As Reported by the Senate Agriculture Committee

125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 306

Representatives Wolpert, Aslanides, Barrett, Carmichael, Collier, DeBose, C. Evans, Flowers, Key, Martin, T. Patton, Price, S. Smith, D. Stewart, Woodard, Yates

A BILL

То	amend sections 109.572, 121.08, 307.697, 351.26,	1
	924.51, 1333.83, 2933.41, 4301.07, 4301.10,	2
	4301.19, 4301.20, 4301.22, 4301.24, 4301.29,	3
	4301.30, 4301.39, 4301.41, 4301.424, 4301.99,	4
	4303.03, 4303.07, 4303.09, 4303.181, 4303.203,	5
	4303.204, 4303.231, 4303.24, 4303.25, 4303.27,	б
	4303.271, 4303.292, 4303.293, 4303.30, 4399.02,	7
	4399.04, 4399.07, 4399.08, and 4399.18, to enact	8
	section 4301.77, and to repeal section 4399.01 of	9
	the Revised Code to eliminate the authority of the	10
	Division of Liquor Control to order liquor permit	11
	holders to stop selling intoxicating liquor to	12
	certain persons; to authorize the Division to	13
	share social security numbers with other state or	14
	local law enforcement agencies for specific	15
	purposes; to authorize the Department of Commerce	16
	or, if acting with authorization on the	17
	Department's behalf, the Division to seek BCII or	18
	FBI criminal records checks for certain	19
	individuals associated with the issuance or	20
	transfer of permits, licenses, or certifications;	21
	to modify provisions relating to the annual permit	22
	fees for A-2, B-2, and B-4 permit holders; to	23

change the name of the out-of-state supplier	24
"consent to import"; to change the registration	25
fee for agents, solicitors, and sales persons of	26
beer or intoxicating liquor manufacturers,	27
suppliers, brokers, or wholesale distributors to a	28
biennial fee; to revise the deadline for paying a	29
permit fee when a person applies for a liquor	30
permit; to change provisions that require the	31
disclosure of shareholders of or holders of	32
membership interests in a corporation or limited	33
liability company applying for a liquor permit; to	34
correct references to the "Department of Liquor	35
Control" and "Director of Liquor Control;" to	36
change the manner in which beer, intoxicating	37
liquor, and alcohol seized by a law enforcement	38
agency is disposed of; to revise when duplicate	39
permit fees are paid; to change the qualifications	40
for issuance of the D-5a and D-5i permits; and to	41
revise other provisions of the Liquor Control Law.	42

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.572, 121.08, 307.697, 351.26, 43 924.51, 1333.83, 2933.41, 4301.07, 4301.10, 4301.19, 4301.20, 44 4301.22, 4301.24, 4301.29, 4301.30, 4301.39, 4301.41, 4301.424, 45 4301.99, 4303.03, 4303.07, 4303.09, 4303.181, 4303.203, 4303.204, 46 4303.231, 4303.24, 4303.25, 4303.27, 4303.271, 4303.292, 4303.293, 47 4303.30, 4399.02, 4399.04, 4399.07, 4399.08, and 4399.18 be 48 amended and section 4301.77 of the Revised Code be enacted to read 49 50 as follows:

Sec. 109.572. (A)(1) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to 51 section <u>121.08</u>, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 5104.012, 52

5104.013, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code, a completed form 53 prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set 54 of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 55 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau 56 of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a 57 criminal records check in the manner described in division (B) of 58 this section to determine whether any information exists that 59 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 60 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the 61 following: 62

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 63 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 64 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 65 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 66 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 67 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 68 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 69 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious sexual 70 penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised 71 Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it 72 existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section 2919.23 of 73 the Revised Code that would have been a violation of section 74 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, 75 had the violation been committed prior to that date, or a 76 violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a 77 minor drug possession offense; 78

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this state, 79
any other state, or the United States that is substantially 80
equivalent to any of the offenses listed in division (A)(1)(a) of 81
this section. 82

(2) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 5123.081 of 83

84 the Revised Code with respect to an applicant for employment in 85 any position with the department of mental retardation and 86 developmental disabilities, pursuant to section 5126.28 of the 87 Revised Code with respect to an applicant for employment in any 88 position with a county board of mental retardation and 89 developmental disabilities, or pursuant to section 5126.281 of the 90 Revised Code with respect to an applicant for employment in a 91 direct services position with an entity contracting with a county 92 board for employment, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 93 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 94 impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of 95 this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 96 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal records 97 check. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check 98 in the manner described in division (B) of this section to 99 determine whether any information exists that indicates that the 100 person who is the subject of the request has been convicted of or 101 pleaded guilty to any of the following:

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 102 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 103 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.04, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 104 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.21, 105 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 106 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 107 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, or 108 3716.11 of the Revised Code; 109

(b) An existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this
state, any other state, or the United States that is substantially
equivalent to any of the offenses listed in division (A)(2)(a) of
this section.

(3) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 173.41, 1143712.09, 3721.121, or 3722.151 of the Revised Code, a completed 115

116 form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a 117 set of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 118 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau 119 of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a 120 criminal records check with respect to any person who has applied 121 for employment in a position that involves providing direct care 122 to an older adult. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal 123 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 124 section to determine whether any information exists that indicates 125 that the person who is the subject of the request previously has 126 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 127 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 128 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, 129 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31, 130 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 131 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 2913.21, 132 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.25, 2921.36, 133 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.13, 134 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code; 135

(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state, 136
or the United States that is substantially equivalent to any of 137
the offenses listed in division (A)(3)(a) of this section. 138

(4) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3701.881 of 139 the Revised Code with respect to an applicant for employment with 140 a home health agency as a person responsible for the care, 141 custody, or control of a child, a completed form prescribed 142 pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of 143 fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 144 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau 145 of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a 146 criminal records check. The superintendent shall conduct the 147

criminal records check in the manner described in division (B) of this section to determine whether any information exists that indicates that the person who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 153 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 154 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.04, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 155 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.21, 156 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 157 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 158 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 159 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code or a 160 violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a 161 minor drug possession offense; 162

(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state, 163
or the United States that is substantially equivalent to any of 164
the offenses listed in division (A)(4)(a) of this section. 165

(5) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 5111.95 or 166 5111.96 of the Revised Code with respect to an applicant for 167 employment with a waiver agency participating in a department of 168 job and family services administered home and community-based 169 waiver program or an independent provider participating in a 170 department administered home and community-based waiver program in 171 a position that involves providing home and community-based waiver 172 services to consumers with disabilities, a completed form 173 prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set 174 of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 175 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau 176 of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a 177 criminal records check. The superintendent shall conduct the 178 criminal records check in the manner described in division (B) of 179

180 this section to determine whether any information exists that 181 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 182 previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to any of the 183 following:

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 184 2903.04, 2903.041, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 185 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 186 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 187 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 188 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 189 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 190 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.12, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2921.36, 191 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 192 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the 193 Revised Code, felonious sexual penetration in violation of former 194 section 2907.12 of the Revised Code, a violation of section 195 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a 196 violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have 197 been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it 198 existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been committed 199 prior to that date; 200

(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state, 201 or the United States that is substantially equivalent to any of 202 the offenses listed in division (A)(5)(a) of this section. 203

(6) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3701.881 of 204 the Revised Code with respect to an applicant for employment with 205 a home health agency in a position that involves providing direct 206 care to an older adult, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 207 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 208 impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of 209 this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 210 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal records 211

check. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check212in the manner described in division (B) of this section to213determine whether any information exists that indicates that the214person who is the subject of the request previously has been215convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:216

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 217 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 218 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, 219 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31, 220 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 221 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 2913.21, 222 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2919.25, 2921.36, 223 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.13, 224 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code; 225

(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state, 226
or the United States that is substantially equivalent to any of 227
the offenses listed in division (A)(6)(a) of this section. 228

(7) When conducting a criminal records check upon a request 229 pursuant to section 3319.39 of the Revised Code for an applicant 230 who is a teacher, in addition to the determination made under 231 division (A)(1) of this section, the superintendent shall 232 determine whether any information exists that indicates that the 233 person who is the subject of the request previously has been 234 convicted of or pleaded guilty to any offense specified in section 235 3319.31 of the Revised Code. 236

(8) When conducting a criminal records check on a request 237 pursuant to section 2151.86 of the Revised Code for a person who 238 is a prospective foster caregiver or who is eighteen years old or 239 older and resides in the home of a prospective foster caregiver, 240 the superintendent, in addition to the determination made under 241 division (A)(1) of this section, shall determine whether any 242

information exists that indicates that the person has been 243 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of <u>any of the</u> 245 following: 245

(a) Section 2909.02 or 2909.03 of the Revised Code;

(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state, 247
or the United States that is substantially equivalent to section 248
2909.02 or 2909.03 of the Revised Code. 249

(9) Not later than thirty days after the date the 250 superintendent receives the request, completed form, and 251 fingerprint impressions, the superintendent shall send the person, 252 board, or entity that made the request any information, other than 253 information the dissemination of which is prohibited by federal 254 law, the superintendent determines exists with respect to the 255 person who is the subject of the request that indicates that the 256 person previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any 257 offense listed or described in division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), 258 (5), (6), (7), or (8) of this section, as appropriate. The 259 superintendent shall send the person, board, or entity that made 260 the request a copy of the list of offenses specified in division 261 (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) of this section, as 262 appropriate. If the request was made under section 3701.881 of the 263 Revised Code with regard to an applicant who may be both 264 responsible for the care, custody, or control of a child and 265 involved in providing direct care to an older adult, the 266 superintendent shall provide a list of the offenses specified in 267 divisions (A)(4) and (6) of this section. 268

(B) The superintendent shall conduct any criminal records
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(1) The superintendent shall review or cause to be reviewed 274 any relevant information gathered and compiled by the bureau under 275 division (A) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code that relates to 276 the person who is the subject of the request, including any 277 relevant information contained in records that have been sealed 278 under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code; 279

(2) If the request received by the superintendent asks for
information from the federal bureau of investigation, the
superintendent shall request from the federal bureau of
investigation any information it has with respect to the person
who is the subject of the request and shall review or cause to be
who is the superintendent he superintendent receives from that
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(3) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee may
request criminal history records from other states of the federal
government pursuant to the national crime prevention and privacy
compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code.
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(C)(1) The superintendent shall prescribe a form to obtain 291 the information necessary to conduct a criminal records check from 292 any person for whom a criminal records check is required by 293 section 121.08, 173.41, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 294 3701.881, 3712.09, 3721.121, 3722.151, 5104.012, 5104.013, 295 5111.95, 5111.96, 5123.081, 5126.28, 5126.281, or 5153.111 of the 296 Revised Code. The form that the superintendent prescribes pursuant 297 to this division may be in a tangible format, in an electronic 298 format, or in both tangible and electronic formats. 299

(2) The superintendent shall prescribe standard impression 300 sheets to obtain the fingerprint impressions of any person for 301 whom a criminal records check is required by section <u>121.08</u>, 302 173.41, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 3712.09, 303 3721.121, 3722.151, 5104.012, 5104.013, 5111.95, 5111.96, 304

5123.081, 5126.28, 5126.281, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code. Any 305 person for whom a records check is required by any of those 306 sections shall obtain the fingerprint impressions at a county 307 sheriff's office, municipal police department, or any other entity 308 with the ability to make fingerprint impressions on the standard 309 impression sheets prescribed by the superintendent. The office, 310 department, or entity may charge the person a reasonable fee for 311 making the impressions. The standard impression sheets the 312 superintendent prescribes pursuant to this division may be in a 313 tangible format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible and 314 electronic formats. 315 (3) Subject to division (D) of this section, the 316 superintendent shall prescribe and charge a reasonable fee for 317 providing a criminal records check requested under section <u>121.08</u>, 318 173.41, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 3712.09, 319 3721.121, 3722.151, 5104.012, 5104.013, 5111.95, 5111.96, 320 5123.081, 5126.28, 5126.281, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code. The 321 person making a criminal records request under section <u>121.08</u>, 322 173.41, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 3712.09, 323 3721.121, 3722.151, 5104.012, 5104.013, 5111.95, 5111.96, 324 5123.081, 5126.28, 5126.281, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code shall 325 pay the fee prescribed pursuant to this division. A person making 326 a request under section 3701.881 of the Revised Code for a 327

criminal records check for an applicant who may be both 328 responsible for the care, custody, or control of a child and 329 involved in providing direct care to an older adult shall pay one 330 fee for the request. 331

(4) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal
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identification and investigation may prescribe methods of
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forwarding fingerprint impressions and information necessary to
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conduct a criminal records check, which methods shall include, but
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not be limited to, an electronic method.

(D) A determination whether any information exists that 337 indicates that a person previously has been convicted of or 338 pleaded quilty to any offense listed or described in division 339 (A)(1)(a) or (b), (A)(2)(a) or (b), (A)(3)(a) or (b), (A)(4)(a) or 340 (b), (A)(5)(a) or (b), (A)(6), (A)(7)(a) or (b), or (A)(8)(a) or 341 (b) of this section that is made by the superintendent with 342 respect to information considered in a criminal records check in 343 accordance with this section is valid for the person who is the 344 subject of the criminal records check for a period of one year 345 from the date upon which the superintendent makes the 346 determination. During the period in which the determination in 347 regard to a person is valid, if another request under this section 348 is made for a criminal records check for that person, the 349 superintendent shall provide the information that is the basis for 350 the superintendent's initial determination at a lower fee than the 351 fee prescribed for the initial criminal records check. 352

(E) As used in this section:

(1) "Criminal records check" means any criminal records check
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 conducted by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal
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 identification and investigation in accordance with division (B)
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 of this section.

(2) "Home and community-based waiver services" and "waiver 358 agency" have the same meanings as in section 5111.95 of the 359 Revised Code.

(3) "Independent provider" has the same meaning as in section 3615111.96 of the Revised Code. 362

(4) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning as363in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.364

(5) "Older adult" means a person age sixty or older. 365

Sec. 121.08. (A) There is hereby created in the department of 366

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commerce the position of deputy director of administration. This 367 officer shall be appointed by the director of commerce, serve 368 under the director's direction, supervision, and control, perform 369 such the duties as the director prescribes, and hold office during 370 the director's pleasure. The director of commerce may designate an 371 assistant director of commerce to serve as the deputy director of 372 administration. The deputy director of administration shall 373 perform such the duties as are prescribed by the director of 374 375 commerce in supervising the activities of the division of administration of the department of commerce. 376

(B) Except as provided in section 121.07 of the Revised Code, 377 the department of commerce shall have all powers and perform all 378 duties vested in the deputy director of administration, the state 379 fire marshal, the superintendent of financial institutions, the 380 superintendent of real estate and professional licensing, the 381 superintendent of liquor control, the superintendent of the 382 division of industrial compliance, the superintendent of labor and 383 worker safety, and the commissioner of securities, and shall have 384 all powers and perform all duties vested by law in all officers, 385 deputies, and employees of such those offices. Except as provided 386 in section 121.07 of the Revised Code, wherever powers are 387 conferred or duties imposed upon any of such those officers, such 388 the powers and duties shall be construed as vested in the 389 department of commerce. 390

(C)(1) There is hereby created in the department of commerce 391 a division of financial institutions, which shall have all powers 392 and perform all duties vested by law in the superintendent of 393 financial institutions. Wherever powers are conferred or duties 394 imposed upon the superintendent of financial institutions, such 395 those powers and duties shall be construed as vested in the 396 division of financial institutions. The division of financial 397 institutions shall be administered by a superintendent of 398

financial institutions.

(2) All provisions of law governing the superintendent of 400 financial institutions shall apply to and govern the 401 superintendent of financial institutions provided for in this 402 section; all authority vested by law in the superintendent of 403 financial institutions with respect to the management of the 404 division of financial institutions shall be construed as vested in 405 the superintendent of financial institutions created by this 406 section with respect to the division of financial institutions 407 provided for in this section; and all rights, privileges, and 408 emoluments conferred by law upon the superintendent of financial 409 institutions shall be construed as conferred upon the 410 superintendent of financial institutions as head of the division 411 of financial institutions. The director of commerce shall not 412 transfer from the division of financial institutions any of the 413 functions specified in division (C)(2) of this section. 414

(D) Beginning on July 1, 1997, there There is hereby created 415 in the department of commerce a division of liquor control, which 416 shall have all powers and perform all duties vested by law in the 417 superintendent of liquor control. Wherever powers are conferred or 418 duties are imposed upon the superintendent of liquor control, 419 those powers and duties shall be construed as vested in the 420 division of liquor control. The division of liquor control shall 421 be administered by a superintendent of liquor control. 422

(E) The director of commerce shall not be interested,
directly or indirectly, in any firm or corporation which is a
dealer in securities as defined in sections 1707.01 and 1707.14 of
the Revised Code, or in any firm or corporation licensed under
sections 1321.01 to 1321.19 of the Revised Code.

(F) The director of commerce shall not have any official
connection with a savings and loan association, a savings bank, a
bank, a bank holding company, a savings and loan association
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holding company, a consumer finance company, or a credit union 431 that is under the supervision of the division of financial 432 institutions, or a subsidiary of any of the preceding entities, or 433 be interested in the business thereof. 434

(G) There is hereby created in the state treasury the
division of administration fund. The fund shall receive
assessments on the operating funds of the department of commerce
in accordance with procedures prescribed by the director of
commerce and approved by the director of budget and management.
All operating expenses of the division of administration shall be
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paid from the division of administration fund.

(H) There is hereby created in the department of commerce a 442 division of real estate and professional licensing, which shall be 443 under the control and supervision of the director of commerce. The 444 division of real estate and professional licensing shall be 445 administered by a superintendent of real estate and professional 446 licensing. The superintendent of real estate and professional 447 licensing shall exercise the powers and perform the functions and 448 duties delegated to the superintendent under Chapters 4735., 449 4749., 4763., and 4767. of the Revised Code. 450

(I) There is hereby created in the department of commerce a 451 division of labor and worker safety, which shall have all powers 452 and perform all duties vested by law in the superintendent of 453 labor and worker safety. Wherever powers are conferred or duties 454 imposed upon the superintendent of labor and worker safety, such 455 those powers and duties shall be construed as vested in the 456 division of labor and worker safety. The division of labor and 457 worker safety is shall be under the control and supervision of the 458 director of commerce_{au} and <u>be</u> administered by a superintendent of 459 labor and worker safety. The superintendent of labor and worker 460 safety shall exercise the powers and perform the duties delegated 461 to the superintendent by the director under Chapters 4109., 4111., 462

4115., and 4167. of the Revised Code.

(J) The department of commerce or a division of the 464 department created by the Revised Code that is acting with 465 authorization on the departments's behalf may request from the 466 bureau of criminal identification and investigation pursuant to 467 section 109.572 of the Revised Code, or coordinate with 468 appropriate federal, state, and local government agencies to 469 accomplish, criminal records checks for the persons whose 470 identities are required to be disclosed by an applicant for the 471 issuance or transfer of a permit, license, or certification issued 472 or transferred by the department or division. At or before the 473 time of making a request for a criminal records check, the 474 department or division may require any person whose identity is 475 required to be disclosed by an applicant for the issuance or 476 transfer of such a license, permit, or certification to submit to 477 the department or division valid fingerprint impressions in a 478 format and by any media or means acceptable to the bureau of 479 criminal identification and investigation and, when applicable, 480 the federal bureau of investigation. The department or division 481 may cause the bureau of criminal identification and investigation 482 to conduct a criminal records check through the federal bureau of 483 investigation only if the person for whom the criminal records 484 check would be conducted resides or works outside of this state or 485 has resided or worked outside of this state during the preceding 486 five years, or if a criminal records check conducted by the bureau 487 of criminal identification and investigation within this state 488 indicates that the person may have a criminal record outside of 489 this state. 490

In the case of a criminal records check under section 109.572491of the Revised Code, the department or division shall forward to492the bureau of criminal identification and investigation the493requisite form, fingerprint impressions, and fee described in494

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division (C) of that section. When requested by the department or	495
division in accordance with this section, the bureau of criminal	496
identification and investigation shall request from the federal	497
bureau of investigation any information it has with respect to the	498
person who is the subject of the requested criminal records check	499
and shall forward the requisite fingerprint impressions and	500
information to the federal bureau of investigation for that	501
criminal records check. After conducting a criminal records check	502
or receiving the results of a criminal records check from the	503
federal bureau of investigation, the bureau of criminal	504
identification and investigation shall provide the results to the	505
department or division.	506

The department or division may require any person about whom507a criminal records check is requested to pay to the department or508division the amount necessary to cover the fee charged to the509department or division by the bureau of criminal identification510and investigation under division (C)(3) of section 109.572 of the511Revised Code, including, when applicable, any fee for a criminal512records check conducted by the federal bureau of investigation.513

sec. 307.697. (A) For the purpose of section 307.696 of the 514 Revised Code and to pay any or all of the charge the board of 515 elections makes against the county to hold the election on the 516 question of levying the tax, or for those purposes and to provide 517 revenues to the county for permanent improvements, the board of 518 county commissioners of a county may levy a tax not to exceed 519 three dollars on each gallon of spirituous liquor sold to or 520 purchased by liquor permit holders for resale, and sold at retail 521 by the division of liquor control, in the county. The tax shall be 522 levied on the number of gallons so sold. The tax may be levied for 523 any number of years not exceeding twenty. 524

The tax shall be levied pursuant to a resolution of the board 525

of county commissioners approved by a majority of the electors in 526 the county voting on the question of levying the tax, which 527 resolution shall specify the rate of the tax, the number of years 528 the tax will be levied, and the purposes for which the tax is 529 levied. The election may be held on the date of a general or 530 special election held not sooner than seventy-five days after the 531 date the board certifies its resolution to the board of elections. 532 If approved by the electors, the tax takes effect on the first day 533 of the month specified in the resolution but not sooner than the 534 first day of the month that is at least sixty days after the 535 certification of the election results by the board of elections. A 536 copy of the resolution levying the tax shall be certified to the 537 division of liquor control at least sixty days prior to the date 538 on which the tax is to become effective. 539

(B) A resolution under this section may be joined on the
ballot as a single question with a resolution adopted under
section 4301.421 or 5743.024 of the Revised Code to levy a tax for
the same purposes, and for the purpose of paying the expenses of
543
administering that tax.

(C) The form of the ballot in an election held pursuant to 545 this section or section 4301.421 or 5743.024 of the Revised Code 546 shall be as follows or in any other form acceptable to the 547 secretary of state: 548

"For the purpose of paying not more than one-half of the 549 costs of providing a public sports facility together with related 550 redevelopment and economic development projects, shall (an) excise 551 tax(es) be levied by county at the rate of 552 (dollars on each gallon of spirituous liquor sold in the county by 553 the Ohio division of liquor control, cents per gallon on the sale 554 of beer at wholesale in the county, cents per gallon on the sale 555 of wine and mixed beverages at wholesale in the county, cents per 556 gallon on the sale of cider at wholesale in the county, or mills 557

Yes

No

per cigarette on the sale of cigarettes at wholesale in the

county), for years?

559 560

558

561

563

For an election in which questions under this section or 564 section 4301.421 or 5743.024 of the Revised Code are joined as a 565 single question, the form of the ballot shall be as above, except 566 each of the proposed taxes shall be listed. 567

568 (D) The board of county commissioners of a county in which a tax is imposed under this section on the effective date of this 569 amendment July 19, 1995, may levy a tax for the purpose of section 570 307.673 of the Revised Code regardless of whether or not the 571 cooperative agreement authorized under that section has been 572 entered into prior to the day the resolution adopted under 573 division (D)(1) or (2) of this section is adopted, and for the 574 purpose of reimbursing a county for costs incurred in the 575 construction of a sports facility pursuant to an agreement entered 576 into by the county under section 307.696 of the Revised Code. The 577 tax shall be levied and approved in one of the manners prescribed 578 by division (D)(1) or (2) of this section. 579

(1) The tax may be levied pursuant to a resolution adopted by 580 a majority of the members of the board of county commissioners not 581 later than forty-five days after the effective date of this 582 amendment July 19, 1995. A board of county commissioners approving 583 a tax under division (D)(1) of this section may approve a tax 584 under division (B)(1) of section 4301.421 or division (C)(1) of 585 section 5743.024 of the Revised Code at the same time. Subject to 586 the resolution being submitted to a referendum under sections 587 305.31 to 305.41 of the Revised Code, the resolution shall take 588

effect immediately, but the tax levied pursuant to the resolution 589 shall not be levied prior to the day following the last day the 590 tax levied pursuant to divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section 591 may be levied. 592

(2) The tax may be levied pursuant to a resolution adopted by 593 a majority of the members of the board of county commissioners not 594 later than forty-five days after the effective date of this 595 amendment July 19, 1995, and approved by a majority of the 596 electors of the county voting on the question of levying the tax 597 at the next succeeding general election following the effective 598 date of this amendment July 19, 1995. The board of county 599 commissioners shall certify a copy of the resolution to the board 600 of elections immediately upon adopting a resolution under division 601 (D)(2) of this section, and the board of elections shall place the 602 question of levying the tax on the ballot at that election. The 603 form of the ballot shall be as prescribed by division (C) of this 604 section, except that the phrase "paying not more than one-half of 605 the costs of providing a sports facility together with related 606 redevelopment and economic development projects" shall be replaced 607 by the phrase "paying the costs of constructing or renovating a 608 sports facility and reimbursing a county for costs incurred by the 609 county in the construction of a sports facility, " and the phrase 610 ", beginning (here insert the earliest date the tax 611 would take effect) " shall be appended after "years." A board of 612 county commissioners submitting the question of a tax under 613 division (D)(2) of this section may submit the question of a tax 614 under division (B)(2) of section 4301.421 or division (C)(2) of 615 section 5743.024 of the Revised Code as a single question, and the 616 form of the ballot shall include each of the proposed taxes. 617

If approved by a majority of electors voting on the question, 618 the tax shall take effect on the day specified on the ballot, 619 which shall not be earlier than the day following the last day the 620

tax levied pursuant to divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section 621 may be levied. 622 The rate of a tax levied pursuant to division (D)(1) or (2)623 of this section shall not exceed the rate specified in division 624 (A) of this section. A tax levied pursuant to division (D)(1) or 625 (2) of this section may be levied for any number of years not 626 exceeding twenty. 627 A board of county commissioners adopting a resolution under 628

A board of county countrissioners adopting a resolution under020division (D)(1) or (2) of this section shall certify a copy of the629resolution to the department division of liquor control630immediately upon adoption of the resolution.631

Sec. 351.26. (A) The board of directors of a convention 632 facilities authority may adopt a resolution requesting the board 633 of county commissioners of the county in which the convention 634 facilities authority has its territory to propose the question of 635 a tax to be levied pursuant to this section and section 4301.424 636 or sections 5743.026 and 5743.324 of the Revised Code for the 637 purpose of construction or renovation of a sports facility. The 638 board of directors shall certify a copy of the resolution to the 639 board of county commissioners not later than ninety days prior to 640 the day of the election at which the board of directors requests 641 the board of county commissioners to submit the question of the 642 tax. The resolution shall state the rate at which the tax would be 643 levied, the purpose for which the tax would be levied, the number 644 of years the tax would be levied, the section of the Revised Code 645 under which the tax would be levied, and the date of the election 646 at which the board of directors requests the board of county 647 commissioners to submit the question of the tax, all of which are 648 subject to the limitations of this section and section 4301.424 or 649 sections 5743.026 and 5743.324 of the Revised Code. 650

Upon receiving a copy of such a resolution from the board of 651

directors, the board of county commissioners shall adopt a	652
resolution either approving or rejecting the proposal, and certify	653
a copy of its resolution to the board of directors. If the board	654
of county commissioners approves the proposal, the board of county	655
commissioners shall propose the question of levying a tax pursuant	656
to section 4301.424 of the Revised Code or pursuant to sections	657
5743.026 and 5743.324 of the Revised Code, as specified in the	658
board of directors' resolution, for the purpose of construction or	659
renovation of a sports facility.	660
(B) The form of the ballot in an election held on the	661
question of levying a tax proposed pursuant to section 4301.424 or	662
5743.026 of the Revised Code shall be as follows or in any other	663
form acceptable to the secretary of state:	664
"For the purpose of paying the costs of	665
(constructing or renovating) a sports facility_ shall (an) excise	666
tax(es) be levied by the county for the convention	667
facilities authority of county at the rate of	668
(dollars on each gallon of spirituous liquor sold in the county by	669
the Ohio department <u>division</u> of liquor control, cents per gallon	670
on the sale of beer at wholesale in the county, cents per gallon	671
on the sale of wine and mixed beverages at wholesale in the	672
county, or mills per cigarette on the sale of cigarettes at	673
wholesale in the county), for years?	674

675

676

Yes	
No	"

678

For an election in which questions under section 4301.424 or 679 5743.026 of the Revised Code are joined as a single question, the 680 form of the ballot shall be as above, except each of the proposed 681 taxes shall be listed. 682

677

Sec. 924.51. (A) There is hereby created the Ohio grape 683 industries committee consisting of nine members. The members shall 684 be the director of agriculture or the director's designee, who 685 shall chair the committee, the director superintendent of liquor 686 control or the director's superintendent's designee, the chief of 687 the division of markets of the department of agriculture, the 688 viticulture extension specialist of the Ohio agricultural research 689 and development center, who shall be a nonvoting member, and five 690 members who shall be appointed by the director of agriculture. 691

(B) Of the five members of the committee appointed by the 692 director of agriculture, two shall be persons who receive the 693 major portion of their income from the production of grapes. The 694 term of one of these members shall begin January 1, 1982, and end 695 December 31, 1982, and the second member's term shall begin 696 January 1, 1982, and end December 31, 1983. Two members shall be 697 persons who receive the major portion of their income from the 698 production of wine from raw grape or fruit products in either raw 699 fruit or fresh juice form. The term of one of these members shall 700 begin January 1, 1982, and end December 31, 1982, and the second 701 member's term shall begin January 1, 1982, and end December 31, 702 1983. One member shall be a person the major portion of whose 703 income is from the production of grape products other than wine, 704 such as juice, jams, or jellies; that member's term shall begin 705 January 1, 1982, and end December 31, 1984. Thereafter, the terms 706 for each appointed member of the committee shall be for three 707 years, commencing on the first day of January and ending on the 708 thirty-first day of December. No appointed member shall serve more 709 than two consecutive terms. The director may remove any appointed 710 member for cause. 711

(C) Members shall be appointed to fill vacancies caused bydeath, resignation, or removal in the same manner prescribed for713

regular appointment to the committee. Any member appointed to fill 714 a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which 715 the member's predecessor was appointed shall hold office for the 716 remainder of the term. Any member shall continue in office 717 subsequent to the expiration date of that member's term until that 718 member's successor takes office, or until a period of sixty days 719 has elapsed, whichever occurs first. 720

(D) All members of the committee are entitled to their actual
 and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties
 as members, payable from moneys received from the Ohio grape
 industries fund created under section 924.54 of the Revised Code.
 724

(E) A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum. 725

sec. 1333.83. Every manufacturer of alcoholic beverages shall 726 contract with or offer in good faith to its distributors a written 727 franchise providing for, and specifying the rights and duties of 728 both parties in effecting, the sale of the specified brands or 729 products of the manufacturer. Any provision of a franchise 730 agreement that waives any of the prohibitions of, or fails to 731 comply with, sections 1333.82 to 1333.87 of the Revised Code is 732 void and unenforceable. Any notice or acceptance required to be 733 given or made by either party to the franchise shall be in writing 734 and signed by the authorized representative of the parties. Any 735 breach, actual or claimed, of a franchise made pursuant to this 736 section shall not be grounds for suspension or revocation of any 737 permit or consent to import supplier registration issued by the 738 division of liquor control. When a distributor of beer or wine for 739 740 a manufacturer, or the successors or assigns of the manufacturer, distributes the beer or wine for ninety days or more without a 741 written contract, a franchise relationship is established between 742 the parties, and sections 1333.82 to 1333.87 of the Revised Code 743 apply to the manufacturer, its successor or assigns, and the 744

distributor.

745

Sec. 2933.41. (A)(1) Any property, other than contraband that	746
is subject to the provisions of section 2913.34 or 2933.43 of the	747
Revised Code, other than property that is subject to section	748
3719.141 of the Revised Code, other than property that is	749
forfeited under sections 2923.44 to 2923.47 or 2925.41 to 2925.45	750
of the Revised Code, other than a vehicle that is criminally	751
forfeited under an order issued under section 4503.233 or 4503.234	752
of the Revised Code and that is to be disposed of under section	753
4503.234 of the Revised Code, other than property that has been	754
lawfully seized under sections 2933.71 to 2933.75 of the Revised	755
Code in relation to a medicaid fraud offense, and other than	756
property that has been lawfully seized in relation to a violation	757
of section 2923.32 of the Revised Code, that has been lost,	758
abandoned, stolen, seized pursuant to a search warrant, or	759
otherwise lawfully seized or forfeited, and that is in the custody	760
of a law enforcement agency shall be kept safely pending the time	761
it no longer is needed as evidence and shall be disposed of	762
pursuant to this section. Each law enforcement agency that has	763
custody of any property that is subject to this section shall	764
adopt a written internal control policy that addresses the keeping	765
of detailed records as to the amount of property taken in by the	766
agency, that addresses the agency's disposition of the property	767
under this section, that provides for the keeping of detailed	768
records of the disposition of the property, and that provides for	769
the keeping of detailed financial records of the amount and	770
disposition of any proceeds of a sale of the property under	771
division (D)(8) of this section and of the general types of	772
expenditures made out of the proceeds retained by the agency and	773
the specific amount expended on each general type of expenditure.	774
The policy shall not provide for or permit the identification of	775

any specific expenditure that is made in an ongoing investigation.776The policy is a public record open for inspection under section777149.43 of the Revised Code.778

(2)(a) Every law enforcement agency that has any lost, 779 abandoned, stolen, seized, or forfeited property as described in 780 division (A)(1) of this section in its custody shall comply with 781 its written internal control policy adopted under that division 782 relative to the property. Each agency that has any such property 783 in its custody, except for property to be disposed of under 784 division (D)(4) of this section, shall maintain an accurate 785 record, in accordance with its written internal control policy, of 786 each item of the property. The record shall include the date on 787 which each item of property came into the agency's custody, the 788 manner in which it was disposed of, the date of its disposition, 789 the name of the person who received the property if it was not 790 destroyed, and all other information required by the agency's 791 written internal control policy; however, the record shall not 792 identify or enable the identification of the individual officer 793 who seized any item of property. The record of any property that 794 no longer is needed as evidence, and all financial records of the 795 amount and disposition of any proceeds of a sale under division 796 (D)(8) of this section and of the general types of expenditures 797 made out of the proceeds retained by the agency and the specific 798 amount of each general type of expenditure, shall be open to 799 public inspection during the agency's regular business hours. 800

Each law enforcement agency that, during any calendar year, 801 has any seized or forfeited property as described in division 802 (A)(1) of this section in its custody shall prepare a report 803 covering the calendar year that cumulates all of the information 804 contained in all of the records kept by the agency pursuant to 805 this division for that calendar year and shall send a copy of the 806 cumulative report, no later than the first day of March in the 807

calendar year following the calendar year covered by the report, 808
to the attorney general. Each report received by the attorney 809
general is a public record open for inspection under section 810
149.43 of the Revised Code. 811

(b) Each law enforcement agency that receives in any calendar 812 year any proceeds of a sale under division (D)(8) of this section 813 shall prepare a report covering the calendar year that cumulates 814 all of the information contained in all of the public financial 815 records kept by the agency pursuant to division (D)(2)(a) of this 816 section for that calendar year and shall send a copy of the 817 cumulative report, no later than the first day of March in the 818 calendar year following the calendar year covered by the report, 819 to the attorney general. Each report received by the attorney 820 general is a public record open for inspection under section 821 149.43 of the Revised Code. 822

(c) Not later than the fifteenth day of April in the calendar 823 year in which reports are sent to the attorney general under 824 divisions (A)(2)(a) and (b) of this section, the attorney general 825 shall send to the president of the senate and the speaker of the 826 house of representatives a written notification that does all of 827 the following: 828

(i) Indicates that the attorney general has received from law
enforcement agencies reports of the type described in division
(A)(2)(a), (A)(2)(b), or both (A)(2)(a) and (b) of this section,
whichever is applicable, that cover the previous calendar year and
indicates that the reports were received under division (A)(2)(a),
(A)(2)(b), or both (A)(2)(a) and (b) of this section, whichever is
834
applicable;

(ii) Indicates that the reports are open for inspection under 836section 149.43 of the Revised Code; 837

(iii) Indicates that the attorney general will provide a copy 838

of any or all of the reports to the president of the senate or the 839 speaker of the house of representatives upon request. 840 (B) A law enforcement agency that has property in its 841 possession that is required to be disposed of pursuant to this 842 section shall make a reasonable effort to locate the persons 843 entitled to possession of the property in its custody, to notify 844 them of when and where it may be claimed, and to return the 845 property to them at the earliest possible time. In the absence of 846 evidence identifying persons entitled to possession, it is 847 sufficient notice to advertise in a newspaper of general 848 circulation in the county, briefly describing the nature of the 849 property in custody and inviting persons to view and establish 850 their right to it. 851

(C) A person loses any right that the person may have to the
 possession, or the possession and ownership, of property if any of
 the following applies:

(1) The property was the subject, or was used in a conspiracy
855
or attempt to commit, or in the commission, of an offense other
856
than a traffic offense, and the person is a conspirator,
857
accomplice, or offender with respect to the offense.

(2) A court determines that the property should be forfeited
because, in light of the nature of the property or the
circumstances of the person, it is unlawful for the person to
acquire or possess the property.

(D) Unclaimed or forfeited property in the custody of a law
enforcement agency, other than contraband that is subject to the
provisions of section 2913.34 or 2933.43 of the Revised Code,
other than property forfeited under sections 2923.44 to 2923.47 or
2925.41 to 2925.45 of the Revised Code, and other than property
that has been lawfully seized in relation to a violation of
section 2923.32 of the Revised Code, shall be disposed of on

886

application to and order of any court of record that has 870 territorial jurisdiction over the political subdivision in which 871 the law enforcement agency has jurisdiction to engage in law 872 enforcement activities, as follows: 873

(1) Drugs shall be disposed of pursuant to section 3719.11 of
 874
 the Revised Code or placed in the custody of the secretary of the
 875
 treasury of the United States for disposal or use for medical or
 876
 scientific purposes under applicable federal law.
 877

878 (2) Firearms and dangerous ordnance suitable for police work may be given to a law enforcement agency for that purpose. 879 Firearms suitable for sporting use or as museum pieces or 880 collectors' items may be sold at public auction pursuant to 881 division (D)(8) of this section. Other firearms and dangerous 882 ordnance shall be destroyed by the agency or shall be sent to the 883 bureau of criminal identification and investigation for 884 destruction by the bureau. 885

(3) Obscene materials shall be destroyed.

(4) Beer, Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) of 887 this section, beer or intoxicating liquor, or alcohol seized from 888 by a person who is not the holder of a permit issued under 889 Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code or is an offender and 890 forfeited to the state under section 4301.45 or 4301.53 of the 891 Revised Code either law enforcement agency shall be sold by the 892 division of liquor control, if the division determines that the 893 beer, intoxicating liquor, or alcohol is fit for sale, or shall be 894 placed in the custody of destroyed. Intoxicating liquor seized by 895 the investigations investigative unit in the department of public 896 safety and may be used distributed for training relating to law 897 enforcement activities. The department, with the assistance of the 898 division of liquor control, shall adopt <u>Pursuant to</u> rules <u>the</u> 899 <u>department adopts</u> in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised 900 Code to, the department shall provide for the distribution of such 901

beer, seized intoxicating liquor, or alcohol that is not	902
distributed for training relating to its law enforcement	903
activities, to state or local law enforcement agencies, upon their	904
request, for training related to their law enforcement activities.	905
If any tax imposed under Title XLIII of the Revised Code has not	906
been paid in relation to the beer, intoxicating liquor, or	907
alcohol, the proceeds of the sale shall first be used to pay the	908
tax. All other money collected under division (D)(4) of this	909
section shall be paid into the state treasury. Any such beer,	910
intoxicating liquor, or alcohol that the division determines to be	911
unfit for sale shall be destroyed.	912

(5) Money received by an inmate of a correctional institution
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from an unauthorized source or in an unauthorized manner shall be
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returned to the sender, if known, or deposited in the inmates'
915
industrial and entertainment fund if the sender is not known.
916

(6) Vehicles and vehicle parts forfeited under sections 917 4549.61 to 4549.63 of the Revised Code may be given to a law 918 enforcement agency for use in the performance of its duties. Those 919 parts may be incorporated into any other official vehicle. Parts 920 that do not bear vehicle identification numbers or derivatives of 921 them may be sold or disposed of as provided by rules of the 922 director of public safety. Parts from which a vehicle 923 identification number or derivative of it has been removed, 924 defaced, covered, altered, or destroyed and that are not suitable 925 for police work or incorporation into an official vehicle shall be 926 destroyed and sold as junk or scrap. 927

(7)(a) Computers, computer networks, computer systems, and
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computer software suitable for police work may be given to a law
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enforcement agency for that purpose. Other computers, computer
930
networks, computer systems, and computer software shall be
931
disposed of pursuant to division (D)(8) of this section.

(b) As used in this section, "computers," "computer 933

networks," "computer systems," and "computer software" have the 934 same meanings as in section 2913.01 of the Revised Code. 935

(8) Other unclaimed or forfeited property, including personal 936 property that is abandoned or relinquished by an inmate of a state 937 correctional institution, with the approval of the court, may be 938 used by the law enforcement agency that has possession of it. If 939 the other unclaimed or forfeited property is not used by the law 940 enforcement agency, it may be sold, without appraisal, at a public 941 auction to the highest bidder for cash, or, in the case of other 942 unclaimed or forfeited moneys, disposed of in another manner that 943 the court considers proper in the circumstances. 944

(E)(1)(a) If the property was in the possession of the law 945 enforcement agency in relation to a delinquent child proceeding in 946 a juvenile court, ten per cent of the proceeds from property 947 disposed of pursuant to this section shall be applied to one or 948 more alcohol and drug addiction treatment programs that are 949 certified by the department of alcohol and drug addiction services 950 under section 3793.06 of the Revised Code and that are specified 951 by the court in its order issued under division (D) of this 952 section. A juvenile court shall not specify an alcohol or drug 953 addiction treatment program in the order unless the program is a 954 certified alcohol and drug addiction treatment program and, except 955 as provided in division (E)(1)(a) of this section, unless the 956 program is located in the county in which the court that issues 957 the orders is located or in a contiguous county. If no certified 958 alcohol and drug addiction treatment program is located in any of 959 those counties, the juvenile court may specify in the order a 960 certified alcohol and drug addiction treatment program located 961 anywhere within this state. The remaining ninety per cent of the 962 proceeds shall be applied as provided in division (E)(1)(b) of 963 this section. 964

If the property was in the possession of the law enforcement 965

agency other than in relation to a delinquent child proceeding in 966 a juvenile court, all of the proceeds from property disposed of 967 pursuant to this section shall be applied as provided in division 968 (E)(1)(b) of this section. 969

(b) Except as provided in divisions (D)(4), (5), and (E)(2) 970 of this section and after compliance with division (E)(1)(a) of 971 this section when that division is applicable, the proceeds from 972 property disposed of pursuant to this section shall be placed in 973 the general fund of the state, the county, the township, or the 974 municipal corporation, of which the law enforcement agency 975 involved is an agency. 976

(2) Each board of county commissioners that recognizes a 977 citizens' reward program as provided in section 9.92 of the 978 Revised Code shall notify each law enforcement agency of that 979 county and each law enforcement agency of a township or municipal 980 corporation wholly located in that county of the official 981 recognition of the citizens' reward program by filing a copy of 982 its resolution conferring that recognition with each of those law 983 enforcement agencies. When the board of county commissioners of a 984 county recognizes a citizens' reward program and the county 985 includes a part, but not all, of the territory of a municipal 986 corporation, the board shall so notify the law enforcement agency 987 of that municipal corporation of the official recognition of the 988 citizens' reward program only if the county contains the highest 989 percentage of the municipal corporation's population. Upon receipt 990 of a notice described in this division, each law enforcement 991 agency shall pay twenty-five per cent of the proceeds from each 992 sale of property disposed of pursuant to this section to the 993 citizens' reward program for use exclusively for the payment of 994 rewards. No part of those funds may be used to pay for the 995 administrative expenses or any other expenses associated with a 996 citizens' reward program. If a citizens' reward program that 997

operates in more than one county or in another state or states in 998 addition to this state receives funds pursuant to this section, 999 the funds shall be used to pay rewards only for tips and 1000 information to law enforcement agencies concerning felonies, 1001 offenses of violence, or misdemeanors that have been committed in 1002 the county from which the funds were received. 1003

(F) This section does not apply to the collection, storage, 1004 or disposal of abandoned junk motor vehicles. This section shall 1005 not be construed to rescind or restrict the authority of a 1006 municipal law enforcement agency to keep and dispose of lost, 1007 abandoned, stolen, seized, or forfeited property under an 1008 ordinance of the municipal corporation or under sections 737.29 to 1009 737.33 of the Revised Code, provided that, when a municipal 1010 corporation that has received notice as provided in division 1011 (E)(2) of this section disposes of property under an ordinance, it 1012 shall pay twenty-five per cent of the proceeds from any sale or 1013 auction to the citizens' reward program as provided under that 1014 division. 1015

(G) The receipt of funds by a citizens' reward program
pursuant to division (E) of this section does not make it a
governmental unit for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised
Code and does not subject it to the disclosure provisions of that
section.

(H) This section does not apply to the disposal of stolen or 1021
other property recovered by township law enforcement agencies 1022
pursuant to sections 505.105 to 505.109 of the Revised Code. 1023

(I)(1) Subject to divisions (D)(1) to (7) of this section, 1024 and otherwise notwithstanding the provisions of this section, 1025 personal property that is subject to this section and that is 1026 abandoned or relinquished by an inmate of a state correctional 1027 institution may be destroyed or used by order of the warden of the 1028 institution, if either of the following apply: 1029

(a) The value of the item is one hundred dollars or less, the
state correctional institution has attempted to contact or
identify the owner of the personal property, and those attempts
have been unsuccessful.

(b) The inmate who owns the personal property agrees in 1034writing to the disposal of the personal property in question. 1035

(2) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall
record the seizure and disposition of any personal property
pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section, any attempts to
contact or identify the owner of the personal property pursuant to
division (I)(1)(a) of this section, and any agreement made
pursuant to division (I)(1)(b) of this section.

(J) For purposes of this section, "law enforcement agency" 1042
includes correctional institutions, and "citizens' reward program" 1043
has the same meaning as in section 9.92 of the Revised Code. As 1044
used in division (H) of this section, "township law enforcement 1045
agencies" means an organized police department of a township, a 1046
township police district, a joint township police district, or the 1047
office of a township constable. 1048

sec. 4301.07. Each member of the liquor control commission 1049 shall devote his the member's entire time to the duties of his 1050 office and shall hold no other public position of trust or profit. 1051 No member of the commission, nor the director superintendent of 1052 liquor control, nor any of the appointees or employees of the 1053 commission or of the department division of liquor control, shall 1054 have any <u>direct</u> financial interest, directly or indirectly, in, or 1055 any interest otherwise prohibited by Chapter 102. or section 1056 <u>2921.42 or 2921.43 of the Revised Code in,</u> the manufacture, 1057 distribution, or sale of beer or intoxicating liquor. 1058

Each member of the commission, and the chairman chairperson 1059

shall receive a salary fixed pursuant to division (J) of section1060124.15 of the Revised Code. In addition thereto to that salary,1061each member shall receive the actual and necessary travel expenses1062in connection with commission hearings and business. The chairman1063chairperson shall be an attorney at law who has had five years of1064active law practice.1065

sec. 4301.10. (A) The division of liquor control shall do all 1066
of the following: 1067

(1) Control the traffic in beer and intoxicating liquor in
 1068
 this state, including the manufacture, importation, and sale of
 beer and intoxicating liquor;
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(2) Grant or refuse permits for the manufacture, 1071 distribution, transportation, and sale of beer and intoxicating 1072 liquor and the sale of alcohol, as authorized or required by this 1073 chapter and Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code; and a. A 1074 certificate, signed by the superintendent of liquor control and to 1075 which is affixed the official seal of the division, stating that 1076 it appears from the records of the division that no permit has 1077 been issued to the person specified in the certificate, or that a 1078 permit, if issued, has been revoked, canceled, or suspended_ shall 1079 be received as prima-facie evidence of the facts recited in the 1080 certificate in any court₇ or before any officer of this state \div . 1081

(3) Put into operation, manage, and control a system of state 1082 liquor stores for the sale of spirituous liquor at retail and to 1083 holders of permits authorizing the sale of spirituous liquor; 1084 however, the division shall not establish any drive-in state 1085 liquor stores; and by means of those types of stores, and any 1086 manufacturing plants, distributing and bottling plants, 1087 warehouses, and other facilities that it considers expedient, 1088 establish and maintain a state monopoly of the distribution of 1089 spirituous liquor and its sale in packages or containers; and for 1090

that purpose manufacture, buy, import, possess, and sell 1091 spirituous liquors as provided in this chapter and Chapter 4303. 1092 of the Revised Code, and in the rules promulgated by the 1093 superintendent of liquor control pursuant to those chapters; 1094 lease, or in any manner acquire the use of any land or building 1095 required for any of those purposes; purchase any equipment that is 1096 required; and borrow money to carry on its business, and issue, 1097 sign, endorse, and accept notes, checks, and bills of exchange; 1098 but all obligations of the division created under authority of 1099 this division shall be a charge only upon the moneys received by 1100 the division from the sale of spirituous liquor and its other 1101 business transactions in connection with the sale of spirituous 1102 liquor, and shall not be general obligations of the state; 1103

(4) Enforce the administrative provisions of this chapter and 1104 Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code, and the rules and orders of the 1105 liquor control commission and the superintendent relating to the 1106 manufacture, importation, transportation, distribution, and sale 1107 of beer and intoxicating liquors; and the. The attorney general, 1108 any prosecuting attorney, and any prosecuting officer of a 1109 municipal corporation or a municipal court shall, at the request 1110 of the division of liquor control or the department of public 1111 safety, prosecute any person charged with the violation of any 1112 provision in those chapters or of any section of the Revised Code 1113 relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation, 1114 distribution, and sale of beer and intoxicating liquor+. 1115

(5) Determine the locations of all state liquor stores and
manufacturing, distributing, and bottling plants required in
connection therewith with those stores, subject to this chapter
and Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code;

(6) Conduct inspections of liquor permit premises to
determine compliance with the administrative provisions of this
chapter and Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code and the rules
1122

ported by the Senate Agriculture Committee

adopted under those provisions by the liquor control commission.

Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(6) of this 1124 section, those inspections may be conducted only during those 1125 hours in which the permit holder is open for business and only by 1126 authorized agents or employees of the division or by any peace 1127 officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code. 1128 Inspections may be conducted at other hours only to determine 1129 compliance with laws or commission rules that regulate the hours 1130 of sale of beer and intoxicating liquor and only if the 1131 investigator has reasonable cause to believe that those laws or 1132 rules are being violated. Any inspection conducted pursuant to 1133 division (A)(6) of this section is subject to all of the following 1134 requirements: 1135

(a) The only property that may be confiscated is contraband, 1136
as defined in section 2901.01 of the Revised Code, or property 1137
that is otherwise necessary for evidentiary purposes. 1138

(b) A complete inventory of all property confiscated from the 1139 premises shall be given to the permit holder or the permit 1140 holder's agent or employee by the confiscating agent or officer at 1141 the conclusion of the inspection. At that time, the inventory 1142 shall be signed by the confiscating agent or officer, and the 1143 agent or officer shall give the permit holder or the permit 1144 holder's agent or employee the opportunity to sign the inventory. 1145

(c) Inspections conducted pursuant to division (A)(6) of this 1146 section shall be conducted in a reasonable manner. A finding by 1147 any court of competent jurisdiction that the inspection was not 1148 conducted in a reasonable manner in accordance with this section 1149 or any rules promulgated by the commission may be considered 1150 grounds for suppression of evidence. A finding by the liquor 1151 control commission that the inspection was not conducted in a 1152 reasonable manner in accordance with this section or any rules 1153 promulgated by the commission may be considered grounds for 1154

1123

dismissal of the commission case.

If any court of competent jurisdiction finds that property 1156 confiscated as the result of an administrative inspection is not 1157 necessary for evidentiary purposes and is not contraband, as 1158 defined in section 2901.01 of the Revised Code, the court shall 1159 order the immediate return of the confiscated property, provided 1160 that property is not otherwise subject to forfeiture, to the 1161 permit holder. However, the return of this property is not grounds 1162 for dismissal of the case. The commission likewise may order the 1163 return of confiscated property if no criminal prosecution is 1164 pending or anticipated. 1165

(7) Delegate to any of its agents or employees any power of 1166 investigation that the division possesses with respect to the 1167 enforcement of any of the administrative laws relating to beer and 1168 intoxicating liquor, provided that this division does not 1169 authorize the division to designate any agent or employee to serve 1170 as an enforcement agent. The employment and designation of 1171 enforcement agents shall be within the exclusive authority of the 1172 director of public safety pursuant to sections 5502.13 to 5502.19 1173 of the Revised Code. 1174

(8) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(8) of this
 section, collect Collect the following fees:
 1176

(a) An annual twenty five <u>A biennial fifty</u> dollar
registration fee for each representative agent, solicitor, or
<u>salesperson</u>, registered pursuant to section 4303.25 of the Revised
1179
Code, of a beer or intoxicating liquor manufacturer, <u>supplier</u>,
<u>broker</u>, or wholesale distributor doing business in this state;

(b) A fifty-dollar product registration fee for each new beer
or intoxicating liquor product sold in this state. The product
registration fee shall be accompanied by a copy of the federal
label and product approval for the new product.

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(c) An annual three-hundred-dollar out-of-state supplier	1186
consent to import registration fee from each manufacturer or	1187
supplier not subject to division (A)(8)(c) of this section that	1188
produces and ships into this state, or ships into this state,	1189
intoxicating liquor or beer, in addition to an initial application	1190
fee of one hundred dollars÷	1191
(d) An annual twenty-five-dollar registration fee for coil	1192
cleaners of beer dispensing equipment doing business in this	1193
state.	1194
(e) An annual one-hundred-dollar out-of-state	1195
consent-to-import fee, in addition to an initial application fee	1196
of one hundred dollars, from any manufacturer or out-of-state	1197
supplier that produced or shipped into this state in the	1198
immediately preceding calendar year a total of five hundred or	1199
fewer cases of seven hundred fifty milliliter equivalent of	1200
intoxicating liquor and twelve-ounce equivalent of beer.	1201
Each consent-to-import, representative's supplier, agent,	1202
<u>solicitor, or salesperson</u> registration , and coil cleaner	1203
registration issued under this division $(A)(8)$ of this section	1204
authorizes shall authorize the person named to carry on the	1205
activity specified <u>in the registration. Each agent</u> , <u>solicitor, or</u>	1206
salesperson registration is valid for two years or for the	1207
unexpired portion of a two-year registration period. Each supplier	1208
$registration$ is valid for one year $_ au$ or for the unexpired portion	1209
of the <u>a</u> one-year , ending <u>registration period. Registrations shall</u>	1210
<u>end</u> on the <u>their respective</u> uniform expiration date for each ,	1211
which shall be designated by the division, and $rac{\mathrm{i} \mathrm{s}}{\mathrm{a} \mathrm{r} \mathrm{e}}$ subject to	1212
suspension, revocation, cancellation, or fine as authorized by	1213
this chapter and Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code.	1214

(9) Establish a system of electronic data interchange within1215the division and regulate the electronic transfer of information1216

manufacture, distribution, and retail sale of alcoholic beverages; 1218 (10) Exercise all other powers expressly or by necessary 1219 implication conferred upon the division by this chapter and 1220 Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code, and all powers necessary for 1221 the exercise or discharge of any power, duty, or function 1222 expressly conferred or imposed upon the division by those 1223 chapters. 1224 (B) The division may do all of the following: 1225 (1) Sue, but may be sued only in connection with the 1226 execution of leases of real estate and the purchases and contracts 1227 necessary for the operation of the state liquor stores that are 1228 made under this chapter and Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code; 1229 (2) Enter into leases and contracts of all descriptions and 1230 acquire and transfer title to personal property with regard to the 1231 sale, distribution, and storage of spirituous liquor within the 1232 state; 1233 (3) Terminate at will any lease entered into pursuant to 1234 division (B)(2) of this section upon first giving ninety days' 1235 notice in writing to the lessor of its intention to do so; 1236 (4) Fix the wholesale and retail prices at which the various 1237 classes, varieties, and brands of spirituous liquor shall be sold 1238 by the division. Those retail prices shall be the same at all 1239 state liquor stores, except to the extent that a price 1240 differential is required to collect a county sales tax levied 1241 pursuant to section 5739.021 of the Revised Code and for which tax 1242 the tax commissioner has authorized prepayment pursuant to section 1243 5739.05 of the Revised Code. In fixing selling prices, the 1244 division shall compute an anticipated gross profit at least 1245 sufficient to provide in each calendar year all costs and expenses 1246

of the division and also an adequate working capital reserve for

and funds among persons and governmental entities engaged in the

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the division. The gross profit shall not exceed forty per cent of 1248 the retail selling price based on costs of the division, and in 1249 addition the sum required by section 4301.12 of the Revised Code 1250 to be paid into the state treasury. An amount equal to one and 1251 one-half per cent of that gross profit shall be paid into the 1252 statewide treatment and prevention fund created by section 4301.30 1253 of the Revised Code and be appropriated by the general assembly 1254 from the fund to the department of alcohol and drug addiction 1255 services as provided in section 4301.30 of the Revised Code. 1256

On spirituous liquor manufactured in Ohio this state from the 1257 juice of grapes or fruits grown in Ohio this state, the division 1258 shall compute an anticipated gross profit of not to exceed ten per 1259 cent. The wholesale prices shall be at a discount of not less than 1260 twelve and one-half per cent of the retail selling prices as 1261 determined by the division in accordance with this section. 1262

(C) The division may approve the expansion or diminution of a 1263
premises to which a liquor permit has been issued and may adopt 1264
standards governing such an expansion or diminution. 1265

Sec. 4301.19. The division of liquor control shall sell 1266 spirituous liquor only, whether from a warehouse or from a state 1267 liquor store or agency store. All sales shall be in sealed 1268 containers and for resale as authorized by this chapter and 1269 Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code or for consumption off the 1270 premises only. Except as otherwise provided in this section, sale 1271 of containers holding one-half pint or less of spirituous liquor 1272 by the division shall be made at retail only, and not for the 1273 purpose of resale by any purchaser, by special order placed with a 1274 state retail liquor store or agency store and subject to rules 1275 established by the superintendent of liquor control. The division 1276 may sell at wholesale spirituous liquor in fifty milliliter sealed 1277 containers to any holder of a permit issued under Chapter 4303. of 1278

the Revised Code that authorizes the sale of spirituous liquor for 1279 consumption on the premises where sold. A person appointed by the 1280 division to act as an agent for the sale of spirituous liquor 1281 pursuant to section 4301.17 of the Revised Code may provide and 1282 accept gift certificates and may accept credit cards and debit 1283 cards for the retail purchase of spirituous liquor. Deliveries 1284 shall be made in the manner the superintendent determines by rule. 1285

If any person desires to purchase any variety or brand of 1286 spirituous liquor which is not in stock at the state liquor store 1287 or agency store where the variety or brand is ordered, the 1288 division shall immediately procure the variety or brand after a 1289 reasonable deposit is made by the purchaser in such proportion of 1290 the approximate cost of the order as is prescribed by the rules of 1291 the superintendent. The purchaser shall be immediately notified 1292 upon the arrival of the spirituous liquor at the store at which it 1293 was ordered. Unless the purchaser pays for the variety or brand 1294 and accepts delivery within five days after the giving of the 1295 notice, the division may place the spirituous liquor in stock for 1296 general sale, and the deposit of the purchaser shall be forfeited. 1297

sec. 4301.20. Chapters 4301. This chapter and Chapter 4303. 1298 of the Revised Code do not prevent the following: 1299

(A) The storage of intoxicating liquor in bonded warehouses, 1300
established in accordance with the acts of congress and under the 1301
regulation of the United States, located in this state, or the 1302
transportation of intoxicating liquor to or from bonded warehouses 1303
of the United States wherever located; 1304

(B) A bona fide resident of this state who is the owner of a 1305
 warehouse receipt from obtaining or transporting to the person's 1306
 resident's residence for the person's resident's own consumption 1307
 and not for resale spirituous liquor stored in a government bonded 1308

warehouse in this state or in another state prior to December, 1309
1933, subject to such terms as are prescribed by the division of 1310
liquor control; 1311

(C) The manufacture of cider from fruit for the purpose of 1312making vinegar, and nonintoxicating cider and fruit juices for use 1313and sale; 1314

(D) A licensed physician or dentist from administering or 1315
dispensing intoxicating liquor or alcohol to a patient in good 1316
faith in the actual course of the practice of the physician's or 1317
dentist's profession; 1318

(E) The sale of alcohol to physicians, dentists, druggists, 1319
veterinary surgeons, manufacturers, hospitals, infirmaries, or 1320
medical or educational institutions using the same alcohol for 1321
medicinal, mechanical, chemical, or scientific purposes; 1322

(F) The sale, gift, or keeping for sale by druggists and 1323 others of any of the medicinal preparations manufactured in 1324 accordance with the formulas prescribed by the United States 1325 Pharmacopoeia and National Formulary, patent or proprietary 1326 preparations, and other bona fide medicinal and technical 1327 preparations, which contain no more alcohol than is necessary to 1328 hold the medicinal agents in solution and to preserve the same, 1329 which are manufactured and sold as medicine and not as beverages, 1330 are unfit for use for beverage purposes, and the sale of which 1331 does not require the payment of a United States liquor dealer's 1332 1333 tax;

(G) The manufacture and sale of tinctures or of toilet, 1334 medicinal, and antiseptic preparations and solutions not intended 1335 for internal human use nor to be sold as beverages, and which are 1336 unfit for beverage purposes, if upon the outside of each bottle, 1337 box, or package of which there is printed in the English language, 1338 conspicuously and legibly, the quantity by volume of alcohol in 1339

such the preparation or solution;

(H) The manufacture and keeping for sale of the food products 1341
known as flavoring extracts when manufactured and sold for 1342
cooking, culinary, or flavoring purposes, and which are unfit for 1343
use for beverage purposes; 1344

(I) The lawful sale of wood alcohol or of ethyl alcohol for 1345
external use when combined with such other substances as to make 1346
it unfit for internal use; 1347

(J) The purchase and importation into this state of
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intoxicating liquor for use in manufacturing processes of
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nonbeverage food products under such terms as are prescribed by
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the division, provided that the terms prescribed by the division
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shall not increase the cost of such the intoxicating liquors
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liquor to any person, firm, or corporation purchasing and
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importing the same it into this state for any such that use;

(K) Any resident of this state or any member of the armed 1355 forces of the United States, who has attained the age of 1356 twenty-one years, from bringing into this state, for personal use 1357 and not for resale, not more than one liter of spirituous liquor 1358 in any thirty-day period, and the same is free of any tax consent 1359 fee when such the resident or member of the armed forces 1360 physically possesses and accompanies such the spirituous liquor on 1361 returning from a foreign country, another state, or an insular 1362 possession of the United States; 1363

(L) Persons, at least twenty-one years of age, who collect 1364 ceramic commemorative bottles containing spirituous liquor which 1365 have unbroken federal tax stamps thereon on them from selling or 1366 trading such the bottles to other collectors. Such The bottles 1367 must originally have been purchased at retail from the division, 1368 legally imported under division (K) of this section, or legally 1369 imported pursuant to a consent to import supplier registration 1370

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issued by the division. Such The sales shall be for the purpose of 1371 exchanging a ceramic commemorative bottle between private 1372 collectors and shall not be for the purpose of selling the 1373 spirituous liquor for personal consumption. The sale or exchange 1374 authorized by this division shall not occur on the premises of any 1375 permit holder, shall not be made in connection with the business 1376 of any permit holder, and shall not be made in connection with any 1377 mercantile business. 1378

sec. 4301.22. Sales of beer and intoxicating liquor under all 1379 classes of permits and from state liquor stores are subject to the 1380 following restrictions, in addition to those imposed by the rules 1381 or orders of the division of liquor control: 1382

(A)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no beer 1383 or intoxicating liquor shall be sold to any person under 1384 twenty-one years of age. 1385

(2) No low-alcohol beverage shall be sold to any person under 1386 eighteen years of age. No permit issued by the division shall be 1387 suspended, revoked, or canceled because of a violation of division 1388 (A)(2) of this section. 1389

(3) No intoxicating liquor shall be handled by any person 1390 under twenty-one years of age, except that a person eighteen years 1391 of age or older employed by a permit holder may handle or sell 1392 beer or intoxicating liquor in sealed containers in connection 1393 with wholesale or retail sales, and any person nineteen years of 1394 age or older employed by a permit holder may handle intoxicating 1395 liquor in open containers when acting in the capacity of a server 1396 in a hotel, restaurant, club, or night club, as defined in 1397 division (B) of section 4301.01 of the Revised Code, or in the 1398 premises of a D-7 permit holder. This section does not authorize 1399 persons under twenty-one years of age to sell intoxicating liquor 1400 across a bar. Any person employed by a permit holder may handle 1401

intoxicating liquor in open containers in connection with cleaning 1405 tables or handling empty bottles or glasses. 1406

(B) No permit holder and no agent or employee of a permit
 holder shall sell or furnish beer or intoxicating liquor to an
 intoxicated person.

(C) No intoxicating liquor shall be sold to any individual 1410 who habitually drinks intoxicating liquor to excess, or to whom 1411 the division has, after investigation, determined to prohibit the 1412 sale of such intoxicating liquor, because of cause shown by the 1413 husband, wife, father, mother, brother, sister, or other person 1414 dependent upon, or in charge of such individual, or by the mayor 1415 of any municipal corporation, or a township trustee of any 1416 township in which the individual resides. The order of the 1417 division in such case shall remain in effect until revoked by the 1418 division. 1419

(D) No sales of intoxicating liquor shall be made after 1420 two-thirty a.m. on Sunday, except that intoxicating liquor may be 1421 sold on Sunday under authority of a permit which that authorizes 1422 Sunday sale. 1423

This section does not prevent a municipal corporation from1424adopting a closing hour for the sale of intoxicating liquor1425earlier than two-thirty a.m. on Sunday or to provide that no1426intoxicating liquor may be sold prior to that hour on Sunday.1427

(E)(D)No holder of a permit shall give away any beer or1428intoxicating liquor of any kind at any time in connection with1429permit holder's business.1430

(F)(E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, no 1431 retail permit holder shall display or permit the display on the 1432

outside of any licensed retail premises, or on any lot of ground 1433 on which the licensed premises are situated, or on the exterior of 1434 any building of which said the licensed premises are a part, any 1435 sign, illustration, or advertisement bearing the name, brand name, 1436 trade name, trade-mark, designation, or other emblem of or 1437 indicating the manufacturer, producer, distributor, place of 1438 manufacture, production, or distribution of any beer or 1439 intoxicating liquor. Signs, illustrations, or advertisements 1440 bearing the name, brand name, trade name, trade-mark, designation, 1441 or other emblem of or indicating the manufacturer, producer, 1442 distributor, place of manufacture, production, or distribution of 1443 beer or intoxicating liquor may be displayed and permitted to be 1444 displayed on the interior or in the show windows of any licensed 1445 premises, if the particular brand or type of product so advertised 1446 is actually available for sale on the premises at the time of such 1447 that display. The liquor control commission shall determine by 1448 rule the size and character of such those signs, illustrations, or 1449 advertisements. 1450

(G) (F) No retail permit holder shall possess on the licensed 1451 premises any barrel or other container from which beer is drawn, 1452 unless there is attached to the spigot or other dispensing 1453 apparatus the name of the manufacturer of the product contained 1454 therein in the barrel or other container, provided that where 1455 such, if the beer is served at a bar, the manufacturer's name or 1456 brand must appear in full view of the purchaser. The commission 1457 shall regulate the size and character of the devices provided for 1458 in this section. 1459

(H)(G) Except as otherwise provided in this division, no sale 1460
of any gift certificate shall be permitted whereby beer or 1461
intoxicating liquor of any kind is to be exchanged for such the 1462
certificate, unless the gift certificate can be exchanged only for 1463
food, and beer or intoxicating liquor, for on-premises consumption 1464

and the value of the beer or intoxicating liquor for which the 1465 certificate can be exchanged does not exceed more than thirty per 1466 cent of the total value of the gift certificate. The sale of gift 1467 certificates for the purchase of beer, wine, or mixed beverages 1468 shall be permitted for the purchase of beer, wine, or mixed 1469 beverages for off-premises consumption. Limitations on the use of 1470 a gift certificate for the purchase of beer, wine, or mixed 1471 beverages for off-premises consumption may be expressed by clearly 1472 stamping or typing on the face of the certificate that the 1473 certificate may not be used for the purchase of beer, wine, or 1474 mixed beverages. 1475

sec. 4301.24. No manufacturer shall aid or assist the holder 1476 of any permit for sale at wholesale, and no manufacturer or 1477 wholesale distributor shall aid or assist the holder of any permit 1478 for sale at retail, by gift or loan of any money or property of 1479 any description or other valuable thing, or by giving premiums or 1480 rebates. No holder of any such permit shall accept the same, 1481 provided that the manufacturer or wholesale distributor may 1482 furnish to a retail permittee the inside signs or advertising and 1483 the tap signs or devices authorized by divisions (E) and (F) and 1484 (G) of section 4301.22 of the Revised Code. 1485

No manufacturer shall have any financial interest, directly 1486 or indirectly, by stock ownership, or through interlocking 1487 directors in a corporation, or otherwise, in the establishment, 1488 maintenance, or promotion in the business of any wholesale 1489 distributor. No retail permit holder shall have any interest, 1490 directly or indirectly, in the operation of, or any ownership in, 1491 the business of any wholesale distributor or manufacturer. 1492

No manufacturer shall, except as authorized by section14934303.021 of the Revised Code, have any financial interest,1494directly or indirectly, by stock ownership, or through1495

interlocking directors in a corporation, or otherwise, in the 1496 establishment, maintenance, or promotion of the business of any 1497 retail dealer. No wholesale distributor or employee of a wholesale 1498 distributor shall have any financial interest, directly or 1499 indirectly, by stock ownership, interlocking directors in a 1500 corporation, or otherwise, in the establishment, maintenance, or 1501 promotion of the business of any retail dealer. No manufacturer or 1502 wholesale distributor or any stockholder of a manufacturer or 1503 wholesale distributor shall acquire, by ownership in fee, 1504 leasehold, mortgage, or otherwise, directly or indirectly, any 1505 interest in the premises on which the business of any other person 1506 engaged in the business of trafficking in beer or intoxicating 1507 liquor is conducted. All contracts, covenants, conditions, and 1508 limitations whereby any person engaged or proposing to engage in 1509 the sale of beer or intoxicating liquors promises to confine the 1510 person's sales of a particular kind or quality of beer or 1511 intoxicating liquor to one or more products, or the products of a 1512 specified manufacturer or wholesale distributor, or to give 1513 preference to those products, shall to the extent of that promise 1514 be void. The making of a promise in any such form shall be cause 1515 for the revocation or suspension of any permit issued to any 1516 party. This section does not prevent the holder of an A permit 1517 from securing and holding a wholesale distributor's permit or 1518 permits and operating as a wholesale distributor. 1519

No manufacturer shall sell or offer to sell to any wholesale 1520 distributor or retail permit holder, no wholesale distributor 1521 shall sell or offer to sell to any retail permit holder, and no 1522 wholesale distributor or retail permit holder shall purchase or 1523 receive from any manufacturer or wholesale distributor, any beer, 1524 brewed beverages, or wine manufactured in the United States except 1525 for cash. No right of action shall exist to collect any claims for 1526 credit extended contrary to this section. This section does not 1527 prohibit a licensee from crediting to a purchaser the actual 1528

prices charged for packages or containers returned by the original 1529 purchaser as a credit on any sale or from refunding to any 1530 purchaser the amount paid by that purchaser for containers or as a 1531 deposit on containers when title is retained by the vendor, if 1532 those containers or packages have been returned to the 1533 manufacturer or distributor. This section does not prohibit a 1534 manufacturer from extending usual and customary credit for beer, 1535 brewed beverages, or wine manufactured in the United States and 1536 sold to customers who live or maintain places of business outside 1537 this state when the beverages so sold are actually transported and 1538 delivered to points outside this state. No wholesale or retail 1539 permit shall be issued to an applicant unless the applicant has 1540 paid in full all accounts for beer or wine, manufactured in the 1541 United States, outstanding as of September 6, 1939. No beer or 1542 wine manufactured in the United States shall be imported into the 1543 state unless the beer or wine has been paid for in cash, and no 1544 consent to import supplier registration for any such beer or wine 1545 manufactured in the United States shall be issued by the division 1546 of liquor control until the A-2, B-1, or B-5 permit holder 1547 establishes to the satisfaction of the division that the beer or 1548 wine has been paid for in cash. 1549

This section does not prevent a manufacturer from securing 1550 and holding any financial interest, directly or indirectly, by 1551 stock ownership or through interlocking directors in a 1552 corporation, or otherwise, in the establishment, maintenance, or 1553 promotion of the business or premises of any C or D permit holder, 1554 provided that the following conditions are met: 1555

(A) Either the manufacturer or one of its parent companies is 1556listed on a national securities exchange. 1557

(B) All purchases of alcoholic beverages by the C or D permit 1558
holder are made from wholesale distributors in this state or 1559
agency stores licensed by the division of liquor control. 1560

(C) If the C or D permit holder sells brands of alcoholic 1561 beverages that are produced or distributed by the manufacturer 1562 that holds the financial interest, the C or D permit holder also 1563 sells other competing brands of alcoholic beverages produced by 1564 other manufacturers, no preference is given to the products of the 1565 manufacturer, and there is no exclusion, in whole or in part, of 1566 products sold or offered for sale by other manufacturers, 1567 suppliers, or importers of alcoholic beverages that constitutes a 1568 substantial impairment of commerce. 1569

(D) The primary purpose of the C or D permit premises is a 1570
purpose other than to sell alcoholic beverages, and the sale of 1571
other goods and services exceeds fifty per cent of the total gross 1572
receipts of the C or D permit holder at its premises. 1573

This section does not prevent a manufacturer from giving 1574 financial assistance to the holder of a B permit for the purpose 1575 of the holder purchasing an ownership interest in the business, 1576 existing inventory and equipment, or property of another B permit 1577 holder, including, but not limited to, participation in a limited 1578 liability partnership, limited liability company, or any other 1579 legal entity authorized to do business in this state. This section 1580 does not permit a manufacturer to give financial assistance to the 1581 holder of a B permit to purchase inventory or equipment used in 1582 the daily operation of a B permit holder. 1583

Sec. 4301.29. (A) Whenever the department of public safety 1584 seizes beer, or intoxicating liquor, or alcohol pursuant to 1585 Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code, the department shall 1586 forthwith destroy any or distribute the beer, or intoxicating 1587 liquor, or alcohol, unless it is determined to be fit for sale. If 1588 the beer, intoxicating liquor, or alcohol is determined to be fit 1589 for sale, it shall be transferred to the department or, beginning 1590 on July 1, 1997, the division of liquor control for disposition 1591

under	<u>in</u>	accordance	with	division	(D)(4)	of	section	2933.41	of	the	1592
Revise	ed (Code.									1593

(B)(1) In case of any seizure of beer τ or intoxicating 1594 liquor, or alcohol under execution of any judgment rendered 1595 against the holder of a permit, or in case of relation to the 1596 foreclosure of any lien on any beer τ or intoxicating liquor, or 1597 alcohol belonging to any such a holder of a permit, or in case of 1598 <u>relation to</u> the insolvency or bankruptcy of such <u>a</u> holder <u>of a</u> 1599 permit, or in any other case in which judicial process is employed 1600 to subject any beer, or intoxicating liquor, or alcohol belonging 1601 to or in the possession of the holder of a permit to any claims 1602 whatsoever claim, the officer person seizing such the beer, or 1603 intoxicating liquor, or alcohol or taking possession thereof 1604 pursuant to such process shall deliver to the department or 1605 division all beer, intoxicating liquor, or alcohol found in the 1606 possession of the judgment debtor, bankrupt, or person for whom 1607 the officer has been appointed as a receiver. Thereupon the 1608 department or division shall sell such beer, intoxicating liquor, 1609 or alcohol and pay the proceeds of the sale thereof to the officer 1610 holding the process to be disposed of by the officer according to 1611 or the person's designee may sell it, subject to division (B)(2) 1612 of this section, after obtaining the written consent of the 1613 division of liquor control. Proceeds from the sale of the beer or 1614 intoxicating liquor shall be paid in accordance with the 1615 applicable law and the orders of the court issuing such the 1616 process. 1617

(2) Beer or intoxicating liquor that is sold under division1618(B)(1) of this section shall not be sold to or purchased by the1619holder of a liquor permit, an applicant for a liquor permit, or1620any other business.1621

Sec. 4301.30. All fees collected by the division of liquor 1622

control shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of	1623
the undivided liquor permit fund, which is hereby created, at the	1624
time prescribed under section 4301.12 of the Revised Code. Each	1625
payment shall be accompanied by a statement showing separately the	1626
amount collected for each class of permits in each municipal	1627
corporation and in each township outside the limits of any	1628
municipal corporation in such township. An amount equal to	1629
forty-five per cent of the fund shall be paid from the fund into	1630
the general revenue fund.	1631

Twenty per cent of the undivided liquor permit fund shall be 1632 paid into the statewide treatment and prevention fund, which is 1633 hereby created in the state treasury. This amount shall be 1634 appropriated by the general assembly, together with an amount 1635 equal to one and one-half per cent of the gross profit of the 1636 division of liquor control derived under division (B)(4) of 1637 section 4301.10 of the Revised Code, to the department of alcohol 1638 and drug addiction services. In planning for the allocation of and 1639 in allocating these amounts for the purposes of Chapter 3793. of 1640 the Revised Code, the department of alcohol and drug addiction 1641 services shall comply with the nondiscrimination provisions of 1642 Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and any rules adopted 1643 under that act. 1644

Thirty-five per cent of the undivided liquor permit fund 1645 shall be distributed by the superintendent of liquor control at 1646 quarterly calendar periods as follows: 1647

(A) To each municipal corporation, the aggregate amount shown 1648 by the statements to have been collected from permits in the 1649 municipal corporation, for the use of the general fund of the 1650 municipal corporation; 1651

(B) To each township, the aggregate amount shown by the 1652 statements to have been collected from permits in its territory, 1653

outside the limits of any municipal corporation located in the1654township, for the use of the general fund of the township, or for1655fire protection purposes, including buildings and equipment in the1656township or in an established fire district within the township,1657to the extent that the funds are derived from liquor permits1658within the territory comprising such fire district.1659

For the purpose of the distribution required by this section, 1660 E, H, and D permits covering boats or vessels are deemed to have 1661 been issued in the municipal corporation or township wherein the 1662 owner or operator of the vehicle, boat, vessel, or dining car 1663 equipment to which the permit relates has the owner's or 1664 operator's principal office or place of business within the state. 1665

Such distributions are subject to diminutions for refunds as 1666 prescribed in section 4301.41 of the Revised Code. If the liquor 1667 control commission is of the opinion determines that the police or 1668 other officers of any municipal corporation or township entitled 1669 to share in such a distribution distributions are refusing or 1670 culpably neglecting to enforce this chapter and Chapter 4303. of 1671 the Revised Code, or the penal laws of this state relating to the 1672 manufacture, importation, transportation, distribution, and sale 1673 of beer and intoxicating liquors, or if the prosecuting officer of 1674 a municipal corporation or a municipal court fails to comply with 1675 the request of the commission authorized by division (A)(4) of 1676 section 4301.10 of the Revised Code, the commission, by certified 1677 mail_ may notify the chief executive officer of the municipal 1678 corporation or the board of township trustees of the township of 1679 the failure and require the immediate cooperation of the 1680 responsible officers of the municipal corporation or township with 1681 the division of liquor control in the enforcement of those 1682 chapters and penal laws. Within thirty days after the notice is 1683 served, the commission shall determine whether the requirement has 1684 been complied with. If the commission determines that the 1685

requirement has not been complied with, it may issue an order to 1686 the superintendent to withhold the distributive share of the 1687 municipal corporation or township until further order of the 1688 commission. This action of the commission is reviewable within 1689 thirty days thereafter in the court of common pleas of Franklin 1690 county. 1691

Sec. 4301.39. (A) When the board of elections of any county 1692 determines that a petition for a local option election, presented 1693 pursuant to section 4301.33, 4301.331, 4301.332, 4301.333, 1694 4303.29, or 4305.14 of the Revised Code is sufficient, it shall 1695 forthwith, by mail, notify the division of liquor control of the 1696 fact that such a the petition has been filed and approved by it. 1697 Upon the determination of the results of any such election, the 1698 board shall forthwith notify the division by mail of the result 1699 and shall forward with the notice a plat of the precinct in which 1700 the election was held and, if applicable, shall separately 1701 identify the portion of the precinct affected by the election. 1702

(B) On the plat of a precinct, forwarded with the results of 1703
an election that was held under section 4301.35, 4301.351, 1704
4301.353, 4301.354, or 4303.29 of the Revised Code, the board 1705
shall show and designate all of the streets and highways in the 1706
precinct or relevant portion thereof of the precinct. 1707

(C) On the plat of a precinct, forwarded with the results of 1708
an election that was held under section 4301.352 of the Revised 1709
Code, the board shall show and designate all of the following: 1710

(1) All of the streets and highways in the precinct; 1711

(2) The permit premises designated in the petition that wasfiled under section 4301.331 of the Revised Code;1713

(3) A class C or D permit holder's personal or corporate 1714 name₇ and₁ if it is different from the permit holder's personal or 1715

corporate name, the name of the business conducted by the permit	1716
holder on the designated premises;	1717
(4) The address of the designated premises.	1718
(D) On the plat of a $ ext{precinct}_{ au}$ forwarded with the results of	1719
an election that was held under section 4301.355 of the Revised	1720
Code, the board shall show and designate all of the following:	1721
(1) All streets and highways in the precinct;	1722
(2) The address of the particular location within the	1723
precinct to which the election results will apply as designated in	1724
the petition that was filed under section 4301.333 of the Revised	1725
Code;	1726
(3) The name of the applicant for the issuance or transfer \underline{of}	1727
<u>the liquor permit</u> , or <u>of</u> the holder of the liquor permit, or name	1728
of the liquor agency store, including any trade or fictitious	1729
names under which the applicant, holder, or operator intends to,	1730
or does, do business at the particular location, as designated in	1731
the petition that was filed under section 4301.333 of the Revised	1732
Code.	1733
(E) With the results of an election that was held under	1734
section 4301.356 of the Revised Code, the board shall designate	1735
both of the following:	1736
(1) Each permit premises designated in the petition;	1737
(2) Each class C or D permit holder's personal or corporate	1738
name and, if it is different from the personal or corporate name,	1739
the name of the business conducted by the permit holder on the	1740
designated premises.	1741
(F) If an application for recount is filed with the board \overline{of}	1742
elections pursuant to section 3515.02 of the Revised Code or if an	1743
election contest is commenced pursuant to section 3515.09 of the	1744
Revised Code, the board of elections shall send written notice of	1745

the recount or contest, by certified mail, to the superintendent 1746 of liquor control within two days from the date of the filing of 1747 the application for recount or the commencement of an election 1748 contest. Upon the final determination of an election recount or 1749 contest, the board of elections shall send notice of the final 1750 determination, by certified mail, to the superintendent and the 1751 liquor control commission. 1752

(G) If, as the result of a local option election held 1753 pursuant to section 4301.35, 4301.351, 4301.353, 4301.354, 1754 4303.29, or 4305.14 of the Revised Code, the use of a permit is 1755 made partially unlawful, the division shall, within thirty days 1756 after receipt of the final notice of the result of the election, 1757 pick up and the permit, amend the permit it by inserting 1758 appropriate restrictions on the permit it, and forthwith reissue 1759 the permit it without charge or refund to the permit holder, 1760 unless, prior to thirty days after receipt of the final notice of 1761 the result of such the election, both of the following occur: 1762

(1) A petition is filed with the board of elections pursuant
 to section 4301.333 of the Revised Code;
 1764

(2) A copy of the petition filed with the board of elections
pursuant to section 4301.333 of the Revised Code, bearing the file
stamp of the board of elections, is filed with the superintendent
1767
of the division of liquor control.

If both of those conditions are met, the results of the 1769 election held pursuant to section 4301.35, 4301.351, 4301.353, 1770 4301.354, 4303.29, or 4305.14 of the Revised Code shall not take 1771 effect as to the liquor permit holder specified in the petition 1772 filed pursuant to section 4301.333 of the Revised Code until the 1773 earlier of a determination by the board of elections and receipt 1774 of notification of by the superintendent of the division of liquor 1775 control of notice that the petition is invalid or receipt by the 1776 superintendent of final notice of the result of an election held 1777

pursuant to section 4301.355 of the Revised Code concerning the 1778 holder of the liquor permit that resulted in a majority "no" vote. 1779

(H) If, as the result of a local option election, except a 1780 local option election held pursuant to section 4301.352 of the 1781 Revised Code, the use of a permit is made wholly unlawful, the 1782 permit holder may, within thirty days after the certification of 1783 such that final result by the board of elections to the division, 1784 deliver the permit holder's permit to the division for safekeeping 1785 as provided in section 4303.272 of the Revised Code, or the permit 1786 holder may avail itself of the remedy set forth in divisions 1787 (G)(1) and (2) of this section. In such event, the results of the 1788 election shall not take effect as to the liquor permit holder 1789 specified in the petition pursuant to section 4301.333 of the 1790 Revised Code until the earlier of a determination by the board of 1791 elections and receipt by the superintendent of the division of 1792 liquor control of notice that the petition is invalid or receipt 1793 by the superintendent of the final notice of the result of an 1794 election held pursuant to section 4301.355 of the Revised Code 1795 concerning the holder of the liquor permit that resulted in a 1796 majority "no" vote. 1797

(I) If a municipal corporation or township has been paid all 1798 the moneys due it from permit fees under section 4301.30 of the 1799 Revised Code, it shall refund to the division ninety per cent of 1800 the money attributed to the unexpired portion of all permits which 1801 are still in force at the time of a local option election that 1802 makes use of the permits unlawful, except that no refund shall be 1803 made for the unexpired portion of a license year that is less than 1804 thirty days. Failure of the municipal corporation or township to 1805 refund the amount due entitles the permit holders to operate under 1806 their permits until the refund has been made. 1807

(J) If a municipal corporation or township has been paid all 1808 the money due it from permit fees under section 4301.30 of the 1809

time a local option election under section 4301.352 of the Revised	1812
Code makes use of the permit unlawful, except that no refund shall	1813
be made for the unexpired portion of a license year that is less	1814
than thirty days. Failure of the municipal corporation or township	1815
to refund the amount due entitles the permit holder to operate	1816
under the permit until the refund has been made.	1817

sec. 4301.41. Whenever the division of liquor control cancels 1818 a permit, the division shall refund to its holder, or to the 1819 holder's executors, administrators, receivers, or trustees in 1820 bankruptcy, or to an assignce for the benefit of the holder's 1821 creditors, a proportionate amount representing the unexpired 1822 portion of the holder's permit year, except that such refund shall 1823 in no event be more than ninety per cent of such fee, and if the 1824 unexpired portion of the license year is less than thirty days, no 1825 refund shall be made. When the superintendent of liquor control 1826 considers it advisable to cancel the unexpired portion of an 1827 outstanding a permit in order that such the permit or permits, 1828 held by the permittee, may be issued on a uniform expiration date 1829 designated by the superintendent, the division of liquor control 1830 may credit or refund the unexpired portion of permit fees 1831 outstanding or collect any additional amounts due resulting from 1832 the uniform expiration date so fixed. Notice of such a change of 1833 the expiration date and such of a credit, refund, or additional 1834 amounts to be credited, refunded, or paid shall be given by the 1835 division to the permittee holder of the permit at least thirty 1836 days prior to the due date. Such refund shall be made subject to 1837 the order of the division, and at the next distribution of permit 1838 fee revenues, the amount refunded shall be withheld from the 1839 moneys due to the subdivision which received the original permit 1840 fee. 1841

Sec. 4301.424. (A) For the purpose of section 351.26 of the 1842 Revised Code and to pay any or all of the charge the board of 1843 elections makes against the county to hold the election on the 1844 question of levying the tax, the board of county commissioners, in 1845 the manner prescribed by division (A) of section 351.26 of the 1846 Revised Code, may levy a tax on each gallon of spirituous liquor; 1847 1848 on the sale of beer; and on the sale of wine and mixed beverages. The tax on spirituous liquor shall be imposed on spirituous liquor 1849 sold to or purchased by liquor permit holders for resale, and sold 1850 at retail by the department division of liquor control, in the 1851 county at a rate not greater than three dollars per gallon; the 1852 tax on beer, wine, and mixed beverages shall be imposed on all 1853 beer, wine, and mixed beverages sold for resale at retail in the 1854 county, and on all beer, wine, and mixed beverages sold at retail 1855 in the county by the manufacturer, bottler, importer, or other 1856 person and upon which the tax has not been paid. The rate of the 1857 tax on beer shall not exceed sixteen cents per gallon, and the 1858 rate of the tax on wine and mixed beverages shall not exceed 1859 thirty-two cents per gallon. Only one sale of the same article 1860 shall be used in computing, reporting, and paying the amount of 1861 tax due. The tax may be levied for any number of years not 1862 exceeding twenty. 1863

The tax shall be levied pursuant to a resolution of the board 1864 of county commissioners adopted as prescribed by division (A) of 1865 section 351.26 of the Revised Code and approved by a majority of 1866 the electors in the county voting on the question of levying the 1867 tax. The resolution shall specify the rates of the tax, the number 1868 of years the tax will be levied, and the purposes for which the 1869 tax is levied. Such election may be held on the date of a general 1870 or special election held not sooner than seventy-five days after 1871 the date the board certifies its resolution to the board of 1872 elections. If approved by the electors, the tax takes effect on 1873

the first day of the month specified in the resolution but not 1874 sooner than the first day of the month that is at least sixty days 1875 after the certification of the election results by the board of 1876 elections. A copy of the resolution levying the tax shall be 1877 certified to the department <u>division</u> of liquor control and the tax 1878 commissioner at least sixty days prior to the date on which the 1879 tax is to become effective. 1880

(B) A resolution under this section may be joined on the
1881
ballot as a single question with a resolution adopted under
1882
section 5743.026 of the Revised Code to levy a tax for the same
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purposes, and for the purpose of paying the expenses of
1884
administering that tax.

(C) The form of the ballot in an election held on the
question of levying a tax proposed pursuant to this section shall
be as prescribed by section 351.26 of the Revised Code.
1888

sec. 4301.77. The division of liquor control may provide the 1889 social security number of an individual that the division 1890 possesses to the department of public safety, the department of 1891 taxation, the office of the attorney general, or any other state 1892 or local law enforcement agency if the department, office, or 1893 other state or local law enfocement agency requests the social 1894 security number from the division to conduct an investigation, 1895 implement an enforcement action, or collect taxes. 1896

 sec. 4301.99. (A) Whoever violates section 4301.47, 4301.48,
 1897

 4301.49, 4301.62, or 4301.70 or division (B) of section 4301.691
 1898

 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.
 1899

(B) Whoever violates section 4301.15, division (A)(2) or (D)1900(C) of section 4301.22, division (C), (D), (E), (F), (G), (H), or1901(I) of section 4301.631, or section 4301.64 or 4301.67 of the1902Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.1903

If an offender who violates section 4301.64 of the Revised 1904 Code was under the age of eighteen years at the time of the 1905 offense, the court, in addition to any other penalties it imposes 1906 upon the offender, shall suspend the offender's temporary 1907 instruction permit, probationary driver's license, or driver's 1908 license for a period of not less than six months and not more than 1909 one year. If the offender is fifteen years and six months of age 1910 or older and has not been issued a temporary instruction permit or 1911 probationary driver's license, the offender shall not be eligible 1912 to be issued such a license or permit for a period of six months. 1913 If the offender has not attained the age of fifteen years and six 1914 months, the offender shall not be eligible to be issued a 1915 temporary instruction permit until the offender attains the age of 1916 sixteen years. 1917

(C) Whoever violates division (D) of section 4301.21, or 1918
section 4301.251, 4301.58, 4301.59, 4301.60, 4301.633, 4301.66, 1919
4301.68, or 4301.74, division (B), (C), (D), (E)(1), or (F) of 1920
section 4301.69 of the Revised Code, or division (C), (D), (E), 1921
(F), (G), or (I) of section 4301.691 of the Revised Code is guilty 1922
of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 1923

If an offender who violates division (E)(1) of section 1924 4301.69 of the Revised Code was under the age of eighteen years at 1925 the time of the offense and the offense occurred while the 1926 offender was the operator of or a passenger in a motor vehicle, 1927 the court, in addition to any other penalties it imposes upon the 1928 offender, shall suspend the offender's temporary instruction 1929 permit or probationary driver's license for a period of not less 1930 than six months and not more than one year. If the offender is 1931 fifteen years and six months of age or older and has not been 1932 issued a temporary instruction permit or probationary driver's 1933 license, the offender shall not be eligible to be issued such a 1934 license or permit for a period of six months. If the offender has 1935

not attained the age of fifteen years and six months, the offender 1936 shall not be eligible to be issued a temporary instruction permit 1937 until the offender attains the age of sixteen years. 1938

(D) Whoever violates division (B) of section 4301.14, or 1939 division (A)(1) or $(3)_7$ or (B), or (C) of section 4301.22 of the 1940 Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 1941

(E) Whoever violates section 4301.63 or division (B) of 1942 section 4301.631 of the Revised Code shall be fined not less than 1943 twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars. The court imposing 1944 a fine for a violation of section 4301.63 or division (B) of 1945 section 4301.631 of the Revised Code may order that the fine be 1946 paid by the performance of public work at a reasonable hourly rate 1947 established by the court. The court shall designate the time 1948 within which the public work shall be completed. 1949

(F)(1) Whoever violates section 4301.634 of the Revised Code 1950 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. If, in committing 1951 a first violation of that section, the offender presented to the 1952 permit holder or the permit holder's employee or agent a false, 1953 fictitious, or altered identification card, a false or fictitious 1954 driver's license purportedly issued by any state, or a driver's 1955 license issued by any state that has been altered, the offender is 1956 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be fined not 1957 less than two hundred fifty and not more than one thousand 1958 dollars, and may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not 1959 more than six months. 1960

(2) On a second violation in which, for the second time, the 1961 offender presented to the permit holder or the permit holder's 1962 employee or agent a false, fictitious, or altered identification 1963 card, a false or fictitious driver's license purportedly issued by 1964 any state, or a driver's license issued by any state that has been 1965 altered, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 1966 degree and shall be fined not less than five hundred nor more than 1967

one thousand dollars, and may be sentenced to a term of1968imprisonment of not more than six months. The court also may1969impose a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's or1970commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating1971privilege from the range specified in division (A)(7) of section19724510.02 of the Revised Code.1973

(3) On a third or subsequent violation in which, for the 1974 third or subsequent time, the offender presented to the permit 1975 holder or the permit holder's employee or agent a false, 1976 fictitious, or altered identification card, a false or fictitious 1977 driver's license purportedly issued by any state, or a driver's 1978 license issued by any state that has been altered, the offender is 1979 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be fined not 1980 less than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and may 1981 be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than six 1982 months. The court also shall impose a class six suspension of the 1983 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or 1984 nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in 1985 division (A)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code, and the 1986 court may order that the suspension or denial remain in effect 1987 until the offender attains the age of twenty-one years. The court 1988 also may order the offender to perform a determinate number of 1989 hours of community service, with the court determining the actual 1990 number of hours and the nature of the community service the 1991 offender shall perform. 1992

(G) Whoever violates section 4301.636 of the Revised Code is 1993guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. 1994

(H) Whoever violates division (A)(1) of section 4301.22 of 1995
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor, shall be fined not 1996
less than five hundred and not more than one thousand dollars, 1997
and, in addition to the fine, may be imprisoned for a definite 1998
term of not more than sixty days. 1999

(I) Whoever violates division (A) of section 4301.69 or 2000 division (H) of section 4301.691 of the Revised Code is guilty of 2001 a misdemeanor, shall be fined not less than five hundred and not 2002 more than one thousand dollars, and, in addition to the fine, may 2003 be imprisoned for a definite term of not more than six months. 2004

Sec. 4303.03. Permit A-2 may be issued to a manufacturer to 2005 manufacture wine from grapes or other fruits grown in the state, 2006 if obtainable, otherwise to import such fruits after submitting an 2007 affidavit of nonavailability to the division of liquor control; to 2008 import and purchase wine in bond for blending purposes, the total 2009 amount of wine so imported during the year covered by the permit 2010 not to exceed forty per cent of all the wine manufactured and 2011 imported; to manufacture, purchase, and import brandy for 2012 fortifying purposes; and to sell such those products either in 2013 glass or container for consumption on the premises where 2014 manufactured, for home use, and to retail and wholesale permit 2015 holders under such the rules as are adopted by the division. 2016

The fee for this permit is one hundred twenty-six dollars for 2017 each plant producing one hundred wine barrels, of fifty gallons 2018 each, or less annually. This initial fee shall be increased at the 2019 rate of ten cents per such barrel for all wine manufactured in 2020 excess of one hundred barrels during the year covered by the to 2021 which this permit is issued. 2022

Sec. 4303.07. Permit B-2 may be issued to a wholesale 2023 distributor of wine to purchase from holders of A-2 and B-5 2024 permits and distribute or sell such that product, in the original 2025 container in which it was placed by the B-5 permit holder or 2026 manufacturer at the place where manufactured, to A-1-A, C-2, D-2, 2027 D-3, D-4, D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5c, D-5d, D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, 2028 D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, and E permit holders, and for home use. 2029

The fee for this permit is five hundred dollars for each	2030
distributing plant or warehouse. The initial fee shall be	2031
increased ten cents per wine barrel of fifty gallons for all wine	2032
distributed and sold in this state in excess of twelve hundred	2033
fifty such barrels during the year covered by the permit.	2034

sec. 4303.09. Permit B-4 may be issued to a wholesale 2035 distributor to purchase from the holders of A-4 permits and to 2036 import, distribute, and sell prepared and bottled highballs, 2037 cocktails, cordials, and other mixed beverages containing not less 2038 than four per cent of alcohol by volume and not more than 2039 twenty-one per cent of alcohol by volume to retail permit holders, 2040 and for home use, under rules adopted by the division of liquor 2041 control. The formula and samples of all such of those beverages to 2042 be handled by the permit holder shall be submitted to the division 2043 for its analysis and the approval of the division before such 2044 those beverages may be sold and distributed in this state. All 2045 labels and advertising matter used by the holders of this permit 2046 shall be approved by the division before they may be used in this 2047 state. The fee for this permit shall be computed on the basis of 2048 annual sales, and the initial fee is five hundred dollars for each 2049 distributing plant or warehouse. The initial fee shall be 2050 increased at the rate of ten cents per wine barrel of fifty 2051 gallons for all such beverages distributed and sold in this state 2052 in excess of one thousand such barrels during the year covered by 2053 the permit. 2054

Sec. 4303.181. (A) Permit D-5a may be issued either to the 2055 owner or operator of a hotel or motel that is required to be 2056 licensed under section 3731.03 of the Revised Code, that contains 2057 at least fifty rooms for registered transient guests or is owned 2058 by a state institution of higher education as defined in section 2059

3345.011 of the Revised Code or a private college or university, 2060 and that qualifies under the other requirements of this section, 2061 or to the owner or operator of a restaurant specified under this 2062 section, to sell beer and any intoxicating liquor at retail, only 2063 by the individual drink in glass and from the container, for 2064 consumption on the premises where sold, and to registered guests 2065 in their rooms, which may be sold by means of a controlled access 2066 alcohol and beverage cabinet in accordance with division (B) of 2067 section 4301.21 of the Revised Code; and to sell the same products 2068 in the same manner and amounts not for consumption on the premises 2069 as may be sold by holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. The premises of 2070 the hotel or motel shall include a retail food establishment or a 2071 food service operation licensed pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the 2072 Revised Code that operates as a restaurant for purposes of this 2073 chapter and that is affiliated with the hotel or motel and within 2074 or contiguous to the hotel or motel, and that serves food within 2075 the hotel or motel, but the principal business of the owner or 2076 operator of the hotel or motel shall be the accommodation of 2077 transient guests. In addition to the privileges authorized in this 2078 division, the holder of a D-5a permit may exercise the same 2079 privileges as the holder of a D-5 permit. 2080

The owner or operator of a hotel, motel, or restaurant who 2081 qualified for and held a D-5a permit on August 4, 1976, may, if 2082 the owner or operator held another permit before holding a D-5a 2083 permit, either retain a D-5a permit or apply for the permit 2084 formerly held, and the division of liquor control shall issue the 2085 permit for which the owner or operator applies and formerly held, 2086 notwithstanding any quota. 2087

A D-5a permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2088 No quota restriction shall be placed on the number of such D-5a 2089 permits that may be issued. 2090

The fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred 2091 forty-four dollars. 2092

(B) Permit D-5b may be issued to the owner, operator, tenant, 2093 lessee, or occupant of an enclosed shopping center to sell beer 2094 and intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 2095 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 2096 where sold; and to sell the same products in the same manner and 2097 amount not for consumption on the premises as may be sold by 2098 holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. In addition to the privileges 2099 authorized in this division, the holder of a D-5b permit may 2100 exercise the same privileges as a holder of a D-5 permit. 2101

A D-5b permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2102

One D-5b permit may be issued at an enclosed shopping center 2103 containing at least two hundred twenty-five thousand, but less 2104 than four hundred thousand, square feet of floor area. 2105

Two D-5b permits may be issued at an enclosed shopping center 2106 containing at least four hundred thousand square feet of floor 2107 area. No more than one D-5b permit may be issued at an enclosed 2108 shopping center for each additional two hundred thousand square 2109 feet of floor area or fraction of that floor area, up to a maximum 2110 of five D-5b permits for each enclosed shopping center. The number 2111 of D-5b permits that may be issued at an enclosed shopping center 2112 shall be determined by subtracting the number of D-3 and D-5 2113 permits issued in the enclosed shopping center from the number of 2114 D-5b permits that otherwise may be issued at the enclosed shopping 2115 center under the formulas provided in this division. Except as 2116 provided in this section, no quota shall be placed on the number 2117 of D-5b permits that may be issued. Notwithstanding any quota 2118 provided in this section, the holder of any D-5b permit first 2119 issued in accordance with this section is entitled to its renewal 2120 in accordance with section 4303.271 of the Revised Code. 2121

The holder of a D-5b permit issued before April 4, 1984, 2122 whose tenancy is terminated for a cause other than nonpayment of 2123 rent, may return the D-5b permit to the division of liquor 2124 control, and the division shall cancel that permit. Upon 2125 cancellation of that permit and upon the permit holder's payment 2126 of taxes, contributions, premiums, assessments, and other debts 2127 owing or accrued upon the date of cancellation to this state and 2128 its political subdivisions and a filing with the division of a 2129 certification of that payment, the division shall issue to that 2130 person either a D-5 permit, or a D-1, a D-2, and a D-3 permit, as 2131 that person requests. The division shall issue the D-5 permit, or 2132 the D-1, D-2, and D-3 permits, even if the number of D-1, D-2, 2133 D-3, or D-5 permits currently issued in the municipal corporation 2134 or in the unincorporated area of the township where that person's 2135 proposed premises is located equals or exceeds the maximum number 2136 of such permits that can be issued in that municipal corporation 2137 or in the unincorporated area of that township under the 2138 population quota restrictions contained in section 4303.29 of the 2139 Revised Code. Any D-1, D-2, D-3, or D-5 permit so issued shall not 2140 be transferred to another location. If a D-5b permit is canceled 2141 under the provisions of this paragraph, the number of D-5b permits 2142 that may be issued at the enclosed shopping center for which the 2143 D-5b permit was issued, under the formula provided in this 2144 division, shall be reduced by one if the enclosed shopping center 2145 was entitled to more than one D-5b permit under the formula. 2146

The fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred2147forty-four dollars.2148

(C) Permit D-5c may be issued to the owner or operator of a 2149 retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed 2150 pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a 2151 restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that qualifies under 2152 the other requirements of this section to sell beer and any 2153

intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 2154 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 2155 where sold, and to sell the same products in the same manner and 2156 amounts not for consumption on the premises as may be sold by 2157 holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. In addition to the privileges 2158 authorized in this division, the holder of a D-5c permit may 2159

exercise the same privileges as the holder of a D-5 permit.

To qualify for a D-5c permit, the owner or operator of a 2161 retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed 2162 pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a 2163 restaurant for purposes of this chapter, shall have operated the 2164 restaurant at the proposed premises for not less than twenty-four 2165 consecutive months immediately preceding the filing of the 2166 application for the permit, have applied for a D-5 permit no later 2167 than December 31, 1988, and appear on the division's quota waiting 2168 list for not less than six months immediately preceding the filing 2169 of the application for the permit. In addition to these 2170 requirements, the proposed D-5c permit premises shall be located 2171 within a municipal corporation and further within an election 2172 precinct that, at the time of the application, has no more than 2173 twenty-five per cent of its total land area zoned for residential 2174 2175 use.

A D-5c permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2176 No quota restriction shall be placed on the number of such permits 2177 that may be issued. 2178

Any person who has held a D-5c permit for at least two years 2179 may apply for a D-5 permit, and the division of liquor control 2180 shall issue the D-5 permit notwithstanding the quota restrictions 2181 contained in section 4303.29 of the Revised Code or in any rule of 2182 the liquor control commission. 2183

The fee for this permit is one thousand five hundred2184sixty-three dollars.2185

2160

(D) Permit D-5d may be issued to the owner or operator of a 2186 retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed 2187 pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a 2188 restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that is located at an 2189 airport operated by a board of county commissioners pursuant to 2190 section 307.20 of the Revised Code, at an airport operated by a 2191 port authority pursuant to Chapter 4582. of the Revised Code, or 2192 at an airport operated by a regional airport authority pursuant to 2193 Chapter 308. of the Revised Code. The holder of a D-5d permit may 2194 sell beer and any intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the 2195 individual drink in glass and from the container, for consumption 2196 on the premises where sold, and may sell the same products in the 2197 same manner and amounts not for consumption on the premises where 2198 sold as may be sold by the holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. In 2199 addition to the privileges authorized in this division, the holder 2200 of a D-5d permit may exercise the same privileges as the holder of 2201 a D-5 permit. 2202

A D-5d permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2203 No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of such 2204 permits that may be issued. 2205

The fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred 2206 forty-four dollars. 2207

(E) Permit D-5e may be issued to any nonprofit organization 2208 that is exempt from federal income taxation under the "Internal 2209 Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 501(c)(3), as 2210 amended, or that is a charitable organization under any chapter of 2211 the Revised Code, and that owns or operates a riverboat that meets 2212 all of the following: 2213

(1) Is permanently docked at one location; 2214

(2) Is designated as an historical riverboat by the Ohiohistorical society;2216

(3) Contains not less than fifteen hundred square feet of 2217 floor area; 2218 2219

(4) Has a seating capacity of fifty or more persons.

The holder of a D-5e permit may sell beer and intoxicating 2220 liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in glass and from 2221 the container, for consumption on the premises where sold. 2222

A D-5e permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2223 No quota restriction shall be placed on the number of such permits 2224 that may be issued. The population quota restrictions contained in 2225 section 4303.29 of the Revised Code or in any rule of the liquor 2226 control commission shall not apply to this division, and the 2227 division shall issue a D-5e permit to any applicant who meets the 2228 requirements of this division. However, the division shall not 2229 issue a D-5e permit if the permit premises or proposed permit 2230 premises are located within an area in which the sale of 2231 spirituous liquor by the glass is prohibited. 2232

The fee for this permit is one thousand two hundred nineteen 2233 dollars. 2234

(F) Permit D-5f may be issued to the owner or operator of a 2235 retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed 2236 under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a 2237 restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that meets all of the 2238 following: 2239

(1) It contains not less than twenty-five hundred square feet 2240 of floor area. 2241

(2) It is located on or in, or immediately adjacent to, the 2242 shoreline of, a navigable river. 2243

(3) It provides docking space for twenty-five boats. 2244

(4) It provides entertainment and recreation, provided that 2245 not less than fifty per cent of the business on the permit 2246

premises shall be preparing and serving meals for a consideration. 2247

In addition, each application for a D-5f permit shall be 2248 accompanied by a certification from the local legislative 2249 authority that the issuance of the D-5f permit is not inconsistent 2250 with that political subdivision's comprehensive development plan 2251 or other economic development goal as officially established by 2252 the local legislative authority. 2253

The holder of a D-5f permit may sell beer and intoxicating 2254 liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in glass and from 2255 the container, for consumption on the premises where sold. 2256

A D-5f permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2257

The division of liquor control shall not issue a D-5f permit 2258 if the permit premises or proposed permit premises are located 2259 within an area in which the sale of spirituous liquor by the glass 2260 is prohibited. 2261

A fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred 2262 forty-four dollars. 2263

As used in this division, "navigable river" means a river 2264 that is also a "navigable water" as defined in the "Federal Power 2265 Act," 94 Stat. 770 (1980), 16 U.S.C. 796. 2266

(G) Permit D-5g may be issued to a nonprofit corporation that 2267 is either the owner or the operator of a national professional 2268 sports museum. The holder of a D-5g permit may sell beer and any 2269 intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 2270 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 2271 where sold. The holder of a D-5g permit shall sell no beer or 2272 intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises where sold 2273 after one a.m. A D-5g permit shall not be transferred to another 2274 location. No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of 2275 D-5g permits that may be issued. The fee for this permit is one 2276 thousand eight hundred seventy-five dollars. 2277

(H) Permit D-5h may be issued to any nonprofit organization 2278 that is exempt from federal income taxation under the "Internal 2279 Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 501(c)(3), as 2280 amended, that owns or operates a fine arts museum and has no less 2281 than five thousand bona fide members possessing full membership 2282 privileges. The holder of a D-5h permit may sell beer and any 2283 intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 2284 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 2285 where sold. The holder of a D-5h permit shall sell no beer or 2286 intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises where sold 2287 after one a.m. A D-5h permit shall not be transferred to another 2288 location. No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of 2289 D-5h permits that may be issued. The fee for this permit is one 2290 thousand eight hundred seventy-five dollars. 2291

(I) Permit D-5i may be issued to the owner or operator of a 2292 retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed 2293 under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a 2294 restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that meets all of the 2295 following requirements: 2296

(1) It is located in a municipal corporation or a township 2297 with a population of seventy-five thousand or less. 2298

(2) It has inside seating capacity for at least one hundred 2299 forty persons. 2300

(3) It has at least four thousand square feet of floor area. 2301

(4) It offers full-course meals, appetizers, and sandwiches. 2302

(5) Its receipts from beer and liquor sales do not exceed 2303 twenty-five per cent of its total gross receipts. 2304

(6) The It has at least one of the following characteristics: 2305

(a) The value of its real and personal property exceeds seven 2306 hundred twenty-five thousand dollars. 2307

(b) It is located on property that is owned or leased by the	2308
state or a state agency, and its owner or operator has	2309
authorization from the state or the state agency that owns or	2310
leases the property to obtain a D-5i permit.	2311

The holder of a D-5i permit shall cause an independent audit 2312 to be performed at the end of one full year of operation following 2313 issuance of the permit in order to verify the requirements of 2314 division (I)(5) of this section. The results of the independent 2315 audit shall be transmitted to the division. Upon determining that 2316 the receipts of the holder from beer and liquor sales exceeded 2317 twenty-five per cent of its total gross receipts, the division 2318 shall suspend the permit of the permit holder under section 2319 4301.25 of the Revised Code and may allow the permit holder to 2320 elect a forfeiture under section 4301.252 of the Revised Code. 2321

The holder of a D-5i permit may sell beer and any 2322 intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 2323 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 2324 where sold, and may sell the same products in the same manner and 2325 amounts not for consumption on the premises where sold as may be 2326 sold by the holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. The holder of a D-5i 2327 permit shall sell no beer or intoxicating liquor for consumption 2328 on the premises where sold after two-thirty a.m. In addition to 2329 the privileges authorized in this division, the holder of a D-5i 2330 permit may exercise the same privileges as the holder of a D-5 2331 permit. 2332

A D-5i permit shall not be transferred to another location. 2333 The division of liquor control shall not renew a D-5i permit 2334 unless the <u>retail food establishment or</u> food service operation for 2335 which it is issued continues to meet the requirements described in 2336 divisions (I)(1) to (6) of this section. No quota restrictions 2337 shall be placed on the number of D-5i permits that may be issued. 2338 The fee for this <u>the D-5i</u> permit is two thousand three hundred 2339

forty-four dollars. 2340 (J)(1) Permit D-5j may be issued to the owner or the operator 2341 of a retail food establishment or a food service operation 2342 licensed under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code to sell beer and 2343 intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 2344 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 2345 where sold and to sell beer and intoxicating liquor in the same 2346 manner and amounts not for consumption on the premises where sold 2347 as may be sold by the holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. The holder 2348 of a D-5j permit may exercise the same privileges, and shall 2349 observe the same hours of operation, as the holder of a D-5 2350 permit. 2351 (2) The D-5j permit shall be issued only within a community 2352 entertainment district that is designated under section 4301.80 of 2353 the Revised Code and that meets one of the following 2354 qualifications: 2355 (a) It is located in a municipal corporation with a 2356 population of at least one hundred thousand. 2357 (b) It is located in a municipal corporation with a 2358 population of at least twenty thousand, and either of the 2359 following applies: 2360 (i) It contains an amusement park the rides of which have 2361 been issued a permit by the department of agriculture under 2362 Chapter 1711. of the Revised Code. 2363 (ii) Not less than fifty million dollars will be invested in 2364 development and construction in the community entertainment 2365 district's area located in the municipal corporation. 2366 (c) It is located in a township with a population of at least 2367 forty thousand. 2368

(3) The location of a D-5j permit may be transferred only 2369

within the geographic boundaries of the community entertainment 2370 district in which it was issued and shall not be transferred 2371 outside the geographic boundaries of that district. 2372

(4) Not more than one D-5j permit shall be issued within each
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community entertainment district for each five acres of land
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located within the district. Not more than fifteen D-5j permits
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may be issued within a single community entertainment district.
2376
Except as otherwise provided in division (J)(4) of this section,
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no quota restrictions shall be placed upon the number of D-5j
2378
permits that may be issued.

(5) The fee for a D-5j permit is two thousand three hundred 2380
forty-four dollars. 2381

(K)(1) Permit D-5k may be issued to any nonprofit
organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under the
2383
"Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A.
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501(c)(3), as amended, that is the owner or operator of a
botanical garden recognized by the American association of
2385
botanical gardens and arboreta, and that has not less than
2387
twenty-five hundred bona fide members.

(2) The holder of a D-5k permit may sell beer and any2389intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in2390glass and from the container, on the premises where sold.2391

(3) The holder of a D-5k permit shall sell no beer or2392intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises where sold2393after one a.m.2394

(4) A D-5k permit shall not be transferred to another2395location.2396

(5) No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of 2397D-5k permits that may be issued. 2398

(6) The fee for the D-5k permit is one thousand eight hundred 2399

seventy-five dollars.

Sec. 4303.203	3. (A) As used in this section:	2401
Sec. 4303.203	J . (A) AS used III CHIS SECTION.	240

(1) "Convention facility" and "nonprofit corporation" have2402the same meanings as in section 4303.201 of the Revised Code.2403

(2) "Hotel" means a hotel described in section 3731.01 of the
Revised Code that has at least fifty rooms for registered
transient guests and that is required to be licensed pursuant to
section 3731.03 of the Revised Code.

(B) An F-3 permit may be issued to an organization whose 2408 primary purpose is to support, promote, and educate members of the 2409 beer, wine, or mixed beverage industries, to allow the 2410 organization to bring beer, wine, or mixed beverages in their 2411 original packages or containers into a convention facility or 2412 hotel for consumption in the facility or hotel, if all of the 2413 following requirements are met: 2414

(1) The superintendent of liquor control is satisfied that
 2415
 the organization is a nonprofit organization and that the
 organization's membership is in excess of two hundred fifty
 2417
 persons.

(2) The general manager or the equivalent officer of the 2419 convention facility or hotel provides a written consent for the 2420 use of a portion of the facility or hotel by the organization and 2421 a written statement that the facility's or hotel's permit 2422 privileges will be suspended in the portion of the facility or 2423 hotel in which the F-3 permit is in force. 2424

(3) The organization provides a written description that
 2425
 clearly sets forth the portion of the convention facility or hotel
 2426
 in which the F-3 permit will be used.
 2427

(4) The organization provides a written statement as to its2428primary purpose and the purpose of its event at the convention2429

facility or hotel.

(5) Division (C) of this section does not apply. 2431

(C) No F-3 permit shall be issued to any nonprofit
 2432
 organization that is created by or for a specific manufacturer,
 supplier, distributor, or retailer of beer, wine, or mixed
 2434
 beverages.

(D) Notwithstanding division (E)(D) of section 4301.22 of the 2436 Revised Code, a holder of an F-3 permit may obtain by donation 2437 beer, wine, or mixed beverages from any manufacturer or producer 2438 of beer, wine, or mixed beverages. 2439

(E) Nothing in this chapter prohibits the holder of an F-3 2440
permit from bringing into the portion of the convention facility 2441
or hotel covered by the permit beer, wine, or mixed beverages 2442
otherwise not approved for sale in this state. 2443

(F) Notwithstanding division (E)(D) of section 4301.22 of the 2444 Revised Code, no holder of an F-3 permit shall make any charge for 2445 any beer, wine, or mixed beverage served by the drink, or in its 2446 original package or container, in connection with the use of the 2447 portion of the convention facility or hotel covered by the permit. 2448

(G) The division of liquor control shall prepare and make
available an F-3 permit application form and may require
applicants for the permit to provide information, in addition to
that required by this section, that is necessary for the
administration of this section.

(H) An F-3 permit shall be effective for a period not to 2454
exceed five consecutive days. The division of liquor control shall 2455
not issue more than three F-3 permits per calendar year to the 2456
same nonprofit organization. The fee for an F-3 permit is three 2457
hundred dollars. 2458

Sec. 4303.204. (A) The division of liquor control may issue 2459

an F-4 permit to an association or corporation organized	2460						
not-for-profit in this state to conduct an event that includes the	2461						
introduction, showcasing, or promotion of Ohio wines, if the event							
has all of the following characteristics:	2463						
(1) It is coordinated by that association or corporation, and	2464						
the association or corporation is responsible for the activities	2465						
at it.	2466						
(2) It has as one of its purposes the intent to introduce,	2467						
showcase, or promote Ohio wines to persons who attend it.	2468						
(3) It includes the sale of food for consumption on the	2469						
premises where sold.	2470						
(4) It features at least three A-2 permit holders who sell	2471						
Ohio wine at it.	2472						
(B) The holder of an F-4 permit may furnish, <u>with or</u> without	2473						
charge, wine that it has obtained from the A-2 permit holders that	2474						
are participating in the event for which the F-4 permit is issued,	2475						
in two-ounce samples for consumption on the premises where	2476						
furnished and may sell such wine by the glass for consumption on	2477						
the premises where sold. The holder of an A-2 permit that is	2478						
participating in the event for which the F-4 permit is issued may	2479						
sell wine that it has manufactured, in sealed containers for	2480						
consumption off the premises where sold. Wine may be furnished or	2481						
sold on the premises of the event for which the F-4 permit is	2482						
issued only where and when the sale of wine is otherwise permitted	2483						
by law.	2484						
(C) The premises of the event for which the F-4 permit is	2485						
issued shall be clearly defined and sufficiently restricted to	2486						
allow proper enforcement of the permit by state and local law	2487						
enforcement officers. If an F-4 permit is issued for all or a	2488						
portion of the same premises for which another class of permit is	2489						

issued, that permit holder's privileges will be suspended in that 2490 portion of the premises in which the F-4 permit is in effect. 2491

(D) No F-4 permit shall be effective for more than
seventy-two consecutive hours. No sales or furnishing of wine
shall take place under an F-4 permit after one a.m.
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(E) The division shall not issue more than six F-4 permits to 2495the same not-for-profit association or corporation in any one 2496calendar year. 2497

(F) An applicant for an F-4 permit shall apply for the permit 2498 not later than thirty days prior to the first day of the event for 2499 which the permit is sought. The application for the permit shall 2500 list all of the A-2 permit holders that will participate in the 2501 event for which the F-4 permit is sought. The fee for the F-4 2502 permit is sixty dollars per day. 2503

The division shall prepare and make available an F-4 permit2504application form and may require applicants for and holders of the2505F-4 permit to provide information that is in addition to that2506required by this section and that is necessary for the2507administration of this section.2508

(G)(1) The holder of an F-4 permit is responsible for, and is 2509
subject to penalties for, any violations of this chapter or 2510
Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code or the rules adopted under this 2511
and that chapter. 2512

(2) An F-4 permit holder shall not allow an A-2 permit holder
to participate in the event for which the F-4 permit is issued if
the A-2 or A-1-A permit of that A-2 permit holder is under
suspension.

(3) The division may refuse to issue an F-4 permit to an
applicant who has violated any provision of this chapter or
Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code during the applicant's previous
operation under an F-4 permit, for a period of up to two years
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after the date of the violation.

(H)(1) Notwithstanding division (E)(D) of section 4301.22 of 2522 the Revised Code, an A-2 permit holder that participates in an 2523 event for which an F-4 permit is issued may donate wine that it 2524 has manufactured to the holder of that F-4 permit. The holder of 2525 an F-4 permit may return unused and sealed containers of wine to 2526 the A-2 permit holder that donated the wine at the conclusion of 2527 the event for which the F-4 permit was issued. 2528

(2) The participation by an A-2 permit holder or its
employees in an event for which an F-4 permit is issued does not
violate section 4301.24 of the Revised Code.
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Sec. 4303.231. Permit W may be issued to a manufacturer or 2532 supplier of beer or intoxicating liquor to operate a warehouse for 2533 the storage of beer or intoxicating liquor within this state and 2534 to sell those products from the warehouse only to holders of B 2535 permits in this state and to other customers outside this state 2536 under rules promulgated adopted by the liquor control commission. 2537 Each holder of a B permit with a consent to import supplier 2538 registration on file with the division of liquor control may 2539 purchase beer or intoxicating liquor if designated by the permit 2540 to make those purchases, from the holder of a W permit. The fee 2541 for a W permit is one thousand five hundred sixty-three dollars 2542 for each warehouse during the year covered by the permit. 2543

Sec. 4303.24. All initial application fees prescribed by
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sections 4303.02 to 4303.23 of the Revised Code, shall be remitted
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to the division of liquor control when applications are filed. The
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pendency, priority, or validity of an application for a permit or
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<u>duplicate permit</u> received by the division prior to or after
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January 1, 1948 shall not be affected because the division did not
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issue the permit applied for or the applicant failed to appeal to

the liquor control commission. If a permit is not issued within	2551
one hundred twenty days from the date of such remittance, such	2552
initial fee shall be returned to the applicant. Such return shall	2553
not affect the priority of the application in the municipal	2554
corporation or unincorporated area of a county exclusive of any	2555
municipal corporation, wherein the proposed permit premises are	2556
located. The	2557

<u>The</u> division, prior to the granting of the <u>a</u> permit <u>or</u> 2558 duplicate permit applied for, shall notify, by certified mail, the 2559 applicant or the applicant's authorized agent; and the. The 2560 applicant or the applicant's authorized agent shall, within thirty 2561 days after the mailing of such that notice, redeposit the required 2562 fee, which shall include any fee increases that have occurred 2563 since the initial remission of the fee, with shall pay to the 2564 division the entire amount of the requisite permit fee required by 2565 sections 4303.02 to 4303.231 or, in the case of a duplicate 2566 permit, section 4303.30 of the Revised Code, if the permit or 2567 duplicate permit is issued during the first six months of the year 2568 the permit or duplicate permit covers, or one-half of the amount 2569 of the requisite permit fee, if the permit or duplicate permit is 2570 issued during the last six months of the year the permit or 2571 <u>duplicate permit covers</u>. If such <u>the</u> applicant fails to make such 2572 redeposit pay the applicable amount of that requisite permit fee 2573 within those thirty days, the division shall cancel the 2574 applicant's application shall be canceled. The procedure 2575 prescribed in this section for return of permit fees shall not 2576 apply to an application for renewal of a permit. All. 2577

All other fees shall be paid at such the time and in such the 2578 manner as is prescribed by the division. The liquor control 2579 commission may promulgate adopt rules requiring reports or returns 2580 for the purpose of determining the amounts of additional permit 2581 2582 fees.

sec. 4303.25. No person by himself or herself personally or 2583 by the person's clerk, agent, or employee shall manufacture, 2584 manufacture for sale, offer, keep, or possess for sale, furnish or 2585 sell, or solicit the purchase or sale of any beer or intoxicating 2586 liquor in this state, or transport, or import, or cause to be 2587 transported or imported any beer, intoxicating liquor, or alcohol 2588 in or into this state for delivery, use, or sale, unless such the 2589 person has fully complied with Chapters this chapter and Chapter 2590 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code or is the holder of a permit 2591 issued by the division of liquor control and in force at the time. 2592

The superintendent of liquor control may adopt rules 2593 requiring persons a person acting in capacities only as sales 2594 representatives as an agent, solicitor, or salesperson for a 2595 manufacturer, supplier, broker, or wholesale distributor, who 2596 solicit solicits permit holders authorized to deal in beer and 2597 intoxicating liquors liquor, to be registered with the division 2598 and may cite for revocation such the registrant to the liquor 2599 control commission for a violation of such chapters this chapter, 2600 Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code, or of the rules adopted by the 2601 commission or superintendent. 2602

sec. 4303.27. Each permit issued under sections 4303.02 to 2603 4303.23 of the Revised Code_{τ} shall authorize the person named to 2604 carry on the business specified at the place or in the boat, 2605 vessel, or classes of dining car equipment described, and shall be 2606 issued for one year, or part thereof of one year, commencing on 2607 the day after the uniform expiration dates designated by the 2608 division of liquor control, or for the unexpired portion of such 2609 year, and no longer, subject to suspension, revocation, or 2610 cancellation as authorized or required by Chapters this chapter or 2611 Chapter 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code. Upon application by a 2612 permit holder, the superintendent of liquor control may expand 2613

division.

during specified seasons of the year the premises for which the 2614 permit holder's permit was issued to include a premises 2615 immediately adjacent to the premises for which the permit was 2616 issued, so long as the immediately adjacent premises is under the 2617 permit holder's ownership and control and is located in an area 2618 where sales under the permit are not prohibited because of a local 2619 option election. Whenever the superintendent considers it 2620 advisable to cancel the unexpired portion of an outstanding permit 2621 in order that the permit may be issued on one of the uniform 2622 expiration dates designated by the superintendent, the 2623 superintendent shall refund credit to the holder a proportionate 2624 amount representing the unexpired portion of the permit year 2625 pursuant to section 4301.41 of the Revised Code. Such permit does 2626 not authorize the person named to carry on the business specified 2627 at any place or in any vehicle, boat, vessel, or class of dining 2628 car equipment other than that named, nor does it authorize any 2629 person other than the one named in such permit to carry on such 2630 that business at the place or in the vehicle, boat, vessel, or 2631 class of dining car equipment named, except pursuant to compliance 2632 with the rules and orders of the division governing the assignment 2633 and transfer of permits, and with the consent of the division. The 2634 holder of a G permit may substitute the name of another licensed 2635 pharmacist for that entered on the permit, subject to rules of the 2636

Chapters This chapter and Chapter 4301. and 4303. of the 2638 Revised Code do not prohibit the holder of an A, B, C, or D permit 2639 from making deliveries of beer or intoxicating liquor containing 2640 not more than twenty-one per cent of alcohol by volume, or 2641 prohibit the holder of an A or B permit from selling or 2642 distributing beer or intoxicating liquor to a person at a place 2643 outside this state, or prohibit the holder of any such a permit, 2644 or an H permit, from delivering any beer or intoxicating liquor so 2645

sold from a point in this state to a point outside this state. 2646

Sec. 4303.271. (A) Except as provided in divisions (B) and 2647 (D) of this section, the holder of a permit issued under sections 2648 4303.02 to 4303.23 of the Revised Code, who files an application 2649 for the renewal of the same class of permit for the same premises, 2650 shall be entitled to the renewal of the permit. The division of 2651 liquor control shall renew the permit unless the division rejects 2652 for good cause any renewal application, subject to the right of 2653 the applicant to appeal the rejection to the liquor control 2654 commission. 2655

(B) The legislative authority of the municipal corporation, 2656 the board of township trustees, or the board of county 2657 commissioners of the county in which a permit premises is located 2658 may object to the renewal of a permit issued under sections 2659 4303.11 to 4303.183 of the Revised Code for any of the reasons 2660 contained in division (A) of section 4303.292 of the Revised Code. 2661 Any objection shall be made no later than thirty days prior to the 2662 expiration of the permit, and the department division shall accept 2663 the objection if it is postmarked no later than thirty days prior 2664 to the expiration of the permit. The objection shall be made by a 2665 resolution specifying the reasons for objecting to the renewal and 2666 requesting a hearing, but no objection shall be based upon 2667 noncompliance of the permit premises with local zoning regulations 2668 which that prohibit the sale of beer or intoxicating liquor in an 2669 area zoned for commercial or industrial uses, for a permit 2670 premises that would otherwise qualify for a proper permit issued 2671 by the division. The resolution shall be accompanied by a 2672 statement by the chief legal officer of the political subdivision 2673 that, in the chief legal officer's opinion, the objection is based 2674 upon substantial legal grounds within the meaning and intent of 2675 division (A) of section 4303.292 of the Revised Code. 2676

Upon receipt of a resolution of a legislative authority or 2677 board objecting to the renewal of a permit and a statement from 2678 the chief legal officer, the division shall set a time for the 2679 hearing and send by certified mail to the permit holder, at the 2680 permit holder's usual place of business, a copy of the resolution 2681 and notice of the hearing. The division shall then hold a hearing 2682 in the central office of the division, except that, upon written 2683 request of the legislative authority or board, the hearing shall 2684 be held in the county seat of the county in which the permit 2685 premises is located, to determine whether the renewal shall be 2686 denied for any of the reasons contained in division (A) of section 2687 4303.292 of the Revised Code. Only the reasons for refusal 2688 contained in division (A) of section 4303.292 of the Revised Code 2689 and specified in the resolution of objection shall be considered 2690 at the hearing. 2691

The permit holder and the objecting legislative authority or 2692 board shall be parties to the proceedings under this section and 2693 shall have the right to be present, to be represented by counsel, 2694 to offer evidence, to require the attendance of witnesses, and to 2695 cross-examine witnesses at the hearing. 2696

(C) An application for renewal of a permit shall be filed 2697 with the division at least fifteen days prior to the expiration of 2698 an existing permit, and the existing permit shall continue in 2699 effect as provided in section 119.06 of the Revised Code until the 2700 application is approved or rejected by the division. Any holder of 2701 a permit, which has expired through failure to be renewed as 2702 provided in this section, shall obtain a renewal of the permit, 2703 upon filing an application for renewal with the division, at any 2704 time within thirty days from the date of the expired permit. A 2705 penalty of ten per cent of the permit fee shall be paid by the 2706 permit holder if the application for renewal is not filed at least 2707 fifteen days prior to the expiration of the permit. 2708

(D)(1) Annually, beginning in 1988, the tax commissioner 2709 shall cause the sales and withholding tax records in the 2710 department of taxation for each holder of a permit issued under 2711 sections 4303.02 to 4303.23 of the Revised Code to be examined to 2712 determine if the permit holder is delinquent in filing any sales 2713 or withholding tax returns or has any outstanding liability for 2714 sales or withholding tax, penalties, or interest imposed pursuant 2715 to Chapter 5739. or sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the Revised 2716 Code. If any delinquency or liability exists, the commissioner 2717 shall send a notice of that fact by certified mail, return receipt 2718 requested, to the permit holder at the mailing address shown in 2719 the records of the department. The notice shall specify, in as 2720 much detail as is possible, the periods for which returns have not 2721 been filed and the nature and amount of unpaid assessments and 2722 other liabilities and shall be sent on or before the first day of 2723 the third month preceding the month in which the permit expires. 2724 The commissioner also shall notify the division of liquor control 2725 of the delinquency or liability, identifying the permit holder by 2726 name and permit number. 2727

(2)(a) Except as provided in division (D)(4) of this section, 2728 the division of liquor control shall not renew the permit of any 2729 permit holder the tax commissioner has identified as being 2730 delinquent in filing any sales or withholding tax returns or as 2731 being liable for outstanding sales or withholding tax, penalties, 2732 or interest as of the first day of the sixth month preceding the 2733 month in which the permit expires, or of any permit holder the 2734 commissioner has identified as having been assessed by the 2735 department on or before the first day of the third month preceding 2736 the month in which the permit expires, until the division is 2737 notified by the tax commissioner that the delinquency, liability, 2738 or assessment has been resolved. 2739

(b)(i) Within ninety days after the date on which the permit 2740

expires, any permit holder whose permit is not renewed under this 2741 division may file an appeal with the liquor control commission. 2742 The commission shall notify the tax commissioner regarding the 2743 filing of any such appeal. During the period in which the appeal 2744 is pending, the permit shall not be renewed by the division. The 2745 permit shall be reinstated if the permit holder and the tax 2746 commissioner or the attorney general demonstrate to the liquor 2747 control commission that the commissioner's notification of a 2748 delinquency or assessment was in error or that the issue of the 2749 delinquency or assessment has been resolved. 2750

(ii) A permit holder who has filed an appeal under division 2751 (D)(2)(b)(i) of this section may file a motion to withdraw the 2752 appeal. The division of liquor control may renew a permit holder's 2753 permit if the permit holder has withdrawn such an appeal and the 2754 division receives written certification from the tax commissioner 2755 that the permit holder's delinquency or assessment has been 2756 resolved. 2757

(3) A permit holder notified of delinquency or liability 2758 under this section may protest the notification to the tax 2759 commissioner on the basis that no returns are delinquent and no 2760 tax, penalties, or interest is outstanding. The commissioner shall 2761 expeditiously consider any evidence submitted by the permit holder 2762 and, if it is determined that the notification was in error, 2763 immediately shall inform the division of liquor control that the 2764 renewal application may be granted. The renewal shall not be 2765 denied if the delinquency or unreported liability is the subject 2766 of a bona fide dispute pursuant to section 5717.02, 5717.04, 2767 5739.13, or 5747.13 of the Revised Code. 2768

(4) If the commissioner concludes that under the 2769
circumstances the permit holder's delinquency or liability has 2770
been conditionally resolved, the commissioner shall allow the 2771
permit to be renewed, conditioned upon the permit holder's 2772

continuing performance in satisfying the delinquency and 2773 liability. The conditional nature of the renewal shall be 2774 specified in the notification given to the division of liquor 2775 control under division (D)(1) of this section. Upon receipt of 2776 notice of the resolution, the division shall issue a conditional 2777 renewal. If the taxpayer defaults on any agreement to pay the 2778 delinquency or liability or fails to keep subsequent tax payments 2779 current, the liquor control commission, upon request and proof of 2780 the default or failure to keep subsequent tax payments current, 2781 shall indefinitely suspend the permit holder's permit until all 2782 taxes and interest due are paid. 2783

(5) The commissioner may adopt rules to assist in 2784administering the duties imposed by this section. 2785

sec. 4303.292. (A) The division of liquor control may refuse 2786
to issue, transfer the ownership of, or renew, and shall refuse to 2787
transfer the location of, any retail permit issued under this 2788
chapter if it finds <u>either of the following</u>: 2789

(1) That the applicant, <u>or</u> any partner, member, officer, 2790
director, or manager thereof of the applicant, or, if the 2791
applicant is a corporation or limited liability company, any 2792
shareholder owning ten five per cent or more of its the 2793
applicant's capital stock in the corporation or any member owning 2794
five per cent or more of either the voting interests or membership 2795
interests in the limited liability company: 2796

(a) Has been convicted at any time of a crime which that
 2797
 relates to fitness to operate a liquor establishment;
 2798

(b) Has operated liquor permit businesses in a manner that 2799
demonstrates a disregard for the laws, regulations, or local 2800
ordinances of this state or any other state; 2801

(c) Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the 2802

division for a permit; or

(d)	Is in	the	habi	t of	using	alcoh	olic	be	verages	or	dangerous	2804
drugs to	exces	s, or	ris	addic	ted to	the	use	of	narcotio	cs.		2805

(2) That the place for which the permit is sought:

(a) Does not conform to the building, safety, or health
requirements of the governing body of the county or municipality
2808
municipal corporation in which the place is located. As used in
2809
division (A)(2)(a) of this section, "building, safety, or health
2810
requirements" does not include local zoning ordinances. The
validity of local zoning regulations shall not be affected by this
2813

(b) Is so constructed or arranged that law enforcement 2814
officers and duly authorized agents of the division are prevented 2815
from reasonable access to rooms within which beer or intoxicating 2816
liquor is to be sold or consumed-*i* 2817

(c) Is so located with respect to the neighborhood that 2818 substantial interference with public decency, sobriety, peace, or 2819 good order would result from the issuance, renewal, transfer of 2820 location, or transfer of ownership of the permit and operation 2821 thereunder under it by the applicant-; or 2822

(d) Has been declared a nuisance pursuant to Chapter 3767. of 2823
the Revised Code since the time of the most recent issuance, 2824
renewal, or transfer of ownership or location of the liquor 2825
permit. 2826

(B) The division of liquor control may refuse to issue or 2827
transfer the ownership of, and shall refuse to transfer the 2828
location of, any retail permit issued under this chapter if it 2829
finds <u>either of the following</u>: 2830

(1) That the place for which the permit is sought is so2831situated with respect to any school, church, library, public2832

2803

playground, or hospital that the operation of the liquor 2833 establishment will substantially and adversely affect or interfere 2834 with the normal, orderly conduct of the affairs of those 2835 facilities or institutions-*:* 2836

(2) That the number of permits already existent in the 2837 neighborhood is such that the issuance or transfer of location of 2838 a permit would be detrimental to and substantially interfere with 2839 the morals, safety, or welfare of the public, and, in. In reaching 2840 a conclusion in this respect, the division shall consider, in 2841 light of the purposes of this chapter and Chapters 4301., 4303., 2842 and 4399. of the Revised Code, the character and population of the 2843 neighborhood, the number and location of similar permits in the 2844 neighborhood, the number and location of all other permits in the 2845 neighborhood, and the effect the issuance or transfer of location 2846 of a permit would have on the neighborhood. 2847

(C) The division of liquor control shall not transfer the 2848
location or transfer the ownership and location of a permit under 2849
division (B)(3)(b) of section 4303.29 of the Revised Code unless 2850
the permit is transferred to an economic development project. 2851

(D) The division of liquor control shall refuse to issue, 2852
renew, transfer the ownership of, or transfer the location of a 2853
retail permit under this chapter if the applicant is or has been 2854
convicted of a violation of division (C)(1) of section 2913.46 of 2855
the Revised Code. 2856

(E) The division of liquor control shall refuse to transfer 2857 the ownership of or transfer the location of a retail permit under 2858 this chapter while criminal proceedings are pending against the 2859 holder of the permit for a violation of division (C)(1) of section 2860 2913.46 of the Revised Code. The department of job and family 2861 services public safety shall notify the division of liquor control 2862 whenever criminal proceedings have commenced for a violation of 2863 division (C)(1) of section 2913.46 of the Revised Code. 2864

(F) The division of liquor control shall refuse to issue, 2865 renew, or transfer the ownership or location of a retail permit 2866 under this chapter if the applicant has been found to be 2867 maintaining a nuisance under section 3767.05 of the Revised Code 2868 at the premises for which the issuance, renewal, or transfer of 2869 ownership or location of the retail permit is sought. 2870

sec. 4303.293. (A) Any person making application concerning a 2871 permit to conduct a business for which a permit is required under 2872 this chapter shall list on the application the name and address of 2873 each person having a legal or beneficial interest in the ownership 2874 of the business, including contracts for purchase on an 2875 installment basis. If any person is a corporation or limited 2876 <u>liability company</u>, the applicant shall list the names of each 2877 officer of the corporation and; the names of each officer of the 2878 limited liability company, if the limited liability company has 2879 officers, and the names of the managing members of the company or 2880 the managers of the company, if the management of the company is 2881 not reserved to its members; the names of each person owning or 2882 controlling ten five per cent or more of the capital stock of the 2883 corporation; if and the names of each person owning or controlling 2884 five per cent or more of either the voting interests or membership 2885 interests in the limited liability company. If any person is a 2886 partnership or association, the applicant shall list the names of 2887 each partner or member of the association. Any person having a 2888 legal or beneficial interest in the ownership of the business, 2889 other than a bank as defined in section 1101.01 of the Revised 2890 Code or a building and loan association as defined in section 2891 1151.01 of the Revised Code, shall notify the division of liquor 2892 control of the interest in such ownership, including contracts for 2893 purchase on an installment basis, occurring after the application 2894 for, or the issuance of, the permit. Such The notification shall 2895 be given within fifteen days of the change. Whenever the person to 2896

whom a permit has been issued is a corporation or limited 2897 liability company and any transfer of that corporation's stock or 2898 that limited liability company's membership interests is proposed 2899 such that, following the transfer, the owner of the majority or 2900 plurality of shares of stock in the corporation would change or 2901 the owner of the majority or plurality of the limited liability 2902 company's membership interests would change, such the proposed 2903 transfer of stock or membership interests shall be considered a 2904 proposed transfer of ownership of the permit, and application 2905 shall be made to the division of liquor control for a transfer of 2906 ownership. The application shall be subject to the notice and 2907 hearing requirements of section 4303.26 of the Revised Code and to 2908 the restrictions imposed by section 4303.29 and division (A)(1) of 2909 section 4303.292 of the Revised Code. 2910

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor 2911of the first degree. 2912

sec. 4303.30. The rights granted by any D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, 2913 D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, 2914 or D-6 permit shall be exercised at not more than two fixed 2915 counters, commonly known as bars, in rooms or places on the permit 2916 premises, where beer, mixed beverages, wine, or spirituous liquor 2917 is sold to the public for consumption on the premises. For each 2918 additional fixed counter on the permit premises where those 2919 beverages are sold for consumption on the premises, the permit 2920 holder shall obtain a duplicate D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, 2921 D-5a, D-5b, D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, or D-6 2922 permit. 2923

The holder of any D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, 2924 D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, or D-6 permit shall be 2925 granted, upon application to the division of liquor control, a 2926 duplicate D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5e, D-5f, 2927

D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, or D-6 permit for each additional 2928 fixed counter on the permit premises at which beer, mixed 2929 beverages, wine, or spirituous liquor is sold for consumption on 2930 the premises, provided the application is made in the same manner 2931 as an application for an original permit. The application shall be 2932 identified with DUPLICATE printed on the permit application form 2933 furnished by the department, in boldface type. The application 2934 shall identify by name, or otherwise amply describe, the room or 2935 place on the premises where the duplicate permit is to be 2936 operative. Each duplicate permit shall be issued only to the same 2937 individual, firm, or corporation as that of the original permit 2938 and shall be an exact duplicate in size and word content as the 2939 original permit, except that it shall show on it the name or other 2940 ample identification of the room, or place, for which it is issued 2941 and shall have DUPLICATE printed on it in boldface type. A 2942 duplicate permit shall bear the same number as the original 2943 permit. The fee for a duplicate permit is: D-1, one hundred 2944 dollars; D-2, one hundred dollars; D-3, four hundred dollars; 2945 D-3a, four hundred dollars; D-4, two hundred dollars; D-5, one 2946 thousand dollars; D-5a, one thousand dollars; D-5b, one thousand 2947 dollars; D-5c, four hundred dollars; D-5e, six hundred fifty 2948 dollars; D-5f, one thousand dollars; D-6, one hundred dollars when 2949 issued to the holder of a D-4a permit; and in all other cases one 2950 hundred dollars or an amount which is twenty per cent of the fees 2951 payable for the A-1-A, D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5e, 2952 D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, and D-6 permits issued to the 2953 same premises, whichever is higher. Application for a duplicate 2954 permit may be filed any time during the life of an original 2955 permit. The fee for each duplicate D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, 2956 D-5a, D-5b, D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, or D-6 2957 permit shall accompany the application for each such duplicate 2958 permit be paid in accordance with section 4303.24 of the Revised 2959 Code. 2960

sec. 4399.02. The owner of a building or premises, and the 2961 person renting or leasing them who know, if the owner or person 2962 knows that intoxicating liquors are to be sold therein in the 2963 building or premises in violation of law, or, having leased them 2964 for other purposes, who knowingly permit intoxicating liquors to 2965 be sold therein which cause the intoxication, in whole or in part, 2966 of a person described in section 4399.01 of the Revised Code, 2967 shall be liable is severally or jointly liable with the person 2968 selling or giving such the intoxicating liquors for all damages 2969 sustained, as well as exemplary damages. 2970

sec. 4399.04. Fines, costs, and damages assessed against a 2971 person in consequence of the sale of intoxicating liquors, as 2972 provided in sections 4399.01 4399.02 to 4399.08 of the Revised 2973 Code, and the penal statutes relating thereto to the sale, shall 2974 be a lien upon the real estate of the person. The real estate and 2975 personal property of the person shall be liable to execution for 2976 the fines, costs, and damages without exception or exemption, 2977 except such for personal property as that is exempt by law. 2978

sec. 4399.07. All damages recovered by a minor under sections 2979
4399.01 4399.02 to 4399.08, inclusive, of the Revised Code, shall 2980
be paid either to such the minor, or to his the minor's parent, 2981
guardian, or next friend, as the court directs. 2982

Sec. 4399.08. A suit for damages under sections 4399.01 2983 4399.02 to 4399.08, inclusive, of the Revised Code, shall be by a 2984 civil action in any court having jurisdiction thereof over the 2985 action. 2986

sec. 4399.18. Notwithstanding division (A) of section 2307.60 2987 of the Revised Code and except as otherwise provided in this 2988

preponderance of the evidence:

section and in section 4399.01 of the Revised Code, no person, and 2989 no executor or administrator of the person, who suffers personal 2990 injury, death, or property damage as a result of the actions of an 2991 intoxicated person has a cause of action against any liquor permit 2992 holder or an employee of a liquor permit holder who sold beer or 2993 intoxicating liquor to the intoxicated person unless the personal 2994 injury, death, or property damage occurred on the permit holder's 2995 premises or in a parking lot under the control of the permit 2996 holder and was proximately caused by the negligence of the permit 2997 holder or an employee of the permit holder. A person has a cause 2998 of action against a permit holder or an employee of a permit 2999 holder for personal injury, death, or property damage caused by 3000 the negligent actions of an intoxicated person occurring off the 3001 premises or away from a parking lot under the permit holder's 3002 control only when both of the following can be shown by a 3003

(A) The permit holder or an employee of the permit holder(A) The permit holder or an employee of the permit holder(A) The permit holder or an employee of the permit holder(A) The permit holder or an employee of the permit holder(A) The permit holder or an employee of the permit holder(A) The permit holder or an employee of the permit holder(A) The permit holder or an employee of the permit holder(A) The permit holder or an employee of the permit holder(A) The pe

(1) A noticeably intoxicated person in violation of division 3008(B) of section 4301.22 of the Revised Code; 3009

(2) A person in violation of division (C) of section 4301.22
 3010
 of the Revised Code;
 3011

(3) A person in violation of section 4301.69 of the Revised 3012Code. 3013

(B) The person's intoxication proximately caused the personal 3014injury, death, or property damage. 3015

Notwithstanding sections 4399.02 and 4399.05 of the Revised 3016 Code, no person, and no executor or administrator of the person, 3017 who suffers personal injury, death, or property damage as a result 3018

OTT

of the actions of an intoxicated person has a cause of action3019against the owner of a building or premises who rents or leases3020the building or premises to a liquor permit holder against whom a3021cause of action may be brought under this section, except when the3022owner and the permit holder are the same person.3023

Section 2. That existing sections 109.572, 121.08, 307.697,3024351.26, 924.51, 1333.83, 2933.41, 4301.07, 4301.10, 4301.19,30254301.20, 4301.22, 4301.24, 4301.29, 4301.30, 4301.39, 4301.41,30264301.424, 4301.99, 4303.03, 4303.07, 4303.09, 4303.181, 4303.203,30274303.204, 4303.231, 4303.24, 4303.25, 4303.27, 4303.271, 4303.292,30284303.293, 4303.30, 4399.02, 4399.04, 4399.07, 4399.08, and 4399.183029and section 4399.01 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.3030

Section 3. Section 307.697 of the Revised Code is presented 3031 in this act as a composite of the section as amended by Am. Sub. 3032 H.B. 239, Am. Sub. S.B. 162, and Am. Sub. S.B. 188 of the 121st 3033 General Assembly. Section 4301.20 of the Revised Code is presented 3034 in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am. 3035 Sub. S.B. 149 and Am. Sub. S.B. 162 of the 121st General Assembly. 3036 Section 4301.99 of the Revised Code is presented in this act as a 3037 composite of the section as amended by both Am. Sub. H.B. 17 and 3038 Am. Sub. S.B. 123 of the 124th General Assembly. Sections 4303.24 3039 and 4303.293 of the Revised Code are presented in this act as 3040 composites of the sections as amended by both Am. Sub. S.B. 149 3041 and Am. Sub. S.B. 162 of the 121st General Assembly. The General 3042 Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of section 3043 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if 3044 reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the 3045 composite versions of these sections are the resulting versions of 3046 the sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections 3047 as presented in this act. 3048