## As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

## 125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

Sub. H. B. No. 50

Representatives Hughes, Latta, Flowers, J. Stewart, Gilb, McGregor, DePiero, Redfern, Allen, Seaver, Schaffer, Barrett, Young, Schmidt, Grendell, Mason, S. Smith, Brown, Jerse, Oelslager, D. Evans

## ABILL

Го	amend sections 2903.06, 2903.08, 4507.16, and	1
	4549.99 of the Revised Code to increase the	2
	penalty for failure to stop after an accident if	3
	the violation caused the death of a person, to	4
	modify the offenses of aggravated vehicular	5
	homicide and aggravated vehicular assault, and to	6
	amend the versions of sections 2903.06, 2903.08,	7
	4549.02, and 4549.021 of the Revised Code that are	8
	scheduled to take effect January 1, 2004, to	9
	continue the provisions of this act on and after	10
	that effective date.	11

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2903.06, 2903.08, 4507.16, and	12
4549.99 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	13
Sec. 2903.06. (A) No person, while operating or participating	14
in the operation of a motor vehicle, motorcycle, snowmobile,	15
locomotive, watercraft, or aircraft, shall cause the death of	16
another or the unlawful termination of another's pregnancy in any	17
of the following ways:	18

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(1) (a) As the proximate result of committing a violation of	19
division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a	20
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance;	21
(b) As the proximate result of committing a violation of	22
division (A) of section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or of a	23
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance;	24
(c) As the proximate result of committing a violation of	25
division (A)(3) of section 4561.15 of the Revised Code or of a	26
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance.	27
(2) Recklessly;	28
(3) Negligently;	29
(4) As the proximate result of committing a violation of any	30
provision of any section contained in Title XLV of the Revised	31
Code that is a minor misdemeanor or of a municipal ordinance that,	32
regardless of the penalty set by ordinance for the violation, is	33
substantially equivalent to any provision of any section contained	34
in Title XLV of the Revised Code that is a minor misdemeanor.	35
(B) $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$ Whoever violates division (A)(1) or (2) of this	36
section is guilty of aggravated vehicular homicide and shall be	37
punished as provided in divisions $\frac{(B)(1)(a)(C)}{(C)}$ , $\frac{(D)}{(E)}$ , and	38
(b)(F) of this section.	39
$\frac{(a)}{(C)}$ Except as otherwise provided in this division section,	40
aggravated vehicular homicide committed in violation of division	41
(A)(1) of this section is a felony of the second degree.	42
Aggravated vehicular homicide committed in violation of division	43
(A)(1) of this section is a felony of the first degree if, at the	44
time of the offense, the any of the following apply:	45
(1) The offender was driving under a suspension imposed under	46
Chapter 4507. or any other provision of the Revised Code or if	47
the.	48

(A)(2) of this section is a felony of the third degree. Aggravated 79 vehicular homicide committed in violation of division (A)(2) of 80 this section is a felony of the second degree if, at the time of 81 the offense, the offender was driving under a suspension imposed 82 under Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code or any other provision of 83 the Revised Code or if the offender previously has been convicted 84 of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or any 85 traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense. 86

In addition to any other sanctions imposed <u>pursuant to this</u>

division, the court shall suspend the offender's driver's license,

commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit,

probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege for a

definite period of three years to life pursuant to section 4507.16

of the Revised Code.

 $\frac{(2)}{(F)}$  Whoever violates division (A)(3) of this section is 93 guilty of vehicular homicide. Except as otherwise provided in this 94 division, vehicular homicide is a misdemeanor of the first degree. 95 Vehicular homicide is a felony of the fourth degree if, at the 96 time of the offense, the offender was driving under a suspension 97 or revocation imposed under Chapter 4507. or any other provision 98 of the Revised Code or if the offender previously has been 99 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or 100 any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense. 101

In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to this 102 division, the court shall suspend the offender's driver's license, 103 commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit, 104 probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege for a 105 definite period of one to five years pursuant to section 4507.16 106 of the Revised Code or, if the offender previously has been 107 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or 108 any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense, 109 for a definite period of two to ten years pursuant to that 110

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substantially equivalent municipal ordinance.	172
(2) Recklessly.	173
(B)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(1) of this section is	174
guilty of aggravated vehicular assault. Except as otherwise	175
provided in this division, aggravated vehicular assault is a	176
felony of the third degree. Aggravated vehicular assault is a	177
felony of the second degree if, at the time of the offense, the	178
any of the following apply:	179
(a) The offender was driving under a suspension imposed under	180
Chapter 4507. or any other provision of the Revised Code <del>or if</del>	181
the.	182
(b) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded	183
guilty to a violation of this section $\div$ .	184
(c) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded	185
guilty to any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault	186
offense÷.	187
(d) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded	188
guilty to three prior violations of section 4511.19 of the Revised	189
Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance within the	190
previous six years <del>; or</del> .	191
(e) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded	192
guilty to three prior violations of division (A) of section	193
1547.11 of the Revised Code or of a substantially equivalent	194
municipal ordinance within the previous six years.	195
(f) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded	196
quilty to three prior violations of division (A)(3) of section	197
4561.15 of the Revised Code or of a substantially equivalent	198
municipal ordinance within the previous six years.	199
(g) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded	200
quilty to any combination of three of the offenses listed in	201

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ten years pursuant to that section.	233
$\frac{(C)}{(D)}$ The court shall impose a mandatory prison term on an	234
offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of	235
division (A)(1) of this section. The court shall impose a	236
mandatory prison term on an offender who is convicted of or pleads	237
guilty to a violation of division (A)(2) of this section if either	238
of the following applies:	239
(1) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded	240
guilty to a violation of this section or section 2903.06 of the	241
Revised Code.	242
(2) At the time of the offense, the offender was driving	243
under suspension under Chapter 4507. or any other provision of the	244
Revised Code.	245
$\frac{(D)(E)}{(E)}$ As used in this section:	246
(1) "Mandatory prison term" has the same meaning as in	247
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	248
(2) "Traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault	249
offense" has the same meaning as in section 2903.06 of the Revised	250
Code.	251
$\frac{(E)(F)}{(F)}$ For the purposes of this section, when a penalty or	252
suspension is enhanced because of a prior or current violation of	253
a specified law or a prior or current specified offense, the	254
reference to the violation of the specified law or the specified	255
offense includes any violation of any substantially equivalent	256
municipal ordinance, former law of this state, or current or	257
former law of another state or the United States.	258
Sec. 4507.16. (A)(1) The trial judge of any court of record,	259
in addition to or independent of all other penalties provided by	260
law or by ordinance, shall suspend for not less than thirty days	261
or more than three years or shall revoke the driver's or	262

commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating	263
privilege of any person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	264
any of the following:	265
(a) Perjury or the making of a false affidavit under this	266
chapter, or any other law of this state requiring the registration	267
of motor vehicles or regulating their operation on the highway;	268
(b) Any crime punishable as a felony under the motor vehicle	269
laws of this state or any other felony in the commission of which	270
a motor vehicle is used;	271
(c) Failing to stop and disclose identity at the scene of the	272
accident when required by law or ordinance to do so;	273
(d) Street racing as defined in section 4511.251 of the	274
Revised Code or any substantially similar municipal ordinance;	275
(e) Willfully eluding or fleeing a police officer;	276
(f) Trafficking in cigarettes with the intent to avoid	277
payment of the cigarette tax under division (A) of section	278
5743.112 of the Revised Code.	279
(2) Subject to division $(D)(1)$ of this section, the trial	280
judge of any court of record, in addition to or independent of all	281
other penalties provided by law or by ordinance, shall suspend the	282
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident	283
operating privilege of any person who is convicted of or pleads	284
guilty to a violation of section 2903.06 or 2903.08 of the Revised	285
Code. The suspension shall be for the period of time specified in	286
section 2903.06 or 2903.08 of the Revised Code, whichever is	287
applicable.	288
(3) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	289
violation of section 2907.24 of the Revised Code, an attempt to	290
commit a violation of that section, or a violation of or an	291
attempt to commit a violation of a municipal ordinance that is	292

substantially equivalent to that section and if the person, in

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committing or attempting to commit the violation, was in, was on,
or used a motor vehicle, the trial judge of a court of record, in
addition to or independent of all other penalties provided by law
or ordinance, shall suspend for thirty days the person's driver's
or commercial driver's license or permit.

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The trial judge of any court of record, in addition to

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suspensions or revocations of licenses, permits, or privileges

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pursuant to this division and in addition to or independent of all

other penalties provided by law or by ordinance, shall impose a

suspended jail sentence not to exceed six months, if imprisonment

was not imposed for the offense for which the person was

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convicted.

(4) If the trial judge of any court of record suspends or 306 revokes the driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or 307 nonresident operating privilege of a person who is convicted of or 308 pleads guilty to any offense for which such suspension or 309 revocation is provided by law or ordinance, in addition to all 310 other penalties provided by law or ordinance, the judge may issue 311 an order prohibiting the offender from registering, renewing, or 312 transferring the registration of any vehicle during the period 313 that the offender's license, permit, or privilege is suspended or 314 revoked. The court promptly shall send a copy of the order to the 315 registrar of motor vehicles. 316

Upon receipt of such an order, neither the registrar nor any 317 deputy registrar shall accept any application for the 318 registration, registration renewal, or transfer of registration of 319 any motor vehicle owned or leased by the person named in the order 320 during the period that the person's license, permit, or privilege 321 is suspended or revoked, unless the registrar is properly notified 322 by the court that the order of suspension or revocation has been 323 canceled. When the period of suspension or revocation expires or 324 the order is canceled, the registrar or deputy registrar shall 325 accept the application for registration, registration renewal, or 326 transfer of registration of the person named in the order. 327

- (B) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the trial 328 judge of any court of record and the mayor of a mayor's court, in 329 addition to or independent of all other penalties provided by law 330 or by ordinance, shall revoke the driver's or commercial driver's 331 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege of any person 332 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division 333 (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, of a municipal 334 ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under the 335 influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of 336 abuse, or of a municipal ordinance that is substantially 337 equivalent to division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code 338 relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of 339 alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine or suspend the license, 340 permit, or privilege as follows: 341
- (1) Except when division (B)(2), (3), or (4) of this section 342 applies and the judge or mayor is required to suspend or revoke 343 the offender's license or permit pursuant to that division, the 344 judge or mayor shall suspend the offender's driver's or commercial 345 driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege for 346 not less than six months nor more than three years. 347
- (2) Subject to division (B)(4) of this section, if, within 348 six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or 349 pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) or (B) of section 350 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a municipal ordinance relating to 351 operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug 352 of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse, a municipal ordinance 353 relating to operating a motor vehicle with a prohibited 354 concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, or urine, section 355 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which the offender was 356

subject to the sanctions described in division (D) of that 357 section, section 2903.06 or 2903.08 of the Revised Code, former 358 section 2903.07 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that 359 is substantially similar to former section 2903.07 of the Revised 360 Code in a case in which the jury or judge found that the offender 361 was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol 362 and a drug of abuse, or a statute of the United States or of any 363 other state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation 364 located in any other state that is substantially similar to 365 division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, the 366 judge shall suspend the offender's driver's or commercial driver's 367 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege for not less 368 than one year nor more than five years. 369

- (3) Subject to division (B)(4) of this section, if, within 370 six years of the offense, the offender has been convicted of or 371 pleaded guilty to two violations described in division (B)(2) of 372 this section, or a statute of the United States or of any other 373 state or a municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located 374 in any other state that is substantially similar to division (A) 375 or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, the judge shall 376 suspend the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or 377 permit or nonresident operating privilege for not less than one 378 year nor more than ten years. 379
- (4) If, within six years of the offense, the offender has 380 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations 381 described in division (B)(2) of this section, a statute of the 382 United States or of any other state or a municipal ordinance of a 383 municipal corporation located in any other state that is 384 substantially similar to division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of 385 the Revised Code, or if the offender previously has been convicted 386 of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 387 4511.19 of the Revised Code under circumstances in which the 388

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violation was a felony and regardless of when the violation and	389
the conviction or guilty plea occurred, the judge shall suspend	390
the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit	391
or nonresident operating privilege for a period of time set by the	392
court but not less than three years, and the judge may permanently	393
revoke the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or	394
permit or nonresident operating privilege.	395
(5) The filing of an appeal by a person whose driver's or	396
commercial driver's license is suspended or revoked under division	397
(B)(1), $(2)$ , $(3)$ , or $(4)$ of this section regarding any aspect of	398
the person's trial or sentence does not stay the operation of the	399
suspension or revocation.	400
(C) The trial judge of any court of record or the mayor of a	401
mayor's court, in addition to or independent of all other	402
penalties provided by law or by ordinance, may suspend the	403
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident	404
operating privilege of any person who violates a requirement or	405
prohibition of the court imposed under division (F) of this	406
section or division (G)(1) of section 2951.02 of the Revised Code	407
as follows:	408
(1) For not more than one year, upon conviction for a first	409
violation of the requirement or prohibition;	410
(2) For not more than five years, upon conviction for a	411
second or subsequent violation of the requirement or prohibition	412
during the same period of required use of an ignition interlock	413
device that is certified pursuant to section 4511.83 of the	414
Revised Code.	415
(D)(1) The trial judge of any court of record, in addition to	416
or independent of all other penalties provided by law or by	417

ordinance, shall permanently revoke the driver's or commercial

driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege of

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any person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of

section 2903.04 or 2903.06 of the Revised Code in a case in which

division (D) of section 2903.04 or division (B)(D) of section

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2903.06 of the Revised Code requires the judge to permanently

revoke the license, permit, or privilege.

(2) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 425 the section that establishes the offense and sections 2929.13 and 426 2929.14 of the Revised Code, and in addition to any other sanction 427 imposed for the offense under the section that establishes the 428 offense or sections 2929.11 to 2929.182 of the Revised Code, the 429 court that sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads 430 guilty to a violation of section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 431 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.12, 2925.13, 2925.14, 432 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.31, 2925.32, 2925.36, or 2925.37 of the 433 Revised Code either shall revoke or, if it does not revoke, shall 434 suspend for not less than six months or more than five years, as 435 specified in the section that establishes the offense, the 436 person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit. If the 437 person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is 438 under suspension on the date the court imposes sentence upon the 439 person, any revocation imposed upon the person that is referred to 440 in division (D)(2) of this section shall take effect immediately. 441 If the person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit 442 is under suspension on the date the court imposes sentence upon 443 the person, any period of suspension imposed upon the person that 444 is referred to in division (D)(2) of this section shall take 445 effect on the next day immediately following the end of that 446 period of suspension. If the person is sixteen years of age or 447 older and is a resident of this state but does not have a current, 448 valid Ohio driver's or commercial driver's license or permit, the 449 court shall order the registrar to deny to the person the issuance 450 of a driver's or commercial driver's license or permit for six 451 months beginning on the date the court imposes a sentence upon the 452 person. If the person has not attained the age of sixteen years on
the date the court sentences the person for the violation, the
period of denial shall commence on the date the person attains the
age of sixteen years.
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- (E) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the trial 457 judge of any court of record and the mayor of a mayor's court, in 458 addition to or independent of all other penalties provided by law 459 or ordinance, shall suspend for not less than sixty days nor more 460 than two years the driver's or commercial driver's license or 461 permit or nonresident operating privilege of any person who is 462 convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (B) of 463 section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a municipal ordinance 464 substantially equivalent to that division relating to operating a 465 vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, 466 breath, or urine. 467
- (F)(1) A person is not entitled to request, and a judge or 468 mayor shall not grant to the person, occupational driving 469 privileges under division (F) of this section if a person's 470 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident 471 operating privilege has been suspended pursuant to division (B) or 472 (C) of this section or pursuant to division (F) of section 473 4511.191 of the Revised Code, and the person, within the preceding 474 seven years, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or 475 more violations of one or more of the following: 476
- (a) Division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised 477

  Code; 478
- (b) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle 479 while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol 480 and a drug of abuse; 481
- (c) A municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle 482 with a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the blood, breath, 483

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- (d) Section 2903.04 of the Revised Code in a case in which
  the person was subject to the sanctions described in division (D)
  486
  of that section;
- (e) Division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 or division (A)(1) of 488 section 2903.08 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that 489 is substantially similar to either of those divisions; 490
- (f) Division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06, division 491
  (A)(2) of section 2903.08, or former section 2903.07 of the 492
  Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially 493
  similar to any of those divisions or that former section, in a 494
  case in which the jury or judge found that the person was under 495
  the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug 496
  of abuse;
- (g) A statute of the United States or of any other state or a 498 municipal ordinance of a municipal corporation located in any 499 other state that is substantially similar to division (A) or (B) 500 of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. 501
- (2) Any other person who is not described in division (F)(1) 502 of this section and whose driver's or commercial driver's license 503 or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under any of 504 those divisions may file a petition that alleges that the 505 suspension would seriously affect the person's ability to continue 506 the person's employment. The petition of a person whose license, 507 permit, or privilege was suspended pursuant to division (F) of 508 section 4511.191 of the Revised Code shall be filed in the court 509 specified in division (I)(4) of that section, and the petition of 510 a person whose license, permit, or privilege was suspended under 511 division (B) or (C) of this section shall be filed in the 512 municipal, county, mayor's, or in the case of a minor, juvenile 513 court that has jurisdiction over the place of arrest. Upon 514

satisfactory proof that there is reasonable cause to believe that 515 the suspension would seriously affect the person's ability to 516 continue the person's employment, the judge of the court or mayor 517 of the mayor's court may grant the person occupational driving 518 privileges during the period during which the suspension otherwise 519 would be imposed, except that the judge or mayor shall not grant 520 occupational driving privileges for employment as a driver of 521 commercial motor vehicles to any person who is disqualified from 522 operating a commercial motor vehicle under section 3123.611 or 523 4506.16 of the Revised Code or whose commercial driver's license 524 or commercial driver's temporary intruction instruction permit has 525 been suspended under section 3123.58 of the Revised Code, and 526 shall not grant occupational driving privileges during any of the 527 following periods of time: 528

- (a) The first fifteen days of suspension imposed upon an 529 offender whose license, permit, or privilege is suspended pursuant 530 to division (B)(1) of this section or division (F)(1) of section 531 4511.191 of the Revised Code. On or after the sixteenth day of 532 suspension, the court may grant the offender occupational driving 533 privileges, but the court may provide that the offender shall not 534 exercise the occupational driving privileges unless the vehicles 535 the offender operates are equipped with ignition interlock 536 devices. 537
- (b) The first thirty days of suspension imposed upon an 538 offender whose license, permit, or privilege is suspended pursuant 539 to division (B)(2) of this section or division (F)(2) of section 540 4511.191 of the Revised Code. On or after the thirty-first day of 541 suspension, the court may grant the offender occupational driving 542 privileges, but the court may provide that the offender shall not 543 exercise the occupational driving privileges unless the vehicles 544 the offender operates are equipped with ignition interlock 545 devices. 546

- (c) The first one hundred eighty days of suspension imposed 547 upon an offender whose license, permit, or privilege is suspended 548 pursuant to division (B)(3) of this section or division (F)(3) of 549 section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The judge may grant 550 occupational driving privileges to an offender who receives a 551 suspension under either of those divisions on or after the one 552 hundred eighty-first day of the suspension only if division (F) of 553 this section does not prohibit the judge from granting the 554 privileges and only if the judge, at the time of granting the 555 privileges, also issues an order prohibiting the offender, while 556 exercising the occupational driving privileges during the period 557 commencing with the one hundred eighty-first day of suspension and 558 ending with the first year of suspension, from operating any motor 559 vehicle unless it is equipped with a certified ignition interlock 560 device. After the first year of the suspension, the court may 561 authorize the offender to continue exercising the occupational 562 driving privileges in vehicles that are not equipped with ignition 563 interlock devices. If the offender does not petition for 564 occupational driving privileges until after the first year of 565 suspension and if division (F) of this section does not prohibit 566 the judge from granting the privileges, the judge may grant the 567 offender occupational driving privileges without requiring the use 568 of a certified ignition interlock device. 569
- (d) The first three years of suspension imposed upon an 570 offender whose license, permit, or privilege is suspended pursuant 571 to division (B)(4) of this section or division (F)(4) of section 572 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The judge may grant occupational 573 driving privileges to an offender who receives a suspension under 574 either of those divisions after the first three years of 575 suspension only if division (F) of this section does not prohibit 576 the judge from granting the privileges and only if the judge, at 577 the time of granting the privileges, also issues an order 578

prohibiting the offender from operating any motor vehicle, for the 579 period of suspension following the first three years of 580 suspension, unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a certified 581 ignition interlock device. 582

(G) If a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or 583 permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under 584 division (E) of this section, and the person, within the preceding 585 seven years, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or 586 more violations identified in division (F)(1) of this section, the 587 person is not entitled to request, and the judge or mayor shall 588 not grant to the person, occupational driving privileges under 589 this division. Any other person whose driver's or commercial 590 driver's license or nonresident operating privilege has been 591 suspended under division (E) of this section may file a petition 592 that alleges that the suspension would seriously affect the 593 person's ability to continue the person's employment. The petition 594 shall be filed in the municipal, county, or mayor's court that has 595 jurisdiction over the place of arrest. Upon satisfactory proof 596 that there is reasonable cause to believe that the suspension 597 would seriously affect the person's ability to continue the 598 person's employment, the judge of the court or mayor of the 599 mayor's court may grant the person occupational driving privileges 600 during the period during which the suspension otherwise would be 601 imposed, except that the judge or mayor shall not grant 602 occupational driving privileges for employment as a driver of 603 commercial motor vehicles to any person who is disqualified from 604 operating a commercial motor vehicle under section 4506.16 of the 605 Revised Code, and shall not grant occupational driving privileges 606 during the first sixty days of suspension imposed upon an offender 607 whose driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or 608 nonresident operating privilege is suspended pursuant to division 609 (E) of this section. 610

- (H)(1) After a driver's or commercial driver's license or 611 permit has been suspended or revoked pursuant to this section, the 612 judge of the court or mayor of the mayor's court that suspended or 613 revoked the license or permit shall cause the offender to deliver 614 the license or permit to the court. The judge, mayor, or clerk of 615 the court or mayor's court, if the license or permit has been 616 suspended or revoked in connection with any of the offenses listed 617 in this section, forthwith shall forward it to the registrar with 618 notice of the action of the court. 619
- (2) Suspension of a commercial driver's license under this 620 section shall be concurrent with any period of disqualification 621 under section 3123.611 or 4506.16 of the Revised Code or any 622 period of suspension under section 3123.58 of the Revised Code. No 623 person who is disqualified for life from holding a commercial 624 driver's license under section 4506.16 of the Revised Code shall 625 be issued a driver's license under this chapter during the period 626 for which the commercial driver's license was suspended under this 627 section, and no person whose commercial driver's license is 628 suspended under this section shall be issued a driver's license 629 under this chapter during the period of the suspension. 630
- (I) No judge shall suspend the first thirty days of 631 suspension of a driver's or commercial driver's license or permit 632 or a nonresident operating privilege required under division (A) 633 of this section, no judge or mayor shall suspend the first six 634 months of suspension required under division (B)(1) of this 635 section, no judge shall suspend the first year of suspension 636 required under division (B)(2) of this section, no judge shall 637 suspend the first year of suspension required under division 638 (B)(3) of this section, no judge shall suspend the first three 639 years of suspension required under division (B)(4) of this 640 section, no judge or mayor shall suspend the revocation required 641 by division (D) of this section, and no judge or mayor shall 642

suspend the first sixty days of suspension required under division 643
(E) of this section, except that the court shall credit any period 644
of suspension imposed pursuant to section 4511.191 or 4511.196 of 645
the Revised Code against any time of suspension imposed pursuant 646
to division (B) or (E) of this section as described in division 647
(J) of this section.

- (J) The judge of the court or mayor of the mayor's court 649 shall credit any time during which an offender was subject to an 650 administrative suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial 651 driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege 652 imposed pursuant to division (E) or (F) of section 4511.191 or a 653 suspension imposed by a judge, referee, or mayor pursuant to 654 division (B)(1) or (2) of section 4511.196 of the Revised Code 655 against the time to be served under a related suspension imposed 656 pursuant to this section. 657
- (K) The judge or mayor shall notify the bureau of anydeterminations made, and of any suspensions or revocationsimposed, pursuant to division (B) of this section.
- (L)(1) If a court issues an ignition interlock order under 661 division (F) of this section, the order shall authorize the 662 offender during the specified period to operate a motor vehicle 663 only if it is equipped with a certified ignition interlock device. 664 The court shall provide the offender with a copy of an ignition 665 interlock order issued under division (F) of this section, and the 666 copy of the order shall be used by the offender in lieu of an Ohio 667 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit until the 668 registrar or a deputy registrar issues the offender a restricted 669 license. 670

An order issued under division (F) of this section does not 671 authorize or permit the offender to whom it has been issued to 672 operate a vehicle during any time that the offender's driver's or 673 commercial driver's license or permit is suspended or revoked 674

688

under any other provision of law.

- (2) The offender may present the ignition interlock order to 676 the registrar or to a deputy registrar. Upon presentation of the 677 order to the registrar or a deputy registrar, the registrar or 678 deputy registrar shall issue the offender a restricted license. A 679 restricted license issued under this division shall be identical 680 to an Ohio driver's license, except that it shall have printed on 681 its face a statement that the offender is prohibited during the 682 period specified in the court order from operating any motor 683 vehicle that is not equipped with a certified ignition interlock 684 device, and except that the date of commencement and the date of 685 termination of the period shall be indicated conspicuously upon 686 the face of the license. 687
  - (3) As used in this section:
- (a) "Ignition interlock device" has the same meaning as in 689 section 4511.83 of the Revised Code. 690
- (b) "Certified ignition interlock device" means an ignition 691 interlock device that is certified pursuant to section 4511.83 of 692 the Revised Code.
- Sec. 4549.99. (A) Whoever violates section 4549.01, 4549.10, 694 4549.11, or 4549.12 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor 695 misdemeanor on a first offense and a misdemeanor of the fourth 696 degree on each subsequent offense. 697
- (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates section 4549.02, 4549.021, or 4549.03 of the Revised Code 699 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. Whoever violates 700 section 4549.02 or 4549.021 of the Revised Code when the accident 701 or collision that is the basis of the violation results in serious 702 physical harm or death to a person is guilty of a felony of the 703 fifth degree and whoever violates those sections when the accident 704

of the Revised Code has interim effect and does not supersede the

earlier amendment, with delayed effective date, of the section by	735
Am. Sub. S.B. 123 of the 124th General Assembly.	736
(B) The amendment of section 4549.99 of the Revised Code by	737
this act is not intended to supersede the earlier repeal, with	738
delayed effective date, of that section by Am. Sub. S.B. 123 of	739
the 124th General Assembly.	740
Section 4. That the versions of sections 2903.06, 2903.08,	741
4549.02, and 4549.021 of the Revised Code that are scheduled to	742
take effect January 1, 2004, be amended to read as follows:	743
Sec. 2903.06. (A) No person, while operating or participating	744
in the operation of a motor vehicle, motorcycle, snowmobile,	745
locomotive, watercraft, or aircraft, shall cause the death of	746
another or the unlawful termination of another's pregnancy in any	747
of the following ways:	748
(1) As the proximate result of committing a violation of	749
division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a	750
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance;	751
(b) As the proximate result of committing a violation of	752
division (A) of section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or of a	753
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance;	754
(c) As the proximate result of committing a violation of	755
division (A)(3) of section 4561.15 of the Revised Code or of a	756
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance.	757
(2) Recklessly;	758
(3) Negligently;	759
(4) As the proximate result of committing a violation of any	760
provision of any section contained in Title XLV of the Revised	761
Code that is a minor misdemeanor or of a municipal ordinance that	762

 $\frac{(2)(F)}{(F)}$  Whoever violates division (A)(3) of this section is 824 guilty of vehicular homicide. Except as otherwise provided in this 825 division, vehicular homicide is a misdemeanor of the first degree. 826 Vehicular homicide is a felony of the fourth degree if, at the 827 time of the offense, the offender was driving under a suspension 828 or revocation imposed under Chapter 4507. or any other provision 829 of the Revised Code or if the offender previously has been 830 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or 831 any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense. 832

In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to this 833 division, the court shall impose upon the offender a class four 834 suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's 835 license, temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or 836 nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in 837 division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the 838 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 839 violation of this section or any traffic-related homicide, 840 manslaughter, or assault offense, a class three suspension of the 841 offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 842 temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 843 operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(3) of 844 that section. 845

 $\frac{(3)}{(G)}$  Whoever violates division (A)(4) of this section is 846 guilty of vehicular manslaughter. Except as otherwise provided in 847 this division, vehicular manslaughter is a misdemeanor of the 848 second degree. Vehicular manslaughter is a misdemeanor of the 849 first degree if, at the time of the offense, the offender was 850 driving under a suspension imposed under Chapter 4510. or any 851 other provision of the Revised Code or if the offender previously 852 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this 853 section or any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault 854 offense. 855 Page 29

In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to this	856
division, the court shall impose upon the offender a class six	857
suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's	858
license, temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or	859
nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in	860
division (A)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the	861
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	862
violation of this section or any traffic-related homicide,	863
manslaughter, or assault offense, a class four suspension of the	864
offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	865
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident	866
operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(4) of	867
that section.	868
$\frac{(C)(H)}{(H)}$ The court shall impose a mandatory prison term on an	869
offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of	870
division (A)(1) of this section. The court shall impose a	871
mandatory prison term on an offender who is convicted of or pleads	872
guilty to a violation of division $(A)(2)$ or $(3)$ of this section if	873
either of the following applies:	874
(1) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded	875
guilty to a violation of this section or section 2903.08 of the	876
Revised Code.	877
(2) At the time of the offense, the offender was driving	878
under suspension under Chapter 4510. or any other provision of the	879
Revised Code.	880
$\frac{(D)(I)}{(I)}$ (1) As used in this section:	881
(a) "Mandatory prison term" has the same meaning as in	882
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	883
(b) "Traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault	884

offense" means a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code

in circumstances in which division (D) of that section applies, a

885

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license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction	947
permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege	948
from the range specified in division (A)(3) of section 4510.02 of	949
the Revised Code or, if the offender previously has been convicted	950
of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or any	951
traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense, a	952
class two suspension of the offender's driver's license,	953
commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit,	954
probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege from the	955
range specified in division (A)(2) of that section.	956

 $\frac{(2)(C)}{(2)}$  Whoever violates division (A)(2) of this section is 957 guilty of vehicular assault. Except as otherwise provided in this 958 division, vehicular assault is a felony of the fourth degree. 959 Vehicular assault is a felony of the third degree if, at the time 960 of the offense, the offender was driving under a suspension 961 imposed under Chapter 4510. or any other provision of the Revised 962 Code or if the offender previously has been convicted of or 963 pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or any 964 traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense. 965

In addition to any other sanctions imposed, the court shall 966 impose upon the offender a class four suspension of the offender's 967 driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary 968 instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating 969 privilege from the range specified in division (A)(4) of section 970 4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the offender previously has 971 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section 972 or any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense, 973 a class three suspension of the offender's driver's license, 974 commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit, 975 probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege from the 976 range specified in division (A)(3) of that section. 977

 $\frac{(C)(D)}{D}$  The court shall impose a mandatory prison term on an

operator's motor vehicle at the scene of the accident or collision

and shall remain at the scene of the accident or collision until	1009
the driver or operator has given the driver's or operator's name	1010
and address and, if the driver or operator is not the owner, the	1011
name and address of the owner of that motor vehicle, together with	1012
the registered number of that motor vehicle, to any person injured	1013
in the accident or collision or to the operator, occupant, owner,	1014
or attendant of any motor vehicle damaged in the accident or	1015
collision, or to any police officer at the scene of the accident	1016
or collision.	1017

In the event the injured person is unable to comprehend and 1018 record the information required to be given by this section, the 1019 other driver involved in the accident or collision forthwith shall 1020 notify the nearest police authority concerning the location of the 1021 accident or collision, and the driver's name, address, and the 1022 registered number of the motor vehicle the driver was operating, 1023 and then remain at the scene of the accident or collision until a 1024 police officer arrives, unless removed from the scene by an 1025 emergency vehicle operated by a political subdivision or an 1026 ambulance. 1027

If the accident or collision is with an unoccupied or 1028 unattended motor vehicle, the operator who collides with the motor 1029 vehicle shall securely attach the information required to be given 1030 in this section, in writing, to a conspicuous place in or on the 1031 unoccupied or unattended motor vehicle.

(B) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty

of failure to stop after an accident, a misdemeanor of the first

1034

degree. If the violation results in serious physical harm or death

to a person, failure to stop after an accident is a felony of the

fifth degree. If the violation results in the death of a person,

failure to stop after an accident is a felony of the third degree.

The court, in addition to any other penalties provided by law,

1033

shall impose upon the offender a class five suspension of the	1040
offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	1041
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident	1042
operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(5) of	1043
section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. No judge shall suspend the	1044
first six months of suspension of an offender's license, permit,	1045
or privilege required by this division.	1046

Sec. 4549.021. (A) In case of accident or collision resulting 1047 in injury or damage to persons or property upon any public or 1048 private property other than public roads or highways, due to the 1049 driving or operation thereon of any motor vehicle, the person 1050 driving or operating the motor vehicle, having knowledge of the 1051 accident or collision, shall stop, and, upon request of the person 1052 injured or damaged, or any other person, shall give that person 1053 the driver's or operator's name and address, and, if the driver or 1054 operator is not the owner, the name and address of the owner of 1055 that motor vehicle, together with the registered number of that 1056 motor vehicle, and, if available, exhibit the driver's or 1057 operator's driver's or commercial driver's license. 1058

If the owner or person in charge of the damaged property is 1059 not furnished such information, the driver of the motor vehicle 1060 involved in the accident or collision, within twenty-four hours 1061 after the accident or collision, shall forward to the police 1062 department of the city or village in which the accident or 1063 collision occurred or if it occurred outside the corporate limits 1064 of a city or village to the sheriff of the county in which the 1065 accident or collision occurred the same information required to be 1066 given to the owner or person in control of the damaged property 1067 and give the date, time, and location of the accident or 1068 collision. 1069

If the accident or collision is with an unoccupied or

scheduled to take effect January 1, 2004, are hereby repealed.

1, 2004.

Section 6. Sections 4 and 5 of this act take effect January

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