As Reported by the House Insurance Committee

125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

Sub. S. B. No. 187

Senators Nein, Robert Gardner, Armbruster, Schuler, Stivers, Mumper, Padgett, Spada Representatives D. Evans, G. Smith, Faber, Gibbs, Setzer, Martin, Sferra, Wolpert, Koziura, Daniels, Barrett

A BILL

То	amend sections 2505.02, 3915.02, 3915.073,	1
	3915.14, 3937.25, 3937.26, and 3937.27 and to	2
	enact sections 3937.28 and 3937.29 of the Revised	3
	Code to adopt a new formula for determining the	4
	minimum nonforfeiture value of an individual	5
	deferred annuity, to require insurance companies	6
	to obtain the Superintendent of Insurance's	7
	approval prior to deferring the payment of a cash	8
	surrender benefit, to prohibit the delivery or use	9
	of an annuity contract and its related	10
	endorsements for thirty days after the form of the	11
	contract or endorsement is filed with the	12
	Superintendent, unless earlier approved by the	13
	Superintendent, to allow immediate appeals of	14
	final orders of courts pertaining to the	15
	constitutionality of provisions of Am. Sub. S.B.	16
	281 of the 124th General Assembly, and to	17
	differentiate provisions for the cancellation,	18
	termination, and nonrenewal of policies of medical	19
	malpractice insurance from those provisions	20
	regulating other policies of insurance, and to	21

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amend the version of section 3915.073 of the	22
Revised Code as results from this act two years	23
after the act's effective date.	24

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2505.02, 3915.02, 3915.073, 3915.14,253937.25, 3937.26, and 3937.27 be amended and sections 3937.28 and263937.29 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:27

Sec. 2505.02. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Substantial right" means a right that the United States
Constitution, the Ohio Constitution, a statute, the common law, or
a rule of procedure entitles a person to enforce or protect.
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(2) "Special proceeding" means an action or proceeding that
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is specially created by statute and that prior to 1853 was not
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denoted as an action at law or a suit in equity.
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(3) "Provisional remedy" means a proceeding ancillary to an
action, including, but not limited to, a proceeding for a
preliminary injunction, attachment, discovery of privileged
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matter, or suppression of evidence.

(B) An order is a final order that may be reviewed, affirmed, 39modified, or reversed, with or without retrial, when it is one of 40the following: 41

(1) An order that affects a substantial right in an action42that in effect determines the action and prevents a judgment;43

(2) An order that affects a substantial right made in a
special proceeding or upon a summary application in an action
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after judgment;

(3) An order that vacates or sets aside a judgment or grants 47

a new trial; 48 (4) An order that grants or denies a provisional remedy and 49 to which both of the following apply: 50 (a) The order in effect determines the action with respect to 51 the provisional remedy and prevents a judgment in the action in 52 favor of the appealing party with respect to the provisional 53 remedy. 54 (b) The appealing party would not be afforded a meaningful or 55 effective remedy by an appeal following final judgment as to all 56 proceedings, issues, claims, and parties in the action. 57 (5) An order that determines that an action may or may not be 58 59 maintained as a class action; (6) An order determining the constitutionality of any changes 60 to the Revised Code made by Am. Sub. S.B. 281 of the 124th general 61 assembly, including the amendment of sections 1751.67, 2117.06, 62 <u>2305.11, 2305.15, 2305.234, 2317.02, 2317.54, 2323.56, 2711.21,</u> 63 2711.22, 2711.23, 2711.24, 2743.02, 2743.43, 2919.16, 3923.63, 64

3923.64, 3929.71, 4705.15, and 5111.018, and the enactment of 65 sections 2305.113, 2323.41, 2323.43, and 2323.55 of the Revised 66 Code. 67

(C) When a court issues an order that vacates or sets aside a judgment or grants a new trial, the court, upon the request of either party, shall state in the order the grounds upon which the new trial is granted or the judgment vacated or set aside.

(D) This section applies to and governs any action, including 72 an appeal, that is pending in any court on the effective date of 73 this amendment July 22, 1998, and all claims filed or actions 74 commenced on or after the effective date of this amendment July 75 22, 1998, notwithstanding any provision of any prior statute or 76 rule of law of this state. 77

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Sec. 3915.02. This chapter does not apply to annuities except 78 as provided in sections 3915.051, 3915.073, <u>3915.14,</u> and 3915.21 79 to 3915.24 of the Revised Code, industrial policies except as 80 provided in sections 3915.07 and 3915.071 of the Revised Code, 81 fraternal benefit societies, corporations or associations 82 operating on the assessment plan, or corporations or associations 83 which have been organized under sections 3919.01 to 3919.19 of the 84 Revised Code, except corporations and associations which, as of 85 September 28, 1933, have amended their articles of incorporation 86 under section 3919.13 of the Revised Code. 87

sec. 3915.073. (A) This section shall be known as the 88
standard nonforfeiture law for individual deferred annuities. 89

(B) This section does not apply to any reinsurance, group 90 annuity purchased under a retirement plan or plan of deferred 91 compensation established or maintained by an employer, including a 92 partnership or sole proprietorship, or by an employee 93 organization, or by both, other than a plan providing individual 94 retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under 95 section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, 26 U.S.C.A. 408, 96 as amended, premium deposit fund, variable annuity, investment 97 annuity, immediate annuity, any deferred annuity contract after 98 annuity payments have commenced, or reversionary annuity, nor to 99 any contract which is delivered outside this state through an 100 agent or other representative of the company issuing the contract. 101

(C) In the case of contracts issued on or after the operative 102 date of this section as defined in division (L)(M) of this 103 section, no contract of annuity, except as stated in division (B) 104 of this section, shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this 105 state unless it the contract contains in substance the following 106 provisions, or corresponding provisions that in the opinion of the 107

superintendent of insuranceare at least as favorable to the108contractholder, uponcontract owners, relative to thecessation of109payment of consideration under the contract:110

(1) That upon cessation of payment of considerations under a 111
contract, or upon the written request of the contract owner, the 112
company will shall grant a paid-up annuity benefit on a plan 113
stipulated in the contract of such value as is specified in 114
divisions (E), (F), (G), (H), and (J) of this section; 115

(2) If a contract provides for a lump sum settlement at 116 maturity, or at any other time, that upon surrender of the 117 contract at or prior to the commencement of any annuity payments, 118 the company will shall pay in lieu of any paid-up annuity benefit 119 a cash surrender benefit of such amount as is specified in 120 divisions (E), (F), (H), and (J) of this section. The company 121 shall may reserve the right to defer the payment of such cash 122 surrender benefit for a period of <u>not to exceed</u> six months after 123 demand therefor with surrender of the contract. The deferral is 124 contingent upon the company's conveyance of a written request for 125 the deferral to the superintendent and the company's receipt of 126 written approval from the superintendent for the deferral. The 127 request shall address the necessity and equitability to all 128 contract owners of the deferral; 129

(3) A statement of the mortality table, if any, and interest
rates used in calculating any minimum paid-up annuity, cash
surrender, or death benefits that are guaranteed under the
contract, together with sufficient information to determine the
amounts of such benefits;

(4) A statement that any paid-up annuity, cash surrender, or
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death benefits that may be available under the contract are not
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less than the minimum benefits required by any statute of the
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state in which the contract is delivered and an explanation of the
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manner in which such benefits are altered by the existence of any
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additional amounts credited by the company to the contract, any 140 indebtedness to the company on the contract, or any prior 141 withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the contract. 142

Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, any 143 deferred annuity contract may provide that if no considerations 144 have been received under a contract for a period of two full years 145 and the portion of the paid-up annuity benefit at maturity on the 146 plan stipulated in the contract arising from considerations paid 147 prior to such period would be less than twenty dollars monthly, 148 the company may at its option terminate such contract by payment 149 in cash of the then present value of such portion of the paid-up 150 annuity benefit, calculated on the basis of the mortality table, 151 if any, and interest rate specified in the contract for 152 determining the paid-up annuity benefit, and by such payment shall 153 be relieved of any further obligation under such contract. 154

(D) The minimum values as specified in divisions (E), (F), 155
(G), (H), and (J) of this section of any paid-up annuity, cash 156
surrender, or death benefits available under an annuity contract 157
shall be based upon minimum nonforfeiture amounts as defined in 158
divisions (D)(1), (2), and (3) or divisions (D)(4), (5), (6), and 159
(7) of this section. 160

(1) With respect to contracts providing for flexible
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considerations, the minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or
prior to the commencement of any annuity payments shall be equal
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to an accumulation up to such time at a rate of interest of three
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<u>one and one-half</u> per cent per annum of percentages of the net
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considerations, as defined in <u>division (D)(1) of</u> this section,
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paid prior to such time, decreased by the sum of:

(a) Any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the
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 contract accumulated at a rate of interest of three one and
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 <u>one-half</u> per cent per annum; and
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(b) The amount of any indebtedness to the company on the
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contract, including interest due and accrued; and increased by any
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existing additional amounts credited by the company to the
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contract.

The net considerations for a given contract year used to 175 define the minimum nonforfeiture amount shall be an amount not 176 less than zero and shall be equal to the corresponding gross 177 considerations credited to the contract during that contract year 178 less an annual contract charge of thirty dollars and less a 179 collection charge of one dollar and twenty-five cents per 180 consideration credited to the contract during that contract year. 181 The percentages of net considerations shall be sixty-five per cent 182 of the net consideration for the first contract year and 183 eighty-seven and one-half per cent of the net considerations for 184 the second and later contract years. Notwithstanding the 185 provisions of the preceding sentence, the percentage shall be 186 sixty-five per cent of the portion of the total net consideration 187 for any renewal contract year that exceeds by not more than two 188 times the sum of those portions of the net considerations in all 189 prior contract years for which the percentage was sixty-five per 190 cent. 191

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, for any192contract issued on or after the effective date of this amendment,193and before September 1, 2004, the interest rate at which net194considerations, partial withdrawals, and partial surrenders shall195be accumulated for purposes of determining minimum nonforfeiture196amounts shall be one and one-half per cent per annum.197

(2) With respect to contracts providing for fixed scheduled
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 considerations, minimum nonforfeiture amounts shall be calculated
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 on the assumption that considerations are paid annually in advance
 and shall be defined as for contracts with flexible considerations
 which are paid annually with two exceptions:

(a) The portion of the net consideration for the first	203
contract year to be accumulated shall be the sum of sixty-five per	204
cent of the net consideration for the first contract year plus	205
twenty-two and one-half per cent of the excess of the net	206
consideration for the first contract year over the lesser of the	207
net considerations for the second and third contract years;	208
(b) The annual contract charge shall be the lesser of (i)	209
thirty dollars or (ii) ten per cent of the gross annual	210
consideration.	211
(3) With respect to contracts providing for a single	212
consideration, minimum nonforfeiture amounts shall be defined as	213
for contracts with flexible considerations except that the	214
percentage of net consideration used to determine the minimum	215
nonforfeiture amount shall be equal to ninety per cent and the net	216
consideration shall be the gross consideration less a contract	217
charge of seventy-five dollars.	218
(4)(a) The minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or	219
prior to the commencement of any annuity payments shall be equal	220
to an accumulation up to such time at rates of interest determined	221
in accordance with division (D)(5) of this section of the net	222
considerations, determined in accordance with division (D)(4)(b)	223
of this section, paid prior to such time, decreased by the sum of:	224
(i) Any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the	225
contract, accumulated at rates of interest determined in	226
accordance with division (D)(5) of this section;	227
(ii) An annual contract charge of fifty dollars, accumulated	228
at rates of interest determined in accordance with division (D)(5)	229
of this section;	230
(iii) Any premium tax paid by the company for the contract,	231
accumulated at rates of interest determined in accordance with	232
division (D)(5) of this section;	233

(iv) The amount of any indebtedness to the company on the	234
contract, including interest due and accrued.	235
(b) The net considerations for a given contract year used to	236
define the minimum nonforfeiture amount shall be an amount equal	237
to eighty-seven and one-half per cent of the gross considerations	238
credited to the contract during that contract year.	239
(5)(a) The interest rate used in determining minimum	240
nonforfeiture amounts under divisions (D)(4) to (D)(7) of this	241
section shall be an annual rate of interest determined as the	242
lesser of three per cent per annum or the following, which shall	243
be specified in the contract if the interest rate will be reset:	244
(i) The five-year constant maturity treasury rate reported by	245
the federal reserve as of a date or an average over a period,	246
rounded to the nearest one-twentieth of one per cent, specified in	247
the contract, no longer than fifteen months prior to the contract	248
issue date or the redetermination date specified in division	249
(D)(5)(b) of this section;	250
(ii) Reduced by one hundred twenty-five basis points;	251
(iii) Where the resulting interest rate shall not be less	252
than one per cent.	253
(b) The interest rate determined under division (D)(5)(a) of	254
this section shall apply for an initial period and may be	255
redetermined for additional periods. The redetermination date,	256
basis and period, if any, shall be stated in the contract. The	257
basis is the date or average over a specified period that produces	258
the value of the five-year constant maturity treasury rate to be	259
used at each redetermination date.	260
(6) During the period or term that a contract provides	261
substantive participation in an equity-indexed benefit, the	262
contract may provide for an increase in the reduction described in	263

division (D)(5)(a)(ii) of this section by a maximum of one hundred	264
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basis points to reflect the value of the equity-indexed benefit.	
The present value at the contract issue date, and at each	266
redetermination date thereafter, of the additional reduction shall	267
not exceed the market value of the benefit. The superintendent may	268
require a demonstration that the present value of the additional	269
reduction does not exceed the market value of the benefit. If the	270
demonstration is not acceptable to the superintendent, the	271
superintendent may disallow or limit the additional reduction.	272
(7) The superintendent may adopt rules to implement division	273

(D)(6) of this section and to provide for further adjustments to274the calculation of minimum nonforfeiture amounts for contracts275that provide substantive participation in an equity-indexed276benefit and for other contracts for which the superintendent277determines adjustments are justified.278

(E) Any paid-up annuity benefit available under a contract 279 shall be such that its present value on the date annuity payments 280 are to commence is at least equal to the minimum nonforfeiture 281 amount on that date. Such present value shall be computed using 282 the mortality table, if any, and the interest rate specified in 283 the contract for determining the minimum paid-up annuity benefits 284 guaranteed in the contract. 279

(F) For contracts which provide cash surrender benefits, such 286 cash surrender benefits available prior to maturity shall not be 287 less than the present value as of the date of surrender of that 288 portion of the maturity value of the paid-up annuity benefit that 289 would be provided under the contract at maturity arising from 290 considerations paid prior to the time of cash surrender reduced by 291 the amount appropriate to reflect any prior withdrawals from or 292 partial surrenders of the contract, such present value being 293 calculated on the basis of an interest rate not more than one per 294 cent higher than the interest rate specified in the contract for 295

accumulating the net considerations to determine such maturity 296 value, decreased by the amount of any indebtedness to the company 297 on the contract, including interest due and accrued, and increased 298 by any existing additional amounts credited by the company to the 299 contract. In no event shall any cash surrender benefit be less 300 than the minimum nonforfeiture amount at that time. The death 301 benefit under such contracts shall be at least equal to the cash 302 surrender benefit. 303

(G) For contracts that do not provide cash surrender 304 benefits, the present value of any paid-up annuity benefit 305 available as a nonforfeiture option at any time prior to maturity 306 shall not be less than the present value of that portion of the 307 maturity value of the paid-up annuity benefit provided under the 308 contract arising from considerations paid prior to the time the 309 contract is surrendered in exchange for, or changed to, a deferred 310 paid-up annuity, such present value being calculated for the 311 period prior to the maturity date on the basis of the interest 312 rate specified in the contract for accumulating the net 313 considerations to determine such maturity value, and increased by 314 any existing additional amounts credited by the company to the 315 contract. For contracts that do not provide any death benefits 316 prior to the commencement of any annuity payments, such present 317 values shall be calculated on the basis of such interest rate and 318 the mortality table specified in the contract for determining the 319 maturity value of the paid-up annuity benefit. However, in no 320 event shall the present value of a paid-up annuity benefit be less 321 than the minimum nonforfeiture amount at that time. 322

(H) For the purpose of determining the benefits calculated
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under divisions (F) and (G) of this section, in the case of
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annuity contracts under which an election may be made to have
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annuity payments commence at optional maturity dates, the maturity
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date shall be deemed to be the latest date for which election
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shall be permitted by the contract, but shall not be deemed to be328later than the anniversary of the contract next following the329annuitant's seventieth birthday or the tenth anniversary of the330contract, whichever is later.331

(I) Any contract that does not provide cash surrender
benefits or does not provide death benefits at least equal to the
minimum nonforfeiture amount prior to the commencement of any
annuity payments shall include a statement in a prominent place in
the contract that such benefits are not provided.

(J) Any paid-up annuity, cash surrender, or death benefits
 available at any time, other than on the contract anniversary
 under any contract with fixed scheduled considerations, shall be
 calculated with allowance for the lapse of time and the payment of
 any scheduled considerations beyond the beginning of the contract
 year in which cessation of payment of considerations under the
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(K) For any contract that provides, within the same contract 344 by rider or supplemental contract provision, both annuity benefits 345 and life insurance benefits that are in excess of the greater of 346 cash surrender benefits or a return of the gross considerations 347 with interest, the minimum nonforfeiture benefit shall be equal to 348 the sum of the minimum nonforfeiture benefits for the annuity 349 portion and the minimum nonforfeiture benefits, if any, for the 350 life insurance portion computed as if each portion were a separate 351 contract. Notwithstanding the provisions of divisions (E), (F), 352 (G), (H), and (J) of this section, additional benefits payable: 353

(1) In the event of total and permanent disability; 354

(2) As reversionary annuity or deferred reversionary annuity 355benefits; or 356

(3) As other policy benefits additional to life insurance, 357endowment and annuity benefits, and considerations for all such 358

additional benefits shall be disregarded in ascertaining the359minimum nonforfeiture amounts, paid-up annuity, cash surrender,360and death benefits that may be required by this section.361

The inclusion of such additional benefits shall not be 362 required in any paid-up benefits, unless such additional benefits 363 separately would require minimum nonforfeiture amounts, paid-up 364 annuity, cash surrender, and death benefits. 365

(L) Any company may file with the superintendent a written 366 notice of its election to comply with the provisions of this 367 section on or before July 1, 1980. The date specified in the 368 notice shall be the operative date of this section for such 369 company. If a company makes no such election, the operative date 370 of this section for the company shall be July 1, 1980. The 371 superintendent may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of 372 the Revised Code to implement this section. 373

(M) Before the second anniversary of the effective date of374this amendment, a company may elect to apply this section to375annuity contracts on a contract-form-by-contract-form basis by376using either divisions (D)(1), (2), and (3) or divisions (D)(4),377(5), (6), and (7) of this section. Divisions (D)(1), (2), and (3)378of this section shall be repealed on the second anniversary date379of the effective date of this amendment.380

sec. 3915.14. (A) No policy of life insurance, nor any 381 indorsement, rider, or application which becomes or is designed to 382 become a part of any such policy, shall be delivered, issued for 383 delivery, or used in this state, or be issued by a life insurance 384 company organized under the laws of this state, until thirty days 385 after the form of said policy, indorsement, rider, or application 386 has been filed with the superintendent of insurance, unless within 387 such that time the superintendent gives the insurer insurance 388 company written approval for the use of such the form. When 389

(B) No individual or group annuity policy or contract,	390
including, but not limited to, a guaranteed investment contract,	391
deposit administration contract, funding agreement, structured	392
settlement agreement, or similar types, excluding those required	393
to be filed with the superintendent pursuant to section 3911.011	394
of the Revised Code, and no certificate, endorsement, rider, or	395
application which becomes or is designed to become a part of any	396
such policy, contract, or agreement, shall be delivered, issued	397
for delivery, or used in this state, or be issued by a life	398
insurance company organized under the laws of this state, until	399
thirty days after the form of said policy, contract, agreement,	400
certificate, endorsement, rider, or application has been filed	401
with the superintendent, unless within that time the	402
superintendent gives the insurance company written approval for	403
the use of the form.	404
(C) When the superintendent finds within such thirty-day	405
period that the form filed contains any language which <u>that</u> is	406
prohibited by any law of this state, including any rule of the	407
superintendent, or is inconsistent, ambiguous, misleading,	408
deceptive, or likely to mislead an applicant or policyholder, he	409
the superintendent shall give written notice of such finding to	410
any insurer which <u>the insurance company that</u> filed such <u>the</u> form,	411
and thereafter it <u>the insurance company</u> shall not deliver, issue	412
for delivery, or use such <u>the</u> form.	413

The superintendent's action is subject to review by any court 414 of competent jursdiction jurisdiction, subject to Chapter 119. of 415 the Revised Code. 416

Sec. 3937.25. (A) As used in sections 3937.25 to 3937.29 of417the Revised Code, "medical malpractice insurance" means insurance418coverage against the legal liability of the insured for loss,419damage, or expense arising from a medical, optometric, or420

chiropractic claim, as those claims are defined in section	421
2305.113 of the Revised Code.	422
(B) After a policy of commercial property insurance,	423
commercial fire insurance, or commercial casualty insurance other	424
than fidelity or surety bonds <u>, medical malpractice insurance,</u> and	425
automobile insurance as defined in section 3937.30 of the Revised	426
Code <u>,</u> has been in effect for more than ninety days, a notice of	427
cancellation for such policy shall not be issued by any licensed	428
insurer unless it is based on one of the following grounds:	429
(1) Nonpayment of premium;	430
(2) Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation in the	431
procurement of the insurance or with respect to any claims	432
submitted thereunder;	433
(3) Discovery of a moral hazard or willful or reckless acts	434
or omissions on the part of the named insured that increase any	435
hazard insured against;	436
(4) The occurrence of a change in the individual risk which	437
substantially increases any hazard insured against after insurance	438
coverage has been issued or renewed, except to the extent the	439
insurer reasonably should have foreseen the change or contemplated	440
the risk in writing the contract;	441
(5) Loss of applicable reinsurance or a substantial decrease	442
in applicable reinsurance, if the superintendent has determined	443
that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent the loss of, or	444
substantial decrease in, the applicable reinsurance, or to obtain	445
replacement coverage;	446
(6) Failure of an insured to correct material violations of	447
safety codes or to comply with reasonable written loss control	448
recommendations;	449

(7) A determination by the superintendent of insurance that 450

the continuation of the policy would create a condition that would	451
be hazardous to the policyholders or the public.	452
$\frac{(B)}{(C)}$ The notice of cancellation required by this section	453
must be in writing, be mailed to the insured at his <u>the insured's</u>	454
last known address, and contain all of the following:	455
(1) The policy number;	456
(2) The date of the notice;	457
(3) The effective date of the cancellation;	458
(4) An explanation of the reason for cancellation.	459
Such notice of cancellation also shall be mailed to the	460
insured's agent.	461
$\frac{(C)}{(D)}$ Except for nonpayment of premium, the effective date	462
of cancellation must be no less than thirty days from the date of	463
mailing the notice. When cancellation is for nonpayment of	464
premium, the effective date of cancellation must be no less than	465
ten days from the date of mailing the notice.	466
(D)(E) Nothing in division $(A)(B)$ of this section shall be	467
construed to prevent an insurer from writing a policy of	468
commercial property insurance, commercial fire insurance, or	469
commercial casualty insurance other than medical malpractice	470
insurance and automobile insurance as defined in section 3937.30	471
of the Revised Code for a period greater than one year and	472
providing in such policy that the insurer may issue a notice of	473
cancellation of such policy at least thirty days prior to an	474
anniversary of such policy, with the effective date of	475
cancellation being that anniversary.	476
The superintendent may prescribe that adequate disclosure be	477
made to the insured when a policy is issued for a term of more	478
than one year.	479

(E)(F) There is no liability on the part of, and no cause of 480

action of any nature arises against, the superintendent of 481 insurance, any insurer, or any person furnishing information 482 requested by the superintendent, an insurer, the agent, employee, 483 attorney, or other authorized representative of any such persons, 484 for any oral or written statement made to supply information 485 relevant to a determination on cancellation of any policy of 486 commercial property insurance, commercial fire insurance, or 487 commercial casualty insurance other than fidelity or surety bonds_ 488 medical malpractice insurance, and automobile insurance as defined 489 in section 3937.30 of the Revised Code, or in connection with 490 advising an insured or his an insured's attorney of the reasons 491 for a cancellation of such insurance, or in connection with any 492 administrative or judicial proceeding arising out of or related to 493 such cancellation. 494

Sec. 3937.26. (A) An insurer may refuse to renew a policy of 495 commercial property insurance, commercial fire insurance, or 496 commercial casualty insurance other than fidelity or surety bonds, 497 medical malpractice insurance, and automobile insurance as defined 498 in section 3937.30 of the Revised Code, by mailing to the insured, 499 at his the insured's last known address, at least thirty days 500 prior to the date of the expiration date of the policy, a notice 501 502 of the insurer's intention not to renew the policy.

Such notice shall contain all of the following:

- (1) The policy number;
- (2) The date of the notice;

(3) The expiration date of the policy. 506

Such notice of nonrenewal also shall be mailed to the 507 insured's agent. 508

(B) If the notice of nonrenewal is mailed less than thirtydays before the expiration date of the policy, the insured's510

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coverage then in effect remains in effect until thirty days after 511 the date of mailing the notice, unless the insured notifies the 512 insurer in writing that he the insured accepts the nonrenewal as 513 stated. The insurer shall notify the insured of the amount of the 514 premium for the time after the expiration date that the coverage 515 may remain in effect, and the insured shall pay such premium 516 unless he the insured accepts the stated nonrenewal. The premium 517 must be calculated using the rates originally applicable to the 518 insured's coverage then in effect. 519

sec. 3937.27. (A) An insurer who intends to condition renewal 520 of a policy of commercial property insurance, commercial fire 521 insurance, or commercial casualty insurance other than fidelity 522 and surety bonds, medical malpractice insurance, and automobile 523 insurance as defined in section 3937.30 of the Revised Code, upon 524 a substantial increase in premium shall mail a notice of such 525 intention to the agent of record and to the insured, at his the 526 insured's last known address, at least thirty days prior to the 527 expiration date of the policy. 528

(B) If the notice is mailed less than thirty days before the 529 expiration date of the policy, the insured's coverage then in 530 effect remains in effect until thirty days after the date of 531 mailing the notice. The insurer shall notify the insured of the 532 amount of the premium for the time after the expiration date that 533 the existing coverage may remain in effect, and the insured shall 534 pay such premium unless he the insured notifies the insurer in 535 writing that he the insured does not want his the coverage then in 536 effect to be extended past the expiration date. The premium must 537 be calculated using the rates originally applicable to the 538 insured's coverage then in effect. 539

If the insured accepts the increased premium, such change is 540 effective immediately following the expiration of the insured's 541 coverage then in effect.

Sec. 3937.28. (A) A notice of cancellation of a policy of	543
medical malpractice insurance shall not be issued by any licensed	544
insurer unless it is based on one of the following grounds:	545
(1) Nonpayment of premium;	546
(2) Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation in the	547
procurement of the insurance or with respect to any claims	548
submitted thereunder;	549
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(3) Discovery of a moral hazard or willful or reckless acts	550
or omissions on the part of the named insured that increase any	551
hazard insured against;	552
(4) The occurrence of a change in the individual risk that	553
substantially increases any hazard insured against after insurance	554
coverage has been issued or renewed, except to the extent the	555
insurer reasonably should have foreseen the change or contemplated	556
the risk in writing the contract;	557
(5) Loss of applicable reinsurance or a substantial decrease	558
in applicable reinsurance, if the superintendent of insurance has	559
determined that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent the	560
loss of, or substantial decrease in, the applicable reinsurance,	561
<u>or to obtain replacement coverage;</u>	562
(6) Failure of an insured to correct material violations of	563
safety codes or to comply with reasonable written loss control	564
recommendations;	565
(7) A determination by the superintendent that the	566
continuation of the policy would create a condition that would be	567
hazardous to the policyholders or the public.	568
(B) The notice of cancellation required by this section shall	569
be in writing, be mailed both to the insured at the insured's last	570
known address and to the insured's agent, and contain all of the	571

<u>following:</u>	572
(1) The policy number;	573
(2) The date of the notice;	574
(3) The effective date of the cancellation;	575
(4) An explanation of the grounds for cancellation.	576
(C) Except when cancellation is for nonpayment of premium,	577
the effective date of cancellation shall be not less than sixty	578
days from the date of mailing the notice. When cancellation is for	579
nonpayment of premium, the effective date of cancellation shall be	580
not less than ten days from the date of mailing the notice.	581
(D) Nothing in division (A) of this section shall be	582
construed to prevent an insurer from writing a policy of medical	583
malpractice insurance for a period greater than one year and	584
providing in such policy that the insurer may issue a notice of	585
cancellation of such policy at least sixty days prior to an	586
anniversary of such policy, with the effective date of	587
cancellation being that anniversary.	588
The superintendent may prescribe that adequate disclosure be	589
made to the insured when a policy is issued for a term of more	590
than one year.	591
(E) There is no liability on the part of, and no cause of	592
action of any nature arises against, the superintendent, any	593
insurer, or any person furnishing information requested by the	594
superintendent or an insurer, or the agent, employee, attorney or	595
other authorized representative of any such persons, for any oral	596
or written statement made to supply information relevant to a	597
determination on cancellation of any policy of medical malpractice	598
insurance, or in connection with advising an insured or the	599
insured's attorney of the grounds for a cancellation of such	600
insurance, or in connection with any administrative or judicial	601

proceeding arising out of or related to such cancellation.

Sec. 3937.29. (A) An insurer that intends to cancel,	603
terminate, or otherwise not renew all policies of medical	604
malpractice insurance that it has issued to any class, type, or	605
specialty of practitioner, or that intends to cancel, terminate,	606
or otherwise not renew all policies of medical malpractice	607
insurance in a specific geographic area, which may include the	608
state as a whole, shall file written notice of its intended action	609
with the superintendent of insurance. These actions by an insurer	610
are not effective unless the written notice is filed with the	611
superintendent within the following time frames:	612

(1) At least one hundred eighty days prior to the insurer613acting to cancel, terminate, or otherwise not renew all policies614of medical malpractice insurance that the insurer has issued in615this state;616

(2) At least one hundred twenty days prior to the insurer617acting to cancel, terminate, or otherwise not renew all policies618of medical malpractice insurance for a specific class, type, or619specialty of practitioner or in a specific geographic area other620than this state as a whole.621

Written notice also shall be filed with the superintendent at622least one hundred twenty days prior to the insurer making changes623in its underwriting guidelines, if the effect of the changes will624be to cancel, terminate, or otherwise not renew all policies of625medical malpractice insurance for a specific class, type, or626specialty of practitioner or in a specific geographic area other627than this state as a whole.628

(B) The written notice filed with the superintendent under629division (A) of this section shall contain all of the following630information:631

(1) The date of the notice;	632
(2) The number of insureds with policies that will be	633
cancelled, terminated, or not renewed;	634
(3) The date that the insurer intends to cancel, terminate,	635
or otherwise not renew all policies of medical malpractice	636
insurance that the insurer has issued to any class, type, or	637
specialty of practitioner, or that the insurer intends to cancel,	638
terminate, or otherwise not renew all policies of medical	639
malpractice insurance in a specific geographic area, including the	640
<u>state as a whole;</u>	641
(4) The specific geographic area, if any;	642
(5) Any other information required by the superintendent.	643
(C) An insurer that intends to condition renewal of a policy	644
of medical malpractice insurance upon an increase in premium shall	645
mail a notice of the insurer's intention to the agent of record	646
and to the insured at the insured's last known address at least	647
sixty days prior to the expiration date of the policy.	648
(D) An insurer may refuse to renew a policy of medical	649
malpractice insurance by mailing a notice of the insurer's	650
intention to the agent of record and to the insured at the	651
insured's last known address at least sixty days prior to the	652
expiration date of the policy. The notice mailed under this	653
division shall contain all of the following information:	654
(1) The policy number;	655
(2) The date of the notice;	656
(3) The expiration date of the policy;	657
(4) An explanation of the grounds for nonrenewal.	658
(E) If the notice required by divisions (C) and (D) of this	659
section is mailed less than sixty days before the expiration date	660

of the policy, the insured's coverage then in effect remains in	661
effect until sixty days after the date of mailing the notice	662
unless either of the following is true:	663
(1) In the case of a premium increase, the insured accepts	664
the increased premium. The change is then effective immediately	665
following the expiration of the insured's coverage then in effect.	666
(2) In the case of nonrenewal, the insured notifies the	667
insurer in writing that the insured accepts the nonrenewal as	668
stated.	669
(F) If the insured's coverage is extended beyond the original	670
expiration date of the policy as provided by division (E) of this	671
section, the premium for the time after the original expiration	672
date must be calculated using the rates originally applicable to	673
the insured's coverage then in effect. The insurer shall notify	674
the insured of the amount of the premium for the time after the	675
expiration of the insured's coverage then in effect. The insured	676
shall pay the premium unless either of the following is true:	677
(1) In the case of a premium increase, the insured notifies	678
the insurer in writing that the insured does not want the coverage	679
then in effect to be extended past the expiration date.	680
(2) In the case of nonrenewal, the insured notifies the	681
insurer in writing that the insured accepts the nonrenewal as	682
stated.	683
Section 2. That existing sections 2505.02, 3915.02, 3915.073,	684
3915.14, 3937.25, 3937.26, and 3937.27 of the Revised Code are	685
hereby repealed.	686
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Section 3. That section 3915.073 of the Revised Code as it 687 results from Section 1 of this act be amended to read as follows: 688

Sec. 3915.073. (A) This section shall be known as the 689 standard nonforfeiture law for individual deferred annuities. 690

(B) This section does not apply to any reinsurance, group 691 annuity purchased under a retirement plan or plan of deferred 692 compensation established or maintained by an employer, including a 693 partnership or sole proprietorship, or by an employee 694 organization, or by both, other than a plan providing individual 695 retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under 696 section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, 26 U.S.C.A. 408, 697 as amended, premium deposit fund, variable annuity, investment 698 annuity, immediate annuity, any deferred annuity contract after 699 annuity payments have commenced, or reversionary annuity, nor to 700 any contract which is delivered outside this state through an 701 agent or other representative of the company issuing the contract. 702

(C) In the case of contracts issued on or after the operative 703 date of this section as defined in division (M) of this section, 704 no No contract of annuity, except as stated in division (B) of 705 this section, shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this 706 state unless the contract contains in substance the following 707 provisions, or corresponding provisions that in the opinion of the 708 superintendent of insurance are at least as favorable to the 709 contract owners, relative to the cessation of payment of 710 consideration under the contract: 711

(1) That upon cessation of payment of considerations under a 712
contract, or upon the written request of the contract owner, the 713
company shall grant a paid-up annuity benefit on a plan stipulated 714
in the contract of such value as is specified in divisions (E), 715
(F), (G), (H), and (J) of this section; 716

(2) If a contract provides for a lump sum settlement at
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maturity, or at any other time, that upon surrender of the
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contract at or prior to the commencement of any annuity payments,
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the company shall pay in lieu of any paid-up annuity benefit a 720 cash surrender benefit of such amount as is specified in divisions 721 (E), (F), (H), and (J) of this section. The company may reserve 722 the right to defer the payment of such cash surrender benefit for 723 a period not to exceed six months after demand therefor with 724 surrender of the contract. The deferral is contingent upon the 725 company's conveyance of a written request for the deferral to the 726 superintendent and the company's receipt of written approval from 727 the superintendent for the deferral. The request shall address the 728 necessity and equitability to all contract owners of the deferral; 729

(3) A statement of the mortality table, if any, and interest
rates used in calculating any minimum paid-up annuity, cash
surrender, or death benefits that are guaranteed under the
contract, together with sufficient information to determine the
amounts of such benefits;
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(4) A statement that any paid-up annuity, cash surrender, or 735 death benefits that may be available under the contract are not 736 less than the minimum benefits required by any statute of the 737 state in which the contract is delivered and an explanation of the 738 manner in which such benefits are altered by the existence of any 739 additional amounts credited by the company to the contract, any 740 indebtedness to the company on the contract, or any prior 741 withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the contract. 742

Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, any 743 deferred annuity contract may provide that if no considerations 744 have been received under a contract for a period of two full years 745 and the portion of the paid-up annuity benefit at maturity on the 746 plan stipulated in the contract arising from considerations paid 747 prior to such period would be less than twenty dollars monthly, 748 the company may at its option terminate such contract by payment 749 in cash of the then present value of such portion of the paid-up 750 annuity benefit, calculated on the basis of the mortality table, 751

if any, and interest rate specified in the contract for752determining the paid-up annuity benefit, and by such payment shall753be relieved of any further obligation under such contract.754

(D) The minimum values as specified in divisions (E), (F), 755
(G), (H), and (J) of this section of any paid-up annuity, cash 756
surrender, or death benefits available under an annuity contract 757
shall be based upon minimum nonforfeiture amounts as defined in 758
divisions (D)(1), (2), and (3) or divisions (D)(4), (5), (6), and 759
(7) of this section division. 760

(1) With respect to contracts providing for flexible 761

 considerations, the minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or 762

 prior to the commencement of any annuity payments shall be equal 763

 to an accumulation up to such time at a rate of interest of one 764

 and one-half per cent per annum of percentages of the net 765

 considerations, as defined in division (D)(1) of this section, 766

 paid prior to such time, decreased by the sum of: 767

(a) Any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the768contract accumulated at a rate of interest of one and one half per769cent per annum;770

(b) The amount of any indebtedness to the company on the 771

 contract, including interest due and accrued; and increased by any 772

 existing additional amounts credited by the company to the 773

 contract.

The net considerations for a given contract year used to 775 define the minimum nonforfeiture amount shall be an amount not 776 less than zero and shall be equal to the corresponding gross 777 778 considerations credited to the contract during that contract year less an annual contract charge of thirty dollars and less a 779 collection charge of one dollar and twenty five cents per 780 consideration credited to the contract during that contract year. 781 The percentages of net considerations shall be sixty five per cent 782

of the net consideration for the first contract year and	103
eighty seven and one half per cent of the net considerations for	784
the second and later contract years. Notwithstanding the	785
provisions of the preceding sentence, the percentage shall be	786
sixty five per cent of the portion of the total net consideration	787
for any renewal contract year that exceeds by not more than two	788
times the sum of those portions of the net considerations in all	789
prior contract years for which the percentage was sixty five per	790
cent.	791

(2) With respect to contracts providing for fixed scheduled
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 considerations, minimum nonforfeiture amounts shall be calculated
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 on the assumption that considerations are paid annually in advance
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 and shall be defined as for contracts with flexible considerations
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 which are paid annually with two exceptions:

(a) The portion of the net consideration for the first
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contract year to be accumulated shall be the sum of sixty-five per
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cent of the net consideration for the first contract year plus
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twenty two and one half per cent of the excess of the net
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consideration for the first contract year over the lesser of the
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net considerations for the second and third contract years;
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(b) The annual contract charge shall be the lesser of (i)803thirty dollars or (ii) ten per cent of the gross annual804consideration.805

(3) With respect to contracts providing for a single806consideration, minimum nonforfeiture amounts shall be defined as807for contracts with flexible considerations except that the808percentage of net consideration used to determine the minimum809nonforfeiture amount shall be equal to ninety per cent and the net810consideration shall be the gross consideration less a contract811charge of seventy-five dollars.812

(4)(a) The minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or 813

prior to the commencement of any annuity payments shall be equal 814 to an accumulation up to such time at rates of interest determined 815 in accordance with division (D)(5)(2) of this section of the net 816 considerations, determined in accordance with division 817 (D)(4)(1)(b) of this section, paid prior to such time, decreased 818 by the sum of: 819

(i) Any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the
 contract, accumulated at rates of interest determined in
 accordance with division (D)(5)(2) of this section;
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(ii) An annual contract charge of fifty dollars, accumulated
 at rates of interest determined in accordance with division
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 (D)(5)(2) of this section;
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(iii) Any premium tax paid by the company for the contract,826accumulated at rates of interest determined in accordance with827division (D)(5)(2) of this section;828

(iv) The amount of any indebtedness to the company on the829contract, including interest due and accrued.830

(b) The net considerations for a given contract year used to
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define the minimum nonforfeiture amount shall be an amount equal
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to eighty-seven and one-half per cent of the gross considerations
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credited to the contract during that contract year.

(5)(2)(a) The interest rate used in determining minimum 835 nonforfeiture amounts under divisions (D)(4)(1) to (7)(4) of this 836 section shall be an annual rate of interest determined as the 837 lesser of three per cent per annum or the following, which shall 838 be specified in the contract if the interest rate will be reset: 839

(i) The five-year constant maturity treasury rate reported by
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the federal reserve as of a date or an average over a period,
rounded to the nearest one-twentieth of one per cent, specified in
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the contract, no longer than fifteen months prior to the contract
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issue date or the redetermination date specified in division

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(5)(2)(b) of this section;

(ii) Reduced by one hundred twenty-five basis points; 846

(iii) Where the resulting interest rate shall not be less 847 than one per cent. 848

(b) The interest rate determined under division (D)(5)(2)(a)
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of this section shall apply for an initial period and may be
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redetermined for additional periods. The redetermination date,
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basis and period, if any, shall be stated in the contract. The
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basis is the date or average over a specified period that produces
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the value of the five-year constant maturity treasury rate to be
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used at each redetermination date.

 $\frac{(6)}{(3)}$ During the period or term that a contract provides 856 substantative participation in an equity-indexed benefit, the 857 contract may provide for an increase in the reduction described in 858 division (D)(5)(2)(a)(ii) of this section by a maximum of one 859 hundred basis points to reflect the value of the equity-indexed 860 benefit. The present value at the contract issue date, and at each 861 redetermination date thereafter, of the additional reduction shall 862 not exceed the market value of the benefit. The superintendent may 863 require a demonstration that the present value of the additional 864 reduction does not exceed the market value of the benefit. If the 865 demonstration is not acceptable to the superintendent, the 866 superintendent may disallow or limit the additional reduction. 867

(7)(4)The superintendent may adopt rules to implement868division (D)(6)(3)of this section and to provide for further869adjustments to the calculation of minimum nonforfeiture amounts870for contracts that provide substantive participation in an871equity-indexed benefit and for other contracts for which the872superintendent determines adjustments are justified.873

(E) Any paid-up annuity benefit available under a contract 874 shall be such that its present value on the date annuity payments 875

are to commence is at least equal to the minimum nonforfeiture 876 amount on that date. Such present value shall be computed using 877 the mortality table, if any, and the interest rate specified in 878 the contract for determining the minimum paid-up annuity benefits 879 guaranteed in the contract. 880

(F) For contracts which provide cash surrender benefits, such 881 cash surrender benefits available prior to maturity shall not be 882 less than the present value as of the date of surrender of that 883 portion of the maturity value of the paid-up annuity benefit that 884 would be provided under the contract at maturity arising from 885 considerations paid prior to the time of cash surrender reduced by 886 the amount appropriate to reflect any prior withdrawals from or 887 partial surrenders of the contract, such present value being 888 calculated on the basis of an interest rate not more than one per 889 cent higher than the interest rate specified in the contract for 890 accumulating the net considerations to determine such maturity 891 value, decreased by the amount of any indebtedness to the company 892 on the contract, including interest due and accrued, and increased 893 by any existing additional amounts credited by the company to the 894 contract. In no event shall any cash surrender benefit be less 895 than the minimum nonforfeiture amount at that time. The death 896 benefit under such contracts shall be at least equal to the cash 897 surrender benefit. 898

(G) For contracts that do not provide cash surrender 899 benefits, the present value of any paid-up annuity benefit 900 available as a nonforfeiture option at any time prior to maturity 901 shall not be less than the present value of that portion of the 902 maturity value of the paid-up annuity benefit provided under the 903 contract arising from considerations paid prior to the time the 904 contract is surrendered in exchange for, or changed to, a deferred 905 paid-up annuity, such present value being calculated for the 906 period prior to the maturity date on the basis of the interest 907

rate specified in the contract for accumulating the net 908 considerations to determine such maturity value, and increased by 909 any existing additional amounts credited by the company to the 910 contract. For contracts that do not provide any death benefits 911 prior to the commencement of any annuity payments, such present 912 values shall be calculated on the basis of such interest rate and 913 the mortality table specified in the contract for determining the 914 maturity value of the paid-up annuity benefit. However, in no 915 event shall the present value of a paid-up annuity benefit be less 916 than the minimum nonforfeiture amount at that time. 917

(H) For the purpose of determining the benefits calculated 918 under divisions (F) and (G) of this section, in the case of 919 annuity contracts under which an election may be made to have 920 annuity payments commence at optional maturity dates, the maturity 921 date shall be deemed to be the latest date for which election 922 shall be permitted by the contract, but shall not be deemed to be 923 later than the anniversary of the contract next following the 924 annuitant's seventieth birthday or the tenth anniversary of the 925 contract, whichever is later. 926

(I) Any contract that does not provide cash surrender
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 benefits or does not provide death benefits at least equal to the
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 minimum nonforfeiture amount prior to the commencement of any
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 annuity payments shall include a statement in a prominent place in
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 the contract that such benefits are not provided.

(J) Any paid-up annuity, cash surrender, or death benefits
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available at any time, other than on the contract anniversary
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under any contract with fixed scheduled considerations, shall be
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calculated with allowance for the lapse of time and the payment of
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any scheduled considerations beyond the beginning of the contract
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year in which cessation of payment of considerations under the
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(K) For any contract that provides, within the same contract 939

by rider or supplemental contract provision, both annuity benefits 940 and life insurance benefits that are in excess of the greater of 941 cash surrender benefits or a return of the gross considerations 942 with interest, the minimum nonforfeiture benefit shall be equal to 943 the sum of the minimum nonforfeiture benefits for the annuity 944 portion and the minimum nonforfeiture benefits, if any, for the 945 life insurance portion computed as if each portion were a separate 946 contract. Notwithstanding the provisions of divisions (E), (F), 947 (G), (H), and (J) of this section, additional benefits payable: 948

(1) In the event of total and permanent disability;

(2) As reversionary annuity or deferred reversionary annuity950benefits; or951

(3) As other policy benefits additional to life insurance,
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endowment and annuity benefits, and considerations for all such
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additional benefits shall be disregarded in ascertaining the
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minimum nonforfeiture amounts, paid-up annuity, cash surrender,
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and death benefits that may be required by this section.

The inclusion of such additional benefits shall not be 957 required in any paid-up benefits, unless such additional benefits 958 separately would require minimum nonforfeiture amounts, paid-up 959 annuity, cash surrender, and death benefits. 960

(L) The superintendent may adopt rules in accordance with961Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement this section.962

(M) Before the second anniversary of the effective date of 963 this amendment, a company may elect to apply this section to 964 annuity contracts on a contract form by contract form basis by 965 using either divisions (D)(1), (2), and (3) or divisions (D)(4), 966 (5), (6), and (7) of this section. Divisions (D)(1), (2), and (3) 967 of this section shall be repealed on the second anniversary date 968 of the effective date of this amendment. 969

Section 5. Sections 3 and 4 of this act shall take effect two	972
years after the effective date of this act.	973
Section 6. Section 3915.02 of the Revised Code is presented	974
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Sub.	975
H.B. 16 and Sub. S.B. 137 of the 119th General Assembly. The	976
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of	977
section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	978
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds	979
that the composite is the resulting version of the section in	980
effect prior to the effective date of the section as presented in	981
this act.	982
Section 7. If any item of law that constitutes the whole or	983
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Section 4. That existing section 3915.073 of the Revised Code

as it results from Section 1 of this act is hereby repealed.

part of a section of law contained in this act, or if any 984 application of any item of law that constitutes the whole or part 985 of a section of law contained in this act, is held invalid, the 986 invalidity does not affect other items of law or applications of 987 items of law that can be given effect without the invalid item of 988 law or application. To this end, the items of law of which the 989 sections contained in this act are composed, and their 990 991 applications, are independent and severable.

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