# **As Introduced**

125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

S. B. No. 222

**Senator Carey** 

# A BILL

To amend sections 121.22, 133.05, 149.43, 737.03,	1
749.02, 749.08, 749.15, 749.18, 749.24, 749.33,	2
751.07, 3702.62, and 4115.04; to amend, for the	3
purpose of adopting new section numbers as	4
indicated in parentheses, sections 749.03	5
(749.021), 749.08 (749.081), and 749.15 (749.082);	6
to enact new sections 749.03 and 749.08 and	7
sections 749.083 and 749.37 of the Revised Code to	8
modify the laws governing municipal hospitals.	9

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 121.22, 133.05, 149.43, 737.03,	10
749.02, 749.08, 749.15, 749.18, 749.24, 749.33, 751.07, 3702.62,	11
and 4115.04 be amended; sections 749.03 (749.021), 749.08	12
(749.081), and 749.15 (749.082) be amended for the purpose of	13
adopting new section numbers as indicated in parentheses; and new	14
sections 749.03 and 749.08 and sections 749.083 and 749.37 of the	15
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	16

sec. 121.22. (A) This section shall be liberally construed to 17
require public officials to take official action and to conduct 18
all deliberations upon official business only in open meetings 19
unless the subject matter is specifically excepted by law. 20

(B) As used in this section:

(1) "Public body" means any of the following:

(a) Any board, commission, committee, council, or similar
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decision-making body of a state agency, institution, or authority,
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and any legislative authority or board, commission, committee,
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council, agency, authority, or similar decision-making body of any
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county, township, municipal corporation, school district, or other
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political subdivision or local public institution;

(b) Any committee or subcommittee of a body described in 29division (B)(1)(a) of this section; 30

(c) A court of jurisdiction of a sanitary district organized 31 wholly for the purpose of providing a water supply for domestic, 32 municipal, and public use when meeting for the purpose of the 33 appointment, removal, or reappointment of a member of the board of 34 directors of such a district pursuant to section 6115.10 of the 35 Revised Code, if applicable, or for any other matter related to 36 such a district other than litigation involving the district. As 37 used in division (B)(1)(c) of this section, "court of 38 jurisdiction" has the same meaning as "court" in section 6115.01 39 of the Revised Code. 40

(2) "Meeting" means any prearranged discussion of the publicbusiness of the public body by a majority of its members.42

(3) "Regulated individual" means either of the following:

(a) A student in a state or local public educational44institution;45

(b) A person who is, voluntarily or involuntarily, an inmate, 46
patient, or resident of a state or local institution because of 47
criminal behavior, mental illness or retardation, disease, 48
disability, age, or other condition requiring custodial care. 49

(4) "Public office" has the same meaning as in section 50

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149.011 of the Revised Code.

(C) All meetings of any public body are declared to be public
meetings open to the public at all times. A member of a public
body shall be present in person at a meeting open to the public to
be considered present or to vote at the meeting and for purposes
of determining whether a quorum is present at the meeting.

The minutes of a regular or special meeting of any public57body shall be promptly prepared, filed, and maintained and shall58be open to public inspection. The minutes need only reflect the59general subject matter of discussions in executive sessions60authorized under division (G) or (J) of this section.61

(D) This section does not apply to any of the following:

(1) A grand jury;

(2) An audit conference conducted by the auditor of state or
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independent certified public accountants with officials of the
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public office that is the subject of the audit;
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(3) The adult parole authority when its hearings are
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conducted at a correctional institution for the sole purpose of
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interviewing inmates to determine parole or pardon;
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(4) The organized crime investigations commission established70under section 177.01 of the Revised Code;71

(5) Meetings of a child fatality review board established
(5) Meetings of a child fatality review board established
(5) under section 307.621 of the Revised Code and meetings conducted
(5) pursuant to sections 5153.171 to 5153.173 of the Revised Code;
(5) Meetings of a child fatality review board established
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(6) The state medical board when determining whether to
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suspend a certificate without a prior hearing pursuant to division
(G) of either section 4730.25 or 4731.22 of the Revised Code;
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(7) The board of nursing when determining whether to suspend
a license or certificate without a prior hearing pursuant to
division (B) of section 4723.281 of the Revised Code;
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(8) The state board of pharmacy when determining whether to
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suspend a license without a prior hearing pursuant to division (D)
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of section 4729.16 of the Revised Code;
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(9) The state chiropractic board when determining whether to
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 suspend a license without a hearing pursuant to section 4734.37 of
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 the Revised Code.
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(10) The executive committee of the emergency response
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commission when determining whether to issue an enforcement order
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or request that a civil action, civil penalty action, or criminal
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action be brought to enforce Chapter 3750. of the Revised Code.
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(E) The controlling board, the development financing advisory 91 council, the industrial technology and enterprise advisory 92 council, the tax credit authority, or the minority development 93 financing advisory board, when meeting to consider granting 94 assistance pursuant to Chapter 122. or 166. of the Revised Code, 95 in order to protect the interest of the applicant or the possible 96 investment of public funds, by unanimous vote of all board, 97 council, or authority members present, may close the meeting 98 during consideration of the following information confidentially 99 received by the authority, council, or board from the applicant: 100

(1) Marketing plans;

- (2) Specific business strategy;
- (3) Production techniques and trade secrets;
- (4) Financial projections;

(5) Personal financial statements of the applicant or members
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of the applicant's immediate family, including, but not limited
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to, tax records or other similar information not open to public
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inspection.

The vote by the authority, council, or board to accept or 109 reject the application, as well as all proceedings of the 110

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authority, council, or board not subject to this division, shall 111 be open to the public and governed by this section. 112

(F) Every public body, by rule, shall establish a reasonable 113 method whereby any person may determine the time and place of all 114 regularly scheduled meetings and the time, place, and purpose of 115 all special meetings. A public body shall not hold a special 116 meeting unless it gives at least twenty-four hours' advance notice 117 to the news media that have requested notification, except in the 118 event of an emergency requiring immediate official action. In the 119 event of an emergency, the member or members calling the meeting 120 shall notify the news media that have requested notification 121 immediately of the time, place, and purpose of the meeting. 122

The rule shall provide that any person, upon request and 123 payment of a reasonable fee, may obtain reasonable advance 124 notification of all meetings at which any specific type of public 125 business is to be discussed. Provisions for advance notification 126 may include, but are not limited to, mailing the agenda of 127 meetings to all subscribers on a mailing list or mailing notices 128 in self-addressed, stamped envelopes provided by the person. 129

(G) Except as provided in division (J) of this section, the 130 members of a public body may hold an executive session only after 131 a majority of a quorum of the public body determines, by a roll 132 call vote, to hold an executive session and only at a regular or 133 special meeting for the sole purpose of the consideration of any 134 of the following matters: 135

(1) To consider the appointment, employment, dismissal,
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discipline, promotion, demotion, or compensation of a public
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employee or official, or the investigation of charges or
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complaints against a public employee, official, licensee, or
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regulated individual, unless the public employee, official,
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licensee, or regulated individual requests a public hearing.
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Except as otherwise provided by law, no public body shall hold an

executive session for the discipline of an elected official for 143 conduct related to the performance of the elected official's 144 official duties or for the elected official's removal from office. 145 If a public body holds an executive session pursuant to division 146 (G)(1) of this section, the motion and vote to hold that executive 147 session shall state which one or more of the approved purposes 148 listed in division (G)(1) of this section are the purposes for 149 which the executive session is to be held, but need not include 150 the name of any person to be considered at the meeting. 151

(2) To consider the purchase of property for public purposes, 152 or for the sale of property at competitive bidding, if premature 153 disclosure of information would give an unfair competitive or 154 bargaining advantage to a person whose personal, private interest 155 is adverse to the general public interest. No member of a public 156 body shall use division (G)(2) of this section as a subterfuge for 157 providing covert information to prospective buyers or sellers. A 158 purchase or sale of public property is void if the seller or buyer 159 of the public property has received covert information from a 160 member of a public body that has not been disclosed to the general 161 public in sufficient time for other prospective buyers and sellers 162 to prepare and submit offers. 163

If the minutes of the public body show that all meetings and 164 deliberations of the public body have been conducted in compliance 165 with this section, any instrument executed by the public body 166 purporting to convey, lease, or otherwise dispose of any right, 167 title, or interest in any public property shall be conclusively 168 presumed to have been executed in compliance with this section 169 insofar as title or other interest of any bona fide purchasers, 170 lessees, or transferees of the property is concerned. 171

(3) Conferences with an attorney for the public body
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 concerning disputes involving the public body that are the subject
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 of pending or imminent court action;
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(4) Preparing for, conducting, or reviewing negotiations or 175
 bargaining sessions with public employees concerning their 176
 compensation or other terms and conditions of their employment; 177

(5) Matters required to be kept confidential by federal lawor regulations or state statutes;179

(6) Details relative to the security arrangements and 180 emergency response protocols for a public body or a public office, 181 if disclosure of the matters discussed could reasonably be 182 expected to jeopardize the security of the public body or public 183 office; 184

(7) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to
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If a public body holds an executive session to consider any 189 of the matters listed in divisions (G)(2) to (7) of this section, 190 the motion and vote to hold that executive session shall state 191 which one or more of the approved matters listed in those 192 divisions are to be considered at the executive session. 193

A public body specified in division (B)(1)(c) of this section 194 shall not hold an executive session when meeting for the purposes 195 specified in that division. 196

(H) A resolution, rule, or formal action of any kind is 197 invalid unless adopted in an open meeting of the public body. A 198 resolution, rule, or formal action adopted in an open meeting that 199 results from deliberations in a meeting not open to the public is 200 invalid unless the deliberations were for a purpose specifically 201 authorized in division (G) or (J) of this section and conducted at 202 an executive session held in compliance with this section. A 203 resolution, rule, or formal action adopted in an open meeting is 204 invalid if the public body that adopted the resolution, rule, or 205 formal action violated division (F) of this section. 206

(I)(1) Any person may bring an action to enforce this 207 section. An action under division (I)(1) of this section shall be 208 brought within two years after the date of the alleged violation 209 or threatened violation. Upon proof of a violation or threatened 210 violation of this section in an action brought by any person, the 211 court of common pleas shall issue an injunction to compel the 212 members of the public body to comply with its provisions. 213

(2)(a) If the court of common pleas issues an injunction 214 pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section, the court shall order 215 the public body that it enjoins to pay a civil forfeiture of five 216 hundred dollars to the party that sought the injunction and shall 217 award to that party all court costs and, subject to reduction as 218 described in division (I)(2) of this section, reasonable 219 attorney's fees. The court, in its discretion, may reduce an award 220 of attorney's fees to the party that sought the injunction or not 221 award attorney's fees to that party if the court determines both 222 of the following: 223

(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory law
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and case law as it existed at the time of violation or threatened
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violation that was the basis of the injunction, a well-informed
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public body reasonably would believe that the public body was not
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violating or threatening to violate this section;
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(ii) That a well-informed public body reasonably would 229
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct that was the basis 230
of the injunction would serve the public policy that underlies the 231
authority that is asserted as permitting that conduct or 232
threatened conduct. 233

(b) If the court of common pleas does not issue an injunction 234
pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section and the court 235
determines at that time that the bringing of the action was 236

frivolous conduct, as defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 237 of the Revised Code, the court shall award to the public body all 238 court costs and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined by the 239 court. 240

(3) Irreparable harm and prejudice to the party that sought 241 the injunction shall be conclusively and irrebuttably presumed 242 upon proof of a violation or threatened violation of this section. 243

(4) A member of a public body who knowingly violates an 244 injunction issued pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section may 245 be removed from office by an action brought in the court of common 246 pleas for that purpose by the prosecuting attorney or the attorney 247 general. 248

(J)(1) Pursuant to division (C) of section 5901.09 of the 249 Revised Code, a veterans service commission shall hold an 250 executive session for one or more of the following purposes unless 251 an applicant requests a public hearing: 252

(a) Interviewing an applicant for financial assistance under 253 sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the Revised Code; 254

(b) Discussing applications, statements, and other documents 255 described in division (B) of section 5901.09 of the Revised Code; 256

(c) Reviewing matters relating to an applicant's request for 257 financial assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the 258 Revised Code. 259

(2) A veterans service commission shall not exclude an 260 applicant for, recipient of, or former recipient of financial 261 assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the Revised Code, 262 and shall not exclude representatives selected by the applicant, 263 recipient, or former recipient, from a meeting that the commission 264 conducts as an executive session that pertains to the applicant's, 265 recipient's, or former recipient's application for financial 266 assistance. 267

(3) A veterans service commission shall vote on the grant or 268 denial of financial assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 269 of the Revised Code only in an open meeting of the commission. The 270 minutes of the meeting shall indicate the name, address, and 271 occupation of the applicant, whether the assistance was granted or 272 denied, the amount of the assistance if assistance is granted, and 273 the votes for and against the granting of assistance. 274

Sec. 133.05. (A) A municipal corporation shall not incur net 275 indebtedness that exceeds an amount equal to ten and one-half per 276 cent of its tax valuation, or incur without a vote of the electors 277 net indebtedness that exceeds an amount equal to five and one-half 278 per cent of that tax valuation. 279

(B) In calculating the net indebtedness of a municipal 280 corporation, none of the following securities shall be considered: 281

(1) Self-supporting securities issued for any purposes 282 including, without limitation, any of the following general 283 purposes: 284

(a) Water systems or facilities;

(b) Sanitary sewerage systems or facilities, or surface and 286 storm water drainage and sewerage systems or facilities, or a 287 combination of those systems or facilities; 288

(c) Electric plants and facilities and steam or cogeneration 289 facilities that generate or supply electricity, or steam and 290 electrical or steam distribution systems and lines; 291

(d) Airports or landing fields or facilities; 292

(e) Railroads, rapid transit, and other mass transit systems; 293

(f) Off-street parking lots, facilities, or buildings, or 294 on-street parking facilities, or any combination of off-street and 295 on-street parking facilities; 296

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infirm, and for housing the persons providing such care or	298
treatment and their families;	299
(h) Solid waste or hazardous waste collection or disposal	300
facilities, or resource recovery and solid or hazardous waste	301
recycling facilities, or any combination of those facilities;	302
(i) Urban redevelopment projects;	303
(j) Recreational, sports, convention, auditorium, museum,	304
trade show, and other public attraction facilities;	305
(k) Facilities for natural resources exploration,	306
development, recovery, use, and sale;	307
(1) Correctional and detention facilities, including	308
multicounty-municipal jails, and related rehabilitation	309
facilities.	310
(2) Securities issued for the purpose of purchasing,	311
constructing, improving, or extending water or sanitary or surface	312
and storm water sewerage systems or facilities, or a combination	313
of those systems or facilities, to the extent that an agreement	314
entered into with another subdivision requires the other	315
subdivision to pay to the municipal corporation amounts equivalent	316
to debt charges on the securities;	317
(3) Securities issued under order of the director of health	318
or director of environmental protection under section 6109.18 of	319
the Revised Code;	320
(4) Securities issued under Section 3, 10, or 12 of Article	321
XVIII, Ohio Constitution;	322
(5) Securities that are not general obligations of the	323
municipal corporation;	324
(6) Voted securities issued for the purposes of urban	325
redevelopment to the extent that their principal amount does not	326

(g) Facilities for the care or treatment of the sick or

exceed an amount equal to two per cent of the tax valuation of the 327 municipal corporation; 328

(7) Unvoted general obligation securities to the extent that 329 the legislation authorizing them includes covenants to appropriate 330 annually from lawfully available municipal income taxes or other 331 municipal excises or taxes, including taxes referred to in section 332 701.06 of the Revised Code but not including ad valorem property 333 taxes, and to continue to levy and collect those municipal income 334 taxes or other applicable excises or taxes in, amounts necessary 335 to meet the debt charges on those securities, which covenants are 336 hereby authorized; 337

(8) Self-supporting securities issued prior to July 1, 1977, 338
under this chapter for the purpose of municipal university 339
residence halls to the extent that revenues of the successor state 340
university allocated to debt charges on those securities, from 341
sources other than municipal excises and taxes, are sufficient to 342
pay those debt charges; 343

(9) Securities issued for the purpose of acquiring or 344 constructing roads, highways, bridges, or viaducts, for the 345 purpose of acquiring or making other highway permanent 346 improvements, or for the purpose of procuring and maintaining 347 computer systems for the office of the clerk of the municipal 348 court to the extent that the legislation authorizing the issuance 349 of the securities includes a covenant to appropriate from money 350 distributed to the municipal corporation pursuant to Chapter 351 4501., 4503., 4504., or 5735. of the Revised Code a sufficient 352 amount to cover debt charges on and financing costs relating to 353 the securities as they become due; 354

(10) Securities issued for the purpose of providing some or 355
all of the funds required to satisfy the municipal corporation's 356
obligation under an agreement with the board of trustees of the 357
Ohio police and fire pension fund under section 742.30 of the 358

Revised Code; (11) Securities issued for the acquisition, construction, 360 equipping, and improving of a municipal educational and cultural 361 facility under division (B)(2) of section 307.672 of the Revised 362 Code; 363

(12) Securities issued for energy conservation measures under 364 section 717.02 of the Revised Code; 365

(13) Securities that are obligations issued to pay costs of a 366 sports facility under section 307.673 of the Revised Code. 367

(C) In calculating the net indebtedness of a municipal 368 corporation, no obligation incurred under division (C) of section 369 749.08 749.081 of the Revised Code shall be considered. 370

#### Sec. 149.43. (A) As used in this section: 371

(1) "Public record" means records kept by any public office, 372 including, but not limited to, state, county, city, village, 373 township, and school district units, and records pertaining to the 374 delivery of educational services by an alternative school in Ohio 375 kept by a nonprofit or for profit entity operating such 376 alternative school pursuant to section 3313.533 of the Revised 377 Code. "Public record" does not mean any of the following: 378

(a) Medical records;

(b) Records pertaining to probation and parole proceedings or 380 to proceedings related to the imposition of community control 381 sanctions and post-release control sanctions; 382

(c) Records pertaining to actions under section 2151.85 and 383 division (C) of section 2919.121 of the Revised Code and to 384 appeals of actions arising under those sections; 385

(d) Records pertaining to adoption proceedings, including the 386 contents of an adoption file maintained by the department of 387

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health under section 3705.12 of the Revised Code; 388 (e) Information in a record contained in the putative father 389 registry established by section 3107.062 of the Revised Code, 390 regardless of whether the information is held by the department of 391 job and family services or, pursuant to section 3111.69 of the 392 Revised Code, the office of child support in the department or a 393 child support enforcement agency; 394 (f) Records listed in division (A) of section 3107.42 of the 395 Revised Code or specified in division (A) of section 3107.52 of 396 the Revised Code; 397 (g) Trial preparation records; 398 (h) Confidential law enforcement investigatory records; 399 (i) Records containing information that is confidential under 400 section 2317.023 or 4112.05 of the Revised Code; 401 (j) DNA records stored in the DNA database pursuant to 402 section 109.573 of the Revised Code; 403 (k) Inmate records released by the department of 404 rehabilitation and correction to the department of youth services 405 or a court of record pursuant to division (E) of section 5120.21 406 of the Revised Code; 407 (1) Records maintained by the department of youth services 408 pertaining to children in its custody released by the department 409 of youth services to the department of rehabilitation and 410 correction pursuant to section 5139.05 of the Revised Code; 411 (m) Intellectual property records; 412 (n) Donor profile records; 413 (o) Records maintained by the department of job and family 414 services pursuant to section 3121.894 of the Revised Code; 415 (p) Peace officer, firefighter, or EMT residential and 416 familial information;

(q) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to
 Chapter 339. of the Revised Code or a municipal hospital operated
 pursuant to Chapter 749. of the Revised Code, information that
 constitutes a trade secret, as defined in section 1333.61 of the
 Revised Code;

(r) Information pertaining to the recreational activities of 423a person under the age of eighteen; 424

(s) Records provided to, statements made by review board
members during meetings of, and all work products of a child
fatality review board acting under sections 307.621 to 307.629 of
the Revised Code, other than the report prepared pursuant to
section 307.626 of the Revised Code;

(t) Records provided to and statements made by the executive
director of a public children services agency or a prosecuting
attorney acting pursuant to section 5153.171 of the Revised Code
other than the information released under that section;
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(u) Test materials, examinations, or evaluation tools used in
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 an examination for licensure as a nursing home administrator that
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 the board of examiners of nursing home administrators administers
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 under section 4751.04 of the Revised Code or contracts under that
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 section with a private or government entity to administer;

(v) Records the release of which is prohibited by state orfederal law;440

(w) Proprietary information of or relating to any person that
is submitted to or compiled by the Ohio venture capital authority
created under section 150.01 of the Revised Code;
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(x) Information reported and evaluations conducted pursuantto section 3701.072 of the Revised Code.445

(2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record" means 446

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any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a 447 criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but 448 only to the extent that the release of the record would create a 449 high probability of disclosure of any of the following: 450

(a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged with
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 the offense to which the record pertains, or of an information
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 source or witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably
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 promised;

(b) Information provided by an information source or witness
to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised, which
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information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's or
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witness's identity;

(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or 459procedures or specific investigatory work product; 460

(d) Information that would endanger the life or physical
 safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness, or
 a confidential information source.
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(3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of
documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to or
discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical history,
diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient and that
generated and maintained in the process of medical treatment.

(4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that contains
information that is specifically compiled in reasonable
anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or
proceeding, including the independent thought processes and
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personal trial preparation of an attorney.

(5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other than
a financial or administrative record, that is produced or
collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of
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higher learning in the conduct of or as a result of study or
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research on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic, 478 technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study or 479 research was sponsored by the institution alone or in conjunction 480 with a governmental body or private concern, and that has not been 481 publicly released, published, or patented. 482

(6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors or
potential donors to a public institution of higher education
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except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and
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the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation.
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(7) "Peace officer, firefighter, or EMT residential andfamilial information" means either of the following:488

(a) Any information maintained in a personnel record of a
 peace officer, firefighter, or EMT that discloses any of the
 following:
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(i) The address of the actual personal residence of a peace
officer, firefighter, or EMT, except for the state or political
subdivision in which the peace officer, firefighter, or EMT
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resides;

(ii) Information compiled from referral to or participation496in an employee assistance program;497

(iii) The social security number, the residential telephone
number, any bank account, debit card, charge card, or credit card
number, or the emergency telephone number of, or any medical
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information pertaining to, a peace officer, firefighter, or EMT;
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(iv) The name of any beneficiary of employment benefits, 502
including, but not limited to, life insurance benefits, provided 503
to a peace officer, firefighter, or EMT by the peace officer's, 504
firefighter's, or EMT's employer; 505

(v) The identity and amount of any charitable or employmentbenefit deduction made by the peace officer's, firefighter's, or507

EMT's employer from the peace officer's, firefighter's, or EMT's 508 compensation unless the amount of the deduction is required by 509 state or federal law; 510

(vi) The name, the residential address, the name of the
employer, the address of the employer, the social security number,
the residential telephone number, any bank account, debit card,
charge card, or credit card number, or the emergency telephone
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number of the spouse, a former spouse, or any child of a peace
officer, firefighter, or EMT.

(b) Any record that identifies a person's occupation as a
peace officer, firefighter, or EMT other than statements required
to include the disclosure of that fact under the campaign finance
law.

As used in divisions (A)(7) and (B)(5) of this section, 521 "peace officer" has the same meaning as in section 109.71 of the 522 Revised Code and also includes the superintendent and troopers of 523 the state highway patrol; it does not include the sheriff of a 524 county or a supervisory employee who, in the absence of the 525 sheriff, is authorized to stand in for, exercise the authority of, 526 and perform the duties of the sheriff. 527

As used in divisions (A)(7) and (B)(5) of this section, 528 "firefighter" means any regular, paid or volunteer, member of a 529 lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal corporation, 530 township, fire district, or village. 531

As used in divisions (A)(7) and (B)(5) of this section, "EMT" 532 means EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics that provide emergency 533 medical services for a public emergency medical service 534 organization. "Emergency medical service organization," 535 "EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the same meanings as in 536 section 4765.01 of the Revised Code. 537

(8) "Information pertaining to the recreational activities of 538

a person under the age of eighteen" means information that is kept 539 in the ordinary course of business by a public office, that 540 pertains to the recreational activities of a person under the age 541 of eighteen years, and that discloses any of the following: 542

(a) The address or telephone number of a person under the age
of eighteen or the address or telephone number of that person's
parent, guardian, custodian, or emergency contact person;
545

(b) The social security number, birth date, or photographic 546 image of a person under the age of eighteen; 547

(c) Any medical record, history, or information pertaining to 548a person under the age of eighteen; 549

(d) Any additional information sought or required about a 550 person under the age of eighteen for the purpose of allowing that 551 person to participate in any recreational activity conducted or 552 sponsored by a public office or to use or obtain admission 553 privileges to any recreational facility owned or operated by a 554 public office. 555

(9) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as in556section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.557

(10) "Post-release control sanction" has the same meaning as 558 in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code. 559

(B)(1) Subject to division (B)(4) of this section, all public 560 records shall be promptly prepared and made available for 561 inspection to any person at all reasonable times during regular 562 business hours. Subject to division (B)(4) of this section, upon 563 request, a public office or person responsible for public records 564 shall make copies available at cost, within a reasonable period of 565 time. In order to facilitate broader access to public records, 566 public offices shall maintain public records in a manner that they 567 can be made available for inspection in accordance with this 568 division. 569

(2) If any person chooses to obtain a copy of a public record 570 in accordance with division (B)(1) of this section, the public 571 office or person responsible for the public record shall permit 572 that person to choose to have the public record duplicated upon 573 paper, upon the same medium upon which the public office or person 574 responsible for the public record keeps it, or upon any other 575 medium upon which the public office or person responsible for the 576 public record determines that it reasonably can be duplicated as 577 an integral part of the normal operations of the public office or 578 person responsible for the public record. When the person seeking 579 the copy makes a choice under this division, the public office or 580 person responsible for the public record shall provide a copy of 581 it in accordance with the choice made by the person seeking the 582 583 copy.

(3) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B)(1) of 584 this section, a public office or person responsible for public 585 records shall transmit a copy of a public record to any person by 586 United States mail within a reasonable period of time after 587 receiving the request for the copy. The public office or person 588 responsible for the public record may require the person making 589 the request to pay in advance the cost of postage and other 590 supplies used in the mailing. 591

Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures that it 592 will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period of time 593 after receiving a request, copies of public records by United 594 States mail pursuant to this division. A public office that adopts 595 a policy and procedures under this division shall comply with them 596 in performing its duties under this division. 597

In any policy and procedures adopted under this division, a 598 public office may limit the number of records requested by a 599 person that the office will transmit by United States mail to ten 600 per month, unless the person certifies to the office in writing 601 that the person does not intend to use or forward the requested 602 records, or the information contained in them, for commercial 603 purposes. For purposes of this division, "commercial" shall be 604 narrowly construed and does not include reporting or gathering 605 news, reporting or gathering information to assist citizen 606 oversight or understanding of the operation or activities of 607 government, or nonprofit educational research. 608

(4) A public office or person responsible for public records 609 is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated pursuant to 610 a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to inspect or to 611 obtain a copy of any public record concerning a criminal 612 613 investigation or prosecution or concerning what would be a criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the 614 investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request to 615 inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose of 616 acquiring information that is subject to release as a public 617 record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence 618 or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the 619 judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought in 620 the public record is necessary to support what appears to be a 621 justiciable claim of the person. 622

(5) Upon written request made and signed by a journalist on 623 or after December 16, 1999, a public office, or person responsible 624 for public records, having custody of the records of the agency 625 employing a specified peace officer, firefighter, or EMT shall 626 disclose to the journalist the address of the actual personal 627 residence of the peace officer, firefighter or EMT and, if the 628 peace officer's, firefighter's or EMT's spouse, former spouse, or 629 child is employed by a public office, the name and address of the 630 employer of the peace officer's, firefighter's, or EMT's spouse, 631 former spouse, or child. The request shall include the 632 journalist's name and title and the name and address of the 633 As used in division (B)(5) of this section, "journalist" 636 means a person engaged in, connected with, or employed by any news 637 medium, including a newspaper, magazine, press association, news 638 agency, or wire service, a radio or television station, or a 639 similar medium, for the purpose of gathering, processing, 640 transmitting, compiling, editing, or disseminating information for 641 the general public. 642

(C) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure of a 643 public office to promptly prepare a public record and to make it 644 available to the person for inspection in accordance with division 645 (B) of this section, or if a person who has requested a copy of a 646 public record allegedly is aggrieved by the failure of a public 647 office or the person responsible for the public record to make a 648 copy available to the person allegedly aggrieved in accordance 649 with division (B) of this section, the person allegedly aggrieved 650 may commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that orders 651 the public office or the person responsible for the public record 652 to comply with division (B) of this section and that awards 653 reasonable attorney's fees to the person that instituted the 654 mandamus action. The mandamus action may be commenced in the court 655 of common pleas of the county in which division (B) of this 656 section allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme court 657 pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of Article 658 IV, Ohio Constitution, or in the court of appeals for the 659 appellate district in which division (B) of this section allegedly 660 was not complied with pursuant to its original jurisdiction under 661 Section 3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution. 662

(D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit theprovisions of this section.664

(E)(1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules pursuant 665

to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit the number 666 of bulk commercial special extraction requests made by a person 667 for the same records or for updated records during a calendar 668 year. The rules may include provisions for charges to be made for 669 bulk commercial special extraction requests for the actual cost of 670 the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus ten per cent. The 671 bureau may charge for expenses for redacting information, the 672 release of which is prohibited by law. 673

(2) As used in divisions (B)(3) and (E)(1) of this section: 674

(a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies,
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records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative
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delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct
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equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual costs
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paid to private contractors for copying services.
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(b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a 680 request for copies of a record for information in a format other 681 than the format already available, or information that cannot be 682 extracted without examination of all items in a records series, 683 class of records, or data base by a person who intends to use or 684 forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale 685 for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special extraction 686 request" does not include a request by a person who gives 687 assurance to the bureau that the person making the request does 688 not intend to use or forward the requested copies for surveys, 689 marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial purposes. 690

(c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying, or 691selling of any good, service, or other product. 692

(d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time
spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task,
the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed by
the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer
696

programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction 697 costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer or 698 records services. 699

(3) For purposes of divisions (E)(1) and (2) of this section, 700
"commercial surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale" shall be 701
narrowly construed and does not include reporting or gathering 702
news, reporting or gathering information to assist citizen 703
oversight or understanding of the operation or activities of 704
government, or nonprofit educational research. 705

Sec. 737.03. The director of public safety shall manage and 706 make all contracts with reference to police stations, fire houses, 707 reform schools, infirmaries, hospitals other than municipal 708 hospitals operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the Revised Code, 709 workhouses, farms, pesthouses, and all other charitable and 710 reformatory institutions. In the control and supervision of those 711 institutions, the director shall be governed by the provisions of 712 Title VII of the Revised Code relating to those institutions. 713

The director may make all contracts and expenditures of money 714 for acquiring lands for the erection or repairing of station 715 houses, police stations, fire department buildings, fire cisterns, 716 and plugs, that are required, for the purchase of engines, 717 apparatus, and all other supplies necessary for the police and 718 fire departments, and for other undertakings and departments under 719 the director's supervision, but no obligation involving an 720 expenditure of more than twenty-five thousand dollars shall be 721 created unless first authorized and directed by ordinance. In 722 making, altering, or modifying those contracts, the director shall 723 be governed by sections 735.05 to 735.09 of the Revised Code, 724 except that all bids shall be filed with and opened by the 725 director. The director shall make no sale or disposition of any 726 property belonging to the city without first being authorized by 727 resolution or ordinance of the city legislative authority. 728

**Sec. 749.02.** The legislative authority of a municipal 729 corporation may agree with a corporation organized for charitable 730 purposes and not for profit, for the erection and management of a 731 hospital suitably located for the treatment of the sick and 732 disabled of such municipal corporation, or for an addition to such 733 hospital, and for a permanent interest therein to such extent and 734 upon such terms as are agreed upon between them, and the 735 legislative authority shall provide for the payment of the amount 736 agreed upon for such interest, either in one payment or in annual 737 installments, as is agreed upon. 738

Such agreement shall not become operative until approved by a739vote of the electors of the municipal corporation as provided in740section 749.03749.021 of the Revised Code.741

Sec. 749.03 749.021. Upon the execution of the agreement 742 provided for in section 749.02 of the Revised Code the legislative 743 authority of the municipal corporation shall submit to the 744 electors thereof, at the next general election occurring not less 745 than seventy-five days after the certification of the resolution 746 to the board of elections, the question of the ratification of 747 such agreement, and if the sum to be paid by the municipal 748 corporation under the terms of such agreement is not available 749 from current general revenues thereof, the legislative authority 750 shall also submit to the electors, at the same election, the 751 question of the issue of bonds of the municipal corporation in the 752 amount specified in such agreement for the purpose of providing 753 funds for the payment of such sum. The proceedings in the matter 754 of such election and in the issuance and sale of such bonds shall 755 be as provided by law for municipal bonds. Such agreement shall 756 not be effective, and no bonds shall be issued, unless the 757 electors approve of both the agreement and the bond issue, if the 758 question of the issue of bonds is so submitted.

Sec. 749.03. (A) As used in this section, "outpatient health

facility" means a facility where medical care and preventive, 761 diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, or palliative items or 762 services are provided to outpatients by or under the direction of 763 a physician or dentist. 764 (B) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation or a 765 board of hospital commissioners established under section 749.04 766 of the Revised Code may purchase, acquire, lease, appropriate, or 767 construct an outpatient health facility in another municipal 768 corporation to serve as a branch of a hospital erected under 769 sections 749.02 to 749.14 of the Revised Code. The outpatient 770 health facility may include office space for physicians. The 771 facility shall be operated pursuant to the law that regulates the 772 operation of the hospital. 773 (C) When a proposal to establish an outpatient health 774 facility in another municipal corporation is made by a board of 775 hospital commissioners, all of the following apply: 776 (1) The board shall give written notice to the legislative 777 authority of its municipal corporation and to the legislative 778 authority of the municipal corporation where the facility is to be 779 located. The legislative authority of the municipal corporation 780 where the facility is to be located, by resolution adopted within 781 forty days after receipt of the notice, may object to the proposed 782 facility. The resolution shall include an explanation of the 783 objection and may make any recommendations the legislative 784 authority considers necessary. The legislative authority shall 785 send a copy of the resolution to the board of hospital 786 commissioners and the legislative authority of the municipal 787 corporation that proposes to locate the facility in the other 788

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## municipal corporation.

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Page 27

(2) Except as provided in division (B)(3) of this section,	790
the board of hospital commissioners may establish and operate the	791
facility, unless the legislative authority of the municipal	792
corporation proposing to locate the facility in the other	793
municipal corporation, not later than twenty days after receiving	794
a resolution of objection from the other legislative authority	795
pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, adopts a resolution	796
denying the board the right to establish the facility.	797
(3) If the legislative authority of a municipal corporation	798
provides a subsidy for uncompensated care to a board of hospital	799
commissioners, the board may establish and operate the outpatient	800
health facility only if that legislative authority approves the	801
establishment of the facility.	802
Sec. 749.08. (A) No money shall be paid for the erection,	803
rebuilding, or repair of a hospital for any addition to the	804
hospital; for the uses and purposes of the hospital; for supplies	805
or the replacement of necessary equipment; for the acquisition,	806
leasing, or construction of permanent improvements to hospital	807
property; or for making a donation authorized by division (C) of	808
this section, unless the expenditure is first authorized by the	809
board of hospital commissioners. Each disbursement of funds shall	810
be made on a voucher signed by signatories designated and approved	811
by the board.	812
No member of the board shall be interested, directly or	813
indirectly, in any contract concerning such hospital.	814
(B) The board of hospital commissioners shall have the entire	815
management and control of a hospital erected under sections 749.02	816
to 749.14 of the Revised Code, when completed and ready for use,	817
	010

and shall assume and continue the operation of the hospital.

Subject to the ordinances of the legislative authority of the	819
municipal corporation, the board shall establish rules for the	820
hospital's government, and the admission of persons to its	821
privileges, as are expedient.	822
The board has control of the property of the hospital. The	823
board's control of property includes the management and disposal	824
<u>of surplus property.</u>	825
The board has control of all funds used in the hospital's	826
operation, including moneys received from the operation of the	827
hospital, moneys appropriated for its operation by the legislative	828
authority of the municipal corporation, and moneys resulting from	829
special levies submitted by the legislative authority for	830
operation of the hospital. Of those funds, all or part of any	831
amount determined not to be necessary to meet current demands on	832
the hospital may be invested by the board or its designee in any	833
classifications of securities and obligations eligible for deposit	834
or investment of moneys pursuant to section 135.14 of the Revised	835
Code, subject to the approval of the board's written investment	836
policy by the legislative authority of the municipal corporation.	837
(C) For the public purpose of improving the health, safety,	838
and general welfare of the community, the board of hospital	839
commissioners may donate to a nonprofit entity any of the	840
<u>following:</u>	841
(1) Moneys and other financial assets determined not to be	842
necessary to meet current demands on the hospital;	843
(2) Surplus hospital property, including supplies, equipment,	844
office facilities, and other property;	845
(3) Services rendered by the hospital.	846
Sec. 749.08 749.081. (A) For purposes of this section:	847
(1) "Bank" has the same meaning as in section 1101.01 of the	848

#### S. B. No. 222 As Introduced

Revised Code.	849
(2) "Savings and loan association" has the same meaning as in	850
section 1151.01 of the Revised Code.	851
(3) "Savings bank" has the same meaning as in section 1161.01	852
of the Revised Code.	853
(B) <del>No money shall be paid for the erection, rebuilding, or</del>	854
repair of a hospital, or for any addition thereto, or for supplies	855
therefor, unless such expenditure is first authorized by the board	856
of hospital commissioners, and upon the warrant of the proper	857
officer of the municipal corporation. No member of the board shall	858
be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract concerning	859
such hospital.	860
<del>(C)</del> The board of hospital commissioners may enter into a	861
contract for a secured line of credit with a bank, savings and	862
loan association, or savings bank if the contract meets all of the	863
following requirements:	864
(1) The term of the contract does not exceed one hundred	865
eighty days;	866
(2) The board's secured line of credit does not exceed five	867
hundred thousand dollars;	868
(3) The contract provides that any amount extended must be	869
repaid in full before any additional credit can be extended;	870
(1) The contract provides that the bark covings and lear	871
(4) The contract provides that the bank, savings and loan association, or savings bank shall not commence a civil action	871
against the legislative authority of a municipal corporation or	873
any member thereof, or the municipal corporation to recover the	874
principal, interest, or any charges or other amounts that remain	875
outstanding on the secured line of credit at the time of any	876
default by the board of hospital commissioners;	877
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(5) The contract provides that no assets other than those of 878

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the hospital can be used to secure the line of credit;

(6) The terms and conditions of the contract comply with all 880 state and federal statutes and rules governing the extension of a 881 secured line of credit. 882

(D)(C) Any obligation incurred by a board of hospital 883 commissioners under division  $\frac{(C)(B)}{(B)}$  of this section is an 884 obligation of that board only and not a general obligation of the 885 legislative authority of a municipal corporation or the municipal 886 corporation within the meaning of division (Q) of section 133.01 887 of the Revised Code. 888

(E)(D) No board of hospital commissioners shall at any time 889 have more than one secured line of credit under division (B) of 890 this section. 891

sec. 749.15 749.082. (A) The director of public safety shall 892 have the entire management and control following apply to the 893 board of hospital commissioners in relation to its employees and 894 the employees of a hospital erected under sections 749.02 to 895 749.14 of the Revised Code, when completed and ready for use, and, 896 subject to the ordinances of the legislative authority of the 897 city, shall establish rules for its government, and the admission 898 of persons to its privileges, as he deems expedient. The director 899 may employ a superintendent, steward, physicians, nurses, and such 900 other employees as are necessary, and fix the compensation of all 901 such persons, which compensation shall be subject to the approval 902 of the legislative authority. The director with the approval of 903 the mayor may also employ counsel to bring legal action for the 904 collection of delinquent accounts. 905

906 (B) The director of public safety municipal corporation: (1) The board may adopt the wage and salary schedule for 907 908 employees.

(2) The board may employ the hospital's administrator	909
pursuant to section 749.083 of the Revised Code, and the	910
administrator may employ individuals for the hospital in	911
accordance with that section.	912
(3) The board may employ assistants as necessary to perform	913
its clerical work, superintend properly the construction of the	914
hospital, and pay the hospital's expenses. The employees may be	915
paid from funds provided for the hospital.	916
(4) The board may enter into a contract with an employer or	917
other entity whereby the services of any employee of the board or	918
hospital are rendered to or on behalf of the employer or other	919
entity for a fee paid to the board or hospital.	920
(5) The board may grant to employees of a hospital erected	921
under sections 749.02 to 749.14 of the Revised Code any of the	922
following as he fringe benefits the board determines to be	923
customary and usual in the nonprofit hospital field in the	924
community, including the following:	925
$\frac{(1)(a)}{(a)}$ Additional vacation leave with full pay for full-time	926
employees, including hourly rate employees, after service of one	927
year;	928
(2)(b) Vacation leave and holiday pay for part-time employees	929
on a pro rata basis;	930
(3)(c) Leave with full pay, which shall not be deducted from	931
the employee's accumulated sick leave, due to death in the	932
employee's immediate family;	933
(4)(d) Moving expenses for new employees;	934
(5)(e) Premium pay for working on holidays observed by other	935
municipal agencies;	936
$\frac{(6)}{(f)}$ Discounts on purchases from the hospital pharmacy.	937
The director (6) The board may provide holiday leave by	938

observing Martin Luther King day, Washington-Lincoln day, Columbus	939
day, and Veterans' day on days other than those specified in	940
section 1.14 of the Revised Code.	941
(7) The board may grant to employees the insurance benefits	942
authorized by division (B) of this section.	943
(8) The board may provide employee recognition awards and may	944
hold employee recognition dinners. The director	945
(9) The board may provide scholarships for education in the	946
health care professions, tuition reimbursement, and other staff	947
development programs for the purpose of recruiting or retaining	948
qualified employees. <del>The</del>	949
(10) The board may pay reasonable expenses for recruiting	950
physicians into the city or for retaining them if all or part of	951
the city has been designated as an area with a shortage of	952
personal health services under the "Health Maintenance	953
Organization Act of 1973," 87 Stat. 914, 42 U.S.C. 300e, as	954
amended.	955
(B)(1) The board of hospital commissioners may contract for,	956
purchase, or otherwise procure on behalf of any or all of its	957
employees, the employees of the hospital, or such employees and	958
their immediate dependents the following types of fringe benefits:	959
(a) Group or individual insurance contracts which may include	960
life, sickness, accident, disability, annuities, endowment,	961
health, medical expense, hospital, dental, surgical and related	962
coverage or any combination thereof;	963
(b) Group or individual contracts with health insuring	964
corporations or other providers of professional services, care, or	965
benefits duly authorized to do business in this state.	966
(2) The board of hospital commissioners may contract for,	967
purchase, or otherwise procure insurance contracts which provide	968

protection for the commissioners, the board's employees, and the	969
employees of the hospital against liability, including	970
professional liability, provided that this section or any	971
insurance contract issued pursuant to this section shall not be	972
construed as a waiver of or in any manner affect the immunity of	973
the hospital or municipal corporation.	974
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(3) All or any portion of the cost, premium, fees, or charges	975
for the insurance benefits specified in divisions (B)(1) and (2)	976
of this section may be paid in such manner or combination of	977
manners as the board may determine, including direct payment by an	978
employee, and, if authorized in writing by an employee, by the	979
board of trustees with moneys made available by deduction from or	980
reduction in salary or wages or by the foregoing of a salary or	981
wage increase.	982
Notwithstanding sections 3917.01 and 3917.06 of the Revised	983
Code, the board may purchase group life insurance authorized by	984
this section by reason of payment of premiums therefor by the	985
board from its funds, and such group life insurance may be issued	986
and purchased if otherwise consistent with sections 3917.01 to	987
3917.06 of the Revised Code.	988
(C) The board with the approval of the legislative authority	989
may retain counsel to bring actions for the collection of	990
delinquent accounts.	991
<u>actingation accounter</u>	<i><i>JJI</i></i>
Sec. 749.083. (A) The board of hospital commissioners shall	992
provide for the administration of the hospital by directly	993
employing a hospital administrator or by entering into a contract	994
for the management of the hospital under which an administrator is	995
provided. When an administrator is employed directly, the board	996
shall adopt a job description delineating the administrator's	997
powers and duties and the board may pay the administrator's salary	998
and other benefits from funds provided for the hospital.	999

(B) During the construction and equipping of the hospital,	1000
the administrator shall act in an advisory capacity to the board.	1001
After the hospital is completed, the administrator shall serve as	1002
the chief executive officer and shall carry out the administration	1003
of the hospital according to the policies set forth by the board.	1004
The administrator shall administer the hospital, make	1005
reports, and take any other action that the administrator	1006
determines is necessary for the operation of the hospital.	1007
At the end of each fiscal year, the administrator shall	1008
submit to the board a complete financial statement showing the	1009
receipts, revenues, and expenditures in detail for the entire	1010
fiscal year.	1011
The administrator shall ensure that the hospital has such	1012
physicians, nurses, and other employees as are necessary for the	1013
proper care, control, and management of the hospital and its	1014
patients. The physicians, nurses, and other employees may be	1015
suspended or removed by the administrator at any time the welfare	1016
of the hospital warrants suspension or removal. The administrator	1017
may obtain physicians, nurses, and other employees by direct	1018
employment, entering into contracts, or granting authority to	1019
practice in the hospital.	1020
Sec. 749.18. Where an agreement under section 749.16 of the	1021
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Revised Code concerns or includes participation of a joint 1022 township hospital district, or of a county, in the maintenance and 1023 operation of a municipal hospital, the municipal corporation may 1024 establish a board of governors to exercise, subject to such 1025 further limitations as are imposed by the agreement, the powers 1026 vested under section 749.15 of the Revised Code in the director of 1027 public safety board of hospital commissioners, provided that any 1028 such limitations shall not deny the board of governors the 1029 authority to employ retain counsel, to institute legal action in 1030 its own name, or to employ any other lawful means, for the 1031 collection of delinquent accounts. The board may include in its 1032 membership such representatives of the participating district, or 1033 of the goupty of are provided for in such accounts. The

membership such representatives of the participating district, or of the county, as are provided for in such agreement. The 1034 municipal members of the board shall consist of the mayor, who by 1035 virtue of his that office shall be its president, and four 1036 resident freeholders of the municipal corporation, at least one of 1037 whom shall be a doctor of medicine, to be appointed by the mayor 1038 with the consent of the legislative authority. The term of office 1039 of such municipal members shall be as provided in section 749.05 1040 of the Revised Code. The board shall, subject to the terms of the 1041 agreement, establish such regulations and elect such officers, 1042 other than president, as its members determine. The members shall 1043 be entitled to such compensation for their services as is provided 1044 by the agreement. 1045

Sec. 749.24. The board of hospital trustees shall, subject to 1046 any ordinance of the municipal corporation, have the entire 1047 management and control of the property or funds mentioned in 1048 section 749.20 of the Revised Code, and shall establish such rules 1049 for the government thereof as it deems expedient. Such board shall 1050 also have the entire control of the expenditure of all moneys 1051 therefrom and they shall be disbursed by the treasurer of the 1052 municipal corporation only upon the warrant of the municipal 1053 auditor or clerk, drawn in accordance with the order of such 1054 board. 1055

The board may apply, control, invest, and reinvest the funds 1056 coming or arising from any gift, devise, or request bequest 1057 according to the terms on which it was acquired. 1058

sec. 749.33. The board of hospital trustees may employ such 1059
superintendents, physicians, nurses, and other employees as are 1060

necessary for the execution of its duties and fix their
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compensation. Any of such persons may be removed by the board at
any time. The board may provide to its employees such of the
benefits, awards, and staff development programs listed in section
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749.15 749.082 of the Revised Code as the board determines to be
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customary and usual in the nonprofit hospital field in its
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sec. 749.37. Notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 1068 sections 749.09 to 749.14 and 749.26 to 749.31 of the Revised 1069 Code, Chapter 153. of the Revised Code, or any other competitive 1070 bidding requirement specified in the Revised Code that requires a 1071 public authority to enter into separate contracts for the design 1072 and construction of a public improvement, a board of hospital 1073 commissioners or a board of hospital trustees may enter into a 1074 single contract under which the entity awarded the contract is 1075 responsible for providing both design and construction services 1076 related to the erection of a hospital, any addition to the 1077 hospital, or any other improvement to the hospital or its 1078 properties involving alteration, repair, replacement, renovation, 1079 installation, or demolition. This section does not otherwise alter 1080 the competitive bidding requirements that apply to the board when 1081 entering into a contract for a public improvement. 1082

**sec. 751.07.** In the management of a city infirmary, in the 1083 care and treatment of the inmates thereof, and in the erection, 1084 enlargement, or repair of any building for infirmary purposes, or 1085 of any addition thereto, the director of public safety shall have 1086 the same powers, be governed by the same regulations, and perform 1087 the same duties, as far as applicable, as are vested in him a 1088 board of hospital commissioners established under section 749.04 1089 of the Revised Code in relation to municipal hospitals. The power 1090 of the legislative authority in relation thereto shall be the1091same, so far as applicable, as provided to the legislative1092authority by sections 749.01 to 749.34, inclusive, of the Revised1093Code, in relation to hospitals.1094

Sec. 3702.62. (A) Any action pursuant to section 140.03,1095140.04, 140.05, 307.091, 313.21, 339.01, 339.021, 339.03, 339.06,1096339.08, 339.09, 339.12, 339.14, 513.05, 513.07, 513.08, 513.081,1097513.12, 513.15, 513.17, 513.171, 749.02, 749.03, 749.14, 749.16,1098749.20, 749.25, 749.28, 749.35, 1751.06, or 3707.29 of the Revised1099Code shall be taken in accordance with sections 3702.51 to 3702.611100of the Revised Code.1101

(B) A nursing home certified as an intermediate care facility 1102 for the mentally retarded under Title XIX of the "Social Security 1103 Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, that is 1104 required to apply for licensure as a residential facility under 1105 section 5123.19 of the Revised Code is not, with respect to the 1106 portion of the home certified as an intermediate care facility for 1107 the mentally retarded, subject to sections 3702.51 to 3702.61 of 1108 the Revised Code. 1109

**Sec. 4115.04.** (A) Every public authority authorized to 1110 contract for or construct with its own forces a public 1111 improvement, before advertising for bids or undertaking such 1112 construction with its own forces, shall have the director of 1113 commerce determine the prevailing rates of wages of mechanics and 1114 laborers in accordance with section 4115.05 of the Revised Code 1115 for the class of work called for by the public improvement, in the 1116 locality where the work is to be performed. Such schedule of wages 1117 shall be attached to and made part of the specifications for the 1118 work, and shall be printed on the bidding blanks where the work is 1119 done by contract. A copy of the bidding blank shall be filed with 1120

the director before such contract is awarded. A minimum rate of 1121 wages for common laborers, on work coming under the jurisdiction 1122 of the department of transportation, shall be fixed in each county 1123 of the state by said department of transportation, in accordance 1124 with section 4115.05 of the Revised Code. 1125

(B) Sections 4115.03 to 4115.16 of the Revised Code do not 1126 apply to: 1127

(1) Public improvements in any case where the federal 1128 government or any of its agencies furnishes by loan or grant all 1129 or any part of the funds used in constructing such improvements, 1130 provided the federal government or any of its agencies prescribes 1131 predetermined minimum wages to be paid to mechanics and laborers 1132 employed in the construction of such improvements; 1133

(2) A participant in a work activity, developmental activity, 1134 or an alternative work activity under sections 5107.40 to 5107.69 1135 of the Revised Code when a public authority directly uses the 1136 labor of the participant to construct a public improvement if the 1137 participant is not engaged in paid employment or subsidized 1138 employment pursuant to the activity; 1139

(3) Public improvements undertaken by, or under contract for, 1140
the board of education of any school district or the governing 1141
board of any educational service center; 1142

(4) Public improvements undertaken by, or under contract for, 1143 a county hospital operated pursuant to Chapter 339. of the Revised 1144 Code or a municipal hospital operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of 1145 the Revised Code if none of the funds used in constructing the 1146 improvements are the proceeds of bonds or other obligations which 1147 are secured by the full faith and credit of the state, the  $\underline{a}$ 1148 county, a township, or a municipal corporation and none of the 1149 funds used in constructing the improvements, including funds used 1150 to repay any amounts borrowed to construct the improvements, are 1151

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funds that have been appropriated for that purpose by the state, a 1152 board of county commissioners, the state, a township, or a 1153 municipal corporation from funds generated by the levy of a tax; 1154 provided, however, that a county hospital or municipal hospital 1155 may elect to apply sections 4115.03 to 4115.16 of the Revised Code 1156 to a public improvement undertaken by, or under contract for, the 1157 county hospital. 1158 Section 2. That existing sections 121.22, 133.05, 149.43, 1159 737.03, 749.02, 749.03, 749.08, 749.15, 749.18, 749.24, 749.33, 1160

751.07, 3702.62, and 4115.04 of the Revised Code are hereby 1161 repealed. 1162