As Reported by the Senate Judiciary Committee

125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

Sub. H. B. No. 181

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Representatives Schaffer, McGregor, Willamowski, Allen, Flowers, Brinkman, C. Evans, Setzer, Wolpert, Aslanides, G. Smith, Buehrer, Carmichael, Collier, Daniels, Domenick, D. Evans, Faber, Gibbs, Gilb, Hartnett, Harwood, Key, Niehaus, Olman, Otterman, Seaver, Sferra

ABILL

To amend sections 101.34, 102.01, 102.02, 102.031,

disclosure statements to continue for a

twenty-four month period to report specified

102.06, and 102.99 and to enact sections 3.16,	2
102.021, and 2961.02 of the Revised Code to permit	3
a special commission of retired judges appointed	4
by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court to	5
suspend from office in accordance with a specified	6
procedure any elected local government official,	7
other than a judge, charged with a felony related	8
to the official's administration of, or conduct in	9
the performance of the duties of, the office; to	10
prohibit a person who is convicted of certain	11
felony theft offenses, or any other felony	12
involving fraud, deceit, or theft, from holding a	13
public office or position of public employment or	14
from serving in certain unpaid volunteer	15
positions, that involve substantial management or	16
control of certain public or private property; and	17
to require former state elected officers and staff	18
members who were required to file financial	19

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information relating to certain income, gifts, and	22
expenditures.	23
BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:	
Section 1. That sections 101.34, 102.01, 102.02, 102.031,	24
102.06, and 102.99 be amended and sections 3.16, 102.021, and	25
2961.02 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	26
Sec. 3.16. (A) As used in this section:	27
(1) "Prosecuting attorney" means the prosecuting attorney of	28
the county in which a public official who is charged as described	29
in division (B) of this section serves.	30
(2) "Public official" means any elected officer of a	31
political subdivision as defined in section 2744.01 of the Revised	32
Code. "Public official" does not include a judge of a court of	33
record.	34
(B)(1) If a public official is charged with a felony in a	35
state or federal court and if the attorney general, if the	36
attorney general is prosecuting the case, or prosecuting attorney	37
with responsibility to prosecute the case determines that the	38
felony relates to the public official's administration of, or	39
conduct in the performance of the duties of, the office of the	40
public official, the attorney general, if the attorney general is	41
prosecuting the case, or prosecuting attorney with responsibility	42
to prosecute the case shall transmit a copy of the charging	43
document to the chief justice of the supreme court with a request	44
that the chief justice proceed as provided in division (C) of this	45
section. If the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney	46
transmits a copy of the charging document to the chief justice, a	47
copy also shall be sent to the attorney general if the prosecuting	48
attorney transmits the copy to the chief justice or to the	49

provisional suspension imposed under this division shall remain in	82
effect until the special commission established by the chief	83
justice enters its judgment under division (C)(3) of this section.	84
After the special commission so enters its judgment, divisions	85
(C)(3) and (4) of this section shall govern the continuation of	86
the suspension. Division (E) of this section applies to a	87
provisional suspension imposed under this division.	88
If the public official files a written statement setting	89
forth the reasons why the public official should not be suspended	90
from office, the public official shall not be provisionally	91
suspended from office, and the attorney general or prosecuting	92
attorney, whichever sent the notice to the public official, shall	93
transmit a copy of the public official's written statement to the	94
chief justice of the supreme court. The attorney general's or	95
prosecuting attorney's request to the chief justice that was made	96
under division (B)(1) of this section remains applicable regarding	97
the public official, and the chief justice shall establish a	98
special commission pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section.	99
(C)(1) Not sooner than fourteen days after the chief	100
justice's receipt of the attorney general's or prosecuting	101
attorney's request under division (B)(1) of this section, the	102
chief justice shall establish a special commission composed of	103
three retired justices or judges of a court of record. A special	104
commission established under this division is an administrative	105
agency. The chief justice shall appoint the members of the special	106
commission and shall provide to the special commission all	107
documents and materials pertaining to the matter that were	108
received from the attorney general or prosecuting attorney under	109
division (B)(1) or (2) of this section. At least one member of the	110
special commission shall be of the same political party as the	111
public official. Members of the special commission shall receive	112
compensation for their services, and shall be reimbursed for any	113

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expenses incurred in connection with special commission functions,	114
from funds appropriated to the attorney general's office.	115
(2) Once established under division (C)(1) of this section, a	116
special commission shall review the document that charges the	117
public official with the felony, all other documents and materials	118
pertaining to the matter that were provided by the chief justice	119
under division (C)(1) of this section, and the facts and	120
circumstances related to the offense charged. Within fourteen days	121
after it is established, the special commission shall make a	122
preliminary determination as to whether the public official's	123
administration of, or conduct in the performance of the duties of,	124
the official's office, as covered by the charges, adversely	125
affects the functioning of that office or adversely affects the	126
rights and interests of the public and, as a result, whether the	127
public official should be suspended from office. Upon making the	128
preliminary determination, the special commission immediately	129
shall provide the public official with notice of the preliminary	130
determination. The notice may be in writing, by telephone, or in	131
another manner. If the preliminary determination is that the	132
public official's administration of, or conduct in the performance	133
of the duties of, the official's office, as covered by the	134
charges, does not adversely affect the functioning of the office	135
or adversely affect the rights and interests of the public, the	136
preliminary determination automatically shall become the special	137
commission's final determination for purposes of division (C)(3)	138
of this section. If the preliminary determination is that the	139
public official's administration of, or conduct in the performance	140
of the duties of, the official's office, as covered by the	141
charges, adversely affects the functioning of the office or	142
adversely affects the rights and interests of the public and that	143
the public official should be suspended from office, the notice	144
shall inform the public official that the public official may	145

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by the public official, shall file with the supreme court, within	241
thirty days after the filing of the demand, a certified transcript	242
of the proceedings of the special commission pertaining to the	243
report and the evidence considered by the special commission in	244
making its decision.	245
The supreme court shall consider an appeal under this	246
division on an expedited basis. If the public official appeals the	247
report and holding, the appeal itself does not stay the operation	248
of the suspension imposed or continued under the report and	249
holding. If, upon hearing and consideration of the record and	250
evidence, the supreme court decides that the determinations and	251
findings of the special commission are reasonable and lawful, the	252
court shall affirm the special commission's report and holding and	253
the suspension and shall enter final judgment in accordance with	254
its decision. If the public official subsequently pleads quilty to	255
or is found quilty of any felony with which the public official	256
was charged, the public official is liable for any amount of	257
compensation paid to the official during the suspension, with the	258
liability relating back to the date of the original suspension	259
under the special commission's report and holding, and the amount	260
of that liability may be recovered as provided in division (E) of	261
this section. If, upon hearing and consideration of the record and	262
evidence, the supreme court decides that the determinations and	263
findings of the special commission are unreasonable or unlawful,	264
the court shall reverse and vacate the special commission's report	265
and holding and the suspension, reinstate the public official, and	266
enter final judgment in accordance with its decision.	267
The clerk of the supreme court shall certify the judgment of	268
the court to the special commission. Upon receipt of the judgment,	269
the special commission shall certify the judgment to all persons	270
to whom the special commission's report was certified under	271
division (C)(3) of this section and shall certify the judgment to	272

all other public officials or take any other action in connection	273
with the judgment as is required to give effect to it.	274
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(E) Any public official suspended from office under this	275
section shall not exercise any of the rights, powers, or	276
responsibilities of the holder of that office during the period of	277
the suspension. The suspended public official, however, shall	278
retain the title of the holder of that office during the period of	279
the suspension and continue to receive the compensation that the	280
official is entitled to receive for holding that office during the	281
period of the suspension, until the public official pleads guilty	282
to or is found guilty of any felony with which the public official	283
is charged. For the duration of the public official's suspension,	284
a replacement official shall be appointed or elected to perform	285
the public official's duties of office in the manner provided by	286
law for filling a vacancy in that office. The replacement official	287
shall have all of the rights, powers, and responsibilities of, and	288
shall be entitled to the same rate of pay as, the suspended public	289
official.	290
A political subdivision may file a civil action in the	291
appropriate court to recover from any former public official of	292
the political subdivision the amount of compensation paid to that	293
former public official in accordance with this division from the	294
date of the former public official's suspension to the date the	295
former public official pleads guilty to or is found guilty of any	296
felony with which the former public official was charged.	297
Sec. 101.34. (A) There is hereby created a joint legislative	298
ethics committee to serve the general assembly. The committee	299
shall be composed of twelve members, six each from the two major	300
political parties, and each member shall serve on the committee	301
during the member's term as a member of that general assembly. Six	302
members of the committee shall be members of the house of	303

representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of	304
representatives, not more than three from the same political	305
party, and six members of the committee shall be members of the	306
senate appointed by the president of the senate, not more than	307
three from the same political party. A vacancy in the committee	308
shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as an	309
original appointment. The members of the committee shall be	310
appointed within fifteen days after the first day of the first	311
regular session of each general assembly and the committee shall	312
meet and proceed to recommend an ethics code not later than thirty	313
days after the first day of the first regular session of each	314
general assembly.	315

In the first regular session of each general assembly, the 316 speaker of the house of representatives shall appoint the 317 chairperson of the committee from among the house members of the 318 committee, and the president of the senate shall appoint the 319 vice-chairperson of the committee from among the senate members of 320 the committee. In the second regular session of each general 321 assembly, the president of the senate shall appoint the 322 chairperson of the committee from among the senate members of the 323 committee, and the speaker of the house of representatives shall 324 appoint the vice-chairperson of the committee from among the house 325 members of the committee. The chairperson, vice-chairperson, and 326 members of the committee shall serve until their respective 327 successors are appointed or until they are no longer members of 328 the general assembly. 329

The committee shall meet at the call of the chairperson or 330 upon the written request of seven members of the committee. 331

- (B) The joint legislative ethics committee:
- (1) Shall recommend a code of ethics which that is consistent 333 with law to govern all members and employees of each house of the 334

(8) Shall act as an advisory body to the general assembly and 366 to individual members, candidates, and employees on questions 367 relating to ethics, possible conflicts of interest, and financial 368 disclosure; 369 (9) Shall provide for the proper forms on which the a 370 371 statement required pursuant to section 102.02 or 102.021 of the Revised Code shall be filed and instructions as to the filing of 372 the statement; 373 (10) Exercise the powers and duties prescribed under sections 374 101.70 to 101.79, sections 101.90 to 101.98, Chapter 102., and 375 sections 121.60 to 121.69 of the Revised Code; 376 (11) Adopt, in accordance with section 111.15 of the Revised 377 Code, any rules that are necessary to implement and clarify 378 Chapter 102. and sections 2921.42 and 2921.43 of the Revised Code. 379 (C) There is hereby created in the state treasury the joint 380 legislative ethics committee fund. Money credited to the fund and 381 any interest and earnings from the fund shall be used solely for 382 the operation of the joint legislative ethics committee and the 383 office of legislative inspector general and for the purchase of 384 data storage and computerization facilities for the statements 385 filed with the joint committee under sections 101.73, 101.74, 386 121.63, and 121.64 of the Revised Code. 387 (D) The chairperson of the joint legislative ethics committee 388 shall issue a written report, not later than the thirty-first day 389 of January of each year, to the speaker and minority leader of the 390 house of representatives and to the president and minority leader 391 of the senate that lists the number of committee meetings and 392 investigations the committee conducted during the immediately 393 preceding calendar year and the number of advisory opinions it 394 issued during the immediately preceding calendar year. 395

(E) Any investigative report that contains facts and findings

duties.

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regarding a complaint filed with the joint legislative ethics	
committee and that is prepared by the staff of the committee or a	398
special counsel to the committee shall become a public record upon	399
its acceptance by a vote of the majority of the members of the	400
committee, except for any names of specific individuals and	401
entities contained in the report. If the committee recommends	402
disciplinary action or reports its findings to the appropriate	403
prosecuting authority for proceedings in prosecution of the	404
violations alleged in the complaint, the investigatory report	405
regarding the complaint shall become a public record in its	406
entirety.	407
(F)(1) Any file obtained by or in the possession of the	408
former house ethics committee or former senate ethics committee	409
shall become the property of the joint legislative ethics	410
committee. Any such file is confidential if either of the	411
following applies:	412
(a) It is confidential under section 102.06 of the Revised	413
Code or the legislative code of ethics.	414
(b) If the file was obtained from the former house ethics	415
committee or from the former senate ethics committee, it was	416
confidential under any statute or any provision of a code of	417
ethics that governed the file.	418
(2) As used in this division, "file" includes, but is not	419
limited to, evidence, documentation, or any other tangible thing.	420
Sec. 102.01. As used in Chapter 102. of the Revised Code this	421
<pre>chapter:</pre>	422
(A) "Compensation" means money, thing of value, or financial	423
benefit. "Compensation" does not include reimbursement for actual	424
and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of official	425

- (B) "Public official or employee" means any person who is 427 elected or appointed to an office or is an employee of any public 428 agency. "Public official or employee" does not include a person 429 elected or appointed to the office of precinct, ward, or district 430 committee member under section 3517.03 of the Revised Code, any 431 presidential elector, or any delegate to a national convention. 432 "Public official or employee" does not include a person who is a 433 teacher, instructor, professor, or any other kind of educator 434 whose position does not involve the performance of, or authority 435 to perform, administrative or supervisory functions. 436
- (C) "Public agency" means the general assembly, all courts, 437 any department, division, institution, board, commission, 438 authority, bureau or other instrumentality of the state, a county, 439 city, village, or township, and the five state retirement systems, 440 or any other governmental entity. "Public agency" does not include 441 a department, division, institution, board, commission, authority, 442 or other instrumentality of the state or a county, municipal 443 corporation, township, or other governmental entity that functions 444 exclusively for cultural, educational, historical, humanitarian, 445 advisory, or research purposes; that does not expend more than ten 446 thousand dollars per calendar year, excluding salaries and wages 447 of employees; and whose members are uncompensated. 448
- (D) "Immediate family" means a spouse residing in the 449 person's household and any dependent child. 450
- (E) "Income" includes gross income as defined and used in the 451 "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1, as 452 amended, interest and dividends on obligations or securities of 453 any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any 454 state or political subdivision, and interest or dividends on 455 obligations of any authority, commission, or instrumentality of 456 the United States.

(F) Except as otherwise provided in division (A) of section 458 102.08 of the Revised Code, "appropriate ethics commission" means: 459 (1) For matters relating to members of the general assembly, 460 employees of the general assembly, employees of the legislative 461 service commission, and candidates for the office of member of the 462 general assembly, the joint legislative ethics committee; 463 (2) For matters relating to judicial officers and employees, 464 and candidates for judicial office, the board of commissioners on 465 grievances and discipline of the supreme court; 466 (3) For matters relating to all other persons, the Ohio 467 ethics commission. 468 (G) "Anything of value" has the same meaning as provided in 469 section 1.03 of the Revised Code and includes, but is not limited 470 to, a contribution as defined in section 3517.01 of the Revised 471 Code. 472 (H) "Honorarium" means any payment made in consideration for 473 any speech given, article published, or attendance at any public 474 or private conference, convention, meeting, social event, meal, or 475 similar gathering. "Honorarium" does not include ceremonial gifts 476 or awards that have insignificant monetary value; unsolicited 477 gifts of nominal value or trivial items of informational value; or 478 earned income from any person, other than a legislative agent, for 479 personal services that are customarily provided in connection with 480 the practice of a bona fide business, if that business initially 481 began before the public official or employee conducting that 482 business was elected or appointed to his the public official's or 483 employee's office or position of employment. 484 (I) "Employer" means any person who, directly or indirectly, 485 engages an executive agency lobbyist or legislative agent. 486 (J) "Executive agency decision," "executive agency lobbyist," 487

all members of the board of commissioners on grievances and

discipline of the supreme court and the ethics commission created	519
under section 102.05 of the Revised Code; every business manager,	520
creasurer, or superintendent of a city, local, exempted village,	521
joint vocational, or cooperative education school district or an	522
educational service center; every person who is elected to or is a	523
candidate for the office of member of a board of education of a	524
city, local, exempted village, joint vocational, or cooperative	525
education school district or of a governing board of an	526
educational service center that has a total student count of	527
twelve thousand or more as most recently determined by the	528
department of education pursuant to section 3317.03 of the Revised	529
Code; every person who is appointed to the board of education of a	530
municipal school district pursuant to division (B) or (F) of	531
section 3311.71 of the Revised Code; all members of the board of	532
directors of a sanitary district that is established under Chapter	533
5115. of the Revised Code and organized wholly for the purpose of	534
providing a water supply for domestic, municipal, and public use,	535
and that includes two municipal corporations in two counties;	536
every public official or employee who is paid a salary or wage in	537
accordance with schedule C of section 124.15 or schedule E-2 of	538
section 124.152 of the Revised Code; members of the board of	539
trustees and the executive director of the tobacco use prevention	540
and control foundation; members of the board of trustees and the	541
executive director of the southern Ohio agricultural and community	542
development foundation; and every other public official or	543
employee who is designated by the appropriate ethics commission	544
oursuant to division (B) of this section.	545

The disclosure statement shall include all of the following:

(1) The name of the person filing the statement and each

member of the person's immediate family and all names under which

the person or members of the person's immediate family do

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business;

- (b) If the person filing the statement is a member of the 584 general assembly, the statement shall identify every source of 585 income and the amount of that income that was received from a 586 legislative agent, as defined in section 101.70 of the Revised 587 Code, during the preceding calendar year, in the person's own name 588 or by any other person for the person's use or benefit, by the 589 person filing the statement, and a brief description of the nature 590 of the services for which the income was received. Division 591 (A)(2)(b) of this section requires the disclosure of clients of 592 attorneys or persons licensed under section 4732.12 of the Revised 593 Code, or patients of persons certified under section 4731.14 of 594 the Revised Code, if those clients or patients are legislative 595 agents. Division (A)(2)(b) of this section requires a person 596 filing the statement who derives income from a business or 597 profession to disclose those individual items of income that 598 constitute the gross income of that business or profession that 599 are received from legislative agents. 600
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(2)(c) of 601 this section, division (A)(2)(a) of this section applies to 602 attorneys, physicians, and other persons who engage in the 603 practice of a profession and who, pursuant to a section of the 604 Revised Code, the common law of this state, a code of ethics 605 applicable to the profession, or otherwise, generally are required 606 not to reveal, disclose, or use confidences of clients, patients, 607 or other recipients of professional services except under 608 specified circumstances or generally are required to maintain 609 those types of confidences as privileged communications except 610 under specified circumstances. Division (A)(2)(a) of this section 611 does not require an attorney, physician, or other professional 612 subject to a confidentiality requirement as described in division 613 (A)(2)(c) of this section to disclose the name, other identity, or 614 address of a client, patient, or other recipient of professional 615

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services if the disclosure would threaten the client, patient, or other recipient of professional services, would reveal details of the subject matter for which legal, medical, or professional advice or other services were sought, or would reveal an otherwise privileged communication involving the client, patient, or other recipient of professional services. Division (A)(2)(a) of this section does not require an attorney, physician, or other professional subject to a confidentiality requirement as described in division (A)(2)(c) of this section to disclose in the brief description of the nature of services required by division (A)(2)(a) of this section any information pertaining to specific professional services rendered for a client, patient, or other recipient of professional services that would reveal details of the subject matter for which legal, medical, or professional advice was sought or would reveal an otherwise privileged communication involving the client, patient, or other recipient of professional services.

(3) The name of every corporation on file with the secretary 633 of state that is incorporated in this state or holds a certificate 634 of compliance authorizing it to do business in this state, trust, 635 business trust, partnership, or association that transacts 636 business in this state in which the person filing the statement or 637 any other person for the person's use and benefit had during the 638 preceding calendar year an investment of over one thousand dollars 639 at fair market value as of the thirty-first day of December of the 640 preceding calendar year, or the date of disposition, whichever is 641 earlier, or in which the person holds any office or has a 642 fiduciary relationship, and a description of the nature of the 643 investment, office, or relationship. Division (A)(3) of this 644 section does not require disclosure of the name of any bank, 645 savings and loan association, credit union, or building and loan 646 association with which the person filing the statement has a 647

deposit or a withdrawable share account.

- (4) All fee simple and leasehold interests to which the 649 person filing the statement holds legal title to or a beneficial 650 interest in real property located within the state, excluding the 651 person's residence and property used primarily for personal 652 recreation; 653
- (5) The names of all persons residing or transacting business 654 in the state to whom the person filing the statement owes, in the 655 person's own name or in the name of any other person, more than 656 one thousand dollars. Division (A)(5) of this section shall not be 657 construed to require the disclosure of debts owed by the person 658 resulting from the ordinary conduct of a business or profession or 659 debts on the person's residence or real property used primarily 660 for personal recreation, except that the superintendent of 661 financial institutions shall disclose the names of all 662 state-chartered savings and loan associations and of all service 663 corporations subject to regulation under division (E)(2) of 664 section 1151.34 of the Revised Code to whom the superintendent in 665 the superintendent's own name or in the name of any other person 666 owes any money, and that the superintendent and any deputy 667 superintendent of banks shall disclose the names of all 668 state-chartered banks and all bank subsidiary corporations subject 669 to regulation under section 1109.44 of the Revised Code to whom 670 the superintendent or deputy superintendent owes any money. 671
- (6) The names of all persons residing or transacting business 672 in the state, other than a depository excluded under division 673 (A)(3) of this section, who owe more than one thousand dollars to 674 the person filing the statement, either in the person's own name 675 or to any person for the person's use or benefit. Division (A)(6) 676 of this section shall not be construed to require the disclosure 677 of clients of attorneys or persons licensed under section 4732.12 678 or 4732.15 of the Revised Code, or patients of persons certified 679

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under section 4731.14 of the Revised Code, nor the disclosure of debts owed to the person resulting from the ordinary conduct of a business or profession.

- (7) Except as otherwise provided in section 102.022 of the 683 Revised Code, the source of each gift of over seventy-five 684 dollars, or of each gift of over twenty-five dollars received by a 685 member of the general assembly from a legislative agent, received 686 by the person in the person's own name or by any other person for 687 the person's use or benefit during the preceding calendar year, 688 except gifts received by will or by virtue of section 2105.06 of 689 the Revised Code, or received from spouses, parents, grandparents, 690 children, grandchildren, siblings, nephews, nieces, uncles, aunts, 691 brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, 692 fathers-in-law, mothers-in-law, or any person to whom the person 693 filing the statement stands in loco parentis, or received by way 694 of distribution from any inter vivos or testamentary trust 695 established by a spouse or by an ancestor; 696
- (8) Except as otherwise provided in section 102.022 of the Revised Code, identification of the source and amount of every payment of expenses incurred for travel to destinations inside or outside this state that is received by the person in the person's own name or by any other person for the person's use or benefit and that is incurred in connection with the person's official duties, except for expenses for travel to meetings or conventions of a national or state organization to which any state agency, including, but not limited to, any legislative agency or state institution of higher education as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code, pays membership dues, or any political subdivision pays membership dues;
- (9) Except as otherwise provided in section 102.022 of the 710
 Revised Code, identification of the source of payment of expenses 711

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712 for meals and other food and beverages, other than for meals and 713 other food and beverages provided at a meeting at which the person 714 participated in a panel, seminar, or speaking engagement or at a 715 meeting or convention of a national or state organization to which 716 any state agency, including, but not limited to, any legislative 717 agency or state institution of higher education as defined in 718 section 3345.011 of the Revised Code, pays membership dues, or any 719 political subdivision or any office or agency of a political 720 subdivision pays membership dues, that are incurred in connection 721 with the person's official duties and that exceed one hundred 722 dollars aggregated per calendar year;

(10) If the financial disclosure statement is filed by a 723 public official or employee described in division (B)(2) of 724 section 101.73 of the Revised Code or division (B)(2) of section 725 121.63 of the Revised Code who receives a statement from a 726 legislative agent, executive agency lobbyist, or employer that 727 contains the information described in division (F)(2) of section 728 101.73 of the Revised Code or division (G)(2) of section 121.63 of 729 the Revised Code, all of the nondisputed information contained in 730 the statement delivered to that public official or employee by the 731 legislative agent, executive agency lobbyist, or employer under 732 division (F)(2) of section 101.73 or (G)(2) of section 121.63 of 733 the Revised Code. As used in division (A)(10) of this section, 734 "legislative agent," "executive agency lobbyist," and "employer" 735 have the same meanings as in sections 101.70 and 121.60 of the 736 Revised Code. 737

A person may file a statement required by this section in person or by mail. A person who is a candidate for elective office shall file the statement no later than the thirtieth day before the primary, special, or general election at which the candidacy is to be voted on, whichever election occurs soonest, except that a person who is a write-in candidate shall file the statement no

744 later than the twentieth day before the earliest election at which 745 the person's candidacy is to be voted on. A person who holds 746 elective office shall file the statement on or before the 747 fifteenth day of April of each year unless the person is a 748 candidate for office. A person who is appointed to fill a vacancy 749 for an unexpired term in an elective office shall file the 750 statement within fifteen days after the person qualifies for 751 office. Other persons shall file an annual statement on or before 752 the fifteenth day of April or, if appointed or employed after that 753 date, within ninety days after appointment or employment. No 754 person shall be required to file with the appropriate ethics 755 commission more than one statement or pay more than one filing fee 756 for any one calendar year.

The appropriate ethics commission, for good cause, may extend 757 for a reasonable time the deadline for filing a statement under 758 this section. 759

A statement filed under this section is subject to public 760 inspection at locations designated by the appropriate ethics 761 commission except as otherwise provided in this section. 762

(B) The Ohio ethics commission, the joint legislative ethics 763 committee, and the board of commissioners on grievances and 764 discipline of the supreme court, using the rule-making procedures 765 of Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, may require any class of 766 public officials or employees under its jurisdiction and not 767 specifically excluded by this section whose positions involve a 768 substantial and material exercise of administrative discretion in 769 the formulation of public policy, expenditure of public funds, 770 enforcement of laws and rules of the state or a county or city, or 771 the execution of other public trusts, to file an annual statement 772 on or before the fifteenth day of April under division (A) of this 773 section. The appropriate ethics commission shall send the public 774 officials or employees written notice of the requirement by the 775 fifteenth day of February of each year the filing is required

unless the public official or employee is appointed after that

date, in which case the notice shall be sent within thirty days

after appointment, and the filing shall be made not later than

ninety days after appointment.

Except for disclosure statements filed by members of the 781 board of trustees and the executive director of the tobacco use 782 prevention and control foundation and members of the board of 783 trustees and the executive director of the southern Ohio 784 agricultural and community development foundation, disclosure 785 statements filed under this division with the Ohio ethics 786 commission by members of boards, commissions, or bureaus of the 787 state for which no compensation is received other than reasonable 788 and necessary expenses shall be kept confidential. Disclosure 789 statements filed with the Ohio ethics commission under division 790 (A) of this section by business managers, treasurers, and 791 superintendents of city, local, exempted village, joint 792 vocational, or cooperative education school districts or 793 educational service centers shall be kept confidential, except 794 that any person conducting an audit of any such school district or 795 educational service center pursuant to section 115.56 or Chapter 796 117. of the Revised Code may examine the disclosure statement of 797 any business manager, treasurer, or superintendent of that school 798 district or educational service center. The Ohio ethics commission 799 shall examine each disclosure statement required to be kept 800 confidential to determine whether a potential conflict of interest 801 exists for the person who filed the disclosure statement. A 802 potential conflict of interest exists if the private interests of 803 the person, as indicated by the person's disclosure statement, 804 might interfere with the public interests the person is required 805 to serve in the exercise of the person's authority and duties in 806 the person's office or position of employment. If the commission 807

		0.00
determines that a potential conflict of interest exists	s, it shall	808
notify the person who filed the disclosure statement ar	nd shall	809
make the portions of the disclosure statement that indi	cate a	810
potential conflict of interest subject to public inspec	ction in the	811
same manner as is provided for other disclosure stateme	ents. Any	812
portion of the disclosure statement that the commission	n determines	813
does not indicate a potential conflict of interest shall	ll be kept	814
confidential by the commission and shall not be made su	ıbject to	815
public inspection, except as is necessary for the enfor	cement of	816
Chapters 102. and 2921. of the Revised Code and except	as	817
otherwise provided in this division.		818
(C) No person shall knowingly fail to file, on or	before the	819
applicable filing deadline established under this section	lon, a	820
statement that is required by this section.		821
(D) No person shall knowingly file a false stateme	ent that is	822
required to be filed under this section.		823
(E)(1) Except as provided in divisions $(E)(2)$ and	(3) of this	824
section, the statement required by division (A) or (B)	of this	825
section shall be accompanied by a filing fee of forty of	dollars.	826
(2) The statement required by division (A) of this	s section	827
shall be accompanied by the following filing fee to be	paid by the	828
person who is elected or appointed to, or is a candidat	ce for, any	829
of the following offices:		830
For state office, except member of the		831
state board of education	\$65	832
For office of member of general assembly	\$40	833
For county office	\$40	834
For city office	\$25	835
For office of member of the state board		836
		000
of education	\$25	837

For office of member of a city, local,

(E) and (F) of this section and all moneys it receives from	870
settlements under division (G) of section 102.06 of the Revised	871
Code, into the Ohio ethics commission fund, which is hereby	872
created in the state treasury. All moneys credited to the fund	873
shall be used solely for expenses related to the operation and	874
statutory functions of the commission.	875

(H) Division (A) of this section does not apply to a person 876 elected or appointed to the office of precinct, ward, or district 877 committee member under Chapter 3517. of the Revised Code; a 878 presidential elector; a delegate to a national convention; village 879 or township officials and employees; any physician or psychiatrist 880 who is paid a salary or wage in accordance with schedule C of 881 section 124.15 or schedule E-2 of section 124.152 of the Revised 882 Code and whose primary duties do not require the exercise of 883 administrative discretion; or any member of a board, commission, 884 or bureau of any county or city who receives less than one 885 thousand dollars per year for serving in that position. 886

Sec. 102.021. (A)(1) For the twenty-four month period 887 immediately following the end of the former state elected 888 officer's or staff member's service or public employment, except 889 as provided in division (B) or (D) of this section, each former 890 state elected officer or staff member who filed or was required to 891 file a disclosure statement under section 102.02 of the Revised 892 Code shall file, on or before the deadlines specified in division 893 (D) of this section, with the joint legislative ethics committee a 894 statement that shall include the information described in 895 divisions (A)(2), (3), (4), and (5) of this section, as 896 applicable. The statement shall be filed on a form and in the 897 manner specified by the joint legislative ethics committee. This 898 division does not apply to a state elected officer or staff member 899 who filed or was required to file a disclosure statement under 900

section 102.02 of the Revised Code, who leaves service or public	901
employment, and who takes another position as a state elected	902
officer or staff member who files or is required to file a	903
disclosure statement under that section.	904
No person shall fail to file, on or before the deadlines	905
specified in division (D) of this section, a statement that is	906
required by this division.	907
(2) The statement referred to in division (A)(1) of this	908
section shall describe the source of all income received, in the	909
former state elected officer's or staff member's own name or by	910
any other person for the person's use or benefit, and briefly	911
describe the nature of the services for which the income was	912
received if the source of the income was any of the following:	913
(a) An executive agency lobbyist or a legislative agent;	914
(b) The employer of an executive agency lobbyist or	915
legislative agent, except that this division does not apply if the	916
employer is any state agency or political subdivision of the	917
<u>state;</u>	918
(c) Any entity, association, or business that, at any time	919
during the two immediately preceding calendar years, was awarded	920
one or more contracts by one or more state agencies that in the	921
aggregate had a value of one hundred thousand dollars or more, or	922
bid on one or more contracts to be awarded by one or more state	923
agencies that in the aggregate had a value of one hundred thousand	924
dollars or more.	925
(3) If the former state elected officer or staff member	926
received no income as described in division (A)(2) of this	927
section, the statement referred to in division (A)(1) of this	928
section shall indicate that fact.	929
(4) If the former state elected officer or staff member	930

directly or indirectly made, either separately or in combination	931
with another, any expenditure or gift for transportation, lodging,	932
or food or beverages to, at the request of, for the benefit of, or	933
on behalf of any public officer or employee, and if the former	934
state elected officer or staff member would be required to report	935
the expenditure or gift in a statement under sections 101.70 to	936
101.79 or sections 121.60 to 121.69 of the Revised Code, whichever	937
<u>is applicable, if the former state elected officer or staff member</u>	938
was a legislative agent or executive agency lobbyist at the time	939
the expenditure or gift was made, the statement referred to in	940
<u>division (A)(I) of this section shall include all information</u>	941
relative to that gift or expenditure that would be required in a	942
statement under sections 101.70 to 101.79 or sections 121.60 to	943
121.69 of the Revised Code if the former state elected officer or	944
staff member was a legislative agent or executive agency lobbyist	945
at the time the expenditure or gift was made.	946

- (5) If the former state elected officer or staff member made

 no expenditure or gift as described in division (A)(4) of this

 section, the statement referred to in division (A)(1) of this

 section shall indicate that fact.

 947
- (B) If, at any time during the twenty-four month period 951 immediately following the end of the former state elected 952 officer's or staff member's service or public employment, a former 953 state elected officer or staff member who filed or was required to 954 file a disclosure statement under section 102.02 of the Revised 955 Code becomes a legislative agent or an executive agency lobbyist, 956 the former state elected officer or staff member shall comply with 957 all registration and filing requirements set forth in sections 958 101.70 to 101.79 or sections 121.60 to 121.69 of the Revised Code, 959 whichever is applicable, and, the former state elected officer or 960 staff member also shall file a statement under division (A)(1) of 961 this section except that the statement filed under division (A)(1) 962

of this section does not need to include information regarding any	963
income source, expenditure, or gift to the extent that that	964
information was included in any registration or statement filed	965
under sections 101.70 to 101.79 or sections 121.60 to 121.69 of	966
the Revised Code.	967
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, division	968
(A)(2) of this section applies to attorneys, physicians, and other	969
persons who engage in the practice of a profession and who,	970
pursuant to a section of the Revised Code, the common law of this	971
state, a code of ethics applicable to the profession, or	972
otherwise, generally are required not to reveal, disclose, or use	973
confidences of clients, patients, or other recipients of	974
professional services except under specified circumstances or	975
generally are required to maintain those types of confidences as	976
privileged communications except under specified circumstances.	977
Division (A)(2) of this section does not require an attorney,	978
physician, or other professional subject to a confidentiality	979
requirement as described in this division to disclose the name,	980
other identity, or address of a client, patient, or other	981
recipient of professional services if the disclosure would	982
threaten the client, patient, or other recipient of professional	983
services, would reveal details of the subject matter for which	984
legal, medical, or professional advice or other services were	985
sought, or would reveal an otherwise privileged communication	986
involving the client, patient, or other recipient of professional	987
services. Division (A)(2) of this section does not require an	988
attorney, physician, or other professional subject to a	989
confidentiality requirement as described in this division to	990
disclose in the brief description of the nature of services	991
required by division (A)(2) of this section any information	992
pertaining to specific professional services rendered for a	993
client, patient, or other recipient of professional services that	994

would reveal details of the subject matter for which legal,	995
medical, or professional advice was sought or would reveal an	996
otherwise privileged communication involving the client, patient,	997
or other recipient of professional services.	998
(D)(1) Each state elected officer or staff member who filed	999
or was required to file a disclosure statement under section	1000
102.02 of the Revised Code and who leaves public service or public	1001
employment shall file an initial statement under division (A)(1)	1001
	1002
of this section not later than the day on which the former state	
elected officer or staff member leaves public service or public	1004
employment. The initial statement shall specify whether the person	1005
will, or will not, receive any income from a source described in	1006
division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this section.	1007
If a person files an initial statement under this division	1008
that states that the person will receive income from a source	1009
described in division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, the	1010
person is required to file statements under division (A)(2), (3),	1011
(4), or (5) of this section at the times specified in division	1012
(D)(2) of this section.	1013
If a person files an initial statement under this division	1014
that states that the person will not receive income from a source	1015
described in division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this section,	1016
except as otherwise provided in this division, the person is not	1017
required to file statements under division (A)(2), (4), or (5) of	1018
this section or to file subsequent statements under division	1019
(A)(3) of this section. If a person files an initial statement	1020
under this division that states that the person will not receive	1021
income from a source described in division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c)	1022
of this section, and, subsequent to the filing of that initial	1023
statement, the person receives any income from a source described	1024
in division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, the person	1025

within ten days shall file a statement under division (A)(2) of

If, pursuant to this division, a person files a statement

under division (A)(3) of this section, except as otherwise

1057

provided in this division, the person thereafter is not required	1059
to file statements under division (A)(2), (4), or (5) of this	1060
section, or to file subsequent statements under division (A)(3) of	1061
this section. If, subsequent to the filing of the statement under	1062
division (A)(3) of this section, the person receives any income	1063
from a source described in division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this	1064
section, the person within ten days shall file a statement under	1065
division (A)(2) of this section that contains the information	1066
described in that division regarding the new income source, and	1067
the person thereafter shall file statements under division (A)(4)	1068
of this section, and subsequent statements under division (A)(2)	1069
or (3) of this section, at the times specified in this division.	1070
(3) No fee shall be required for filing an initial statement	1071
under division (D)(1) of this section. The person filing a	1072
statement under division (D)(2) of this section that is required	1073
to be filed on or before the last calendar day of January, May,	1074
and September shall pay a ten dollar filing fee with each such	1075
statement not to exceed thirty dollars in any calendar year. The	1076
joint legislative ethics committee may charge late fees in the	1077
same manner as specified in division (G) of section 101.72 of the	1078
Revised Code.	1079
(E) Any state elected officer or staff member who filed or	1080
was required to file a disclosure statement under section 102.02	1081
of the Revised Code and who leaves public service or public	1082
employment shall provide a forwarding address to the officer's or	1083
staff member's last employer, and the employer shall provide the	1084
person's name and address to the joint legislative ethics	1085
committee. The former elected state officer or staff member shall	1086
provide updated forwarding addresses as necessary to the joint	1087
legislative ethics committee during the twenty-four month period	1088
during which division (A)(1) of this section applies. The public	1089

agency or appointing authority that was the last employer of a

Code, pays membership dues, or at a dinner, party, or function to	1152
which all members of the general assembly or all members of either	1153
house of the general assembly are invited;	1154
(3) A gift of any amount in the form of cash or the	1155

- equivalent of cash, or a gift of any other thing of value whose 1156 value exceeds seventy-five dollars. As used in division (C)(3) of 1157 this section, "gift" does not include any contribution or any 1158 gifts of meals and other food and beverages or the payment of 1159 expenses incurred for travel to destinations either inside or 1160 outside this state that is received by the a member of the general 1161 assembly and that is incurred in connection with the member's 1162 official duties. 1163
- (D) It is not a violation of division (C)(2) of this section 1164 if, within sixty days after receiving notice from a legislative 1165 agent that the legislative agent has provided a member of the 1166 general assembly with more than seventy-five dollars aggregated in 1167 a calendar year as payment for meals and other food and beverages, 1168 the member of the general assembly returns to that legislative 1169 agent the amount received that exceeds seventy-five dollars. 1170
- (E) The joint legislative ethics committee may impose a fine 1171 of not more than one thousand dollars upon a member of the general 1172 assembly who violates division (B) of this section. 1173
- Sec. 102.06. (A) The appropriate ethics commission shall 1174 receive and may initiate complaints against persons subject to 1175 Chapter 102. of the Revised Code this chapter concerning conduct 1176 alleged to be in violation of this chapter or section 2921.42 or 1177 2921.43 of the Revised Code. All complaints except those by the 1178 commission shall be by affidavit made on personal knowledge, 1179 subject to the penalties of perjury. Complaints by the commission 1180 shall be by affidavit, based upon reasonable cause to believe that 1181 a violation has occurred. 1182

(B) The <u>appropriate ethics</u> commission shall investigate	1183
complaints, may investigate charges presented to it, and may	1184
request further information, including the specific amount of	1185
income from a source, from any person filing with the commission a	1186
statement required by section 102.02 or 102.021 of the Revised	1187
Code, if the information sought is directly relevant to a	1188
complaint or charges received by the commission pursuant to this	1189
section. This information is confidential, except that the	1190
commission, $\frac{1}{2}$ its discretion, may share information gathered	1191
in the course of any investigation with, or disclose the	1192
information to, the inspector general, any appropriate prosecuting	1193
authority, any law enforcement agency, or any other appropriate	1194
ethics commission. If the accused person is a member of the public	1195
employees retirement board, state teachers retirement board,	1196
school employees retirement board, board of trustees of the Ohio	1197
police and fire pension fund, or state highway patrol retirement	1198
board, the commission, $\frac{1}{2}$ its discretion, also may share	1199
information gathered in the course of an investigation with, or	1200
disclose the information to, the attorney general and the auditor	1201
of state. The person so requested shall furnish the information to	1202
the commission, unless within fifteen days from the date of the	1203
request the person files an action for declaratory judgment	1204
challenging the legitimacy of the request in the court of common	1205
pleas of the county of the person's residence, the person's place	1206
of employment, or Franklin county. The requested information need	1207
not be furnished to the commission during the pendency of the	1208
judicial proceedings. Proceedings of the commission in connection	1209
with the declaratory judgment action shall be kept confidential	1210
except as otherwise provided by this section. Before the	1211
commission proceeds to take any formal action against a person who	1212
is the subject of an investigation based on charges presented to	1213
the commission, a complaint shall be filed against the person. If	1214
the commission finds that a complaint is not frivolous, and there	1215

is reasonable cause to believe that the facts alleged in a 1216 complaint constitute a violation of section 102.02, 102.021, 1217 102.03, 102.04, 102.07, 2921.42, or 2921.43 of the Revised Code, 1218 it shall hold a hearing. If the commission does not so find, it 1219 shall dismiss the complaint and notify the accused person in 1220 writing of the dismissal of the complaint. The commission shall 1221 not make a report of its finding unless the accused person 1222 requests a report. Upon the request of the accused person, the 1223 commission shall make a public report of its finding. The person 1224 against whom the complaint is directed shall be given reasonable 1225 notice by certified mail of the date, time, and place of the 1226 hearing and a statement of the charges and the law directly 1227 involved and shall be given the opportunity to be represented by 1228 counsel, to have counsel appointed for the person if the person is 1229 unable to afford counsel without undue hardship, to examine the 1230 evidence against the person, to produce evidence and to call and 1231 subpoena witnesses in the person's defense, to confront the 1232 person's accusers, and to cross-examine witnesses. The commission 1233 shall have a stenographic record made of the hearing. The hearing 1234 shall be closed to the public. 1235

(C)(1)(a) If, upon the basis of the hearing, the appropriate 1236 ethics commission finds by a preponderance of the evidence that 1237 the facts alleged in the complaint are true and constitute a 1238 violation of section 102.02, 102.021, 102.03, 102.04, 102.07, 1239 2921.42, or 2921.43 of the Revised Code, it shall report its 1240 findings to the appropriate prosecuting authority for proceedings 1241 in prosecution of the violation and to the appointing or employing 1242 authority of the accused. If the accused person is a member of the 1243 public employees retirement board, state teachers retirement 1244 board, school employees retirement board, board of trustees of the 1245 Ohio police and fire pension fund, or state highway patrol 1246 retirement board, the commission also shall report its findings to 1247 the Ohio retirement study council. 1248

- (b) If the Ohio ethics commission reports its findings to the 1249 appropriate prosecuting authority under division (C)(1)(a) of this 1250 section and the prosecuting authority has not initiated any 1251 official action on those findings within ninety days after 1252 receiving the commission's report of them, then the commission may 1253 publicly comment that no official action has been taken on its 1254 findings, except that the commission shall make no comment in 1255 violation of the Rules of Criminal Procedure or about any 1256 indictment that has been sealed pursuant to any law or those 1257 rules. The commission shall make no comment regarding the merits 1258 of its findings. As used in division (C)(1)(b) of this section, 1259 "official action" means prosecution, closure after investigation, 1260 or grand jury action resulting in a true bill of indictment or no 1261 true bill of indictment. 1262
- (2) If the appropriate ethics commission does not find by a 1263 preponderance of the evidence that the facts alleged in the 1264 complaint are true and constitute a violation of section 102.02, 1265 102.021, 102.03, 102.04, 102.07, 2921.42, or 2921.43 of the 1266 Revised Code or if the commission has not scheduled a hearing 1267 within ninety days after the complaint is filed or has not finally 1268 disposed of the complaint within six months after it has been 1269 heard, it shall dismiss the complaint and notify the accused 1270 person in writing of the dismissal of the complaint. The 1271 commission shall not make a report of its finding unless the 1272 accused person requests a report. Upon the request of the accused 1273 person, the commission shall make a public report of the finding, 1274 but in this case all evidence and the record of the hearing shall 1275 remain confidential unless the accused person also requests that 1276 the evidence and record be made public. Upon request by the 1277 accused person, the commission shall make the evidence and the 1278 record available for public inspection. 1279
 - (D) The <u>appropriate ethics</u> commission, or a member of the 1280

commission, may administer oaths, and the commission may issue	1281
subpoenas to any person in the state compelling the attendance of	1282
witnesses and the production of relevant papers, books, accounts,	1283
and records. The commission shall issue subpoenas to compel the	1284
attendance of witnesses and the production of documents upon the	1285
request of an accused person. Section 101.42 of the Revised Code	1286
shall govern the issuance of these subpoenas insofar as	1287
applicable. Upon the refusal of any person to obey a subpoena or	1288
to be sworn or to answer as a witness, the commission may apply to	1289
the court of common pleas of Franklin county under section 2705.03	1290
of the Revised Code. The court shall hold proceedings in	1291
accordance with Chapter 2705. of the Revised Code. The commission	1292
or the accused person may take the depositions of witnesses	1293
residing within or without the state in the same manner as	1294
prescribed by law for the taking of depositions in civil actions	1295
in the court of common pleas.	1296

- (E) At least once each year, the Ohio ethics commission shall 1297 report on its activities of the immediately preceding year to the 1298 majority and minority leaders of the senate and house of 1299 representatives of the general assembly. The report shall indicate 1300 the total number of complaints received, initiated, and 1301 investigated by the commission, the total number of complaints for 1302 which formal hearings were held, and the total number of 1303 complaints for which formal prosecution was recommended or 1304 requested by the commission. The report also shall indicate the 1305 nature of the inappropriate conduct alleged in each complaint and 1306 the governmental entity with which any employee or official that 1307 is the subject of a complaint was employed at the time of the 1308 alleged inappropriate conduct. 1309
- (F) All papers, records, affidavits, and documents upon any
 complaint, inquiry, or investigation relating to the proceedings
 of the appropriate <u>ethics</u> commission shall be sealed and are
 1312

private and confidential, except as otherwise provided in this

1313
section and section 102.07 of the Revised Code.

1314

- (G)(1) When a complaint or charge is before it, the Ohio 1315 ethics commission or the appropriate prosecuting authority, in 1316 consultation with the person filing the complaint or charge, the 1317 accused, and any other person the commission or prosecuting 1318 authority considers necessary, may compromise or settle the 1319 complaint or charge with the agreement of the accused. The 1320 compromise or settlement may include mediation, restitution, 1321 rescission of affected contracts, forfeiture of any benefits 1322 resulting from a violation or potential violation of law, 1323 resignation of a public official or employee, or any other relief 1324 that is agreed upon between the commission or prosecuting 1325 authority and the accused. 1326
- (2) Any settlement agreement entered into under division 1327 (G)(1) of this section shall be in writing and be accompanied by a 1328 statement of the findings of the commission or prosecuting 1329 authority and the reasons for entering into the agreement. The 1330 commission or prosecuting authority shall retain the agreement and 1331 statement in the commission's or prosecuting authority's office 1332 and, in the commission's or prosecuting authority's discretion, 1333 may make the agreement, the statement, and any supporting 1334 information public, unless the agreement provides otherwise. 1335
- (3) If a settlement agreement is breached by the accused, the 1336 commission or prosecuting authority, in the commission's or 1337 prosecuting authority's discretion, may rescind the agreement and 1338 reinstitute any investigation, hearing, or prosecution of the 1339 accused. No information obtained from the accused in reaching the 1340 settlement that is not otherwise discoverable from the accused 1341 shall be used in any proceeding before the commission or by the 1342 appropriate prosecuting authority in prosecuting the violation. 1343 Notwithstanding any other section of the Revised Code, if a 1344

Section 2. That existing sections 101.34, 102.01, 102.02,

Sub. H. B. No. 181 As Reported by the Senate Judiciary Committee	Page 46
102.031, 102.06, and 102.99 of the Revised Code are hereby	1403
repealed.	1404
Section 3. The statement described in division $(A)(1)$ of	1405
section 102.021 of the Revised Code shall be filed by any state	1406
elected officer or staff member, as defined in division (G) of	1407
that section, who leaves service or public employment on or after	1408
the effective date of this act.	1409
Section 4. Sections 102.01 and 102.99 of the Revised Code are	1410
presented in this act as a composite of the sections as amended by	1411
both Am. Sub. H.B. 285 and Am. Sub. H.B. 492 of the 120th General	1412
Assembly. Section 102.02 of the Revised Code is presented in this	1413
act as a composite of the section as amended by both Sub. S.B. 133	1414
and Am. Sub. S.B. 189 of the 125th General Assembly. The General	1415
Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of section	1416
1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if	1417
reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the	1418
composites are the resulting versions of the sections in effect	1419
prior to the effective date of the sections as presented in this	1420
act.	1421