As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

124th General Assembly Regular Session 2001-2002

Am. S. B. No. 40

SENATORS Jordan, Jacobson, Fingerhut, Randy Gardner, Harris, Spada, Hagan, White, Mumper, Amstutz, Espy, Nein, Robert Gardner REPRESENTATIVES Womer Benjamin, Latta, Hughes, Seitz, Willamowski, Jones, Seaver, Jerse, Young

ABILL

To amend sections 2903.211, 2909.04, 2917.11, and	1
2917.13 of the Revised Code to identify certain	2
persons as "emergency facility personnel," to	3
extend the offenses of disrupting public services	4
and misconduct at an emergency to activities of	5
emergency facility personnel, to increase the	б
penalty for disorderly conduct if committed in the	7
presence of an emergency facility person performing	8
duties in an emergency facility, and to specify	9
that "pattern of conduct" in menacing by stalking	10
includes actions obstructing an emergency facility	11
person's performance of authorized acts.	12

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

 Section 1. That sections 2903.211, 2909.04, 2917.11, and
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 2917.13 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:
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sec. 2903.211. (A) No person by engaging in a pattern of 15
conduct shall knowingly cause another to believe that the offender 16
will cause physical harm to the other person or cause mental 17

Am. S. B. No. 40 Page 2 As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee 18 distress to the other person. (B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of menacing by 19 stalking. 20 (1) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(2) of this 21 section, menacing by stalking is a misdemeanor of the first 22 degree. 23 (2) Menacing by stalking is a felony of the fourth degree if 24 any of the following applies: 25 (a) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded 26 guilty to a violation of this section or a violation of section 27 2911.211 of the Revised Code. 28 (b) In committing the offense, the offender made a threat of 29 physical harm to or against the victim. 30 (c) In committing the offense, the offender trespassed on the 31 land or premises where the victim lives, is employed, or attends 32 school. 33 (d) The victim of the offense is a minor. 34 (e) The offender has a history of violence toward the victim 35 or any other person or a history of other violent acts toward the 36 victim or any other person. 37 (f) While committing the offense, the offender had a deadly 38 weapon on or about the offender's person or under the offender's 39 control. 40 (g) At the time of the commission of the offense, the 41 offender was the subject of a protection order issued under 42 section 2903.213 or 2903.214 of the Revised Code, regardless of 43 whether the person to be protected under the order is the victim 44 of the offense or another person. 45 (h) In committing the offense, the offender caused serious 46 physical harm to the premises at which the victim resides, to the 47

48 real property on which that premises is located, or to any 49 personal property located on that premises.

(i) Prior to committing the offense, the offender had been 50 determined to represent a substantial risk of physical harm to 51 others as manifested by evidence of then-recent homicidal or other 52 violent behavior, evidence of then-recent threats that placed 53 another in reasonable fear of violent behavior and serious 54 physical harm, or other evidence of then-present dangerousness. 55

(C) Section 2919.271 of the Revised Code applies in relation 56 to a defendant charged with a violation of this section. 57

(D) As used in this section:

(1) "Pattern of conduct" means two or more actions or 59 incidents closely related in time, whether or not there has been a 60 prior conviction based on any of those actions or incidents. 61 Actions or incidents that prevent, obstruct, or delay the 62 performance by a public official, firefighter, rescuer, or 63 emergency medical services person, or emergency facility person of 64 any authorized act within the public official's, firefighter's, 65 rescuer's, or emergency medical services person's, or emergency 66 facility person's official capacity may constitute a "pattern of 67 conduct." 68

(2) "Mental distress" means any mental illness or condition that involves some temporary substantial incapacity or mental illness or condition that would normally require psychiatric treatment.

(3) "Emergency medical services person" is the singular of "emergency medical services personnel" as defined in section 2133.21 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Emergency facility person" is the singular of "emergency 76 facility personnel" as defined in section 2909.04 of the Revised 77 Code.

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(5)"Public official" has the same meaning as in section792921.01 of the Revised Code.80

sec. 2909.04. (A) No person, purposely by any means or 81
knowingly by damaging or tampering with any property, shall do any 82
of the following: 83

(1) Interrupt or impair television, radio, telephone,
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telegraph, or other mass communications service; police, fire, or
other public service communications; radar, loran, radio, or other
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electronic aids to air or marine navigation or communications; or
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amateur or citizens band radio communications being used for
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public service or emergency communications;

(2) Interrupt or impair public transportation, includingwithout limitation school bus transportation, or water supply,gas, power, or other utility service to the public;

(3) Substantially impair the ability of law enforcement
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officers, firefighters, rescue personnel, or emergency medical
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services personnel, or emergency facility personnel to respond to
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an emergency or to protect and preserve any person or property
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from serious physical harm.

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of disrupting public services, a felony of the fourth degree.

(C) <u>As used in this section:</u>

(1) "Emergency medical services personnel" has the same 101 meaning as in section 2133.21 of the Revised Code. 102

(2) "Emergency facility personnel" means any of the 103 following: 104

(a) Any of the following individuals who perform services in105the ordinary course of their professions in an emergency facility:106

(i) Physicians authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised 107

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Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and	108
surgery;	109
(ii) Registered nurses and licensed practical nurses licensed	110
under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code;	111
(iii) Physician assistants authorized to practice under	112
Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code;	113
(iv) Health care workers;	114
(v) Clerical staffs.	115
(b) Any individual who is a security officer performing	116
security services in an emergency facility;	117
(c) Any individual who is present in an emergency facility,	118
who was summoned to the facility by an individual identified in	119
division (C)(2)(a) or (b) of this section.	120
(3) "Emergency facility" means a hospital emergency	121
department or any other facility that provides emergency medical	122
services.	123
(4) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01 of	124
the Revised Code.	125
(5) "Health care worker" means an individual, other than an	126
individual specified in division (C)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this	127
section, who provides medical or other health-related care or	128
treatment in an emergency facility, including medical technicians,	129
medical assistants, orderlies, aides, or individuals acting in	130
similar capacities.	131
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Sec. 2917.11. (A) No person shall recklessly cause	132
inconvenience, annoyance, or alarm to another by doing any of the following:	133 134
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(1) Engaging in fighting, in threatening harm to persons or	135
property, or in violent or turbulent behavior;	136

(2) Making unreasonable noise or an offensively coarse
utterance, gesture, or display or communicating unwarranted and
grossly abusive language to any person;
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(3) Insulting, taunting, or challenging another, under
 circumstances in which that conduct is likely to provoke a violent
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 response;

(4) Hindering or preventing the movement of persons on a
public street, road, highway, or right-of-way, or to, from,
within, or upon public or private property, so as to interfere
with the rights of others, and by any act that serves no lawful
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and reasonable purpose of the offender;

(5) Creating a condition that is physically offensive to
persons or that presents a risk of physical harm to persons or
property, by any act that serves no lawful and reasonable purpose
of the offender.

(B) No person, while voluntarily intoxicated, shall do eitherof the following:153

(1) In a public place or in the presence of two or more
persons, engage in conduct likely to be offensive or to cause
inconvenience, annoyance, or alarm to persons of ordinary
sensibilities, which conduct the offender, if the offender were
not intoxicated, should know is likely to have that effect on
others;

(2) Engage in conduct or create a condition that presents arisk of physical harm to the offender or another, or to theproperty of another.

(C) Violation of any statute or ordinance of which an element
is operating a motor vehicle, locomotive, watercraft, aircraft, or
other vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or any drug of
abuse, is not a violation of division (B) of this section.

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(D) If a person appears to an ordinary observer to be	168
intoxicated, it is probable cause to believe that person is	169
voluntarily intoxicated for purposes of division (B) of this	170
section.	171
(E)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of disorderly	172
conduct.	173
(2) Except as otherwise provided in division (E)(3) of this	174
section, disorderly conduct is a minor misdemeanor.	175
(3) Disorderly conduct is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree	176
if any of the following applies:	177
(a) The offender persists in disorderly conduct after	178
reasonable warning or request to desist.	179
(b) The offense is committed in the vicinity of a school or	180
in a school safety zone.	181
(c) The offense is committed in the presence of any law	182
enforcement officer, firefighter, rescuer, medical person,	183
emergency medical services person, or other authorized person who	184
is engaged in the person's duties at the scene of a fire,	185
accident, disaster, riot, or emergency of any kind.	186
(d) The offense is committed in the presence of any emergency	187
facility person who is engaged in the person's duties in an	188
emergency facility.	189
(F) As used in this section:	190
(1) "Emergency medical services person" is the singular $\overline{\text{or}}$ of	191
"emergency medical services personnel" as defined in section	192
2133.21 of the Revised Code.	193
(2) <u>"Emergency facility person" is the singular of "emergency</u>	194
facility personnel" as defined in section 2909.04 of the Revised	195
Code.	196

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(3) "Emergency facility" has the same meaning as in section	197
2909.04 of the Revised Code.	198
(4) "Committed in the vicinity of a school" has the same	199
meaning as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	200
Sec. 2917.13. (A) No person shall knowingly do any of the	201
following:	202
(1) Hamper the lawful operations of any law enforcement	203
officer, firefighter, rescuer, medical person, emergency medical	204
services person, or other authorized person, engaged in the	205
person's duties at the scene of a fire, accident, disaster, riot,	206
or emergency of any kind;	207
(2) Hamper the lawful activities of any emergency facility	208
person who is engaged in the person's duties in an emergency	209
<u>facility;</u>	210
(3) Fail to obey the lawful order of any law enforcement	211
officer engaged in the law enforcement officer's duties at the	212
scene of or in connection with a fire, accident, disaster, riot,	213
or emergency of any kind.	214
(B) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit	215
access or deny information to any news media representative in the	216
lawful exercise of the news media representative's duties.	217
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of misconduct at	218
an emergency. Except as otherwise provided in this division,	219
misconduct at an emergency is a minor misdemeanor. If a violation	220
of this section creates a risk of physical harm to persons or	221
property, misconduct at an emergency is a misdemeanor of the first	222
degree.	223

(D) <u>As used in this section:</u>

(1) "Emergency medical services person" is the singular of 225

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"emergency medical services personnel" as defined in section	226
2133.21 of the Revised Code.	227
(2) "Emergency facility person" is the singular of "emergency	228
facility personnel" as defined in section 2909.04 of the Revised	229
<u>Code.</u>	230
(3) "Emergency facility" has the same meaning as in section	231
2909.04 of the Revised Code.	232
Section 2. That existing sections 2903.211, 2909.04, 2917.11,	233
and 2917.13 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	234