As Passed by the Senate

124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

Am. Sub. S. B. No. 221

SENATORS Goodman, Mumper, Ryan, Coughlin, DiDonato, Furney, Hagan, Brady, Spada, Randy Gardner, Fingerhut, Harris, Jacobson, Mallory, Prentiss

ABILL

То	amend sections 109.73, 959.99, 1717.06, and	1
	2151.421 and to enact sections 959.131 and 959.132	2
	of the Revised Code to prohibit specified acts with	3
	respect to a companion animal, to establish a	4
	procedure for the care of an impounded companion	5
	animal during the pendency of charges against a	6
	person who violates the prohibition, to require	7
	training for humane agents, and to provide for the	8
	reporting by county humane society agents of abuse	9
	or neglect of children.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.73, 959.99, 1717.06, and	11
2151.421 be amended and sections 959.131 and 959.132 of the	12
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	13
Sec. 109.73. (A) The Ohio peace officer training commission	14
shall recommend rules to the attorney general with respect to all	15
of the following:	16
(1) The approval, or revocation of approval, of peace officer	17
training schools administered by the state, counties, municipal	18
corporations, public school districts, technical college	19

districts, and the department of natural resources;

(2) Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements, and equipment and facilities to be required at approved state, county, municipal, and department of natural resources peace officer training schools;

(3) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved state, county, municipal, and department of natural resources peace officer training schools;

(4) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before being eligible for permanent appointment, which requirements shall include a minimum of fifteen hours of training in the handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code, a minimum of six hours of crisis intervention training, and a specified amount of training in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect cases, and the time within which such basic training shall be completed following such appointment to a probationary term;

(5) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace officers not appointed for probationary terms but appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent appointment, which requirements shall include a minimum of fifteen hours of training in the handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code, a minimum of six hours of crisis intervention training, and a specified amount of training in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect cases, and the time within which such basic training shall

department, qualified nonprofit corporation police department, 74
railroad company, or hospital sponsoring the police officers pays 75
the entire cost of the training and certification and if trainee 76
vacancies are available; 77

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(8) Permitting undercover drug agents to attend approved peace officer training schools, other than the Ohio peace officer training academy, and to receive certificates of satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if, for each undercover drug agent, the county, township, or municipal corporation that employs that undercover drug agent pays the entire cost of the

satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if the private

college or university that established the campus police

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director may appoint officers, employees, agents, and consultants	115
as the executive director considers necessary, prescribe their	116
duties, and provide for reimbursement of their expenses within the	117
amounts available for reimbursement by appropriation and with the	118
approval of the commission.	119
(C) The commission may do all of the following:	120
(1) Recommend studies, surveys, and reports to be made by the	121
executive director regarding the carrying out of the objectives	122
and purposes of sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code;	123
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(2) Visit and inspect any peace officer training school that	125
has been approved by the executive director or for which	126
application for approval has been made;	127
(3) Make recommendations, from time to time, to the executive	128
director, the attorney general, and the general assembly regarding	129
the carrying out of the purposes of sections 109.71 to 109.77 of	130
the Revised Code;	131
(4) Report to the attorney general from time to time, and to	132
the governor and the general assembly at least annually,	133
concerning the activities of the commission;	134
(5) Establish fees for the services the commission offers	135
under sections 109.71 to 109.79 of the Revised Code, including,	136
but not limited to, fees for training, certification, and	137
testing- <u>:</u>	138
(6) Perform such other acts as are necessary or appropriate	139
to carry out the powers and duties of the commission as set forth	140
in sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code.	141
Sec. 959.131. (A) As used in this section:	142
(1) "Companion animal" means any animal that is kept inside a	143

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residential dwelling and any dog or cat regardless of where it is	144
kept. "Companion animal" does not include livestock or any wild	145
animal.	146
(2) "Cruelty," "torment," and "torture" have the same	147
meanings as in section 1717.01 of the Revised Code.	148
(3) "Residential dwelling" means a structure or shelter or	149
the portion of a structure or shelter that is used by one or more	150
humans for the purpose of a habitation.	151
(4) "Practice of veterinary medicine" has the same meaning as	152
in section 4741.01 of the Revised Code.	153
(5) "Wild animal" has the same meaning as in section 1531.01	154
of the Revised Code.	155
(6) "Primary enclosure" does not include a carrier designed	156
for transporting one or more animals, while it actually is being	157
used for transporting one or more animals.	158
(7) "Federal animal welfare act" means the "Laboratory Animal	159
Act of 1966, Pub. L. No. 89-544, 80 Stat. 350 (1966), 7 U.S.C.A.	160
2131 et seq., as amended by the "Animal Welfare Act of 1970," Pub.	161
L. No. 91-579, 84 Stat. 1560 (1970), the "Animal Welfare Act	162
Amendments of 1976, Pub. L. No. 94-279, 90 Stat. 417 (1976), and	163
the "Food Security Act of 1985," Pub. L. No. 99-198, 99 Stat. 1354	164
(1985), and as it may be subsequently amended.	165
(B) No person shall knowingly torture, torment, needlessly	166
mutilate or maim, cruelly beat, poison, needlessly kill, or commit	167
an act of cruelty against a companion animal.	168
(C) No person who confines or who is the custodian or	169
caretaker of a companion animal shall negligently do any of the	170
following:	171
(1) Torture, torment, needlessly mutilate or maim, cruelly	172
beat, poison, needlessly kill, or commit an act of cruelty against	173

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the companion animal;	174
(2) Fail to provide the companion animal with sufficient	175
quantities of wholesome food and potable water;	176
(3) Fail to provide the companion animal with adequate	177
ventilation and circulation of wholesome air;	178
(4) Fail to provide the companion animal with access to	179
adequate shelter from heat, cold, wind, rain, snow, excessive	180
direct sunlight, or other adverse environmental conditions if it	181
is reasonable to expect that without that shelter the companion	182
animal would become sick or suffer;	183
(5) Fail to provide the companion animal with adequate	184
exercise;	185
(6) Confine the companion animal in a primary enclosure that	186
does not have adequate space in which the companion animal may	187
stand up to its full height, stretch out, turn around, and lie	188
down comfortably.	189
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(D) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to any	191
of the following:	192
(1) A companion animal used in scientific research conducted	193
by an institution in accordance with the federal animal welfare	194
act and related regulations;	195
(2) The lawful practice of veterinary medicine by a person	196
who has been issued a license, temporary permit, or registration	197
certificate to do so under Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code;	198
(3) Dogs being used or intended for use for hunting or field	199
trial purposes, provided that the dogs are being treated in	200
accordance with usual and commonly accepted practices for the care	201
of hunting dogs.	202

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(E) Notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code that	203
otherwise provides for the distribution of fine moneys, the clerk	204
of court shall forward all fines the clerk collects that are so	205
imposed for any violation of this section to the treasurer of the	206
political subdivision or the state, whose county humane society or	207
law enforcement agency is to be paid the fine money as determined	208
under this division. The treasurer to whom the fines are forwarded	209
shall pay the fine moneys to the county humane society or the	210
county, township, municipal corporation, or state law enforcement	211
agency in this state that primarily was responsible for or	212
involved in the investigation and prosecution of the violation. If	213
a county humane society receives any fine moneys under this	214
division, the county humane society shall use the fine moneys to	215
provide the training that is required for humane agents under	216
section 1717.06 of the Revised Code.	217
Sec. 959.132. (A) As used in this section:	218
(1) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section	219
959.131 of the Revised Code.	220
(2) "Impounding agency" means the county humane society,	221
animal shelter, or law enforcement agency that, in accordance with	222
division (B) or (C) of this section, either has impounded a	223
companion animal or has made regular visits to the place where a	224
companion animal is kept to determine whether it is provided with	225
necessities.	226
(3) "Officer" means any law enforcement officer, agent of a	227
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county humane society, dog warden, assistant dog warden, or other	
person appointed to act as an animal control officer for a county,	229
municipal corporation, or township in accordance with state law,	230
an ordinance, or a resolution.	231

(B) An officer may impound a companion animal if the officer

has probable cause to believe that it or other companion animals

(D) An owner, custodian, or caretaker of one or more

companion animals that have been impounded under this section may

file a written request for a hearing with the clerk of the court

in which charges are pending that were filed under section 959.131

of the Revised Code and that involve the impounded companion

animals. If a hearing is requested, the court shall conduct a

hearing not later than twenty-one days following receipt of the

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reasonably necessary projected costs of the care that will be

provided prior to the final resolution of the charges are

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estimated to be in excess of one thousand five hundred dollars.	298
The motion shall be accompanied by an affidavit that sets forth an	299
estimate of the reasonably necessary costs that the impounding	
agency expects to incur in providing that care, which may include,	300
but are not limited to, the necessary cost of veterinary care,	301
medications, food, water, and board for the companion animals	302
during the pendency of the charges.	303
(2) Within ten days after the date on which a motion is filed	304
under division $(E)(1)$ of this section, the court shall conduct a	305
hearing. Except as otherwise provided in division (E)(5) of this	306
section, at the hearing, the impounding agency has the burden of	307
proving by a preponderance of the evidence that there is probable	308
cause to find that the defendant is guilty of a violation of	309
section 959.131 of the Revised Code and that the reasonably	310
necessary cumulative costs of caring during the pendency of the	311
charges for the companion animals seized or removed from the	312
defendant's custody or control are reasonably projected to exceed	313
one thousand five hundred dollars.	314
(3) If the court finds at the conclusion of the hearing that	315
probable cause does not exist for finding that the defendant	316
committed a violation of section 959.131 of the Revised Code and	317
that the defendant otherwise has a right to possession of the	318
companion animals, the court shall order the animals to be	319
returned to the defendant. If the court finds at the conclusion of	320

petitioner's motion to require the defendant to pay a deposit. If the court finds at the conclusion of the hearing that

the hearing that probable cause exists for finding that the

defendant committed a violation of that section, but that the

charges for the companion animals seized or removed from the

reasonably necessary costs for caring during the pendency of the

defendant's custody or control are reasonably projected to be one

thousand five hundred dollars or less, the court shall deny the

animal to the defendant. If the companion animal cannot be
returned, the court shall order the impounding agency to pay to
the defendant an amount determined by the court to be equal to the
reasonable market value of the companion animal at the time that
it was impounded plus statutory interest as defined in section
1343.03 of the Revised Code from the date of the impoundment. In
determining the reasonable market value of the companion animal,
the court may consider the condition of the companion animal at
the time that the companion animal was impounded and any change in
the condition of the companion animal after it was impounded.

- (G) An impounding agency that impounds a companion animal under this section shall pay a person who provides veterinary care to the companion animal during the impoundment for the cost of the veterinary care regardless of whether the impounding agency is reimbursed for the payment under this section or section 959.99 of the Revised Code.
- Sec. 959.99. (A) Whoever violates section 959.01, 959.18, or 408 959.19 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.
- (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates section 959.02 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree. If the value of the animal killed or the injury done amounts to three hundred dollars or more, whoever violates section 959.02 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.
- (C) Whoever violates section 959.03, 959.06, 959.12, 959.15, 416 or 959.17 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the 417 fourth degree.
- (D) Whoever violates division (A) of section 959.13 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree. In addition, the court may order the offender to forfeit the animal

or livestock and may provide for its disposition, including, but	422
not limited to, the sale of the animal or livestock. If an animal	423
or livestock is forfeited and sold pursuant to this division, the	424
proceeds from the sale first shall be applied to pay the expenses	425
incurred with regard to the care of the animal from the time it	426
was taken from the custody of the former owner. The balance of the	427
proceeds from the sale, if any, shall be paid to the former owner	428
of the animal.	429
(E)(1) Whoever violates division (B) of section 959.131 of	430
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree on	431
a first offense and a felony of the fifth degree on each	432
subsequent offense.	433
(2) Whoever violates section 959.01 of the Revised Code or	434
division (C) of section 959.131 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	435
misdemeanor of the second degree on a first offense and a	436
misdemeanor of the first degree on each subsequent offense.	437
(3)(a) A court may order a person who is convicted of or	438
pleads guilty to a violation of section 959.131 of the Revised	439
Code to forfeit to an impounding agency, as defined in section	440
959.132 of the Revised Code, any or all of the companion animals	441
in that person's ownership or care. The court also may prohibit or	442
place limitations on the person's ability to own or care for any	443
companion animals for a specified or indefinite period of time.	444
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(b) A court may order a person who is convicted of or pleads	446
guilty to a violation of section 959.131 of the Revised Code to	447
reimburse an impounding agency for the reasonably necessary costs	448
incurred by the agency for the care of a companion animal that the	449
agency impounded as a result of the investigation or prosecution	450
of the violation, provided that the costs were not otherwise paid	451

under section 959.132 of the Revised Code.

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(4) If a court has reason to believe that a person who is 453
convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of section 959.131 of 454
the Revised Code suffers from a mental or emotional disorder that 455
contributed to the violation, the court may impose as a community 456
control sanction or as a condition of probation a requirement that 457
the offender undergo psychological evaluation or counseling. The 458
<pre>court shall order the offender to pay the costs of the evaluation 459</pre>
or counseling. 460
(F) Whoever violates section 959.14 of the Revised Code is 461
guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree on a first offense 462
and a misdemeanor of the first degree on each subsequent offense. 463
$\frac{(F)(G)}{(G)}$ Whoever violates section 959.05 or 959.20 of the 464
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 465
(G)(H) Whoever violates section 959.16 of the Revised Code is 466
guilty of a felony of the fourth degree for a first offense and a 467
felony of the third degree on each subsequent offense. 468
Sec. 1717.06. A county humane society organized under section 469
1717.05 of the Revised Code may appoint agents, who are residents 470
of the county or municipal corporation for which the appointment 471
is made, for the purpose of prosecuting any person guilty of an 472
act of cruelty to persons or animals. Such agents may arrest any 473
person found violating sections 1717.01 to 1717.14, inclusive, of 474
the Revised Code, this chapter or any other law for protecting 475
persons or animals or preventing acts of cruelty thereto. Upon 476
making such an arrest the agent forthwith shall convey the person 477
arrested before some court or magistrate having jurisdiction of 478
the offense, and there make complaint against him the person on 479
oath or affirmation of the offense. 480
All appointments of agents under this section shall be 481

approved by the mayor of the municipal corporation for which they

are made. If the society exists outside a municipal corporation,

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such appointments shall be approved by the probate judge of the county for which they are made. Such The mayor or probate judge shall keep a record of such appointments.

In order to qualify for appointment as a humane agent under this section, a person first shall successfully complete a minimum of twenty hours of training on issues relating to the investigation and prosecution of cruelty to and neglect of animals. The training shall comply with rules recommended by the peace officer training commission under section 109.73 of the Revised Code and shall include, without limitation, instruction regarding animal husbandry practices as described in division (A)(12) of that section. A person who has been appointed as a humane agent under this section prior to the effective date of this amendment may continue to act as a humane agent for a period of time on and after the effective date of this amendment without completing the training. However, on or before December 31, 2004, a person who has been appointed as a humane agent under this section prior to the effective date of this amendment shall successfully complete the training described in this paragraph and submit proof of its successful completion to the appropriate appointing mayor or probate judge in order to continue to act as a humane agent after December 31, 2004.

Sec. 2151.421. (A)(1)(a) No person described in division (A)(1)(b) of this section who is acting in an official or professional capacity and knows or suspects that a child under eighteen years of age or a mentally retarded, developmentally disabled, or physically impaired child under twenty-one years of age has suffered or faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental wound, injury, disability, or condition of a nature that reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of the child, shall fail to immediately report that knowledge or suspicion to the public children services agency or a municipal or county peace officer in

the county in which the child resides or in which the abuse or neglect is occurring or has occurred.

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- (b) Division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies to any person who is an attorney; physician, including a hospital intern or resident; dentist; podiatrist; practitioner of a limited branch of medicine as specified in section 4731.15 of the Revised Code; registered nurse; licensed practical nurse; visiting nurse; other health care professional; licensed psychologist; licensed school psychologist; speech pathologist or audiologist; coroner; administrator or employee of a child day-care center; administrator or employee of a residential camp or child day camp; administrator or employee of a certified child care agency or other public or private children services agency; school teacher; school employee; school authority; person engaged in social work or the practice of professional counseling; agent of a county humane society; or a person rendering spiritual treatment through prayer in accordance with the tenets of a well-recognized religion.
- (2) An attorney or a physician is not required to make a report pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section concerning any communication the attorney or physician receives from a client or patient in an attorney-client or physician-patient relationship, if, in accordance with division (A) or (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, the attorney or physician could not testify with respect to that communication in a civil or criminal proceeding, except that the client or patient is deemed to have waived any testimonial privilege under division (A) or (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code with respect to that communication and the attorney or physician shall make a report pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section with respect to that communication, if all of the following apply:
 - (a) The client or patient, at the time of the communication,

(2) The child's age and the nature and extent of the child's

known or suspected injuries, abuse, or neglect or of the known or

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(F)(1) Except as provided in section 2151.422 of the Revised

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Code.

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Code, the public children services agency shall investigate, within twenty-four hours, each report of known or suspected child abuse or child neglect and of a known or suspected threat of child abuse or child neglect that is referred to it under this section to determine the circumstances surrounding the injuries, abuse, or neglect or the threat of injury, abuse, or neglect, the cause of the injuries, abuse, neglect, or threat, and the person or persons responsible. The investigation shall be made in cooperation with the law enforcement agency and in accordance with the memorandum of understanding prepared under division (J) of this section. A failure to make the investigation in accordance with the memorandum is not grounds for, and shall not result in, the dismissal of any charges or complaint arising from the report or the suppression of any evidence obtained as a result of the report and does not give, and shall not be construed as giving, any rights or any grounds for appeal or post-conviction relief to any person. The public children services agency shall report each case to a central registry which the department of job and family services shall maintain in order to determine whether prior reports have been made in other counties concerning the child or other principals in the case. The public children services agency shall submit a report of its investigation, in writing, to the law enforcement agency.

- (2) The public children services agency shall make any recommendations to the county prosecuting attorney or city director of law that it considers necessary to protect any children that are brought to its attention.
- (G)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (H)(3) of this section, anyone or any hospital, institution, school, health department, or agency participating in the making of reports under division (A) of this section, anyone or any hospital, institution, school, health department, or agency participating in good faith

in the making of reports under division (B) of this section, and anyone participating in good faith in a judicial proceeding resulting from the reports, shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability for injury, death, or loss to person or property that otherwise might be incurred or imposed as a result of the making of the reports or the participation in the judicial proceeding.

- (b) Notwithstanding section 4731.22 of the Revised Code, the physician-patient privilege shall not be a ground for excluding evidence regarding a child's injuries, abuse, or neglect, or the cause of the injuries, abuse, or neglect in any judicial proceeding resulting from a report submitted pursuant to this section.
- (2) In any civil or criminal action or proceeding in which it is alleged and proved that participation in the making of a report under this section was not in good faith or participation in a judicial proceeding resulting from a report made under this section was not in good faith, the court shall award the prevailing party reasonable attorney's fees and costs and, if a civil action or proceeding is voluntarily dismissed, may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the party against whom the civil action or proceeding is brought.
- (H)(1) Except as provided in divisions (H)(4), (M), and (N) of this section, a report made under this section is confidential. The information provided in a report made pursuant to this section and the name of the person who made the report shall not be released for use, and shall not be used, as evidence in any civil action or proceeding brought against the person who made the report. In a criminal proceeding, the report is admissible in evidence in accordance with the Rules of Evidence and is subject to discovery in accordance with the Rules of Criminal Procedure.
 - (2) No person shall permit or encourage the unauthorized

prevent further neglect or abuse, to enhance their welfare, and,

whenever possible, to preserve the family unit intact. The agency

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report to be provided with the following information:

(a) Whether the agency has initiated an investigation of the

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divisions.

- (3) A request made pursuant to division (K)(1) of this 799 section is not a substitute for any report required to be made 800 pursuant to division (A) of this section. 801
- (4) If an agency other than the agency that received or was referred the report is conducting the investigation of the report pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code, the agency conducting the investigation shall comply with the requirements of division (K) of this section.
- (L) The director of job and family services shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement this section. The department of job and family services may enter into a plan of cooperation with any other governmental entity to aid in ensuring that children are protected from abuse and neglect. The department shall make recommendations to the attorney general that the department determines are necessary to protect children from child abuse and child neglect.
- (M) No later than the end of the day following the day on which a public children services agency receives a report of alleged child abuse or child neglect, or a report of an alleged threat of child abuse or child neglect, that allegedly occurred in or involved an out-of-home care entity, the agency shall provide written notice of the allegations contained in and the person named as the alleged perpetrator in the report to the administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer of the out-of-home care entity that is the subject of the report unless the administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer is named as an alleged perpetrator in the report. If the administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer of an out-of-home care entity is named as an alleged perpetrator in a report of alleged child abuse or child neglect, or a report of an alleged threat of child abuse or child neglect, that allegedly