As Passed by the Senate

124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

Am. Sub. S. B. No. 3

SENATORS Hottinger, Johnson, Randy Gardner, Spada, Harris, Armbruster, Jordan, Carnes, Amstutz, Jacobson, Mumper

A BILL

ГО	amend sections 109.42, 2151.23, 2152.02, 2152.18,	1
	2152.19, 2152.22, 2919.24, 2950.01, 2950.02,	2
	2950.03, 2950.04, 2950.05, 2950.06, 2950.07,	3
	2950.09, 2950.10, 2950.11, 2950.12, 2950.13,	4
	2950.14, 2950.99, and 5139.13 and to enact sections	Ę
	2152.191, 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, and 2950.081	6
	of the Revised Code to apply the Sex Offender	-
	Registration and Notification Law to persons	8
	adjudicated delinquent children for committing a	Š
	sexually oriented offense while 14 years of age or	10
	older and to clarify that sex offender registration	13
	information held by a county sheriff is a public	12
	record.	1:

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.42, 2151.23, 2152.02, 2152.18,	14
2152.19, 2152.22, 2919.24, 2950.01, 2950.02, 2950.03, 2950.04,	15
2950.05, 2950.06, 2950.07, 2950.09, 2950.10, 2950.11, 2950.12,	16
2950.13, 2950.14, 2950.99, and 5139.13 be amended and sections	17
2152.191, 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, and 2950.081 of the Revised	18
Code be enacted to read as follows:	19

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Sec. 109.42. (A) The attorney general shall prepare and have printed a pamphlet that contains a compilation of all statutes relative to victim's rights in which the attorney general lists and explains the statutes in the form of a victim's bill of rights. The attorney general shall distribute the pamphlet to all sheriffs, marshals, municipal corporation and township police departments, constables, and other law enforcement agencies, to all prosecuting attorneys, city directors of law, village solicitors, and other similar chief legal officers of municipal corporations, and to organizations that represent or provide services for victims of crime. The victim's bill of rights set forth in the pamphlet shall contain a description of all of the rights of victims that are provided for in Chapter 2930. or in any other section of the Revised Code and shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:

- (1) The right of a victim or a victim's representative to attend a proceeding before a grand jury, in a juvenile case, or in a criminal case pursuant to a subpoena without being discharged from the victim's or representative's employment, having the victim's or representative's employment terminated, having the victim's or representative's pay decreased or withheld, or otherwise being punished, penalized, or threatened as a result of time lost from regular employment because of the victim's or representative's attendance at the proceeding pursuant to the subpoena, as set forth in section 2151.211, 2930.18, 2939.121, or 2945.451 of the Revised Code;
- (2) The potential availability pursuant to section 2151.359 or 2152.61 of the Revised Code of a forfeited recognizance to pay damages caused by a child when the delinquency of the child or child's violation of probation or community control is found to be proximately caused by the failure of the child's parent or guardian to subject the child to reasonable parental authority or

- (8) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile cases or a victim's representative pursuant to sections 2151.38, 2929.20, 2930.10, 2930.16, and 2930.17 of the Revised Code to receive notice of a pending motion for judicial release or early release of the person who committed the offense against the victim, to make an oral or written statement at the court hearing on the motion, and to be notified of the court's decision on the motion;
- (9) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile cases or a victim's representative pursuant to section 2930.16, 2967.12, 2967.26, or 5139.56 of the Revised Code to receive notice of any pending commutation, pardon, parole, transitional control, discharge, other form of authorized release, post-release control, or supervised release for the person who committed the offense against the victim or any application for release of that person and to send a written statement relative to the victimization and the pending action to the adult parole authority or the release authority of the department of youth services;
- (10) The right of the victim to bring a civil action pursuant to sections 2969.01 to 2969.06 of the Revised Code to obtain money from the offender's profit fund;
- (11) The right, pursuant to section 3109.09 of the Revised Code, to maintain a civil action to recover compensatory damages not exceeding ten thousand dollars and costs from the parent of a minor who willfully damages property through the commission of an act that would be a theft offense, as defined in section 2913.01 of the Revised Code, if committed by an adult;
- (12) The right, pursuant to section 3109.10 of the Revised Code, to maintain a civil action to recover compensatory damages not exceeding ten thousand dollars and costs from the parent of a minor who willfully and maliciously assaults a person;

- (13) The possibility of receiving restitution from an 114 offender or a delinquent child pursuant to section 2152.20, 115 2929.18, or 2929.21 of the Revised Code; 116
- (14) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile cases or a victim's representative, pursuant to section 2930.16 of the Revised Code, to receive notice of the escape from confinement or custody of the person who committed the offense, to receive that notice from the custodial agency of the person at the victim's last address or telephone number provided to the custodial agency, and to receive notice that, if either the victim's address or telephone number changes, it is in the victim's interest to provide the new address or telephone number to the custodial agency;
- (15) The right of a victim of domestic violence to seek the issuance of a temporary protection order pursuant to section 2919.26 of the Revised Code, to seek the issuance of a civil protection order pursuant to section 3113.31 of the Revised Code, and to be accompanied by a victim advocate during court proceedings;
- (16) The right of a victim of a sexually oriented offense that is committed by a person an offender or delinquent child who is adjudicated as being a sexual predator or, in certain cases, by a person an offender or delinquent child who is determined to be a habitual sex offender to receive, pursuant to section 2950.10 of the Revised Code, notice that the person offender or delinquent child has registered with a sheriff under section 2950.04 or 2950.05 of the Revised Code and notice of the person's offender's or delinquent child's name and residence address or addresses, and a summary of the manner in which the victim must make a request to receive the notice. As used in this division, "sexually oriented offense," "adjudicated as being a sexual predator," and "habitual sex offender" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the

- (b) Subject to division (B)(1)(c) of this section, a law 170 enforcement agency that investigates an offense or delinquent act 171 committed in this state shall give the victim of the offense or 172 delinquent act, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents a 173 copy of the pamphlet prepared pursuant to division (A) of this 174 section at one of the following times: 175
- (i) Upon first contact with the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents;

(ii) If the offense or delinquent act is an offense of violence, if the circumstances of the offense or delinquent act and the condition of the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents indicate that the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents will not be able to understand the significance of the pamphlet upon first contact with the agency, and if the agency anticipates that it will have an additional contact with the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents, upon the agency's second contact with the victim, the victim's family, or the victim, the victim's family, or the victim, the

If the agency does not give the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents a copy of the pamphlet upon first contact with them and does not have a second contact with the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents, the agency shall mail a copy of the pamphlet to the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents at their last known address.

- (c) In complying on and after December 9, 1994, with the duties imposed by division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, an official or a law enforcement agency shall use copies of the pamphlet that are in the official's or agency's possession on December 9, 1994, until the official or agency has distributed all of those copies. After the official or agency has distributed all of those copies, the official or agency shall use only copies of the pamphlet that contain at least the information described in division (A)(1) to (17) of this section.
- (2) The failure of a law enforcement agency or of a prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, city director of law, assistant city director of law, village solicitor, assistant village solicitor, or similar chief legal officer of a municipal corporation or an assistant to any of those officers to give, as required by division (B)(1) of this section,

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in the complaint, indictment, or information is alleged to have
violated section 2151.87 of the Revised Code or an order issued
under that section or to be a juvenile traffic offender or a
delinquent, unruly, abused, neglected, or dependent child and,
based on and in relation to the allegation pertaining to the
child, concerning the parent, guardian, or other person having
care of a child who is alleged to be an unruly or delinquent child
for being an habitual or chronic truant;

- (2) Subject to division (V) of section 2301.03 of the Revised Code, to determine the custody of any child not a ward of another court of this state;
- (3) To hear and determine any application for a writ of 251 habeas corpus involving the custody of a child; 252
- (4) To exercise the powers and jurisdiction given the probate division of the court of common pleas in Chapter 5122. of the Revised Code, if the court has probable cause to believe that a child otherwise within the jurisdiction of the court is a mentally ill person subject to hospitalization by court order, as defined in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code;
- (5) To hear and determine all criminal cases charging adults 259
 with the violation of any section of this chapter; 260
- (6) To hear and determine all criminal cases in which an adult is charged with a violation of division (C) of section 2919.21, division (B)(1) of section 2919.22, section 2919.222, division (B) of section 2919.23, or section 2919.24 of the Revised Code, provided the charge is not included in an indictment that also charges the alleged adult offender with the commission of a felony arising out of the same actions that are the basis of the alleged violation of division (C) of section 2919.21, division (B)(1) of section 2919.22, section 2919.222, division (B) of section 2919.23, or section 2919.24 of the Revised Code;

juvenile judge first is obtained. After a certification of that nature is made and consent is obtained, the juvenile court shall proceed as if the action originally had been begun in that court, except as to awards for spousal support or support due and unpaid at the time of certification, over which the juvenile court has no jurisdiction.

- (D) The juvenile court, except as provided in division (I) of section 2301.03 of the Revised Code, has jurisdiction to hear and determine all matters as to custody and support of children duly certified by the court of common pleas to the juvenile court after a divorce decree has been granted, including jurisdiction to modify the judgment and decree of the court of common pleas as the same relate to the custody and support of children.
- (E) The juvenile court, except as provided in division (I) of section 2301.03 of the Revised Code, has jurisdiction to hear and determine the case of any child certified to the court by any court of competent jurisdiction if the child comes within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court as defined by this section.
- (F)(1) The juvenile court shall exercise its jurisdiction in child custody matters in accordance with sections 3109.04, 3109.21 to 3109.36, and 5103.20 to 5103.28 of the Revised Code.
- (2) The juvenile court shall exercise its jurisdiction in 352 child support matters in accordance with section 3109.05 of the 353 Revised Code.
- (G) Any juvenile court that makes or modifies an order for child support shall comply with Chapters 3119., 3121., 3123., and 3125. of the Revised Code. If any person required to pay child support under an order made by a juvenile court on or after April 15, 1985, or modified on or after December 1, 1986, is found in contempt of court for failure to make support payments under the order, the court that makes the finding, in addition to any other

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penalty or remedy imposed, shall assess all court costs arising out of the contempt proceeding against the person and require the person to pay any reasonable attorney's fees of any adverse party, as determined by the court, that arose in relation to the act of contempt.

367 (H) If a child who is charged with an act that would be an offense if committed by an adult was fourteen years of age or 368 older and under eighteen years of age at the time of the alleged 369 act and if the case is transferred for criminal prosecution 370 pursuant to section 2152.12 of the Revised Code, the juvenile 371 court does not have jurisdiction to hear or determine the case 372 subsequent to the transfer. The court to which the case is 373 transferred for criminal prosecution pursuant to that section has 374 jurisdiction subsequent to the transfer to hear and determine the 375 case in the same manner as if the case originally had been 376 commenced in that court, including, but not limited to, 377 jurisdiction to accept a plea of guilty or another plea authorized 378 by Criminal Rule 11 or another section of the Revised Code and 379 jurisdiction to accept a verdict and to enter a judgment of 380 conviction pursuant to the Rules of Criminal Procedure against the 381 child for the commission of the offense that was the basis of the 382 transfer of the case for criminal prosecution, whether the 383 conviction is for the same degree or a lesser degree of the 384 offense charged, for the commission of a lesser-included offense, 385 or for the commission of another offense that is different from 386 the offense charged. 387

(I) If a person under eighteen years of age allegedly commits an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult and if the person is not taken into custody or apprehended for that act until after the person attains twenty-one years of age, the juvenile court does not have jurisdiction to hear or determine any portion of the case charging the person with committing that act. In those

circumstances, divisions (A) and (B) of section 2152.12 of the
Revised Code do not apply regarding the act, and the case charging
the person with committing the act shall be a criminal prosecution
commenced and heard in the appropriate court having jurisdiction
of the offense as if the person had been eighteen years of age or
older when the person committed the act. All proceedings
pertaining to the act shall be within the jurisdiction of the
court having jurisdiction of the offense, and that court has all
the authority and duties in the case that it has in other criminal
cases in that court.

Sec. 2152.02. As used in this chapter:

- (A) "Act charged" means the act that is identified in a complaint, indictment, or information alleging that a child is a delinquent child.
- (B) "Admitted to a department of youth services facility" includes admission to a facility operated, or contracted for, by the department and admission to a comparable facility outside this state by another state or the United States.
- (C)(1) "Child" means a person who is under eighteen years of age, except as otherwise provided in divisions (C)(2) to (6) of this section.
- (2) Subject to division (C)(3) of this section, any person who violates a federal or state law or a municipal ordinance prior to attaining eighteen years of age shall be deemed a "child" irrespective of that person's age at the time the complaint with respect to that violation is filed or the hearing on the complaint is held.
- (3) Any person who, while under eighteen years of age, commits an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult and who is not taken into custody or apprehended for that act until

after	the	рe	erson	attains	twenty-one	years	of	age	is	not	а	child	in	
relati	ion	to	that	act.										

- (4) Any person whose case is transferred for criminal 426 prosecution pursuant to section 2152.12 of the Revised Code shall 427 be deemed after the transfer not to be a child in the transferred 428 case. 429
- (5) Any person whose case is transferred for criminal prosecution pursuant to section 2152.12 of the Revised Code and who subsequently is convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony in that case, and any person who is adjudicated a delinquent child for the commission of an act, who has a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence imposed for the act pursuant to section 2152.13 of the Revised Code, and whose adult portion of the dispositional sentence is invoked pursuant to section 2152.14 of the Revised Code, shall be deemed after the transfer or invocation not to be a child in any case in which a complaint is filed against the person.
- (6) The juvenile court has jurisdiction over a person who is adjudicated a delinquent child or juvenile traffic offender prior to attaining eighteen years of age until the person attains twenty-one years of age, and, for purposes of that jurisdiction related to that adjudication, a person who is so adjudicated a delinquent child or juvenile traffic offender shall be deemed a "child" until the person attains twenty-one years of age.
- (D) "Chronic truant" means any child of compulsory school age who is absent without legitimate excuse for absence from the public school the child is supposed to attend for seven or more consecutive school days, ten or more school days in one school month, or fifteen or more school days in a school year.
- (E) "Community corrections facility," "public safety beds," 453
 "release authority," and "supervised release" have the same 454

transferred for criminal prosecution under division (A) of section

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2152.12 of the Revised Code.	515
(S) "Mental illness" has the same meaning as in section	516
5122.01 of the Revised Code.	517
(T) "Mentally retarded person" has the same meaning as in section 5123.01 of the Revised Code.	518 519
(U) "Monitored time" and "repeat violent offender" have the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	520 521
(V) "Of compulsory school age" has the same meaning as in section 3321.01 of the Revised Code.	522 523
(W) "Public record" has the same meaning as in section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	524 525
(X) "Serious youthful offender" means a person who is	526
eligible for a mandatory SYO or discretionary SYO but who is not	527
transferred to adult court under a mandatory or discretionary	528
transfer.	529
(Y) "Sexually oriented offense," has "habitual sex offender,"	530
"juvenile sex offender registrant," and "sexual predator" have the	531
same meaning meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	532 533
(Z) "Traditional juvenile" means a case that is not	534
transferred to adult court under a mandatory or discretionary	535
transfer, that is eligible for a disposition under sections	536
2152.16, 2152.17, 2152.19, and 2152.20 of the Revised Code, and	537
that is not eligible for a disposition under section 2152.13 of	538
the Revised Code.	539
(AA) "Transfer" means the transfer for criminal prosecution	540
of a case involving the alleged commission by a child of an act	541
that would be an offense if committed by an adult from the	542
juvenile court to the appropriate court that has jurisdiction of	543
the offense.	544

held in detention subsequent to the order of commitment but prior

to the transfer of physical custody of the child to the

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department.

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(C)(1) When a juvenile court commits a delinquent child to the custody of the department of youth services pursuant to this chapter, the court shall provide the department with the child's medical records, a copy of the report of any mental examination of the child ordered by the court, the Revised Code section or sections the child violated and the degree of each violation, the warrant to convey the child to the department, a copy of the court's journal entry ordering the commitment of the child to the legal custody of the department, a copy of the arrest record pertaining to the act for which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child, a copy of any victim impact statement pertaining to the act, and any other information concerning the child that the department reasonably requests. The court also shall complete the form for the standard predisposition investigation report that the department furnishes pursuant to section 5139.04 of the Revised Code and provide the department with the completed form.

The department may refuse to accept physical custody of a delinquent child who is committed to the legal custody of the department until the court provides to the department the documents specified in this division. No officer or employee of the department who refuses to accept physical custody of a delinquent child who is committed to the legal custody of the department shall be subject to prosecution or contempt of court for the refusal if the court fails to provide the documents specified in this division at the time the court transfers the physical custody of the child to the department.

(2) Within twenty working days after the department of youth services receives physical custody of a delinquent child from a juvenile court, the court shall provide the department with a certified copy of the child's birth certificate and the child's social security number or, if the court made all reasonable

(d) An act that would be a criminal offense if committed by

an adult and that results in serious physical harm to persons or

serious physical harm to property while the child is at school, on

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shall provide the court and the school with an updated copy of the

child's school transcript and a summary of the institutional

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(d) A period of community service of up to five hundred hours

for an act that would be a felony or a misdemeanor of the first

degree if committed by an adult, up to two hundred hours for an

act that would be a misdemeanor of the second, third, or fourth

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programs at the center or outside the center;

leave those premises to go to school or to other specified premises; to be monitored by a central system that can determine the child's location at designated times; to report periodically to a person designated by the court; and to enter into a written contract with the court agreeing to comply with all requirements imposed by the court, agreeing to pay any fee imposed by the court for the costs of the electronically monitored house arrest, and agreeing to waive the right to receive credit for any time served on electronically monitored house arrest toward the period of any other dispositional order imposed upon the child if the child violates any of the requirements of the dispositional order of electronically monitored house arrest. The court also may impose other reasonable requirements upon the child.

Unless ordered by the court, a child shall not receive credit for any time served on electronically monitored house arrest toward any other dispositional order imposed upon the child for the act for which was imposed the dispositional order of electronically monitored house arrest.

- (1) A suspension of the driver's license, probationary driver's license, or temporary instruction permit issued to the child or a suspension of the registration of all motor vehicles registered in the name of the child. A child whose license or permit is so suspended is ineligible for issuance of a license or permit during the period of suspension. At the end of the period of suspension, the child shall not be reissued a license or permit until the child has paid any applicable reinstatement fee and complied with all requirements governing license reinstatement.
 - (4) Commit the child to the custody of the court;
- (5) Require the child to not be absent without legitimate excuse from the public school the child is supposed to attend for five or more consecutive days, seven or more school days in one school month, or twelve or more school days in a school year;

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(6)(a) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being	794
a chronic truant or an habitual truant who previously has been	795
adjudicated an unruly child for being a habitual truant, do either	796
or both of the following:	797
(i) Require the child to participate in a truancy prevention	798
mediation program;	799
(ii) Make any order of disposition as authorized by this	800
section, except that the court shall not commit the child to a	801
facility described in division (A)(2) of this section unless the	802
court determines that the child violated a lawful court order made	803
pursuant to division (C)(1)(e) of section 2151.354 of the Revised	804
Code or division (A)(5) of this section.	805
(b) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being a	806
chronic truant or a habitual truant who previously has been	807
adjudicated an unruly child for being a habitual truant and the	808
court determines that the parent, guardian, or other person having	809
care of the child has failed to cause the child's attendance at	810
school in violation of section 3321.38 of the Revised Code, do	811
either or both of the following:	812
(i) Require the parent, guardian, or other person having care	813
of the child to participate in a truancy prevention mediation	814
program;	815
(ii) Require the parent, guardian, or other person having	816
care of the child to participate in any community service program,	817
preferably a community service program that requires the	818
involvement of the parent, guardian, or other person having care	819
of the child in the school attended by the child.	820
(7) Make any further disposition that the court finds proper,	821
except that the child shall not be placed in any of the following:	822

(a) A state correctional institution, a county, multicounty,

or municipal	jail or workhouse, or another place in which an adult	
convicted of	a crime, under arrest, or charged with a crime is	
held;		

- (b) A community corrections facility, if the child would be covered by the definition of public safety beds for purposes of sections 5139.41 to 5139.45 of the Revised Code if the court exercised its authority to commit the child to the legal custody of the department of youth services for institutionalization or institutionalization in a secure facility pursuant to this chapter.
- (B) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child, in addition to any order of disposition made under division (A) of this section, the court, in the following situations, shall suspend the child's temporary instruction permit, restricted license, probationary driver's license, or nonresident operating privilege, or suspend the child's ability to obtain such a permit:
- (1) The child is adjudicated a delinquent child for violating section 2923.122 of the Revised Code, with the suspension and denial being in accordance with division (E)(1)(a), (c), (d), or (e) of section 2923.122 of the Revised Code.
- (2) The child is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a drug abuse offense or for violating division (B) of section 2917.11 of the Revised Code, with the suspension continuing until the child attends and satisfactorily completes a drug abuse or alcohol abuse education, intervention, or treatment program specified by the court. During the time the child is attending the program, the court shall retain any temporary instruction permit, probationary driver's license, or driver's license issued to the child, and the court shall return the permit or license when the child satisfactorily completes the program.

- (C) The court may establish a victim-offender mediation program in which victims and their offenders meet to discuss the offense and suggest possible restitution. If the court obtains the assent of the victim of the delinquent act committed by the child, the court may require the child to participate in the program.
- (D)(1) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult and if the child caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or created a risk of physical harm to the victim of the act, the court, prior to issuing an order of disposition under this section, shall order the preparation of a victim impact statement by the probation department of the county in which the victim of the act resides, by the court's own probation department, or by a victim assistance program that is operated by the state, a county, a municipal corporation, or another governmental entity. The court shall consider the victim impact statement in determining the order of disposition to issue for the child.
- (2) Each victim impact statement shall identify the victim of the act for which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child, itemize any economic loss suffered by the victim as a result of the act, identify any physical injury suffered by the victim as a result of the act and the seriousness and permanence of the injury, identify any change in the victim's personal welfare or familial relationships as a result of the act and any psychological impact experienced by the victim or the victim's family as a result of the act, and contain any other information related to the impact of the act upon the victim that the court requires.
- (3) A victim impact statement shall be kept confidential and is not a public record. However, the court may furnish copies of the statement to the department of youth services if the

delinquent child is committed to the department or to both the adjudicated delinquent child or the adjudicated delinquent child's counsel and the prosecuting attorney. The copy of a victim impact statement furnished by the court to the department pursuant to this section shall be kept confidential and is not a public record. The copies of a victim impact statement that are made available to the adjudicated delinquent child or the adjudicated delinquent child's counsel and the prosecuting attorney pursuant to this division shall be returned to the court by the person to whom they were made available immediately following the imposition of an order of disposition for the child under this chapter.

- (4) The department of youth services shall work with local probation departments and victim assistance programs to develop a standard victim impact statement.
- (E) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being a chronic truant or an habitual truant who previously has been adjudicated an unruly child for being an habitual truant and the court determines that the parent, guardian, or other person having care of the child has failed to cause the child's attendance at school in violation of section 3321.38 of the Revised Code, in addition to any order of disposition it makes under this section, the court shall warn the parent, guardian, or other person having care of the child that any subsequent adjudication of the child as an unruly or delinquent child for being an habitual or chronic truant may result in a criminal charge against the parent, guardian, or other person having care of the child for a violation of division (C) of section 2919.21 or section 2919.24 of the Revised Code.
- (F)(1) During the period of a delinquent child's community control granted under this section, authorized probation officers who are engaged within the scope of their supervisory duties or responsibilities may search, with or without a warrant, the person

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of the delinquent child, the place of residence of the delinquent child, and a motor vehicle, another item of tangible or intangible personal property, or other real property in which the delinquent child has a right, title, or interest or for which the delinquent child has the express or implied permission of a person with a right, title, or interest to use, occupy, or possess if the probation officers have reasonable grounds to believe that the delinquent child is not abiding by the law or otherwise is not complying with the conditions of the delinquent child's community control. The court that places a delinquent child on community control under this section shall provide the delinquent child with a written notice that informs the delinquent child that authorized probation officers who are engaged within the scope of their supervisory duties or responsibilities may conduct those types of searches during the period of community control if they have reasonable grounds to believe that the delinquent child is not abiding by the law or otherwise is not complying with the conditions of the delinquent child's community control. The court also shall provide the written notice described in division (E)(2) of this section to each parent, guardian, or custodian of the delinquent child who is described in that division.

(2) The court that places a child on community control under this section shall provide the child's parent, guardian, or other custodian with a written notice that informs them that authorized probation officers may conduct searches pursuant to division (E)(1) of this section. The notice shall specifically state that a permissible search might extend to a motor vehicle, another item of tangible or intangible personal property, or a place of residence or other real property in which a notified parent, guardian, or custodian has a right, title, or interest and that the parent, guardian, or custodian expressly or impliedly permits the child to use, occupy, or possess.

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(G) If a juvenile court commits a delinquent child to the	952
custody of any person, organization, or entity pursuant to this	953
section and if the delinquent act for which the child is so	954
committed is a sexually oriented offense, the court in the order	955
of disposition shall inform the person, organization, or entity	956
that it is the preferred course of action in this state that the	957
child be provided treatment as described in division (F) of	958
section 2152.18 of the Revised Code and shall encourage the	959
person, organization, or entity to provide that treatment.	960
Sec. 2152.191. If a child is adjudicated a delinguent child	961
for committing a sexually oriented offense, if the child is	962
fourteen years of age or older at the time of committing the	963
offense, and if the child committed the offense on or after the	964
effective date of this section, both of the following apply:	965
(A) Sections 2152.82 to 2152.84 and Chapter 2950. of the	966
Revised Code apply to the child and the adjudication.	967
(B) In addition to any order of disposition it makes of the	968
child under this chapter, the court may make any determination,	969
adjudication, or order authorized under sections 2152.82 to	970
2152.84 and Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code and shall make any	971
determination, adjudication, or order required under those	972
sections and that chapter.	973
Sec. 2152.22. (A) When a child is committed to the legal	974
custody of the department of youth services under this chapter,	975
the juvenile court relinquishes control with respect to the child	976
so committed, except as provided in divisions (B), (C), and (G) of	977
this section or in section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the Revised Code.	978
Subject to divisions (B) and (C) of this section, sections	979

2151.353 and 2151.412 to 2151.421 of the Revised Code, <u>sections</u>

2152.82, 2152.83, and 2152.84 of the Revised Code, and any other

child attains twenty-one years of age for an act that would be

aggravated murder or murder if committed by an adult, at any time during the first half of the prescribed period of that commitment of the child.

(2) If the department of youth services desires to release a child during a period specified in division (B)(1) of this section, it shall request the court that committed the child to grant a judicial release of the child to court supervision. During whichever of those periods is applicable, the child or the parents of the child also may request that court to grant a judicial release of the child to court supervision. Upon receipt of a request for a judicial release to court supervision from the department, the child, or the child's parent, or upon its own motion, the court that committed the child shall do one of the following: approve the release by journal entry; schedule within thirty days after the request is received a time for a hearing on whether the child is to be released; or reject the request by journal entry without conducting a hearing.

If the court rejects an initial request for a release under this division by the child or the child's parent, the child or the child's parent may make one additional request for a judicial release to court supervision within the applicable period. The additional request may be made no earlier than thirty days after the filing of the prior request for a judicial release to court supervision. Upon the filing of a second request for a judicial release to court supervision, the court shall either approve or disapprove the release by journal entry or schedule within thirty days after the request is received a time for a hearing on whether the child is to be released.

(3) If a court schedules a hearing under division (B)(2) of this section, it may order the department to deliver the child to the court on the date set for the hearing and may order the department to present to the court a report on the child's

progress in the institution to which the child was committed and
recommendations for conditions of supervision of the child by the
court after release. The court may conduct the hearing without the
child being present. The court shall determine at the hearing
whether the child should be granted a judicial release to court
supervision.

If the court approves the release, it shall order its staff to prepare a written treatment and rehabilitation plan for the child that may include any conditions of the child's release that were recommended by the department and approved by the court. The committing court shall send the juvenile court of the county in which the child is placed a copy of the recommended plan. The court of the county in which the child is placed may adopt the recommended conditions set by the committing court as an order of the court and may add any additional consistent conditions it considers appropriate. If a child is granted a judicial release to court supervision, the release discharges the child from the custody of the department of youth services.

- (C)(1) The court that commits a delinquent child to the department may grant judicial release of the child to department of youth services supervision under this division, during any of the following periods that are applicable, provided any commitment imposed under division (A), (B), or (C) of section 2152.17 of the Revised Code has ended:
- (a) If the child was given a disposition under section 1070 2152.16 of the Revised Code for an act that would be a felony of 1071 the third, fourth, or fifth degree if committed by an adult, at 1072 any time during the period of court control over the child, 1073 provided that at least ninety days of that period have elapsed; 1074
- (b) If the child was given a disposition under section 10752152.13 or 2152.16 of the Revised Code, or both of those sections, 1076for an act that would be a felony of the first or second degree if 1077

committed by an adult, at any time during the period of court	1078
control over the child, provided that at least one hundred eighty	1079
days of that period have elapsed;	1080

- (c) If the child was committed to the department for an act 1081 that would be aggravated murder or murder if committed by an adult 1082 until the child attains twenty-one years of age, at any time 1083 during the second half of the prescribed period of that commitment 1084 of the child.
- (2) If the department of youth services desires to release a 1086 child during a period specified in division (C)(1) of this 1087 section, it shall request the court that committed the child to 1088 grant a judicial release to department of youth services 1089 supervision. During whichever of those periods is applicable, the 1090 child or the child's parent also may request the court that 1091 committed the child to grant a judicial release to department of 1092 youth services supervision. Upon receipt of a request for judicial 1093 release to department of youth services supervision, the child, or 1094 the child's parent, or upon its own motion at any time during that 1095 period, the court shall do one of the following: approve the 1096 release by journal entry; schedule a time within thirty days after 1097 receipt of the request for a hearing on whether the child is to be 1098 released; or reject the request by journal entry without 1099 conducting a hearing. 1100

If the court rejects an initial request for release under 1101 this division by the child or the child's parent, the child or the 1102 child's parent may make one or more subsequent requests for a 1103 release within the applicable period, but may make no more than 1104 one request during each period of ninety days that the child is in 1105 a secure department facility after the filing of a prior request 1106 for early release. Upon the filing of a request for release under 1107 this division subsequent to an initial request, the court shall 1108 either approve or disapprove the release by journal entry or 1109

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schedule a time within thirty days after receipt of the request

for a hearing on whether the child is to be released.

(3) If a court schedules a hearing under division (C)(2) of this section, it may order the department to deliver the child to the court on the date set for the hearing and shall order the department to present to the court at that time a treatment plan for the child's post-institutional care. The court may conduct the hearing without the child being present. The court shall determine at the hearing whether the child should be granted a judicial release to department of youth services supervision.

If the court approves the judicial release to department of youth services supervision, the department shall prepare a written treatment and rehabilitation plan for the child pursuant to division (E) of this section that shall include the conditions of the child's release. It shall send the committing court and the juvenile court of the county in which the child is placed a copy of the plan. The court of the county in which the child is placed may adopt the conditions set by the department as an order of the court and may add any additional consistent conditions it considers appropriate, provided that the court may not add any condition that decreases the level or degree of supervision specified by the department in its plan, that substantially increases the financial burden of supervision that will be experienced by the department, or that alters the placement specified by the department in its plan. If the court of the county in which the child is placed adds to the department's plan any additional conditions, it shall enter those additional conditions in its journal and shall send to the department a copy of the journal entry of the additional conditions.

If the court approves the judicial release to department of

youth services supervision, the actual date on which the

department shall release the child is contingent upon the

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department finding a suitable placement for the child. If the child is to be returned to the child's home, the department shall return the child on the date that the court schedules for the child's release or shall bear the expense of any additional time that the child remains in a department facility. If the child is unable to return to the child's home, the department shall exercise reasonable diligence in finding a suitable placement for the child, and the child shall remain in a department facility while the department finds the suitable placement.

(D) If a child is released under division (B) or (C) of this section and the court of the county in which the child is placed has reason to believe that the child's deportment is not in accordance with the conditions of the child's judicial release, the court of the county in which the child is placed shall schedule a time for a hearing to determine whether the child violated any of the post-release conditions, and, if the child was released under division (C) of this section, divisions (A) to (E) of section 5139.52 of the Revised Code apply regarding the child.

If that court determines at the hearing that the child violated any of the post-release conditions, the court, if it determines that the violation was a serious violation, may order the child to be returned to the department for institutionalization, consistent with the original order of commitment of the child, or in any case may make any other disposition of the child authorized by law that the court considers proper. If the court of the county in which the child is placed orders the child to be returned to a department of youth services institution, the time during which the child was held in a secure department facility prior to the child's judicial release shall be considered as time served in fulfilling the prescribed period of institutionalization that is applicable to the child under the child's original order of commitment. If the court

every thirty days unless specifically directed otherwise by the

(B) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for

modification or termination pursuant to section 2152.83 of the

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Revised Code.	1268
(3) The judge shall provide a copy of the order to the	1269
delinguent child and to the delinguent child's parent, guardian,	1270
or custodian, as part of the notice provided under divisions (A)	1271
and (B) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code.	1272
(4) The judge shall include the order in the delinquent	1273
child's dispositional order and shall specify in the dispositional	1274
order that the order issued under division (A) or (B) of this	1275
section was made pursuant to this section.	1276
(D) In making a decision under division (B) of this section	1277
as to whether to issue an order that classifies a delinquent child	1278
a juvenile sex offender registrant and specifies that the child	1279
has a duty to register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code,	1280
a judge shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not	1281
limited to, all of the following:	1282
(1) The nature of the sexually oriented offense committed by	1283
the child;	1284
(2) Whether the child has shown any genuine remorse or	1285
compunction for the offense;	1286
(3) The public interest and safety;	1287
(4) The factors set forth in division (B)(3) of section	1288
2950.09 of the Revised Code;	1289
(5) The factors set forth in divisions (B) and (C) of section	1290
2929.12 of the Revised Code as those factors apply regarding the	1291
delinquent child, the offense, and the victim.	1292
(E) An order issued under division (A) or (B) of this section	1293
shall remain in effect for the period of time specified in section	1294
2950.07 of the Revised Code, subject to a modification or	1295
termination of the order under section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the	1296
Revised Code. If an order is issued under division (A) or (B) of	1297

A judge may issue an order under division (A)(2) of this

(B)(1)(f) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code. The judge shall

child for committing on or after the effective date of this	1489
section a sexually oriented offense, who was fourteen years of age	1490
or older at the time of committing the offense, and who has been	1491
classified by a juvenile court judge pursuant to section 2152.82	1492
or 2152.83 of the Revised Code or this section a juvenile sex	1493
offender registrant relative to that sexually oriented offense may	1494
petition the judge who made the classification, or that judge's	1495
successor in office, to do one of the following:	1496
(1) If the order containing the juvenile sex offender	1497
registrant classification also includes a determination by the	1498
juvenile court judge that the delinquent child is a sexual	1499
predator relative to the offense in the manner described in	1500
section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the Revised Code and that	1501
determination remains in effect, to enter an order that contains a	1502
determination that the child no longer is a sexual predator and	1503
that also contains either a determination that the child is a	1504
habitual sex offender or a determination that the child remains a	1505
juvenile sex offender registrant but is not a sexual predator or	1506
habitual sex offender;	1507
(2) If the order containing the juvenile sex offender	1508
registrant classification does not include a sexual predator	1509
determination as described in division (A)(1) of this section but	1510
includes a determination by the juvenile court judge that the	1511
delinquent child is a habitual sex offender relative to the	1512
offense in the manner described in section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of	1513
the Revised Code, or in this section, and that determination	1514
remains in effect, to enter an order that contains a determination	1515
that the child no longer is a habitual sex offender and that also	1516
contains a determination that the child remains a juvenile sex	1517
offender registrant;	1518
(3) If the order containing the juvenile sex offender	1519

registrant classification does not include a sexual predator or

habitual sex offender determination as described in division	1521
(A)(1) or (2) of this section, to enter an order that contains a	1522
determination that the child no longer is a juvenile sex offender	1523
registrant and no longer has a duty to register under section	1524
2950.04 of the Revised Code.	1525
(B) A delinquent child who has been adjudicated a delinquent	1526
child for committing on or after the effective date of this	1527
section a sexually oriented offense and who has been classified a	1528
juvenile sex offender registrant may file a petition under	1529
division (A) of this section requesting reclassification or	1530
declassification as described in that division after the	1531
expiration of one of the following periods of time:	1532
(1) The delinquent child initially may file a petition not	1533
earlier than three years after the entry of the juvenile court	1534
judge's order after the mandatory hearing conducted under division	1535
(A) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code or not earlier than	1536
three years after the entry of the juvenile court judge's order	1537
under division (B) of that section that contains the	1538
classification or determination in question, whichever is	1539
applicable.	1540
(2) After the delinquent child's initial filing of a petition	1541
under division (B)(1) of this section, the child may file a second	1542
petition not earlier than three years after the judge has entered	1543
an order deciding the petition under division (B)(1) of this	1544
section.	1545
(3) After the delinquent child's filing of a petition under	1546
division (B)(2) of this section, thereafter, the delinquent child	1547
may file a petition under this division upon the expiration of	1548
five years after the judge has entered an order deciding the	1549
petition under division (B)(2) of this section or the most recent	1550
petition the delinguent child has filed under this division.	1551

(C) Upon the filing of a petition under divisions (A) and (B)	1552
of this section, the judge may review the prior classification or	1553
determination in question and, upon consideration of all relevant	1554
factors and information, including, but not limited to the factors	1555
listed in division (E) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code, the	1556
judge, in the judge's discretion, shall do one of the following:	1557
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(1) Enter an order denying the petition;	1559
(2) Issue an order that reclassifies or declassifies the	1560
delinquent child, in the requested manner specified in division	1561
(A)(1), (2), or (3) of this section.	1562
(D) If a judge issues an order under division (C) of this	1563
section that denies a petition, the prior classification of the	1564
delinquent child as a juvenile sex offender registrant, and the	1565
prior determination that the child is a sexual predator or	1566
habitual sex offender, if applicable, shall remain in effect.	1567
A judge may issue an order under division (C) of this section	1568
that contains a determination that a child no longer is a sexual	1569
predator only if the judge conducts a hearing and, in accordance	1570
with the procedures specified in division (D)(1) of section	1571
2950.09 of the Revised Code, determines at the hearing by clear	1572
and convincing evidence that the delinquent child is unlikely to	1573
commit a sexually oriented offense in the future. If the judge	1574
issues an order of that type, the judge shall provide the	1575
notifications described in division (D)(1) of section 2950.09 of	1576
the Revised Code, and the recipient of the notification shall	1577
comply with the provisions of that division.	1578
A judge may issue an order under division (C) of this section	1579
that contains a determination that a delinquent child is a	1580
habitual sex offender only if the judge conducts a hearing and	1581
determines at the hearing as described in division (E) of section	1582

2950.09 of the Revised Code that the child is a habitual sex	1583
offender. If the judge issues an order that contains a	1584
determination that a delinquent child is a habitual sex offender,	1585
the judge may impose a requirement subjecting the child to	1586
community notification provisions as described in that division.	1587
(E) If a judge issues an order under division (C) of this	1588
section, the judge shall provide to the delinquent child and to	1589
the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian a copy of	1590
the order and a notice containing the information described in	1591
divisions (A)(5), (B)(1)(c), and (B)(1)(f) of section 2950.03 of	1592
the Revised Code. The judge shall provide the notice at the time	1593
of the issuance of the order, shall provide the notice as	1594
described in division (B)(1)(c) of section 2950.03 of the Revised	1595
Code, and shall comply with divisions (B)(1), (B)(2), and (C) of	1596
that section regarding that notice.	1597
(F) An order issued under division (C) of this section shall	1598
remain in effect for the period of time specified in section	1599
2950.07 of the Revised Code, subject to a further modification or	1600
a termination of the order under this section. If an order is	1601
issued under division (C) of this section, the child's attainment	1602
of eighteen or twenty-one years of age does not affect or	1603
terminate the order, and the order remains in effect for the	1604
period of time described in this division.	1605
Sec. 2919.24. (A) No person shall do either any of the	1607
following:	1608
(1) Aid, abet, induce, cause, encourage, or contribute to a	1609
child or a ward of the juvenile court becoming an unruly child, as	1610
defined in section 2151.022 of the Revised Code, or a delinquent	1611
child, as defined in section 2151.02 of the Revised Code;	1612
(2) Act in a way tending to cause a child or a ward of the	1613

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$\frac{(3)}{(c)}$ Regardless of the age of the victim of the offense, a	1673
violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11, or 2905.01 of the	1674
Revised Code, or of division (A) of section 2903.04 of the Revised	1675
Code, that is committed with a purpose to gratify the sexual needs	1676
or desires of the offender <u>or child</u> ;	1677
$\frac{(4)}{(d)}$ A sexually violent offense;	1678
$\frac{(5)}{(e)}$ A violation of any former law of this state that was	1679
substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division	1680
(D)(1)(a), (2), (3)(b), (c), or (4)(d) of this section;	1681
$\frac{(6)}{(f)}$ A violation of an existing or former municipal	1682
ordinance or law of another state or the United States, a	1683
violation under the law applicable in a military court, or a	1684
violation under the law applicable in an Indian tribal court that	1685
is or was substantially equivalent to any offense listed in	1686
division $(D)(1)(a)$, (2) , $(3)(b)$, (c) , or $(4)(d)$ of this section;	1687
$\frac{(7)(g)}{g}$ An attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or	1688
complicity in committing any offense listed in division $(D)(1)(a)$,	1689
(2), (3) , (4) , (5) (b), (c), (d), (e), or (6) (f) of this section.	1690
(2) An act committed by a person under eighteen years of age	1691
that is any violation listed in division (D)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d),	1692
(e), (f), or (g) of this section or would be any offense listed in	1693
any of those divisions if committed by an adult and that, if	1694
committed by an adult, would be aggravated murder, murder,	1695
attempted aggravated murder or murder, or a felony of the first,	1696
second, third, or fourth degree.	1697
(E) "Sexual predator" means a person who to whom either of	1698
the following applies:	1699
(1) The person has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	1700
committing a sexually oriented offense and is likely to engage in	1701
the future in one or more sexually oriented offenses.	1702

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(2) The person has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	1703
committing on or after the effective date of this amendment a	1704
sexually oriented offense, was fourteen years of age or older at	1705
the time of committing the offense, was classified a juvenile sex	1706
offender registrant by the adjudicating juvenile judge or that	1707
judge's successor in office based on that adjudication, and is	1708
likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually oriented	1709
offenses.	1710
(F) "Supervised release" means a release of an offender from	1711
a prison term, a term of imprisonment, or another type of	1712
confinement that satisfies either of the following conditions:	1713
(1) The release is on parole, a conditional pardon, or	1714
probation, under transitional control, or under a post-release	1715
control sanction, and it requires the person to report to or be	1716
supervised by a parole officer, probation officer, field officer,	1717
or another type of supervising officer.	1718
(2) The release is any type of release that is not described	1719
in division $(F)(1)$ of this section and that requires the person to	1720
report to or be supervised by a probation officer, a parole	1721
officer, a field officer, or another type of supervising officer.	1722
(G) An offender or delinquent child is "adjudicated as being	1723
a sexual predator" if any of the following applies:	1724
(1) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	1725
committing, on or after January 1, 1997, a sexually oriented	1726
offense that is a sexually violent offense and also is convicted	1727
of or pleads guilty to a sexually violent predator specification	1728
that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or	1729
information that charged the sexually violent offense.	1730
(2) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was	1731

committed, on or after January 1, 1997, the offender is sentenced

for a sexually oriented offense, and the sentencing judge

offender's or delinquent child's address on at least a quarterly

basis each year, and, on or after July 1, 1997, for offenders or

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offenders and delinquent children who commit sexually oriented	1797
offenses, members of the public and communities can develop	1798
constructive plans to prepare themselves and their children for	1799
the sexual predator's, habitual sex offender's, or other	1800
offender's or delinquent child's release from imprisonment, a	1801
prison term, or other confinement or detention. This allows	1802
members of the public and communities to meet with members of law	1803
enforcement agencies to prepare and obtain information about the	1804
rights and responsibilities of the public and the communities and	1805
to provide education and counseling to their children.	1806

- (2) Sexual predators and habitual sex offenders pose a high risk of engaging in further offenses even after being released from imprisonment, a prison term, or other confinement or detention and that protection of members of the public from sexual predators and habitual sex offenders is a paramount governmental interest.
- (3) The penal, juvenile, and mental health components of the justice system of this state are largely hidden from public view, and a lack of information from either any component may result in the failure of both systems the system to satisfy this paramount governmental interest of public safety described in division (A)(2) of this section.
- (4) Overly restrictive confidentiality and liability laws
 governing the release of information about sexual predators and
 habitual sex offenders have reduced the willingness to release
 information that could be appropriately released under the public
 disclosure laws and have increased risks of public safety.

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- (5) A person who is found to be a sexual predator or a 1824 habitual sex offender has a reduced expectation of privacy because 1825 of the public's interest in public safety and in the effective 1826 operation of government.

- (6) The release of information about sexual predators and 1828 habitual sex offenders to public agencies and the general public 1829 will further the governmental interests of public safety and 1830 public scrutiny of the criminal, juvenile, and mental health 1831 systems as long as the information released is rationally related 1832 to the furtherance of those goals.
- (B) The general assembly hereby declares that, in providing 1834 in this chapter for registration regarding sexual predators, 1835 habitual sex offenders, and offenders and certain delinquent 1836 children who have committed sexually oriented offenses and for 1837 community notification regarding sexual predators and habitual sex 1838 offenders who are about to be or have been released from 1839 imprisonment, a prison term, or other confinement or detention and 1840 who will live in or near a particular neighborhood or who 1841 otherwise will live in or near a particular neighborhood, it is 1842 the general assembly's intent to protect the safety and general 1843 welfare of the people of this state. The general assembly further 1844 declares that it is the policy of this state to require the 1845 exchange in accordance with this chapter of relevant information 1846 about sexual predators and habitual sex offenders among public 1847 agencies and officials and to authorize the release in accordance 1848 with this chapter of necessary and relevant information about 1849 sexual predators and habitual sex offenders to members of the 1850 general public as a means of assuring public protection and that 1851 the exchange or release of that information is not punitive. 1852
- Sec. 2950.03. (A) Each person who has been convicted of, is

 convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or pleads guilty to a

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 sexually oriented offense and who has a duty to register pursuant

 to section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, and each person who is

 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing on or after the

 effective date of this amendment a sexually oriented offense, who

 is fourteen years of age or older at the time of committing the

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offense, and who is classified by the adjudicating juvenile court 1860 judge pursuant to section 2152.82 of the Revised Code a juvenile 1861 sex offender registrant based on that adjudication, shall be 1862 provided notice in accordance with this section of the offender's 1863 or delinquent child's duty to register under that section 2950.04 1864 of the Revised Code, the offender's or delinquent child's duty to 1865 provide notice of any change in the offender's or delinquent 1866 child's residence address and to register the new residence 1867 address pursuant to section 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and the 1868 offender's or delinquent child's duty to periodically verify the 1869 offender's or delinquent child's residence address pursuant to 1870 section 2950.06 of the Revised Code. The following official shall 1871 provide the notice to the offender or delinquent child at the 1872 following time: 1873

- (1) Regardless of when the offender committed the sexually oriented offense, if the person is an offender who is sentenced for the sexually oriented offense to a prison term, a term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement, and if, on or after January 1, 1997, the offender is serving that term or is under that confinement, the official in charge of the jail, workhouse, state correctional institution, or other institution in which the offender serves the prison term, term of imprisonment, or confinement, or a designee of that official, shall provide the notice to the offender before the offender is released pursuant to any type of supervised release or before the offender otherwise is released from the prison term, term of imprisonment, or confinement.
- (2) Regardless of when the offender committed the sexually
 oriented offense, if the <u>person is an</u> offender <u>who</u> is sentenced

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 for <u>that the sexually oriented</u> offense on or after January 1,
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 1997, and if division (A)(1) of this section does not apply, the
 judge shall provide the notice to the offender at the time of
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sentencing.

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- (3) If the <u>person is an</u> offender <u>who</u> committed the sexually 1893 oriented offense prior to January 1, 1997, if neither division 1894 (A)(1) nor division (A)(2) of this section applies, and if, 1895 immediately prior to January 1, 1997, the offender was a habitual 1896 sex offender who was required to register under Chapter 2950. of 1897 the Revised Code, the chief of police or sheriff with whom the 1898 offender most recently registered under that chapter, in the 1899 circumstances described in this division, shall provide the notice 1900 to the offender. If the offender has registered with a chief of 1901 police or sheriff under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as it 1902 existed prior to January 1, 1997, the chief of police or sheriff 1903 with whom the offender most recently registered shall provide the 1904 notice to the offender as soon as possible after January 1, 1997, 1905 as described in division (B)(1) of this section. If the offender 1906 has not registered with a chief of police or sheriff under that 1907 chapter, the failure to register shall constitute a waiver by the 1908 offender of any right to notice under this section. If an offender 1909 described in this division does not receive notice under this 1910 section, the offender is not relieved of the duty to register, the 1911 duty to provide notice of any change in residence address and to 1912 register the new residence address, and the duty to periodically 1913 verify the residence address, as described in division (A) of this 1914 section. 1915
- (4) If the offender person is an offender of the type described in division (A)(1) of this section and if, subsequent to release, the offender is adjudicated as being a sexual predator pursuant to division (C) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code, the judge shall provide the notice to the offender at the time of adjudication.
- (5) If the person is a delinquent child who is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing on or after the effective date of

this amendment a sexually oriented offense, who is fourteen years	1924
of age or older at the time of committing the offense, and who is	1925
classified by the adjudicating juvenile court judge pursuant to	1926
section 2152.82 of the Revised Code a juvenile sex offender	1927
registrant based on that adjudication, the judge shall provide the	1928
notice to the delinquent child at the time of the adjudication and	1929
classification.	1930
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- (B)(1) The notice provided under division (A) of this section shall inform the offender or delinquent child of the offender's duty to register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, to notify the appropriate officials of a change in the offender's or delinquent child's residence address and to register the new residence address in accordance with section 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and to periodically verify a residence address under section 2950.06 of the Revised Code. The notice shall comport with the following:
- (a) If the notice is provided to an offender under division (A)(3) of this section, the notice shall be on a form that is prescribed by the bureau of criminal identification and investigation and that states the offender's duties to register, to register a new residence address, and to periodically verify a residence address and that, if the offender has any questions concerning these duties, the offender may contact the chief of police or sheriff who sent the form for an explanation of the duties. If the offender appears in person before the chief of police or sheriff, the chief or sheriff shall provide the notice as described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section, and all provisions of this section that apply regarding a notice provided by an official, official's designee, or judge in that manner shall be applicable.
- (b) If the notice is provided to an offender under division 1954
 (A)(1), (2), or (4) of this section, the official, official's 1955

designee, or judge shall require the offender to read and sign a 1956 form prescribed by the bureau of criminal identification and 1957 investigation, stating that the offender's duties to register, to 1958 register a new residence address, and to periodically verify a 1959 residence address have been explained to the offender. If the 1960 offender is unable to read, the official, official's designee, or 1961 judge shall certify on the form that the official, designee, or 1962 judge specifically informed the offender of those duties and that 1963 the offender indicated an understanding of those duties. 1964

- (c) If the notice is provided to a delinquent child under 1965 division (A)(5) of this section, the judge shall require the 1966 delinquent child and the delinquent child's parent, quardian, or 1967 custodian to read and sign a form prescribed by the bureau of 1968 criminal identification and investigation, stating that the 1969 delinquent child's duties to register, to register a new residence 1970 address, and to periodically verify a residence address have been 1971 explained to the delinquent child and to the delinquent child's 1972 parent, guardian, or custodian. If the delinquent child or the 1973 delinquent child's parent, quardian, or custodian is unable to 1974 read, the judge shall certify on the form that the judge 1975 specifically informed the delinquent child or the delinquent 1976 child's parent, quardian, or custodian of those duties and that 1977 the delinquent child or the delinquent child's parent, quardian, 1978 or custodian indicated an understanding of those duties. 1979
- (d) For any notice provided under division (A) of this 1980 section, the form used shall contain all of the information 1981 required by the bureau of criminal identification and 1982 investigation, including, but not limited to, a statement that the 1983 subject delinquent child if applicable has been classified by the 1984 adjudicating juvenile court judge a juvenile sex offender 1985 registrant and has a duty to register, a statement as to whether 1986 the offender or delinquent child has been adjudicated as being a 1987

years of age or older, the child is subject to criminal

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child's parent, quardian, or custodian and that the delinquent	2052
child or the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian	2053
indicated an understanding of the duties and information indicated	2054
on the form, the judge shall give a copy of the form to both the	2055
delinguent child and to the delinguent child's parent, guardian,	2056
or custodian, within three days shall send one copy of the form to	2057
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in	2058
accordance with the procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13	2059
of the Revised Code, and shall send one copy of the form to the	2060
sheriff of the county in which the delinquent child expects to	2061
reside.	2062

- (C) The official, official's designee, judge, chief of 2063 police, or sheriff who is required to provide notice to an 2064 offender or delinquent child under division (A) of this section 2065 shall do all of the following: 2066
- (1) If the notice is provided under division (A)(1), (2), or 2067 (4), or (5) of this section, the official, designee, or judge 2068 shall determine the offender's or delinquent child's name, 2069 identifying factors, and expected future residence address, shall 2070 obtain the offender's or delinquent child's criminal and 2071 delinquency history, and shall obtain a photograph and the 2072 fingerprints of the offender or delinquent child. If the notice is 2073 provided by a judge under division (A)(2) or, (4), or (5) of this 2074 section, the sheriff shall provide the offender's or delinquent 2075 child's criminal and delinquency history to the judge. The 2076 official, official's designee, or judge shall obtain this 2077 information and these items prior to giving the notice, except 2078 that a judge may give the notice prior to obtaining the offender's 2079 or delinquent child's criminal and delinquency history. Within 2080 three days after receiving this information and these items, the 2081 official, official's designee, or judge shall forward the 2082 information and items to the bureau of criminal identification and 2083

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2084 investigation in accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and to the sheriff 2085 of the county in which the offender or delinquent child expects to 2086 reside. If the notice is provided under division (A)(5) of this 2087 section and if the delinquent child has been committed to the 2088 department of youth services or to a secure facility, the judge, 2089 in addition to the other information and items described in this 2090 division, also shall forward to the bureau and to the sheriff 2091 notification that the child has been so committed. If it has not 2092 already done so, the bureau of criminal identification and 2093 investigation shall forward a copy of the fingerprints and 2094 conviction data received under this division to the federal bureau 2095 of investigation. 2096

(2) If the notice is provided under division (A)(3) of this section, the chief of police or sheriff shall determine the offender's name, identifying factors, and residence address, shall obtain the offender's criminal history from the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, and, to the extent possible, shall obtain a photograph and the fingerprints of the offender. Within three days after receiving this information and these items, the chief or sheriff shall forward the information and items to the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and, in relation to a chief of police, to the sheriff of the county in which the offender resides. If it has not already done so, the bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall forward a copy of the fingerprints and conviction data so received to the federal bureau of investigation.

Sec. 2950.04. (A)(1) Each offender who is convicted of or 2113 pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, a 2114 sexually oriented offense and who is described in division 2115

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offense and who is described in division (A)(3)(a) or (b) of this	2180
section, and each delinquent child who is adjudicated a delinquent	2181
child for committing a sexually oriented offense and who is	2182
described in either of those divisions, shall register personally	2183
with the sheriff of the following applicable described county and	2184
at the following time:	2185

(a) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was committed, if divisions (A)(1), (2), and (3)(a), (A)(1)(b), (A)(1)(c), (A)(2)(a), and (A)(2)(b) of this section do not apply, if the offender person is convicted of or, pleads guilty to, or is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense in another state or in a federal court, military court, or an Indian tribal court, if, on or after July 1, 1997, for offenders or the effective date of this amendment for delinquent children the offender or delinquent child moves to and resides in this state or temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than seven days, and if, at the time the offender or delinquent child moves to and resides in this state or temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than seven days, the offender or delinquent child has a duty to register as a sex offender under the law of that other jurisdiction as a result of the conviction or, guilty plea, or adjudication, within seven days of the offender's or delinquent child's coming into any county in which the offender or delinquent child resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than seven days, the offender or delinquent child shall register with the sheriff of that county.

(5)(b) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was committed, if divisions (A)(1), (2), and (3)(a), (A)(1)(b), (A)(1)(c), (A)(2)(a), and (A)(2)(b) of this section do not apply, if the offender person is convicted of or, pleads guilty to, or is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense in another state or in a federal court, military court, or

an Indian tribal court, if, on or after July 1, 1997, <u>for</u>	2212
offenders or the effective date of this amendment for delinquent	2213
children, the offender or delinquent child is released from	2214
imprisonment or, confinement, or detention imposed for that	2215
offense, and if, on or after July 1, 1997, for offenders or the	2216
effective date of this amendment for delinquent children, the	2217
offender or delinquent child moves to and resides in this state or	2218
temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than seven days,	2219
within seven days of the offender's or delinquent child's coming	2220
into any county in which the offender or delinquent child resides	2221
or temporarily is domiciled for more than seven days the offender	2222
or delinquent child shall register with the sheriff of that	2223
county. The duty to register as described in this division applies	2224
to an offender regardless of whether the offender, at the time of	2225
moving to and residing in this state or temporarily being	2226
domiciled in this state for more than seven days, has a duty to	2227
register as a sex offender under the law of the jurisdiction in	2228
which the conviction or guilty plea occurred. The duty to register	2229
as described in this division applies to a delinquent child only	2230
if the delinquent child, at the time of moving to and residing in	2231
this state or temporarily being domiciled in this state for more	2232
than seven days, has a duty to register as a sex offender under	2233
the law of the jurisdiction in which the delinquent child	2234
adjudication occurred or if, had the delinquent child adjudication	2235
occurred in this state, the adjudicating juvenile court judge	2236
would have been required to issue an order classifying the	2237
delinquent child as a juvenile sex offender registrant pursuant to	2238
division (A) of section 2152.82 of the Revised Code.	2239

(6)(4) If division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies and if, 2240 subsequent to the offender's release, the offender is adjudicated 2241 to be a sexual predator under division (C) of section 2950.09 of 2242 the Revised Code, the offender shall register within seven days of 2243 the adjudication with the sheriff of the county in which the 2244

offender resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than seven days and shall register with the sheriff of any county in which the offender subsequently resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than seven days within seven days of coming into that county.

- (5) A person who is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense is not required to register under division (A)(2) of this section unless the delinquent child committed the offense on or after the effective date of this amendment, was fourteen years of age or older at the time of committing the offense, is classified a juvenile sex offender registrant by a juvenile court judge pursuant to an order issued under division (A) or (B) of section 2152.82, section 2152.83, or section 2152.84 of the Revised Code based on that adjudication, and has a duty to register pursuant to division (A)(2)(a) or (b) of this section.
- (B) An offender or delinquent child who is required by division (A) of this section to register personally shall obtain from the sheriff or from a designee of the sheriff a registration form that conforms to division (C) of this section, shall complete and sign the form, and shall return the completed form together with the offender's or delinquent child's photograph to the sheriff or the designee. The sheriff or designee shall sign the form and indicate on the form the date on which it is so returned. The registration required under this division is complete when the offender or delinquent child returns the form, containing the requisite information, photograph, signatures, and date, to the sheriff or designee.
- (C) The registration form to be used under divisions (A) and 2272

 (B) of this section shall contain the current residence address of 2273

 the offender or delinquent child who is registering, the name and 2274

 address of the offender's or delinquent child's employer, if the 2275

 offender or delinquent child is employed at the time of 2276

registration or if the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> knows at the	2277
time of registration that the offender or delinquent child will be	2278
commencing employment with that employer subsequent to	2279
registration, and any other information required by the bureau of	2280
criminal identification and investigation and shall include the	2281
offender's or delinquent child's photograph. Additionally, if the	2282
offender or delinquent child has been adjudicated as being a	2283
sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented offense in	2284
question and the court has not subsequently determined pursuant to	2285
division (D) of section 2950.09, section 2152.83, or section	2286
2152.84 of the Revised Code that the offender or delinquent child	2287
no longer is a sexual predator or if the sentencing judge	2288
determined pursuant to division (C) of section 2950.09, section	2289
2152.83, or section 2152.84 of the Revised Code that the offender	2290
or delinguent child is a habitual sex offender, the offender or	2291
delinquent child shall include on the signed, written registration	2292
form all of the following information:	2293

- (1) A specific declaration that the person has been 2294 adjudicated as being a sexual predator or has been determined to 2295 be a habitual sex offender, whichever is applicable; 2296
- (2) If the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> has been adjudicated 2297 as being a sexual predator, the identification license plate 2298 number of each motor vehicle the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> owns 2299 and of each motor vehicle registered in the offender's <u>or</u> 2300 <u>delinquent child's</u> name. 2301
- (D) After an offender or delinquent child registers with a 2302 sheriff pursuant to this section, the sheriff shall forward the 2303 signed, written registration form and photograph to the bureau of 2304 criminal identification and investigation in accordance with the 2305 forwarding procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of the 2306 Revised Code. The bureau shall include the information and 2307 materials forwarded to it under this division in the state 2308

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another state, the person shall register with the appropriate law enforcement officials in that state in the manner required under the law of that state and within the earlier of the period of time required under the law of that state or at least seven days prior to changing the residence address.

- (D)(1) Upon receiving from an offender or delinquent child 2345 pursuant to division (A) of this section notice of a change of the 2346 offender's or delinquent child's residence address, a sheriff 2347 promptly shall forward the new residence address to the bureau of 2348 criminal identification and investigation in accordance with the 2349 forwarding procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of the 2350 Revised Code if the new residence address is in another state or, 2351 if the offender's or delinquent child's new residence address is 2352 located in another county in this state, to the sheriff of that 2353 county. The bureau shall include all information forwarded to it 2354 under this division in the state registry of sex offenders 2355 established and maintained under section 2950.13 of the Revised 2356 Code and shall forward notice of the offender's or delinquent 2357 child's new residence address to the appropriate officials in the 2358 other state. 2359
- (2) When an offender <u>or delinquent child</u> registers a new residence address pursuant to division (B) of this section, the sheriff with whom the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> registers and the bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall comply with division (D) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code.
- (E)(1) No person who is required to notify a sheriff of a 2365 change of address pursuant to division (A) of this section shall 2366 fail to notify the appropriate sheriff in accordance with that 2367 division.
- (2) No person who is required to register a new residence 2369 address with a sheriff or with an official of another state 2370 pursuant to divisions (B) and (C) of this section shall fail to 2371

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- (2) In all circumstances not described in division (B)(1) of 2403 this section, the offender or delinquent child shall verify the 2404 offender's or delinquent child's current residence address in 2405 accordance with division (C) of this section on each anniversary 2406 of the offender's or delinquent child's initial registration date 2407 during the period the offender or delinquent child is required to 2408 register.
- (C)(1) An offender or delinquent child who is required to verify the offender's or delinquent child's current residence address pursuant to division (A) of this section shall verify the address with the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child most recently registered by personally appearing before the sheriff or a designee of the sheriff, no earlier than ten days before the date on which the verification is required pursuant to division (B) of this section and no later than the date so required for verification, and completing and signing a copy of the verification form prescribed by the bureau of criminal identification and investigation. The sheriff or designee shall sign the completed form and indicate on the form the date on which it is so completed. The verification required under this division is complete when the offender or delinquent child personally appears before the sheriff or designee and completes and signs the form as described in this division.
- (2) To facilitate the verification of an offender's or 2426 <u>delinquent child's</u> current residence address under division (C)(1) 2427 of this section, the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent 2428 child most recently registered may mail a nonforwardable 2429 verification form prescribed by the bureau of criminal 2430 identification and investigation to the offender's or delinquent 2431 child's last reported address and to the last reported address of 2432 the parents of the delinquent child, with a notice that 2433 conspicuously states that the offender or delinquent child must 2434

2435 personally appear before the sheriff or a designee of the sheriff to complete the form and the date by which the form must be so 2436 completed. Regardless of whether a sheriff mails a form to an 2437 offender or delinquent child and that child's parents, each 2438 offender or delinquent child who is required to verify the 2439 offender's or delinquent child's current residence address 2440 pursuant to division (A) of this section shall personally appear 2441 before the sheriff or a designee of the sheriff to verify the 2442 address in accordance with division (C)(1) of this section. 2443

- (D) The verification form to be used under division (C) of 2444 this section shall contain the current residence address of the 2445 offender or delinquent child, the name and address of the 2446 offender's or delinquent child's employer if the offender or 2447 delinquent child is employed at the time of verification or if the 2448 offender or delinquent child knows at the time of verification 2449 that the offender or delinquent child will be commencing 2450 employment with that employer subsequent to verification, and any 2451 other information required by the bureau of criminal 2452 identification and investigation. 2453
- 2454 (E) Upon an offender's or delinquent child's personal appearance and completion of a verification form under division 2455 (C) of this section, a sheriff promptly shall forward a copy of 2456 the verification form to the bureau of criminal identification and 2457 investigation in accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted 2458 by the attorney general pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised 2459 Code. The bureau shall include all information forwarded to it 2460 under this division in the state registry of sex offenders 2461 established and maintained under section 2950.13 of the Revised 2462 Code. 2463
- (F) No person who is required to verify a current residence 2464 address pursuant to divisions (A) to (C) of this section shall 2465 fail to verify a current residence address in accordance with 2466

verify the current residence address with the sheriff who sent the

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the Revised Code.

Am. Sub. S. B. No. 3 As Passed by the Senate

Sec. 2950.07. (A) The duty of an offender who is convicted of
or pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of or pleaded guilty
to, a sexually oriented offense and the duty of a delinquent child
who is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually
oriented offense and who is classified as a juvenile sex offense
registrant to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06
of the Revised Code commences on whichever of the following dates
is applicable:

- (1) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to division (A)(1)(a) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, the offender's duty to comply with those sections commences on the date of the offender's release from a prison term, a term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement or on July 1, 1997, whichever is later.
- (2) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to 2576 division (A)(2)(1)(b) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, the 2577 offender's duty to comply with those sections commences on the 2578 date of entry of the judgment of conviction of the sexually 2579 oriented offense or on July 1, 1997, whichever is later. 2580
- (3) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to 2581 division (A)(3)(1)(c) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, the 2582 offender's duty to comply with those sections commences fourteen 2583 days after July 1, 1997.
- (4) If the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> duty to register is imposed pursuant to division (A)(4) or (5)(3)(a) or (b) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, the offender's duty to comply with those sections commences on the effective date of this amendment March 30, 1999, or on the date that the offender begins to reside or becomes temporarily domiciled in this state, whichever is later, and the delinquent child's duty commences on the effective date of this amendment or on the date the delinquent

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(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	2625
offender or delinquent child has been adjudicated as being a	2626
sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented offense, the	2627
offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply with those	2628
sections continues until the offender's or delinquent child's	2629
death. If the judge who sentenced the offender or made the	2630
disposition for the delinquent child or that judge's successor in	2631
office subsequently enters a determination pursuant to division	2632
(D) of section 2950.09 or pursuant to section 2152.83 or 2152.84	2633
of the Revised Code that the offender or delinquent child no	2634
longer is a sexual predator, the offender's or delinquent child's	2635
duty to comply with those sections continues for the period of	2636
time that otherwise would have been applicable to the offender $\underline{\text{or}}$	2637
delinquent child under division (B)(2) or (3) of this section.	2638

(2) If the judge who sentenced the offender or made the disposition for the delinquent child for committing the sexually oriented offense, or the successor in office of the juvenile court judge who made the delinquent child disposition, determined pursuant to division (E) of section 2950.09 or pursuant to section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the Revised Code that the offender or delinquent child is a habitual sex offender, the offender's or <u>delinquent child's</u> duty to comply with those sections continues for twenty years. If a delinquent child is determined pursuant to division (E) of section 2950.09 or pursuant to section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the Revised Code to be a habitual sex offender and if the judge who made the disposition for the delinquent child or that judge's successor in office subsequently enters a determination pursuant to section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the Revised Code that the delinquent child no longer is a habitual sex offender but remains a juvenile sex offender registrant, the delinquent child's duty to comply with those sections continues for the period of time that otherwise would have been applicable

If a delinquent child has been adjudicated a delinquent child 2687

for committing on or after the effective date of this amendment a 2688

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and (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7) of this section for each of the

of time shall be complied with independently.

sexually oriented offenses, and the separately calculated periods

sexually oriented offense, is classified a juvenile sex offender	2689
registrant relative to the offense, and, after attaining eighteen	2690
years of age, subsequently is convicted of or pleads quilty to	2691
another sexually oriented offense, the subsequent conviction or	2692
guilty plea does not limit, affect, or supersede the duties	2693
imposed upon the delinquent child under this chapter relative to	2694
the delinquent child's classification as a juvenile sex offender	2695
registrant, and the delinguent child shall comply with both those	2696
duties and the duties imposed under this chapter relative to the	2697
subsequent conviction or guilty plea.	2698

- (2) If a delinquent child has been adjudicated a delinquent 2699 child for committing on or after the effective date of this 2700 amendment a sexually oriented offense and is classified a juvenile 2701 sex offender registrant relative to the offense, if the order 2702 containing the classification also contains a determination by the 2703 juvenile judge that the delinquent child is a sexual predator or a 2704 habitual sex offender, and if the juvenile judge or the judge's 2705 successor in office subsequently determines pursuant to section 2706 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the Revised Code that the delinquent child 2707 no longer is a sexual predator or habitual sex offender, the 2708 judge's subsequent determination does not affect the date of 2709 commencement of the delinquent child's duty to comply with 2710 sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code as 2711 determined under division (A) of this section. 2712
- (D) The duty of an offender or delinquent child to register 2713 under this chapter is tolled for any period during which the 2714 offender or delinquent child is returned to confinement in a 2715 secure facility for any reason or imprisoned for an offense when 2716 the confinement in a secure facility or imprisonment occurs 2717 subsequent to the date determined pursuant to division (A) of this 2718 2719 section. The offender's or delinquent child's duty to register under this chapter resumes upon the offender's or delinquent 2720

2752 oriented offense that is a sexually violent offense and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a sexually violent predator 2753 specification that was included in the indictment, count in the 2754 indictment, or information charging the sexually violent offense, 2755 the conviction of plea of guilty to the specification 2756 automatically classifies the offender as a sexual predator for 2757 purposes of this chapter. If a person is convicted of or, pleads 2758 guilty to, or is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing, a 2759 sexually oriented offense in another state, or in a federal court, 2760 military court, or an Indian tribal court and if, as a result of 2761 that conviction or, plea of guilty, or adjudication, the person is 2762 required, under the law of the jurisdiction in which the person 2763 was convicted or, pleaded guilty, or was adjudicated, to register 2764 as a sex offender until the person's death and is required to 2765 verify the person's address on at least a quarterly basis each 2766 year, that conviction or, plea of guilty, or adjudication 2767 automatically classifies the offender person as a sexual predator 2768 for the purposes of this chapter, but the offender person may 2769 challenge that classification pursuant to division (F) of this 2770 section. In all other cases, a person who is convicted of or 2771 pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, 2772 or is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing, a sexually 2773 oriented offense may be classified as a sexual predator for 2774 purposes of this chapter only in accordance with division (B) or 2775 (C) of this section or, regarding delinquent children, section 2776 2152.83 of the Revised Code. 2777

(B)(1) The judge who is to impose sentence on a person who is

convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually oriented offense or

who is to impose an order of disposition upon a child who is

adjudicated a delinquent child for committing on or after the

effective date of this amendment a sexually oriented offense shall

conduct a hearing to determine whether the offender is a sexual

predator if any of the following circumstances apply:

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(a) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was	2785
committed, if a person the offender is to be sentenced on or after	2786
January 1, 1997, for a sexually oriented offense that is not a	2787
sexually violent offense, or if a person.	2788
(b) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was	2789
committed, the offender is to be sentenced on or after January 1,	2790
1997, for a sexually oriented offense that is a sexually violent	2791
offense and a sexually violent predator specification was not	2792
included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or	2793
information charging the sexually violent offense, the judge who	2794
is to impose sentence upon the offender shall conduct a hearing to	2795
determine whether the offender is a sexual predator. The judge.	2796
(c) The delinquent child was adjudicated a delinquent child	2797
for committing on or after the effective date of this amendment a	2798
sexually oriented offense, the delinquent child was fourteen years	2799
of age or older at the time of committing the offense, and the	2800
adjudicating judge has classified the delinquent child under	2801
section 2152.82 of the Revised Code based on that adjudication a	2802
juvenile sex offender registrant. A judge shall not conduct a	2803
hearing under division (B) of this section regarding a delinquent	2804
child unless the delinquent child is in the category of delinquent	2805
children described in this division.	2806
(2) The judge shall conduct the hearing required under	2807
division (B)(1) of this section prior to sentencing and, if or	2808
making an order of disposition. If the sexually oriented offense	2809
is a felony, and if the hearing is being conducted under division	2810
(B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, the judge may conduct it as part	2811
of the sentencing hearing required by section 2929.19 of the	2812
Revised Code. The court shall give the offender or delinquent	2813
child and the prosecutor who prosecuted the offender or handled	2814
the case against the delinquent child for the sexually oriented	2815

offense notice of the date, time, and location of the hearing. At

imposed for the prior offense or act and, if the prior offense or

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the judge court has determined that the offender or delinquent 2880 child is a sexual predator and shall specify that the 2881 determination was pursuant to division (B) of this section. The 2882 offender or delinquent child and the prosecutor who prosecuted the 2883 offender or handled the case against the delinquent child for the 2884 sexually oriented offense in question may appeal as a matter of 2885 right the judge's court's determination under this division as to 2886 whether the offender or delinquent child is, or is not, a sexual 2887 predator. 2888

(4)(5) A hearing shall not be conducted under division (B) of this section regarding an offender if the sexually oriented 2890 offense in question is a sexually violent offense and the 2891 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the 2892 offense also included a sexually violent predator specification. 2893

(C)(1) If a person was convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense prior to January 1, 1997, if the person was not sentenced for the offense on or after January 1, 1997, and if, on or after January 1, 1997, the offender is serving a term of imprisonment in a state correctional institution, the department of rehabilitation and correction shall determine whether to recommend that the offender be adjudicated as being a sexual predator. In making a determination under this division as to whether to recommend that the offender be adjudicated as being a sexual predator, the department shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, all of the factors specified in division (B)(2) of this section. If the department determines that it will recommend that the offender be adjudicated as being a sexual predator, it immediately shall send the recommendation to the court that sentenced the offender and shall enter its determination and recommendation in the offender's institutional record, and the court shall proceed in accordance with division (C)(2) of this section.

(2)(a) If, pursuant to division $(C)(1)$ of this section, the	2912
department of rehabilitation and correction sends to a court a	2913
recommendation that an offender who has been convicted of or	2914
pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense be adjudicated as	2915
being a sexual predator, the court is not bound by the	2916
department's recommendation, and the court may conduct a hearing	2917
to determine whether the offender is a sexual predator. The court	2918
may deny the recommendation and determine that the offender is not	2919
a sexual predator without a hearing but shall not make a	2920
determination that the offender is a sexual predator in any case	2921
without a hearing. The court may hold the hearing and make the	2922
determination prior to the offender's release from imprisonment or	2923
at any time within one year following the offender's release from	2924
that imprisonment. If the court determines without a hearing that	2925
the offender is not a sexual predator, it shall include its	2926
determination in the offender's institutional record and shall	2927
determine whether the offender previously has been convicted of or	2928
pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense other than the	2929
offense in relation to which the court determined that the	2930
offender is not a sexual predator.	2931

The court may make the determination as to whether the 2932 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 2933 sexually oriented offense without a hearing, but, if the court 2934 determines that the offender previously has been convicted of or 2935 pleaded guilty to such an offense, it shall not impose a 2936 requirement that the offender be subject to the community 2937 notification provisions regarding the offender's place of 2938 residence that are contained in sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of 2939 the Revised Code without a hearing. The court may conduct a 2940 hearing to determine both whether the offender previously has been 2941 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense and 2942 whether to impose a requirement that the offender be subject to 2943

the community notification provisions as described in this	2944
division, or may conduct a hearing solely to make the latter	2945
determination. The court shall include in the offender's	2946
institutional record any determination made under this division as	2947
to whether the offender previously has been convicted of or	2948
pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense, and, as such,	2949
whether the offender is a habitual sex offender.	2950

(b) If the court schedules a hearing under division (C)(2)(a) 2951 of this section, the court shall give the offender and the 2952 prosecutor who prosecuted the offender for the sexually oriented 2953 offense, or that prosecutor's successor in office, notice of the 2954 date, time, and place of the hearing. If the hearing is to 2955 determine whether the offender is a sexual predator, it shall be 2956 conducted in the manner described in division (B)(1) of this 2957 section regarding hearings conducted under that division and, in 2958 making a determination under this division as to whether the 2959 offender is a sexual predator, the court shall consider all 2960 relevant factors, including, but not limited to, all of the 2961 factors specified in division (B)(2) of this section. After 2962 reviewing all testimony and evidence presented at the sexual 2963 predator hearing and the factors specified in division (B)(2) of 2964 this section, the court shall determine by clear and convincing 2965 evidence whether the offender is a sexual predator. If the court 2966 determines that the offender is not a sexual predator, it also 2967 shall determine whether the offender previously has been convicted 2968 of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense other than the offense in relation to which the hearing is being conducted. 2970

Upon making its determinations at the hearing, the court 2971 shall proceed as follows: 2972

(i) If the hearing is to determine whether the offender is a 2973 sexual predator, and if the court determines that the offender is 2974 not a sexual predator and that the offender previously has not 2975

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been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense
other than the offense in relation to which the hearing is being
conducted, it shall include its determinations in the offender's
institutional record.

(ii) If the hearing is to determine whether the offender is a 2980 sexual predator, and if the court determines that the offender is 2981 not a sexual predator but that the offender previously has been 2982 convicted of or pleaded quilty to a sexually oriented offense 2983 other than the offense in relation to which the hearing is being 2984 conducted, it shall include its determination that the offender is 2985 not a sexual predator but is a habitual sex offender in the 2986 offender's institutional record, shall attach the determinations 2987 to the offender's sentence, shall specify that the determinations 2988 were pursuant to division (C) of this section, shall provide a 2989 copy of the determinations to the offender, to the prosecuting 2990 attorney, and to the department of rehabilitation and correction, 2991 and may impose a requirement that the offender be subject to the 2992 community notification provisions regarding the offender's place 2993 of residence that are contained in sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of 2994 the Revised Code. The offender shall not be subject to those 2995 community notification provisions relative to the sexually 2996 oriented offense in question if the court does not so impose the 2997 requirement described in this division. If the court imposes those 2998 community notification provisions, the offender may appeal the 2999 judge's determination that the offender is a habitual sex 3000 offender. 3001

(iii) If the hearing is to determine whether the offender 3002 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually 3003 oriented offense other than the offense in relation to which the 3004 hearing is being conducted and whether to impose a requirement 3005 that the offender be subject to the specified community 3006 notification provisions, and if the court determines that the 3007

offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	3008
such an offense, the court shall proceed as described in division	3009
(C)(2)(b)(ii) of this section and may impose a community	3010
notification requirement as described in that division. The	3011
offender shall not be subject to the specified community	3012
notification provisions relative to the sexually oriented offense	3013
in question if the court does not so impose the requirement	3014
described in that division. If the court imposes those community	3015
notification provisions, the offender may appeal the judge's	3016
determination that the offender is a habitual sex offender.	3017

- (iv) If the court determined without a hearing that the 3018 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 3019 sexually oriented offense other than the offense in relation to 3020 which the court determined that the offender is not a sexual 3021 predator, and, as such, is a habitual sex offender, and the 3022 hearing is solely to determine whether to impose a requirement 3023 that the offender be subject to the specified community 3024 notification provisions, after the hearing, the court may impose a 3025 community notification requirement as described in division 3026 (C)(2)(b)(ii) of this section. The offender shall not be subject 3027 to the specified community notification provisions relative to the 3028 sexually oriented offense in question if the court does not so 3029 impose the requirement described in that division. If the court 3030 imposes those community notification provisions, the offender may 3031 appeal the judge's determination that the offender is a habitual 3032 sex offender. 3033
- (v) If the hearing is to determine whether the offender is a 3034 sexual predator, and if the court determines by clear and 3035 convincing evidence that the offender is a sexual predator, it 3036 shall enter its determination in the offender's institutional 3037 record, shall attach the determination to the offender's sentence, 3038 shall specify that the determination was pursuant to division (C) 3039

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of this section, and shall provide a copy of the determination to the offender, to the prosecuting attorney, and to the department of rehabilitation and correction. The offender and the prosecutor may appeal as a matter of right the judge's determination under this division as to whether the offender is, or is not, a sexual predator.

(D)(1) Upon Division (D) of this section applies to persons 3046 who have been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a sexually 3047 oriented offense. A person who has been adjudicated a delinquent 3048 child for committing a sexually oriented offense and who has been 3049 classified by a juvenile court judge a juvenile sex offender 3050 registrant or, if applicable, additionally has been determined by 3051 a juvenile court judge to be a sexual predator or habitual sex 3052 offender, may petition the adjudicating court for a 3053 reclassification or declassification pursuant to section 2152.84 3054 of the Revised Code. 3055

<u>Upon</u> the expiration of the applicable period of time 3056 specified in division (D)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, an 3057 offender who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually 3058 oriented offense and who has been adjudicated as being a sexual 3059 predator relative to the sexually oriented offense in the manner 3060 described in division (B) or (C) of this section may petition the 3061 judge who made the determination that the offender was a sexual 3062 predator, or that judge's successor in office, to enter a 3063 determination that the offender no longer is a sexual predator. 3064 Upon the filing of the petition, the judge may review the prior 3065 sexual predator determination that comprises the sexually violent 3066 predator adjudication, and, upon consideration of all relevant 3067 evidence and information, including, but not limited to, the 3068 factors set forth in division (B)(2)(3) of this section, either 3069 shall enter a determination that the offender no longer is a 3070 sexual predator or shall enter an order denying the petition. The 3071

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3072 court judge shall not enter a determination under this division that the offender no longer is a sexual predator unless the court 3073 judge determines by clear and convincing evidence that the 3074 offender is unlikely to commit a sexually oriented offense in the 3075 future. If the judge enters a determination under this division 3076 that the offender no longer is a sexual predator, the judge shall 3077 notify the bureau of criminal identification and investigation and 3078 the parole board of the determination. Upon receipt of the 3079 notification, the bureau promptly shall notify the sheriff with 3080 whom the offender most recently registered under section 2950.04 3081 or 2950.05 of the Revised Code of the determination that the 3082 offender no longer is a sexual predator. If the judge enters an 3083 order denying the petition, the prior adjudication of the offender 3084 as a sexual predator shall remain in effect. An offender 3085 determined to be a sexual predator in the manner described in 3086 division (B) or (C) of this section may file a petition under this 3087 division after the expiration of the following periods of time: 3088

- (a) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was committed, if, on or after January 1, 1997, the offender is imprisoned or sentenced to a prison term or other confinement for the sexually oriented offense in relation to which the determination was made, the offender initially may file the petition not earlier than one year prior to the offender's release from the imprisonment, prison term, or other confinement by discharge, parole, judicial release, or any other final release. If the offender is sentenced on or after January 1, 1997, for the sexually oriented offense in relation to which the determination is made and is not imprisoned or sentenced to a prison term or other confinement for the sexually oriented offense, the offender initially may file the petition upon the expiration of one year after the entry of the offender's judgment of conviction.
 - (b) After the offender's initial filing of a petition under

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division (D)(1)(a) of this section, thereafter, an offender may file a petition under this division upon the expiration of five years after the court has entered an order denying the petition under division (D)(1)(a) of this section or the most recent petition the offender has filed under this division.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, division 3109 (D)(1) of this section does not apply to a person who is 3110 classified as a sexual predator pursuant to division (A) of this 3111 section. If a person who is so classified was sentenced to a 3112 prison term pursuant to division (A)(3) of section 2971.03 of the 3113 Revised Code and if the sentencing court terminates the offender's 3114 prison term as provided in division (D) of section 2971.05 of the 3115 Revised Code, the court's termination of the prison term 3116 automatically shall constitute a determination by the court that 3117 the offender no longer is a sexual predator. If the court so 3118 terminates the offender's prison term, the court shall notify the 3119 bureau of criminal identification and investigation and the parole 3120 board of the determination that the offender no longer is a sexual 3121 predator. Upon receipt of the notification, the bureau promptly 3122 shall notify the sheriff with whom the offender most recently 3123 registered under section 2950.04 or 2950.05 of the Revised Code 3124 that the offender no longer is a sexual predator. If an offender 3125 who is classified as a sexual predator pursuant to division (A) of 3126 this section is released from prison pursuant to a pardon or 3127 commutation, the classification of the offender as a sexual 3128 predator shall remain in effect after the offender's release, and 3129 the offender may file one or more petitions in accordance with the 3130 procedures and time limitations contained in division (D)(1) of 3131 this section for a determination that the offender no longer is a 3132 sexual predator. 3133

(E) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to committing, on or after January 1, 1997, a sexually oriented

offense, the judge who is to impose sentence on the offender shall	3
determine, prior to sentencing, whether the offender previously	3
has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented	3
offense. <u>If a person is adjudicated a delinquent child for</u>	3
committing on or after the effective date of this amendment a	3
sexually oriented offense, if the delinquent child was fourteen	3
years of age or older at the time of committing the offense, and	3
if the adjudicating judge has classified the delinguent child	3
under section 2152.82 of the Revised Code based on that	3
adjudication a juvenile sex offender registrant, the adjudicating	3
judge shall determine, prior to entering the order of disposition,	3
whether the delinguent child previously has been adjudicated a	3
delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense. If	3
the judge determines that the offender previously has not been	3
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense or	3
that the delinguent child previously has not been adjudicated a	3
delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense, the	3
judge shall specify in the offender's sentence or in the	3
delinquent child's dispositional order that the judge has	3
determined that the offender or delinquent child is not a habitual	3
sex offender. If the judge determines that the offender previously	3
has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented	3
offense or that the delinquent child previously has been	3
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented	3
offense, the judge shall specify in the offender's sentence and	3
the judgment of conviction that contains the sentence or in the	3
delinquent child's dispositional order that the judge has	3
determined that the offender or delinquent child is a habitual sex	3
offender and may impose a requirement in that sentence and	3
judgment of conviction or in that dispositional order that the	3
offender or delinguent child be subject to the community	3
notification provisions regarding the offender's or delinquent	3
child's place of residence that are contained in sections 2950.10	3

and 2950.11 of the Revised Code. Unless the habitual sex offender	3169
also has been adjudicated as being a sexual predator relative to	3170
the sexually oriented offense in question, the offender $\underline{\text{or}}$	3171
<u>delinquent child</u> shall not be subject to those community	3172
notification provisions only if the court does not impose imposes	3173
the requirement described in this division in the offender's	3174
sentence and the judgment of conviction or in the delinquent	3175
child's dispositional order. This division does not apply	3176
regarding a delinquent child unless the delinquent child was	3177
fourteen years of age or older at the time of committing the	3178
sexually oriented offense and the adjudicating judge has	3179
classified the delinquent child under section 2152.82 of the	3180
Revised Code based on that adjudication a juvenile sex offender	3181
registrant, or unless section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the Revised	3182
Code authorizes or requires a juvenile court judge to make a	3183
determination under this division regarding the delinquent child.	3184

- (F)(1) An offender or delinquent child classified as a sexual 3185 predator may petition the court of common pleas or, for a 3186 delinquent child, the juvenile court of the county in which the 3187 offender or delinquent child resides or temporarily is domiciled 3188 to enter a determination that the offender or delinquent child is 3189 not an adjudicated sexual predator in this state for purposes of 3190 the sex offender registration requirements of this chapter or the 3191 community notification provisions contained in sections 2950.10 3192 and 2950.11 of the Revised Code if all of the following apply: 3193
- (a) The offender <u>or delinquent child</u> was convicted of or,

 pleaded guilty to, <u>or was adjudicated a delinquent child for</u>

 committing, a sexually oriented offense in another state or in a

 federal court, a military court, or an Indian tribal court.

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- (b) As a result of the conviction or, plea of guilty, or

 adjudication described in division (F)(1)(a) of this section, the

 offender or delinquent child is required under the law of the

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jurisdiction under which the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> was convicted or, pleaded guilty, <u>or was adjudicated</u> to register as a sex offender until the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> death and is required to verify the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> address on at least a quarterly basis each year.

- (c) The offender or delinquent child was automatically classified as a sexual predator under division (A) of this section in relation to the conviction or, guilty plea, or adjudication described in division (F)(1)(a) of this section.
- (2) The court may enter a determination that the offender or 3210 <u>delinquent child</u> filing the petition described in division (F)(1) 3211 of this section is not an adjudicated sexual predator in this 3212 state for purposes of the sex offender registration requirements 3213 of this chapter or the community notification provisions contained 3214 in sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of the Revised Code only if the 3215 offender or delinquent child proves by clear and convincing 3216 evidence that the requirement of the other jurisdiction that the 3217 offender or delinquent child register as a sex offender until the 3218 offender's or delinquent child's death and the requirement that 3219 the offender or delinquent child verify the offender's or 3220 <u>delinquent child's</u> address on at least a quarterly basis each year 3221 is not substantially similar to a classification as a sexual 3222 predator for purposes of this chapter. 3223

Sec. 2950.10. (A)(1) If a person is convicted of or pleads 3224 quilty to, or has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to, a 3225 sexually oriented offense or a person is adjudicated a delinquent 3226 child for committing on or after the effective date of this 3227 amendment a sexually oriented offense, was fourteen years of age 3228 or older at the time of committing the sexually oriented offense, 3229 and is classified a juvenile sex offender registrant by a juvenile 3230 court judge based on that adjudication, if the offender or 3231 <u>delinquent child</u> has been adjudicated as being a sexual predator 3232

relative to the sexually oriented offense, and the court has not	3233
subsequently determined pursuant to division (D) of section	3234
2950.09 <u>, section 2152.83, or section 2152.84</u> of the Revised Code	3235
that the offender or delinquent child no longer is a sexual	3236
predator or the offender or delinquent child has been determined	3237
pursuant to division (C)(2) or (E) of section 2950.09, section	3238
2152.83, or section 2152.84 of the Revised Code to be a habitual	3239
sex offender and, the court has imposed a requirement under that	3240
division or section subjecting the habitual sex offender to this	3241
section, and the determination has not been removed pursuant to	3242
section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the Revised Code, if the offender or	3243
delinquent child registers with a sheriff pursuant to section	3244
2950.04 or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and if the victim of the	3245
sexually oriented offense has made a request in accordance with	3246
rules adopted by the attorney general that specifies that the	3247
victim would like to be provided the notices described in this	3248
section, the sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually	3249
oriented offense, in writing, that the offender or delinguent	3250
child has registered and shall include in the notice the	3251
offender's or delinquent child's name and residence address or	3252
addresses. The sheriff shall provide the notice required by this	3253
division to the victim at the most recent residence address	3254
available for that victim, not later than seventy-two hours after	3255
the offender or delinquent child registers with the sheriff.	3256

(2) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to, or has 3257 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, a sexually oriented 3258 offense or a person is adjudicated a delinquent child for 3259 committing on or after the effective date of this amendment a 3260 sexually oriented offense, was fourteen years of age or older at 3261 the time of committing the sexually oriented offense, and is 3262 classified a juvenile sex offender registrant by a juvenile court 3263 judge based on that adjudication, if the offender or delinquent 3264

<u>child</u> has been adjudicated as being a sexual predator relative to	3265
the sexually oriented offense or sexually violent offense and the	3266
court has not subsequently determined pursuant to division (D) of	3267
section 2950.09, section 2152.83, or section 2152.84 of the	3268
Revised Code that the offender or delinquent child no longer is a	3269
sexual predator or the offender or delinquent child has been	3270
determined pursuant to division (E) of section 2950.09, section	3271
2152.83, or section 2152.84 of the Revised Code to be a habitual	3272
sex offender and, the court has imposed a requirement under that	3273
division or section subjecting the habitual sex offender to this	3274
section, and the determination has not been removed pursuant to	3275
section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the Revised Code, if the offender or	3276
delinquent child registers with a sheriff pursuant to section	3277
2950.04 or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, if the victim of the	3278
sexually oriented offense has made a request in accordance with	3279
rules adopted by the attorney general that specifies that the	3280
victim would like to be provided the notices described in this	3281
section, and if the offender or delinquent child notifies the	3282
sheriff of a change of residence address pursuant to section	3283
2950.05 of the Revised Code, the sheriff shall notify the victim	3284
of the sexually oriented offense, in writing, that the offender's	3285
or delinquent child's residence address has changed and shall	3286
include in the notice the offender's or delinquent child's name	3287
and new residence address or addresses. The sheriff shall provide	3288
the notice required by this division to the victim at the most	3289
recent residence address available for that victim, no later than	3290
seventy-two hours after the offender or delinquent child notifies	3291
the sheriff of the change in the offender's or delinquent child's	3292
residence address.	3293

(3) If an offender a person is convicted of or pleads guilty 3294 to, or has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, a sexually 3295 oriented offense or a person is adjudicated a delinquent child for 3296 committing on or after the effective date of this amendment a 3297

sexually oriented offense, was fourteen years of age or older at	3298
the time of committing the sexually oriented offense, and is	3299
classified a juvenile sex offender registrant by a juvenile court	3300
judge based on that adjudication, and if the offender or	3301
delinquent child is adjudicated as being a sexual predator	3302
relative to the sexually oriented offense or the offender <u>or</u>	3303
delinquent child is determined pursuant to division (E) of section	3304
2950.09, section 2152.83, or section 2152.84 of the Revised Code	3305
to be a habitual sex offender and is made subject to this section,	3306
the victim of the offense may make a request in accordance with	3307
rules adopted by the attorney general pursuant to section 2950.13	3308
of the Revised Code that specifies that the victim would like to	3309
be provided the notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of	3310
this section. If the victim makes a request in accordance with	3311
those rules, the sheriff described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of	3312
this section shall provide the victim with the notices described	3313
in those divisions.	3314

- (4) If a victim makes a request as described in division 3315
 (A)(3) of this section that specifies that the victim would like 3316
 to be provided the notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) 3317
 of this section, all information a sheriff obtains regarding the 3318
 victim from or as a result of the request is confidential, and the 3319
 information is not a public record open for inspection under 3320
 section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 3321
- (5) The notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this 3322 section are in addition to any notices regarding the offender or 3323 delinquent child that the victim is entitled to receive under 3324 Chapter 2930. of the Revised Code. 3325
- (B) A victim of a sexually oriented offense is not entitled 3326 to be provided any notice described in division (A)(1) or (2) of 3327 this section unless the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> is 3328 adjudicated as being a sexual predator relative to the sexually 3329

oriented offense and the court has not subsequently determined 3330 pursuant to division (E)(D) of section 2950.09, section 2152.83, 3331 or section 2152.84 of the Revised Code that the offender or 3332 <u>delinquent child</u> no longer is a sexual predator or the offender <u>or</u> 3333 delinquent child has been determined pursuant to division (E) of 3334 section 2950.09, section 2152.83, or section 2152.84 of the 3335 Revised Code to be a habitual sex offender and, the court has 3336 imposed a requirement under that division or section subjecting 3337 the habitual sex offender to this section, and the determination 3338 has not been removed pursuant to section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the 3339 Revised Code. A victim of a sexually oriented offense is not 3340 entitled to any notice described in division (A)(1) or (2) of this 3341 section unless the victim makes a request in accordance with rules 3342 adopted by the attorney general pursuant to section 2950.13 of the 3343 Revised Code that specifies that the victim would like to be 3344 provided the notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this 3345 section. This division does not affect any rights of a victim of a 3346 sexually oriented offense to be provided notice regarding an 3347 offender or delinquent child that are described in Chapter 2950. 3348 2930. of the Revised Code. 3349

Sec. 2950.11. (A) As used in this section, "specified 3350 geographical notification area" means the geographic area or areas 3351 within which the attorney general, by rule adopted under section 3352 2950.13 of the Revised Code, requires the notice described in 3353 division (B) of this section to be given to the persons identified 3354 in divisions (A)(2) to (8) of this section. If a person is 3355 convicted of or pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of or 3356 pleaded guilty to, a sexually oriented offense or a person is 3357 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing on or after the 3358 effective date of this amendment a sexually oriented offense, was 3359 fourteen years of age or older at the time of committing the 3360 sexually oriented offense, and is classified a juvenile sex 3361

offender registrant by a juvenile court judge based on that	3362
adjudication, and if the offender or delinquent child has been	3363
adjudicated as being a sexual predator relative to the sexually	3364
oriented offense and the court has not subsequently determined	3365
pursuant to division (D) of section 2950.09, section 2152.83, or	3366
section 2152.84 of the Revised Code that the offender or	3367
<u>delinquent child</u> no longer is a sexual predator or the offender <u>or</u>	3368
delinquent child has been determined pursuant to division (C)(2)	3369
or (E) of section 2950.09, section 2152.83, or section 2152.84 of	3370
the Revised Code to be a habitual sex offender and, the court has	3371
imposed a requirement under that division or section subjecting	3372
the habitual sex offender to this section, and the determination	3373
has not been removed pursuant to section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the	3374
Revised Code, the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent	3375
child has most recently registered under section 2950.04 or	3376
2950.05 of the Revised Code, within the period of time specified	3377
in division (C) of this section, shall provide a written notice	3378
containing the information set forth in division (B) of this	3379
section to all of the following persons:	3380

- (1) All occupants of residences adjacent to the offender's or

 delinquent child's place of residence that are located within the

 county served by the sheriff and all additional neighbors of the

 offender or delinquent child who are within any category that the

 attorney general by rule adopted under section 2950.13 of the

 Revised Code requires to be provided the notice and who reside

 within the county served by the sheriff;

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- (2) The executive director of the public children services 3388 agency that has jurisdiction within the specified geographical 3389 notification area and that is located within the county served by the sheriff; 3391
- (3)(a) The superintendent of each board of education of a 3392 school district that has schools within the specified geographical 3393

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- (4) A statement that the offender or delinquent child has 3456 been adjudicated as being a sexual predator and that, as of the 3457 date of the notice, the court has not entered a determination that 3458 the offender or delinquent child no longer is a sexual predator, 3459 or a statement that the sentencing or reviewing judge has 3460 determined that the offender or delinquent child is a habitual sex 3461 offender and that, as of the date of the notice, the determination 3462 has not been removed pursuant to section 2152.83 or 2152.84 of the 3463 Revised Code. 3464
- (C) If a sheriff with whom an offender or delinquent child registers under section 2950.04 or 2950.05 of the Revised Code is required by division (A) of this section to provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent child and if, pursuant to that requirement, the sheriff provides a notice to a sheriff of one or more other counties in accordance with division (A)(8) of this section, the sheriff of each of the other counties who is provided notice under division (A)(8) of this section shall provide the notices described in divisions (A)(1) to (7) and (A)(9) of this section to each person or entity identified within those divisions that is located within the geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff in question.
- (D)(1) A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this 3477 section to provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent 3478 child shall provide the notice to the neighbors that is described 3479 in division (A)(1) of this section and the notices to law 3480 enforcement personnel that are described in divisions (A)(8) and 3481 (9) of this section no later than seventy-two hours after the 3482 offender or delinquent child registers with the sheriff or, if the 3483 sheriff is required by division (C) to provide the notices, no 3484 later than seventy-two hours after the sheriff is provided the 3485 notice described in division (A)(8) of this section. 3486

A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this section to

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provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent child shall	348
provide the notices to all other specified persons that are	348
described in divisions (A)(2) to (7) of this section not later	349
than seven days after the offender or delinquent child registers	349
with the sheriff, if the sheriff is required by division (C) to	349
provide the notices, no later than seventy-two hours after the	349
sheriff is provided the notice described in division (A)(8) of	349
this section.	349

- (2) If an offender or delinquent child in relation to whom 3496 division (A) of this section applies verifies the offender's or 3497 delinquent child's current residence address with a sheriff 3498 pursuant to section 2950.06 of the Revised Code, the sheriff may 3499 provide a written notice containing the information set forth in 3500 division (B) of this section to the persons identified in 3501 divisions (A)(1) to (9) of this section. If a sheriff provides a 3502 notice pursuant to this division to the sheriff of one or more 3503 other counties in accordance with division (A)(8) of this section, 3504 the sheriff of each of the other counties who is provided the 3505 notice under division (A)(8) of this section may provide, but is 3506 not required to provide, a written notice containing the 3507 information set forth in division (B) of this section to the 3508 persons identified in divisions (A)(1) to (7) and (A)(9) of this 3509 section. 3510
- (E) All information that a sheriff possesses regarding a sexual predator or a habitual sex offender that is described in division (B) of this section and that must be provided in a notice required under division (A) or (C) of this section or that may be provided in a notice authorized under division (D)(2) of this section is a public record that is open to inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.
- (F) The notification provisions of this section do not apply 3518 regarding a person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to, or has 3519

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been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, or is adjudicated a 3520 delinquent child for committing, a sexually oriented offense, who 3521 has not been adjudicated as being a sexual predator relative to 3522 that sexually oriented offense, and who is determined pursuant to 3523 division (C)(2) or (E) of section 2950.09, section 2152.83, or 3524 section 2152.84 of the Revised Code to be a habitual sex offender 3525 unless the sentencing or reviewing court imposes a requirement in 3526 the offender's sentence and in the judgment of conviction that 3527 contains the sentence or in the delinquent child's adjudication, 3528 or imposes a requirement as described in division (C)(2) of 3529 section 2950.09 of the Revised Code, that subjects the offender or 3530 the delinquent child to the provisions of this section. 3531

(G) The department of job and family services shall compile, maintain, and update in January and July of each year, a list of all agencies, centers, or homes of a type described in division (A)(2) or (6) of this section that contains the name of each agency, center, or home of that type, the county in which it is located, its address and telephone number, and the name of an administrative officer or employee of the agency, center, or home. The department of education shall compile, maintain, and update in January and July of each year, a list of all boards of education, schools, or programs of a type described in division (A)(3), (4), or (5) of this section that contains the name of each board of education, school, or program of that type, the county in which it is located, its address and telephone number, the name of the superintendent of the board or of an administrative officer or employee of the school or program, and, in relation to a board of education, the county or counties in which each of its schools is located and the address of each such school. The Ohio board of regents shall compile, maintain, and update in January and July of each year, a list of all institutions of a type described in division (A)(7) of this section that contains the name of each such institution, the county in which it is located, its address

3553 and telephone number, and the name of its president or other chief 3554 administrative officer. A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) 3555 of this section, or authorized by division (D)(2) of this section, 3556 to provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent child, or a 3557 designee of a sheriff of that type, may request the department of 3558 job and family services, department of education, or Ohio board of 3559 regents, by telephone, in person, or by mail, to provide the 3560 sheriff or designee with the names, addresses, and telephone 3561 numbers of the appropriate persons and entities to whom the 3562 notices described in divisions (A)(2) to (7) of this section are 3563 to be provided. Upon receipt of a request, the department or board 3564 shall provide the requesting sheriff or designee with the names, 3565 addresses, and telephone numbers of the appropriate persons and 3566 entities to whom those notices are to be provided.

sec. 2950.12. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this
section, any of the following persons shall be immune from
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liability in a civil action to recover damages for injury, death,
or loss to person or property allegedly caused by an act or
0mission in connection with a power, duty, responsibility, or
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authorization under this chapter or under rules adopted under
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authority of this chapter:

- (1) An officer or employee of the bureau of criminal 3574 identification and investigation; 3575
- (2) The attorney general, a chief of police, marshal, or 3576 other chief law enforcement officer of a municipal corporation, a 3577 sheriff, a constable or chief of police of a township police 3578 department or police district police force, and a deputy, officer, 3579 or employee of the office of the attorney general, the law 3580 enforcement agency served by the marshal or the municipal or 3581 township chief, the office of the sheriff, or the constable; 3582
 - (3) A prosecutor and an officer or employee of the office of

registration of the new residence address, and residence address

education regarding the proper use and administration of

<u>correction</u> shall provide all of the following information

described in division (B) of this section to the bureau of

criminal identification and investigation regarding the offender.

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Prior to releasing a delinquent child who is in the custody of the	3708
department of youth services and who has been adjudicated a	3709
delinquent child for committing on or after the effective date of	3710
this amendment a sexually oriented offense, the department of	3711
youth services shall provide all of the information described in	3712
division (B) of this section to the bureau of criminal	3713
identification and investigation regarding the delinquent child.	3714
(B) The department of rehabilitation and correction and the	3715
department of youth services shall provide all of the following	3716
information to the bureau of criminal identification and	3717
investigation regarding an offender or delinquent child described	3718
in division (A) of this section:	3719
(1) The offender's or delinquent child's name and any aliases	3720
used by the offender or delinquent child;	3721
(2) All identifying factors concerning the offender or	3722
delinquent child;	3723
(3) The offender's or delinquent child's anticipated future	3724
residence;	3725
(4) The offense <u>and delinquency</u> history of the offender <u>or</u>	3726
delinquent child;	3727
(5) Whether the offender or delinquent child was treated for	3728
a mental abnormality or personality disorder while under the	3729
custody and control of the department;	3730
(6) Any other information that the bureau indicates is	3731
relevant and that the department possesses.	3732
(B)(C) Upon receipt of the information described in division	3733
$\frac{(A)(B)}{(B)}$ of this section regarding an offender or delinquent child,	3734
the bureau immediately shall enter the information into the state	3735
registry of sexual sex offenders that the bureau maintains	3736
pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and into the	3737

Sec. 5139.13. The department of youth services shall do all	3769
of the following:	3770
(A) Control and manage all institutions for the	3771
rehabilitation of delinquent children and youthful offenders that	3772
are operated by the state, except where the control and management	3773
of an institution is vested by law in another agency;	3774
(B) Provide treatment and training for children committed to	3775
the department and assigned by the department to various	3776
institutions under its control and management, including, but not	3777
limited to, treatment as described in division (F) of section	3778
2152.18 of the Revised Code for children committed to it for an	3779
act that is a sexually oriented offense, as defined in section	3780
2950.01 of the Revised Code;	3781
(C) Establish and maintain appropriate reception centers for	3782
the reception of children committed to the department and employ	3783
competent persons to have charge of those centers and to conduct	3784
investigations;	3785
(D) Establish and maintain any other facilities necessary for	3786
the training, treatment, and rehabilitation of children committed	3787
to the department.	3788
Section 2. That existing sections 109.42, 2151.23, 2152.02,	3789
2152.18, 2152.19, 2152.22, 2919.24, 2950.01, 2950.02, 2950.03,	3790
2950.04, 2950.05, 2950.06, 2950.07, 2950.09, 2950.10, 2950.11,	3791
2950.12, 2950.13, 2950.14, 2950.99, and 5139.13 of the Revised	3792
Code are hereby repealed.	3793
Section 3. Sections 1 and 2 of this act shall take effect on	3794
January 1, 2002, or the earliest date permitted by law, whichever	3795
is later.	3796

Section 4. Section 2151.23 of the Revised Code is presented	3797
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by Am. Sub.	3798
S.B. 179, Am. Sub. S.B. 180, and Sub. S.B. 218 of the 123rd	3799
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	3800
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	3801
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	3802
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the resulting	3803
version of the section in effect prior to the effective date of	3804
the section as presented in this act.	3805

Section 2152.02 of the Revised Code, as presented in this act, includes matter that was amended into former section 2151.02 of the Revised Code by S.B. 218 of the 123rd General Assembly. Paragraphs of former section 2151.02 of the Revised Code were transferred to section 2152.02 of the Revised Code by S.B. 179 of the 123rd General Assembly as part of its general revision of the juvenile sentencing laws. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the version of section 2152.02 of the Revised Code presented in this act is the resulting version of the section in effect prior to the date of the section as presented in this act.