As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee

125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

Sub. H. B. No. 85

Representatives Raussen, Raga, Wagner, McGregor, Kearns, Husted, Ujvagi, Allen, Schneider, Reinhard, Schlichter, Daniels

ABILL

То	amend sections 307.051, 307.055, 505.37, 505.375,	1
	505.72, 4503.49, 4513.263, 4766.01, 4766.02,	2
	4766.03, 4766.04, 4766.05, 4766.06, 4766.07,	3
	4766.08, 4766.09, 4766.10, 4766.11, 4766.12,	4
	4766.13, and 5503.12 and to enact sections	5
	4766.15, 4766.17, and 4766.20 of the Revised Code	6
	to authorize the Ohio Ambulance Licensing Board to	7
	license medical service organizations that operate	8
	ambulette vehicles for the transportation of	9
	persons who require the use of a wheelchair and	10
	air medical service organizations that operate air	11
	medical transportation, to add four members to the	12
	Board, to rename the Board the Ohio Medical	13
	Transportation Board, and to amend the version of	14
	section 4513.263 of the Revised Code that is	15
	scheduled to take effect January 1, 2004, to	16
	continue the provisions of this act on and after	17
	that effective date.	18

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Page 3

district either directly or under a contract entered into pursuant to division (B) of this section;

(4) By providing service through any combination of methods 51 described in divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section. 52

(B) In order to obtain ambulance service, to obtain additional ambulance service in times of emergency, or to obtain emergency medical services, a joint emergency medical services district may enter into a contract, for a period not to exceed three years, with one or more counties, townships, municipal corporations, joint fire districts, other governmental units that provide ambulance service or emergency medical services, nonprofit corporations, or private ambulance owners, regardless of whether the entities contracted with are located within or outside this state, upon such terms as are agreed to, to furnish or receive ambulance services or the interchange of ambulance services or emergency medical services within the several territories of the contracting subdivisions, if the contract is first authorized by all boards of trustees and legislative authorities in the territories to be served.

Such a contract may provide for a fixed annual charge to be paid at the times agreed upon and stipulated in the contract; or for compensation based on a stipulated price for each run, call, or emergency or based on the elapsed time of service required for each run, call, or emergency, or based on any combination of these.

Expenditures of a district for ambulance service or emergency 74 medical service, whether pursuant to contract or otherwise, are 75 lawful expenditures, regardless of whether the district or the 76 party with which it contracts charges an additional fee to users 77 of the service.

(C) The board of trustees may enter into a contract with any

appropriate resolution, may choose to have the Ohio ambulance 111 licensing medical transportation board license any emergency 112 medical service organization the district operates. If a board 113 adopts such a resolution, Chapter 4766. of the Revised Code, 114 except for sections 4766.06 and 4766.99 of the Revised Code, 115 applies to the district emergency medical service organization. 116 All rules adopted under the applicable sections of that chapter 117 also apply to the organization. A board, by adoption of an 118 appropriate resolution, may remove the district emergency medical 119 service organization from the jurisdiction of the Ohio ambulance 120 licensing medical transportation board. 121

Sec. 505.37. (A) The board of township trustees may establish 122 all necessary rules to quard against the occurrence of fires and 123 to protect the property and lives of the citizens against damage 124 and accidents, and may, with the approval of the specifications by 125 the prosecuting attorney or, if the township has adopted limited 126 home rule government under chapter Chapter 5047. of the Revised 127 Code, with the approval of the specifications by the township's 128 law director, purchase or otherwise provide any fire apparatus, 129 mechanical resuscitators, or other equipment, appliances, 130 materials, fire hydrants, and water supply for fire-fighting 131 purposes that seems advisable to the board. The board shall 132 provide for the care and maintenance of fire equipment, and, for 133 these purposes, may purchase, lease, or construct and maintain 134 necessary buildings, and it may establish and maintain lines of 135 fire-alarm communications within the limits of the township. The 136 board may employ one or more persons to maintain and operate 137 fire-fighting equipment, or it may enter into an agreement with a 138 volunteer fire company for the use and operation of fire-fighting 139 equipment. The board may compensate the members of a volunteer 140 fire company on any basis and in any amount that it considers 141 equitable. 142

(B) The boards of township trustees of any two or more 143 townships, or the legislative authorities of any two or more 144 political subdivisions, or any combination thereof, may, through 145 joint action, unite in the joint purchase, maintenance, use, and 146 operation of fire-fighting equipment, or for any other purpose 147 designated in sections 505.37 to 505.42 of the Revised Code, and 148 149 may prorate the expense of the joint action on any terms that are mutually agreed upon. 150

Page 6

(C) The board of township trustees of any township may, by 151 resolution, whenever it is expedient and necessary to guard 152 against the occurrence of fires or to protect the property and 153 lives of the citizens against damages resulting from their 154 occurrence, create a fire district of any portions of the township 155 that it considers necessary. The board may purchase or otherwise 156 provide any fire apparatus, appliances, materials, fire hydrants, 157 and water supply for fire-fighting purposes, or may contract for 158 the fire protection for the fire district as provided in section 159 9.60 of the Revised Code. The fire district so created shall be 160 given a separate name by which it shall be known. 161

Additional unincorporated territory of the township may be 162 added to a fire district upon the board's adoption of a resolution 163 authorizing the addition. A municipal corporation that is within 164 or adjoining the township may be added to a fire district upon the 165 board's adoption of a resolution authorizing the addition and the 166 municipal legislative authority's adoption of a resolution or 167 ordinance requesting the addition of the municipal corporation to 168 the fire district. 169

If the township fire district imposes a tax, additional 170 unincorporated territory of the township or a municipal 171 corporation that is within or adjoining the township shall become 172 part of the fire district only after all of the following have 173 occurred:

If the question is approved by at least a majority of the 206 electors voting on it, the joinder shall be effective as of the 207 first day of July of the year following approval, and on that 208 date, the township fire district tax shall be extended to the 209 taxable property within the territory that has been added. If the 210 territory that has been added is a municipal corporation and if it 211 had adopted a tax levy for fire purposes, the levy is terminated 212 on the effective date of the joinder. 213

Any municipal corporation may withdraw from a township fire 214 district created under division (C) of this section by the 215 adoption by the municipal legislative authority of a resolution or 216 ordinance ordering withdrawal. On the first day of July of the 217 year following the adoption of the resolution or ordinance of 218 withdrawal, the municipal corporation withdrawing ceases to be a 219 part of the district, and the power of the fire district to levy a 220 tax upon taxable property in the withdrawing municipal corporation 221 terminates, except that the fire district shall continue to levy 222 and collect taxes for the payment of indebtedness within the 223 territory of the fire district as it was composed at the time the 224 indebtedness was incurred. 225

Upon the withdrawal of any municipal corporation from a 226 township fire district created under division (C) of this section, 227 the county auditor shall ascertain, apportion, and order a 228 division of the funds on hand, moneys and taxes in the process of 229 collection except for taxes levied for the payment of 230 indebtedness, credits, and real and personal property, either in 231 money or in kind, on the basis of the valuation of the respective 232 tax duplicates of the withdrawing municipal corporation and the 233 remaining territory of the fire district. 234

A board of township trustees may remove unincorporated 235 territory of the township from the fire district upon the adoption 236 of a resolution authorizing the removal. On the first day of July 237

of the year following the adoption of the resolution, the 238 unincorporated township territory described in the resolution 239 ceases to be a part of the district, and the power of the fire 240 district to levy a tax upon taxable property in that territory 241 terminates, except that the fire district shall continue to levy 242 and collect taxes for the payment of indebtedness within the 243 territory of the fire district as it was composed at the time the 244 indebtedness was incurred. 245

(D) The board of township trustees of any township, the board 246 of fire district trustees of a fire district created under section 247 505.371 of the Revised Code, or the legislative authority of any 248 municipal corporation may purchase the necessary fire-fighting 249 equipment, buildings, and sites for the township, fire district, 250 or municipal corporation and issue securities for that purpose 251 with maximum maturities as provided in section 133.20 of the 252 Revised Code. The board of township trustees, board of fire 253 district trustees, or legislative authority may also construct any 254 buildings necessary to house fire-fighting equipment and issue 255 securities for that purpose with maximum maturities as provided in 256 section 133.20 of the Revised Code. The board of township 257 trustees, board of fire district trustees, or legislative 258 authority may issue the securities of the township, fire district, 259 or municipal corporation, signed by the board or designated 260 officer of the municipal corporation and attested by the signature 261 of the township, fire district, or municipal clerk, covering any 262 deferred payments and payable at the times provided, which 263 securities shall bear interest not to exceed the rate determined 264 as provided in section 9.95 of the Revised Code, and shall not be 265 subject to Chapter 133. of the Revised Code. The legislation 266 authorizing the issuance of the securities shall provide for 267 levying and collecting annually by taxation, amounts sufficient to 268 pay the interest on and principal of the securities. The 269 securities shall be offered for sale on the open market or given 270

to the vendor or contractor if no sale is made.

(E) A board of township trustees of any township or a board 272 of fire district trustees of a fire district created under section 273 505.371 of the Revised Code may purchase a policy or policies of 274 liability insurance for the officers, employees, and appointees of 275 the fire department, fire district, or joint fire district 276 governed by the board that includes personal injury liability 277 coverage as to the civil liability of those officers, employees, 278 and appointees for false arrest, detention, or imprisonment, 279 malicious prosecution, libel, slander, defamation or other 280 violation of the right of privacy, wrongful entry or eviction, or 281 other invasion of the right of private occupancy, arising out of 282 the performance of their duties. 283

When a board of township trustees cannot, by deed of gift or 284 by purchase and upon terms it considers reasonable, procure land 285 for a township fire station that is needed in order to respond in 286 reasonable time to a fire or medical emergency, the board may 287 appropriate land for that purpose under sections 163.01 to 163.22 288 of the Revised Code. If it is necessary to acquire additional 289 adjacent land for enlarging or improving the fire station, the 290 board may purchase, appropriate, or accept a deed of gift for the 291 land for these purposes. 292

(F) As used in this division, "emergency medical service 293 organization" has the same meaning as in section 4766.01 of the 294 Revised Code.

A board of township trustees, by adoption of an appropriate 296 resolution, may choose to have the Ohio ambulance licensing 297 medical transportation board license any emergency medical service 298 it operates. If the board adopts such a resolution, Chapter 4766. 299 of the Revised Code, except for sections 4766.06 and 4766.99 of 300 the Revised Code, applies to the organization. All rules adopted 301 under the applicable sections of that chapter also apply to the

Sub. H. B. No. 85 Page 11 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee organization. A board of township trustees, by adoption of an 303 appropriate resolution, may remove its emergency medical service 304 organization from the jurisdiction of the Ohio ambulance licensing 305 medical transportation board. 306 Sec. 505.375. (A) The board of a joint ambulance district 307 created under section 505.71 of the Revised Code and the board of 308 a joint fire district created under section 505.371 of the Revised 309 Code may negotiate in accordance with this section to combine 310 their two joint districts into a single district, called a fire 311 and ambulance district, for the delivery of both fire and 312 ambulance services, if the geographic area covered by the 313 combining joint districts is exactly the same. Both boards shall 314 adopt a joint resolution ratifying the agreement and setting a 315 date on which the fire and ambulance district shall come into 316 being. On that date, the joint fire district and the joint 317 ambulance district shall cease to exist, and the power of each to 318 levy a tax upon taxable property shall terminate, except that any 319 levy of a tax for the payment of indebtedness within the territory 320 of the joint fire or joint ambulance district as it was composed 321 at the time the indebtedness was incurred shall continue to be 322 collected by the successor fire and ambulance district if the 323 indebtedness remains unpaid. 324 All funds and other property of the joint districts that 325 combined into the fire and ambulance district shall become the 326 property of the fire and ambulance district, unless otherwise 327 provided in the negotiated agreement. The agreement shall provide 328 for the settlement of all debts and obligations of the joint 329 districts. 330 (B) The governing body of the fire and ambulance district 331 shall be a board of trustees of at least three but no more than 332 nine members, appointed as provided in the agreement creating the 333

investigate, conduct the proceedings, and prepare the necessary

fire-fighting purposes that seems advisable to the board;

(2) Provide for the care and maintenance of equipment and,	398
for that purpose, purchase, lease, or construct and maintain	399
necessary buildings;	400
(3) Establish and maintain lines of fire-alarm communications	401
within the limits of the district;	402
(4) Appropriate land for a fire station or medical emergency	403
unit needed in order to respond in reasonable time to a fire or	404
medical emergency, in accordance with Chapter 163. of the Revised	405
Code;	406
(5) Purchase, appropriate, or accept a deed or gift of land	407
to enlarge or improve a fire station or medical emergency unit;	408
(6) Purchase, lease, maintain, and use all materials,	409
equipment, vehicles, buildings, and land necessary to perform its	410
duties;	411
(7) Contract for a period not to exceed three years with one	412
or more townships, municipal corporations, counties, joint fire	413
districts, governmental agencies, nonprofit corporations, or	414
private ambulance owners located either within or outside the	415
state, to furnish or receive ambulance services or emergency	416
medical services within the several territories of the contracting	417
parties, if the contract is first authorized by all boards of	418
trustees and legislative authorities concerned;	419
(8) Establish reasonable charges for the use of ambulance or	420
emergency medical services under the same conditions under which a	421
board of fire district trustees may establish those charges under	422
section 505.371 of the Revised Code;	423
(9) Establish all necessary rules to guard against the	424
occurrence of fires and to protect property and lives against	425
damage and accidents;	426
(10) Adopt a standard code pertaining to fire, fire hazards,	427

Revised Code.

(1) In order to obtain the services of ambulance service 490 organizations, to obtain additional services from ambulance 491 service organizations in times of emergency, or to obtain the 492 services of emergency medical service organizations, a district 493 may enter into a contract, for a period not to exceed three years, 494 with one or more townships, municipal corporations, joint fire 495 districts, nonprofit corporations, any other governmental unit 496 that provides ambulance services or emergency medical services, or 497 with private ambulance owners, regardless of whether such 498 townships, municipal corporations, joint fire districts, nonprofit 499 corporations, governmental unit, or private ambulance owners are 500 located within or without this state, upon such terms as are 501 agreed to, to furnish or receive services from ambulance or 502 emergency medical service organizations or the interchange of 503 services from ambulance or emergency medical service organizations 504 within the several territories of the contracting subdivisions, if 505 such contract is first authorized by all boards of trustees and 506 legislative authorities concerned. 507

The contract may provide for a fixed annual charge to be paid 508 at the times agreed upon and stipulated in the contract, or for 509 compensation based upon a stipulated price for each run, call, or 510 emergency, or the elapsed time of service required in such run, 511 call, or emergency, or any combination thereof. 512

- (2) Expenditures of a district for the services of ambulance 513 service organizations or emergency medical service organizations, 514 whether pursuant to contract or otherwise, are lawful 515 expenditures, regardless of whether the district or the party with 516 which it contracts charges additional fees to users of the 517 services.
- (3) A district's board of trustees, by adoption of an 519 appropriate resolution, may choose to have the Ohio ambulance 520

As reported by the riouse Transportation and Lubile Galety Committee	
(2) Any local license tax levied under Chapter 4504. of the	552
Revised Code;	553
(3) An additional fee of seven dollars and fifty cents. The	554
additional fee shall be for the purpose of compensating the bureau	555
of motor vehicles for additional services required to be performed	556
under this section and shall be transmitted by the registrar to	557
the treasurer of state for deposit in the state bureau of motor	558
vehicles fund created by section 4501.25 of the Revised Code.	559
(C) On receipt of a complete application, the registrar shall	560
issue to the applicant the appropriate certificate of registration	561
for the vehicle and do one of the following:	562
(1) Issue a set of license plates with a validation sticker	563
and a set of stickers to be attached to the plates as an	564
identification of the vehicle's classification as an ambulance_	565
ambulette, or nontransport vehicle;	566
(2) Issue a validation sticker alone when so required by	567
section 4503.191 of the Revised Code.	568
Sec. 4513.263. (A) As used in this section and in section	569
4513.99 of the Revised Code:	570
(1) "Automobile" means any commercial tractor, passenger car,	571
commercial car, or truck that is required to be factory-equipped	572
with an occupant restraining device for the operator or any	573
passenger by regulations adopted by the United States secretary of	574
transportation pursuant to the "National Traffic and Motor Vehicle	575
Safety Act of 1966," 80 Stat. 719, 15 U.S.C.A. 1392.	576
(2) "Occupant restraining device" means a seat safety belt,	577
shoulder belt, harness, or other safety device for restraining a	578
person who is an operator of or passenger in an automobile and	579
that satisfies the minimum federal vehicle safety standards	580
established by the United States department of transportation.	581

Sub. H. B. No. 85 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee	
(3) "Passenger" means any person in an automobile, other than	582
its operator, who is occupying a seating position for which an	583
occupant restraining device is provided.	584
(4) "Commercial tractor," "passenger car," and "commercial	585
car" have the same meanings as in section 4501.01 of the Revised	586
Code.	587
(5) "Vehicle" and "motor vehicle," as used in the definitions	588
of the terms set forth in division $(A)(4)$ of this section, have	589
the same meanings as in section 4511.01 of the Revised Code.	590
(B) No person shall do any of the following:	591
(1) Operate an automobile on any street or highway unless	592
that person is wearing all of the available elements of a properly	593
adjusted occupant restraining device, or operate a school bus that	594
has an occupant restraining device installed for use in its	595
operator's seat unless that person is wearing all of the available	596
elements of the device, as properly adjusted;	597
(2) Operate an automobile on any street or highway unless	598
each passenger in the automobile who is subject to the requirement	599
set forth in division (B)(3) of this section is wearing all of the	600
available elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining	601
device;	602
(3) Occupy, as a passenger, a seating position on the front	603
seat of an automobile being operated on any street or highway	604
unless that person is wearing all of the available elements of a	605
properly adjusted occupant restraining device;	606
(4) Operate a taxicab on any street or highway unless all	607
factory-equipped occupant restraining devices in the taxicab are	608
maintained in usable form.	609
(C) Division (B)(3) of this section does not apply to a	610

person who is required by section 4511.81 of the Revised Code to

be secured in a child restraint device. Division (B)(1) of this 612 section does not apply to a person who is an employee of the 613 United States postal service or of a newspaper home delivery 614 service, during any period in which the person is engaged in the 615 operation of an automobile to deliver mail or newspapers to 616 addressees. Divisions (B)(1) and (3) of this section do not apply 617 to a person who has an affidavit signed by a physician licensed to 618 practice in this state under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code or 619 a chiropractor licensed to practice in this state under Chapter 620 4734. of the Revised Code that states that the person has a 621 physical impairment that makes use of an occupant restraining 622 device impossible or impractical. 623

- (D) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no 624 law enforcement officer shall cause an operator of an automobile 625 being operated on any street or highway to stop the automobile for 626 the sole purpose of determining whether a violation of division 627 (B) of this section has been or is being committed or for the sole 628 purpose of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons for a violation 629 of that nature or causing the arrest of or commencing a 630 prosecution of a person for a violation of that nature, and no law 631 enforcement officer shall view the interior or visually inspect 632 any automobile being operated on any street or highway for the 633 sole purpose of determining whether a violation of that nature has 634 been or is being committed. 635
- (E) All fines collected for violations of division (B) of 636 this section, or for violations of any ordinance or resolution of 637 a political subdivision that is substantively comparable to that 638 division, shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state for deposit 639 as follows:
- (1) Eight per cent shall be deposited into the seat belt 641 education fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury, and 642 shall be used by the department of public safety to establish a 643

seat belt education program.

- (2) Eight per cent shall be deposited into the elementary 645 school program fund, which is hereby created in the state 646 treasury, and shall be used by the department of public safety to 647 establish and administer elementary school programs that encourage 648 seat safety belt use.
- (3) Two per cent shall be deposited into the Ohio ambulance 650 licensing medical transportation trust fund created by section 651 4766.05 of the Revised Code. 652
- (4) Twenty-eight per cent shall be deposited into the trauma 653 and emergency medical services fund, which is hereby created in 654 the state treasury, and shall be used by the department of public 655 safety for the administration of the division of emergency medical 656 services and the state board of emergency medical services. 657
- (5) Fifty-four per cent shall be deposited into the trauma 658 and emergency medical services grants fund, which is hereby 659 created in the state treasury, and shall be used by the state 660 board of emergency medical services to make grants, in accordance 661 with section 4765.07 of the Revised Code and rules the board 662 adopts under section 4765.11 of the Revised Code. 663
- (F)(1) Subject to division (F)(2) of this section, the 664 failure of a person to wear all of the available elements of a 665 properly adjusted occupant restraining device or to ensure that 666 each passenger of an automobile being operated by the person is 667 wearing all of the available elements of such a device, in 668 violation of division (B) of this section, shall not be considered 669 or used as evidence of negligence or contributory negligence, 670 shall not diminish recovery for damages in any civil action 671 involving the person arising from the ownership, maintenance, or 672 operation of an automobile; shall not be used as a basis for a 673 criminal prosecution of the person other than a prosecution for a 674

violation of this section; and shall not be admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal action involving the person other than a prosecution for a violation of this section.

- equipped with occupant restraining devices, any occupant of the passenger car who sustained injury or death was not wearing an available occupant restraining device, was not wearing all of the available elements of such a device, or was not wearing such a device as properly adjusted, then, consistent with the Rules of Evidence, the fact that the occupant was not wearing the available occupant restraining device, was not wearing all of the available elements of such a device, or was not wearing such a device as properly adjusted is admissible in evidence in relation to any claim for relief in a tort action to the extent that the claim for relief satisfies all of the following:
- (a) It seeks to recover damages for injury or death to the 690 occupant.
- (b) The defendant in question is the manufacturer, designer,692distributor, or seller of the passenger car.693
- (c) The claim for relief against the defendant in question is 694 that the injury or death sustained by the occupant was enhanced or 695 aggravated by some design defect in the passenger car or that the passenger car was not crashworthy. 697
- (3) As used in division (F)(2) of this section, "tort action" 698 means a civil action for damages for injury, death, or loss to 699 person or property. "Tort action" includes a product liability 700 claim that is subject to sections 2307.71 to 2307.80 of the 701 Revised Code, but does not include a civil action for damages for 702 a breach of a contract or another agreement between persons. 703

(A) "Advanced life support" means treatment described in	705
section 4765.39 of the Revised Code that a paramedic is certified	706
to perform.	707
(B) "Air medical service organization" means a person or	708
government entity that provides air medical transportation to the	709
public.	710
(C) "Air medical transportation" is the use of a rotorcraft	711
air ambulance or fixed wing air ambulance to provide	712
transportation and advanced life support to seriously ill,	713
injured, wounded, or otherwise incapacitated or helpless	714
individuals who require use of a stretcher from airport to airport	715
or from an emergency scene to a hospital or other medical care	716
setting.	717
(D) "Ambulance" means any motor vehicle that is specifically	718
designed, constructed, or modified and equipped and is intended to	719
be used for the to provide basic life support, intermediate life	720
support, advanced life support, or mobile intensive care unit	721
services and transportation upon the streets or highways of this	722
state of persons who are seriously ill, injured, wounded, or	723
otherwise incapacitated or helpless. "Ambulance" does not include	724
air medical transportation or a vehicle designed and used solely	725
for the transportation of nonstretcher-bound persons, whether	726
hospitalized or handicapped or whether ambulatory or confined to a	727
wheelchair.	728
(C)(E) "Ambulette" means a motor vehicle that is specifically	729
designed, constructed, or modified and equipped and is intended to	730
be used for transportation upon the streets or highways of this	731
state of persons who require use of a wheelchair.	732
(F) "Basic life support" means treatment described in section	733
4765.37 of the Revised Code that an EMT-basic is certified to	734
perform.	735

Sub. H. B. No. 85 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee	Page 25
$\frac{(D)(G)}{(G)}$ "Disaster situation" means any condition or situation	736
described by rule of the Ohio ambulance licensing medical	737
transportation board as a mass casualty, major emergency, natural	738
disaster, or national emergency.	739
$\frac{(E)(H)}{(H)}$ "Emergency medical service organization" means an	740
organization that uses EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, or paramedics, or a	741
combination thereof, to provide medical care to victims of illness	742
or injury. An emergency medical service organization includes, but	743
is not limited to, a commercial ambulance service organization, a	744
hospital, and a funeral home.	745
$\frac{(F)(I)}{I}$ "EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the same	746
meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	747
(G)(J) "Fixed wing air ambulance" means a fixed wing aircraft	748
operated as a means of air medical transportation.	749
(K) "Intermediate life support" means treatment described in	750
section 4765.38 of the Revised Code that an EMT-I is certified to	751
perform.	752
$\frac{(H)(L)}{(L)}$ "Major emergency" means any emergency event that	753
cannot be resolved through the use of locally available emergency	754
resources.	755
$\frac{(\mathrm{I})}{(\mathrm{M})}$ "Mass casualty" means an emergency event that results	756
in ten or more persons being injured, incapacitated, made ill, or	757
killed.	758
$\frac{(J)(N)}{(N)}$ "Medical emergency" means an unforeseen event	759
affecting an individual in such a manner that a need for immediate	760
care is created.	761
(0)(1) "Medical service organization" means a person or	762
government entity that does both of the following:	763
(a) Provides services to the public on a regular basis for	764
the nurnoge of transporting individuals who require the use of a	765

Sub. H. B. No. 85 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee	Page 26
wheelchair or are confined to a wheelchair to receive health care	766
services at health care facilities or health care practitioners'	767
offices in nonemergency circumstances;	768
(b) Provides the services for a fee, regardless of whether	769
the fee is paid by the person being transported, a third party	770
payer, as defined in section 3702.51 of the Revised Code, or any	771
other person or government entity.	772
(2) "Medical service organization" does not include a health	773
care facility, as defined in section 1751.01 of the Revised Code,	774
that provides ambulette services only to patients of that	775
facility.	776
$\frac{(K)}{(P)}$ "Mobile intensive care unit" means an ambulance used	777
only for maintaining specialized or intensive care treatment and	778
used primarily for interhospital transports of patients whose	779
conditions require care beyond the scope of a paramedic as	780
provided in section 4765.39 of the Revised Code.	781
$\frac{(L)}{(O)}$ "Nontransport vehicle" means a motor vehicle operated	782
by a licensed emergency medical service organization not as an	783
ambulance, but as a vehicle for providing services in conjunction	784
with the ambulances operated by the organization or other	785
emergency medical service organizations.	786
$\frac{(M)}{(R)}$ "Patient" means any individual who as a result of	787
illness or injury needs medical attention, whose physical or	788
mental condition is such that there is imminent danger of loss of	789
life or significant health impairment, $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \mathbf{r}}$ who may be otherwise	790
incapacitated or helpless as a result of a physical or mental	791
condition, or whose physical condition requires the use of a	792
wheelchair.	793
(S) "Rotorcraft air ambulance" means a helicopter or other	794
aircraft capable of vertical takeoffs, vertical landings, and	795
hovering.	796

Sec. 4766.02. (A) There is hereby created the Ohio ambulance 797 licensing medical transportation board, consisting of five nine 798 voting members and one nonvoting member who shall be residents of 799 this state and appointed by the governor with the advice and 800 consent of the senate. Except as provided in division (B) of this 801 section, members shall serve terms of two years. One voting member 802 shall be a member of the Ohio ambulance association; two voting 803 members, one of whom shall be a licensed funeral director, shall 804 be owners or operators of private emergency medical service 805 organizations operating in this state; one voting member shall be 806 a consumer of emergency medical services who is not associated 807 with any public or private emergency medical service organization; 808 and one voting member shall be an official with a public emergency 809 medical service organization; two voting members shall be owners 810 or operators of medical service organizations that provide 811 ambulette services only, and two voting members shall be members 812 of the Ohio association of critical care transport, one member 813 representing air-based services and the other representing a 814 ground-based mobile intensive care unit organization. A physician 815 who holds a certificate to practice issued under Chapter 4731. of 816 the Revised Code who is a member of the American college of 817 emergency physicians shall serve as the nonvoting member. The 818 board shall annually select from its membership a chair and a 819 vice-chair to act as chair in the chair's absence. 820

(B) Of the members initially appointed, three shall be 821 appointed for terms of one year and three for terms of two years. 822 Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the 823 expiration date of the term for which the member's predecessor was 824 appointed shall hold office for the remainder of that term. Every 825 member shall continue in office subsequent to the expiration date 826 of the member's term until the member's successor takes office, or 827 until a period of sixty days has elapsed, whichever occurs first. 828

(2) Requirements for an emergency medical service

Sub. H. B. No. 85 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee	Page 29
organization to receive a license as a basic life-support,	859
intermediate life-support, or advanced life-support, or mobile	860
<pre>intensive care unit organization;</pre>	861
(3) Requirements for a medical service organization to	862
receive a permit for an ambulette vehicle;	863
(4) Requirements for a medical service organization to	864
receive a license for an ambulette service;	865
(5) Requirements for an air medical service organization to	866
receive a permit for a rotorcraft air ambulance or fixed wing air	867
ambulance;	868
(6) Requirements for licensure of air medical service	869
organizations;	870
(7) Forms for applications and renewals of licenses and	871
permits;	872
$\frac{(4)(8)}{(8)}$ Requirements for record keeping of service responses	873
made by licensed emergency medical service organizations;	874
$\frac{(5)}{(9)}$ Fee amounts for licenses and permits, and renewals	875
thereof;	876
$\frac{(6)}{(10)}$ Inspection requirements for licensees' vehicles or	877
<pre>aircraft, records, and physical facilities;</pre>	878
$\frac{(7)}{(11)}$ Fee amounts for inspections of ambulances,	879
ambulettes, rotorcraft air ambulances, fixed wing air ambulances,	880
and nontransport vehicles;	881
$\frac{(8)}{(12)}$ Requirements for ambulances and nontransport vehicles	882
used by licensed emergency medical service organizations, for	883
ambulette vehicles used by licensed medical service organizations,	884
and for rotorcraft air ambulances or fixed wing air ambulances	885
used by licensed air medical service organizations that specify	886
for each type of vehicle or aircraft the types of equipment that	887
must be carried, the communication systems that must be	888

Sub. H. B. No. 85 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee	Page 32
adopted by the board for the particular license.	950
(C) To apply qualify for a license to provide ambulette	951
service, a medical service organization shall do all of the	952
following:	953
(1) Apply for a permit for each ambulette owned or leased as	954
provided in section 4766.07 of the Revised Code;	955
(2) Meet all requirements established in rules adopted by the	956
Ohio medical transportation board regarding ambulettes, including	957
requirements pertaining to equipment, communication systems,	958
staffing, and level of care the organization is permitted to	959
render;	960
(3) Maintain the appropriate type and amount of insurance as	961
specified in section 4766.06 of the Revised Code;	962
(4) Meet all other requirements established under rules	963
adopted by the board for the license.	964
(D) To qualify for a license to provide air medical	965
transportation, an air medical service organization shall do all	966
of the following:	967
(1) Apply for a permit for each rotorcraft air ambulance and	968
fixed wing air ambulance owned or leased as provided in section	969
4766.07 of the Revised Code;	970
(2) Meet all requirements established in rules adopted by the	971
Ohio medical transportation board regarding rotorcraft air	972
ambulances and fixed air ambulances, including requirements	973
pertaining to equipment, communication systems, staffing, and	974
level of care the organization is permitted to render;	975
(3) Maintain the appropriate type and amount of insurance as	976
specified in section 4766.06 of the Revised Code;	977
(4) Meet all other requirements established under rules	978
adopted by the board for the license.	979

(E) An emergency medical service organization that applies	980
for a license as a basic life-support, intermediate life-support,	981
or advanced life-support service, or mobile intensive care unit	982
organization, an emergency medical service organization; a medical	983
service organization that applies for a license to provide	984
ambulette service; or an air medical service organization that	985
applies for a license to provide air medical transportation shall	986
submit a completed application to the board, on a form provided by	987
the board for each particular license, together with the	988
appropriate fees established under section 4766.05 of the Revised	989
Code. The application form shall include all of the following:	990
(1) The name and business address of the operator of the	991
organization for which licensure is sought;	992
(2) The name under which the applicant will operate the	993
organization;	994
(3) A list of the names and addresses of all officers and	995
directors of the organization;	996
(4) A For emergency medical service organizations and medical	997
service organizations, a description of each vehicle to be used,	998
including the make, model, year of manufacture, mileage, vehicle	999
identification number, and the color scheme, insignia, name,	1000
monogram, or other distinguishing characteristics to be used to	1001
designate the applicant's vehicle;	1002
(5) For air medical service organizations using fixed wing	1003
air ambulances, a description of each aircraft to be used,	1004
including the make, model, year of manufacture, and aircraft Hobbs	1005
meter hour reading;	1006
(6) For air medical service organizations using rotorcraft	1007
air ambulances, a description of each aircraft to be used,	1008
including the make, model, year of manufacture, aircraft Hobbs	1009
meter hour reading, aircraft identification number, and the color	1010

transportation board shall establish by rule a license fee, a 1064 permit fee for each ambulance, ambulette, rotorcraft air 1065 ambulance, fixed wing air ambulance, and nontransport vehicle 1066 owned or leased by the licensee that is or will be used as 1067 provided in section 4766.07 of the Revised Code, and fees for 1068 renewals of licenses and permits, taking into consideration the 1069 actual costs incurred by the board in carrying out its duties 1070 under this chapter. However, the fee for each license and each 1071 renewal of a license shall not exceed one hundred dollars, and the 1072

fee for each permit and each renewal of a permit shall not exceed	1073
one hundred dollars for each ambulance, rotorcraft air ambulance,	1074
fixed wing air ambulance, and nontransport vehicle. The fee for	1075
each permit and each renewal of a permit shall be twenty-five	1076
dollars for each ambulette for one year after the effective date	1077
of this amendment. Thereafter, the board shall determine by rule	1078
the fee, which shall not exceed fifty dollars, for each permit and	1079
each renewal of a permit for each ambulette. For purposes of	1080
establishing fees, "actual costs" includes the costs of salaries,	1081
expenses, inspection equipment, supervision, and program	1082
administration.	1083
(B) The board shall deposit all fees and other moneys	1084
collected pursuant to sections 4766.04, 4766.07, and 4766.08 of	1085
the Revised Code in the state treasury to the credit of the	1086
ambulance licensing Ohio medical transportation trust fund, which	1087
is hereby created. All moneys from the fund shall be used solely	1088
for the salaries and expenses of the board incurred in	1089
implementing and enforcing this chapter.	1090
(C) The board, subject to the approval of the controlling	1091
board, may establish fees in excess of the maximum amounts allowed	1092
under division (A) of this section, but such fees shall not exceed	1093
those maximum amounts by more than fifty per cent.	1094
Sec. 4766.06. (A)(1) Every emergency medical service	1095
organization and medical service organization licensee under this	1096
chapter shall furnish adequate evidence of liability insurance	1097
coverage, in an amount of not less than five hundred thousand	1098
dollars per occurrence and not less than five hundred thousand	1099
dollars in the aggregate, for any cause for which the licensee	1100
would be liable	1101

(2) In lieu of insurance coverage as provided in division

one person arising out of any one accident and the sum of not less

than three hundred thousand dollars for bodily injury to or death

fifty thousand dollars for damage to property arising from any one

(2) In lieu of the insurance coverage as provided in division

(C) Each policy or contract of insurance issued shall provide

of more than one person in any one accident and for the sum of

(B)(1) of this section, a licensee may furnish a certificate of

comprehensive coverage than required in division (B)(1) of this

self-insurance evidencing that he has established a self-insurance

plan approved by the superintendent that provides the same or more

for the payment and satisfaction of any financial judgment entered

accident.

section.

1122

1123

1124

1125

1126

1127

1128

1129

1130

1131

1132

1133

against the licensee and any person operating the vehicle and for 1135 a thirty-day cancellation notice to the board.

Sec. 4766.07. (A) Each emergency medical service 1137 organization, medical service organization, and air medical 1138 service organization subject to licensure under this chapter shall 1139 possess a valid permit for each ambulance, ambulette, rotorcraft 1140 air ambulance, fixed wing air ambulance, and nontransport vehicle 1141 it owns or leases that is or will be used by the licensee to 1142 perform the services permitted by the license. Each licensee and 1143 license applicant shall submit the appropriate fee and an 1144 application for a permit for each ambulance, ambulette, rotorcraft 1145 air ambulance, fixed wing air ambulance, and nontransport vehicle 1146 to the Ohio ambulance licensing medical transportation board on 1147 forms provided by the board. The application shall include 1148 documentation that the vehicle or aircraft meets the appropriate 1149 standards set by the board, that the vehicle or aircraft has been 1150 inspected pursuant to division (C) of this section, that the 1151 permit applicant maintains insurance or self-insurance as provided 1152 in section 4766.06 of the Revised Code, and that the vehicle or 1153 <u>aircraft</u> and permit applicant meet any other requirements 1154 established under rules adopted by the board. 1155

(B)(1) Within sixty days after receiving a completed 1156 application for a permit, the board shall issue or deny the 1157 permit. The board shall deny an application if it determines that 1158 the permit applicant ox, vehicle, or aircraft does not meet the 1159 requirements of this chapter and the rules adopted under it that 1160 apply to permits for ambulances, ambulettes, rotorcraft air 1161 ambulances, fixed wing air ambulances, and nontransport vehicles. 1162 The board shall send notice of the denial of an application by 1163 certified mail to the permit applicant. The permit applicant may 1164 request a hearing within ten days after receipt of the notice. If 1165 the board receives a timely request, it shall hold a hearing in 1166

1167

1168

1169

1170

1171

1172

1173

1174

1175

1176

1177

1178

1179

accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.

(2) If the board issues the vehicle permit <u>for an ambulance</u>, <u>ambulette</u>, <u>or nontransport vehicle</u>, it also shall issue a decal, in a form prescribed by rule, to be displayed on the rear window of the vehicle. The board shall not issue a decal until all of the requirements for licensure and permit issuance have been met.

- (3) If the board issues the aircraft permit for a rotorcraft air ambulance or fixed wing air ambulance, it also shall issue a decal, in a form prescribed by rule, to be displayed on the left fuselage aircraft window in a manner that complies with all applicable federal aviation regulations. The board shall not issue a decal until all of the requirements for licensure and permit issuance have been met.
- (C) In addition to any other requirements that the board 1180 establishes by rule, a licensee or license applicant applying for 1181 an initial vehicle or aircraft permit under division (A) of this 1182 section shall submit to the state highway patrol and the board the 1183 vehicle or aircraft for which the permit is sought. Thereafter, a 1184 licensee shall annually submit to the state highway patrol and the 1185 board each vehicle or aircraft for which a permit has been issued. 1186
- (1) The state highway patrol board shall conduct a physical 1187 inspection of an ambulance, ambulette, or nontransport vehicle to 1188 determine its roadworthiness and compliance with standard motor 1189 vehicle requirements.
- (2) The board shall conduct a physical inspection of the 1191 medical equipment, communication system, and interior of an 1192 ambulance to determine the operational condition and safety of the 1193 equipment and the ambulance's interior and to determine whether 1194 the ambulance is in compliance with the federal requirements for 1195 ambulance construction that were in effect at the time the 1196 ambulance was manufactured, as specified by the general services 1197

Sub. H. B. No. 85 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee	Page 40
administration in the various versions of its publication titled	1198
<u>"</u> federal specification for the star-of-life ambulance,	1199
KKK-A-1822. <u>"</u>	1200
(3) The board shall conduct a physical inspection of the	1201
equipment, communication system, and interior of an ambulette to	1202
determine the operational condition and safety of the equipment	1203
and the ambulette's interior and to determine whether the	1204
ambulette is in compliance with state requirements for ambulette	1205
construction. The board shall determine by rule requirements for	1206
the equipment, communication system, interior, and construction of	1207
an ambulette.	1208
(4) The board shall conduct a physical inspection of the	1209
medical equipment, communication system, and interior of a	1210
rotorcraft air ambulance or fixed wing air ambulance to determine	1211
the operational condition and safety of the equipment and the	1212
aircraft's interior.	1213
(5) The board and state highway patrol shall issue a	1214
certificate to the applicant for each vehicle or aircraft that	1215
passes the inspection and may assess a fee for each inspection, as	1216
established by the board.	1217
(4)(6) The board, in consultation with the state highway	1218
patrol, shall adopt rules regarding the implementation and	1219
coordination of the state highway patrol and board inspections.	1220
The rules may permit the board to contract with a third party to	1221
conduct the inspections required of the board under this section.	1222
Sec. 4766.08. (A) The Ohio ambulance licensing medical	1223
transportation board may, pursuant to an adjudication conducted in	1224
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, suspend or	1225
revoke any license or permit or renewal thereof issued under this	1226
chapter for any one or combination of the following causes:	1227

Sub. H. B. No. 85 Page 41

(1) Violation of this chapter or any rule adopted thereunder;	1228
(2) Refusal to permit the board to inspect a vehicle \underline{or}	1229
aircraft used under the terms of a permit or to inspect the	1230
records or physical facilities of a licensee;	1231
(3) Failure to meet the ambulance, ambulette, rotorcraft air	1232
ambulance, fixed wing air ambulance, and nontransport vehicle	1233
requirements specified in this chapter or the rules adopted	1234
thereunder;	1235
(4) Violation of an order issued by the board;	1236
(5) Failure to comply with any of the terms of an agreement	1237
entered into with the board regarding the suspension or revocation	1238
of a license or permit or the imposition of a penalty under this	1239
section.	1240
(B) If the board determines that the records, recordkeeping	1241
record-keeping procedures, or physical facilities of a licensee,	1242
or an ambulance, ambulette, rotorcraft air ambulance, fixed wing	1243
air ambulance, or nontransport vehicle for which a valid permit	1244
has been issued, do not meet the standards specified in this	1245
chapter and the rules adopted thereunder, the board shall notify	1246
the licensee of any deficiencies within thirty days of finding the	1247
deficiencies. If the board determines that the deficiencies exist	1248
and they remain uncorrected after thirty days, the board may	1249
suspend the license or vehicle permit, or aircraft permit. The	1250
licensee, notwithstanding the suspension under this division, may	1251
operate until all appeals have been exhausted.	1252
(C) At the discretion of the board, a licensee whose license	1253
has been suspended or revoked under this section may be ineligible	1254
to be licensed under this chapter for a period of not more than	1255
three years from the date of the violation, provided that the	1256
board shall make no determination on a period of ineligibility	1257
until all the licensee's appeals relating to the suspension or	1258

Sub. H. B. No. 85 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee	Page 42
revocation have been exhausted.	1259
(D) The board may, in addition to any other action taken	1260
under this section and after a hearing conducted pursuant to	1261
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, impose a penalty of not more	1262
than fifteen hundred dollars for any violation specified in this	1263
section. The attorney general shall institute a civil action for	1264
the collection of any such penalty imposed.	1265
Sec. 4766.09. This chapter does not apply to any of the	1266
following:	1267
(A) A person rendering services with an ambulance in the	1268
event of a disaster situation when licensees' vehicles based in	1269
the locality of the disaster situation are incapacitated or	1270
insufficient in number to render the services needed;	1271
(B) Any person operating an ambulance, rotorcraft air	1272
ambulance, or fixed wing air ambulance outside this state unless	1273
receiving a person within this state for transport to a location	1274
within this state;	1275
(C) A publicly owned or operated emergency medical service	1276
organization and the vehicles it owns or leases and operates,	1277
except as provided in section 307.051, division (G) of section	1278
307.055, division (F) of section 505.37, division (B) of section	1279
505.375, and division (B)(3) of section 505.72 of the Revised	1280
Code;	1281
(D) An ambulance, rotorcraft air ambulance, fixed wing air	1282
ambulance, or nontransport vehicle owned or leased and operated by	1283
the federal government;	1284
(E) A publicly owned and operated fire department vehicle;	1285
(F) Emergency vehicles owned by a corporation and operating	1286
only on the corporation's premises, for the sole use by that	1287
corporation;	1288

Emergency medical service organizations licensed by a

municipal corporation are subject to the jurisdiction of the Ohio	1319
ambulance licensing medical transportation board, but the fees	1320
they pay to the board for licenses, permits, and renewals thereof	1321
shall not exceed fifty per cent of the fee amounts established by	1322
the board pursuant to section 4766.03 of the Revised Code. The	1323
board may choose to waive the vehicle inspection requirements and	1324
inspection fees, but not the permit fees, for the vehicles of	1325
organizations licensed by a municipal corporation.	1326

Page 44

Sec. 4766.11. (A)The Ohio ambulance licensing medical1327transportationboard may investigate alleged violations of this1328chapter or the rules adopted under it and may investigate any1329complaints received regarding alleged violations.1330

In addition to any other remedies available and regardless of 1331 whether an adequate remedy at law exists, the board may apply to 1332 the court of common pleas in the county where a violation of any 1333 provision of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant thereto is 1334 occurring for a temporary or permanent injunction restraining a 1335 person from continuing to commit that violation. On a showing that 1336 a person has committed a violation, the court shall grant the 1337 injunction. 1338

In conducting an investigation under this section, the board 1339 may issue subpoenas compelling the attendance and testimony of 1340 witnesses and the production of books, records, and other 1341 documents pertaining to the investigation. If a person fails to 1342 obey a subpoena from the board, the board may apply to the court 1343 of common pleas in the county where the investigation is being 1344 conducted for an order compelling the person to comply with the 1345 subpoena. On application by the board, the court shall compel 1346 obedience by attachment proceedings for contempt, as in the case 1347 of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena from the court 1348 or a refusal to testify therein. 1349

(B) The medical transportation board may suspend a license	1350
issued under this chapter without a prior hearing if it determines	1351
that there is evidence that the license holder is subject to	1352
action under this section and that there is clear and convincing	1353
evidence that continued operation by the license holder presents a	1354
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public. The	1355
chairperson and executive director of the board shall make a	1356
preliminary determination and describe the evidence on which they	1357
made their determination to the board members. The board by	1358
resolution may designate another board member to act in place of	1359
the chairperson or another employee to act in place of the	1360
executive director in the event that the chairperson or executive	1361
director is unavailable or unable to act. Upon review of the	1362
allegations, the board, by the affirmative vote of at least four	1363
of its members, may suspend the license without a hearing.	1364
Any method of communication, including a telephone conference	1365
call, may be utilized for describing the evidence to the board	1366
members, for reviewing the allegations, and for voting on the	1367
suspension.	1368
Immediately following the decision by the board to suspend a	1369
license under this division, the board shall issue a written order	1370
of suspension and cause it to be delivered in accordance with	1371
section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If the license holder subject	1372
to the suspension requests an adjudication hearing by the board,	1373
the date set for the adjudication shall be within fifteen days but	1374
not earlier than seven days after the request unless another date	1375
is agreed to by the license holder and the board.	1376
Any summary suspension imposed under this division remains in	1377
effect, unless reversed by the board, until a final adjudicative	1378
order issued by the board pursuant to this section and Chapter	1379
119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The board shall issue	1380
its final adjudicative order not less than ninety days after	1381

Sub. H. B. No. 85 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee	Page 47
applicant is a resident of another state;	1412
(b) A recent certified abstract of the applicant's record of	1413
convictions for violations of motor vehicle laws provided by the	1414
registrar of motor vehicles pursuant to section 4509.05 of the	1415
Revised Code, or its equivalent, if the applicant is a resident of	1416
another state.	1417
(2)(a) A certificate of completion of a course in first aid	1418
techniques offered by the American red cross or an equivalent	1419
organization;	1420
(b) A certificate of completion of a course in	1421
cardiopulmonary resuscitation, or its equivalent, offered by an	1422
organization approved by the Ohio medical transportation board.	1423
(3) The result of a chemical test or tests of the applicant's	1424
blood, breath, or urine conducted at a hospital or other	1425
institution approved by the board for the purpose of determining	1426
the alcohol or drug of abuse content of the applicant's blood,	1427
breath, or urine;	1428
(4) The result of a criminal records check conducted by the	1429
bureau of criminal identification and investigation.	1430
(B) An organization may employ an applicant on a temporary	1431
provisional basis pending the completion of all of the	1432
requirements of this section. The length of the provisional period	1433
shall be determined by the board.	1434
(C) An organization licensed pursuant to this chapter shall	1435
use information received pursuant to this section to determine in	1436
accordance with rules adopted by the Ohio medical transportation	1437
board under section 4766.03 of the Revised Code whether an	1438
applicant is disqualified for employment.	1439
No applicant shall be accepted for permanent employment as an	1440
ambulette driver by an organization licensed pursuant to this	1441

Sub. H. B. No. 85 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee	Page 48
chapter until all of the requirements of division (A) of this	1442
section have been met.	1443
Sec. 4766.17. (A) An air medical service organization	1444
licensed under this chapter shall do both of the following:	1445
(1) Use at a minimum both of the following to provide	1446
advanced life support to seriously ill, injured, wounded, or	1447
otherwise incapacitated or helpless individuals who require use of	1448
a stretcher:	1449
(a) A paramedic or registered nurse, both as defined in	1450
section 4765.01 of the Revised Code;	1451
(b) One other person, designated by the medical director of	1452
the air medical service organization, who holds a current, valid	1453
certificate or license to practice a health care profession in	1454
this state.	1455
(2) Employ as a medical director an individual who holds a	1456
current, valid certificate issued under Chapter 4731. of the	1457
Revised Code authorizing the practice of medicine and surgery or	1458
osteopathic medicine and surgery.	1459
(B) The medical director employed by a licensed air medical	1460
service organization pursuant to division (A)(2) of this section	1461
is ultimately responsible for the medical care provided to each	1462
patient by the organization.	1463
Sec. 4766.20. The Ohio medical transportation board may	1464
create committees to review and make recommendations regarding	1465
medical transportation services provided in this state. A	1466
committee created under this section may receive information about	1467
medical transportation services provided in this state from	1468
emergency medical service organizations, medical service	1469
organizations, air medical service organizations, experts in the	1470

Page 49

field of medical transportation, and other entities or individuals	1471
designated by the board.	1472
A committee created under this section shall meet all of the	1473
following requirements:	1474
(A) Be composed of at least one member of the board and any	1475
experts in the field of medical transportation designated by the	1476
board;	1477
(B) Not exceed a total of six members;	1478
(C) Cease to exist at the pleasure of the board;	1479
(D) Meet any other requirements established by the board.	1480
Sec. 5503.12. (A) The superintendent of the state highway	1481
patrol, with the approval of the director of public safety, may	1482
authorize the registrar of motor vehicles and designated deputy	1483
registrars to collect inspection and testing fees on behalf of the	1484
state highway patrol. The superintendent and the registrar jointly	1485
shall determine and designate the deputy registrars who shall	1486
collect inspection and testing fees under this section.	1487
(B)(1) In addition to collecting the inspection and testing	1488
fees, the registrar and each designated deputy registrar may	1489
collect and retain a service fee in the amount specified in	1490
division (D) of section 4503.10 of the Revised Code for each	1491
inspection and testing fee collected on behalf of the state	1492
highway patrol.	1493
(2) Each designated deputy registrar, upon receipt of any	1494
inspection and testing fee, shall transmit the fees to the	1495
registrar in the manner prescribed by the registrar.	1496
(3) The registrar shall deposit the inspection and testing	1497
fees collected by and transmitted to the registrar to the credit	1498
of the fund specified by law.	1499

As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee (C) The superintendent, with the approval of the director, 1500 shall establish appropriate procedures to be used by the registrar 1501 and designated deputy registrars for determining proof of payment 1502 of inspection and testing fees. 1503 (D) As used in this section, "inspection and testing fees" 1504 includes the following: 1505 1506 (1) Fees for vehicle inspections conducted under sections 4505.11, 4505.111, 4513.52, 4513.53, 4519.56, and 4519.61, and 1507 4766.07 of the Revised Code; 1508 (2) Fees for testing of commercial driver's license 1509 applicants under section 4506.09 of the Revised Code; 1510 (3) Except as may otherwise be specifically provided by law, 1511 any statutory fees for similar vehicle inspections or driver 1512 testing conducted by the state highway patrol that the 1513 superintendent may specify for collection under this section. 1514 **Section 2.** That existing sections 307.051, 307.055, 505.37, 1515 505.375, 505.72, 4503.49, 4513.263, 4766.01, 4766.02, 4766.03, 1516 4766.04, 4766.05, 4766.06, 4766.07, 4766.08, 4766.09, 4766.10, 1517 4766.11, 4766.12, 4766.13, and 5503.12 of the Revised Code are 1518 hereby repealed. 1519 Section 3. That the version of section 4513.263 of the 1520 Revised Code that is scheduled to take effect January 1, 2004, be 1521 amended to read as follows: 1522 Sec. 4513.263. (A) As used in this section and in section 1523 4513.99 of the Revised Code: 1524 (1) "Automobile" means any commercial tractor, passenger car, 1525 commercial car, or truck that is required to be factory-equipped 1526

with an occupant restraining device for the operator or any

(3) Occupy, as a passenger, a seating position on the front

seat of an automobile being operated on any street or highway

unless that person is wearing all of the available elements of a

properly adjusted occupant restraining device;

1560

- (4) Operate a taxicab on any street or highway unless all 1561 factory-equipped occupant restraining devices in the taxicab are 1562 maintained in usable form.
- (C) Division (B)(3) of this section does not apply to a 1564 person who is required by section 4511.81 of the Revised Code to 1565 be secured in a child restraint device. Division (B)(1) of this 1566 section does not apply to a person who is an employee of the 1567 United States postal service or of a newspaper home delivery 1568 service, during any period in which the person is engaged in the 1569 operation of an automobile to deliver mail or newspapers to 1570 addressees. Divisions (B)(1) and (3) of this section do not apply 1571 to a person who has an affidavit signed by a physician licensed to 1572 practice in this state under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code or 1573 a chiropractor licensed to practice in this state under Chapter 1574 4734. of the Revised Code that states that the person has a 1575 physical impairment that makes use of an occupant restraining 1576 device impossible or impractical. 1577
- (D) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no 1578 law enforcement officer shall cause an operator of an automobile 1579 being operated on any street or highway to stop the automobile for 1580 the sole purpose of determining whether a violation of division 1581 (B) of this section has been or is being committed or for the sole 1582 purpose of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons for a violation 1583 of that nature or causing the arrest of or commencing a 1584 prosecution of a person for a violation of that nature, and no law 1585 enforcement officer shall view the interior or visually inspect 1586 any automobile being operated on any street or highway for the 1587 sole purpose of determining whether a violation of that nature has 1588 been or is being committed. 1589

1620

(E) All fines collected for violations of division (B) of 1590 this section, or for violations of any ordinance or resolution of 1591 a political subdivision that is substantively comparable to that 1592 division, shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state for deposit 1593 as follows: 1594 (1) Eight per cent shall be deposited into the seat belt 1595 education fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury, and 1596 shall be used by the department of public safety to establish a 1597 seat belt education program. 1598 (2) Eight per cent shall be deposited into the elementary 1599 school program fund, which is hereby created in the state 1600 treasury, and shall be used by the department of public safety to 1601 establish and administer elementary school programs that encourage 1602 seat safety belt use. 1603 (3) Two per cent shall be deposited into the Ohio ambulance 1604 licensing medical transportation trust fund created by section 1605 4766.05 of the Revised Code. 1606 (4) Twenty-eight per cent shall be deposited into the trauma 1607 and emergency medical services fund, which is hereby created in 1608 the state treasury, and shall be used by the department of public 1609 safety for the administration of the division of emergency medical 1610 services and the state board of emergency medical services. 1611 (5) Fifty-four per cent shall be deposited into the trauma 1612 and emergency medical services grants fund, which is hereby 1613 created in the state treasury, and shall be used by the state 1614 board of emergency medical services to make grants, in accordance 1615 with section 4765.07 of the Revised Code and rules the board 1616 adopts under section 4765.11 of the Revised Code. 1617 (F)(1) Subject to division (F)(2) of this section, the 1618 failure of a person to wear all of the available elements of a 1619

properly adjusted occupant restraining device or to ensure that

Page 54

1646

- (2) If, at the time of an accident involving a passenger car 1632 equipped with occupant restraining devices, any occupant of the 1633 passenger car who sustained injury or death was not wearing an 1634 available occupant restraining device, was not wearing all of the 1635 available elements of such a device, or was not wearing such a 1636 device as properly adjusted, then, consistent with the Rules of 1637 Evidence, the fact that the occupant was not wearing the available 1638 occupant restraining device, was not wearing all of the available 1639 elements of such a device, or was not wearing such a device as 1640 properly adjusted is admissible in evidence in relation to any 1641 claim for relief in a tort action to the extent that the claim for 1642 relief satisfies all of the following: 1643
- (a) It seeks to recover damages for injury or death to the 1644 occupant.
- (b) The defendant in question is the manufacturer, designer, distributor, or seller of the passenger car.
- (c) The claim for relief against the defendant in question is 1648 that the injury or death sustained by the occupant was enhanced or 1649 aggravated by some design defect in the passenger car or that the 1650 passenger car was not crashworthy.

Sub. H. B. No. 85 As Reported by the House Transportation and Public Safety Committee	Page 55
(3) As used in division (F)(2) of this section, "tort action"	1652
means a civil action for damages for injury, death, or loss to	1653
person or property. "Tort action" includes a product liability	1654
claim that is subject to sections 2307.71 to 2307.80 of the	1655
Revised Code, but does not include a civil action for damages for	1656
a breach of a contract or another agreement between persons.	1657
(G)(1) Whoever violates division $(B)(1)$ of this section shall	1658
be fined thirty dollars.	1659
(2) Whoever violates division (B)(3) of this section shall be	1660
fined twenty dollars.	1661
(3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1662
violates division (B)(4) of this section is guilty of a minor	1663
misdemeanor. If the offender previously has been convicted of or	1664
pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B)(4) of this section,	1665
whoever violates division (B)(4) of this section is guilty of a	1666
misdemeanor of the third degree.	1667
Section 4. That the existing version of section 4513.263 of	1668
the Revised Code that is scheduled to take effect January 1, 2004,	1669
is hereby repealed.	1670
	1.681
Section 5. Sections 3 and 4 of this act take effect January	1671
1, 2004.	1672
Section 6. Within 60 days after the effective date of this	1673
act, the Governor shall appoint the additional members of the Ohio	1674
Medical Transportation Board required by section 4766.02 of the	1675
Revised Code, as amended by this act. The terms of the first two	1676

new members shall expire July 5, 2004, and the terms of the second

two new members shall expire on July 5, 2005. Thereafter, the

Revised Code.

terms of office shall be as specified in section 4766.02 of the

1677

1678

1679