As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

126th General Assembly Regular Session 2005-2006

Sub. H. B. No. 347

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A BILL

То	amend sections 109.731, 109.801, 311.41, 1547.69,	1
	2923.12, 2923.121, 2923.122, 2923.123, 2923.125,	2
	2923.126, 2923.127, 2923.128, 2923.1210,	3
	2923.1213, and 2923.16 and to enact section 9.68	4
	of the Revised Code to revise the laws regarding	5
	licenses to carry a concealed handgun and the	6
	authority to carry a concealed handgun under such	7
	a license; to provide exemptions from certain	8
	carrying of firearms-related offenses for persons	9
	in compliance with the Ohio Peace Officer Training	10
	Commission's firearms requalification program; and	11
	to identify the right of any person, except as	12
	provided in the U.S. or Ohio Constitution, federal	13
	law, or Revised Code, to own, possess, purchase,	14
	sell, transfer, transport, store, or keep a	15
	firearm, part of a firearm, firearm component, or	16
	ammunition.	17

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.731, 109.801, 311.41, 1547.69,	18
2923.12, 2923.121, 2923.122, 2923.123, 2923.125, 2923.126,	19
2923.127, 2923.128, 2923.1210, 2923.1213, and 2923.16 be amended	20
and section 9.68 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	21
follows:	22
Sec. 9.68. (A) The individual right to keep and bear arms,	23
being a fundamental individual right that predates the United	24
States Constitution and Ohio Constitution, and being a	25
constitutionally protected right in every part of Ohio, the	26
general assembly finds the need to provide uniform laws throughout	27
the state regulating the ownership, possession, purchase, other	28
acquisition, transport, storage, carrying, sale, or other transfer	29
of firearms, their components, and their ammunition. Except as	30
specifically provided by the United States Constitution, Ohio	31
Constitution, state law, or federal law, a person, without further	32
license, permission, restriction, delay, or process, may own,	33
possess, purchase, sell, transfer, transport, store, or keep any	34
firearm, part of a firearm, its components, and its ammunition.	35
(B) In addition to any other relief provided, the court shall	36
award costs and reasonable attorney fees to any person, group, or	37
entity that prevails in a challenge to an ordinance, rule, or	38
regulation as being in conflict with this section.	39
(C) As used in this section:	40
(1) The possession, transporting, or carrying of firearms,	41
their components, or their ammunition include, but are not limited	42
to, the possession, transporting, or carrying, openly or concealed	43
on a person's person or concealed ready at hand, of firearms,	44
their components, or their ammunition.	45
(2) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11 of	46
the Revised Code.	47

(D) This section does not apply to either of the following:	48
(1) A zoning ordinance that regulates or prohibits the	49
commercial sale of firearms, firearm components, or ammunition for	50
firearms in areas zoned for residential or agricultural uses;	51
(2) A zoning ordinance that specifies the hours of operation	52
or the geographic areas where the commercial sale of firearms,	53
firearm components, or ammunition for firearms may occur, provided	54
that the zoning ordinance is consistent with zoning ordinances for	55
other retail establishments in the same geographic area and does	56
not result in a de facto prohibition of the commercial sale of	57
firearms, firearm components, or ammunition for firearms in areas	58
zoned for commercial, retail, or industrial uses.	59
Sec. 109.731. (A) The Ohio peace officer training commission	60
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shall prescribe, and shall make available to sheriffs, all of the	
following:	62
(1) An application form that is to be used under section	63
2923.125 of the Revised Code by a person who applies for a license	64
to carry a concealed handgun or for the renewal of a license of	65
that nature and that conforms substantially to the form prescribed	66
in section 2923.1210 of the Revised Code;	67
(2) A form for the license to carry a concealed handgun that	68
is to be issued by sheriffs to persons who qualify for a license	69
to carry a concealed handgun under section 2923.125 of the Revised	70
Code and that conforms to the following requirements:	71
(a) It has space for the licensee's full name, residence	72
address, and date of birth and for a color photograph of the	73
licensee.	74
(b) It has space for the date of issuance of the license, its	75
expiration date, its county of issuance, the name of the sheriff	76
who issues the license, and the unique combination of letters and	77

numbers that identify the county of issuance and the license given	78
to the licensee by the sheriff in accordance with division (A)(4)	79
of this section.	80

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- (c) It has space for the signature of the licensee and the signature or a facsimile signature of the sheriff who issues the license.
- (d) It does not require the licensee to include serial 84 numbers of handguns, other identification related to handguns, or 85 similar data that is not pertinent or relevant to obtaining the 86 license and that could be used as a de facto means of registration 87 of handguns owned by the licensee. 88
- (3) A series of three-letter county codes that identify each
 county in this state;
 90
- (4) A procedure by which a sheriff shall give each license, 91 replacement license, or renewal license to carry a concealed 92 handgun and each temporary emergency license or replacement 93 temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun the 94 sheriff issues under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised 95 Code a unique combination of letters and numbers that identifies 96 the county in which the license or temporary emergency license was 97 issued and that uses the county code and a unique number for each 98 license and each temporary emergency license the sheriff of that 99 county issues; 100
- (5) A form for the temporary emergency license to carry a 101 concealed handqun that is to be issued by sheriffs to persons who 102 qualify for a temporary emergency license under section 2923.1213 103 of the Revised Code, which form shall conform to all the 104 requirements set forth in divisions (A)(2)(a) to (d) of this 105 section and shall additionally conspicuously specify that the 106 license is a temporary emergency license and the date of its 107 issuance. 108

(B)(1) The Ohio peace officer training commission, in	109
consultation with the attorney general, shall prepare a pamphlet	110
that does all of the following, in everyday language:	111
(a) Explains the firearms laws of this state;	112
(b) Instructs the reader in dispute resolution and explains	113
the laws of this state related to that matter;	114
(c) Provides information to the reader regarding all aspects	115
of the use of deadly force with a firearm, including, but not	116
limited to, the steps that should be taken before contemplating	117
the use of, or using, deadly force with a firearm, possible	118
alternatives to using deadly force with a firearm, and the law	119
governing the use of deadly force with a firearm.	120
(2) The attorney general shall consult with and assist the	121
commission in the preparation of the pamphlet described in	122
division (B)(1) of this section and, as necessary, shall recommend	123
to the commission changes in the pamphlet to reflect changes in	124
the law that are relevant to it. The commission shall make copies	125
of the pamphlet available to any person, public entity, or private	126
entity that operates or teaches a training course, class, or	127
program described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), and (e) of	128
section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and requests copies for	129
distribution to persons who take the course, class, or program,	130
and to sheriffs for distribution to applicants under section	131
2923.125 of the Revised Code for a license to carry a concealed	132
handgun and applicants under that section for the renewal of a	133
license to carry a concealed handgun.	134
(C)(1) The Ohio peace officer training commission, in	135
consultation with the attorney general, shall prescribe a fee to	136
be paid by an applicant under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code	137
for a license to carry a concealed handgun or for the renewal of a	138
license to carry a concealed handgun as follows:	139

(a) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state	140
for five or more years, an amount that does not exceed the lesser	141
of the actual cost of issuing the license, including, but not	142
limited to, the cost of conducting the criminal records check, or	143
forty-five-dollars;	144
(b) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state	145
for less than five years, The prescribed fee shall be an amount	146
that shall consist of the actual cost of having a criminal	147
background check performed by the federal bureau of investigation,	148
if one is so performed <u>as provided in section 311.41 of the</u>	149
Revised Code, plus the lesser of the actual cost of issuing the	150
license, including, but not limited to, the cost of conducting the	151
criminal records check, or whichever of the following is	152
applicable:	153
(a) For an application made on or after the effective date of	154
this amendment, fifty-five dollars;	155
(b) For an application made prior to the effective date of	156
this amendment, forty-five dollars.	157
(2) The commission, in consultation with the attorney	158
general, shall specify the portion of the fee prescribed under	159
division (C)(1) of this section that will be used to pay each	160
particular cost of the issuance of the license. The sheriff shall	161
deposit all fees paid by an applicant under section 2923.125 of	162
the Revised Code into the sheriff's concealed handgun license	163
issuance expense fund established pursuant to section 311.42 of	164
the Revised Code.	165
(D) The Ohio peace officer training commission shall maintain	166
statistics with respect to the issuance, renewal, suspension,	167
revocation, and denial of licenses to carry a concealed handgun	168
and the suspension of processing of applications for those	169
licenses, and with respect to the issuance, suspension,	170

revocation, and denial of temporary emergency licenses to carry a	171
concealed handgun, as reported by the sheriffs pursuant to	172
division (C) of section 2923.129 of the Revised Code. Not later	173
than the first day of March in each year, the commission shall	174
submit a statistical report to the governor, the president of the	175
senate, and the speaker of the house of representatives indicating	176
the number of licenses to carry a concealed handgun that were	177
issued, renewed, suspended, revoked, and denied in the previous	178
calendar year, the number of applications for those licenses for	179
which processing was suspended in accordance with division (D)(3)	180
of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code in the previous calendar	181
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year, and the number of temporary emergency licenses to carry a	183
concealed handgun that were issued, suspended, revoked, or denied	184
in the previous calendar year. Nothing in the statistics or the	185
statistical report shall identify, or enable the identification	186
of, any individual who was issued or denied a license, for whom a	187
license was renewed, whose license was suspended or revoked, or	188
for whom application processing was suspended. The statistics and	
the statistical report are public records for the purpose of	189
section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	190

(E) As used in this section, "handgun" has the same meaning 191 as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code. 192

Sec. 109.801. (A)(1) Each year, any of the following persons 193 who are authorized to carry firearms in the course of their 194 official duties shall complete successfully a firearms 195 requalification program approved by the executive director of the 196 Ohio peace officer training commission in accordance with rules 197 adopted by the attorney general pursuant to section 109.743 of the 198 Revised Code: any peace officer, as defined in section 109.71 of 199 the Revised Code, sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal, deputy 200 marshal, township constable, chief of police or member of an 201

organized police department of a municipal corporation or	202
township, chief of police or member of a township police district	203
police force, superintendent of the state highway patrol, state	204
highway patrol trooper, special police officer of the state	205
highway patrol designated under section 5503.09 of the Revised	206
Code, enforcement agent employed under section 5502.14 of the	207
Revised Code, or chief of police of a university or college police	208
department or state university law enforcement officer appointed	209
under section 3345.04 of the Revised Code; any parole or probation	210
officer who carries a firearm in the course of official duties;	211
any employee of the department of natural resources who is a	212
natural resources law enforcement staff officer, park officer,	213
forest officer, preserve officer, wildlife officer, or state	214
watercraft officer who carries a firearm in the course of official	215
duties; the house of representatives sergeant at arms if the house	216
of representatives sergeant at arms has arrest authority pursuant	217
to division (E)(1) of section 101.311 of the Revised Code; any	218
assistant house of representatives sergeant at arms; any employee	219
of the department of youth services who is designated pursuant to	220
division (A)(2) of section 5139.53 of the Revised Code as being	221
authorized to carry a firearm while on duty as described in that	222
division; or a special police officer employed by a municipal	223
corporation at a municipal airport or other municipal air	224
navigation facility described in division (A)(19) of section	225
109.71 of the Revised Code or an investigator, as defined in	226
section 109.541 of the Revised Code, of the bureau of criminal	227
identification and investigation who is commissioned by the	228
superintendent of the bureau as a special agent.	229
(2) No person listed in division (A)(1) of this section shall	230

(2) No person listed in division (A)(1) of this section shall carry a firearm during the course of official duties if the person does not comply with division (A)(1) of this section.

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(B) The hours that a sheriff spends attending a firearms

shall obtain from the applicant a completed standard fingerprint

impression sheet prescribed pursuant to division (C)(2) of section

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109.572 of the Revised Code. The fingerprints so obtained, along	265
with the applicant's social security number, shall be used to	266
conduct the criminal records check and the incompetency records	267
check. If the sheriff does not use an electronic fingerprint	268
reading device to obtain the fingerprints and conduct the records	269
checks, the sheriff shall submit the completed standard	270
fingerprint impression sheet of the applicant, along with the	271
applicant's social security number, to the superintendent of the	272
bureau of criminal identification and investigation and shall	273
request the bureau to conduct the criminal records check and the	274
incompetency records check of the applicant and, if necessary,	275
shall request the superintendent of the bureau to obtain	276
information from the federal bureau of investigation as part of	277
the criminal records check for the applicant. Upon receipt of the	278
request, as part of the criminal records check for the applicant,	279
the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	280
investigation shall request from the federal bureau of	281
investigation any information the federal bureau has with respect	282
to the applicant and shall review or cause to be reviewed, as	283
described in division (B) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code,	284
any information the superintendent receives. If it is not possible	285
to use an electronic fingerprint reading device to conduct an	286
incompetency records check, the sheriff shall submit the completed	287
standard fingerprint impression sheet of the applicant, along with	288
the applicant's social security number, to the superintendent of	289
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation and shall	290
request the bureau to conduct the incompetency records check. The	291
sheriff shall not retain the applicant's fingerprints as part of	292
the application.	293

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if at any 294 time the applicant decides not to continue with the application 295 process, the sheriff immediately shall cease any investigation 296 that is being conducted under division (A)(1) of this section. The 297

sheriff shall not cease that investigation if, at the time of the
applicant's decision not to continue with the application process,
the sheriff had determined from any of the sheriff's
investigations that the applicant then was engaged in activity of
a criminal nature.

(B) If a criminal records check and an incompetency records 303 check conducted under division (A) of this section do not indicate 304 that the applicant fails to meet the criteria described in 305 division (D)(1) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code, except as 306 otherwise provided in this division, the sheriff shall destroy or 307 cause a designated employee to destroy all records other than the 308 application for a license to carry a concealed handgun, the 309 application to renew a license to carry a concealed handgun, or 310 the affidavit submitted regarding an application for a temporary 311 emergency license to carry a concealed handgun that were made in 312 connection with the criminal records check and incompetency 313 records check within twenty days after conducting the criminal 314 records check and incompetency records check. If an applicant 315 appeals a denial of an application as described in division (D) 316 (2) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code or challenges the 317 results of a criminal records check pursuant to section 2923.127 318 of the Revised Code, records of fingerprints of the applicant 319 shall not be destroyed during the pendency of the appeal or the 320 challenge and review. When an applicant appeals a denial as 321 described in that division, the twenty-day period described in 322 this division commences regarding the fingerprints upon the 323 determination of the appeal. When required as a result of a 324 challenge and review performed pursuant to section 2923.127 of the 325 Revised Code, the source the sheriff used in conducting the 326 criminal records check shall destroy or the chief operating 327 officer of the source shall cause an employee of the source 328 designated by the chief to destroy all records other than the 329

the Revised Code.

(B) No person shall knowingly discharge a firearm while in or 360 on a vessel. 361 (C) No person shall knowingly transport or have a loaded 362 firearm in a vessel in a manner that the firearm is accessible to 363 the operator or any passenger. 364 (D) No person shall knowingly transport or have a firearm in 365 a vessel unless it is unloaded and is carried in one of the 366 following ways: 367 368 (1) In a closed package, box, or case; (2) In plain sight with the action opened or the weapon 369 stripped, or, if the firearm is of a type on which the action will 370 not stay open or that cannot easily be stripped, in plain sight. 371 (E)(1) The affirmative defenses authorized in divisions 372 (D)(1) and (2) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code are 373 affirmative defenses to a charge under division (C) or (D) of this 374 section that involves a firearm other than a handgun. It is an 375 affirmative defense to a charge under division (C) or (D) of this 376 section of transporting or having a firearm of any type, including 377 a handgun, in a vessel that the actor transported or had the 378 firearm in the vessel for any lawful purpose and while the vessel 379 was on the actor's own property, provided that this affirmative 380 defense is not available unless the actor, prior to arriving at 381 the vessel on the actor's own property, did not transport or 382 possess the firearm in the vessel or in a motor vehicle in a 383 manner prohibited by this section or division (B) or (C) of 384 section 2923.16 of the Revised Code while the vessel was being 385 operated on a waterway that was not on the actor's own property or 386 while the motor vehicle was being operated on a street, highway, 387 or other public or private property used by the public for 388 vehicular traffic. 389

(2) No person who is charged with a violation of division (C)

- or (D) of this section shall be required to obtain a license or

 temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun under

 section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code as a condition

 for the dismissal of the charge.
- (F) Divisions (B), (C), and (D) of this section do not apply 395 to the possession or discharge of a United States coast guard 396 approved signaling device required to be carried aboard a vessel 397 under section 1547.251 of the Revised Code when the signaling 398 device is possessed or used for the purpose of giving a visual 399 distress signal. No person shall knowingly transport or possess 400 any signaling device of that nature in or on a vessel in a loaded 401 condition at any time other than immediately prior to the 402 discharge of the signaling device for the purpose of giving a 403 visual distress signal. 404
- (G) No person shall operate or permit to be operated any 405 vessel on the waters in this state in violation of this section. 406
- (H) This section does not apply to officers, agents, or 407 employees of this or any other state or of the United States, or 408 to law enforcement officers, when authorized to carry or have 409 loaded or accessible firearms in a vessel and acting within the 410 scope of their duties, and this. This section does not apply to 411 any person who is subject to and in compliance with the 412 requirements of section 109.801 of the Revised Code, unless the 413 appointing authority of the person has expressly specified that 414 the exemption provided under this provision does not apply to the 415 person. This section does not apply to persons legally engaged in 416 hunting. Divisions (C) and (D) of this section do not apply to a 417 person who transports or possesses a handgun in a vessel and who, 418 at the time of that transportation or possession, is carrying a 419 valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed 420 handqun issued to the person under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 421 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed handgun that 422

(1) The weapon was carried or kept ready at hand by the actor 484 for defensive purposes while the actor was engaged in or was going 485 to or from the actor's lawful business or occupation, which 486 business or occupation was of a character or was necessarily 487 carried on in a manner or at a time or place as to render the 488 actor particularly susceptible to criminal attack, such as would 489 justify a prudent person in going armed. 490

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- (2) The weapon was carried or kept ready at hand by the actor 491 for defensive purposes while the actor was engaged in a lawful 492 activity and had reasonable cause to fear a criminal attack upon 493 the actor, a member of the actor's family, or the actor's home, 494 such as would justify a prudent person in going armed. 495
- (3) The weapon was carried or kept ready at hand by the actor 496 for any lawful purpose and while in the actor's own home. 497
- (4) The weapon was being transported in a motor vehicle for 498 any lawful purpose, was not on the actor's person, and, if the 499 weapon was a firearm, was carried in compliance with the 500 applicable requirements of division (C) of section 2923.16 of the 501 Revised Code.
- (E) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under division 503 (A) of this section of carrying or having control of a handgun 504 other than a dangerous ordnance that the actor was not otherwise 505 prohibited by law from having the handgun and that the handgun was 506 carried or kept ready at hand by the actor for any lawful purpose 507 and while in the actor's own home, provided that this affirmative 508 defense is not available unless the actor, prior to arriving at 509 the actor's own home, did not transport or possess the handgun in 510 a motor vehicle in a manner prohibited by division (B) or (C) of 511 section 2923.16 of the Revised Code while the motor vehicle was 512 being operated on a street, highway, or other public or private 513 property used by the public for vehicular traffic. 514

- (F) No person who is charged with a violation of this section 515 shall be required to obtain a license or temporary emergency 516 license to carry a concealed handgun under section 2923.125 or 517 2923.1213 of the Revised Code as a condition for the dismissal of 518 the charge.
- (G)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of carrying 520 concealed weapons. Except as otherwise provided in this division 521 or division (G)(2) of this section, carrying concealed weapons in 522 violation of division (A) of this section is a misdemeanor of the 523 first degree. Except as otherwise provided in this division or 524 division (G)(2) of this section, if the offender previously has 525 been convicted of a violation of this section or of any offense of 526 violence, if the weapon involved is a firearm that is either 527 loaded or for which the offender has ammunition ready at hand, or 528 if the weapon involved is dangerous ordnance, carrying concealed 529 weapons in violation of division (A) of this section is a felony 530 of the fourth degree. Except as otherwise provided in division 531 (G)(2) of this section, if the weapon involved is a firearm and 532 the violation of this section is committed at premises for which a 533 D permit has been issued under Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code 534 or if the offense is committed aboard an aircraft, or with purpose 535 to carry a concealed weapon aboard an aircraft, regardless of the 536 weapon involved, carrying concealed weapons in violation of 537 division (A) of this section is a felony of the third degree. 538
- (2) If a person being arrested for a violation of division 539 (A)(2) of this section promptly produces a valid license or 540 temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued 541 under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a 542 license to carry a concealed handoun that was issued by another 543 state with which the attorney general has entered into a 544 reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code, 545 and if at the time of the violation the person was not knowingly 546

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revised Code, the officer shall not arrest the person for a violation of that division. If the person is not able to promptly produce any of those types of license and if the person is not in a place described in that section, the officer may arrest the person for a violation of that division, and the offender shall be	in a place described in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the	547
produce any of that division. If the person is not able to promptly produce any of those types of license and if the person is not in a place described in that section, the officer may arrest the person for a violation of that division, and the offender shall be	Revised Code, the officer shall not arrest the person for a	548
produce any of those types of license and if the person is not in a place described in that section, the officer may arrest the person for a violation of that division, and the offender shall be 552	violation of that division. If the person is not able to promptly	549
a place described in that section, the officer may arrest the person for a violation of that division, and the offender shall be 552	produce any of those types of license and if the person is not in	550
person for a violation of that division, and the offender shall be	a place described in that section, the officer may arrest the	551
punished as follows: 553	person for a violation of that division, and the offender shall be	552
	punished as follows:	553

- (a) The offender shall be guilty of a minor misdemeanor if both of the following apply:
- (i) Within ten days after the arrest, the offender presents a 556 license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed 557 handgun issued under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised 558 Code or a license to carry a concealed handqun that was issued by 559 another state with which the attorney general has entered into a 560 reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code, 561 which license was valid at the time of the arrest to the law 562 enforcement agency that employs the arresting officer. 563
- (ii) At the time of the arrest, the offender was not
 knowingly in a place described in division (B) of section 2923.126
 of the Revised Code.
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- (b) The offender shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall 567 be fined five hundred dollars if all of the following apply: 568
- (i) The offender previously had been issued a license to 569 carry a concealed handgun under section 2923.125 of the Revised 570 Code or a license to carry a concealed handqun that was issued by 571 another state with which the attorney general has entered into a 572 reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code and 573 that was similar in nature to a license issued under section 574 2923.125 of the Revised Code, and that license expired within the 575 two years immediately preceding the arrest. 576
 - (ii) Within forty-five days after the arrest, the offender

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presents any type of license identified in division (G)(2)(a)(i) of this section to the law enforcement agency that employed the arresting officer, and the offender waives in writing the offender's right to a speedy trial on the charge of the violation that is provided in section 2945.71 of the Revised Code. (iii) At the time of the commission of the offense, the offender was not knowingly in a place described in division (B) of	578 579 580 581 582 583 584
section 2923.126 of the Revised Code.	585
(c) If neither division $(G)(2)(a)$ nor (b) of this section applies, the offender shall be punished under division $(G)(1)$ of this section.	586 587 588
(3) Carrying concealed weapons in violation of division (B) of this section is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	589 590
(H) If a law enforcement officer stops a person to question	591
the person regarding a possible violation of this section, for a	592
traffic stop, or for any other law enforcement purpose, if the	593
person surrenders a firearm to the officer, either voluntarily or pursuant to a request or demand of the officer, and if the officer	594 595
does not charge the person with a violation of this section or	596
arrest the person for any offense, the person is not otherwise	597
prohibited by law from possessing the firearm, and the firearm is	598
not contraband, the officer shall return the firearm to the person	599
at the termination of the stop.	600
Sec. 2923.121. (A) No person shall possess a firearm in any	601
room in which liquor is being dispensed in premises for which a D	602
permit has been issued under Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code or	603
in an open air arena for which a permit of that nature has been issued.	604 605
(B)(1) This section does not apply to officers, agents, or	606

employees of this or any other state or the United States, or to

law enforcement officers, authorized to carry firearms, and acting	608
within the scope of their duties. This section does not apply to	609
any person who is subject to and in compliance with the	610
requirements of section 109.801 of the Revised Code, unless the	611
appointing authority of the person has expressly specified that	612
the exemption provided under this provision does not apply to the	613
person.	614
(2) This section does not apply to any room used for the	615
accommodation of guests of a hotel, as defined in section 4301.01	616
of the Revised Code.	617
(3) This section does not prohibit any person who is a member	618
of a veteran's organization, as defined in section 2915.01 of the	619
Revised Code, from possessing a rifle in any room in any premises	620
owned, leased, or otherwise under the control of the veteran's	621
organization, if the rifle is not loaded with live ammunition and	622
if the person otherwise is not prohibited by law from having the	623
rifle.	624
(4) This section does not apply to any person possessing or	625
displaying firearms in any room used to exhibit unloaded firearms	626
for sale or trade in a soldiers' memorial established pursuant to	627
Chapter 345. of the Revised Code, in a convention center, or in	628
any other public meeting place, if the person is an exhibitor,	629
trader, purchaser, or seller of firearms and is not otherwise	630
prohibited by law from possessing, trading, purchasing, or selling	631
the firearms.	632
(C) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under this	633
section of illegal possession of a firearm in liquor permit	634
premises that involves the possession of a firearm other than a	635
handgun, that the actor was not otherwise prohibited by law from	636
having the firearm, and that any of the following apply:	637

(1) The firearm was carried or kept ready at hand by the

670

and that it is a firearm, or the person knowingly displays or brandishes the object and indicates that it is a firearm.

(D)(1) This section does not apply to officers, agents, or 671 employees of this or any other state or the United States, or to 672 law enforcement officers, authorized to carry deadly weapons or 673 dangerous ordnance and acting within the scope of their duties, to 674 any security officer employed by a board of education or governing 675 body of a school during the time that the security officer is on 676 duty pursuant to that contract of employment, or to any other 677 person who has written authorization from the board of education 678 or governing body of a school to convey deadly weapons or 679 dangerous ordnance into a school safety zone or to possess a 680 deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone and 681 who conveys or possesses the deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance 682 in accordance with that authorization. This section does not apply 683 to any person who is subject to and in compliance with the 684 requirements of section 109.801 of the Revised Code, unless the 685 appointing authority of the person has expressly specified that 686 the exemption provided under this provision does not apply to the 687 688 person.

(2) Division (C) of this section does not apply to premises 689 upon which home schooling is conducted. Division (C) of this 690 section also does not apply to a school administrator, teacher, or 691 employee who possesses an object that is indistinguishable from a 692 firearm for legitimate school purposes during the course of 693 employment, a student who uses an object that is indistinguishable 694 from a firearm under the direction of a school administrator, 695 teacher, or employee, or any other person who with the express 696 prior approval of a school administrator possesses an object that 697 is indistinguishable from a firearm for a legitimate purpose, 698 including the use of the object in a ceremonial activity, a play, 699 reenactment, or other dramatic presentation, or a ROTC activity or 700 another similar use of the object.

- (3) This section does not apply to a person who conveys or 702 attempts to convey a handgun into, or possesses a handgun in, a 703 school safety zone if, at the time of that conveyance, attempted 704 conveyance, or possession of the handgun, all of the following 705 apply: 706
- (a) The person does not enter into a school building or onto 707 school premises and is not at a school activity. 708
- (b) The person is carrying a valid license or temporary 709 emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the 710 person under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or 711 a license to carry a concealed handgun that was issued by another 712 state with which the attorney general has entered into a 713 reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code. 714
- (c) The person is in the school safety zone in accordance 715 with 18 U.S.C. 922(q)(2)(B). 716
- (d) The person is not knowingly in a place described in 717 division (B)(1) or (B)(3) to (10) of section 2923.126 of the 718 Revised Code.
- (E)(1) Whoever violates division (A) or (B) of this section 720 is guilty of illegal conveyance or possession of a deadly weapon 721 or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone. Except as otherwise 722 provided in this division, illegal conveyance or possession of a 723 deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school safety zone is a 724 felony of the fifth degree. If the offender previously has been 725 convicted of a violation of this section, illegal conveyance or 726 possession of a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a school 727 safety zone is a felony of the fourth degree. 728
- (2) Whoever violates division (C) of this section is guilty 729 of illegal possession of an object indistinguishable from a 730

firearm in a school safety zone. Except as otherwise provided in	731
this division, illegal possession of an object indistinguishable	732
from a firearm in a school safety zone is a misdemeanor of the	733
first degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of a	734
violation of this section, illegal possession of an object	735
indistinguishable from a firearm in a school safety zone is a	736
felony of the fifth degree.	737

(F)(1) In addition to any other penalty imposed upon a person 738 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of this 739 section and subject to division (F)(2) of this section, if the 740 offender has not attained nineteen years of age, regardless of 741 whether the offender is attending or is enrolled in a school 742 operated by a board of education or for which the state board of 743 education prescribes minimum standards under section 3301.07 of 744 the Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender a class 745 four suspension of the offender's probationary driver's license, 746 restricted license, driver's license, commercial driver's license, 747 temporary instruction permit, or probationary commercial driver's 748 license that then is in effect from the range specified in 749 division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code and shall 750 deny the offender the issuance of any permit or license of that 751 type during the period of the suspension. 752

If the offender is not a resident of this state, the court 753 shall impose a class four suspension of the nonresident operating 754 privilege of the offender from the range specified in division 755 (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 756

(2) If the offender shows good cause why the court should not
suspend one of the types of licenses, permits, or privileges
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specified in division (F)(1) of this section or deny the issuance
of one of the temporary instruction permits specified in that
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division, the court in its discretion may choose not to impose the
suspension, revocation, or denial required in that division.
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- (G) As used in this section, "object that is 763 indistinguishable from a firearm" means an object made, 764 constructed, or altered so that, to a reasonable person without 765 specialized training in firearms, the object appears to be a 766 firearm.
- Sec. 2923.123. (A) No person shall knowingly convey or 768 attempt to convey a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance into a 769 courthouse or into another building or structure in which a 770 courtroom is located.
- (B) No person shall knowingly possess or have under the 772 person's control a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a 773 courthouse or in another building or structure in which a 774 courtroom is located. 775
 - (C) This section does not apply to any of the following: 776
- (1) A judge of a court of record of this state or a 777 magistrate, unless a rule of superintendence or another type of 778 rule adopted by the supreme court pursuant to Article IV, Ohio 779 Constitution, or an applicable local rule of court prohibits all 780 persons from conveying or attempting to convey a deadly weapon or 781 dangerous ordnance into a courthouse or into another building or 782 structure in which a courtroom is located or from possessing or 783 having under one's control a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance 784 in a courthouse or in another building or structure in which a 785 courtroom is located; 786
- (2) A peace officer, or an officer of a law enforcement 787 agency of another state, a political subdivision of another state, 788 or the United States, who is authorized to carry a deadly weapon 789 or dangerous ordnance, who possesses or has under that 790 individual's control a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance as a 791 requirement of that individual's duties, and who is acting within 792

793 the scope of that individual's duties at the time of that 794 possession or control, unless a rule of superintendence or another 795 type of rule adopted by the supreme court pursuant to Article IV, 796 Ohio Constitution, or an applicable local rule of court prohibits 797 all persons from conveying or attempting to convey a deadly weapon 798 or dangerous ordnance into a courthouse or into another building 799 or structure in which a courtroom is located or from possessing or 800 having under one's control a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance 801 in a courthouse or in another building or structure in which a 802 courtroom is located;

- (3) A person who conveys, attempts to convey, possesses, or 803 has under the person's control a deadly weapon or dangerous 804 ordnance that is to be used as evidence in a pending criminal or 805 civil action or proceeding; 806
- (4) A bailiff or deputy bailiff of a court of record of this 807 state who is authorized to carry a firearm pursuant to section 808 109.77 of the Revised Code, who possesses or has under that 809 individual's control a firearm as a requirement of that 810 individual's duties, and who is acting within the scope of that 811 individual's duties at the time of that possession or control, 812 unless a rule of superintendence or another type of rule adopted 813 by the supreme court pursuant to Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or 814 an applicable local rule of court prohibits all persons from 815 conveying or attempting to convey a deadly weapon or dangerous 816 ordnance into a courthouse or into another building or structure 817 in which a courtroom is located or from possessing or having under 818 one's control a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in a 819 courthouse or in another building or structure in which a 820 courtroom is located; 821
- (5) A prosecutor, or a secret service officer appointed by a 822 county prosecuting attorney, who is authorized to carry a deadly 823 weapon or dangerous ordnance in the performance of the 824

825 individual's duties, who possesses or has under that individual's 826 control a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance as a requirement of 827 that individual's duties, and who is acting within the scope of 828 that individual's duties at the time of that possession or 829 control, unless a rule of superintendence or another type of rule 830 adopted by the supreme court pursuant to Article IV of the Ohio 831 Constitution or an applicable local rule of court prohibits all 832 persons from conveying or attempting to convey a deadly weapon or 833 dangerous ordnance into a courthouse or into another building or 834 structure in which a courtroom is located or from possessing or 835 having under one's control a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance 836 in a courthouse or in another building or structure in which a 837 courtroom is located;

(6) A person who conveys or attempts to convey a handgun into 838 a courthouse or into another building or structure in which a 839 courtroom is located, who, at the time of the conveyance or 840 attempt, is carrying a valid license or temporary emergency 841 license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the person under 842 section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to 843 carry a concealed handgun that was issued by another state with 844 which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity 845 agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code in a category 846 described in division (C)(6)(a) or (b) of this section, and who 847 transfers possession of the handoun to the officer or officer's 848 designee who has charge of the courthouse or building. The officer 849 shall secure the handgun until the licensee person who transferred 850 possession of the handgun is prepared to leave the premises. The 851 exemption described in this division applies only if the officer 852 who has charge of the courthouse or building provides services of 853 the nature described in this division. An officer who has charge 854 of the courthouse or building is not required to offer services of 855 the nature described in this division. The exemption described in 856

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this division does not apply if a rule of superintendence or	857
another type of rule adopted by the supreme court pursuant to	858
Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or if an applicable local rule of	859
court prohibits all persons from conveying or attempting to convey	860
a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance into a courthouse or into	861
another building or structure in which a courtroom is located or	862
from possessing or having under one's control a deadly weapon or	863
dangerous ordnance in a courthouse or in another building or	864
structure in which a courtroom is located. The exemption described	865
in this division applies in the circumstances described in this	866
division only to a person who is in one or both of the following	867
categories at the time of the conveyance or attempt:	868
(a) The person is carrying a valid license or temporary	869

- (a) The person is carrying a valid license or temporary
 emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the
 person under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or
 a license to carry a concealed handgun that was issued by another
 state with which the attorney general has entered into a
 reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code.
- (b) The person is subject to and in compliance with the requirements of section 109.801 of the Revised Code, and the appointing authority of the person has not expressly specified 877 that the exemption described in this division does not apply to the person. 879
- (D)(1) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is 880 guilty of illegal conveyance of a deadly weapon or dangerous 881 ordnance into a courthouse. Except as otherwise provided in this 882 division, illegal conveyance of a deadly weapon or dangerous 883 ordnance into a courthouse is a felony of the fifth degree. If the 884 offender previously has been convicted of a violation of division 885 (A) or (B) of this section, illegal conveyance of a deadly weapon 886 or dangerous ordnance into a courthouse is a felony of the fourth 887 degree. 888

- (2) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is guilty 889 of illegal possession or control of a deadly weapon or dangerous 890 ordnance in a courthouse. Except as otherwise provided in this 891 division, illegal possession or control of a deadly weapon or 892 dangerous ordnance in a courthouse is a felony of the fifth 893 degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of a 894 violation of division (A) or (B) of this section, illegal 895 possession or control of a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance in 896 a courthouse is a felony of the fourth degree. 897
 - (E) As used in this section:
- (1) "Magistrate" means an individual who is appointed by a 899 court of record of this state and who has the powers and may 900 perform the functions specified in Civil Rule 53, Criminal Rule 901 19, or Juvenile Rule 40.
- (2) "Peace officer" and "prosecutor" have the same meanings 903 as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code. 904
- Sec. 2923.125. (A) Upon the request of a person who wishes to 905 obtain a license to carry a concealed handgun or to renew a 906 license to carry a concealed handgun, a sheriff, as provided in 907 division (I) of this section, shall provide to the person free of 908 charge an application form and a copy of the pamphlet described in 909 division (B) of section 109.731 of the Revised Code. A sheriff 910 shall accept a completed application form and the fee, items, 911 materials, and information specified in divisions (B)(1) to (5) of 912 this section at the times and in the manners described in division 913 (I) of this section. 914
- (B) An applicant for a license to carry a concealed handgun 915 shall submit a completed application form and all of the following 916 to the sheriff of the county in which the applicant resides or to 917 the sheriff of any county adjacent to the county in which the 918

applicant resides:

- (1) A nonrefundable license fee prescribed by the Ohio peace 920 officer training commission pursuant to division (C) of section 921 109.731 of the Revised Code, except that the sheriff shall waive 922 the payment of the license fee in connection with an initial or 923 renewal application for a license that is submitted by an 924 applicant who is a retired peace officer, a retired person 925 described in division (B)(1)(b) of section 109.77 of the Revised 926 Code, or a retired federal law enforcement officer who, prior to 927 retirement, was authorized under federal law to carry a firearm in 928 the course of duty, unless the retired peace officer, person, or 929 federal law enforcement officer retired as the result of a mental 930 disability; 931
- (2) A color photograph of the applicant that was taken within 932 thirty days prior to the date of the application; 933
- (3) One or more of the following competency certifications, 934 each of which shall reflect that, regarding a certification 935 described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), (e), or (f) of this 936 section, within the three years immediately preceding the 937 application the applicant has performed that to which the 938 competency certification relates and that, regarding a 939 certification described in division (B)(3)(d) of this section, the 940 applicant currently is an active or reserve member of the armed 941 forces of the United States or within the six years immediately 942 preceding the application the honorable discharge or retirement to 943 which the competency certification relates occurred: 944
- (a) An original or photocopy of a certificate of completion 945 of a firearms safety, training, or requalification or firearms 946 safety instructor course, class, or program that was offered by or 947 under the auspices of the national rifle association and that 948 complies with the requirements set forth in division (G) of this 949

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section;

- (b) An original or photocopy of a certificate of completion 951 of a firearms safety, training, or requalification or firearms 952 safety instructor course, class, or program that satisfies all of 953 the following criteria: 954
 - (i) It was open to members of the general public.
- (ii) It utilized qualified instructors who were certified by 956 the national rifle association, the executive director of the Ohio 957 peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.75 or 958 109.78 of the Revised Code, or a governmental official or entity 959 of another state.
- (iii) It was offered by or under the auspices of a law

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 enforcement agency of this or another state or the United States,
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 a public or private college, university, or other similar
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 postsecondary educational institution located in this or another
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 state, a firearms training school located in this or another
 965
 state, or another type of public or private entity or organization
 966
 located in this or another state.
- (iv) It complies with the requirements set forth in division 968 (G) of this section. 969
- (c) An original or photocopy of a certificate of completion 970 of a state, county, municipal, or department of natural resources 971 peace officer training school that is approved by the executive 972 director of the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to 973 section 109.75 of the Revised Code and that complies with the 974 requirements set forth in division (G) of this section, or the 975 applicant has satisfactorily completed and been issued a 976 certificate of completion of a basic firearms training program, a 977 firearms requalification training program, or another basic 978 training program described in section 109.78 or 109.801 of the 979 Revised Code that complies with the requirements set forth in 980

division (G) of this section;

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- (d) A document that evidences both of the following:
- (i) That the applicant is an active or reserve member of the 983 armed forces of the United States, was honorably discharged from 984 military service in the active or reserve armed forces of the 985 United States, is a retired trooper of the state highway patrol, 986 or is a retired peace officer or federal law enforcement officer 987 described in division (B)(1) of this section or a retired person 988 described in division (B)(1)(b) of section 109.77 of the Revised 989 Code and division (B)(1) of this section; 990
- (ii) That, through participation in the military service or 991 through the former employment described in division (B)(3)(d)(i) 992 of this section, the applicant acquired experience with handling 993 handguns or other firearms, and the experience so acquired was 994 equivalent to training that the applicant could have acquired in a 995 course, class, or program described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), or 996 (c) of this section.
- (e) A certificate or another similar document that evidences 998 satisfactory completion of a firearms training, safety, or 999 requalification or firearms safety instructor course, class, or 1000 program that is not otherwise described in division (B)(3)(a), 1001 (b), (c), or (d) of this section, that was conducted by an 1002 instructor who was certified by an official or entity of the 1003 government of this or another state or the United States or by the 1004 national rifle association, and that complies with the 1005 requirements set forth in division (G) of this section; 1006
- (f) An affidavit that attests to the applicant's satisfactory

 completion of a course, class, or program described in division

 (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section and that is subscribed

 by the applicant's instructor or an authorized representative of

 the entity that offered the course, class, or program or under

 1011

whose auspices the course, class, or program was offered.

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- (4) A certification by the applicant that the applicant has

 read the pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training

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 commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code that

 1015

 reviews firearms, dispute resolution, and use of deadly force

 1016

 matters.
 - 1018 1019 1020 1021

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- (5) A set of fingerprints of the applicant provided as described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code through use of an electronic fingerprint reading device or, if the sheriff to whom the application is submitted does not possess and does not have ready access to the use of such a reading device, on a standard impression sheet prescribed pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code.
- (C) Upon receipt of an applicant's completed application 1025 form, supporting documentation, and, if not waived, license fee, a 1026 sheriff, in the manner specified in section 311.41 of the Revised 1027 Code, shall conduct or cause to be conducted the criminal records 1028 check and the incompetency records check described in section 1029 311.41 of the Revised Code.
- (D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(3), (4), or (5) of 1031 this section, within forty-five days after a sheriff's receipt of 1032 an applicant's completed application form for a license to carry a 1033 concealed handgun, the supporting documentation, and, if not 1034 waived, the license fee, a the sheriff shall make available 1035 through the law enforcement automated data system in accordance 1036 with division (H) of this section the information described in 1037 that division and, upon making the information available through 1038 the system, shall issue to the applicant a license to carry a 1039 concealed handgun that shall expire four years after the date of 1040 issuance as described in division (D)(2)(a) of this section if all 1041 of the following apply: 1042

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- (a) The applicant is legally living in the United States, has 1043 been a resident of this state for at least forty-five days, and 1044 has been a resident of the county in which the person seeks the 1045 license or a county adjacent to the county in which the person 1046 seeks the license for at least thirty days.
 - (b) The applicant is at least twenty-one years of age. 1048
 - (c) The applicant is not a fugitive from justice.
- (d) The applicant is not under indictment for or otherwise 1050 charged with a felony; an offense under Chapter 2925., 3719., or 1051 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the illegal possession, 1052 use, sale, administration, or distribution of or trafficking in a 1053 drug of abuse; a misdemeanor offense of violence; or a violation 1054 of section 2903.14 or 2923.1211 of the Revised Code.
- (e) The Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(5) of 1056 this section, the applicant has not been convicted of or pleaded 1057 guilty to a felony or an offense under Chapter 2925., 3719., or 1058 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the illegal possession, 1059 use, sale, administration, or distribution of or trafficking in a 1060 drug of abuse; has not been adjudicated a delinquent child for 1061 committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a felony 1062 or would be an offense under Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the 1063 Revised Code that involves the illegal possession, use, sale, 1064 administration, or distribution of or trafficking in a drug of 1065 abuse; and has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or 1066 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a violation of 1067 section 2903.13 of the Revised Code when the victim of the 1068 violation is a peace officer, regardless of whether the applicant 1069 was sentenced under division (C)(3) of that section. 1070
- (f) The Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(5) of 1071 this section, the applicant, within three years of the date of the application, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 1073

misdemeanor offense of violence other than a misdemeanor violation 1074 of section 2921.33 of the Revised Code or a violation of section 1075 2903.13 of the Revised Code when the victim of the violation is a 1076 peace officer, or a misdemeanor violation of section 2923.1211 of 1077 the Revised Code; and has not been adjudicated a delinquent child 1078 for committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a 1079 misdemeanor offense of violence other than a misdemeanor violation 1080 of section 2921.33 of the Revised Code or a violation of section 1081 2903.13 of the Revised Code when the victim of the violation is a 1082 peace officer or for committing an act that if committed by an 1083 adult would be a misdemeanor violation of section 2923.1211 of the 1084 Revised Code. 1085

- (g) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(1)(e) of 1086 this section, the applicant, within five years of the date of the 1087 application, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or 1088 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing two or more 1089 violations of section 2903.13 or 2903.14 of the Revised Code. 1090
- (h) The Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(5) of this section, the applicant, within ten years of the date of the application, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a violation of section 2921.33 of the Revised Code.
- (i) The applicant has not been adjudicated as a mental 1096 1097 defective, has not been committed to any mental institution, is not under adjudication of mental incompetence, has not been found 1098 by a court to be a mentally ill person subject to hospitalization 1099 by court order, and is not an involuntary patient other than one 1100 who is a patient only for purposes of observation. As used in this 1101 division, "mentally ill person subject to hospitalization by court 1102 order" and "patient" have the same meanings as in section 5122.01 1103 of the Revised Code. 1104
 - (j) The applicant is not currently subject to a civil

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protection order, a temporary protection order, or a protection	1106
order issued by a court of another state.	1107
(k) The applicant certifies that the applicant desires a	1108
legal means to carry a concealed handgun for defense of the	1109
applicant or a member of the applicant's family while engaged in	1110
lawful activity.	1111
(1) The applicant submits a competency certification of the	1112
type described in division (B)(3) of this section and submits a	1113
certification of the type described in division (B)(4) of this	1114
section regarding the applicant's reading of the pamphlet prepared	1115
by the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to section	1116
109.731 of the Revised Code.	1117
(2)(a) If A license to carry a concealed handgun that a	1118
sheriff issues under division (D)(1) of this section on or after	1119
the effective date of this amendment shall expire five years after	1120
the date of issuance. A license to carry a concealed handgun that	1121
a sheriff issued under division (D)(1) of this section prior to	1122
the effective date of this amendment shall expire four years after	1123
the date of issuance.	1124
$\underline{\text{If}}$ a sheriff issues a license under this section, the sheriff	1125
shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and	1126
numbers identifying the license in accordance with the procedure	1127
prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant	1128
to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.	1129
(b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section	1130
because the applicant does not satisfy the criteria described in	1131
division (D)(1) of this section, the sheriff shall specify the	1132
grounds for the denial in a written notice to the applicant. The	1133
applicant may appeal the denial pursuant to section 119.12 of the	1134
Revised Code in the county served by the sheriff who denied the	1135

application. If the denial was as a result of the criminal records 1136

check conducted pursuant to section 311.41 of the Revised Code and 1137 if, pursuant to section 2923.127 of the Revised Code, the 1138 applicant challenges the criminal records check results using the 1139 appropriate challenge and review procedure specified in that 1140 section, the time for filing the appeal pursuant to section 119.12 1141 of the Revised Code and this division is tolled during the 1142 pendency of the request or the challenge and review. If the court 1143 in an appeal under section 119.12 of the Revised Code and this 1144 division enters a judgment sustaining the sheriff's refusal to 1145 grant to the applicant a license to carry a concealed handgun, the 1146 applicant may file a new application beginning one year after the 1147 judgment is entered. If the court enters a judgment in favor of 1148 the applicant, that judgment shall not restrict the authority of a 1149 sheriff to suspend or revoke the license pursuant to section 1150 2923.128 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or to refuse to renew 1151 the license for any proper cause that may occur after the date the 1152 judgment is entered. In the appeal, the court shall have full 1153 power to dispose of all costs. 1154

- (3) If the sheriff with whom an application for a license to 1155 carry a concealed handgun was filed under this section becomes 1156 aware that the applicant has been arrested for or otherwise 1157 charged with an offense that would disqualify the applicant from 1158 holding the license, the sheriff shall suspend the processing of 1159 the application until the disposition of the case arising from the 1160 arrest or charge.
- (4) If the sheriff determines that the applicant is legally

 living in the United States and is a resident of the county in

 1163

 which the applicant seeks the license or of an adjacent county but

 does not yet meet the residency requirements described in division

 (D)(1)(a) of this section, the sheriff shall not deny the license

 because of the residency requirements but shall not issue the

 license until the applicant meets those residency requirements.

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- (5) If an applicant has been convicted of or pleaded quilty 1169 to an offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or (h) of 1170 this section or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for 1171 committing an act or violation identified in any of those 1172 divisions, and if a court has ordered the sealing or expungement 1173 of the records of that conviction, quilty plea, or delinquent 1174 child adjudication pursuant to section 2151.358 or sections 1175 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code, the sheriff with whom the 1176 application was submitted shall not consider the conviction, 1177 quilty plea, or delinguent child adjudication. 1178
- (E) If a license to carry a concealed handgun issued under 1179 this section is lost or is destroyed, the licensee may obtain from 1180 the sheriff who issued that license a duplicate license upon the 1181 payment of a fee of fifteen dollars and the submission of an 1182 affidavit attesting to the loss or destruction of the license. The 1183 sheriff, in accordance with the procedures prescribed in section 1184 109.731 of the Revised Code, shall place on the replacement 1185 license a combination of identifying numbers different from the 1186 combination on the license that is being replaced. 1187
- (F) A licensee who wishes to renew a license to carry a 1188 concealed handgun issued under this seciton section shall do so 1189 within not earlier than ninety days before the expiration date of 1190 the license and not later than thirty days after the expiration 1191 date of the license by filing with the sheriff of the county in 1192 which the applicant resides or with the sheriff of an adjacent 1193 county an application for renewal of the license obtained pursuant 1194 to division (D) of this section, a new color photograph of the 1195 licensee that was taken within thirty days prior to the date of 1196 the renewal application, a certification by the applicant that, 1197 subsequent to the issuance of the license, the applicant has 1198 reread the pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training 1199 commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code that 1200

reviews firearms, dispute resolution, and use of deadly force	1201
matters, a new set of fingerprints provided in the manner	1202
specified in division $\frac{(D)(4)(B)(5)}{(B)(5)}$ of this section $\frac{2923.125}{(B)(B)}$	1203
Revised Code regarding initial applications for a license to carry	1204
a concealed handgun, and a nonrefundable license renewal fee	1205
unless the fee is waived. The licensee also shall submit a	1206
competency certification of the type described in division (B)(3)	1207
of this section that is not older than six years or a renewed	1208
competency certification of the type described in division $(G)(4)$	1209
of this section that is not older than six years. A sheriff shall	1210
accept a completed renewal application and the fee, items,	1211
materials, and information specified in this division at the times	1212
and in the manners described in division (I) of this section.	1213

Upon receipt of a completed renewal application, color 1214 photograph, certification that the applicant has reread the 1215 specified pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training 1216 commission, new set of fingerprints, competency certification or 1217 renewed competency certification, and license renewal fee unless 1218 the fee is waived, a sheriff, in the manner specified in section 1219 311.41 of the Revised Code shall conduct or cause to be conducted 1220 the criminal records check and the incompetency records check 1221 described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code. The sheriff shall 1222 renew the license if the sheriff determines that the applicant 1223 continues to satisfy the requirements described in division (D)(1) 1224 of this section, except that the applicant is required to submit a 1225 renewed competency certification only in the circumstances 1226 described in division (G)(4) of this section and except that 1227 division (D)(5) of this section also applies regarding the renewal 1228 application. A renewed license that is renewed on or after the 1229 effective date of this amendment shall expire five years after the 1230 date of issuance, and a renewed license that is renewed prior to 1231 the effective date of this amendment shall expire four years after 1232 the date of issuance and. A renewed license is subject to division 1233

(2) To satisfactorily complete the course, class, or program 1265 described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section, 1266 the applicant shall pass a competency examination that shall 1267 include both of the following: 1268 (a) A written section on the ability to name and explain the 1269 rules for the safe handling of a handgun and proper storage 1270 practices for handguns and ammunition; 1271 (b) A physical demonstration of competence in the use of a 1272 handgun and in the rules for safe handling and storage of a 1273 handgun and a physical demonstration of the attitude necessary to 1274 shoot a handgun in a safe manner. 1275 (3) The competency certification described in division 1276 (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section shall be dated and 1277 shall attest that the course, class, or program the applicant 1278 successfully completed met the requirements described in division 1279 (G)(1) of this section and that the applicant passed the 1280 competency examination described in division (G)(2) of this 1281 section. 1282 (4) A person who has received a competency certification as 1283 described in division (B)(3) of this section, or who previously 1284 has received a renewed competency certification as described in 1285 this division, may obtain a renewed competency certification 1286 pursuant to this division. If the person has received a competency 1287 certification within the preceding six years, or previously has 1288 received a renewed competency certification within the preceding 1289 six years, the person may obtain a renewed competency 1290 certification from an entity that offers a course, class, or 1291 program described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this 1292 section by passing a competency examination of the type described 1293 in division (G)(2) of this section. In these circumstances, the 1294

person is not required to attend the course, class, or program in

1296 order to be eligible to take the competency examination for the 1297 renewed competency certification. If more than six years has 1298 elapsed since the person last received a competency certification 1299 or a renewed competency certification, in order for the person to 1300 obtain a renewed competency certification, the person shall both 1301 satisfactorily complete a course, class, or program described in 1302 division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section and pass a 1303 competency examination of the type described in division (G)(2) of 1304 this section. A renewed competency certification issued under this 1305 division shall be dated and shall attest that the applicant passed 1306 the competency examination of the type described in division 1307 (G)(2) of this section and, if applicable, that the person 1308 successfully completed a course, class, or program that met the 1309 requirements described in division (G)(1) of this section.

(H) Upon deciding to issue a license, deciding to issue a 1310 replacement license, or deciding to renew a license to carry a 1311 concealed handgun pursuant to this section, and before actually 1312 issuing or renewing the license, the sheriff shall make available 1313 through the law enforcement automated data system all information 1314 contained on the license. If the license subsequently is suspended 1315 under division (A)(1) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, 1316 revoked pursuant to division (B)(1) of section 2923.128 of the 1317 Revised Code, or lost or destroyed, the sheriff also shall make 1318 available through the law enforcement automated data system a 1319 notation of that fact. The superintendent of the state highway 1320 patrol shall ensure that the law enforcement automated data system 1321 is so configured as to permit the transmission through the system 1322 of the information specified in this division. 1323

(I) A sheriff shall accept a completed application form or
renewal application, and the fee, items, materials, and
information specified in divisions (B)(1) to (5) or division (F)
of this section, whichever is applicable, and shall provide an
1324

application form or renewal application and a copy of the pamphlet	1328
described in division (B) of section 109.731 of the Revised Code	1329
to any person during at least fifteen hours a week. The sheriff	1330
shall post notice of the hours during which the sheriff is	1331
available to accept or provide the information described in this	1332
division.	1333
<u> </u>	

Sec. 2923.126. (A) A license to carry a concealed handgun 1334 that is issued under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code on or 1335 after the effective date of this amendment shall expire five years 1336 after the date of issuance, and a license that is so issued prior 1337 to the effective date of this amendment shall expire four years 1338 after the date of issuance. A licensee who has been issued a 1339 license under that section shall be granted a grace period of 1340 thirty days after the licensee's license expires during which the 1341 licensee's license remains valid. Except as provided in divisions 1342 (B) and (C) of this section, a licensee who has been issued a 1343 license under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code 1344 may carry a concealed handgun anywhere in this state if the 1345 licensee also carries a valid license and valid identification 1346 when the licensee is in actual possession of a concealed handgun. 1347 The licensee shall give notice of any change in the licensee's 1348 residence address to the sheriff who issued the license within 1349 forty-five days after that change. 1350

If a licensee is the driver or an occupant of a motor vehicle 1351 that is stopped as the result of a traffic stop or a stop for 1352 another law enforcement purpose and if the licensee is 1353 transporting or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle at that 1354 time, the licensee shall promptly inform any law enforcement 1355 officer who approaches the vehicle while stopped that the licensee 1356 has been issued a license or temporary emergency license to carry 1357 a concealed handgun and that the licensee currently possesses or 1358

of a law enforcement officer given while the motor vehicle is	1360
stopped, shall remain in the motor vehicle while stopped, and	1361
shall keep the licensee's hands in plain sight while any law	1362
enforcement officer begins approaching the licensee while stopped	1363
and before the officer leaves, unless directed otherwise by a law	1364
enforcement officer; and the licensee shall not knowingly remove,	1365
attempt to remove, grasp, or hold the loaded handgun or knowingly	1366
have contact with the loaded handgun by touching it with the	1367
licensee's hands or fingers, in any manner in violation of	1368
division (E) of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, while any law	1369
enforcement officer begins approaching the licensee while stopped	1370
and before the officer leaves. If a law enforcement officer	1371
otherwise approaches a person who has been stopped for a law	1372
enforcement purpose, if the person is a licensee, and if the	1373
licensee is carrying a concealed handgun at the time the officer	1374
approaches, the licensee shall promptly inform the officer that	1375
the licensee has been issued a license or temporary emergency	1376
license to carry a concealed handgun and that the licensee	1377
	1378
currently is carrying a concealed handgun.	
(B) A valid license issued under section 2923.125 or	1379
2923.1213 of the Revised Code does not authorize the licensee to	1380

has a loaded handgun; the licensee shall comply with lawful orders

- carry a concealed handgun in any manner prohibited under division

 (B) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or in any manner

 prohibited under section 2923.16 of the Revised Code. A valid

 license does not authorize the licensee to carry a concealed

 handgun into any of the following places:

 1385
- (1) A police station, sheriff's office, or state highway

 patrol station, premises controlled by the bureau of criminal

 identification and investigation, a state correctional

 institution, jail, workhouse, or other detention facility, an

 lase airport passenger terminal, or an institution that is maintained,

(8) An aircraft that is in, or intended for operation in, 1421 foreign air transportation, interstate air transportation, 1422 intrastate air transportation, or the transportation of mail by 1423 aircraft; 1424 (9) Any building that is owned by this state or any political 1425 subdivision of this state, and all portions of any building that 1426 is not owned by any governmental entity listed in this division 1427 but that is leased by such a governmental entity listed in this 1428 division; 1429 (10) A place in which federal law prohibits the carrying of 1430 handguns. 1431 (C)(1) Nothing in this section shall negate or restrict a 1432 rule, policy, or practice of a private employer that is not a 1433 private college, university, or other institution of higher 1434 education concerning or prohibiting the presence of firearms on 1435 the private employer's premises or property, including motor 1436 vehicles owned by the private employer. Nothing in this section 1437 shall require a private employer of that nature to adopt a rule, 1438 policy, or practice concerning or prohibiting the presence of 1439 firearms on the private employer's premises or property, including 1440 motor vehicles owned by the private employer. 1441 (2)(a) A private employer shall be immune from liability in a 1442 civil action for any injury, death, or loss to person or property 1443 that allegedly was caused by or related to a licensee bringing a 1444 handgun onto the premises or property of the private employer, 1445 including motor vehicles owned by the private employer, unless the 1446 private employer acted with malicious purpose. A private employer 1447 is immune from liability in a civil action for any injury, death, 1448 or loss to person or property that allegedly was caused by or 1449 related to the private employer's decision to permit a licensee to 1450

bring, or prohibit a licensee from bringing, a handgun onto the

premises or property of the private employer. As used in this

division, "private employer" includes a private college,

university, or other institution of higher education.

- (b) A political subdivision shall be immune from liability in 1455 a civil action, to the extent and in the manner provided in 1456 Chapter 2744. of the Revised Code, for any injury, death, or loss 1457 to person or property that allegedly was caused by or related to a 1458 licensee bringing a handgun onto any premises or property owned, 1459 leased, or otherwise under the control of the political 1460 subdivision. As used in this division, "political subdivision" has 1461 the same meaning as in section 2744.01 of the Revised Code. 1462
- (3) The owner or person in control of private land or 1463 premises, and a private person or entity leasing land or premises 1464 owned by the state, the United States, or a political subdivision 1465 of the state or the United States, may post a sign in a 1466 conspicuous location on that land or on those premises prohibiting 1467 persons from carrying firearms or concealed firearms on or onto 1468 that land or those premises. A person who knowingly violates a 1469 posted prohibition of that nature is guilty of criminal trespass 1470 in violation of division (A)(4) of section 2911.21 of the Revised 1471 Code and is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 1472
- (D) A person who holds a license to carry a concealed handgun 1473 that was issued pursuant to the law of another state that is 1474 recognized by the attorney general pursuant to a reciprocity 1475 agreement entered into pursuant to section 109.69 of the Revised 1476 Code has the same right to carry a concealed handgun in this state 1477 as a person who was issued a license to carry a concealed handgun 1478 under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and is subject to the 1479 same restrictions that apply to a person who carries a license 1480 issued under that section. 1481

A peace officer has the same right to carry a concealed

handgun in this state as a person who was issued a license to	1483
carry a concealed handgun under section 2923.125 of the Revised	1484
Code. For purposes of reciprocity with other states, a peace	1485
officer shall be considered to be a licensee in this state.	1486

- Sec. 2923.127. (A) If a sheriff denies an application for a 1487 license to carry a concealed handgun, denies the renewal of a 1488 license to carry a concealed handgun, or denies an application for 1489 a temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun as a 1490 result of the criminal records check conducted pursuant to section 1491 311.41 of the Revised Code and if the applicant believes the 1492 denial was based on incorrect information reported by the source 1493 the sheriff used in conducting the criminal records check, the 1494 applicant may challenge the criminal records check results using 1495 whichever of the following is applicable: 1496
- (1) If the bureau of criminal identification and 1497 investigation performed the criminal records check, by using the bureau's existing challenge and review procedures; 1499
- (2) If division (A)(1) of this section does not apply, by

 using the sheriff's existing challenge and review procedure of the

 sheriff who denied the application or, if the sheriff does not

 have a challenge and review procedure, by using the challenge and

 review procedure prescribed by the bureau of criminal

 identification and investigation pursuant to division (B) of this

 section.
- (B) The bureau of criminal identification and investigation 1507 shall prescribe a challenge and review procedure for applicants to 1508 use to challenge criminal records checks under division (A)(2) of 1509 this section in counties in which the sheriff with whom the 1510 application for a license to carry a concealed handgun or for the 1511 renewal of a license to carry a concealed handgun was filed or 1512 with whom the application for a temporary emergency license to 1513

carry a concealed handgun was submitted does not have an existing

1514

challenge and review procedure.

- Sec. 2923.128. (A)(1) If a licensee holding a valid license 1516 issued under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code is 1517 arrested for or otherwise charged with an offense described in 1518 division (D)(1)(d) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code or with 1519 a violation of section 2923.15 of the Revised Code or becomes 1520 subject to a temporary protection order or to a protection order 1521 issued by a court of another state that is substantially 1522 equivalent to a temporary protection order, the sheriff who issued 1523 the license or temporary emergency license shall suspend it and 1524 shall comply with division (A)(3) of this section upon becoming 1525 aware of the arrest, charge, or protection order. 1526
- (2) A suspension under division (A)(1) of this section shall 1527 be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee is 1528 arrested for or otherwise charged with an offense described in 1529 that division or on the date the appropriate court issued the 1530 protection order described in that division, irrespective of when 1531 the sheriff notifies the licensee under division (A)(3) of this 1532 section. The suspension shall end on the date on which the charges 1533 are dismissed or the licensee is found not guilty of the offense 1534 described in division (A)(1) of this section or, subject to 1535 division (B) of this section, on the date the appropriate court 1536 terminates the protection order described in that division. If the 1537 suspension so ends, the sheriff shall return the license or 1538 temporary emergency license to the licensee. 1539
- (3) Upon becoming aware of an arrest, charge, or protection 1540 order described in division (A)(1) of this section with respect to 1541 a licensee who was issued a license under section 2923.125 or 1542 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, the sheriff who issued the 1543 licensee's license or temporary emergency license to carry a 1544

1575

concealed handgun shall notify the licensee, by certified mail,	1545
return receipt requested, at the licensee's last known residence	1546
address that the license or temporary emergency license has been	1547
suspended and that the licensee is required to surrender the	1548
license or temporary emergency license at the sheriff's office	1549
within ten days of the date on which the notice was mailed.	1550
(B)(1) A sheriff who issues a license or temporary emergency	1551
license to carry a concealed handgun to a licensee under section	1552
2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code shall revoke the license	1553
or temporary emergency license in accordance with division (B)(2)	1554
of this section upon becoming aware that the licensee satisfies	1555
any of the following:	1556
(a) The licensee is under twenty-one years of age.	1557
(b) At Subject to division (B)(3) of this section, at the	1558
time of the issuance of the license or temporary emergency	1559
license, the licensee did not satisfy the eligibility requirements	1560
of division $(D)(1)(c)$, (d) , (e) , (f) , (g) , or (h) of section	1561
2923.125 of the Revised Code.	1562
(c) On Subject to division (B)(3) of this section, on or	1563
after the date on which the license or temporary emergency license	1564
was issued, the licensee is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	1565
violation of section 2923.15 of the Revised Code or an offense	1566
described in division $(D)(1)(e)$, (f) , (g) , or (h) of section	1567
2923.125 of the Revised Code.	1568
(d) On or after the date on which the license or temporary	1569
emergency license was issued, the licensee becomes subject to a	1570
civil protection order or to a protection order issued by a court	1571
of another state that is substantially equivalent to a civil	1572
protection order.	1573

(e) The licensee knowingly carries a concealed handgun into a

place that the licensee knows is an unauthorized place specified

- in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised Code.
- (f) On or after the date on which the license or temporary 1577 emergency license was issued, the licensee is adjudicated as a 1578 mental defective or is committed to a mental institution. 1579
- (g) At the time of the issuance of the license or temporary

 emergency license, the licensee did not meet the residency

 requirements described in division (D)(1) of section 2923.125 of

 the Revised Code and currently does not meet the residency

 requirements described in that division.

 1584
- (h) Regarding a license issued under section 2923.125 of theRevised Code, the competency certificate the licensee submitteduas forged or otherwise was fraudulent.
- (2) Upon becoming aware of any circumstance listed in 1588 division (B)(1) of this section that applies to a particular 1589 licensee who was issued a license under section 2923.125 or 1590 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, the sheriff who issued the license 1591 or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun to the 1592 licensee shall notify the licensee, by certified mail, return 1593 receipt requested, at the licensee's last known residence address 1594 that the license or temporary emergency license is subject to 1595 revocation and that the licensee may come to the sheriff's office 1596 and contest the sheriff's proposed revocation within fourteen days 1597 of the date on which the notice was mailed. After the fourteen-day 1598 period and after consideration of any information that the 1599 licensee provides during that period, if the sheriff determines on 1600 the basis of the information of which the sheriff is aware that 1601 the licensee is described in division (B)(1) of this section and 1602 no longer satisfies the requirements described in division (D)(1) 1603 of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code that are applicable to the 1604 licensee's type of license, <u>subject to division (B)(3) of this</u> 1605 <u>section</u>, the sheriff shall revoke the license or temporary 1606

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emergency license, notify the licensee of that fact, and require	1607
the licensee to surrender the license or temporary emergency	1608
license.	1609
(3) If a sheriff who issues a license or temporary emergency	1610
license to carry a concealed handgun to a licensee under section	1611
2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code becomes aware that, at	1612
the time of the issuance of the license or temporary emergency	1613
license, the licensee had been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	1614
an offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or (h) of	1615
section 2923.125 of the Revised Code or had been adjudicated a	1616
delinquent child for committing an act or violation identified in	1617
any of those divisions, or that, on or after the date on which the	1618
license or temporary emergency license was issued, the licensee	1619
has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of section	1620
2923.15 of the Revised Code or an offense described in division	1621
(D)(1)(e), (f), or (h) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code,	1622
the sheriff shall not consider that conviction, guilty plea, or	1623
juvenile adjudication as having occurred if a court has ordered	1624
the sealing or expungement of the records of that conviction,	1625
guilty plea, or delinguent child adjudication pursuant to section	1626
2151.358 or sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code.	1627
Sec. 2923.1210. The application for a license to carry a	1628
concealed handgun or for the renewal of a license of that nature	1629
that is to be used under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code	1630
shall conform substantially to the following form:	1631
"Ohio Peace APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE TO	1632
Officer CARRY A CONCEALED HANDGUN	
Training	
Commission	
Please Type or Print in Ink	1633
SECTION I.	1634
This application will not be processed unless	1635

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all applicable questions have been answered and until all required supporting documents as described in division (B) or (F) of section 2923.125 of the Ohio Revised Code and, unless waived, a cashier's check, certified check, or money order in the amount of the applicable license fee or license renewal fee have been submitted. FEES ARE NONREFUNDABLE.

SECTION II.					1636
Name:					1637
Last	First		M	Iiddle	1638
					1639
Social Security Num	ber:				1640
Current Residence:					1641
Street C	ity State	Count	ty	Zip	1642
					1643
Mailing Address (If	Different From A	above):			1644
Street	City	State		Zip	1645
					1646
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	Sex Rac	ce Re	sidence	1647
			Te	lephone	
//			()		1648
SECTION III. THE FO	LLOWING QUESTIONS	S ARE TO BE A	NSWERED Y	ES OR NO	1649
(1) <u>(a) Are you lega</u>	lly living in the	United .	YES	<u>NO</u>	1650
States?					
(b) Have you been a	resident of Ohio	for at .	YES	NO	1651
least forty-five da	ys and have you b	een a			
resident for thirty	days of the coun	ty with			
whose sheriff you a	re filing this ap	plication			
or of a county adja	cent to that coun	ty?			
(2) Are you at leas	t twenty-one year	s of age? .	YES	NO	1652

misdemeanor that is an offense of violence or

(3) Are you a fugitive from justice?	 YES	 NO	1653
(4) Are you under indictment for a felony,	 YES	 NO	1654
except for a conviction or quilty plea the			
records of which a court has ordered sealed or			
expunged, have you ever been convicted of or			
pleaded guilty to a felony, or, except for a			
delinquent child adjudication the records of			
which a court has ordered sealed or expunged,			
have you ever been adjudicated a delinquent			
child for committing an act that would be a			
felony if committed by an adult?			
(5) Are you under indictment for or otherwise	 YES	 NO	1655
charged with, or , except for a conviction or			
guilty plea the records of which a court has			
ordered sealed or expunged, have you ever been			
convicted of or pleaded guilty to, an offense			
under Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the			
Ohio Revised Code that involves the illegal			
possession, use, sale, administration, or			
distribution of or trafficking in a drug of			
abuse, or, except for a delinquent child			
adjudication the records of which a court has			
ordered sealed or expunged, have you ever been			
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing			
an act that would be an offense of that nature			
if committed by an adult?			
(6) Are you under indictment for or otherwise	 YES	 NO	1656
charged with, or, except for a conviction or			
guilty plea the records of which a court has			
ordered sealed or expunded, have you been			
convicted of or pleaded guilty to within three			
years of the date of this application, a			

or delinguent child adjudication the records

the offense of possessing a revoked or suspended concealed handqun license, or, except for a delinguent child adjudication the records of which a court has ordered sealed or expunged, have you been adjudicated a delinquent child within three years of the date of this application for committing an act that would be a misdemeanor of that nature if committed by an adult? (7) Are you under indictment for or otherwise YES NO 1657 charged with, or, except for a conviction or guilty plea the records of which a court has ordered sealed or expunded, have you been convicted of or pleaded guilty to within ten years of the date of this application, resisting arrest, or, except for a delinquent child adjudication the records of which a court has ordered sealed or expunged, have you been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing, within ten years of the date of this application an act that if committed by an adult would be the offense of resisting arrest? (8)(a) Are you under indictment for or YES NO 1658 otherwise charged with assault or negligent assault? (b) Have you been convicted of, pleaded guilty YES NO 1659 to, or adjudicated a delinquent child two or more times for committing assault or negligent assault within five years of the date of this application? (c) Have Except for a conviction, quilty plea, YES NO 1660

of which a court has ordered sealed or					
expunged, have you ever been convicted of,					
pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent					
child for assaulting a peace officer?					
(9)(a) Have you ever been adjudicated as a YES NO	1661				
mental defective?	1001				
(b) Have you ever been committed to a mental YES NO	1662				
	1002				
institution?	1,660				
(10) Are you currently subject to a civil YES NO	1663				
protection order, a temporary protection					
order, or a protection order issued by a court					
of another state?					
SECTION IV. YOU MUST COMPLETE THIS SECTION OF THE APPLICATION BY	1664				
PROVIDING, TO THE BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE, THE ADDRESS OF EACH	1665				
PLACE OF RESIDENCE AT WHICH YOU RESIDED AT ANY TIME AFTER YOU	1666				
ATTAINED EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE AND UNTIL YOU COMMENCED YOUR	1667				
RESIDENCE AT THE LOCATION IDENTIFIED IN SECTION II OF THIS FORM,	1668				
AND THE DATES OF RESIDENCE AT EACH OF THOSE ADDRESSES. IF YOU NEED					
MORE SPACE, COMPLETE AN ADDITIONAL SHEET WITH THE relevant	1670				
RELEVANT INFORMATION, ATTACH IT TO THE APPLICATION, AND NOTE THE	1671				
ATTACHMENT AT THE END OF THIS SECTION.	1672				
Residence 1:	1673				
Street City State County Zip	1674				
	1675				
Dates of residence at this address	1676				
Residence 2:	1677				
Street City State County Zip	1678				
	1679				
Dates of residence at this address	1680				
Residence 3:	1681				
Street City State County Zip	1682				
	1683				

documents are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.	1715
	1716
Signature of Applicant"	1717
Sec. 2923.1213. (A) As used in this section:	1718
(1) "Evidence of imminent danger" means any of the following:	1719
(a) A statement sworn by the person seeking to carry a	1720
concealed handgun that is made under threat of perjury and that	1721
states that the person has reasonable cause to fear a criminal	1722
attack upon the person or a member of the person's family, such as	1723
would justify a prudent person in going armed;	1724
(b) A written document prepared by a governmental entity or	1725
public official describing the facts that give the person seeking	1726
to carry a concealed handgun reasonable cause to fear a criminal	1727
attack upon the person or a member of the person's family, such as	1728
would justify a prudent person in going armed. Written documents	1729
of this nature include, but are not limited to, any temporary	1730
protection order, civil protection order, protection order issued	1731
by another state, or other court order, any court report, and any	1732
report filed with or made by a law enforcement agency or	1733
prosecutor.	1734
(2) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01	1735
of the Revised Code.	1736
(B)(1) A person seeking a temporary emergency license to	1737
carry a concealed handgun shall submit to the sheriff of the	1738
county in which the person resides all of the following:	1739
(a) Evidence of imminent danger to the person or a member of	1740
the person's family;	1741
(b) A sworn affidavit that contains all of the information	1742
required to be on the license and attesting that the person $\underline{\mathrm{is}}$	1743
<u>legally living in the United States;</u> is at least twenty-one years	1744

of age; is not a fugitive from justice; is not under indictment	1745
for or otherwise charged with an offense identified in division	1746
(D)(1)(d) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code; has not been	1747
convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense, and has not been	1748
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act, identified	1749
in division (D)(1)(e) of that section; within three years of the	1750
date of the submission, has not been convicted of or pleaded	1751
guilty to an offense, and has not been adjudicated a delinquent	1752
child for committing an act, identified in division (D)(1)(f) of	1753
that section; within five years of the date of the submission, has	1754
not been convicted of, pleaded guilty, or adjudicated a delinquent	1755
child for committing two or more violations identified in division	1756
(D)(1)(g) of that section; within ten years of the date of the	1757
submission, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty, or	1758
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a violation	1759
identified in division (D)(1)(h) of that section; has not been	1760
adjudicated as a mental defective, has not been committed to any	1761
mental institution, is not under adjudication of mental	1762
incompetence, has not been found by a court to be a mentally ill	1763
person subject to hospitalization by court order, and is not an	1764
involuntary patient other than one who is a patient only for	1765
purposes of observation, as described in division (D)(1)(i) of	1766
that section; and is not currently subject to a civil protection	1767
order, a temporary protection order, or a protection order issued	1768
by a court of another state, as described in division (D)(1)(j) of	1769
that section;	1770

- (c) A temporary emergency license fee established by the Ohio 1771 peace officer training commission for an amount that does not 1772 exceed the actual cost of conducting the criminal background check 1773 or thirty dollars; 1774
- (d) A set of fingerprints of the applicant provided as 1775 described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code through use of an 1776

1777 electronic fingerprint reading device or, if the sheriff to whom 1778 the application is submitted does not possess and does not have 1779 ready access to the use of an electronic fingerprint reading 1780 device, on a standard impression sheet prescribed pursuant to 1781 division (C)(2) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code. If the 1782 fingerprints are provided on a standard impression sheet, the 1783 person also shall provide the person's social security number to 1784 the sheriff.

(2) A sheriff shall accept the evidence of imminent danger, 1785 the sworn affidavit, the fee, and the set of fingerprints required 1786 under division (B)(1) of this section at the times and in the 1787 manners described in division (I) of this section. Upon receipt of 1788 the evidence of imminent danger, the sworn affidavit, the fee, and 1789 the set of fingerprints required under division (B)(1) of this 1790 section, the sheriff, in the manner specified in section 311.41 of 1791 the Revised Code, immediately shall conduct or cause to be 1792 conducted the criminal records check and the incompetency records 1793 check described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code. Immediately 1794 upon receipt of the results of the records checks, the sheriff 1795 shall review the information and shall determine whether the 1796 criteria set forth in divisions (D)(1)(a) to (j) of section 1797 2923.125 of the Revised Code apply regarding the person. If the 1798 sheriff determines that all of criteria set forth in divisions 1799 (D)(1)(a) to (j) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code apply 1800 regarding the person, the sheriff shall immediately make available 1801 through the law enforcement automated data system all information 1802 that will be contained on the temporary emergency license for the 1803 person if one is issued, and the superintendent of the state 1804 highway patrol shall ensure that the system is so configured as to 1805 permit the transmission through the system of that information. 1806 Upon making that information available through the law enforcement 1807 automated data system, the sheriff shall immediately issue to the 1808

person a	temporary	emergency	license	to	carry	а	concealed	handgun.	1809
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If the sheriff denies the issuance of a temporary emergency 1810 license to the person, the sheriff shall specify the grounds for 1811 the denial in a written notice to the person. The person may 1812 appeal the denial, or challenge criminal records check results 1813 that were the basis of the denial if applicable, in the same 1814 manners specified in division (D)(2) of section 2923.125 and in 1815 section 2923.127 of the Revised Code, regarding the denial of an 1816 application for a license to carry a concealed handgun under that 1817 section. 1818

The temporary emergency license under this division shall be
in the form, and shall include all of the information, described
in divisions (A)(2) and (5) of section 109.731 of the Revised

Code, and also shall include a unique combination of identifying
letters and numbers in accordance with division (A)(4) of that
section.

The temporary emergency license issued under this division is
valid for ninety days and may not be renewed. A person who has
been issued a temporary emergency license under this division
shall not be issued another temporary emergency license unless at
least four years has expired since the issuance of the prior
temporary emergency license.

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(C) A person who holds a temporary emergency license to carry 1831 a concealed handgun has the same right to carry a concealed 1832 handgun as a person who was issued a license to carry a concealed 1833 handgun under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code, and any 1834 exceptions to the prohibitions contained in section 1547.69 and 1835 sections 2923.12 to 2923.16 of the Revised Code for a licensee 1836 under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code apply to a licensee 1837 under this section. The person is subject to the same 1838 restrictions, and to all other procedures, duties, and sanctions, 1839 that apply to a person who carries a license issued under section 1840

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2923.125 of the Revised Code, other than the license renewal

procedures set forth in that section.

- (D) A sheriff who issues a temporary emergency license to 1843 carry a concealed handgun under this section shall not require a 1844 person seeking to carry a concealed handgun in accordance with 1845 this section to submit a competency certificate as a prerequisite 1846 for issuing the license and shall comply with division (H) of 1847 section 2923.125 of the Revised Code in regards to the license. 1848 The sheriff shall suspend or revoke the license in accordance with 1849 section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. In addition to the 1850 suspension or revocation procedures set forth in section 2923.128 1851 of the Revised Code, the sheriff may revoke the license upon 1852 receiving information, verifiable by public documents, that the 1853 person is not eligible to possess a firearm under either the laws 1854 of this state or of the United States or that the person committed 1855 perjury in obtaining the license; if the sheriff revokes a license 1856 under this additional authority, the sheriff shall notify the 1857 person, by certified mail, return receipt requested, at the 1858 person's last known residence address that the license has been 1859 revoked and that the person is required to surrender the license 1860 at the sheriff's office within ten days of the date on which the 1861 notice was mailed. Division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised 1862 Code applies regarding any suspension or revocation of a temporary 1863 emergency license to carry a concealed handgun. 1864
- (E) A sheriff who issues a temporary emergency license to 1865 carry a concealed handgun under this section shall retain, for the 1866 entire period during which the temporary emergency license is in 1867 effect, the evidence of imminent danger that the person submitted 1868 to the sheriff and that was the basis for the license, or a copy of that evidence, as appropriate.
- (F) If a temporary emergency license to carry a concealed handgun issued under this section is lost or is destroyed, the

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licensee may obtain from the sheriff who issued that license a	1873
duplicate license upon the payment of a fee of fifteen dollars and	1874
the submission of an affidavit attesting to the loss or	1875
destruction of the license. The sheriff, in accordance with the	1876
procedures prescribed in section 109.731 of the Revised Code,	1877
shall place on the replacement license a combination of	1878
identifying numbers different from the combination on the license	1879
that is being replaced.	1880
	1 0 0 1
(G) The Ohio peace officer training commission shall	1881
prescribe, and shall make available to sheriffs, a standard form	1882
to be used under division (B) of this section by a person who	1883
applies for a temporary emergency license to carry a concealed	1884
handgun on the basis of imminent danger of a type described in	1885
division (A)(1)(a) of this section.	1886
(H) A sheriff who receives any fees paid by a person under	1887
this section shall deposit all fees so paid into the sheriff's	1888
concealed handgun license issuance expense fund established under	1889
section 311.42 of the Revised Code.	1890
(I) A sheriff shall accept evidence of imminent danger, a	1891
sworn affidavit, the fee, and the set of fingerprints specified in	1892
division (B)(1) of this section at any time during normal business	1893
hours. In no case shall a sheriff require an appointment, or	1894
designate a specific period of time, for the submission or	1895
acceptance of evidence of imminent danger, a sworn affidavit, the	1896
fee, and the set of fingerprints specified in division (B)(1) of	1897
this section, or for the provision to any person of a standard	1898

Sec. 2923.16. (A) No person shall knowingly discharge a firearm while in or on a motor vehicle.

form to be used for a person to apply for a temporary emergency

<u>license to carry a concealed handgun.</u>

(B) No person shall knowingly transport or have a loaded 1903 firearm in a motor vehicle in such a manner that the firearm is 1904 accessible to the operator or any passenger without leaving the 1905 vehicle. 1906 (C) No person shall knowingly transport or have a firearm in 1907 a motor vehicle, unless it is unloaded and is carried in one of 1908 the following ways: 1909 (1) In a closed package, box, or case; 1910 (2) In a compartment that can be reached only by leaving the 1911 vehicle; 1912 (3) In plain sight and secured in a rack or holder made for 1913 the purpose; 1914 (4) In plain sight with the action open or the weapon 1915 stripped, or, if the firearm is of a type on which the action will 1916 not stay open or which cannot easily be stripped, in plain sight. 1917 (D) No Except as provided in division (F)(5) of this section, 1918 no person shall knowingly transport or have a loaded handgun in a 1919 motor vehicle if, at the time of that transportation or 1920 possession, any of the following applies: 1921 (1) The person is under the influence of alcohol, a drug of 1922 abuse, or a combination of them. 1923 (2) The person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, 1924 or urine contains a concentration of alcohol prohibited for 1925 persons operating a vehicle, as specified in division (A) of 1926 section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, regardless of whether the 1927 person at the time of the transportation or possession as 1928 described in this division is the operator of or a passenger in 1929 the motor vehicle. 1930 (E) No person who has been issued a license or temporary 1931

emergency license to carry a concealed handgun under section

(4) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a motor

vehicle that is stopped as a result of a traffic stop or a stop

transporting or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle in any

for another law enforcement purpose and if the person is

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1964 manner, knowingly disregard or fail to comply with any lawful 1965 order of any law enforcement officer given while the motor vehicle 1966 is stopped, knowingly fail to remain in the motor vehicle while 1967 stopped, or knowingly fail to keep the person's hands in plain 1968 sight at any time after any law enforcement officer begins 1969 approaching the person while stopped and before the law 1970 enforcement officer leaves, unless, regarding a failure to remain 1971 in the motor vehicle or to keep the person's hands in plain sight, 1972 the failure is pursuant to and in accordance with directions given 1973 by a law enforcement officer;

- (5) If the person is the driver or an occupant of a motor 1974 vehicle that is stopped as a result of a traffic stop or a stop 1975 for another law enforcement purpose, if the person is transporting 1976 or has a loaded handqun in the motor vehicle in a manner 1977 authorized under division (E)(1) of this section, and if the 1978 person is approached by any law enforcement officer while stopped, 1979 knowingly remove or attempt to remove the loaded handgun from the 1980 holster, glove compartment, or case, knowingly grasp or hold the 1981 loaded handgun, or knowingly have contact with the loaded handgun 1982 by touching it with the person's hands or fingers in the motor 1983 vehicle at any time after the law enforcement officer begins 1984 approaching and before the law enforcement officer leaves, unless 1985 the person removes, attempts to remove, grasps, holds, or has 1986 contact with the loaded handgun pursuant to and in accordance with 1987 directions given by the law enforcement officer. 1988
- (F)(1) This Divisions (A), (B), (C), and (E) of this section 1989 does do not apply to officers, agents, or employees of this or any 1990 other state or the United States, or to law enforcement officers, 1991 when authorized to carry or have loaded or accessible firearms in 1992 motor vehicles and acting within the scope of their duties. 1993 Divisions (A), (B), (C), and (E) of this section do not apply to 1994 any person who is subject to and in compliance with the 1995

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(iv) In the commission of any violation of law, including, 2026 but not limited to, a felony that includes, as an essential 2027 element, purposely or knowingly causing or attempting to cause the 2028 death of or physical harm to another and that was committed by 2029 discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle. 2030 (3) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to a 2031 person if all of the following circumstances apply: 2032 (a) At the time of the alleged violation of either of those 2033 divisions, the person is the operator of or a passenger in a motor 2034 vehicle. 2035 (b) The motor vehicle is on real property that is located in 2036 an unincorporated area of a township and that either is zoned for 2037 agriculture or is used for agriculture. 2038 (c) The person owns the real property described in division 2039 (D)(3)(b) of this section, is the spouse or a child of another 2040 person who owns that real property, is a tenant of another person 2041 who owns that real property, or is the spouse or a child of a 2042 tenant of another person who owns that real property. 2043 (d) The person, prior to arriving at the real property 2044 described in division (D)(3)(b) of this section, did not transport 2045 or possess a firearm in the motor vehicle in a manner prohibited 2046 by division (B) or (C) of this section while the motor vehicle was 2047 being operated on a street, highway, or other public or private 2048 property used by the public for vehicular traffic or parking. 2049 (4) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to a 2050 person who transports or possesses a handgun in a motor vehicle 2051 if, at the time of that transportation or possession, all of the 2052 following apply: 2053

(a) The person transporting or possessing the handgun is

carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a

concealed handgun issued to the person under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed handgun that was issued by another state with which the attorney general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the Revised Code.	2056 2057 2058 2059 2060
(b) The person transporting or possessing the handgun is not	2061
knowingly in a place described in division (B) of section 2923.126	2062
of the Revised Code.	2063
(c) Either the handgun is in a holster and in plain sight on	2064
the person's person or the handgun is securely encased by being	2065
stored in a closed, locked glove compartment or in a case that is	2066
in plain sight and that is locked.	2067
(5) Division (D) of this section does not apply if the person	2068
with the prohibited concentration of alcohol or under the	2069
influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination of them	2070
has surrendered possession or control of the handgun to a person	2071
who is not otherwise prohibited by division (D) of this section	2072
from transporting or possessing a handgun in a motor vehicle and	2073
who transports or possesses the handgun in a motor vehicle as	2074
provided in divisions (C) or (E) of this section.	2075
(G)(1) The affirmative defenses authorized in divisions	2076
(D)(1)and (2) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code are	2077
affirmative defenses to a charge under division (B) or (C) of this	2078
section that involves a firearm other than a handgun.	2079
(2) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under division	2080
(B) or (C) of this section of improperly handling firearms in a	2081
motor vehicle that the actor transported or had the firearm in the	2082
motor vehicle for any lawful purpose and while the motor vehicle	2083
was on the actor's own property, provided that this affirmative	2084
defense is not available unless the person, prior to arriving at	2085

the actor's own property, did not transport or possess the firearm

in a motor vehicle in a manner prohibited by division (B) or (C)	2087
of this section while the motor vehicle was being operated on a	2088
street, highway, or other public or private property used by the	2089
public for vehicular traffic.	2090

- (H) No person who is charged with a violation of division 2091
 (B), (C), or (D) of this section shall be required to obtain a 2092
 license or temporary emergency license to carry a concealed 2093
 handgun under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code as 2094
 a condition for the dismissal of the charge. 2095
- (I) Whoever violates this section is guilty of improperly 2096 handling firearms in a motor vehicle. Violation of division (A) of 2097 this section is a felony of the fourth degree. Violation of 2098 division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of the fourth 2099 degree. A violation of division (D) of this section is a felony of 2100 the fifth degree or, if the loaded handgun is concealed on the 2101 person's person, a felony of the fourth degree. A violation of 2102 division (E)(3) of this section is a misdemeanor of the fourth 2103 third degree. A violation of division (E)(1), (2), or (5) of this 2104 section is a felony of the fifth degree. A violation of division 2105 (E)(4) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree or, if 2106 the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 2107 a violation of division (E)(4) of this section, a felony of the 2108 fifth degree. A violation of division (B) of this section is 2109 whichever of the following is applicable: 2110
- (1) If, at the time of the transportation or possession in 2111 violation of division (B) of this section, the offender was 2112 carrying a valid license or temporary emergency license to carry a 2113 concealed handgun issued to the offender under section 2923.125 or 2114 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed 2115 handgun that was issued by another state with which the attorney 2116 general has entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 2117 109.69 of the Revised Code and the offender was not knowingly in a 2118

Section 2. That existing sections 109.731, 109.801, 311.41,

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Sub. H. B. No. 347 As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	Page 73
1547.69, 2923.12, 2923.121, 2923.122, 2923.123, 2923.125,	2149
2923.126, 2923.127, 2923.128, 2923.1210, 2923.1213, and 2923.16 of	2150
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	2151