As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

Sub. S. B. No. 221

SENATORS Goodman, Mumper, Ryan, Coughlin, DiDonato, Furney, Hagan, Brady, Spada, Randy Gardner, Fingerhut, Harris, Jacobson, Mallory, Prentiss REPRESENTATIVES Mason, Sykes, Brown

ABILL

То	amend sections 109.73, 959.99, 1717.06, and	1
	2151.421 and to enact sections 959.131 and 959.132	2
	of the Revised Code to prohibit specified acts with	3
	respect to a companion animal, to establish a	4
	procedure for the care of an impounded companion	5
	animal during the pendency of charges against a	6
	person who violates the prohibition, to require	7
	training for humane agents, and to provide for the	8
	reporting by county humane society agents of abuse	9
	or neglect of children.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.73, 959.99, 1717.06, and	11
2151.421 be amended and sections 959.131 and 959.132 of the	12
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	13
Sec. 109.73. (A) The Ohio peace officer training commission	14
shall recommend rules to the attorney general with respect to all	15
of the following:	16
(1) The approval, or revocation of approval, of peace officer	17
training schools administered by the state, counties, municipal	18

corporations, p	public school districts, technical college	19
districts, and	the department of natural resources;	20

- (2) Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements, and equipment and facilities to be required at approved state, county, municipal, and department of natural resources peace officer training schools;
- (3) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved state, county, municipal, and department of natural resources peace officer training schools;
- (4) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before being eligible for permanent appointment, which requirements shall include a minimum of fifteen hours of training in the handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code, a minimum of six hours of crisis intervention training, and a specified amount of training in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect cases, and the time within which such basic training shall be completed following such appointment to a probationary term;
- (5) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace officers not appointed for probationary terms but appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent appointment, which requirements shall include a minimum of fifteen hours of training in the handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code, a minimum of six hours of crisis intervention training, and a specified amount of training in the handling of missing children and child abuse and

neglect	cases,	and	the	time	within	which	such	basic	training	shall
be compl	eted fo	llow	ing	such	appoint	ment c	on oth	er tha	ın a perma	anent
hasis;										

- (6) Categories or classifications of advanced in-service training programs for peace officers, including programs in the handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code, in crisis intervention, and in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect cases, and minimum courses of study and attendance requirements with respect to such categories or classifications;
- (7) Permitting persons who are employed as members of a campus police department appointed under section 1713.50 of the Revised Code, who are employed as police officers by a qualified nonprofit corporation police department pursuant to section 1702.80 of the Revised Code, or who are appointed and commissioned as railroad police officers or hospital police officers pursuant to sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of the Revised Code to attend approved peace officer training schools, including the Ohio peace officer training academy, and to receive certificates of satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if the private college or university that established the campus police department, qualified nonprofit corporation police department, railroad company, or hospital sponsoring the police officers pays the entire cost of the training and certification and if trainee vacancies are available;
- (8) Permitting undercover drug agents to attend approved peace officer training schools, other than the Ohio peace officer training academy, and to receive certificates of satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if, for each undercover drug agent, the county, township, or municipal corporation that

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employs that undercover drug agent pays the entire cost of the	83
training and certification;	84
(9)(a) The requirements for basic training programs for	85
bailiffs and deputy bailiffs of courts of record of this state and	86
for criminal investigators employed by the state public defender	87
that those persons shall complete before they may carry a firearm	88
while on duty;	89
(b) The requirements for any training received by a bailiff	90
or deputy bailiff of a court of record of this state or by a	91
criminal investigator employed by the state public defender prior	92
to June 6, 1986, that is to be considered equivalent to the	93
training described in division $(A)(9)(a)$ of this section.	94
(10) Establishing minimum qualifications and requirements for	95
certification for dogs utilized by law enforcement agencies;	96
(11) Establishing minimum requirements for certification of	97
persons who are employed as correction officers in a full-service	98
jail, five-day facility, or eight-hour holding facility or who	99
provide correction services in such a jail or facility:	100
(12) Establishing requirements for the training of agents of	101
a county humane society under section 1717.06 of the Revised Code,	102
including, without limitation, a requirement that the agents	103
receive instruction that is within the scope of an overall	104
curriculum for instruction on the topic of animal husbandry	105
practices that is consistent with recommendations, if any, of the	106
Ohio state university college of veterinary medicine.	107
(B) The commission shall appoint an executive director, with	108
the approval of the attorney general, who shall hold office during	109
the pleasure of the commission. The executive director shall	110
perform such duties as may be assigned by the commission. The	111
executive director shall receive a salary fixed pursuant to	112
Chapter 124. of the Revised Code and reimbursement for expenses	113

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within the amounts available by appropriation. The executive	114
director may appoint officers, employees, agents, and consultants	115
as the executive director considers necessary, prescribe their	116
duties, and provide for reimbursement of their expenses within the	117
amounts available for reimbursement by appropriation and with the	118
approval of the commission.	119
(C) The commission may do all of the following:	120
(1) Recommend studies, surveys, and reports to be made by the	121
executive director regarding the carrying out of the objectives	122
and purposes of sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code;	123
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(2) Visit and inspect any peace officer training school that	125
has been approved by the executive director or for which	126
application for approval has been made;	127
(3) Make recommendations, from time to time, to the executive	128
director, the attorney general, and the general assembly regarding	129
the carrying out of the purposes of sections 109.71 to 109.77 of	130
the Revised Code;	131
(4) Report to the attorney general from time to time, and to	132
the governor and the general assembly at least annually,	133
concerning the activities of the commission;	134
(5) Establish fees for the services the commission offers	135
under sections 109.71 to 109.79 of the Revised Code, including,	136
but not limited to, fees for training, certification, and	137
testing- <u>:</u>	138
(6) Perform such other acts as are necessary or appropriate	139
to carry out the powers and duties of the commission as set forth	140
in sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code.	141
Sec. 959.131. (A) As used in this section:	142

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(1) "Companion animal" means any animal that is kept inside a	143	
residential dwelling and any dog or cat regardless of where it is	144	
kept. "Companion animal" does not include livestock or any wild	145	
animal.	146	
(2) "Cruelty," "torment," and "torture" have the same	147	
meanings as in section 1717.01 of the Revised Code.	148	
(3) "Residential dwelling" means a structure or shelter or	149	
the portion of a structure or shelter that is used by one or more	150	
humans for the purpose of a habitation.	151	
(4) "Practice of veterinary medicine" has the same meaning as	152	
in section 4741.01 of the Revised Code.	153	
(5) "Wild animal" has the same meaning as in section 1531.01	154	
of the Revised Code.	155	
(6) "Federal animal welfare act" means the "Laboratory Animal	156	
Act of 1966, Pub. L. No. 89-544, 80 Stat. 350 (1966), 7 U.S.C.A.	157	
2131 et seq., as amended by the "Animal Welfare Act of 1970," Pub.	158	
L. No. 91-579, 84 Stat. 1560 (1970), the "Animal Welfare Act	159	
Amendments of 1976," Pub. L. No. 94-279, 90 Stat. 417 (1976), and	160	
the "Food Security Act of 1985," Pub. L. No. 99-198, 99 Stat. 1354	161	
(1985), and as it may be subsequently amended.	162	
(B) No person shall knowingly torture, torment, needlessly	163	
mutilate or maim, cruelly beat, poison, needlessly kill, or commit	164	
an act of cruelty against a companion animal.	165	
(C) No person who confines or who is the custodian or	166	
caretaker of a companion animal shall negligently do any of the	167	
<u>following:</u>	168	
(1) Torture, torment, needlessly mutilate or maim, cruelly	169	
beat, poison, needlessly kill, or commit an act of cruelty against	170	
the companion animal;	171	
(2) Deprive the companion animal of necessary sustenance,	172	

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confine the companion animal without supplying it during the	173
confinement with sufficient quantities of good, wholesome food and	174
water, or impound or confine the companion animal without	175
affording it, during the impoundment or confinement, with access	176
to shelter from heat, cold, wind, rain, snow, or excessive direct	177
sunlight, if it can reasonably be expected that the companion	178
animal would become sick or suffer in any other way as a result of	179
or due to the deprivation, confinement, or impoundment or	180
confinement in any of those specified manners.	181
(D) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to any	182
of the following:	183
(1) A companion animal used in scientific research conducted	184
by an institution in accordance with the federal animal welfare	185
act and related regulations;	186
(2) The lawful practice of veterinary medicine by a person	187
who has been issued a license, temporary permit, or registration	188
certificate to do so under Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code;	189
(3) Dogs being used or intended for use for hunting or field	190
trial purposes, provided that the dogs are being treated in	191
accordance with usual and commonly accepted practices for the care	192
of hunting dogs;	193
(4) The use of common training devices, if the companion	194
animal is being treated in accordance with usual and commonly	195
accepted practices for the training of animals;	196
(5) The administering of medicine to a companion animal that	197
was properly prescribed by a person who has been issued a license,	198
temporary permit, or registration certificate under Chapter 4741.	199
of the Revised Code.	200
(E) Notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code that	201
otherwise provides for the distribution of fine moneys, the clerk	202
of court shall forward all fines the clerk collects that are so	203

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imposed for any violation of this section to the treasurer of the	204
political subdivision or the state, whose county humane society or	205
law enforcement agency is to be paid the fine money as determined	206
under this division. The treasurer to whom the fines are forwarded	207
shall pay the fine moneys to the county humane society or the	208
county, township, municipal corporation, or state law enforcement	209
agency in this state that primarily was responsible for or	210
involved in the investigation and prosecution of the violation. If	211
a county humane society receives any fine moneys under this	212
division, the county humane society shall use the fine moneys to	213
provide the training that is required for humane agents under	214
section 1717.06 of the Revised Code.	215
Sec. 959.132. (A) As used in this section:	216
(1) "Agent of a county humane society" means a person	217
appointed by a county humane society pursuant to section 1717.06	218
of the Revised Code.	219
(2) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section	220
959.131 of the Revised Code.	221
(3) "Impounding agency" means the county humane society,	222
animal shelter, or law enforcement agency that, in accordance with	223
division (B) or (C) of this section, either has impounded a	224
companion animal or has made regular visits to the place where a	225
companion animal is kept to determine whether it is provided with	226
necessities.	227
(4) "Officer" means any law enforcement officer, agent of a	228
county humane society, dog warden, assistant dog warden, or other	229
person appointed to act as an animal control officer for a county,	230
municipal corporation, or township in accordance with state law,	231
an ordinance, or a resolution.	232
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, an officer	233

<u>may impound a companion animal if the officer has probable cause</u>	
to believe that it or other companion animals that are kept by the	
same person on the premises are the subject of a violation of	
section 959.131 of the Revised Code and if the officer has lawful	
access to the companion animal at the time of the impoundment. The	
officer shall give written notice of the impoundment by posting	
the notice on the door of the residence on the premises at which	
the companion animal was impounded, by giving it in person to the	
owner, custodian, or caretaker of the companion animal, or by	
otherwise posting the notice in a conspicuous place on the	
premises where the companion animal was seized. No officer or	
impounding agency shall impound a companion animal that is the	
subject of a violation of section 959.131 of the Revised Code in a	
shelter owned, operated, or controlled by a board of county	
commissioners pursuant to Chapter 955. of the Revised Code unless	
the board, by resolution, authorizes the impoundment of companion	
animals in a shelter owned, operated, or controlled by that board	
and has executed, in the case when the officer is other than a dog	
warden or assistant dog warden, a contract specifying the terms	
and conditions of the impoundment.	
(C) If charges are filed under section 959.131 of the Revised	

(C) If charges are filed under section 959.131 of the Revised Code against the custodian or caretaker of a companion animal, but the companion animal that is the subject of the charges is not impounded, the court in which the charges are pending may order the owner or person having custody of the companion animal to provide to the companion animal the necessities described in divisions (C)(2) to (6) of section 959.131 of the Revised Code until the final disposition of the charges. If the court issues an order of that nature, the court also may authorize an officer or another person to visit the place where the companion animal is being kept, at the times and under the conditions that the court may set, to determine whether the companion animal is receiving

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those necessities and to remove and impound the companion animal	266
if the companion animal is not receiving those necessities.	267
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(D) An owner, custodian, or caretaker of one or more	269
companion animals that have been impounded under this section may	270
file a written request for a hearing with the clerk of the court	271
in which charges are pending that were filed under section 959.131	272
of the Revised Code and that involve the impounded companion	273
animals. If a hearing is requested, the court shall conduct a	274
hearing not later than twenty-one days following receipt of the	275
request. At the hearing, the impounding agency has the burden of	276
proving by a preponderance of the evidence that probable cause	277
exists to find that the defendant is guilty of a violation of	278
section 959.131 of the Revised Code, unless probable cause has	279
previously been established in a judicial proceeding, in which	280
case the court shall take notice that probable cause exists and	281
shall not require further proof of probable cause. A hearing that	282
is conducted under division (D) of this section shall be combined	283
whenever possible with any hearing involving the same pending	284
charges that is authorized and conducted under division (E) of	285
this section.	286
If the court finds at the conclusion of the hearing that	287
probable cause does not exist for finding that the defendant	288
committed a violation and that the defendant otherwise has a right	289
to possession of the impounded companion animals, the court shall	290
order the animals to be returned to the defendant.	291
If the court finds at the conclusion of the hearing that	292
probable cause exists for finding the defendant guilty of a	293
violation with respect to one or more of the impounded companion	294
animals, the court shall do one of the following with respect to	295
<pre>each impounded companion animal:</pre>	296
(1) Allow the impounding agency to retain custody of the	297

pendency of the charges for the companion animals seized or

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removed from the defendant's custody or control are reasonably	330
projected to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars.	331
(3) If the court finds at the conclusion of the hearing that	332
probable cause does not exist for finding that the defendant	333
committed a violation of section 959.131 of the Revised Code and	334
that the defendant otherwise has a right to possession of the	335
companion animals, the court shall order the animals to be	336
returned to the defendant. If the court finds at the conclusion of	337
the hearing that probable cause exists for finding that the	338
defendant committed a violation of that section, but that the	339
reasonably necessary costs for caring during the pendency of the	340
charges for the companion animals seized or removed from the	341
defendant's custody or control are reasonably projected to be one	342
thousand five hundred dollars or less, the court shall deny the	343
petitioner's motion to require the defendant to pay a deposit.	344
If the court finds at the conclusion of the hearing that	345
probable cause exists for finding the defendant quilty of the	346
violation with respect to one or more of the impounded companion	347
animals and for determining that the reasonably necessary	348
projected costs of caring for the companion animals exceed one	349
thousand five hundred dollars during the pendency of the charges,	350
the court shall do one of the following:	351
(a) Order the defendant to post a deposit with the clerk of	352
the court in a form and in an amount that the court determines is	353
sufficient to cover the cost of care of the companion animals from	354
the date of impoundment until the date of the disposition of the	355
charges;	356
(b) Order one or more of the companion animals to be returned	357
to the defendant under any conditions and restrictions that the	358
court determines to be appropriate to ensure that the companion	359
animals receive humane and adequate care and treatment;	360

(c) Deny the motion of the impounding agency requesting the	361
defendant to post a deposit, but permit the impounding agency to	362
retain custody of one or more of the companion animals pending	363
resolution of the underlying charges.	364
(4) The court may order the defendant to forfeit the right of	365
possession and ownership in one or more of the companion animals	366
to the impounding agency if the defendant fails to comply with the	367
conditions set forth in an order of the court that is rendered	368
under division (E)(3) of this section. If the order that was not	369
complied with required the defendant to post a deposit, forfeiture	370
of the companion animals relieves the defendant of any further	371
obligation to post the deposit.	372
(5)(a) A hearing that is conducted under division (D) of this	373
section shall be combined whenever possible with any hearing	374
involving the same pending charges that is authorized and	375
conducted under division (E) of this section. However, division	376
(E)(5)(b) of this section applies when both of the hearings are	377
conducted and combining them is not possible.	378
(b) At a hearing conducted under division (E) of this	379
section, an impounding agency shall not be required to prove that	380
there is probable cause to find that the defendant is guilty of a	381
violation of section 959.131 of the Revised Code if the court	382
already has made a finding concerning probable cause at a separate	383
hearing conducted under division (D) of this section. In such an	384
event, the probable cause finding made at the hearing conducted	385
under division (D) of this section shall be used for purposes of	386
the hearing conducted under division (E) of this section.	387
(F)(1) If the defendant is found guilty of violating section	388
959.131 of the Revised Code or any other offense relating to the	389
care or treatment of a companion animal and the defendant posted a	390
deposit pursuant to division (E) of this section, the court shall	391
determine the amount of the reasonably necessary costs that the	392

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the Revised Code.	424
Sec. 959.99. (A) Whoever violates section 959.01, 959.18, or	425
959.19 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	426
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	427
violates section 959.02 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	428
misdemeanor of the second degree. If the value of the animal	429
killed or the injury done amounts to three hundred dollars or	430
more, whoever violates section 959.02 of the Revised Code is	431
guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	432
(C) Whoever violates section 959.03, 959.06, 959.12, 959.15,	433
or 959.17 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	434
fourth degree.	435
(D) Whoever violates division (A) of section 959.13 of the	436
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree. In	437
addition, the court may order the offender to forfeit the animal	438
or livestock and may provide for its disposition, including, but	439
not limited to, the sale of the animal or livestock. If an animal	440
or livestock is forfeited and sold pursuant to this division, the	441
proceeds from the sale first shall be applied to pay the expenses	442
incurred with regard to the care of the animal from the time it	443
was taken from the custody of the former owner. The balance of the	444
proceeds from the sale, if any, shall be paid to the former owner	445
of the animal.	446
(E)(1) Whoever violates division (B) of section 959.131 of	447
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree on	448
a first offense and a felony of the fifth degree on each	449
subsequent offense.	450
(2) Whoever violates section 959.01 of the Revised Code or	451
division (C) of section 959.131 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	452
misdemeanor of the second degree on a first offense and a	453

felony of the third degree on each subsequent offense.

Sec. 1717.06. A county humane society organized under section 1717.05 of the Revised Code may appoint agents, who are residents of the county or municipal corporation for which the appointment is made, for the purpose of prosecuting any person guilty of an act of cruelty to persons or animals. Such agents may arrest any person found violating sections 1717.01 to 1717.14, inclusive, of the Revised Code, this chapter or any other law for protecting persons or animals or preventing acts of cruelty thereto. Upon making such an arrest the agent forthwith shall convey the person arrested before some court or magistrate having jurisdiction of the offense, and there make complaint against him the person on oath or affirmation of the offense.

All appointments of agents under this section shall be approved by the mayor of the municipal corporation for which they are made. If the society exists outside a municipal corporation, such appointments shall be approved by the probate judge of the county for which they are made. Such The mayor or probate judge shall keep a record of such appointments.

In order to qualify for appointment as a humane agent under this section, a person first shall successfully complete a minimum of twenty hours of training on issues relating to the investigation and prosecution of cruelty to and neglect of animals. The training shall comply with rules recommended by the peace officer training commission under section 109.73 of the Revised Code and shall include, without limitation, instruction regarding animal husbandry practices as described in division (A)(12) of that section. A person who has been appointed as a humane agent under this section prior to the effective date of this amendment may continue to act as a humane agent for a period of time on and after the effective date of this amendment without completing the training. However, on or before December 31, 2004,

a person who has been appointed as a humane agent under this	517
section prior to the effective date of this amendment shall	518
successfully complete the training described in this paragraph and	519
submit proof of its successful completion to the appropriate	520
appointing mayor or probate judge in order to continue to act as a	521
humane agent after December 31, 2004.	522

An agent of a county humane society only has the specific 523

authority granted to the agent under this section and section 524

1717.08 of the Revised Code. 525

Sec. 2151.421. (A)(1)(a) No person described in division (A)(1)(b) of this section who is acting in an official or professional capacity and knows or suspects that a child under eighteen years of age or a mentally retarded, developmentally disabled, or physically impaired child under twenty-one years of age has suffered or faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental wound, injury, disability, or condition of a nature that reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of the child, shall fail to immediately report that knowledge or suspicion to the public children services agency or a municipal or county peace officer in the county in which the child resides or in which the abuse or neglect is occurring or has occurred.

(b) Division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies to any person who is an attorney; physician, including a hospital intern or resident; dentist; podiatrist; practitioner of a limited branch of medicine as specified in section 4731.15 of the Revised Code; registered nurse; licensed practical nurse; visiting nurse; other health care professional; licensed psychologist; licensed school psychologist; speech pathologist or audiologist; coroner; administrator or employee of a child day-care center; administrator or employee of a residential camp or child day camp; administrator or employee of a certified child care agency or

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other public or private children services agency; school teacher;
school employee; school authority; person engaged in social work
or the practice of professional counseling; agent of a county
<pre>humane society: or a person rendering spiritual treatment through</pre>
prayer in accordance with the tenets of a well-recognized
religion.

- (2) An attorney or a physician is not required to make a report pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section concerning any communication the attorney or physician receives from a client or patient in an attorney-client or physician-patient relationship, if, in accordance with division (A) or (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, the attorney or physician could not testify with respect to that communication in a civil or criminal proceeding, except that the client or patient is deemed to have waived any testimonial privilege under division (A) or (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code with respect to that communication and the attorney or physician shall make a report pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section with respect to that communication, if all of the following apply:
- (a) The client or patient, at the time of the communication, is either a child under eighteen years of age or a mentally retarded, developmentally disabled, or physically impaired person under twenty-one years of age.
- (b) The attorney or physician knows or suspects, as a result of the communication or any observations made during that communication, that the client or patient has suffered or faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental wound, injury, disability, or condition of a nature that reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of the client or patient.
- (c) The attorney-client or physician-patient relationship 577 does not arise out of the client's or patient's attempt to have an abortion without the notification of her parents, guardian, or

custodian in accordance with section 2151.85 of the Revised Code.

- (B) Anyone, who knows or suspects that a child under eighteen years of age or a mentally retarded, developmentally disabled, or physically impaired person under twenty-one years of age has suffered or faces a threat of suffering any physical or mental wound, injury, disability, or other condition of a nature that reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of the child, may report or cause reports to be made of that knowledge or suspicion to the public children services agency or to a municipal or county peace officer.
- (C) Any report made pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section shall be made forthwith either by telephone or in person and shall be followed by a written report, if requested by the receiving agency or officer. The written report shall contain:
- (1) The names and addresses of the child and the child's 594 parents or the person or persons having custody of the child, if 595 known; 596
- (2) The child's age and the nature and extent of the child's known or suspected injuries, abuse, or neglect or of the known or suspected threat of injury, abuse, or neglect, including any evidence of previous injuries, abuse, or neglect;
- (3) Any other information that might be helpful in establishing the cause of the known or suspected injury, abuse, or neglect or of the known or suspected threat of injury, abuse, or neglect.

Any person, who is required by division (A) of this section to report known or suspected child abuse or child neglect, may take or cause to be taken color photographs of areas of trauma visible on a child and, if medically indicated, cause to be performed radiological examinations of the child.

(D)(1) Upon the receipt of a report concerning the possible

abuse or neglect of a child or the possible threat of abuse or neglect of a child, the municipal or county peace officer who receives the report shall refer the report to the appropriate public children services agency.

- (2) On receipt of a report pursuant to this division or division (A) or (B) of this section, the public children services agency shall comply with section 2151.422 of the Revised Code.
- (E) No township, municipal, or county peace officer shall remove a child about whom a report is made pursuant to this section from the child's parents, stepparents, or guardian or any other persons having custody of the child without consultation with the public children services agency, unless, in the judgment of the officer, and, if the report was made by physician, the physician, immediate removal is considered essential to protect the child from further abuse or neglect. The agency that must be consulted shall be the agency conducting the investigation of the report as determined pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code.
- (F)(1) Except as provided in section 2151.422 of the Revised Code, the public children services agency shall investigate, within twenty-four hours, each report of known or suspected child abuse or child neglect and of a known or suspected threat of child abuse or child neglect that is referred to it under this section to determine the circumstances surrounding the injuries, abuse, or neglect or the threat of injury, abuse, or neglect, the cause of the injuries, abuse, neglect, or threat, and the person or persons responsible. The investigation shall be made in cooperation with the law enforcement agency and in accordance with the memorandum of understanding prepared under division (J) of this section. A failure to make the investigation in accordance with the memorandum is not grounds for, and shall not result in, the dismissal of any charges or complaint arising from the report or

the suppression of any evidence obtained as a result of the report and does not give, and shall not be construed as giving, any rights or any grounds for appeal or post-conviction relief to any person. The public children services agency shall report each case to a central registry which the department of job and family services shall maintain in order to determine whether prior reports have been made in other counties concerning the child or other principals in the case. The public children services agency shall submit a report of its investigation, in writing, to the law enforcement agency.

- (2) The public children services agency shall make any recommendations to the county prosecuting attorney or city director of law that it considers necessary to protect any children that are brought to its attention.
- (G)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (H)(3) of this section, anyone or any hospital, institution, school, health department, or agency participating in the making of reports under division (A) of this section, anyone or any hospital, institution, school, health department, or agency participating in good faith in the making of reports under division (B) of this section, and anyone participating in good faith in a judicial proceeding resulting from the reports, shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability for injury, death, or loss to person or property that otherwise might be incurred or imposed as a result of the making of the reports or the participation in the judicial proceeding.
- (b) Notwithstanding section 4731.22 of the Revised Code, the physician-patient privilege shall not be a ground for excluding evidence regarding a child's injuries, abuse, or neglect, or the cause of the injuries, abuse, or neglect in any judicial proceeding resulting from a report submitted pursuant to this section.

- (2) In any civil or criminal action or proceeding in which it is alleged and proved that participation in the making of a report under this section was not in good faith or participation in a judicial proceeding resulting from a report made under this section was not in good faith, the court shall award the prevailing party reasonable attorney's fees and costs and, if a civil action or proceeding is voluntarily dismissed, may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the party against whom the civil action or proceeding is brought.
- (H)(1) Except as provided in divisions (H)(4), (M), and (N) of this section, a report made under this section is confidential. The information provided in a report made pursuant to this section and the name of the person who made the report shall not be released for use, and shall not be used, as evidence in any civil action or proceeding brought against the person who made the report. In a criminal proceeding, the report is admissible in evidence in accordance with the Rules of Evidence and is subject to discovery in accordance with the Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (2) No person shall permit or encourage the unauthorized dissemination of the contents of any report made under this section.
- (3) A person who knowingly makes or causes another person to make a false report under division (B) of this section that alleges that any person has committed an act or omission that resulted in a child being an abused child or a neglected child is guilty of a violation of section 2921.14 of the Revised Code.
- (4) If a report is made pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section and the child who is the subject of the report dies for any reason at any time after the report is made, but before the child attains eighteen years of age, the public children services agency or municipal or county peace officer to which the report was made or referred, on the request of the child fatality

- review board, shall submit a summary sheet of information providing a summary of the report to the review board of the county in which the deceased child resided at the time of death. On the request of the review board, the agency or peace officer may, at its discretion, make the report available to the review board.
- (5) A public children services agency shall advise a person alleged to have inflicted abuse or neglect on a child who is the subject of a report made pursuant to this section in writing of the disposition of the investigation. The agency shall not provide to the person any information that identifies the person who made the report, statements of witnesses, or police or other investigative reports.
- (I) Any report that is required by this section shall result in protective services and emergency supportive services being made available by the public children services agency on behalf of the children about whom the report is made, in an effort to prevent further neglect or abuse, to enhance their welfare, and, whenever possible, to preserve the family unit intact. The agency required to provide the services shall be the agency conducting the investigation of the report pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code.
- (J)(1) Each public children services agency shall prepare a memorandum of understanding that is signed by all of the following:
- (a) If there is only one juvenile judge in the county, the juvenile judge of the county or the juvenile judge's representative;
- (b) If there is more than one juvenile judge in the county, a juvenile judge or the juvenile judges' representative selected by the juvenile judges or, if they are unable to do so for any

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reason, the juvenile judge who is senior in point of service or	738
the senior juvenile judge's representative;	739
(c) The county peace officer;	740
(d) All chief municipal peace officers within the county;	741
(e) Other law enforcement officers handling child abuse and	742
neglect cases in the county;	743
(f) The prosecuting attorney of the county;	744
(g) If the public children services agency is not the county	745
department of job and family services, the county department of	746
job and family services;	747
(h) The county humane society.	748
(2) A memorandum of understanding shall set forth the normal	749
operating procedure to be employed by all concerned officials in	750
the execution of their respective responsibilities under this	751
section and division (C) of section 2919.21, division (B)(1) of	752
section 2919.22, division (B) of section 2919.23, and section	753
2919.24 of the Revised Code and shall have as two of its primary	754
goals the elimination of all unnecessary interviews of children	755
who are the subject of reports made pursuant to division (A) or	756
(B) of this section and, when feasible, providing for only one	757
interview of a child who is the subject of any report made	758
pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section. A failure to	759
follow the procedure set forth in the memorandum by the concerned	760
officials is not grounds for, and shall not result in, the	761
dismissal of any charges or complaint arising from any reported	762
case of abuse or neglect or the suppression of any evidence	763
obtained as a result of any reported child abuse or child neglect	764
and does not give, and shall not be construed as giving, any	765
rights or any grounds for appeal or post-conviction relief to any	766
person.	767

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(3) A memorandum of understanding shall include all of the	768
following:	769
(a) The roles and responsibilities for handling emergency and	770
nonemergency cases of abuse and neglect;	771
(b) Standards and procedures to be used in handling and	772
coordinating investigations of reported cases of child abuse and	773
reported cases of child neglect, methods to be used in	774
interviewing the child who is the subject of the report and who	775
allegedly was abused or neglected, and standards and procedures	776
addressing the categories of persons who may interview the child	777
who is the subject of the report and who allegedly was abused or	778
neglected.	779
(K)(1) Except as provided in division $(K)(4)$ of this section,	780
a person who is required to make a report pursuant to division (A)	781
of this section may make a reasonable number of requests of the	782
public children services agency that receives or is referred the	783
report to be provided with the following information:	784
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(a) Whether the agency has initiated an investigation of the	786
report;	787
(b) Whether the agency is continuing to investigate the	788
report;	789
(c) Whether the agency is otherwise involved with the child	790
who is the subject of the report;	791
(d) The general status of the health and safety of the child	792
who is the subject of the report;	793
(e) Whether the report has resulted in the filing of a	794
complaint in juvenile court or of criminal charges in another	794
	795
court.	190

(2) A person may request the information specified in

division (K)(1) of this section only if, at the time the report is made, the person's name, address, and telephone number are provided to the person who receives the report.

When a municipal or county peace officer or employee of a public children services agency receives a report pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section the recipient of the report shall inform the person of the right to request the information described in division (K)(1) of this section. The recipient of the report shall include in the initial child abuse or child neglect report that the person making the report was so informed and, if provided at the time of the making of the report, shall include the person's name, address, and telephone number in the report.

Each request is subject to verification of the identity of the person making the report. If that person's identity is verified, the agency shall provide the person with the information described in division (K)(1) of this section a reasonable number of times, except that the agency shall not disclose any confidential information regarding the child who is the subject of the report other than the information described in those divisions.

- (3) A request made pursuant to division (K)(1) of this section is not a substitute for any report required to be made pursuant to division (A) of this section.
- (4) If an agency other than the agency that received or was referred the report is conducting the investigation of the report pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code, the agency conducting the investigation shall comply with the requirements of division (K) of this section.
- (L) The director of job and family services shall adopt rules 827 in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement 828

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this section. The department of job and family services may enter into a plan of cooperation with any other governmental entity to aid in ensuring that children are protected from abuse and neglect. The department shall make recommendations to the attorney general that the department determines are necessary to protect children from child abuse and child neglect.

(M) No later than the end of the day following the day on which a public children services agency receives a report of alleged child abuse or child neglect, or a report of an alleged threat of child abuse or child neglect, that allegedly occurred in or involved an out-of-home care entity, the agency shall provide written notice of the allegations contained in and the person named as the alleged perpetrator in the report to the administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer of the out-of-home care entity that is the subject of the report unless the administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer is named as an alleged perpetrator in the report. If the administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer of an out-of-home care entity is named as an alleged perpetrator in a report of alleged child abuse or child neglect, or a report of an alleged threat of child abuse or child neglect, that allegedly occurred in or involved the out-of-home care entity, the agency shall provide the written notice to the owner or governing board of the out-of-home care entity that is the subject of the report. The agency shall not provide witness statements or police or other investigative reports.

(N) No later than three days after the day on which a public children services agency that conducted the investigation as determined pursuant to section 2151.422 of the Revised Code makes a disposition of an investigation involving a report of alleged child abuse or child neglect, or a report of an alleged threat of child abuse or child neglect, that allegedly occurred in or

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involved an out-of-home care entity, the agency shall send written	861
notice of the disposition of the investigation to the	862
administrator, director, or other chief administrative officer and	863
the owner or governing board of the out-of-home care entity. The	864
agency shall not provide witness statements or police or other	865
investigative reports.	866
Section 2. That existing sections 109.73, 959.99, 1717.06,	867
and 2151.421 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	868