As Reported by the Senate State and Local Government and Veterans Affairs Committee

125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

Sub. H. B. No. 411

Representatives Seitz, Collier, Niehaus, McGregor, Aslanides, Schneider, Webster, Gilb, Wolpert, Schlichter, Sferra, Daniels, Flowers, Barrett, Boccieri, Driehaus, C. Evans, Grendell, Otterman, Peterson, Raussen, Setzer, Ujvagi,

Yates

A BILL

Го	amend sections 163.02, 163.09, 163.12, 303.02,	1
	307.08, 307.79, 504.04, 504.19, 505.07, 505.375,	2
	519.02, 3709.41, 6117.012, 6117.39, 6117.51, and	3
	6119.11 and to enact sections 307.561, 504.21,	4
	6101.181, and 6115.221 of the Revised Code to	5
	allow a county, township with a limited home rule	б
	government, conservancy district, sanitary	7
	district, county sewer district, or regional water	8
	and sewer district to appropriate, without a prior	9
	jury assessment of compensation for the taking,	10
	land for the construction of sewers when the	11
	Director of Environmental Protection or a local	12
	board of health finds that unsanitary conditions	13
	compel the immediate construction of the sewers	14
	for the protection of the public health and	15
	welfare; to revise the rulemaking authority of a	16
	board of county commissioners that adopts rules	17
	governing erosion control, sediment control, and	18
	water management; to permit townships with a	19
	limited home rule government to adopt certain	20

erosion control, sediment control, and water	21
management rules; to establish a potential civil	22
fine for violation of those rules; to authorize a	23
board of county commissioners that has established	24
a county sewer district to adopt rules governing	25
the prevention of sewer back-ups; to exempt	26
certain farm dwellings from certain sewer	27
connections; to authorize the settlement of	28
county-related court actions by consent decrees or	29
court-approved settlement agreements that may	30
include specified rezoning or development	31
agreements; to make changes to the procedures	32
relating to township consent decrees or	33
court-approved settlement agreements; to permit	34
joint ambulance districts to enter into lease	35
contracts with an option to purchase; to remove a	36
reference to the Oil and Gas Law from the county	37
and township zoning laws; and to require health	38
district licensing councils to meet at least	39
annually rather than quarterly.	40

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 163.02, 163.09, 163.12, 303.02,41307.08, 307.79, 504.04, 504.19, 505.07, 505.375, 519.02, 3709.41,426117.012, 6117.39, 6117.51, and 6119.11 be amended and sections43307.561, 504.21, 6101.181, and 6115.221 of the Revised Code be44enacted to read as follows:45

sec. 163.02. (A) Except as provided in divisions (B), (C), 46
and (D), and (F) of this section, all appropriations of real 47
property shall be made pursuant to sections 163.01 to 163.22 of 48
the Revised Code. 49

(B) Subject to division (E) of this section, the director of 50
transportation may appropriate real property pursuant to sections 51
163.01 to 163.22 of the Revised Code or as otherwise provided by 52
law. 53

(C) Subject to division (E) of this section, a conservancy district may appropriate real property by procedures prescribed in Chapter 6101. of the Revised Code.

(D) Subject to division (E) of this section, a sanitary
 district may appropriate real property by procedures prescribed in
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 Chapter 6115. of the Revised Code.
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(E) When the director of transportation, a conservancy
district, or a sanitary district proceeds to appropriate real
property other than under sections 163.01 to 163.22 of the Revised
Code, the proceedings are subject to division (B) of section
163.21 of the Revised Code.

(F) <u>A county, township that has adopted a limited home rule</u>
<u>government, conservancy district, sanitary district, county sewer</u>
<u>district, or a regional water and sewer district also may</u>
<u>appropriate real property in the manner prescribed in division (B)</u>
<u>of section 307.08, 6101.181, 6115.221, 6117.39, or 6119.11 or</u>
<u>division (D) of section 504.19 of the Revised Code, as applicable.</u>

(G) Any instrument by which the state or an agency of the71state acquires real property pursuant to this section shall72identify the agency of the state that has the use and benefit of73the real property as specified in section 5301.012 of the Revised74Code.75

sec. 163.09. (A) If no answer is filed pursuant to section 76
163.08 of the Revised Code, nor and no approval ordered by the 77
court to a settlement of the rights of all necessary parties, the 78
court, on motion of a public agency, shall declare the value of 79

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the property taken and the damages, if any, to the residue to be80as set forth in any document properly filed with the clerk of81courts the court of common pleas by the public agency. In all82other cases, the court shall fix a time, within twenty days from83the last date that such the answer could have been filed, for the84assessment of compensation by a jury.85

(B) When an answer is filed pursuant to section 163.08 of the 86 Revised Code and any of the matters relating to the right to make 87 the appropriation, the inability of the parties to agree, or the 88 necessity for the appropriation are specifically denied in the 89 manner provided in such that section, the court shall set a day, 90 not less than five or more than fifteen days from the date the 91 answer was filed, to hear such questions <u>those matters</u>. Upon such 92 questions those matters, the burden of proof is upon the owner. A 93 resolution or ordinance of the governing or controlling body, 94 council, or board of the agency declaring the necessity for the 95 appropriation shall be prima-facie evidence of such that necessity 96 in the absence of proof showing an abuse of discretion by the 97 agency in determining such that necessity. If, as to any or all of 98 the property or other interests sought to be appropriated, the 99 court determines the questions matters in favor of the agency, the 100 court shall set a time for the assessment of compensation by the 101 jury within twenty days from the date of the journalization of 102 such that determination. An order of the court in favor of the 103 agency on any of such questions the matters or on qualification 104 under section 163.06 of the Revised Code $_{\tau}$ shall not be a final 105 order for purposes of appeal. An order of the court against the 106 agency on any of such questions, the matters or on the question of 107 qualification under section 163.06 of the Revised Code $_{7}$ shall be a 108 final order for purposes of appeal. If a public agency has taken 109 possession prior to such an order and such an order, after any 110 appeal, is against the agency on any of such questions the 111 matters, the agency shall restore the property to the owner in its 112

original condition or respond in damages, which may include the 113 items set forth in division (A)(2) of section 163.21 of the 114 Revised Code, recoverable by civil action, to which the state 115 consents. 116

(C) When an answer is filed pursuant to section 163.08 of the 117 Revised Code, and none of the matters set forth in division (B) of 118 this section is specifically denied, the court shall fix a time 119 within twenty days from the date the answer was filed for the 120 assessment of compensation by a jury. 121

(D) If answers are filed pursuant to divisions (B) and (C) of 122
this section, or an answer is filed on behalf of fewer than all 123
the named owners, the court shall set the hearing or hearings at 124
such times as are reasonable under all the circumstances, but in 125
no event later than twenty days after the issues are joined as to 126
all necessary parties or twenty days after rule therefor, 127
whichever is earlier. 128

(E) The court, with the consent of the parties, may order two
or more cases to be consolidated and tried together, but the
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rights of each owner to compensation, damages, or both shall be
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separately determined by the jury in its verdict.

(F) If an answer is filed under section 163.08 of the Revised133Code with respect to the value of property appropriated under134section 307.08, 504.19, 6101.181, 6115.221, 6117.39, or 6119.11 of135the Revised Code as the result of a public exigency, the burden of136proof with respect to that value is on the party or parties to the137appropriation other than the property owners.138

Sec. 163.12. (A) A view of the premises to be appropriated or139of premises appropriated shall be ordered by the court when140demanded by a party to the proceedings. The141

(B) The property owners shall open and close the case except 142

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that, if the premises are appropriated under section 307.08,	143
504.19, 6101.181, 6115.221, 6117.39, or 6119.11 of the Revised	144
Code as the result of a public exigency, the party or parties	145
other than the owners shall open and close the case.	146

(C)The court may amend any defect or informality in147proceedings under sections 163.01 to 163.22, inclusive, of the148Revised Code. The court may cause new parties to be added, and149direct such further notice to be given to a party in interest as150the court deems considers proper.151

(D) No part of the pleadings, other than the petition, shall 152 be read or exhibited to the jury. 153

Sec. 303.02. Except as otherwise provided in this section, in 154 the interest of the public health, safety, convenience, comfort, 155 prosperity, or general welfare, the board of county commissioners 156 may, in accordance with a comprehensive plan, regulate by 157 resolution the location, height, bulk, number of stories, and size 158 of buildings and other structures, including tents, cabins, and 159 trailer coaches, percentages of lot areas that may be occupied, 160 set back building lines, sizes of yards, courts, and other open 161 spaces, the density of population, the uses of buildings and other 162 structures, including tents, cabins, and trailer coaches, and the 163 uses of land for trade, industry, residence, recreation, or other 164 purposes in the unincorporated territory of the county, and 165 establish reasonable residential landscaping standards and 166 residential architectural standards, excluding exterior building 167 materials, for the unincorporated territory of the county and, for 168 all these purposes, the board may divide all or any part of the 169 unincorporated territory of the county into districts or zones of 170 such number, shape, and area as the board determines. All such 171 regulations shall be uniform for each class or kind of building or 172 other structure or use throughout any district or zone, but the 173

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regulations	in	one	district	or	zone	may	differ	from	those	in	other	174
districts or	r zo	ones										175

For any activities permitted and regulated under Chapter 177 1509., 1513., or 1514. of the Revised Code and any related 178 processing activities, the board of county commissioners may 179 regulate under the authority conferred by this section only in the 180 interest of public health or safety. 181

sec. 307.08. When (A) Except as provided in division (B) of 182 this section, when, in the opinion of the board of county 183 commissioners, it is necessary to procure real estate, a 184 right-of-way, or an easement for a courthouse, <u>a</u> jail, or public 185 offices, or for a bridge and the approaches thereto to it, or 186 other for another structure, or public market place, or market 187 house, proceedings shall be had in accordance with sections 163.01 188 to 163.22, inclusive, of the Revised Code. 189 (B)(1) For the purposes of division (B) of this section, 190

either of the following constitutes a public exigency:

(a) A finding by the director of environmental protection192that a public health nuisance caused by an occasion of unavoidable193urgency and suddenness due to unsanitary conditions compels the194immediate construction of sewers for the protection of the public195health and welfare;196

(b) The issuance of an order by the board of health of a197health district to mitigate or abate a public health nuisance that198is caused by an occasion of unavoidable urgency and suddenness due199to unsanitary conditions and compels the immediate construction of200sewers for the protection of the public health and welfare.201

(2) If the board of county commissioners is unable to202purchase property for the purpose of the construction of sewers to203

mitigate or abate the public health nuisance that is the subject	204
of a finding of the director or an order of the board of health,	205
the board of county commissioners may adopt a resolution finding	206
that it is necessary for the protection of the public health and	207
welfare to appropriate property that the board of county	208
commissioners considers needed for that purpose. The resolution	209
shall contain a definite, accurate, and detailed description of	210
the property and the name and place of residence, if known or with	211
reasonable diligence ascertainable, of the owners of the property	212
to be appropriated.	213
The board of county commissioners shall fix in its resolution	214
what it considers to be the value of the property to be	215
appropriated, which shall be the board's determination of the	216
compensation for the property and shall be supported by an	217
independent appraisal, together with any damages to the residue.	218
The board shall deposit the compensation so determined, together	219
with an amount for the damages to the residue, with the probate	220
court or the court of common pleas of the county in which the	221
property, or a part of it, is situated. Except as otherwise	222
provided in this division, the power to appropriate property for	223
the purposes of this division shall be exercised in the manner	224
provided in sections 163.01 to 163.22 of the Revised Code for an	225
appropriation in time of public exigency. The board's resolution	226
and a written copy of the independent appraisal shall accompany	227
the petition filed under section 163.05 of the Revised Code.	228

Sec. 307.561. Notwithstanding any contrary provision in229another section of the Revised Code, section 303.12 of the Revised230Code, or any vote of the electors on a petition for zoning231referendum, a county may settle any court action by a consent232decree or court-approved settlement agreement which may include an233agreement to rezone any property involved in the action as234

provided in the decree or court-approved settlement agreement	235
without following the procedures in section 303.12 of the Revised	236
Code and also may include county approval of a development plan	237
for any property involved in the action as provided in the decree	238
or court-approved settlement agreement, provided that the court	239
makes specific findings of fact that notice has been properly made	240
pursuant to this section and the consent decree or court-approved	241
settlement agreement is fair and reasonable.	242
If the subject of the consent decree or court-approved	243
settlement agreement involves a zoning issue subject to referendum	244
under section 303.12 of the Revised Code, the board of county	245
commissioners shall publish notice of their intent to meet and	246
consider and take action on the decree or court-approved	247
settlement agreement and the date and time of the meeting in a	248
newspaper of general circulation in the county at least fifteen	249
days before the meeting. The board shall permit members of the	250
public to express their objections to the consent decree or	251
court-approved settlement agreement at the meeting. Copies of the	252
proposed consent decree or court-approved settlement agreement	253
shall be available to the public at the board's office during	254
normal business hours.	255
At least ten days prior to the submission of a proposed	256
consent decree or settlement agreement to the court for its review	257
and consideration, the plaintiff in the action involving the	258
consent decree or settlement agreement shall publish a notice that	259
shall include the caption of the case, the case number, and the	260
court in which the consent decree or settlement agreement will be	261
filed, the intention of the parties in the action to file a	262
consent decree or settlement agreement, and, when applicable, a	263
description of the real property involved and the proposed change	264
in zoning or permitted use, in a newspaper of general circulation	265
in the county.	266

Sec. 307.79. (A) The board of county commissioners may adopt, 267 amend, and rescind rules establishing technically feasible and 268 economically reasonable standards to achieve a level of management 269 and conservation practices which that will abate wind or water 270 erosion of the soil or abate the degradation of the waters of the 271 state by soil sediment in conjunction with land grading, 272 excavating, filling, or other soil disturbing activities on land 273 used or being developed for nonfarm commercial, industrial, 274 residential, or other nonfarm purposes, and establish criteria for 275 determination of the acceptability of such those management and 276 conservation practices. The rules shall be designed to implement 277 the applicable areawide waste treatment management plan prepared 278 under section 208 of the "Federal Water Pollution Control Act," 86 279 Stat. 816 (1972), 33 U.S.C.A. 1228, as amended, and to implement 280 phase II of the storm water program of the national pollutant 281 discharge elimination system established in 40 C.F.R. Part 122. 282 The rules to implement phase II of the storm water program of the 283 national pollutant discharge elimination system shall not be 284 inconsistent with, more stringent than, or broader in scope than 285 the rules or regulations adopted by the environmental protection 286 agency under 40 C.F.R. Part 122. Such The rules adopted under this 287 section shall not apply inside the limits of municipal 288 corporations or the limits of townships with a limited home rule 289 government that have adopted rules under section 504.21 of the 290 <u>Revised Code</u>, to lands being used in a strip mine operation as 291 defined in section 1513.01 of the Revised Code, or to land being 292 used in a surface mine operation as defined in section 1514.01 of 293 the Revised Code. 294

The rules <u>adopted under this section</u> may require persons to 295 file <u>plans qoverning erosion control</u>, sediment control, and water 296 management plans incident thereto, before clearing, grading, 297 excavating, filling, or otherwise wholly or partially disturbing 298

five one or more contiguous acres of land owned by one person or	299
operated as one development unit for the construction of nonfarm	300
buildings, structures, utilities, recreational areas, or other	301
similar nonfarm uses. Areas <u>If the rules require plans to be</u>	302
filed, the rules shall do all of the following:	303
(1) Designate the board itself, its employees, or another	304
agency or official to review and approve or disapprove the plans;	305
(2) Establish procedures and criteria for the review and	306
approval or disapproval of the plans;	307
(3) Require the designated entity to issue a permit to a	308
person for the clearing, grading, excavating, filling, or other	309
project for which plans are approved and to deny a permit to a	310
person whose plans have been disapproved;	311
(4) Establish procedures for the issuance of the permits;	312
(5) Establish procedures under which a person may appeal the	313
<u>denial of a permit.</u>	314
<u>Areas</u> of less than five <u>one</u> contiguous acres <u>acre</u> shall not	315
<u>Areas</u> of less than <u>five one</u> contiguous <u>acres</u> <u>acre</u> shall not be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or	315 316
be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or	316
be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or rules adopted pursuant to <u>under</u> this section. The rules <u>adopted</u>	316 317
be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or rules adopted pursuant to <u>under</u> this section. The rules <u>adopted</u> <u>under this section</u> may impose reasonable filing fees for plan	316 317 318
be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or rules adopted pursuant to <u>under</u> this section. The rules <u>adopted</u> <u>under this section</u> may impose reasonable filing fees for plan review, <u>permit processing</u> , and field inspections.	316 317 318 319
be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or rules adopted pursuant to <u>under</u> this section. The rules <u>adopted</u> <u>under this section</u> may impose reasonable filing fees for plan review, <u>permit processing</u> , and field inspections. No permit or plan shall be required for a public highway,	316 317 318 319 320
<pre>be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or rules adopted pursuant to under this section. The rules adopted under this section may impose reasonable filing fees for plan review, permit processing, and field inspections. No permit or plan shall be required for a public highway, transportation, or drainage improvement or maintenance thereof</pre>	 316 317 318 319 320 321
be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or rules adopted <u>pursuant to under</u> this section. The rules <u>adopted</u> <u>under this section</u> may impose reasonable filing fees for plan review, <u>permit processing</u> , and field inspections. No permit or plan shall be required for a public highway, transportation, or drainage improvement or maintenance thereof <u>project</u> undertaken by a government agency or political subdivision	 316 317 318 319 320 321 322
be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or rules adopted <u>pursuant to under</u> this section. The rules <u>adopted</u> <u>under this section</u> may impose reasonable filing fees for plan review, <u>permit processing</u> , and field inspections. No permit or plan shall be required for a public highway, transportation, or drainage improvement or maintenance thereof <u>project</u> undertaken by a government agency or political subdivision in accordance with a statement of its standard sediment control	 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323
be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or rules adopted <u>pursuant to under</u> this section. The rules <u>adopted</u> <u>under this section</u> may impose reasonable filing fees for plan review, <u>permit processing</u> , and field inspections. No permit or plan shall be required for a public highway, transportation, or drainage improvement or maintenance thereof <u>project</u> undertaken by a government agency or political subdivision in accordance with a statement of its standard sediment control policies that is approved by the board or the chief of the	316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 323
be exempt from compliance with other provisions of this section or rules adopted <u>pursuant to under</u> this section. The rules <u>adopted</u> <u>under this section</u> may impose reasonable filing fees for plan review, permit processing, and field inspections. No permit or plan shall be required for a public highway, transportation, or drainage improvement or maintenance thereof <u>project</u> undertaken by a government agency or political subdivision in accordance with a statement of its standard sediment control policies that is approved by the board or the chief of the division of soil and water districts <u>conservation in the</u>	 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325

(B) Rules or amendments may be adopted under this section 329 only after public hearing hearings at not fewer than two regular 330 sessions of the board. The board of county commissioners shall 331 cause to be published, in a newspaper of general circulation in 332 the county, notice of the public hearings, including time, date, 333 and place, once a week for two weeks immediately preceding the 334 hearings. The proposed rules or amendments shall be made available 335 by the board to the public at the board office or other location 336 indicated in the notice. The rules or amendments shall take effect 337 on the thirty-first day following the date of their adoption. 338

(C) The board of county commissioners may employ personnel₇ 339 to assist in the administration of this section and the rules 340 adopted under it. The board also, if the action does not conflict 341 with the rules, may delegate duties to review sediment control and 342 water management plans to its employees, and may enter into 343 agreements with one or more political subdivisions, other county 344 officials, or other government agencies, in any combination, in 345 order to obtain reviews and comments on such plans governing 346 erosion control, sediment control, and water management or to 347 obtain other services for the administration of the rules adopted 348 under this section. 349

(D) The board of county commissioners or any duly authorized 350 representative of the board may, upon identification to the owner 351 or person in charge, enter any land upon obtaining agreement with 352 the owner, tenant, or manager thereof of the land in order to 353 determine whether there is compliance with the rules adopted under 354 this section. If the board or its duly authorized representative 355 is unable to obtain such an agreement, the board or representative 356 may apply for, and a judge of the court of common pleas for the 357 county where the land is located may issue, an appropriate 358 inspection warrant as necessary to achieve the purposes of this 359 chapter. 360

(E)(1) If the board of county commissioners or its duly	361
authorized representative determines that a violation of the rules	362
adopted under this section exists and requests, the board or	363
representative may issue an immediate stop work order if the	364
violator failed to obtain any federal, state, or local permit	365
necessary for sediment and erosion control, earth movement,	366
clearing, or cut and fill activity. In addition, if the board or	367
representative determines such a rule violation exists, regardless	368
of whether or not the violator has obtained the proper permits,	369
the board or representative may authorize the issuance of a notice	370
of violation. If, after a period of not less than thirty days has	371
elapsed following the issuance of the notice of violation, the	372
violation continues, the board or its duly authorized	373
representative shall issue a second notice of violation. Except as	374
provided in division (E)(3) of this section, if, after a period of	375
not less than fifteen days has elapsed following the issuance of	376
the second notice of violation, the violation continues, the board	377
or its duly authorized representative may issue a stop work order	378
after first obtaining the written approval of the prosecuting	379
attorney of the county if, in the opinion of the prosecuting	380
attorney, the violation is egregious.	381
Once a stop work order is issued, the board or its duly	382
authorize representative shall request, in writing, the	383
prosecuting attorney of the county in writing, the prosecuting	384
attorney shall to seek an injunction or other appropriate relief	385
in the court of common pleas to abate excessive erosion or	386
sedimentation and secure compliance with the rules adopted under	387
this section. In If the prosecuting attorney seeks an injunction	388
or other appropriate relief, then, in granting relief, the court	389
of common pleas may order the construction of sediment control	390
improvements or implementation of other control measures and may	391

<u>assess a civil fine of not less than one hundred or more than five</u>

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hundred dollars. Each day of violation of a rule or stop work	393
order issued under this section shall be considered a separate	394
violation subject to a civil fine.	395
(2) The person to whom a stop work order is issued under this	396
section may appeal the order to the court of common pleas of the	397
county in which it was issued, seeking any equitable or other	398
appropriate relief from that order.	399
(3) No stop work order shall be issued under this section	400
<u>against any public highway, transportation, or drainage</u>	401
improvement or maintenance project undertaken by a government	402
agency or political subdivision in accordance with a statement of	403
its standard sediment control policies that is approved by the	404
board or the chief of the division of soil and water conservation	405
in the department of natural resources.	406
(F) No person shall violate any rule adopted or order issued	407
(F) No person shall violate any rule adopted or order issued under this section. <u>Notwithstanding division (E) of this section,</u>	407 408
under this section. Notwithstanding division (E) of this section,	408
under this section. <u>Notwithstanding division (E) of this section</u> , if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation	408 409
under this section. <u>Notwithstanding division (E) of this section</u> , if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation of any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this	408 409 410
under this section. <u>Notwithstanding division (E) of this section</u> , if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation of any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this section exists, the board may request, in writing, the prosecuting	408 409 410 411
under this section. Notwithstanding division (E) of this section, if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation of any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this section exists, the board may request, in writing, the prosecuting attorney of the county to seek an injunction or other appropriate	408 409 410 411 412
under this section. Notwithstanding division (E) of this section, if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation of any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this section exists, the board may request, in writing, the prosecuting attorney of the county to seek an injunction or other appropriate relief in the court of common pleas to abate excessive erosion or	408 409 410 411 412 413
under this section. Notwithstanding division (E) of this section, if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation of any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this section exists, the board may request, in writing, the prosecuting attorney of the county to seek an injunction or other appropriate relief in the court of common pleas to abate excessive erosion or sedimentation and secure compliance with the rules or order. In	408 409 410 411 412 413 414
under this section. Notwithstanding division (E) of this section, if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation of any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this section exists, the board may request, in writing, the prosecuting attorney of the county to seek an injunction or other appropriate relief in the court of common pleas to abate excessive erosion or sedimentation and secure compliance with the rules or order. In granting relief, the court of common pleas may order the	408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415
under this section. Notwithstanding division (E) of this section, if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation of any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this section exists, the board may request, in writing, the prosecuting attorney of the county to seek an injunction or other appropriate relief in the court of common pleas to abate excessive erosion or sedimentation and secure compliance with the rules or order. In granting relief, the court of common pleas may order the construction of sediment control improvements or implementation of	408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416
under this section. Notwithstanding division (E) of this section, if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation of any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this section exists, the board may request, in writing, the prosecuting attorney of the county to seek an injunction or other appropriate relief in the court of common pleas to abate excessive erosion or sedimentation and secure compliance with the rules or order. In granting relief, the court of common pleas may order the construction of sediment control improvements or implementation of other control measures and may assess a civil fine of not less	408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417
under this section. Notwithstanding division (E) of this section, if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation of any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this section exists, the board may request, in writing, the prosecuting attorney of the county to seek an injunction or other appropriate relief in the court of common pleas to abate excessive erosion or sedimentation and secure compliance with the rules or order. In granting relief, the court of common pleas may order the construction of sediment control improvements or implementation of other control measures and may assess a civil fine of not less than one hundred or more than five hundred dollars. Each day of	408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418
under this section. Notwithstanding division (E) of this section, if the board of county commissioners determines that a violation of any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this section exists, the board may request, in writing, the prosecuting attorney of the county to seek an injunction or other appropriate relief in the court of common pleas to abate excessive erosion or sedimentation and secure compliance with the rules or order. In granting relief, the court of common pleas may order the construction of sediment control improvements or implementation of other control measures and may assess a civil fine of not less than one hundred or more than five hundred dollars. Each day of violation of a rule adopted or administrative order issued under	408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419

sec. 504.04. (A) A township that adopts a limited home rule 422
government may do all of the following by resolution, provided 423

that any of these resolutions, other than a resolution to supply 424 water or sewer services in accordance with sections 504.18 to 425 504.20 of the Revised Code, may be enforced only by the imposition 426 of civil fines as authorized in this chapter: 427

(1) Exercise all powers of local self-government within the 428 unincorporated area of the township, other than powers that are in 429 conflict with general laws, except that the township shall comply 430 with the requirements and prohibitions of this chapter, and shall 431 enact no taxes other than those authorized by general law, and 432 except that no resolution adopted pursuant to this chapter shall 433 encroach upon the powers, duties, and privileges of elected 434 township officers or change, alter, combine, eliminate, or 435 otherwise modify the form or structure of the township government 436 unless the change is required or permitted by this chapter; 437

(2) Adopt and enforce within the unincorporated area of the
township local police, sanitary, and other similar regulations
that are not in conflict with general laws or otherwise prohibited
440
by division (B) of this section;
441

(3) Supply water and sewer services to users within the
unincorporated area of the township in accordance with sections
504.18 to 504.20 of the Revised Code.
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(B) No resolution adopted pursuant to this chapter shall do 445any of the following: 446

(1) Create a criminal offense or impose criminal penalties, 447except as authorized by division (A) of this section; 448

(2) Impose civil fines other than as authorized by thischapter;450

(3) Establish or revise subdivision regulations, road
 construction standards, urban sediment rules, or storm water and
 drainage regulations, except as provided in section 504.21 of the
 453
 <u>Revised Code</u>;

(5) Increase, decrease, or otherwise alter the powers or
duties of a township under any other chapter of the Revised Code
pertaining to agriculture or the conservation or development of
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natural resources;

(6) Establish regulations affecting hunting, trapping,462fishing, or the possession, use, or sale of firearms;463

(7) Establish or revise water or sewer regulations, except in
 accordance with sections section 504.18 and, 504.19, or 504.21 of
 the Revised Code.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as affecting the467powers of counties with regard to the subjects listed in divisions468(B)(3) to (5) of this section.469

(C) Under a limited home rule government, all officers shall 470 have the qualifications, and be nominated, elected, or appointed, 471 as provided in Chapter 505. of the Revised Code, except that the 472 board of township trustees shall appoint a full-time or part-time 473 law director pursuant to section 504.15 of the Revised Code, and 474 except that a five-member board of township trustees approved for 475 the township before the effective date of this amendment September 476 26, 2003, shall continue to serve as the legislative authority 477 with successive members serving for four-year terms of office 478 until a termination of a limited home rule government under 479 section 504.03 of the Revised Code. 480

(D) In case of conflict between resolutions enacted by a
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board of township trustees and municipal ordinances or
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resolutions, the ordinance or resolution enacted by the municipal
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corporation prevails. In case of conflict between resolutions
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enacted by a board of township trustees and any county resolution,
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the resolution enacted by the board of township trustees prevails.

Sec. 504.19. (A) The board of township trustees may prepare 487 and adopt a general plan of water supply or sewer services. After 488 the general plan has been approved by the board, the board 489 immediately shall notify the board of county commissioners if 490 territory served by a county water supply facility or a county 491 sewer district includes territory to be covered by the plan, the 492 legislative authority of a municipal corporation that operates a 493 water supply or sewer system in any of the territory to be covered 494 by the plan, and the board of trustees of any existing regional 495 water and sewer district that includes any territory to be covered 496 by the plan, of the township's intention to provide water supply 497 or sewer services and shall describe the area where the township 498 proposes to provide water supply or sewer services. The notified 499 board of county commissioners, legislative authority of a 500 municipal corporation, and board of trustees of the regional water 501 and sewer district then have thirty days from the date of 502 notifleation notification to comment and object in writing to the 503 township's provision of water supply or sewer services. An 504 objection may be based on one or more of the following: 505

(1) The county, municipal corporation, or special district
 already provides the proposed water supply or sewer services to
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 the area to be served.
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(2) The county, municipal corporation, or special district
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has in its service plan provisions to provide the proposed water
supply or sewer services in the future to the proposed area within
a reasonable period of time.
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Within fifteen days after receiving objections, the board of513township trustees may request in writing submitted to the514objecting party that the issue of the township's provision of the515proposed water supply or sewer services be mediated. The mediation516

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shall be performed either by the Ohio commission on dispute517resolution and conflict management or by having each party select518a mediator and having those two mediators select a third mediator519who, together with the other two mediators, shall conduct the520mediation.521

Within forty-five days after the request for mediation is 522 submitted, any mediation shall be completed, and any agreements 523 reached between the parties shall be filed in writing with the 524 parties. Thereafter, the respective governing boards may adopt the 525 agreements, making those agreements binding on the parties, or, if 526 one or more of the agreed-upon points is rejected, that rejection 527 shall be considered a final decision of a governing board for 528 purposes of Chapter 2506. of the Revised Code, and the board of 529 township trustees may file an appeal under that chapter regarding 530 its provision of the proposed water supply or sewer services. In 531 addition to any findings of the court provided in section 2506.04 532 of the Revised Code, the court may determine that the county, 533 municipal corporation, or special district has not met the 534 criteria specified in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section 535 and, therefore, the township may provide its proposed water supply 536 or sewer services or, in the alternative, may determine that the 537 township could provide the proposed water supply or sewer services 538 more expediently than the county, municipal corporation, or 539 special district with no substantial increase in cost to the users 540 of the water supply or sewer services and, therefore, order that 541 the township may provide its proposed water supply or sewer 542 services. 543

(B) Once the board has approved a general plan of water
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supply or sewer services under division (A) of this section, the
board shall hire an engineer to prepare detailed plans,
specifications, and estimates of the cost of the improvements,
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together with a tentative assessment of the cost based on the
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estimates. The tentative assessment shall be for the information 549 of property owners and shall not be certified to the county 550 auditor for collection. The detailed plans, specifications, 551 estimates of cost, and tentative assessment, as prepared by the 552 engineer and approved by the board, shall be preserved in the 553 office of the board and shall be open to inspection of all persons 554 interested in the improvements. 555

(C) Once it has been determined under division (A) of this 556 section that a township may provide its proposed water supply or 557 sewer services, the board may condemn appropriate for the use of 558 the township any public or private land, easement, rights, 559 rights-of-way, franchises, or other property within or outside the 560 township required by it for the accomplishment of its purposes. 561 Except as provided in division (D) of this section, the 562 appropriation shall be according to the procedure set forth in 563 sections 163.01 to 163.22 of the Revised Code. The engineer hired 564 by the board may enter upon any public or private property for the 565 purpose of making surveys and examinations necessary for the 566 design or examination of water supply or sewer facilities. No 567 person shall forbid or interfere with the engineer or the 568 engineer's authorized assistants entering upon property for these 569 purposes. If actual damage is done to property by the making of a 570 survey and examination, the board shall pay the reasonable value 571 of the damage to the owner of the property damaged, and the cost 572 shall be included in the assessment upon the property benefited by 573 the improvement. 574

(D)(1) For purposes of this division, either of the following 575 constitutes a public exigency: 576

(a) A finding by the director of environmental protection577that a public health nuisance caused by an occasion of unavoidable578urgency and suddenness due to unsanitary conditions compels the579immediate construction of sewers for the protection of the public580

<u>health and welfare;</u>

(b) The issuance of an order by the board of health of a	582
health district to mitigate or abate a public health nuisance that	583
is caused by an occasion of unavoidable urgency and suddenness due	584
to unsanitary conditions and compels the immediate construction of	585
sewers for the protection of the public health and welfare.	586

(2) If a board of township trustees of a township that has 587 adopted a limited home rule government is unable to purchase 588 property for the purpose of the construction of sewers to mitigate 589 or abate the public health nuisance that is the subject of a 590 finding of the director or an order of the board of health, the 591 board of township trustees may adopt a resolution finding that it 592 is necessary for the protection of the public health and welfare 593 to appropriate property that the board considers needed for that 594 purpose. The resolution shall contain a definite, accurate, and 595 detailed description of the property and the name and place of 596 residence, if known or with reasonable diligence ascertainable, of 597 the owners of the property to be appropriated. 598

The board of township trustees shall fix in its resolution 599 what it considers to be the value of the property to be 600 appropriated, which shall be the board's determination of the 601 compensation for the property and shall be supported by an 602 independent appraisal, together with any damages to the residue. 603 The board shall deposit the compensation so determined, together 604 with an amount for the damages to the residue, with the probate 605 court or the court of common pleas of the county in which the 606 property, or a part of it, is situated. Except as otherwise 607 provided in this division, the power to appropriate property for 608 the purposes of this division shall be exercised in the manner 609 provided in sections 163.01 and 163.22 of the Revised Code for an 610 appropriation in time of public exigency. The board's resolution 611 and a written copy of the independent appraisal shall accompany 612

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the petition filed under section 163.05 of the Revised Code.

(E) As soon as all questions of compensation and damages have 614 been determined for any water supply facilities or sewer services 615 improvement project, the board shall cause to be made an estimated 616 assessment, upon the lots and lands to be assessed, of such part 617 of the compensation, damages, and costs of the improvement as is 618 to be specially assessed according to the method specified by 619 resolution of the board. The schedule of the assessments shall be 620 filed with the township clerk for the inspection of interested 621 persons. Before adopting the estimated assessment, the board shall 622 cause written notice to be sent to the owners of all lots and 623 lands to be assessed that the assessment has been made and is on 624 file with the township clerk, and the date when objections to the 625 assessment will be heard. Objections shall be filed in writing 626 with the board before the date of the hearing. If any objections 627 are filed, the board shall hear them and act as an equalizing 628 board, and may change the assessments if, in its opinion, any 629 change is necessary to make the assessments just and equitable. 630 The board shall adopt a resolution approving and confirming the 631 assessments as reported to or modified by the board. 632

(E)(F) The resolution levying the assessments shall apportion 633 the cost among the benefited lots and lands in the manner provided 634 by the board by resolution. The board shall certify the amounts to 635 be levied upon each lot or parcel of land to the county auditor, 636 who shall enter the amounts on the tax duplicate, to be collected 637 as other taxes. The principal shall be payable in not more than 638 forty semiannual installments, as determined by the board. Any 639 assessment in the amount of twenty-five dollars or less, or of 640 which the unpaid balance is twenty-five dollars or less, shall be 641 paid in full and not in installments, at the time the first or 642 next installment otherwise would become due and payable. 643 Assessments are a lien upon the respective lots or parcels of land 644

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assessed from the date of adoption of the resolution under 645 division (D)(E) of this section. If bonds are issued to pay the 646 compensation, damages, and the costs of an improvement, the 647 principal amount of the assessment shall be payable in such number 648 of semiannual installments and in such amounts as the board 649 determines to be necessary to provide a fund for the payment of 650 the principal of and interest on the bonds and shall bear interest 651 from the date of the issuance of the bonds and at the same rate as 652 the bonds. 653

(F)(G) Any owner of property to be assessed for any water 654 supply facilities or sewer services improvement project, or other 655 person aggrieved by the action of the board in regard to any water 656 supply facilities or sewer services improvement project, may 657 appeal to the court of common pleas, in the manner prescribed by 658 Chapter 2506. of the Revised Code. 659

(G)(H) When collected, the assessments shall be paid by the 660 county auditor by warrant of the county treasurer into a special 661 fund in the township treasury created for the purpose of 662 constructing, improving, maintaining, and operating water supply 663 facilities or sewer improvements. The board may expend moneys from 664 the fund only for the purposes for which the assessments were 665 levied. 666

Sec. 504.21. (A) The board of township trustees of a township 667 that has adopted a limited home rule government may, for the 668 unincorporated territory in the township, adopt, amend, and 669 rescind rules establishing technically feasible and economically 670 reasonable standards to achieve a level of management and 671 conservation practices that will abate wind or water erosion of 672 the soil or abate the degradation of the waters of the state by 673 soil sediment in conjunction with land grading, excavating, 674 filling, or other soil disturbing activities on land used or being 675

developed in the township for nonfarm commercial, industrial,	676
residential, or other nonfarm purposes, and establish criteria for	677
determination of the acceptability of those management and	678
conservation practices. The rules shall be designed to implement	679
the applicable areawide waste treatment management plan prepared	680
under section 208 of the "Federal Water Pollution Control Act," 86	681
Stat. 816 (1972), 33 U.S.C.A. 1228, as amended, and to implement	682
phase II of the storm water program of the national pollutant	683
discharge elimination system established in 40 C.F.R. Part 122.	684
The rules to implement phase II of the storm water program of the	685
national pollutant discharge elimination system shall not be	686
inconsistent with, more stringent than, or broader in scope than	687
the rules or regulations adopted by the environmental protection	688
agency under 40 C.F.R. Part 122. The rules adopted under this	689
section shall not apply inside the limits of municipal	690
corporations, to lands being used in a strip mine operation as	691
defined in section 1513.01 of the Revised Code, or to land being	692
used in a surface mine operation as defined in section 1514.01 of	693
the Revised Code.	694
The rules adopted under this section may require persons to	695
file plans governing erosion control, sediment control, and water	696
management before clearing, grading, excavating, filling, or	697
otherwise wholly or partially disturbing one or more contiguous	698
acres of land owned by one person or operated as one development	699
unit for the construction of nonfarm buildings, structures,	700
utilities, recreational areas, or other similar nonfarm uses. If	701
the rules require plans to be filed, the rules shall do all of the	702
<u>following:</u>	703

(1) Designate the board itself, its employees, or another	704
agency or official to review and approve or disapprove the plans;	705
(2) Establish procedures and criteria for the review and	706
approval or disapproval of the plans;	707

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(3) Require the designated entity to issue a permit to a	708
person for the clearing, grading, excavating, filling, or other	709
project for which plans are approved and to deny a permit to a	710
person whose plans have been disapproved;	711
(4) Establish procedures for the issuance of the permits;	712
(5) Establish procedures under which a person may appeal the	713
denial of a permit.	714
Areas of less than one contiguous acre shall not be exempt	715
from compliance with other provisions of this section or rules	716
adopted under this section. The rules adopted under this section	717
may impose reasonable filing fees for plan review, permit	718
processing, and field inspections.	719
No permit or plan shall be required for a public highway,	720
transportation, or drainage improvement or maintenance project	721
<u>undertaken by a government agency or political subdivision in</u>	722
accordance with a statement of its standard sediment control	723
policies that is approved by the board or the chief of the	724
division of soil and water conservation in the department of	725
natural resources.	726
(B) Rules or amendments may be adopted under this section	727
only after public hearings at not fewer than two regular sessions	728
of the board of township trustees. The board shall cause to be	729
published, in a newspaper of general circulation in the township,	730
notice of the public hearings, including time, date, and place,	731
once a week for two weeks immediately preceding the hearings. The	732
proposed rules or amendments shall be made available by the board	733
to the public at the board office or other location indicated in	734
the notice. The rules or amendments shall take effect on the	735
thirty-first day following the date of their adoption.	736
(C) The board of township trustees may employ personnel to	737

assist in the administration of this section and the rules adopted 738

under it. The board also, if the action does not conflict with the	739
rules, may delegate duties to review sediment control and water	740
management plans to its employees, and may enter into agreements	741
with one or more political subdivisions, other township officials,	742
or other government agencies, in any combination, in order to	743
obtain reviews and comments on plans governing erosion control,	744
sediment control, and water management or to obtain other services	745
for the administration of the rules adopted under this section.	746
(D) The board of township trustees or any duly authorized	747

representative of the board may, upon identification to the owner 748 or person in charge, enter any land upon obtaining agreement with 749 the owner, tenant, or manager of the land in order to determine 750 whether there is compliance with the rules adopted under this 751 section. If the board or its duly authorized representative is 752 unable to obtain such an agreement, the board or representative 753 may apply for, and a judge of the court of common pleas for the 754 county where the land is located may issue, an appropriate 755 inspection warrant as necessary to achieve the purposes of this 756 section. 757

(E)(1) If the board of township trustees or its duly 758 authorized representative determines that a violation of the rules 759 adopted under this section exists, the board or representative may 760 issue an immediate stop work order if the violator failed to 761 obtain any federal, state, or local permit necessary for sediment 762 and erosion control, earth movement, clearing, or cut and fill 763 activity. In addition, if the board or representative determines 764 such a rule violation exists, regardless of whether or not the 765 violator has obtained the proper permits, the board or 766 representative may authorize the issuance of a notice of 767 violation. If, after a period of not less than thirty days has 768 elapsed following the issuance of the notice of violation, the 769 violation continues, the board or its duly authorized 770

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representative shall issue a second notice of violation. Except as	
provided in division (E)(3) of this section, if, after a period of	772
not less than fifteen days has elapsed following the issuance of	773
the second notice of violation, the violation continues, the board	774
<u>or its duly authorized representative may issue a stop work order</u>	775
after first obtaining the written approval of the prosecuting	776
attorney of the county in which the township is located if, in the	777
opinion of the prosecuting attorney, the violation is egregious.	778
Once a stop work order is issued, the board or its duly	779
authorized representative shall request, in writing, the	780
prosecuting attorney to seek an injunction or other appropriate	781
relief in the court of common pleas to abate excessive erosion or	782
sedimentation and secure compliance with the rules adopted under	783
this section. If the prosecuting attorney seeks an injunction or	784
other appropriate relief, then, in granting relief, the court of	705
<u>Other appropriate refier, then, in granting refier, the court of</u>	785

improvements or implementation of other control measures and may787assess a civil fine of not less than one hundred or more than five788hundred dollars. Each day of violation of a rule or stop work789order issued under this section shall be considered a separate790violation subject to a civil fine.791

(2) The person to whom a stop work order is issued under this792section may appeal the order to the court of common pleas of the793county in which it was issued, seeking any equitable or other794appropriate relief from that order.795

(3) No stop work order shall be issued under this section796against any public highway, transportation, or drainage797improvement or maintenance project undertaken by a government798agency or political subdivision in accordance with a statement of799its standard sediment control policies that is approved by the800board or the chief of the division of soil and water conservation801in the department of natural resources.802

(F) No person shall violate any rule adopted or order issued	803
under this section. Notwithstanding division (E) of this section,	804
if the board of township trustees determines that a violation of	805
any rule adopted or administrative order issued under this section	806
exists, the board may request, in writing, the prosecuting	807
attorney of the county in which the township is located, to seek	808
an injunction or other appropriate relief in the court of common	809
pleas to abate excessive erosion or sedimentation and secure	810
compliance with the rules or order. In granting relief, the court	811
of common pleas may order the construction of sediment control	812
improvements or implementation of other control measures and may	813
assess a civil fine of not less than one hundred or more than five	814
hundred dollars. Each day of violation of a rule adopted or	815
administrative order issued under this section shall be considered	816
a separate violation subject to a civil fine.	817

Sec. 505.07. Notwithstanding any contrary provision in 818 another section of the Revised Code, section 519.12 of the Revised 819 Code, or any vote of the electors on a petition for zoning 820 referendum, a township may settle any court action by a consent 821 decree or court-approved settlement agreement which may include an 822 agreement to rezone any property involved in the action as 823 provided in the decree or court_approved settlement agreement 824 without following the procedures in section 519.12 of the Revised 825 Code and also may include township approval of a development plan 826 for any property involved in the action as provided in the decree 827 or court_approved settlement agreement, provided that the court 828 makes specific findings of fact that notice has been properly made 829 pursuant to this section, the plaintiff in the action has 830 presented credible prima facie evidence in the form of an expert 831 report from a planner, property economist, or real estate 832 appraiser supporting the plaintiff's claim that the current zoning 833 is invalid or unconstitutional, and the consent decree or 834

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approved settlement agreement is fair and reasonable.

If the subject of the consent decree or court_approved 836 settlement agreement involves a zoning issue subject to referendum 837 under section 519.12 of the Revised Code, the board of township 838 trustees shall publish notice of their intent to meet and consider 839 and take action on the decree or court_approved settlement 840 agreement and the date and time of the meeting in a newspaper of 841 general circulation in the township at least fifteen days before 842 the meeting. The board shall permit members of the public to 843 express their objections to the consent decree or court_approved 844 settlement agreement at the meeting. Copies of the proposed 845 consent decree or court_approved settlement agreement shall be 846 available to the public at the township clerk's office during 847 normal business hours. 848

At least ten days prior to the submission of a proposed 849 consent decree or settlement agreement to the court for its review 850 and consideration, the plaintiff in the action involving the 851 consent decree or settlement agreement shall publish a notice 852 which that shall include the caption of the case, the case number, 853 and the court in which the consent decree or settlement agreement 854 will be filed, the intention of the parties therein in the action 855 to file a consent decree in that case or settlement agreement, 856 and, when applicable, a description of the real property involved 857 and the proposed change in zoning or permitted use, in a newspaper 858 of general circulation in the township where that real property is 859 located. 860

An elector in the township involving the property in 861 litigation who circulated the petition for zoning referendum 862 relating to the current zoning of the property has the right to 863 intervene in a case in which the decree or court approved 864 settlement agreement is pending solely for the purpose of 865 challenging the sufficiency of the evidence submitted pursuant to 866

this section and the adequacy of the notice given pursuant to this	867
section. Any other members of the electorate may intervene only if	868
permitted by the court pursuant to division (B) of Civil Rule 24	869
and solely for the purpose of challenging the sufficiency of the	870
evidence submitted pursuant to this section and the adequacy of	871
the notice given pursuant to this section.	872

Sec. 505.375. (A) The board of a joint ambulance district 873 created under section 505.71 of the Revised Code and the board of 874 a joint fire district created under section 505.371 of the Revised 875 Code may negotiate in accordance with this section to combine 876 their two joint districts into a single district, called a fire 877 and ambulance district, for the delivery of both fire and 878 ambulance services, if the geographic area covered by the 879 combining joint districts is exactly the same. Both boards shall 880 adopt a joint resolution ratifying the agreement and setting a 881 date on which the fire and ambulance district shall come into 882 being. On that date, the joint fire district and the joint 883 ambulance district shall cease to exist, and the power of each to 884 levy a tax upon taxable property shall terminate, except that any 885 levy of a tax for the payment of indebtedness within the territory 886 of the joint fire or joint ambulance district as it was composed 887 at the time the indebtedness was incurred shall continue to be 888 collected by the successor fire and ambulance district if the 889 indebtedness remains unpaid. 890

All funds and other property of the joint districts that 891 combined into the fire and ambulance district shall become the 892 property of the fire and ambulance district, unless otherwise 893 provided in the negotiated agreement. The agreement shall provide 894 for the settlement of all debts and obligations of the joint 895 districts. 896

(B) The governing body of the fire and ambulance district 897

shall be a board of trustees of at least three but no more than898nine members, appointed as provided in the agreement creating the899district. Members of the board of trustees may be compensated at a900rate not to exceed thirty dollars per meeting for not more than901fifteen meetings per year, and may be reimbursed for all necessary902expenses incurred, as provided in the agreement creating the903district.904

The board shall employ a clerk and other employees as it 905 considers best, including a fire chief or fire prevention 906 officers, and shall fix their compensation. Neither this section 907 nor any other section of the Revised Code requires, or shall be 908 construed to require, that the fire chief of a fire and ambulance 909 district be a resident of the district. 910

Before entering upon the duties of office, the clerk shall 911 execute a bond, in the amount and with surety to be approved by 912 the board, payable to the state, conditioned for the faithful 913 performance of all of the clerk's official duties. The clerk shall 914 deposit the bond with the presiding officer of the board, who 915 shall file a copy of it, certified by the presiding officer, with 916 the county auditor of the county containing the most territory in 917 the district. 918

The board shall also provide for the appointment of a fiscal 919 officer for the district. The board may also enter into agreements 920 with volunteer fire companies for the use and operation of 921 fire-fighting equipment. Volunteer firefighters acting under such 922 an agreement are subject to the requirements for volunteer 923 firefighters set forth in division (A) of section 505.38 of the 924 Revised Code. 925

Employees of the district shall not be removed from office 926 except as provided by sections 733.35 to 733.39 of the Revised 927 Code, except that, to initiate removal proceedings, the board 928

929 shall designate a private citizen or, if the employee is employed 930 as a firefighter, the board may designate the fire chief, to 931 investigate, conduct the proceedings, and prepare the necessary 932 charges in conformity with sections 733.35 to 733.39 of the 933 Revised Code, and except that the board shall perform the 934 functions and duties specified for the municipal legislative 935 authority under those sections. The board may pay reasonable 936 compensation to any private citizen hired for services rendered in 937 the matter.

No person shall be appointed as a permanent full-time paid 938 member of the district whose duties include fire fighting, or be 939 appointed as a volunteer firefighter, unless that person has 940 received a certificate issued under former section 3303.07 or 941 section 4765.55 of the Revised Code evidencing satisfactory 942 completion of a firefighter training program. The board may send 943 its officers and firefighters to schools of instruction designed 944 to promote the efficiency of firefighters and, if authorized in 945 advance, may pay their necessary expenses from the funds used for 946 the maintenance and operation of the district. 947

The board may choose, by adoption of an appropriate 948 resolution, to have the Ohio medical transportation board license 949 any emergency medical service organization it operates. If the 950 board adopts such a resolution, Chapter 4766. of the Revised Code, 951 except for sections 4766.06 and 4766.99 of the Revised Code, 952 applies to the organization. All rules adopted under the 953 applicable sections of that chapter also apply to the 954 organization. The board may likewise, by resolution, remove its 955 956 emergency medical service organization from the jurisdiction of the Ohio medical transportation board. 957

(C) The board may exercise the following powers: 958

(1) Purchase or otherwise provide any fire apparatus, 959

mechanical resuscitators, or other fire or ambulance equipment, appliances, or materials; fire hydrants; and water supply for fire-fighting purposes that seems advisable to the board;

(2) Provide for the care and maintenance of equipment and,
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for that purpose, purchase, lease, lease with an option to
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purchase, or construct and maintain necessary buildings;
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(3) Establish and maintain lines of fire-alarm communications966within the limits of the district;967

(4) Appropriate land for a fire station or medical emergency
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 unit needed in order to respond in reasonable time to a fire or
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 medical emergency, in accordance with Chapter 163. of the Revised
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 Code;
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(5) Purchase, appropriate, or accept a deed or gift of land972to enlarge or improve a fire station or medical emergency unit;973

(6) Purchase, lease, lease with an option to purchase,
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maintain, and use all materials, equipment, vehicles, buildings,
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and land necessary to perform its duties;
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(7) Contract for a period not to exceed three years with one 977 or more townships, municipal corporations, counties, joint fire 978 districts, governmental agencies, nonprofit corporations, or 979 private ambulance owners located either within or outside the 980 state, to furnish or receive ambulance services or emergency 981 medical services within the several territories of the contracting 982 parties, if the contract is first authorized by all boards of 983 trustees and legislative authorities concerned; 984

(8) Establish reasonable charges for the use of ambulance or
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emergency medical services under the same conditions under which a
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board of fire district trustees may establish those charges under
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section 505.371 of the Revised Code;
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(9) Establish all necessary rules to guard against the 989

occurrence of fires and to protect property and lives against 990 damage and accidents; 991

(10) Adopt a standard code pertaining to fire, fire hazards, 992 and fire prevention prepared and promulgated by the state or by a 993 public or private organization that publishes a model or standard 994 code; 995

(11) Provide for charges for false alarms at commercial
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establishments in the same manner as joint fire districts are
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authorized to do under section 505.391 of the Revised Code;
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(12) Issue bonds and other evidences of indebtedness, subject 999
to Chapter 133. of the Revised Code, but only after approval by a 1000
vote of the electors of the district as provided by section 133.18 1001
of the Revised Code; 1002

(13) To provide the services and equipment it considers
necessary, levy a sufficient tax, subject to Chapter 5705. of the
Revised Code, on all the taxable property in the district.
1005

(D) Any municipal corporation or township may join an 1006 existing fire and ambulance district by its legislative 1007 authority's adoption of a resolution requesting the membership and 1008 upon approval of the board of the district. Any municipal 1009 corporation or township may withdraw from a district by its 1010 legislative authority's adoption of a resolution ordering 1011 withdrawal. Upon its withdrawal, the municipal corporation or 1012 township ceases to be a part of the district, and the district's 1013 power to levy a tax on taxable property in the withdrawing 1014 township or municipal corporation terminates, except that the 1015 district shall continue to levy and collect taxes for the payment 1016 of indebtedness within the territory of the district as it was 1017 composed at the time the indebtedness was incurred. 1018

Upon the withdrawal of any township or municipal corporation 1019 from a district, the county auditor of the county containing the 1020

1021 most territory in the district shall ascertain, apportion, and 1022 order a division of the funds on hand, including funds in the 1023 ambulance and emergency medical services fund, moneys and taxes in 1024 the process of collection, except for taxes levied for the payment 1025 of indebtedness, credits, and real and personal property on the 1026 basis of the valuation of the respective tax duplicates of the 1027 withdrawing municipal corporation or township and the remaining 1028 territory of the district.

(E) As used in this section:

1029

(1) "Governmental agency" includes all departments, boards, 1030
offices, commissions, agencies, colleges, universities, 1031
institutions, and other instrumentalities of this or another 1032
state. 1033

(2) "Emergency medical service organization" has the same 1034meaning as in section 4766.01 of the Revised Code. 1035

sec. 519.02. Except as otherwise provided in this section, in 1036 the interest of the public health, safety, convenience, comfort, 1037 prosperity, or general welfare, the board of township trustees 1038 may, in accordance with a comprehensive plan, regulate by 1039 resolution the location, height, bulk, number of stories, and size 1040 of buildings and other structures, including tents, cabins, and 1041 trailer coaches, percentages of lot areas that may be occupied, 1042 set back building lines, sizes of yards, courts, and other open 1043 spaces, the density of population, the uses of buildings and other 1044 structures, including tents, cabins, and trailer coaches, and the 1045 uses of land for trade, industry, residence, recreation, or other 1046 purposes in the unincorporated territory of the township, and 1047 establish reasonable residential landscaping standards and 1048 residential architectural standards, excluding exterior building 1049 materials, for the unincorporated territory of the township; and, 1050 for all these purposes, the board may divide all or any part of 1051

the unincorporated territory of the township into districts or 1052 zones of such number, shape, and area as the board determines. All 1053 such regulations shall be uniform for each class or kind of 1054 building or other structure or use throughout any district or 1055 zone, but the regulations in one district or zone may differ from 1056 those in other districts or zones. 1057

For any activities permitted and regulated under Chapter10581509...1513...or 1514. of the Revised Code and any related1059processing activities, the board of township trustees may regulate1060under the authority conferred by this section only in the interest1061of public health or safety.1062

Sec. 3709.41. (A) There is hereby created in each city and in 1063 each general health district a health district licensing council, 1064 to be appointed by the entity that has responsibility for 1065 appointing the board of health in the health district. The members 1066 of the health district licensing council shall consist of one 1067 representative of each business activity for which the board of 1068 health operates a licensing program. To be appointed and remain a 1069 member, an individual must shall be a resident of the health 1070 district for which the council was created. 1071

The appointing authority shall make initial appointments to 1072 the council not later than thirty days after the effective date of 1073 this section November 21, 2001. Of the initial appointments to the 1074 council, one-third of the members, rounded to the nearest whole 1075 number, shall serve for a term ending three years after the 1076 effective date of this section November 21, 2001; one-third, 1077 rounded to the nearest whole number, shall serve for a term ending 1078 four years after the effective date of this section November 21, 1079 2001; and the remaining members shall serve for a term ending five 1080 years after the effective date of this section November 21, 2001. 1081 Thereafter, terms of office shall be five years, with each term 1082

ending on the same day of the same month as did the term that it 1083 succeeds. 1084 Each member shall hold office from the date of the member's 1085

appointment until the end of the term for which the member was 1086 appointed. Members may be reappointed. 1087

Vacancies shall be filled in the manner provided for original 1088 appointments. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring 1089 prior to the expiration of the term for which the member's 1090 predecessor was appointed shall hold office as a member for the 1091 remainder of that term. A member shall continue in office 1092 subsequent to the expiration date of the member's term until the 1093 member's successor takes office or until a period of sixty days 1094 has elapsed, whichever occurs first. 1095

Members of a health district licensing council shall serve1096without compensation, except to the extent that serving on the1097council is part of their regular duties of employment.1098

(B) Each <u>health district</u> licensing council shall organize by 1099 selecting from among its members a chairperson, <u>a</u> secretary, and 1100 any other officers it considers necessary. Each council shall 1101 adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of 1102 its business.

Each council shall meet at least quarterly <u>annually</u> or at 1104 more frequent intervals if specified in its bylaws. In addition to 1105 the mandatory meetings, a council shall meet at the call of the 1106 chairperson or the request of a majority of the council members. 1107

(C) Pursuant to sections 3709.03, 3709.05, and 3709.07 of the 1108 Revised Code, the health district licensing council shall appoint 1109 one of its members to serve as a member of the board of health. 1110 The council shall appoint one of its members to serve as an 1111 alternate board of health member if for any reason the original 1112 member is required to abstain from voting on a particular issue 1113

being considered by the board of health. While serving on behalf of the original member, the alternate member has the same powers and duties as the original member.

Sec. 6101.181. (A) For the purposes of this section, either1117of the following constitutes a public exigency:1118

(1) A finding by the director of environmental protection1119that a public health nuisance caused by an occasion of unavoidable1120urgency and suddenness due to unsanitary conditions compels the1121immediate construction of sewers for the protection of the public1122health and welfare;1123

(2) The issuance of an order by the board of health of a1124health district to mitigate or abate a public health nuisance that1125is caused by an occasion of unavoidable urgency and suddenness due1126to unsanitary conditions and compels the immediate construction of1127sewers for the protection of the public health and welfare.1128

(B) If the board of directors of a conservancy district is 1129 unable to purchase property for the purpose of the construction of 1130 sewers to mitigate or abate the public health nuisance that is the 1131 subject of a finding of the director or an order of the board of 1132 health, the board of directors may adopt a resolution finding that 1133 it is necessary for the protection of the public health and 1134 welfare to appropriate property that the board of directors 1135 considers needed for that purpose. The resolution shall contain a 1136 definite, accurate, and detailed description of the property and 1137 the name and place of residence, if known or with reasonable 1138 diligence ascertainable, of the owners of the property to be 1139 appropriated. 1140

The board of directors shall fix in its resolution what it1141considers to be the value of the property to be appropriated,1142which shall be the board's determination of the compensation for1143

the property and shall be supported by an independent appraisal,	1144
together with any damages to the residue. The board shall deposit	1145
the compensation so determined, together with an amount for the	1146
damages to the residue, with the probate court or the court of	1147
common pleas of the county in which the property, or a part of it,	1148
is situated. Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	1149
power to appropriate property for the purposes of this division	1150
shall be exercised in the manner provided in sections 163.01 to	1151
163.22 of the Revised Code for an appropriation in the time of	1152
public exigency. The board's resolution and a written copy of the	1153
independent appraisal shall accompany the petition filed under	1154
section 163.05 of the Revised Code.	1155
Sec. 6115.221. (A) For the purposes of this section, either	1156
of the following constitutes a public exigency:	1157
(1) A finding by the director of environmental protection	1158
that a public health nuisance caused by an occasion of unavoidable	1159
urgency and suddenness due to unsanitary conditions compels the	1160
immediate construction of sewers for the protection of the public	1161
<u>health and welfare;</u>	1162
(2) The issuance of an order by the board of health of a	1163
health district to mitigate or abate a public health nuisance that	1164
is caused by an occasion of unavoidable urgency and suddenness due	1165
to unsanitary conditions and compels the immediate construction of	1166
sewers for the protection of the public health and welfare.	1167
(B) If the board of directors of a sanitary district is	1168
unable to purchase property for the purpose of the construction of	1169
sewers to mitigate or abate the public health nuisance that is the	1170
subject of a finding of the director or an order of the board of	1171
health, the board of directors may adopt a resolution finding that	1172
it is necessary for the protection of the public health and	1173
welfare to appropriate property that the board of directors	1174

considers needed for that purpose. The resolution shall contain a	1175
definite, accurate, and detailed description of the property and	1176
the name and place of residence, if known or with reasonable	1177
diligence ascertainable, of the owners of the property to be	1178
appropriated.	1179
The board of directors shall fix in its resolution what it	1180
considers to be the value of the property to be appropriated,	1181
which shall be the board's determination of the compensation for	1182
the property and shall be supported by an independent appraisal,	1183
together with any damages to the residue. The board shall deposit	1184
the compensation so determined, together with an amount for the	1185
damages to the residue, with the probate court or the court of	1186
common place of the county in which the property or a part of it	1107

common pleas of the county in which the property, or a part of it, 1187 is situated. Except as otherwise provided in this division, the 1188 power to appropriate property for the purposes of this division 1189 shall be exercised in the manner provided in sections 163.01 to 1190 163.22 of the Revised Code for an appropriation in time of public 1191 exigency. The board's resolution and a written copy of the 1192 independent appraisal shall accompany the petition filed under 1193 section 163.05 of the Revised Code. 1194

Sec. 6117.012. (A) A board of county commissioners may adopt 1195 rules requiring owners of property within the district whose 1196 property is served by a connection to sewers maintained and 1197 operated by the board or to sewers that are connected to 1198 interceptor sewers maintained and operated by the board to <u>do any</u> 1199 <u>of the following</u>: 1200

(1) Disconnect stormwater inflows to sanitary sewers
maintained and operated by the board and not operated as a
combined sewer, or to connections with such those sewers;
1201

(2) Disconnect non-stormwater inflows to stormwater sewers 1204 maintained and operated by the board and not operated as a 1205

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combined sewer, or to connections with such those sewers; 1206

(3) Reconnect or relocate any such disconnected inflows in
 1207
 compliance with board rules and applicable building codes, health
 1208
 codes, or other relevant codes;
 1209

(4) Prevent sewer back-ups into properties that have1210experienced one or more overflows of sanitary or combined sewers1211maintained and operated by the board.1212

(B) Any inflow required to be disconnected <u>or any sewer</u>
1213
<u>back-up required to be prevented</u> under a rule adopted pursuant to
1214
division (A) of this section constitutes a nuisance subject to
1215
injunctive relief and abatement pursuant to Chapter 3767. of the
1216
Revised Code or as otherwise permitted by law.
1217

(C) A board of county commissioners may use sewer district 1218
funds; county general fund moneys; and, to the extent permitted by 1219
their terms, loans, grants, or other moneys from appropriate state 1220
or federal funds, for either of the following: 1221

(1) The cost of disconnections, reconnections, or 1222
relocations, or sewer back-up prevention required by rules adopted 1223
pursuant to division (A) of this section, performed by the county 1224
or under contract with the county; 1225

(2) Payments to the property owner or a contractor hired by 1226 the property owner pursuant to a competitive process established 1227 by district rules, for the cost of disconnections, reconnections, 1228 or relocations, or sewer back-up prevention required by rules 1229 adopted pursuant to division (A) of this section after the board, 1230 pursuant to its rules, has approved the work to be performed and 1231 after the county has received from the property owner a statement 1232 releasing the county from all liability in connection with the 1233 disconnections, reconnections, or relocations, or sewer back-up 1234 prevention. 1235

(D) Except as provided in division (E) of this section, the 1236
board of county commissioners shall require in its rules regarding 1237
disconnections, reconnections, or relocations of sewers or sewer 1238
<u>back-up prevention</u> the reimbursement of moneys expended pursuant 1239
to division (C) of this section by either of the following 1240
methods: 1241

1242 (1) A charge to the property owner in the amount of the payment made pursuant to division (C) of this section for 1243 immediate payment or payment in installments with interest as 1244 determined by the board not to exceed ten per cent, which payments 1245 may be billed as a separate item with the rents charged to that 1246 owner for use of the sewers. The board may approve installment 1247 payments for a period of not more than fifteen years. If charges 1248 are to be paid in installments, the board shall certify to the 1249 county auditor information sufficient to identify each subject 1250 parcel of property, the total of the charges to be paid in 1251 installments, and the total number of installments to be paid. The 1252 auditor shall record the information in the sewer improvement 1253 record until these charges are paid in full. Charges not paid when 1254 due shall be certified to the county auditor, who shall place the 1255 charges upon the real property tax list and duplicate against that 1256 property. Such Those charges shall be a lien on the property from 1257 the date they are placed on the tax list and duplicate and shall 1258 be collected in the same manner as other taxes. 1259

(2) A special assessment levied against the property, payable 1260 in such the number of years as the board determines, not to exceed 1261 fifteen years, with interest as determined by the board not to 1262 exceed ten per cent. The board of county commissioners shall 1263 certify the assessments to the county auditor, stating the amount 1264 and time of payment. The auditor shall record the information in 1265 the county sewer improvement record, showing separately the 1266 assessments to be collected, and shall place the assessments upon 1267

the real property tax list and duplicate for collection. Such1268assessment The assessments shall be a lien on the property from1269the date it is they are placed on the tax list and duplicate and1270shall be collected in the same manner as other taxes.1271

(E) The county may adopt a resolution specifying a maximum 1272 amount of the cost of any disconnection, reconnection, or 1273 relocation, or sewer back-up prevention required pursuant to 1274 division (A) of this section that may be paid by the county for 1275 each affected parcel of property without requiring reimbursement. 1276 Such That amount may be allowed only if there is a building code, 1277 health code, or other relevant code, or a federally imposed or 1278 state-imposed consent decree that is filed or otherwise recorded 1279 in a court of competent jurisdiction, applicable to the affected 1280 parcel that prohibits in the future any inflows or sewer back-ups 1281 not allowed under rules adopted pursuant to division (A)(1) or (4)1282 of this section. The board, by rule, shall establish criteria for 1283 determining how much of the maximum amount for each qualifying 1284 parcel need not be reimbursed. 1285

(F) Disconnections, reconnections, or relocations, or sewer
back-up prevention required under this section that are and
performed by a contractor under contract with the property owner
shall not be considered a "public improvement", and those
performed by the county shall be considered a "public improvement"
as defined in section 4115.03 of the Revised Code.

Disconnections, reconnections, or relocations<u>, or sewer</u> <u>back-up prevention</u> required under this section performed by a contractor under contract with the property owner shall not be subject to competitive bidding or public bond laws. 1292 1292 1292 1292 1293 1293 1293 1293

(G) Property owners shall be responsible for maintaining any 1296
 improvements made on private property to reconnect or relocate 1297
 disconnected inflows or for sewer back-up prevention pursuant to 1298
 this section unless a public easement exists for the county to 1299

maintain that improvement.

health and welfare;

sec. 6117.39. Whenever (A) Except as provided in division (B) 1301 of this section, whenever, in the opinion of the board of county 1302 commissioners, it is necessary to acquire real estate or any 1303 interest in real estate for the acquisition, construction, 1304 maintenance, or operation of any sewer, drainage, or other 1305 improvement authorized by this chapter, or to acquire the right to 1306 construct, maintain, and operate the sewer, drainage, or other 1307 improvement in and upon any property within or outside of a county 1308 sewer district, it may purchase the real estate, interest in real 1309 estate, or right by negotiation. If the board and the owner of the 1310 real estate, interest in real estate, or right are unable to agree 1311 upon its purchase and sale, or the amount of damages to be awarded 1312 for it, the board may appropriate the real estate, interest, or 1313 right in accordance with sections 163.01 to 163.22 of the Revised 1314 Code, except that the board, in the exercise of the powers granted 1315 by this section or any other section of this chapter, may not 1316 appropriate real estate or personal property owned by a municipal 1317 corporation. 1318 (B)(1) For the purposes of division (B) of this section, 1319 either of the following constitutes a public exigency: 1320 (a) A finding by the director of environmental protection 1321 that a public health nuisance caused by an occasion of unavoidable 1322 urgency and suddenness due to unsanitary conditions compels the 1323 immediate construction of sewers for the protection of the public 1324

(b) The issuance of an order by the board of health of a1326health district to mitigate or abate a public health nuisance that1327is caused by an occasion of unavoidable urgency and suddenness due1328to unsanitary conditions and compels the immediate construction of1329sewers for the protection of the public health and welfare.1330

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1300

(2) If the board of county commissioners is unable to	1331
purchase property for the purpose of the construction of sewers to	1332
mitigate or abate the public health nuisance that is the subject	1333
of a finding of the director or an order of the board of health,	1334
the board of county commissioners may adopt a resolution finding	1335
that it is necessary for the protection of the public health and	1336
welfare to appropriate property that the board of county	1337
commissioners considers needed for that purpose. The resolution	1338
shall contain a definite, accurate, and detailed description of	1339
the property and the name and place of residence, if known or with	1340
reasonable diligence ascertainable, of the owners of the property	1341
to be appropriated.	1342
The board of county commissioners shall fix in its resolution	1343
what it considers to be the value of the property to be	1344
appropriated, which shall be the board's determination of the	1345
compensation for the property and shall be supported by an	1346
independent appraisal, together with any damages to the residue.	1347
The board shall deposit the compensation so determined, together	1348
with an amount for the damages to the residue, with the probate	1349
court or the court of common pleas of the county in which the	1350
property, or a part of it, is situated. Except as otherwise	1351
provided in this division, the power to appropriate property for	1352
the purposes of this division shall be exercised in the manner	1353
provided in sections 163.01 to 163.22 of the Revised Code for an	1354
appropriation in the time of public exigency. The board's	1355
resolution and a written copy of the independent appraisal shall	1356
accompany the petition filed under section 163.05 of the Revised	1357
Code.	1358

sec. 6117.51. If the board of health of the health district 1359
within which a new public sewer construction project is proposed 1360
or located passes a resolution stating that the reason for the 1361

project is to reduce or eliminate an existing health problem or a 1362 hazard of water pollution, the board of county commissioners of 1363 the county, by resolution, may order the owner of any premises 1364 located in a sewer district in the county, the owner's agent, 1365 lessee, or tenant, or any other occupant of the premises to 1366 connect the premises to the sewer for the purpose of discharging 1367 sewage or other waste that the board determines is originating on 1368 the premises, to make use of the connection, and to cease the 1369 discharge of the sewage or other waste into a cesspool, ditch, 1370 private sewer, privy, septic tank, semipublic disposal system as 1371 defined in division (B)(1)(a) of section 3709.085 of the Revised 1372 Code, or other outlet if the board finds that the sewer is 1373 available for use and is accessible to the premises following a 1374 determination and certification to the board by a registered 1375 professional engineer designated by it as to the availability and 1376 accessibility of the sewer. This section does not apply to any of 1377 the following: 1378

(A) Any discharge authorized by a permit issued under
division (J) of section 6111.03 of the Revised Code other than a
discharge to or from a semipublic disposal system as defined in
division (B)(1)(a) of section 3709.085 of the Revised Code;
1382

(B) Wastes resulting from the keeping of animals;

(C) Any premises that are not served by a common sewage 1384 collection system when the foundation wall of the structure from 1385 which sewage or other waste originates is more than two hundred 1386 feet from the nearest boundary of the right_of_way within which 1387 the sewer is located; 1388

(D) Any premises that are served by a common sewage
1389
collection system when both the foundation wall of the structure
from which the sewage or other waste originates and the common
sewage collection system are more than two hundred feet from the
nearest boundary of the right-of-way within which the public sewer
1391

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is located<u>;</u>

(E) Any dwelling house located on property that is listed on 1395 the county's agricultural land tax list as being valued for tax 1396 purposes as land devoted exclusively to agricultural use under 1397 section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, when the foundation wall of 1398 the dwelling house is two hundred feet or less from the nearest 1399 boundary of the right-of-way within which the sewer is located, if 1400 both of the following also apply: 1401

(1) The sewer right-of-way for the property on which the1402dwelling house is located was obtained by appropriation due to a1403public exigency pursuant to division (B) of section 307.08,14046101.181, 6115.211, 6117.39, or 6119.11 of the Revised Code.1405

(2) The local health department has certified that the1406household sewage disposal system is functioning properly.1407

The board shall not direct an order under this section to a 1408 resident tenant unless it determines that the terms of the tenancy 1409 are such that the owner lacks sufficient rights of access to 1410 permit the owner to comply with the terms of the order. 1411

An owner, agent, lessee, tenant, or occupant shall comply 1412 with the order of the board within ninety days after the 1413 completion of service of the order upon that person as provided in 1414 this section. The board, upon written application filed prior to 1415 the expiration of the ninety-day period, may waive compliance with 1416 any order either temporarily or permanently and conditionally or 1417 unconditionally. 1418

In its resolution, the board shall direct its clerk, or the 1419 clerk's designee, to serve its order upon the owner, agent, 1420 lessee, tenant, or occupant. Service of the order shall be made 1421 personally, by leaving the order at the usual place of residence 1422 with a person of suitable age and discretion then residing 1423 therein, or by certified mail addressed to the owner, agent, 1424

1425 lessee, tenant, or occupant at that person's last known address or 1426 to the address to which tax bills are sent. If it appears by the 1427 return of service or the return of the order forwarded by 1428 certified mail that the owner, agent, lessee, tenant, or occupant 1429 cannot be found, that person shall be served by publication of the 1430 order once in a newspaper of general circulation within the 1431 county, or if that person refuses service, that person shall be 1432 served by ordinary mail addressed to that person's last known 1433 address or to the address to which tax bills are sent. The return 1434 of the person serving the order or a certified copy of the return, 1435 or a returned receipt for the order forwarded by certified mail 1436 accepted by the addressee or anyone purporting to act for the 1437 addressee, is prima-facie evidence of the service of the order 1438 under this section. The return of the person attempting to serve 1439 the order, or the return to the sender of the order forwarded by 1440 certified mail with an indication on the return of the refusal of 1441 the addressee to accept delivery, is prima-facie evidence of the 1442 refusal of service.

No owner, agent, lessee, tenant, or occupant shall violate an 1443 order issued under this section. Upon request of the board, the 1444 prosecuting attorney shall prosecute in a court of competent 1445 jurisdiction any owner, agent, lessee, tenant, or occupant who 1446 violates an order issued under this section. Each day that a 1447 violation continues after conviction for the violation of an order 1448 issued under this section and the final determination thereof is a 1449 separate offense. The court, for good cause shown, may grant a 1450 reasonable additional period of time for compliance after 1451 conviction. 1452

Any owner, agent, lessee, tenant, or occupant violating an 1453 order issued under this section also may be enjoined from 1454 continuing in violation. Upon request of the board, the 1455 prosecuting attorney shall bring an action in a court of competent 1456

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jurisdiction for an injunction against the owner, agent, lessee, 1457 tenant, or occupant violating an order. 1458

The Ohio water development authority created under section 1459 6121.02 of the Revised Code, in addition to its other powers, has 1460 the same power and shall be governed by the same procedures in a 1461 waste water facilities service area, or in any area adjacent to a 1462 public sewer operated by the authority, as a board of county 1463 commissioners in a county sewer district under this section, 1464 except that the authority shall act by order, and the attorney 1465 general, upon request of the authority, shall prosecute any person 1466 who violates an order of the authority issued under this section. 1467

Sec. 6119.11. The (A) Except as provided in division (B) of 1468 this section, the board of trustees of a regional water and sewer 1469 district may condemn for the use of the district any public or 1470 private land, easement, rights, rights_of_way, franchises, or 1471 other property within or without the district required by it for 1472 the accomplishment of its purposes according to the procedure set 1473 forth in sections 163.01 to 163.22, inclusive, of the Revised 1474 Code. 1475

(B)(1) For the purposes of division (B) of this section, 1476 either of the following constitutes a public exigency: 1477

(a) A finding by the director of environmental protection1478that a public health nuisance caused by an occasion of unavoidable1479urgency and suddenness due to unsanitary conditions compels the1480immediate construction of sewers for the protection of the public1481health and welfare;1482

(b) The issuance of an order by the board of health of a1483health district to mitigate or abate a public health nuisance that1484is caused by an occasion of unavoidable urgency and suddenness due1485to unsanitary conditions and compels the immediate construction of1486

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sewers for the protection of the public health and welfare.	1487
(2) If the board of trustees of a regional water and sewer	1488
district is unable to purchase property for the purpose of the	1489
construction of sewers to mitigate or abate the public health	1490
nuisance that is the subject of a finding of the director or an	1491
order of the board of health, the board of trustees may adopt a	1492
resolution finding that it is necessary for the protection of the	1493
public health and welfare to appropriate property that the board	1494
of trustees considers needed for that purpose. The resolution	1495
shall contain a definite, accurate, and detailed description of	1496
the property and the name and place of residence, if known or with	1497
reasonable diligence ascertainable, of the owners of the property	1498
to be appropriated.	1499
The board of trustees shall fix in its resolution what it	1500
considers to be the value of the property to be appropriated,	1500
which shall be the board's determination of the compensation for	1501
the property and shall be supported by an independent appraisal,	1502
	1503
together with any damages to the residue. The board shall deposit	
the compensation so determined, together with an amount for the	1505
damages to the residue, with the probate court or the court of	1506
common pleas of the county in which the property, or a part of it,	1507
is situated. Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	1508
power to appropriate property for the purposes of this division	1509
shall be exercised in the manner provided in sections 163.01 to	1510
163.22 of the Revised Code for an appropriation in the time of	1511
public exigency. The board's resolution and a written copy of the	1512
independent appraisal shall accompany the petition filed under	1513
section 163.05 of the Revised Code.	1514
Section 2. That existing sections 163.02, 163.09, 163.12,	1515
	1516

303.02, 307.08, 307.79, 504.04, 504.19, 505.07, 505.375, 519.02,15163709.41, 6117.012, 6117.39, 6117.51, and 6119.11 of the Revised1517Code are hereby repealed.1518