## As Passed by the Senate

# 125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 306

Representatives Wolpert, Aslanides, Barrett, Carmichael, Collier, DeBose, C. Evans, Flowers, Key, Martin, T. Patton, Price, S. Smith, D. Stewart, Woodard, Yates

### **Senators Mumper, Schuler**

### ABILL

То	amend sections 109.572, 121.08, 307.697, 351.26,	1
	924.51, 1333.83, 2933.41, 4301.07, 4301.10,	2
	4301.19, 4301.20, 4301.22, 4301.24, 4301.29,	3
	4301.30, 4301.39, 4301.41, 4301.424, 4301.99,	4
	4303.03, 4303.07, 4303.09, 4303.181, 4303.203,	5
	4303.204, 4303.231, 4303.24, 4303.25, 4303.27,	6
	4303.271, 4303.292, 4303.293, 4303.30, 4399.02,	7
	4399.04, 4399.07, 4399.08, and 4399.18, to enact	8
	section 4301.77, and to repeal section 4399.01 of	9
	the Revised Code to eliminate the authority of the	10
	Division of Liquor Control to order liquor permit	11
	holders to stop selling intoxicating liquor to	12
	certain persons; to authorize the Division to	13
	share social security numbers with other state or	14
	local law enforcement agencies for specific	15
	purposes; to authorize the Department of Commerce	16
	or, if acting with authorization on the	17
	Department's behalf, the Division to seek BCII or	18
	FBI criminal records checks for certain	19
	individuals associated with the issuance or	20
	transfer of permits, licenses, or certifications;	21

to modify provisions relating to the annual permit	22
fees for A-2, B-2, and B-4 permit holders; to	23
change the name of the out-of-state supplier	24
"consent to import"; to change the registration	25
fee for agents, solicitors, and sales persons of	26
beer or intoxicating liquor manufacturers,	27
suppliers, brokers, or wholesale distributors to a	28
biennial fee; to revise the deadline for paying a	29
permit fee when a person applies for a liquor	30
permit; to change provisions that require the	31
disclosure of shareholders of or holders of	32
membership interests in a corporation or limited	33
liability company applying for a liquor permit; to	34
correct references to the "Department of Liquor	35
Control" and "Director of Liquor Control;" to	36
change the manner in which beer, intoxicating	37
liquor, and alcohol seized by a law enforcement	38
agency is disposed of; to revise when duplicate	39
permit fees are paid; to change the qualifications	40
for issuance of the D-5a and D-5i permits; and to	41
revise other provisions of the Liquor Control Law.	42

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.572, 121.08, 307.697, 351.26,	43
924.51, 1333.83, 2933.41, 4301.07, 4301.10, 4301.19, 4301.20,	44
4301.22, 4301.24, 4301.29, 4301.30, 4301.39, 4301.41, 4301.424,	45
4301.99, 4303.03, 4303.07, 4303.09, 4303.181, 4303.203, 4303.204,	46
4303.231, 4303.24, 4303.25, 4303.27, 4303.271, 4303.292, 4303.293,	47
4303.30, 4399.02, 4399.04, 4399.07, 4399.08, and 4399.18 be	48
amended and section 4301.77 of the Revised Code be enacted to read	49
as follows:	50

Sec. 109.572. (A)(1) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to	51
section <u>121.08</u> , 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 5104.012,	52
5104.013, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code, a completed form	53
prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set	54
of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in	55
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau	56
of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a	57
criminal records check in the manner described in division (B) of	58
this section to determine whether any information exists that	59
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	60
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	61
following:	62
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	63
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	64
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05,	65
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23,	66
2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01,	67
2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25,	68
2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05,	69
2925 06 or 3716 11 of the Revised Code felonious sexual	70

70 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised 71 Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it 72 existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section 2919.23 of 73 the Revised Code that would have been a violation of section 74 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, 75 had the violation been committed prior to that date, or a 76 violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a 77 minor drug possession offense; 78

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this state,
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any other state, or the United States that is substantially
equivalent to any of the offenses listed in division (A)(1)(a) of
this section.
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(2) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 5123.081 of	83
the Revised Code with respect to an applicant for employment in	84
any position with the department of mental retardation and	85
developmental disabilities, pursuant to section 5126.28 of the	86
Revised Code with respect to an applicant for employment in any	87
position with a county board of mental retardation and	88
developmental disabilities, or pursuant to section 5126.281 of the	89
Revised Code with respect to an applicant for employment in a	90
direct services position with an entity contracting with a county	91
board for employment, a completed form prescribed pursuant to	92
division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint	93
impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of	94
this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	95
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal records	96
check. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check	97
in the manner described in division (B) of this section to	98
determine whether any information exists that indicates that the	99
person who is the subject of the request has been convicted of or	100
pleaded guilty to any of the following:	101
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	102
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	103
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.04, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04,	104
2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.21,	105
2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322,	106
2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22,	107
2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, or	108
3716.11 of the Revised Code;	109
(b) An existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this	110
state, any other state, or the United States that is substantially	111
equivalent to any of the offenses listed in division (A)(2)(a) of	112
this section.	113

(3) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 173.41,

3712.09, 3721.121, or 3722.151 of the Revised Code, a completed	115
form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a	116
set of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in	117
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau	118
of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a	119
criminal records check with respect to any person who has applied	120
for employment in a position that involves providing direct care	121
to an older adult. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal	122
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	123
section to determine whether any information exists that indicates	124
that the person who is the subject of the request previously has	125
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:	126
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	127
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	128
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05,	129
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31,	130
2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,	131
2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 2913.21,	132
2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.25, 2921.36,	133
2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.13,	134
2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code;	135
(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state,	136
or the United States that is substantially equivalent to any of	137
the offenses listed in division (A)(3)(a) of this section.	138
(4) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3701.881 of	139
the Revised Code with respect to an applicant for employment with	140
a home health agency as a person responsible for the care,	141
custody, or control of a child, a completed form prescribed	142
pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of	143
fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in	144
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau	145
of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a	146

criminal records check. The superintendent shall conduct the	147
criminal records check in the manner described in division (B) of	148
this section to determine whether any information exists that	149
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	150
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	151
following:	152

- (a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 153 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 154 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.04, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 155 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.21, 156 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 157 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 158 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 159 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code or a 160 violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a 161 minor drug possession offense; 162
- (b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state,
  or the United States that is substantially equivalent to any of
  the offenses listed in division (A)(4)(a) of this section.

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- (5) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 5111.95 or 166 5111.96 of the Revised Code with respect to an applicant for 167 employment with a waiver agency participating in a department of 168 job and family services administered home and community-based 169 waiver program or an independent provider participating in a 170 department administered home and community-based waiver program in 171 a position that involves providing home and community-based waiver 172 services to consumers with disabilities, a completed form 173 prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set 174 of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 175 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau 176 of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a 177 criminal records check. The superintendent shall conduct the 178

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criminal records check in the manner described in division (B) of	179
this section to determine whether any information exists that	180
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	181
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the	182
following:	183
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	184
2903.04, 2903.041, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21,	185
2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02,	186
2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09,	187
2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321,	188
2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13,	189
2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40,	190
2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.12, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2921.36,	191
2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05,	192
2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the	193
Revised Code, felonious sexual penetration in violation of former	194
section 2907.12 of the Revised Code, a violation of section	195
2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a	196
violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have	197
been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it	198
existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been committed	199
prior to that date;	200
(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state,	201
or the United States that is substantially equivalent to any of	202
the offenses listed in division (A)(5)(a) of this section.	203
(6) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3701.881 of	204
the Revised Code with respect to an applicant for employment with	205
a home health agency in a position that involves providing direct	206
care to an older adult, a completed form prescribed pursuant to	207

division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint

this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal

impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of

identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal records	211
check. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check	212
in the manner described in division (B) of this section to	
determine whether any information exists that indicates that the	214
person who is the subject of the request previously has been	215
convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:	216
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	217
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	218
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05,	219
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31,	220
2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,	221
2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 2913.21,	222
2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.25, 2921.36,	223
2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.13,	224
2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code;	225
(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state,	226
or the United States that is substantially equivalent to any of	227
the offenses listed in division (A)(6)(a) of this section.	228
(7) When conducting a criminal records check upon a request	229
pursuant to section 3319.39 of the Revised Code for an applicant	230
who is a teacher, in addition to the determination made under	231
division (A)(1) of this section, the superintendent shall	232
determine whether any information exists that indicates that the	233
person who is the subject of the request previously has been	234
convicted of or pleaded guilty to any offense specified in section	235
3319.31 of the Revised Code.	236
(8) When conducting a criminal records check on a request	237
pursuant to section 2151.86 of the Revised Code for a person who	238
is a prospective foster caregiver or who is eighteen years old or	239
older and resides in the home of a prospective foster caregiver,	240
the superintendent, in addition to the determination made under	

division (A)(1) of this section, shall determine whether any

check requested under section 121.08, 173.41, 2151.86, 3301.32,

5104.012, 5104.013, 5111.95, 5111.96, 5123.081, 5126.28, 5126.281,

3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 3712.09, 3721.121, 3722.151,

or 5153.111 of the Revised Code as follows:

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- (1) The superintendent shall review or cause to be reviewed 274 any relevant information gathered and compiled by the bureau under 275 division (A) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code that relates to 276 the person who is the subject of the request, including any 277 relevant information contained in records that have been sealed 278 under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code; 279 (2) If the request received by the superintendent asks for 280 information from the federal bureau of investigation, the 281
- information from the federal bureau of investigation, the
  superintendent shall request from the federal bureau of
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  investigation any information it has with respect to the person
  who is the subject of the request and shall review or cause to be
  reviewed any information the superintendent receives from that
  bureau.
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- (3) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee may
  request criminal history records from other states of the federal
  government pursuant to the national crime prevention and privacy
  compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code.
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- (C)(1) The superintendent shall prescribe a form to obtain 291 the information necessary to conduct a criminal records check from 292 any person for whom a criminal records check is required by 293 section <u>121.08</u>, 173.41, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 294 3701.881, 3712.09, 3721.121, 3722.151, 5104.012, 5104.013, 295 5111.95, 5111.96, 5123.081, 5126.28, 5126.281, or 5153.111 of the 296 Revised Code. The form that the superintendent prescribes pursuant 297 to this division may be in a tangible format, in an electronic 298 format, or in both tangible and electronic formats. 299
- (2) The superintendent shall prescribe standard impression 300 sheets to obtain the fingerprint impressions of any person for 301 whom a criminal records check is required by section 121.08, 302 173.41, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 3712.09, 303 3721.121, 3722.151, 5104.012, 5104.013, 5111.95, 5111.96, 304 5123.081, 5126.28, 5126.281, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code. Any 305

person for whom a records check is required by any of those	306
sections shall obtain the fingerprint impressions at a county	307
sheriff's office, municipal police department, or any other entity	308
with the ability to make fingerprint impressions on the standard	309
impression sheets prescribed by the superintendent. The office,	310
department, or entity may charge the person a reasonable fee for	311
making the impressions. The standard impression sheets the	312
superintendent prescribes pursuant to this division may be in a	313
tangible format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible and	314
electronic formats.	315

- (3) Subject to division (D) of this section, the 316 superintendent shall prescribe and charge a reasonable fee for 317 providing a criminal records check requested under section 121.08, 318 173.41, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 3712.09, 319 3721.121, 3722.151, 5104.012, 5104.013, 5111.95, 5111.96, 320 5123.081, 5126.28, 5126.281, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code. The 321 person making a criminal records request under section 121.08, 322 173.41, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 3712.09, 323 3721.121, 3722.151, 5104.012, 5104.013, 5111.95, 5111.96, 324 5123.081, 5126.28, 5126.281, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code shall 325 pay the fee prescribed pursuant to this division. A person making 326 a request under section 3701.881 of the Revised Code for a 327 criminal records check for an applicant who may be both 328 responsible for the care, custody, or control of a child and 329 involved in providing direct care to an older adult shall pay one 330 fee for the request. 331
- (4) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal 332 identification and investigation may prescribe methods of 333 forwarding fingerprint impressions and information necessary to 334 conduct a criminal records check, which methods shall include, but 335 not be limited to, an electronic method. 336
  - (D) A determination whether any information exists that

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indicates that a person previously has been convicted of or	338
pleaded guilty to any offense listed or described in division	339
(A)(1)(a) or (b), (A)(2)(a) or (b), (A)(3)(a) or (b), (A)(4)(a) or	340
(b), (A)(5)(a) or (b), (A)(6), (A)(7)(a) or (b), or (A)(8)(a) or	341
(b) of this section that is made by the superintendent with	342
respect to information considered in a criminal records check in	343
accordance with this section is valid for the person who is the	344
subject of the criminal records check for a period of one year	345
from the date upon which the superintendent makes the	346
determination. During the period in which the determination in	347
regard to a person is valid, if another request under this section	348
is made for a criminal records check for that person, the	349
superintendent shall provide the information that is the basis for	350
the superintendent's initial determination at a lower fee than the	351
fee prescribed for the initial criminal records check.	352
(E) As used in this section:	353
(1) "Criminal records check" means any criminal records check	354
conducted by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	355
identification and investigation in accordance with division (B)	356
of this section.	357
(2) "Home and community-based waiver services" and "waiver	358
agency" have the same meanings as in section 5111.95 of the	359
Revised Code.	360
(3) "Independent provider" has the same meaning as in section	361
5111.96 of the Revised Code.	362
(4) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning as	363
in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	364
(5) "0] day a dult" many a same	
(5) "Older adult" means a person age sixty or older.	365

Sec. 121.08. (A) There is hereby created in the department of

commerce the position of deputy director of administration. This

officer shall be appointed by the director of commerce, serve 368 under the director's direction, supervision, and control, perform 369 such the duties as the director prescribes, and hold office during 370 the director's pleasure. The director of commerce may designate an 371 assistant director of commerce to serve as the deputy director of 372 administration. The deputy director of administration shall 373 perform such the duties as are prescribed by the director of 374 commerce in supervising the activities of the division of 375 administration of the department of commerce. 376

- (B) Except as provided in section 121.07 of the Revised Code, 377 the department of commerce shall have all powers and perform all 378 duties vested in the deputy director of administration, the state 379 fire marshal, the superintendent of financial institutions, the 380 superintendent of real estate and professional licensing, the 381 superintendent of liquor control, the superintendent of the 382 division of industrial compliance, the superintendent of labor and 383 worker safety, and the commissioner of securities, and shall have 384 all powers and perform all duties vested by law in all officers, 385 deputies, and employees of such those offices. Except as provided 386 in section 121.07 of the Revised Code, wherever powers are 387 conferred or duties imposed upon any of such those officers, such 388 the powers and duties shall be construed as vested in the 389 department of commerce. 390
- (C)(1) There is hereby created in the department of commerce 391 a division of financial institutions, which shall have all powers 392 and perform all duties vested by law in the superintendent of 393 financial institutions. Wherever powers are conferred or duties 394 imposed upon the superintendent of financial institutions, such 395 those powers and duties shall be construed as vested in the 396 division of financial institutions. The division of financial 397 institutions shall be administered by a superintendent of 398 financial institutions. 399

- (2) All provisions of law governing the superintendent of 400 financial institutions shall apply to and govern the 401 superintendent of financial institutions provided for in this 402 section; all authority vested by law in the superintendent of 403 financial institutions with respect to the management of the 404 division of financial institutions shall be construed as vested in 405 the superintendent of financial institutions created by this 406 section with respect to the division of financial institutions 407 provided for in this section; and all rights, privileges, and 408 emoluments conferred by law upon the superintendent of financial 409 institutions shall be construed as conferred upon the 410 superintendent of financial institutions as head of the division 411 of financial institutions. The director of commerce shall not 412 transfer from the division of financial institutions any of the 413 functions specified in division (C)(2) of this section. 414
- (D) Beginning on July 1, 1997, there There is hereby created 415 in the department of commerce a division of liquor control, which 416 shall have all powers and perform all duties vested by law in the 417 superintendent of liquor control. Wherever powers are conferred or 418 duties are imposed upon the superintendent of liquor control, 419 those powers and duties shall be construed as vested in the 420 division of liquor control. The division of liquor control shall 421 be administered by a superintendent of liquor control. 422
- (E) The director of commerce shall not be interested, 423 directly or indirectly, in any firm or corporation which is a 424 dealer in securities as defined in sections 1707.01 and 1707.14 of 425 the Revised Code, or in any firm or corporation licensed under 426 sections 1321.01 to 1321.19 of the Revised Code. 427
- (F) The director of commerce shall not have any official 428 connection with a savings and loan association, a savings bank, a 429 bank, a bank holding company, a savings and loan association 430 holding company, a consumer finance company, or a credit union 431

that is under the supervision	of the division of financial	432
institutions, or a subsidiary	of any of the preceding entities, or	433
be interested in the business	thereof.	434

- (G) There is hereby created in the state treasury the 435 division of administration fund. The fund shall receive 436 assessments on the operating funds of the department of commerce 437 in accordance with procedures prescribed by the director of 438 commerce and approved by the director of budget and management. 439 All operating expenses of the division of administration shall be 440 paid from the division of administration fund. 441
- (H) There is hereby created in the department of commerce a 442 division of real estate and professional licensing, which shall be 443 under the control and supervision of the director of commerce. The 444 division of real estate and professional licensing shall be 445 administered by a superintendent of real estate and professional 446 licensing. The superintendent of real estate and professional 447 licensing shall exercise the powers and perform the functions and 448 duties delegated to the superintendent under Chapters 4735., 449 4749., 4763., and 4767. of the Revised Code. 450
- (I) There is hereby created in the department of commerce a 451 division of labor and worker safety, which shall have all powers 452 and perform all duties vested by law in the superintendent of 453 labor and worker safety. Wherever powers are conferred or duties 454 imposed upon the superintendent of labor and worker safety, such 455 those powers and duties shall be construed as vested in the 456 division of labor and worker safety. The division of labor and 457 worker safety is shall be under the control and supervision of the 458 director of commerce, and be administered by a superintendent of 459 labor and worker safety. The superintendent of labor and worker 460 safety shall exercise the powers and perform the duties delegated 461 to the superintendent by the director under Chapters 4109., 4111., 462 4115., and 4167. of the Revised Code. 463

(J) The department of commerce or a division of the	464
department created by the Revised Code that is acting with	465
authorization on the departments's behalf may request from the	466
bureau of criminal identification and investigation pursuant to	467
section 109.572 of the Revised Code, or coordinate with	468
appropriate federal, state, and local government agencies to	469
accomplish, criminal records checks for the persons whose	470
identities are required to be disclosed by an applicant for the	471
issuance or transfer of a permit, license, or certification issued	472
or transferred by the department or division. At or before the	473
time of making a request for a criminal records check, the	474
department or division may require any person whose identity is	475
required to be disclosed by an applicant for the issuance or	476
transfer of such a license, permit, or certification to submit to	477
the department or division valid fingerprint impressions in a	478
format and by any media or means acceptable to the bureau of	479
criminal identification and investigation and, when applicable,	480
the federal bureau of investigation. The department or division	481
may cause the bureau of criminal identification and investigation	482
to conduct a criminal records check through the federal bureau of	483
investigation only if the person for whom the criminal records	484
check would be conducted resides or works outside of this state or	485
has resided or worked outside of this state during the preceding	486
five years, or if a criminal records check conducted by the bureau	487
of criminal identification and investigation within this state	488
indicates that the person may have a criminal record outside of	489
this state.	490
In the case of a criminal records check under section 109.572	491
of the Revised Code, the department or division shall forward to	492
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation the	492
	493
requisite form, fingerprint impressions, and fee described in division (C) of that section. When requested by the department or	494
division in accordance with this section, the bureau of criminal	496
GIVIAION IN ACCUIGANCE WITH THIS SECTION, THE DUIEAU OF CITIMINAL	470

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identification and investigation shall request from the federal	497
bureau of investigation any information it has with respect to the	498
person who is the subject of the requested criminal records check	499
and shall forward the requisite fingerprint impressions and	500
information to the federal bureau of investigation for that	501
criminal records check. After conducting a criminal records check	502
or receiving the results of a criminal records check from the	503
federal bureau of investigation, the bureau of criminal	504
identification and investigation shall provide the results to the	505
department or division.	506
The department or division may require any person about whom	507
a criminal records check is requested to pay to the department or	508
division the amount necessary to cover the fee charged to the	509
department or division by the bureau of criminal identification	510
and investigation under division (C)(3) of section 109.572 of the	511
Revised Code, including, when applicable, any fee for a criminal	512
records check conducted by the federal bureau of investigation.	513
Sec. 307.697. (A) For the purpose of section 307.696 of the	514
Revised Code and to pay any or all of the charge the board of	515
elections makes against the county to hold the election on the	516
question of levying the tax, or for those purposes and to provide	517
revenues to the county for permanent improvements, the board of	518
county commissioners of a county may levy a tax not to exceed	519
three dollars on each gallon of spirituous liquor sold to or	520
purchased by liquor permit holders for resale, and sold at retail	521
by the division of liquor control, in the county. The tax shall be	522
levied on the number of gallons so sold. The tax may be levied for	523
any number of years not exceeding twenty.	524
The tax shall be levied pursuant to a resolution of the board	525

of county commissioners approved by a majority of the electors in

the county voting on the question of levying the tax, which

resolution shall specify the rate of the tax, the number of years	528
the tax will be levied, and the purposes for which the tax is	529
levied. The election may be held on the date of a general or	530
special election held not sooner than seventy-five days after the	531
date the board certifies its resolution to the board of elections.	532
If approved by the electors, the tax takes effect on the first day	533
of the month specified in the resolution but not sooner than the	534
first day of the month that is at least sixty days after the	535
certification of the election results by the board of elections. A	536
copy of the resolution levying the tax shall be certified to the	537
division of liquor control at least sixty days prior to the date	538
on which the tax is to become effective.	539

- (B) A resolution under this section may be joined on the 540 ballot as a single question with a resolution adopted under 541 section 4301.421 or 5743.024 of the Revised Code to levy a tax for 542 the same purposes, and for the purpose of paying the expenses of 543 administering that tax. 544
- (C) The form of the ballot in an election held pursuant to 545 this section or section 4301.421 or 5743.024 of the Revised Code 546 shall be as follows or in any other form acceptable to the 547 secretary of state: 548

"For the purpose of paying not more than one-half of the 549 costs of providing a public sports facility together with related 550 redevelopment and economic development projects, shall (an) excise 551 552 tax(es) be levied by ..... county at the rate of ..... (dollars on each gallon of spirituous liquor sold in the county by 553 the Ohio division of liquor control, cents per gallon on the sale 554 of beer at wholesale in the county, cents per gallon on the sale 555 of wine and mixed beverages at wholesale in the county, cents per 556 gallon on the sale of cider at wholesale in the county, or mills 557 per cigarette on the sale of cigarettes at wholesale in the 558 county), for ..... years? 559

Yes		
No	п	

For an election in which questions under this section or section 4301.421 or 5743.024 of the Revised Code are joined as a single question, the form of the ballot shall be as above, except each of the proposed taxes shall be listed.

(D) The board of county commissioners of a county in which a tax is imposed under this section on the effective date of this amendment July 19, 1995, may levy a tax for the purpose of section 307.673 of the Revised Code regardless of whether or not the cooperative agreement authorized under that section has been entered into prior to the day the resolution adopted under division (D)(1) or (2) of this section is adopted, and for the purpose of reimbursing a county for costs incurred in the construction of a sports facility pursuant to an agreement entered into by the county under section 307.696 of the Revised Code. The tax shall be levied and approved in one of the manners prescribed by division (D)(1) or (2) of this section.

(1) The tax may be levied pursuant to a resolution adopted by a majority of the members of the board of county commissioners not later than forty-five days after the effective date of this amendment July 19, 1995. A board of county commissioners approving a tax under division (D)(1) of this section may approve a tax under division (B)(1) of section 4301.421 or division (C)(1) of section 5743.024 of the Revised Code at the same time. Subject to the resolution being submitted to a referendum under sections 305.31 to 305.41 of the Revised Code, the resolution shall take effect immediately, but the tax levied pursuant to the resolution shall not be levied prior to the day following the last day the tax levied pursuant to divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section

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may be levied. 592

(2) The tax may be levied pursuant to a resolution adopted by	593
a majority of the members of the board of county commissioners not	594
later than forty-five days after <del>the effective date of this</del>	595
amendment July 19, 1995, and approved by a majority of the	596
electors of the county voting on the question of levying the tax	597
at the next succeeding general election following the effective	598
date of this amendment July 19, 1995. The board of county	599
commissioners shall certify a copy of the resolution to the board	600
of elections immediately upon adopting a resolution under division	601
(D)(2) of this section, and the board of elections shall place the	602
question of levying the tax on the ballot at that election. The	603
form of the ballot shall be as prescribed by division (C) of this	604
section, except that the phrase "paying not more than one-half of	605
the costs of providing a sports facility together with related	606
redevelopment and economic development projects" shall be replaced	607
by the phrase "paying the costs of constructing or renovating a	608
sports facility and reimbursing a county for costs incurred by the	609
county in the construction of a sports facility," and the phrase	610
", beginning (here insert the earliest date the tax	611
would take effect)" shall be appended after "years." A board of	612
county commissioners submitting the question of a tax under	613
division (D)(2) of this section may submit the question of a tax	614
under division (B)(2) of section 4301.421 or division (C)(2) of	615
section 5743.024 of the Revised Code as a single question, and the	616
form of the ballot shall include each of the proposed taxes.	617

If approved by a majority of electors voting on the question, the tax shall take effect on the day specified on the ballot, which shall not be earlier than the day following the last day the tax levied pursuant to divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section may be levied.

The rate of a tax levied pursuant to division (D)(1) or (2)

of this section shall not exceed the rate specified in division	624
(A) of this section. A tax levied pursuant to division (D)(1) or	625
(2) of this section may be levied for any number of years not	626
exceeding twenty.	627

A board of county commissioners adopting a resolution under

division (D)(1) or (2) of this section shall certify a copy of the

resolution to the department division of liquor control

immediately upon adoption of the resolution.

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Sec. 351.26. (A) The board of directors of a convention 632 facilities authority may adopt a resolution requesting the board 633 of county commissioners of the county in which the convention 634 facilities authority has its territory to propose the question of 635 a tax to be levied pursuant to this section and section 4301.424 636 or sections 5743.026 and 5743.324 of the Revised Code for the 637 purpose of construction or renovation of a sports facility. The 638 board of directors shall certify a copy of the resolution to the 639 board of county commissioners not later than ninety days prior to 640 the day of the election at which the board of directors requests 641 the board of county commissioners to submit the question of the 642 tax. The resolution shall state the rate at which the tax would be 643 levied, the purpose for which the tax would be levied, the number 644 of years the tax would be levied, the section of the Revised Code 645 under which the tax would be levied, and the date of the election 646 at which the board of directors requests the board of county 647 commissioners to submit the question of the tax, all of which are 648 subject to the limitations of this section and section 4301.424 or 649 sections 5743.026 and 5743.324 of the Revised Code. 650

Upon receiving a copy of such a resolution from the board of directors, the board of county commissioners shall adopt a 652 resolution either approving or rejecting the proposal, and certify 653 a copy of its resolution to the board of directors. If the board 654

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of county commissioners approves the proposal, the board of county	655
commissioners shall propose the question of levying a tax pursuant	656
to section 4301.424 of the Revised Code or pursuant to sections	657
5743.026 and 5743.324 of the Revised Code, as specified in the	658
board of directors' resolution, for the purpose of construction or	659
renovation of a sports facility.	660

(B) The form of the ballot in an election held on the description of levying a tax proposed pursuant to section 4301.424 or 5743.026 of the Revised Code shall be as follows or in any other form acceptable to the secretary of state: 664

"For the purpose of paying the costs of ......... 665 (constructing or renovating) a sports facility, shall (an) excise 666 tax(es) be levied by the ..... county for the convention 667 facilities authority of ...... county at the rate of ..... 668 (dollars on each gallon of spirituous liquor sold in the county by 669 the Ohio department division of liquor control, cents per gallon 670 on the sale of beer at wholesale in the county, cents per gallon 671 on the sale of wine and mixed beverages at wholesale in the 672 county, or mills per cigarette on the sale of cigarettes at 673 wholesale in the county), for ..... years? 674

	Yes	676
	No	" 677

For an election in which questions under section 4301.424 or 679 5743.026 of the Revised Code are joined as a single question, the 680 form of the ballot shall be as above, except each of the proposed 681 taxes shall be listed.

Sec. 924.51. (A) There is hereby created the Ohio grape 683 industries committee consisting of nine members. The members shall 684

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be the director of agriculture or the director's designee, who 685 shall chair the committee, the director superintendent of liquor 686 control or the director's superintendent's designee, the chief of 687 the division of markets of the department of agriculture, the 688 viticulture extension specialist of the Ohio agricultural research 689 and development center, who shall be a nonvoting member, and five 690 members who shall be appointed by the director of agriculture. 691

- (B) Of the five members of the committee appointed by the director of agriculture, two shall be persons who receive the major portion of their income from the production of grapes. The term of one of these members shall begin January 1, 1982, and end December 31, 1982, and the second member's term shall begin January 1, 1982, and end December 31, 1983. Two members shall be persons who receive the major portion of their income from the production of wine from raw grape or fruit products in either raw fruit or fresh juice form. The term of one of these members shall begin January 1, 1982, and end December 31, 1982, and the second member's term shall begin January 1, 1982, and end December 31, 1983. One member shall be a person the major portion of whose income is from the production of grape products other than wine, such as juice, jams, or jellies; that member's term shall begin January 1, 1982, and end December 31, 1984. Thereafter, the terms for each appointed member of the committee shall be for three years, commencing on the first day of January and ending on the thirty-first day of December. No appointed member shall serve more than two consecutive terms. The director may remove any appointed member for cause.
- (C) Members shall be appointed to fill vacancies caused by 712 death, resignation, or removal in the same manner prescribed for 713 regular appointment to the committee. Any member appointed to fill 714 a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which 715 the member's predecessor was appointed shall hold office for the 716

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remainder of the term. Any member shall continue in office
subsequent to the expiration date of that member's term until that
member's successor takes office, or until a period of sixty days
has elapsed, whichever occurs first.

- (D) All members of the committee are entitled to their actual 721 and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties 722 as members, payable from moneys received from the Ohio grape 723 industries fund created under section 924.54 of the Revised Code. 724
  - (E) A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum.

Sec. 1333.83. Every manufacturer of alcoholic beverages shall 726 contract with or offer in good faith to its distributors a written 727 franchise providing for, and specifying the rights and duties of 728 both parties in effecting, the sale of the specified brands or 729 products of the manufacturer. Any provision of a franchise 730 agreement that waives any of the prohibitions of, or fails to 731 comply with, sections 1333.82 to 1333.87 of the Revised Code is 732 void and unenforceable. Any notice or acceptance required to be 733 given or made by either party to the franchise shall be in writing 734 and signed by the authorized representative of the parties. Any 735 breach, actual or claimed, of a franchise made pursuant to this 736 section shall not be grounds for suspension or revocation of any 737 permit or consent to import supplier registration issued by the 738 division of liquor control. When a distributor of beer or wine for 739 a manufacturer, or the successors or assigns of the manufacturer, 740 distributes the beer or wine for ninety days or more without a 741 written contract, a franchise relationship is established between 742 the parties, and sections 1333.82 to 1333.87 of the Revised Code 743 apply to the manufacturer, its successor or assigns, and the 744 distributor. 745

Sec. 2933.41. (A)(1) Any property, other than contraband that

is subject to the provisions of section 2913.34 or 2933.43 of the	747
Revised Code, other than property that is subject to section	748
3719.141 of the Revised Code, other than property that is	749
forfeited under sections 2923.44 to 2923.47 or 2925.41 to 2925.45	750
of the Revised Code, other than a vehicle that is criminally	751
forfeited under an order issued under section 4503.233 or 4503.234	752
of the Revised Code and that is to be disposed of under section	753
4503.234 of the Revised Code, other than property that has been	754
lawfully seized under sections 2933.71 to 2933.75 of the Revised	755
Code in relation to a medicaid fraud offense, and other than	756
property that has been lawfully seized in relation to a violation	757
of section 2923.32 of the Revised Code, that has been lost,	758
abandoned, stolen, seized pursuant to a search warrant, or	759
otherwise lawfully seized or forfeited, and that is in the custody	760
of a law enforcement agency shall be kept safely pending the time	761
it no longer is needed as evidence and shall be disposed of	762
pursuant to this section. Each law enforcement agency that has	763
custody of any property that is subject to this section shall	764
adopt a written internal control policy that addresses the keeping	765
of detailed records as to the amount of property taken in by the	766
agency, that addresses the agency's disposition of the property	767
under this section, that provides for the keeping of detailed	768
records of the disposition of the property, and that provides for	769
the keeping of detailed financial records of the amount and	770
disposition of any proceeds of a sale of the property under	771
division (D)(8) of this section and of the general types of	772
expenditures made out of the proceeds retained by the agency and	773
the specific amount expended on each general type of expenditure.	774
The policy shall not provide for or permit the identification of	775
any specific expenditure that is made in an ongoing investigation.	776
The policy is a public record open for inspection under section	777
149.43 of the Revised Code.	778

(2)(a) Every law enforcement agency that has any lost,

abandoned, stolen, seized, or forfeited property as described in	780
division (A)(1) of this section in its custody shall comply with	781
its written internal control policy adopted under that division	782
relative to the property. Each agency that has any such property	783
in its custody, except for property to be disposed of under	784
division (D)(4) of this section, shall maintain an accurate	785
record, in accordance with its written internal control policy, of	786
each item of the property. The record shall include the date on	787
which each item of property came into the agency's custody, the	788
manner in which it was disposed of, the date of its disposition,	789
the name of the person who received the property if it was not	790
destroyed, and all other information required by the agency's	791
written internal control policy; however, the record shall not	792
identify or enable the identification of the individual officer	793
who seized any item of property. The record of any property that	794
no longer is needed as evidence, and all financial records of the	795
amount and disposition of any proceeds of a sale under division	796
(D)(8) of this section and of the general types of expenditures	797
made out of the proceeds retained by the agency and the specific	798
amount of each general type of expenditure, shall be open to	799
public inspection during the agency's regular business hours.	800

Each law enforcement agency that, during any calendar year, 801 has any seized or forfeited property as described in division 802 (A)(1) of this section in its custody shall prepare a report 803 covering the calendar year that cumulates all of the information 804 contained in all of the records kept by the agency pursuant to 805 this division for that calendar year and shall send a copy of the 806 cumulative report, no later than the first day of March in the 807 calendar year following the calendar year covered by the report, 808 to the attorney general. Each report received by the attorney 809 general is a public record open for inspection under section 810 149.43 of the Revised Code. 811

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(b) Each law enforcement agency that receives in any calendar	812
year any proceeds of a sale under division (D)(8) of this section	813
shall prepare a report covering the calendar year that cumulates	814
all of the information contained in all of the public financial	815
records kept by the agency pursuant to division (D)(2)(a) of this	816
section for that calendar year and shall send a copy of the	817
cumulative report, no later than the first day of March in the	818
calendar year following the calendar year covered by the report,	819
to the attorney general. Each report received by the attorney	820
general is a public record open for inspection under section	821
149.43 of the Revised Code.	822
(c) Not later than the fifteenth day of April in the calendar	823
year in which reports are sent to the attorney general under	824
divisions (A)(2)(a) and (b) of this section, the attorney general	825
shall send to the president of the senate and the speaker of the	826
house of representatives a written notification that does all of	827
the following:	828
(i) Indicates that the attorney general has received from law	829
enforcement agencies reports of the type described in division	830
(A)(2)(a), $(A)(2)(b)$ , or both $(A)(2)(a)$ and $(b)$ of this section,	831
whichever is applicable, that cover the previous calendar year and	832
indicates that the reports were received under division $(A)(2)(a)$ ,	833
(A)(2)(b), or both $(A)(2)(a)$ and $(b)$ of this section, whichever is	834
applicable;	835
(ii) Indicates that the reports are open for inspection under	836
section 149.43 of the Revised Code;	837
(iii) Indicates that the attorney general will provide a copy	838
of any or all of the reports to the president of the senate or the	839
speaker of the house of representatives upon request.	840

(B) A law enforcement agency that has property in its

possession that is required to be disposed of pursuant to this

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section shall make a reasonable effort to locate the persons	843
entitled to possession of the property in its custody, to notify	844
them of when and where it may be claimed, and to return the	845
property to them at the earliest possible time. In the absence of	846
evidence identifying persons entitled to possession, it is	847
sufficient notice to advertise in a newspaper of general	848
circulation in the county, briefly describing the nature of the	849
property in custody and inviting persons to view and establish	850
their right to it.	851

- (C) A person loses any right that the person may have to the possession, or the possession and ownership, of property if any of the following applies:
- (1) The property was the subject, or was used in a conspiracy 855 or attempt to commit, or in the commission, of an offense other 856 than a traffic offense, and the person is a conspirator, 857 accomplice, or offender with respect to the offense. 858
- (2) A court determines that the property should be forfeited 859 because, in light of the nature of the property or the 860 circumstances of the person, it is unlawful for the person to 861 acquire or possess the property.
- (D) Unclaimed or forfeited property in the custody of a law 863 enforcement agency, other than contraband that is subject to the 864 provisions of section 2913.34 or 2933.43 of the Revised Code, 865 other than property forfeited under sections 2923.44 to 2923.47 or 866 2925.41 to 2925.45 of the Revised Code, and other than property 867 that has been lawfully seized in relation to a violation of 868 section 2923.32 of the Revised Code, shall be disposed of on 869 application to and order of any court of record that has 870 territorial jurisdiction over the political subdivision in which 871 the law enforcement agency has jurisdiction to engage in law 872 enforcement activities, as follows: 873

(1) Drugs shall be disposed of pursuant to section 3719.11 of	874
the Revised Code or placed in the custody of the secretary of the	875
treasury of the United States for disposal or use for medical or	876
scientific purposes under applicable federal law.	877

- (2) Firearms and dangerous ordnance suitable for police work 878 may be given to a law enforcement agency for that purpose. 879 Firearms suitable for sporting use or as museum pieces or 880 collectors' items may be sold at public auction pursuant to 881 division (D)(8) of this section. Other firearms and dangerous 882 ordnance shall be destroyed by the agency or shall be sent to the 883 bureau of criminal identification and investigation for 884 destruction by the bureau. 885
  - (3) Obscene materials shall be destroyed.
- (4) Beer, Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) of 887 this section, beer or intoxicating liquor, or alcohol seized from 888 by a person who is not the holder of a permit issued under 889 Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code or is an offender and 890 forfeited to the state under section 4301.45 or 4301.53 of the 891 Revised Code either law enforcement agency shall be sold by the 892 division of liquor control, if the division determines that the 893 beer, intoxicating liquor, or alcohol is fit for sale, or shall be 894 placed in the custody of destroyed. Intoxicating liquor seized by 895 the investigations investigative unit in the department of public 896 safety and may be used distributed for training relating to law 897 enforcement activities. The department, with the assistance of the 898 <del>division of liquor control, shall adopt</del> <u>Pursuant to</u> rules <u>the</u> 899 department adopts in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised 900 Code to, the department shall provide for the distribution of such 901 beer, seized intoxicating liquor, or alcohol that is not 902 <u>distributed</u> for training relating to its law enforcement 903 activities, to state or local law enforcement agencies, upon their 904 request, for training related to their law enforcement activities. 905

If any tax imposed under Title XLIII of the Revised Code has not	906
been paid in relation to the beer, intoxicating liquor, or	907
alcohol, the proceeds of the sale shall first be used to pay the	908
tax. All other money collected under division (D)(4) of this	909
section shall be paid into the state treasury. Any such beer,	910
intoxicating liquor, or alcohol that the division determines to be	911
unfit for sale shall be destroyed.	912
(F) Manage regard by an immate of a server timeline in the time	012

- (5) Money received by an inmate of a correctional institution 913 from an unauthorized source or in an unauthorized manner shall be 914 returned to the sender, if known, or deposited in the inmates' 915 industrial and entertainment fund if the sender is not known. 916
- (6) Vehicles and vehicle parts forfeited under sections 917 4549.61 to 4549.63 of the Revised Code may be given to a law 918 enforcement agency for use in the performance of its duties. Those 919 parts may be incorporated into any other official vehicle. Parts 920 that do not bear vehicle identification numbers or derivatives of 921 them may be sold or disposed of as provided by rules of the 922 director of public safety. Parts from which a vehicle 923 identification number or derivative of it has been removed, 924 defaced, covered, altered, or destroyed and that are not suitable 925 for police work or incorporation into an official vehicle shall be 926 927 destroyed and sold as junk or scrap.
- (7)(a) Computers, computer networks, computer systems, and 928 computer software suitable for police work may be given to a law 929 enforcement agency for that purpose. Other computers, computer 930 networks, computer systems, and computer software shall be 931 disposed of pursuant to division (D)(8) of this section. 932
- (b) As used in this section, "computers," "computer 933 networks," "computer systems," and "computer software" have the 934 same meanings as in section 2913.01 of the Revised Code. 935
  - (8) Other unclaimed or forfeited property, including personal 936

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property that is abandoned or relinquished by an inmate of a state	937
correctional institution, with the approval of the court, may be	938
used by the law enforcement agency that has possession of it. If	939
the other unclaimed or forfeited property is not used by the law	940
enforcement agency, it may be sold, without appraisal, at a public	941
auction to the highest bidder for cash, or, in the case of other	942
unclaimed or forfeited moneys, disposed of in another manner that	943
the court considers proper in the circumstances.	944

(E)(1)(a) If the property was in the possession of the law 945 enforcement agency in relation to a delinquent child proceeding in 946 a juvenile court, ten per cent of the proceeds from property 947 disposed of pursuant to this section shall be applied to one or 948 more alcohol and drug addiction treatment programs that are 949 certified by the department of alcohol and drug addiction services 950 under section 3793.06 of the Revised Code and that are specified 951 by the court in its order issued under division (D) of this 952 section. A juvenile court shall not specify an alcohol or drug 953 addiction treatment program in the order unless the program is a 954 certified alcohol and drug addiction treatment program and, except 955 as provided in division (E)(1)(a) of this section, unless the 956 program is located in the county in which the court that issues 957 the orders is located or in a contiguous county. If no certified 958 alcohol and drug addiction treatment program is located in any of 959 those counties, the juvenile court may specify in the order a 960 certified alcohol and drug addiction treatment program located 961 anywhere within this state. The remaining ninety per cent of the 962 proceeds shall be applied as provided in division (E)(1)(b) of 963 this section. 964

If the property was in the possession of the law enforcement agency other than in relation to a delinquent child proceeding in a juvenile court, all of the proceeds from property disposed of pursuant to this section shall be applied as provided in division

(E)(1)(b) of this section.

(b) Except as provided in divisions (D)(4), (5), and (E)(2) 970 of this section and after compliance with division (E)(1)(a) of 971 this section when that division is applicable, the proceeds from 972 property disposed of pursuant to this section shall be placed in 973 the general fund of the state, the county, the township, or the 974 municipal corporation, of which the law enforcement agency 975 involved is an agency.

(2) Each board of county commissioners that recognizes a 977 citizens' reward program as provided in section 9.92 of the 978 Revised Code shall notify each law enforcement agency of that 979 county and each law enforcement agency of a township or municipal 980 corporation wholly located in that county of the official 981 recognition of the citizens' reward program by filing a copy of 982 its resolution conferring that recognition with each of those law 983 enforcement agencies. When the board of county commissioners of a 984 county recognizes a citizens' reward program and the county 985 includes a part, but not all, of the territory of a municipal 986 corporation, the board shall so notify the law enforcement agency 987 of that municipal corporation of the official recognition of the 988 citizens' reward program only if the county contains the highest 989 percentage of the municipal corporation's population. Upon receipt 990 of a notice described in this division, each law enforcement 991 agency shall pay twenty-five per cent of the proceeds from each 992 sale of property disposed of pursuant to this section to the 993 citizens' reward program for use exclusively for the payment of 994 rewards. No part of those funds may be used to pay for the 995 administrative expenses or any other expenses associated with a 996 citizens' reward program. If a citizens' reward program that 997 operates in more than one county or in another state or states in 998 addition to this state receives funds pursuant to this section, 999 the funds shall be used to pay rewards only for tips and 1000

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information to law enforcement agencies concerning felonies,	1001
offenses of violence, or misdemeanors that have been committed in	1002
the county from which the funds were received.	1003
(F) This section does not apply to the collection, storage,	1004
or disposal of abandoned junk motor vehicles. This section shall	1005
not be construed to rescind or restrict the authority of a	1006
municipal law enforcement agency to keep and dispose of lost,	1007
abandoned, stolen, seized, or forfeited property under an	1008
ordinance of the municipal corporation or under sections 737.29 to	1009
737.33 of the Revised Code, provided that, when a municipal	1010
corporation that has received notice as provided in division	1011
(E)(2) of this section disposes of property under an ordinance, it	1012
shall pay twenty-five per cent of the proceeds from any sale or	1013
auction to the citizens' reward program as provided under that	1014
division.	1015
(G) The receipt of funds by a citizens' reward program	1016
pursuant to division (E) of this section does not make it a	1017
governmental unit for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised	1018
Code and does not subject it to the disclosure provisions of that	1019
section.	1020
(H) This section does not apply to the disposal of stolen or	1021
other property recovered by township law enforcement agencies	1022
pursuant to sections 505.105 to 505.109 of the Revised Code.	1023
(I)(1) Subject to divisions $(D)(1)$ to $(7)$ of this section,	1024
and otherwise notwithstanding the provisions of this section,	1025
personal property that is subject to this section and that is	1026
abandoned or relinquished by an inmate of a state correctional	1027
institution may be destroyed or used by order of the warden of the	1028
institution, if either of the following apply:	1029

(a) The value of the item is one hundred dollars or less, the

state correctional institution has attempted to contact or

shall receive a salary fixed pursuant to division (J) of section

each member shall receive the actual and necessary travel expenses

124.15 of the Revised Code. In addition thereto to that salary,

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in connection with commission hearings and business. The chairman	1063
chairperson shall be an attorney at law who has had five years of	1064
active law practice.	1065
Sec. 4301.10. (A) The division of liquor control shall do all	1066
of the following:	1067
(1) Control the traffic in beer and intoxicating liquor in	1068
this state, including the manufacture, importation, and sale of	1069
beer and intoxicating liquor;	1070
(2) Grant or refuse permits for the manufacture,	1071
distribution, transportation, and sale of beer and intoxicating	1072
liquor and the sale of alcohol, as authorized or required by this	1073
chapter and Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code; and a. A	1074
certificate, signed by the superintendent of liquor control and to	1075
which is affixed the official seal of the division, stating that	1076
it appears from the records of the division that no permit has	1077
been issued to the person specified in the certificate, or that a	1078
permit, if issued, has been revoked, canceled, or suspended, shall	1079
be received as prima-facie evidence of the facts recited in the	1080
certificate in any court, or before any officer of this state;	1081
(3) Put into operation, manage, and control a system of state	1082
liquor stores for the sale of spirituous liquor at retail and to	1083
holders of permits authorizing the sale of spirituous liquor;	1084
however, the division shall not establish any drive-in state	1085
liquor stores; and by means of those types of stores, and any	1086
manufacturing plants, distributing and bottling plants,	1087
warehouses, and other facilities that it considers expedient,	1088
establish and maintain a state monopoly of the distribution of	1089
spirituous liquor and its sale in packages or containers; and for	1090
that purpose manufacture, buy, import, possess, and sell	1091
spirituous liquors as provided in this chapter and Chapter 4303.	1092

of the Revised Code, and in the rules promulgated by the

superintendent of liquor control pursuant to those chapters;	1094
lease, or in any manner acquire the use of any land or building	1095
required for any of those purposes; purchase any equipment that is	1096
required; and borrow money to carry on its business, and issue,	1097
sign, endorse, and accept notes, checks, and bills of exchange;	1098
but all obligations of the division created under authority of	1099
this division shall be a charge only upon the moneys received by	1100
the division from the sale of spirituous liquor and its other	1101
business transactions in connection with the sale of spirituous	1102
liquor, and shall not be general obligations of the state;	1103
(4) Enforce the administrative provisions of this chapter and	1104
Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code, and the rules and orders of the	1105
liquor control commission and the superintendent relating to the	1106
manufacture, importation, transportation, distribution, and sale	1107
of beer and intoxicating liquors; and the. The attorney general,	1108
any prosecuting attorney, and any prosecuting officer of a	1109
municipal corporation or a municipal court shall, at the request	1110
of the division of liquor control or the department of public	1111
safety, prosecute any person charged with the violation of any	1112
provision in those chapters or of any section of the Revised Code	1113
relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation,	1114
distribution, and sale of beer and intoxicating liquor $\div$ .	1115
(5) Determine the locations of all state liquor stores and	1116
manufacturing, distributing, and bottling plants required in	1117
connection therewith with those stores, subject to this chapter	1118
and Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code;	1119
(6) Conduct inspections of liquor permit premises to	1120
determine compliance with the administrative provisions of this	1121
chapter and Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code and the rules	1122
adopted under those provisions by the liquor control commission.	1123
Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(6) of this	1124

section, those inspections may be conducted only during those

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hours in which the permit holder is open for business and only by	1126
authorized agents or employees of the division or by any peace	1127
officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	1128
Inspections may be conducted at other hours only to determine	1129
compliance with laws or commission rules that regulate the hours	1130
of sale of beer and intoxicating liquor and only if the	1131
investigator has reasonable cause to believe that those laws or	1132
rules are being violated. Any inspection conducted pursuant to	1133
division (A)(6) of this section is subject to all of the following	1134
requirements:	1135

- (a) The only property that may be confiscated is contraband, 1136 as defined in section 2901.01 of the Revised Code, or property 1137 that is otherwise necessary for evidentiary purposes. 1138
- (b) A complete inventory of all property confiscated from the premises shall be given to the permit holder or the permit 1140 holder's agent or employee by the confiscating agent or officer at 1141 the conclusion of the inspection. At that time, the inventory 1142 shall be signed by the confiscating agent or officer, and the 1143 agent or officer shall give the permit holder or the permit 1144 holder's agent or employee the opportunity to sign the inventory. 1145
- (c) Inspections conducted pursuant to division (A)(6) of this 1146 section shall be conducted in a reasonable manner. A finding by 1147 any court of competent jurisdiction that the inspection was not 1148 conducted in a reasonable manner in accordance with this section 1149 or any rules promulgated by the commission may be considered 1150 grounds for suppression of evidence. A finding by the liquor 1151 control commission that the inspection was not conducted in a 1152 reasonable manner in accordance with this section or any rules 1153 promulgated by the commission may be considered grounds for 1154 dismissal of the commission case. 1155

If any court of competent jurisdiction finds that property confiscated as the result of an administrative inspection is not

necessary for evidentiary purposes and is not contraband, as	1158
defined in section 2901.01 of the Revised Code, the court shall	1159
order the immediate return of the confiscated property, provided	1160
that property is not otherwise subject to forfeiture, to the	1161
permit holder. However, the return of this property is not grounds	1162
for dismissal of the case. The commission likewise may order the	1163
return of confiscated property if no criminal prosecution is	1164
pending or anticipated.	1165
(7) Delegate to any of its agents or employees any power of	1166

- investigation that the division possesses with respect to the 1167 enforcement of any of the administrative laws relating to beer and 1168 intoxicating liquor, provided that this division does not 1169 authorize the division to designate any agent or employee to serve 1170 as an enforcement agent. The employment and designation of 1171 enforcement agents shall be within the exclusive authority of the 1172 director of public safety pursuant to sections 5502.13 to 5502.19 1173 of the Revised Code. 1174
- (8) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this
  section, collect Collect the following fees:

  1176
- (a) An annual twenty five— A biennial fifty dollar

  registration fee for each representative agent, solicitor, or

  1178

  salesperson, registered pursuant to section 4303.25 of the Revised

  1179

  Code, of a beer or intoxicating liquor manufacturer, supplier,

  broker, or wholesale distributor doing business in this state;

  1181
- (b) A fifty-dollar product registration fee for each new beer 1182 or intoxicating liquor product sold in this state. The product 1183 registration fee shall be accompanied by a copy of the federal 1184 label and product approval for the new product. 1185
- (c) An annual three-hundred-dollar <del>out-of-state</del> supplier 1186 <del>consent-to-import</del> registration fee from each manufacturer or 1187 supplier not subject to division (A)(8)(e) of this section that 1188

produces and ships into this state, or ships into this state,	1189
intoxicating liquor or beer, in addition to an initial application	1190
fee of one hundred dollars÷	1191
(d) An annual twenty-five-dollar registration fee for coil	1192
cleaners of beer dispensing equipment doing business in this	1193
state.	1194
(e) An annual one-hundred-dollar out-of-state	1195
consent to import fee, in addition to an initial application fee	1196
of one hundred dollars, from any manufacturer or out-of-state	1197
supplier that produced or shipped into this state in the	1198
immediately preceding calendar year a total of five hundred or	1199
fewer cases of seven-hundred-fifty milliliter equivalent of	1200
intoxicating liquor and twelve-ounce equivalent of beer.	1201
Each consent-to-import, representative's supplier, agent,	1202
solicitor, or salesperson registration, and coil cleaner	1203
registration issued under this division (A)(8) of this section	1204
authorizes shall authorize the person named to carry on the	1205
activity specified in the registration. Each agent, solicitor, or	1206
salesperson registration is valid for two years or for the	1207
unexpired portion of a two-year registration period. Each supplier	1208
$\underline{registration}$ is valid for one $\underline{year}_{\tau}$ or for the unexpired portion	1209
of the a one-year, ending registration period. Registrations shall	1210
end on the their respective uniform expiration date for each,	1211
which shall be designated by the division, and $\frac{1}{2}$ are subject to	1212
suspension, revocation, cancellation, or fine as authorized by	1213
this chapter and Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code.	1214
(9) Establish a system of electronic data interchange within	1215
the division and regulate the electronic transfer of information	1216
and funds among persons and governmental entities engaged in the	1217
manufacture, distribution, and retail sale of alcoholic beverages;	1218

(10) Exercise all other powers expressly or by necessary

implication conferred upon the division by this chapter and	1220
Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code, and all powers necessary for	1221
the exercise or discharge of any power, duty, or function	1222
expressly conferred or imposed upon the division by those	1223
chapters.	1224
(B) The division may do all of the following:	1225
(1) Sue, but may be sued only in connection with the	1226
execution of leases of real estate and the purchases and contracts	1227
necessary for the operation of the state liquor stores that are	1228
made under this chapter and Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code;	1229
(2) Enter into leases and contracts of all descriptions and	1230
acquire and transfer title to personal property with regard to the	1231
sale, distribution, and storage of spirituous liquor within the	1232
state;	1233
(3) Terminate at will any lease entered into pursuant to	1234
division (B)(2) of this section upon first giving ninety days'	1235
notice in writing to the lessor of its intention to do so;	1236
(4) Fix the wholesale and retail prices at which the various	1237
classes, varieties, and brands of spirituous liquor shall be sold	1238
by the division. Those retail prices shall be the same at all	1239
state liquor stores, except to the extent that a price	1240
differential is required to collect a county sales tax levied	1241
pursuant to section 5739.021 of the Revised Code and for which tax	1242
the tax commissioner has authorized prepayment pursuant to section	1243
5739.05 of the Revised Code. In fixing selling prices, the	1244
division shall compute an anticipated gross profit at least	1245
sufficient to provide in each calendar year all costs and expenses	1246
of the division and also an adequate working capital reserve for	1247
the division. The gross profit shall not exceed forty per cent of	1248
the retail selling price based on costs of the division, and in	1249

addition the sum required by section 4301.12 of the Revised Code

to be paid into the state treasury. An amount equal to one and	1251
one-half per cent of that gross profit shall be paid into the	1252
statewide treatment and prevention fund created by section 4301.30	1253
of the Revised Code and be appropriated by the general assembly	1254
from the fund to the department of alcohol and drug addiction	1255
services as provided in section 4301.30 of the Revised Code.	1256

On spirituous liquor manufactured in Ohio this state from the 1257 juice of grapes or fruits grown in Ohio this state, the division 1258 shall compute an anticipated gross profit of not to exceed ten per 1259 cent. The wholesale prices shall be at a discount of not less than 1260 twelve and one-half per cent of the retail selling prices as 1261 determined by the division in accordance with this section.

(C) The division may approve the expansion or diminution of a 1263 premises to which a liquor permit has been issued and may adopt 1264 standards governing such an expansion or diminution. 1265

Sec. 4301.19. The division of liquor control shall sell 1266 spirituous liquor only, whether from a warehouse or from a state 1267 liquor store or agency store. All sales shall be in sealed 1268 containers and for resale as authorized by this chapter and 1269 Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code or for consumption off the 1270 premises only. Except as otherwise provided in this section, sale 1271 of containers holding one-half pint or less of spirituous liquor 1272 by the division shall be made at retail only, and not for the 1273 purpose of resale by any purchaser, by special order placed with a 1274 state retail liquor store or agency store and subject to rules 1275 established by the superintendent of liquor control. The division 1276 may sell at wholesale spirituous liquor in fifty milliliter sealed 1277 containers to any holder of a permit issued under Chapter 4303. of 1278 the Revised Code that authorizes the sale of spirituous liquor for 1279 consumption on the premises where sold. A person appointed by the 1280 division to act as an agent for the sale of spirituous liquor 1281

1312

pursuant to section 4301.17 of the Revised Code may provide and
accept gift certificates and may accept credit cards and debit
cards for the retail purchase of spirituous liquor. Deliveries
shall be made in the manner the superintendent determines by rule.

If any person desires to purchase any variety or brand of 1286 spirituous liquor which is not in stock at the state liquor store 1287 or agency store where the variety or brand is ordered, the 1288 division shall immediately procure the variety or brand after a 1289 reasonable deposit is made by the purchaser in such proportion of 1290 the approximate cost of the order as is prescribed by the rules of 1291 the superintendent. The purchaser shall be immediately notified 1292 upon the arrival of the spirituous liquor at the store at which it 1293 was ordered. Unless the purchaser pays for the variety or brand 1294 and accepts delivery within five days after the giving of the 1295 notice, the division may place the spirituous liquor in stock for 1296 general sale, and the deposit of the purchaser shall be forfeited. 1297

sec. 4301.20. Chapters 4301. This chapter and Chapter 4303. 1298
of the Revised Code do not prevent the following: 1299

- (A) The storage of intoxicating liquor in bonded warehouses, 1300 established in accordance with the acts of congress and under the 1301 regulation of the United States, located in this state, or the 1302 transportation of intoxicating liquor to or from bonded warehouses 1303 of the United States wherever located; 1304
- (B) A bona fide resident of this state who is the owner of a 1305 warehouse receipt from obtaining or transporting to the person's 1306 resident's residence for the person's resident's own consumption 1307 and not for resale spirituous liquor stored in a government bonded 1308 warehouse in this state or in another state prior to December, 1309 1933, subject to such terms as are prescribed by the division of 1310 liquor control;
  - (C) The manufacture of cider from fruit for the purpose of

making vinegar, and nonintoxicating cider and fruit juices for use	1313
and sale;	1314
(D) A licensed physician or dentist from administering or	1315
dispensing intoxicating liquor or alcohol to a patient in good	1316
faith in the actual course of the practice of the physician's or	1317
dentist's profession;	1318
(E) The sale of alcohol to physicians, dentists, druggists,	1319
veterinary surgeons, manufacturers, hospitals, infirmaries, or	1320
medical or educational institutions using the same alcohol for	1321
medicinal, mechanical, chemical, or scientific purposes;	1322
(F) The sale, gift, or keeping for sale by druggists and	1323
others of any of the medicinal preparations manufactured in	1324
accordance with the formulas prescribed by the United States	1325
Pharmacopoeia and National Formulary, patent or proprietary	1326
preparations, and other bona fide medicinal and technical	1327
preparations, which contain no more alcohol than is necessary to	1328
hold the medicinal agents in solution and to preserve the same,	1329
which are manufactured and sold as medicine and not as beverages,	1330
are unfit for use for beverage purposes, and the sale of which	1331
does not require the payment of a United States liquor dealer's	1332
tax;	1333
(G) The manufacture and sale of tinctures or of toilet,	1334
medicinal, and antiseptic preparations and solutions not intended	1335
for internal human use nor to be sold as beverages, and which are	1336
unfit for beverage purposes, if upon the outside of each bottle,	1337
box, or package of which there is printed in the English language,	1338
conspicuously and legibly, the quantity by volume of alcohol in	1339
such the preparation or solution;	1340
(H) The manufacture and keeping for sale of the food products	1341
known as flavoring extracts when manufactured and sold for	1342
cooking, culinary, or flavoring purposes, and which are unfit for	1343

use for beverage purposes; 1344

- (I) The lawful sale of wood alcohol or of ethyl alcohol for 1345 external use when combined with such other substances as to make 1346 it unfit for internal use; 1347
- (J) The purchase and importation into this state of 1348 intoxicating liquor for use in manufacturing processes of 1349 nonbeverage food products under such terms as are prescribed by 1350 the division, provided that the terms prescribed by the division 1351 shall not increase the cost of such the intoxicating liquors 1352 liquor to any person, firm, or corporation purchasing and 1353 importing the same it into this state for any such that use; 1354
- (K) Any resident of this state or any member of the armed 1355 forces of the United States, who has attained the age of 1356 twenty-one years, from bringing into this state, for personal use 1357 and not for resale, not more than one liter of spirituous liquor 1358 in any thirty-day period, and the same is free of any tax consent 1359 fee when such the resident or member of the armed forces 1360 physically possesses and accompanies such the spirituous liquor on 1361 returning from a foreign country, another state, or an insular 1362 possession of the United States; 1363
- (L) Persons, at least twenty-one years of age, who collect 1364 ceramic commemorative bottles containing spirituous liquor which 1365 have unbroken federal tax stamps thereon on them from selling or 1366 trading such the bottles to other collectors. Such The bottles 1367 must originally have been purchased at retail from the division, 1368 legally imported under division (K) of this section, or legally 1369 imported pursuant to a consent to import supplier registration 1370 issued by the division. Such The sales shall be for the purpose of 1371 exchanging a ceramic commemorative bottle between private 1372 collectors and shall not be for the purpose of selling the 1373 spirituous liquor for personal consumption. The sale or exchange 1374 authorized by this division shall not occur on the premises of any 1375

permit holder, shall not be made in connection with the business	1376
of any permit holder, and shall not be made in connection with any	1377
mercantile business.	1378
Sec. 4301.22. Sales of beer and intoxicating liquor under all	1379

- Sec. 4301.22. Sales of beer and intoxicating liquor under all classes of permits and from state liquor stores are subject to the following restrictions, in addition to those imposed by the rules or orders of the division of liquor control: 1382
- (A)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no beer 1383 or intoxicating liquor shall be sold to any person under 1384 twenty-one years of age. 1385
- (2) No low-alcohol beverage shall be sold to any person under 1386 eighteen years of age. No permit issued by the division shall be 1387 suspended, revoked, or canceled because of a violation of division 1388 (A)(2) of this section.
- (3) No intoxicating liquor shall be handled by any person 1390 under twenty-one years of age, except that a person eighteen years 1391 of age or older employed by a permit holder may handle or sell 1392 beer or intoxicating liquor in sealed containers in connection 1393 with wholesale or retail sales, and any person nineteen years of 1394 age or older employed by a permit holder may handle intoxicating 1395 liquor in open containers when acting in the capacity of a server 1396 in a hotel, restaurant, club, or night club, as defined in 1397 division (B) of section 4301.01 of the Revised Code, or in the 1398 premises of a D-7 permit holder. This section does not authorize 1399 persons under twenty-one years of age to sell intoxicating liquor 1400 across a bar. Any person employed by a permit holder may handle 1401 beer or intoxicating liquor in sealed containers in connection 1402 with manufacturing, storage, warehousing, placement, stocking, 1403 bagging, loading, or unloading, and may handle beer or 1404 intoxicating liquor in open containers in connection with cleaning 1405 tables or handling empty bottles or glasses. 1406

(B) No permit holder and no agent or employee of a permit	1407
holder shall sell or furnish beer or intoxicating liquor to an	1408
intoxicated person.	1409
(C) No intoxicating liquor shall be sold to any individual	1410
who habitually drinks intoxicating liquor to excess, or to whom	1411
the division has, after investigation, determined to prohibit the	1412
sale of such intoxicating liquor, because of cause shown by the	1413
husband, wife, father, mother, brother, sister, or other person	1414
dependent upon, or in charge of such individual, or by the mayor	1415
of any municipal corporation, or a township trustee of any	1416
township in which the individual resides. The order of the	1417
division in such case shall remain in effect until revoked by the	1418
<del>division.</del>	1419
(D) No sales of intoxicating liquor shall be made after	1420
two-thirty a.m. on Sunday, except that intoxicating liquor may be	1421
sold on Sunday under authority of a permit which that authorizes	1422
Sunday sale.	1423
This section does not prevent a municipal corporation from	1424
adopting a closing hour for the sale of intoxicating liquor	1425
earlier than two-thirty a.m. on Sunday or to provide that no	1426
intoxicating liquor may be sold prior to that hour on Sunday.	1427
$\frac{(E)(D)}{(D)}$ No holder of a permit shall give away any beer or	1428
intoxicating liquor of any kind at any time in connection with	1429
permit holder's business.	1430
$\frac{(F)(E)}{(E)}$ Except as otherwise provided in this division, no	1431
retail permit holder shall display or permit the display on the	1432
outside of any licensed retail premises, or on any lot of ground	1433
on which the licensed premises are situated, or on the exterior of	1434
any building of which said the licensed premises are a part, any	1435
sign, illustration, or advertisement bearing the name, brand name,	1436
trade name, trade-mark, designation, or other emblem of or	1437

indicating the manufacturer, producer, distributor, place of	1438
manufacture, production, or distribution of any beer or	1439
intoxicating liquor. Signs, illustrations, or advertisements	1440
bearing the name, brand name, trade name, trade-mark, designation,	1441
or other emblem of or indicating the manufacturer, producer,	1442
distributor, place of manufacture, production, or distribution of	1443
beer or intoxicating liquor may be displayed and permitted to be	1444
displayed on the interior or in the show windows of any licensed	1445
premises, if the particular brand or type of product so advertised	1446
is actually available for sale on the premises at the time of such	1447
that display. The liquor control commission shall determine by	1448
rule the size and character of such those signs, illustrations, or	1449
advertisements.	1450

(G)(F) No retail permit holder shall possess on the licensed 1451 premises any barrel or other container from which beer is drawn, 1452 unless there is attached to the spigot or other dispensing 1453 apparatus the name of the manufacturer of the product contained 1454 therein in the barrel or other container, provided that where 1455 such, if the beer is served at a bar, the manufacturer's name or 1456 brand must appear in full view of the purchaser. The commission 1457 shall regulate the size and character of the devices provided for 1458 in this section. 1459

(H)(G) Except as otherwise provided in this division, no sale 1460 of any gift certificate shall be permitted whereby beer or 1461 intoxicating liquor of any kind is to be exchanged for such the 1462 certificate, unless the gift certificate can be exchanged only for 1463 food, and beer or intoxicating liquor, for on-premises consumption 1464 and the value of the beer or intoxicating liquor for which the 1465 certificate can be exchanged does not exceed more than thirty per 1466 cent of the total value of the gift certificate. The sale of gift 1467 certificates for the purchase of beer, wine, or mixed beverages 1468 shall be permitted for the purchase of beer, wine, or mixed 1469

beverages for off-premises consumption. Limitations on the use of	1470
a gift certificate for the purchase of beer, wine, or mixed	1471
beverages for off-premises consumption may be expressed by clearly	1472
stamping or typing on the face of the certificate that the	1473
certificate may not be used for the purchase of beer, wine, or	1474
mixed beverages.	1475

Sec. 4301.24. No manufacturer shall aid or assist the holder 1476 of any permit for sale at wholesale, and no manufacturer or 1477 wholesale distributor shall aid or assist the holder of any permit 1478 for sale at retail, by gift or loan of any money or property of 1479 any description or other valuable thing, or by giving premiums or 1480 rebates. No holder of any such permit shall accept the same, 1481 provided that the manufacturer or wholesale distributor may 1482 furnish to a retail permittee the inside signs or advertising and 1483 the tap signs or devices authorized by divisions (E) and (F) and 1484 (G) of section 4301.22 of the Revised Code. 1485

No manufacturer shall have any financial interest, directly
or indirectly, by stock ownership, or through interlocking
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directors in a corporation, or otherwise, in the establishment,
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maintenance, or promotion in the business of any wholesale
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distributor. No retail permit holder shall have any interest,
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directly or indirectly, in the operation of, or any ownership in,
1491
the business of any wholesale distributor or manufacturer.
1492

No manufacturer shall, except as authorized by section 1493 4303.021 of the Revised Code, have any financial interest, 1494 directly or indirectly, by stock ownership, or through 1495 interlocking directors in a corporation, or otherwise, in the 1496 establishment, maintenance, or promotion of the business of any 1497 retail dealer. No wholesale distributor or employee of a wholesale 1498 distributor shall have any financial interest, directly or 1499 indirectly, by stock ownership, interlocking directors in a 1500

corporation, or otherwise, in the establishment, maintenance, or	1501
promotion of the business of any retail dealer. No manufacturer or	1502
wholesale distributor or any stockholder of a manufacturer or	1503
wholesale distributor shall acquire, by ownership in fee,	1504
leasehold, mortgage, or otherwise, directly or indirectly, any	1505
interest in the premises on which the business of any other person	1506
engaged in the business of trafficking in beer or intoxicating	1507
liquor is conducted. All contracts, covenants, conditions, and	1508
limitations whereby any person engaged or proposing to engage in	1509
the sale of beer or intoxicating liquors promises to confine the	1510
person's sales of a particular kind or quality of beer or	1511
intoxicating liquor to one or more products, or the products of a	1512
specified manufacturer or wholesale distributor, or to give	1513
preference to those products, shall to the extent of that promise	1514
be void. The making of a promise in any such form shall be cause	1515
for the revocation or suspension of any permit issued to any	1516
party. This section does not prevent the holder of an A permit	1517
from securing and holding a wholesale distributor's permit or	1518
permits and operating as a wholesale distributor.	1519

No manufacturer shall sell or offer to sell to any wholesale 1520 distributor or retail permit holder, no wholesale distributor 1521 shall sell or offer to sell to any retail permit holder, and no 1522 wholesale distributor or retail permit holder shall purchase or 1523 receive from any manufacturer or wholesale distributor, any beer, 1524 brewed beverages, or wine manufactured in the United States except 1525 for cash. No right of action shall exist to collect any claims for 1526 credit extended contrary to this section. This section does not 1527 prohibit a licensee from crediting to a purchaser the actual 1528 prices charged for packages or containers returned by the original 1529 purchaser as a credit on any sale or from refunding to any 1530 purchaser the amount paid by that purchaser for containers or as a 1531 deposit on containers when title is retained by the vendor, if 1532 those containers or packages have been returned to the 1533

1557

manufacturer or distributor. This section does not prohibit a	1534
manufacturer from extending usual and customary credit for beer,	1535
brewed beverages, or wine manufactured in the United States and	1536
sold to customers who live or maintain places of business outside	1537
this state when the beverages so sold are actually transported and	1538
delivered to points outside this state. No wholesale or retail	1539
permit shall be issued to an applicant unless the applicant has	1540
paid in full all accounts for beer or wine, manufactured in the	1541
United States, outstanding as of September 6, 1939. No beer or	1542
wine manufactured in the United States shall be imported into the	1543
state unless the beer or wine has been paid for in cash, and no	1544
consent to import supplier registration for any such beer or wine	1545
manufactured in the United States shall be issued by the division	1546
of liquor control until the A-2, B-1, or B-5 permit holder	1547
establishes to the satisfaction of the division that the beer or	1548
wine has been paid for in cash.	1549

This section does not prevent a manufacturer from securing 1550 and holding any financial interest, directly or indirectly, by 1551 stock ownership or through interlocking directors in a 1552 corporation, or otherwise, in the establishment, maintenance, or 1553 promotion of the business or premises of any C or D permit holder, 1554 provided that the following conditions are met: 1555

- (A) Either the manufacturer or one of its parent companies is listed on a national securities exchange.
- (B) All purchases of alcoholic beverages by the C or D permit 1558 holder are made from wholesale distributors in this state or 1559 agency stores licensed by the division of liquor control. 1560
- (C) If the C or D permit holder sells brands of alcoholic 1561 beverages that are produced or distributed by the manufacturer 1562 that holds the financial interest, the C or D permit holder also 1563 sells other competing brands of alcoholic beverages produced by 000 other manufacturers, no preference is given to the products of the 1565

manufacturer, and there is no exclusion, in whole or in part, of	1566
products sold or offered for sale by other manufacturers,	1567
suppliers, or importers of alcoholic beverages that constitutes a	1568
substantial impairment of commerce.	1569

(D) The primary purpose of the C or D permit premises is a 1570 purpose other than to sell alcoholic beverages, and the sale of 1571 other goods and services exceeds fifty per cent of the total gross 1572 receipts of the C or D permit holder at its premises. 1573

This section does not prevent a manufacturer from giving 1574 financial assistance to the holder of a B permit for the purpose 1575 of the holder purchasing an ownership interest in the business, 1576 existing inventory and equipment, or property of another B permit 1577 holder, including, but not limited to, participation in a limited 1578 liability partnership, limited liability company, or any other 1579 legal entity authorized to do business in this state. This section 1580 does not permit a manufacturer to give financial assistance to the 1581 holder of a B permit to purchase inventory or equipment used in 1582 the daily operation of a B permit holder. 1583

Sec. 4301.29. (A) Whenever the department of public safety 1584 seizes beer, or intoxicating liquor, or alcohol pursuant to 1585 Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code, the department shall 1586 forthwith destroy any or distribute the beer, or intoxicating 1587 liquor, or alcohol, unless it is determined to be fit for sale. If 1588 the beer, intoxicating liquor, or alcohol is determined to be fit 1589 for sale, it shall be transferred to the department or, beginning 1590 on July 1, 1997, the division of liquor control for disposition 1591 under in accordance with division (D)(4) of section 2933.41 of the 1592 Revised Code. 1593

(B)(1) In case of any seizure of beer, or intoxicating 1594 liquor, or alcohol under execution of any judgment rendered 1595 against the holder of a permit, or in case of relation to the 1596

foreclosure of any lien on any beer, or intoxicating liquor, or	1597
alcohol belonging to any such a holder of a permit, or in case of	1598
<u>relation to</u> the insolvency or bankruptcy of <del>such</del> <u>a</u> holder <u>of a</u>	1599
permit, or in any other case in which judicial process is employed	1600
to subject any beer, or intoxicating liquor, or alcohol belonging	1601
to or in the possession of the holder of a permit to any <del>claims</del>	1602
whatsoever claim, the officer person seizing such the beer, or	1603
intoxicating liquor, or alcohol or taking possession thereof	1604
pursuant to such process shall deliver to the department or	1605
division all beer, intoxicating liquor, or alcohol found in the	1606
possession of the judgment debtor, bankrupt, or person for whom	1607
the officer has been appointed as a receiver. Thereupon the	1608
department or division shall sell such beer, intoxicating liquor,	1609
or alcohol and pay the proceeds of the sale thereof to the officer	1610
holding the process to be disposed of by the officer according to	1611
or the person's designee may sell it, subject to division (B)(2)	1612
of this section, after obtaining the written consent of the	1613
division of liquor control. Proceeds from the sale of the beer or	1614
intoxicating liquor shall be paid in accordance with the	1615
applicable law and the orders of the court issuing such the	1616
process.	1617
(2) Beer or intoxicating liquor that is sold under division	1618
(B)(1) of this section shall not be sold to or purchased by the	1619
holder of a liquor permit, an applicant for a liquor permit, or	1620
any other business.	1621

sec. 4301.30. All fees collected by the division of liquor

control shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of

the undivided liquor permit fund, which is hereby created, at the

time prescribed under section 4301.12 of the Revised Code. Each

payment shall be accompanied by a statement showing separately the

amount collected for each class of permits in each municipal

corporation and in each township outside the limits of any

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municipal corporation in s	such township. An amount equal to	1629
forty-five per cent of the	e fund shall be paid from the fund into	1630
the general revenue fund.		1631

Twenty per cent of the undivided liquor permit fund shall be 1632 paid into the statewide treatment and prevention fund, which is 1633 hereby created in the state treasury. This amount shall be 1634 appropriated by the general assembly, together with an amount 1635 equal to one and one-half per cent of the gross profit of the 1636 division of liquor control derived under division (B)(4) of 1637 section 4301.10 of the Revised Code, to the department of alcohol 1638 and drug addiction services. In planning for the allocation of and 1639 in allocating these amounts for the purposes of Chapter 3793. of 1640 the Revised Code, the department of alcohol and drug addiction 1641 services shall comply with the nondiscrimination provisions of 1642 Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and any rules adopted 1643 under that act. 1644

Thirty-five per cent of the undivided liquor permit fund 1645 shall be distributed by the superintendent of liquor control at 1646 quarterly calendar periods as follows: 1647

- (A) To each municipal corporation, the aggregate amount shown 1648 by the statements to have been collected from permits in the 1649 municipal corporation, for the use of the general fund of the 1650 municipal corporation; 1651
- (B) To each township, the aggregate amount shown by the 1652 statements to have been collected from permits in its territory, 1653 outside the limits of any municipal corporation located in the 1654 township, for the use of the general fund of the township, or for 1655 fire protection purposes, including buildings and equipment in the 1656 township or in an established fire district within the township, 1657 to the extent that the funds are derived from liquor permits 1658 within the territory comprising such fire district. 1659

For the purpose of the distribution required by this section, 1660 E, H, and D permits covering boats or vessels are deemed to have 1661 been issued in the municipal corporation or township wherein the 1662 owner or operator of the vehicle, boat, vessel, or dining car 1663 equipment to which the permit relates has the owner's or 1664 operator's principal office or place of business within the state. 1665

Such distributions are subject to diminutions for refunds as 1666 prescribed in section 4301.41 of the Revised Code. If the liquor 1667 control commission is of the opinion determines that the police or 1668 other officers of any municipal corporation or township entitled 1669 to share in such a distribution distributions are refusing or 1670 culpably neglecting to enforce this chapter and Chapter 4303. of 1671 the Revised Code, or the penal laws of this state relating to the 1672 manufacture, importation, transportation, distribution, and sale 1673 of beer and intoxicating liquors, or if the prosecuting officer of 1674 a municipal corporation or a municipal court fails to comply with 1675 the request of the commission authorized by division (A)(4) of 1676 section 4301.10 of the Revised Code, the commission, by certified 1677 mail, may notify the chief executive officer of the municipal 1678 corporation or the board of township trustees of the township of 1679 the failure and require the immediate cooperation of the 1680 responsible officers of the municipal corporation or township with 1681 the division of liquor control in the enforcement of those 1682 chapters and penal laws. Within thirty days after the notice is 1683 served, the commission shall determine whether the requirement has 1684 been complied with. If the commission determines that the 1685 requirement has not been complied with, it may issue an order to 1686 the superintendent to withhold the distributive share of the 1687 municipal corporation or township until further order of the 1688 commission. This action of the commission is reviewable within 1689 thirty days thereafter in the court of common pleas of Franklin 1690 1691 county.

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Sec. 4301.39. (A) When the board of elections of any county	1692
determines that a petition for a local option election, presented	1693
pursuant to section 4301.33, 4301.331, 4301.332, 4301.333,	1694
4303.29, or 4305.14 of the Revised Code is sufficient, it shall	1695
forthwith, by mail, notify the division of liquor control of the	1696
fact that such a the petition has been filed and approved by it.	1697
Upon the determination of the results of any such election, the	1698
board shall forthwith notify the division by mail of the result	1699
and shall forward with the notice a plat of the precinct in which	1700
the election was held and, if applicable, shall separately	1701
identify the portion of the precinct affected by the election.	1702
(B) On the plat of a precinct, forwarded with the results of	1703
an election that was held under section 4301.35, 4301.351,	1704
4301.353, 4301.354, or 4303.29 of the Revised Code, the board	1705
shall show and designate all of the streets and highways in the	1706
precinct or relevant portion thereof of the precinct.	1707
(C) On the plat of a precinct, forwarded with the results of	1708
an election that was held under section 4301.352 of the Revised	1709
Code, the board shall show and designate all of the following:	1710
(1) All of the streets and highways in the precinct;	1711
(2) The permit premises designated in the petition that was	1712
filed under section 4301.331 of the Revised Code;	1713
(3) A class C or D permit holder's personal or corporate	1714
$\operatorname{name}_{ au}$ and if it is different from the permit holder's personal or	1715
corporate name, the name of the business conducted by the permit	1716
holder on the designated premises;	1717
(4) The address of the designated premises.	1718
(D) On the plat of a precinct, forwarded with the results of	1719

an election that was held under section 4301.355 of the Revised

Code, the board shall show and designate all of the following:

(1) All streets and highways in the precinct;	1722
(2) The address of the particular location within the	1723
precinct to which the election results will apply as designated in	1724
the petition that was filed under section 4301.333 of the Revised	1725
Code;	1726
(3) The name of the applicant for the issuance or transfer $\underline{\text{of}}$	1727
the liquor permit, or of the holder of the liquor permit, or name	1728
of the liquor agency store, including any trade or fictitious	1729
names under which the applicant, holder, or operator intends to,	1730
or does, do business at the particular location, as designated in	1731
the petition that was filed under section 4301.333 of the Revised	1732
Code.	1733
(E) With the results of an election that was held under	1734
section 4301.356 of the Revised Code, the board shall designate	1735
both of the following:	1736
(1) Each permit premises designated in the petition;	1737
(2) Each class C or D permit holder's personal or corporate	1738
name and, if it is different from the personal or corporate name,	1739
the name of the business conducted by the permit holder on the	1740
designated premises.	1741
(F) If an application for recount is filed with the board $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$	1742
elections pursuant to section 3515.02 of the Revised Code or if an	1743
election contest is commenced pursuant to section 3515.09 of the	1744
Revised Code, the board <del>of elections</del> shall send written notice of	1745
the recount or contest, by certified mail, to the superintendent	1746
of liquor control within two days from the date of the filing of	1747
the application for recount or the commencement of an election	1748
contest. Upon the final determination of an election recount or	1749
contest, the board <del>of elections</del> shall send notice of the final	1750
determination, by certified mail, to the superintendent and the	1751
liquor control commission.	1752

(G) If, as the result of a local option election held	1753
pursuant to section 4301.35, 4301.351, 4301.353, 4301.354,	1754
4303.29, or 4305.14 of the Revised Code, the use of a permit is	1755
made partially unlawful, the division shall, within thirty days	1756
after receipt of the final notice of the result of the election,	1757
pick up and the permit, amend the permit it by inserting	1758
appropriate restrictions on $\frac{1}{2}$ on $\frac{1}{2}$ , and forthwith reissue	1759
the permit it without charge or refund to the permit holder,	1760
unless, prior to thirty days after receipt of the final notice of	1761
the result of such the election, both of the following occur:	1762

- (1) A petition is filed with the board <del>of elections</del> pursuant 1763 to section 4301.333 of the Revised Code; 1764
- (2) A copy of the petition filed with the board of elections

  pursuant to section 4301.333 of the Revised Code, bearing the file

  stamp of the board of elections, is filed with the superintendent

  of the division of liquor control.

  1768

If both of those conditions are met, the results of the 1769 election held pursuant to section 4301.35, 4301.351, 4301.353, 1770 4301.354, 4303.29, or 4305.14 of the Revised Code shall not take 1771 effect as to the liquor permit holder specified in the petition 1772 filed pursuant to section 4301.333 of the Revised Code until the 1773 earlier of a determination by the board of elections and receipt 1774 of notification of by the superintendent of the division of liquor 1775 control of notice that the petition is invalid or receipt by the 1776 superintendent of final notice of the result of an election held 1777 pursuant to section 4301.355 of the Revised Code concerning the 1778 holder of the liquor permit that resulted in a majority "no" vote. 1779

(H) If, as the result of a local option election, except a 1780 local option election held pursuant to section 4301.352 of the 1781 Revised Code, the use of a permit is made wholly unlawful, the 1782 permit holder may, within thirty days after the certification of 1783 such that final result by the board of elections to the division, 1784

deliver the permit holder's permit to the division for safekeeping	1785
as provided in section 4303.272 of the Revised Code, or the permit	1786
holder may avail itself of the remedy set forth in divisions	1787
(G)(1) and (2) of this section. In such event, the results of the	1788
election shall not take effect as to the liquor permit holder	1789
specified in the petition pursuant to section 4301.333 of the	1790
Revised Code until the earlier of a determination by the board $rac{\Theta f}{2}$	1791
elections and receipt by the superintendent of the division of	1792
liquor control of notice that the petition is invalid or receipt	1793
by the superintendent of the final notice of the result of an	1794
election held pursuant to section 4301.355 of the Revised Code	1795
concerning the holder of the liquor permit that resulted in a	1796
majority "no" vote.	1797

(I) If a municipal corporation or township has been paid all 1798 the moneys due it from permit fees under section 4301.30 of the 1799 Revised Code, it shall refund to the division ninety per cent of 1800 the money attributed to the unexpired portion of all permits which 1801 are still in force at the time of a local option election that 1802 makes use of the permits unlawful, except that no refund shall be 1803 made for the unexpired portion of a license year that is less than 1804 thirty days. Failure of the municipal corporation or township to 1805 refund the amount due entitles the permit holders to operate under 1806 their permits until the refund has been made. 1807

(J) If a municipal corporation or township has been paid all 1808 the money due it from permit fees under section 4301.30 of the 1809 Revised Code, it shall refund to the division ninety per cent of 1810 the money attributable to the unexpired portion of a permit at the 1811 time a local option election under section 4301.352 of the Revised 1812 Code makes use of the permit unlawful, except that no refund shall 1813 be made for the unexpired portion of a license year that is less 1814 than thirty days. Failure of the municipal corporation or township 1815 to refund the amount due entitles the permit holder to operate 1816

under the permit until the refund has been made.

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Sec. 4301.41. Whenever the division of liquor control cancels 1818 a permit, the division shall refund to its holder, or to the 1819 holder's executors, administrators, receivers, or trustees in 1820 bankruptcy, or to an assignee for the benefit of the holder's 1821 creditors, a proportionate amount representing the unexpired 1822 portion of the holder's permit year, except that such refund shall 1823 in no event be more than ninety per cent of such fee, and if the 1824 unexpired portion of the license year is less than thirty days, no 1825 refund shall be made. When the superintendent of liquor control 1826 considers it advisable to cancel the unexpired portion of an 1827 outstanding a permit in order that such the permit or permits, 1828 held by the permittee, may be issued on a uniform expiration date 1829 designated by the superintendent, the division of liquor control 1830 may credit or refund the unexpired portion of permit fees 1831 outstanding or collect any additional amounts due resulting from 1832 the uniform expiration date so fixed. Notice of such a change of 1833 the expiration date and such of a credit, refund, or additional 1834 amounts to be <del>credited, refunded, or</del> paid shall be given by the 1835 division to the permittee holder of the permit at least thirty 1836 days prior to the due date. Such refund shall be made subject to 1837 the order of the division, and at the next distribution of permit 1838 fee revenues, the amount refunded shall be withheld from the 1839 moneys due to the subdivision which received the original permit 1840 1841 <del>fee.</del>

Sec. 4301.424. (A) For the purpose of section 351.26 of the

Revised Code and to pay any or all of the charge the board of

elections makes against the county to hold the election on the

question of levying the tax, the board of county commissioners, in

the manner prescribed by division (A) of section 351.26 of the

Revised Code, may levy a tax on each gallon of spirituous liquor;

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on the sale of beer; and on the sale of wine and mixed beverages. 1848 The tax on spirituous liquor shall be imposed on spirituous liquor 1849 sold to or purchased by liquor permit holders for resale, and sold 1850 at retail by the department division of liquor control, in the 1851 county at a rate not greater than three dollars per gallon; the 1852 tax on beer, wine, and mixed beverages shall be imposed on all 1853 beer, wine, and mixed beverages sold for resale at retail in the 1854 county, and on all beer, wine, and mixed beverages sold at retail 1855 in the county by the manufacturer, bottler, importer, or other 1856 person and upon which the tax has not been paid. The rate of the 1857 tax on beer shall not exceed sixteen cents per gallon, and the 1858 rate of the tax on wine and mixed beverages shall not exceed 1859 thirty-two cents per gallon. Only one sale of the same article 1860 shall be used in computing, reporting, and paying the amount of 1861 tax due. The tax may be levied for any number of years not 1862 exceeding twenty. 1863

The tax shall be levied pursuant to a resolution of the board 1864 of county commissioners adopted as prescribed by division (A) of 1865 section 351.26 of the Revised Code and approved by a majority of 1866 the electors in the county voting on the question of levying the 1867 tax. The resolution shall specify the rates of the tax, the number 1868 of years the tax will be levied, and the purposes for which the 1869 tax is levied. Such election may be held on the date of a general 1870 or special election held not sooner than seventy-five days after 1871 the date the board certifies its resolution to the board of 1872 elections. If approved by the electors, the tax takes effect on 1873 the first day of the month specified in the resolution but not 1874 sooner than the first day of the month that is at least sixty days 1875 after the certification of the election results by the board of 1876 elections. A copy of the resolution levying the tax shall be 1877 certified to the department division of liquor control and the tax 1878 commissioner at least sixty days prior to the date on which the 1879 tax is to become effective. 1880

(B) A resolution under this section may be joined on the	1881
ballot as a single question with a resolution adopted under	1882
section 5743.026 of the Revised Code to levy a tax for the same	1883
purposes, and for the purpose of paying the expenses of	1884
administering that tax.	1885
(C) The form of the ballot in an election held on the	1886
question of levying a tax proposed pursuant to this section shall	1887
be as prescribed by section 351.26 of the Revised Code.	1888
Sec. 4301.77. The division of liquor control may provide the	1889
social security number of an individual that the division	1890
possesses to the department of public safety, the department of	1891
taxation, the office of the attorney general, or any other state	1892
or local law enforcement agency if the department, office, or	1893
other state or local law enfocement agency requests the social	1894
security number from the division to conduct an investigation,	1895
implement an enforcement action, or collect taxes.	1896
Sec. 4301.99. (A) Whoever violates section 4301.47, 4301.48,	1897
4301.49, 4301.62, or 4301.70 or division (B) of section 4301.691	1898
of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	1899
(B) Whoever violates section 4301.15, division (A)(2) or $\frac{(D)}{(D)}$	1900
(C) of section 4301.22, division (C), (D), (E), (F), (G), (H), or	1901
(I) of section 4301.631, or section 4301.64 or 4301.67 of the	1902
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	1903
If an offender who violates section 4301.64 of the Revised	1904
Code was under the age of eighteen years at the time of the	1905
offense, the court, in addition to any other penalties it imposes	1906
upon the offender, shall suspend the offender's temporary	1907
instruction permit, probationary driver's license, or driver's	1908
license for a period of not less than six months and not more than	1909

one year. If the offender is fifteen years and six months of age

or older and has not been issued a temporary instruction permit or	1911
probationary driver's license, the offender shall not be eligible	1912
to be issued such a license or permit for a period of six months.	1913
If the offender has not attained the age of fifteen years and six	1914
months, the offender shall not be eligible to be issued a	1915
temporary instruction permit until the offender attains the age of	1916
sixteen years.	1917

(C) Whoever violates division (D) of section 4301.21, or 1918 section 4301.251, 4301.58, 4301.59, 4301.60, 4301.633, 4301.66, 1919 4301.68, or 4301.74, division (B), (C), (D), (E)(1), or (F) of 1920 section 4301.69 of the Revised Code, or division (C), (D), (E), 1921 (F), (G), or (I) of section 4301.691 of the Revised Code is guilty 1922 of a misdemeanor of the first degree.

If an offender who violates division (E)(1) of section 1924 4301.69 of the Revised Code was under the age of eighteen years at 1925 the time of the offense and the offense occurred while the 1926 offender was the operator of or a passenger in a motor vehicle, 1927 the court, in addition to any other penalties it imposes upon the 1928 offender, shall suspend the offender's temporary instruction 1929 permit or probationary driver's license for a period of not less 1930 than six months and not more than one year. If the offender is 1931 fifteen years and six months of age or older and has not been 1932 issued a temporary instruction permit or probationary driver's 1933 license, the offender shall not be eligible to be issued such a 1934 license or permit for a period of six months. If the offender has 1935 not attained the age of fifteen years and six months, the offender 1936 shall not be eligible to be issued a temporary instruction permit 1937 until the offender attains the age of sixteen years. 1938

- (D) Whoever violates division (B) of section 4301.14, or 1939 division (A)(1) or (3) $\tau$  or (B) $\tau$  or (C) of section 4301.22 of the 1940 Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 1941
  - (E) Whoever violates section 4301.63 or division (B) of

section 4301.631 of the Revised Code shall be fined not less than

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twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars. The court imposing

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a fine for a violation of section 4301.63 or division (B) of

section 4301.631 of the Revised Code may order that the fine be

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paid by the performance of public work at a reasonable hourly rate

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established by the court. The court shall designate the time

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within which the public work shall be completed.

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- (F)(1) Whoever violates section 4301.634 of the Revised Code 1950 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. If, in committing 1951 a first violation of that section, the offender presented to the 1952 permit holder or the permit holder's employee or agent a false, 1953 fictitious, or altered identification card, a false or fictitious 1954 driver's license purportedly issued by any state, or a driver's 1955 license issued by any state that has been altered, the offender is 1956 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be fined not 1957 less than two hundred fifty and not more than one thousand 1958 dollars, and may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not 1959 more than six months. 1960
- (2) On a second violation in which, for the second time, the 1961 offender presented to the permit holder or the permit holder's 1962 employee or agent a false, fictitious, or altered identification 1963 card, a false or fictitious driver's license purportedly issued by 1964 any state, or a driver's license issued by any state that has been 1965 altered, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 1966 degree and shall be fined not less than five hundred nor more than 1967 one thousand dollars, and may be sentenced to a term of 1968 imprisonment of not more than six months. The court also may 1969 impose a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's or 1970 commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 1971 privilege from the range specified in division (A)(7) of section 1972 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 1973
  - (3) On a third or subsequent violation in which, for the

third or subsequent time, the offender presented to the permit	1975
holder or the permit holder's employee or agent a false,	1976
fictitious, or altered identification card, a false or fictitious	1977
driver's license purportedly issued by any state, or a driver's	1978
license issued by any state that has been altered, the offender is	1979
guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be fined not	1980
less than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and may	1981
be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than six	1982
months. The court also shall impose a class six suspension of the	1983
offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or	1984
nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in	1985
division (A)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code, and the	1986
court may order that the suspension or denial remain in effect	1987
until the offender attains the age of twenty-one years. The court	1988
also may order the offender to perform a determinate number of	1989
hours of community service, with the court determining the actual	1990
number of hours and the nature of the community service the	1991
offender shall perform.	1992

- (G) Whoever violates section 4301.636 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree.
- (H) Whoever violates division (A)(1) of section 4301.22 of 1995 the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor, shall be fined not 1996 less than five hundred and not more than one thousand dollars, 1997 and, in addition to the fine, may be imprisoned for a definite 1998 term of not more than sixty days.
- (I) Whoever violates division (A) of section 4301.69 or 2000 division (H) of section 4301.691 of the Revised Code is guilty of 2001 a misdemeanor, shall be fined not less than five hundred and not 2002 more than one thousand dollars, and, in addition to the fine, may 2003 be imprisoned for a definite term of not more than six months. 2004

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manufacture wine from grapes or other fruits grown in the state,	2006
if obtainable, otherwise to import such fruits after submitting an	2007
affidavit of nonavailability to the division of liquor control; to	2008
import and purchase wine in bond for blending purposes, the total	2009
amount of wine so imported during the year covered by the permit	2010
not to exceed forty per cent of all the wine manufactured and	2011
imported; to manufacture, purchase, and import brandy for	2012
fortifying purposes; and to sell such those products either in	2013
glass or container for consumption on the premises where	2014
manufactured, for home use, and to retail and wholesale permit	2015
holders under such the rules as are adopted by the division.	2016

The fee for this permit is one hundred twenty-six dollars for 2017 each plant producing one hundred wine barrels, of fifty gallons 2018 each, or less annually. This initial fee shall be increased at the 2019 rate of ten cents per such barrel for all wine manufactured in 2020 excess of one hundred barrels during the year covered by the to 2021 which this permit is issued.

Sec. 4303.07. Permit B-2 may be issued to a wholesale 2023 distributor of wine to purchase from holders of A-2 and B-5 2024 permits and distribute or sell such that product, in the original 2025 container in which it was placed by the B-5 permit holder or 2026 manufacturer at the place where manufactured, to A-1-A, C-2, D-2, 2027 D-3, D-4, D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5c, D-5d, D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, 2028 D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, and E permit holders, and for home use. 2029 The fee for this permit is five hundred dollars for each 2030 distributing plant or warehouse. The initial fee shall be 2031 increased ten cents per wine barrel of fifty gallons for all wine 2032 distributed and sold in this state in excess of twelve hundred 2033 fifty such barrels during the year covered by the permit. 2034

**Sec. 4303.09.** Permit B-4 may be issued to a wholesale 2035 distributor to purchase from the holders of A-4 permits and to 2036

import, distribute, and sell prepared and bottled highballs,	2037
cocktails, cordials, and other mixed beverages containing not less	2038
than four per cent of alcohol by volume and not more than	2039
twenty-one per cent of alcohol by volume to retail permit holders,	2040
and for home use, under rules adopted by the division of liquor	2041
control. The formula and samples of all such of those beverages to	2042
be handled by the permit holder shall be submitted to the division	2043
for <u>its</u> analysis and <del>the</del> approval <del>of the division</del> before <del>such</del>	2044
those beverages may be sold and distributed in this state. All	2045
labels and advertising matter used by the holders of this permit	2046
shall be approved by the division before they may be used in this	2047
state. The fee for this permit shall be computed on the basis of	2048
annual sales, and the initial fee is five hundred dollars for each	2049
distributing plant or warehouse. The initial fee shall be	2050
increased at the rate of ten cents per wine barrel of fifty	2051
gallons for all such beverages distributed and sold in this state	2052
in excess of one thousand such barrels during the year covered by	2053
the permit.	2054

Sec. 4303.181. (A) Permit D-5a may be issued either to the 2055 owner or operator of a hotel or motel that is required to be 2056 licensed under section 3731.03 of the Revised Code, that contains 2057 at least fifty rooms for registered transient guests or is owned 2058 by a state institution of higher education as defined in section 2059 3345.011 of the Revised Code or a private college or university, 2060 and that qualifies under the other requirements of this section, 2061 or to the owner or operator of a restaurant specified under this 2062 section, to sell beer and any intoxicating liquor at retail, only 2063 by the individual drink in glass and from the container, for 2064 consumption on the premises where sold, and to registered guests 2065 in their rooms, which may be sold by means of a controlled access 2066 alcohol and beverage cabinet in accordance with division (B) of 2067 section 4301.21 of the Revised Code; and to sell the same products 2068

in the same manner and amounts not for consumption on the premises	2069
as may be sold by holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. The premises of	2070
the hotel or motel shall include a retail food establishment or a	2071
food service operation licensed pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the	2072
Revised Code that operates as a restaurant for purposes of this	2073
chapter and that is affiliated with the hotel or motel and within	2074
or contiguous to the hotel or motel, and that serves food within	2075
the hotel or motel, but the principal business of the owner or	2076
operator of the hotel or motel shall be the accommodation of	2077
transient guests. In addition to the privileges authorized in this	2078
division, the holder of a D-5a permit may exercise the same	2079
privileges as the holder of a D-5 permit.	2080

The owner or operator of a hotel, motel, or restaurant who

qualified for and held a D-5a permit on August 4, 1976, may, if

the owner or operator held another permit before holding a D-5a

permit, either retain a D-5a permit or apply for the permit

formerly held, and the division of liquor control shall issue the

permit for which the owner or operator applies and formerly held,

notwithstanding any quota.

A D-5a permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2088 No quota restriction shall be placed on the number of  $\frac{D-5a}{2089}$  permits that may be issued. 2090

The fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred 2091 forty-four dollars. 2092

(B) Permit D-5b may be issued to the owner, operator, tenant, 2093 lessee, or occupant of an enclosed shopping center to sell beer 2094 and intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 2095 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 2096 where sold; and to sell the same products in the same manner and 2097 amount not for consumption on the premises as may be sold by 2098 holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. In addition to the privileges 2099 authorized in this division, the holder of a D-5b permit may 2100

exercise the same privileges as a holder of a D-5 permit. 2101 A D-5b permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2102 One D-5b permit may be issued at an enclosed shopping center 2103 containing at least two hundred twenty-five thousand, but less 2104 than four hundred thousand, square feet of floor area. 2105 Two D-5b permits may be issued at an enclosed shopping center 2106 containing at least four hundred thousand square feet of floor 2107 area. No more than one D-5b permit may be issued at an enclosed 2108 shopping center for each additional two hundred thousand square 2109 feet of floor area or fraction of that floor area, up to a maximum 2110 of five D-5b permits for each enclosed shopping center. The number 2111 of D-5b permits that may be issued at an enclosed shopping center 2112 shall be determined by subtracting the number of D-3 and D-5 2113 permits issued in the enclosed shopping center from the number of 2114 D-5b permits that otherwise may be issued at the enclosed shopping 2115 center under the formulas provided in this division. Except as 2116 provided in this section, no quota shall be placed on the number 2117 of D-5b permits that may be issued. Notwithstanding any quota 2118 provided in this section, the holder of any D-5b permit first 2119 issued in accordance with this section is entitled to its renewal 2120 in accordance with section 4303.271 of the Revised Code. 2121

The holder of a D-5b permit issued before April 4, 1984, 2122 whose tenancy is terminated for a cause other than nonpayment of 2123 rent, may return the D-5b permit to the division of liquor 2124 control, and the division shall cancel that permit. Upon 2125 cancellation of that permit and upon the permit holder's payment 2126 of taxes, contributions, premiums, assessments, and other debts 2127 owing or accrued upon the date of cancellation to this state and 2128 its political subdivisions and a filing with the division of a 2129 certification of that payment, the division shall issue to that 2130 person either a D-5 permit, or a D-1, a D-2, and a D-3 permit, as 2131 that person requests. The division shall issue the D-5 permit, or 2132

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the D-1, D-2, and D-3 permits, even if the number of D-1, D-2,	2133
D-3, or D-5 permits currently issued in the municipal corporation	2134
or in the unincorporated area of the township where that person's	2135
proposed premises is located equals or exceeds the maximum number	2136
of such permits that can be issued in that municipal corporation	2137
or in the unincorporated area of that township under the	2138
population quota restrictions contained in section 4303.29 of the	2139
Revised Code. Any D-1, D-2, D-3, or D-5 permit so issued shall not	2140
be transferred to another location. If a D-5b permit is canceled	2141
under the provisions of this paragraph, the number of D-5b permits	2142
that may be issued at the enclosed shopping center for which the	2143
D-5b permit was issued, under the formula provided in this	2144
division, shall be reduced by one if the enclosed shopping center	2145
was entitled to more than one D-5b permit under the formula.	2146

The fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred 2147 forty-four dollars. 2148

(C) Permit D-5c may be issued to the owner or operator of a 2149 retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed 2150 pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a 2151 restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that qualifies under 2152 the other requirements of this section to sell beer and any 2153 intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 2154 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 2155 where sold, and to sell the same products in the same manner and 2156 amounts not for consumption on the premises as may be sold by 2157 holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. In addition to the privileges 2158 authorized in this division, the holder of a D-5c permit may 2159 exercise the same privileges as the holder of a D-5 permit. 2160

To qualify for a D-5c permit, the owner or operator of a retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a restaurant for purposes of this chapter, shall have operated the

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restaurant at the proposed premises for not less than twenty-four	2165
consecutive months immediately preceding the filing of the	2166
application for the permit, have applied for a D-5 permit no later	2167
than December 31, 1988, and appear on the division's quota waiting	2168
list for not less than six months immediately preceding the filing	2169
of the application for the permit. In addition to these	2170
requirements, the proposed D-5c permit premises shall be located	2171
within a municipal corporation and further within an election	2172
precinct that, at the time of the application, has no more than	2173
twenty-five per cent of its total land area zoned for residential	2174
use.	2175

A D-5c permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2176

No quota restriction shall be placed on the number of such permits 2177

that may be issued. 2178

Any person who has held a D-5c permit for at least two years 2179 may apply for a D-5 permit, and the division of liquor control 2180 shall issue the D-5 permit notwithstanding the quota restrictions 2181 contained in section 4303.29 of the Revised Code or in any rule of 2182 the liquor control commission.

The fee for this permit is one thousand five hundred sixty-three dollars.

(D) Permit D-5d may be issued to the owner or operator of a 2186 retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed 2187 pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a 2188 restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that is located at an 2189 airport operated by a board of county commissioners pursuant to 2190 section 307.20 of the Revised Code, at an airport operated by a 2191 port authority pursuant to Chapter 4582. of the Revised Code, or 2192 at an airport operated by a regional airport authority pursuant to 2193 Chapter 308. of the Revised Code. The holder of a D-5d permit may 2194 sell beer and any intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the 2195 individual drink in glass and from the container, for consumption 2196

on the premises where sold, and may sell the same products in the	2197
same manner and amounts not for consumption on the premises where	2198
sold as may be sold by the holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. In	2199
addition to the privileges authorized in this division, the holder	2200
of a D-5d permit may exercise the same privileges as the holder of	2201
a D-5 permit.	2202
A D-5d permit shall not be transferred to another location.	2203
No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of such	2204
permits that may be issued.	2205
The fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred	2206
forty-four dollars.	2207
(E) Permit D-5e may be issued to any nonprofit organization	2208
that is exempt from federal income taxation under the "Internal	2209
Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 501(c)(3), as	2210
amended, or that is a charitable organization under any chapter of	2211
the Revised Code, and that owns or operates a riverboat that meets	2212
all of the following:	2213
(1) Is permanently docked at one location;	2214
(2) Is designated as an historical riverboat by the Ohio	2215
historical society;	2216
(3) Contains not less than fifteen hundred square feet of	2217
floor area;	2218
(4) Has a seating capacity of fifty or more persons.	2219
The holder of a D-5e permit may sell beer and intoxicating	2220
liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in glass and from	2221
the container, for consumption on the premises where sold.	2222
A D-5e permit shall not be transferred to another location.	2223
No quota restriction shall be placed on the number of such permits	2224
that may be issued. The population quota restrictions contained in	2225

section 4303.29 of the Revised Code or in any rule of the liquor

control commission shall not apply to this division, and the	2227
division shall issue a D-5e permit to any applicant who meets the	2228
requirements of this division. However, the division shall not	2229
issue a D-5e permit if the permit premises or proposed permit	2230
premises are located within an area in which the sale of	2231
spirituous liquor by the glass is prohibited.	2232
The fee for this permit is one thousand two hundred nineteen	2233
dollars.	2234
(F) Permit D-5f may be issued to the owner or operator of a	2235
retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed	2236
under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a	2237
restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that meets all of the	2238
following:	2239
(1) It contains not less than twenty-five hundred square feet	2240
of floor area.	2241
(2) It is located on or in, or immediately adjacent to, the	2242
shoreline of, a navigable river.	2243
(3) It provides docking space for twenty-five boats.	2244
(4) It provides entertainment and recreation, provided that	2245
not less than fifty per cent of the business on the permit	2246
premises shall be preparing and serving meals for a consideration.	2247
In addition, each application for a D-5f permit shall be	2248
accompanied by a certification from the local legislative	2249
authority that the issuance of the D-5f permit is not inconsistent	2250
with that political subdivision's comprehensive development plan	2251
or other economic development goal as officially established by	2252
the local legislative authority.	2253
The holder of a D-5f permit may sell beer and intoxicating	2254
liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in glass and from	2255

the container, for consumption on the premises where sold.

A D-5f permit shall not be transferred to another location.	2257
The division of liquor control shall not issue a D-5f permit	2258
if the permit premises or proposed permit premises are located	2259
within an area in which the sale of spirituous liquor by the glass	2260
is prohibited.	2261
A fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred	2262
forty-four dollars.	2263
As used in this division, "navigable river" means a river	2264
that is also a "navigable water" as defined in the "Federal Power	2265
Act," 94 Stat. 770 (1980), 16 U.S.C. 796.	2266
(G) Permit D-5g may be issued to a nonprofit corporation that	2267
is either the owner or the operator of a national professional	2268
sports museum. The holder of a D-5g permit may sell beer and any	2269
intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in	2270
glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises	2271
where sold. The holder of a D-5g permit shall sell no beer or	2272
intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises where sold	2273
after one a.m. A D-5g permit shall not be transferred to another	2274
location. No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of	2275
D-5g permits that may be issued. The fee for this permit is one	2276
thousand eight hundred seventy-five dollars.	2277
(H) Permit D-5h may be issued to any nonprofit organization	2278
that is exempt from federal income taxation under the "Internal	2279
Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 501(c)(3), as	2280
amended, that owns or operates a fine arts museum and has no less	2281
than five thousand bona fide members possessing full membership	2282
privileges. The holder of a D-5h permit may sell beer and any	2283
intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in	2284
glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises	2285
where sold. The holder of a D-5h permit shall sell no beer or	2286

intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises where sold

after one a.m. A D-5h permit shall not be transferred to another	2288
location. No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of	2289
D-5h permits that may be issued. The fee for this permit is one	2290
thousand eight hundred seventy-five dollars.	2291
(I) Permit D-5i may be issued to the owner or operator of a	2292
retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed	2293
under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a	2294
restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that meets all of the	2295
following requirements:	2296
(1) It is located in a municipal corporation or a township	2297
with a population of seventy-five thousand or less.	2298
(2) It has inside seating capacity for at least one hundred	2299
forty persons.	2300
(3) It has at least four thousand square feet of floor area.	2301
(4) It offers full-course meals, appetizers, and sandwiches.	2302
(5) Its receipts from beer and liquor sales do not exceed	2303
twenty-five per cent of its total gross receipts.	2304
(6) The It has at least one of the following characteristics:	2305
(a) The value of its real and personal property exceeds seven	2306
hundred twenty-five thousand dollars.	2307
(b) It is located on property that is owned or leased by the	2308
state or a state agency, and its owner or operator has	2309
authorization from the state or the state agency that owns or	2310
leases the property to obtain a D-5i permit.	2311
The holder of a D-5i permit shall cause an independent audit	2312
to be performed at the end of one full year of operation following	2313
issuance of the permit in order to verify the requirements of	2314
division (I)(5) of this section. The results of the independent	2315
audit shall be transmitted to the division. Upon determining that	2316

the receipts of the holder from beer and liquor sales exceeded

twenty-five per cent of its total gross receipts, the division	2318
shall suspend the permit of the permit holder under section	2319
4301.25 of the Revised Code and may allow the permit holder to	2320
elect a forfeiture under section 4301.252 of the Revised Code.	2321

The holder of a D-5i permit may sell beer and any 2322 intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 2323 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 2324 where sold, and may sell the same products in the same manner and 2325 amounts not for consumption on the premises where sold as may be 2326 sold by the holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. The holder of a D-5i 2327 permit shall sell no beer or intoxicating liquor for consumption 2328 on the premises where sold after two-thirty a.m. In addition to 2329 the privileges authorized in this division, the holder of a D-5i 2330 permit may exercise the same privileges as the holder of a D-5 2331 permit. 2332

A D-5i permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2333 The division of liquor control shall not renew a D-5i permit 2334 unless the retail food establishment or food service operation for 2335 which it is issued continues to meet the requirements described in 2336 divisions (I)(1) to (6) of this section. No quota restrictions 2337 shall be placed on the number of D-5i permits that may be issued. 2338 The fee for this the D-5i permit is two thousand three hundred 2339 forty-four dollars. 2340

(J)(1) Permit D-5j may be issued to the owner or the operator 2341 of a retail food establishment or a food service operation 2342 licensed under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code to sell beer and 2343 intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 2344 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 2345 where sold and to sell beer and intoxicating liquor in the same 2346 manner and amounts not for consumption on the premises where sold 2347 as may be sold by the holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. The holder 2348 of a D-5j permit may exercise the same privileges, and shall 2349

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(6) The fee for the D-5k permit is one thousand eight hundred

(1) "Convention facility" and "nonprofit corporation" have

(2) "Hotel" means a hotel described in section 3731.01 of the

the same meanings as in section 4303.201 of the Revised Code.

transient guests and that is required to be licensed pursuant to

(B) An F-3 permit may be issued to an organization whose

Revised Code that has at least fifty rooms for registered

section 3731.03 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4303.203. (A) As used in this section:

seventy-five dollars.

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primary purpose is to support, promote, and educate members of the	2409
beer, wine, or mixed beverage industries, to allow the	2410
organization to bring beer, wine, or mixed beverages in their	2411
original packages or containers into a convention facility or	2412
hotel for consumption in the facility or hotel, if all of the	2413
following requirements are met:	2414
(1) The superintendent of liquor control is satisfied that	2415
the organization is a nonprofit organization and that the	2416
organization's membership is in excess of two hundred fifty	2417
persons.	2418
(2) The general manager or the equivalent officer of the	2419
convention facility or hotel provides a written consent for the	2420
use of a portion of the facility or hotel by the organization and	2421
a written statement that the facility's or hotel's permit	2422
privileges will be suspended in the portion of the facility or	2423
hotel in which the F-3 permit is in force.	2424
(3) The organization provides a written description that	2425
clearly sets forth the portion of the convention facility or hotel	2426
in which the F-3 permit will be used.	2427
(4) The organization provides a written statement as to its	2428
primary purpose and the purpose of its event at the convention	2429
facility or hotel.	2430
(5) Division (C) of this section does not apply.	2431
(C) No F-3 permit shall be issued to any nonprofit	2432
organization that is created by or for a specific manufacturer,	2433
supplier, distributor, or retailer of beer, wine, or mixed	2434
beverages.	2435
(D) Notwithstanding division $\frac{(E)}{(D)}$ of section 4301.22 of the	2436
Revised Code, a holder of an F-3 permit may obtain by donation	2437
beer, wine, or mixed beverages from any manufacturer or producer	2438
of beer, wine, or mixed beverages.	2439

(E) Nothing in this chapter prohibits the holder of an $F-3$	2440
permit from bringing into the portion of the convention facility	2441
or hotel covered by the permit beer, wine, or mixed beverages	2442
otherwise not approved for sale in this state.	2443
(F) Notwithstanding division $\frac{(E)}{(D)}$ of section 4301.22 of the	2444
Revised Code, no holder of an F-3 permit shall make any charge for	2445
any beer, wine, or mixed beverage served by the drink, or in its	2446
original package or container, in connection with the use of the	2447
portion of the convention facility or hotel covered by the permit.	2448
(G) The division of liquor control shall prepare and make	2449
available an F-3 permit application form and may require	2450
applicants for the permit to provide information, in addition to	2451
that required by this section, that is necessary for the	2452
administration of this section.	2453
(H) An F-3 permit shall be effective for a period not to	2454
exceed five consecutive days. The division of liquor control shall	2455
not issue more than three F-3 permits per calendar year to the	2456
same nonprofit organization. The fee for an F-3 permit is three	2457
hundred dollars.	2458
Sec. 4303.204. (A) The division of liquor control may issue	2459
an F-4 permit to an association or corporation organized	2460
not-for-profit in this state to conduct an event that includes the	2461
introduction, showcasing, or promotion of Ohio wines, if the event	2462
has all of the following characteristics:	2463
(1) It is coordinated by that association or corporation, and	2464
the association or corporation is responsible for the activities	2465
at it.	2466
(2) It has as one of its purposes the intent to introduce,	2467
showcase, or promote Ohio wines to persons who attend it.	2468

(3) It includes the sale of food for consumption on the

premises where sold. 2470 (4) It features at least three A-2 permit holders who sell 2471 Ohio wine at it. 2472 (B) The holder of an F-4 permit may furnish, with or without 2473 charge, wine that it has obtained from the A-2 permit holders that 2474 are participating in the event for which the F-4 permit is issued, 2475 in two-ounce samples for consumption on the premises where 2476 furnished and may sell such wine by the glass for consumption on 2477 the premises where sold. The holder of an A-2 permit that is 2478 participating in the event for which the F-4 permit is issued may 2479 sell wine that it has manufactured, in sealed containers for 2480 consumption off the premises where sold. Wine may be furnished or 2481 sold on the premises of the event for which the F-4 permit is 2482 issued only where and when the sale of wine is otherwise permitted 2483 by law. 2484 (C) The premises of the event for which the F-4 permit is 2485 issued shall be clearly defined and sufficiently restricted to 2486 allow proper enforcement of the permit by state and local law 2487 enforcement officers. If an F-4 permit is issued for all or a 2488 portion of the same premises for which another class of permit is 2489 issued, that permit holder's privileges will be suspended in that 2490 portion of the premises in which the F-4 permit is in effect. 2491 (D) No F-4 permit shall be effective for more than 2492 seventy-two consecutive hours. No sales or furnishing of wine 2493 shall take place under an F-4 permit after one a.m. 2494 (E) The division shall not issue more than six F-4 permits to 2495 the same not-for-profit association or corporation in any one 2496 calendar year. 2497 (F) An applicant for an F-4 permit shall apply for the permit 2498 not later than thirty days prior to the first day of the event for 2499

which the permit is sought. The application for the permit shall

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list all of the A-2 permit holders that will participate in the	2501
event for which the F-4 permit is sought. The fee for the F-4	2502
permit is sixty dollars per day.	2503
The division shall prepare and make available an F-4 permit	2504
application form and may require applicants for and holders of the	2505
F-4 permit to provide information that is in addition to that	2506
required by this section and that is necessary for the	2507
administration of this section.	2508
(G)(1) The holder of an F-4 permit is responsible for, and is	2509
subject to penalties for, any violations of this chapter or	2510
Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code or the rules adopted under this	2511
and that chapter.	2512
(2) An F-4 permit holder shall not allow an A-2 permit holder	2513
to participate in the event for which the F-4 permit is issued if	2514
the A-2 or A-1-A permit of that A-2 permit holder is under	2515
suspension.	2516
(3) The division may refuse to issue an F-4 permit to an	2517
applicant who has violated any provision of this chapter or	2518
Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code during the applicant's previous	2519
operation under an F-4 permit, for a period of up to two years	2520
after the date of the violation.	2521
(H)(1) Notwithstanding division $\frac{(E)(D)}{(D)}$ of section 4301.22 of	2522
the Revised Code, an A-2 permit holder that participates in an	2523
event for which an F-4 permit is issued may donate wine that it	2524
has manufactured to the holder of that F-4 permit. The holder of	2525
an F-4 permit may return unused and sealed containers of wine to	2526
the A-2 permit holder that donated the wine at the conclusion of	2527
the event for which the F-4 permit was issued.	2528
(2) The participation by an A-2 permit holder or its	2529
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employees in an event for which an F-4 permit is issued does not

violate section 4301.24 of the Revised Code.

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Sec. 4303.231. Permit W may be issued to a manufacturer or	2532
supplier of beer or intoxicating liquor to operate a warehouse for	2533
the storage of beer or intoxicating liquor within this state and	2534
to sell those products from the warehouse only to holders of B	2535
permits in this state and to other customers outside this state	2536
under rules <del>promulgated</del> <u>adopted</u> by the liquor control commission.	2537
Each holder of a B permit with a consent to import supplier	2538
registration on file with the division of liquor control may	2539
purchase beer or intoxicating liquor if designated by the permit	2540
to make those purchases, from the holder of a W permit. The fee	2541
for a W permit is one thousand five hundred sixty-three dollars	2542
for each warehouse during the year covered by the permit.	2543

Sec. 4303.24. All initial application fees prescribed by 2544 sections 4303.02 to 4303.23 of the Revised Code, shall be remitted 2545 to the division of liquor control when applications are filed. The 2546 pendency, priority, or validity of an application for a permit or 2547 <u>duplicate permit</u> received by the division <del>prior to or after</del> 2548 January 1, 1948 shall not be affected because the division did not 2549 issue the permit applied for or the applicant failed to appeal to 2550 the liquor control commission. If a permit is not issued within 2551 one hundred twenty days from the date of such remittance, such 2552 initial fee shall be returned to the applicant. Such return shall 2553 not affect the priority of the application in the municipal 2554 corporation or unincorporated area of a county exclusive of any 2555 municipal corporation, wherein the proposed permit premises are 2556 located. The 2557

The division, prior to the granting of the a permit or duplicate permit applied for, shall notify, by certified mail, the applicant or the applicant's authorized agent; and the. The applicant or the applicant's authorized agent shall, within thirty days after the mailing of such that notice, redeposit the required

fee, which shall include any fee increases that have occurred	2563
since the initial remission of the fee, with shall pay to the	2564
division the entire amount of the requisite permit fee required by	2565
sections 4303.02 to 4303.231 or, in the case of a duplicate	2566
permit, section 4303.30 of the Revised Code, if the permit or	2567
duplicate permit is issued during the first six months of the year	2568
the permit or duplicate permit covers, or one-half of the amount	2569
of the requisite permit fee, if the permit or duplicate permit is	2570
issued during the last six months of the year the permit or	2571
duplicate permit covers. If such the applicant fails to make such	2572
redeposit pay the applicable amount of that requisite permit fee	2573
within those thirty days, the division shall cancel the	2574
applicant's application shall be canceled. The procedure	2575
prescribed in this section for return of permit fees shall not	2576
apply to an application for renewal of a permit. All.	2577

All other fees shall be paid at such the time and in such the
manner as is prescribed by the division. The liquor control

commission may promulgate adopt rules requiring reports or returns
for the purpose of determining the amounts of additional permit

fees.

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Sec. 4303.25. No person by himself or herself personally or 2583 by the person's clerk, agent, or employee shall manufacture, 2584 manufacture for sale, offer, keep, or possess for sale, furnish or 2585 sell, or solicit the purchase or sale of any beer or intoxicating 2586 liquor in this state, or transport, or import, or cause to be 2587 transported or imported any beer, intoxicating liquor, or alcohol 2588 in or into this state for delivery, use, or sale, unless such the 2589 person has fully complied with Chapters this chapter and Chapter 2590 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code or is the holder of a permit 2591 issued by the division of liquor control and in force at the time. 2592

The superintendent of liquor control may adopt rules

requiring <del>persons</del> <u>a person</u> acting <del>in capacities only as sales</del>	2594
representatives as an agent, solicitor, or salesperson for a	2595
manufacturer, supplier, broker, or wholesale distributor, who	2596
solicit solicits permit holders authorized to deal in beer and	2597
intoxicating <del>liquors</del> <u>liquor</u> , to be registered with the division	2598
and may cite <del>for revocation such</del> the registrant to the liquor	2599
control commission for a violation of such chapters this chapter,	2600
Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code, or of the rules adopted by the	2601
commission or superintendent.	2602

Sec. 4303.27. Each permit issued under sections 4303.02 to 2603 4303.23 of the Revised Code, shall authorize the person named to 2604 carry on the business specified at the place or in the boat, 2605 vessel, or classes of dining car equipment described, and shall be 2606 issued for one year, or part thereof of one year, commencing on 2607 the day after the uniform expiration dates designated by the 2608 division of liquor control, or for the unexpired portion of such 2609 year, and no longer, subject to suspension, revocation, or 2610 cancellation as authorized or required by Chapters this chapter or 2611 Chapter 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code. Upon application by a 2612 permit holder, the superintendent of liquor control may expand 2613 during specified seasons of the year the premises for which the 2614 permit holder's permit was issued to include a premises 2615 immediately adjacent to the premises for which the permit was 2616 issued, so long as the immediately adjacent premises is under the 2617 permit holder's ownership and control and is located in an area 2618 where sales under the permit are not prohibited because of a local 2619 option election. Whenever the superintendent considers it 2620 advisable to cancel the unexpired portion of an outstanding permit 2621 in order that the permit may be issued on one of the uniform 2622 expiration dates designated by the superintendent, the 2623 superintendent shall refund credit to the holder a proportionate 2624 amount representing the unexpired portion of the permit year 2625

pursuant to section 4301.41 of the Revised Code. Such permit does	2626
not authorize the person named to carry on the business specified	2627
at any place or in any vehicle, boat, vessel, or class of dining	2628
car equipment other than that named, nor does it authorize any	2629
person other than the one named in such permit to carry on such	2630
that business at the place or in the vehicle, boat, vessel, or	2631
class of dining car equipment named, except pursuant to compliance	2632
with the rules and orders of the division governing the assignment	2633
and transfer of permits, and with the consent of the division. The	2634
holder of a G permit may substitute the name of another licensed	2635
pharmacist for that entered on the permit, subject to rules of the	2636
division.	2637

Chapters This chapter and Chapter 4301. and 4303. of the 2638 Revised Code do not prohibit the holder of an A, B, C, or D permit 2639 from making deliveries of beer or intoxicating liquor containing 2640 not more than twenty-one per cent of alcohol by volume, or 2641 prohibit the holder of an A or B permit from selling or 2642 distributing beer or intoxicating liquor to a person at a place 2643 outside this state, or prohibit the holder of any such a permit, 2644 or an H permit, from delivering any beer or intoxicating liquor so 2645 sold from a point in this state to a point outside this state. 2646

Sec. 4303.271. (A) Except as provided in divisions (B) and 2647 (D) of this section, the holder of a permit issued under sections 2648 4303.02 to 4303.23 of the Revised Code, who files an application 2649 for the renewal of the same class of permit for the same premises, 2650 shall be entitled to the renewal of the permit. The division of 2651 liquor control shall renew the permit unless the division rejects 2652 for good cause any renewal application, subject to the right of 2653 the applicant to appeal the rejection to the liquor control 2654 commission. 2655

(B) The legislative authority of the municipal corporation,

the board of township trustees, or the board of county	2657
commissioners of the county in which a permit premises is located	2658
may object to the renewal of a permit issued under sections	2659
4303.11 to 4303.183 of the Revised Code for any of the reasons	2660
contained in division (A) of section 4303.292 of the Revised Code.	2661
Any objection shall be made no later than thirty days prior to the	2662
expiration of the permit, and the department division shall accept	2663
the objection if it is postmarked no later than thirty days prior	2664
to the expiration of the permit. The objection shall be made by a	2665
resolution specifying the reasons for objecting to the renewal and	2666
requesting a hearing, but no objection shall be based upon	2667
noncompliance of the permit premises with local zoning regulations	2668
which that prohibit the sale of beer or intoxicating liquor in an	2669
area zoned for commercial or industrial uses, for a permit	2670
premises that would otherwise qualify for a proper permit issued	2671
by the division. The resolution shall be accompanied by a	2672
statement by the chief legal officer of the political subdivision	2673
that, in the chief legal officer's opinion, the objection is based	2674
upon substantial legal grounds within the meaning and intent of	2675
division (A) of section 4303.292 of the Revised Code.	2676

Upon receipt of a resolution of a legislative authority or 2677 board objecting to the renewal of a permit and a statement from 2678 the <u>chief</u> legal officer, the division shall set a time for the 2679 hearing and send by certified mail to the permit holder, at the 2680 permit holder's usual place of business, a copy of the resolution 2681 and notice of the hearing. The division shall then hold a hearing 2682 in the central office of the division, except that, upon written 2683 request of the legislative authority or board, the hearing shall 2684 be held in the county seat of the county in which the permit 2685 premises is located, to determine whether the renewal shall be 2686 denied for any of the reasons contained in division (A) of section 2687 4303.292 of the Revised Code. Only the reasons for refusal 2688 contained in division (A) of section 4303.292 of the Revised Code 2689 and specified in the resolution of objection shall be considered 2690 at the hearing.

The permit holder and the objecting legislative authority or 2692 board shall be parties to the proceedings under this section and 2693 shall have the right to be present, to be represented by counsel, 2694 to offer evidence, to require the attendance of witnesses, and to 2695 cross-examine witnesses at the hearing.

- (C) An application for renewal of a permit shall be filed 2697 with the division at least fifteen days prior to the expiration of 2698 an existing permit, and the existing permit shall continue in 2699 effect as provided in section 119.06 of the Revised Code until the 2700 application is approved or rejected by the division. Any holder of 2701 a permit, which has expired through failure to be renewed as 2702 provided in this section, shall obtain a renewal of the permit, 2703 upon filing an application for renewal with the division, at any 2704 time within thirty days from the date of the expired permit. A 2705 penalty of ten per cent of the permit fee shall be paid by the 2706 permit holder if the application for renewal is not filed at least 2707 fifteen days prior to the expiration of the permit. 2708
- (D)(1) Annually, beginning in 1988, the tax commissioner 2709 shall cause the sales and withholding tax records in the 2710 department of taxation for each holder of a permit issued under 2711 sections 4303.02 to 4303.23 of the Revised Code to be examined to 2712 determine if the permit holder is delinquent in filing any sales 2713 or withholding tax returns or has any outstanding liability for 2714 sales or withholding tax, penalties, or interest imposed pursuant 2715 to Chapter 5739. or sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the Revised 2716 Code. If any delinquency or liability exists, the commissioner 2717 shall send a notice of that fact by certified mail, return receipt 2718 requested, to the permit holder at the mailing address shown in 2719 the records of the department. The notice shall specify, in as 2720 much detail as is possible, the periods for which returns have not 2721

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been filed and the nature and amount of unpaid assessments and	2722
other liabilities and shall be sent on or before the first day of	2723
the third month preceding the month in which the permit expires.	2724
The commissioner also shall notify the division of liquor control	2725
of the delinquency or liability, identifying the permit holder by	2726
name and permit number.	2727

- (2)(a) Except as provided in division (D)(4) of this section, the division of liquor control shall not renew the permit of any permit holder the tax commissioner has identified as being delinquent in filing any sales or withholding tax returns or as being liable for outstanding sales or withholding tax, penalties, or interest as of the first day of the sixth month preceding the month in which the permit expires, or of any permit holder the commissioner has identified as having been assessed by the department on or before the first day of the third month preceding the month in which the permit expires, until the division is notified by the tax commissioner that the delinquency, liability, or assessment has been resolved.
- (b)(i) Within ninety days after the date on which the permit 2740 expires, any permit holder whose permit is not renewed under this 2741 division may file an appeal with the liquor control commission. 2742 The commission shall notify the tax commissioner regarding the 2743 filing of any such appeal. During the period in which the appeal 2744 is pending, the permit shall not be renewed by the division. The 2745 permit shall be reinstated if the permit holder and the tax 2746 commissioner or the attorney general demonstrate to the liquor 2747 control commission that the commissioner's notification of a 2748 delinquency or assessment was in error or that the issue of the 2749 delinquency or assessment has been resolved. 2750
- (ii) A permit holder who has filed an appeal under division 2751
   (D)(2)(b)(i) of this section may file a motion to withdraw the 2752
   appeal. The division of liquor control may renew a permit holder's 2753

permit if the permit holder has withdrawn such an appeal and the 2754 division receives written certification from the tax commissioner 2755 that the permit holder's delinquency or assessment has been 2756 resolved.

- (3) A permit holder notified of delinquency or liability 2758 under this section may protest the notification to the tax 2759 commissioner on the basis that no returns are delinquent and no 2760 tax, penalties, or interest is outstanding. The commissioner shall 2761 expeditiously consider any evidence submitted by the permit holder 2762 and, if it is determined that the notification was in error, 2763 immediately shall inform the division of liquor control that the 2764 renewal application may be granted. The renewal shall not be 2765 denied if the delinquency or unreported liability is the subject 2766 of a bona fide dispute pursuant to section 5717.02, 5717.04, 2767 5739.13, or 5747.13 of the Revised Code. 2768
- (4) If the commissioner concludes that under the 2769 circumstances the permit holder's delinquency or liability has 2770 been conditionally resolved, the commissioner shall allow the 2771 permit to be renewed, conditioned upon the permit holder's 2772 continuing performance in satisfying the delinquency and 2773 liability. The conditional nature of the renewal shall be 2774 specified in the notification given to the division of liquor 2775 control under division (D)(1) of this section. Upon receipt of 2776 notice of the resolution, the division shall issue a conditional 2777 renewal. If the taxpayer defaults on any agreement to pay the 2778 delinquency or liability or fails to keep subsequent tax payments 2779 current, the liquor control commission, upon request and proof of 2780 the default or failure to keep subsequent tax payments current, 2781 shall indefinitely suspend the permit holder's permit until all 2782 taxes and interest due are paid. 2783
- (5) The commissioner may adopt rules to assist in administering the duties imposed by this section.

Sec. 4303.292. (A) The division of liquor control may refuse	2786
to issue, transfer the ownership of, or renew, and shall refuse to	2787
transfer the location of, any retail permit issued under this	2788
chapter if it finds <u>either of the following</u> :	2789
(1) That the applicant, $or$ any partner, member, officer,	2790
director, or manager <del>thereof</del> <u>of the applicant</u> , or <u>, if the</u>	2791
applicant is a corporation or limited liability company, any	2792
shareholder owning <del>ten</del> <u>five</u> per cent or more of <del>its</del> <u>the</u>	2793
applicant's capital stock in the corporation or any member owning	2794
five per cent or more of either the voting interests or membership	2795
interests in the limited liability company:	2796
(a) Has been convicted at any time of a crime which that	2797
relates to fitness to operate a liquor establishment;	2798
(b) Has operated liquor permit businesses in a manner that	2799
demonstrates a disregard for the laws, regulations, or local	2800
ordinances of this state or any other state;	2801
(c) Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the	2802
division for a permit; <u>or</u>	2803
(d) Is in the habit of using alcoholic beverages or dangerous	2804
drugs to excess, or is addicted to the use of narcotics.	2805
(2) That the place for which the permit is sought:	2806
(a) Does not conform to the building, safety, or health	2807
requirements of the governing body of the county or municipality	2808
municipal corporation in which the place is located. As used in	2809
division (A)(2)(a) of this section, "building, safety, or health	2810
requirements" does not include local zoning ordinances. The	2811
validity of local zoning regulations shall not be affected by this	2812
section.	2813
(b) Is so constructed or arranged that law enforcement	2814

officers and duly authorized agents of the division are prevented

from reasonable access to rooms within which beer or intoxicating	2816
liquor is to be sold or consumed $\pm i$	2817
(c) Is so located with respect to the neighborhood that	2818
substantial interference with public decency, sobriety, peace, or	2819
good order would result from the issuance, renewal, transfer of	2820
location, or transfer of ownership of the permit and operation	2821
thereunder under it by the applicant-; or	2822
(d) Has been declared a nuisance pursuant to Chapter 3767. of	2823
the Revised Code since the time of the most recent issuance,	2824
renewal, or transfer of ownership or location of the liquor	2825
permit.	2826
(B) The division of liquor control may refuse to issue or	2827
transfer the ownership of, and shall refuse to transfer the	2828
location of, any retail permit issued under this chapter if it	2829
finds <u>either of the following</u> :	2830
(1) That the place for which the permit is sought is so	2831
situated with respect to any school, church, library, public	2832
playground, or hospital that the operation of the liquor	2833
establishment will substantially and adversely affect or interfere	2834
with the normal, orderly conduct of the affairs of those	2835
facilities or institutions- <u>;</u>	2836
(2) That the number of permits already existent in the	2837
neighborhood is such that the issuance or transfer of location of	2838
a permit would be detrimental to and substantially interfere with	2839
the morals, safety, or welfare of the public <del>, and, in. In</del> reaching	2840
a conclusion in this respect, the division shall consider, in	2841
light of the purposes of this chapter and Chapters 4301., 4303.,	2842
and 4399. of the Revised Code, the character and population of the	2843
neighborhood, the number and location of similar permits in the	2844
neighborhood, the number and location of all other permits in the	2845

neighborhood, and the effect the issuance or transfer of location

of a permit would have on the neighborhood. 2847 (C) The division of liquor control shall not transfer the 2848 location or transfer the ownership and location of a permit under 2849 division (B)(3)(b) of section 4303.29 of the Revised Code unless 2850 the permit is transferred to an economic development project. 2851 (D) The division of liquor control shall refuse to issue, 2852 renew, transfer the ownership of, or transfer the location of a 2853 retail permit under this chapter if the applicant is or has been 2854 convicted of a violation of division (C)(1) of section 2913.46 of 2855 the Revised Code. 2856 (E) The division of liquor control shall refuse to transfer 2857 the ownership of or transfer the location of a retail permit under 2858 this chapter while criminal proceedings are pending against the 2859 holder of the permit for a violation of division (C)(1) of section 2860 2913.46 of the Revised Code. The department of job and family 2861 services public safety shall notify the division of liquor control 2862 whenever criminal proceedings have commenced for a violation of 2863 division (C)(1) of section 2913.46 of the Revised Code. 2864 (F) The division of liquor control shall refuse to issue, 2865 renew, or transfer the ownership or location of a retail permit 2866 under this chapter if the applicant has been found to be 2867 maintaining a nuisance under section 3767.05 of the Revised Code 2868 at the premises for which the issuance, renewal, or transfer of 2869 ownership or location of the retail permit is sought. 2870 Sec. 4303.293. (A) Any person making application concerning a 2871 permit to conduct a business for which a permit is required under 2872 this chapter shall list on the application the name and address of 2873 each person having a legal or beneficial interest in the ownership 2874 of the business, including contracts for purchase on an 2875 installment basis. If any person is a corporation or limited 2876

liability company, the applicant shall list the names of each

officer of the corporation and; the names of each officer of the	2878
limited liability company, if the limited liability company has	2879
officers, and the names of the managing members of the company or	2880
the managers of the company, if the management of the company is	2881
not reserved to its members; the names of each person owning or	2882
controlling <del>ten</del> <u>five</u> per cent or more of <u>the capital stock of</u> the	2883
corporation; if and the names of each person owning or controlling	2884
five per cent or more of either the voting interests or membership	2885
interests in the limited liability company. If any person is a	2886
partnership or association, the applicant shall list the names of	2887
each partner or member of the association. Any person having a	2888
legal or beneficial interest in the ownership of the business,	2889
other than a bank as defined in section 1101.01 of the Revised	2890
Code or a building and loan association as defined in section	2891
1151.01 of the Revised Code, shall notify the division of liquor	2892
control of the interest <del>in such ownership</del> , including contracts for	2893
purchase on an installment basis, occurring after the application	2894
for, or the issuance of, the permit. Such The notification shall	2895
be given within fifteen days of the change. Whenever the person to	2896
whom a permit has been issued is a corporation or limited	2897
<u>liability company</u> and any transfer of that corporation's stock <u>or</u>	2898
that limited liability company's membership interests is proposed	2899
such that, following the transfer, the owner of the majority or	2900
plurality of shares of stock in the corporation would change or	2901
the owner of the majority or plurality of the limited liability	2902
company's membership interests would change, such the proposed	2903
transfer of stock <u>or membership interests</u> shall be considered a	2904
proposed transfer of ownership of the permit, and application	2905
shall be made to the division of liquor control for a transfer of	2906
ownership. The application shall be subject to the notice and	2907
hearing requirements of section 4303.26 of the Revised Code and to	2908
the restrictions imposed by section 4303.29 and division (A)(1) of	2909
section 4303.292 of the Revised Code.	2910

(B)	Whoever	violates	this	section	is	guilty	of	а	misdemeanor	2911
of the f	first deg	ree.								2912

Sec. 4303.30. The rights granted by any D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, 2913 D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, 2914 or D-6 permit shall be exercised at not more than two fixed 2915 counters, commonly known as bars, in rooms or places on the permit 2916 premises, where beer, mixed beverages, wine, or spirituous liquor 2917 is sold to the public for consumption on the premises. For each 2918 additional fixed counter on the permit premises where those 2919 beverages are sold for consumption on the premises, the permit 2920 holder shall obtain a duplicate D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, 2921 D-5a, D-5b, D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, or D-6 2922 permit. 2923

The holder of any D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, 2924 D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, or D-6 permit shall be 2925 granted, upon application to the division of liquor control, a 2926 duplicate D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5e, D-5f, 2927 D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, or D-6 permit for each additional 2928 fixed counter on the permit premises at which beer, mixed 2929 beverages, wine, or spirituous liquor is sold for consumption on 2930 the premises, provided the application is made in the same manner 2931 as an application for an original permit. The application shall be 2932 identified with DUPLICATE printed on the permit application form 2933 furnished by the department, in boldface type. The application 2934 shall identify by name, or otherwise amply describe, the room or 2935 place on the premises where the duplicate permit is to be 2936 operative. Each duplicate permit shall be issued only to the same 2937 individual, firm, or corporation as that of the original permit 2938 and shall be an exact duplicate in size and word content as the 2939 original permit, except that it shall show on it the name or other 2940 ample identification of the room, or place, for which it is issued 2941 and shall have DUPLICATE printed on it in boldface type. A 2942

duplicate permit shall bear the same number as the original	2943
permit. The fee for a duplicate permit is: D-1, one hundred	2944
dollars; D-2, one hundred dollars; D-3, four hundred dollars;	2945
D-3a, four hundred dollars; D-4, two hundred dollars; D-5, one	2946
thousand dollars; D-5a, one thousand dollars; D-5b, one thousand	2947
dollars; D-5c, four hundred dollars; D-5e, six hundred fifty	2948
dollars; D-5f, one thousand dollars; D-6, one hundred dollars when	2949
issued to the holder of a D-4a permit; and in all other cases one	2950
hundred dollars or an amount which is twenty per cent of the fees	2951
payable for the A-1-A, D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5e,	2952
D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, and D-6 permits issued to the	2953
same premises, whichever is higher. Application for a duplicate	2954
permit may be filed any time during the life of an original	2955
permit. The fee for each duplicate D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5,	2956
D-5a, D-5b, D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, or D-6	2957
permit shall accompany the application for each such duplicate	2958
permit be paid in accordance with section 4303.24 of the Revised	2959
Code.	2960

Sec. 4399.02. The owner of a building or premises, and the 2961 person renting or leasing them who know, if the owner or person 2962 knows that intoxicating liquors are to be sold therein in the 2963 building or premises in violation of law, or, having leased them 2964 for other purposes, who knowingly permit intoxicating liquors to 2965 be sold therein which cause the intoxication, in whole or in part, 2966 of a person described in section 4399.01 of the Revised Code, 2967 shall be liable is severally or jointly <u>liable</u> with the person 2968 selling or giving such the intoxicating liquors for all damages 2969 sustained, as well as exemplary damages. 2970

sec. 4399.04. Fines, costs, and damages assessed against a 2971
person in consequence of the sale of intoxicating liquors, as 2972
provided in sections 4399.01 4399.02 to 4399.08 of the Revised 2973

Code, and the penal statutes relating thereto to the sale, shall	2974
be a lien upon the real estate of the person. The real estate and	2975
personal property of the person shall be liable to execution for	2976
the fines, costs, and damages without exception or exemption,	2977
except <del>such</del> <u>for</u> personal property <del>as</del> <u>that</u> is exempt by law.	2978

Sec. 4399.07. All damages recovered by a minor under sections 2979 4399.01 4399.02 to 4399.08, inclusive, of the Revised Code, shall 2980 be paid either to such the minor, or to his the minor's parent, 2981 guardian, or next friend, as the court directs. 2982

Sec. 4399.08. A suit for damages under sections 4399.01

4399.02 to 4399.08, inclusive, of the Revised Code, shall be by a civil action in any court having jurisdiction thereof over the action.

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Sec. 4399.18. Notwithstanding division (A) of section 2307.60 2987 of the Revised Code and except as otherwise provided in this 2988 section and in section 4399.01 of the Revised Code, no person, and 2989 no executor or administrator of the person, who suffers personal 2990 injury, death, or property damage as a result of the actions of an 2991 intoxicated person has a cause of action against any liquor permit 2992 holder or an employee of a liquor permit holder who sold beer or 2993 intoxicating liquor to the intoxicated person unless the personal 2994 injury, death, or property damage occurred on the permit holder's 2995 premises or in a parking lot under the control of the permit 2996 holder and was proximately caused by the negligence of the permit 2997 holder or an employee of the permit holder. A person has a cause 2998 of action against a permit holder or an employee of a permit 2999 holder for personal injury, death, or property damage caused by 3000 the negligent actions of an intoxicated person occurring off the 3001 premises or away from a parking lot under the permit holder's 3002 control only when both of the following can be shown by a 3003

preponderance of the evidence:	3004
(A) The permit holder or an employee of the permit holder	3005
knowingly sold an intoxicating beverage to at least one of the	3006
following:	3007
(1) A noticeably intoxicated person in violation of division	3008
(B) of section 4301.22 of the Revised Code;	3009
(2) A person in violation of division (C) of section 4301.22	3010
of the Revised Code;	3011
(3) A person in violation of section 4301.69 of the Revised	3012
Code.	3013
(B) The person's intoxication proximately caused the personal	3014
injury, death, or property damage.	3015
Notwithstanding sections 4399.02 and 4399.05 of the Revised	3016
Code, no person, and no executor or administrator of the person,	3017
who suffers personal injury, death, or property damage as a result	3018
of the actions of an intoxicated person has a cause of action	3019
against the owner of a building or premises who rents or leases	3020
the building or premises to a liquor permit holder against whom a	3021
cause of action may be brought under this section, except when the	3022
owner and the permit holder are the same person.	3023
<b>Section 2.</b> That existing sections 109.572, 121.08, 307.697,	3024
351.26, 924.51, 1333.83, 2933.41, 4301.07, 4301.10, 4301.19,	3025
4301.20, 4301.22, 4301.24, 4301.29, 4301.30, 4301.39, 4301.41,	3026
4301.424, 4301.99, 4303.03, 4303.07, 4303.09, 4303.181, 4303.203,	3027
4303.204, 4303.231, 4303.24, 4303.25, 4303.27, 4303.271, 4303.292,	3028
4303.293, 4303.30, 4399.02, 4399.04, 4399.07, 4399.08, and 4399.18	3029
and section 4399.01 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	3030
Section 3. Section 307.697 of the Revised Code is presented	3031
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by Am. Sub.	3032

H.B. 239, Am. Sub. S.B. 162, and Am. Sub. S.B. 188 of the 121st	3033
General Assembly. Section 4301.20 of the Revised Code is presented	3034
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am.	3035
Sub. S.B. 149 and Am. Sub. S.B. 162 of the 121st General Assembly.	3036
Section 4301.99 of the Revised Code is presented in this act as a	3037
composite of the section as amended by both Am. Sub. H.B. 17 and	3038
Am. Sub. S.B. 123 of the 124th General Assembly. Sections 4303.24	3039
and 4303.293 of the Revised Code are presented in this act as	3040
composites of the sections as amended by both Am. Sub. S.B. 149	3041
and Am. Sub. S.B. 162 of the 121st General Assembly. The General	3042
Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of section	3043
1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if	3044
reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the	3045
composite versions of these sections are the resulting versions of	3046
the sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections	3047
as presented in this act.	3048