As Introduced

125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

H. B. No. 126

Representatives Brinkman, Blasdel, Buehrer, Callender, Clancy, Collier, Daniels, DeWine, Distel, Driehaus, Faber, Fessler, Flowers, Gibbs, Gilb, Grendell, Hagan, Hughes, Husted, McGregor, Niehaus, T. Patton, Raga, Raussen, Reidelbach, Reinhard, Schneider, Seaver, Wagner, Schaffer, Seitz, Sferra, Taylor, Widowfield, Willamowski, Williams, White, Young

A BILL

To amend sections 3719.06, 4731.22, and 4731.223 and	1
to enact section 2919.123 of the Revised Code	2
regarding the provision or use of RU-486	3
(mifepristone) for an abortion.	4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3719.06, 4731.22, and 4731.223 be	5
amended and section 2919.123 of the Revised Code be enacted to	6
read as follows:	7

Sec. 2919.123. (A) No person shall knowingly give, sell,	8
dispense, administer, otherwise provide, or prescribe RU-486	9
(mifepristone) to another for the purpose of inducing an abortion	10
in any person or enabling the other person to induce an abortion	11
in any person, unless the person who gives, sells, dispenses,	12
administers, or otherwise provides or prescribes the RU-486	13
(mifepristone) is a physician, the physician satisfies all the	14
criteria established by federal law that a physician must satisfy	15
in order to provide RU-486 (mifepristone) for inducing abortions,	16
and the physician provides the RU-486 (mifepristone) to the other	17
person for the purpose of inducing an abortion in accordance with	18
all provisions of federal law that govern the use of RU-486	19
(mifepristone) for inducing abortions. A person who gives, sells,	20
dispenses, administers, otherwise provides, or prescribes RU-486	21
(mifepristone) to another as described in division (A) of this	22
section shall not be prosecuted based on a violation of the	23
criteria contained in this division unless the person knows that	24
the person is not a physician, that the person did not satisfy all	25
the specified criteria established by federal law, or that the	26
person did not provide the RU-486 (mifepristone) in accordance	27
with the specified provisions of federal law, whichever is	28
applicable.	29
(B) No physician who provides RU-486 (mifepristone) to	30
another for the purpose of inducing an abortion as authorized	31
under division (A) of this section shall knowingly fail to comply	32

with the applicable requirements of any federal law that pertain33to follow-up examinations or care for persons to whom or for whom34RU-486 (mifepristone) is provided for the purpose of inducing an35abortion.36

(C)(1) If a physician provides RU-486 (mifepristone) to	37
another for the purpose of inducing an abortion as authorized	38
under division (A) of this section and if the physician knows that	39
the person who uses the RU-486 (mifepristone) for the purpose of	40
inducing an abortion experiences during or after the use an	41
incomplete abortion, severe bleeding, or an adverse reaction to	42
the RU-486 (mifepristone) or is hospitalized, receives a	43
transfusion, or experiences any other serious event, the physician	44
promptly must provide a written report of the incomplete abortion,	45
severe bleeding, adverse reaction, hospitalization, transfusion,	46
or serious event to the state medical board. The board shall	47
compile and retain all reports it receives under this division.	48
Except as otherwise provided in this division, all reports the	49
board receives under this division are public records open to	50
inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised Code. In no case	51
shall the board release to any person the name or any other	52
personal identifying information regarding a person who uses	53
RU-486 (mifepristone) for the purpose of inducing an abortion and	54
who is the subject of a report the board receives under this	55
division.	56
<u>(2) No physician who provides RU-486 (mifepristone) to</u>	57
another for the purpose of inducing an abortion as authorized	58
under division (A) of this section shall knowingly fail to file a	59
report required under division (C)(1) of this section.	60
(D) Division (A) of this section does not apply to any of the	61
following:	62
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(1) A pregnant woman who obtains or possesses RU-486	63
(mifepristone) for the purpose of inducing an abortion to	64

terminate her own pregnancy;

(2) The legal transport of RU-486 (mifepristone) by any 66 person or entity and the legal delivery of the RU-486 67 (mifepristone) by any person to the recipient, provided that this 68 division does not apply regarding any conduct related to the 69 RU-486 (mifepristone) other than its transport and delivery to the 70 recipient; 71 (3) The distribution, provision, or sale of RU-486 72 (mifepristone) by any legal manufacturer or distributor of RU-486 73 (mifepristone), provided the manufacturer or distributor made a 74 good faith effort to comply with any applicable requirements of 75 federal law regarding the distribution, provision, or sale. 76 (E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of unlawful 77 distribution of an abortion-inducing drug, a felony of the fourth 78 degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or 79 pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or of section 80 2919.12, 2919.121, 2919.13, 2919.14, 2919.151, 2919.17, or 2919.18 81 of the Revised Code, unlawful distribution of an abortion-inducing 82 drug is a felony of the third degree. 83 If the offender is a professionally licensed person, in 84 addition to any other sanction imposed by law for the offense, the 85 offender is subject to sanctioning as provided by law by the 86 regulatory or licensing board or agency that has the 87 administrative authority to suspend or revoke the offender's 88 professional license, including the sanctioning provided in 89 section 4731.22 of the Revised Code for offenders who have a 90 certificate to practice or certificate of registration issued 91 under that chapter. 92 (F) As used in this section: 93 (1) "Federal law" means any law, rule, or regulation of the 94 United States or any drug approval letter of the food and drug 95

administration of the United States that governs or regulates the 96

use of RU-486 (mifepristone) for the purpose of inducing	97
abortions.	98
(2) "Personal identifying information" has the same meaning	99
as in section 2913.49 of the Revised Code.	100
(3) "Physician" has the same meaning as in section 2305.11 of	101
the Revised Code.	102
(4) "Professionally licensed person" has the same meaning as	103
in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	104
Sec. 3719.06. (A)(1) A licensed health professional	105
authorized to prescribe drugs, if acting in the course of	
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professional practice, in accordance with the laws regulating the	107
professional's practice, and in accordance with rules adopted by	108
the state board of pharmacy, and subject to section 2919.123 of	109
<u>the Revised Code</u> , may, except as provided in division $(A)(2)$ of	110
this section, do the following:	111
(a) Prescribe schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled	112
substances;	113
(b) Administer or personally furnish to patients schedule II,	114
III, IV, and V controlled substances;	115
(c) Cause schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled substances	116
to be administered under the prescriber's direction and	117
supervision.	118
(2) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	119
drugs who is a clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife,	120
or certified nurse practitioner is subject to both of the	121
following:	122
(a) A schedule II controlled substance may be prescribed only	123
for a patient with a terminal condition, as defined in section	124
2133.01 of the Revised Code, only if the nurse's collaborating	125
physician initially prescribed the substance for the patient, and	126

only in an amount that does not exceed the amount necessary for 127 the patient's use in a single, twenty-four-hour period. 128

(b) No controlled substance shall be personally furnished to 129 any patient. 130

(B) No licensed health professional authorized to prescribe 131 drugs shall prescribe, administer, or personally furnish a 132 schedule III anabolic steroid for the purpose of human muscle 133 building or enhancing human athletic performance and no pharmacist 134 shall dispense a schedule III anabolic steroid for either purpose, 135 unless it has been approved for that purpose under the "Federal 136 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, " 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 137 301, as amended. 138

(C) Each written prescription shall be properly executed, 139 dated, and signed by the prescriber on the day when issued and 140 shall bear the full name and address of the person for whom, or 141 the owner of the animal for which, the controlled substance is 142 prescribed and the full name, address, and registry number under 143 the federal drug abuse control laws of the prescriber. If the 144 prescription is for an animal, it shall state the species of the 145 animal for which the controlled substance is prescribed. 146

(D) A prescription for RU-486 (mifepristone) shall be in 147 writing and in accordance with section 2919.123 of the Revised 148 Code. 149

Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an affirmative 150 vote of not fewer than six of its members, may revoke or may 151 refuse to grant a certificate to a person found by the board to 152 have committed fraud during the administration of the examination 153 for a certificate to practice or to have committed fraud, 154 misrepresentation, or deception in applying for or securing any 155 certificate to practice or certificate of registration issued by 156 the board. 157

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(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six
members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or
suspend an individual's certificate to practice, refuse to
register an individual, refuse to reinstate a certificate, or
reprimand or place on probation the holder of a certificate for
one or more of the following reasons:

(1) Permitting one's name or one's certificate to practice or
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certificate of registration to be used by a person, group, or
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corporation when the individual concerned is not actually
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directing the treatment given;

(2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to the
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selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ
acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other
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modalities for treatment of disease;

(3) Selling, giving away, personally furnishing, prescribing, 172
or administering drugs for other than legal and legitimate 173
therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of 174
guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 175
lieu of conviction of, a violation of any federal or state law 176
regulating the possession, distribution, or use of any drug; 177

(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence. 178

For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a 179 professional confidence" does not include providing any 180 information, documents, or reports to a child fatality review 181 board under sections 307.621 to 307.629 of the Revised Code and 182 does not include the making of a report of an employee's use of a 183 drug of abuse, or a report of a condition of an employee other 184 than one involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of 185 the employee as described in division (B) of section 2305.33 of 186 the Revised Code. Nothing in this division affects the immunity 187 from civil liability conferred by that section upon a physician 188

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who makes either type of report in accordance with division (B) of 189 that section. As used in this division, "employee," "employer," 190 and "physician" have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of 191 the Revised Code. 192

(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading
statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in
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relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic
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medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a limited
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branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to secure any
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certificate to practice or certificate of registration issued by
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the board.

As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive, or 200 misleading statement" means a statement that includes a 201 misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive because 202 of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or is likely 203 to create false or unjustified expectations of favorable results, 204 or includes representations or implications that in reasonable 205 probability will cause an ordinarily prudent person to 206 misunderstand or be deceived. 207

(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to, minimal 208
standards of care of similar practitioners under the same or 209
similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a patient 210
is established; 211

(7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining compensation
 or other advantage as personal gain or for any other person, that
 an incurable disease or injury, or other incurable condition, can
 be permanently cured;

(8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or 216
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course 217
of practice; 218

(9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or a 219

judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	220
conviction for, a felony;	221
(10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in this	222
state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	223
committed;	
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or	225
a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	226
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice;	227
(12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	228
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	229
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or	231
a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	232
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	233
(14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	234
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	235
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	236
(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by the	237
board upon a certificate to practice;	238
(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this	239

chapter;

(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the Revised
Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of patients,
or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a specific
referral of a patient to utilize a particular service or business;
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(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code, 245
violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American 246
medical association, the American osteopathic association, the 247
American podiatric medical association, or any other national 248
professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The 249

state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies 250 of the codes of ethics of the various national professional 251 organizations. The individual whose certificate is being suspended 252 or revoked shall not be found to have violated any provision of a 253 code of ethics of an organization not appropriate to the 254 individual's profession. 255

For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of 256 ethics of a national professional organization" does not include 257 any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a 258 physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 259 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 260 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 261 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 262 this division affects the immunity from civil liability conferred 263 by that section upon a physician who makes either type of report 264 in accordance with division (B) of that section. As used in this 265 division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" have the same 266 meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. 267

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and 268 prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or 269 physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical 270 deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or 271 perceptive skills. 272

In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 273 possible violation, may compel any individual authorized to 274 practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application 275 pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination, 276 physical examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental and 277 a physical examination. The expense of the examination is the 278 responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Failure 279 to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent to an HIV 280 test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the 281

allegations against the individual unless the failure is due to 282 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 283 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 284 presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual unable 285 to practice because of the reasons set forth in this division, the 286 board shall require the individual to submit to care, counseling, 287 or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the board, as 288 a condition for initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 289 authority to practice. An individual affected under this division 290 shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the 291 ability to resume practice in compliance with acceptable and 292 prevailing standards under the provisions of the individual's 293 certificate. For the purpose of this division, any individual who 294 applies for or receives a certificate to practice under this 295 chapter accepts the privilege of practicing in this state and, by 296 so doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a 297 mental or physical examination when directed to do so in writing 298 by the board, and to have waived all objections to the 299 admissibility of testimony or examination reports that constitute 300 a privileged communication. 301

(20) Except when civil penalties are imposed under section
4731.225 or 4731.281 of the Revised Code, and subject to section
4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to violate,
directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation
of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this chapter or
any rule promulgated by the board.

This division does not apply to a violation or attempted308violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a309conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule310adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report by311a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a312condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a313

drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 314 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 315 this division affects the immunity from civil liability conferred 316 by that section upon a physician who makes either type of report 317 in accordance with division (B) of that section. As used in this 318 division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" have the same 319 meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. 320

(21) The violation of any abortion rule adopted by the public321health council pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code;322

(22) Any of the following actions taken by the agency 323 responsible for regulating the practice of medicine and surgery, 324 osteopathic medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, 325 or the limited branches of medicine in another jurisdiction, for 326 any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation, 327 revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to practice; 328 acceptance of an individual's license surrender; denial of a 329 license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license; imposition of 330 probation; or issuance of an order of censure or other reprimand; 331

(23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code or 332 the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant woman 333 with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in division 334 (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not been satisfied 335 or with a heedless indifference as to whether those conditions 336 have been satisfied, unless an affirmative defense as specified in 337 division (H)(2) of that section would apply in a civil action 338 authorized by division (H)(1) of that section; 339

(24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction, or 340 termination of clinical privileges by the United States department 341 of defense or department of veterans affairs or the termination or 342 suspension of a certificate of registration to prescribe drugs by 343 the drug enforcement administration of the United States 344 department of justice; 345

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(25) Termination or suspension from participation in the
medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and
human services or other responsible agency for any act or acts
that also would constitute a violation of division (B)(2), (3),
(6), (8), or (19) of this section;

(26) Impairment of ability to practice according to
 acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual or
 excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances that
 impair ability to practice.
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For the purposes of this division, any individual authorized 355 to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of practicing in 356 this state subject to supervision by the board. By filing an 357 application for or holding a certificate to practice under this 358 chapter, an individual shall be deemed to have given consent to 359 submit to a mental or physical examination when ordered to do so 360 by the board in writing, and to have waived all objections to the 361 admissibility of testimony or examination reports that constitute 362 privileged communications. 363

If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized to 364 practice by this chapter or any applicant for certification to 365 practice suffers such impairment, the board may compel the 366 individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both. 367 The expense of the examination is the responsibility of the 368 individual compelled to be examined. Any mental or physical 369 examination required under this division shall be undertaken by a 370 treatment provider or physician who is qualified to conduct the 371 examination and who is chosen by the board. 372

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination ordered373by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations against374the individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond375the individual's control, and a default and final order may be376

entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of 377 evidence. If the board determines that the individual's ability to 378 practice is impaired, the board shall suspend the individual's 379 certificate or deny the individual's application and shall require 380 the individual, as a condition for initial, continued, reinstated, 381 or renewed certification to practice, to submit to treatment. 382

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a 383 certificate suspended under this division, the impaired 384 practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability to resume 385 practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards of 386 care under the provisions of the practitioner's certificate. The 387 demonstration shall include, but shall not be limited to, the 388 following: 389

(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;
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(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare 393contract or consent agreement; 394

(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's 395 ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual has 396 been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and 397 prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by 398 individuals or providers approved by the board for making the 399 assessments and shall describe the basis for their determination. 400

The board may reinstate a certificate suspended under this401division after that demonstration and after the individual has402entered into a written consent agreement.403

When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board404shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The405monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with406the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement or407

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with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and, upon 408 termination of the consent agreement, submission to the board for 409 at least two years of annual written progress reports made under 410 penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has maintained 411 sobriety. 412 (27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66 or 413 4731.69 of the Revised Code; 414 (28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section: 415 (a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible or 416 copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or health 417 care policy, contract, or plan that covers the individual's 418 services, otherwise would be required to pay if the waiver is used 419 as an enticement to a patient or group of patients to receive 420 health care services from that individual; 421 (b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment of 422 all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient, 423 pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract, or 424 plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would be 425 required to pay. 426 (29) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid 427 precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051 of 428 the Revised Code; 429 (30) Failure of a collaborating physician to fulfill the 430 responsibilities agreed to by the physician and an advanced 431 practice nurse participating in a pilot program under section 432 4723.52 of the Revised Code; 433 (31) Failure to provide notice to, and receive acknowledgment 434 of the notice from, a patient when required by section 4731.143 of 435 the Revised Code prior to providing nonemergency professional 436 services, or failure to maintain that notice in the patient's 437

file;

(32) Failure of a physician supervising a physician assistant
to maintain supervision in accordance with the requirements of
Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules adopted under that
chapter;

(33) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter into a 443 standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse specialist, 444 certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner with whom 445 the physician or podiatrist is in collaboration pursuant to 446 section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or failure to fulfill the 447 responsibilities of collaboration after entering into a standard 448 care arrangement; 449

(34) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult agreement
entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section 4729.39 of the
Revised Code;

(35) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by 453 the board under division (F) of this section, including failure to 454 comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or failure to 455 answer truthfully a question presented by the board at a 456 deposition or in written interrogatories, except that failure to 457 cooperate with an investigation shall not constitute grounds for 458 discipline under this section if a court of competent jurisdiction 459 has issued an order that either quashes a subpoena or permits the 460 individual to withhold the testimony or evidence in issue; 461

(36) Failure to supervise an acupuncturist in accordance with
Chapter 4762. of the Revised Code and the board's rules for
supervision of an acupuncturist;
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(37) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist assistant in
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accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code and the board's
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rules for supervision of an anesthesiologist assistant.
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(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under divisions(A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to an469

adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except that 470 in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a consent 471 agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of a 472 violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A consent 473 agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not fewer than 474 six members of the board, shall constitute the findings and order 475 of the board with respect to the matter addressed in the 476 agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a consent agreement, the 477 admissions and findings contained in the consent agreement shall 478 be of no force or effect. 479 If the board takes disciplinary action against an individual 480 under division (B) of this section for a second or subsequent plea 481 of quilty to, or judicial finding of quilt of, a violation of 482 section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, the disciplinary action 483 shall consist of a suspension of the individual's certificate to 484 practice for a period of at least one year or, if determined 485 appropriate by the board, a more serious sanction involving the 486 individual's certificate to practice. Any consent agreement 487 entered into under this division with an individual that pertains 488 to a second or subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding 489 of quilt of, a violation of that section shall provide for a 490 suspension of the individual's certificate to practice for a 491

period of at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the492board, a more serious sanction involving the individual's493certificate to practice.494

(D) For purposes of divisions (B)(10), (12), and (14) of this 495 section, the commission of the act may be established by a finding 496 by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 119. of 497 the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. The board 498 does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if the trial 499 court renders a final judgment in the individual's favor and that 500 judgment is based upon an adjudication on the merits. The board 501 has jurisdiction under those divisions if the trial court issues 502

(E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall have 504 no effect upon a prior board order entered under this section or 505 upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under this section 506 if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding of guilt, or a 507 judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 508 conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity for a hearing 509 prior to the court's order to seal the records. The board shall 510 not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its 511 512 records to reflect the court's sealing of conviction records.

an order of dismissal upon technical or procedural grounds.

(F)(1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears to 513 show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter or 514 any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board in a 515 signed writing any information that the person may have that 516 appears to show a violation of any provision of this chapter or 517 any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad faith, any person 518 who reports information of that nature or who testifies before the 519 board in any adjudication conducted under Chapter 119. of the 520 Revised Code shall not be liable in damages in a civil action as a 521 result of the report or testimony. Each complaint or allegation of 522 a violation received by the board shall be assigned a case number 523 and shall be recorded by the board. 524

(2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter or 525 any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the supervising 526 member elected by the board in accordance with section 4731.02 of 527 the Revised Code and by the secretary as provided in section 528 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president may designate another 529 member of the board to supervise the investigation in place of the 530 supervising member. No member of the board who supervises the 531 investigation of a case shall participate in further adjudication 532 of the case. 533

(3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter or 534 any rule adopted under this chapter, the board may administer 535 oaths, order the taking of depositions, issue subpoenas, and 536 compel the attendance of witnesses and production of books, 537 accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony, except that a 538 subpoena for patient record information shall not be issued 539 without consultation with the attorney general's office and 540 approval of the secretary and supervising member of the board. 541 Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record information, the 542 secretary and supervising member shall determine whether there is 543 probable cause to believe that the complaint filed alleges a 544 violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it and that 545 the records sought are relevant to the alleged violation and 546 547 material to the investigation. The subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable period of time surrounding the 548 alleged violation. 549

On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the board 550 and after reasonable notice to the person being subpoenaed, the 551 board may move for an order compelling the production of persons 552 or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil Procedure. 553

A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a sheriff, 554 the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee designated by the board. 555 Service of a subpoena issued by the board may be made by 556 delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person named therein, 557 reading it to the person, or leaving it at the person's usual 558 place of residence. When the person being served is a person whose 559 practice is authorized by this chapter, service of the subpoena 560 may be made by certified mail, restricted delivery, return receipt 561 requested, and the subpoena shall be deemed served on the date 562 delivery is made or the date the person refuses to accept 563 delivery. 564

A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive the 565

ame fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the board 566 in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and mileage 567 provided for witnesses in civil cases in the courts of common 568 pleas. 569

(4) All hearings and investigations of the board shall be
 considered civil actions for the purposes of section 2305.251 of
 the Revised Code.
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(5) Information received by the board pursuant to an
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 investigation is confidential and not subject to discovery in any
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 civil action.
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The board shall conduct all investigations and proceedings in 576 a manner that protects the confidentiality of patients and persons 577 who file complaints with the board. The board shall not make 578 public the names or any other identifying information about 579 patients or complainants unless proper consent is given or, in the 580 case of a patient, a waiver of the patient privilege exists under 581 division (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, except that 582 consent or a waiver of that nature is not required if the board 583 possesses reliable and substantial evidence that no bona fide 584 physician-patient relationship exists. 585

The board may share any information it receives pursuant to 586 an investigation, including patient records and patient record 587 information, with law enforcement agencies, other licensing 588 boards, and other governmental agencies that are prosecuting, 589 adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations of statutes or 590 administrative rules. An agency or board that receives the 591 information shall comply with the same requirements regarding 592 confidentiality as those with which the state medical board must 593 comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of the Revised 594 Code or procedure of the agency or board that applies when it is 595 dealing with other information in its possession. In a judicial 596 proceeding, the information may be admitted into evidence only in 597

accordance with the Rules of Evidence, but the court shall require 598 that appropriate measures are taken to ensure that confidentiality 599 is maintained with respect to any part of the information that 600 contains names or other identifying information about patients or 601 complainants whose confidentiality was protected by the state 602 medical board when the information was in the board's possession. 603 Measures to ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court 604 include sealing its records or deleting specific information from 605 its records. 606

(6) On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report 607 that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding 608 three months. The report shall contain the following information 609 for each case with which the board has completed its activities: 610

(a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged 611 violation; 612

(b) The type of certificate to practice, if any, held by the 613 individual against whom the complaint is directed; 614

(c) A description of the allegations contained in the 615 complaint; 616

(d) The disposition of the case.

The report shall state how many cases are still pending and 618 shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of each 619 person involved in each case. The report shall be a public record 620 under section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 621

(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine that 622 there is clear and convincing evidence that an individual has 623 violated division (B) of this section and that the individual's 624 continued practice presents a danger of immediate and serious harm 625 to the public, they may recommend that the board suspend the 626 individual's certificate to practice without a prior hearing. 627 Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by the 628

rd.

The board, upon review of those allegations and by an 630 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding 631 the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a certificate 632 without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be 633 utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on the 634 summary suspension. 635

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 636 certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 637 the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension by 638 the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 639 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the summary 640 suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date 641 set for the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier 642 than seven days, after the individual requests the hearing, unless 643 otherwise agreed to by both the board and the individual. 644

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall 645 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 646 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 647 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The board 648 shall issue its final adjudicative order within sixty days after 649 completion of its hearing. A failure to issue the order within 650 sixty days shall result in dissolution of the summary suspension 651 order but shall not invalidate any subsequent, final adjudicative 652 order. 653

(H) If the board takes action under division (B)(9), (11), or
(13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, guilty
(13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, guilty
(13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, guilty
(13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, guilty
(13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, guilty
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(13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, guilty
(13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, guilty
(13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, guilty
(13) of the finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu
(14) of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion of the
(15) of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion of the
(15) of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion of the
(15) of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion of the
(15) of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion of the
(15) of the order may
(15) of the board along with appropriate court documents.
(15) of a petition of that nature and supporting court

documents, the board shall reinstate the individual's certificate 661 to practice. The board may then hold an adjudication under Chapter 662 119. of the Revised Code to determine whether the individual 663 committed the act in question. Notice of an opportunity for a 664 hearing shall be given in accordance with Chapter 119. of the 665 Revised Code. If the board finds, pursuant to an adjudication held 666 under this division, that the individual committed the act or if 667 no hearing is requested, the board may order any of the sanctions 668 identified under division (B) of this section. 669

(I) The certificate to practice issued to an individual under 670 this chapter and the individual's practice in this state are 671 automatically suspended as of the date of the individual's second 672 or subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of quilt of, 673 a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, or the date 674 the individual pleads guilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be 675 guilty of, or is subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for 676 intervention in lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or 677 intervention in lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any 678 of the following criminal offenses in this state or a 679 substantially equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: 680 aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious 681 assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual 682 imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated 683 burglary. Continued practice after suspension shall be considered 684 practicing without a certificate. 685

The board shall notify the individual subject to the686suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with687section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose688certificate is automatically suspended under this division fails689to make a timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119. of690the Revised Code, the board shall enter do whichever of the691following is applicable:692

second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of694guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, the695board shall enter an order suspending the individual's certificate696to practice for a period of at least one year or, if determined697appropriate by the board, imposing a more serious sanction698involving the individual's certificate to practice.699

(2) In all circumstances in which division (I)(1) of this700section does not apply, entera final order permanently revoking701the individual's certificate to practice.702

(J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the Revised 703 Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and if the 704 individual subject to the notice does not timely request a hearing 705 in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, the board 706 is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by an 707 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a final 708 order that contains the board's findings. In that final order, the 709 board may order any of the sanctions identified under division (A) 710 or (B) of this section. 711

(K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of this 712 section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be 713 accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which 714 the individual's certificate to practice may be reinstated. The 715 board shall adopt rules governing conditions to be imposed for 716 reinstatement. Reinstatement of a certificate suspended pursuant 717 to division (B) of this section requires an affirmative vote of 718 not fewer than six members of the board. 719

(L) When the board refuses to grant a certificate to an
applicant, revokes an individual's certificate to practice,
refuses to register an applicant, or refuses to reinstate an
individual's certificate to practice, the board may specify that
723

its action is permanent. An individual subject to a permanent 724 action taken by the board is forever thereafter ineligible to hold 725 a certificate to practice and the board shall not accept an 726 application for reinstatement of the certificate or for issuance 727 of a new certificate. 728 (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised Code, 729 all of the following apply: 730 (1) The surrender of a certificate issued under this chapter 731

shall not be effective unless or until accepted by the board.732Reinstatement of a certificate surrendered to the board requires733an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of the board.734

(2) An application for a certificate made under the
provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without approval
of the board.
737

(3) Failure by an individual to renew a certificate of
registration in accordance with this chapter shall not remove or
11 limit the board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action
740 under this section against the individual.

(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B)(28) of
 this section against any person who waives deductibles and
 743
 copayments as follows:
 744

(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that expressly
 745
 allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or copayments
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 shall be made only with the full knowledge and consent of the plan
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 purchaser, payer, and third-party administrator. Documentation of
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 the consent shall be made available to the board upon request.
 749

(2) For professional services rendered to any other person
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board.
752

(O) Under the board's investigative duties described in this 753

section and subject to division (F) of this section, the board 754 shall develop and implement a quality intervention program 755 756 designed to improve through remedial education the clinical and communication skills of individuals authorized under this chapter 757 to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and 758 surgery, and podiatric medicine and surgery. In developing and 759 implementing the quality intervention program, the board may do 760 all of the following: 761

(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board an
 reducational and assessment program pursuant to an investigation
 the board conducts under this section;
 764

(2) Select providers of educational and assessment services, 765including a quality intervention program panel of case reviewers; 766

(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service
 providers and approve individual educational programs recommended
 by those providers. The board shall monitor the progress of each
 individual undertaking a recommended individual educational
 770
 program.

(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an
 individual educational program and require further monitoring of
 773
 the individual who completed the program or other action that the
 774
 board determines to be appropriate;

(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of theRevised Code to further implement the quality intervention777program.778

An individual who participates in an individual educational 779 program pursuant to this division shall pay the financial 780 obligations arising from that educational program. 781

sec. 4731.223. (A) As used in this section, "prosecutor" has 782 the same meaning as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code. 783

(B) Whenever any person holding a valid certificate issued 784 pursuant to this chapter pleads guilty to, is subject to a 785 judicial finding of quilt of, or is subject to a judicial finding 786 of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for a 787 violation of Chapter 2907., 2925., or 3719. of the Revised Code or 788 of any substantively comparable ordinance of a municipal 789 corporation in connection with the person's practice, or for a 790 second or subsequent time pleads quilty to, or is subject to a 791 judicial finding of guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of 792 the Revised Code, the prosecutor in the case, on forms prescribed 793 and provided by the state medical board, shall promptly notify the 794 board of the conviction or guilty plea. Within thirty days of 795 receipt of that information, the board shall initiate action in 796 accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine 797 whether to suspend or revoke the certificate under section 4731.22 798 of the Revised Code. 799

(C) The prosecutor in any case against any person holding a 800
valid certificate issued pursuant to this chapter, on forms 801
prescribed and provided by the state medical board, shall notify 802
the board of any of the following: 803

(1) A plea of guilty to, a finding of guilt by a jury or 804 court of, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 805 lieu of conviction for a felony, or a case in which the trial 806 court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or procedural 807 grounds of a felony charge; 808

(2) A plea of guilty to, a finding of guilt by a jury or 809 court of, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 810 lieu of conviction for a misdemeanor committed in the course of 811 practice, or a case in which the trial court issues an order of 812 dismissal upon technical or procedural grounds of a charge of a 813 misdemeanor, if the alleged act was committed in the course of 814 practice; 815

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(3) A plea of guilty to, a finding of guilt by a jury or
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court of, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in
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lieu of conviction for a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or
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a case in which the trial court issues an order of dismissal upon
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technical or procedural grounds of a charge of a misdemeanor
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involving moral turpitude.

The report shall include the name and address of the 822 certificate holder, the nature of the offense for which the action 823 was taken, and the certified court documents recording the action. 824

Section 2. That existing sections 3719.06, 4731.22, and8254731.223 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.826