

As Passed by the Senate

**124th General Assembly
Regular Session
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Sub. S. B. No. 4

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Jordan, Oelslager, Mead, Amstutz, Robert Gardner, Harris, DiDonato,
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Coughlin, Espy, Wachtmann**

A BILL

To amend sections 1349.01, 1739.05, 1739.14, 3901.38, 1
3902.11, 3902.21, 3902.22, 3902.23, and 3924.21, to 2
enact new section 3901.381 and sections 3901.382, 3
3901.383, 3901.384, 3901.385, 3901.386, 3901.387, 4
3901.388, 3901.389, 3901.3810, 3901.3811, 5
3901.3812, 3901.3813, and 3901.3814 and to repeal 6
section 3901.381 of the Revised Code to revise the 7
"prompt pay" requirements applicable to insurance 8
companies, health insuring corporations, and other 9
third-party payers of health care services. 10
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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1349.01, 1739.05, 1739.14, 3901.38, 12
3902.11, 3902.21, 3902.22, 3902.23, and 3924.21 be amended and new 13
section 3901.381 and sections 3901.382, 3901.383, 3901.384, 14
3901.385, 3901.386, 3901.387, 3901.388, 3901.389, 3901.3810, 15
3901.3811, 3901.3812, 3901.3813, and 3901.3814 of the Revised Code 16
be enacted to read as follows: 17

Sec. 1349.01. (A) As used in this section: 18

(1) "Consumer reporting agency" has the same meaning as in 19
the "Fair Credit Reporting Act," 84 Stat. 1128, 15 U.S.C.A. 1681a. 20

(2) "Court" means the division of the court of common pleas 21
having jurisdiction over actions for divorce, annulment, 22
dissolution of marriage, legal separation, child support, or 23
spousal support. 24

(3) "Health insurance coverage" means hospital, surgical, or 25
medical expense coverage provided under any health insurance or 26
health care policy, contract, or plan or any other health benefits 27
arrangement. 28

(4) "Provider" has the same meaning as in section ~~3901.38~~ 29
3902.11 of the Revised Code. 30

(B) If, pursuant to an action for divorce, annulment, 31
dissolution of marriage, or legal separation, the court determines 32
that a party who is a resident of this state is responsible for 33
obtaining health insurance coverage for the party's former spouse 34
or children or if, pursuant to a child support order issued in 35
accordance with sections 3119.30 to 3119.58 of the Revised Code, 36
the court requires a party who is a resident of this state to 37
obtain health insurance coverage for the children who are the 38
subject of the child support order, and the party fails to obtain 39
such coverage, no provider or collection agency shall collect or 40
attempt to collect from the former spouse, children, or person 41
responsible for the children, any reimbursement of any hospital, 42
surgical, or medical expenses incurred by the provider for 43
services rendered to the former spouse or children, which expenses 44
would have been covered but for the failure of the party to obtain 45
the coverage, if the former spouse, any of the children, or a 46
person responsible for the children, provides the following to the 47
provider or collection agency: 48

(1) A copy of the court order requiring the party to obtain health insurance coverage for the former spouse or children. 49
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(2) Reasonable assistance in locating the party and obtaining information about the party's health insurance coverage. 51
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(C) If the requirements of divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section are not met, the provider or collection agency may collect the hospital, surgical, or medical expenses both from the former spouse or person responsible for the children and from the party who failed to obtain the coverage. If the requirements of divisions (B)(1) and (2) are met, the provider or collection agency may collect or attempt to collect the expenses only from the party. 53
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A party required to obtain health insurance coverage for a former spouse or children who fails to obtain the coverage is liable to the provider for the hospital, surgical, or medical expenses incurred by the provider as a result of the failure to obtain the coverage. This section does not prohibit a former spouse or person responsible for the children from initiating an action to enforce the order requiring the party to obtain health insurance for the former spouse or children or to collect any amounts the former spouse or person responsible for the children pays for hospital, surgical, or medical expenses for which the party is responsible under the order requiring the party to obtain health insurance for the former spouse or children. 61
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(D)(1) If the requirements of divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section are met, both of the following restrictions shall apply: 73
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(a) No collection agency or provider of hospital, surgical, or medical services may report to a consumer reporting agency, for inclusion in the credit file or credit report of the former spouse or person responsible for the children, any information relative 76
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to the nonpayment of expenses for the services incurred by the 80
provider, if the nonpayment is the result of the failure of the 81
party responsible for obtaining health insurance coverage to 82
obtain health insurance coverage. 83

(b) No consumer reporting agency shall include in the credit 84
file or credit report of the former spouse or person responsible 85
for the children, any information relative to the nonpayment of 86
any hospital, surgical, or medical expenses incurred by a provider 87
as a result of the party's failure to obtain the coverage. 88

(2) If the requirements of divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this 89
section are not met, both of the following provisions shall apply: 90

(a) A provider of hospital, surgical, or medical services, or 91
a collection agency, may report to a consumer reporting agency, 92
for inclusion in the credit file or credit report of the former 93
spouse or person responsible for the children, any information 94
relative to the nonpayment of expenses for the services incurred 95
by the provider, if the nonpayment is the result of the failure of 96
the party responsible for obtaining health insurance coverage to 97
obtain such coverage. 98

(b) A consumer reporting agency may include in the credit 99
file or credit report of the former spouse or person responsible 100
for the children, any information relative to the nonpayment of 101
any hospital, surgical, or medical expenses incurred by the 102
provider, if the nonpayment is the result of the failure of the 103
party responsible for obtaining health insurance coverage to 104
obtain such coverage. 105

(3)(a) A provider of hospital, surgical, or medical services, 106
or a collection agency, may report to a consumer reporting agency, 107
for inclusion in the credit file or credit report of that party, 108
any information relative to the nonpayment of expenses for the 109
services incurred by the provider, if the nonpayment is the result 110

of the failure of the party responsible for obtaining health 111
insurance coverage to obtain such coverage. 112

(b) A consumer reporting agency may include in the credit 113
file or credit report of the party responsible for obtaining 114
health insurance coverage, any information relative to the 115
nonpayment of any hospital, surgical, or medical expenses incurred 116
by a provider, if the nonpayment is the result of the failure of 117
that party to obtain health insurance coverage. 118

(4) If any information described in division (D)(2) of this 119
section is placed in the credit file or credit report of the 120
former spouse or person responsible for the children, the consumer 121
reporting agency shall remove the information from the credit file 122
and credit report if the former spouse or person responsible for 123
the children provides the agency with the information required in 124
divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section. If the agency fails to 125
remove the information from the credit file or credit report 126
pursuant to the terms of the "Fair Credit Reporting Act," 84 Stat. 127
1128, 15 U.S.C. 1681a, within a reasonable time after receiving 128
the information required by divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this 129
section, the former spouse may initiate an action to require the 130
agency to remove the information. 131

If any information described in division (D)(3) of this 132
section is placed in the party's credit file or credit report, the 133
party has the burden of proving that the party is not responsible 134
for obtaining the health insurance coverage or, if responsible, 135
that the expenses incurred are not covered expenses. If the party 136
meets that burden, the agency shall remove the information from 137
the party's credit file and credit report immediately. If the 138
agency fails to remove the information from the credit file or 139
credit report immediately after the party meets the burden, the 140
party may initiate an action to require the agency to remove the 141
information. 142

Sec. 1739.05. (A) A multiple employer welfare arrangement	143
that is created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the	144
Revised Code and that operates a group self-insurance program may	145
be established only if any of the following applies:	146
(1) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment of	147
three hundred employees of two or more employers.	148
(2) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment of	149
three hundred self-employed individuals.	150
(3) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment of	151
three hundred employees or self-employed individuals in any	152
combination of divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section.	153
(B) A multiple employer welfare arrangement that is created	154
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code and	155
that operates a group self-insurance program shall comply with all	156
laws applicable to self-funded programs in this state, including	157
sections 3901.04, 3901.041, 3901.19 to 3901.26, 3901.38, <u>3901.381</u>	158
<u>to 3901.3814</u> , 3901.40, 3901.45, 3901.46, 3902.01 to 3902.14,	159
3923.30, 3923.301, 3923.38, 3923.581, 3923.63, 3924.031, 3924.032,	160
and 3924.27 of the Revised Code.	161
(C) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created pursuant	162
to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code shall solicit	163
enrollments only through agents or solicitors licensed pursuant to	164
Chapter 3905. of the Revised Code to sell or solicit sickness and	165
accident insurance.	166
(D) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created pursuant	167
to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code shall provide	168
benefits only to individuals who are members, employees of	169
members, or the dependents of members or employees, or are	170
eligible for continuation of coverage under section 1751.53 or	171
3923.38 of the Revised Code or under Title X of the "Consolidated	172

Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985," 100 Stat. 227, 29 173
U.S.C.A. 1161, as amended. 174

Sec. 1739.14. (A) Each member shall pay to the multiple 175
employer welfare arrangement operating a group self-insurance 176
program a premium equal to its share of the arrangement's 177
projected obligation for employee welfare benefit liability, 178
administrative expenses, and other costs incurred by the 179
arrangement as determined by the board of the arrangement or by a 180
third-party administrator and approved by the board of the 181
arrangement. This amount may be adjusted by the board according to 182
the claims experience of each participating member in accordance 183
with criteria set forth in the articles or bylaws of the 184
arrangement. 185

(B) Each member shall pay a premium for each year at the 186
beginning of each fiscal year unless otherwise provided for under 187
the agreement. 188

(C) A multiple employer welfare arrangement operating a group 189
self-insurance program shall make payments, or arrange to have 190
payments made, to the employees of the members out of the fund for 191
employee welfare benefits in accordance with section 3901.38 and 192
sections 3901.381 to 3901.3814 of the Revised Code. 193

(D) A board of the multiple employer welfare arrangement 194
operating a group self-insurance program shall determine whether 195
any dividends or assessments shall be paid to or levied against 196
participating members. 197

Sec. 3901.38. ~~(A)~~ As used in this section and ~~section~~ 198
sections 3901.381 to 3901.3814 of the Revised Code: 199

~~(1)~~(A) "Beneficiary" means any policyholder, subscriber, 200
member, employee, or other person who is eligible for benefits 201
under a benefits contract. 202

~~(2)(B)~~ "Benefits contract" means a sickness and accident insurance policy providing hospital, surgical, or medical expense coverage, or a health insuring corporation contract or other policy or agreement under which a third-party payer agrees to reimburse for covered health care or dental services rendered to beneficiaries, up to the limits and exclusions contained in the benefits contract.

~~(3)~~ "Completed claim" means a proof of loss or a claim for payment for health care services which has been submitted to the appropriate claims processing office of the third-party payer accompanied by sufficient documentation for the third-party payer to determine proof of loss and reasonably required by the third-party payer to accept or reject the claim.

~~(4)(C)~~ "Hospital" has the same meaning set forth as in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.

~~(5)~~ "Proof of loss" means a claim for payment for health care services which has been submitted to the appropriate claims processing office of the third-party payer accompanied by sufficient documentation for the third-party payer to determine benefits payable under the benefits contract and reasonably required by the third-party payer to accept or reject the claim.

~~(6)(D)~~ "Provider" means a hospital, nursing home, physician, podiatrist, dentist, pharmacist, chiropractor, or other licensed health care provider entitled to reimbursement by a third-party payer for services rendered to a beneficiary under a benefits contract.

~~(7)(E)~~ "Reimburse" means indemnify, make payment, or otherwise accept responsibility for payment for health care services rendered to a beneficiary, or arrange for the provision of health care services to a beneficiary.

~~(8)(F)~~ "Third-party payer" means any of the following:

(a)(1) An insurance company;	234
(b)(2) A health insuring corporation;	235
(c)(3) A labor organization;	236
(d)(4) An employer;	237
(e)(5) An intermediary organization, as defined in section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, that is not a health delivery network contracting solely with self-insured employers;	238 239 240
(f)(6) An administrator subject to sections 3959.01 to 3959.16 of the Revised Code;	241 242
(g)(7) A health delivery network, as defined in section 1751.01 of the Revised Code;	243 244
(h)(8) Any other person that is obligated pursuant to a benefits contract to reimburse for covered health care services rendered to beneficiaries under such contract.	245 246 247
(B)(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2) of this section and in section 3901.381 of the Revised Code, within twenty-four days of the receipt of a completed claim from a provider or a beneficiary for reimbursement for health care services rendered by the provider to a beneficiary, a third-party payer shall, in accordance with division (D) of this section, make payment of any amount due on such claim.	248 249 250 251 252 253 254
(2) A third-party payer and a provider may, in negotiating a reimbursement contract, agree to any time period by which a third-party payer shall, subject to division (D) of this section, make payment of any amount due on a completed claim. Nothing in this division shall be construed as limiting in any manner the application of the requirements of this section to any benefits or reimbursement contract.	255 256 257 258 259 260 261
(3) Any provider or beneficiary aggrieved with respect to any act of a third-party payer that such provider or beneficiary	262 263

~~believes to be a violation of division (B)(1) or (2) of this
section may file a written complaint with the superintendent of
insurance. If a series of such complaints is received by the
superintendent with respect to a particular third party payer and
if, after investigation, the superintendent finds that such
third party payer has engaged in a series of such violations
which, taken together, constitute a consistent pattern or a
practice of such third party payer to violate division (B)(1) or
(2) of this section, the superintendent shall issue an order
requiring such third party payer to cease and desist from engaging
in such violations and to pay a late payment penalty as specified
in divisions (B)(4) and (5) of this section with respect to the
claims the superintendent finds were not timely paid. In the
order, the superintendent shall specify the reasons for the
superintendent's finding and order and state that a hearing
conducted pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall be
held within fifteen days after requested in writing by the
third party payer. The provisions of division (B)(3) of this
section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, such other
remedies as providers and beneficiaries may otherwise have by law.~~

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~~(4)(a) The late payment penalty shall be computed based upon
the number of days that have elapsed between the date payment is
due in accordance with division (B)(1) or (2) of this section and
the date payment is actually sent.~~

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~~(b) The interest rate for determining the amount of the late
payment penalty shall be the rate agreed to by the provider and
the third party payer or the rate specified by and determined in
accordance with division (A) of section 1343.01 of the Revised
Code.~~

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~~(5) A provider and a third party payer may enter into a
contractual agreement in which the timing of payments by the
third party payer is not directly related to the receipt of a~~

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~~completed claim. Such contractual arrangement may include periodic
interim payment arrangements, capitation payment arrangements, or
other payment arrangements acceptable to the provider and the
third party payer. Except as agreed to under such contract, this
section does not apply to such payment arrangements.~~

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~~(6) Any late payment penalty due and payable by a third party
payer in accordance with this section shall not be used to reduce
benefits or payments otherwise payable under a benefits contract.~~

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~~(C) No third party payer shall refuse to process or pay
within the time period required under division (B)(1) or (2) of
this section a completed claim submitted by a provider on the
ground the beneficiary has not been discharged from the hospital
or the treatment has not been completed, if the submitted claim
covers services actually rendered and charges actually incurred
over at least a thirty-day period.~~

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~~(D)(1) Notwithstanding section 1751.13 or division (I)(2) of
section 3923.04 of the Revised Code, a reimbursement contract
entered into or renewed on or after June 29, 1988, between a
third party payer and a hospital shall provide that reimbursement
for any service provided by a hospital pursuant to a reimbursement
contract and covered under a benefits contract shall be made
directly to the hospital.~~

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~~(2) If the third party payer and the hospital have not
entered into a contract regarding the provision and reimbursement
for covered services, the third party payer shall accept and honor
a completed and validly executed assignment of benefits with a
hospital by a beneficiary, except when the third party payer has
notified the hospital in writing of the conditions under which the
third party payer will not accept and honor an assignment of
benefits. Such notice shall be made annually.~~

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~~(3) A third-party payer may not refuse to accept and honor a
validly executed assignment of benefits with a hospital pursuant
to division (D)(2) of this section for medically necessary
hospital services provided on an emergency basis.~~

~~(E) A series of violations which taken together, constitute a
consistent pattern or a practice of violation of any of the
provisions of this section is an unfair and deceptive act pursuant
to sections 3901.19 to 3901.23 of the Revised Code and is subject
to proceedings pursuant to those sections.~~

Sec. 3901.381. (A) Except as provided in sections 3901.382,
3901.383, and 3901.384 of the Revised Code, a third-party payer
shall process a claim for payment for health care services
rendered by a provider to a beneficiary in accordance with the
time periods specified in this section.

(B)(1) Unless division (B)(2), (3), or (4) of this section
applies, when a third-party payer receives from a provider or
beneficiary a claim on the standard claim form prescribed in rules
adopted by the superintendent of insurance under section 3902.22
of the Revised Code, the third-party payer shall pay or deny the
claim not later than thirty days after receipt of the claim. When
a third-party payer denies a claim, the third-party payer shall
notify the provider and the beneficiary. The notice shall state,
with specificity, why the third-party payer denied the claim.

(2) Unless division (B)(3) or (4) of this section applies,
when a provider or beneficiary has used the standard claim form,
but the third-party payer determines that reasonable supporting
documentation is needed to establish the third-party payer's
responsibility to make payment, the third-party payer shall pay or
deny the claim not later than forty-five days after receipt of the
claim. Supporting documentation includes the verification of
employer and beneficiary coverage under a benefits contract,

confirmation of premium payment, medical information regarding the beneficiary and the services provided, information on the responsibility of another third-party payer to make payment, and information that is needed to correct material deficiencies in the claim related to the identification of a diagnosis, treatment, or provider.

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Not later than thirty days after receipt of the claim, the third-party payer shall notify the provider, beneficiary, or third-party payer that the supporting documentation is needed. The notice shall state, with specificity, the supporting documentation needed. If any of the supporting documentation is under the control of the beneficiary, the beneficiary shall provide the supporting documentation to the third-party payer.

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The number of days that elapse between the third-party payer's request for supporting documentation and receipt of the requested documentation shall not be counted for purposes of determining the third-party payer's compliance with the time period of not more than forty-five days for payment or denial of a claim. If the third-party payer requests additional supporting documentation after receiving the initially requested documentation, the number of days that elapse between making the request and receiving the documentation shall be counted for purposes of determining the third-party payer's compliance with the time period of not more than forty-five days.

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When a third-party payer denies a claim, the third-party payer shall notify the provider and the beneficiary. The notice shall state, with specificity, why the third-party payer denied the claim. If a claim is denied because the provider failed to submit the supporting documentation needed to establish the third-party payer's responsibility to pay the claim and the provider in any manner charges the beneficiary an amount for the cost of the services, other than copayments or co-insurance

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required by a benefits contract, the provider shall notify the beneficiary that the charge is the result of a denied claim and shall notify the third-party payer that the beneficiary has been charged. The notices shall be made in writing and sent simultaneously to the beneficiary and third-party payer. In each notice, the provider shall include the number assigned by the third-party payer to the claim that was denied.

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If a third-party payer determines that supporting documentation related to medical information is routinely necessary to process a claim for payment of a particular health care service, the third-party payer shall establish a description of the supporting documentation that is routinely necessary and make the description available to providers in a readily accessible format.

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(3) When a provider or beneficiary submits a claim by using the standard claim form prescribed in the superintendent's rules, but the information provided in the claim is materially deficient, the third-party payer shall notify the provider or beneficiary not later than fifteen days after receipt of the claim. The notice shall state, with specificity, the information needed to correct all material deficiencies. Once the material deficiencies are corrected, the third-party payer shall proceed in accordance with division (B)(1), (2), or (4) of this section.

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It is not a violation of the notification time period of not more than fifteen days if a third-party payer finds after the end of the period that it is necessary to request information related to the identification of a diagnosis, treatment, or provider. Requests for such information shall be made as requests for supporting documentation under division (B)(2) of this section, and payment or denial of the claim is subject to the time periods specified in that division.

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(4) When a third-party payer is the secondary payer, the

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beneficiary shall submit to the third-party payer an explanation of benefits or other evidence of payment or denial by the primary payer not later than thirty days after payment by the primary payer. The third-party payer shall pay or deny the claim not later than thirty days after it receives the explanation of benefits or other evidence of payment or denial by the primary payer. When a third-party payer denies a claim, the third-party payer shall notify the provider and the beneficiary. The notice shall state, with specificity, why the third-party payer denied the claim.

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(C) For purposes of this section, if a dispute exists between a provider and a third-party payer as to the day a claim form was received by the third-party payer, both of the following apply:

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(1) If the provider submits a claim by mail and retains a record of the day the claim was mailed, there exists a rebuttable presumption that the claim was received by the third-party payer on the fifth business day after the day the claim was mailed, unless it can be proven otherwise.

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(2) If the provider submits a claim electronically, there exists a rebuttable presumption that the claim was received by the third-party payer twenty-four hours after the claim was submitted, unless it can be proven otherwise.

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(D) Nothing in this section requires a third-party payer to provide more than one notice to an employer whose premium for coverage of employees under a benefits contract has not been received by the third-party payer.

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Sec. 3901.382. Beginning six months after the date specified in section 262 of the "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 110 Stat. 2027, 42 U.S.C.A. 1320d-4, on which a third-party payer is initially required to comply with

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a standard or implementation specification for the electronic 454
exchange of health information, as adopted or established by the 455
United States secretary of health and human services pursuant to 456
that act, sections 3901.381, 3901.384, 3901.385, 3901.389, 457
3901.3810, 3901.3811, 3901.3812, and 3901.3813 of the Revised Code 458
apply to a claim submitted to a third-party payer for payment for 459
health care services only if the claim is submitted 460
electronically. A provider and third-party payer may enter into a 461
contractual arrangement under which the third-party payer agrees 462
to process claims that are not submitted electronically because of 463
the financial hardship that electronic submission of claims would 464
create for the provider or any other extenuating circumstance. 465

Sec. 3901.383. A provider and a third-party payer may do 466
either of the following: 467

(A) Enter into a contractual agreement in which payment of 468
any amount due for rendering health care services is to be made by 469
the third-party payer within time periods shorter than those set 470
forth in section 3901.381 of the Revised Code; 471

(B) Enter into a contractual agreement in which the timing of 472
payments by the third-party payer is not directly related to the 473
receipt of a claim form. The contractual arrangement may include 474
periodic interim payment arrangements, capitation payment 475
arrangements, or other periodic payment arrangements acceptable to 476
the provider and the third-party payer. Under a capitation payment 477
arrangement, the third-party payer shall begin paying the 478
capitated amounts to the beneficiary's primary care provider not 479
later than sixty days after the date the beneficiary selects or is 480
assigned to the provider. Under any other contractual periodic 481
payment arrangement, the contractual agreement shall state, with 482
specificity, the timing of payments by the third-party payer. 483

Sec. 3901.384. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section, a 484
third-party payer that requires timely submission of claims for 485
payment for health care services shall process a claim that is not 486
submitted in a timely manner if a claim for the same services was 487
initially submitted to a different third-party payer or state or 488
federal program that offers health care benefits and that payer or 489
program has determined that it is not responsible for the cost of 490
the health care services. When a claim is submitted later than one 491
year after the last date of service for which reimbursement is 492
sought under the claim, the third-party payer shall pay or deny 493
the claim not later than ninety days after receipt of the claim. 494
If the claim is denied, the third-party payer shall notify the 495
provider and the beneficiary. The notice shall state, with 496
specificity, why the third-party payer denied the claim. 497

(B) The third-party payer may refuse to process a claim 498
submitted by a provider if the provider submits the claim later 499
than thirty days after receiving notice from the different 500
third-party payer or a state or federal program that that payer or 501
program is not responsible for the cost of the health care 502
services. 503

(C) For purposes of this section, both of the following 504
apply: 505

(1) A determination that a third-party payer or state or 506
federal program is not responsible for the cost of health care 507
services includes a determination regarding coordination of 508
benefits, preexisting health conditions, ineligibility for 509
coverage at the time services were provided, subrogation 510
provisions, and similar findings; 511

(2) State and federal programs that offer health care 512
benefits include medicare, medicaid, workers' compensation, the 513
civilian health and medical program of the uniformed services and 514

other elements of the tricare program offered by the United States
department of defense, and similar state or federal programs.

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(D) Any provision of a contractual arrangement entered into
between a third-party payer and a provider or beneficiary that is
contrary to divisions (A) to (C) of this section is unenforceable.

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Sec. 3901.385. A third-party payer shall not do either of the
following:

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(A) Engage in any business practice that unfairly or
unnecessarily delays the processing of a claim or the payment of
any amount due for health care services rendered by a provider to
a beneficiary;

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(B) Refuse to process or pay within the time periods
specified in section 3901.381 of the Revised Code a claim
submitted by a provider on the grounds the beneficiary has not
been discharged from the hospital or the treatment has not been
completed, if the submitted claim covers services actually
rendered and charges actually incurred over at least a thirty-day
period.

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Sec. 3901.386. (A) Notwithstanding section 1751.13 or
division (I)(2) of section 3923.04 of the Revised Code, a
reimbursement contract entered into or renewed on or after June
29, 1988, between a third-party payer and a hospital shall provide
that reimbursement for any service provided by a hospital pursuant
to a reimbursement contract and covered under a benefits contract
shall be made directly to the hospital.

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(B) If the third-party payer and the hospital have not
entered into a contract regarding the provision and reimbursement
of covered services, the third-party payer shall accept and honor
a completed and validly executed assignment of benefits with a
hospital by a beneficiary, except when the third-party payer has

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notified the hospital in writing of the conditions under which the 545
third-party payer will not accept and honor an assignment of 546
benefits. Such notice shall be made annually. 547

(C) A third-party payer may not refuse to accept and honor a 548
validly executed assignment of benefits with a hospital pursuant 549
to division (B) of this section for medically necessary hospital 550
services provided on an emergency basis. 551

Sec. 3901.387. (A) When a provider or beneficiary submits a 552
duplicative claim for payment for health care services before the 553
time periods specified in section 3901.381 of the Revised Code 554
have elapsed for the original claim submitted, the third-party 555
payer may deny the duplicative claim. 556

(B)(1) A third-party payer shall establish a system whereby a 557
provider and a beneficiary may obtain information regarding the 558
status of a claim for payment for health care services. A 559
third-party payer shall inform providers and beneficiaries of the 560
mechanisms that may be used to gain access to the system. 561

(2) If a third-party payer delegates the processing of 562
payments to another entity, the third-party payer shall require 563
the entity to comply with division (B)(1) of this section on 564
behalf of the third-party payer. 565

Sec. 3901.388. A payment made by a third-party payer to a 566
provider in accordance with sections 3901.381 to 3901.386 of the 567
Revised Code shall be considered final two years after payment is 568
made. After that date, the amount of the payment is not subject to 569
adjustment, except in the case of fraud by the provider. 570

(B) A third-party payer may recover the amount of any part of 571
a payment that the third-party payer determines to be an 572
overpayment if the recovery process is initiated not later than 573
two years after the payment was made to the provider. The 574

third-party payer shall inform the provider of its determination of overpayment by providing notice in accordance with division (C) of this section. The third-party payer shall give the provider an opportunity to appeal the determination. If the provider fails to respond to the notice sooner than thirty days after the notice is made, elects not to appeal the determination, or appeals the determination but the appeal is not upheld, the third-party payer may initiate recovery of the overpayment.

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When a provider has failed to make a timely response to the notice of the third-party payer's determination of overpayment, the third-party payer may recover the overpayment by deducting the amount of the overpayment from other payments the third-party payer owes the provider or by taking action pursuant to any other remedy available under the Revised Code. When a provider elects not to appeal a determination of overpayment or appeals the determination but the appeal is not upheld, the third-party payer shall permit a provider to repay the amount by making one or more direct payments to the third-party payer or by having the amount deducted from other payments the third-party payer owes the provider.

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(C) The notice of overpayment a third-party payer is required to give a provider under division (B) of this section shall be made in writing and shall specify all of the following:

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(1) The full name of the beneficiary who received the health care services for which overpayment was made;

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(2) The date or dates the services were provided;

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(3) The amount of the overpayment;

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(4) The claim number;

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(5) A detailed explanation of basis for the third-party payer's determination of overpayment.

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(D) Any provision of a contractual arrangement entered into between a third-party payer and a provider or beneficiary that is contrary to divisions (A) to (C) of this section is unenforceable.

Sec. 3901.389. (A) Any third-party payer that fails to comply with section 3901.381 of the Revised Code, or any contractual payment arrangement entered into under section 3901.383 of the Revised Code, shall pay interest in accordance with this section.

(B) Interest shall be computed based upon the number of days that have elapsed between the date payment is due in accordance with section 3901.381 of the Revised Code or the contractual payment arrangement entered into under section 3901.383 of the Revised Code, and the date payment is made. The interest rate for determining the amount of interest due shall be equal to an annual percentage rate of eighteen per cent.

(C) For purposes of this section, if a dispute exists between a provider and a third-party payer as to the day a payment was made by the third-party payer, both of the following apply:

(1) If the third-party payer submits a payment by mail and retains a record of the day the payment was mailed, there exists a rebuttable presumption that the payment was made five business days before the day the payment was received by the provider, unless it can be proven otherwise.

(2) If the third-party payer submits a payment electronically, there exists a rebuttable presumption that the payment was made twenty-four hours before the date the payment was received by the provider, unless it can be proven otherwise.

(D) Interest due in accordance with this section shall be paid directly to the provider at the time payment of the claim is made and shall not be used to reduce benefits or payments

otherwise payable under a benefits contract. 635

Sec. 3901.3810. (A) A provider or beneficiary aggrieved with 636
respect to any act of a third-party payer that the provider or 637
beneficiary believes to be a violation of sections 3901.381 to 638
3901.388 of the Revised Code may file a written complaint with the 639
superintendent of insurance regarding the violation. 640

(B) A third-party payer shall not retaliate against a 641
provider or beneficiary who files a complaint under division (A) 642
of this section. If a provider or beneficiary is aggrieved with 643
respect to any act of the third-party payer that the provider or 644
beneficiary believes to be retaliation for filing a complaint 645
under division (A) of this section, the provider or beneficiary 646
may file a written complaint with the superintendent regarding the 647
alleged retaliation. 648

Sec. 3901.3811. (A) No third-party payer shall fail to comply 649
with sections 3901.381 and 3901.384 to 3901.3810 of the Revised 650
Code. 651

(B) The superintendent of insurance may require third-party 652
payers to submit reports of their compliance with division (A) of 653
this section. If reports are required, the superintendent shall 654
prescribe the content, format, and frequency of the reports in 655
consultation with third-party payers. The superintendent shall not 656
require reports to be submitted more frequently than once every 657
three months. 658

The superintendent shall not use findings from reports 659
submitted by a third-party payer under this division as the basis 660
of a finding of a violation of division (A) of this section or the 661
imposition of penalties under section 3901.3812 of the Revised 662
Code. 663

Sec. 3901.3812. (A) If, after completion of an examination 664
involving information collected from a six-month period, the 665
superintendent finds that a third-party payer has committed a 666
series of violations that, taken together, constitutes a 667
consistent pattern or practice of violating division (A) of 668
section 3901.3811 of the Revised Code, the superintendent may 669
impose on the third-party payer any of the administrative remedies 670
specified in division (B) of this section. In making a finding 671
under this division, the superintendent shall use the compliance 672
standards recommended by the national association of insurance 673
commissioners. 674

Before imposing an administrative remedy, the superintendent 675
shall provide written notice to the third-party payer informing 676
the third-party payer of the reasons for the superintendent's 677
finding, the administrative remedy the superintendent proposes to 678
impose, and the opportunity to submit a written request for an 679
administrative hearing regarding the finding and proposed remedy. 680
If the third-party payer requests a hearing, the superintendent 681
shall conduct the hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the 682
Revised Code not later than fifteen days after receipt of the 683
request. 684

(B)(1) In imposing administrative remedies under division (A) 685
of this section, the superintendent may do any of the following: 686

(a) Levy a monetary penalty in an amount determined in 688
accordance with division (B)(2) of this section; 689

(b) Order the payment of interest directly to the provider in 690
accordance with 3901.389 of the Revised Code; 691

(c) Order the third-party payer to cease and desist from 692
engaging in the violations; 693

(d) If a monetary penalty is not levied under division (B)(1)(a) of this section, impose any of the administrative remedies provided for in section 3901.22 of the Revised Code, other than those specified in divisions (D)(4) and (5) of that section. 694
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(2) For purposes of levying a fine under division (B)(1)(a) of this section, a finding by the superintendent that a series of violations have been committed constitutes a single offense. For a first offense, the superintendent may levy a fine of not more than one hundred thousand dollars. For a second offense that occurs on or earlier than six years from the first offense, the superintendent may levy a fine of not less than fifty thousand dollars nor more than two hundred thousand dollars. For a third or additional offense that occurs on or earlier than six years after a first offense, the superintendent may levy a fine of not less than one hundred thousand dollars nor more than three hundred thousand dollars. In determining the amount of a fine to be levied within the specified limits, the superintendent shall consider the following factors: 699
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(a) The extent and frequency of the violations; 713

(b) Whether the violations were due to circumstances beyond the third-party payer's control; 714
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(c) Any remedial actions taken by the third-party payer to prevent future violations; 716
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(d) The actual or potential harm to others resulting from the violations; 718
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(e) If the third-party payer knowingly and willingly committed the violations; 720
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(f) The third-party payer's financial condition; 722

(g) Any other factors the superintendent considers 723

appropriate. 724

(C) The remedies imposed by the superintendent under this section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, such other remedies as providers and beneficiaries may otherwise have by law. 725
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(D) Any fine collected under this section shall be paid into the state treasury as follows: 728
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(1) Twenty-five per cent of the total to the credit of the department of insurance operating fund created by section 3901.021 of the Revised Code; 730
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(2) Sixty-five per cent of the total to the credit of the general revenue fund; 733
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(3) Ten per cent of the total to the credit of claims processing education fund, which is hereby created. 735
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All money credited to the claims processing education fund shall be used by the department of insurance to make technical assistance available to third-party payers, providers, and beneficiaries for effective implementation of the provisions of sections 3901.38 and 3901.381 to 3901.3814 of the Revised Code. 737
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Sec. 3901.3813. The superintendent of insurance may adopt rules as the superintendent considers necessary to carry out the purposes of section 3901.38 and sections 3901.381 to 3901.3812 of the Revised Code. The rules shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. 742
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Sec. 3901.3814. Sections 3901.38 and 3901.381 to 3901.3813 of the Revised Code do not apply to the following: 747
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(A) Policies offering coverage that is regulated under Chapters 3935. and 3937. of the Revised Code; 749
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(B) An employer's self-insurance plan and any of its 751

administrators, as defined in section 3959.01 of the Revised Code, 752
to the extent that federal law supersedes, preempts, prohibits, or 753
otherwise precludes the application of any provisions of those 754
sections to the plan and its administrators; 755

(C) A third-party payer for coverage provided under the 756
medicare plus choice or medicaid programs operated under Title 757
XVIII and XIX of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 758
42 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended; 759

(D) A third-party payer for coverage provided under the 760
tricare program offered by the United States department of 761
defense. 762

Sec. 3902.11. As used in sections 3902.11 to 3902.14 of the 763
Revised Code: 764

(A) "Beneficiary" ~~has~~ and "third-party payer" have the same 765
~~meaning meanings~~ as in ~~division (A)(1) of~~ section 3901.38 of the 766
Revised Code. 767

(B) "Plan of health coverage" means any of the following if 768
the policy, contract, or agreement contains a coordination of 769
benefits provision: 770

(1) An individual or group sickness and accident insurance 771
policy, which policy provides for hospital, dental, surgical, or 772
medical services; 773

(2) Any individual or group contract of a health insuring 774
corporation, which contract provides for hospital, dental, 775
surgical, or medical services; 776

(3) Any other individual or group policy or agreement under 777
which a third-party payer provides for hospital, dental, surgical, 778
or medical services. 779

(C) "Provider" ~~has the same meaning as in division (A)(6) of~~ 780

~~section 3901.38 of the Revised Code means a hospital, nursing home, physician, podiatrist, dentist, pharmacist, chiropractor, or other licensed health care provider entitled to reimbursement by a third-party payer for services rendered to a beneficiary under a benefits contract.~~ 781-785

~~(D) "Third-party payer" has the same meaning as in division (A)(8) of section 3901.38 of the Revised Code.~~ 786-787

Sec. 3902.21. As used in sections ~~3902.21 to 3902.22 and~~ 3902.23 of the Revised Code: 788-789

~~(A) "Proof of loss" means the documentation and procedures required and the criteria employed by third-party payers to accept or reject and to determine benefits payable under a claim for reimbursement of health services or supplies, including documentation, procedures, and criteria to determine the medical necessity of health services or supplies.~~ 790-795

~~(B) "Third-party payers, "third-party payer" has the same meaning as in section 3901.38 of the Revised Code.~~ 796-797

Sec. 3902.22. The superintendent of insurance shall develop a standard claim form ~~and standard proof of loss~~ to be used by all third-party payers for reimbursement of health care services and supplies, taking into consideration the special needs of, and differences between, third-party payers. The standard claim form ~~and standard proof of loss~~ shall be prescribed in rules the superintendent shall adopt in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. The superintendent may prescribe a separate claim form for each third-party payer. If a national standard claim form ~~and standard proof of loss~~ is established by the sickness and accident insurance industry, the superintendent shall amend the rules to comply with the national standards. The standard claim form shall include a method to specify the license numbers of 798-810

physical therapists and other health care professionals rendering 811
services designated as physical therapy, as required under section 812
4755.56 of the Revised Code. 813

Sec. 3902.23. Beginning one hundred eighty days after rules 814
adopted under section 3902.22 of the Revised Code take effect, no 815
third-party payer shall fail to use the standard claim form ~~and~~ 816
~~proof of loss~~ prescribed in those rules, except as provided in 817
section 3729.15 of the Revised Code. 818

Sec. 3924.21. (A) As used in this section: 819

(1) "Beneficiary," "hospital," ~~"provider,"~~ and "third-party 820
payer" have the same meanings as in section 3901.38 of the Revised 821
Code. 822

(2) "Overcharged" means charged more than the usual and 823
customary charge, rate, or fee that is charged by the provider or 824
hospital for a particular item or service. 825

(3) "Provider" has the same meaning as in section 3902.11 of 826
the Revised Code. 827

(B) If a beneficiary identifies on the billing statement of a 828
provider or hospital any item or service for which the beneficiary 829
was overcharged by more than five hundred dollars and the 830
beneficiary notifies the third-party payer of the error at any 831
time after the thirty-day period immediately following the date on 832
which the third-party payer makes payment to the provider or 833
hospital for the item or service, the provider or hospital shall 834
refund to the beneficiary an amount equal to fifteen per cent of 835
the amount overcharged. 836

(C) A provider or hospital shall not be required to comply 837
with division (B) of this section if, at the time the third-party 838
payer receives notice of the overcharge from the beneficiary, the 839
provider, hospital, or third-party payer is in the process of 840

correcting the error and such process can be documented.

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Section 2. That existing sections 1349.01, 1739.05, 1739.14,
3901.38, 3902.11, 3902.21, 3902.22, 3902.23, and 3924.21 and
section 3901.381 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.

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Section 3. Sections 3901.38, 3901.381, 3901.382, 3901.383,
3901.384, 3901.385, 3901.386, 3901.387, 3901.388, 3901.389,
3901.3810, 3901.3811, 3901.3812, 3901.3813, 3901.3814, 3902.21,
3902.22, and 3902.23 of the Revised Code, as amended, enacted, or
repealed and reenacted by this act, apply to any claim for payment
for health care services that is submitted to a third-party payer
on or after the effective date of this act.

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