# **As Introduced**

# 124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

S. B. No. 261

### **SENATOR Carnes**

# A BILL

То	amend sections 5733.04, 5733.05, 5743.02, 5743.05,	1
	5743.32, and 5747.01, to enact sections 5733.043,	2
	5733.045, and 5747.011, and to repeal sections	3
	5743.023 and 5743.322 of the Revised Code and to	4
	amend Sections 63.18, 125, and 144 of Am. Sub. H.B.	5
	94 of the 124th General Assembly; to amend Section	б
	63 of Am. Sub. H.B. 94 of the 124th General	7
	Assembly, as subsequently amended; to amend Section	8
	29 of Am. Sub. H.B. 405 of the 124th General	9
	Assembly; and to repeal Section 31 of Am. Sub. H.B.	10
	405 of the 124th General Assembly to increase the	11
	rate of tax on cigarettes; to require corporations	12
	and individuals, in computing franchise or income	13
	tax liability, to add back some of the depreciation	14
	bonus permitted under federal law; to make	15
	budgetary modifications; and to make an	16
	appropriation.	17

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5733.04, 5733.05, 5743.02, 5743.05,185743.32, and 5747.01 be amended and sections 5733.043, 5733.045,19and 5747.011 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:20

Sec. 5733.04. As used in this chapter: 21 (A) "Issued and outstanding shares of stock" applies to 22 nonprofit corporations, as provided in section 5733.01 of the 23 Revised Code, and includes, but is not limited to, membership 24 certificates and other instruments evidencing ownership of an 25 interest in such nonprofit corporations, and with respect to a 26 financial institution that does not have capital stock, "issued 27 and outstanding shares of stock" includes, but is not limited to, 28 ownership interests of depositors in the capital employed in such 29 an institution. 30 (B) "Taxpayer" means a corporation subject to the tax imposed 31 by section 5733.06 of the Revised Code. 32 (C) "Resident" means a corporation organized under the laws 33 of this state. 34 (D) "Commercial domicile" means the principal place from 35 which the trade or business of the taxpayer is directed or 36 managed. 37 (E) "Taxable year" means the period prescribed by division 38 (A) of section 5733.031 of the Revised Code upon the net income of 39 which the value of the taxpayer's issued and outstanding shares of 40 stock is determined under division (B) of section 5733.05 of the 41

Revised Code or the period prescribed by division (A) of section 42 5733.031 of the Revised Code that immediately precedes the date as 43 of which the total value of the corporation is determined under 44 division (A) or (C) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code. 45

(F) "Tax year" means the calendar year in and for which the tax imposed by section 5733.06 of the Revised Code is required to be paid.

(G) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue Code 49 of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended. 50

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(H) "Federal income tax" means the income tax imposed by the51Internal Revenue Code.52

(I) Except as provided in section 5733.058 of the Revised
Code, "net income" means the taxpayer's taxable income before
operating loss deduction and special deductions, as required to be
reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the Internal
Revenue Code, subject to the following adjustments:

(1)(a) Deduct any net operating loss incurred in any taxable 58 years ending in 1971 or thereafter but exclusive of any net 59 operating loss incurred in taxable years ending prior to January 60 1, 1971. This deduction shall not be allowed in any tax year 61 commencing before December 31, 1973, but shall be carried over and 62 allowed in tax years commencing after December 31, 1973, until 63 fully utilized in the next succeeding taxable year or years in 64 which the taxpayer has net income, but in no case for more than 65 the designated carryover period as described in division (I)(1)(b)66 of this section. The amount of such net operating loss, as 67 determined under the allocation and apportionment provisions of 68 section 5733.051 and division (B) of section 5733.05 of the 69 Revised Code for the year in which the net operating loss occurs, 70 shall be deducted from net income, as determined under the 71 allocation and apportionment provisions of section 5733.051 and 72 division (B) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code, to the extent 73 necessary to reduce net income to zero with the remaining unused 74 portion of the deduction, if any, carried forward to the remaining 75 years of the designated carryover period as described in division 76 77 (I)(1)(b) of this section, or until fully utilized, whichever occurs first. 78

(b) For losses incurred in taxable years ending on or before
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December 31, 1981, the designated carryover period shall be the
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five consecutive taxable years after the taxable year in which the
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net operating loss occurred. For losses incurred in taxable years
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ending on or after January 1, 1982, the designated carryover 83 period shall be the fifteen consecutive taxable years after the 84 taxable year in which the net operating loss occurs. 85

(c) The tax commissioner may require a taxpayer to furnish any information necessary to support a claim for deduction under division (I)(1)(a) of this section and no deduction shall be allowed unless the information is furnished.

(2) Deduct any amount included in net income by application 90 of section 78 or 951 of the Internal Revenue Code, amounts 91 received for royalties, technical or other services derived from 92 sources outside the United States, and dividends received from a 93 subsidiary, associate, or affiliated corporation that neither 94 transacts any substantial portion of its business nor regularly 95 maintains any substantial portion of its assets within the United 96 States. For purposes of determining net foreign source income 97 deductible under division (I)(2) of this section, the amount of 98 gross income from all such sources other than dividend income and 99 income derived by application of section 78 or 951 of the Internal 100 Revenue Code shall be reduced by: 101

(a) The amount of any reimbursed expenses for personal
services performed by employees of the taxpayer for the
subsidiary, associate, or affiliated corporation;
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(b) Ten per cent of the amount of royalty income and 105 technical assistance fees; 106

(c) Fifteen per cent of the amount of dividends and all other 107income. 108

The amounts described in divisions (I)(2)(a) to (c) of this 109 section are deemed to be the expenses attributable to the 110 production of deductible foreign source income unless the taxpayer 111 shows, by clear and convincing evidence, less actual expenses, or 112 the tax commissioner shows, by clear and convincing evidence, more 113

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actual expenses.

(3) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the sale, 115 exchange, or other disposition of a capital asset, or an asset 116 described in section 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code, to the 117 extent that such loss or gain occurred prior to the first taxable 118 year on which the tax provided for in section 5733.06 of the 119 Revised Code is computed on the corporation's net income. For 120 purposes of division (I)(3) of this section, the amount of the 121 prior loss or gain shall be measured by the difference between the 122 original cost or other basis of the asset and the fair market 123 value as of the beginning of the first taxable year on which the 124 tax provided for in section 5733.06 of the Revised Code is 125 computed on the corporation's net income. At the option of the 126 taxpayer, the amount of the prior loss or gain may be a percentage 127 of the gain or loss, which percentage shall be determined by 128 multiplying the gain or loss by a fraction, the numerator of which 129 is the number of months from the acquisition of the asset to the 130 beginning of the first taxable year on which the fee provided in 131 section 5733.06 of the Revised Code is computed on the 132 corporation's net income, and the denominator of which is the 133 number of months from the acquisition of the asset to the sale, 134 exchange, or other disposition of the asset. The adjustments 135 described in this division do not apply to any gain or loss where 136 the gain or loss is recognized by a qualifying taxpayer, as 137 defined in section 5733.0510 of the Revised Code, with respect to 138 a qualifying taxable event, as defined in that section. 139

(4) Deduct the dividend received deduction provided by140section 243 of the Internal Revenue Code.141

(5) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public 142 obligations and purchase obligations to the extent included in 143 federal taxable income. As used in divisions (I)(5) and (6) of 144 this section, "public obligations," "purchase obligations," and 145

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"interest or interest equivalent" have the same meanings as in 146 section 5709.76 of the Revised Code. 147

(6) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the sale,
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the extent
included in federal taxable income.

(7) To the extent not otherwise allowed, deduct any dividends 151 or distributions received by a taxpayer from a public utility, 152 excluding an electric company, if the taxpayer owns at least 153 eighty per cent of the issued and outstanding common stock of the 154 public utility. As used in division (I)(7) of this section, 155 "public utility" means a public utility as defined in Chapter 156 5727. of the Revised Code, whether or not the public utility is 157 doing business in the state. 158

(8) To the extent not otherwise allowed, deduct any dividends 159 received by a taxpayer from an insurance company, if the taxpayer 160 owns at least eighty per cent of the issued and outstanding common 161 stock of the insurance company. As used in division (I)(8) of this 162 section, "insurance company" means an insurance company that is 163 taxable under Chapter 5725. or 5729. of the Revised Code. 164

(9) Deduct expenditures for modifying existing buildings or 166 structures to meet American national standards institute standard 167 A-117.1-1961 (R-1971), as amended; provided, that no deduction 168 shall be allowed to the extent that such deduction is not 169 permitted under federal law or under rules of the tax 170 commissioner. Those deductions as are allowed may be taken over a 171 period of five years. The tax commissioner shall adopt rules under 172 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code establishing reasonable 173 limitations on the extent that expenditures for modifying existing 174 buildings or structures are attributable to the purpose of making 175 the buildings or structures accessible to and usable by physically 176 177 handicapped persons.

(10) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not 178 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 179 allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income 180 before operating loss deduction and special deductions for the 181 taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed and determined 182 under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not 183 been in effect. 184

(11) Deduct net interest income on obligations of the United 185 States and its territories and possessions or of any authority, 186 commission, or instrumentality of the United States to the extent 187 the laws of the United States prohibit inclusion of the net 188 interest for purposes of determining the value of the taxpayer's 189 issued and outstanding shares of stock under division (B) of 190 section 5733.05 of the Revised Code. As used in division (I)(11) 191 of this section, "net interest" means interest net of any expenses 192 taken on the federal income tax return that would not have been 193 allowed under section 265 of the Internal Revenue Code if the 194 interest were exempt from federal income tax. 195

196 (12)(a) Except as set forth in division (I)(12)(d) of this section, to the extent not included in computing the taxpayer's 197 federal taxable income before operating loss deduction and special 198 deductions, add gains and deduct losses from direct or indirect 199 sales, exchanges, or other dispositions, made by a related entity 200 who is not a taxpayer, of the taxpayer's indirect, beneficial, or 201 constructive investment in the stock or debt of another entity, 202 unless the gain or loss has been included in computing the federal 203 taxable income before operating loss deduction and special 204 deductions of another taxpayer with a more closely related 205 investment in the stock or debt of the other entity. The amount of 206 gain added or loss deducted shall not exceed the product obtained 207 by multiplying such gain or loss by the taxpayer's proportionate 208 share, directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, of 209

the outstanding stock of the related entity immediately prior to the direct or indirect sale, exchange, or other disposition.

(b) Except as set forth in division (I)(12)(e) of this 213 section, to the extent not included in computing the taxpayer's 214 federal taxable income before operating loss deduction and special 215 deductions, add gains and deduct losses from direct or indirect 216 sales, exchanges, or other dispositions made by a related entity 217 who is not a taxpayer, of intangible property other than stock, 218 securities, and debt, if such property was owned, or used in whole 219 or in part, at any time prior to or at the time of the sale, 220 221 exchange, or disposition by either the taxpayer or by a related entity that was a taxpayer at any time during the related entity's 222 ownership or use of such property, unless the gain or loss has 223 been included in computing the federal taxable income before 224 225 operating loss deduction and special deductions of another taxpayer with a more closely related ownership or use of such 226 intangible property. The amount of gain added or loss deducted 227 shall not exceed the product obtained by multiplying such gain or 228 loss by the taxpayer's proportionate share, directly, indirectly, 229 beneficially, or constructively, of the outstanding stock of the 230 related entity immediately prior to the direct or indirect sale, 231 exchange, or other disposition. 232

(c) As used in division (I)(12) of this section, "related 233 entity" means those entities described in divisions (I)(12)(c)(i) 234 to (iii) of this section: 235

(i) An individual stockholder, or a member of the
stockholder's family enumerated in section 318 of the Internal
Revenue Code, if the stockholder and the members of the
stockholder's family own, directly, indirectly, beneficially, or
constructively, in the aggregate, at least fifty per cent of the
value of the taxpayer's outstanding stock;

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(ii) A stockholder, or a stockholder's partnership, estate, 242 trust, or corporation, if the stockholder and the stockholder's 243 partnerships, estates, trusts, and corporations own directly, 244 indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, in the aggregate, at 245 least fifty per cent of the value of the taxpayer's outstanding 246 stock; 247

(iii) A corporation, or a party related to the corporation in 248 a manner that would require an attribution of stock from the 249 corporation to the party or from the party to the corporation 250 under division (I)(12)(c)(iv) of this section, if the taxpayer 251 owns, directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, at 252 least fifty per cent of the value of the corporation's outstanding 253 stock. 254

(iv) The attribution rules of section 318 of the Internal 255 Revenue Code apply for purposes of determining whether the 256 ownership requirements in divisions (I)(12)(c)(i) to (iii) of this 257 section have been met. 258

(d) For purposes of the adjustments required by division 259 (I)(12)(a) of this section, the term "investment in the stock or 260 debt of another entity" means only those investments where the 261 taxpayer and the taxpayer's related entities directly, indirectly, 262 beneficially, or constructively own, in the aggregate, at any time 263 during the twenty-four month period commencing one year prior to 264 the direct or indirect sale, exchange, or other disposition of 265 such investment at least fifty per cent or more of the value of 266 either the outstanding stock or such debt of such other entity. 267

(e) For purposes of the adjustments required by division 268
(I)(12)(b) of this section, the term "related entity" excludes all 269
of the following: 270

(i) Foreign corporations as defined in section 7701 of the 271Internal Revenue Code; 272

(ii) Foreign partnerships as defined in section 7701 of the 273 Internal Revenue Code; 274 (iii) Corporations, partnerships, estates, and trusts created 275 or organized in or under the laws of the Commonwealth of Puerto 276 Rico or any possession of the United States; 277 (iv) Foreign estates and foreign trusts as defined in section 278 7701 of the Internal Revenue Code. 279 The exclusions described in divisions (I)(12)(e)(i) to (iv) 280 of this section do not apply if the corporation, partnership, 281 estate, or trust is described in any one of divisions (C)(1) to 282 (5) of section 5733.042 of the Revised Code. 283 (f) Nothing in division (I)(12) of this section shall require 284 or permit a taxpayer to add any gains or deduct any losses 285 described in divisions (I)(12)(f)(i) and (ii) of this section: 286 (i) Gains or losses recognized for federal income tax 287 purposes by an individual, estate, or trust without regard to the 288 attribution rules described in division (I)(12)(c) of this 289 section; 290 (ii) A related entity's gains or losses described in division 291 (I)(12)(b) if the taxpayer's ownership of or use of such 292 intangible property was limited to a period not exceeding nine 293

months and was attributable to a transaction or a series of 294 transactions executed in accordance with the election or elections 295 made by the taxpayer or a related entity pursuant to section 338 296 of the Internal Revenue Code. 297

(13) Any adjustment required by section 5733.042 of theRevised Code.

(14) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section 300
5733.0611 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount 301
satisfies either of the following: 302

(a) It was deducted or excluded from the computation of the
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 corporation's taxable income before operating loss deduction and
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 special deductions as required to be reported for the
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 corporation's taxable year under the Internal Revenue Code;
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(b) It resulted in a reduction of the corporation's taxable
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income before operating loss deduction and special deductions as
required to be reported for any of the corporation's taxable years
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under the Internal Revenue Code.

(15) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an 311 individual development account program established by a county 312 department of job and family services pursuant to sections 329.11 313 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching funds 314 deposited by program participants. On request of the tax 315 commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that, in 316 the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the 317 amount deducted under division (I)(15) of this section. 318

(16) Any adjustment required by section 5733.0510 of the Revised Code.

(17)(a) Add five-sixths of the amount of depreciation expense 321 allowed under subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal 322 Revenue Code. Nothing in division (I)(17) of this section shall be 323 construed to exclude from the add-back required by that division 324 five-sixths of a person's proportionate or distributive share of 325 the amount of depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of 326 section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code to any pass-through 327 entity in which the person has direct or indirect ownership. 328

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(b) Nothing in division (I)(17) of this section shall be	330
construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.	331
(c) To the extent the add-back is attributable to property	332
generating allocable income enumerated in section 5733.051 of the	333

<u>Revised</u>	Code	, the	add-ba	ack	shall	be	considered	to	be	allocable	33	4
income	for th	ie pui	rposes	of	that	sect	cion.				33	5

(J) Any term used in this chapter has the same meaning as
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when used in comparable context in the laws of the United States
relating to federal income taxes unless a different meaning is
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clearly required. Any reference in this chapter to the Internal
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Revenue Code includes other laws of the United States relating to
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federal income taxes.

(K) "Financial institution" has the meaning given by section 342
5725.01 of the Revised Code but does not include a production 343
credit association as described in 85 Stat. 597, 12 U.S.C.A. 2091. 344

(L)(1) A "qualifying holding company" is any corporation 345satisfying all of the following requirements: 346

(a) Subject to divisions (L)(2) and (3) of this section, the 347
net book value of the corporation's intangible assets is greater 348
than or equal to ninety per cent of the net book value of all of 349
its assets and at least fifty per cent of the net book value of 350
all of its assets represents direct or indirect investments in the 351
equity of, loans and advances to, and accounts receivable due from 352
related members; 353

(b) At least ninety per cent of the corporation's gross354income for the taxable year is attributable to the following:355

(i) The maintenance, management, ownership, acquisition, use, 356
and disposition of its intangible property, its aircraft the use 357
of which is not subject to regulation under 14 C.F.R. part 121 or 358
part 135, and any real property described in division (L)(2)(c) of 359
this section; 360

(ii) The collection and distribution of income from suchgroperty.361

(c) The corporation is not a financial institution on the 363

last day of the taxable year ending prior to the first day of the
tax year;

(d) The corporation's related members make a good faith and
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reasonable effort to make timely and fully the adjustments
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required by division (C)(2) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code
and to pay timely and fully all uncontested taxes, interest,
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penalties, and other fees and charges imposed under this chapter;
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(e) Subject to division (L)(4) of this section, the
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corporation elects to be treated as a qualifying holding company
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for the tax year.
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A corporation otherwise satisfying divisions (L)(1)(a) to (e) 374 of this section that does not elect to be a qualifying holding 375 company is not a qualifying holding company for the purposes of 376 this chapter. 377

(2)(a)(i) For purposes of making the ninety per cent 378 computation under division (L)(1)(a) of this section, the net book 379 value of the corporation's assets shall not include the net book 380 value of aircraft or real property described in division 381 (L)(1)(b)(i) of this section. 382

(ii) For purposes of making the fifty per cent computation
under division (L)(1)(a) of this section, the net book value of
assets shall include the net book value of aircraft or real
property described in division (L)(1)(b)(i) of this section.

(b)(i) As used in division (L) of this section, "intangible 387 asset" includes, but is not limited to, the corporation's direct 388 interest in each pass-through entity only if at all times during 389 the corporation's taxable year ending prior to the first day of 390 the tax year the corporation's and the corporation's related 391 members' combined direct and indirect interests in the capital or 392 profits of such pass-through entity do not exceed fifty per cent. 393 If the corporation's interest in the pass-through entity is an 394

intangible asset for that taxable year, then the distributive 395 share of any income from the pass-through entity shall be income 396 from an intangible asset for that taxable year. 397

(ii) If a corporation's and the corporation's related 398 members' combined direct and indirect interests in the capital or 399 profits of a pass-through entity exceed fifty per cent at any time 400 401 during the corporation's taxable year ending prior to the first day of the tax year, "intangible asset" does not include the 402 corporation's direct interest in the pass-through entity, and the 403 corporation shall include in its assets its proportionate share of 404 the assets of any such pass-through entity and shall include in 405 its gross income its distributive share of the gross income of 406 such pass-through entity in the same form as was earned by the 407 pass-through entity. 408

409 (iii) A pass-through entity's direct or indirect proportionate share of any other pass-through entity's assets 410 shall be included for the purpose of computing the corporation's 411 proportionate share of the pass-through entity's assets under 412 division (L)(2)(b)(ii) of this section, and such pass-through 413 entity's distributive share of any other pass-through entity's 414 gross income shall be included for purposes of computing the 415 corporation's distributive share of the pass-through entity's 416 gross income under division (L)(2)(b)(ii) of this section. 417

(c) For the purposes of divisions (L)(1)(b)(i), (1)(b)(ii), 418
(2)(a)(i), and (2)(a)(ii) of this section, real property is 419
described in division (L)(2)(c) of this section only if all of the 420
following conditions are present at all times during the taxable 421
year ending prior to the first day of the tax year: 422

(i) The real property serves as the headquarters of the
 corporation's trade or business, or is the place from which the
 corporation's trade or business is principally managed or
 directed;

(ii) Not more than ten per cent of the value of the real 427 property and not more than ten per cent of the square footage of 428 the building or buildings that are part of the real property is 429 used, made available, or occupied for the purpose of providing, 430 acquiring, transferring, selling, or disposing of tangible 431 property or services in the normal course of business to persons 432 other than related members, the corporation's employees and their 433 families, and such related members' employees and their families. 434

(d) As used in division (L) of this section, "related member"
has the same meaning as in division (A)(6) of section 5733.042 of
the Revised Code without regard to division (B) of that section.
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(3) The percentages described in division (L)(1)(a) of this
section shall be equal to the quarterly average of those
percentages as calculated during the corporation's taxable year
ending prior to the first day of the tax year.

(4) With respect to the election described in division(L)(1)(e) of this section:444

(a) The election need not accompany a timely filed report; 445

(b) The election need not accompany the report; rather, the
election may accompany a subsequently filed but timely application
for refund and timely amended report, or a subsequently filed but
timely petition for reassessment;

(c) The election is not irrevocable;

(d) The election applies only to the tax year specified by 451the corporation; 452

(e) The corporation's related members comply with division 453(L)(1)(d) of this section. 454

Nothing in division (L)(4) of this section shall be construed 455 to extend any statute of limitations set forth in this chapter. 456

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(M) "Qualifying controlled group" means two or more 457
corporations that satisfy the ownership and control requirements 458
of division (A) of section 5733.052 of the Revised Code. 459

(N) "Limited liability company" means any limited liability
 company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code or under
 the laws of any other state.
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(0) "Pass-through entity" means a corporation that has made 463 an election under subchapter S of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the 464 Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year under that code, or a 465 partnership, limited liability company, or any other person, other 466 than an individual, trust, or estate, if the partnership, limited 467 liability company, or other person is not classified for federal 468 income tax purposes as an association taxed as a corporation. 469

(P) "Electric company" and "combined company" have the same 470meanings as in section 5727.01 of the Revised Code. 471

**Sec. 5733.043.** (A)(1) If the tax computed under division (C) 472 of section 5733.06 of the Revised Code is greater than the tax 473 computed under divisions (A) and (B) of that section, and if the 474 amount described in division (B) of section 5733.05 of the Revised 475 Code without the application of division (C) of this section and 476 division (I)(17)(a) of section 5733.04 of the Revised Code, is 477 greater than zero, then the "suspended tax benefit portion of the 478 depreciation expense deduction" is zero. 479

(2) If the tax computed under division (C) of section 5733.06 480 of the Revised Code is greater than the tax computed under 481 divisions (A) and (B) of that section, the amount described in 482 division (B) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code is equal to or 483 greater that zero, and the amount described in division (B) of 484 section 5733.05 of the Revised Code without the application of 485 division (C) of this section and division (I)(17)(a) of section 486 5733.04 of the Revised Code is less than zero, the "suspended tax 487

benefit portion of the depreciation expense deduction" is the	488
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absolute value of the difference between zero and what the amount	490
described in division (B) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code	491
would be without the application of division (C) of this section	492

and division (I)(17)(a) of section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.

(3) If the tax computed under division (C) of section 5733.06 493 of the Revised Code is greater than the tax computed under 494 divisions (A) and (B) of that section, and the amount described in 495 division (B) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code without the 496 application of division (C) of this section and division 497 (I)(17)(a) of section 5733.04 of the Revised Code is less than 498 zero, the "suspended tax benefit portion of the depreciation 499 expense deduction" is the absolute value of the difference between 500 the amount described in division (B) of section 5733.05 of the 501 Revised Code and what that amount would be without the application 502 of division (C) of this section and division (I)(17)(a) of section 503 5733.04 of the Revised Code. 504

(4) If the tax computed under divisions (A) and (B) of 505 section 5733.06 of the Revised Code is greater than the tax 506 computed under division (C) of that section, and the tax computed 507 under divisions (A) and (B) of that section without the 508 application of division (C) of this section and division 509 (I)(17)(a) of section 5733.04 of the Revised Code is greater than 510 the tax computed under division (C) of section 5733.06 of the 511 Revised Code, the "suspended tax benefit portion of the 512 depreciation expense deduction" is the difference between the 513 amount described in division (B) of section 5733.05 of the Revised 514 Code and what that amount would be without the application of 515 division (C) of this section and division (I)(17)(a) of section 516 5733.04 of the Revised Code. 517

(5) If the tax computed under divisions (A) and (B) of518section 5733.06 of the Revised Code is greater than the tax519

computed under division (C) of that section, and the tax computed	520
under divisions (A) and (B) of section 5733.06 of the Revised Code	521
without the application of division (C) of this section and	522
division (I)(17)(a) of section 5733.04 of the Revised Code is less	523
than the tax computed under division (C) of section 5733.06 of the	524
Revised Code, the "suspended tax benefit portion of the	525
depreciation expense deduction " is the amount which, if subtracted	526
from taxable income, would result in a reduced taxable income, the	527
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tax computed on the basis of which under divisions (A) and (B) of	529
section 5733.06 of the Revised Code would equal the tax computed	530
under division (C) of section 5733.06 of the Revised Code.	550
(B)(1) If the taxpayer is a member of a combined group of	531

(B)(1) If the taxpayer is a member of a combined group of531corporations filing a combined report for the tax year, the532"amount described in division (B) of section 5733.05 of the533Revised Code," as used in division (A) of this section, shall be534computed with respect to that tax year in accordance with section5355733.052 of the Revised Code.536

(2) The "tax computed under divisions (A) and (B) of section5375733.06 of the Revised Code" and the "tax computed under division538(C) of section 5733.06 of the Revised Code," as used in division539(A) of this section, includes all surtaxes and additional tax540attributable to additional rates applicable to the tax year with541respect to which the tax computation is made.542

(C)(1) If, for a tax year, a taxpayer is required to make the543adjustment described in division (I)(17)(a) of section 5733.04 of544the Revised Code, the taxpayer shall deduct one-fifth of that tax545year's suspended tax benefit portion of the depreciation expense546deduction as defined in division (A) of this section from income547apportioned and allocated to this state for each of the next five548consecutive tax years.549

(2) To the extent the amount described in division (C)(1) of550this section is attributable to property generating allocable551

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income enumerated in section 5733.051 of the Revised Code, the	552
amount shall also be deducted from the related allocable income.	553
Sec. 5733.045. (A)(1) Subject to division (A)(2) of this	554
section, for the purposes of this section "deferred bonus	555
depreciation amount means the amount described in division	556
(I)(17)(a) of section 5733.04 of the Revised Code with respect to	557
each asset, less the sum of the yearly adjustments with respect to	558
the asset that the taxpayer was required to deduct under division	559
(C) of section 5733.043 for each taxable year prior to the taxable	560
year in which the taxpayer disposed of the asset and recognized	561
gain or loss in connection with that disposition.	562
(2) If, in connection with a disposition of an asset, the	563
recognized gain is less than the realized gain, the deferred bonus	564
depreciation amount with respect to that asset shall be	565
proportionately reduced.	566
(B) Divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section apply if a	567
taxpayer disposes of an asset and recognizes a gain or loss from	568
that disposition.	569
(1)(a) For the taxable year in which the taxpayer recognizes	570
the gain or loss, the taxpayer shall deduct from the amount	571
described in division (B) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code	572
the deferred bonus depreciation amount, if any, with respect to	573
that asset.	574
(b) To the extent the amount described in division (B)(1)(a)	575
of this section is attributable to property generating allocable	576
income enumerated in section 5733.051 of the Revised Code, the	577
amount also shall be deducted from the related allocable income.	578
(2)(a) Except as set forth in division (B)(2)(b) of this	579
section, with respect to that asset the deduction otherwise	580
provided by section 5733.043 of the Revised Code shall not apply	581

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to the taxable year in which the taxpayer recognizes the gain or	582
loss and shall not apply to any subsequent taxable year.	583
(b) If, in connection with the disposition of the asset, the	584
recognized gain is less than the realized gain, the deduction	585
provided by section 5733.043 of the Revised Code shall continue to	586
apply to the difference between the amount described in division	587
(A)(1) of this section and the amount described in division $(A)(2)$	588
of this section.	589

Sec. 5733.05. As used in this section, "qualified research" 590 means laboratory research, experimental research, and other 591 similar types of research; research in developing or improving a 592 product; or research in developing or improving the means of 593 producing a product. It does not include market research, consumer 594 surveys, efficiency surveys, management studies, ordinary testing 595 or inspection of materials or products for quality control, 596 historical research, or literary research. "Product" as used in 597 this paragraph does not include services or intangible property. 598

The annual report determines the value of the issued and 600 outstanding shares of stock of the taxpayer, which under division 601 (A) or divisions (B) and (C) of this section is the base or 602 measure of the franchise tax liability. Such determination shall 603 be made as of the date shown by the report to have been the 604 beginning of the corporation's annual accounting period that 605 includes the first day of January of the tax year. For the 606 purposes of this chapter, the value of the issued and outstanding 607 shares of stock of any corporation that is a financial institution 608 shall be deemed to be the value as calculated in accordance with 609 division (A) of this section. For the purposes of this chapter, 610 the value of the issued and outstanding shares of stock of any 611 corporation that is not a financial institution shall be deemed to 612

613 be the values as calculated in accordance with divisions (B) and 614 (C) of this section.

(A) The total value, as shown by the books of the financial 615 institution, of its capital, surplus, whether earned or unearned, 616 undivided profits, and reserves shall be determined as prescribed by section 5733.056 of the Revised Code for tax years 1998 and 618 thereafter. 619

(B) The sum of the corporation's net income during the 620 corporation's taxable year, allocated or apportioned to this state 621 as prescribed in divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section, and 622 subject to sections 5733.043, 5733.045, 5733.052, 5733.053, 623 5733.057, 5733.058, 5733.059, and 5733.0510 of the Revised Code: 624

(1) The net income allocated to this state as provided by section 5733.051 of the Revised Code.

(2) The amount of Ohio apportioned net income from sources 627 other than those allocated under section 5733.051 of the Revised 628 Code, which shall be determined by multiplying the corporation's 629 net income by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the sum 630 of the following products: the property factor multiplied by 631 twenty, the payroll factor multiplied by twenty, and the sales 632 factor multiplied by sixty. The denominator of the fraction is one 633 hundred, provided that the denominator shall be reduced by twenty 634 if the property factor has a denominator of zero, by twenty if the 635 payroll factor has a denominator of zero, and by sixty if the 636 sales factor has a denominator of zero. 637

The property, payroll, and sales factors shall be determined as follows:

(a) The property factor is a fraction the numerator of which 640 is the average value of the corporation's real and tangible 641 personal property owned or rented, and used in the trade or 642 business in this state during the taxable year, and the 643

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644 denominator of which is the average value of all the corporation's 645 real and tangible personal property owned or rented, and used in 646 the trade or business everywhere during such year. There shall be 647 excluded from the numerator and denominator of the property factor 648 the original cost of all of the following property within Ohio: 649 property with respect to which a "pollution control facility" 650 certificate has been issued pursuant to section 5709.21 of the 651 Revised Code; property with respect to which an "industrial water 652 pollution control certificate has been issued pursuant to section 653 6111.31 of the Revised Code; and property used exclusively during 654 the taxable year for qualified research.

(i) Property owned by the corporation is valued at its
original cost. Property rented by the corporation is valued at
eight times the net annual rental rate. <u>"Net annual rental rate"</u>
means the annual rental rate paid by the corporation less any
annual rental rate received by the corporation from subrentals.

(ii) The average value of property shall be determined by
averaging the values at the beginning and the end of the taxable
year, but the tax commissioner may require the averaging of
monthly values during the taxable year, if reasonably required to
reflect properly the average value of the corporation's property.

(b) The payroll factor is a fraction the numerator of which 665 is the total amount paid in this state during the taxable year by 666 the corporation for compensation, and the denominator of which is 667 the total compensation paid everywhere by the corporation during 668 such year. There shall be excluded from the numerator and the 669 denominator of the payroll factor the total compensation paid in 670 this state to employees who are primarily engaged in qualified 671 research. 672

(i) Compensation means any form of remuneration paid to an employee for personal services.

(ii) Compensation is paid in this state if: (1) the 675 recipient's service is performed entirely within this state, (2) 676 677 the recipient's service is performed both within and without this state, but the service performed without this state is incidental 678 to the recipient's service within this state, (3) some of the 679 service is performed within this state and either the base of 680 operations, or if there is no base of operations, the place from 681 which the service is directed or controlled is within this state, 682 or the base of operations or the place from which the service is 683 directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of 684 the service is performed, but the recipient's residence is in this 685 686 state.

(iii) Compensation is paid in this state to any employee of a
common or contract motor carrier corporation, who performs the
employee's regularly assigned duties on a motor vehicle in more
frage than one state, in the same ratio by which the mileage traveled by
such employee within the state bears to the total mileage traveled
by such employee everywhere during the taxable year.

(c) Except as provided in section 5733.059 of the Revised 693 Code, the sales factor is a fraction the numerator of which is the 694 total sales in this state by the corporation during the taxable 695 year, and the denominator of which is the total sales by the 696 corporation everywhere during such year. In determining the 697 numerator and denominator of the sales factor, receipts from the 698 sale or other disposal of a capital asset or an asset described in 699 section 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be eliminated. 700 Also, in determining the numerator and denominator of the sales 701 factor, in the case of a reporting corporation owning at least 702 eighty per cent of the issued and outstanding common stock of one 703 or more insurance companies or public utilities, except an 704 electric company, or owning at least twenty-five per cent of the 705 issued and outstanding common stock of one or more financial 706

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institutions, receipts received by the reporting corporation from 707 such utilities, insurance companies, and financial institutions 708 shall be eliminated. 709

For the purpose of this section and section 5733.03 of the 710 Revised Code, sales of tangible personal property are in this 711 state where such property is received in this state by the 712 purchaser. In the case of delivery of tangible personal property 713 by common carrier or by other means of transportation, the place 714 at which such property is ultimately received after all 715 transportation has been completed shall be considered as the place 716 at which such property is received by the purchaser. Direct 717 delivery in this state, other than for purposes of transportation, 718 to a person or firm designated by a purchaser constitutes delivery 719 to the purchaser in this state, and direct delivery outside this 720 state to a person or firm designated by a purchaser does not 721 constitute delivery to the purchaser in this state, regardless of 722 where title passes or other conditions of sale. 723

Except as provided in section 5733.059 of the Revised Code, 724 sales, other than sales of tangible personal property, are in this 725 state if either: 726

(i) The income-producing activity is performed solely in this 727state; 728

(ii) The income-producing activity is performed both within
and without this state and a greater proportion of the
income-producing activity is performed within this state than in
any other state, based on costs of performance.
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(d) If the allocation and apportionment provisions of
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division (B) of this section do not fairly represent the extent of
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the taxpayer's business activity in this state, the taxpayer may
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request, which request must be in writing and must accompany the
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report, timely filed petition for reassessment, or timely filed
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amended report, or the tax commissioner may require, in respect to all or any part of the taxpayer's allocated or apportioned base, if reasonable, any one or more of the following: 738 739 740

(i) Separate accounting;

(ii) The exclusion of any one or more of the factors;

(iii) The inclusion of one or more additional factors that 743
will fairly represent the taxpayer's allocated or apportioned base 744
in this state. 745

An alternative method will be effective only with approval by 746 the tax commissioner. 747

Nothing in this section shall be construed to extend any748statute of limitations set forth in this chapter.749

(C)(1) Subject to divisions (C)(2) and (3) of this section, 750 the total value, as shown on the books of each corporation that is 751 not a qualified holding company, of the net book value of a 752 corporation's assets less the net carrying value of its 753 liabilities, and excluding from the corporation's assets land 754 devoted exclusively to agricultural use as of the first Monday of 755 June in the corporation's taxable year as determined by the county 756 auditor of the county in which the land is located pursuant to 757 section 5713.31 of the Revised Code. For the purposes of 758 determining that total value, any reserves shown on the 759 corporation's books shall be considered liabilities or contra 760 assets, except for any reserves that are deemed appropriations of 761 retained earnings under generally accepted accounting principles. 762

(2)(a) If, on the last day of the taxpayer's taxable year 763 preceding the tax year, the taxpayer is a related member to a 764 corporation that elects to be a qualifying holding company for the 765 tax year beginning after the last day of the taxpayer's taxable 766 year, or if, on the last day of the taxpayer's taxable year 767 preceding the tax year, a corporation that elects to be a 768

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769 qualifying holding company for the tax year beginning after the 770 last day of the taxpayer's taxable year is a related member to the 771 taxpayer, then the taxpayer's total value shall be adjusted by the 772 qualifying amount. Except as otherwise provided under division 773 (C)(2)(b) of this section, "qualifying amount" means the amount 774 that, when added to the taxpayer's total value, and when 775 subtracted from the net carrying value of the taxpayer's 776 liabilities computed without regard to division (C)(2) of this 777 section, or when subtracted from the taxpayer's total value and 778 when added to the net carrying value of the taxpayer's liabilities 779 computed without regard to division (C)(2) of this section, 780 results in the taxpayer's debt-to-equity ratio equaling the 781 debt-to-equity ratio of the qualifying controlled group on the 782 last day of the taxable year ending prior to the first day of the 783 tax year computed on a consolidated basis in accordance with 784 general accepted accounting principles. For the purposes of 785 division (C)(2)(a) of this section, the corporation's total value, 786 after the adjustment required by that division, shall not exceed 787 the net book value of the corporation's assets.

(b)(i) The amount added to the taxpayer's total value and
subtracted from the net carrying value of the taxpayer's
liabilities shall not exceed the amount of the net carrying value
of the taxpayer's liabilities owed to the taxpayer's related
members.

(ii) A liability owed to the taxpayer's related members
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includes, but is not limited to, any amount that the corporation
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owes to a person that is not a related member if the corporation's
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related member or related members in whole or in part guarantee
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any portion or all of that amount, or pledge, hypothecate,
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mortgage, or carry out any similar transactions to secure any
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portion or all of that amount.

(3) The base upon which the tax is levied under division (C) 800

of section 5733.06 of the Revised Code shall be computed by801multiplying the amount determined under divisions (C)(1) and (2)802of this section by the fraction determined under divisions803(B)(2)(a) to (c) of this section and, if applicable, divisions804(B)(2)(d)(ii) to (iv) of this section but without regard to805section 5733.052 of the Revised Code.806

(4) For purposes of division (C) of this section, <u>"related</u> 807
member<u>"</u> has the same meaning as in division (A)(6) of section 808
5733.042 of the Revised Code without regard to division (B) of 809
that section. 810

Sec. 5743.02. To provide revenues for the general revenue 811
fund, an excise tax on sales of cigarettes is hereby levied at the 812
rate of eleven and one-half <u>thirty-seven</u> mills on each cigarette. 813

Only one sale of the same article shall be used in computing 814 the amount of tax due. 815

The treasurer of state shall place to the credit of the tax 816 refund fund created by section 5703.052 of the Revised Code, out 817 of receipts from the tax levied by this section, amounts equal to 818 the refunds certified by the tax commissioner pursuant to section 819 5743.05 of the Revised Code. The balance of taxes collected under 820 such section, after the credits to the tax refund fund, shall be 821 paid into the general revenue fund. 822

Sec. 5743.05. All stamps provided for by section 5743.03 of 823 the Revised Code, when procured by the tax commissioner, shall be 824 immediately delivered to the treasurer of state, who shall execute 825 a receipt therefor showing the number and aggregate face value of 826 each denomination received by the treasurer of state and any other 827 information that the commissioner requires to enforce the 828 collection and distribution of all taxes imposed under section 829 5743.024 or 5743.026 of the Revised Code, and deliver the receipt 830

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to the commissioner. The treasurer of state shall sell the stamps 831 and, on the fifth day of each month, make a report showing all 832 sales made during the preceding month, with the names of 833 purchasers, the number of each denomination, the aggregate face 834 value purchased by each, and any other information as the 835 commissioner requires to enforce the collection and distribution 836 of all taxes imposed under section 5743.024 of the Revised Code, 837 and deliver it to the commissioner. The treasurer of state shall 838 be accountable for all stamps received and unsold. The stamps 839 shall be sold and accounted for at their face value, except the 840 commissioner shall, by rule certified to the treasurer of state, 841 authorize the sale of stamps and meter impressions to wholesale or 842 retail dealers in this state, or to wholesale dealers outside this 843 state, at a discount of not less than one and eight-tenths per 844 cent or more than ten per cent of their face value, as a 845 commission for affixing and canceling the stamps or meter 846 impressions. 847

The tax commissioner, by rule certified to the treasurer of 848 state, shall authorize the delivery of stamps and meter 849 impressions to wholesale and retail dealers in this state and to 850 wholesale dealers outside this state on credit when the purchaser 851 files with the commissioner a bond to the state in the amount and 852 in the form prescribed by the commissioner, and with surety to the 853 satisfaction of the treasurer of state, conditioned on payment to 854 the treasurer of state within thirty days for stamps or meter 855 impressions delivered within that time. The tax commissioner shall 856 limit delivery of stamps and meter impressions on credit to the 857 period running from the first day of July of the fiscal year until 858 859 the first day of the following May. Any discount allowed as a commission for affixing and canceling stamps or meter impressions 860 shall be allowed with respect to sales of stamps and meter 861 impressions on credit. 862

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The treasurer of state shall redeem and pay for any 863 destroyed, unused, or spoiled tax stamps and any unused meter 864 impressions at their net value, and shall refund to wholesale 865 dealers the net amount of state and county taxes paid erroneously 866 or paid on cigarettes which have been sold in interstate or 867 foreign commerce or which have become unsalable, and the net 868 amount of county taxes that were paid on cigarettes that have been 869 sold at retail or for retail sale outside a taxing county. An 870 application for a refund of tax shall be filed with the tax 871 commissioner, on the form prescribed by the commissioner for that 872 purpose, within three years from the date the tax stamps are 873 destroyed or spoiled, from the date of the erroneous payment, or 874 from the date that cigarettes on which taxes have been paid have 875 been sold in interstate or foreign commerce or have become 876 unsalable. On the filing of the application the commissioner shall 877 determine the amount of refund due payable from receipts of the 878 state tax, and, if applicable, payable from receipts of a county 879 tax and certify such amounts to the director of budget and 880 management and treasurer of state for payment from the tax refund 881 fund created by section 5703.052 of the Revised Code. When a 882 refund is granted for payment of an illegal or erroneous 883 assessment issued by the department, the refund shall include 884 interest on the amount of the refund from the date of the 885 overpayment. The interest shall be computed at the rate per annum 886 prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code. 887

Sec. 5743.32. To provide revenue for the general revenue fund 888 of the state, an excise tax is hereby levied on the use, 889 consumption, or storage for consumption of cigarettes by consumers 890 in this state at the rate of eleven and one-half thirty-seven 891 mills on each cigarette. The tax shall not apply if the tax levied 892 by section 5743.02 of the Revised Code has been paid. 893

The money received into the state treasury from the excise 894

895 tax levied by this section shall be credited to the general 896 revenue fund.

Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or 897 clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this chapter 898 has the same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the 899 Internal Revenue Code, and all other statutes of the United States 900 relating to federal income taxes. 901

As used in this chapter:

(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross income" 903 means adjusted gross income as defined and used in the Internal 904 Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this section and section 905 5747.011 of the Revised Code: 906

(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities of 907 any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any 908 state, other than this state and its subdivisions and authorities. 909

(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any 910 authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession 911 of the United States that are exempt from federal income taxes but 912 not from state income taxes. 913

(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the United 914 States and its territories and possessions or of any authority, 915 commission, or instrumentality of the United States to the extent 916 included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state 917 income taxes under the laws of the United States. 918

(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the extent 919 included in federal adjusted gross income. 920

(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act 921 and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent included in 922 federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of the Internal 923 Revenue Code. 924

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(6) Add, in the case of a taxpayer who is a beneficiary of a 925 trust that makes an accumulation distribution as defined in 926 section 665 of the Internal Revenue Code, the portion, if any, of 927 such distribution that does not exceed the undistributed net 928 income of the trust for the three taxable years preceding the 929 taxable year in which the distribution is made. "Undistributed net 930 income of a trust" means the taxable income of the trust increased 931 by (a)(i) the additions to adjusted gross income required under 932 division (A) of this section and (ii) the personal exemptions 933 allowed to the trust pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal 934 Revenue Code, and decreased by (b)(i) the deductions to adjusted 935 gross income required under division (A) of this section, (ii) the 936 amount of federal income taxes attributable to such income, and 937 (iii) the amount of taxable income that has been included in the 938 adjusted gross income of a beneficiary by reason of a prior 939 accumulation distribution. Any undistributed net income included 940 in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary shall reduce the 941 undistributed net income of the trust commencing with the earliest 942 years of the accumulation period. 943

944 (7) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 945 allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed 947 and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal 948 Revenue Code not been in effect. 949

(8) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public 950 951 obligations and purchase obligations to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income. 952

(9) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the sale, 953 exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the extent 954 included in federal adjusted gross income. 955

956 (10) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section 5747.70

957 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to variable college 958 savings program accounts made or tuition credits purchased 959 pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code.

(11)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 960 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross 961 962 income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during 963 the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, 964 and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance under 965 division (A)(11) of this section shall be allowed either to any 966 taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any subsidized health 967 968 plan maintained by any employer of the taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is entitled to, or on 969 application would be entitled to, benefits under part A of Title 970 XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 971 301, as amended. For the purposes of division (A)(11)(a) of this 972 section, "subsidized health plan" means a health plan for which 973 the employer pays any portion of the plan's cost. The deduction 974 allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section shall be the net 975 of any related premium refunds, related premium reimbursements, or 976 related insurance premium dividends received during the taxable 977 978 year.

(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded 979 in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income during the 980 taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the taxable 981 year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise, for 982 medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and 983 dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half 984 per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. 985

(c) For purposes of division (A)(11) of this section, 986 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 987 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, limitations, 988

989 and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified long-term care" 990 has the same meaning given in section 7702(B)(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(12)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted gross 992 income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or 993 994 refund of expenses that in any year the taxpayer had deducted as 995 an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United States department of the 996 treasury regulations. The deduction otherwise allowed under 997 division (A)(12)(a) of this section shall be reduced to the extent 998 the reimbursement is attributable to an amount the taxpayer 999 deducted under this section in any taxable year. 1000

1001 (b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is 1002 attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any amount 1003 deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross 1004 income in any taxable year. 1005

(13) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in section 1006 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying previously 1007 reported income received under a claim of right, that meets both 1008 of the following requirements: 1009

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was 1010 included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior 1011 taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A) 1012 or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year; 1013

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted 1014 gross income for the current or any other taxable year. 1015

(14) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and net 1016 investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the 1017 taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised 1018 Code. The deduction allowed by division (A)(14) of this section 1019

does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings1020otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other1021taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.1022

(15)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a 1023
medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net 1024
investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn were 1025
used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account holder 1026
for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance with 1027
section 3924.66 of the Revised Code; 1028

(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised
Code during the taxable year.

(16) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount
satisfies either of the following:

(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the computation
of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as required to be
reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the Internal
Revenue Code;

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's 1039
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any 1040
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 1041

(17) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an 1042 individual development account program established by a county 1043 department of job and family services pursuant to sections 329.11 1044 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching funds 1045 deposited by program participants. On request of the tax 1046 commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that, in 1047 the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the 1048 amount deducted under division (A)(17) of this section. 1049

(18) Beginning in taxable year 2001, if the taxpayer is 1050

1051 married and files a joint return and the combined federal adjusted 1052 gross income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse for the 1053 taxable year does not exceed one hundred thousand dollars, or if 1054 the taxpayer is single and has a federal adjusted gross income for 1055 the taxable year not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, deduct 1056 amounts paid during the taxable year for qualified tuition and 1057 fees paid to an eligible institution for the taxpayer, the 1058 taxpayer's spouse, or any dependent of the taxpayer, who is a 1059 resident of this state and is enrolled in or attending a program 1060 that culminates in a degree or diploma at an eligible institution. 1061 The deduction may be claimed only to the extent that qualified 1062 tuition and fees are not otherwise deducted or excluded for any 1063 taxable year from federal or Ohio adjusted gross income. The 1064 deduction may not be claimed for educational expenses for which 1065 the taxpayer claims a credit under section 5747.27 of the Revised 1066 Code.

(19) Add any reimbursement received during the taxable year
of any amount the taxpayer deducted under division (A)(18) of this
section in any previous taxable year to the extent the amount is
not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income.

(B) "Business income" means income arising from transactions, 1071
activities, and sources in the regular course of a trade or 1072
business and includes income from tangible and intangible property 1073
if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition of the 1074
property constitute integral parts of the regular course of a 1075
trade or business operation. 1076

(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than business 1077 income and may include, but is not limited to, compensation, rents 1078 and royalties from real or tangible personal property, capital 1079 gains, interest, dividends and distributions, patent or copyright 1080 royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and awards. 1081

(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to an 1083 employee for personal services. 1084 (E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor, 1085 administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting 1086 in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate. 1087 (F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve months 1088 ending on the last day of any month other than December. 1089 (G) "Individual" means any natural person. 1090 (H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue Code 1091 of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended. 1092 (I) "Resident" means: 1093 (1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject to 1094 section 5747.24 of the Revised Code; 1095 (2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was 1096 domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24 of 1097 the Revised Code and any election under section 5747.25 of the 1098 Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division (I)(2) 1099 of this section. 1100 (J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is not a 1101 resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of a 1102 taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that taxable 1103 year. 1104 (K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in section 1105 5733.04 of the Revised Code. 1106 (L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required to 1107 be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of reporting the 1108 tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax when so 1109 required. 1110 (M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the taxpayer's 1111

fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or fractional part 1112 thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is calculated 1113 pursuant to this chapter. 1114

(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed by 1115
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through entity 1116
that makes the election under division (D) of section 5747.08 of 1117
the Revised Code. 1118

(0) "Dependents" means dependents as defined in the Internal 1119 Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's federal income tax 1120 return for the taxable year or which the taxpayer would have been 1121 permitted to claim had the taxpayer filed a federal income tax 1122 return. 1123

(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of a 1124 nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer 1125 performs services for an employer or, if those services are 1126 performed in more than one county, the county in which the major 1127 portion of the services are performed. 1128

(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised 1129 Code: 1130

(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation, 1131park district, or township. 1132

(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.

(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that exceeds 1137the figure determined to be the correct amount of the tax. 1138

(S) "Taxable income" applies to estates only and means
taxable income as defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code
adjusted as follows:

(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities of 1142
any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any 1143
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and authorities; 1144

(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession
of the United States that are exempt from federal income taxes but
1147
not from state income taxes;

(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the 1149estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code; 1150

(4) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the United 1151
States and its territories and possessions or of any authority, 1152
commission, or instrumentality of the United States that are 1153
exempt from state taxes under the laws of the United States; 1154

(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not 1156 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 1157 allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for 1158 the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under 1159 sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in 1160 effect; 1161

(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public
 obligations and purchase obligations to the extent included in
 federal taxable income;
 1162

(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the extent
included in federal taxable income;

(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate, add 1168 any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate tax 1169 return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and on its 1170 federal income tax return in determining either federal adjusted 1171 gross income or federal taxable income; 1172

(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable income 1173 solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or refund of 1174 expenses that in a previous year the decedent had deducted as an 1175 itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the Internal Revenue 1176 Code and applicable treasury regulations. The deduction otherwise 1177 allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this section shall be reduced 1178 to the extent the reimbursement is attributable to an amount the 1179 taxpayer or decedent deducted under this section in any taxable 1180 year. 1181

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable 1182 income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is 1183 attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any amount 1184 deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable income 1185 in any taxable year. 1186

(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in section 1187 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying previously 1188 reported income received under a claim of right, that meets both 1189 of the following requirements: 1190

1191 (a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's 1192 adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not qualify 1193 for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section 5747.05 of the 1194 Revised Code for that year.

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable 1196 income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current or 1197 any other taxable year. 1198

1199 (11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section 5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount 1200 satisfies either of the following: 1201

(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the computation 1202 of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required to be 1203

- 1195

reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the Internal 1204 Revenue Code; 1205

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's 1206
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the 1207
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 1208

(T) "School district income" and "school district income tax" 1209have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised Code. 1210

(U) As used in divisions (A)(8), (A)(9), (S)(6), and (S)(7) 1212 of this section, "public obligations," "purchase obligations," and 1213 "interest or interest equivalent" have the same meanings as in 1214 section 5709.76 of the Revised Code. 1215

(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited liability
 1216
 company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code or under
 1217
 the laws of any other state.
 1218

(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity, is
a partner, member, shareholder, or investor in that pass-through
1221
entity.

(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section 1304.01 1223of the Revised Code. 1224

(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.

(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second three 1226
months, the third three months, or the last three months of the 1227
taxpayer's taxable year. 1228

(AA)(1) "Eligible institution" means a state university or 1229
state institution of higher education as defined in section 1230
3345.011 of the Revised Code, or a private, nonprofit college, 1231
university, or other post-secondary institution located in this 1232
state that possesses a certificate of authorization issued by the 1233

1211

Ohio board of regents pursuant to Chapter 1713. of the Revised1234Code or a certificate of registration issued by the state board of1235proprietary school registration under Chapter 3332. of the Revised1236Code.1237

(2) "Qualified tuition and fees" means tuition and fees 1238 imposed by an eligible institution as a condition of enrollment or 1239 attendance, not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars in 1240 each of the individual's first two years of post-secondary 1241 education. If the individual is a part-time student, "qualified 1242 tuition and fees" includes tuition and fees paid for the academic 1243 equivalent of the first two years of post-secondary education 1244 during a maximum of five taxable years, not exceeding a total of 1245 five thousand dollars. "Qualified tuition and fees" does not 1246 include: 1247

(a) Expenses for any course or activity involving sports, 1248
games, or hobbies unless the course or activity is part of the 1249
individual's degree or diploma program; 1250

(b) The cost of books, room and board, student activity fees, 1251
athletic fees, insurance expenses, or other expenses unrelated to 1252
the individual's academic course of instruction; 1253

(c) Tuition, fees, or other expenses paid or reimbursed
through an employer, scholarship, grant in aid, or other
educational benefit program.

(BB) Any term used in this chapter that is not otherwise 1257 defined in this section and that is not used in a comparable 1258 context in the Internal Revenue Code and other statutes of the 1259 United States relating to federal income taxes has the same 1260 meaning as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. 1261

Sec. 5747.011. (A)(1) Subject to division (A)(2) of this1262section, for the purposes of this section "deferred bonus1263

depreciation amount means the amount described in division (B)(1)	1264
of this section, with respect to each asset, less the sum of the	1265
yearly adjustments with respect to the asset that the taxpayer was	1266
required to deduct under division (C) of this section for each	1267
taxable year prior to the taxable year in which the taxpayer	1268
disposed of the asset and recognized gain or loss in connection	1269
with that disposition.	1270
(2) If, in connection with a disposition of an asset the	1271
recognized gain is less than the realized gain, the deferred bonus	1272
depreciation amount with respect to that asset shall be	1272
proportionately reduced.	1273
proportionatery reduced.	12/4
(B)(1) Subject to division (B)(2) of this section, add to the	1275
taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income five-sixths of the amount	1276
of depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168	1277
of the Internal Revenue Code. Nothing in section 5747.231 of the	1278
<u>Revised Code shall be construed to exclude from the add-back</u>	1279
required by this division five-sixths of the taxpayer's	1280
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of depreciation	1281
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	1282
Revenue Code to any pass-through entity which the taxpayer has a	1283
direct or indirect ownership interest.	1284
(2) Nothing in this division shall be construed to adjust or	1285
modify the adjusted basis of any asset.	1286
(2) To the extent the odd back is attributable to property	1 2 0 7
(3) To the extent the add-back is attributable to property	1287 1288
generating nonbusiness income, the add-back shall be considered to	
<u>be nonbusiness income.</u>	1289
(C)(1) Subject to division (D)(2) of this section, beginning	1290
with taxable year 2003, deduct from federal adjusted gross income	1291
one-fifth of the amount described in division (B) of this section	1292
with respect to each preceding taxable year, but such amount shall	1293
be deducted for not more than five consecutive taxable years	1294

# Page 43

commencing with the taxable year immediately following the taxable	1295					
year for which the taxpayer made the adjustment required by	1296					
division (B) of this section for that taxable year.						
(2) To the extent the amount described in division (C)(1) of	1298					
this section is attributable to property generating nonbusiness	1299					
income, the amount shall also be deducted from the related	1300					
nonbusiness income.	1301					
(D) Divisions (D)(1) and (2) of this section apply if a	1302					
taxpayer disposes of an asset and recognizes a gain or loss from	1303					
that disposition.	1304					
(1)(a) For the taxable year in which a taxpayer recognizes	1305					
the gain or loss, the taxpayer shall deduct from federal adjusted	1306					
gross income the deferred bonus depreciation amount, if any, with	1307					
respect to that asset.	1308					
(b) To the extent the amount described in division (D)(1)(a)	1309					
of this section is attributable to property generating nonbusiness	1310					
income, the amount also shall be deducted from the related	1311					
nonbusiness income.	1312					
(2)(a) Except as set forth in division (D)(2)(b) of this	1313					
section, with respect to that asset the deduction otherwise	1314					
provided by division (C) of this section shall not apply to the	1315					
taxable year in which the taxpayer recognizes the gain or loss and	1316					
shall not apply to all subsequent taxable years.	1317					
(b) If, in connection with the disposition of the asset the	1318					
recognized gain is less than the realized gain, the deduction	1319					
provided by division (C) of this section shall continue to apply	1320					
to the difference between the amount described in division (A)(1)	1321					
of this section and the amount described in division (A)(2) of	1322					
this section.	1323					

Section 2. That existing sections 5733.04, 5733.05, 5743.02, 1324

5743.05, 5743.32, and 5747.01 and sections 5743.023 and 5743.322 1325 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 1326

Section 3. In addition to the return required by section 1327 5743.03 of the Revised Code, each wholesale dealer and each retail 1328 dealer shall make and file a return on forms prescribed by the Tax 1329 Commissioner, showing the total number of cigarettes that the 1330 wholesale or retail dealer had on hand as of the beginning of 1331 business on the effective date of the increased rate of tax levied 1332 under section 5743.02 of the Revised Code, as amended by this act, 1333 and any other information that the Commissioner considers 1334 necessary for the administration of sections 5743.01 to 5743.20 of 1335 the Revised Code. Within twenty days after that effective date or 1336 by June 20, 2002, whichever is later, each wholesale dealer and 1337 each retail dealer shall deliver the return together with a 1338 remittance of the additional amount of tax due as a result of the 1339 amendment to section 5743.02 of the Revised Code made by this act, 1340 on all packages of Ohio stamped cigarettes and on all unaffixed 1341 Ohio cigarette tax stamps to the Treasurer of State. The Treasurer 1342 of State shall stamp or otherwise mark on the return the date it 1343 was received and also shall show on the return by stamp or 1344 otherwise the tax payment remitted with the return. The Treasurer 1345 of State immediately shall transmit all returns filed under this 1346 section to the Tax Commissioner. Any wholesale or retail dealer 1347 who fails to file a return as prescribed by this section, for each 1348 day the dealer fails to do so, shall forfeit and pay into the 1349 state treasury the sum of one dollar as revenue arising from the 1350 tax imposed by this section. Any unpaid or unreported tax 1351 liability or one dollar per day charge levied by this section may 1352 be collected by assessment in the manner provided in section 1353 5743.081 or 5743.082 of the Revised Code. 1354

Section 4. If a person's taxable year ending in 2002 ends 1355

before the effective date of this section, that person may elect 1356 to apply to its tax year 2003 corporation franchise tax report the 1357 amendments and enactments by this act of sections 5733.04, 1358 5733.043, 5733.045, and 5733.05 of the Revised Code. The election 1359 shall accompany or be reflected in the report when filed, or shall 1360 accompany or be reflected in an amended report. The election is 1361 revocable at the option of the person making the election, but no 1362 revocation is effective if it is made after the ninetieth day 1363 before the last day of the applicable period of time described in 1364 division (B) of section 5733.12 of the Revised Code. 1365

Section 5. That Sections 63.18, 125, and 144 of Am. Sub. H.B. 1366 94 of the 124th General Assembly be amended to read as follows: 1367

## "Sec. 63.18. EMPLOYER SURCHARGE

(A) The surcharge and the interest on the surcharge amounts 1369 due for calendar years 1988, 1989, and 1990 as required by Am. 1370 Sub. H.B. 171 of the 117th General Assembly, Am. Sub. H.B. 111 of 1371 the 118th General Assembly, and section 4141.251 of the Revised 1372 Code as it existed prior to Sub. H.B. 478 of the 122nd General 1373 Assembly, again shall be assessed and collected by, accounted for, 1374 and made available to the Department of Job and Family Services in 1375 the same manner as set forth in section 4141.251 of the Revised 1376 Code as it existed prior to Sub. H.B. 478 of the 122nd General 1377 Assembly, notwithstanding the repeal of the surcharge for calendar 1378 years after 1990, pursuant to Sub. H.B. 478 of the 122nd General 1379 Assembly, except that amounts received by the Director on or after 1380 July 1, 2001, shall be deposited into the special administrative 1381 fund established pursuant to section 4141.11 of the Revised Code. 1382

Effective July 1, 2001, the balance of the unemployment1383compensation surcharge trust funds created in custody of the1384Treasurer of State pursuant to section 4141.251 of the Revised1385Code shall be transferred into the special administrative fund1386

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established pursuant to section 4141.11 of the Revised Code.					
(B) Of the foregoing appropriation item 600-678, Federal	1388				
<u>Unemployment Programs, \$51,000,000 in fiscal year 2003 made</u>	1389				
available to the state under Section 903 (d) of the Social	1390				
Security Act, as amended, shall be used under the direction of the	1391				
Department of Job and Family Services to pay for the	1392				
administrative activities for the Unemployment Insurance Program,	1393				
employment services, and other allowable expenditures under	1394				
Section 903 (d) of the Social Security Act, as amended.	1395				
	1000				

The amounts obligated pursuant to this division shall not1396exceed at any time the amount by which the aggregate of the1397amounts transferred to the account of this state pursuant to1398Section 903 (d) of the Social Security Act, as amended, exceeds1399the aggregate of the amounts obligated for administration and paid1400out for benefits and required by law to be charged against the1401amounts transferred to the account of this state.1402

Of the foregoing appropriation item 600-678, Federal1403Unemployment Programs, up to \$18,000,000 in fiscal year 2003 shall1404be used by the Department of Job and Family Services to reimburse1405the General Revenue Fund, through intrastate vouchers, for1406expenditures made on or after April 1, 2002, from the General1407Revenue Fund for the aforementioned programs as reported to the1408federal government as allowable expenditures.1409

### Sec. 125. UNCLAIMED FUNDS TRANSER

1410

Notwithstanding division (A) of section 169.05 of the Revised 1411 Code, prior to June 30, 2003, upon the request of the Director of 1412 Budget and Management, the Director of Commerce shall transfer to 1413 the General Revenue Fund up to \$30,000,000 \$55,000,000 of the 1414 unclaimed funds that have been reported by the holder of unclaimed 1415 funds as provided by section 169.05 of the Revised Code, 1416 irrespective of the allocation of the unclaimed funds under that 1417

section.					1418	
Sec. 14	14. TRANSFERS TO THE GEN	IERAL	REVENUE FUND		1419	
Notwith	nstanding any other prov	visio	n of law to the	contrary,	1420	
during fisca	al years 2002 and 2003,	the	Director of Bud	get and	1421	
Management	is hereby authorized to	tran	sfer cash from	non-federal,	1422	
non-General	Revenue Fund funds that	are	not constituti	onally	1423	
restricted t	to the General Revenue H	und.	The total amou	nt of cash	1424	
transfers ma	ade pursuant to this sec	<del>tion</del>	to the General	Revenue	1425	
Fund during	fiscal years 2002 and 2	2003-	<del>shall not excee</del>	đ	1426	
<del>\$31,794,657</del> .	_ II				1427	
Section	<b>6.</b> That existing Section	ons	63.18, 125, and	144 of Am.	1428	
Sub. H.B. 94	4 of the 124th General A	Assem	bly are hereby	repealed.	1429	
Section	n 7. That Section 63 of	Am.	Sub. H.B. 94 of	the 124th	1430	
General Asse	embly, as subsequently a	amend	ed by Am. Sub.	H.B. 299 of	1431	
the 124th General Assembly, be amended to read as follows:						
"Sec. 6	53. JFS DEPARTMENT OF JO	DB AN	D FAMILY SERVIC	ES	1433	
General Reve	enue Fund				1434	
GRF 600-100	Personal Services				1435	
	State	\$	56,614,143 \$	58,715,838	1436	
	Federal	\$	18,645,558 \$	19,317,882	1437	
	Personal Services	\$	75,259,701 \$	78,033,720	1438	
	Total					
GRF 600-200	Maintenance				1439	
	State	\$	30,439,164 \$	24,320,541	1440	
	Federal	\$	7,295,237 \$	5,828,810	1441	
	Maintenance Total	\$	37,734,401 \$	30,149,351	1442	
GRF 600-300	Equipment				1443	
	State	\$	5,469,830 \$	979,504	1444	
	Federal	\$	179,026 \$	32,059	1445	

		Equipment Total	\$ 5,648,856	\$ 1,011,563	1446
GRF	600-402	Electronic Benefits			1447
		Transfer (EBT)			
		State	\$ 7,551,305	\$ 7,715,079	1448
		Federal	\$ 7,551,305	\$ 7,715,079	1449
		EBT Total	\$ 15,102,610	\$ 15,430,158	1450
GRF	600-410	TANF State	\$ 268,636,561	\$ 268,619,061	1451
GRF	600-413	Day Care	\$ 84,120,606	\$ 84,120,606	1452
		Match/Maintenance of			
		Effort			
GRF	600-416	Computer Projects			1453
		State	\$ 137,583,171	\$ 142,908,736	1454
		Federal	\$ 32,665,206	\$ 34,770,353	1455
		Computer Projects	\$ 170,248,377	\$ 177,679,089	1456
		Total			
GRF	600-420	Child Support	\$ 7,919,511	\$ 7,885,309	1457
		Administration			
GRF	600-426	Children's Health			1458
		Insurance Plan (CHIP)			
		State	\$ 13,571,338	\$ 15,770,373	1459
		Federal	\$ 33,535,007	\$ 38,968,860	1460
		CHIP Total	\$ 47,106,345	\$ 54,739,233	1461
GRF	600-427	Child and Family	\$ 7,189,086	\$ 7,000,427	1462
		Services Activities			
GRF	600-435	Unemployment	\$ 3,759,151	\$ 3,785,380	1463
		Compensation Review			
		Commission			
GRF	600-436	Medicaid Systems	\$ 4,445,384	\$ 1,853,611	1464
		Enhancements			
GRF	600-502	Child Support Match	\$ 17,383,992	\$ 16,814,103	1465
GRF	600-504	Non-TANF County	\$ 70,554,373	\$ 68,697,679	1466
		Administration			
GRF	600-511	Disability	\$ 84,662,017	\$ 98,152,408	1467

Pag	е	49

As Introduced				
	Assistance/Other			
	Assistance			
GRF 600-512	Non-TANF Emergency	\$ 1,079,000	\$ 1,079,000	1468
	Assistance			
GRF 600-525	Health Care/Medicaid			1469
	State	\$ 2,908,181,745	\$ 3,112,834,875	1470
	Federal	\$ 4,174,579,446	\$ 4,460,972,607	1471
	Health Care Total	\$ 7,082,761,191	\$ 7,573,807,482	1472
GRF 600-527	Child Protective	\$ 59,592,059	\$ 64,047,479	1473
	Services			
GRF 600-528	Adoption Services			1474
	State	\$ 33,085,023	\$ 37,697,562	1475
	Federal	\$ 32,158,564	\$ 36,641,941	1476
	Adoption Services	\$ 65,243,587	\$ 74,339,503	1477
	Total			
GRF 600-534	Adult Protective	\$ 2,850,975	\$ 2,775,950	1478
	Services			
GRF 600-552	County Social Services	\$ 11,354,550	\$ 11,055,746	1479
TOTAL GRF Ge	neral Revenue Fund			1480
	State	\$ 3,816,042,984	\$ 4,036,829,267	1481
	Federal	\$ 4,306,609,349	\$ 4,604,247,591	1482
	GRF Total	\$ 8,122,652,333	\$ 8,641,076,858	1483
General Serv	vices Fund Group			1484
4A8 600-658	Child Support	\$ 42,389,027	\$ 42,389,027	1485
	Collections			
4R4 600-665	BCII Service Fees	\$ 124,522	\$ 136,974	1486
5C9 600-671	Medicaid Program	\$ 50,846,239	\$ 59,226,893	1487
	Support			
5R1 600-677	County Computers	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	1488
613 600-645	Training Activities	\$ 1,462,626	\$ 1,157,525	1489
TOTAL GSF Ge	neral Services			1490
Fund Group		\$ 99,822,414	\$ 107,910,419	1491

### Federal Special Revenue Fund Group 1492 3A2 600-641 Emergency Food \$ 2,018,844 \$ 2,018,844 1493 Distribution 3D3 600-648 Children's Trust Fund 2,040,524 \$ 2,040,524 1494 \$ Federal 3F0 600-623 Health Care Federal \$ 260,504,926 \$ 281,562,040 1495 3F0 600-650 Hospital Care 320,551,643 \$ 332,807,785 1496 Ŝ Assurance Match 3G5 600-655 Interagency \$ 852,461,818 \$ 860,986,436 1497 Reimbursement 3G9 600-657 Special Activities \$ 522,500 \$ 190,000 1498 Self Sufficiency 3H7 600-617 Day Care Federal \$ 299,156,430 \$ 337,848,130 1499 3N0 600-628 IV-E Foster Care \$ 152,981,760 \$ 173,963,142 1500 Maintenance 3S5 600-622 Child Support Projects \$ 534,050 \$ 534,050 1501 3V0 600-688 Workforce Investment \$ 128,476,093 \$ 128,476,093 1502 Act 3V4 600-678 Federal Unemployment \$ 74,025,525 \$ 74,025,525 1503 Programs 125,025,525 1504 3V4 600-679 Unemployment \$ 2,286,421 \$ 2,286,421 1505 Compensation Review Commission - Federal 3V6 600-689 TANF Block Grant \$ 654,410,661 \$ 677,098,311 1506 3V6 600-690 Wellness \$ 14,337,515 \$ 14,337,515 1507 316 600-602 State and Local 10,325,460 \$ 10,166,587 \$ 1508 Training 327 600-606 Child Welfare 34,594,191 \$ 34,592,977 1509 \$ 331 600-686 Federal Operating \$ 41,600,896 \$ 41,640,897 1510 365 600-681 JOB Training Program \$ 25,000,000 \$ 5,469,259 1511 384 600-610 Food Stamps and State \$ 160,371,358 \$ 161,716,857 1512

Administration

385	600-614	Refugee Services	\$ 4,388,503	\$ 4,559,632	1513
395	600-616	Special	\$ 9,491,000	\$ 9,491,000	1514
		Activities/Child and			
		Family Services			
396	600-620	Social Services Block	\$ 51,195,100	\$ 51,297,478	1515
		Grant			
397	600-626	Child Support	\$ 248,001,590	\$ 247,353,041	1516
398	600-627	Adoption Maintenance/	\$ 277,806,175	\$ 341,298,661	1517
		Administration			
TOT	AL FED Fe	deral Special Revenue			1518
Fund	d Group		\$ 3,626,924,110	\$ <del>3,795,920,078</del>	1519
				<u>3,846,920,078</u>	1520
Sta	te Specia	l Revenue Fund Group			1521
	_	- Children's Trust Fund	\$ 4,368,785	\$ 4,379,333	1522
3W3	600-695	Adult Protective	\$ 120,227	\$	1523
		Services			
3W3	600-696	Non-TANF Adult	\$ 1,000,000	\$	1524
		Assistance			
3W8	600-638	Hippy Program	\$ 62,500	\$	1525
3W9	600-640	Adoption Connection	\$ 50,000	\$	1526
4A9	600-607	Unemployment	\$ 9,420,000	\$ 9,420,000	1527
		Compensation Admin			
		Fund			
4E3	600-605	Nursing Home	\$ 95,511	\$ 95,511	1528
		Assessments			
4E7	600-604	Child and Family	\$ 145,805	\$ 149,450	1529
		Services Collections			
4F1	600-609	Foundation	\$ 116,400	\$ 119,310	1530
		Grants/Child and			
		Family Services			
4J5	600-613	Nursing Facility Bed	\$ 31,179,798	\$ 31,279,798	1531
		Assessments			
4J5	600-618	Residential State	\$ 15,700,000	\$ 15,700,000	1532

Supplement Payments

	Suppremente ruymentes					
4K1 600-621	ICF/MR Bed Assessments	\$	21,604,331	\$	22,036,418	1533
4R3 600-687	Banking Fees	\$	592,937	\$	592,937	1534
4V2 600-612	Child Support	\$	124,993	\$	124,993	1535
	Activities					
4Z1 600-625	HealthCare Compliance	\$	10,000,000	\$	10,000,000	1536
5A5 600-685	Unemployment Benefit	\$	19,607,027	\$	13,555,667	1537
	Automation					
5E6 600-634	State Option Food	\$	6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	1538
	Stamps					
5P4 600-691	TANF Child Welfare	\$	7,500,000	\$	7,500,000	1539
5P5 600-692	Health Care Services	\$	223,847,498	\$	255,386,713	1540
5R2 600-608	Medicaid-Nursing	\$	59,462,415	\$	79,283,220	1541
	Facilities					
651 600-649	Hospital Care	\$	222,480,109	\$	233,384,431	1542
	Assurance Program Fund					
TOTAL SSR St	ate Special Revenue					1543
Fund Group		\$	633,478,336	\$	690,240,508	1544
Agency Fund	Group					1545
192 600-646	Support Intercept -	\$	80,000,000	\$	82,000,000	1546
	Federal					
5B6 600-601	Food Stamp Intercept	\$	5,283,920	\$	5,283,920	1547
583 600-642	Support Intercept -	\$	20,162,335	\$	20,565,582	1548
	State					
TOTAL AGY Ag	ency Fund Group	\$	105,446,255	\$	107,849,502	1549
Holding Acco	ount Redistribution Fund	Gro	oup			1550
R12 600-643	Refunds and Audit	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	1551
	Settlements					
R13 600-644	Forgery Collections		700,000		700,000	1552
TOTAL 090	) Holding Account	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	1553
Redistributi	on Fund Group					
TOTAL ALL BU	DGET FUND GROUPS	\$12	2,589,223,448	\$ <del>1</del>	<del>3,343,897,365</del>	1554

<u>13,394,897,365</u>" 1555

Section 8. That existing Section 63 of Am. Sub. H.B. 94 of1557the 124th General Assembly, as subsequently amended by Am. Sub.1558H.B. 299 of the 124th General Assembly, is hereby repealed.1559

Section 9. That Section 29 of Am. Sub. H.B. 405 of the 124th 1560 General Assembly be amended to read as follows: 1561

### "Sec. 29. BUDGET STABILIZATION FUND TRANSFERS

(A) Notwithstanding section 131.43 and division (D) of
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 section 127.14 of the Revised Code, the Director of Budget and
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 Management may, with Controlling Board approval, transfer up to
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 \$248 million from the Budget Stabilization Fund to the General
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 Revenue Fund during the 2002-2003 biennium to help ensure that the
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 available revenue receipts and balances in the General Revenue
 1568
 Fund are not less than the appropriations for each fiscal year.

(B) Notwithstanding section 131.43 and division (D) of 1570 section 127.14 of the Revised Code, the Director of Budget and 1571 Management shall transfer, not later than 30 days after the 1572 effective date of this section, \$8.0 million from the Budget 1573 Stabilization Fund to the General Revenue Fund. These funds Of the 1574 amount transferred, \$2.0 million shall be used for emergency 1575 purposes, to include, but not be limited to, the Department of 1576 Health and Department of Agriculture for anthrax and bioterrorism 1577 testing, the Adjutant General for costs associated with the 1578 deployment of troops, armory maintenance, equipment costs and 1579 capital needs, the Department of Public Safety, security, and 1580 other emergency purpose expenses. These amounts are hereby 1581 appropriated for General Revenue Fund appropriation line items 1582 established by the Director of Budget and Management. 1583

Prior to utilizing these funds, the appropriate agency must 1584

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receive the approval of the Controlling Board. Any of these funds unspent in fiscal year 2002 shall be transferred to fiscal year 2003 by the Director of Budget and Management for the same purpose as in fiscal year 2002.

The Of the \$2.0 million transferred for emergency purposes as1589specified in this division, the unobligated and unencumbered1590balance of these funds as of June 30, 2003, shall be transferred1591back to the Budget Stabilization Fund."1592

Section 10. That existing Section 29 of Am. Sub. H.B. 405 of1593the 124th General Assembly is hereby repealed.1594

Section 11. In addition to any amounts that have been 1595 authorized for transfer from the Budget Stabilization Fund to the 1596 General Revenue Fund in fiscal year 2002, there is hereby 1597 appropriated in fiscal year 2002, \$290,000,000 from the Budget 1598 Stabilization Fund (Fund 013) to the Director of Budget and 1599 Management for the purpose of overcoming the current shortfall of 1600 revenues to the General Revenue Fund. From the amount so 1601 appropriated, the Director shall deposit, into the State Treasury 1602 to the credit of the General Revenue Fund, such amounts as are 1603 necessary to ensure that the available revenue receipts and 1604 balances in the General Revenue Fund are not less than the 1605 appropriations from the fund for fiscal year 2002. 1606

In addition to any amounts that have been authorized for 1607 transfer from the Budget Stabilization Fund to the General Revenue 1608 Fund in fiscal year 2003, there is hereby appropriated in fiscal 1609 year 2003, \$170,000,000 from the Budget Stabilization Fund (Fund 1610 013) to the Director of Budget and Management. From the amounts so 1611 appropriated, the Director shall deposit, into the State Treasury 1612 to the credit of the General Revenue Fund, such amounts as are 1613 necessary to ensure that the available revenue receipts and 1614

balances in the General Revenue Fund are not less than the 1615 appropriations from the fund for fiscal year 2003. 1616

Section 12. That Section 31 of Am. Sub. H.B. 405 of the 124th 1617 General Assembly is hereby repealed. 1618

Section 13. The codified and uncodified sections of law 1619 amended or enacted in this act, and the items of law of which the 1620 codified and uncodified sections of law amended or enacted in this 1621 act are composed, are not subject to the referendum. Therefore, 1622 under Ohio Constitution, Article II, Section 1d, the codified and 1623 uncodified sections of law amended or enacted in this act, and the 1624 items of law of which the codified and uncodified sections of law 1625 amended or enacted in this act are composed, go into immediate 1626 effect when this act becomes law. 1627

Section 14. The repeal of Section 31 of Am. Sub. H.B. 405 of 1628 the 124th General Assembly is not subject to the referendum. 1629 Therefore, under Ohio Constitution, Article II, Section 1d, the 1630 repeal of Section 31 of Am. Sub. H.B. 405 of the 124th General 1631 Assembly goes into immediate effect when this act becomes law. 1632

Section 15. Section 5733.05 of the Revised Code is presented 1633 in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am. 1634 Sub. H.B. 283 and Am. Sub. S.B. 3 of the 123rd General Assembly. 1635 The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division 1636 (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be 1637 harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds 1638 that the composite is the resulting version of the section in 1639 effect prior to the effective date of the section as presented in 1640 this act. 1641