## As Passed by the House

# 125th General Assembly Regular Session 2003-2004

Am. Sub. S. B. No. 58

Senators Jacobson, Stivers, Goodman, Armbruster, Harris, Carey, Brady, Fingerhut, Hottinger, Austria, Carnes, Dann, Randy Gardner, Hagan, Miller, Mumper, Roberts, Zurz

Representatives Willamowski, Gilb, Brown, Latta, Callender, Grendell, Allen,
Aslanides, Beatty, Book, Buehrer, Calvert, Carmichael, Cates, Cirelli, Collier,
Core, Daniels, DeBose, DeGeeter, Distel, Domenick, Driehaus, C. Evans,
D. Evans, Flowers, Hartnett, Harwood, Hughes, Martin, McGregor, Niehaus,
Oelslager, Olman, Otterman, T. Patton, Price, Raga, Reidelbach, Schaffer,
Schlichter, Schmidt, Seaver, Setzer, Sferra, Slaby, G. Smith, J. Stewart,
Strahorn, Taylor, Walcher, White, Widener, Woodard, Young

## ABILL

То	amend sections 2919.22, 2925.04, and 2925.041 of	1
	the Revised Code to increase the penalties for	2
	certain drug offenses if the offense is committed	3
	in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of	4
	a juvenile and to expand the offense of	5
	endangering children to prohibit allowing children	6
	to be within the vicinity of certain drug	7
	offenses.	8

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

section 1. That sections 2919.22, 2925.04, and 2925.041 of 9
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows: 10

Sec. 2919.22. (A) No person, who is the parent, guardian, 11

custodian, person having custody or control, or person in loco 12 parentis of a child under eighteen years of age or a mentally or 13 physically handicapped child under twenty-one years of age, shall 14 create a substantial risk to the health or safety of the child, by 15 violating a duty of care, protection, or support. It is not a 16 violation of a duty of care, protection, or support under this 17 division when the parent, guardian, custodian, or person having 18 custody or control of a child treats the physical or mental 19 illness or defect of the child by spiritual means through prayer 20 alone, in accordance with the tenets of a recognized religious 21 body. 22

(B) No person shall do any of the following to a child under eighteen years of age or a mentally or physically handicapped child under twenty-one years of age:

- (1) Abuse the child;
  - (2) Torture or cruelly abuse the child;

(3) Administer corporal punishment or other physical
28
disciplinary measure, or physically restrain the child in a cruel
29
manner or for a prolonged period, which punishment, discipline, or
30
restraint is excessive under the circumstances and creates a
31
substantial risk of serious physical harm to the child;
32

(4) Repeatedly administer unwarranted disciplinary measures
to the child, when there is a substantial risk that such conduct,
if continued, will seriously impair or retard the child's mental
health or development;

(5) Entice, coerce, permit, encourage, compel, hire, employ,
37
use, or allow the child to act, model, or in any other way
38
participate in, or be photographed for, the production,
39
presentation, dissemination, or advertisement of any material or
40
performance that the offender knows or reasonably should know is
41

23

24

25

26

27

obscene, is sexually oriented matter, or is nudity-oriented	42	
matter <u>;</u>		
(6) Allow the child to be on the same parcel of real property	44	
and within one hundred feet of, or, in the case of more than one		
housing unit on the same parcel of real property, in the same	46	
housing unit and within one hundred feet of, any act in violation	47	
of section 2925.04 or 2925.041 of the Revised Code when the person	48	
knows that the act is occurring, whether or not any person is		
prosecuted for or convicted of the violation of section 2925.04 or	50	
2925.041 of the Revised Code that is the basis of the violation of	51	
this division.		
(C)(1) No person shall operate a vehicle, streetcar, or	53	
trackless trolley within this state in violation of division (A)	54	
of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code when one or more children	55	
under eighteen years of age are in the vehicle, streetcar, or	56	
trackless trolley. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a	57	
person may be convicted at the same trial or proceeding of a		
violation of this division and a violation of division (A) of	59	
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that constitutes the basis of	60	
the charge of the violation of this division. For purposes of	61	
sections 4511.191 to 4511.197 of the Revised Code and all related	62	
provisions of law, a person arrested for a violation of this	63	
division shall be considered to be under arrest for operating a	64	
vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or		
a combination of them or for operating a vehicle with a prohibited	66	
concentration of alcohol in the whole blood, blood serum or		
plasma, breath, or urine.		

(2) As used in division (C)(1) of this section, "vehicle,"
"streetcar," and "trackless trolley" have the same meanings as in
section 4511.01 of the Revised Code.
71

(D)(1) Division (B)(5) of this section does not apply to anymaterial or performance that is produced, presented, or73

#### Am. Sub. S. B. No. 58 As Passed by the House

disseminated for a bona fide medical, scientific, educational, 74 religious, governmental, judicial, or other proper purpose, by or 75 to a physician, psychologist, sociologist, scientist, teacher, 76 person pursuing bona fide studies or research, librarian, member 77 of the clergy, prosecutor, judge, or other person having a proper 78 interest in the material or performance. 79

(2) Mistake of age is not a defense to a charge under division (B)(5) of this section.

(3) In a prosecution under division (B)(5) of this section,
the trier of fact may infer that an actor, model, or participant
in the material or performance involved is a juvenile if the
material or performance, through its title, text, visual
representation, or otherwise, represents or depicts the actor,
model, or participant as a juvenile.

(4) As used in this division and division (B)(5) of this 88 section: 89

(a) "Material," "performance," "obscene," and "sexual
activity" have the same meanings as in section 2907.01 of the
Revised Code.

(b) "Nudity-oriented matter" means any material or
93
performance that shows a minor in a state of nudity and that,
94
taken as a whole by the average person applying contemporary
95
community standards, appeals to prurient interest.
96

(c) "Sexually oriented matter" means any material or
97
performance that shows a minor participating or engaging in sexual
98
activity, masturbation, or bestiality.
99

(E)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of endangering 100 children.

(2) If the offender violates division (A) or (B)(1) of thissection, endangering children is one of the following:103

80

81

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (E)(2)(b), (c), 104 or (d) of this section, a misdemeanor of the first degree; 105 (b) If the offender previously has been convicted of an 106 offense under this section or of any offense involving neglect, 107 abandonment, contributing to the delinquency of, or physical abuse 108 of a child, except as otherwise provided in division (E)(2)(c) or 109 (d) of this section, a felony of the fourth degree; 110 (c) If the violation is a violation of division (A) of this 111 section and results in serious physical harm to the child 112 involved, a felony of the third degree; 113 (d) If the violation is a violation of division (B)(1) of 114 this section and results in serious physical harm to the child 115 involved, a felony of the second degree. 116 (3) If the offender violates division (B)(2), (3),  $\frac{1}{2}$  (4), or 117 (6) of this section, except as otherwise provided in this 118 division, endangering children is a felony of the third degree. If 119 the violation results in serious physical harm to the child 120 involved, or if the offender previously has been convicted of an 121 offense under this section or of any offense involving neglect, 122 abandonment, contributing to the delinguency of, or physical abuse 123 of a child, endangering children is a felony of the second degree. 124 (4) If the offender violates division (B)(5) of this section, 125 endangering children is a felony of the second degree. 126 (5) If the offender violates division (C) of this section, 127 the offender shall be punished as follows: 128 129 (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (E)(5)(b) or (c) of this section, endangering children in violation of division (C) 130 of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree. 131

(b) If the violation results in serious physical harm to the 132 child involved or the offender previously has been convicted of an 133

### Am. Sub. S. B. No. 58 As Passed by the House

offense under this section or any offense involving neglect, 134 abandonment, contributing to the delinquency of, or physical abuse 135 of a child, except as otherwise provided in division (E)(5)(c) of 136 this section, endangering children in violation of division (C) of 137 this section is a felony of the fifth degree. 138

(c) If the violation results in serious physical harm to the 139 140 child involved and if the offender previously has been convicted of a violation of division (C) of this section, section 2903.06 or 141 2903.08 of the Revised Code, section 2903.07 of the Revised Code 142 as it existed prior to March 23, 2000, or section 2903.04 of the 143 Revised Code in a case in which the offender was subject to the 144 sanctions described in division (D) of that section, endangering 145 children in violation of division (C) of this section is a felony 146 of the fourth degree. 147

(d) In addition to any term of imprisonment, fine, or other 148 sentence, penalty, or sanction it imposes upon the offender 149 pursuant to division (E)(5)(a), (b), or (c) of this section or 150 pursuant to any other provision of law and in addition to any 151 suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial driver's 152 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege under Chapter 153 4506., 4509., 4510., or 4511. of the Revised Code or under any 154 other provision of law, the court also may impose upon the 155 offender a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's or 156 commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 157 privilege from the range specified in division (A)(7) of section 158 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 159

(e) In addition to any term of imprisonment, fine, or other
sentence, penalty, or sanction imposed upon the offender pursuant
to division (E)(5)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section or
pursuant to any other provision of law for the violation of
division (C) of this section, if as part of the same trial or
proceeding the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a

### Am. Sub. S. B. No. 58 As Passed by the House

separate charge charging the violation of division (A) of section 166 4511.19 of the Revised Code that was the basis of the charge of 167 the violation of division (C) of this section, the offender also 168 shall be sentenced in accordance with section 4511.19 of the 169 Revised Code for that violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 170 of the Revised Code. 171

(F)(1)(a) A court may require an offender to perform not more 172 than two hundred hours of supervised community service work under 173 the authority of an agency, subdivision, or charitable 174 organization. The requirement shall be part of the community 175 control sanction or sentence of the offender, and the court shall 176 177 impose the community service in accordance with and subject to divisions (F)(1)(a) and (b) of this section. The court may require 178 an offender whom it requires to perform supervised community 179 service work as part of the offender's community control sanction 180 or sentence to pay the court a reasonable fee to cover the costs 181 of the offender's participation in the work, including, but not 182 limited to, the costs of procuring a policy or policies of 183 liability insurance to cover the period during which the offender 184 will perform the work. If the court requires the offender to 185 perform supervised community service work as part of the 186 offender's community control sanction or sentence, the court shall 187 do so in accordance with the following limitations and criteria: 188

(i) The court shall require that the community service work
be performed after completion of the term of imprisonment or jail
term imposed upon the offender for the violation of division (C)
of this section, if applicable.

(ii) The supervised community service work shall be subject
to the limitations set forth in divisions (B)(1), (2), and (3) of
section 2951.02 of the Revised Code.

(iii) The community service work shall be supervised in themanner described in division (B)(4) of section 2951.02 of the197

Revised Code by an official or person with the qualifications 198 described in that division. The official or person periodically 199 shall report in writing to the court concerning the conduct of the 200 offender in performing the work. 201

(iv) The court shall inform the offender in writing that if 202 the offender does not adequately perform, as determined by the 203 court, all of the required community service work, the court may 204 order that the offender be committed to a jail or workhouse for a 205 period of time that does not exceed the term of imprisonment that 206 the court could have imposed upon the offender for the violation 207 of division (C) of this section, reduced by the total amount of 208 time that the offender actually was imprisoned under the sentence 209 or term that was imposed upon the offender for that violation and 210 by the total amount of time that the offender was confined for any 211 reason arising out of the offense for which the offender was 212 convicted and sentenced as described in sections 2949.08 and 213 2967.191 of the Revised Code, and that, if the court orders that 214 the offender be so committed, the court is authorized, but not 215 required, to grant the offender credit upon the period of the 216 commitment for the community service work that the offender 217 adequately performed. 218

(b) If a court, pursuant to division (F)(1)(a) of this 219 section, orders an offender to perform community service work as 220 part of the offender's community control sanction or sentence and 221 if the offender does not adequately perform all of the required 222 community service work, as determined by the court, the court may 223 order that the offender be committed to a jail or workhouse for a 224 period of time that does not exceed the term of imprisonment that 225 the court could have imposed upon the offender for the violation 226 of division (C) of this section, reduced by the total amount of 227 time that the offender actually was imprisoned under the sentence 228 or term that was imposed upon the offender for that violation and 229

by the total amount of time that the offender was confined for any 230 reason arising out of the offense for which the offender was 231 convicted and sentenced as described in sections 2949.08 and 232 2967.191 of the Revised Code. The court may order that a person 233 committed pursuant to this division shall receive hour-for-hour 234 credit upon the period of the commitment for the community service 235 work that the offender adequately performed. No commitment 236 pursuant to this division shall exceed the period of the term of 237 imprisonment that the sentencing court could have imposed upon the 238 offender for the violation of division (C) of this section, 239 reduced by the total amount of time that the offender actually was 240 imprisoned under that sentence or term and by the total amount of 241 time that the offender was confined for any reason arising out of 242 the offense for which the offender was convicted and sentenced as 243 described in sections 2949.08 and 2967.191 of the Revised Code. 244

(2) Division (F)(1) of this section does not limit or affect 245 the authority of the court to suspend the sentence imposed upon a 246 misdemeanor offender and place the offender under a community 247 control sanction pursuant to section 2929.25 of the Revised Code, 248 to require a misdemeanor or felony offender to perform supervised 249 community service work in accordance with division (B) of section 250 2951.02 of the Revised Code, or to place a felony offender under a 251 community control sanction. 252

(G)(1) If a court suspends an offender's driver's or 253 commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 254 privilege under division (E)(5)(d) of this section, the period of 255 the suspension shall be consecutive to, and commence after, the 256 period of suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial 257 driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege that 258 is imposed under Chapter 4506., 4509., 4510., or 4511. of the 259 Revised Code or under any other provision of law in relation to 260 the violation of division (C) of this section that is the basis of 261

272

the suspension under division (E)(5)(d) of this section or in262relation to the violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of263the Revised Code that is the basis for that violation of division264(C) of this section.265

(2) An offender is not entitled to request, and the court 266 shall not grant to the offender, limited driving privileges if the 267 offender's license, permit, or privilege has been suspended under 268 division (E)(5)(d) of this section and the offender, within the 269 preceding six years, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 270 three or more violations of one or more of the following: 271

(a) Division (C) of this section;

(b) Any equivalent offense, as defined in section 4511.181 of 273 the Revised Code. 274

(H)(1) If a person violates division (C) of this section and 275 if, at the time of the violation, there were two or more children 276 under eighteen years of age in the motor vehicle involved in the 277 violation, the offender may be convicted of a violation of 278 division (C) of this section for each of the children, but the 279 court may sentence the offender for only one of the violations. 280

(2)(a) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 281 violation of division (C) of this section but the person is not 282 also convicted of and does not also plead guilty to a separate 283 charge charging the violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 284 of the Revised Code that was the basis of the charge of the 285 violation of division (C) of this section, both of the following 286 apply: 287

(i) For purposes of the provisions of section 4511.19 of the
Revised Code that set forth the penalties and sanctions for a
violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code,
the conviction of or plea of guilty to the violation of division
(C) of this section shall not constitute a violation of division

(A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code;

(ii) For purposes of any provision of law that refers to a 294 conviction of or plea of guilty to a violation of division (A) of 295 section 4511.19 of the Revised Code and that is not described in 296 division (H)(2)(a)(i) of this section, the conviction of or plea 297 of guilty to the violation of division (C) of this section shall 298 constitute a conviction of or plea of guilty to a violation of 299 division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. 300

(b) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 301 violation of division (C) of this section and the person also is 302 convicted of or pleads guilty to a separate charge charging the 303 violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code 304 that was the basis of the charge of the violation of division (C) 305 of this section, the conviction of or plea of quilty to the 306 violation of division (C) of this section shall not constitute, 307 for purposes of any provision of law that refers to a conviction 308 of or plea of guilty to a violation of division (A) of section 309 4511.19 of the Revised Code, a conviction of or plea of guilty to 310 a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised 311 Code. 312

(I) As used in this section:

(1) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as in 314section 2929.01 of the Revised Code; 315

(2) "Limited driving privileges" has the same meaning as insection 4501.01 of the Revised Code.317

Sec. 2925.04. (A) No person shall knowingly cultivate 318 marihuana or knowingly manufacture or otherwise engage in any part 319 of the production of a controlled substance. 320

(B) This section does not apply to any person listed indivision (B)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2925.03 of the Revised322

293

313

Code to the extent and under the circumstances described in those 323 divisions. 324

(C)(1) Whoever commits a violation of division (A) of this 325 section that involves any drug other than marihuana is guilty of 326 illegal manufacture of drugs, and whoever commits a violation of 327 division (A) of this section that involves marihuana is guilty of 328 illegal cultivation of marihuana. 329

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 330 drug involved in the violation of division (A) of this section is 331 any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in 332 schedule I or II, with the exception of marihuana, illegal 333 manufacture of drugs is a felony of the second degree, and, 334 subject to division (E) of this section, the court shall impose as 335 a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 336 felony of the second degree. If the drug involved in the violation 337 is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in 338 schedule I or II, with the exception of marihuana, and if the 339 offense was committed in the vicinity of a juvenile or in the 340 vicinity of a school, illegal manufacture of drugs is a felony of 341 the first degree, and, subject to division (E) of this section, 342 the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 343 prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. If the 344 drug involved in the violation is methamphetamine, any salt, 345 isomer, or salt of an isomer of methamphetamine, or any compound, 346 mixture, preparation, or substance containing methamphetamine or 347 any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of methamphetamine and if 348 the offense was committed in the vicinity of a juvenile, in the 349 vicinity of a school, or on public premises, illegal manufacture 350 of drugs is a felony of the first degree, and, subject to division 351 (E) of this section, the court shall impose as a mandatory prison 352 term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first 353 354 degree.

(3) If the drug involved in the violation of division (A) of
355
this section is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance
included in schedule III, IV, or V, illegal manufacture of drugs
357
is a felony of the third degree or, if the offense was committed
358
in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, a
359
felony of the second degree, and there is a presumption for a
360
prison term for the offense.

(4) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana, thegenalty for the offense shall be determined as follows:363

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(b), (c), 364
(d), (e), or (f) of this section, illegal cultivation of marihuana 365
is a minor misdemeanor or, if the offense was committed in the 366
vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, a 367
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 368

(b) If the amount of marihuana involved equals or exceeds one 369 hundred grams but is less than two hundred grams, illegal 370 cultivation of marihuana is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree or, 371 if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 372 vicinity of a juvenile, a misdemeanor of the third degree. 373

(c) If the amount of marihuana involved equals or exceeds two
hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams, illegal
375
cultivation of marihuana is a felony of the fifth degree or, if
376
the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the
377
vicinity of a juvenile, a felony of the fourth degree, and
378
division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in
379
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(d) If the amount of marihuana involved equals or exceeds one
381
thousand grams but is less than five thousand grams, illegal
382
cultivation of marihuana is a felony of the third degree or, if
383
the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the
384
vicinity of a juvenile, a felony of the second degree, and
385

division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in386determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.387

(e) If the amount of marihuana involved equals or exceeds
five thousand grams but is less than twenty thousand grams,
illegal cultivation of marihuana is a felony of the third degree
or, if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in
the vicinity of a juvenile, a felony of the second degree, and
there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.

(f) If Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 394 amount of marihuana involved equals or exceeds twenty thousand 395 grams, illegal cultivation of marihuana is a felony of the second 396 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the 397 maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 398 If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty 399 thousand grams and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of 400 a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, illegal cultivation of 401 marihuana is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall 402 impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum prison term 403 prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 404

(D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 405 division (C) or (E) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 406 2929.14 of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction 407 imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 408 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender 409 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division 410 (A) of this section shall do all of the following that are 411 applicable regarding the offender: 412

(1) If the violation of division (A) of this section is a
felony of the first, second, or third degree, the court shall
414
impose upon the offender the mandatory fine specified for the
415
offense under division (B)(1) of section 2929.18 of the Revised
416
Code unless, as specified in that division, the court determines
417

that the offender is indigent. The clerk of the court shall pay a 418 mandatory fine or other fine imposed for a violation of this 419 section pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.18 of the Revised 420 Code in accordance with and subject to the requirements of 421 division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. The agency 422 that receives the fine shall use the fine as specified in division 423 (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. If a person is charged 424 with a violation of this section that is a felony of the first, 425 second, or third degree, posts bail, and forfeits the bail, the 426 clerk shall pay the forfeited bail as if the forfeited bail were a 427 fine imposed for a violation of this section. 428

(2) The court shall suspend the offender's driver's or
(2) The court shall suspend the offender's driver's or
(30) commercial driver's license or permit in accordance with division
(30) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. If an offender's
(31) driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is suspended in
(32) accordance with that division, the offender may request
(33) termination of, and the court may terminate, the suspension in
(34) 430
(37) 431

(3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person, the
court immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised
Code.
438

(E) Notwithstanding the prison term otherwise authorized or 439 required for the offense under division (C) of this section and 440 sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of the Revised Code, if the violation 441 of division (A) of this section involves the sale, offer to sell, 442 or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, with the 443 exception of marihuana, and if the court imposing sentence upon 444 the offender finds that the offender as a result of the violation 445 is a major drug offender and is guilty of a specification of the 446 type described in section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code, the 447 court, in lieu of the prison term otherwise authorized or 448 required, shall impose upon the offender the mandatory prison term 449

specified in division (D)(3)(a) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 450
Code and may impose an additional prison term under division 451
(D)(3)(b) of that section. 452

(F) It is an affirmative defense, as provided in section 453 2901.05 of the Revised Code, to a charge under this section for a 454 fifth degree felony violation of illegal cultivation of marihuana 455 that the marihuana that gave rise to the charge is in an amount, 456 is in a form, is prepared, compounded, or mixed with substances 457 that are not controlled substances in a manner, or is possessed or 458 cultivated under any other circumstances that indicate that the 459 marihuana was solely for personal use. 460

Notwithstanding any contrary provision of division (F) of 461 this section, if, in accordance with section 2901.05 of the 462 Revised Code, a person who is charged with a violation of illegal 463 cultivation of marihuana that is a felony of the fifth degree 464 sustains the burden of going forward with evidence of and 465 establishes by a preponderance of the evidence the affirmative 466 defense described in this division, the person may be prosecuted 467 for and may be convicted of or plead guilty to a misdemeanor 468 violation of illegal cultivation of marihuana. 469

(G) Arrest or conviction for a minor misdemeanor violation of 470
this section does not constitute a criminal record and need not be 471
reported by the person so arrested or convicted in response to any 472
inquiries about the person's criminal record, including any 473
inquiries contained in an application for employment, a license, 474
or any other right or privilege or made in connection with the 475
person's appearance as a witness. 476

Sec. 2925.041. (A) No person shall knowingly assemble or 477 possess one or more chemicals that may be used to manufacture a 478 controlled substance in schedule I or II with the intent to 479 manufacture a controlled substance in schedule I or II in 480

violation of section 2925.04 of the Revised Code. 481

(B) In a prosecution under this section, it is not necessary 482 to allege or prove that the offender assembled or possessed all 483 chemicals necessary to manufacture a controlled substance in 484 schedule I or II. The assembly or possession of a single chemical 485 that may be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance in 486 schedule I or II, with the intent to manufacture a controlled 487 substance in either schedule, is sufficient to violate this 488 section. 489

(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of illegal 490 assembly or possession of chemicals for the manufacture of drugs. 491 Illegal Except as otherwise provided in this division, illegal 492 assembly or possession of chemicals for the manufacture of drugs 493 is a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of section 494 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to 495 impose a prison term on the offender. If the offense was committed 496 497 in the vicinity of a juvenile or in the vicinity of a school, illegal assembly or possession of chemicals for the manufacture of 498 drugs is a felony of the second degree, and division (C) of 499 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether 500 to impose a prison term on the offender. 501

(D) In addition to any prison term authorized by division (C) 502
of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of the Revised 503
Code and in addition to any other sanction imposed for the offense 504
under this section or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised 505
Code, the court that sentences an offender who is convicted of or 506
pleads guilty to a violation of this section shall do all of the 507
following that are applicable regarding the offender: 508

(1) The court shall impose upon the offender the mandatory
fine specified for the offense under division (B)(1) of section
2929.18 of the Revised Code unless, as specified in that division,
511

the court determines that the offender is indigent. The clerk of 512 the court shall pay a mandatory fine or other fine imposed for a 513 violation of this section under division (A) of section 2929.18 of 514 the Revised Code in accordance with and subject to the 515 requirements of division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised 516 Code. The agency that receives the fine shall use the fine as 517 specified in division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. 518 If a person charged with a violation of this section posts bail 519 and forfeits the bail, the clerk shall pay the forfeited bail as 520 if the forfeited bail were a fine imposed for a violation of this 521 section. 522

(2) The court shall revoke or suspend the offender's driver's 523
or commercial driver's license or permit in accordance with 524
division (G) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. If an 525
offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is 526
revoked in accordance with that division, the offender may request 527
termination of, and the court may terminate, the revocation in 528
accordance with that division. 529

(3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person or a
person who has been admitted to the bar by order of the supreme
court in compliance with its prescribed and published rules, the
court shall comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised Code.

Section 2. That existing sections 2919.22, 2925.04, and5342925.041 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.535