As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

Sub. S. B. No. 3

SENATORS Hottinger, Johnson, Randy Gardner, Spada, Harris, Armbruster, Jordan, Carnes, Amstutz, Jacobson, Mumper REPRESENTATIVES Latta, Faber, Reidelbach, Hughes, Seitz

A BILL

То	amend sections 2151.23, 2152.02, 2152.19, 2152.22,	1
	2919.24, 2950.01, 2950.02, 2950.03, 2950.04,	2
	2950.05, 2950.06, 2950.07, 2950.09, 2950.10,	3
	2950.11, 2950.12, 2950.13, 2950.14, 2950.99, and	4
	5139.13 and to enact sections 2152.191, 2152.82,	5
	2152.83, 2152.84, 2152.85, and 2950.081 of the	6
	Revised Code to apply the Sex Offender Registration	7
	and Notification Law to persons adjudicated	8
	delinquent children for committing a sexually	9
	oriented offense while 14 years of age or older and	10
	to clarify that sex offender registration	11
	information held by a county sheriff is a public	12
	record.	13

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2151.23, 2152.02, 2152.19, 2152.22,142919.24, 2950.01, 2950.02, 2950.03, 2950.04, 2950.05, 2950.06,152950.07, 2950.09, 2950.10, 2950.11, 2950.12, 2950.13, 2950.14,162950.99, and 5139.13 be amended and sections 2152.191, 2152.82,172152.83, 2152.84, 2152.85, and 2950.081 of the Revised Code be18enacted to read as follows:19

Sec. 2151.23. (A) The juvenile court has exclusive original jurisdiction under the Revised Code as follows:

(1) Concerning any child who on or about the date specified 22 in the complaint, indictment, or information is alleged to have 23 violated section 2151.87 of the Revised Code or an order issued 24 under that section or to be a juvenile traffic offender or a 25 delinquent, unruly, abused, neglected, or dependent child and, 26 based on and in relation to the allegation pertaining to the 27 child, concerning the parent, guardian, or other person having 28 care of a child who is alleged to be an unruly or delinquent child 29 for being an habitual or chronic truant; 30

(2) Subject to division (V) of section 2301.03 of the RevisedCode, to determine the custody of any child not a ward of anothercourt of this state;

(3) To hear and determine any application for a writ of habeas corpus involving the custody of a child;

(4) To exercise the powers and jurisdiction given the probate
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division of the court of common pleas in Chapter 5122. of the
Revised Code, if the court has probable cause to believe that a
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child otherwise within the jurisdiction of the court is a mentally
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ill person subject to hospitalization by court order, as defined
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in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code;

(5) To hear and determine all criminal cases charging adults42with the violation of any section of this chapter;43

(6) To hear and determine all criminal cases in which an
adult is charged with a violation of division (C) of section
2919.21, division (B)(1) of section 2919.22, section 2919.222,
division (B) of section 2919.23, or section 2919.24 of the Revised
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Code, provided the charge is not included in an indictment that
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also charges the alleged adult offender with the commission of a

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felony arising out of the same actions that are the basis of the alleged violation of division (C) of section 2919.21, division (B)(1) of section 2919.22, section 2919.222, division (B) of section 2919.23, or section 2919.24 of the Revised Code;

(7) Under the interstate compact on juveniles in section2151.56 of the Revised Code;

(8) Concerning any child who is to be taken into custody pursuant to section 2151.31 of the Revised Code, upon being notified of the intent to take the child into custody and the reasons for taking the child into custody;

(9) To hear and determine requests for the extension of temporary custody agreements, and requests for court approval of permanent custody agreements, that are filed pursuant to section 5103.15 of the Revised Code;

(10) To hear and determine applications for consent to marry pursuant to section 3101.04 of the Revised Code;

(11) Subject to division (V) of section 2301.03 of the
Revised Code, to hear and determine a request for an order for the
support of any child if the request is not ancillary to an action
for divorce, dissolution of marriage, annulment, or legal
separation, a criminal or civil action involving an allegation of
domestic violence, or an action for support brought under Chapter
for the Revised Code;

(12) Concerning an action commenced under section 121.38 of the Revised Code;

(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of the Revised Code;

(14) To exercise jurisdiction and authority over the parent,
guardian, or other person having care of a child alleged to be a
delinquent child, unruly child, or juvenile traffic offender,
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80 based on and in relation to the allegation pertaining to the 81 child; (15) To conduct the hearings, and to make the determinations, 82 adjudications, and orders authorized or required under sections 83 2152.82 to 2152.85 and Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code regarding 84 a child who has been adjudicated a delinquent child. 85 (B) Except as provided in division (I) of section 2301.03 of 86 the Revised Code, the juvenile court has original jurisdiction 87 under the Revised Code: 88 (1) To hear and determine all cases of misdemeanors charging 89 adults with any act or omission with respect to any child, which 90 act or omission is a violation of any state law or any municipal 91 ordinance; 92 (2) To determine the paternity of any child alleged to have 93 been born out of wedlock pursuant to sections 3111.01 to 3111.18 94 of the Revised Code; 95 (3) Under the uniform interstate family support act in 96 Chapter 3115. of the Revised Code; 97 (4) To hear and determine an application for an order for the 98 support of any child, if the child is not a ward of another court 99 of this state; 100 (5) To hear and determine an action commenced under section 101 3111.28 of the Revised Code; 102 (6) To hear and determine a motion filed under section 103 3119.961 of the Revised Code. 104 (C) The juvenile court, except as to juvenile courts that are 105

a separate division of the court of common pleas or a separate and 106 independent juvenile court, has jurisdiction to hear, determine, 107 and make a record of any action for divorce or legal separation 108 that involves the custody or care of children and that is filed in 109

110 the court of common pleas and certified by the court of common 111 pleas with all the papers filed in the action to the juvenile 112 court for trial, provided that no certification of that nature 113 shall be made to any juvenile court unless the consent of the 114 juvenile judge first is obtained. After a certification of that 115 nature is made and consent is obtained, the juvenile court shall 116 proceed as if the action originally had been begun in that court, 117 except as to awards for spousal support or support due and unpaid 118 at the time of certification, over which the juvenile court has no 119 jurisdiction.

(D) The juvenile court, except as provided in division (I) of 120 section 2301.03 of the Revised Code, has jurisdiction to hear and 121 determine all matters as to custody and support of children duly 122 certified by the court of common pleas to the juvenile court after 123 a divorce decree has been granted, including jurisdiction to 124 modify the judgment and decree of the court of common pleas as the 125 same relate to the custody and support of children. 126

(E) The juvenile court, except as provided in division (I) of 127
section 2301.03 of the Revised Code, has jurisdiction to hear and 128
determine the case of any child certified to the court by any 129
court of competent jurisdiction if the child comes within the 130
jurisdiction of the juvenile court as defined by this section. 131

(F)(1) The juvenile court shall exercise its jurisdiction in
child custody matters in accordance with sections 3109.04, 3109.21
to 3109.36, and 5103.20 to 5103.28 of the Revised Code.
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(2) The juvenile court shall exercise its jurisdiction in135child support matters in accordance with section 3109.05 of the136Revised Code.137

(G) Any juvenile court that makes or modifies an order for
child support shall comply with Chapters 3119., 3121., 3123., and
3125. of the Revised Code. If any person required to pay child
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141 support under an order made by a juvenile court on or after April 142 15, 1985, or modified on or after December 1, 1986, is found in 143 contempt of court for failure to make support payments under the 144 order, the court that makes the finding, in addition to any other 145 penalty or remedy imposed, shall assess all court costs arising 146 out of the contempt proceeding against the person and require the 147 person to pay any reasonable attorney's fees of any adverse party, 148 as determined by the court, that arose in relation to the act of contempt.

(H) If a child who is charged with an act that would be an 150 offense if committed by an adult was fourteen years of age or 151 older and under eighteen years of age at the time of the alleged 152 act and if the case is transferred for criminal prosecution 153 pursuant to section 2152.12 of the Revised Code, the juvenile 154 court does not have jurisdiction to hear or determine the case 155 subsequent to the transfer. The court to which the case is 156 transferred for criminal prosecution pursuant to that section has 157 jurisdiction subsequent to the transfer to hear and determine the 158 case in the same manner as if the case originally had been 159 commenced in that court, including, but not limited to, 160 jurisdiction to accept a plea of guilty or another plea authorized 161 by Criminal Rule 11 or another section of the Revised Code and 162 jurisdiction to accept a verdict and to enter a judgment of 163 conviction pursuant to the Rules of Criminal Procedure against the 164 child for the commission of the offense that was the basis of the 165 transfer of the case for criminal prosecution, whether the 166 conviction is for the same degree or a lesser degree of the 167 offense charged, for the commission of a lesser-included offense, 168 or for the commission of another offense that is different from 169 the offense charged. 170

(I) If a person under eighteen years of age allegedly commits 171 an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult and if the 172

173 person is not taken into custody or apprehended for that act until 174 after the person attains twenty-one years of age, the juvenile 175 court does not have jurisdiction to hear or determine any portion 176 of the case charging the person with committing that act. In those 177 circumstances, divisions (A) and (B) of section 2152.12 of the 178 Revised Code do not apply regarding the act, and the case charging 179 the person with committing the act shall be a criminal prosecution 180 commenced and heard in the appropriate court having jurisdiction 181 of the offense as if the person had been eighteen years of age or 182 older when the person committed the act. All proceedings 183 pertaining to the act shall be within the jurisdiction of the 184 court having jurisdiction of the offense, and that court has all 185 the authority and duties in the case that it has in other criminal 186 cases in that court.

Sec. 2152.02. As used in this chapter:

(A) "Act charged" means the act that is identified in a
 complaint, indictment, or information alleging that a child is a
 delinquent child.

(B) "Admitted to a department of youth services facility"
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includes admission to a facility operated, or contracted for, by
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the department and admission to a comparable facility outside this
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state by another state or the United States.

(C)(1) "Child" means a person who is under eighteen years of 195 age, except as otherwise provided in divisions (C)(2) to (6) of 196 this section.

(2) Subject to division (C)(3) of this section, any person
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who violates a federal or state law or a municipal ordinance prior
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to attaining eighteen years of age shall be deemed a "child"
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irrespective of that person's age at the time the complaint with
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respect to that violation is filed or the hearing on the complaint
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is held.

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(3) Any person who, while under eighteen years of age, 204 commits an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult and 205 who is not taken into custody or apprehended for that act until 206 after the person attains twenty-one years of age is not a child in 207 relation to that act. 208

(4) Any person whose case is transferred for criminal prosecution pursuant to section 2152.12 of the Revised Code shall 210 be deemed after the transfer not to be a child in the transferred case.

(5) Any person whose case is transferred for criminal 213 prosecution pursuant to section 2152.12 of the Revised Code and 214 who subsequently is convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony in 215 that case, and any person who is adjudicated a delinquent child 216 for the commission of an act, who has a serious youthful offender 217 dispositional sentence imposed for the act pursuant to section 218 2152.13 of the Revised Code, and whose adult portion of the 219 dispositional sentence is invoked pursuant to section 2152.14 of 220 the Revised Code, shall be deemed after the transfer or invocation 221 2.2.2 not to be a child in any case in which a complaint is filed against the person. 223

(6) The juvenile court has jurisdiction over a person who is 224 adjudicated a delinquent child or juvenile traffic offender prior 225 to attaining eighteen years of age until the person attains 226 twenty-one years of age, and, for purposes of that jurisdiction 227 related to that adjudication, a person who is so adjudicated a 228 delinquent child or juvenile traffic offender shall be deemed a 229 "child" until the person attains twenty-one years of age. 230

(D) "Chronic truant" means any child of compulsory school age 231 who is absent without legitimate excuse for absence from the 232 public school the child is supposed to attend for seven or more 233 consecutive school days, ten or more school days in one school 234 month, or fifteen or more school days in a school year. 235

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Code;

(E) "Community corrections facility," "public safety beds," 236 "release authority," and "supervised release" have the same 237 meanings as in section 5139.01 of the Revised Code. 238 (F) "Delinquent child" includes any of the following: 239 (1) Any child, except a juvenile traffic offender, who 240 violates any law of this state or the United States, or any 241 ordinance of a political subdivision of the state, that would be 242 an offense if committed by an adult; 243 (2) Any child who violates any lawful order of the court made 244 under this chapter or under Chapter 2151. of the Revised Code 245 other than an order issued under section 2151.87 of the Revised 246 247 (3) Any child who violates division (A) of section 2923.211 248 of the Revised Code; 249 (4) Any child who is a habitual truant and who previously has 250 been adjudicated an unruly child for being a habitual truant; 251 (5) Any child who is a chronic truant. 252

(G) "Discretionary serious youthful offender" means a person 253 who is eligible for a discretionary SYO and who is not transferred 254 to adult court under a mandatory or discretionary transfer. 255

(H) "Discretionary SYO" means a case in which the juvenile 256 court, in the juvenile court's discretion, may impose a serious 257 youthful offender disposition under section 2152.13 of the Revised 258 Code. 259

(I) "Discretionary transfer" means that the juvenile court 260 has discretion to transfer a case for criminal prosecution under 261 division (B) of section 2152.12 of the Revised Code. 262

(J) "Drug abuse offense," "felony drug abuse offense," and 263 "minor drug possession offense" have the same meanings as in 264 section 2925.01 of the Revised Code. 265

the Revised Code.

(K) "Electronic monitoring device," "certified electronic 266 monitoring device," "electronically monitored house arrest," 267 "electronic monitoring system," and "certified electronic 268 monitoring system" have the same meanings as in section 2929.23 of 269

(L) "Economic loss" means any economic detriment suffered by 271 a victim of a delinquent act as a result of the delinquent act and 272 includes any loss of income due to lost time at work because of 273 any injury caused to the victim and any property loss, medical 274 cost, or funeral expense incurred as a result of the delinquent 275 act. 276

(M) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.

(N) "Juvenile traffic offender" means any child who violates 279 any traffic law, traffic ordinance, or traffic regulation of this 280 state, the United States, or any political subdivision of this 281 state, other than a resolution, ordinance, or regulation of a 282 political subdivision of this state the violation of which is 283 required to be handled by a parking violations bureau or a joint 284 parking violations bureau pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the Revised 285 Code. 286

(0) A "legitimate excuse for absence from the public school 287
the child is supposed to attend" has the same meaning as in 288
section 2151.011 of the Revised Code. 289

(P) "Mandatory serious youthful offender" means a person who290is eligible for a mandatory SYO and who is not transferred to291adult court under a mandatory or discretionary transfer.292

(Q) "Mandatory SYO" means a case in which the juvenile court 293
is required to impose a mandatory serious youthful offender 294
disposition under section 2152.13 of the Revised Code. 295

(R) "Mandatory transfer" means that a case is required to be 296

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2152.12 of the Revised Code.

(S) "Mental illness" has the same meaning as in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code.

(T) "Mentally retarded person" has the same meaning as in 301 section 5123.01 of the Revised Code. 302

(U) "Monitored time" and "repeat violent offender" have the 303 same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code. 304

(V) "Of compulsory school age" has the same meaning as in 305 section 3321.01 of the Revised Code. 306

(W) "Public record" has the same meaning as in section 149.43 307 of the Revised Code. 308

(X) "Serious youthful offender" means a person who is 309 eligible for a mandatory SYO or discretionary SYO but who is not 310 transferred to adult court under a mandatory or discretionary 311 transfer. 312

(Y) "Sexually oriented offense," has "habitual sex offender," 313 "juvenile sex offender registrant," and "sexual predator" have the 314 same meaning meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code. 315

(Z) "Traditional juvenile" means a case that is not 317 transferred to adult court under a mandatory or discretionary 318 transfer, that is eligible for a disposition under sections 319 2152.16, 2152.17, 2152.19, and 2152.20 of the Revised Code, and 320 that is not eligible for a disposition under section 2152.13 of 321 the Revised Code. 322

(AA) "Transfer" means the transfer for criminal prosecution 323 of a case involving the alleged commission by a child of an act 324 that would be an offense if committed by an adult from the 325 juvenile court to the appropriate court that has jurisdiction of 326

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the offense.	327
(BB) "Category one offense" means any of the following:	328
(1) A violation of section 2903.01 or 2903.02 of the Revised	329
Code;	330
(2) A violation of section 2923.02 of the Revised Code	331
involving an attempt to commit aggravated murder or murder.	332
(CC) "Category two offense" means any of the following:	333
(1) A violation of section 2903.03, 2905.01, 2907.02,	334
2909.02, 2911.01, or 2911.11 of the Revised Code;	335
(2) A violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that	336
is a felony of the first degree;	337
(3) A violation of section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as it	338
existed prior to September 3, 1996.	339
Sec. 2152.19. (A) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent	340
child, the court may make any of the following orders of	341
disposition, in addition to any other disposition authorized or	342
required by this chapter:	343
(1) Any order that is authorized by section 2151.353 of the	344
Revised Code for the care and protection of an abused, neglected,	345
or dependent child .	346
(2) Commit the child to the temporary custody of any school,	347
camp, institution, or other facility operated for the care of	348
delinquent children by the county, by a district organized under	349
section 2152.41 or 2151.65 of the Revised Code, or by a private	350
agency or organization, within or without the state, that is	351
authorized and qualified to provide the care, treatment, or	352
placement required;	353

(3) Place the child on community control under any sanctions, 354services, and conditions that the court prescribes. As a condition 355

of community control in every case and in addition to any other356condition that it imposes upon the child, the court shall require357the child to abide by the law during the period of community358control. As referred to in this division, community control359includes, but is not limited to, the following sanctions and360conditions:361

(a) A period of basic probation supervision in which the child is required to maintain contact with a person appointed to supervise the child in accordance with sanctions imposed by the court;

(b) A period of intensive probation supervision in which the
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child is required to maintain frequent contact with a person
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appointed by the court to supervise the child while the child is
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seeking or maintaining employment and participating in training,
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education, and treatment programs as the order of disposition;
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(c) A period of day reporting in which the child is required
are ach day to report to and leave a center or another approved
reporting location at specified times in order to participate in
work, education or training, treatment, and other approved
are programs at the center or outside the center;

(d) A period of community service of up to five hundred hours 376
for an act that would be a felony or a misdemeanor of the first 377
degree if committed by an adult, up to two hundred hours for an 378
act that would be a misdemeanor of the second, third, or fourth 379
degree if committed by an adult, or up to thirty hours for an act 380
that would be a minor misdemeanor if committed by an adult; 381

(e) A requirement that the child obtain a high schooldiploma, a certificate of high school equivalence, vocational383training, or employment;384

- (f) A period of drug and alcohol use monitoring; 385
- (g) A requirement of alcohol or drug assessment or 386

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387 counseling, or a period in an alcohol or drug treatment program 388 with a level of security for the child as determined necessary by 389 the court;

(h) A period in which the court orders the child to observe a 390 curfew that may involve daytime or evening hours; 391

(i) A requirement that the child serve monitored time;

(j) A period of house arrest with or without electronic 393 monitoring;

(k) A period of electronic monitoring without house arrest or 395 electronically monitored house arrest that does not exceed the 396 maximum sentence of imprisonment that could be imposed upon an 397 adult who commits the same act. 398

A period of electronically monitored house arrest imposed 399 under this division shall not extend beyond the child's 400 twenty-first birthday. If a court imposes a period of 401 electronically monitored house arrest upon a child under this 402 division, it shall require the child: to wear, otherwise have 403 attached to the child's person, or otherwise be subject to 404 monitoring by a certified electronic monitoring device or to 405 participate in the operation of and monitoring by a certified 406 electronic monitoring system; to remain in the child's home or 407 other specified premises for the entire period of electronically 408 monitored house arrest except when the court permits the child to 409 leave those premises to go to school or to other specified 410 premises; to be monitored by a central system that can determine 411 the child's location at designated times; to report periodically 412 to a person designated by the court; and to enter into a written 413 contract with the court agreeing to comply with all requirements 414 imposed by the court, agreeing to pay any fee imposed by the court 415 for the costs of the electronically monitored house arrest, and 416 agreeing to waive the right to receive credit for any time served 417

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on electronically monitored house arrest toward the period of any418other dispositional order imposed upon the child if the child419violates any of the requirements of the dispositional order of420electronically monitored house arrest. The court also may impose421other reasonable requirements upon the child.422

Unless ordered by the court, a child shall not receive credit 423 for any time served on electronically monitored house arrest 424 toward any other dispositional order imposed upon the child for 425 the act for which was imposed the dispositional order of 426 electronically monitored house arrest. 427

(1) A suspension of the driver's license, probationary 428 driver's license, or temporary instruction permit issued to the 429 child or a suspension of the registration of all motor vehicles 430 registered in the name of the child. A child whose license or 431 permit is so suspended is ineligible for issuance of a license or 432 permit during the period of suspension. At the end of the period 433 of suspension, the child shall not be reissued a license or permit 434 until the child has paid any applicable reinstatement fee and 435 complied with all requirements governing license reinstatement. 436

(4) Commit the child to the custody of the court;

(5) Require the child to not be absent without legitimate
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excuse from the public school the child is supposed to attend for
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five or more consecutive days, seven or more school days in one
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school month, or twelve or more school days in a school year;
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(6)(a) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being 442
a chronic truant or an habitual truant who previously has been 443
adjudicated an unruly child for being a habitual truant, do either 444
or both of the following: 445

(i) Require the child to participate in a truancy prevention 446mediation program; 447

(ii) Make any order of disposition as authorized by this

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449 section, except that the court shall not commit the child to a 450 facility described in division (A)(2) of this section unless the 451 court determines that the child violated a lawful court order made 452 pursuant to division (C)(1)(e) of section 2151.354 of the Revised 453 Code or division (A)(5) of this section.

(b) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being a 454 chronic truant or a habitual truant who previously has been 455 adjudicated an unruly child for being a habitual truant and the 456 court determines that the parent, guardian, or other person having 457 care of the child has failed to cause the child's attendance at 458 school in violation of section 3321.38 of the Revised Code, do 459 either or both of the following: 460

(i) Require the parent, quardian, or other person having care 461 of the child to participate in a truancy prevention mediation 463 program;

464 (ii) Require the parent, guardian, or other person having care of the child to participate in any community service program, 465 preferably a community service program that requires the 466 involvement of the parent, guardian, or other person having care 467 of the child in the school attended by the child. 468

(7) Make any further disposition that the court finds proper, 469 except that the child shall not be placed in any of the following: 470

(a) A state correctional institution, a county, multicounty, 472 or municipal jail or workhouse, or another place in which an adult 473 convicted of a crime, under arrest, or charged with a crime is 474 held; 475

(b) A community corrections facility, if the child would be 476 covered by the definition of public safety beds for purposes of 477 sections 5139.41 to 5139.45 of the Revised Code if the court 478 exercised its authority to commit the child to the legal custody 479

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of the department of youth services for institutionalization or 480

institutionalization in a secure facility pursuant to this 481 chapter.

(B) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child, in addition
to any order of disposition made under division (A) of this
section, the court, in the following situations, shall suspend the
temporary instruction permit, restricted license,
probationary driver's license, or nonresident operating privilege,
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or suspend the child's ability to obtain such a permit:

(1) The child is adjudicated a delinquent child for violating
section 2923.122 of the Revised Code, with the suspension and
denial being in accordance with division (E)(1)(a), (c), (d), or
(e) of section 2923.122 of the Revised Code.
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(2) The child is adjudicated a delinquent child for 493 committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a drug 494 abuse offense or for violating division (B) of section 2917.11 of 495 the Revised Code, with the suspension continuing until the child 496 attends and satisfactorily completes a drug abuse or alcohol abuse 497 education, intervention, or treatment program specified by the 498 court. During the time the child is attending the program, the 499 court shall retain any temporary instruction permit, probationary 500 driver's license, or driver's license issued to the child, and the 501 court shall return the permit or license when the child 502 satisfactorily completes the program. 503

(C) The court may establish a victim-offender mediation 504 program in which victims and their offenders meet to discuss the 505 offense and suggest possible restitution. If the court obtains the 506 assent of the victim of the delinquent act committed by the child, 507 the court may require the child to participate in the program. 508

(D)(1) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for

511 committing an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult 512 and if the child caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, 513 or created a risk of physical harm to the victim of the act, the 514 court, prior to issuing an order of disposition under this 515 section, shall order the preparation of a victim impact statement 516 by the probation department of the county in which the victim of 517 the act resides, by the court's own probation department, or by a 518 victim assistance program that is operated by the state, a county, 519 a municipal corporation, or another governmental entity. The court 520 shall consider the victim impact statement in determining the 521 order of disposition to issue for the child.

(2) Each victim impact statement shall identify the victim of 522 the act for which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child, 523 itemize any economic loss suffered by the victim as a result of 524 the act, identify any physical injury suffered by the victim as a 525 result of the act and the seriousness and permanence of the 526 injury, identify any change in the victim's personal welfare or 527 familial relationships as a result of the act and any 528 psychological impact experienced by the victim or the victim's 529 family as a result of the act, and contain any other information 530 related to the impact of the act upon the victim that the court 531 532 requires.

(3) A victim impact statement shall be kept confidential and 533 is not a public record. However, the court may furnish copies of 534 the statement to the department of youth services if the 535 delinquent child is committed to the department or to both the 536 adjudicated delinquent child or the adjudicated delinquent child's 537 counsel and the prosecuting attorney. The copy of a victim impact 538 statement furnished by the court to the department pursuant to 539 this section shall be kept confidential and is not a public 540 record. The copies of a victim impact statement that are made 541 available to the adjudicated delinquent child or the adjudicated 542

delinquent child's counsel and the prosecuting attorney pursuant543to this division shall be returned to the court by the person to544whom they were made available immediately following the imposition545of an order of disposition for the child under this chapter.546

(4) The department of youth services shall work with local
 probation departments and victim assistance programs to develop a
 standard victim impact statement.
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(E) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being a 550 chronic truant or an habitual truant who previously has been 551 adjudicated an unruly child for being an habitual truant and the 552 court determines that the parent, guardian, or other person having 553 care of the child has failed to cause the child's attendance at 554 school in violation of section 3321.38 of the Revised Code, in 555 addition to any order of disposition it makes under this section, 556 the court shall warn the parent, guardian, or other person having 557 care of the child that any subsequent adjudication of the child as 558 an unruly or delinquent child for being an habitual or chronic 559 560 truant may result in a criminal charge against the parent, guardian, or other person having care of the child for a violation 561 of division (C) of section 2919.21 or section 2919.24 of the 562 Revised Code. 563

(F)(1) During the period of a delinquent child's community 564 control granted under this section, authorized probation officers 565 who are engaged within the scope of their supervisory duties or 566 responsibilities may search, with or without a warrant, the person 567 of the delinquent child, the place of residence of the delinquent 568 child, and a motor vehicle, another item of tangible or intangible 569 personal property, or other real property in which the delinquent 570 child has a right, title, or interest or for which the delinquent 571 child has the express or implied permission of a person with a 572 right, title, or interest to use, occupy, or possess if the 573 probation officers have reasonable grounds to believe that the 574

575 delinquent child is not abiding by the law or otherwise is not 576 complying with the conditions of the delinguent child's community 577 control. The court that places a delinquent child on community 578 control under this section shall provide the delinquent child with 579 a written notice that informs the delinquent child that authorized 580 probation officers who are engaged within the scope of their 581 supervisory duties or responsibilities may conduct those types of 582 searches during the period of community control if they have 583 reasonable grounds to believe that the delinquent child is not 584 abiding by the law or otherwise is not complying with the 585 conditions of the delinquent child's community control. The court 586 also shall provide the written notice described in division (E)(2)587 of this section to each parent, guardian, or custodian of the 588 delinquent child who is described in that division.

(2) The court that places a child on community control under 589 this section shall provide the child's parent, guardian, or other 590 custodian with a written notice that informs them that authorized 591 probation officers may conduct searches pursuant to division 592 (E)(1) of this section. The notice shall specifically state that a 593 permissible search might extend to a motor vehicle, another item 594 of tangible or intangible personal property, or a place of 595 596 residence or other real property in which a notified parent, quardian, or custodian has a right, title, or interest and that 597 the parent, guardian, or custodian expressly or impliedly permits 598 the child to use, occupy, or possess. 599

(G) If a juvenile court commits a delinquent child to the600custody of any person, organization, or entity pursuant to this601section and if the delinquent act for which the child is so602committed is a sexually oriented offense, the court in the order603of disposition shall inform the person, organization, or entity604that it is the preferred course of action in this state that the605child be provided treatment as described in division (F) of606

section 2152.18 of the Revised Code and shall	encourage the 607
person, organization, or entity to provide th	at treatment. 608

Sec. 2152.191. If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child	609
for committing a sexually oriented offense, if the child is	610
fourteen years of age or older at the time of committing the	611
offense, and if the child committed the offense on or after the	612
effective date of this section, all of the following apply:	613

(A) Sections 2152.82 to 2152.85 and Chapter 2950. of the614Revised Code apply to the child and the adjudication.615

(B) In addition to any order of disposition it makes of the616child under this chapter, the court may make any determination,617adjudication, or order authorized under sections 2152.82 to6182152.85 and Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code and shall make any619determination, adjudication, or order required under those620sections and that chapter.621

Sec. 2152.22. (A) When a child is committed to the legal 622 custody of the department of youth services under this chapter, 623 the juvenile court relinquishes control with respect to the child 624 so committed, except as provided in divisions (B), (C), and (G) of 625 this section or in sections 2152.82 to 2152.85 of the Revised 626 <u>Code</u>. Subject to divisions (B) and (C) of this section, sections 627 2151.353 and 2151.412 to 2151.421 of the Revised Code, sections 628 2152.82 to 2152.85 of the Revised Code, and any other provision of 629 law that specifies a different duration for a dispositional order, 630 all other dispositional orders made by the court under this 631 chapter shall be temporary and shall continue for a period that is 632 designated by the court in its order, until terminated or modified 633 by the court or until the child attains twenty-one years of age. 634

The department shall not release the child from a department 635 facility and as a result shall not discharge the child or order 636

the child's release on supervised release prior to the expiration637of the period of court control over the child or prior to the638child's attainment of twenty-one years of age, except upon the639order of a court pursuant to division (B) or (C) of this section640or in accordance with section 5139.54 of the Revised Code.641

(B)(1) The court that commits a delinquent child to the
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department may grant judicial release of the child to court
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supervision under this division, during any of the following
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periods that are applicable, provided any commitment imposed under
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division (A), (B), or (C) of section 2152.17 of the Revised Code
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has ended:

(a) If the child was given a disposition under section
2152.16 of the Revised Code for committing an act that would be a
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felony of the third, fourth, or fifth degree if committed by an
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adult, at any time during the first ninety days of the period of
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court control over the child;

(b) If the child was given a disposition under section
2152.13 or 2152.16 of the Revised Code, or both of those sections,
for committing an act that would be a felony of the first or
second degree if committed by an adult, at any time during the
first one hundred eighty days of the period of court control over
the child;

(c) If the child was committed to the department until the
child attains twenty-one years of age for an act that would be
aggravated murder or murder if committed by an adult, at any time
during the first half of the prescribed period of that commitment
of the child.

(2) If the department of youth services desires to release a
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child during a period specified in division (B)(1) of this
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section, it shall request the court that committed the child to
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grant a judicial release of the child to court supervision. During
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668 whichever of those periods is applicable, the child or the parents 669 of the child also may request that court to grant a judicial 670 release of the child to court supervision. Upon receipt of a 671 request for a judicial release to court supervision from the 672 department, the child, or the child's parent, or upon its own 673 motion, the court that committed the child shall do one of the 674 following: approve the release by journal entry; schedule within 675 thirty days after the request is received a time for a hearing on 676 whether the child is to be released; or reject the request by 677 journal entry without conducting a hearing.

If the court rejects an initial request for a release under 678 this division by the child or the child's parent, the child or the 679 child's parent may make one additional request for a judicial 680 release to court supervision within the applicable period. The 681 additional request may be made no earlier than thirty days after 682 the filing of the prior request for a judicial release to court 683 supervision. Upon the filing of a second request for a judicial 684 release to court supervision, the court shall either approve or 685 disapprove the release by journal entry or schedule within thirty 686 days after the request is received a time for a hearing on whether 687 the child is to be released. 688

(3) If a court schedules a hearing under division (B)(2) of 689 this section, it may order the department to deliver the child to 690 the court on the date set for the hearing and may order the 691 department to present to the court a report on the child's 692 progress in the institution to which the child was committed and 693 recommendations for conditions of supervision of the child by the 694 court after release. The court may conduct the hearing without the 695 child being present. The court shall determine at the hearing 696 whether the child should be granted a judicial release to court 697 supervision. 698

If the court approves the release, it shall order its staff

700 to prepare a written treatment and rehabilitation plan for the 701 child that may include any conditions of the child's release that 702 were recommended by the department and approved by the court. The 703 committing court shall send the juvenile court of the county in 704 which the child is placed a copy of the recommended plan. The 705 court of the county in which the child is placed may adopt the 706 recommended conditions set by the committing court as an order of 707 the court and may add any additional consistent conditions it 708 considers appropriate. If a child is granted a judicial release to 709 court supervision, the release discharges the child from the 710 custody of the department of youth services.

(C)(1) The court that commits a delinquent child to the 711 department may grant judicial release of the child to department 712 of youth services supervision under this division, during any of 713 the following periods that are applicable, provided any commitment 714 imposed under division (A), (B), or (C) of section 2152.17 of the 715 Revised Code has ended:

(a) If the child was given a disposition under section 717 2152.16 of the Revised Code for an act that would be a felony of 718 the third, fourth, or fifth degree if committed by an adult, at 719 any time during the period of court control over the child, 720 provided that at least ninety days of that period have elapsed; 721

(b) If the child was given a disposition under section 722 2152.13 or 2152.16 of the Revised Code, or both of those sections, 723 for an act that would be a felony of the first or second degree if 724 committed by an adult, at any time during the period of court 725 control over the child, provided that at least one hundred eighty 726 days of that period have elapsed; 727

(c) If the child was committed to the department for an act 728 that would be aggravated murder or murder if committed by an adult 729 until the child attains twenty-one years of age, at any time 730 during the second half of the prescribed period of that commitment 731

of the child.

(2) If the department of youth services desires to release a 733 child during a period specified in division (C)(1) of this 734 section, it shall request the court that committed the child to 735 grant a judicial release to department of youth services 736 supervision. During whichever of those periods is applicable, the 737 child or the child's parent also may request the court that 738 committed the child to grant a judicial release to department of 739 youth services supervision. Upon receipt of a request for judicial 740 release to department of youth services supervision, the child, or 741 the child's parent, or upon its own motion at any time during that 742 743 period, the court shall do one of the following: approve the release by journal entry; schedule a time within thirty days after 744 receipt of the request for a hearing on whether the child is to be 745 released; or reject the request by journal entry without 746 conducting a hearing. 747

If the court rejects an initial request for release under 748 this division by the child or the child's parent, the child or the 749 child's parent may make one or more subsequent requests for a 750 release within the applicable period, but may make no more than 751 one request during each period of ninety days that the child is in 752 a secure department facility after the filing of a prior request 753 for early release. Upon the filing of a request for release under 754 this division subsequent to an initial request, the court shall 755 either approve or disapprove the release by journal entry or 756 schedule a time within thirty days after receipt of the request 757 for a hearing on whether the child is to be released. 758

(3) If a court schedules a hearing under division (C)(2) of 759 this section, it may order the department to deliver the child to 760 the court on the date set for the hearing and shall order the 761 department to present to the court at that time a treatment plan 762 for the child's post-institutional care. The court may conduct the 763

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hearing without the child being present. The court shall determine 764 at the hearing whether the child should be granted a judicial 765 release to department of youth services supervision. 766

If the court approves the judicial release to department of 767 youth services supervision, the department shall prepare a written 768 769 treatment and rehabilitation plan for the child pursuant to division (E) of this section that shall include the conditions of 770 the child's release. It shall send the committing court and the 771 juvenile court of the county in which the child is placed a copy 772 of the plan. The court of the county in which the child is placed 773 may adopt the conditions set by the department as an order of the 774 court and may add any additional consistent conditions it 775 considers appropriate, provided that the court may not add any 776 condition that decreases the level or degree of supervision 777 specified by the department in its plan, that substantially 778 increases the financial burden of supervision that will be 779 experienced by the department, or that alters the placement 780 specified by the department in its plan. If the court of the 781 county in which the child is placed adds to the department's plan 782 any additional conditions, it shall enter those additional 783 conditions in its journal and shall send to the department a copy 784 of the journal entry of the additional conditions. 785

If the court approves the judicial release to department of 786 787 youth services supervision, the actual date on which the department shall release the child is contingent upon the 788 department finding a suitable placement for the child. If the 789 child is to be returned to the child's home, the department shall 790 return the child on the date that the court schedules for the 791 child's release or shall bear the expense of any additional time 792 that the child remains in a department facility. If the child is 793 unable to return to the child's home, the department shall 794 exercise reasonable diligence in finding a suitable placement for 795

796 the child, and the child shall remain in a department facility 797 while the department finds the suitable placement.

(D) If a child is released under division (B) or (C) of this 798 section and the court of the county in which the child is placed 799 has reason to believe that the child's deportment is not in 800 accordance with the conditions of the child's judicial release, 801 802 the court of the county in which the child is placed shall schedule a time for a hearing to determine whether the child 803 violated any of the post-release conditions, and, if the child was 804 released under division (C) of this section, divisions (A) to (E) 805 of section 5139.52 of the Revised Code apply regarding the child. 806

If that court determines at the hearing that the child 807 violated any of the post-release conditions, the court, if it 808 determines that the violation was a serious violation, may order 809 the child to be returned to the department for 810 institutionalization, consistent with the original order of 811 commitment of the child, or in any case may make any other 812 813 disposition of the child authorized by law that the court considers proper. If the court of the county in which the child is 814 placed orders the child to be returned to a department of youth 815 services institution, the time during which the child was held in 816 a secure department facility prior to the child's judicial release 817 shall be considered as time served in fulfilling the prescribed 818 period of institutionalization that is applicable to the child 819 under the child's original order of commitment. If the court 820 orders the child returned to a department institution, the child 821 shall remain in institutional care for a minimum of three months 822 or until the child successfully completes a revocation program of 823 a duration of not less than thirty days operated either by the 824 department or by an entity with which the department has 825 contracted to provide a revocation program. 826

827 (E) The department of youth services, prior to the release of

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a child pursuant to division (C) of this section, shall do all of 828 the following: 829

(1) After reviewing the child's rehabilitative progress
history and medical and educational records, prepare a written
treatment and rehabilitation plan for the child that includes
conditions of the release;

(2) Completely discuss the conditions of the plan prepared
pursuant to division (E)(1) of this section and the possible
penalties for violation of the plan with the child and the child's
parents, guardian, or legal custodian;
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(3) Have the plan prepared pursuant to division (E)(1) of 838 this section signed by the child, the child's parents, legal 839 guardian, or custodian, and any authority or person that is to 840 supervise, control, and provide supportive assistance to the child 841 at the time of the child's release pursuant to division (C) of 842 this section; 843

(4) Prior to the child's release, file a copy of the
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treatment plan prepared pursuant to division (E)(1) of this
section with the committing court and the juvenile court of the
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county in which the child is to be placed.
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(F) The department of youth services shall file a written 848 progress report with the committing court regarding each child 849 released pursuant to division (C) of this section at least once 850 every thirty days unless specifically directed otherwise by the 851 court. The report shall indicate the treatment and rehabilitative 852 progress of the child and the child's family, if applicable, and 853 shall include any suggestions for altering the program, custody, 854 living arrangements, or treatment. The department shall retain 855 legal custody of a child so released until it discharges the child 856 or until the custody is terminated as otherwise provided by law. 857

(G) When a child is committed to the legal custody of the

859 department of youth services, the court retains jurisdiction to 860 perform the functions specified in section 5139.51 of the Revised 861 Code with respect to the granting of supervised release by the 862 release authority and to perform the functions specified in 863 section 5139.52 of the Revised Code with respect to violations of 864 the conditions of supervised release granted by the release 865 authority and to the revocation of supervised release granted by 866 the release authority.

Sec. 2152.82. (A) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent 867 child for committing on or after the effective date of this 868 section a sexually oriented offense, the juvenile court judge who 869 adjudicates the child a delinquent child shall issue an order that 870 classifies the child a juvenile sex offender registrant and 871 specifies that the child has a duty to register under section 872 2950.04 of the Revised Code if the delinquent child was fourteen, 873 fifteen, sixteen, or seventeen years of age at the time of 874 committing the offense, and the delinquent child previously was 875 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing any sexually 876 oriented offense, regardless of when the prior offense was 877 committed and regardless of the delinquent child's age at the time 878 of committing the offense. 879

(B) An order required under division (A) of this section880shall be issued at the time the judge makes the orders of881disposition for the delinquent child. Prior to issuing the order,882the judge shall conduct the hearing and make the determinations883required by, and otherwise comply with, divisions (B) and (E) of884section 2950.09 of the Revised Code. When a judge issues an order885under division (A) of this section, all of the following apply:886

(1) The judge shall include in the order any determination887that the delinquent child is a sexual predator or is a habitual888sex offender that the judge makes pursuant to division (B) or (E)889

of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code and any related information	890
required or authorized under the division under which the	891
determination is made, including, but not limited to, any	892
requirement imposed by the court subjecting a child who is a	893
habitual sex offender to community notification provisions as	894
described in division (E) of that section.	895
(2) The judge shall include in the order a statement that,	896
upon completion of the disposition of the delinguent child that	897
was made for the sexually oriented offense upon which the order is	898
based, a hearing will be conducted, and the order and any	899
determinations included in the order are subject to modification	900
or termination pursuant to section 2152.84 of the Revised Code.	901
(3) The judge shall provide a copy of the order to the	902
delinquent child and to the delinquent child's parent, guardian,	903
or custodian, as part of the notice provided under divisions (A)	904
and (B) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code.	904 905
(4) The judge shall include the order in the delinguent	906
child's dispositional order and shall specify in the dispositional	907
order that the order issued under division (A) of this section was	908
made pursuant to this section.	909
(C) An order issued under division (A) of this section and	910
any determinations included in the order shall remain in effect	911
for the period of time specified in section 2950.07 of the Revised	912
Code, subject to a modification or termination of the order under	913
section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code. If an order is	914
issued under division (A) of this section, the child's attainment	915
of eighteen or twenty-one years of age does not affect or	916
terminate the order, and the order remains in effect for the	917
period of time described in this division.	918
Sec. 2152.83. (A) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent	919
child for committing on or after the effective date of this	920

section a sexually oriented offense, if the child was sixteen or 921

922 seventeen years of age at the time of committing the offense, and 923 if the juvenile court judge was not required to classify the child 924 a juvenile sex offender registrant under section 2152.82 of the 925 Revised Code, upon the child's discharge or release from a secure 926 facility or at the time of disposition if the judge does not 927 commit the child to the custody of a secure facility, the juvenile 928 court judge who adjudicated the child a delinquent child, or that 929 judge's successor in office, shall issue an order that classifies 930 the child a juvenile sex offender registrant and specifies that 931 the child has a duty to register under section 2950.04 of the 932 Revised Code. Prior to issuing the order, the judge shall conduct 933 the hearing and make the determinations required by, and otherwise 934 comply with, divisions (B) and (E) of section 2950.09 of the 935 Revised Code. When a judge issues an order under division (A) of 936 this section, the judge shall include in the order any 937 determination that the delinquent child is a sexual predator or is 938 a habitual sex offender that the judge makes pursuant to division 939 (B) or (E) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code and any related

information required or authorized under the division under which940the determination is made, including, but not limited to, any941requirement imposed by the court subjecting a child who is a942habitual sex offender to community notification provisions as943described in division (E) of that section.944

(B) If a child is adjudicated a delinguent child for 945 committing on or after the effective date of this section a 946 sexually oriented offense, if the delinquent child was fourteen or 947 fifteen years of age at the time of committing the offense, and if 948 the juvenile court judge was not required to classify the child a 949 juvenile sex offender registrant under section 2152.82 of the 950 Revised Code, upon the child's discharge or release from a secure 951 facility or at the time of disposition if the judge does not 952 commit the child to the custody of a secure facility, the juvenile 953

court judge who adjudicated the child a delinguent child, or that	954
judge's successor in office, may, on the judge's own motion,	955
conduct a hearing to review the effectiveness of the disposition	956
and of any treatment provided for a child placed in a secure	957
setting and to determine whether the child should be classified a	958
juvenile sex offender registrant. The judge may conduct the	959
hearing on the judge's own initiative or based upon a	960
recommendation of an officer or employee of the department of	961
youth services, a probation officer, an employee of the court, or	962
a prosecutor or law enforcement officer. If the judge conducts the	963
hearing, upon completion of the hearing, the judge, in the judge's	964
discretion and after consideration of the factors listed in	965
division (E) of this section, shall do either of the following:	966
(1) Decline to issue an order that classifies the child a	967
juvenile sex offender registrant and specifies that the child has	968
a duty to register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code;	969
(2) Issue an order that classifies the child a juvenile sex	970

(2) Ibbut an order that clubbilles the child a juvenile bea970offender registrant and specifies that the child has a duty to971register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code and, if the972judge determines as described in division (C) of this section that973the child is a sexual predator or a habitual sex offender, include974in the order a statement that the judge has determined that the975child is a sexual predator or a habitual sex offender, whichever976is applicable.977

(C) A judge may issue an order under division (B) of this 978 section that contains a determination that a delinquent child is a 979 sexual predator only if the judge, in accordance with the 980 procedures specified in division (B) of section 2950.09 of the 981 Revised Code, determines at the hearing by clear and convincing 982 evidence that the child is a sexual predator. A judge may issue an 983 order under division (B) of this section that contains a 984 determination that a delinquent child is a habitual sex offender 985

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is a habitual sex offender. If the judge issues an order under988division (B) of this section that contains a determination that a989delinquent child is a habitual sex offender, the judge may impose990a requirement subjecting the child to community notification991provisions as described in division (E) of section 2950.09 of the992Revised Code.993

(D) If a judge issues an order under division (A) or (B) of 994 this section, the judge shall provide to the delinguent child and 995 to the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian a copy of 996 the order and a notice containing the information described in 997 divisions (A) and (B) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code. The 998 judge shall provide the notice at the time of the issuance of the 999 order, shall provide the notice as described in division (B)(1)(c) 1000 of that section, and shall comply with divisions (B)(1), (B)(2), 1001 and (C) of that section regarding that notice. 1002

The judge also shall include in the order a statement that,1003upon completion of the disposition of the delinquent child that1004was made for the sexually oriented offense upon which the order is1005based, a hearing will be conducted and the order is subject to1006modification or termination pursuant to section 2152.84 of the1007Revised Code.1008

(E) In making a decision under division (B) of this section1009as to whether a delinquent child should be classified a juvenile1010sex offender registrant and, if so, whether the child also is a1011sexual predator or a habitual sex offender, a judge shall consider1012all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, all of the1013following:1014

(1) The nature of the sexually oriented offense committed by1015the child;1016

(2) Whether the child has shown any genuine remorse or

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compunction for the offense;	1018
(3) The public interest and safety;	1019
(4) The factors set forth in division (B)(3) of section	1020
2950.09 of the Revised Code;	1021
(5) The factors set forth in divisions (B) and (C) of section	1022
2929.12 of the Revised Code as those factors apply regarding the	1023
delinguent child, the offense, and the victim;	1024
(6) The results of any treatment provided to the child and of	1025
any follow-up professional assessment of the child.	1026
(F) An order issued under division (A) or (B) of this section	1027
shall remain in effect for the period of time specified in section	1028
2950.07 of the Revised Code, subject to a modification or	1029
termination of the order under section 2152.84 of the Revised	1030
Code. The child's attainment of eighteen or twenty-one years of	1031
age does not affect or terminate the order, and the order remains	1032
in effect for the period of time described in this division.	1033
(G) As used in the section, "secure facility" has the same	1034
meaning as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	1035
Sec. 2152.84. (A)(1) When a juvenile court judge issues an	1036
order under section 2152.82 or division (A) or (B) of section	1030
2152.83 of the Revised Code that classifies a delinquent child a	1037
juvenile sex offender registrant and specifies that the child has	1038
<u>a duty to register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, upon</u>	1039
	1040
completion of the disposition of that delinquent child that the	-
judge made for the sexually oriented offense on which the juvenile	1042
sex offender registrant order was based, the judge or the judge's	1043
successor in office shall conduct a hearing to do all of the	1044
<u>following:</u>	1045
(a) Review the effectiveness of the disposition and of any	1046
treatment provided for the child;	1047

(b) If the order also contains a determination that the	1048
delinguent child is a sexual predator that the court made pursuant	1049
to division (B) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code, determine	1050
whether the classification of the child as a sexual predator or	1051
juvenile sex offender registrant should be continued or modified	1052
or, regarding an order issued under division (B) of section	1053
2152.83 of the Revised Code, terminated;	1054
(c) If the order was issued under division (B) of section	1055
2152.82 of the Revised Code and does not contain a sexual predator	1056
determination that the court makes as described in division	1057
(A)(1)(b) of this section, determine whether the classification of	1058
the child as a juvenile sex offender registrant should be	1059
continued, modified, or terminated.	1060
(2) Upon completion of a hearing under division (A)(1) of	1061
this section, the judge, in the judge's discretion and after	1062
consideration of the factors listed in division (E) of this	1063
section, shall do one of the following, as applicable:	1064
(a) Enter an order that continues the classification of the	1065
delinguent child made in the order issued under section 2152.82 or	1066
division (A) or (B) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code, and	1067
any sexual predator or habitual sex offender determination	1068
included in the order;	1069
(b) If the order was issued under section 2152.82 or division	1070
(A) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code and includes a	1071
determination by the judge that the delinquent child is a sexual	1072
predator, enter an order that contains a determination that the	1073
delinquent child no longer is a sexual predator and that also	1074
contains either a determination that the delinquent child is a	1075
habitual sex offender or a determination that the delinquent child	1076
remains a juvenile sex offender registrant but is not a sexual	1077
<u>predator or habitual sex offender;</u>	1078

(c) If the order was issued under section 2152.82 or division	1079
(A) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code and does not include a	1080
sexual predator determination as described in division (A)(2)(b)	1081
of this section but includes a determination by the judge that the	1082
delinquent child is a habitual sex offender, enter an order that	1083
contains a determination that the delinquent child no longer is a	1084
habitual sex offender and that also contains a determination that	1085
the delinquent child remains a juvenile sex offender registrant	1086
but is not a habitual sex offender;	1087

(d) If the order was issued under division (B) of section 1088 2152.83 of the Revised Code and includes a determination by the 1089 judge that the delinguent child is a sexual predator, enter an 1090 order that contains a determination that the delinquent child no 1091 longer is a sexual predator and that also contains a determination 1092 that the delinquent child is a habitual sex offender, a 1093 determination that the delinquent child remains a juvenile sex 1094 offender registrant but is not a sexual predator or habitual sex 1095 offender, or a determination that specifies that the delinquent 1096 child no longer is a juvenile sex offender registrant and no 1097 longer has a duty to register under section 2950.04 of the Revised 1098 Code; 1099

(e) If the order was issued under division (B) of section 1100 2152.83 of the Revised Code and does not include a sexual predator 1101 determination as described in division (A)(2)(d) of this section 1102 but includes a determination by the judge that the delinguent 1103 child is a habitual sex offender, enter an order that contains a 1104 determination that the child no longer is a habitual sex offender 1105 and that also contains either a determination that the child 1106 remains a juvenile sex offender registrant but is not a sexual 1107 predator or habitual sex offender or a determination that 1108 specifies that the child no longer is a juvenile sex offender 1109 registrant and no longer has a duty to register under section 1110

2950.04 of the Revised Code;

(f) If the order was issued under division (B) of section	1112
2152.83 of the Revised Code and the order does not include a	1113
sexual predator determination or a habitual sex offender	1114
determination as described in divisions (A)(2)(d) and (e) of this	1115
section, enter an order that contains a determination that the	1116
<u>delinquent child no longer is a juvenile sex offender registrant</u>	1117
and no longer has a duty to register under section 2950.04 of the	1118
Revised Code.	1119

(B) If a judge issues an order under division (A)(2)(a) of1120this section that continues the prior classification of the1121delinquent child as a juvenile sex offender registrant and any1122sexual predator or habitual sex offender determination included in1123the order, the prior classification and the prior determination,1124if applicable, shall remain in effect.1125

<u>A judge may issue an order under division (A)(2) of this</u> 1126 section that contains a determination that a child no longer is a 1127 sexual predator only if the judge, in accordance with the 1128 procedures specified in division (D)(1) of section 2950.09 of the 1129 Revised Code, determines at the hearing by clear and convincing 1130 evidence that the delinquent child is unlikely to commit a 1131 sexually oriented offense in the future. If the judge issues an 1132 order of that type, the judge shall provide the notifications 1133 described in division (D)(1) of section 2950.09 of the Revised 1134 Code, and the recipient of the notification shall comply with the 1135 provisions of that division. 1136

(C) If a judge issues an order under any provision of1137division (A)(2) of this section, the judge shall provide to the1138delinquent child and to the delinquent child's parent, guardian,1139or custodian a copy of the order and a notice containing the1140information described in divisions (A) and (B) of section 2950.031141of the Revised Code. The judge shall provide the notice at the1142

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time of the issuance of the order, shall provide the notice as1143described in division (B)(1)(c) of that section, and shall comply1144with divisions (B)(1), (B)(2), and (C) of that section regarding1145that notice.1146

(D) In making a decision under division (A) of this section,1147a judge shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not1148limited to, the factors listed in division (E) of section 2152.831149of the Revised Code.1150

(E) An order issued under division (A)(2) of this section and 1151 any determinations included in the order shall remain in effect 1152 for the period of time specified in section 2950.07 of the Revised 1153 Code, subject to a modification or termination of the order under 1154 section 2152.85 of the Revised Code. If an order is issued under 1155 division (A)(2) of this section, the child's attainment of 1156 eighteen or twenty-one years of age does not affect or terminate 1157 the order, and the order remains in effect for the period of time 1158 described in this division. 1159

Sec. 2152.85. (A) Upon the expiration of the applicable1161period of time specified in division (B)(1) or (2) of this1162section, a delinquent child who has been classified pursuant to1163this section or section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the Revised Code a1164juvenile sex offender registrant may petition the judge who made1165the classification, or that judge's successor in office, to do one1166of the following:1167

(1) If the order containing the juvenile sex offender1168registrant classification also includes a determination by the1169juvenile court judge that the delinquent child is a sexual1170predator relative to the sexually oriented offense in the manner1171described in section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the Revised Code and1172that determination remains in effect, to enter an order that1173contains a determination that the child no longer is a sexual1174

predator and that also contains either a determination that the	1175
- child is a habitual sex offender or a determination that the child	1176
remains a juvenile sex offender registrant but is not a sexual	1177
predator or habitual sex offender;	1178
(2) If the order containing the juvenile sex offender	1179
registrant classification under section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the	1180
Revised Code or under division (C)(2) of this section pursuant to	1181
a petition filed under division (A) of this section does not	1182
include a sexual predator determination as described in division	1183
(A)(1) of this section but includes a determination by the	1184
juvenile court judge that the delinquent child is a habitual sex	1185
offender relative to the sexually oriented offense in the manner	1186
described in section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the Revised Code, or in	1187
this section, and that determination remains in effect, to enter	1188
an order that contains a determination that the child no longer is	1189
a habitual sex offender and that also contains either a	1190
determination that the child remains a juvenile sex offender	1191
registrant or a determination that the child no longer is a	1192
juvenile sex offender registrant and no longer has a duty to	1193
register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code;	1194
(3) If the order containing the juvenile sex offender	1195
registrant classification under section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the	1196
Revised Code or under division (C)(2) of this section pursuant to	1197
a petition filed under division (A) of this section does not	1198
include a sexual predator or habitual sex offender determination	1199

include a sexual predator or habitual sex offender determination1199as described in division (A)(1) or (2) of this section, to enter1200an order that contains a determination that the child no longer is1201a juvenile sex offender registrant and no longer has a duty to1202register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code.1203

(B) A delinquent child who has been adjudicated a delinquent 1204 child for committing on or after the effective date of this 1205

section a sexually oriented offense and who has been classified a	1206
juvenile sex offender registrant relative to that sexually	1207
oriented offense may file a petition under division (A) of this	1208
section requesting reclassification or declassification as	1209
described in that division after the expiration of one of the	1210
following periods of time:	1211
(1) The delinquent child initially may file a petition not	1212
earlier than three years after the entry of the juvenile court	1213
judge's order after the mandatory hearing conducted under section	1214
2152.84 of the Revised Code.	1215
(2) After the delinguent child's initial filing of a petition	1216
under division (B)(1) of this section, the child may file a second	1217
petition not earlier than three years after the judge has entered	1218
an order deciding the petition under division (B)(1) of this	1219
section.	1220
(3) After the delinguent child's filing of a petition under	1221
division (B)(2) of this section, thereafter, the delinquent child	1222
may file a petition under this division upon the expiration of	1223
five years after the judge has entered an order deciding the	1224
petition under division (B)(2) of this section or the most recent	1225
petition the delinguent child has filed under this division.	1226
(C) Upon the filing of a petition under divisions (A) and (B)	1227
of this section, the judge may review the prior classification or	1228
determination in question and, upon consideration of all relevant	1229
factors and information, including, but not limited to the factors	1230
listed in division (E) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code, the	1231
judge, in the judge's discretion, shall do one of the following:	1232
	1233
(1) Enter an order denying the petition;	1234
(2) Issue an order that reclassifies or declassifies the	1235

delinquent child, in the requested manner specified in division	1230
(A)(1), (2), or (3) of this section.	1237
(D) If a judge issues an order under division (C) of this	1238
section that denies a petition, the prior classification of the	1239
delinquent child as a juvenile sex offender registrant, and the	1240
prior determination that the child is a sexual predator or	1241
habitual sex offender, if applicable, shall remain in effect.	1242
<u>A judge may issue an order under division (C) of this section</u>	1243
that contains a determination that a child no longer is a sexual	1244
predator only if the judge conducts a hearing and, in accordance	1245
with the procedures specified in division (D)(1) of section	1246
2950.09 of the Revised Code, determines at the hearing by clear	1247
and convincing evidence that the delinquent child is unlikely to	1248
commit a sexually oriented offense in the future. If the judge	1249
issues an order of that type, the judge shall provide the	1250
notifications described in division (D)(1) of section 2950.09 of	1251
the Revised Code, and the recipient of the notification shall	1252
comply with the provisions of that division.	1253
<u>A judge may issue an order under division (C) of this section</u>	1254
that contains a determination that a delinguent child is a	1255
habitual sex offender only if the judge conducts a hearing and	1256
determines at the hearing as described in division (E) of section	1257
2950.09 of the Revised Code that the child is a habitual sex	1258
offender. If the judge issues an order that contains a	1259
determination that a delinquent child is a habitual sex offender,	1260
the judge may impose a requirement subjecting the child to	1261
community notification provisions as described in that division.	1262
(E) If a judge issues an order under division (C) of this	1263
section, the judge shall provide to the delinquent child and to	1264
the delinguent child's parent, guardian, or custodian a copy of	1265
the order and a notice containing the information described in	1266

divisions (A) and (B) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code. The	1267
judge shall provide the notice at the time of the issuance of the	1268
order, shall provide the notice as described in division (B)(1)(c)	1269
of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code, and shall comply with	1270
divisions (B)(1), (B)(2), and (C) of that section regarding that	1271
notice.	1272
(F) An order issued under division (C) of this section shall	1273
remain in effect for the period of time specified in section	1274
2950.07 of the Revised Code, subject to a further modification or	1275
a termination of the order under this section. If an order is	1276
issued under division (C) of this section, the child's attainment	1277
of eighteen or twenty-one years of age does not affect or	1278
terminate the order, and the order remains in effect for the	1279
period of time described in this division.	1280
Sec. 2919.24. (A) No person shall do either any of the	1282

sec. 2919.24. (A) No person shall do either any of the1282following:1283

(1) Aid, abet, induce, cause, encourage, or contribute to a 1284
child or a ward of the juvenile court becoming an unruly child, as 1285
defined in section 2151.022 of the Revised Code, or a delinquent 1286
child, as defined in section 2151.02 of the Revised Code; 1287

(2) Act in a way tending to cause a child or a ward of the
juvenile court to become an unruly child, as defined in section
2151.022 of the Revised Code, or a delinquent child, as defined in
1290 section 2151.02 of the Revised Code;

(3) If the person is the parent, guardian, or custodian of a1292child who has the duties under Chapters 2152. and 2950. of the1293Revised Code to register, to register a new residence address, and1294to periodically verify a residence address and if the child is not1295emancipated, as defined in section 2919.121 of the Revised Code,1296fail to ensure that the child complies with those duties under1297

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Chapters 2152. and 2950. of the Revised Code.

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of contributing 1299 to the unruliness or delinquency of a child, a misdemeanor of the first degree. Each day of violation of this section is a separate 1301 offense. 1302

Sec. 2950.01. As used in this chapter, unless the context 1304 clearly requires otherwise: 1305

(A) "Confinement" includes, but is not limited to, a 1306 community residential sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16 1307 of the Revised Code. 1308

(B) "Habitual sex offender" means, except when a juvenile 1309 judge removes this classification pursuant to division (A)(2) of 1310 section 2152.84 or division (C)(2) of section 2152.85 of the 1311 Revised Code, a person who to whom both of the following apply: 1312

(1) The person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually 1313 oriented offense and who, or the person is adjudicated a 1314 delinquent child for committing on or after the effective date of 1315 this amendment a sexually oriented offense, was fourteen years of 1316 age or older at the time of committing the offense, and is 1317 classified a juvenile sex offender registrant based on that 1318 adjudication. 1319

(2) The person previously has been convicted of or pleaded 1320 guilty to one or more sexually oriented offenses or, regarding a 1321 delinquent child, previously has been adjudicated a delinquent 1322 child for committing one or more sexually oriented offenses. 1323

(C) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01 1324 of the Revised Code. 1325

- (D) "Sexually oriented offense" means any <u>of the following:</u> 1326
- (1) Subject to division (D)(2) of this section, any of the 1327

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Sub. S. B. No. 3 Page 44 As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee following violations or offenses: 1328 (1)(a) Regardless of the age of the victim of the offense, a 1329 violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.05 of the Revised 1330 Code; 1331 $\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ Any of the following offenses involving a minor, in 1332 the circumstances specified: 1333 (a)(i) A violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.03, 1334 2905.04, 2905.05, or 2907.04 of the Revised Code when the victim 1335 of the offense is under eighteen years of age; 1336 (b)(ii) A violation of section 2907.21 of the Revised Code 1337 when the person who is compelled, induced, procured, encouraged, 1338 solicited, requested, or facilitated to engage in, paid or agreed 1339 to be paid for, or allowed to engage in the sexual activity in 1340 question is under eighteen years of age; 1341 (c)(iii) A violation of division (A)(1) or (3) of section 1342 2907.321 or 2907.322 of the Revised Code; 1343 (d)(iv) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 1344 2907.323 of the Revised Code; 1345 (e)(v) A violation of division (B)(5) of section 2919.22 of 1346 the Revised Code when the child who is involved in the offense is 1347 under eighteen years of age. 1348 (3)(c) Regardless of the age of the victim of the offense, a 1349 violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11, or 2905.01 of the 1350 Revised Code, or of division (A) of section 2903.04 of the Revised 1351 Code, that is committed with a purpose to gratify the sexual needs 1352 or desires of the offender; 1353 (4)(d) A sexually violent offense; 1354 (5)(e) A violation of any former law of this state that was 1355 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division 1356 (D)(1)(a), (2), (3)(b), (c), or (4)(d) of this section; 1357

 $\frac{(6)}{(f)}$ A violation of an existing or former municipal 1358 ordinance or law of another state or the United States, a 1359 violation under the law applicable in a military court, or a 1360 violation under the law applicable in an Indian tribal court that 1361 is or was substantially equivalent to any offense listed in 1362 division (D)(1)(a), (2), (3)(b), (c), or (4)(d) of this section; 1363 $\frac{(7)}{(q)}$ An attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or 1364 complicity in committing any offense listed in division (D)(1)(a), 1365 (2), (3), (4), (5)(b), (c), (d), (e), or (6)(f) of this section. 1366 (2) An act committed by a person under eighteen years of age 1367 that is any of the following: 1368 (a) Except for the violations specifically described in 1369 divisions (D)(2)(b) and (c) of this section and subject to 1370 division (D)(2)(d) of this section, any violation listed in 1371 division (D)(1) of this section that, if committed by an adult, 1372 would be a felony of the first, second, third, or fourth degree; 1373 (b) Subject to division (A)(2)(d) of this section, a 1374 violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11, 2905.01, or 1375 2905.02 of the Revised Code, a violation of division (A) of 1376 section 2903.04 of the Revised Code, or an attempt to violate any 1377 of those sections or that division that is committed with a 1378 purpose to gratify the sexual needs or desires of the child; 1379 (c) Subject to division (A)(2)(d) of this section, a 1380 violation of division (A)(1) or (3) of section 2907.321, division 1381 (A)(1) or (3) of section 2907.322, or division (A)(1) or (2) of 1382 section 2907.323 of the Revised Code, or an attempt to violate any 1383 of those divisions, if the person who violates or attempts to 1384 violate the division is four or more years older than the minor 1385 who is the victim of the offense; 1386 (d) If the child's case has been transferred for criminal 1387 prosecution under section 2152.12 of the Revised Code, the act is 1388

of those divisions if committed by an adult.

any violation listed in division (D)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section or would be any offense listed in any

(E) "Sexual predator" means a person who <u>to whom either of</u>

the following applies:

(1) The person has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to1394committing a sexually oriented offense and is likely to engage in1395the future in one or more sexually oriented offenses.1396

(2) The person has been adjudicated a delinquent child for1397committing a sexually oriented offense, was fourteen years of age1398or older at the time of committing the offense, was classified a1399juvenile sex offender registrant based on that adjudication, and1400is likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually oriented1401offenses.1402

(F) "Supervised release" means a release <u>of an offender</u> from 1403
a prison term, a term of imprisonment, or another type of 1404
confinement that satisfies either of the following conditions: 1405

(1) The release is on parole, a conditional pardon, or
probation, under transitional control, or under a post-release
control sanction, and it requires the person to report to or be
supervised by a parole officer, probation officer, field officer,
or another type of supervising officer.

(2) The release is any type of release that is not described
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in division (F)(1) of this section and that requires the person to
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report to or be supervised by a probation officer, a parole
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officer, a field officer, or another type of supervising officer.
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(G) An offender or delinquent child is "adjudicated as being
a sexual predator" if any of the following applies and if that
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status has not been removed pursuant to section 2152.84, 2152.85,
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or 2950.09 of the Revised Code:

(1) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 1419

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committing, on or after January 1, 1997, a sexually oriented1420offense that is a sexually violent offense and also is convicted1421of or pleads guilty to a sexually violent predator specification1422that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or1423information that charged the sexually violent offense.1424

(2) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was
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committed, on or after January 1, 1997, the offender is sentenced
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for a sexually oriented offense, and the sentencing judge
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determines pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.09 of the
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Revised Code that the offender is a sexual predator.

(3) The delinquent child is adjudicated a delinquent child 1430 for committing a sexually oriented offense, was fourteen years of 1431 age or older at the time of committing the offense, and has been 1432 classified a juvenile sex offender registrant based on that 1433 adjudication, and the adjudicating judge or that judge's successor 1434 in office determines pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.09 1435 or pursuant to division (B) of section 2152.83, section 2152.84, 1436 or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the delinquent child 1437 is a sexual predator. 1438

(4) Prior to January 1, 1997, the offender was convicted of 1439 or pleaded guilty to, and was sentenced for, a sexually oriented 1440 offense, the offender is imprisoned in a state correctional 1441 institution on or after January 1, 1997, and the court determines 1442 pursuant to division (C) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code 1443 that the offender is a sexual predator. 1444

(4)(5) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 1445 committed, the offender or delinquent child is convicted of or 1446 pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, 1447 or is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually 1448 oriented offense in another state or in a federal court, military 1449 court, or an Indian tribal court, as a result of that conviction 1450 or, plea of guilty, or adjudication, the offender or delinquent 1451

child is required, under the law of the jurisdiction in which the 1452 offender was convicted or pleaded quilty or the delinquent child 1453 was adjudicated, to register as a sex offender until the 1454 offender's or delinquent child's death and to verify the 1455 offender's or delinquent child's address on at least a quarterly 1456 basis each year, and, on or after July 1, 1997, for offenders or 1457 the effective date of this amendment for delinquent children the 1458 offender or delinquent child moves to and resides in this state or 1459 temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than seven days, 1460 unless a court of common pleas or juvenile court determines that 1461 the offender or delinquent child is not a sexual predator pursuant 1462 to division (F) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code. 1463

(H) "Sexually violent predator specification" and "sexually 1464violent offense" have the same meanings as in section 2971.01 of 1465the Revised Code. 1466

(I) "Post-release control sanction" and "transitional 1467
 control" have the same meanings as in section 2967.01 of the 1468
 Revised Code. 1469

(J) "Juvenile sex offender registrant" means a person who is 1470 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing on or after the 1471 effective date of this amendment a sexually oriented offense, who 1472 is fourteen years of age or older at the time of committing the 1473 offense, and who a juvenile court judge, pursuant to an order 1474 issued under section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the 1475 Revised Code, classifies as a juvenile sex offender registrant and 1476 specifies has a duty to register under section 2950.04 of the 1477 Revised Code. 1478

(K) "Secure facility" means any facility that is designed and1479operated to ensure that all of its entrances and exits are locked1480and under the exclusive control of its staff and to ensure that,1481because of that exclusive control, no person who is1482institutionalized or confined in the facility may leave the1483

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facility without permission or supervision.

<u>(L) "Out-of-state juvenile sex offender registrant" means a</u>	1485
person who is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a	1486
sexually oriented offense in another state or in a federal court,	1487
military court, or Indian tribal court, who on or after the	1488
effective date of this amendment moves to and resides in this	1489
state or temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than	1490
seven days, and who under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code has	1491
a duty to register in this state as described in that section.	1492

Sec. 2950.02. (A) The general assembly hereby determines and 1493 declares that it recognizes and finds all of the following: 1494

(1) If the public is provided adequate notice and information 1495 about sexual predators, habitual sex offenders, and certain other 1496 offenders and delinquent children who commit sexually oriented 1497 offenses, members of the public and communities can develop 1498 constructive plans to prepare themselves and their children for 1499 the sexual predator's, habitual sex offender's, or other 1500 offender's or delinquent child's release from imprisonment, a 1501 prison term, or other confinement or detention. This allows 1502 members of the public and communities to meet with members of law 1503 enforcement agencies to prepare and obtain information about the 1504 rights and responsibilities of the public and the communities and 1505 to provide education and counseling to their children. 1506

(2) Sexual predators and habitual sex offenders pose a high
risk of engaging in further offenses even after being released
from imprisonment, a prison term, or other confinement or
detention and that protection of members of the public from sexual
predators and habitual sex offenders is a paramount governmental
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interest.

(3) The penal, juvenile, and mental health components of the 1513justice system of this state are largely hidden from public view, 1514

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and a lack of information from either any component may result in1515the failure of both systems the system to satisfy this paramount1516governmental interest of public safety described in division1517(A)(2) of this section.1518

(4) Overly restrictive confidentiality and liability laws
governing the release of information about sexual predators and
habitual sex offenders have reduced the willingness to release
information that could be appropriately released under the public
disclosure laws and have increased risks of public safety.

(5) A person who is found to be a sexual predator or a
habitual sex offender has a reduced expectation of privacy because
of the public's interest in public safety and in the effective
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operation of government.

(6) The release of information about sexual predators and 1528 habitual sex offenders to public agencies and the general public 1529 will further the governmental interests of public safety and 1530 public scrutiny of the criminal, juvenile, and mental health 1531 systems as long as the information released is rationally related 1532 to the furtherance of those goals. 1533

(B) The general assembly hereby declares that, in providing 1534 in this chapter for registration regarding sexual predators, 1535 habitual sex offenders, and offenders and certain delinquent 1536 children who have committed sexually oriented offenses and for 1537 community notification regarding sexual predators and habitual sex 1538 offenders who are about to be or have been released from 1539 imprisonment, a prison term, or other confinement or detention and 1540 who will live in or near a particular neighborhood or who 1541 otherwise will live in or near a particular neighborhood, it is 1542 the general assembly's intent to protect the safety and general 1543 welfare of the people of this state. The general assembly further 1544 declares that it is the policy of this state to require the 1545 exchange in accordance with this chapter of relevant information 1546

about sexual predators and habitual sex offenders among public1547agencies and officials and to authorize the release in accordance1548with this chapter of necessary and relevant information about1549sexual predators and habitual sex offenders to members of the1550general public as a means of assuring public protection and that1551the exchange or release of that information is not punitive.1552

Sec. 2950.03. (A) Each person who has been convicted of, is 1553 convicted of, has pleaded quilty to, or pleads quilty to a 1554 sexually oriented offense and who has a duty to register pursuant 1555 to section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, and each person who is 1556 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented 1557 offense and who is classified pursuant to section 2152.82 or 1558 division (A) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code a juvenile sex 1559 offender registrant based on that adjudication, shall be provided 1560 notice in accordance with this section of the offender's or 1561 delinquent child's duty to register under that section 2950.04 of 1562 the Revised Code, the offender's or delinquent child's duty to 1563 provide notice of any change in the offender's or delinquent 1564 child's residence address and to register the new residence 1565 address pursuant to section 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and the 1566 offender's or delinquent child's duty to periodically verify the 1567 offender's or delinquent child's residence address pursuant to 1568 section 2950.06 of the Revised Code. The following official shall 1569 provide the notice to the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> at the 1570 following time: 1571

(1) Regardless of when the offender committed the sexually 1572 oriented offense, if the person is an offender who is sentenced 1573 for the sexually oriented offense to a prison term, a term of 1574 imprisonment, or any other type of confinement, and if, on or 1575 after January 1, 1997, the offender is serving that term or is 1576 under that confinement, the official in charge of the jail, 1577 workhouse, state correctional institution, or other institution in 1578

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which the offender serves the prison term, term of imprisonment, 1579 or confinement, or a designee of that official, shall provide the 1580 notice to the offender before the offender is released pursuant to 1581 any type of supervised release or before the offender otherwise is 1582 released from the prison term, term of imprisonment, or 1583 confinement.

(2) Regardless of when the offender committed the sexually
oriented offense, if the person is an offender who is sentenced
for that the sexually oriented offense on or after January 1,
1997, and if division (A)(1) of this section does not apply, the
judge shall provide the notice to the offender at the time of
sentencing.

(3) If the <u>person is an</u> offender <u>who</u> committed the sexually 1591 oriented offense prior to January 1, 1997, if neither division 1592 (A)(1) nor division (A)(2) of this section applies, and if, 1593 immediately prior to January 1, 1997, the offender was a habitual 1594 sex offender who was required to register under Chapter 2950. of 1595 the Revised Code, the chief of police or sheriff with whom the 1596 offender most recently registered under that chapter, in the 1597 circumstances described in this division, shall provide the notice 1598 to the offender. If the offender has registered with a chief of 1599 police or sheriff under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as it 1600 existed prior to January 1, 1997, the chief of police or sheriff 1601 with whom the offender most recently registered shall provide the 1602 notice to the offender as soon as possible after January 1, 1997, 1603 as described in division (B)(1) of this section. If the offender 1604 has not registered with a chief of police or sheriff under that 1605 chapter, the failure to register shall constitute a waiver by the 1606 offender of any right to notice under this section. If an offender 1607 described in this division does not receive notice under this 1608 section, the offender is not relieved of the duty to register, the 1609 duty to provide notice of any change in residence address and to 1610

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register the new residence address, and the duty to periodically 1611 verify the residence address, as described in division (A) of this 1612 section. 1613

(4) If the offender person is an offender of the type 1614 described in division (A)(1) of this section and if, subsequent to 1615 release, the offender is adjudicated as being a sexual predator 1616 pursuant to division (C) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code, 1617 the judge shall provide the notice to the offender at the time of 1618 adjudication. 1619

(5) If the person is a delinquent child who is classified1620pursuant to section 2152.82 or division (A) of section 2152.83 of1621the Revised Code a juvenile sex offender registrant, the judge1622shall provide the notice to the delinquent child at the time of1623the classification.1624

(B)(1) The notice provided under division (A) of this section 1625 shall inform the offender or delinguent child of the offender's 1626 duty to register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, to 1627 notify the appropriate officials of a change in the offender's or 1628 delinguent child's residence address and to register the new 1629 residence address in accordance with section 2950.05 of the 1630 Revised Code, and to periodically verify a residence address under 1631 section 2950.06 of the Revised Code. The notice shall comport with 1632 the following: 1633

(a) If the notice is provided to an offender under division 1634 (A)(3) of this section, the notice shall be on a form that is 1635 prescribed by the bureau of criminal identification and 1636 investigation and that states the offender's duties to register, 1637 to register a new residence address, and to periodically verify a 1638 residence address and that, if the offender has any questions 1639 concerning these duties, the offender may contact the chief of 1640 police or sheriff who sent the form for an explanation of the 1641 duties. If the offender appears in person before the chief of 1642

police or sheriff, the chief or sheriff shall provide the notice 1643 as described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section, and all 1644 provisions of this section that apply regarding a notice provided 1645 by an official, official's designee, or judge in that manner shall 1646 be applicable. 1647

(b) If the notice is provided to an offender under division 1648 (A)(1), (2), or (4) of this section, the official, official's 1649 designee, or judge shall require the offender to read and sign a 1650 form prescribed by the bureau of criminal identification and 1651 investigation, stating that the offender's duties to register, to 1652 register a new residence address, and to periodically verify a 1653 residence address have been explained to the offender. If the 1654 offender is unable to read, the official, official's designee, or 1655 judge shall certify on the form that the official, designee, or 1656 judge specifically informed the offender of those duties and that 1657 the offender indicated an understanding of those duties. 1658

(c) If the notice is provided to a delinquent child under 1659 division (A)(5) of this section, the judge shall require the 1660 delinquent child and the delinquent child's parent, quardian, or 1661 custodian to read and sign a form prescribed by the bureau of 1662 criminal identification and investigation, stating that the 1663 delinquent child's duties to register, to register a new residence 1664 address, and to periodically verify a residence address have been 1665 explained to the delinquent child and to the delinquent child's 1666 parent, quardian, or custodian. If the delinquent child or the 1667 <u>delinquent child's parent, quardian, or custodian is unable to</u> 1668 read, the judge shall certify on the form that the judge 1669 specifically informed the delinquent child or the delinquent 1670 child's parent, quardian, or custodian of those duties and that 1671 the delinquent child or the delinquent child's parent, quardian, 1672 or custodian indicated an understanding of those duties. 1673

(d) For any notice provided under division (A) of this 1674

section, the form used shall contain all of the information 1675 required by the bureau of criminal identification and 1676 investigation, including, but not limited to, a statement that the 1677 subject delinquent child if applicable has been classified by the 1678 adjudicating juvenile court judge or the judge's successor in 1679 office a juvenile sex offender registrant and has a duty to 1680 register, a statement as to whether the offender or delinguent 1681 child has been adjudicated as being a sexual predator relative to 1682 the sexually oriented offense in question, a statement as to 1683 whether the offender or delinquent child has been determined to be 1684 a habitual sex offender, an explanation of the periodic residence 1685 address verification process and of the frequency with which the 1686 offender or delinquent child will be required to verify the 1687 residence address under that process, and a statement that the 1688 offender or delinquent child must verify the residence address at 1689 the times specified under that process or face criminal 1690 prosecution or a delinquent child proceeding. 1691

(d)(e) If the notice is provided under division (A)(4) of 1692 this section, in addition to all other information contained on 1693 it, the form also shall include a statement that the notice 1694 replaces any notice previously provided to the offender under 1695 division (A)(1) of this section, a statement that the offender's 1696 duties described in this notice supersede the duties described in 1697 the prior notice, and a statement notifying the offender that, if 1698 the offender already has registered under section 2950.04 of the 1699 Revised Code, the offender must register again pursuant to 1700 division (A)(6) of that section. 1701

(f) If the notice is provided under division (A)(5) of this1702section, the form, in addition to all other information contained1703on it, shall inform the delinquent child and the delinquent1704child's parent, guardian, or custodian that, if the delinquent1705child fails to comply with the requirements of sections 2950.04,1706

1707 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, both of the following 1708 apply: (i) If the delinquent child's failure occurs while the child 1709 is under eighteen years of age, the child is subject to 1710 proceedings under Chapter 2152. of the Revised Code based on the 1711 failure, but if the failure occurs while the child is eighteen 1712 years of age or older, the child is subject to criminal 1713 prosecution based on the failure. 1714 (ii) If the delinquent child's failure occurs while the child 1715 is under eighteen years of age, unless the child is emancipated, as defined in section 2919.121 of the Revised Code, the failure of 1717 the parent, quardian, or custodian to ensure that the child 1718 complies with those requirements is a violation of section 2919.24 1719 of the Revised Code and may result in the prosecution of the 1720 parent, quardian, or custodian for that violation. 1721 1722 (2)(a) After an offender described in division (A)(1), (2), 1723 or (4) of this section has signed the form described in division 1724 (B)(1) of this section or the official, official's designee, or 1725 judge has certified on it the form that it the form has been 1726 explained to the offender and that the offender indicated an 1727 understanding of the duties indicated on it, the official, 1728 official's designee, or judge shall give one copy of the form to 1729 the offender, within three days shall send one copy of the form to 1730 1731

the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in accordance with the procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 1732 of the Revised Code, and shall send one copy of the form to the 1733 sheriff of the county in which the offender expects to reside. 1734 After 1735

(b) After a chief of police or sheriff has sent a form to an 1736 offender under division (A)(3) of this section, the chief or 1737 sheriff shall send a copy of the form to the bureau of criminal 1738

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identification and investigation in accordance with the procedures 1739 adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code. 1740

(c) After a delinquent child described in division (A)(5) of 1741 this section and the delinquent child's parent, quardian, or 1742 custodian have signed the form described in division (B)(1) of 1743 this section or the judge has certified on the form that the form 1744 has been explained to the delinquent child or the delinquent 1745 child's parent, quardian, or custodian and that the delinquent 1746 child or the delinquent child's parent, quardian, or custodian 1747 indicated an understanding of the duties and information indicated 1748 on the form, the judge shall give a copy of the form to both the 1749 delinquent child and to the delinquent child's parent, guardian, 1750 or custodian, within three days shall send one copy of the form to 1751 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in 1752 accordance with the procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 1753 of the Revised Code, and shall send one copy of the form to the 1754 sheriff of the county in which the delinquent child expects to 1755 1756 <u>reside.</u>

(C) The official, official's designee, judge, chief of 1757
police, or sheriff who is required to provide notice to an 1758
offender or delinquent child under division (A) of this section 1759
shall do all of the following: 1760

(1) If the notice is provided under division (A)(1), (2), or 1761 (4), or (5) of this section, the official, designee, or judge 1762 shall determine the offender's or delinquent child's name, 1763 identifying factors, and expected future residence address, shall 1764 obtain the offender's or delinquent child's criminal and 1765 delinquency history, and shall obtain a photograph and the 1766 fingerprints of the offender or delinguent child. If the notice is 1767 provided by a judge under division $(A)(2) \frac{\partial r}{\partial r}(4)$, or (5) of this 1768 section, the sheriff shall provide the offender's or delinguent 1769 child's criminal and delinquency history to the judge. The 1770

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official, official's designee, or judge shall obtain this 1771 information and these items prior to giving the notice, except 1772 that a judge may give the notice prior to obtaining the offender's 1773 or delinquent child's criminal and delinquency history. Within 1774 three days after receiving this information and these items, the 1775 official, official's designee, or judge shall forward the 1776 information and items to the bureau of criminal identification and 1777 investigation in accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted 1778 pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and to the sheriff 1779 of the county in which the offender or delinquent child expects to 1780 reside. If the notice is provided under division (A)(5) of this 1781 section and if the delinquent child has been committed to the 1782 department of youth services or to a secure facility, the judge, 1783 in addition to the other information and items described in this 1784 division, also shall forward to the bureau and to the sheriff 1785 notification that the child has been so committed. If it has not 1786 already done so, the bureau of criminal identification and 1787 investigation shall forward a copy of the fingerprints and 1788 conviction data received under this division to the federal bureau 1789 of investigation. 1790

(2) If the notice is provided under division (A)(3) of this 1791 section, the chief of police or sheriff shall determine the 1792 offender's name, identifying factors, and residence address, shall 1793 obtain the offender's criminal history from the bureau of criminal 1794 identification and investigation, and, to the extent possible, 1795 shall obtain a photograph and the fingerprints of the offender. 1796 Within three days after receiving this information and these 1797 items, the chief or sheriff shall forward the information and 1798 items to the bureau of criminal identification and investigation 1799 in accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted pursuant to 1800 section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and, in relation to a chief of 1801 police, to the sheriff of the county in which the offender 1802 resides. If it has not already done so, the bureau of criminal 1803

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identification and investigation shall forward a copy of the 1804 fingerprints and conviction data so received to the federal bureau 1805 of investigation. 1806

sec. 2950.04. (A)(1) Each of the following types of offender 1807 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of 1808 or pleaded guilty to, a sexually oriented offense and who is 1809 described in division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of this section shall 1810 register personally with the sheriff of the following applicable 1811 described county and at the following time within seven days of 1812 the offender's coming into a county in which the offender resides 1813 or temporarily is domiciled for more than seven days: 1814

 $\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 1815 committed, if the an offender who is sentenced for the sexually 1816 oriented offense to a prison term, a term of imprisonment, or any 1817 other type of confinement and if, on or after July 1, 1997, the 1818 offender is released in any manner from the prison term, term of 1819 imprisonment, or confinement, within seven days of the offender's 1820 coming into any county in which the offender resides or 1821 temporarily is domiciled for more than seven days, the offender 1822 shall register with the sheriff of that county.; 1823

(2)(b) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 1824 committed, if the an offender who is sentenced for a sexually 1825 oriented offense on or after July 1, 1997, and if to whom division 1826 (A)(1)(a) of this section does not apply, within seven days of the 1827 offender's coming into any county in which the offender resides or 1828 temporarily is domiciled for more than seven days, the offender 1829 shall register with the sheriff of that county.;

(3)(c) If the sexually oriented offense was committed prior1831to July 1, 1997, if and neither division (A)(1)(a) nor division1832(A)(2)(1)(b) of this section applies, and if an offender who,1833immediately prior to July 1, 1997, the offender was a habitual sex1834

offender who was required to register under Chapter 2950. of the 1835 Revised Code, within seven days of the offender's coming into any 1836 county in which the offender resides or temporarily is domiciled 1837 for more than seven days, the offender shall register with the 1838 sheriff of that county. 1839

(2) Each child who is adjudicated a delinquent child for 1840 committing a sexually oriented offense, who is classified a 1841 juvenile sex offender registrant based on that adjudication, and 1842 who is described in division (A)(2) of this section shall register 1843 personally with the sheriff of the county within seven days of the 1844 delinquent child's coming into a county in which the delinquent 1845 child resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than seven 1846 days. If the delinquent child is committed for the sexually 1847 oriented offense to the department of youth services or to a 1848 secure facility that is not operated by the department, this duty 1849 begins when the delinguent child is discharged or released in any 1850 manner from custody in a department of youth services secure 1851 facility or from the secure facility that is not operated by the 1852 department, if pursuant to the discharge or release the delinguent 1853 child is not committed to any other secure facility of the 1854 department or any other secure facility. The delinquent child does 1855 not have a duty to register under this division while the child is 1856 in a department of youth services secure facility or in a secure 1857 facility that is not operated by the department. 1858

(4)(3) If divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section do not1859apply, each following type of offender and each following type of1860delinquent child shall register personally with the sheriff of the1861county within seven days of the offender's or delinquent child's1862coming into a county in which the offender or delinquent child1863resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than seven days:1864

(a) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 1865 committed, if divisions (A)(1), (2), and (3) of this section do 1866

not apply, if the offender a person who is convicted of or, pleads 1867 quilty to, or is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a 1868 sexually oriented offense in another state or in a federal court, 1869 military court, or an Indian tribal court, if, on or after July 1, 1870 1997, for offenders, or the effective date of this amendment for 1871 delinquent children, the offender or delinquent child moves to and 1872 resides in this state or temporarily is domiciled in this state 1873 for more than seven days, and if, at the time the offender or 1874 delinquent child moves to and resides in this state or temporarily 1875 is domiciled in this state for more than seven days, the offender 1876 or delinquent child has a duty to register as a sex offender under 1877 the law of that other jurisdiction as a result of the conviction 1878 or, guilty plea, within seven days of the offender's coming into 1879 any county in which the offender resides or temporarily is 1880 domiciled for more than seven days, the offender shall register 1881 with the sheriff of that county or adjudication. 1882

(5) (b) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 1883 committed, if divisions (A)(1), (2), and (3) of this section do 1884 not apply, if the offender a person who is convicted of or, pleads 1885 guilty to, or is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a 1886 sexually oriented offense in another state or in a federal court, 1887 military court, or an Indian tribal court, if, on or after July 1, 1888 1997, for offenders, or the effective date of this amendment for 1889 delinquent children, the offender or delinquent child is released 1890 from imprisonment or, confinement, or detention imposed for that 1891 offense, and if, on or after July 1, 1997, for offenders, or the 1892 effective date of this amendment for delinquent children, the 1893 offender or delinquent child moves to and resides in this state or 1894 temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than seven days, 1895 within seven days of the offender's coming into any county in 1896 which the offender resides or temporarily is domiciled for more 1897 than seven days the offender shall register with the sheriff of 1898 that county. The duty to register as described in this division 1899

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applies to an offender regardless of whether the offender, at the 1900 time of moving to and residing in this state or temporarily being 1901 domiciled in this state for more than seven days, has a duty to 1902 register as a sex offender under the law of the jurisdiction in 1903 which the conviction or guilty plea occurred. The duty to register 1904 as described in this division applies to a delinquent child only 1905 if the delinquent child, at the time of moving to and residing in 1906 this state or temporarily being domiciled in this state for more 1907 than seven days, has a duty to register as a sex offender under 1908 the law of the jurisdiction in which the delinquent child 1909 adjudication occurred or if, had the delinquent child adjudication 1910 occurred in this state, the adjudicating juvenile court judge 1911 would have been required to issue an order classifying the 1912 delinquent child as a juvenile sex offender registrant pursuant to 1913 section 2152.82 or division (A) of section 2152.83 of the Revised 1914 Code. 1915

(6)(4) If division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies and if, 1916 subsequent to the offender's release, the offender is adjudicated 1917 to be a sexual predator under division (C) of section 2950.09 of 1918 the Revised Code, the offender shall register within seven days of 1919 the adjudication with the sheriff of the county in which the 1920 offender resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than seven 1921 days and shall register with the sheriff of any county in which 1922 the offender subsequently resides or temporarily is domiciled for 1923 more than seven days within seven days of coming into that county. 1924

(5) A person who is adjudicated a delinquent child for1925committing a sexually oriented offense is not required to register1926under division (A)(2) of this section unless the delinquent child1927committed the offense on or after the effective date of this1928amendment, is classified a juvenile sex offender registrant by a1929juvenile court judge pursuant to an order issued under section19302152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code based on1931

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that adjudication, and has a duty to register pursuant to division (A)(2) of this section. 1932 1932 1933

(B) An offender or delinquent child who is required by 1934 division (A) of this section to register personally shall obtain 1935 from the sheriff or from a designee of the sheriff a registration 1936 form that conforms to division (C) of this section, shall complete 1937 and sign the form, and shall return the completed form together 1938 with the offender's or delinquent child's photograph to the 1939 sheriff or the designee. The sheriff or designee shall sign the 1940 form and indicate on the form the date on which it is so returned. 1941 The registration required under this division is complete when the 1942 offender or delinquent child returns the form, containing the 1943 requisite information, photograph, signatures, and date, to the 1944 sheriff or designee. 1945

(C) The registration form to be used under divisions (A) and 1946 (B) of this section shall contain the current residence address of 1947 the offender or delinquent child who is registering, the name and 1948 address of the offender's or delinquent child's employer, if the 1949 offender or delinquent child is employed at the time of 1950 registration or if the offender or delinguent child knows at the 1951 time of registration that the offender or delinquent child will be 1952 commencing employment with that employer subsequent to 1953 registration, and any other information required by the bureau of 1954 criminal identification and investigation and shall include the 1955 offender's or delinquent child's photograph. Additionally, if the 1956 offender or delinquent child has been adjudicated as being a 1957 sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented offense in 1958 question and the court has not subsequently determined pursuant to 1959 division (D) of section 2950.09, section 2152.84, or section 1960 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the offender or delinquent child 1961 no longer is a sexual predator or if the sentencing judge 1962 determined pursuant to division (C) of section 2950.09, division 1963

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(B) of section 2152.83, section 2152.84, or section 2152.85 of the 1964 Revised Code that the offender or delinquent child is a habitual 1965 sex offender, and the determination has not been removed pursuant 1966 to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, the offender or 1967 delinquent child shall include on the signed, written registration 1968 form all of the following information: 1969

(1) A specific declaration that the person has been 1970
adjudicated as being a sexual predator or has been determined to 1971
be a habitual sex offender, whichever is applicable; 1972

(2) If the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> has been adjudicated
1973
as being a sexual predator, the identification license plate
1974
number of each motor vehicle the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> owns
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and of each motor vehicle registered in the offender's <u>or</u>
1976
<u>delinquent child's</u> name.

(D) After an offender or delinguent child registers with a 1978 sheriff pursuant to this section, the sheriff shall forward the 1979 signed, written registration form and photograph to the bureau of 1980 criminal identification and investigation in accordance with the 1981 forwarding procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of the 1982 Revised Code. The bureau shall include the information and 1983 materials forwarded to it under this division in the state 1984 registry of sex offenders established and maintained under section 1985 2950.13 of the Revised Code. 1986

(E) No person who is required to register pursuant to
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall fail to register as
required in accordance with those divisions or that division.

(F) An offender or delinquent child who is required to
register pursuant to divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall
register pursuant to this section for the period of time specified
1992
in section 2950.07 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 2950.05. (A) If an offender <u>or delinquent child</u> is 1994

required to register pursuant to section 2950.04 of the Revised 1995 Code, the offender or delinquent child, at least seven days prior 1996 to changing the offender's or delinguent child's residence address 1997 during the period during which the offender or delinquent child is 1998 required to register, shall provide written notice of the 1999 residence address change to the sheriff with whom the offender or 2000 delinquent child most recently registered under section 2950.04 of 2001 the Revised Code or under division (B) of this section. 2002

(B) If an offender or delinquent child is required to provide 2003 notice of a residence address change under division (A) of this 2004 section, the offender or delinquent child, at least seven days 2005 prior to changing the residence address, also shall register the 2006 new residence address in the manner described in divisions (B) and 2007 (C) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code with the sheriff of the 2008 county in which the offender's or delinquent child's new residence 2009 address is located, subject to division (C) of this section. 2010

(C) Divisions (A) and (B) of this section apply to a person 2012 who is required to register pursuant to section 2950.04 of the 2013 Revised Code regardless of whether the new residence address is in 2014 this state or in another state. If the new residence address is in 2015 another state, the person shall register with the appropriate law 2016 enforcement officials in that state in the manner required under 2017 the law of that state and within the earlier of the period of time 2018 required under the law of that state or at least seven days prior 2019 to changing the residence address. 2020

(D)(1) Upon receiving from an offender or delinquent child 2021 pursuant to division (A) of this section notice of a change of the 2022 offender's or delinquent child's residence address, a sheriff 2023 promptly shall forward the new residence address to the bureau of 2024 criminal identification and investigation in accordance with the 2025 forwarding procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of the 2026

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Revised Code if the new residence address is in another state or, 2027 if the offender's or delinguent child's new residence address is 2028 located in another county in this state, to the sheriff of that 2029 county. The bureau shall include all information forwarded to it 2030 under this division in the state registry of sex offenders 2031 established and maintained under section 2950.13 of the Revised 2032 Code and shall forward notice of the offender's or delinquent 2033 child's new residence address to the appropriate officials in the 2034 other state. 2035

(2) When an offender <u>or delinquent child</u> registers a new
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residence address pursuant to division (B) of this section, the
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sheriff with whom the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> registers and
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the bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall
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comply with division (D) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code.

(E)(1) No person who is required to notify a sheriff of a 2041
change of address pursuant to division (A) of this section shall 2042
fail to notify the appropriate sheriff in accordance with that 2043
division. 2044

(2) No person who is required to register a new residence
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address with a sheriff or with an official of another state
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pursuant to divisions (B) and (C) of this section shall fail to
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register with the appropriate sheriff or official of the other
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state in accordance with those divisions.

(F) An offender or delinquent child who is required to comply 2050
with divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall do so for 2051
the period of time specified in section 2950.07 of the Revised 2052
Code. 2053

sec. 2950.06. (A) An offender or delinquent child who is 2054 required to register pursuant to section 2950.04 of the Revised 2055 Code shall periodically verify the offender's or delinquent 2056 child's current residence address in accordance with this section. 2057

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The frequency of verification shall be determined in accordance 2058 with division (B) of this section, and the manner of verification 2059 shall be determined in accordance with division (C) of this 2060 section. 2061

(B) The frequency with which an offender or delinquent child 2062 must verify the offender's or delinquent child's current residence 2063 address pursuant to division (A) of this section shall be 2064 determined as follows: 2065

(1) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense for 2066 which the offender or delinquent child is required to register was 2067 committed, if the offender or delinquent child has been 2068 adjudicated as being a sexual predator relative to the sexually 2069 oriented offense and if the court has not subsequently entered a 2070 determination pursuant to division (D) of section 2950.09, section 2071 2152.84, or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the offender 2072 or delinquent child no longer is a sexual predator, the offender 2073 or delinquent child shall verify the offender's or delinquent 2074 child's current residence address in accordance with division (C) 2075 of this section every ninety days after the offender's or 2076 delinquent child's initial registration date during the period the 2077 offender or delinquent child is required to register. 2078

(2) In all circumstances not described in division (B)(1) of 2079 this section, the offender or delinquent child shall verify the 2080 offender's or delinquent child's current residence address in 2081 accordance with division (C) of this section on each anniversary 2082 of the offender's or delinquent child's initial registration date 2083 during the period the offender or delinguent child is required to 2084 register. 2085

(C)(1) An offender or delinquent child who is required to 2086 verify the offender's or delinquent child's current residence 2087 address pursuant to division (A) of this section shall verify the 2088

address with the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent 2089 child most recently registered by personally appearing before the 2090 sheriff or a designee of the sheriff, no earlier than ten days 2091 before the date on which the verification is required pursuant to 2092 division (B) of this section and no later than the date so 2093 required for verification, and completing and signing a copy of 2094 the verification form prescribed by the bureau of criminal 2095 identification and investigation. The sheriff or designee shall 2096 sign the completed form and indicate on the form the date on which 2097 it is so completed. The verification required under this division 2098 is complete when the offender or delinquent child personally 2099 appears before the sheriff or designee and completes and signs the 2100 form as described in this division. 2101

(2) To facilitate the verification of an offender's or 2102 <u>delinquent child's</u> current residence address under division (C)(1) 2103 of this section, the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent 2104 child most recently registered may mail a nonforwardable 2105 verification form prescribed by the bureau of criminal 2106 identification and investigation to the offender's or delinquent 2107 child's last reported address and to the last reported address of 2108 the parents of the delinquent child, with a notice that 2109 conspicuously states that the offender or delinquent child must 2110 personally appear before the sheriff or a designee of the sheriff 2111 to complete the form and the date by which the form must be so 2112 completed. Regardless of whether a sheriff mails a form to an 2113 offender or delinquent child and that child's parents, each 2114 offender or delinquent child who is required to verify the 2115 offender's or delinquent child's current residence address 2116 pursuant to division (A) of this section shall personally appear 2117 before the sheriff or a designee of the sheriff to verify the 2118 address in accordance with division (C)(1) of this section. 2119

(D) The verification form to be used under division (C) of 2120

2121 this section shall contain the current residence address of the 2122 offender or delinquent child, the name and address of the 2123 offender's or delinquent child's employer if the offender or 2124 delinquent child is employed at the time of verification or if the 2125 offender or delinguent child knows at the time of verification 2126 that the offender or delinquent child will be commencing 2127 employment with that employer subsequent to verification, and any 2128 other information required by the bureau of criminal 2129 identification and investigation.

(E) Upon an offender's or delinguent child's personal 2130 appearance and completion of a verification form under division 2131 (C) of this section, a sheriff promptly shall forward a copy of 2132 the verification form to the bureau of criminal identification and 2133 investigation in accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted 2134 by the attorney general pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised 2135 Code. The bureau shall include all information forwarded to it 2136 under this division in the state registry of sex offenders 2137 established and maintained under section 2950.13 of the Revised 2138 Code. 2139

(F) No person who is required to verify a current residence 2140 address pursuant to divisions (A) to (C) of this section shall 2141 fail to verify a current residence address in accordance with 2142 those divisions by the date required for the verification as set 2143 forth in division (B) of this section, provided that no person 2144 shall be prosecuted or subjected to a delinquent child proceeding 2145 for a violation of this division, and that no parent, quardian, or 2146 custodian of a delinquent child shall be prosecuted for a 2147 violation of section 2919.24 of the Revised Code based on the 2148 delinquent child's violation of this division, prior to the 2149 expiration of the period of time specified in division (G) of this 2150 section. 2151

(G)(1) If an offender <u>or delinquent child</u> fails to verify a 2152

current residence address as required by divisions (A) to (C) of 2153 this section by the date required for the verification as set 2154 forth in division (B) of this section, the sheriff with whom the 2155 offender or delinquent child is required to verify the current 2156 residence address, on the day following that date required for the 2157 verification, shall send a written warning to the offender or to 2158 the delinquent child and that child's parents, at the offender's 2159 or delinquent child's and that child's parents last known 2160 residence address, regarding the offender's or delinquent child's 2161 duty to verify the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> current 2162 residence address. The 2163

The written warning shall identify do all of the following: 2164

(a) Identify the sheriff who sends it and the date on which2165it is sent and shall state:2166

(b) State conspicuously that the offender or delinquent child 2167 has failed to verify the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> current 2168 residence address by the date required for the verification-*i* 2169

2170

(c) Conspicuously state that the offender or delinquent child2171has seven days from the date on which the warning is sent to2172verify the current residence address with the sheriff who sent the2173warning__i2174

(d) Conspicuously state that a failure to timely verify the 2175 current residence address is a felony offense; 2176

(e) Conspicuously state that, if the offender or delinquent2177child verifies the current residence address with that sheriff2178within that seven-day-period, the offender or delinquent child2179will not be prosecuted or subjected to a delinquent child2180proceeding for a failure to timely verify a current residence2181address, and the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian2182will not be prosecuted based on a failure of the delinquent child2183

to timely verify an address;

(f) Conspicuously state that, if the offender or delinquent 2185 child does not verify the current residence address with that 2186 sheriff within that seven-day-period, the offender or delinquent 2187 child will be arrested or taken into custody, as appropriate, and 2188 prosecuted or subjected to a delinquent child proceeding for a 2189 failure to timely verify a current residence address and the 2190 delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian may be 2191 prosecuted for a violation of section 2919.24 of the Revised Code 2192 based on the delinguent child's failure to timely verify a current 2193 residence address. 2194

(2) If an offender or delinquent child fails to verify a 2195 current residence address as required by divisions (A) to (C) of 2196 this section by the date required for the verification as set 2197 forth in division (B) of this section, the offender or delinquent 2198 child shall not be prosecuted or subjected to a delinquent child 2199 proceeding for a violation of division (F) of this section, and 2200 the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian shall not be 2201 prosecuted for a violation of section 2919.24 of the Revised Code 2202 based on the delinquent child's failure to timely verify a current 2203 residence address, unless the seven-day-period subsequent to that 2204 date that the offender or delinquent child is provided under 2205 division (G)(1) of this section to verify the current residence 2206 address has expired and the offender or delinquent child, prior to 2207 2208 the expiration of that seven-day-period, has not verified the current residence address. Upon the expiration of the 2209 seven-day-period that the offender or delinquent child is provided 2210 under division (G)(1) of this section to verify the current 2211 residence address has expired, if the offender or delinquent child 2212 has not verified the current residence address, all of the 2213 following apply: 2214

(a) The sheriff with whom the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> is 2215

required to verify the current residence address promptly shall 2216 notify the bureau of criminal identification and investigation of 2217 the failure. 2218

(b) The sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child is 2219 required to verify the current residence address, the sheriff of 2220 the county in which the offender or delinquent child resides, or a 2221 deputy of the appropriate sheriff, shall locate the offender or 2222 delinquent child, promptly shall seek a warrant for the arrest or 2223 taking into custody, as appropriate, of the offender or delinquent 2224 child for the violation of division (F) of this section and shall 2225 arrest the offender or take the child into custody, as 2226 2227 appropriate.

(c) The offender or delinquent child is subject to 2228
prosecution or a delinquent child proceeding for the violation of 2229
division (F) of this section, and the delinquent child's parent, 2230
guardian, or custodian may be subject to prosecution for a 2231
violation of section 2919.24 of the Revised Code based on the 2232
delinquent child's violation of that division. 2233

(H) A person who is required to verify the person's current
 2234
 residence address pursuant to divisions (A) to (C) of this section
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 shall do so for the period of time specified in section 2950.07 of
 2236
 the Revised Code.

sec. 2950.07. (A) The duty of an offender who is convicted of 2238 or pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 2239 to, a sexually oriented offense and the duty of a delinquent child 2240 who is adjudicated a delinguent child for committing a sexually 2241 oriented offense and is classified a juvenile sex offense 2242 registrant or who is an out-of-state juvenile sex offender 2243 registrant to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 2244 of the Revised Code commences on whichever of the following dates 2245 is applicable: 2246

(1) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to 2247 division (A)(1)(a) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, the 2248 offender's duty to comply with those sections commences on the 2249 date of the offender's release from a prison term, a term of 2250 imprisonment, or any other type of confinement or on July 1, 1997, 2251 whichever is later. 2252

(2) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to 2253 division $(A)\frac{(2)(1)(b)}{(1)(b)}$ of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, the 2254 offender's duty to comply with those sections commences on the 2255 date of entry of the judgment of conviction of the sexually 2256 oriented offense or on July 1, 1997, whichever is later. 2257

(3) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to 2258 division $(A)\frac{(3)(1)(c)}{(1)(c)}$ of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, the 2259 offender's duty to comply with those sections commences fourteen 2260 days after July 1, 1997. 2261

(4) If the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> duty to register 2262 is imposed pursuant to division (A) (4) or (5) (3) (a) or (b) of 2263 section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, the offender's duty to comply 2264 with those sections commences on the effective date of this 2265 amendment March 30, 1999, or on the date that the offender begins 2266 to reside or becomes temporarily domiciled in this state, 2267 whichever is later, and the delinquent child's duty commences on 2268 the effective date of this amendment or on the date the delinquent 2269 child begins to reside or becomes temporarily domiciled in this 2270 state, whichever is later. 2271

(5) If the delinquent child's duty to register is imposed2272pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 2950.04 of the Revised2273Code, if the delinquent child's classification as a juvenile sex2274offender registrant is made at the time of the child's disposition2275for that sexually oriented offense, and if the delinquent child is2276committed for the sexually oriented offense to the department of2277youth services or to a secure facility that is not operated by the2278

department, the delinguent child's duty to comply with those	2279
sections commences on the date of the delinguent child's discharge	2280
or release from custody in the department of youth services secure	2281
facility or from the secure facility not operated by the	2282
department as described in that division.	2283

(6) If the delinquent child's duty to register is imposed 2284 pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code 2285 and if either the delinquent child's classification as a juvenile 2286 sex offender registrant is made at the time of the child's 2287 disposition for that sexually oriented offense and the delinquent 2288 child is not committed for the sexually oriented offense to the 2289 department of youth services or to a secure facility that is not 2290 operated by the department or the child's classification as a 2291 juvenile sex offender registrant is made pursuant to sections 2292 2152.83 of the Revised Code, the delinquent child's duty to comply 2293 with those sections commences on the date of entry of the court's 2294 order that classifies the delinquent child a juvenile sex offender 2295 registrant. 2296

(B) The duty of an offender who is convicted of or pleads 2297 guilty to, or has been convicted of or pleads pleaded guilty to, a 2298 sexually oriented offense and the duty of a delinquent child who 2299 is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually 2300 oriented offense and is classified a juvenile sex offender 2301 registrant or who is an out-of-state juvenile sex offender 2302 registrant to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 2303 of the Revised Code continues, after the date of commencement, for 2304 whichever of the following periods is applicable: 2305

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2306 offender <u>or delinquent child</u> has been adjudicated as being a 2307 sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented offense, the 2308 offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> duty to comply with those 2309 sections continues until the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> 2310

death. If the judge who sentenced the offender or made the 2311 disposition for the delinguent child or that judge's successor in 2312 office subsequently enters a determination pursuant to division 2313 (D) of section 2950.09 or pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 2314 of the Revised Code that the offender or delinquent child no 2315 longer is a sexual predator, the offender's or delinquent child's 2316 duty to comply with those sections continues for the period of 2317 time that otherwise would have been applicable to the offender or 2318 delinquent child under division (B)(2) or (3) of this section. 2319

(2) If the judge who sentenced the offender or made the 2320 disposition for the delinquent child for committing the sexually 2321 oriented offense, or the successor in office of the juvenile court 2322 judge who made the delinguent child disposition, determined 2323 pursuant to division (E) of section 2950.09 or pursuant to 2324 division (B) of section 2152.83, section 2152.84, or section 2325 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the offender or delinquent child 2326 is a habitual sex offender, the offender's or delinquent child's 2327 duty to comply with those sections continues for twenty years. If 2328 a delinquent child is determined pursuant to division (E) of 2329 section 2950.09 or pursuant to division (B) of section 2152.83, 2330 section 2152.84, or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code to be a 2331 habitual sex offender and if the judge who made the disposition 2332 for the delinquent child or that judge's successor in office 2333 subsequently enters a determination pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2334 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the delinquent child no longer is 2335 a habitual sex offender but remains a juvenile sex offender 2336 registrant, the delinguent child's duty to comply with those 2337 sections continues for the period of time that otherwise would 2338 have been applicable to the delinquent child under division (B)(3) 2339 <u>of this section.</u> 2340

(3) If neither division (B)(1) nor (B)(2) of this sectionapplies, the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> duty to comply with2342

those sections continues for ten years. If a delinquent child is	2343
classified pursuant to section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the Revised	2344
Code a juvenile sex offender registrant and if the judge who made	2345
the disposition for the delinquent child or that judge's successor	2346
in office subsequently enters a determination pursuant to section	2347
2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the delinguent child	2348
no longer is to be classified a juvenile sex offender registrant,	2349
the delinguent child's duty to comply with those sections	2350
terminates upon the court's entry of the determination.	2351

(C) (1) If an offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 2352 to a sexually oriented offense or a delinquent child has been 2353 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented 2354 offense and is classified a juvenile sex offender registrant or is 2355 an out-of-state juvenile sex offender registrant, and if the 2356 offender subsequently is convicted of or pleads guilty to another 2357 sexually oriented offense or the delinquent child subsequently is 2358 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing another sexually 2359 oriented offense and is classified a juvenile sex offender 2360 registrant relative to that offense or subsequently is convicted 2361 of or pleads quilty to another sexually oriented offense, the 2362 period of time for which the offender or delinquent child must 2363 comply with the sections specified in division (A) of this section 2364 shall be separately calculated pursuant to divisions (A)(1), (2), 2365 and (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7) of this section for each of the 2366 sexually oriented offenses, and the separately calculated periods 2367 of time shall be complied with independently. 2368

If a delinquent child has been adjudicated a delinquent child2369for committing a sexually oriented offense, is classified a2370juvenile sex offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile2371sex offender registrant relative to the offense, and, after2372attaining eighteen years of age, subsequently is convicted of or2373pleads guilty to another sexually oriented offense, the subsequent2374

conviction or guilty plea does not limit, affect, or supersede the	2375
duties imposed upon the delinguent child under this chapter	2376
relative to the delinquent child's classification as a juvenile	2377
<u>sex offender registrant or as an out-of-state juvenile sex</u>	2378
offender registrant, and the delinquent child shall comply with	2379
both those duties and the duties imposed under this chapter	2380
relative to the subsequent conviction or guilty plea.	2381

(2) If a delinquent child has been adjudicated a delinquent 2382 child for committing on or after the effective date of this 2383 amendment a sexually oriented offense and is classified a juvenile 2384 sex offender registrant relative to the offense, if the order 2385 containing the classification also contains a determination by the 2386 juvenile judge that the delinquent child is a sexual predator or a 2387 habitual sex offender, and if the juvenile judge or the judge's 2388 successor in office subsequently determines pursuant to section 2389 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the delinquent child 2390 no longer is a sexual predator or habitual sex offender, the 2391 judge's subsequent determination does not affect the date of 2392 commencement of the delinquent child's duty to comply with 2393 sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code as 2394 determined under division (A) of this section. 2395

(D) The duty of an offender or delinquent child to register 2396 under this chapter is tolled for any period during which the 2397 offender or delinquent child is returned to confinement in a 2398 secure facility for any reason or imprisoned for an offense when 2399 the confinement in a secure facility or imprisonment occurs 2400 subsequent to the date determined pursuant to division (A) of this 2401 section. The offender's or delinquent child's duty to register 2402 under this chapter resumes upon the offender's or delinquent 2403 child's release from confinement in a secure facility or 2404 2405 imprisonment.

(E) An offender <u>or delinquent child</u> who has been convicted of 2406

or pleaded guilty to, or has been or is adjudicated a delinguent 2407 child for committing, a sexually oriented offense in another state 2408 or in a federal court, military court, or an Indian tribal court 2409 may apply to the sheriff of the county in which the offender or 2410 <u>delinquent child</u> resides or temporarily is domiciled for credit 2411 against the duty to register for the time that the offender or 2412 delinquent child has complied with the sex offender registration 2413 requirements of another jurisdiction. The sheriff shall grant the 2414 offender or delinquent child credit against the duty to register 2415 for time for which the offender or delinquent child provides 2416 adequate proof that the offender or delinquent child has complied 2417 with the sex offender registration requirements of another 2418 jurisdiction. If the offender or delinquent child disagrees with 2419 the determination of the sheriff, the offender or delinquent child 2420 may appeal the determination to the court of common pleas of the 2421 county in which the offender or delinquent child resides or is 2422 temporarily domiciled. 2423

Sec. 2950.081. (A) Any statements, information, photographs, 2424 or fingerprints that section 2950.04, 2950.05, or 2950.06 of the 2425 Revised Code requires a person to provide, that are provided by a 2426 person who registers, who provides notice of a change of residence 2427 address and registers the new residence address, or who provides 2428 verification of a current residence address pursuant to any 2429 provision of those sections, and that are in the possession of a 2430 county sheriff are public records open to public inspection under 2431 section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 2432

(B) Except when the act that is the basis of a child's2433classification as a juvenile sex offender registrant is a2434violation of, or an attempt to commit a violation of, section24352903.01, 2903.02, or 2905.01 of the Revised Code that was2436committed with a purpose to gratify the sexual needs or desires of2437the child, a violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code, or2438

an attempt to commit a violation of that section, the sheriff	2439
shall not cause to be publicly disseminated by means of the	2440
internet any statements, information, photographs, or fingerprints	2441
that are provided by a juvenile sex offender registrant who	2442
registers, who provides notice of a change of residence address	2443
and registers the new residence address, or who provides	2444
verification of a current residence address pursuant to this	2445
chapter and that are in the possession of a county sheriff.	2446

Sec. 2950.09. (A) If a person is convicted of or pleads 2447 guilty to committing, on or after January 1, 1997, a sexually 2448 oriented offense that is a sexually violent offense and also is 2449 convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually violent predator 2450 specification that was included in the indictment, count in the 2451 indictment, or information charging the sexually violent offense, 2452 the conviction of plea of guilty to the specification 2453 automatically classifies the offender as a sexual predator for 2454 purposes of this chapter. If a person is convicted of or, pleads 2455 guilty to, or is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing, a 2456 sexually oriented offense in another state, or in a federal court, 2457 military court, or an Indian tribal court and if, as a result of 2458 that conviction or, plea of guilty, or adjudication, the person is 2459 required, under the law of the jurisdiction in which the person 2460 was convicted or, pleaded guilty, or was adjudicated, to register 2461 as a sex offender until the person's death and is required to 2462 verify the person's address on at least a quarterly basis each 2463 year, that conviction or, plea of guilty, or adjudication 2464 automatically classifies the offender person as a sexual predator 2465 for the purposes of this chapter, but the offender person may 2466 challenge that classification pursuant to division (F) of this 2467 section. In all other cases, a person who is convicted of or 2468 pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, 2469 or is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing, a sexually 2470

oriented offense may be classified as a sexual predator for 2471 purposes of this chapter only in accordance with division (B) or 2472 (C) of this section or, regarding delinguent children, divisions 2473 (B) and (C) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code. 2474

(B)(1) The judge who is to impose sentence on a person who is 2475 convicted of or pleads quilty to a sexually oriented offense or 2476 the judge who is to impose or has imposed, pursuant to section 2477 2152.82 or division (A) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code, an order of disposition upon a child who is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing on or after the effective date of this amendment a sexually oriented offense shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the offender is a sexual predator if any of the 2482 following circumstances apply: 2483

(a) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 2484 committed, if a person the offender is to be sentenced on or after 2485 January 1, 1997, for a sexually oriented offense that is not a 2486 sexually violent offense, or if a person. 2487

(b) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 2488 committed, the offender is to be sentenced on or after January 1, 2489 1997, for a sexually oriented offense that is a sexually violent 2490 offense and a sexually violent predator specification was not 2491 included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or 2492 information charging the sexually violent offense, the judge who 2493 is to impose sentence upon the offender shall conduct a hearing to 2494 determine whether the offender is a sexual predator. The judge. 2495

(c) The delinquent child was classified a juvenile sex 2496 offender registrant pursuant to section 2152.82 or division (A) of 2497 section 2152.83 of the Revised Code. A judge shall not conduct a 2498 hearing under division (B) of this section regarding a delinguent 2499 child unless the delinquent child is in the category of delinquent 2500 children described in this division. 2501

(2) The judge shall conduct the hearing prior to sentencing 2502

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2503 and, if the sexually oriented offense is a felony $_{7}$ and if the hearing is being conducted under division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this 2504 section, the judge may conduct it as part of the sentencing 2505 hearing required by section 2929.19 of the Revised Code. The court 2506 shall give the offender or delinquent child and the prosecutor who 2507 prosecuted the offender or handled the case against the delinquent 2508 child for the sexually oriented offense notice of the date, time, 2509 and location of the hearing. At the hearing, the offender or 2510 <u>delinquent child</u> and the prosecutor shall have an opportunity to 2511 testify, present evidence, call and examine witnesses and expert 2512 witnesses, and cross-examine witnesses and expert witnesses 2513 regarding the determination as to whether the offender or 2514 delinquent child is a sexual predator. The offender or delinquent 2515 child shall have the right to be represented by counsel and, if 2516 indigent, the right to have counsel appointed to represent the 2517 offender or delinguent child. 2518

(2)(3) In making a determination under divisions (B)(1) and 2519 (3)(4) of this section as to whether an offender <u>or delinquent</u> 2520 child is a sexual predator, the judge shall consider all relevant 2521 factors, including, but not limited to, all of the following: 2522

(a) The offender's or delinguent child's age; 2523

(b) The offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> prior criminal <u>or</u> 2524 <u>delinquency</u> record regarding all offenses, including, but not 2525 limited to, all sexual offenses; 2526

(c) The age of the victim of the sexually oriented offense 2527 for which sentence is to be imposed or the order of disposition is 2528 to be made; 2529

(d) Whether the sexually oriented offense for which sentence 2530 is to be imposed or the order of disposition is to be made 2531 involved multiple victims; 2532

(e) Whether the offender or delinquent child used drugs or 2533

alcohol to impair the victim of the sexually oriented offense or 2534 to prevent the victim from resisting; 2535

(f) If the offender or delinquent child previously has been 2536 convicted of or pleaded guilty to any, or been adjudicated a 2537 delinquent child for committing an act that if committed by an adult would be, a criminal offense, whether the offender or 2539 delinquent child completed any sentence or dispositional order 2540 imposed for the prior offense or act and, if the prior offense or 2541 act was a sex offense or a sexually oriented offense, whether the 2542 offender or delinquent child participated in available programs 2543 for sexual offenders; 2544

(g) Any mental illness or mental disability of the offender or delinquent child; 2546

(h) The nature of the offender's or delinquent child's sexual 2547 conduct, sexual contact, or interaction in a sexual context with 2548 the victim of the sexually oriented offense and whether the sexual 2549 conduct, sexual contact, or interaction in a sexual context was 2550 part of a demonstrated pattern of abuse; 2551

(i) Whether the offender or delinquent child, during the 2552 commission of the sexually oriented offense for which sentence is 2553 to be imposed or the order of disposition is to be made, displayed 2554 cruelty or made one or more threats of cruelty; 2555

(j) Any additional behavioral characteristics that contribute 2556 to the offender's or delinguent child's conduct. 2557

(3)(4) After reviewing all testimony and evidence presented 2558 at the hearing conducted under division (B)(1) of this section and 2559 the factors specified in division $(B)\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ of this section, the 2560 judge court shall determine by clear and convincing evidence 2561 whether the subject offender or delinquent child is a sexual 2562 predator. If the judge court determines that the subject offender 2563 or delinquent child is not a sexual predator, the judge court 2564

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shall specify in the offender's sentence and the judgment of 2565 conviction that contains the sentence or in the delinquent child's 2566 dispositional order, as appropriate, that the judge court has 2567 determined that the offender or delinquent child is not a sexual 2568 predator. If the judge court determines by clear and convincing 2569 evidence that the <u>subject</u> offender <u>or delinquent child</u> is a sexual 2570 predator, the judge court shall specify in the offender's sentence 2571 and the judgment of conviction that contains the sentence or in 2572 the delinquent child's dispositional order, as appropriate, that 2573 the judge court has determined that the offender or delinquent 2574 child is a sexual predator and shall specify that the 2575 determination was pursuant to division (B) of this section. The 2576 offender or delinquent child and the prosecutor who prosecuted the 2577 offender or handled the case against the delinquent child for the 2578 sexually oriented offense in question may appeal as a matter of 2579 right the judge's court's determination under this division as to 2580 whether the offender or delinquent child is, or is not, a sexual 2581 predator. 2582

(4)(5) A hearing shall not be conducted under division (B) of 2583 this section regarding an offender if the sexually oriented 2584 offense in question is a sexually violent offense and the 2585 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the 2586 offense also included a sexually violent predator specification. 2587

(C)(1) If a person was convicted of or pleaded quilty to a 2588 sexually oriented offense prior to January 1, 1997, if the person 2589 was not sentenced for the offense on or after January 1, 1997, and 2590 if, on or after January 1, 1997, the offender is serving a term of 2591 imprisonment in a state correctional institution, the department 2592 2593 of rehabilitation and correction shall determine whether to recommend that the offender be adjudicated as being a sexual 2594 predator. In making a determination under this division as to 2595 whether to recommend that the offender be adjudicated as being a 2596

2597 sexual predator, the department shall consider all relevant 2598 factors, including, but not limited to, all of the factors 2599 specified in division (B)(2) of this section. If the department 2600 determines that it will recommend that the offender be adjudicated 2601 as being a sexual predator, it immediately shall send the 2602 recommendation to the court that sentenced the offender and shall 2603 enter its determination and recommendation in the offender's 2604 institutional record, and the court shall proceed in accordance 2605 with division (C)(2) of this section.

(2)(a) If, pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, the 2606 department of rehabilitation and correction sends to a court a 2607 recommendation that an offender who has been convicted of or 2608 pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense be adjudicated as 2609 being a sexual predator, the court is not bound by the 2610 department's recommendation, and the court may conduct a hearing 2611 to determine whether the offender is a sexual predator. The court 2612 may deny the recommendation and determine that the offender is not 2613 a sexual predator without a hearing but shall not make a 2614 determination that the offender is a sexual predator in any case 2615 without a hearing. The court may hold the hearing and make the 2616 determination prior to the offender's release from imprisonment or 2617 at any time within one year following the offender's release from 2618 that imprisonment. If the court determines without a hearing that 2619 the offender is not a sexual predator, it shall include its 2620 determination in the offender's institutional record and shall 2621 determine whether the offender previously has been convicted of or 2622 pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense other than the 2623 offense in relation to which the court determined that the 2624 offender is not a sexual predator. 2625

The court may make the determination as to whether the 2626 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 2627 sexually oriented offense without a hearing, but, if the court 2628

2629 determines that the offender previously has been convicted of or 2630 pleaded guilty to such an offense, it shall not impose a 2631 requirement that the offender be subject to the community 2632 notification provisions regarding the offender's place of 2633 residence that are contained in sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of 2634 the Revised Code without a hearing. The court may conduct a 2635 hearing to determine both whether the offender previously has been 2636 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense and 2637 whether to impose a requirement that the offender be subject to 2638 the community notification provisions as described in this 2639 division, or may conduct a hearing solely to make the latter 2640 determination. The court shall include in the offender's 2641 institutional record any determination made under this division as 2642 to whether the offender previously has been convicted of or 2643 pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense, and, as such, 2644 whether the offender is a habitual sex offender.

(b) If the court schedules a hearing under division (C)(2)(a)2645 of this section, the court shall give the offender and the 2646 prosecutor who prosecuted the offender for the sexually oriented 2647 offense, or that prosecutor's successor in office, notice of the 2648 date, time, and place of the hearing. If the hearing is to 2649 determine whether the offender is a sexual predator, it shall be 2650 conducted in the manner described in division (B)(1) of this 2651 section regarding hearings conducted under that division and, in 2652 making a determination under this division as to whether the 2653 offender is a sexual predator, the court shall consider all 2654 relevant factors, including, but not limited to, all of the 2655 factors specified in division (B)(2) of this section. After 2656 reviewing all testimony and evidence presented at the sexual 2657 predator hearing and the factors specified in division (B)(2) of 2658 this section, the court shall determine by clear and convincing 2659 evidence whether the offender is a sexual predator. If the court 2660

determines that the offender is not a sexual predator, it also2661shall determine whether the offender previously has been convicted2662of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense other than the2663offense in relation to which the hearing is being conducted.2664

Upon making its determinations at the hearing, the court 2665 shall proceed as follows: 2666

(i) If the hearing is to determine whether the offender is a 2667 sexual predator, and if the court determines that the offender is 2668 not a sexual predator and that the offender previously has not 2669 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense 2670 other than the offense in relation to which the hearing is being 2671 conducted, it shall include its determinations in the offender's 2672 institutional record. 2673

(ii) If the hearing is to determine whether the offender is a 2674 sexual predator, and if the court determines that the offender is 2675 not a sexual predator but that the offender previously has been 2676 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense 2677 other than the offense in relation to which the hearing is being 2678 conducted, it shall include its determination that the offender is 2679 not a sexual predator but is a habitual sex offender in the 2680 offender's institutional record, shall attach the determinations 2681 to the offender's sentence, shall specify that the determinations 2682 were pursuant to division (C) of this section, shall provide a 2683 copy of the determinations to the offender, to the prosecuting 2684 attorney, and to the department of rehabilitation and correction, 2685 and may impose a requirement that the offender be subject to the 2686 community notification provisions regarding the offender's place 2687 of residence that are contained in sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of 2688 the Revised Code. The offender shall not be subject to those 2689 community notification provisions relative to the sexually 2690 oriented offense in question if the court does not so impose the 2691 requirement described in this division. If the court imposes those 2692

community notification provisions, the offender may appeal the 2693 judge's determination that the offender is a habitual sex 2694 offender. 2695

(iii) If the hearing is to determine whether the offender 2696 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually 2697 oriented offense other than the offense in relation to which the 2698 hearing is being conducted and whether to impose a requirement 2699 that the offender be subject to the specified community 2700 notification provisions, and if the court determines that the 2701 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 2702 such an offense, the court shall proceed as described in division 2703 (C)(2)(b)(ii) of this section and may impose a community 2704 notification requirement as described in that division. The 2705 offender shall not be subject to the specified community 2706 notification provisions relative to the sexually oriented offense 2707 in question if the court does not so impose the requirement 2708 described in that division. If the court imposes those community 2709 notification provisions, the offender may appeal the judge's 2710 determination that the offender is a habitual sex offender. 2711

(iv) If the court determined without a hearing that the 2712 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 2713 sexually oriented offense other than the offense in relation to 2714 which the court determined that the offender is not a sexual 2715 predator, and, as such, is a habitual sex offender, and the 2716 hearing is solely to determine whether to impose a requirement 2717 that the offender be subject to the specified community 2718 notification provisions, after the hearing, the court may impose a 2719 community notification requirement as described in division 2720 (C)(2)(b)(ii) of this section. The offender shall not be subject 2721 to the specified community notification provisions relative to the 2722 2723 sexually oriented offense in question if the court does not so impose the requirement described in that division. If the court 2724

imposes those community notification provisions, the offender may 2725 appeal the judge's determination that the offender is a habitual 2726 sex offender. 2727

(v) If the hearing is to determine whether the offender is a 2728 sexual predator, and if the court determines by clear and 2729 convincing evidence that the offender is a sexual predator, it 2730 shall enter its determination in the offender's institutional 2731 record, shall attach the determination to the offender's sentence, 2732 shall specify that the determination was pursuant to division (C) 2733 of this section, and shall provide a copy of the determination to 2734 the offender, to the prosecuting attorney, and to the department 2735 of rehabilitation and correction. The offender and the prosecutor 2736 may appeal as a matter of right the judge's determination under 2737 this division as to whether the offender is, or is not, a sexual 2738 predator. 2739

(D)(1) Upon Division (D) of this section applies to persons 2740 who have been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a sexually 2741 oriented offense. The procedures set forth in division (D) of this 2742 section regarding a determination of whether a person no longer is 2743 a sexual predator also apply, to the extent specified in section 2744 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, to persons who have been 2745 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing a sexually oriented 2746 offense and have been determined by a juvenile court judge to be a 2747 sexual predator. A person who has been adjudicated a delinquent 2748 child for committing a sexually oriented offense and who has been 2749 classified by a juvenile court judge a juvenile sex offender 2750 registrant or, if applicable, additionally has been determined by 2751 a juvenile court judge to be a sexual predator or habitual sex 2752 offender, may petition the adjudicating court for a 2753 reclassification or declassification pursuant to section 2152.85 2754 2755 of the Revised Code.

<u>Upon</u> the expiration of the applicable period of time 2756

specified in division (D)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, an 2757 offender who has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a sexually 2758 oriented offense and who has been adjudicated as being a sexual 2759 predator relative to the sexually oriented offense in the manner 2760 described in division (B) or (C) of this section may petition the 2761 judge who made the determination that the offender was a sexual 2762 predator, or that judge's successor in office, to enter a 2763 determination that the offender no longer is a sexual predator. 2764 Upon the filing of the petition, the judge may review the prior 2765 sexual predator determination that comprises the sexually violent 2766 predator adjudication, and, upon consideration of all relevant 2767 evidence and information, including, but not limited to, the 2768 factors set forth in division $(B)\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ of this section, either 2769 shall enter a determination that the offender no longer is a 2770 sexual predator or shall enter an order denying the petition. The 2771 court judge shall not enter a determination under this division 2772 that the offender no longer is a sexual predator unless the court 2773 judge determines by clear and convincing evidence that the 2774 offender is unlikely to commit a sexually oriented offense in the 2775 future. If the judge enters a determination under this division 2776 that the offender no longer is a sexual predator, the judge shall 2777 notify the bureau of criminal identification and investigation and 2778 the parole board of the determination. Upon receipt of the 2779 notification, the bureau promptly shall notify the sheriff with 2780 whom the offender most recently registered under section 2950.04 2781 or 2950.05 of the Revised Code of the determination that the 2782 offender no longer is a sexual predator. If the judge enters an 2783 order denying the petition, the prior adjudication of the offender 2784 as a sexual predator shall remain in effect. An offender 2785 determined to be a sexual predator in the manner described in 2786 division (B) or (C) of this section may file a petition under this 2787 division after the expiration of the following periods of time: 2788

(a) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 2789

2790 committed, if, on or after January 1, 1997, the offender is 2791 imprisoned or sentenced to a prison term or other confinement for 2792 the sexually oriented offense in relation to which the 2793 determination was made, the offender initially may file the 2794 petition not earlier than one year prior to the offender's release 2795 from the imprisonment, prison term, or other confinement by 2796 discharge, parole, judicial release, or any other final release. 2797 If the offender is sentenced on or after January 1, 1997, for the 2798 sexually oriented offense in relation to which the determination 2799 is made and is not imprisoned or sentenced to a prison term or 2800 other confinement for the sexually oriented offense, the offender 2801 initially may file the petition upon the expiration of one year 2802 after the entry of the offender's judgment of conviction.

(b) After the offender's initial filing of a petition under 2803
division (D)(1)(a) of this section, thereafter, an offender may 2804
file a petition under this division upon the expiration of five 2805
years after the court has entered an order denying the petition 2806
under division (D)(1)(a) of this section or the most recent 2807
petition the offender has filed under this division. 2808

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, division 2809 (D)(1) of this section does not apply to a person who is 2810 classified as a sexual predator pursuant to division (A) of this 2811 section. If a person who is so classified was sentenced to a 2812 prison term pursuant to division (A)(3) of section 2971.03 of the 2813 Revised Code and if the sentencing court terminates the offender's 2814 prison term as provided in division (D) of section 2971.05 of the 2815 Revised Code, the court's termination of the prison term 2816 automatically shall constitute a determination by the court that 2817 the offender no longer is a sexual predator. If the court so 2818 terminates the offender's prison term, the court shall notify the 2819 bureau of criminal identification and investigation and the parole 2820 board of the determination that the offender no longer is a sexual 2821

2822 predator. Upon receipt of the notification, the bureau promptly 2823 shall notify the sheriff with whom the offender most recently 2824 registered under section 2950.04 or 2950.05 of the Revised Code 2825 that the offender no longer is a sexual predator. If an offender 2826 who is classified as a sexual predator pursuant to division (A) of 2827 this section is released from prison pursuant to a pardon or 2828 commutation, the classification of the offender as a sexual 2829 predator shall remain in effect after the offender's release, and 2830 the offender may file one or more petitions in accordance with the 2831 procedures and time limitations contained in division (D)(1) of 2832 this section for a determination that the offender no longer is a 2833 sexual predator.

(E) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to 2834 committing, on or after January 1, 1997, a sexually oriented 2835 offense, the judge who is to impose sentence on the offender shall 2836 determine, prior to sentencing, whether the offender previously 2837 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented 2838 offense. If a person is classified a juvenile sex offender 2839 registrant, pursuant to section 2152.82 or division (A) of section 2840 2152.83 of the Revised Code, the adjudicating judge shall 2841 determine, prior to entering the order classifying the delinguent 2842 child a juvenile sex offender registrant, whether the delinquent 2843 child previously has been adjudicated a delinquent child for 2844 committing a sexually oriented offense. If the adjudicating judge 2845 has classified the delinquent child under division (A) of section 2846 2152.83 of the Revised Code based on that adjudication a juvenile 2847 sex offender registrant, the judge shall determine, prior to 2848 entering the classification order, whether the delinguent child 2849 previously has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing 2850 a sexually oriented offense. If the judge determines that the 2851 offender previously has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 2852 a sexually oriented offense or that the delinquent child 2853

previously has not been adjudicated a delinquent child for 2854 committing a sexually oriented offense, the judge shall specify in 2855 the offender's sentence or in the order classifying the delinquent 2856 child a juvenile sex offender registrant that the judge has 2857 determined that the offender or delinguent child is not a habitual 2858 sex offender. If the judge determines that the offender previously 2859 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented 2860 offense or that the delinquent child previously has been 2861 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented 2862 offense, the judge shall specify in the offender's sentence and 2863 the judgment of conviction that contains the sentence or in the 2864 order classifying the delinguent child a juvenile sex offender 2865 registrant that the judge has determined that the offender or 2866 delinquent child is a habitual sex offender and may impose a 2867 requirement in that sentence and judgment of conviction or in that 2868 order that the offender or delinquent child be subject to the 2869 community notification provisions regarding the offender's or 2870 <u>delinquent child's</u> place of residence that are contained in 2871 sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of the Revised Code. Unless the 2872 habitual sex offender also has been adjudicated as being a sexual 2873 predator relative to the sexually oriented offense in question, 2874 the offender or delinquent child shall not be subject to those 2875 community notification provisions only if the court does not 2876 impose imposes the requirement described in this division in the 2877 offender's sentence and the judgment of conviction or in the order 2878 classifying the delinguent child a juvenile sex offender 2879 registrant. 2880

(F)(1) An offender or delinquent child classified as a sexual
predator may petition the court of common pleas or, for a
delinquent child, the juvenile court of the county in which the
offender or delinquent child resides or temporarily is domiciled
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to enter a determination that the offender or delinquent child is
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not an adjudicated sexual predator in this state for purposes of
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the sex offender registration requirements of this chapter or the 2887 community notification provisions contained in sections 2950.10 2888 and 2950.11 of the Revised Code if all of the following apply: 2889

(a) The offender <u>or delinquent child</u> was convicted of or.
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pleaded guilty to, <u>or was adjudicated a delinquent child for</u>
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<u>committing</u>, a sexually oriented offense in another state or in a
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federal court, a military court, or an Indian tribal court.
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(b) As a result of the conviction or, plea of quilty, or 2894 adjudication described in division (F)(1)(a) of this section, the 2895 offender or delinquent child is required under the law of the 2896 jurisdiction under which the offender or delinquent child was 2897 convicted or, pleaded guilty, or was adjudicated to register as a 2898 sex offender until the offender's or delinquent child's death and 2899 is required to verify the offender's or delinquent child's address 2900 on at least a quarterly basis each year. 2901

(c) The offender <u>or delinquent child</u> was automatically 2902
classified as a sexual predator under division (A) of this section 2903
in relation to the conviction or, guilty plea, <u>or adjudication</u> 2904
described in division (F)(1)(a) of this section. 2905

(2) The court may enter a determination that the offender or 2906 <u>delinquent child</u> filing the petition described in division (F)(1) 2907 of this section is not an adjudicated sexual predator in this 2908 state for purposes of the sex offender registration requirements 2909 of this chapter or the community notification provisions contained 2910 in sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of the Revised Code only if the 2911 offender or delinquent child proves by clear and convincing 2912 evidence that the requirement of the other jurisdiction that the 2913 offender or delinquent child register as a sex offender until the 2914 offender's or delinquent child's death and the requirement that 2915 the offender or delinquent child verify the offender's or 2916 <u>delinquent child's</u> address on at least a quarterly basis each year 2917 is not substantially similar to a classification as a sexual 2918

predator for purposes of this chapter.

Sec. 2950.10. (A)(1) If a person is convicted of or pleads 2920 guilty to, or has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, a 2921 sexually oriented offense or a person is adjudicated a delinquent 2922 child for committing a sexually oriented offense and is classified 2923 a juvenile sex offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile 2924 sex offender registrant based on that adjudication, if the 2925 offender or delinquent child has been adjudicated as being a 2926 sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented offense, and the 2927 court has not subsequently determined pursuant to division (D) of 2928 section 2950.09, section 2152.84, or section 2152.85 of the 2929 Revised Code that the offender or delinquent child no longer is a 2930 sexual predator or the offender or delinquent child has been 2931 determined pursuant to division (C)(2) or (E) of section 2950.09, 2932 division (B) of section 2152.83, section 2152.84, or section 2933 2152.85 of the Revised Code to be a habitual sex offender and, the 2934 court has imposed a requirement under that division or section 2935 subjecting the habitual sex offender to this section, and the 2936 determination has not been removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2937 2152.85 of the Revised Code, if the offender or delinquent child 2938 registers with a sheriff pursuant to section 2950.04 or 2950.05 of 2939 the Revised Code, and if the victim of the sexually oriented 2940 offense has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by the 2941 attorney general that specifies that the victim would like to be 2942 provided the notices described in this section, the sheriff shall 2943 notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense, in writing, 2944 that the offender or delinquent child has registered and shall 2945 include in the notice the offender's or delinquent child's name 2946 and residence address or addresses. The sheriff shall provide the 2947 notice required by this division to the victim at the most recent 2948 residence address available for that victim, not later than 2949 seventy-two hours after the offender or delinquent child registers 2950

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with the sheriff.

(2) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to, or has 2952 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, a sexually oriented 2953 offense or a person is adjudicated a delinquent child for 2954 committing a sexually oriented offense and is classified a 2955 juvenile sex offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile 2956 sex offender registrant based on that adjudication, if the 2957 offender or delinquent child has been adjudicated as being a 2958 sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented offense or 2959 sexually violent offense and the court has not subsequently 2960 determined pursuant to division (D) of section 2950.09, section 2961 2152.84, or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the offender 2962 or delinquent child no longer is a sexual predator or the offender 2963 or delinquent child has been determined pursuant to division (E) 2964 of section 2950.09, division (B) of section 2152.83, section 2965 2152.84, or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code to be a habitual 2966 sex offender and, the court has imposed a requirement under that 2967 division or section subjecting the habitual sex offender to this 2968 section, and the determination has not been removed pursuant to 2969 section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, if the offender or 2970 <u>delinquent child</u> registers with a sheriff pursuant to section 2971 2950.04 or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, if the victim of the 2972 sexually oriented offense has made a request in accordance with 2973 rules adopted by the attorney general that specifies that the 2974 victim would like to be provided the notices described in this 2975 2976 section, and if the offender or delinquent child notifies the sheriff of a change of residence address pursuant to section 2977 2950.05 of the Revised Code, the sheriff shall notify the victim 2978 of the sexually oriented offense, in writing, that the offender's 2979 or delinquent child's residence address has changed and shall 2980 include in the notice the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> name 2981 and new residence address or addresses. The sheriff shall provide 2982

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the notice required by this division to the victim at the most 2983 recent residence address available for that victim, no later than 2984 seventy-two hours after the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> notifies 2985 the sheriff of the change in the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> 2986 residence address. 2987

(3) If an offender <u>a person</u> is convicted of or pleads guilty 2988 to, or has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, a sexually 2989 oriented offense or a person is adjudicated a delinquent child for 2990 committing a sexually oriented offense and is classified a 2991 juvenile sex offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile 2992 sex offender registrant based on that adjudication, and if the 2993 offender or delinquent child is adjudicated as being a sexual 2994 predator relative to the sexually oriented offense or the offender 2995 or delinquent child is determined pursuant to division (E) of 2996 section 2950.09, division (B) of section 2152.83, section 2152.84, 2997 or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code to be a habitual sex 2998 offender and is made subject to this section, the victim of the 2999 offense may make a request in accordance with rules adopted by the 3000 attorney general pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code 3001 that specifies that the victim would like to be provided the 3002 notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section. If 3003 the victim makes a request in accordance with those rules, the 3004 sheriff described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section 3005 shall provide the victim with the notices described in those 3006 divisions. 3007

(4) If a victim makes a request as described in division 3008
(A)(3) of this section that specifies that the victim would like 3009
to be provided the notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) 3010
of this section, all information a sheriff obtains regarding the 3011
victim from or as a result of the request is confidential, and the 3012
information is not a public record open for inspection under 3013
section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 3014

(5) The notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this
section are in addition to any notices regarding the offender or
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<u>delinquent child</u> that the victim is entitled to receive under
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Chapter 2930. of the Revised Code.

(B) A victim of a sexually oriented offense is not entitled 3019 to be provided any notice described in division (A)(1) or (2) of 3020 this section unless the offender or delinquent child is 3021 adjudicated as being a sexual predator relative to the sexually 3022 oriented offense and the court has not subsequently determined 3023 pursuant to division (E)(D) of section 2950.09, section 2152.84, 3024 or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the offender or 3025 <u>delinquent child</u> no longer is a sexual predator or the offender <u>or</u> 3026 delinquent child has been determined pursuant to division (E) of 3027 section 2950.09, division (B) of section 2152.83, section 2152.84, 3028 or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code to be a habitual sex 3029 offender and, the court has imposed a requirement under that 3030 division or section subjecting the habitual sex offender to this 3031 section, and the determination has not been removed pursuant to 3032 section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code. A victim of a 3033 sexually oriented offense is not entitled to any notice described 3034 in division (A)(1) or (2) of this section unless the victim makes 3035 a request in accordance with rules adopted by the attorney general 3036 pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code that specifies 3037 that the victim would like to be provided the notices described in 3038 divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section. This division does not 3039 affect any rights of a victim of a sexually oriented offense to be 3040 provided notice regarding an offender or delinquent child that are 3041 described in Chapter 2950. 2930. of the Revised Code. 3042

Sec. 2950.11. (A) As used in this section, "specified 3043 geographical notification area" means the geographic area or areas 3044 within which the attorney general, by rule adopted under section 3045 2950.13 of the Revised Code, requires the notice described in 3046

division (B) of this section to be given to the persons identified 3047 in divisions (A)(2) to (8) of this section. If a person is 3048 convicted of or pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of or 3049 pleaded guilty to, a sexually oriented offense or a person is 3050 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing a sexually oriented 3051 offense and is classified a juvenile sex offender registrant or is 3052 an out-of-state juvenile sex offender registrant based on that 3053 adjudication, and if the offender or delinguent child has been 3054 adjudicated as being a sexual predator relative to the sexually 3055 oriented offense and the court has not subsequently determined 3056 pursuant to division (D) of section 2950.09, section 2152.84, or 3057 section 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the offender or 3058 delinquent child no longer is a sexual predator or the offender or 3059 delinquent child has been determined pursuant to division (C)(2) 3060 or (E) of section 2950.09, division (B) of section 2152.83, 3061 section 2152.84, or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code to be a 3062 habitual sex offender and, the court has imposed a requirement 3063 under that division or section subjecting the habitual sex 3064 offender to this section, and the determination has not been 3065 removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised 3066 <u>Code</u>, the sheriff with whom the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> has 3067 most recently registered under section 2950.04 or 2950.05 of the 3068 Revised Code, within the period of time specified in division (C) 3069 of this section, shall provide a written notice containing the 3070 information set forth in division (B) of this section to all of 3071 the following persons: 3072

(1) All occupants of residences adjacent to the offender's or 3073 delinquent child's place of residence that are located within the 3074 county served by the sheriff and all additional neighbors of the 3075 offender or delinquent child who are within any category that the 3076 attorney general by rule adopted under section 2950.13 of the 3077 Revised Code requires to be provided the notice and who reside 3078

within the county served by the sheriff; 3079 (2) The executive director of the public children services 3080 agency that has jurisdiction within the specified geographical 3081 notification area and that is located within the county served by 3082 the sheriff; 3083 (3)(a) The superintendent of each board of education of a 3084 school district that has schools within the specified geographical 3085 notification area and that is located within the county served by 3086 the sheriff; 3087 (b) The principal of the school within the specified 3088 geographical notification area and within the county served by the 3089 sheriff that the delinquent child attends; 3090 (c) If the delinquent child attends a school outside of the 3091 specified geographical notification area or outside of the school 3092 district where the delinquent child resides, the superintendent of 3093 the board of education of a school district that governs the 3094 school that the delinquent child attends and the principal of the 3095 school that the delinguent child attends. 3096 (4)(a) The appointing or hiring officer of each chartered 3097 nonpublic school located within the specified geographical 3098 notification area and within the county served by the sheriff or 3099 of each other school located within the specified geographical 3100 notification area and within the county served by the sheriff and 3101 that is not operated by a board of education described in division 3102 (A)(3) of this section; 3103 3104

(b) Regardless of the location of the school, the appointing3104or hiring officer of a chartered nonpublic school that the3105delinguent child attends.3106

(5) The director, head teacher, elementary principal, or site
administrator of each preschool program governed by Chapter 3301.
of the Revised Code that is located within the specified
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geographical notification area and within the county served by the 3110 sheriff; 3111

(6) The administrator of each child day-care center or type A 3112 family day-care home that is located within the specified 3113 geographical notification area and within the county served by the 3114 sheriff, and the provider of each certified type B family day-care 3115 home that is located within the specified geographical 3116 notification area and within the county served by the sheriff. As 3117 used in this division, "child day-care center," "type A family 3118 day-care home," and "certified type B family day-care home" have 3119 the same meanings as in section 5104.01 of the Revised Code. 3120

(7) The president or other chief administrative officer of 3121 each institution of higher education, as defined in section 3122 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified 3123 geographical notification area and within the county served by the 3124 sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of the state 3125 university law enforcement agency or campus police department 3126 established under section 3345.04 or 1713.50 of the Revised Code, 3127 if any, that serves that institution; 3128

(8) The sheriff of each county that includes any portion of 3129the specified geographical notification area; 3130

(9) If the offender or delinquent child resides within the 3131 county served by the sheriff, the chief of police, marshal, or 3132 other chief law enforcement officer of the municipal corporation 3133 in which the offender or delinquent child resides or, if the 3134 offender or delinquent child resides in an unincorporated area, 3135 the constable or chief of the police department or police district 3136 police force of the township in which the offender or delinquent 3137 child resides. 3138

(B) The notice required under division (A) of this section 3139shall include all of the following information regarding the 3140

subject offender <u>or delinquent child</u> :	3141
(1) The offender's or delinguent child's name;	3142
(2) The address or addresses at which the offender <u>or</u>	3143
<u>delinquent child</u> resides;	3144
(3) The sexually oriented offense of which the offender was	3145
convicted or, to which the offender pleaded guilty, or for which	3146
the child was adjudicated a delinguent child;	3147

(4) A statement that the offender or delinquent child has 3148 been adjudicated as being a sexual predator and that, as of the 3149 date of the notice, the court has not entered a determination that 3150 the offender or delinquent child no longer is a sexual predator, 3151 or a statement that the sentencing or reviewing judge has 3152 determined that the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> is a habitual sex 3153 offender and that, as of the date of the notice, the determination 3154 has not been removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the 3155 <u>Revised Code</u>. 3156

(C) If a sheriff with whom an offender or delinquent child 3157 registers under section 2950.04 or 2950.05 of the Revised Code is 3158 required by division (A) of this section to provide notices 3159 regarding an offender or delinguent child and if, pursuant to that 3160 requirement, the sheriff provides a notice to a sheriff of one or 3161 more other counties in accordance with division (A)(8) of this 3162 section, the sheriff of each of the other counties who is provided 3163 notice under division (A)(8) of this section shall provide the 3164 notices described in divisions (A)(1) to (7) and (A)(9) of this 3165 section to each person or entity identified within those divisions 3166 that is located within the geographical notification area and 3167 within the county served by the sheriff in question. 3168

(D)(1) A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this 3169 section to provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent 3170 child shall provide the notice to the neighbors that is described 3171

in division (A)(1) of this section and the notices to law 3172 enforcement personnel that are described in divisions (A)(8) and 3173 (9) of this section no later than seventy-two hours after the 3174 offender or delinquent child registers with the sheriff or, if the 3175 sheriff is required by division (C) to provide the notices, no 3176 later than seventy-two hours after the sheriff is provided the 3177 notice described in division (A)(8) of this section. 3178

A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this section to 3179 provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent child shall 3180 provide the notices to all other specified persons that are 3181 described in divisions (A)(2) to (7) of this section not later 3182 than seven days after the offender or delinquent child registers 3183 with the sheriff, if the sheriff is required by division (C) to 3184 provide the notices, no later than seventy-two hours after the 3185 sheriff is provided the notice described in division (A)(8) of 3186 this section. 3187

(2) If an offender or delinguent child in relation to whom 3188 division (A) of this section applies verifies the offender's or 3189 delinquent child's current residence address with a sheriff 3190 pursuant to section 2950.06 of the Revised Code, the sheriff may 3191 provide a written notice containing the information set forth in 3192 division (B) of this section to the persons identified in 3193 divisions (A)(1) to (9) of this section. If a sheriff provides a 3194 notice pursuant to this division to the sheriff of one or more 3195 other counties in accordance with division (A)(8) of this section, 3196 the sheriff of each of the other counties who is provided the 3197 notice under division (A)(8) of this section may provide, but is 3198 not required to provide, a written notice containing the 3199 information set forth in division (B) of this section to the 3200 persons identified in divisions (A)(1) to (7) and (A)(9) of this 3201 section. 3202

(E) All information that a sheriff possesses regarding a 3203

3204 sexual predator or a habitual sex offender that is described in 3205 division (B) of this section and that must be provided in a notice 3206 required under division (A) or (C) of this section or that may be 3207 provided in a notice authorized under division (D)(2) of this 3208 section is a public record that is open to inspection under 3209 section 149.43 of the Revised Code.

If the sexual predator or habitual sex offender is a juvenile 3210 sex offender registrant, the sheriff shall not cause any of the 3211 information described in this division to be publicly disseminated 3212 by means of the internet, except when the act that is the basis of 3213 a child's classification as a juvenile sex offender registrant is 3214 a violation of, or an attempt to commit a violation of, section 3215 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2905.01 of the Revised Code that was 3216 committed with a purpose to gratify the sexual needs or desires of 3217 the child, a violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code, or 3218 an attempt to commit a violation of that section. 3219

(F) The notification provisions of this section do not apply 3220 regarding a person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to, or has 3221 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, or is adjudicated a 3222 delinguent child for committing, a sexually oriented offense, who 3223 has not been adjudicated as being a sexual predator relative to 3224 that sexually oriented offense, and who is determined pursuant to 3225 division (C)(2) or (E) of section 2950.09, division (B) of section 3226 2152.83, section 2152.84, or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code 3227 to be a habitual sex offender unless the sentencing or reviewing 3228 court imposes a requirement in the offender's sentence and in the 3229 judgment of conviction that contains the sentence or in the 3230 <u>delinquent child's adjudication</u>, or imposes a requirement as 3231 described in division (C)(2) of section 2950.09 of the Revised 3232 Code, that subjects the offender or the delinquent child to the 3233 provisions of this section. 3234

(G) The department of job and family services shall compile, 3235

3236 maintain, and update in January and July of each year, a list of 3237 all agencies, centers, or homes of a type described in division 3238 (A)(2) or (6) of this section that contains the name of each 3239 agency, center, or home of that type, the county in which it is 3240 located, its address and telephone number, and the name of an 3241 administrative officer or employee of the agency, center, or home. 3242 The department of education shall compile, maintain, and update in 3243 January and July of each year, a list of all boards of education, 3244 schools, or programs of a type described in division (A)(3), (4), 3245 or (5) of this section that contains the name of each board of 3246 education, school, or program of that type, the county in which it 3247 is located, its address and telephone number, the name of the 3248 superintendent of the board or of an administrative officer or 3249 employee of the school or program, and, in relation to a board of 3250 education, the county or counties in which each of its schools is 3251 located and the address of each such school. The Ohio board of 3252 regents shall compile, maintain, and update in January and July of 3253 each year, a list of all institutions of a type described in 3254 division (A)(7) of this section that contains the name of each 3255 such institution, the county in which it is located, its address 3256 and telephone number, and the name of its president or other chief 3257 administrative officer. A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) 3258 of this section, or authorized by division (D)(2) of this section, 3259 to provide notices regarding an offender or delinguent child, or a 3260 designee of a sheriff of that type, may request the department of 3261 job and family services, department of education, or Ohio board of 3262 regents, by telephone, in person, or by mail, to provide the 3263 sheriff or designee with the names, addresses, and telephone 3264 numbers of the appropriate persons and entities to whom the 3265 notices described in divisions (A)(2) to (7) of this section are 3266 to be provided. Upon receipt of a request, the department or board 3267 shall provide the requesting sheriff or designee with the names, 3268 addresses, and telephone numbers of the appropriate persons and

entities to whom those notices are to be provided. 3269

Sec. 2950.12. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this 3270 section, any of the following persons shall be immune from 3271 liability in a civil action to recover damages for injury, death, 3272 or loss to person or property allegedly caused by an act or 3273 omission in connection with a power, duty, responsibility, or 3274 authorization under this chapter or under rules adopted under 3275 authority of this chapter: 3276

(1) An officer or employee of the bureau of criminal3277identification and investigation;3278

(2) The attorney general, a chief of police, marshal, or 3279 other chief law enforcement officer of a municipal corporation, a 3280 sheriff, a constable or chief of police of a township police 3281 department or police district police force, and a deputy, officer, 3282 or employee of the office of the attorney general, the law 3283 enforcement agency served by the marshal or the municipal or 3284 township chief, the office of the sheriff, or the constable; 3285

(3) A prosecutor and an officer or employee of the office of 3286a prosecutor; 3287

(4) A supervising officer and an officer or employee of theadult parole authority of the department of rehabilitation and3289correction;3290

(5) <u>A supervising officer and an officer or employee of the</u>
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 department of youth services;
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(6) A supervisor and a caseworker or employee of a public3293children services agency acting pursuant to section 5153.16 of the3294Revised Code;3295

(7) A person identified in division (A)(2), (3), (4), (5), 3296(6), or (7) of section 2950.11 of the Revised Code or the agent of 3297
that person. 3298

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(B) The immunity described in division (A) of this section 3299
does not apply to a person described in divisions (A)(1) to (5)(7) 3300
of this section if, in relation to the act or omission in 3301
question, any of the following applies: 3302

(1) The act or omission was manifestly outside the scope of 3303the person's employment or official responsibilities. 3304

(2) The act or omission was with malicious purpose, in badfaith, or in a wanton or reckless manner.3306

(3) Liability for the act or omission is expressly imposed by 3307a section of the Revised Code. 3308

sec. 2950.13. (A) The attorney general shall do all of the 3309
following: 3310

(1) No later than July 1, 1997, establish and maintain a 3311 state registry of sex offenders that is housed at the bureau of 3312 criminal identification and investigation and that contains all of 3313 the registration, change of residence address, and verification 3314 information the bureau receives pursuant to sections 2950.04, 3315 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code regarding a person who is 3316 convicted of or pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of or 3317 pleaded guilty to, a sexually oriented offense or a person who is 3318 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented 3319 offense and is classified a juvenile sex offender registrant or is 3320 an out-of-state juvenile sex offender registrant based on that 3321 adjudication, and all of the information the bureau receives 3322 pursuant to section 2950.14 of the Revised Code; 3323

(2) In consultation with local law enforcement
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 representatives and no later than July 1, 1997, adopt rules that
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 contain guidelines necessary for the implementation of this
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 chapter;
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(3) In consultation with local law enforcement 3328

3329 representatives and no later than July 1, 1997, adopt rules for 3330 the implementation and administration of the provisions contained 3331 in section 2950.11 of the Revised Code that pertain to the 3332 notification of neighbors of a person an offender or a delinquent 3333 child who has committed a sexually oriented offense and has been 3334 adjudicated as being a sexually violent sexual predator or 3335 determined to be a habitual sex offender, and rules that prescribe 3336 a manner in which victims of a sexually oriented offense committed 3337 by a person an offender or a delinquent child who has been 3338 adjudicated as being a sexual predator or determined to be a 3339 habitual sex offender may make a request that specifies that the 3340 victim would like to be provided the notices described in 3341 divisions (A)(1) and (2) of section 2950.10 of the Revised Code-:

(4) In consultation with local law enforcement 3342 representatives and through the bureau of criminal identification 3343 and investigation, prescribe the forms to be used by judges and 3344 officials pursuant to section 2950.03 of the Revised Code to 3345 advise offenders and delinquent children of their duties of 3346 registration, notification of a change of residence address and 3347 registration of the new residence address, and residence address 3348 verification under sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the 3349 Revised Code, and prescribe the forms to be used by sheriffs 3350 relative to those duties of registration, change of residence 3351 address notification, and residence address verification; 3352

(5) Make copies of the forms prescribed under division 3353
 (D)(A)(4) of this section available to judges, officials, and 3354 sheriffs; 3355

(6) Through the bureau of criminal identification and
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investigation, provide the notifications, the information, and the
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documents that the bureau is required to provide to appropriate
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law enforcement officials and to the federal bureau of
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investigation pursuant to sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06
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of the Revised Code;

(7) Through the bureau of criminal identification and
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investigation, maintain the verification forms returned under the
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residence address verification mechanism set forth in section
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2950.06 of the Revised Code;
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(8) In consultation with representatives of the officials,
judges, and sheriffs, adopt procedures for officials, judges, and
sheriffs to use to forward information, photographs, and
fingerprints to the bureau of <u>criminal</u> identification and
investigation pursuant to the requirements of sections 2950.03,
2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code;
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(9) In consultation with the director of education, the 3372 director of job and family services, and the director of 3373 rehabilitation and correction and no later than July 1, 1997, 3374 adopt rules that contain guidelines to be followed by boards of 3375 education of a school district, chartered nonpublic schools or 3376 other schools not operated by a board of education, preschool 3377 programs, child day-care centers, type A family day-care homes, 3378 certified type B family day-care homes, and institutions of higher 3379 education regarding the proper use and administration of 3380 information received pursuant to section 2950.11 of the Revised 3381 Code relative to a person an offender or delinquent child who has 3382 been adjudicated as being a sexual predator or determined to be a 3383 habitual sex offender; 3384

(10) In consultation with local law enforcement 3385 representatives and no later than July 1, 1997, adopt rules that 3386 designate a geographic area or areas within which the notice 3387 described in division (B) of section 2950.11 of the Revised Code 3388 must be given to the persons identified in divisions (A)(2) to (8) 3389 of that section. 3390

(B) The attorney general, in consultation with local law 3391

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enforcement representatives, may adopt rules that establish one or more categories of neighbors of an offender <u>or delinquent child</u> who, in addition to the occupants of residences adjacent to an offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> place of residence, must be given the notice described in division (B) of section 2950.11 of the Revised Code.

(C) As used in this section, "local law enforcement
representatives" means representatives of the sheriffs of this
state, representatives of the municipal chiefs of police and
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marshals of this state, and representatives of the township
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constables and chiefs of police of the township police departments
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or police district police forces of this state.

sec. 2950.14. (A) Prior to releasing an offender who is under 3404 the custody and control of the department of rehabilitation and 3405 correction and who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 3406 committing, either prior to, on, or after January 1, 1997, any 3407 sexually oriented offense, the department of rehabilitation and 3408 correction shall provide all of the following information 3409 described in division (B) of this section to the bureau of 3410 criminal identification and investigation regarding the offender. 3411 Prior to releasing a delinquent child who is in the custody of the 3412 department of youth services and who has been adjudicated a 3413 delinquent child for committing on or after the effective date of 3414 this amendment a sexually oriented offense, the department of 3415 youth services shall provide all of the information described in 3416 division (B) of this section to the bureau of criminal 3417 identification and investigation regarding the delinguent child. 3418

(B) The department of rehabilitation and correction and the3419department of youth services shall provide all of the following3420information to the bureau of criminal identification and3421investigation regarding an offender or delinquent child described3422

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in division (A) of this section:	3423
(1) The offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> name and any aliases used by the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> ;	3424 3425
(2) All identifying factors concerning the offender <u>or</u> <u>delinguent child</u> ;	3426 3427
(3) The offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> anticipated future residence;	3428 3429
(4) The offense <u>and delinquency</u> history of the offender <u>or</u> <u>delinquent child</u> ;	3430 3431
(5) Whether the offender <u>or delinquent child</u> was treated for a mental abnormality or personality disorder while under the custody and control of the department;	3432 3433 3434
(6) Any other information that the bureau indicates is relevant and that the department possesses.	3435 3436
(B)(C) Upon receipt of the information described in division $(A)(B)$ of this section regarding an offender <u>or delinquent child</u> , the bureau immediately shall enter the information into the state	3437 3438 3439
registry of <u>sexual sex</u> offenders that the bureau maintains pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and into the	3440 3441
records that the bureau maintains pursuant to division (A) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code.	3442 3443
Sec. 2950.99. (A) Whoever violates a prohibition in section	3444
2950.04, 2950.05, or 2950.06 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	3445
felony of the fifth degree if the most serious sexually oriented	3446
offense that was the basis of the registration, change of address	3447
notification, or address verification requirement that was	3448
violated under the prohibition is a felony <u>if committed by an</u>	3449
adult, and a misdemeanor of the first degree if the most serious	3450
sexually oriented offense that was the basis of the registration,	3451

change of address notification, or address verification

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requirement that was violated under the prohibition is a 3453 misdemeanor <u>if committed by an adult</u>. In addition to any penalty 3454 or sanction imposed for the violation, if the offender or 3455 delinquent child is on probation or parole, is subject to one or 3456 more post-release control sanctions, or is subject to any other 3457 type of supervised release at the time of the violation, the 3458 violation shall constitute a violation of the terms and conditions 3459 of the probation, parole, post-release control sanction, or other 3460 type of supervised release. 3461

(B) If a person violates a prohibition in section 2950.04,34622950.05, or 2950.06 of the Revised Code that applies to the person3463as a result of the person being adjudicated a delinquent child and3464being classified a juvenile sex offender registrant or is an3465out-of-state juvenile sex offender registrant, both of the3466following apply:3467

(1) If the violation occurs while the person is under3468eighteen years of age, the person is subject to proceedings under3469Chapter 2152. of the Revised Code based on the violation.3470

(2) If the violation occurs while the person is eighteen3471years of age or older, the person is subject to criminal3472prosecution based on the violation.3473

Sec. 5139.13. (A) The department of youth services shall do 3474 all of the following: 3475

(A)(1) Control and manage all institutions for the 3476 rehabilitation of delinquent children and youthful offenders that 3477 are operated by the state, except where the control and management 3478 of an institution is vested by law in another agency; 3479

(B)(2) Provide treatment and training for children committed
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 to the department and assigned by the department to various
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 institutions under its control and management, including, but not
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<u>limited to, for a child committed to it for an act that is a</u>	3483
sexually oriented offense, treatment that is appropriate for a	3484
child who commits an act that is a sexually oriented offense and	3485
that is intended to ensure that the child does not commit any	3486
subsequent act that is a sexually oriented offense;	3487
(C)(3) Establish and maintain appropriate reception centers	3488
for the reception of children committed to the department and	3489
employ competent persons to have charge of those centers and to	3490
conduct investigations;	3491
(D)(4) Establish and maintain any other facilities necessary	3492
for the training, treatment, and rehabilitation of children	3493
committed to the department.	3494
(B) As used in this section, "sexually oriented offense" has	3495
the same meaning as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	3496
Section 2. That existing sections 2151.23, 2152.02, 2152.19,	3497
2152.22, 2919.24, 2950.01, 2950.02, 2950.03, 2950.04, 2950.05,	3498
2950.06, 2950.07, 2950.09, 2950.10, 2950.11, 2950.12, 2950.13,	3499
2950.14, 2950.99, and 5139.13 of the Revised Code are hereby	3500
repealed.	3501
Section 3. Sections 1 and 2 of this act shall take effect on	3502
January 1, 2002, or the earliest date permitted by law, whichever	3503
is later.	3504
Section 4. Section 2151.23 of the Revised Code is presented	3505
in this ast as a composite of the section as amonded by Am. Sub	2506

in this act as a composite of the section as amended by Am. Sub. 3506
S.B. 179, Am. Sub. S.B. 180, and Sub. S.B. 218 of the 123rd 3507
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle 3508
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that 3509
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 3510
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the resulting 3511

version of the section in effect prior to the effective date of 3512 the section as presented in this act. 3513

Section 2152.02 of the Revised Code, as presented in this 3514 act, includes matter that was amended into former section 2151.02 3515 of the Revised Code by S.B. 218 of the 123rd General Assembly. 3516 Paragraphs of former section 2151.02 of the Revised Code were 3517 transferred to section 2152.02 of the Revised Code by S.B. 179 of 3518 the 123rd General Assembly as part of its general revision of the 3519 juvenile sentencing laws. The General Assembly, applying the 3520 principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised 3521 Code that amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 3522 simultaneous operation, finds that the version of section 2152.02 3523 of the Revised Code presented in this act is the resulting version 3524 of the section in effect prior to the date of the section as 3525 presented in this act. 3526