As Re-reported by the Senate Civil Justice Committee

125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

Sub. H. B. No. 36

Representatives Willamowski, Core, Latta, Book, Harwood, Schlichter, Seitz, Chandler, Cirelli, C. Evans, Flowers, Hagan, Hughes, Otterman, Reidelbach, Schmidt, J. Stewart

A BILL

To amend section 3105.18 and to enact section 3105.73 1
of the Revised Code relative to the award of 2
attorney's fees and litigation expenses in certain 3
domestic relations cases. 4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 3105.18 be amended and section 5
3105.73 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: 6

Sec. 3105.18. (A) As used in this section, "spousal support" 7 means any payment or payments to be made to a spouse or former 8 spouse, or to a third party for the benefit of a spouse or a 9 former spouse, that is both for sustenance and for support of the 10 spouse or former spouse. "Spousal support" does not include any 11 payment made to a spouse or former spouse, or to a third party for 12 the benefit of a spouse or former spouse, that is made as part of 13 a division or distribution of property or a distributive award 14 under section 3105.171 of the Revised Code. 15

(B) In divorce and legal separation proceedings, upon the
 request of either party and after the court determines the
 division or disbursement of property under section 3105.171 of the

that is determined on or after May 2, 1986, and before January 1, 1991, or if a continuing order for periodic payments of money as spousal support is entered in a divorce or dissolution of marriage action that is determined on or after January 1, 1991, the court that enters the decree of divorce or dissolution of marriage does not have jurisdiction to modify the amount or terms of the alimony or spousal support unless the court determines that the circumstances of either party have changed and unless one of the following applies:

- (1) In the case of a divorce, the decree or a separation agreement of the parties to the divorce that is incorporated into the decree contains a provision specifically authorizing the court to modify the amount or terms of alimony or spousal support.
- (2) In the case of a dissolution of marriage, the separation agreement that is approved by the court and incorporated into the decree contains a provision specifically authorizing the court to modify the amount or terms of alimony or spousal support.
- (F) For purposes of divisions (D) and (E) of this section, a 96 change in the circumstances of a party includes, but is not 97 limited to, any increase or involuntary decrease in the party's 98 wages, salary, bonuses, living expenses, or medical expenses. 99
- (G) If any person required to pay alimony under an order made or modified by a court on or after December 1, 1986, and before January 1, 1991, or any person required to pay spousal support under an order made or modified by a court on or after January 1, 1991, is found in contempt of court for failure to make alimony or spousal support payments under the order, the court that makes the finding, in addition to any other penalty or remedy imposed, shall assess all court costs arising out of the contempt proceeding against the person and shall require the person to pay any reasonable attorney's fees of any adverse party, as determined by

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110 the court, that arose in relation to the act of contempt. (H) In divorce or legal separation proceedings, the court may 111 award reasonable attorney's fees to either party at any stage of 112 the proceedings, including, but not limited to, any appeal, any 113 proceeding arising from a motion to modify a prior order or 114 decree, and any proceeding to enforce a prior order or decree, if 115 it determines that the other party has the ability to pay the 116 attorney's fees that the court awards. When the court determines 117 whether to award reasonable attorney's fees to any party pursuant 118 to this division, it shall determine whether either party will be 119 prevented from fully litigating that party's rights and adequately 120 protecting that party's interests if it does not award reasonable 121 attorney's fees. 122 Sec. 3105.73. (A) In an action for divorce, dissolution, 123 legal separation, or annulment of marriage or an appeal of that 124 action, a court may award all or part of reasonable attorney's 125 fees and litigation expenses to either party if the court finds 126 the award equitable. In determining whether an award is equitable, 127 the court may consider the parties' marital assets and income, any 128 award of temporary spousal support, the conduct of the parties, 129 and any other relevant factors the court deems appropriate. 130 (B) In any post-decree motion or proceeding that arises out 131 of an action for divorce, dissolution, legal separation, or 132 annulment of marriage or an appeal of that motion or proceeding, 133 the court may award all or part of reasonable attorney's fees and 134 litigation expenses to either party if the court finds the award 135 equitable. In determining whether an award is equitable, the court 136 may consider the parties' income, the conduct of the parties, and 137 any other relevant factors the court deems appropriate, but it may 138 not consider the parties' assets. 139

(C) The court may specify whether the award of attorney's