As Introduced

124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

S. B. No. 221

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ABILL

То	amend sections 109.73, 959.99, 1717.06, and	1
	2151.421 and to enact sections 959.131, 959.132,	2
	and 959.133 of the Revised Code to prohibit	3
	specified acts with respect to a companion animal,	4
	to establish a procedure for the care of an	5
	impounded companion animal during the pendency of	6
	charges against a person who violates the	7
	prohibition, to require training for humane agents,	8
	to increase the penalty for committing certain	9
	offenses against animals if the commission of the	10
	offense also involves criminal trespass, and to	11
	establish requirements concerning the reporting by	12
	certain authorities of abuse or neglect of animals	13
	or children.	14

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.73, 959.99, 1717.06, and	15
2151.421 be amended and sections 959.131, 959.132, and 959.133 of	16
the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	17
Sec. 109.73. (A) The Ohio peace officer training commission	18

shall recommend rules to the attorney general with respect to all

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of the following:	20
(1) The approval, or revocation of approval, of peace officer	21
training schools administered by the state, counties, municipal	22
corporations, public school districts, technical college	23
districts, and the department of natural resources;	24
(2) Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements, and	25
equipment and facilities to be required at approved state, county,	26
municipal, and department of natural resources peace officer	27
training schools;	28
(3) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved state,	29
county, municipal, and department of natural resources peace	30
officer training schools;	31
(4) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace	32
officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before	33
being eligible for permanent appointment, which requirements shall	34
include a minimum of fifteen hours of training in the handling of	35
the offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic	36
violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and	37
consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or	38
3113.31 of the Revised Code, a minimum of six hours of crisis	39
intervention training, and a specified amount of training in the	40
handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect cases,	41
and the time within which such basic training shall be completed	42
following such appointment to a probationary term;	43
(5) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace	44
officers not appointed for probationary terms but appointed on	45
other than a permanent basis shall complete in order to be	46
eligible for continued employment or permanent appointment, which	47
requirements shall include a minimum of fifteen hours of training	48
in the handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types	49
of domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and	50
protection orders and consent agreements issued or approved under	51

section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code, a minimum of six hours of crisis intervention training, and a specified amount of training in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect cases, and the time within which such basic training shall be completed following such appointment on other than a permanent basis;

- (6) Categories or classifications of advanced in-service training programs for peace officers, including programs in the handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code, in crisis intervention, and in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect cases, and minimum courses of study and attendance requirements with respect to such categories or classifications;
- (7) Permitting persons who are employed as members of a campus police department appointed under section 1713.50 of the Revised Code, who are employed as police officers by a qualified nonprofit corporation police department pursuant to section 1702.80 of the Revised Code, or who are appointed and commissioned as railroad police officers or hospital police officers pursuant to sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of the Revised Code to attend approved peace officer training schools, including the Ohio peace officer training academy, and to receive certificates of satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if the private college or university that established the campus police department, qualified nonprofit corporation police department, railroad company, or hospital sponsoring the police officers pays the entire cost of the training and certification and if trainee vacancies are available;
- (8) Permitting undercover drug agents to attend approved peace officer training schools, other than the Ohio peace officer

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executive director shall receive a salary fixed pursuant to	115
Chapter 124. of the Revised Code and reimbursement for expenses	116
within the amounts available by appropriation. The executive	117
director may appoint officers, employees, agents, and consultants	118
as the executive director considers necessary, prescribe their	119
duties, and provide for reimbursement of their expenses within the	120
amounts available for reimbursement by appropriation and with the	121
approval of the commission.	122
(C) The commission may do all of the following:	123
(1) Recommend studies, surveys, and reports to be made by the	124
executive director regarding the carrying out of the objectives	125
and purposes of sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code;	126
	127
(2) Visit and inspect any peace officer training school that	128
has been approved by the executive director or for which	129
application for approval has been made;	130
(3) Make recommendations, from time to time, to the executive	131
director, the attorney general, and the general assembly regarding	132
the carrying out of the purposes of sections 109.71 to 109.77 of	133
the Revised Code;	134
(4) Report to the attorney general from time to time, and to	135
the governor and the general assembly at least annually,	136
concerning the activities of the commission;	137
(5) Establish fees for the services the commission offers	138
under sections 109.71 to 109.79 of the Revised Code, including,	139
but not limited to, fees for training, certification, and testing.	140
(6) Perform such other acts as are necessary or appropriate	141
to carry out the powers and duties of the commission as set forth	142
in sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code.	143

Sec. 959.131. (A) As used in this section:

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(1) "Companion animal" means any animal that is kept inside a	145
residential dwelling and any dog or cat regardless of where it is	146
kept. "Companion animal" does not include livestock.	147
(2) "Cruelty," "torment," and "torture" have the same	148
meanings as in section 1717.01 of the Revised Code.	149
(3) "Residential dwelling" means a structure or shelter or	150
the portion of a structure or shelter that is used by one or more	151
humans for the purpose of a habitation.	152
(4) "Practice of veterinary medicine" has the same meaning as	153
in section 4741.01 of the Revised Code.	154
(B) No person shall knowingly torture, torment, needlessly	155
mutilate or maim, cruelly beat, poison, needlessly kill, or commit	156
an act of cruelty against a companion animal.	157
(C) No person who confines or who is the custodian or	158
caretaker of a companion animal shall negligently do any of the	159
following:	160
(1) Torture, torment, needlessly mutilate or maim, cruelly	161
beat, poison, needlessly kill, or commit an act of cruelty against	162
the companion animal;	163
(2) Fail to provide the companion animal with sufficient	164
quantities of wholesome food and potable water;	165
(3) Fail to provide the companion animal with adequate	166
ventilation and circulation of wholesome air;	167
(4) Fail to provide the companion animal with access to	168
adequate shelter from heat, cold, wind, rain, snow, excessive	169
direct sunlight, or other adverse environmental conditions if it	170
is reasonable to expect that without that shelter the companion	171
animal would become sick or suffer;	172
(5) Fail to provide the companion animal with adequate	173
exercise;	174

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(6) Confine the companion animal in a primary enclosure that	175
does not have adequate space in which the companion animal may	176
stand up to its full height, stretch out, turn around, and lie	177
down comfortably.	178
	179
(D) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to any	180
of the following:	181
(1) A companion animal used in scientific research as	182
approved by and conducted in accordance with the authority	183
exercised by an institutional animal care and use committee	184
pursuant to 9 C.F.R. 2.31;	185
(2) The lawful practice of veterinary medicine by a person	186
who has been issued a license, temporary permit, or registration	187
certificate to do so under Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code;	188
(3) Dogs being used or intended for use for hunting or field	189
trial purposes, provided that the dogs are being treated in	190
accordance with usual and commonly accepted practices for the care	191
of hunting dogs.	192
(E) All fines collected by a clerk of court for any violation	193
of this section shall be forwarded by the clerk to the county	194
treasurer of the county in which the court is located. The county	195
treasurer shall pay the fine moneys to the county humane society	196
that participated in the investigation or prosecution of the	197
violation. The county humane society shall use the fine moneys to	198
provide the training that is required for humane agents under	199
section 1717.06 of the Revised Code.	200
Sec. 959.132. (A) As used in this section:	201
(1) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section	202
959.131 of the Revised Code.	203

(2) "Impounding agency" means the county humane society,	204
animal shelter, or law enforcement agency that, in accordance with	205
division (B) or (C) of this section, either has impounded a	206
companion animal or has made regular visits to the place where a	207
companion animal is kept to determine whether it is provided with	208
necessities.	209
(3) "Officer" means any law enforcement officer, agent of a	210
county humane society, dog warden, assistant dog warden, or other	211
person appointed to act as an animal control officer for a county,	212
municipal corporation, or township in accordance with state law,	213
an ordinance, or a resolution.	214
(B) An officer may impound a companion animal if the officer	215
has probable cause to believe that it or other companion animals	216
that are harbored by the same person on the premises are the	217
subject of a violation of section 959.131 of the Revised Code and	218
if the officer has lawful access to the companion animal at the	219
time of the impoundment. The officer shall give written notice of	220
the impoundment by posting the notice on the door of the residence	221
on the premises at which the companion animal was impounded, by	222
giving it in person to the owner, custodian, caretaker, or	223
harborer of the companion animal, or by otherwise posting the	224
notice in a conspicuous place on the premises where the companion	225
animal was seized.	226
(C) If charges are filed under section 959.131 of the Revised	227
Code against the custodian, caretaker, or harborer of a companion	228
animal, but the companion animal that is the subject of the	229
charges is not impounded, the court in which the charges are	230
pending may order the owner or person having custody of the	231
companion animal to provide to the companion animal the	232
necessities described in division (C)(2) to (6) of section 959.131	233
of the Revised Code until the final disposition of the charges. If	234
the court issues an order of that nature, the court also may	235

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authorize an officer or another person to visit the place where	236
the companion animal is being kept, at the times and under the	237
conditions that the court may set, to determine whether the	238
companion animal is receiving those necessities and to remove and	239
impound the companion animal if the companion animal is not	240
receiving those necessities.	241
(D) An owner, custodian, caretaker, or harborer of one or	242
more companion animals that have been impounded under this section	243
may file a written request for a hearing with the clerk of the	244
court in which charges are pending that were filed under section	245
959.131 of the Revised Code and that involve the impounded	246
companion animals. If a hearing is requested, the court shall	247
conduct a hearing not later than twenty-one days following receipt	248
of the request. At the hearing, the impounding agency has the	249
burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that probable	250
cause exists to find that the defendant is guilty of a violation	251
of section 959.131 of the Revised Code. A hearing that is	252
conducted under division (D) of this section shall be combined	253
whenever possible with any hearing involving the same pending	254
charges that is authorized and conducted under division (E) of	255
this section.	256
If the court finds at the conclusion of the hearing that	257
probable cause does not exist for finding that the defendant	258
committed a violation and that the defendant otherwise has a right	259
to possession of the impounded companion animals, the court shall	260
order the animals to be returned to the defendant.	261
If the court finds at the conclusion of the hearing that	262
probable cause exists for finding the defendant guilty of a	263
violation with respect to one or more of the impounded companion	264
animals, the court shall do one of the following with respect to	265
each impounded companion animal:	266
(1) Allow the impounding agency to retain custody of the	267

probable cause does not exist for finding that the defendant	300
committed a violation of section 959.131 of the Revised Code and	301
that the defendant otherwise has a right to possession of the	302
companion animals, the court shall order the animals to be	303
returned to the defendant. If the court finds at the conclusion of	304
the hearing that probable cause exists for finding that the	305
defendant committed a violation of that section, but that the	306
reasonably necessary costs for caring during the pendency of the	307
charges for the companion animals seized or removed from the	308
defendant's custody or control are reasonably projected to be one	309
thousand five hundred dollars or less, the court shall deny the	310
petitioner's motion to require the defendant to pay a deposit.	311
If the court finds at the conclusion of the hearing that	312
probable cause exists for finding the defendant guilty of the	313
violation with respect to one or more of the impounded companion	314
animals and for determining that the reasonably necessary	315
projected costs of caring for the companion animals exceed one	316
thousand five hundred dollars during the pendency of the charges,	317
the court shall do one of the following:	318
(a) Order the defendant to post a deposit with the clerk of	319
the court in a form and in an amount that the court determines is	320
sufficient to cover the cost of care of the companion animals from	321
the date of impoundment until the date of the disposition of the	322
<u>charges;</u>	323
(b) Order one or more of the companion animals to be returned	324
to the defendant under any conditions and restrictions that the	325
court determines to be appropriate to ensure that the companion	326
animals receive humane and adequate care and treatment;	327
(c) Deny the motion of the impounding agency requesting the	328
defendant to post a deposit, but permit the impounding agency to	329
retain custody of one or more of the companion animals pending	330
resolution of the underlying charges.	331

(4) The court may order the defendant to forfeit the right of	332
possession and ownership in one or more of the companion animals	333
to the impounding agency if the defendant fails to comply with the	334
conditions set forth in an order of the court that is rendered	335
under division (E)(3) of this section. If the order that was not	336
complied with required the defendant to post a deposit, forfeiture	337
of the companion animals relieves the defendant of any further	338
obligation to post the deposit.	339
(5)(a) A hearing that is conducted under division (D) of this	340
section shall be combined whenever possible with any hearing	341
involving the same pending charges that is authorized and	342
conducted under division (E) of this section. However, division	343
(E)(5)(b) of this section applies when both of the hearings are	344
conducted and combining them is not possible.	345
(b) At a hearing conducted under division (E) of this	346
section, an impounding agency shall not be required to prove that	347
there is probable cause to find that the defendant is guilty of a	348
violation of section 959.131 of the Revised Code if the court	349
already has made a finding concerning probable cause at a separate	350
hearing conducted under division (D) of this section. In such an	351
event, the probable cause finding made at the hearing conducted	352
under division (D) of this section shall be used for purposes of	353
the hearing conducted under division (E) of this section.	354
(F)(1) If the defendant is found guilty of violating section	355
959.131 of the Revised Code or any other offense relating to the	356
care or treatment of a companion animal and the defendant posted a	357
deposit pursuant to division (E) of this section, the court shall	358
determine the amount of the reasonably necessary costs that the	359
impounding agency incurred in caring for the companion animal	360
during the pendency of the charges. The court shall order the	361
clerk of the court to pay that amount of the deposit to the	362
impounding agency and to dispose of any amount of the deposit that	363

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exceeds that amount in the following order:	364
(a) Pay any fine imposed on the defendant relative to the	365
violation;	366
(b) Pay any costs ordered against the defendant relative to	367
the violation;	368
(c) Return any remaining amount to the defendant.	369
(2) If the defendant is found not guilty of violating section	370
959.131 of the Revised Code or any other offense relating to the	371
care or treatment of a companion animal, the court shall order the	372
clerk of court to return the entire amount of the deposit to the	373
defendant, and the impounding agency shall return the companion	374
animal to the defendant. If the companion animal cannot be	375
returned, the court shall order the impounding agency to pay to	376
the defendant an amount determined by the court to be equal to the	377
reasonable market value of the companion animal at the time that	378
it was impounded plus statutory interest as defined in section	379
1343.03 of the Revised Code from the date of the impoundment. In	380
determining the reasonable market value of the companion animal,	381
the court may consider the condition of the companion animal at	382
the time that the companion animal was impounded and any change in	383
the condition of the companion animal after it was impounded.	384
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(G) An impounding agency that impounds a companion animal	386
under this section shall pay a person who provides veterinary care	387
to the companion animal during the impoundment for the cost of the	388
veterinary care regardless of whether the impounding agency is	389
reimbursed for the payment under this section or section 959.99 of	390
the Revised Code.	391
Sec. 959.133. No person shall violate section 959.02, 959.03,	392
959.13, or 959.131 of the Revised Code while committing a	393

misdemeanor of the second degree on a first offense and a

(G)(H) Whoever violates section 959.16 of the Revised Code is

guilty of a felony of the fourth degree for a first offense and a

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agent for a period of time on and after the effective date of this	486
amendment without completing the training. However, on or before	487
December 31, 2004, a person who has been appointed as a humane	488
agent under this section prior to the effective date of this	489
amendment shall successfully complete the training and submit	490
proof of its successful completion to the appropriate appointing	491
mayor or probate judge in order to continue to act as a humane	492
agent after December 31, 2004.	493

Sec. 2151.421. (A)(1)(a) No person described in division (A)(1)(b) of this section who is acting in an official or professional capacity and knows or suspects that a child under eighteen years of age or a mentally retarded, developmentally disabled, or physically impaired child under twenty-one years of age has suffered or faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental wound, injury, disability, or condition of a nature that reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of the child, shall fail to immediately report that knowledge or suspicion to the public children services agency or a municipal or county peace officer in the county in which the child resides or in which the abuse or neglect is occurring or has occurred.

(b) Division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies to any person who is an attorney; physician, including a hospital intern or resident; dentist; podiatrist; practitioner of a limited branch of medicine as specified in section 4731.15 of the Revised Code; registered nurse; licensed practical nurse; visiting nurse; other health care professional; licensed psychologist; licensed school psychologist; speech pathologist or audiologist; coroner; administrator or employee of a child day-care center; administrator or employee of a residential camp or child day camp; administrator or employee of a certified child care agency or other public or private children services agency; school teacher; school employee; school authority; person engaged in social work

or the practice of professional counseling; agent of a county
humane society; or a person rendering spiritual treatment through
prayer in accordance with the tenets of a well-recognized
religion.

- (2) An attorney or a physician is not required to make a report pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section concerning any communication the attorney or physician receives from a client or patient in an attorney-client or physician-patient relationship, if, in accordance with division (A) or (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, the attorney or physician could not testify with respect to that communication in a civil or criminal proceeding, except that the client or patient is deemed to have waived any testimonial privilege under division (A) or (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code with respect to that communication and the attorney or physician shall make a report pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section with respect to that communication, if all of the following apply:
- (a) The client or patient, at the time of the communication, is either a child under eighteen years of age or a mentally retarded, developmentally disabled, or physically impaired person under twenty-one years of age.
- (b) The attorney or physician knows or suspects, as a result of the communication or any observations made during that communication, that the client or patient has suffered or faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental wound, injury, disability, or condition of a nature that reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of the client or patient.
- (c) The attorney-client or physician-patient relationship does not arise out of the client's or patient's attempt to have an abortion without the notification of her parents, guardian, or custodian in accordance with section 2151.85 of the Revised Code.

(B) Anyone, who knows or suspects that a child under eighteen
years of age or a mentally retarded, developmentally disabled, or
physically impaired person under twenty-one years of age has
suffered or faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental
wound, injury, disability, or other condition of a nature that
reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of the child, may report or
cause reports to be made of that knowledge or suspicion to the
public children services agency or to a municipal or county peace
officer.

- (C) Any report made pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section shall be made forthwith either by telephone or in person and shall be followed by a written report, if requested by the receiving agency or officer. The written report shall contain:
- (1) The names and addresses of the child and the child's parents or the person or persons having custody of the child, if known;
- (2) The child's age and the nature and extent of the child's known or suspected injuries, abuse, or neglect or of the known or suspected threat of injury, abuse, or neglect, including any evidence of previous injuries, abuse, or neglect;
- (3) Any other information that might be helpful in establishing the cause of the known or suspected injury, abuse, or neglect or of the known or suspected threat of injury, abuse, or neglect.

Any person, who is required by division (A) of this section to report known or suspected child abuse or child neglect, may take or cause to be taken color photographs of areas of trauma visible on a child and, if medically indicated, cause to be performed radiological examinations of the child.

(D)(1) Upon the receipt of a report concerning the possible abuse or neglect of a child or the possible threat of abuse or

neglect of	f a	child,	the m	unicipa	al or	county	peace	officer w	vho
receives	the	report	shall	refer	the	report	to the	appropria	ate
public ch	ildr	en serv	rices a	agency.					

- (2) On receipt of a report pursuant to this division or division (A) or (B) of this section, the public children services agency shall comply with section 2151.422 of the Revised Code.
- (E) No township, municipal, or county peace officer shall remove a child about whom a report is made pursuant to this section from the child's parents, stepparents, or guardian or any other persons having custody of the child without consultation with the public children services agency, unless, in the judgment of the officer, and, if the report was made by physician, the physician, immediate removal is considered essential to protect the child from further abuse or neglect. The agency that must be consulted shall be the agency conducting the investigation of the report as determined pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code.
- (F)(1) Except as provided in section 2151.422 of the Revised Code, the public children services agency shall investigate, within twenty-four hours, each report of known or suspected child abuse or child neglect and of a known or suspected threat of child abuse or child neglect that is referred to it under this section to determine the circumstances surrounding the injuries, abuse, or neglect or the threat of injury, abuse, or neglect, the cause of the injuries, abuse, neglect, or threat, and the person or persons responsible. The investigation shall be made in cooperation with the law enforcement agency and in accordance with the memorandum of understanding prepared under division (J) of this section. A failure to make the investigation in accordance with the memorandum is not grounds for, and shall not result in, the dismissal of any charges or complaint arising from the report or the suppression of any evidence obtained as a result of the report

and does not give, and shall not be construed as giving, any
rights or any grounds for appeal or post-conviction relief to any
person. The public children services agency shall report each case
to a central registry which the department of job and family
services shall maintain in order to determine whether prior
reports have been made in other counties concerning the child or
other principals in the case. The public children services agency
shall submit a report of its investigation, in writing, to the law
enforcement agency.

- (2) The public children services agency shall make any recommendations to the county prosecuting attorney or city director of law that it considers necessary to protect any children that are brought to its attention.
- (3) During the course of an investigation pursuant to division (F)(1) of this section, any person who discovers or suspects that an animal is the victim of cruelty, as defined in section 1717.01 of the Revised Code, or of a violation of section 959.13 or 959.131 of the Revised Code or observes conditions that reasonably indicate that the abuse or neglect of an animal is occurring immediately shall report that knowledge or suspicion either to a county humane society or one of its agents, a dog warden, or a county peace officer in the county in which the abuse or neglect is occurring or is suspected to have occurred.
- (G)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (H)(3) of this section, anyone or any hospital, institution, school, health department, or agency participating in the making of reports under division (A) of this section, anyone or any hospital, institution, school, health department, or agency participating in good faith in the making of reports under division (B) of this section, any person participating in the making of reports under division

 (F)(3) of this section, and anyone participating in good faith in a judicial proceeding resulting from the reports, shall be immune

from any civil or criminal liability for injury, death, or loss to
person or property that otherwise might be incurred or imposed as
a result of the making of the reports or the participation in the
judicial proceeding.

- (b) Notwithstanding section 4731.22 of the Revised Code, the physician-patient privilege shall not be a ground for excluding evidence regarding a child's injuries, abuse, or neglect, or the cause of the injuries, abuse, or neglect in any judicial proceeding resulting from a report submitted pursuant to this section.
- (2) In any civil or criminal action or proceeding in which it is alleged and proved that participation in the making of a report under this section was not in good faith or participation in a judicial proceeding resulting from a report made under this section was not in good faith, the court shall award the prevailing party reasonable attorney's fees and costs and, if a civil action or proceeding is voluntarily dismissed, may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the party against whom the civil action or proceeding is brought.
- (H)(1) Except as provided in divisions (H)(4), (M), and (N) of this section, a report made under this section is confidential. The information provided in a report made pursuant to this section and the name of the person who made the report shall not be released for use, and shall not be used, as evidence in any civil action or proceeding brought against the person who made the report. In a criminal proceeding, the report is admissible in evidence in accordance with the Rules of Evidence and is subject to discovery in accordance with the Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (2) No person shall permit or encourage the unauthorized 672 dissemination of the contents of any report made under this 673 section.
 - (3) A person who knowingly makes or causes another person to

make a false report under division (B) of this section that alleges that any person has committed an act or omission that resulted in a child being an abused child or a neglected child is guilty of a violation of section 2921.14 of the Revised Code.

- (4) If a report is made pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section and the child who is the subject of the report dies for any reason at any time after the report is made, but before the child attains eighteen years of age, the public children services agency or municipal or county peace officer to which the report was made or referred, on the request of the child fatality review board, shall submit a summary sheet of information providing a summary of the report to the review board of the county in which the deceased child resided at the time of death. On the request of the review board, the agency or peace officer may, at its discretion, make the report available to the review board.
- (5) A public children services agency shall advise a person alleged to have inflicted abuse or neglect on a child who is the subject of a report made pursuant to this section in writing of the disposition of the investigation. The agency shall not provide to the person any information that identifies the person who made the report, statements of witnesses, or police or other investigative reports.
- (I) Any report that is required by this section shall result in protective services and emergency supportive services being made available by the public children services agency on behalf of the children about whom the report is made, in an effort to prevent further neglect or abuse, to enhance their welfare, and, whenever possible, to preserve the family unit intact. The agency required to provide the services shall be the agency conducting the investigation of the report pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code.

(J)(1) Each public children services agency shall prepare a	708
memorandum of understanding that is signed by all of the	709
following:	710
(a) If there is only one juvenile judge in the county, the	711
juvenile judge of the county or the juvenile judge's	712
representative;	713
(b) If there is more than one juvenile judge in the county, a	714
juvenile judge or the juvenile judges' representative selected by	715
the juvenile judges or, if they are unable to do so for any	716
reason, the juvenile judge who is senior in point of service or	717
the senior juvenile judge's representative;	718
(c) The county peace officer;	719
(d) All chief municipal peace officers within the county;	720
(e) Other law enforcement officers handling child abuse and	721
neglect cases in the county;	722
(f) The prosecuting attorney of the county;	723
(g) If the public children services agency is not the county	724
department of job and family services, the county department of	725
job and family services.	726
(2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the normal	727
operating procedure to be employed by all concerned officials in	728
the execution of their respective responsibilities under this	729
section and division (C) of section 2919.21, division (B)(1) of	730
section 2919.22, division (B) of section 2919.23, and section	731
2919.24 of the Revised Code and shall have as two of its primary	732
goals the elimination of all unnecessary interviews of children	733
who are the subject of reports made pursuant to division (A) or	734
(B) of this section and, when feasible, providing for only one	735
interview of a child who is the subject of any report made	736
pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section. A failure to	737

(c) Whether the agency is otherwise involved with the child

report;

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(4) If an agency other than the agency that received or was referred the report is conducting the investigation of the report pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code, the agency conducting the investigation shall comply with the requirements of division (K) of this section.

- (L) The director of job and family services shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement this section. The department of job and family services may enter into a plan of cooperation with any other governmental entity to aid in ensuring that children are protected from abuse and neglect. The department shall make recommendations to the attorney general that the department determines are necessary to protect children from child abuse and child neglect.
- (M) No later than the end of the day following the day on which a public children services agency receives a report of alleged child abuse or child neglect, or a report of an alleged threat of child abuse or child neglect, that allegedly occurred in or involved an out-of-home care entity, the agency shall provide written notice of the allegations contained in and the person named as the alleged perpetrator in the report to the administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer of the out-of-home care entity that is the subject of the report unless the administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer is named as an alleged perpetrator in the report. If the administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer of an out-of-home care entity is named as an alleged perpetrator in a report of alleged child abuse or child neglect, or a report of an alleged threat of child abuse or child neglect, that allegedly occurred in or involved the out-of-home care entity, the agency shall provide the written notice to the owner or governing board of the out-of-home care entity that is the subject of the report. The agency shall not provide witness statements or police or other

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investigative reports.	832
(N) No later than three days after the day on which a public	833
children services agency that conducted the investigation as	834
determined pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code makes	835
a disposition of an investigation involving a report of alleged	836
child abuse or child neglect, or a report of an alleged threat of	837
child abuse or child neglect, that allegedly occurred in or	838
involved an out-of-home care entity, the agency shall send written	839
notice of the disposition of the investigation to the	840
administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer and	841
the owner or governing board of the out-of-home care entity. The	842
agency shall not provide witness statements or police or other	843
investigative reports.	844
Section 2. That existing sections 109.73, 959.99, 1717.06,	845
and 2151.421 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	846