

**As Reported by the Senate Insurance, Commerce and Labor
Committee**

**125th General Assembly
Regular Session
2003-2004**

Sub. H. B. No. 215

**Representatives Schmidt, Schneider, White, Collier, Peterson, Hollister,
Kearns, Wagner, Faber, Gibbs, DeWine, Flowers, Taylor, Setzer, Raga,
Reidelbach, Wolpert, Webster, Aslanides, Raussen, Daniels, Carmichael,
Blasdel, Koziura, D. Evans, T. Patton, Sferra, Seaver, Hughes, Barrett,
G. Smith, Driehaus, Woodard, Olman, Book, Brown, Brinkman, Calvert,
Cates, Chandler, Clancy, Combs, Core, DeGeeter, Distel, Domenick,
C. Evans, Fessler, Gilb, Grendell, Hagan, Hartnett, Harwood, Hoops, Husted,
Key, Kilbane, Martin, Mason, Niehaus, Oelslager, Otterman, S. Patton, Price,
Reinhard, Schaffer, Schlichter, Seitz, Slaby, J. Stewart, Widowfield, Yates,
Young
Senators Spada, Mumper, Armbruster**

A B I L L

To amend section 2743.43, to enact sections 2317.43,	1
2323.421, 2323.45, and 3929.302, and to repeal	2
section 2303.23 of the Revised Code to prohibit	3
the use of a defendant's statement of sympathy as	4
evidence in a medical liability action, establish	5
qualifications for expert witnesses in medical	6
liability actions, regulate the use of affidavits	7
of noninvolvement in medical claims, and regulate	8
the collection and disclosure of medical claims	9
data.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 2743.43 be amended and sections 11
2317.43, 2323.421, 2323.45, and 3929.302 of the Revised Code be 12
enacted to read as follows: 13

Sec. 2317.43. (A) In any civil action brought by an alleged 14
victim of an unanticipated outcome of medical care or in any 15
arbitration proceeding related to such a civil action, any and all 16
statements, affirmations, gestures, or conduct expressing apology, 17
sympathy, commiseration, condolence, compassion, or a general 18
sense of benevolence that are made by a health care provider or an 19
employee of a health care provider to the alleged victim, a 20
relative of the alleged victim, or a representative of the alleged 21
victim, and that relate to the discomfort, pain, suffering, 22
injury, or death of the alleged victim as the result of the 23
unanticipated outcome of medical care are inadmissible as evidence 24
of an admission of liability or as evidence of an admission 25
against interest. 26

(B) For purposes of this section, unless the context 27
otherwise requires: 28

(1) "Health care provider" has the same meaning as in 29
division (B)(5) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code. 30

(2) "Relative" means a victim's spouse, parent, grandparent, 31
stepfather, stepmother, child, grandchild, brother, sister, half 32
brother, half sister, or spouse's parents. The term includes said 33
relationships that are created as a result of adoption. In 34
addition, "relative" includes any person who has a family-type 35
relationship with a victim. 36

(3) "Representative" means a legal guardian, attorney, person 37
designated to make decisions on behalf of a patient under a 38
medical power of attorney, or any person recognized in law or 39
custom as a patient's agent. 40

(4) "Unanticipated outcome" means the outcome of a medical treatment or procedure that differs from an expected result. 41
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Sec. 2323.421. A person licensed in another state to practice medicine, who testifies as an expert witness on behalf of any party in this state in any action against a physician for injury or death, whether in contract or tort, arising out of the provision of or failure to provide health care services, shall be deemed to have a temporary license to practice medicine in this state solely for the purpose of providing such testimony and is subject to the authority of the state medical board and the provisions of Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code. The conclusion of an action against a physician shall not be construed to have any effect on the board's authority to take action against a physician who testifies as an expert witness under this section. 43
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Sec. 2323.45. (A)(1) A health care provider named as a defendant in a civil action based upon a medical claim is permitted to file a motion with the court for dismissal of the claim accompanied by an affidavit of noninvolvement. The defendant shall notify all parties in writing of the filing of the motion. Prior to ruling on the motion, the court shall allow the parties not less than thirty days from the date that the parties were served with the notice to respond to the motion. 55
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(2) An affidavit of noninvolvement shall set forth, with particularity, the facts that demonstrate that the defendant was misidentified or otherwise not involved individually or through the action of the defendant's agents or employees in the care and treatment of the plaintiff, was not obligated individually or through the defendant's agents or employees to provide for the care and treatment of the plaintiff, and could not have caused the alleged malpractice individually or through the defendant's agents 63
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or employees in any way.

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(B)(1) The parties shall have the right to challenge the affidavit of noninvolvement by filing a motion and submitting an affidavit with the court that contradicts the assertions of noninvolvement made in the defendant's affidavit of noninvolvement.

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(2) If the affidavit of noninvolvement is challenged, any party may request an oral hearing on the motion for dismissal. If requested, the court shall hold a hearing to determine if the defendant was involved, directly or indirectly, in the care and treatment of the plaintiff, or was obligated, directly or indirectly, for the care and treatment of the plaintiff.

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(3) The court shall consider all evidence submitted by the parties and the parties' arguments and may dismiss the civil action based upon the defendant's lack of involvement in the elements of the plaintiff's medical claim. The court shall rule on all challenges to the affidavit of noninvolvement within seventy-five days after the filing of the affidavit of noninvolvement.

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(4) A court's dismissal of a claim against a defendant pursuant to this section shall be deemed otherwise than upon the merits and without prejudice pursuant to Civil Rule 41.

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(C) If the court determines that a health care provider named as a defendant has falsely filed or made false or inaccurate statements in an affidavit of noninvolvement, the court, upon a motion or upon its own initiative, shall immediately reinstate the claim against that defendant, if previously dismissed. Reinstatement of a party pursuant to this division shall not be barred by any statute of limitations defense that was not valid at the time the original affidavit was filed.

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(D) In any action in which the defendant is found by the

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court to have knowingly filed a false or inaccurate affidavit of noninvolvement, the court shall impose upon the person who signed the affidavit or represented the defendant, or both, an appropriate sanction, including, but not limited to, an order to pay to other parties to the claim the amount of the reasonable expenses that the parties incurred as a result of the filing of the false or inaccurate affidavit, including reasonable attorney's fees. 102
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(E) In any action in which the court determines that a party falsely objected to a defendant's affidavit of noninvolvement, or knowingly provided an inaccurate statement regarding a defendant's affidavit, the court shall impose upon the party or the party's counsel, or both, an appropriate sanction, including, but not limited to, an order to pay to the other parties to the claim the amount of the reasonable expenses that the parties incurred as a result of the submission of the false objection or inaccurate statement, including reasonable attorney's fees. 110
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(F) As used in this section: 119

(1) "Health care provider" has the same meaning as in division (B)(5) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code. 120
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(2) "Medical claim" means any claim that is asserted in any civil action against a health care provider and that arises out of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person. "Medical claim" includes derivative claims for relief. 122
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Sec. 2743.43. (A) No person shall be deemed competent to give expert testimony on the liability issues in a medical claim, as defined in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code, unless: 126
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(1) Such person is licensed to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery by the state medical board or by the licensing authority 129
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of any state; 132

(2) Such person devotes three-fourths of the person's 133
professional time to the active clinical practice of medicine or 134
surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine 135
and surgery, or to its instruction in an accredited university; 136

(3) The person practices in the same or a substantially 137
similar specialty as the defendant. The court shall not permit an 138
expert in one medical specialty to testify against a health care 139
provider in another medical specialty unless the expert shows both 140
that the standards of care and practice in the two specialties are 141
similar and that the expert has substantial familiarity between 142
the specialties. 143

(4) If the person is certified in a specialty, the person 144
must be certified by a board recognized by the American board of 145
medical specialties or the American board of osteopathic 146
specialties in a specialty having acknowledged expertise and 147
training directly related to the particular health care matter at 148
issue. 149

(B) Nothing in division (A) of this section shall be 150
construed to limit the power of the trial court to adjudge the 151
testimony of any expert witness incompetent on any other ground. 152

(C) Nothing in division (A) of this section shall be 153
construed to limit the power of the trial court to allow the 154
testimony of any other ~~expert~~ witness, on a matter unrelated to 155
the liability issues in the medical claim, when that testimony is 156
relevant to the medical claim involved. 157

Sec. 3929.302. (A) The superintendent of insurance, by rule 158
adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall 159
require each authorized insurer, surplus lines insurer, risk 160
retention group, self-insurer, captive insurer, the medical 161

<u>liability underwriting association if created under section</u>	162
<u>3929.63 of the Revised Code, and any other entity that provides</u>	163
<u>medical malpractice insurance to risks located in this state, to</u>	164
<u>report information to the department of insurance at least</u>	165
<u>annually regarding any medical, dental, optometric, or</u>	166
<u>chiropractic claim asserted against a risk located in this state,</u>	167
<u>if the claim resulted in any of the following results:</u>	168
<u>(1) A final judgment in any amount;</u>	169
<u>(2) A settlement in any amount;</u>	170
<u>(3) A final disposition of the claim resulting in no</u>	171
<u>indemnity payment on behalf of the insured.</u>	172
<u>(B) The report required by division (A) of this section shall</u>	173
<u>contain such information as the superintendent prescribes by rule</u>	174
<u>adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,</u>	175
<u>including, but not limited to, the following information:</u>	176
<u>(1) The name, address, and specialty coverage of the insured;</u>	177
<u>(2) The insured's policy number;</u>	178
<u>(3) The date of the occurrence that created the claim;</u>	179
<u>(4) The name and address of the injured person;</u>	180
<u>(5) The date and amount of the judgment, if any, including a</u>	181
<u>description of the portion of the judgment that represents</u>	182
<u>economic loss, noneconomic loss and, if applicable, punitive</u>	183
<u>damages;</u>	184
<u>(6) In the case of a settlement, the date and amount of the</u>	185
<u>settlement;</u>	186
<u>(7) Any allocated loss adjustment expenses;</u>	187
<u>(8) Any other information required by the superintendent</u>	188
<u>pursuant to rules adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the</u>	189

<u>Revised Code.</u>	190
<u>(C) The superintendent may prescribe the format and the manner in which the information described in division (B) of this section is reported. The superintendent may, by rule adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, prescribe the frequency that the information described in division (B) of this section is reported.</u>	191 192 193 194 195 196
<u>(D) The superintendent may designate one or more rating organizations licensed pursuant to section 3937.05 of the Revised Code or other agencies to assist the superintendent in gathering the information, and making compilations thereof, required by this section.</u>	197 198 199 200 201
<u>(E) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any person or entity reporting under this section or its agents or employees, or the department of insurance or its employees, for any action taken that is authorized under this section.</u>	202 203 204 205 206
<u>(F) The superintendent may impose a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars against any person designated in division (A) of this section that fails to timely submit the report required under this section. Fines imposed under this section shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the department of insurance operating fund created under section 3901.021 of the Revised Code.</u>	207 208 209 210 211 212
<u>(G) Except as specifically provided in division (H) of this section, the information required by this section shall be confidential and privileged and is not a public record as defined in section 149.43 of the Revised Code. The information provided under this section is not subject to discovery or subpoena and shall not be made public by the superintendent or any other person.</u>	213 214 215 216 217 218 219
<u>(H) The department of insurance shall prepare an annual</u>	220

report that summarizes the closed claims reported under this 221
section. The annual report shall summarize the closed claim 222
reports on a statewide basis, and also by specialty and geographic 223
region. Individual claims data shall not be released in the annual 224
report. Copies of the report shall be provided to the members of 225
the general assembly. 226

(I) As used in this section, medical, dental, optometric, and 227
chiropractic claims include those claims asserted against a risk 228
located in this state that either: 229

(1) Meet the definition of a "medical claim," "dental claim," 230
"optometric claim," or "chiropractic claim" under section 2305.113 231
of the Revised Code; 232

(2) Have not been asserted in any civil action, but that 233
otherwise meet the definition of a "medical claim," "dental 234
claim," "optometric claim," or "chiropractic claim" under section 235
2305.113 of the Revised Code. 236

Section 2. That existing section 2743.43 and section 2303.23 237
of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 238

Section 3. The General Assembly respectfully requests the 239
Supreme Court to amend the Rules of Civil Procedure to require a 240
plaintiff filing a medical liability claim to include a 241
certificate of expert review as to each defendant. The General 242
Assembly respectfully requests that the certificate of expert 243
review require the signature of an expert witness from the same 244
specialty as the defendant; said witness shall be required to meet 245
the statutory evidentiary and case law requirements of a medical 246
expert capable of testifying at trial. A certificate of expert 247
review should be required to state with particularity the expert's 248
familiarity with the applicable standard of care, the expert's 249
qualifications, the expert's opinion as to how the applicable 250

standard of care was breached, and the expert's opinion as to how 251
the breach resulted in the injury or death. 252

Section 4. The General Assembly respectfully requests the 253
Supreme Court to amend the Rules of Civil Procedure to establish 254
an expedited discovery process in medical liability claims to 255
provide for the timely resolution of the disputes. 256