towed on a street or highway for a distance of no more than ten	29098
miles and at a speed of twenty-five miles per hour or less, shall	29099
have a drawbar or other connection, including the hitch mounted on	29100
the towing vehicle, which shall be of sufficient strength to pull	29101
all the weight towed thereby. Only one such vehicle used to	29102
transport agricultural produce or agricultural production	29103
materials as provided in this section may be towed or drawn at one	29104
time, except as follows:	29105
$\frac{(A)(1)}{(A)}$ An agricultural tractor may tow or draw more than one	29106
such vehicle;	29107
$\frac{(B)(2)}{(B)}$ A pickup truck or straight truck designed by the	29108
manufacturer to carry a load of not less than one-half ton and not	29109
more than two tons may tow or draw not more than two such vehicles	29110
that are being used to transport agricultural produce from the	29111
farm to a local place of storage. No vehicle being so towed by	29112
such a pickup truck or straight truck shall be considered to be a	29113
motor vehicle.	29114
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be punished as	29115
provided in section 4513.99 of the Revised Code.	29116
Sec. 4513.34. (A) The director of transportation with respect	29117

7 to all highways that are a part of the state highway system and 29118 local authorities with respect to highways under their 29119 jurisdiction, upon application in writing and for good cause 29120 shown, may issue a special permit in writing authorizing the 29121 applicant to operate or move a vehicle or combination of vehicles 29122 of a size or weight of vehicle or load exceeding the maximum 29123 specified in sections 5577.01 to 5577.09 of the Revised Code, or 29124 otherwise not in conformity with sections 4513.01 to 4513.37 of 29125 the Revised Code, upon any highway under the jurisdiction of the 29126 authority granting the permit. 29127

For purposes of this section, the director may designate 29128 certain state highways or portions of state highways as special 29129 economic development highways. If an application submitted to the 29130 director under this section involves travel of a nonconforming 29131 vehicle or combination of vehicles upon a special economic 29132 development highway, the director, in determining whether good 29133 cause has been shown that issuance of a permit is justified, shall 29134 consider the effect the travel of the vehicle or combination of 29135 vehicles will have on the economic development in the area in 29136 which the designated highway or portion of highway is located. 29137

- (B) Notwithstanding sections 715.22 and 723.01 of the Revised 29138 Code, the holder of a special permit issued by the director under 29139 this section may move the vehicle or combination of vehicles 29140 described in the special permit on any highway that is a part of 29141 the state highway system when the movement is partly within and 29142 partly without the corporate limits of a municipal corporation. No 29143 local authority shall require any other permit or license or 29144 charge any license fee or other charge against the holder of a 29145 permit for the movement of a vehicle or combination of vehicles on 29146 any highway that is a part of the state highway system. The 29147 director shall not require the holder of a permit issued by a 29148 local authority to obtain a special permit for the movement of 29149 vehicles or combination of vehicles on highways within the 29150 jurisdiction of the local authority. Permits may be issued for any 29151 period of time not to exceed one year, as the director in the 29152 director's discretion or a local authority in its discretion 29153 determines advisable, or for the duration of any public 29154 construction project. 29155
- (C) The application for a permit shall be in the form that 29156 the director or local authority prescribes. The director or local 29157

authority may prescribe a permit fee to be imposed and collected	29158
when any permit described in this section is issued. The permit	29159
fee may be in an amount sufficient to reimburse the director or	29160
local authority for the administrative costs incurred in issuing	29161
the permit, and also to cover the cost of the normal and expected	29162
damage caused to the roadway or a street or highway structure as	29163
the result of the operation of the nonconforming vehicle or	29164
combination of vehicles. The director, in accordance with Chapter	29165
119. of the Revised Code, shall establish a schedule of fees for	29166
permits issued by the director under this section.	29167

For the purposes of this section and of rules adopted by the 29168 director under this section, milk transported in bulk by vehicle 29169 is deemed a nondivisible load.

(D) The director or local authority may issue or withhold a 29171 permit. If a permit is to be issued, the director or local 29172 authority may limit or prescribe conditions of operation for the 29173 vehicle and may require the posting of a bond or other security 29174 conditioned upon the sufficiency of the permit fee to compensate 29175 for damage caused to the roadway or a street or highway structure. 29176 In addition, a local authority, as a condition of issuance of an 29177 overweight permit, may require the applicant to develop and enter 29178 into a mutual agreement with the local authority to compensate for 29179 or to repair excess damage caused to the roadway by travel under 29180 29181 the permit.

For a permit that will allow travel of a nonconforming 29182 vehicle or combination of vehicles on a special economic 29183 development highway, the director, as a condition of issuance, may 29184 require the applicant to agree to make periodic payments to the 29185 department to compensate for damage caused to the roadway by 29186 travel under the permit.

(E) Every permit shall be carried in the vehicle or 29188 combination of vehicles to which it refers and shall be open to 29189

- (B) For the purpose of complying with the requirements of 29219 this section and section 4513.52 of the Revised Code, the owner or 29220 other operator of a bus may drive the bus directly to an 29221 inspection site conducted by the state highway patrol and directly 29222 back to the person's place of business without a valid 29223 registration and without displaying a safety inspection decal, 29224 provided that no passengers may occupy the bus during such 29225 operation. 29226
- (C) The registrar of motor vehicles shall not accept an 29227 application for registration of a bus unless the bus owner 29228 presents a valid safety inspection report for the applicable 29229 registration year. 29230
- (D) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty 29231

 of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 29232

Sec. 4513.60. (A)(1) The sheriff of a county or chief of 29233 police of a municipal corporation, township, or township police 29234 district, within the sheriff's or chief's respective territorial 29235 jurisdiction, upon complaint of any person adversely affected, may 29236 order into storage any motor vehicle, other than an abandoned junk 29237 motor vehicle as defined in section 4513.63 of the Revised Code, 29238 that has been left on private residential or private agricultural 29239 property for at least four hours without the permission of the 29240 person having the right to the possession of the property. The 29241 sheriff or chief of police, upon complaint of the owner of a 29242 repair garage or place of storage, may order into storage any 29243 motor vehicle, other than an abandoned junk motor vehicle, that 29244 has been left at the garage or place of storage for a longer 29245 period than that agreed upon. The place of storage shall be 29246 designated by the sheriff or chief of police. When ordering a 29247 motor vehicle into storage pursuant to this division, a sheriff or 29248 chief of police, whenever possible, shall arrange for the removal 29249

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of the motor vehicle by a private tow truck operator or towing	29250
company. Subject to division (C) of this section, the owner of a	29251
motor vehicle that has been removed pursuant to this division may	29252
recover the vehicle only in accordance with division (E) of this	29253
section.	29254
(2) Divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section do not apply to	29255
any private residential or private agricultural property that is	29256
established as a private tow-away zone in accordance with division	29257
(B) of this section.	29258
(3) As used in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section,	29259
"private residential property" means private property on which is	29260
located one or more structures that are used as a home, residence,	29261
or sleeping place by one or more persons, if no more than three	29262
separate households are maintained in the structure or structures.	29263
"Private residential property" does not include any private	29264
property on which is located one or more structures that are used	29265
as a home, residence, or sleeping place by two or more persons, if	29266
more than three separate households are maintained in the	29267
structure or structures.	29268
(B)(1) The owner of private property may establish a private	29269
tow-away zone only if all of the following conditions are	29270
satisfied:	29271
(a) The owner posts on the owner's property a sign, that is	29272
at least eighteen inches by twenty-four inches in size, that is	29273
visible from all entrances to the property, and that contains at	29274
least all of the following information:	29275
(i) A notice that the property is a private tow-away zone and	29276
that vehicles not authorized to park on the property will be towed	29277
away;	29278

(ii) The telephone number of the person from whom a

towed-away vehicle can be recovered, and the address of the place

to which the vehicle will be taken and the place from which it may	29281
be recovered;	29282
(iii) A statement that the vehicle may be recovered at any	29283
time during the day or night upon the submission of proof of	29284
ownership and the payment of a towing charge, in an amount not to	29285
exceed ninety dollars, and a storage charge, in an amount not to	29286
exceed twelve dollars per twenty-four-hour period; except that the	29287
charge for towing shall not exceed one hundred fifty dollars, and	29288
the storage charge shall not exceed twenty dollars per	29289
twenty-four-hour period, if the vehicle has a manufacturer's gross	29290
vehicle weight rating in excess of ten thousand pounds and is a	29291
truck, bus, or a combination of a commercial tractor and trailer	29292
or semitrailer.	29293
(b) The place to which the towed vehicle is taken and from	29294
which it may be recovered is conveniently located, is well	29295
lighted, and is on or within a reasonable distance of a regularly	29296
scheduled route of one or more modes of public transportation, if	29297
any public transportation is available in the municipal	29298
corporation or township in which the private tow-away zone is	29299
located.	29300
(2) If a vehicle is parked on private property that is	29301
established as a private tow-away zone in accordance with division	29302

(B)(1) of this section, without the consent of the owner of the 29303 property or in violation of any posted parking condition or 29304 regulation, the owner or the owner's agent may remove, or cause 29305 the removal of, the vehicle, the owner and the operator of the 29306 vehicle shall be deemed to have consented to the removal and 29307 storage of the vehicle and to the payment of the towing and 29308 storage charges specified in division (B)(1)(a)(iii) of this 29309 section, and the owner, subject to division (C) of this section, 29310 may recover a vehicle that has been so removed only in accordance 29311 with division (E) of this section. 29312

- (3) If a municipal corporation requires tow trucks and tow
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 truck operators to be licensed, no owner of private property
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 located within the municipal corporation shall remove, or shall
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 cause the removal and storage of, any vehicle pursuant to division
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 (B)(2) of this section by an unlicensed tow truck or unlicensed
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 tow truck operator.
- (4) Divisions (B)(1) to (3) of this section do not affect or
 limit the operation of division (A) of this section or sections
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 4513.61 to 4513.65 of the Revised Code as they relate to property
 other than private property that is established as a private
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 tow-away zone under division (B)(1) of this section.
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- (C) If the owner or operator of a motor vehicle that has been 29324 ordered into storage pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section 29325 or of a vehicle that is being removed under authority of division 29326 (B)(2) of this section arrives after the motor vehicle or vehicle 29327 has been prepared for removal, but prior to its actual removal 29328 from the property, the owner or operator shall be given the 29329 opportunity to pay a fee of not more than one-half of the charge 29330 for the removal of motor vehicles under division (A)(1) of this 29331 section or of vehicles under division (B)(2) of this section, 29332 whichever is applicable, that normally is assessed by the person 29333 who has prepared the motor vehicle or vehicle for removal, in 29334 order to obtain release of the motor vehicle or vehicle. Upon 29335 payment of that fee, the motor vehicle or vehicle shall be 29336 released to the owner or operator, and upon its release, the owner 29337 or operator immediately shall move it so that: 29338
- (1) If the motor vehicle was ordered into storage pursuant to
 division (A)(1) of this section, it is not on the private
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 residential or private agricultural property without the
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 permission of the person having the right to possession of the
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 property, or is not at the garage or place of storage without the
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 permission of the owner, whichever is applicable.
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- (2) If the vehicle was being removed under authority of 29345 division (B)(2) of this section, it is not parked on the private 29346 property established as a private tow-away zone without the 29347 consent of the owner or in violation of any posted parking 29348 condition or regulation. 29349
- (D)(1) If an owner of private property that is established as 29350 a private tow-away zone in accordance with division (B)(1) of this 29351 section or the authorized agent of such an owner removes or causes 29352 the removal of a vehicle from that property under authority of 29353 division (B)(2) of this section, the owner or agent promptly shall 29354 notify the police department of the municipal corporation, 29355 township, or township police district in which the property is 29356 located, of the removal, the vehicle's license number, make, 29357 model, and color, the location from which it was removed, the date 29358 and time of its removal, the telephone number of the person from 29359 whom it may be recovered, and the address of the place to which it 29360 has been taken and from which it may be recovered. 29361
- (2) Each county sheriff and each chief of police of a 29362 municipal corporation, township, or township police district shall 29363 maintain a record of motor vehicles that the sheriff or chief 29364 orders into storage pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section 29365 and of vehicles removed from private property in the sheriff's or 29366 chief's jurisdiction that is established as a private tow-away 29367 zone of which the sheriff or chief has received notice under 29368 division (D)(1) of this section. The record shall include an entry 29369 for each such motor vehicle or vehicle that identifies the motor 29370 vehicle's or vehicle's license number, make, model, and color, the 29371 location from which it was removed, the date and time of its 29372 removal, the telephone number of the person from whom it may be 29373 recovered, and the address of the place to which it has been taken 29374 and from which it may be recovered. Any information in the record 29375 that pertains to a particular motor vehicle or vehicle shall be 29376

provided to any person who, either in person or pursuant to a	29377
telephone call, identifies self as the owner or operator of the	29378
motor vehicle or vehicle and requests information pertaining to	29379
its location.	29380

- (3) Any person who registers a complaint that is the basis of 29381 a sheriff's or police chief's order for the removal and storage of 29382 a motor vehicle under division (A)(1) of this section shall 29383 provide the identity of the law enforcement agency with which the 29384 complaint was registered to any person who identifies self as the 29385 owner or operator of the motor vehicle and requests information 29386 pertaining to its location.
- (E) The owner of a motor vehicle that is ordered into storage 29388 pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section or of a vehicle that 29389 is removed under authority of division (B)(2) of this section may 29390 reclaim it upon payment of any expenses or charges incurred in its 29391 removal, in an amount not to exceed ninety dollars, and storage, 29392 in an amount not to exceed twelve dollars per twenty-four-hour 29393 period; except that the charge for towing shall not exceed one 29394 hundred fifty dollars, and the storage charge shall not exceed 29395 twenty dollars per twenty-four-hour period, if the vehicle has a 29396 manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating in excess of ten 29397 thousand pounds and is a truck, bus, or a combination of a 29398 commercial tractor and trailer or semitrailer. Presentation of 29399 proof of ownership, which may be evidenced by a certificate of 29400 title to the motor vehicle or vehicle also shall be required for 29401 reclamation of the vehicle. If a motor vehicle that is ordered 29402 into storage pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section remains 29403 unclaimed by the owner for thirty days, the procedures established 29404 by sections 4513.61 and 4513.62 of the Revised Code shall apply. 29405
- (F) No person shall remove, or cause the removal of, any 29407 vehicle from private property that is established as a private 29408

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tow-away zone under division (B)(1) of this section other than in	29409
accordance with division (B)(2) of this section, and no person	29410
shall remove, or cause the removal of, any motor vehicle from any	29411
other private property other than in accordance with division	29412
(A)(1) of this section or sections 4513.61 to 4513.65 of the	29413
Revised Code.	29414
(G)(1) Whoever violates division (B)(3) of this section is	29415
guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	29416
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	29417
violates division (F) of this section is guilty of a minor	29418
misdemeanor. If the offender previously has been convicted of or	29419
pleaded guilty to a violation of division (F) of this section,	29420
whoever violates division (F) of this section is guilty of a	29421
misdemeanor of the third degree.	29422
Sec. 4513.64. (A) No person shall willfully leave an	29423
abandoned junk motor vehicle as defined in section 4513.63 of the	29424
Revised Code on private property for more than seventy-two hours	29425
Revised Code on private property for more than seventy-two hours without the permission of the person having the right to the	29425 29426
without the permission of the person having the right to the	29426
without the permission of the person having the right to the possession of the property, or on a public street or other	29426 29427
without the permission of the person having the right to the possession of the property, or on a public street or other property open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel or	29426 29427 29428
without the permission of the person having the right to the possession of the property, or on a public street or other property open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking, or upon or within the right-of-way of any road or	29426 29427 29428 29429
without the permission of the person having the right to the possession of the property, or on a public street or other property open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking, or upon or within the right-of-way of any road or highway, for forty-eight hours or longer without notification to	29426 29427 29428 29429 29430
without the permission of the person having the right to the possession of the property, or on a public street or other property open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking, or upon or within the right-of-way of any road or highway, for forty-eight hours or longer without notification to the sheriff of the county or chief of police of the municipal	29426 29427 29428 29429 29430 29431
without the permission of the person having the right to the possession of the property, or on a public street or other property open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking, or upon or within the right-of-way of any road or highway, for forty-eight hours or longer without notification to the sheriff of the county or chief of police of the municipal corporation, township, or township police district of the reasons	29426 29427 29428 29429 29430 29431 29432
without the permission of the person having the right to the possession of the property, or on a public street or other property open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking, or upon or within the right-of-way of any road or highway, for forty-eight hours or longer without notification to the sheriff of the county or chief of police of the municipal corporation, township, or township police district of the reasons for leaving the motor vehicle in such place.	29426 29427 29428 29429 29430 29431 29432 29433
without the permission of the person having the right to the possession of the property, or on a public street or other property open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking, or upon or within the right-of-way of any road or highway, for forty-eight hours or longer without notification to the sheriff of the county or chief of police of the municipal corporation, township, or township police district of the reasons for leaving the motor vehicle in such place. For purposes of this section, the fact that a motor vehicle	29426 29427 29428 29429 29430 29431 29432 29433
without the permission of the person having the right to the possession of the property, or on a public street or other property open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking, or upon or within the right-of-way of any road or highway, for forty-eight hours or longer without notification to the sheriff of the county or chief of police of the municipal corporation, township, or township police district of the reasons for leaving the motor vehicle in such place. For purposes of this section, the fact that a motor vehicle has been so left without permission or notification is prima-facie	29426 29427 29428 29429 29430 29431 29432 29433 29434 29435

of the Revised Code shall invalidate the provisions of municipal

ordinances or township resolutions regulating or prohibiting the

abandonment of motor vehicles on streets, highways, public	29440
property, or private property within municipal corporations or	29441
townships.	29442

(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor

misdemeanor and shall also be assessed any costs incurred by the

county, township, or municipal corporation in disposing of the

abandoned junk motor vehicle that is the basis of the violation,

less any money accruing to the county, to the township, or to the

municipal corporation from this disposal of the vehicle.

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Sec. 4513.65. (A) For purposes of this section, "junk motor 29449 vehicle" means any motor vehicle meeting the requirements of 29450 divisions (B), (C), (D), and (E) of section 4513.63 of the Revised 29451 Code that is left uncovered in the open on private property for 29452 more than seventy-two hours with the permission of the person 29453 having the right to the possession of the property, except if the 29454 person is operating a junk yard or scrap metal processing facility 29455 licensed under authority of sections 4737.05 to 4737.12 of the 29456 Revised Code, or regulated under authority of a political 29457 subdivision; or if the property on which the motor vehicle is left 29458 is not subject to licensure or regulation by any governmental 29459 authority, unless the person having the right to the possession of 29460 the property can establish that the motor vehicle is part of a 29461 bona fide commercial operation; or if the motor vehicle is a 29462 collector's vehicle. 29463

No political subdivision shall prevent a person from storing 29464 or keeping, or restrict him a person in the method of storing or 29465 keeping, any collector's vehicle on private property with the 29466 permission of the person having the right to the possession of the 29467 property; except that a political subdivision may require a person 29468 having such permission to conceal, by means of buildings, fences, 29469 vegetation, terrain, or other suitable obstruction, any unlicensed 29470

collector's vehicle stored in the open.

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The sheriff of a county, or chief of police of a municipal 29472 corporation, within his the sheriff's or chief's respective 29473 territorial jurisdiction, a state highway patrol trooper, a board 29474 of township trustees, the legislative authority of a municipal 29475 corporation, or the zoning authority of a township or a municipal 29476 corporation, may send notice, by certified mail with return 29477 receipt requested, to the person having the right to the 29478 possession of the property on which a junk motor vehicle is left, 29479 that within ten days of receipt of the notice, the junk motor 29480 vehicle either shall be covered by being housed in a garage or 29481 other suitable structure, or shall be removed from the property. 29482

No person shall willfully leave a junk motor vehicle uncovered in the open for more than ten days after receipt of a notice as provided in this section. The fact that a junk motor vehicle is so left is prima-facie evidence of willful failure to comply with the notice, and each subsequent period of thirty days that a junk motor vehicle continues to be so left constitutes a separate offense.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 29490 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor on a first 29491 offense. If the offender previously has been convicted of or 29492 pleaded quilty to one violation of this section, whoever violates 29493 this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If 29494 the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to 29495 two or more violations of this section, whoever violates this 29496 section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 29497

Sec. 4513.99. (A) Whoever violates division (C), (D), (E), or
(F) of section 4513.241, section 4513.261, 4513.262, or 4513.36,
or division (B)(3) of section 4513.60 of the Revised Code is
guilty of a minor misdemeanor.
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(B) Whoever violates section 4513.02 or 4513.021, or division	29502
(B)(4) of section 4513.263, or division (F) of section 4513.60 of	29503
the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor on a first	29504
offense; on a second or subsequent offense such person is guilty	29505
of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	29506
(C) Any violation of section 4513.03, 4513.04, 4513.05,	29507
4513.06, 4513.07, 4513.071, 4513.09, 4513.10, 4513.11, 4513.111,	29508
4513.12, 4513.13, 4513.14, 4513.15, 4513.16, 4513.17, 4513.171,	29509
4513.18, 4513.182, 4513.19, 4513.20, 4513.201, 4513.202, 4513.21,	29510
4513.22, 4513.23, 4513.24, 4513.242, 4513.25, 4513.26, 4513.27,	29511
4513.28, 4513.29, 4513.30, 4513.31, 4513.32, or 4513.34 of the	29512
Revised Code shall be punished under division (B) of this section.	29513
(B) Whoever violates the sections of this chapter that are	29514
specifically required to be punished under this division, or any	29515
provision of sections 4513.03 to 4513.262 or 4513.27 to 4513.37 of	29516
the Revised Code $_{7}$ for which violation no penalty is otherwise	29517
provided, is guilty of a minor misdemeanor on a first offense; on	29518
a second offense within one year after the first offense, such the	29519
person is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree; on each	29520
subsequent offense within one year after the first offense, such	29521
the person is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	29522
(D) Whoever violates section 4513.64 of the Revised Code is	29523
guilty of a minor misdemeanor, and shall also be assessed any	29524
costs incurred by the county, township, or municipal corporation	29525
in disposing of such abandoned junk motor vehicle, less any money	29526
accruing to the county, to the township, or to the municipal	29527
corporation from such disposal.	29528
(E) Whoever violates section 4513.65 of the Revised Code is	29529
guilty of a minor misdemeanor on a first offense; on a second	29530
offense, such person is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth	29531
degree; on each subsequent offense, such person is guilty of a	29532

assume to engage in such business, unless the person is licensed	29563
as a motor vehicle auction owner under sections 4517.01 to 4517.45	29564
and 4707.01 to 4707.99 of the Revised Code;	29565

- (5) Engage in the business of distributing motor vehicles or 29566 assume to engage in such business, unless the person is licensed 29567 as a distributor under sections 4517.01 to 4517.45 of the Revised 29568 Code; 29569
- (6) Make more than five casual sales of motor vehicles in a 29570 twelve-month period, commencing with the day of the month in which 29571 the first such sale is made, nor provide a location or space for 29572 the sale of motor vehicles at a flea market, without obtaining a 29573 license as a dealer under sections 4517.01 to 4517.45 of the 29574 Revised Code; provided however that nothing in this section shall 29575 be construed to prohibit the disposition without a license of a 29576 motor vehicle originally acquired and held for purposes other than 29577 sale, rental, or lease to an employee, retiree, officer, or 29578 director of the person making the disposition, to a corporation 29579 affiliated with the person making the disposition, or to a person 29580 licensed under sections 4517.01 to 4517.45 of the Revised Code; 29581
- (7) Engage in the business of brokering manufactured homes 29582 unless that person is licensed as a manufactured home broker under 29583 sections 4517.01 to 4517.45 of the Revised Code. 29584
- (B) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require an 29585 auctioneer licensed under sections 4707.01 to 4707.19 of the 29586 Revised Code, to obtain a motor vehicle salesperson's license 29587 under sections 4517.01 to 4517.45 of the Revised Code when 29588 conducting an auction sale for a licensed motor vehicle dealer on 29589 the dealer's premises, or when conducting an auction sale for a 29590 licensed motor vehicle auction owner; nor shall such an auctioneer 29591 be required to obtain a motor vehicle auction owner's license 29592 under sections 4517.01 to 4517.45 of the Revised Code when engaged 29593 in auctioning for a licensed motor vehicle auction owner. 29594

- (C) Sections 4517.01 to 4517.45 of the Revised Code do not 29595 apply to any of the following: 29596
- (1) Persons engaging in the business of selling commercial 29597 tractors, trailers, or semitrailers incidentally to engaging 29598 primarily in business other than the selling or leasing of motor 29599 vehicles; 29600
- (2) Mortgagees selling at retail only those motor vehicles 29601 that have come into their possession by a default in the terms of 29602 a mortgage contract; 29603
- (3) The leasing, rental, and interchange of motor vehicles 29604 used directly in the rendition of a public utility service by 29605 regulated motor carriers.
- (D) When a partnership licensed under sections 4517.01 to 29607 4517.45 of the Revised Code is dissolved by death, the surviving 29608 partners may operate under the license for a period of sixty days, 29609 and the heirs or representatives of deceased persons and receivers 29610 or trustees in bankruptcy appointed by any competent authority may 29611 operate under the license of the person succeeded in possession by 29612 such heir, representative, receiver, or trustee in bankruptcy. 29613
- (E) No remanufacturer shall engage in the business of selling 29614 at retail any new motor vehicle without having written authority 29615 from the manufacturer or distributor of the vehicle to sell new 29616 motor vehicles and to perform repairs under the terms of the 29617 manufacturer's or distributor's new motor vehicle warranty, 29618 unless, at the time of the sale of the vehicle, each customer is 29619 furnished with a binding agreement ensuring that the customer has 29620 the right to have the vehicle serviced or repaired by a new motor 29621 vehicle dealer who is franchised to sell and service vehicles of 29622 the same line-make as the chassis of the remanufactured vehicle 29623 purchased by the customer and whose service or repair facility is 29624 located within either twenty miles of the remanufacturer's 29625

location and place of business or twenty miles of the customer's	29626
residence or place of business. If there is no such new motor	29627
vehicle dealer located within twenty miles of the remanufacturer's	29628
location and place of business or the customer's residence or	29629
place of business, the binding agreement furnished to the customer	29630
may be with the new motor vehicle dealer who is franchised to sell	29631
and service vehicles of the same line-make as the chassis of the	29632
remanufactured vehicle purchased by the customer and whose service	29633
or repair facility is located nearest to the remanufacturer's	29634
location and place of business or the customer's residence or	29635
place of business. Additionally, at the time of sale of any	29636
vehicle, each customer of the remanufacturer shall be furnished	29637
with a warranty issued by the remanufacturer for a term of at	29638
least one year.	29639

(F) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor and shall be subject to a mandatory fine of one hundred dollars. If the 29642 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 29643 violation of this section, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be subject to a 29645 mandatory fine of one thousand dollars. 29646

Sec. 4517.03. (A) A place of business that is used for 29647 selling, displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in motor 29648 vehicles shall be considered as used exclusively for those 29649 purposes even though snowmobiles, farm machinery, outdoor power 29650 equipment, watercraft and related products, or products 29651 manufactured or distributed by a motor vehicle manufacturer with 29652 which the motor vehicle dealer has a franchise agreement are sold 29653 or displayed there, or if repair, accessory, gasoline and oil, 29654 storage, parts, service, or paint departments are maintained 29655 there, or such products or services are provided there, if the 29656 departments are operated or the products or services are provided 29657

for the business of selling, displaying, offering for sale, or	29658
dealing in motor vehicles. Places of business or departments in a	29659
place of business used to dismantle, salvage, or rebuild motor	29660
vehicles by means of using used parts, are not considered as being	29661
maintained for the purpose of assisting or furthering the selling,	29662
displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in motor vehicles. A	29663
place of business shall be considered as used exclusively for	29664
selling, displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in motor	29665
vehicles even though a business owned by a motor vehicle leasing	29666
dealer or a motor vehicle renting dealer is located at the place	29667
of business.	29668

(B) No new motor vehicle dealer shall sell, display, offer 29669 for sale, or deal in motor vehicles at any place except an 29670 established place of business that is used exclusively for the 29671 purpose of selling, displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in 29672 motor vehicles. The place of business shall have space, under 29673 roof, for the display of at least one new motor vehicle and 29674 facilities and space therewith for the inspection, servicing, and 29675 repair of at least one motor vehicle; except that a new motor 29676 vehicle dealer selling manufactured or mobile homes is exempt from 29677 the requirement that a place of business have space, under roof, 29678 for the display of at least one new motor vehicle and facilities 29679 and space for the inspection, servicing, and repair of at least 29680 one motor vehicle. 29681

Nothing in Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code shall be 29682 construed as prohibiting the sale of a new or used manufactured or 29683 mobile home located in a manufactured home park by a licensed new 29684 or used motor vehicle dealer. 29685

(C) No used motor vehicle dealer shall sell, display, offer 29686 for sale, or deal in motor vehicles at any place except an 29687 established place of business that is used exclusively for the 29688 purpose of selling, displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in 29689

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motor vehicles. 29690

- (D) No motor vehicle leasing dealer shall make a motor 29691 vehicle available for use by another, in the manner described in 29692 division (M) of section 4517.01 of the Revised Code, at any place 29693 except an established place of business that is used for leasing 29694 motor vehicles; except that a motor vehicle leasing dealer who is 29695 also a new motor vehicle dealer or used motor vehicle dealer may 29696 lease motor vehicles at the same place of business at which the 29697 dealer sells, offers for sale, or deals in new or used motor 29698 vehicles. 29699
- (E) No motor vehicle leasing dealer or motor vehicle renting dealer shall sell a motor vehicle within ninety days after a certificate of title to the motor vehicle is issued to the dealer, except when a salvage certificate of title is issued to replace the original certificate of title and except when a motor vehicle leasing dealer sells a motor vehicle to another motor vehicle leasing dealer at the end of a sublease pursuant to that sublease.
- (F) No distributor shall distribute new motor vehicles to new 29707 motor vehicle dealers at any place except an established place of 29708 business that is used exclusively for the purpose of distributing 29709 new motor vehicles to new motor vehicle dealers; except that a 29710 distributor who is also a new motor vehicle dealer may distribute 29711 new motor vehicles at the same place of business at which the 29712 distributor sells, displays, offers for sale, or deals in new 29713 motor vehicles. 29714
- (G) No person, firm, or corporation that sells, displays, or 29715 offers for sale tent-type fold-out camping trailers is subject to 29716 the requirement that the person's, firm's, or corporation's place 29717 of business be used exclusively for the purpose of selling, 29718 displaying, offering for sale, or dealing in motor vehicles. No 29719 person, firm, or corporation that sells, displays, or offers for 29720 sale tent-type fold-out camping trailers, trailers, semitrailers, 29721

unless the motor vehicle wholesaler is the legal owner of the	29751
motor vehicle;	29752
$\frac{(C)(3)}{(3)}$ Sell, offer for sale, or display for sale at wholesale	29753
a motor vehicle without making available an odometer disclosure	29754
statement that is signed by the owner of the motor vehicle as	29755
required by section 4505.06 of the Revised Code and that complies	29756
with subchapter IV of the "Motor Vehicle Information and Cost	29757
Savings Act," 86 Stat. 961 (1972), 15 U.S.C. 1981;	29758
$\frac{(D)}{(4)}$ Fail, within ten days of acceptance of an offer for	29759
sale at wholesale, to deliver an Ohio certificate of title or the	29760
current certificate of title issued for the motor vehicle, and all	29761
title assignments that evidence the seller's ownership of the	29762
motor vehicle, to the purchaser of the motor vehicle. Failure to	29763
deliver title within ten days of acceptance of an offer for sale	29764
at wholesale is grounds for rescission of the agreement to buy.	29765
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	29766
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second	29767
degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or	29768
pleaded quilty to a violation of this section, whoever violates	29769
this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	29770
Sec. 4517.20. (A) No motor vehicle dealer licensed under	29771
Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code shall do any of the following:	29772
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Directly or indirectly, solicit the sale of a motor	29773
vehicle through a pecuniarily interested person other than a	29774
salesperson licensed in the employ of a licensed dealer;	29775
$\frac{(B)(2)}{(B)}$ Pay any commission or compensation in any form to any	29776
person in connection with the sale of a motor vehicle unless the	29777
person is licensed as a salesperson in the employ of the dealer;	29778
$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ Fail to immediately notify the registrar of motor	29779
vehicles upon termination of the employment of any person licensed	29780

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as a salesperson to sell, display, offer for sale, or deal in	29781
motor vehicles for the dealer;	29782
$\frac{(D)(4)}{(D)}$ Knowingly engage in any wholesale motor vehicle	29783
transaction with any person required to be licensed pursuant to	29784
Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code, if the person is not licensed	29785
pursuant to that chapter, if the person's license to operate as a	29786
dealer has been suspended or revoked, or if the person's	29787
application for a license to operate as a dealer has been denied.	29788
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	29789
of the fourth degree.	29790
Sec. 4517.21. (A) No motor vehicle auction owner licensed	29791
under Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code shall:	29792
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Engage in the sale of motor vehicles at retail from	29793
the same licensed location;	29794
$\frac{(B)(2)}{(B)}$ Knowingly permit the auctioning of a motor vehicle if	29795
the motor vehicle auction owner has reasonable cause to believe it	29796
is not being offered for sale by the legal owner of the motor	29797
vehicle;	29798
$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ Knowingly permit the sale of a motor vehicle to any	29799
person except a motor vehicle dealer licensed in this state or any	29800
other jurisdiction, or any other person licensed pursuant to	29801
Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code or a substantially similar	29802
statute of any other jurisdiction;	29803
$\frac{(D)(4)}{(D)}$ Knowingly permit the sale of a motor vehicle by any	29804
person who is not licensed pursuant to Chapter 4517. of the	29805
Revised Code;	29806
$\frac{(E)}{(5)}$ Knowingly permit any person to violate section 4517.19	29807
of the Revised Code;	29808
$\frac{(F)(6)}{(6)}$ Deny reasonable inspection of the motor vehicle	29809
auction owner's business records, relating to the sale of motor	29810

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vehicles, to the registrar of motor vehicles or the attorney	29811
general, when requested in writing to do so. The motor vehicle	29812
auction owner shall maintain for a period of six years from the	29813
date of the sale of a motor vehicle at least the following	29814
information:	29815
$\frac{(1)(a)}{(a)}$ The year, make, model and vehicle identification	29816
number of the motor vehicle;	29817
$\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ The name and address of the selling dealer;	29818
(3)(c) The name and address of the buying dealer;	29819
(4)(d) The date of the sale;	29820
(5)(e) The purchase price;	29821
$\frac{(6)}{(f)}$ The odometer reading of the motor vehicle at the time	29822
of sale and an odometer disclosure statement from the seller that	29823
complies with subchapter IV of the "Motor Vehicle Information and	29824
Cost Savings Act, 86 Stat. 961 (1972), 15 U.S.C. 1981.	29825
A motor vehicle auction owner may supplement the required	29826
information with any additional information the motor vehicle	29827
auction owner considers appropriate.	29828
$\frac{(G)}{(7)}$ Knowingly permit a dealer whose license has been	29829
suspended or revoked, or a person whose application for a license	29830
to operate as a dealer has been denied, to participate as a buyer	29831
or seller at the motor vehicle auction owner's auction after	29832
notification by the registrar of the suspension or revocation of a	29833
license, or denial of an application for a license. The registrar	29834
shall notify each auction owner by certified mail, return receipt	29835
requested, within five business days of the suspension or	29836
revocation of a license, or the denial of an application for	29837
license. Any motor vehicle auction owner who has knowledge of the	29838
presence at the motor vehicle auction owner's auction of a dealer	29839
whose license has been suspended or revoked, or of a person whose	29840

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application for a license to operate as a dealer has been denied,	29841
shall immediately cause the removal of the person from the	29842
auction.	29843
$\frac{(H)(8)}{(8)}$ Knowingly accept a motor vehicle for sale or possible	29844
sale by a dealer whose license has been suspended or revoked,	29845
during the period of suspension or revocation, or by a person	29846
whose application for a license to operate as a dealer has been	29847
denied, after notification by the registrar, in accordance with	29848
division (G) of this section, of the suspension or revocation of	29849
the license, or denial of an application for a license.	29850
$\frac{(1)}{(9)}$ Knowingly permit the auctioning of a motor vehicle	29851
whose ownership is not evidenced at the time of auctioning by a	29852
current certificate of title or a manufacturer's certificate of	29853
origin, and all title assignments that evidence the seller's	29854
ownership of the motor vehicle, without first giving clear and	29855
unequivocal notice of the lack of such evidence.	29856
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	29857
of the fourth degree.	29858
Sec. 4517.22. (A) Any group of licensed new motor vehicle	29859
dealers may display motor vehicles at a motor vehicle show within	29860
the general market area allocated to a licensed new motor vehicle	29861
dealer, whenever all of the following conditions are met:	29862
	2002
(1) The primary purpose of the motor vehicle show is the	29863
exhibition of competitive makes and models of motor vehicles to	29864
provide the general public the opportunity to review and inspect	29865
various makes and models of motor vehicles at a single location;	29866
(2) Not less than thirty days before the planned opening date	29867
of the motor vehicle show, the group requests and receives	29868
permission to hold the show from the registrar of motor vehicles.	29869

(B) No contracts shall be signed, deposits taken, or sales

consummated at the location of a motor vehicle show.

- (C) Any sponsor of a motor vehicle show shall offer by mail 29872 an invitation to all new motor vehicle dealers dealing in 29873 competitive types of motor vehicles in the general market area to 29874 participate and display motor vehicles in the show. The sponsor 29875 may offer a similar invitation to manufacturers or distributors. A 29876 copy of each invitation shall be retained by the sponsor for at 29877 least one year after the show.
- (D) No person except a manufacturer or distributor shall hold 29879 in any public place a motor vehicle show at which only one motor 29880 vehicle is displayed, and no such single unit show shall be held 29881 unless the manufacturer or distributor requests and receives 29882 permission from the registrar not less than thirty days before the 29883 show.
- (E) The registrar shall not grant permission for any motor 29885 vehicle show to be held, unless it is proven to the registrar's 29886 satisfaction that no attempt is being made to circumvent the 29887 provisions of sections 4517.01 to 4517.45 of the Revised Code. 29888
- (F) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as 29889 prohibiting the taking of orders for nonmotorized recreational 29890 vehicles as defined in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code at 29891 sports or camping shows.
- (G) No motor vehicle dealer, motor vehicle leasing dealer, 29893 motor vehicle auction owner, or distributor licensed under 29894 sections 4517.01 to 4517.45 of the Revised Code shall display a 29895 motor vehicle at any place except the dealer's, owner's, or 29896 distributor's licensed location, unless the dealer, owner, or 29897 distributor first obtains permission from the registrar and 29898 complies with the applicable rules of the motor vehicle dealers 29899 board. 29900
 - (H) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as 29901

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prohibiting the display of, the taking of orders for, or the sale	29902
of, livestock trailers at livestock and agricultural shows,	29903
including county fairs. Notwithstanding section 4517.03 of the	29904
Revised Code, livestock trailers may be sold at livestock and	29905
agricultural shows, including county fairs, as permitted by this	29906
division.	29907
As used in this division, "livestock trailer" means a new or	29908
used trailer designed by its manufacturer to be used to transport	29909
horses or to transport animals generally used for food or in the	29910

used trailer designed by its manufacturer to be used to transport horses or to transport animals generally used for food or in the production of food, including cattle, sheep, goats, rabbits, poultry, swine, and any other animals included by the director of agriculture in rules adopted under section 901.72 of the Revised Code.

(I) Notwithstanding division (B) of this section, contracts may be signed, deposits taken, and sales consummated at the location of a motor vehicle show where the motor vehicles involved are horse trailers or towing vehicles that are trucks and have a gross vehicle weight of more than three-quarters of a ton, the motor vehicle show is being held as part of or in connection with a major livestock show, the licensed new motor vehicle dealers involved have complied with the applicable requirements of this section, and the registrar has granted permission for the motor vehicle show in accordance with division (E) of this section.

As used in this division (I) of this section:

- (1) "Major livestock show" means any show of livestock that 29926 is held at the Ohio state fairgrounds, is national in scope, and 29927 that continues for more than ten consecutive days.
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- (2) "Truck" has the same meaning as in section 4511.01 of the 29929
 Revised Code. 29930
- (3) "Gross vehicle weight" means the unladen weight of the 29931 vehicle fully equipped. 29932

(J) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor	29933
of the fourth degree.	29934
Sec. 4517.23. (A) Any licensed motor vehicle dealer, motor	29935
vehicle leasing dealer, manufactured home broker, or distributor	29936
shall notify the registrar of motor vehicles concerning any change	29937
in status as a dealer, motor vehicle leasing dealer, manufactured	29938
home broker, or distributor during the period for which the	29939
dealer, broker, or distributor is licensed, if the change of	29940
status concerns any of the following:	29941
$\frac{(A)(1)}{(A)}$ Personnel of owners, partners, officers, or directors;	29942
	29943
$\frac{(B)(2)}{(B)}$ Location of office or principal place of business;	29944
(C)(3) In the case of a motor vehicle dealer, any contract or	29945
agreement with any manufacturer or distributor; and in the case of	29946
a distributor, any contract or agreement with any manufacturer.	29947
(B) The notification required by division (A) of this section	29948
shall be made by filing with the registrar, within fifteen days	29949
after the change of status, a supplemental statement in a form	29950
prescribed by the registrar showing in what respect the status has	29951
been changed. If the change involves a change in any contract or	29952
agreement between any manufacturer or distributor, and dealer, or	29953
any manufacturer and distributor, the supplemental statement shall	29954
be accompanied by such copies of contracts, statements, and	29955
certificates as would have been required by sections 4517.01 to	29956
4517.45 of the Revised Code if the change had occurred prior to	29957
the licensee's application for license.	29958
The motor vehicle dealers board may adopt a rule exempting	29959
from the notification requirement of division (A) (1) of this	29960
section any dealer if stock in the dealer or its parent company is	29961
publicly traded and if there are public records with state or	29962

As reported by the riouse orininal ouslide dominities	
federal agencies that provide the information required by division	29963
(A)(1) of this section.	29964
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	29965
of the fourth degree.	29966
Sec. 4517.24. (A) No two motor vehicle dealers shall engage	29967
in business at the same location, unless they agree to be jointly,	29968
severally, and personally liable for any liability arising from	29969
their engaging in business at the same location. The agreement	29970
shall be filed with the motor vehicle dealers board, and shall	29971
also be made a part of the articles of incorporation of each such	29972
dealer filed with the secretary of state. Whenever the board has	29973
reason to believe that a dealer who has entered into such an	29974
agreement has revoked the agreement but continues to engage in	29975
business at the same location, the board shall revoke the dealer's	29976
license.	29977
(B) This section does not apply to two or more motor vehicle	29978
dealers engaged in the business of selling new or used	29979
manufactured or mobile homes in the same manufactured home park.	29980
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	29981
of the fourth degree.	29982
Sec. 4517.25. (A) Every dealer shall maintain a mileage	29983
disclosure statement from the previous owner of each motor vehicle	29984
the dealer sells, purchases, or receives as a trade on another	29985
motor vehicle. The mileage disclosure statement shall be in such	29986
form and include such information as the motor vehicle dealers	29987
board requires by rule.	29988
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	29989
of the fourth degree.	29990

Sec. 4517.26. (A) Every retail and wholesale sale of a motor

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vehicle shall be preceded by a written instrument or contract that	29992
shall contain all of the agreements of the parties and shall be	29993
signed by the buyer and the seller. The seller, upon execution of	29994
the agreement or contract and before the delivery of the motor	29995
vehicle, shall deliver to the buyer a copy of the agreement or	29996
contract that shall clearly describe the motor vehicle sold to the	29997
buyer, including, where applicable, its vehicle identification	29998
number and the mileage appearing on the odometer of the vehicle at	29999
the time of sale and whether the mileage is accurate; the sale	30000
price of the vehicle, and, if applicable, the amount paid down by	30001
the buyer; the amount credited to the buyer for any trade-in, and	30002
a description thereof; the amount of any finance charge; the	30003
amount charged for any motor vehicle insurance, and a statement of	30004
the types of insurance provided by the policy or policies; the	30005
amount of any other charge, and a specification of its purpose;	30006
the net balance due from the buyer; and the terms of the payment	30007
of the net balance.	30008

This section does not apply to a casual sale of a motor 30009 vehicle.

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor 30011 of the fourth degree. 30012

Sec. 4517.27. (A) In accordance with Chapter 119. of the 30013 Revised Code, the registrar of motor vehicles shall adopt rules 30014 for the regulation of manufactured home brokers. The rules shall 30015 require that a manufactured home broker maintain a bond of a 30016 surety company authorized to transact business in this state in an 30017 amount determined by the registrar. The rules also shall require 30018 each person licensed as a manufactured home broker to maintain at 30019 all times a special or trust bank account that is 30020 noninterest-bearing, is separate and distinct from any personal or 30021 other account of the broker, and into which shall be deposited and 30022

maintained all escrow funds, security deposits, and other moneys	30023
received by the broker in a fiduciary capacity. In a form	30024
determined by the registrar, a manufactured home broker shall	30025
submit written proof to the registrar of the continued maintenance	30026
of the special or trust account. A depository where special or	30027
trust accounts are maintained in accordance with this section	30028
shall be located in this state.	30029

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor 30030 of the fourth degree. 30031

Sec. 4517.40. (A) No person who is engaged in or about to 30032 engage in the business of selling motor vehicles at retail shall 30033 enter into any contract, agreement, or understanding, express or 30034 implied, with any manufacturer or distributor of motor vehicles, 30035 that he the person will sell only to a designated person or class 30036 of persons all or any part of the retail installment contracts 30037 arising out of the sale by him the person of motor vehicles, or 30038 that he the person will refuse to sell such retail installment 30039 contracts to any designated person or class of persons. Any such 30040 contract, agreement, or understanding is void. 30041

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor 30042 of the fourth degree. 30043

Sec. 4517.41. (A) No manufacturer or distributor of motor 30044 vehicles, or the officer, agent, or representative of such 30045 manufacturer or distributor, shall induce or coerce, or attempt to 30046 induce or coerce, any retail motor vehicle dealer or prospective 30047 retail motor vehicle dealer to sell or refuse to sell all or any 30048 portion of his the dealer's or prospective dealer's retail 30049 installment contracts to any person or class of persons designated 30050 by the manufacturer or distributor, by means of any statement, 30051 suggestion, promise, or threat, made directly or indirectly, that 30052

the manufacturer or distributor will in any manner injure or	30053
benefit the dealer, or by means of any act of the manufacturer or	30054
distributor that has benefited or injured the dealer, or by means	30055
of any statement or representation, made directly or indirectly,	30056
that the dealer is under any obligation to make or refuse to make	30057
such sale.	30058

(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor 30059 of the fourth degree.

Sec. 4517.42. (A) No person engaged in the business of buying 30061 retail installment contracts from motor vehicle dealers in this 30062 state, and no officer, agent, or representative of such person, 30063 shall purchase or attempt to purchase any such retail installment 30064 contract from any motor vehicle dealer in this state in the 30065 following circumstances:

(A)(1) When the dealer in consequence of any contract, 30067 agreement, or arrangement between such person and a manufacturer 30068 or distributor supplying motor vehicles to the dealer has been 30069 induced or coerced to sell the retail installment contract by 30070 means of any statement, suggestion, promise, or threat, made 30071 directly or indirectly, that the manufacturer or distributor 30072 supplying motor vehicles to the dealer would in any manner injure 30073 or benefit the dealer, or by means of any act of the manufacturer 30074 or distributor that has benefited or injured the dealer, or by 30075 means of any statement or representation, made directly or 30076 indirectly, that the dealer is under any obligation to make such 30077 sale; 30078

(B)(2) When such person has received or has contracted to 30079 receive from any manufacturer or distributor supplying motor 30080 vehicles to the dealer, or has given or contracted to give to the 30081 manufacturer or distributor, any subsidy or thing of service or 30082 value, where the effect of the giving or receiving of the subsidy 30083

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or thing of service or value may be to lessen or eliminate	30084
competition in the business of purchasing retail installment	30085
contracts from motor vehicle dealers or may tend to grant an	30086
unfair trade advantage or to create a monopoly in such person.	30087
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	30088
of the fourth degree.	30089
Sec. 4517.43. (A) The applications for licenses and the	30090
copies of contracts required by sections 4517.04, 4517.05,	30091
4517.051, 4517.052, 4517.06, 4517.07, 4517.08, and 4517.09 of the	30092
Revised Code are not part of the public records but are	30093
confidential information for the use of the registrar of motor	30094
vehicles and the motor vehicle dealers board. No person shall	30095
divulge any information contained in such applications and	30096
acquired by the person in the person's capacity as an official or	30097
employee of the bureau of motor vehicles or of the board, except	30098
in a report to the registrar, to the board, or when called upon to	30099
testify in any court or proceeding.	30100
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor	30101
misdemeanor.	30102
Sec. 4517.44. (A) No manufacturer or distributor of motor	30103
vehicles, dealer in motor vehicles, or manufactured home broker,	30104
nor any owner, proprietor, person in control, or keeper of any	30105
garage, stable, shop, or other place of business, shall fail to	30106
keep or cause to be kept any record required by law.	30107
(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor	30108
misdemeanor.	30109
Sec. 4517.45. (A) No dealer licensed to sell motor vehicles	30110
at retail in this state under Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code	30111
shall attach to any motor vehicle offered for sale by him the	30112

dealer any tag or placard bearing his the dealer's name, or the	30113
name of his the dealer's place of business, whenever the method of	30114
attachment involves drilling or otherwise creating holes in any	30115
part of the body or trim of the vehicle, unless the purchaser	30116
consents in writing to such method of attachment.	30117
Any damage to the body or trim of a motor vehicle that	30118
results from a violation of this section shall, at the request of	30119
the purchaser of the vehicle, be repaired by the dealer in a	30120
manner acceptable to the purchaser, and at no cost to $\frac{\text{him }}{\text{the}}$	30121
purchaser.	30122
(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor	30123
misdemeanor.	30124
Sec. 4517.64. (A) No franchisor shall do any of the	30125
<pre>following:</pre>	30126
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Fail to obey a requirement or order made by the motor	30127
vehicle dealers board, or the order of any court upon application	30128
of the board;	30129
$\frac{(B)(2)}{(B)}$ Fail to perform a duty imposed upon it by sections	30130
4517.50 to 4517.65 of the Revised Code, or do any act prohibited	30131
by those sections.	30132
(B) No franchisee or prospective transferee shall fail to	30133
perform a duty imposed upon it by sections 4517.50 to 4517.65 of	30134
the Revised Code or do any act prohibited by those sections.	30135
(C) Whoever violates division (A) or (B) of this section is	30136
guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	30137
Sec. 4517.99. (A) Whoever violates any provision of sections	30138
4517.01 to 4517.65 of the Revised Code, for which no penalty $\pm s$	30139
otherwise <u>is</u> provided in this <u>the</u> section <u>that contains the</u>	30140
provision violated, or any rule promulgated by the registrar of	30141

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motor vehicles or the motor vehicle dealers board under sections	30142
4517.01 to 4517.45 of the Revised Code, is guilty of a misdemeanor	30143
of the fourth degree.	30144
(B) Whoever violates sections 4517.43 to 4517.45 of the	30145
Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	30146
(C) Whoever violates section 4517.02 of the Revised Code is	30147
guilty of a minor misdemeanor on a first offense and shall be	30148
subject to a mandatory fine of one hundred dollars; on each	30149
subsequent offense such person is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	30150
first degree and shall be subject to a mandatory fine of one	30151
thousand dollars.	30152
(D) Whoever violates section 4517.19 of the Revised Code is	30153
guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree on a first offense;	30154
on each subsequent offense the person is guilty of a misdemeanor	30155
of the first degree.	30156
Sec. 4519.02. (A) Except as provided in divisions (B), (C),	30157
Sec. 4519.02. (A) Except as provided in divisions (B), (C), and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile,	30157 30158
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile,	30158
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle within this state	30158 30159
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle within this state unless the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose	30158 30159 30160
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle within this state unless the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is registered and numbered in accordance with sections	30158 30159 30160 30161
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle within this state unless the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is registered and numbered in accordance with sections 4519.03 and 4519.04 of the Revised Code.	30158 30159 30160 30161 30162
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle within this state unless the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is registered and numbered in accordance with sections 4519.03 and 4519.04 of the Revised Code. (B) No registration is required for a snowmobile, off-highway	30158 30159 30160 30161 30162 30163
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle within this state unless the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is registered and numbered in accordance with sections 4519.03 and 4519.04 of the Revised Code. (B) No registration is required for a snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle that is operated exclusively	30158 30159 30160 30161 30162 30163 30164
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle within this state unless the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is registered and numbered in accordance with sections 4519.03 and 4519.04 of the Revised Code. (B) No registration is required for a snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle that is operated exclusively upon lands owned by the owner of the snowmobile, off-highway	30158 30159 30160 30161 30162 30163 30164 30165
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle within this state unless the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is registered and numbered in accordance with sections 4519.03 and 4519.04 of the Revised Code. (B) No registration is required for a snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle that is operated exclusively upon lands owned by the owner of the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle, or on lands to which the owner	30158 30159 30160 30161 30162 30163 30164 30165 30166
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle within this state unless the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is registered and numbered in accordance with sections 4519.03 and 4519.04 of the Revised Code. (B) No registration is required for a snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle that is operated exclusively upon lands owned by the owner of the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle, or on lands to which the owner has a contractual right.	30158 30159 30160 30161 30162 30163 30164 30165 30166 30167
and (D) of this section, no person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle within this state unless the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is registered and numbered in accordance with sections 4519.03 and 4519.04 of the Revised Code. (B) No registration is required for a snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle that is operated exclusively upon lands owned by the owner of the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle, or on lands to which the owner has a contractual right. (C) No registration is required for a snowmobile, off-highway	30158 30159 30160 30161 30162 30163 30164 30165 30166 30167

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off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is properly	30172
registered thereunder. Any snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or	30173
all purpose vehicle owned and used in this state by a resident of	30174
another state not having such a registration requirement shall	30175
comply with section 4519.09 of the Revised Code.	30176
(D) No registration is required for a snowmobile, off-highway	30177
motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle owned and used in this state by	30178
the United States, another state, or a political subdivision	30179
thereof, but the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or	30180
all-purpose vehicle shall display the name of the owner thereon.	30181
	30182
(E) The owner or operator of any all-purpose vehicle operated	30183
or used upon the waters in this state shall comply with Chapters	30184
1547. and 1548. of the Revised Code relative to the operation of	30185
watercraft.	30186
(F) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	30187
(F) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than	
	30187
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than	30187 30188
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted	30187 30188 30189
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of this	30187 30188 30189 30190
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars.	30187 30188 30189 30190 30191 30192
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars. Sec. 4519.05. (A) Whenever a registered snowmobile,	30187 30188 30189 30190 30191 30192
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars. Sec. 4519.05. (A) Whenever a registered snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is destroyed or	30187 30188 30189 30190 30191 30192
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars. Sec. 4519.05. (A) Whenever a registered snowmobile,	30187 30188 30189 30190 30191 30192
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars. Sec. 4519.05. (A) Whenever a registered snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is destroyed or	30187 30188 30189 30190 30191 30192 30193 30194
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a violation of division (A) of this section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars. Sec. 4519.05. (A) Whenever a registered snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is destroyed or similarly disposed of, the owner shall surrender the certificate	30187 30188 30189 30190 30191 30192 30193 30194 30195
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars. Sec. 4519.05. (A) Whenever a registered snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is destroyed or similarly disposed of, the owner shall surrender the certificate of registration to the registrar of motor vehicles or a deputy	30187 30188 30189 30190 30191 30192 30193 30194 30195 30196
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars. Sec. 4519.05. (A) Whenever a registered snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is destroyed or similarly disposed of, the owner shall surrender the certificate of registration to the registrar of motor vehicles or a deputy registrar within fifteen days following the destruction or	30187 30188 30189 30190 30191 30192 30193 30194 30195 30196 30197
violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a violation of division (A) of this section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars. Sec. 4519.05. (A) Whenever a registered snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is destroyed or similarly disposed of, the owner shall surrender the certificate of registration to the registrar of motor vehicles or a deputy registrar within fifteen days following the destruction or disposal. The registrar thereupon shall cancel the certificate and	30187 30188 30189 30190 30191 30192 30193 30194 30195 30196 30197 30198

owner also shall surrender the certificate of title to the clerk

of the court of common pleas who issued it and the clerk, with the	30203
consent of any lienholders noted thereon, shall enter a	30204
cancellation upon the clerk's records and shall notify the	30205
registrar of the cancellation. Upon the cancellation of a	30206
certificate of title in the manner prescribed by this division,	30207
the clerk and the registrar may cancel and destroy all	30208
certificates of title and memorandum certificates of title in that	30209
chain of title.	30210

- (B) Subject to division (B) of section 4519.03 of the Revised 30211 Code, whenever the ownership of a registered snowmobile, 30212 off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is transferred by 30213 sale or otherwise, the new owner, within fifteen days following 30214 the transfer, shall make application to the registrar or a deputy 30215 registrar for the transfer of the certificate of registration. 30216 Upon receipt of the application and a fee of one dollar, the 30217 registrar shall transfer the certificate to the new owner and 30218 shall enter the new owner's name and address in the registrar's 30219 records. 30220
- (C) Whenever the owner of a registered snowmobile, 30221 off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle changes address, 30222 the owner shall surrender the certificate of registration to the 30223 registrar or a deputy registrar within fifteen days following the 30224 address change. Upon receipt of the certificate, the registrar 30225 shall enter the new address thereon and shall make the appropriate 30226 change in the registrar's records. In a case where the owner's 30227 change of address involves a move outside of the state, the 30228 registrar shall cancel the certificate of registration for that 30229 30230 snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle.
- (D) Whenever a certificate of registration for a snowmobile, 30231 off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle is lost, mutilated, 30232 or destroyed, the owner may obtain a duplicate certificate, which 30233 shall be identified as such, upon application and the payment of a 30234

Notwithstanding section 4517.01 of the Revised Code, a dealer 30261 licensed to sell motor vehicles also may be registered as a dealer 30262 in snowmobiles, off-highway motorcycles, or all-purpose vehicles 30263 under this section, and may display, sell, or rent such vehicles 30264 at the dealer's established place of business. 30265

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	30266
violates this section shall be fined not more than fifty dollars.	30267
If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	30268
to a violation of this section, whoever violates this section	30269
shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than two hundred	30270
dollars.	30271
Sec. 4519.20. (A) The director of public safety, pursuant to	30272
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt rules for the	30273
equipment of snowmobiles, off-highway motorcycles, and all-purpose	30274
vehicles. The rules may be revised from time to time as the	30275
director considers necessary, and shall include, but not	30276
necessarily be limited to, requirements for the following items of	30277
equipment:	30278
(1) At least one headlight having a minimum candlepower of	30279
sufficient intensity to reveal persons and objects at a distance	30280
of at least one hundred feet ahead under normal atmospheric	30281
conditions during hours of darkness;	30282
(2) At least one red tail light having a minimum candlepower	30283
of sufficient intensity to be plainly visible from a distance of	30284
five hundred feet to the rear under normal atmospheric conditions	30285
during hours of darkness;	30286
(3) Adequate brakes. Every snowmobile, while traveling on	30287
packed snow, shall be capable of carrying a driver who weighs one	30288
hundred seventy-five pounds or more, and, while carrying such	30289
driver, be capable of stopping in not more than forty feet from an	30290
initial steady speed of twenty miles per hour, or locking its	30291
traction belt.	30292
(4) A muffler system capable of precluding the emission of	30293
excessive smoke or exhaust fumes, and of limiting the engine noise	30294

of vehicles. On snowmobiles manufactured after January 1, 1973,

	30324
imprisoned not more than three days, or both.	30323
be fined not less than fifteen nor more than one hundred dollars,	30322
a violation of this section, whoever violates this section shall	30321
If the offender within the preceding year previously has committed	30320
violates this section shall be fined not more than fifty dollars.	30319
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	30318
effective date of the rule.	30317
public safety under section 4519.20 of the Revised Code, after the	30316
that fails to comply with any rule adopted by the director of	30315
any new snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle	30314
for sale, lease, rent, or otherwise furnish for hire in this state	30313
Sec. 4519.22. (A) No person shall have for sale, sell, offer	30312
Gar. 4510 00 (A) Na managa abali basa fan mala mali affan	20210
imprisoned not more than three days, or both.	30311
fined not less than fifteen nor more than one hundred dollars,	30310
section, whoever violates division (B) of this section shall be	30309
previously has committed a violation of division (B) of this	30308
fifty dollars. If the offender within the preceding year	30307
violates division (B) of this section shall be fined not more than	30306
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	30305
vehicles operated during the daylight hours.	30304
required on snowmobiles, off-highway motorcycles, or all-purpose	30303
specified in divisions $(A)(1)$ and (2) of this section shall not be	30302
(A)(1), (2) , (3) , or (4) of this section, except that equipment	30301
motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle in violation of division	30300
(B) No person shall operate any snowmobile, off-highway	30299
fifty feet as measured according to SAE J192 (September 1970).	30298
noise does not exceed eighty-two decibels on the "A" scale at	30297
such requirement shall include sound dampening equipment such that	30296
and demonstrate about the line and demonstrate and the bat	20206

and 4549. of the Revised Code shall be applied to the operation of

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snowmobiles, off-highway motorcycles, and all-purpose vehicles,	30326
except that no snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose	30327
vehicle shall be operated as follows:	30328
$\frac{(A)(1)}{(1)}$ On any limited access highway or freeway or the	30329
right-of-way thereof, except for emergency travel only during such	30330
time and in such manner as the director of public safety shall	30331
designate;	30332
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ On any private property, or in any nursery or planting	30333
area, without the permission of the owner or other person having	30334
the right to possession of the property;	30335
$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ On any land or waters controlled by the state, except	30336
at those locations where a sign has been posted permitting such	30337
operation;	30338
$\frac{(D)(4)}{(D)}$ On the tracks or right-of-way of any operating	30339
railroad;	30340
$\frac{(E)}{(5)}$ While transporting any firearm, bow, or other	30341
implement for hunting, that is not unloaded and securely encased;	30342
$\frac{(F)(6)}{(6)}$ For the purpose of chasing, pursuing, capturing, or	30343
killing any animal or wildfowl;	30344
$\frac{(G)}{(7)}$ During the time from sunset to sunrise, unless	30345
displaying lighted lights as required by section 4519.20 of the	30346
Revised Code.	30347
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not less	30348
than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, imprisoned not less	30349
than three nor more than thirty days, or both.	30350
G 4F10 41 G	20251
Sec. 4519.41. Snowmobiles, off-highway motorcycles, and	30351
all-purpose vehicles may be operated as follows:	30352
(A) To make a crossing of a highway, other than a highway as	30353
designated in division (A) $\underline{(1)}$ of section 4519.40 of the Revised	30354

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Code, whenever the crossing can be made in safety and will not	30355
interfere with the movement of vehicular traffic approaching from	30356
any direction on the highway, and provided that the operator	30357
yields the right-of-way to any approaching traffic that presents	30358
an immediate hazard;	30359
(B) On highways in the county or township road systems	30360
whenever the local authority having jurisdiction over such	30361
highways so permits;	30362
(C) Off and alongside a street or highway for limited	30363
distances from the point of unloading from a conveyance to the	30364
point at which the snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or	30365
all-purpose vehicle is intended and authorized to be operated;	30366
(D) On the berm or shoulder of a highway, other than a	30367
highway as designated in division (A) (1) of section 4519.40 of the	30368
Revised Code, when the terrain permits such operation to be	30369
undertaken safely and without the necessity of entering any	30370
traffic lane;	30371
(E) On the berm or shoulder of a county or township road,	30372
while traveling from one area of operation of the snowmobile,	30373
off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle to another such	30374
area.	30375
Got AF10 AA (A) No record who does not held a realid	20276
Sec. 4519.44. (A) No person who does not hold a valid,	30376
current motor vehicle driver's or commercial driver's license,	30377
motorcycle operator's endorsement, or probationary license, issued	30378
under Chapter 4506. or 4507. of the Revised Code, shall operate a	30379
snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle on any	30380
street or highway in this state, on any portion of the right-of-way thereof, or on any public land or waters.	30381 30382
(B) No person who is less than sixteen years of age shall	30383
operate a snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose	30384

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vehicle on any land or waters other than private property or	30385
waters owned by or leased to the person's parent or guardian,	30386
unless accompanied by another person who is eighteen years of age,	30387
or older, and who holds a license as provided in division (A) of	30388
this section, except that the department of natural resources may	30389
permit such operation on state controlled land under its	30390
jurisdiction when such person is less than sixteen years of age,	30391
but is twelve years of age or older and is accompanied by a parent	30392
or guardian who is a licensed driver eighteen years of age or	30393
older.	30394
(C) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not less	30395
than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, imprisoned not less	30396
than three nor more than thirty days, or both.	30397
Sec. 4519.45. (A) Any dealer who rents, leases, or otherwise	30398
furnishes a snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose	30399
vehicle for hire shall maintain the vehicle in safe operating	30400
condition. No dealer, or agent or employee of a dealer, shall	30401
rent, lease, or otherwise furnish a snowmobile, off-highway	30402
motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle for hire to any person who does	30403
not hold a license as required by division (A) of section 4519.44	30404
of the Revised Code, or to any person whom the dealer or an agent	30405
or employee of the dealer has reasonable cause to believe is	30406
incompetent to operate the vehicle in a safe and lawful manner.	30407
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not less	30408
than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars.	30409
Sec. 4519.52. (A) Except as provided in sections 4519.521 and	30410
4519.54 of the Revised Code, no dealer engaged in the business of	30411

selling new or used off-highway motorcycles or all-purpose

off-highway motorcycle or all-purpose vehicle without obtaining a

vehicles shall sell or otherwise transfer a new or used

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certificate of title to the new or used motorcycle or vehicle, in	30415
accordance with this chapter, and delivering the certificate of	30416
title or memorandum certificate of title to the purchaser or	30417
transferee.	30418
(B)(1) A person who is not a dealer engaged in the business	30419
of selling new or used off-highway motorcycles or all-purpose	30420
vehicles and who owns an off-highway motorcycle or all-purpose	30421
vehicle may choose to obtain a certificate of title to the	30422
motorcycle or vehicle. The person shall comply with this chapter	30423
in order to obtain the certificate of title.	30424
(2) If a person who is not a dealer engaged in the business	30425
of selling new or used off-highway motorcycles or all-purpose	30426
vehicles and who owns an off-highway motorcycle or all-purpose	30427
vehicle obtains a certificate of title to the motorcycle or	30428
vehicle, that person, except as otherwise provided in section	30429
4519.521 of the Revised Code, shall not sell or otherwise transfer	30430
the motorcycle or vehicle without delivering to the purchaser or	30431
transferee a certificate of title with an assignment on it as is	30432
necessary to show title in the purchaser or transferee, and no	30433
person shall subsequently purchase or otherwise acquire the	30434
motorcycle or vehicle without obtaining a certificate of title to	30435
the motorcycle or vehicle in the person's own name.	30436
	30437
(C) Whoever violates this section shall be fined fifty	30438
dollars.	30439
Sec. 4519.66. (A) No person shall do any of the following:	30440
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ Operate in this state an off-highway motorcycle or	30441
all-purpose vehicle without having a certificate of title for the	30442
off-highway motorcycle or all-purpose vehicle, if such a	30443
certificate is required by this chapter to be issued for the	30444

off-highway motorcycle or all-purpose vehicle, or, if a physical

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certificate of title has not been issued for it, operate an	30446
off-highway motorcycle or all-purpose vehicle knowing that the	30447
ownership information relating to the motorcycle or vehicle has	30448
not been entered into the automated title processing system by a	30449
clerk of a court of common pleas;	30450
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ Operate in this state an off-highway motorcycle or	30451
all-purpose vehicle if a certificate of title to the off-highway	30452
motorcycle or all-purpose vehicle has been issued and then has	30453
been canceled;	30454
$\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ Fail to surrender any certificate of title upon	30455
cancellation of it by the registrar of motor vehicles and notice	30456
of the cancellation as prescribed in this chapter;	30457
$\frac{(D)}{(4)}$ Fail to surrender the certificate of title to a clerk	30458
of a court of common pleas as provided in this chapter, in case of	30459
the destruction or dismantling of, or change in, the off-highway	30460
motorcycle or all-purpose vehicle described in the certificate of	30461
title;	30462
$\frac{(E)}{(5)}$ Violate any provision of sections 4519.51 to 4519.70	30463
of the Revised Code for which no penalty is otherwise provided or	30464
any lawful rules adopted pursuant to those sections;	30465
$\frac{(F)(6)}{(6)}$ Operate in this state an off-highway motorcycle or	30466
all-purpose vehicle knowing that the certificate of title to or	30467
ownership of the motorcycle or vehicle as otherwise reflected in	30468
the automated title processing system has been canceled.	30469
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	30470
than two hundred dollars, imprisoned not more than ninety days, or	30471
both.	30472
Sec. 4519.67. (A) No person shall do any of the following:	30473
$\frac{(A)(1)}{(A)}$ Procure or attempt to procure a certificate of title	30474
to an off-highway motorcycle or all-purpose vehicle, or pass or	30475
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attempt to pass a certificate of title or any assignment of a	30476
certificate of title to an off-highway motorcycle or all-purpose	30477
vehicle, or in any other manner gain or attempt to gain ownership	30478
to an off-highway motorcycle or all-purpose vehicle, knowing or	30479
having reason to believe that the off-highway motorcycle or	30480
all-purpose vehicle has been stolen;	30481
$\frac{(B)}{(2)}$ Sell or offer for sale in this state an off-highway	30482
motorcycle or all-purpose vehicle on which the manufacturer's or	30483
assigned vehicle identification number has been destroyed,	30484
removed, covered, altered, or defaced with knowledge of the	30485
destruction, removal, covering, alteration, or defacement of the	30486
manufacturer's or assigned vehicle identification number;	30487
$\frac{(C)(3)}{(3)}$ Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, sell or	30488
transfer an off-highway motorcycle or all-purpose vehicle without	30489
delivering to the purchaser or transferee of it a certificate of	30490
title, or a manufacturer's or importer's certificate to it,	30491
assigned to the purchaser as provided for in this chapter.	30492
	30493
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	30494
than five thousand dollars, imprisoned in the county jail or	30495
workhouse not less than six months nor more than one year or in	30496
the penitentiary not less than one year nor more than five years,	30497
or both.	30498
Sec. 4549.01. (A) No person while operating a motor vehicle	30499
shall fail to slow down and stop said the vehicle when signalled	30500
to do so upon meeting or overtaking a horse-drawn vehicle or	30501
person on horseback and to remain stationary until such the	30502

shall fail to slow down and stop said the vehicle when signalled 30500 to do so upon meeting or overtaking a horse-drawn vehicle or 30501 person on horseback and to remain stationary until such the 30502 vehicle or person has passed, provided such the signal to stop is 30503 given in good faith, under circumstances of necessity, and only as 30504 often and for such that length of time as is required for such the 30505 vehicle or person to pass, whether it is approaching from the 30506

If such the accident or collision is with an unoccupied or

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or collision until a police officer arrives, unless removed from

the scene by an emergency vehicle operated by a political

subdivision or an ambulance.

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unattended motor vehicle, the operator so colliding who collides
with $\frac{1}{2}$ motor vehicle shall securely attach the information
required to be given in this section, in writing, to a conspicuous
place in or on said the unoccupied or unattended motor vehicle.

(B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is quilty 30542 of failure to stop after an accident, a misdemeanor of the first 30543 degree. If the violation results in serious physical harm or death 30544 to a person, failure to stop after an accident is a felony of the 30545 fifth degree. The court, in addition to any other penalties 30546 provided by law, shall impose upon the offender a class five 30547 suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's 30548 license, temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or 30549 nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in 30550 division (A)(5) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. No judge 30551 shall suspend the first six months of suspension of an offender's 30552 license, permit, or privilege required by this division. 30553

Sec. 4549.021. (A) In case of accident or collision resulting 30555 in injury or damage to persons or property upon any public or 30556 private property other than public roads or highways, due to the 30557 driving or operation thereon of any motor vehicle, the person ${\color{red} \mathbf{so}}$ 30558 driving or operating such the motor vehicle, having knowledge of 30559 such the accident or collision, shall stop, and, upon request of 30560 the person injured or damaged, or any other person, shall give 30561 such that person his the driver's or operator's name and address, 30562 and, if he the driver or operator is not the owner, the name and 30563 address of the owner of such that motor vehicle, together with the 30564 registered number of such that motor vehicle, and, if available, 30565 exhibit his the driver's or operator's driver's or commercial 30566 driver's license. 30567

If the owner or person in charge of such the damaged property

is not furnished such information, the driver of the motor vehicle	30569
involved in the accident or collision shall, within twenty-four	30570
hours after such the accident or collision, shall forward to the	30571
police department of the city or village in which such the	30572
accident or collision occurred or if it occurred outside the	30573
corporate limits of a city or village to the sheriff of the county	30574
in which such the accident or collision occurred the same	30575
information required to be given to the owner or person in control	30576
of such the damaged property and give the date, time, and location	30577
of the accident or collision.	30578

If the accident or collision is with an unoccupied or 30579 unattended motor vehicle, the operator so colliding who collides 30580 with such the motor vehicle shall securely attach the information 30581 required to be given in this section, in writing, to a conspicuous 30582 place in or on the unoccupied or unattended motor vehicle. 30583

(B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is quilty 30584 of failure to stop after a nonpublic road accident, a misdemeanor 30585 of the first degree. If the violation results in serious physical 30586 harm or death to a person, failure to stop after a nonpublic road 30587 accident is a felony of the fifth degree. The court, in addition 30588 to any other penalties provided by law, shall impose upon the 30589 offender a class five suspension of the offender's driver's 30590 license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction 30591 permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege 30592 from the range specified in division (A)(5) of section 4510.02 of 30593 the Revised Code. No judge shall suspend the first six months of 30594 suspension of an offender's license, permit, or privilege required 30595 by this division. 30596

sec. 4549.03. (A) The driver of any vehicle involved in an 30597
accident resulting in damage to real property, or personal 30598
property attached to such real property, legally upon or adjacent 30599

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to a public road or highway shall immediately shall stop and take	30600
reasonable steps to locate and notify the owner or person in	30601
charge of such the property of such that fact, of his the driver's	30602
name and his address, and of the registration number of the	30603
vehicle he the driver is driving and shall, upon request and if	30604
available, <u>shall</u> exhibit <u>his</u> <u>the driver's</u> driver's or commercial	30605
driver's license.	30606
If the owner or person in charge of such the property cannot	30607
be located after reasonable search, the driver of the vehicle	30608
involved in the accident resulting in damage to such the property	30609
shall, within twenty-four hours after such the accident, shall	30610
forward to the police department of the city or village in which	30611
such the accident or collision occurred, or if it occurred outside	30612
the corporate limits of a city or village to the sheriff of the	30613
county in which such the accident or collision occurred, the same	30614
information required to be given to the owner or person in control	30615
of such the property and give the location of the accident and a	30616
description of the damage insofar as it is known.	30617
(B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is quilty	30618
of failure to stop after an accident involving the property of	30619
others, a misdemeanor of the first degree.	30620
Sec. 4549.042. (A)(1) No person shall sell or otherwise	30621
dispose of a master key designed to fit more than one motor	30622
vehicle, knowing or having reasonable cause to believe such the	30623
key will be used to commit a crime.	30624
(2) No person shall buy, receive, or have in his the person's	30625
possession a master key designed to fit more than one motor	30626
vehicle, for the purpose of using such the key to commit a crime.	30627
	30628
(B) Whoever violates division (A)(1) or (2) of this section	30629

is guilty of a motor vehicle master key violation, a felony of the

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fifth degree on a first offense and a felony of the fourth degree	30631
on each subsequent offense.	30632
Sec. 4549.08. (A) No person shall operate or drive a motor	30633
vehicle upon the public roads and highways in this state if it	30634
displays a license plate or a distinctive number or identification	30635
mark that meets any of the following criteria:	30636
(A)(1) Is fictitious;	30637
(B)(2) Is a counterfeit or an unlawfully made copy of any	30638
distinctive number or identification mark;	30639
$\frac{(C)(3)}{(3)}$ Belongs to another motor vehicle, provided that this	30640
section does not apply to a motor vehicle that is operated on the	30641
public roads and highways in this state when the motor vehicle	30642
displays license plates that originally were issued for a motor	30643
vehicle that previously was owned by the same person who owns the	30644
motor vehicle that is operated on the public roads and highways in	30645
this state, during the thirty-day period described in division	30646
$\frac{(D)(A)(4)}{(A)(4)}$ of section 4503.12 of the Revised Code.	30647
(B) A person who fails to comply with the transfer of	30648
registration provisions of section 4503.12 of the Revised Code and	30649
is charged with a violation of that section shall not be charged	30650
with a violation of this section.	30651
(C) Whoever violates division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of this	30652
section is guilty of operating a motor vehicle bearing an invalid	30653
license plate or identification mark, a misdemeanor of the fourth	30654
degree on a first offense and a misdemeanor of the third degree on	30655
each subsequent offense.	30656
Sec. 4549.10. (A) No person shall operate or cause to be	30657
operated upon a public road or highway a motor vehicle of a	30658
manufacturer or dealer unless such the vehicle carries and	30659

displays two placards, except as provided in section 4503.21 of

the Revised Code, issued by the director of public safety, bearing	30661
that bear the registration number of its manufacturer or dealer.	30662
(B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty	30663
of illegal operation of a manufacturer's or dealer's motor	30664
vehicle, a minor misdemeanor on a first offense and a misdemeanor	30665
of the fourth degree on each subsequent offense.	30666
Sec. 4549.11. (A) No person shall operate or drive upon the	30667
highways of this state a motor vehicle acquired from a former	30668
owner who has registered the $\frac{1}{2}$ motor $\frac{1}{2}$ while $\frac{1}{2}$ while $\frac{1}{2}$	30669
motor vehicle displays the distinctive number or identification	30670
mark assigned to it upon its original registration.	30671
(B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty	30672
of operation of a motor vehicle bearing license plates or an	30673
identification mark issued to another, a minor misdemeanor on a	30674
first offense and a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on each	30675
subsequent offense.	30676
Sec. 4549.12. (A) No person who is the owner of a motor	30677
Sec. 4549.12. (A) No person who is the owner of a motor vehicle and a resident of this state shall operate or drive such	30677 30678
vehicle and a resident of this state shall operate or drive such	30678
vehicle and a resident of this state shall operate or drive such the motor vehicle upon the highways of this state, while it	30678 30679
vehicle and a resident of this state shall operate or drive such the motor vehicle upon the highways of this state, while it displays a distinctive number or identification mark issued by or	30678 30679 30680
vehicle and a resident of this state shall operate or drive such the motor vehicle upon the highways of this state, while it displays a distinctive number or identification mark issued by or under the authority of another state, without complying with the	30678 30679 30680 30681
vehicle and a resident of this state shall operate or drive such the motor vehicle upon the highways of this state, while it displays a distinctive number or identification mark issued by or under the authority of another state, without complying with the laws of this state relating to the registration and identification	30678 30679 30680 30681 30682
vehicle and a resident of this state shall operate or drive such the motor vehicle upon the highways of this state, while it displays a distinctive number or identification mark issued by or under the authority of another state, without complying with the laws of this state relating to the registration and identification of motor vehicles.	30678 30679 30680 30681 30682 30683
vehicle and a resident of this state shall operate or drive such the motor vehicle upon the highways of this state, while it displays a distinctive number or identification mark issued by or under the authority of another state, without complying with the laws of this state relating to the registration and identification of motor vehicles. (B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty	30678 30679 30680 30681 30682 30683
vehicle and a resident of this state shall operate or drive such the motor vehicle upon the highways of this state, while it displays a distinctive number or identification mark issued by or under the authority of another state, without complying with the laws of this state relating to the registration and identification of motor vehicles. (B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is quilty of illegal operation by a resident of this state of a motor	30678 30679 30680 30681 30682 30683 30684 30685
vehicle and a resident of this state shall operate or drive such the motor vehicle upon the highways of this state, while it displays a distinctive number or identification mark issued by or under the authority of another state, without complying with the laws of this state relating to the registration and identification of motor vehicles. (B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of illegal operation by a resident of this state of a motor vehicle bearing the distinctive number or identification mark	30678 30679 30680 30681 30682 30683 30684 30685 30686

Sec. 4549.18. (A) The operator of a "commercial car $_{\perp}$ " as	30690
defined in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, when $\frac{\text{the}}{\text{the}}$	30691
commercial car is required to be registered under the Revised	30692
Code, shall, when operating $\frac{1}{2}$ the commercial car, trailer, or	30693
semitrailer on the streets, roads, or highways of this state,	30694
display inside or on the vehicle the certificate of registration	30695
for such the commercial car, trailer, or semitrailer provided for	30696
in section 4503.19 of the Revised Code, or shall carry $\frac{\text{such}}{\text{the}}$	30697
certificate on his the operator's person and display such	30698
certificate it upon the demand of any state highway patrol trooper	30699
or other peace officer.	30700
Every person operating a commercial car, trailer, or	30701
semitrailer required to be registered under the Revised Code,	30702
shall permit the inspection of the certificate of registration	30703
upon demand of the superintendent or any member of the state	30704
highway patrol or other peace officer of this state.	30705
(B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty	30706
of a commercial car certificate of registration violation, a minor	30707
misdemeanor.	30708
Sec. 4549.42. (A) No person shall adjust, alter, change,	30709
tamper with, advance, set back, disconnect, or fail to connect, an	30710
odometer of a motor vehicle, or cause any of the foregoing to	30711
occur to an odometer of a motor vehicle with the intent to alter	30712
the number of miles registered on the odometer.	30713
(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply to the	30714
disconnection of an odometer used for registering the mileage of	30715
any new motor vehicle being tested by the manufacturer prior to	30716
delivery to a franchise dealer.	30717
(C) Nothing in this section shall prevent prevents the	30718

service of an odometer, provided that after such the service a

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completed form, captioned "notice of odometer repair", " shall be	30720
attached to the left door frame of the motor vehicle by the person	30721
performing such the repairs. Such The notice shall contain, in	30722
bold-face type, the following information and statements:	30723
"Notice of Odometer Repair	30724
The odometer of this motor vehicle was repaired or replaced	30725
on (date of service).	30726
The mileage registered on the odometer of this motor vehicle	30727
before repair was (mileage).	30728
The mileage registered on the odometer of this motor vehicle	30729
after repair is (mileage).	30730
	30731
(Repairman's <u>Repairer's</u>	30732
signature)"	
(D) No person shall intentionally remove or alter the notice	30733
required by division (C) of this section.	30734
(E) If after the service of an odometer, the odometer can be	30735
set at the same mileage as before <u>such</u> <u>the</u> service, the odometer	30736
shall be adjusted to reflect that mileage registered on the	30737
odometer of the motor vehicle before the service. If the odometer	30738
cannot be set at the same mileage as before such the service, the	30739
odometer of the motor vehicle shall be adjusted to read "zero"."	30740
(F) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	30741
violates this section is quilty of tampering with an odometer, a	30742
felony of the fifth degree. If the offender previously has been	30743
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or	30744
of any provision of sections 4549.43 to 4549.46 of the Revised	30745
Code, tampering with an odometer is a felony of the fourth degree.	30746
Sec. 4549.43. (A) No person, with intent to defraud, shall	30747
advertise for sale, sell, use, or install on any part of any motor	30748
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(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 30755 violates this section is quilty of selling or installing an 30756 odometer tampering device, a felony of the fourth degree. If the 30757 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a 30758 violation of this section, section 4549.42, or any provision of 30759 sections 4549.44 to 4549.46 of the Revised Code, selling or 30760 installing an odometer tampering device is a felony of the third 30761 30762 degree.

sec. 4549.44. (A) No person, with intent to defraud, shall 30763
operate a motor vehicle on any public street, road, or highway of 30764
this state knowing that the odometer of such the vehicle is 30765
disconnected or nonfunctional. 30766

A person's intent to defraud under this section may be

inferred from evidence of the circumstances of the vehicle's

operation, including facts pertaining to the length of time or

number of miles of operation with a nonfunctioning or disconnected

odometer, and the fact that the person subsequently transferred

the vehicle without disclosing the inoperative odometer to the

transferee in violation of section 4549.45 of the Revised Code.

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(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is quilty of fraudulent driving without a 30775 functional odometer, a felony of the fourth degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section, section 4549.42 or 4549.43, or any provision of sections 4549.45 to 4549.46 of the Revised Code, 30779

<u>fraudule</u>	<u>nt driving</u>	without	<u>a functional</u>	odometer	is a	felony	of	30780
the thir	d degree.							30781

Sec. 4549.45. (A) No person shall transfer a motor vehicle if 30782 the person knows or recklessly disregards facts indicating that 30783 the odometer of the motor vehicle has been changed, tampered with, 30784 or disconnected, or has been in any other manner nonfunctional, to 30785 reflect a lesser mileage or use, unless that person gives clear 30786 and unequivocal notice of such the tampering or nonfunction or of 30787 his the person's reasonable belief of tampering or nonfunction, to 30788 the transferee in writing prior to the transfer. In a prosecution 30789 for violation of this section, evidence that a transferor or his 30790 the transferor's agent has changed, tampered with, disconnected, 30791 or failed to connect the odometer of the motor vehicle constitutes 30792 prima-facie evidence of knowledge of the odometer's altered 30793 condition. 30794

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 30795 violates this section is quilty of transferring a motor vehicle 30796 that has a tampered or nonfunctional odometer, a felony of the 30797 fourth degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or 30798 pleaded quilty to a violation of this section, any provision of 30799 sections 4549.42 to 4549.44, or any provision of section 4549.451 30800 or 4549.46 of the Revised Code, transferring a motor vehicle that 30801 has a tampered or nonfunctional odometer is a felony of the third 30802 30803 degree.

Sec. 4549.451. (A) No auctioneer licensed under Chapter 4707. 30804 of the Revised Code shall advertise for sale by means of any 30805 written advertisement, brochure, flyer, or other writing, any 30806 motor vehicle the auctioneer knows or has reason to believe has an 30807 odometer that has been changed, tampered with, or disconnected, or 30808 in any other manner has been nonfunctional, unless the listing or 30809 description of the vehicle contained in the written advertisement, 30810

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brochure, flyer, or other writing contains one of the two	30811
following statements:	30812
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ "This motor vehicle has an odometer that has been	30813
changed, tampered with, or disconnected, or otherwise has been	30814
nonfunctional."	30815
(B)(2) "Nonactual odometer reading: warning - odometer	30816
discrepancy."	30817
(B) The statement selected by the auctioneer shall be printed	30818
in type identical in size to the other type used in the listing or	30819
description, and shall be located within the listing or	30820
description and not located as a footnote to the listing or	30821
description.	30822
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	30823
violates this section is quilty of a felony of the fourth degree.	30824
If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	30825
to a violation of this section, any provision of sections 4549.42	30826
to 4549.45, or section 4549.46 of the Revised Code, whoever	30827
violates this section is guilty of a felony of the third degree.	30828
Sec. 4549.46. (A) No transferor shall fail to provide the	30829
true and complete odometer disclosures required by section 4505.06	30830
of the Revised Code. The transferor of a motor vehicle is not in	30831
violation of this section's provisions division requiring a true	30832
odometer reading if the odometer reading is incorrect due to a	30833
previous owner's violation of any of the provisions contained in	30834
sections 4549.42 to 4549.46 of the Revised Code, unless the	30835
transferor knows of or recklessly disregards facts indicating the	30836
violation.	30837
(B) No dealer or wholesaler who acquires ownership of a motor	30838
vehicle shall accept any written odometer disclosure statement	30839
unless the statement is completed as required by section 4505.06	30840

of	the Revised	Code.		30841
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- (C) A motor vehicle leasing dealer may obtain a written 30842 odometer disclosure statement completed as required by section 30843 4505.06 of the Revised Code from a motor vehicle lessee that can 30844 be used as prima-facie evidence in any legal action arising under 30845 sections 4549.41 to 4549.46 of the Revised Code. 30846
- (D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates division (A) or (B) of this section is guilty of an 30848 odometer disclosure violation, a felony of the fourth degree. If 30849 the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 30850 a violation of this section or any provision of sections 4549.42 30851 to 4549.451 of the Revised Code, a violation of this section is a 30852 felony of the third degree.
- Sec. 4549.52. The prosecuting attorney of the county in which 30854 a violation of any provision of sections 4549.41 to 4549.51 of the 30855 Revised Code occurs, or the attorney general, may bring a criminal 30856 action to enforce the provisions of sections 4549.41 to 4549.51 of 30857 the Revised Code. The attorney general and the prosecuting 30858 attorney of the county in which a person licensed or granted a 30859 permit under Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code is convicted of or 30860 pleads quilty to a violation of any provision of sections 4549.41 30861 to 4549.46 of the Revised Code shall report the conviction or 30862 guilty plea to the registrar of motor vehicles within five 30863 business days of the conviction or plea. 30864
- sec. 4549.62. (A) No person shall, with purpose to conceal or
 destroy the identity of a vehicle or vehicle part, shall remove,
 deface, cover, alter, or destroy any vehicle identification number
 or derivative thereof of a vehicle identification number on a
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 vehicle or vehicle part.
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 - (B) No person shall, with purpose to conceal or destroy the 30870

identity of a vehicle or a vehicle part, <u>shall</u> remove, deface,	30871
cover, alter, or destroy any identifying number that has been	30872
lawfully placed upon a vehicle or vehicle part by an owner of the	30873
vehicle or vehicle part, other than the manufacturer, for the	30874
purpose of deterring its theft and facilitating its recovery if	30875
stolen.	30876

- (C) No person shall, with purpose to conceal or destroy the 30877 identity of a vehicle or vehicle part, shall place a counterfeit 30878 vehicle identification number or derivative thereof of a vehicle 30879 identification number upon the vehicle or vehicle part. 30880
- (D)(1) No person shall buy, offer to buy, sell, offer to 30881 sell, receive, dispose of, conceal, or, except as provided in 30882 division (D)(4) of this section, possess any vehicle or vehicle 30883 part with knowledge that the vehicle identification number or a 30884 derivative thereof of the vehicle identification number has been 30885 removed, defaced, covered, altered, or destroyed in such a manner 30886 that the identity of the vehicle or part cannot be determined by a 30887 visual examination of the number at the site where the 30888 manufacturer placed the number. 30889
- (2)(a) A vehicle or vehicle part from which the vehicle 30890 identification number or a derivative thereof of the vehicle 30891 identification number has been so removed, defaced, covered, 30892 altered, or destroyed shall be seized and forfeited under section 30893 2933.41 of the Revised Code unless division (D)(3) or (4) of this 30894 section applies to the vehicle or part. If a derivative of the 30895 vehicle identification number has been removed, defaced, covered, 30896 altered, or destroyed in such a manner that the identity of the 30897 part cannot be determined, the entire vehicle is subject to 30898 seizure pending a determination of the original identity and 30899 ownership of the vehicle and parts of the vehicle, and the rights 30900 of innocent owners to reclaim the remainder or any part of the 30901 vehicle. 30902

(b) The lawful owners of parts upon a vehicle that has been	30903
seized under this section and that is subject to forfeiture under	30904
section 2933.41 of the Revised Code are entitled to reclaim their	30905
respective parts upon satisfactory proof of all of the following:	30906
(i) That the part is not needed for evidence in pending	30907
proceedings involving the vehicle or part and is not subject to	30908
forfeiture under section 2933.41 of the Revised Code;	30909
(ii) That the original identity and ownership of the part can	30910
be determined and that the claimant is the lawful owner of the	30911
part;	30912
(iii) That no vehicle identification number or derivative of	30913
a vehicle identification number on the part has been destroyed or	30914
concealed in such a manner that the identity of the part cannot be	30915
determined from that number;	30916
(iv) Payment of all costs of removing the part.	30917
(3) Divisions (A), (B), and (D)(1) and (2) of this section do	30918
not apply to the good faith acquisition and disposition of	30919
vehicles and vehicle parts as junk or scrap in the ordinary course	30920
of business by a scrap metal processing facility as defined in	30921
division $\frac{(E)}{(D)}$ of section 4737.05 of the Revised Code or by a	30922
motor vehicle salvage dealer licensed under Chapter 4738. of the	30923
Revised Code. This division $\frac{(D)(3)}{}$ does not create an element of	30924
an offense or an affirmative defense, or affect the burden of	30925
proceeding with the evidence or burden of proof in a criminal	30926
proceeding.	30927
(4)(a) Divisions (D)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply	30928
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to the possession of an owner, or the owner's insurer, who	30929

thereof on the vehicle or part has been removed, defaced, covered,

altered, or destroyed, after the owner acquired such possession,	30933
by another person without the consent of the owner, by accident or	30934
other casualty not due to the owner's purpose to conceal or	30935
destroy the identity of the vehicle or vehicle part, or by	30936
ordinary wear and tear;	30937

- (ii) That the person is the owner of the vehicle as shown on 30938 a valid certificate of title issued by this state or certificate 30939 of title or other lawful evidence of title issued in another 30940 state, in a clear chain of title beginning with the manufacturer; 30941
- (iii) That the original identity of the vehicle can be 30942 established in a manner that excludes any reasonable probability 30943 that the vehicle has been stolen from another person. 30944
- (b) The registrar of motor vehicles shall adopt rules under 30945 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to permit an owner described in 30946 division (D)(4)(a) of this section, upon application and 30947 submission of satisfactory evidence to the registrar of motor 30948 vehicles, to obtain authority to replace the vehicle 30949 identification number under the supervision of a peace officer, 30950 trooper of the state highway patrol, or representative of the 30951 registrar. The rules shall be designed to restore the 30952 identification of the vehicle in a manner that will deter its 30953 theft and facilitate its marketability. Until such rules are 30954 adopted, the registrar shall follow the existing procedure for the 30955 replacement of vehicle identification numbers that have been 30956 established by the registrar, with such modifications as the 30957 registrar determines to be necessary or appropriate for the 30958 administration of the laws he the registrar is required to 30959 administer. 30960

The registrar may issue a temporary permit to an owner of a 30961 motor vehicle who is described in division (D)(4)(a) of this 30962 section to authorize the owner to retain possession of the motor 30963 vehicle and to transfer title to the motor vehicle with the 30964

certificate of approval in each case. The department shall require

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that a complete plan of such airport, landing field, or landing	30994
area be filed with it before granting or issuing such approval;	30995
provided that in no case in which the department licenses or	30996
certifies an airport, landing field, or landing area constructed,	30997
maintained, or supported, in whole or in part, by public funds,	30998
under sections 4561.01 to 4561.151 of the Revised Code, shall the	30999
public be deprived of the use thereof or its facilities for	31000
aviation purposes as fully and equally as all other parties.	31001

In any case in which the department rejects or disapproves an application to operate an airport, landing field, or landing area, or in any case in which the department issues an order requiring certain things to be done before approval, it shall set forth its reasons therefor and shall state the requirements to be met before such approval will be given or such order modified or changed. In any case in which the department considers it necessary, it may order the closing of any airport, landing field, or landing area for commercial purposes until the requirements of the order made by the department are complied with.

Appeal from any action or decision of the department in any 31013 such matter shall be made in accordance with sections 119.01 to 31014 119.13 of the Revised Code. 31015

The department shall require that any person engaged within 31016 this state in operating aircraft, in any form of navigation, shall 31017 be the holder of a currently effective airman's aviator's license 31018 issued by the civil aeronautics administration. 31019

The airman's aviator's license required by this section shall 31020 be kept in the personal possession of the pilot when the pilot is 31021 operating aircraft within this state, and shall be presented for 31022 inspection upon the request of any passenger, any authorized 31023 representative of the department, or any official manager or 31024 person in charge of any airport, landing field, or area in this 31025

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state upon which the pilot lands.	31026
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	31027
than five hundred dollars, imprisoned not more than ninety days,	31028
or both.	31029
Sec. 4561.12. (A) No aircraft shall be operated or maintained	31030
on any public land or water owned or controlled by this state, or	31031
by any political subdivision thereof of this state, except at such	31032
places and under such rules and regulations governing and	31033
controlling the operation and maintenance of aircraft as are	31034
adopted and promulgated by the department of transportation in	31035
accordance with sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code.	31036
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Such action and approval by the department shall not become	31038
effective until it has been approved by the adoption and	31039
promulgation of appropriate rules and regulations governing,	31040
controlling, and approving said places and the method of operation	31041
and maintenance of aircraft, by the department, division,	31042
political subdivision, agent, or agency of this state having	31043
ownership or control of the places on said public land or water	31044
which are affected by such operation or maintenance of aircraft	31045
thereon.	31046
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	31047
than five hundred dollars, imprisoned not more than ninety days,	31048
or both.	31049
Sec. 4561.14. (A) No person shall operate any aircraft in	31050
this state unless such person is the holder of a valid airman's	31051
<u>aviator's</u> license issued by the United States.	31052
No person operating an aircraft within this state shall fail	31053
to exhibit such license for inspection upon the demand of any	31054
passenger on such aircraft, or fail to exhibit same for inspection	31055

upon the demand of any peace officer, member or employee of the	31056
department of transportation, or manager or person in charge of an	31057
airport or landing field within this state, prior to taking off or	31058
upon landing said aircraft.	31059

No person shall operate an aircraft within this state unless 31060 such aircraft is licensed and registered by the United States; 31061 this section is inapplicable to the operation of military aircraft 31062 of the United States, aircraft of a state, territory, or 31063 possession of the United States, or aircraft licensed by a foreign 31064 country with which the United States has a reciprocal agreement 31065 covering the operation of such aircraft.

No person shall operate an aircraft within this state in 31067 violation of any air traffic rules in force under the laws of the 31068 United States or under sections 4561.01 to 4561.14 of the Revised 31069 Code, and the rules and regulations of the department adopted 31070 pursuant thereto.

(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more 31072 than five hundred dollars, imprisoned not more than ninety days, 31073 or both. 31074

Sec. 4561.15. (A) No person shall commit any of the following 31075
acts: 31076

(1) Carry passengers in an aircraft unless the person 31077 piloting the aircraft is a holder of a valid airman's airperson's 31078 certificate of competency in the grade of private pilot or higher 31079 issued by the United States; this division of this section is 31080 inapplicable to the operation of military aircraft of the United 31081 States, aircraft of a state, territory, or possession of the 31082 United States, or aircraft licensed by a foreign country with 31083 which the United States has a reciprocal agreement covering the 31084 operation of such aircraft-; 31085

(2) Operate an aircraft on the land or water or in the air	31086				
space over this state in a careless or reckless manner that					
endangers any person or property, or with willful or wanton	31088				
disregard for the rights or safety of others \div <i>i</i>					
(3) Operate an aircraft on the land or water or in the air	31090				
space over this state while under the influence of intoxicating	31091				
liquor, controlled substances, or other habit-forming drugs- $\underline{:}$	31092				
(4) Tamper with, alter, destroy, remove, carry away, or cause	31093				
to be carried away any object used for the marking of airports,	31094				
landing fields, or other aeronautical facilities in this state, or	31095				
in any way change the position or location of such markings,	31096				
except by the direction of the proper authorities charged with the	31097				
maintenance and operation of such facilities, or illegally possess	31098				
any object used for such markings.	31099				
(B) Jurisdiction over any proceedings charging a violation of	31100				
this section is limited to courts of record.	31101				
(C) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	31102				
than five hundred dollars, imprisoned not more than six months, or	31103				
both.	31104				
Sec. 4561.22. (A) No owner or operator of an aircraft shall	31105				
violate sections 4561.17 to 4561.20 , inclusive, of the Revised	31106				
Code.	31107				
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	31108				
than one hundred dollars, imprisoned not more than thirty days, or	31109				
both.	31110				
God (F61 24 (A) No nongon ghall amanata a matan arabi al-	21111				
Sec. 4561.24. (A) No person shall operate a motor vehicle	31111				
upon any runway of an airport without prior approval of the person	31112 31113				
in charge of the airport when the airport has been certified as a					
commercial airport by the office of aviation.					

Any person lending assistance to the operator or operation of	31115
a vehicle engaged in such activity shall be equally charged as the	31116
participants.	31117
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	31118
violates this section shall be fined not less than one hundred nor	31119
more than five hundred dollars, imprisoned for not more than six	31120
months, or both. If the offender previously has committed a	31121
violation of this section, whoever violates this section shall be	31122
fined not less than two hundred nor more than one thousand	31123
dollars, imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.	31124
(C) As used in this section, "motor vehicle" has the same	31125
meaning as in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code.	31126
(D) Airport vehicles and emergency and maintenance equipment	31127
are exempted from this section.	31128
Sec. 4561.31. (A)(1) Except as provided in divisions (D),	31129
(E), and (F) of this section, no person shall commence to install	31130
any structure or object of natural growth in this state, any part	31131
of which will penetrate or is reasonably expected to penetrate	31132
into or through any airport's clear zone surface, horizontal	31133
surface, conical surface, primary surface, approach surface, or	31134
transitional surface without first obtaining a permit from the	31135
department of transportation under section 4561.34 of the Revised	31136
Code. The replacement of an existing structure or object of	31137
natural growth with, respectively, a structure or object that is	31138
not more than ten feet or twenty per cent higher than the height	31139
of the existing structure or object, whichever is higher, does not	31140
constitute commencing to install a structure or object, except	31141
when any part of the structure or object will penetrate or is	31142
reasonably expected to penetrate into or through any airport's	31143
clear zone surface, horizontal surface, conical surface, primary	31144
surface, approach surface, or transitional surface. Such	31145

replacement of a like structure or object is not exempt from any
other requirements of state or local law.

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- (2) No person shall substantially change, as determined by 31148 the department, the height or location of any structure or object 31149 of natural growth in this state, any part of which, as a result of 31150 such change, will penetrate or is reasonably expected to penetrate 31151 into or through any airport's clear zone surface, horizontal 31152 surface, conical surface, primary surface, approach surface, or 31153 transitional surface, and for which installation had commenced or 31154 which was already installed prior to the effective date of this 31155 section October 15, 1991, without first obtaining a permit from 31156 the department under section 4561.34 of the Revised Code. This 31157 division does not exempt the structure or object from any other 31158 requirements of state or local law. 31159
- (3) No person shall substantially change, as determined by
 the department, the height or location of any structure or object
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 of natural growth for which a permit was issued pursuant to
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 section 4561.34 of the Revised Code, without first obtaining an
 amended permit from the department under that section.
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- (B) No person shall install, operate, or maintain any 31165 structure or object of natural growth for which a permit has been 31166 issued under section 4561.34 of the Revised Code, except in 31167 compliance with the permit's terms and conditions and with any 31168 rules or orders issued under sections 4561.30 to 4561.39 of the 31169 Revised Code.
- (C) The holder of a permit issued under section 4561.34 of 31171 the Revised Code, with the department's approval, may transfer the 31172 permit to another person who agrees to comply with its terms and 31173 conditions.
- (D) Any person who receives a permit to construct, establish, 31175 substantially change, or substantially alter a structure or object 31176

of natural growth from an airport zoning board on or after the	31177	
effective date of this section October 15, 1991, under Chapter	31178	
4563. of the Revised Code is not required to apply for a permit	31179	
from the department under sections 4561.30 to 4561.39 of the	31180	
Revised Code, provided that the airport zoning board has adopted	31181	
airport zoning regulations pursuant to section 4563.032 of the	31182	
Revised Code.	31183	
(E) Any person who receives a certificate from the power	31184	
siting board pursuant to section 4906.03 or 4906.10 of the Revised	31185	
Code on or after the effective date of this section October 15,	31186	
1991, is not required to apply for a permit from the department	31187	
under sections 4561.30 to 4561.39 of the Revised Code.	31188	
(F) Any person who, in accordance with 14 C.F.R. 77.11 to	31189	
77.19, notified the federal aviation administration prior to June	31190	
1, 1991, that he the person proposes to construct, establish,	31191	
substantially change, or substantially alter a structure or object	31192	
of natural growth is not required to apply for a permit from the	31193	
department under sections 4561.30 to 4561.39 of the Revised Code	31194	
in connection with the construction, establishment, substantial	31195	
change, or substantial alteration of the structure or object of	31196	
natural growth either as originally proposed to the federal	31197	
aviation administration or as altered as the person or the federal	31198	
aviation administration considers necessary, provided that the	31199	
federal aviation administration, pursuant to 14 C.F.R. Part 77,	31200	
does not determine that the proposed construction, establishment,	31201	
substantial change, or substantial alteration of the structure or	31202	
object of natural growth would be a hazard to air navigation.	31203	
(G)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(1) or (2) of this	31204	
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. Each day		
of violation constitutes a separate offense.	31206	
(2) Whoever violates division (A)(3) or (B) of this section	31207	

is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. Each day of

violation constitutes a separate offense.	31209				
Sec. 4561.99. (A) Whoever violates any provision of sections	31210				
4561.01 4561.021 to 4561.14 4561.13 of the Revised Code for which					
no penalty otherwise is provided in the section that contains the					
provision violated shall be fined not more than five hundred	31213				
dollars, imprisoned not more than ninety days, or both.	31214				
(B) Whoever violates section 4561.15 of the Revised Code	31215				
shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, imprisoned not	31216				
more than six months, or both.	31217				
(C) Whoever violates section 4561.22 of the Revised Code	31218				
shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars, imprisoned not	31219				
more than thirty days, or both.	31220				
(D) Whoever violates section 4561.24 of the Revised Code	31221				
shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more than five	31222				
hundred dollars, imprisoned for not more than six months, or both,	31223				
for a first offense and shall be fined not less than two hundred	31224				
nor more than one thousand dollars, imprisoned for not more than	31225				
one year, or both, for each subsequent offense.	31226				
(E) Whoever violates division (A)(1) or (2) of section	31227				
4561.31 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	31228				
third degree. Each day of violation constitutes a separate	31229				
offense.	31230				
(F) Whoever violates division (A)(3) or (B) of section	31231				
4561.31 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	31232				
first degree. Each day of violation constitutes a separate	31233				
offense.	31234				
Sec. 4563.09. No airport zoning regulations adopted under	31235				
sections 4563.01 to 4563.21, inclusive, and section 4563.99 of the	31236				
Revised Code, shall require the removal, lowering, or other change	31237				
or alteration of any structure or object of natural growth not	31238				

conforming to the regulations when adopted or amended, or	31239
otherwise interfere with the continuance of any nonconforming use,	31240
except as provided in section 4563.14 of the Revised Code.	31241
Sec. 4563.10. Nothing in sections 4563.01 to 4563.21_{7}	31242
inclusive, of the Revised Code, shall confer any power on any	31243
political subdivision or airport zoning board to prohibit the use	31244
of any land for farming, dairying, pasturage, apiculture,	31245
horticulture, floriculture, viticulture, or animal and poultry	31246
husbandry, except where such use shall create an airport hazard.	31247
The provisions of sections 4563.01 to 4563.21, inclusive, and	31248
section 4563.99 of the Revised Code shall not apply in respect to	31249
the location, relocation, erection, construction, reconstruction,	31250
change, alteration, maintenance, removal, use, or enlargement of	31251
any buildings or structures, now existing or constructed in the	31252
future, of any public utility or railroad.	31253
Sec. 4563.20. (A) No person shall violate any regulation,	31254
order, or ruling promulgated or made pursuant to sections 4563.01	31255
to 4563.21 , inclusive, of the Revised Code.	31256
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	31257
than one hundred dollars. Each day's willful continuation of the	31258
violation is a separate offense.	31259
Sec. 4582.06. (A) A port authority created in accordance with	31260
section 4582.02 of the Revised Code may:	31261
(A)(1) Acquire, construct, furnish, equip, maintain, repair,	31262
sell, exchange, lease to or from, lease with an option to	31263
purchase, convey other interests in, or operate real or personal	31264
property, or any combination thereof, related to, useful for, or	31265
in furtherance of any authorized purpose, and make charges for the	31266
use of any port authority facility, which shall be not less than	31267

the charges established for the same services furnished by a

public utility	or common	carrier	in	the	jurisdiction	of	the	31269
particular por	t authorit	y;						31270

(B)(2) Straighten, deepen, and improve any canal, channel, 31271 river, stream, or other water course or way that may be necessary 31272 or proper in the development of the facilities of the port 31273 authority; 31274

 $\frac{(C)}{(3)}$ Issue bonds or notes for the acquisition, 31275 construction, furnishing, or equipping of any real or personal 31276 property, or any combination thereof, related to, useful for, or 31277 in furtherance of any authorized purpose, in compliance with 31278 Chapter 133. of the Revised Code, except that the bonds or notes 31279 only may be issued pursuant to a vote of the electors residing 31280 within the territory of the port authority. The net indebtedness 31281 incurred by a port authority shall never exceed two per cent of 31282 the total value of all property within the territory comprising 31283 the authority as listed and assessed for taxation. 31284

(D)(4) By resolution of its board of directors, issue revenue 31285 bonds beyond the limit of bonded indebtedness provided by law, for 31286 the acquisition, construction, furnishing, or equipping of any 31287 real or personal property, or any combination thereof, related to, 31288 useful for, or in furtherance of any authorized purpose, including 31289 all costs in connection with or incidental thereto. 31290

The revenue bonds of the port authority shall be secured only 31292 by a pledge of and a lien on the revenues of the port authority 31293 derived from those loan payments, rentals, fees, charges, or other 31294 revenues that are designated in the resolution, including, but not 31295 limited to, any property to be acquired, constructed, furnished, 31296 or equipped with the proceeds of the bond issue, after provision 31297 only for the reasonable cost of operating, maintaining, and 31298 repairing the property of the port authority so designated. The 31299 bonds may further be secured by the covenant of the port authority 31300

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to maintain rates or charges that will produce revenues sufficient 31301 to meet the costs of operating, maintaining, and repairing such 31302 property and to meet the interest and principal requirements of 31303 the bonds and to establish and maintain reserves for the foregoing 31304 purposes. The board of directors, by resolution, may provide for 31305 the issuance of additional revenue bonds from time to time, to be 31306 secured equally and ratably, without preference, priority, or 31307 distinction, with outstanding revenue bonds, but subject to the 31308 terms and limitations of any trust agreement described in this 31309 section, and of any resolution authorizing bonds then outstanding. 31310 The board of directors, by resolution, may designate additional 31311 property of the port authority, the revenues of which shall be 31312 pledged and be subject to a lien for the payment of the debt 31313 charges on revenue bonds theretofore authorized by resolution of 31314 the board of directors, to the same extent as the revenues above 31315 described. 31316

In the discretion of the board of directors, the revenue 31317 bonds of the port authority may be secured by a trust agreement 31318 between the board of directors on behalf of the port authority and 31319 a corporate trustee, that may be any trust company or bank having 31320 powers of a trust company, within or without the state. 31321

The trust agreement may provide for the pledge or assignment 31322 of the revenues to be received, but shall not pledge the general 31323 credit and taxing power of the port authority. A trust agreement 31324 securing revenue bonds issued to acquire, construct, furnish, or 31325 equip real property, plants, factories, offices, and other 31326 structures and facilities for authorized purposes consistent with 31327 Section 13 or 16 of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, may mortgage 31328 the real or personal property, or a combination thereof, to be 31329 acquired, constructed, furnished, or equipped from the proceeds of 31330 such revenue bonds, as further security for the bonds. The trust 31331 agreement or the resolution providing for the issuance of revenue 31332

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bonds may set forth the rights and remedies of the bondholders and 31333 trustee, and may contain other provisions for protecting and 31334 enforcing their rights and remedies that are determined in the 31335 discretion of the board of directors to be reasonable and proper. 31336 The agreement or resolution may provide for the custody, 31337 investment, and disbursement of all moneys derived from the sale 31338 of such bonds, or from the revenues of the port authority, other 31339 than those moneys received from taxes levied pursuant to section 31340 4582.14 of the Revised Code, and may provide for the deposit of 31341 such funds without regard to section 4582.15 of the Revised Code. 31342

All bonds issued under authority of this chapter, regardless 31343 of form or terms and regardless of any other law to the contrary, 31344 shall have all qualities and incidents of negotiable instruments, 31345 subject to provisions for registration, and may be issued in 31346 coupon, fully registered, or other form, or any combination 31347 thereof, as the board of directors determines. Provision may be 31348 made for the registration of any coupon bonds as to principal 31349 alone or as to both principal and interest, and for the conversion 31350 into coupon bonds of any fully registered bonds or bonds 31351 registered as to both principal and interest. 31352

The revenue bonds shall bear interest at such rate or rates, 31353 shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature within forty years 31354 following the date of issuance and in such amount, at such time or 31355 times, and in such number of installments, as may be provided in 31356 or pursuant to the resolution authorizing their issuance. Any 31357 original issue of revenue bonds shall mature not later than forty 31358 years from their date of issue. Such resolution also shall provide 31359 for the execution of the bonds, which may be by facsimile 31360 signatures unless prohibited by the resolution, and the manner of 31361 sale of the bonds. The resolution shall provide for, or provide 31362 for the determination of, any other terms and conditions relative 31363 to the issuance, sale, and retirement of the bonds that the board 31364

of directors in its discretion determines to be reasonable and	31365
proper.	31366
Whenever a port authority considers it expedient, it may	31367
issue renewal notes and refund any bonds, whether the bonds to be	31368
refunded have or have not matured. The final maturity of any	31369
notes, including any renewal notes, shall not be later than five	31370
years from the date of issue of the original issue of notes. The	31371
final maturity of any refunding bonds shall not be later than the	31372
later of forty years from the date of issue of the original issue	31373
of bonds or the date by which it is expected, at the time of	31374
issuance of the refunding bonds, that the useful life of all of	31375
the property, other than interests in land, refinanced with	31376
proceeds of the bonds will have expired. The refunding bonds shall	31377
be sold and the proceeds applied to the purchase, redemption, or	31378
payment of the bonds to be refunded and the costs of issuance of	31379
the refunding bonds. The bonds and notes issued under this	31380
chapter, their transfer, and the income therefrom, shall at all	31381
times be free from taxation within the state.	31382
$\frac{(E)}{(5)}$ Do any of the following, in regard to any interests in	31383
any real or personal property, or any combination thereof,	31384
including, without limitation, machinery, equipment, plants,	31385
factories, offices, and other structures and facilities related	31386
to, useful for, or in furtherance of any authorized purpose, for	31387
such consideration and in such manner, consistent with Article	31388
VIII, Ohio Constitution, as the board in its sole discretion may	31389
determine:	31390
$\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ Loan moneys to any person for the acquisition,	31391
construction, furnishing, and equipping of the property;	31392
$\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ Acquire, construct, maintain, repair, furnish, and	31393
equip the property;	31394
$\frac{(3)}{(c)}$ Sell to, exchange with, lease, convey other interests	31395

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in, or lease with an option to purchase the same or any lesser	31396
interest in the property to the same or any other person or	31397
governmental entity;	31398
$\frac{(4)}{(d)}$ Guarantee the obligations of any person or	31399
governmental entity.	31400
A port authority may accept and hold as consideration for the	31401
conveyance of property or any interest therein such property or	31402
interests therein as the board in its discretion may determine,	31403
notwithstanding any restrictions that apply to the investment of	31404
funds by a port authority.	31405
(F)(6) Construct, maintain, repair, furnish, equip, sell,	31406
exchange, lease, or lease with an option to purchase, any property	31407
that it is authorized to acquire. A port authority that is subject	31408
to this section also may operate any property in connection with	31409
transportation, recreational, governmental operations, or cultural	31410
activities.	31411
$\frac{(1)(a)}{(a)}$ Any purchase, exchange, sale, lease, lease with an	31412
option to purchase, conveyance of other interests in, or other	31413
contract with a person or governmental entity that pertains to the	31414
acquisition, construction, maintenance, repair, furnishing,	31415
equipping, or operation of any real or personal property, or any	31416
combination thereof, related to, useful for, or in furtherance of	31417
an activity contemplated by Section 13 or 16 of Article VIII, Ohio	31418
Constitution, shall be made in such manner and subject to such	31419
terms and conditions as may be determined by the board of	31420
directors in its discretion.	31421
directors in its discretion. $ \frac{(2)(b)}{(b)} \text{ Division } \frac{(F)(1)(A)(6)(a)}{(a)} \text{ of this section applies to} $	31421 31422
$\frac{(2)(b)}{(b)}$ Division $\frac{(F)(1)(A)(6)(a)}{(a)}$ of this section applies to	31422
$\frac{(2)(b)}{(b)}$ Division $\frac{(F)(1)(A)(6)(a)}{(b)(a)}$ of this section applies to all contracts that are subject to the division, notwithstanding	31422 31423

provision of security.	31427
$\frac{(3)(c)}{(b)}$ Divisions $\frac{(F)(1)(A)(6)(a)}{(b)}$ and $\frac{(2)(b)}{(b)}$ of this section	31428
do not apply to either of the following:	31429
(a)(i) Any contract secured by or to be paid from moneys	31430
raised by taxation or the proceeds of obligations secured by a	31431
pledge of moneys raised by taxation;	31432
(b)(ii) Any contract secured exclusively by or to be paid	31433
exclusively from the general revenues of the port authority. For	31434
the purposes of this section, any revenues derived by the port	31435
authority under a lease or other agreement that, by its terms,	31436
contemplates the use of amounts payable under the agreement either	31437
to pay the costs of the improvement that is the subject of the	31438
contract or to secure obligations of the port authority issued to	31439
finance costs of such improvement, are excluded from general	31440
revenues.	31441
$\frac{(G)}{(7)}$ Apply to the proper authorities of the United States	31442
	31442 31443
$\frac{(G)}{(7)}$ Apply to the proper authorities of the United States	
$\frac{(G)}{(7)}$ Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate,	31443
$\frac{(G)}{(7)}$ Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones and to establish, operate, and	31443 31444
(G)(7) Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones and to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones; and to acquire land or property	31443 31444 31445
(G)(7) Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones and to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones; and to acquire land or property therefor, in a manner consistent with section 4582.17 of the	31443 31444 31445 31446
(G)(7) Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones and to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones; and to acquire land or property therefor, in a manner consistent with section 4582.17 of the Revised Code;	31443 31444 31445 31446 31447
(G)(7) Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones and to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones; and to acquire land or property therefor, in a manner consistent with section 4582.17 of the Revised Code; (H)(8) Exercise the right of eminent domain to appropriate	31443 31444 31445 31446 31447 31448
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(G)(7) Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones and to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones; and to acquire land or property therefor, in a manner consistent with section 4582.17 of the Revised Code; (H)(8) Exercise the right of eminent domain to appropriate any land, rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements, or other property, necessary or proper for any authorized purpose, pursuant	31443 31444 31445 31446 31447 31448 31449 31450
(G)(7) Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones and to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones; and to acquire land or property therefor, in a manner consistent with section 4582.17 of the Revised Code; (H)(8) Exercise the right of eminent domain to appropriate any land, rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements, or other property, necessary or proper for any authorized purpose, pursuant to the procedure provided in sections 163.01 to 163.22 of the	31443 31444 31445 31446 31447 31448 31449 31450 31451
(G)(7) Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones and to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones; and to acquire land or property therefor, in a manner consistent with section 4582.17 of the Revised Code; (H)(8) Exercise the right of eminent domain to appropriate any land, rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements, or other property, necessary or proper for any authorized purpose, pursuant to the procedure provided in sections 163.01 to 163.22 of the Revised Code, if funds equal to the appraised value of the	31443 31444 31445 31446 31447 31448 31449 31450 31451 31452
(G)(7) Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones and to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones; and to acquire land or property therefor, in a manner consistent with section 4582.17 of the Revised Code; (H)(8) Exercise the right of eminent domain to appropriate any land, rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements, or other property, necessary or proper for any authorized purpose, pursuant to the procedure provided in sections 163.01 to 163.22 of the Revised Code, if funds equal to the appraised value of the property to be acquired as a result of such proceedings are	31443 31444 31445 31446 31447 31448 31449 31450 31451 31452 31453
(G)(7) Apply to the proper authorities of the United States pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones and to establish, operate, and maintain foreign trade zones; and to acquire land or property therefor, in a manner consistent with section 4582.17 of the Revised Code; (H)(8) Exercise the right of eminent domain to appropriate any land, rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements, or other property, necessary or proper for any authorized purpose, pursuant to the procedure provided in sections 163.01 to 163.22 of the Revised Code, if funds equal to the appraised value of the property to be acquired as a result of such proceedings are available for that purpose, except that nothing contained in	31443 31444 31445 31446 31447 31448 31449 31450 31451 31452 31453 31454

utility, or common carrier, which property or facilities are	31458
necessary and convenient in the operation of the agency or	31459
political subdivision, public utility, or common carrier, unless	31460
provision is made for the restoration, relocation, or duplication	31461
of the property or facilities, or upon the election of the agency	31462
or political subdivision, public utility, or common carrier, for	31463
the payment of compensation, if any, at the sole cost of the port	31464
authority, provided that:	31465
$\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ If any restoration or duplication proposed to be made	31466
pursuant to this section involves a relocation of such property or	31467
facilities, the new facilities and location shall be of at least	31468
comparable utilitarian value and effectiveness, and the relocation	31469
shall not impair the ability of the public utility or common	31470
carrier to compete in its original area of operation.	31471
$\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ If any restoration or duplication made pursuant to	31472
this section involves a relocation of such property or facilities,	31473
the port authority shall acquire no interest or right in or to the	31474
appropriated property or facilities, except as provided in	31475
division $\frac{(K)(A)(11)}{(A)(11)}$ of this section, until the relocated property	31476
or facilities are available for use and until marketable title	31477
thereto has been transferred to the public utility or common	31478
carrier.	31479
$\frac{(3)}{(c)}$ Provisions for restoration or duplication shall be	31480
described in detail in the resolution for appropriation passed by	31481
the port authority.	31482
$\frac{(1)}{(9)}$ Enjoy and possess the same rights, privileges, and	31483
powers granted municipal corporations under sections 721.04 to	31484
721.11 of the Revised Code;	31485
$\frac{(J)}{(10)}$ Maintain such funds as it considers necessary;	31486
$\frac{(K)}{(11)}$ Direct its agents or employees, when properly	31487
identified in writing, and after at least five days' written	31488

To reperiou by the reduce criminal educates committee	
notice, to enter upon lands within the confines of its	31489
jurisdiction in order to make surveys and examinations preliminary	31490
to location and construction of works for the purposes of the port	31491
authority, without liability of the port authority or its agents	31492
or employees except for actual damage done;	31493
$\frac{(L)}{(12)}$ Sell, lease, or convey other interests in real and	31494
personal property and grant easements or rights-of-way over	31495
property of the port authority. The board of directors shall	31496
specify the consideration and any terms thereof for the sale,	31497
lease, or conveyance of other interests in real and personal	31498
property. Any determinations made by the board of directors under	31499
this division shall be conclusive. The sale, lease, or conveyance	31500
may be made without advertising and the receipt of bids.	31501
$\frac{(M)}{(13)}$ Promote, advertise, and publicize the port authority	31502
facilities and its authorized purposes, provide information to	31503
persons with an interest in transportation and other port	31504
authority activities, and appear before rate-making authorities to	31505
represent and promote the interests of the port authority and its	31506
authorized purposes;	31507
$\frac{(N)(14)}{(14)}$ Adopt rules, not in conflict with general law,	31508
governing the use of and the safeguarding of its property,	31509
grounds, buildings, equipment, and facilities, safeguarding	31510
persons and their property located on or in port authority	31511
property, and governing the conduct of its employees and the	31512
public, in order to promote the public safety and convenience in	31513
and about its terminals and grounds, and to maintain order. Any	31514
such regulation shall be posted at no less than five public places	31515
in the port authority, as determined by the board of directors,	31516
for a period of not fewer than fifteen days, and shall be	31517
available for public inspection at the principal office of the	31518
port authority during regular business hours. No person shall	31519

violate any lawful regulation adopted and posted as provided in

this division.	31521
$\frac{(0)}{(15)}$ Do all acts necessary or appropriate to carry out its	31522
authorized purposes. The port authority shall have the powers and	31523
rights granted to other subdivisions under section 9.20 of the	31524
Revised Code.	31525
(B) Any instrument by which real property is acquired	31526
pursuant to this section shall identify the agency of the state	31527
that has the use and benefit of the real property as specified in	31528
section 5301.012 of the Revised Code.	31529
(C) Whoever violates division (A)(14) of this section is	31530
guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	31531
Sec. 4582.31. (A) A port authority created in accordance with	31532
section 4582.22 of the Revised Code may:	31533
section 4302.22 of the Revised Code may.	31333
$\frac{A}{A}$ (1) Adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the	31534
conduct of its business;	31535
(B)(2) Adopt an official seal;	31536
$\frac{(C)(3)}{(C)}$ Maintain a principal office within its jurisdiction,	31537
and maintain such branch offices as it may require;	31538
$\frac{(D)(4)}{(D)}$ Acquire, construct, furnish, equip, maintain, repair,	31539
sell, exchange, lease to or from, or lease with an option to	31540
purchase, convey other interests in real or personal property, or	31541
any combination thereof, related to, useful for, or in furtherance	31542
of any authorized purpose and operate any property in connection	31543
with transportation, recreational, governmental operations, or	31544
cultural activities;	31545
$\frac{(E)(5)}{(5)}$ Straighten, deepen, and improve any channel, river,	31546
stream, or other water course or way which may be necessary or	31547
proper in the development of the facilities of a port authority;	31548
$\frac{(F)}{(6)}$ Make available the use or services of any port	31549

authority facility to one or more persons, one or more	31550
governmental agencies, or any combination thereof;	31551
$\frac{(G)}{(7)}$ Issue bonds or notes for the acquisition,	31552
construction, furnishing, or equipping of any port authority	31553
facility or other permanent improvement that a port authority is	31554
authorized to acquire, construct, furnish, or equip, in compliance	31555
with Chapter 133. of the Revised Code, except that such bonds or	31556
notes may only be issued pursuant to a vote of the electors	31557
residing within the area of jurisdiction of the port authority.	31558
The net indebtedness incurred by a port authority shall never	31559
exceed two per cent of the total value of all property within the	31560
territory comprising the port authority as listed and assessed for	31561
taxation.	31562
$\frac{(H)(8)}{(8)}$ Issue port authority revenue bonds beyond the limit of	31563
bonded indebtedness provided by law, payable solely from revenues	31564
as provided in section 4582.48 of the Revised Code, for the	31565
purpose of providing funds to pay the costs of any port authority	31566
facility or facilities or parts thereof;	31567
$\frac{(1)}{(9)}$ Apply to the proper authorities of the United States	31568
pursuant to appropriate law for the right to establish, operate,	31569
and maintain foreign trade zones and establish, operate, and	31570
maintain foreign trade zones and to acquire, exchange, sell, lease	31571
to or from, lease with an option to purchase, or operate	31572
facilities, land, or property therefor in accordance with the	31573
"Foreign Trade Zones Act," 48 Stat. 998 (1934), 19 U.S.C. 81a to	31574
81u;	31575
$\frac{(J)}{(10)}$ Enjoy and possess the same rights, privileges, and	31576
powers granted municipal corporations under sections 721.04 to	31577
721.11 of the Revised Code;	31578
$\frac{(K)}{(11)}$ Maintain such funds as it considers necessary;	31579
$\frac{(L)}{(12)}$ Direct its agents or employees, when properly	31580

property;

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identified in writing, and after at least five days' written	31581
notice, to enter upon lands within the confines of its	31582
jurisdiction in order to make surveys and examinations preliminary	31583
to location and construction of works for the purposes of the port	31584
authority, without liability of the port authority or its agents	31585
or employees except for actual damage done;	31586
$\frac{(M)}{(13)}$ Promote, advertise, and publicize the port authority	31587
and its facilities; provide information to shippers and other	31588
commercial interests; and appear before rate-making authorities to	31589
represent and promote the interests of the port authority;	31590
$\frac{(N)}{(14)}$ Adopt rules, not in conflict with general law, it	31591
finds necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and	31592
the execution of its powers under sections 4582.21 to 4582.54 of	31593
the Revised Code. Any such rule shall be posted at no less than	31594
five public places in the port authority, as determined by the	31595
board of directors, for a period of not fewer than fifteen days,	31596
and shall be available for public inspection at the principal	31597
office of the port authority during regular business hours. No	31598
person shall violate any lawful rule adopted and posted as	31599
provided in this division.	31600
$\frac{(0)}{(15)}$ Do any of the following, in regard to any interests	31601
in any real or personal property, or any combination thereof,	31602
including, without limitation, machinery, equipment, plants,	31603
factories, offices, and other structures and facilities related	31604
to, useful for, or in furtherance of any authorized purpose, for	31605
such consideration and in such manner, consistent with Article	31606
VIII of the Ohio Constitution, as the board in its sole discretion	31607
may determine:	31608
(1)(a) Loan moneys to any person or governmental entity for	31609
the acquisition, construction, furnishing, and equipping of the	31610
	21611

$\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ Acquire, construct, maintain, repair, furnish, and	31612
equip the property;	31613
$\frac{(3)(c)}{(c)}$ Sell to, exchange with, lease, convey other interests	31614
in, or lease with an option to purchase the same or any lesser	31615
interest in the property to the same or any other person or	31616
governmental entity;	31617
$\frac{(4)}{(d)}$ Guarantee the obligations of any person or	31618
governmental entity.	31619
A port authority may accept and hold as consideration for the	31620
conveyance of property or any interest therein such property or	31621
interests therein as the board in its discretion may determine,	31622
notwithstanding any restrictions that apply to the investment of	31623
funds by a port authority.	31624
	21605
(P)(16) Sell, lease, or convey other interests in real and	31625
personal property, and grant easements or rights-of-way over	31626
property of the port authority. The board of directors shall	31627
specify the consideration and any terms for the sale, lease, or	31628
conveyance of other interests in real and personal property. Any	31629 31630
determination made by the board under this division shall be	
conclusive. The sale, lease, or conveyance may be made without advertising and the receipt of bids.	31631 31632
advertising and the receipt of bids.	31032
$\frac{(Q)}{(17)}$ Exercise the right of eminent domain to appropriate	31633
any land, rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements, or other	31634
property, necessary or proper for any authorized purpose, pursuant	31635
to the procedure provided in sections 163.01 to 163.22 of the	31636
Revised Code, if funds equal to the appraised value of the	31637
property to be acquired as a result of such proceedings are	31638
available for that purpose. However, nothing contained in sections	31639
4582.201 to 4582.59 of the Revised Code shall authorize a port	31640
authority to take or disturb property or facilities belonging to	31641
any agency or political subdivision of this state, public utility,	31642

As reported by the riouse orinimal sustice committee	
or common carrier, which property or facilities are necessary and	31643
convenient in the operation of the agency or political	31644
subdivision, public utility, or common carrier, unless provision	31645
is made for the restoration, relocation, or duplication of such	31646
property or facilities, or upon the election of the agency or	31647
political subdivision, public utility, or common carrier, for the	31648
payment of compensation, if any, at the sole cost of the port	31649
authority, provided that:	31650
$\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ If any restoration or duplication proposed to be made	31651
under this section involves a relocation of the property or	31652
facilities, the new facilities and location shall be of at least	31653
comparable utilitarian value and effectiveness and shall not	31654
impair the ability of the public utility or common carrier to	31655
compete in its original area of operation;	31656
$\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ If any restoration or duplication made under this	31657
section involves a relocation of the property or facilities, the	31658
port authority shall acquire no interest or right in or to the	31659
appropriated property or facilities, except as provided in	31660
division (0) of this section, until the relocated property or	31661
facilities are available for use and until marketable title	31662
thereto has been transferred to the public utility or common	31663
carrier.	31664
$\frac{(R)(1)(18)(a)}{(18)(a)}$ Make and enter into all contracts and	31665
agreements and execute all instruments necessary or incidental to	31666
the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers	31667
under sections 4582.21 to 4582.59 of the Revised Code.	31668
$\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ Except as provided in division $\frac{(R)(3)}{(A)(18)(c)}$ of	31669
this section, when the cost of a contract for the construction of	31670
any building, structure, or other improvement undertaken by a port	31671
authority involves an expenditure exceeding twenty-five thousand	31672
dollars, and the port authority is the contracting entity, the	31673

port authority shall make a written contract after notice calling 31674

for bids for the award of the contract has been given by	31675
publication twice, with at least seven days between publications,	31676
in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the port	31677
authority. Each such contract shall be let to the lowest	31678
responsive and responsible bidder in accordance with section 9.312	31679
of the Revised Code. Every contract shall be accompanied by or	31680
shall refer to plans and specifications for the work to be done,	31681
prepared for and approved by the port authority, signed by an	31682
authorized officer of the port authority and by the contractor,	31683
and shall be executed in triplicate.	31684
Each bid shall be awarded in accordance with sections 153.54,	31685
153.57, and 153.571 of the Revised Code. The port authority may	31686
reject any and all bids.	31687
$\frac{(3)(c)}{(3)}$ The board of directors by rule may provide criteria	31688
for the negotiation and award without competitive bidding of any	31689
contract as to which the port authority is the contracting entity	31690
for the construction of any building or structure or other	31691
improvement under any of the following circumstances:	31692
$\frac{(a)(i)}{(a)}$ There exists a real and present emergency that	31693
threatens damage or injury to persons or property of the port	31694
authority or other persons, provided that a statement specifying	31695
the nature of the emergency that is the basis for the negotiation	31696
and award of a contract without competitive bidding shall be	31697
signed by the officer of the port authority that executes that	31698
contract at the time of the contract's execution and shall be	31699
attached to the contract.	31700
(b)(ii) A commonly recognized industry or other standard or	31701
specification does not exist and cannot objectively be articulated	31702
for the improvement.	31703

(c)(iii) The contract is for any energy conservation measure 31704

as defined in section 307.041 of the Revised Code.

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$\frac{(d)(iv)}{(iv)}$ With respect to material to be incorporated into the	31706
improvement, only a single source or supplier exists for the	31707
material.	31708
$\frac{(e)}{(v)}$ A single bid is received by the port authority after	31709
complying with the provisions of division $\frac{(R)(2)(A)(18)(b)}{(A)(18)(b)}$ of this	31710
section.	31711
$\frac{(4)(a)(d)(i)}{(d)(i)}$ If a contract is to be negotiated and awarded	31712
without competitive bidding for the reason set forth in division	31713
$\frac{(R)(3)(b)(A)(18)(c)(ii)}{(B)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(b)}$ of this section, the port authority shall	31714
publish a notice calling for technical proposals at least twice,	31715
with at least seven days between publications, in a newspaper of	31716
general circulation in the area of the port authority. After	31717
receipt of the technical proposals, the port authority may	31718
negotiate with and award a contract for the improvement to the	31719
proposer making the proposal considered to be the most	31720
advantageous to the port authority.	31721
(b)(ii) If a contract is to be negotiated and awarded without	31722
competitive bidding for the reason set forth in division	31723
$\frac{(R)(3)(d)(A)(18)(c)(iv)}{(R)(3)(d)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(b)}$ of this section, any construction	31724
activities related to the incorporation of the material into the	31725
improvement also may be provided without competitive bidding by	31726
the source or supplier of that material.	31727
(5)(a)(e)(i) Any purchase, exchange, sale, lease, lease with	31728
an option to purchase, conveyance of other interests in, or other	31729
contract with a person or governmental entity that pertains to the	31730
acquisition, construction, maintenance, repair, furnishing,	31731
equipping, or operation of any real or personal property, or any	31732
combination thereof, related to, useful for, or in furtherance of	31733
an activity contemplated by Section 13 or 16 of Article VIII, Ohio	31734
an activity contemplated by Section 13 or 16 of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, shall be made in such manner and subject to such	

As Reported by the House Orinimal Justice Committee	
directors in its discretion.	31737
$\frac{(b)(ii)}{(ii)}$ Division $\frac{(R)(5)(a)}{(A)(18)(e)(i)}$ of this section	31738
applies to all contracts that are subject to the division,	31739
notwithstanding any other provision of law that might otherwise	31740
apply, including, without limitation, any requirement of notice,	31741
any requirement of competitive bidding or selection, or any	31742
requirement for the provision of security.	31743
$\frac{(c)}{(iii)}$ Divisions $\frac{(R)}{(5)}\frac{(A)}{(A)}\frac{(18)}{(e)}\frac{(ii)}{(ii)}$ of this	31744
section do not apply to either of the following \div	31745
(i) Any: any contract secured by or to be paid from moneys	31746
raised by taxation or the proceeds of obligations secured by a	31747
pledge of moneys raised by taxation-	31748
(ii) Any; or any contract secured exclusively by or to be	31749
paid exclusively from the general revenues of the port authority.	31750
For the purposes of this section, any revenues derived by the port	31751
authority under a lease or other agreement that, by its terms,	31752
contemplates the use of amounts payable under the agreement either	31753
to pay the costs of the improvement that is the subject of the	31754
contract or to secure obligations of the port authority issued to	31755
finance costs of such improvement, are excluded from general	31756
revenues.	31757
(S)(19) Employ managers, superintendents, and other employees	31758
and retain or contract with consulting engineers, financial	31759
consultants, accounting experts, architects, attorneys, and any	31760
other consultants and independent contractors as are necessary in	31761
its judgment to carry out this chapter, and fix the compensation	31762
thereof. All expenses thereof shall be payable from any available	31763
funds of the port authority or from funds appropriated for that	31764
purpose by a political subdivision creating or participating in	31765
the creation of the port authority.	31766

(T)(20) Receive and accept from any state or federal agency 31767

grants and loans for or in aid of the construction of any port	31768
authority facility or for research and development with respect to	31769
port authority facilities, and receive and accept aid or	31770
contributions from any source of money, property, labor, or other	31771
things of value, to be held, used, and applied only for the	31772
purposes for which the grants and contributions are made;	31773
$\frac{(U)(21)}{(21)}$ Engage in research and development with respect to	31774
port authority facilities;	31775
$\frac{(V)(22)}{(22)}$ Purchase fire and extended coverage and liability	31776
insurance for any port authority facility and for the principal	31777
office and branch offices of the port authority, insurance	31778
protecting the port authority and its officers and employees	31779
against liability for damage to property or injury to or death of	31780
persons arising from its operations, and any other insurance the	31781
port authority may agree to provide under any resolution	31782
authorizing its port authority revenue bonds or in any trust	31783
agreement securing the same;	31784
$\frac{(W)(23)}{(23)}$ Charge, alter, and collect rentals and other charges	31785
for the use or services of any port authority facility as provided	31786
in section 4582.43 of the Revised Code;	31787
$\frac{(X)(24)}{(24)}$ Provide coverage for its employees under Chapters	31788
145., 4123., and 4141. of the Revised Code;	31789
$\frac{(Y)(25)}{(25)}$ Do all acts necessary or proper to carry out the	31790
powers expressly granted in sections 4582.21 to 4582.59 of the	31791
Revised Code.	31792
(B) Any instrument by which real property is acquired	31793
pursuant to this section shall identify the agency of the state	31794
that has the use and benefit of the real property as specified in	31795
section 5301.012 of the Revised Code.	31796
(C) Whoever violates division (A)(14) of this section is	31797
guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	31798

Sec. 4582.59. Sections 4582.22 to 4582.99 4582.59 of the	31799
Revised Code and division (C) of section 4582.06 of the Revised	31800
<u>Code</u> being necessary for the welfare of the state and its	31801
inhabitants shall be liberally construed to effect the purposes	31802
thereof.	31803
Sec. 4583.01. (A) No person shall keep a ferry across a	31804
stream running through or bounding on a county in this state,	31805
without having obtained a license therefor from the court of	31806
common pleas of such county.	31807
(B) Whoever violates this section shall be fined not more	31808
than thirty dollars.	31809
Sec. 5120.032. (A) No later than January 1, 1998, the	31810
department of rehabilitation and correction shall develop and	31811
implement intensive program prisons for male and female prisoners	31812
other than prisoners described in division (B)(2) of this section.	31813
The intensive program prisons shall include institutions at which	31814
imprisonment of the type described in division (B)(2)(a) of	31815
section 5120.031 of the Revised Code is provided and prisons that	31816
focus on educational achievement, vocational training, alcohol and	31817
other drug abuse treatment, community service and conservation	31818
work, and other intensive regimens or combinations of intensive	31819
regimens.	31820
(B)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(2) of this	31821
section, if an offender is sentenced to a term of imprisonment	31822
under the custody of the department, if the sentencing court	31823
either recommends the prisoner for placement in the intensive	31824
program prison under this section or makes no recommendation on	31825
placement of the prisoner, and if the department determines that	31826
the prisoner is eligible for placement in an intensive program	31827

prison under this section, the department may place the prisoner

31860

in an intensive program prison established pursuant to division	31829
(A) of this section. If the sentencing court disapproves placement	31830
of the prisoner in an intensive program prison, the department	31831
shall not place the prisoner in any intensive program prison.	31832

If the sentencing court recommends a prisoner for placement 31833 in an intensive program prison and if the department subsequently 31834 places the prisoner in the recommended prison, the department 31835 shall notify the court of the prisoner's placement in the 31836 recommended intensive program prison and shall include with the 31837 notice a brief description of the placement. 31838

If the sentencing court recommends placement of a prisoner in 31839 an intensive program prison and the department for any reason does 31840 not subsequently place the prisoner in the recommended prison, the 31841 department shall send a notice to the court indicating why the 31842 prisoner was not placed in the recommended prison. 31843

If the sentencing court does not make a recommendation on the 31844 placement of a prisoner in an intensive program prison and if the 31845 department determines that the prisoner is eligible for placement 31846 in a prison of that nature, the department shall screen the 31847 prisoner and determine if the prisoner is suited for the prison. 31848 If the prisoner is suited for the intensive program prison, at 31849 least three weeks prior to placing the prisoner in the prison, the 31850 department shall notify the sentencing court of the proposed 31851 31852 placement of the prisoner in the intensive program prison and shall include with the notice a brief description of the 31853 placement. The court shall have ten days from receipt of the 31854 notice to disapprove the placement. If the sentencing court 31855 31856 disapproves the placement, the department shall not proceed with it. If the sentencing court does not timely disapprove of the 31857 placement, the department may proceed with plans for it. 31858

If the department determines that a prisoner is not eligible for placement in an intensive program prison, the department shall

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not place the prisoner in any intensive program prison. 31861	not	place	the	prisoner	in	any	intensive	program	prison.	31861
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- (b) The department may reduce the stated prison term of a 31862 prisoner upon the prisoner's successful completion of a ninety-day 31863 period in an intensive program prison. A prisoner whose term has 31864 been so reduced shall be required to serve an intermediate, 31865 transitional type of detention followed by a release under 31866 post-release control sanctions or, in the alternative, shall be 31867 placed under post-release control sanctions, as described in 31868 division (B)(2)(b)(ii) of section 5120.031 of the Revised Code. In 31869 either case, the placement under post-release control sanctions 31870 shall be under terms set by the parole board in accordance with 31871 section 2967.28 of the Revised Code and shall be subject to the 31872 provisions of that section and section 2929.141 of the Revised 31873 Code with respect to a violation of any post-release control 31874 sanction. 31875
- (2) A prisoner who is in any of the following categories is 31876 not eligible to participate in an intensive program prison 31877 established pursuant to division (A) of this section: 31878
- (a) The prisoner is serving a prison term for aggravated 31879 murder, murder, or a felony of the first or second degree or a 31880 comparable offense under the law in effect prior to July 1, 1996, 31881 or the prisoner previously has been imprisoned for aggravated 31882 murder, murder, or a felony of the first or second degree or a 31883 comparable offense under the law in effect prior to July 1, 1996. 31884
- (b) The prisoner is serving a mandatory prison term, as 31885 defined in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code. 31886
- (c) The prisoner is serving a prison term for a felony of the 31887 third, fourth, or fifth degree that either is a sex offense, an 31888 offense betraying public trust, or an offense in which the 31889 prisoner caused or attempted to cause actual physical harm to a 31890 person, the prisoner is serving a prison term for a comparable 31891

offense under the law in effect prior to July 1, 1996, or the	31892
prisoner previously has been imprisoned for an offense of that	31893
type or a comparable offense under the law in effect prior to July	31894
1, 1996.	31895

- (d) The prisoner is serving a mandatory prison term in prison 31896 for a third or fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense, as defined 31897 in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code, that was imposed pursuant 31898 to division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. 31899
- (C) Upon the implementation of intensive program prisons 31901 pursuant to division (A) of this section, the department at all 31902 times shall maintain intensive program prisons sufficient in 31903 number to reduce the prison terms of at least three hundred fifty 31904 prisoners who are eligible for reduction of their stated prison 31905 terms as a result of their completion of a regimen in an intensive 31906 program prison under this section.
- Sec. 5120.033. (A) As used in this section, "third degree 31908 felony OWI OVI offense" and "fourth degree felony OWI OVI 31909 offense" have the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the 31910 Revised Code.
- (B) Within eighteen months after October 17, 1996, the 31912 department of rehabilitation and correction shall develop and 31913 implement intensive program prisons for male and female prisoners 31914 who are sentenced pursuant to division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 31915 of the Revised Code to a mandatory prison term for a third or 31916 fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense. The department shall 31917 contract pursuant to section 9.06 of the Revised Code for the 31918 private operation and management of the initial intensive program 31919 prison established under this section and may contract pursuant to 31920 that section for the private operation and management of any other 31921 intensive program prison established under this section. The 31922

intensive program prisons established under this section shall
include prisons that focus on educational achievement, vocational
training, alcohol and other drug abuse treatment, community
31925
service and conservation work, and other intensive regimens or
combinations of intensive regimens.
31927

(C) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, the 31928 department may place a prisoner who is sentenced to a mandatory 31929 prison term for a third or fourth degree felony ONY OVI offense 31930 in an intensive program prison established pursuant to division 31931 (B) of this section if the sentencing judge, upon notification by 31932 the department of its intent to place the prisoner in an intensive 31933 program prison, does not notify the department that the judge 31934 disapproves the placement. If the stated prison term imposed on a 31935 prisoner who is so placed is longer than the mandatory prison term 31936 that is required to be imposed on the prisoner, the department may 31937 reduce the stated prison term upon the prisoner's successful 31938 completion of the prisoner's mandatory prison term in an intensive 31939 program prison. A prisoner whose term has been so reduced shall be 31940 required to serve an intermediate, transitional type of detention 31941 followed by a release under post-release control sanctions or, in 31942 the alternative, shall be placed under post-release control 31943 sanctions, as described in division (B)(2)(b)(ii) of section 31944 5120.031 of the Revised Code. In either case, the placement under 31945 post-release control sanctions shall be under terms set by the 31946 parole board in accordance with section 2967.28 of the Revised 31947 Code and shall be subject to the provisions of that section and 31948 section 2929.141 of the Revised Code with respect to a violation 31949 of any post-release control sanction. Upon the establishment of 31950 the initial intensive program prison pursuant to division (B) of 31951 this section that is privately operated and managed by a 31952 contractor pursuant to a contract entered into under section 9.06 31953 of the Revised Code, the department shall comply with divisions 31954 (G)(2)(a) and (b) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code in 31955

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31986

placing prisoners in intensive program prisons under this section.	31956
	31957
(D) A prisoner who is sentenced to a mandatory prison term	31958
for a third or fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense is not	31959
eligible to participate in an intensive program prison established	31960
under division (B) of this section if any of the following applies	31961
regarding the prisoner:	31962
(1) In addition to the mandatory prison term for the third or	31963
fourth degree felony OWVI OVI offense, the prisoner also is	31964
serving a prison term of a type described in division (B)(2)(a),	31965
(b), or (c) of section 5120.032 of the Revised Code.	31966
(2) The prisoner previously has been imprisoned for an	31967
offense of a type described in division (B)(2)(a) or (c) of	31968
section 5120.032 of the Revised Code or a comparable offense under	31969
the law in effect prior to July 1, 1996.	31970
(E) Intensive program prisons established under division (B)	31971
of this section are not subject to section 5120.032 of the Revised	31972
Code.	31973
Sec. 5120.161. (A) Except as provided in division (C) of this	31974
section, the department of rehabilitation and correction may enter	31975
into an agreement with any local authority operating a county,	31976
multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal	31977
jail or workhouse, as described in section 307.93, 341.21, or	31978
753.16 of the Revised Code, for the housing in the jail or	31979
workhouse operated by the local authority of persons who are	31980
convicted of or plead guilty to a felony of the fourth or fifth	31981
degree if the person previously has not been convicted of or	31982
pleaded guilty to a felony and if the felony is not an offense of	31983
violence. The agreement shall specify a per diem fee that the	31984
department shall pay the local authority for each such person	
department shari pay the rocar authority for each such person	31985

housed in the jail or workhouse pursuant to the agreement, shall

set forth any other terms and conditions for the housing of such	31987
persons in the jail or workhouse, and shall indicate that the	31988
department, subject to the relevant terms and conditions set	31989
forth, may designate those persons to be housed at the jail or	31990
workhouse.	31991

- (B) A person designated by the department to be housed in a 31992 county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 31993 multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse that is the subject of an 31994 agreement entered into under division (A) of this section shall be 31995 conveyed by the department to that jail or workhouse and shall be 31996 kept at the jail or workhouse until the person's term of 31997 imprisonment expires, the person is pardoned, paroled, or placed 31998 under a post-release control sanction, or the person is 31999 transferred under the laws permitting the transfer of prisoners. 32000 The department shall pay the local authority that operates the 32001 jail or workhouse the per diem fee specified in the agreement for 32002 each such person housed in the jail or workhouse. Each such person 32003 housed in the jail or workhouse shall be under the direct 32004 supervision and control of the keeper, superintendent, or other 32005 person in charge of the jail or workhouse, but shall be considered 32006 for all other purposes to be within the custody of the department 32007 of rehabilitation and correction. Section 2967.193 of the Revised 32008 Code and all other provisions of the Revised Code that pertain to 32009 persons within the custody of the department that would not by 32010 their nature clearly be inapplicable apply to persons housed 32011 pursuant to this section. 32012
- (C) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall not 32013 enter into an agreement pursuant to division (A) of this section 32014 with any local authority unless the jail or workhouse operated by 32015 the authority complies with the Minimum Standards for Jails in 32016 Ohio. 32017
 - (D) A court that sentences a person for a felony may include

as the sentence or part of the sentence, in accordance with	32019
division (A) of section 2929.16 of the Revised Code and regardless	32020
of whether the jail or workhouse is the subject of an agreement	32021
entered into under division (A) of this section, a sanction that	32022
consists of a term of up to six months in a jail or workhouse or,	32023
if the offense is a fourth degree felony OMVI <u>OVI</u> offense <u>and the</u>	32024
offender is sentenced under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of	32025
the Revised Code, a sanction that consists of a term of up to one	32026
year in jail less the mandatory term of local incarceration of	32027
sixty or one hundred twenty consecutive days imposed pursuant to	32028
division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code.	32029

- (E) "Fourth degree felony OMVI OVI offense" and "mandatory 32030 term of local incarceration" have the same meanings as in section 32031 2929.01 of the Revised Code. 32032
- sec. 5503.22. Driver's license examiners assigned to the
 driver's license examination section shall conduct all
 examinations for driver's licenses as required by sections 4507.01
 to 4507.38, inclusive, 4507.36 of the Revised Code, subject to the
 regulations issued by the registrar of motor vehicles.
 32033
- Sec. 5743.99. (A) Whoever violates section 5743.10, 5743.11, 32038 or 5743.12 or division (C) of section 5743.54 of the Revised Code 32039 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the offender 32040 has been previously convicted of an offense under this division, 32041 violation is a felony of the fourth degree. 32042
- (B) Whoever violates section 5743.111, 5743.112, 5743.13, 32043 5743.14, 5743.59, or 5743.60 of the Revised Code is guilty of a 32044 felony of the fourth degree. If the offender has been previously 32045 convicted of an offense under this division, violation is a felony 32046 of the second degree. 32047
 - (C) Whoever violates section 5743.41 or 5743.42 of the

Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If	32049
the offender has been previously convicted of an offense under	32050
this division, violation is a misdemeanor of the third degree.	32051
(D) Whater will the marking 5742 01 of the Desired Galatin	20050

- (D) Whoever violates section 5743.21 of the Revised Code is 32052 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the offender has 32053 been previously convicted of an offense under this division, 32054 violation is a felony of the fifth degree. 32055
- (E) Whoever violates any provision of this chapter, or any 32056 rule promulgated by the tax commissioner under authority of this 32057 chapter, for the violation of which no penalty is provided 32058 elsewhere, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 32059
- (F) In addition to any other penalty imposed upon a person 32060 convicted of a violation of section 5743.112 or 5743.60 of the 32061 Revised Code who was the operator of a motor vehicle used in the 32062 violation, the registrar of motor vehicles court shall suspend any 32063 for not less than thirty days or more than three years the 32064 offender's driver's or license, commercial driver's license issued 32065 to the offender, temporary instruction permit, probationary 32066 license, or nonresident operating privilege. The court shall send 32067 a copy of its suspension order and determination to the registrar 32068 of motor vehicles, and the registrar, pursuant to the order and 32069 determination of the trial judge of any court of record as 32070 provided in section 4507.16 of the Revised Code, shall impose a 32071 suspension of the same duration. No judge shall suspend the first 32072 thirty days of suspension of an offender's license, permit, or 32073 privilege required by this division. 32074

Section 2. That existing sections 9.981, 119.062, 733.40, 32075 1547.11, 1547.111, 1547.99, 1901.024, 1901.31, 1905.01, 1905.201, 32076 1907.20, 2151.354, 2152.19, 2152.21, 2743.191, 2743.51, 2743.52, 32077 2903.04, 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.24, 2919.22, 2921.331, 2923.01, 32078 2923.122, 2925.01, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, 32079

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and 5743.99 and sections 3123.611, 4503.235, 4503.99, 4507.012,	32137
4507.021, 4507.165, 4507.166, 4507.18, 4508.99, 4509.105, 4509.31,	32138
4509.32, 4509.99, 4511.83, 4511.991, 4519.99, 4549.99, 4551.99,	32139
4563.99, 4582.99, and 4583.99 of the Revised Code are hereby	32140
repealed.	32141

Section 3. The General Assembly hereby recommends to the 32142 Supreme Court that it amend the Ohio Traffic Rules that have been 32143 adopted under authority of section 2937.46 of the Revised Code to 32144

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provide procedures to govern felony violations of section 4511.19	32145
of the Revised Code.	32146
Section 4. Sections 1 and 2 of this act shall take effect on	32147
January 1, 2004.	32148
Section 5. Notwithstanding division (B) of section 1.58 of	32149
the Revised Code, the provisions of the Revised Code amended or	32150
enacted in Sections 1 and 2 of this act shall apply only in	32151
relation to conduct and offenses committed on or after January 1,	32152
2004. Conduct and offenses committed prior to January 1, 2004,	32153
shall be governed by the law in effect on the date the conduct or	32154
offense was committed.	32155
Section 6. From any amount appropriated to the Attorney	32156
General specifically for this purpose or from any other funds	32157
available to the Attorney General that could be used for this	32158
purpose, the Attorney General shall develop, print, and	32159
distribute, in conjunction with the Ohio Department of Public	32160
Safety and the Ohio Criminal Sentencing Commission, training	32161
materials for the Ohio Department of Public Safety, law	32162
enforcement, and other appropriate persons for the implementation	32163
of this act.	32164
Section 7. (A) If, on or after March 31, 1999, a person filed	d 32165
an application in a court that requested the sealing of a	32166
conviction record under sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised	d 32167
Code, if at the time the application was filed section 2953.36 did	d 32168
not make sections 2953.31 to 2953.35 of the Revised Code	32169
inapplicable to the conviction that was the subject of the	32170
application, if the person withdrew the application prior to March	h 32171
31, 2001, and if the person refiles an application in the	32172

appropriate court within ninety days after the effective date of

this section that requests the sealing of the same conviction	32174
record under sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code, all	32175
of the following apply:	32176

- (1) Divisions (C), (D), and (E) of section 2953.36 of the 32177 Revised Code, as they have existed since March 23, 2000, do not 32178 apply regarding the application or the determination of whether it 32179 should be accepted or granted, and the court may accept and grant 32180 the application regardless of whether the conviction that is the 32181 subject of the application is a conviction to which any of those 32182 divisions, but for the operation of this division, makes sections 32183 2953.31 to 2953.35 of the Revised Code inapplicable. 32184
- (2) Except as provided in division (A)(1) of this section, 32185 the provisions of sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code 32186 that are in effect at the time of the refiling of the application 32187 apply regarding the application and the determination of whether 32188 it should be granted.
- (B) This section shall expire one year after this act becomes 32190 law. 32191

Section 8. Section 2152.19 of the Revised Code is presented 32192 in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Sub. 32193 H.B. 247 and Sub. H.B. 393 of the 124th General Assembly. Section 32194 2923.01 of the Revised Code is presented in this act as a 32195 composite of the section as amended by both Sub. H.B. 125 and Am. 32196 Sub. S.B. 269 of the 121st General Assembly. Section 2925.03 of 32197 the Revised Code is presented in this act as a composite of the 32198 section as amended by both Am. H.B. 528 and Am. Sub. S.B. 107 of 32199 the 123rd General Assembly. Section 2929.15 of the Revised Code is 32200 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended by 32201 Am. Sub. H.B. 349, Am. Sub. S.B. 22, and Am. Sub. S.B. 107 of the 32202 123rd General Assembly. Section 2929.17 of the Revised Code is 32203 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended by 32204 Am. Sub. H.B. 349, Am. S.B. 9, Am. Sub. S.B. 22, and Am. Sub. S.B. 32205

Page 1036 Sub. S. B. No. 123

107 of the 123rd General Assembly. Section 2929.18 of the Revised	32206
Code is presented in this act as a composite of the section as	32207
amended by Am. H.B. 528, Am. Sub. S.B. 22, and Am. Sub. S.B. 107	32208
of the 123rd General Assembly. Section 2929.41 of the Revised Code	32209
is presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	32210
by both Am. Sub. S.B. 22 and Am. Sub. S.B. 107 of the 123rd	32211
General Assembly. Section 2937.222 of the Revised Code is	32212
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended by	32213
both Am. Sub. H.B. 137 and Am. Sub. S.B. 22 of the 123rd General	32214
Assembly. Section 4503.10 of the Revised Code is presented in this	32215
act as a composite of the section as amended by Am. Sub. H.B. 94,	32216
S.B. 31, and Sub. S.B. 59, all of the 124th General Assembly.	32217
Sections 4503.233 and 4507.164 of the Revised Code are presented	32218
in this act as a composite of the sections as amended by Am. H.B.	32219
80, Am. Sub. S.B. 22 and Am. Sub. S.B. 107 of the 123rd General	32220
Assembly. Section 4503.234 of the Revised Code is presented in	32221
this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am. Sub.	32222
H.B. 353 and Am. Sub. H.B. 676 of the 121st General Assembly.	32223
Section 4507.38 of the Revised Code, renumbered as section 4510.41	32224
of the Revised Code, is presented in this act as a composite of	32225
the section as amended by both Am. Sub. H.B. 353 and Am. Sub. H.B.	32226
676 of the 121st General Assembly. Section 4511.193 of the Revised	32227
Code is presented in this act as a composite of the section as	32228
amended by both Am. H.B. 80 and Am. Sub. S.B. 107 of the 123rd	32229
General Assembly. Section 4513.99 of the Revised Code is presented	32230
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am.	32231
Sub. H.B. 138 and Am. Sub. H.B. 600 of the 123rd General Assembly.	32232
Sections 4582.06 and 4582.31 of the Revised Code are presented in	32233
this act as a composite of the sections as amended by both Sub.	32234
H.B. 19 and Am. S.B. 137 of the 123rd General Assembly. The	32235
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of	32236
section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	32237
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds	32238

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that the composites are the resulting versions of the sections in	32239
effect prior to the effective date of the sections as presented in	32240
this act.	32241