As Passed by the House

125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

Am. S. B. No. 12

Senators Randy Gardner, Robert Gardner, Harris, Mumper, Prentiss, Amstutz, Schuring, Stivers Representatives Hoops, Kearns, Taylor, Hartnett, Book, Niehaus, T. Patton, Setzer, J. Stewart

A BILL

To amend section 3314.02 of the Revised Code to	1
remove the prohibition on establishing a	2
conversion community school as an Internet- or	3
computer-based community school; to permit school	4
districts and nonpublic schools to count any hours	5
or partial hours after March 1, 2003, that schools	6
are in session beyond the number of hours required	7
by minimum standards, in order to make up	8
"calamity days" missed due to hazardous weather	9
conditions in excess of the sum of the number of	10
days permitted by law and the number of days	11
specified in their contingency plans; and to	12
declare an emergency.	13

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 3314.02 of the Revised Code be	14
amended to read as follows:	15
Sec. 3314.02. (A) As used in this chapter:	16
(1) "Sponsor" means an entity listed in division (C)(1) of	17

this section, which has been approved by the department of	18
education to sponsor community schools and with which the	19
governing authority of the proposed community school enters into a	20
contract pursuant to this section.	21
(2) "Pilot project area" means the school districts included	22
in the territory of the former community school pilot project	23
established by former Section 50.52 of Am. Sub. H.B. No. 215 of	24
the 122nd general assembly.	25
(3) "Challenged school district" means any of the following:	26
(a) A school district that is part of the pilot project area;	27
(b) A school district that is either in a state of academic	28
emergency or in a state of academic watch under section 3302.03 of	29
the Revised Code;	30
(c) A big eight school district;	31
(d) An urban school district.	32
(4) "Big eight school district" means a school district that	33
for fiscal year 1997 had both of the following:	34
(a) A percentage of children residing in the district and	35
participating in the predecessor of Ohio works first greater than	36
thirty per cent, as reported pursuant to section 3317.10 of the	37
Revised Code;	38
(b) An average daily membership greater than twelve thousand,	39
as reported pursuant to former division (A) of section 3317.03 of	40
the Revised Code.	41
(5) "New start-up school" means a community school other than	42
one created by converting all or part of an existing public	43
school, as designated in the school's contract pursuant to	44
division (A)(17) of section 3314.03 of the Revised Code.	45
(6) "Urban school district" means one of the state's	46

twenty-one urban school districts as defined in division (0) of 47

48 section 3317.02 of the Revised Code as that section existed prior to July 1, 1998. 49 (7) "Internet- or computer-based community school" means a 50 community school established under this chapter in which the 51 enrolled students work primarily from their residences on 52 assignments provided via an internet- or other computer-based 53 instructional method that does not rely on regular classroom 54 instruction. 55 (B) Any person or group of individuals may initially propose 56

under this division the conversion of all or a portion of a public 57 school to a community school. No conversion community school shall 58 be an internet- or computer-based community school. The proposal 59 shall be made to the board of education of the city, local, or 60 exempted village school district in which the public school is 61 proposed to be converted. Upon receipt of a proposal, a board may 62 enter into a preliminary agreement with the person or group 63 proposing the conversion of the public school, indicating the 64 intention of the board of education to support the conversion to a 65 community school. A proposing person or group that has a 66 preliminary agreement under this division may proceed to finalize 67 plans for the school, establish a governing authority for the 68 school, and negotiate a contract with the board of education. 69 Provided the proposing person or group adheres to the preliminary 70 agreement and all provisions of this chapter, the board of 71 education shall negotiate in good faith to enter into a contract 72 in accordance with section 3314.03 of the Revised Code and 73 division (C) of this section. 74

(C)(1) Any person or group of individuals may propose under 75
this division the establishment of a new start-up school to be 76
located in a challenged school district. The proposal may be made 77
to any of the following entities: 78

(a) The board of education of the district in which the 79

school is proposed to be located;

(b) The board of education of any joint vocational school district with territory in the county in which is located the majority of the territory of the district in which the school is proposed to be located;

(c) The board of education of any other city, local, or
exempted village school district having territory in the same
county where the district in which the school is proposed to be
located has the major portion of its territory;

(d) The governing board of any educational service center as long as the proposed school will be located in a county within the territory of the service center or in a county contiguous to such county;

(e) A sponsoring authority designated by the board of 93 trustees of any of the thirteen state universities listed in 94 section 3345.011 of the Revised Code or the board of trustees 95 itself as long as a mission of the proposed school to be specified 96 in the contract under division (A)(2) of section 3314.03 of the 97 Revised Code and as approved by the department of education under 98 division (B)(2) of section 3314.015 of the Revised Code will be 99 the practical demonstration of teaching methods, educational 100 technology, or other teaching practices that are included in the 101 curriculum of the university's teacher preparation program 102 approved by the state board of education; 103

(f) Any qualified tax-exempt entity under section 501(c)(3)
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of the Internal Revenue Code as long as all of the following
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conditions are satisfied:
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(i) The entity has been in operation for at least five years 107prior to applying to be a community school sponsor. 108

(ii) The entity has assets of at least five hundred thousanddollars.

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(iii) The department of education has determined that the
entity is an education-oriented entity under division (B)(3) of
section 3314.015 of the Revised Code.

Until July 1, 2005, any entity described in division 114 (C)(1)(f) of this section may sponsor only schools that formerly 115 were sponsored by the state board of education under division 116 (C)(1)(d) of this section, as it existed prior to the effective 117 date of this amendment April 8, 2003. After July 1, 2005, such 118 entity may sponsor any new or existing school. 119

Any entity described in division (C)(1) of this section may 120 enter into a preliminary agreement pursuant to division (C)(2) of 121 this section with the proposing person or group. 122

(2) A preliminary agreement indicates the intention of an 123 entity described in division (C)(1) of this section to sponsor the 124 community school. A proposing person or group that has such a 125 preliminary agreement may proceed to finalize plans for the 126 school, establish a governing authority as described in division 127 (E) of this section for the school, and negotiate a contract with 128 the entity. Provided the proposing person or group adheres to the 129 preliminary agreement and all provisions of this chapter, the 130 entity shall negotiate in good faith to enter into a contract in 131 accordance with section 3314.03 of the Revised Code. 132

(3) A new start-up school that is established in a school
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district while that district is either in a state of academic
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emergency or in a state of academic watch under section 3302.03 of
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the Revised Code may continue in existence once the school
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district is no longer in a state of academic emergency or academic
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watch, provided there is a valid contract between the school and a
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sponsor.

(4) A copy of every preliminary agreement entered into underthis division shall be filed with the superintendent of public141

(D) A majority vote of the board of a sponsoring entity and a 143 majority vote of the members of the governing authority of a 144 community school shall be required to adopt a contract and convert 145 the public school to a community school or establish the new 146 start-up school. Up to the statewide limit prescribed in section 147 3314.013 of the Revised Code, an unlimited number of community 148 schools may be established in any school district provided that a 149 contract is entered into for each community school pursuant to 150 this chapter. 151

(E) As used in this division, "immediate relatives" arelimited to spouses, children, parents, grandparents, siblings, and153in-laws.

Each new start-up community school established under this 155 chapter shall be under the direction of a governing authority 156 which shall consist of a board of not less than five individuals 157 who are not owners or employees, or immediate relatives of owners 158 or employees, of any for-profit firm that operates or manages a 159 school for the governing authority. 160

No person shall serve on the governing authority or operate 161 the community school under contract with the governing authority 162 so long as the person owes the state any money or is in a dispute 163 over whether the person owes the state any money concerning the 164 operation of a community school that has closed. 165

(F) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the
establishment of a community school in more than one school
district under the same contract.

Section 2. That existing section 3314.02 of the Revised Code 169 is hereby repealed.

Section 3. A school district or nonpublic school shall not be 171

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considered to have failed to comply with division (B) of section 172 3317.01 of the Revised Code or the state minimum standards during 173 the 2002-2003 school year because a school was closed due to 174 hazardous weather conditions for a number of days exceeding the 175 number permitted under sections 3313.48, 3313.481, and 3317.01 of 176 the Revised Code, if both of the following apply: 177

(A) In the case of a school district, the district makes up
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the number of days specified in its contingency plan adopted under
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division (A) of section 3313.482 of the Revised Code in accordance
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with that plan or, in the case of a nonpublic school, the school
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makes up the number of days specified in any contingency plan
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adopted by the school's governing authority in accordance with
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that plan;

(B) During the period beginning on March 1, 2003, the school
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was open for instruction for more hours than the required number
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of hours on a sufficient number of days to make up all remaining
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days a school was closed in excess of the number permitted by
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sections 3313.48, 3313.481, and 3317.01 of the Revised Code due to
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hazardous weather conditions.

As used in this section, the "required number of hours" for 191 any school district is five hours per day in the case of students 192 in grades one through six and five and one-half hours per day in 193 the case of students in grades seven through twelve, and for any 194 nonpublic school is five hours per day for students in grades one 195 through twelve. A public school or school district shall be deemed 196 to have "made up" a day under division (B) of this section for 197 each additional five hours its students in grades one through six 198 are in attendance after March 1, 2003, and for each additional 199 five and one-half hours its students in grades seven through 200 twelve are in attendance after March 1, 2003. A nonpublic school 201 shall be deemed to have "made up" a day under division (B) of this 202

section for each additional five hours its students in grades one203through twelve are in attendance after March 1, 2003.204

Section 4. Section 3314.02 of the Revised Code as amended by205this act takes effect on the later of April 8, 2003, or the206effective date of this act.207

Section 5. This act is hereby declared to be an emergency 208 measure necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 209 peace, health, and safety. The reason for such necessity lies in 210 the fact that immediate action is necessary to provide school 211 districts and nonpublic schools an alternative way to make up days 212 missed in the current school year due to hazardous weather 213 conditions in excess of the number permitted by law. Therefore, 214 this act shall go into immediate effect. 215