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Sub. S. B. No. 4

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A B I L L

To amend sections 1349.01, 1739.05, 1739.14, 3901.38, 1
3902.11, 3902.21, 3902.22, 3902.23, and 3924.21, to 2
enact new section 3901.381 and sections 3901.382, 3
3901.383, 3901.384, 3901.385, 3901.386, 3901.387, 4
3901.388, 3901.389, 3901.3810, 3901.3811, 5
3901.3812, 3901.3813, and 3901.3814 and to repeal 6
section 3901.381 of the Revised Code to revise the 7
"prompt pay" requirements applicable to insurance 8
companies, health insuring corporations, and other 9
third-party payers of health care services. 10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1349.01, 1739.05, 1739.14, 3901.38, 11
3902.11, 3902.21, 3902.22, 3902.23, and 3924.21 be amended and new 12
section 3901.381 and sections 3901.382, 3901.383, 3901.384, 13
3901.385, 3901.386, 3901.387, 3901.388, 3901.389, 3901.3810, 14
3901.3811, 3901.3812, 3901.3813, and 3901.3814 of the Revised Code 15

be enacted to read as follows: 16

Sec. 1349.01. (A) As used in this section: 17

(1) "Consumer reporting agency" has the same meaning as in 18
the "Fair Credit Reporting Act," 84 Stat. 1128, 15 U.S.C.A. 1681a. 19

(2) "Court" means the division of the court of common pleas 20
having jurisdiction over actions for divorce, annulment, 21
dissolution of marriage, legal separation, child support, or 22
spousal support. 23

(3) "Health insurance coverage" means hospital, surgical, or 24
medical expense coverage provided under any health insurance or 25
health care policy, contract, or plan or any other health benefits 26
arrangement. 27

(4) "Provider" has the same meaning as in section ~~3901.38~~ 28
3902.11 of the Revised Code. 29

(B) If, pursuant to an action for divorce, annulment, 30
dissolution of marriage, or legal separation, the court determines 31
that a party who is a resident of this state is responsible for 32
obtaining health insurance coverage for the party's former spouse 33
or children or if, pursuant to a child support order issued in 34
accordance with sections 3119.30 to 3119.58 of the Revised Code, 35
the court requires a party who is a resident of this state to 36
obtain health insurance coverage for the children who are the 37
subject of the child support order, and the party fails to obtain 38
such coverage, no provider or collection agency shall collect or 39
attempt to collect from the former spouse, children, or person 40
responsible for the children, any reimbursement of any hospital, 41
surgical, or medical expenses incurred by the provider for 42
services rendered to the former spouse or children, which expenses 43
would have been covered but for the failure of the party to obtain 44
the coverage, if the former spouse, any of the children, or a 45

person responsible for the children, provides the following to the
provider or collection agency:

(1) A copy of the court order requiring the party to obtain
health insurance coverage for the former spouse or children.

(2) Reasonable assistance in locating the party and obtaining
information about the party's health insurance coverage.

(C) If the requirements of divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this
section are not met, the provider or collection agency may collect
the hospital, surgical, or medical expenses both from the former
spouse or person responsible for the children and from the party
who failed to obtain the coverage. If the requirements of
divisions (B)(1) and (2) are met, the provider or collection
agency may collect or attempt to collect the expenses only from
the party.

A party required to obtain health insurance coverage for a
former spouse or children who fails to obtain the coverage is
liable to the provider for the hospital, surgical, or medical
expenses incurred by the provider as a result of the failure to
obtain the coverage. This section does not prohibit a former
spouse or person responsible for the children from initiating an
action to enforce the order requiring the party to obtain health
insurance for the former spouse or children or to collect any
amounts the former spouse or person responsible for the children
pays for hospital, surgical, or medical expenses for which the
party is responsible under the order requiring the party to obtain
health insurance for the former spouse or children.

(D)(1) If the requirements of divisions (B)(1) and (2) of
this section are met, both of the following restrictions shall
apply:

(a) No collection agency or provider of hospital, surgical,
or medical services may report to a consumer reporting agency, for

inclusion in the credit file or credit report of the former spouse
or person responsible for the children, any information relative
to the nonpayment of expenses for the services incurred by the
provider, if the nonpayment is the result of the failure of the
party responsible for obtaining health insurance coverage to
obtain health insurance coverage.

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(b) No consumer reporting agency shall include in the credit
file or credit report of the former spouse or person responsible
for the children, any information relative to the nonpayment of
any hospital, surgical, or medical expenses incurred by a provider
as a result of the party's failure to obtain the coverage.

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(2) If the requirements of divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this
section are not met, both of the following provisions shall apply:

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(a) A provider of hospital, surgical, or medical services, or
a collection agency, may report to a consumer reporting agency,
for inclusion in the credit file or credit report of the former
spouse or person responsible for the children, any information
relative to the nonpayment of expenses for the services incurred
by the provider, if the nonpayment is the result of the failure of
the party responsible for obtaining health insurance coverage to
obtain such coverage.

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(b) A consumer reporting agency may include in the credit
file or credit report of the former spouse or person responsible
for the children, any information relative to the nonpayment of
any hospital, surgical, or medical expenses incurred by the
provider, if the nonpayment is the result of the failure of the
party responsible for obtaining health insurance coverage to
obtain such coverage.

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(3)(a) A provider of hospital, surgical, or medical services,
or a collection agency, may report to a consumer reporting agency,
for inclusion in the credit file or credit report of that party,

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any information relative to the nonpayment of expenses for the
services incurred by the provider, if the nonpayment is the result
of the failure of the party responsible for obtaining health
insurance coverage to obtain such coverage.

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(b) A consumer reporting agency may include in the credit
file or credit report of the party responsible for obtaining
health insurance coverage, any information relative to the
nonpayment of any hospital, surgical, or medical expenses incurred
by a provider, if the nonpayment is the result of the failure of
that party to obtain health insurance coverage.

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(4) If any information described in division (D)(2) of this
section is placed in the credit file or credit report of the
former spouse or person responsible for the children, the consumer
reporting agency shall remove the information from the credit file
and credit report if the former spouse or person responsible for
the children provides the agency with the information required in
divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section. If the agency fails to
remove the information from the credit file or credit report
pursuant to the terms of the "Fair Credit Reporting Act," 84 Stat.
1128, 15 U.S.C. 1681a, within a reasonable time after receiving
the information required by divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this
section, the former spouse may initiate an action to require the
agency to remove the information.

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If any information described in division (D)(3) of this
section is placed in the party's credit file or credit report, the
party has the burden of proving that the party is not responsible
for obtaining the health insurance coverage or, if responsible,
that the expenses incurred are not covered expenses. If the party
meets that burden, the agency shall remove the information from
the party's credit file and credit report immediately. If the
agency fails to remove the information from the credit file or
credit report immediately after the party meets the burden, the

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party may initiate an action to require the agency to remove the
information.

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Sec. 1739.05. (A) A multiple employer welfare arrangement
that is created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the
Revised Code and that operates a group self-insurance program may
be established only if any of the following applies:

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(1) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment of
three hundred employees of two or more employers.

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(2) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment of
three hundred self-employed individuals.

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(3) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment of
three hundred employees or self-employed individuals in any
combination of divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section.

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(B) A multiple employer welfare arrangement that is created
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code and
that operates a group self-insurance program shall comply with all
laws applicable to self-funded programs in this state, including
sections 3901.04, 3901.041, 3901.19 to 3901.26, 3901.38, 3901.381
to 3901.3814, 3901.40, 3901.45, 3901.46, 3902.01 to 3902.14,
3923.30, 3923.301, 3923.38, 3923.581, 3923.63, 3924.031, 3924.032,
and 3924.27 of the Revised Code.

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(C) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created pursuant
to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code shall solicit
enrollments only through agents or solicitors licensed pursuant to
Chapter 3905. of the Revised Code to sell or solicit sickness and
accident insurance.

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(D) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created pursuant
to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code shall provide
benefits only to individuals who are members, employees of
members, or the dependents of members or employees, or are

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eligible for continuation of coverage under section 1751.53 or 170
3923.38 of the Revised Code or under Title X of the "Consolidated 171
Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985," 100 Stat. 227, 29 172
U.S.C.A. 1161, as amended. 173

Sec. 1739.14. (A) Each member shall pay to the multiple 174
employer welfare arrangement operating a group self-insurance 175
program a premium equal to its share of the arrangement's 176
projected obligation for employee welfare benefit liability, 177
administrative expenses, and other costs incurred by the 178
arrangement as determined by the board of the arrangement or by a 179
third-party administrator and approved by the board of the 180
arrangement. This amount may be adjusted by the board according to 181
the claims experience of each participating member in accordance 182
with criteria set forth in the articles or bylaws of the 183
arrangement. 184

(B) Each member shall pay a premium for each year at the 185
beginning of each fiscal year unless otherwise provided for under 186
the agreement. 187

(C) A multiple employer welfare arrangement operating a group 188
self-insurance program shall make payments, or arrange to have 189
payments made, to the employees of the members out of the fund for 190
employee welfare benefits in accordance with section 3901.38 and 191
sections 3901.381 to 3901.3814 of the Revised Code. 192

(D) A board of the multiple employer welfare arrangement 193
operating a group self-insurance program shall determine whether 194
any dividends or assessments shall be paid to or levied against 195
participating members. 196

Sec. 3901.38. ~~(A)~~ As used in this section and ~~section~~ 197
sections 3901.381 to 3901.3814 of the Revised Code: 198

~~(1)~~(A) "Beneficiary" means any policyholder, subscriber, 199

member, employee, or other person who is eligible for benefits 200
under a benefits contract. 201

~~(2)(B)~~ "Benefits contract" means a sickness and accident 202
insurance policy providing hospital, surgical, or medical expense 203
coverage, or a health insuring corporation contract or other 204
policy or agreement under which a third-party payer agrees to 205
reimburse for covered health care or dental services rendered to 206
beneficiaries, up to the limits and exclusions contained in the 207
benefits contract. 208

~~(3)~~ "~~Completed claim~~" means a proof of loss or a claim for 209
~~payment for health care services which has been submitted to the~~ 210
~~appropriate claims processing office of the third-party payer~~ 211
~~accompanied by sufficient documentation for the third-party payer~~ 212
~~to determine proof of loss and reasonably required by the~~ 213
~~third-party payer to accept or reject the claim.~~ 214

~~(4)(C)~~ "Hospital" has the same meaning ~~set forth~~ as in 215
section 3727.01 of the Revised Code. 216

~~(5)~~ "~~Proof of loss~~" means a claim for payment for health care 217
~~services which has been submitted to the appropriate claims~~ 218
~~processing office of the third-party payer accompanied by~~ 219
~~sufficient documentation for the third-party payer to determine~~ 220
~~benefits payable under the benefits contract and reasonably~~ 221
~~required by the third-party payer to accept or reject the claim.~~ 222

~~(6)(D)~~ "Provider" means a hospital, nursing home, physician, 223
podiatrist, dentist, pharmacist, chiropractor, or other ~~licensed~~ 224
health care provider entitled to reimbursement by a third-party 225
payer for services rendered to a beneficiary under a benefits 226
contract. 227

~~(7)(E)~~ "Reimburse" means indemnify, make payment, or 228
otherwise accept responsibility for payment for health care 229
services rendered to a beneficiary, or arrange for the provision 230

of health care services to a beneficiary.	231
(8)(F) "Third-party payer" means any of the following:	232
(a)(1) An insurance company;	233
(b)(2) A health insuring corporation;	234
(c)(3) A labor organization;	235
(d)(4) An employer;	236
(e)(5) An intermediary organization, as defined in section	237
1751.01 of the Revised Code, that is not a health delivery network	238
contracting solely with self-insured employers;	239
(f)(6) An administrator subject to sections 3959.01 to	240
3959.16 of the Revised Code;	241
(g)(7) A health delivery network, as defined in section	242
1751.01 of the Revised Code;	243
(h)(8) Any other person that is obligated pursuant to a	244
benefits contract to reimburse for covered health care services	245
rendered to beneficiaries under such contract.	246
(B)(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2) of this section	247
and in section 3901.381 of the Revised Code, within twenty-four	248
days of the receipt of a completed claim from a provider or a	249
beneficiary for reimbursement for health care services rendered by	250
the provider to a beneficiary, a third-party payer shall, in	251
accordance with division (D) of this section, make payment of any	252
amount due on such claim.	253
(2) A third-party payer and a provider may, in negotiating a	254
reimbursement contract, agree to any time period by which a	255
third-party payer shall, subject to division (D) of this section,	256
make payment of any amount due on a completed claim. Nothing in	257
this division shall be construed as limiting in any manner the	258
application of the requirements of this section to any benefits or	259
reimbursement contract.	260

~~(3) Any provider or beneficiary aggrieved with respect to any act of a third-party payer that such provider or beneficiary believes to be a violation of division (B)(1) or (2) of this section may file a written complaint with the superintendent of insurance. If a series of such complaints is received by the superintendent with respect to a particular third-party payer and if, after investigation, the superintendent finds that such third-party payer has engaged in a series of such violations which, taken together, constitute a consistent pattern or a practice of such third-party payer to violate division (B)(1) or (2) of this section, the superintendent shall issue an order requiring such third party payer to cease and desist from engaging in such violations and to pay a late payment penalty as specified in divisions (B)(4) and (5) of this section with respect to the claims the superintendent finds were not timely paid. In the order, the superintendent shall specify the reasons for the superintendent's finding and order and state that a hearing conducted pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall be held within fifteen days after requested in writing by the third-party payer. The provisions of division (B)(3) of this section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, such other remedies as providers and beneficiaries may otherwise have by law.~~

~~(4)(a) The late payment penalty shall be computed based upon the number of days that have elapsed between the date payment is due in accordance with division (B)(1) or (2) of this section and the date payment is actually sent.~~

~~(b) The interest rate for determining the amount of the late payment penalty shall be the rate agreed to by the provider and the third-party payer or the rate specified by and determined in accordance with division (A) of section 1343.01 of the Revised Code.~~

~~(5) A provider and a third-party payer may enter into a~~

~~contractual agreement in which the timing of payments by the
third-party payer is not directly related to the receipt of a
completed claim. Such contractual arrangement may include periodic
interim payment arrangements, capitation payment arrangements, or
other payment arrangements acceptable to the provider and the
third-party payer. Except as agreed to under such contract, this
section does not apply to such payment arrangements.~~

~~(6) Any late payment penalty due and payable by a third-party
payer in accordance with this section shall not be used to reduce
benefits or payments otherwise payable under a benefits contract.~~

~~(C) No third-party payer shall refuse to process or pay
within the time period required under division (B)(1) or (2) of
this section a completed claim submitted by a provider on the
ground the beneficiary has not been discharged from the hospital
or the treatment has not been completed, if the submitted claim
covers services actually rendered and charges actually incurred
over at least a thirty-day period.~~

~~(D)(1) Notwithstanding section 1751.13 or division (I)(2) of
section 3923.04 of the Revised Code, a reimbursement contract
entered into or renewed on or after June 29, 1988, between a
third-party payer and a hospital shall provide that reimbursement
for any service provided by a hospital pursuant to a reimbursement
contract and covered under a benefits contract shall be made
directly to the hospital.~~

~~(2) If the third-party payer and the hospital have not
entered into a contract regarding the provision and reimbursement
for covered services, the third-party payer shall accept and honor
a completed and validly executed assignment of benefits with a
hospital by a beneficiary, except when the third-party payer has
notified the hospital in writing of the conditions under which the~~

~~third-party payer will not accept and honor an assignment of
benefits. Such notice shall be made annually.~~

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~~(3) A third-party payer may not refuse to accept and honor a
validly executed assignment of benefits with a hospital pursuant
to division (D)(2) of this section for medically necessary
hospital services provided on an emergency basis.~~

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~~(E) A series of violations which taken together, constitute a
consistent pattern or a practice of violation of any of the
provisions of this section is an unfair and deceptive act pursuant
to sections 3901.19 to 3901.23 of the Revised Code and is subject
to proceedings pursuant to those sections.~~

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Sec. 3901.381. (A) Except as provided in sections 3901.382,
3901.383, 3901.384, and 3901.386 of the Revised Code, a
third-party payer shall process a claim for payment for health
care services rendered by a provider to a beneficiary in
accordance with this section.

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(B)(1) Unless division (B)(2) or (3) of this section applies,
when a third-party payer receives from a provider or beneficiary a
claim on the standard claim form prescribed in rules adopted by
the superintendent of insurance under section 3902.22 of the
Revised Code, the third-party payer shall pay or deny the claim
not later than thirty days after receipt of the claim. When a
third-party payer denies a claim, the third-party payer shall
notify the provider and the beneficiary. The notice shall state,
with specificity, why the third-party payer denied the claim.

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(2)(a) Unless division (B)(3) of this section applies, when a
provider or beneficiary has used the standard claim form, but the
third-party payer determines that reasonable supporting
documentation is needed to establish the third-party payer's
responsibility to make payment, the third-party payer shall pay or
deny the claim not later than forty-five days after receipt of the

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claim. Supporting documentation includes the verification of 356
employer and beneficiary coverage under a benefits contract, 357
confirmation of premium payment, medical information regarding the 358
beneficiary and the services provided, information on the 359
responsibility of another third-party payer to make payment or 360
confirmation of the amount of payment by another third-party 361
payer, and information that is needed to correct material 362
deficiencies in the claim related to a diagnosis or treatment or 363
the provider's identification. 364

Not later than thirty days after receipt of the claim, the 365
third-party payer shall notify all relevant external sources that 366
the supporting documentation is needed. All such notices shall 367
state, with specificity, the supporting documentation needed. If 368
the notice was not provided in writing, the provider, beneficiary, 369
or third-party payer may request the third-party payer to provide 370
the notice in writing, and the third-party payer shall then 371
provide the notice in writing. If any of the supporting 372
documentation is under the control of the beneficiary, the 373
beneficiary shall provide the supporting documentation to the 374
third-party payer. 375

The number of days that elapse between the third-party 376
payer's last request for supporting documentation within the 377
thirty-day period and the third-party payer's receipt of all of 378
the supporting documentation that was requested shall not be 379
counted for purposes of determining the third-party payer's 380
compliance with the time period of not more than forty-five days 381
for payment or denial of a claim. Except as provided in division 382
(B)(2)(b) of this section, if the third-party payer requests 383
additional supporting documentation after receiving the initially 384
requested documentation, the number of days that elapse between 385
making the request and receiving the additional supporting 386
documentation shall be counted for purposes of determining the 387

third-party payer's compliance with the time period of not more than forty-five days.

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(b) If a third-party payer determines, after receiving initially requested documentation, that it needs additional supporting documentation pertaining to a beneficiary's preexisting condition, which condition was unknown to the third-party payer and about which it was reasonable for the third-party payer to have no knowledge at the time of its initial request for documentation, and the third-party payer subsequently requests this additional supporting documentation, the number of days that elapse between making the request and receiving the additional supporting documentation shall not be counted for purposes of determining the third-party payer's compliance with the time period of not more than forty-five days.

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(c) When a third-party payer denies a claim, the third-party payer shall notify the provider and the beneficiary. The notice shall state, with specificity, why the third-party payer denied the claim.

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(d) If a third-party payer determines that supporting documentation related to medical information is routinely necessary to process a claim for payment of a particular health care service, the third-party payer shall establish a description of the supporting documentation that is routinely necessary and make the description available to providers in a readily accessible format.

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Third-party payers and providers shall, in connection with a claim, use the most current CPT code in effect, as published by the American medical association, the most current ICD-9 code in effect, as published by the United States department of health and human services, the most current CDT code in effect, as published by the American dental association, or the most current HCPCS code in effect, as published by the United States health care financing

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(3) When a provider or beneficiary submits a claim by using
the standard claim form prescribed in the superintendent's rules,
but the information provided in the claim is materially deficient,
the third-party payer shall notify the provider or beneficiary not
later than fifteen days after receipt of the claim. The notice
shall state, with specificity, the information needed to correct
all material deficiencies. Once the material deficiencies are
corrected, the third-party payer shall proceed in accordance with
division (B)(1) or (2) of this section.

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It is not a violation of the notification time period of not
more than fifteen days if a third-party payer fails to notify a
provider or beneficiary of material deficiencies in the claim
related to a diagnosis or treatment or the provider's
identification. A third-party payer may request the information
necessary to correct these deficiencies after the end of the
notification time period. Requests for such information shall be
made as requests for supporting documentation under division
(B)(2) of this section, and payment or denial of the claim is
subject to the time periods specified in that division.

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(C) For purposes of this section, if a dispute exists between
a provider and a third-party payer as to the day a claim form was
received by the third-party payer, both of the following apply:

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(1) If the provider or a person acting on behalf of the
provider submits a claim directly to a third-party payer by mail
and retains a record of the day the claim was mailed, there exists
a rebuttable presumption that the claim was received by the
third-party payer on the fifth business day after the day the
claim was mailed, unless it can be proven otherwise.

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(2) If the provider or a person acting on behalf of the

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provider submits a claim directly to a third-party payer 451
electronically, there exists a rebuttable presumption that the 452
claim was received by the third-party payer twenty-four hours 453
after the claim was submitted, unless it can be proven otherwise. 454

(D) Nothing in this section requires a third-party payer to 455
provide more than one notice to an employer whose premium for 456
coverage of employees under a benefits contract has not been 457
received by the third-party payer. 458

(E) Compliance with the provisions of division (B)(3) of this 459
section shall be determined separately from compliance with the 460
provisions of divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section. 461

Sec. 3901.382. Beginning six months after the date specified 462
in section 262 of the "Health Insurance Portability and 463
Accountability Act of 1996," 110 Stat. 2027, 42 U.S.C.A. 1320d-4, 464
on which a third-party payer is initially required to comply with 465
a standard or implementation specification for the electronic 466
exchange of health information, as adopted or established by the 467
United States secretary of health and human services pursuant to 468
that act, sections 3901.381, 3901.384, 3901.385, 3901.389, 469
3901.3810, 3901.3811, 3901.3812, and 3901.3813 of the Revised Code 470
apply to a claim submitted to a third-party payer for payment for 471
health care services only if the claim is submitted 472
electronically. A provider and third-party payer may enter into a 473
contractual arrangement under which the third-party payer agrees 474
to process claims that are not submitted electronically because of 475
the financial hardship that electronic submission of claims would 476
create for the provider or any other extenuating circumstance. 477

Sec. 3901.383. A provider and a third-party payer may do 478
either of the following: 479

(A) Enter into a contractual agreement in which payment of 480

any amount due for rendering health care services is to be made by the third-party payer within time periods shorter than those set forth in section 3901.381 of the Revised Code;

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(B) Enter into a contractual agreement in which the timing of payments by the third-party payer is not directly related to the receipt of a claim form. The contractual arrangement may include periodic interim payment arrangements, capitation payment arrangements, or other periodic payment arrangements acceptable to the provider and the third-party payer. Under a capitation payment arrangement, the third-party payer shall begin paying the capitated amounts to the beneficiary's primary care provider not later than sixty days after the date the beneficiary selects or is assigned to the provider. Under any other contractual periodic payment arrangement, the contractual agreement shall state, with specificity, the timing of payments by the third-party payer.

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Sec. 3901.384. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section, a third-party payer that requires timely submission of claims for payment for health care services shall process a claim that is not submitted in a timely manner if a claim for the same services was initially submitted to a different third-party payer or state or federal program that offers health care benefits and that payer or program has determined that it is not responsible for the cost of the health care services. When a claim is submitted later than one year after the last date of service for which reimbursement is sought under the claim, the third-party payer shall pay or deny the claim not later than ninety days after receipt of the claim or, alternatively, pursuant to the requirements of sections 3901.381 to 3901.388 of the Revised Code. The third-party payer must make an election to process such claims either within the ninety-day period or under section 3901.381 of the Revised Code. If the claim is denied, the third-party payer shall notify the provider and the beneficiary. The notice shall state, with

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specificity, why the third-party payer denied the claim. 513

(B) The third-party payer may refuse to process a claim 514
submitted by a provider if the provider submits the claim later 515
than forty-five days after receiving notice from the different 516
third-party payer or a state or federal program that that payer or 517
program is not responsible for the cost of the health care 518
services, or if the provider does not submit the notice of denial 519
from the different third-party payer or program with the claim. 520
The failure of a provider to submit a notice of denial in 521
accordance with this division shall not affect the terms of a 522
benefits contract. 523

(C) For purposes of this section, both of the following 524
apply: 525

(1) A determination that a third-party payer or state or 526
federal program is not responsible for the cost of health care 527
services includes a determination regarding coordination of 528
benefits, preexisting health conditions, ineligibility for 529
coverage at the time services were provided, subrogation 530
provisions, and similar findings; 531

(2) State and federal programs that offer health care 532
benefits include medicare, medicaid, workers' compensation, the 533
civilian health and medical program of the uniformed services and 534
other elements of the tricare program offered by the United States 535
department of defense, and similar state or federal programs. 536

(D) Any provision of a contractual arrangement entered into 537
between a third-party payer and a provider or beneficiary that is 538
contrary to divisions (A) to (C) of this section is unenforceable. 539

Sec. 3901.385. A third-party payer shall not do either of the 540
following: 541

(A) Engage in any business practice that unfairly or 542

unnecessarily delays the processing of a claim or the payment of any amount due for health care services rendered by a provider to a beneficiary;

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(B) Refuse to process or pay within the time periods specified in section 3901.381 of the Revised Code a claim submitted by a provider on the grounds the beneficiary has not been discharged from the hospital or the treatment has not been completed, if the submitted claim covers services actually rendered and charges actually incurred over at least a thirty-day period.

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Sec. 3901.386. (A) Notwithstanding section 1751.13 or division (I)(2) of section 3923.04 of the Revised Code, a reimbursement contract entered into or renewed on or after June 29, 1988, between a third-party payer and a hospital shall provide that reimbursement for any service provided by a hospital pursuant to a reimbursement contract and covered under a benefits contract shall be made directly to the hospital.

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(B) If the third-party payer and the hospital have not entered into a contract regarding the provision and reimbursement of covered services, the third-party payer shall accept and honor a completed and validly executed assignment of benefits with a hospital by a beneficiary, except when the third-party payer has notified the hospital in writing of the conditions under which the third-party payer will not accept and honor an assignment of benefits. Such notice shall be made annually.

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(C) A third-party payer may not refuse to accept and honor a validly executed assignment of benefits with a hospital pursuant to division (B) of this section for medically necessary hospital services provided on an emergency basis.

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Sec. 3901.387. (A) When a provider or beneficiary submits a

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duplicative claim for payment for health care services before the 573
time periods specified in section 3901.381 of the Revised Code 574
have elapsed for the original claim submitted, the third-party 575
payer may deny the duplicative claim. Denials of claims determined 576
to be duplicative by the department of insurance shall not be 577
considered by the department in a market conduct examination of a 578
third-party payer's compliance with section 3901.381 of the 579
Revised Code. The superintendent of insurance shall have the 580
discretion to exclude an original claim in determining a violation 581
under section 3901.381 of the Revised Code. 582

(B)(1) A third-party payer shall establish a system whereby a 584
provider and a beneficiary may obtain information regarding the 585
status of a claim for payment for health care services, provided 586
the claim is not materially deficient. A third-party payer shall 587
inform providers and beneficiaries of the mechanisms that may be 588
used to gain access to the system. 589

(2) If a third-party payer delegates the processing of 590
payments to another entity, the third-party payer shall require 591
the entity to comply with division (B)(1) of this section on 592
behalf of the third-party payer. 593

Sec. 3901.388. A payment made by a third-party payer to a 594
provider in accordance with sections 3901.381 to 3901.386 of the 595
Revised Code shall be considered final two years after payment is 596
made. After that date, the amount of the payment is not subject to 597
adjustment, except in the case of fraud by the provider. 598

(B) A third-party payer may recover the amount of any part of 599
a payment that the third-party payer determines to be an 600
overpayment if the recovery process is initiated not later than 601
two years after the payment was made to the provider. The 602
third-party payer shall inform the provider of its determination 603

of overpayment by providing notice in accordance with division (C) 604
of this section. The third-party payer shall give the provider an 605
opportunity to appeal the determination. If the provider fails to 606
respond to the notice sooner than thirty days after the notice is 607
made, elects not to appeal the determination, or appeals the 608
determination but the appeal is not upheld, the third-party payer 609
may initiate recovery of the overpayment. 610

When a provider has failed to make a timely response to the 611
notice of the third-party payer's determination of overpayment, 612
the third-party payer may recover the overpayment by deducting the 613
amount of the overpayment from other payments the third-party 614
payer owes the provider or by taking action pursuant to any other 615
remedy available under the Revised Code. When a provider elects 616
not to appeal a determination of overpayment or appeals the 617
determination but the appeal is not upheld, the third-party payer 618
shall permit a provider to repay the amount by making one or more 619
direct payments to the third-party payer or by having the amount 620
deducted from other payments the third-party payer owes the 621
provider. 622

(C) The notice of overpayment a third-party payer is required 623
to give a provider under division (B) of this section shall be 624
made in writing and shall specify all of the following: 625

(1) The full name of the beneficiary who received the health 626
care services for which overpayment was made; 627

(2) The date or dates the services were provided; 628

(3) The amount of the overpayment; 629

(4) The claim number or other pertinent numbers; 630

(5) A detailed explanation of basis for the third-party 631
payer's determination of overpayment; 632

(6) The method in which payment was made, including, for 633

tracking purposes, the date of payment and, if applicable, the 634
check number; 635

(7) That the provider may appeal the third-party payer's 636
determination of overpayment, if the provider responds to the 637
notice within thirty days; 638

(8) The method by which recovery of the overpayment would be 639
made, if recovery proceeds under division (B) of this section. 640

(D) Any provision of a contractual arrangement entered into 641
between a third-party payer and a provider or beneficiary that is 642
contrary to divisions (A) to (C) of this section is unenforceable. 643

Sec. 3901.389. (A) Any third-party payer that fails to comply 644
with section 3901.381 of the Revised Code, or any contractual 645
payment arrangement entered into under section 3901.383 of the 646
Revised Code, shall pay interest in accordance with this section. 647
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(B) Interest shall be computed based upon the number of days 649
that have elapsed between the date payment is due in accordance 650
with section 3901.381 of the Revised Code or the contractual 651
payment arrangement entered into under section 3901.383 of the 652
Revised Code, and the date payment is made. The interest rate for 653
determining the amount of interest due shall be equal to an annual 654
percentage rate of eighteen per cent. 655

(C) For purposes of this section, if a dispute exists between 656
a provider and a third-party payer as to the day a payment was 657
made by the third-party payer, both of the following apply: 658

(1) If the third-party payer or a person acting on behalf of 659
the third-party payer submits a payment directly to a provider by 660
mail and retains a record of the day the payment was mailed, there 661
exists a rebuttable presumption that the payment was made five 662
business days before the day the payment was received by the 663

provider, unless it can be proven otherwise. 664

(2) If the third-party payer or a person acting on behalf of 665
the third-party payer submits a payment directly to a provider 666
electronically, there exists a rebuttable presumption that the 667
payment was made twenty-four hours before the date the payment was 668
received by the provider, unless it can be proven otherwise. 669

(D) Interest due in accordance with this section shall be 670
paid directly to the provider at the time payment of the claim is 671
made and shall not be used to reduce benefits or payments 672
otherwise payable under a benefits contract. 673

Sec. 3901.3810. (A) A provider or beneficiary aggrieved with 674
respect to any act of a third-party payer that the provider or 675
beneficiary believes to be a violation of sections 3901.381 to 676
3901.388 of the Revised Code may file a written complaint with the 677
superintendent of insurance regarding the violation. 678

(B) A third-party payer shall not retaliate against a 679
provider or beneficiary who files a complaint under division (A) 680
of this section. If a provider or beneficiary is aggrieved with 681
respect to any act of the third-party payer that the provider or 682
beneficiary believes to be retaliation for filing a complaint 683
under division (A) of this section, the provider or beneficiary 684
may file a written complaint with the superintendent regarding the 685
alleged retaliation. 686

Sec. 3901.3811. (A) No third-party payer shall fail to comply 687
with sections 3901.381 and 3901.384 to 3901.3810 of the Revised 688
Code. 689

(B) The superintendent of insurance may require third-party 690
payers to submit reports of their compliance with division (A) of 691
this section. If reports are required, the superintendent shall 692
prescribe the content, format, and frequency of the reports in 693

consultation with third-party payers. The superintendent shall not require reports to be submitted more frequently than once every three months.

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The superintendent shall not use findings from reports submitted by a third-party payer under this division as the basis of a finding of a violation of division (A) of this section or the imposition of penalties under section 3901.3812 of the Revised Code. However, the information contained in the reports may cause the superintendent to conduct a market conduct examination of the third-party payer. During this examination, the superintendent may examine data collected from the same time period as covered by these reports and the superintendent's examination findings may be used as the basis for finding a violation of division (A) of this section.

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Sec. 3901.3812. (A) If, after completion of an examination involving information collected from a six-month period, the superintendent finds that a third-party payer has committed a series of violations that, taken together, constitutes a consistent pattern or practice of violating division (A) of section 3901.3811 of the Revised Code, the superintendent may impose on the third-party payer any of the administrative remedies specified in division (B) of this section. In making a finding under this division, the superintendent shall apply the error tolerance standards for claims processing contained in the market conduct examiners handbook issued by the national association of insurance commissioners in effect at the time the claims were processed.

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Before imposing an administrative remedy, the superintendent shall provide written notice to the third-party payer informing the third-party payer of the reasons for the superintendent's finding, the administrative remedy the superintendent proposes to

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impose, and the opportunity to submit a written request for an 725
administrative hearing regarding the finding and proposed remedy. 726
If the third-party payer requests a hearing, the superintendent 727
shall conduct the hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the 728
Revised Code not later than fifteen days after receipt of the 729
request. 730

(B)(1) In imposing administrative remedies under division (A) 731
of this section for violations of section 3901.381 of the Revised 732
Code, the superintendent may do any of the following: 733

(a) Levy a monetary penalty in an amount determined in 734
accordance with division (B)(3) of this section; 735

(b) Order the payment of interest directly to the provider in 736
accordance with section 3901.389 of the Revised Code; 737

(c) Order the third-party payer to cease and desist from 738
engaging in the violations; 739

(d) If a monetary penalty is not levied under division 740
(B)(1)(a) of this section, impose any of the administrative 741
remedies provided for in section 3901.22 of the Revised Code, 742
other than those specified in divisions (D)(4) and (5) and (G) of 743
that section. 744

(2) In imposing administrative remedies under division (A) of 745
this section for violations of sections 3901.384 to 3901.3810 of 746
the Revised Code, the superintendent may do any of the following: 747

(a) Levy a monetary penalty in an amount determined in 749
accordance with division (B)(3) of this section; 750

(b) Order the payment of interest directly to the provider in 751
accordance with section 3901.38 of the Revised Code; 752

(c) Order the third-party payer to cease and desist from 753
engaging in the violations; 754

(d) If a monetary penalty is not levied under division (B)(2)(a) of this section, impose any of the administrative remedies provided for in section 3901.22 of the Revised Code, other than those specified in divisions (D)(4) and (5) and (G) of that section. For violations of sections 3901.384 to 3901.3810 of the Revised Code that did not comply with section 3901.381 of the Revised Code, the superintendent may also use section 3901.22 of the Revised Code except divisions (D)(4) and (5) of that section.

(3) A finding by the superintendent that a third-party payer has committed a series of violations that, taken together, constitutes a consistent pattern or practice of violating division (A) of section 3901.3811 of the Revised Code, shall constitute a single offense for purposes of levying a fine under division (B)(1)(a) and (B)(2)(a) of this section. For a first offense, the superintendent may levy a fine of not more than one hundred thousand dollars. For a second offense that occurs on or earlier than four years from the first offense, the superintendent may levy a fine of not more than one hundred fifty thousand dollars. For a third or additional offense that occurs on or earlier than seven years after a first offense, the superintendent may levy a fine of not more than three hundred thousand dollars. In determining the amount of a fine to be levied within the specified limits, the superintendent shall consider the following factors:

(a) The extent and frequency of the violations;

(b) Whether the violations were due to circumstances beyond the third-party payer's control;

(c) Any remedial actions taken by the third-party payer to prevent future violations;

(d) The actual or potential harm to others resulting from the violations;

(e) If the third-party payer knowingly and willingly

<u>committed the violations;</u>	786
<u>(f) The third-party payer's financial condition;</u>	787
<u>(g) Any other factors the superintendent considers appropriate.</u>	788 789
<u>(C) The remedies imposed by the superintendent under this section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, such other remedies as providers and beneficiaries may otherwise have by law.</u>	790 791 792
<u>(D) Any fine collected under this section shall be paid into the state treasury as follows:</u>	793 794
<u>(1) Twenty-five per cent of the total to the credit of the department of insurance operating fund created by section 3901.021 of the Revised Code;</u>	795 796 797
<u>(2) Sixty-five per cent of the total to the credit of the general revenue fund;</u>	798 799
<u>(3) Ten per cent of the total to the credit of claims processing education fund, which is hereby created.</u>	800 801
<u>All money credited to the claims processing education fund shall be used by the department of insurance to make technical assistance available to third-party payers, providers, and beneficiaries for effective implementation of the provisions of sections 3901.38 and 3901.381 to 3901.3814 of the Revised Code.</u>	802 803 804 805 806
<u>Sec. 3901.3813. The superintendent of insurance may adopt rules as the superintendent considers necessary to carry out the purposes of section 3901.38 and sections 3901.381 to 3901.3812 of the Revised Code. The rules shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.</u>	807 808 809 810 811
<u>Sec. 3901.3814. Sections 3901.38 and 3901.381 to 3901.3813 of the Revised Code do not apply to the following:</u>	812 813

(A) Policies offering coverage that is regulated under 814
Chapters 3935. and 3937. of the Revised Code; 815

(B) An employer's self-insurance plan and any of its 816
administrators, as defined in section 3959.01 of the Revised Code, 817
to the extent that federal law supersedes, preempts, prohibits, or 818
otherwise precludes the application of any provisions of those 819
sections to the plan and its administrators; 820

(C) A third-party payer for coverage provided under the 821
medicare plus choice or medicaid programs operated under Title 822
XVIII and XIX of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 823
42 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended; 824

(D) A third-party payer for coverage provided under the 825
tricare program offered by the United States department of 826
defense. 827

Sec. 3902.11. As used in sections 3902.11 to 3902.14 of the 828
Revised Code: 829

(A) "Beneficiary" ~~has~~ and "third-party payer" have the same 830
~~meaning meanings~~ as in ~~division (A)(1)~~ of section 3901.38 of the 831
Revised Code. 832

(B) "Plan of health coverage" means any of the following if 833
the policy, contract, or agreement contains a coordination of 834
benefits provision: 835

(1) An individual or group sickness and accident insurance 836
policy, which policy provides for hospital, dental, surgical, or 837
medical services; 838

(2) Any individual or group contract of a health insuring 839
corporation, which contract provides for hospital, dental, 840
surgical, or medical services; 841

(3) Any other individual or group policy or agreement under 842

which a third-party payer provides for hospital, dental, surgical,
or medical services.

(C) ~~"Provider" has the same meaning as in division (A)(6) of
section 3901.38 of the Revised Code~~ means a hospital, nursing
home, physician, podiatrist, dentist, pharmacist, chiropractor, or
other licensed health care provider entitled to reimbursement by a
third-party payer for services rendered to a beneficiary under a
benefits contract.

~~(D) "Third-party payer" has the same meaning as in division
(A)(8) of section 3901.38 of the Revised Code.~~

Sec. 3902.21. As used in sections ~~3902.21 to 3902.22 and~~
3902.23 of the Revised Code:

~~(A) "Proof of loss" means the documentation and procedures
required and the criteria employed by third-party payers to accept
or reject and to determine benefits payable under a claim for
reimbursement of health services or supplies, including
documentation, procedures, and criteria to determine the medical
necessity of health services or supplies.~~

~~(B) "Third-party payers, "third-party payer" has the same
meaning as in section 3901.38 of the Revised Code.~~

Sec. 3902.22. The superintendent of insurance shall develop a
standard claim form ~~and standard proof of loss~~ to be used by all
third-party payers and providers for reimbursement of health care
services and supplies, taking into consideration the special needs
of, and differences between, third-party payers. The standard
claim form ~~and standard proof of loss~~ shall be prescribed in rules
the superintendent shall adopt in accordance with Chapter 119. of
the Revised Code. The superintendent may prescribe a separate
claim form for each third-party payer. If a national standard
claim form ~~and standard proof of loss~~ is established by the

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sickness and accident insurance industry, the superintendent shall 873
amend the rules to comply with the national standards. The 874
standard claim form shall include a method to specify the license 875
numbers of physical therapists and other health care professionals 876
rendering services designated as physical therapy, as required 877
under section 4755.56 of the Revised Code. 878

Sec. 3902.23. Beginning one hundred eighty days after rules 879
adopted under section 3902.22 of the Revised Code take effect, no 880
third-party payer shall fail to use the standard claim form ~~and~~ 881
~~proof of loss~~ prescribed in those rules, except as provided in 882
section 3729.15 of the Revised Code. 883

Sec. 3924.21. (A) As used in this section: 884

(1) "Beneficiary," "hospital," ~~"provider,"~~ and "third-party 885
payer" have the same meanings as in section 3901.38 of the Revised 886
Code. 887

(2) "Overcharged" means charged more than the usual and 888
customary charge, rate, or fee that is charged by the provider or 889
hospital for a particular item or service. 890

(3) "Provider" has the same meaning as in section 3902.11 of 891
the Revised Code. 892

(B) If a beneficiary identifies on the billing statement of a 893
provider or hospital any item or service for which the beneficiary 894
was overcharged by more than five hundred dollars and the 895
beneficiary notifies the third-party payer of the error at any 896
time after the thirty-day period immediately following the date on 897
which the third-party payer makes payment to the provider or 898
hospital for the item or service, the provider or hospital shall 899
refund to the beneficiary an amount equal to fifteen per cent of 900
the amount overcharged. 901

(C) A provider or hospital shall not be required to comply 902

with division (B) of this section if, at the time the third-party payer receives notice of the overcharge from the beneficiary, the provider, hospital, or third-party payer is in the process of correcting the error and such process can be documented. 903
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Section 2. That existing sections 1349.01, 1739.05, 1739.14, 3901.38, 3902.11, 3902.21, 3902.22, 3902.23, and 3924.21 and section 3901.381 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 907
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Section 3. Sections 1 and 2 of this act shall take effect one year after the act is signed by the Governor or otherwise becomes law. 910
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Section 4. Sections 3901.38, 3901.381, 3901.382, 3901.383, 3901.384, 3901.385, 3901.386, 3901.387, 3901.388, 3901.389, 3901.3810, 3901.3811, 3901.3812, 3901.3813, 3901.3814, 3902.21, 3902.22, and 3902.23 of the Revised Code, as amended, enacted, or repealed and reenacted by this act, apply to any claim for payment for health care services that is submitted to a third-party payer on or after the effective date of this act. 913
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