As Passed by the Senate

126th General Assembly Regular Session 2005-2006

Sub. H. B. No. 442

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A BILL

To amend sections 3905.29, 3905.421, 3907.15,	1
3917.01, 3917.06, 3939.01, 3939.06, 3939.07,	2
3939.09, and 3941.27 and to enact sections	3
3905.423, 3905.424, and 3939.11 of the Revised	4
Code to require warranty reimbursement insurance	5
policies for vehicle protection product warranties	б
and reimbursement insurance policies for certain	7
consumer goods service contracts, to require given	8
statements to be included in warranty	9
reimbursement insurance policies and in	10
reimbursement insurance policies for certain	11
consumer goods service contracts, to add	12
conditions related to the issuance of vehicle	13
protection product warranties, to apply the Ohio	14
Consumer Sales Practices Act to the issuance of	15
vehicle protection product warranties and consumer	16
goods service contracts, to make changes regarding	17

the organization and determination of financial	18
capacity of mutual protective associations dealing	19
with property, to require the filing of group life	20
insurance policy forms with the Superintendent of	21
Insurance, to specify that certain waivers of	22
customer obligations are not insurance, to lower	23
the percentage of amounts allocated to certain	24
accounts concerning life insurance policies or	25
annuities that a domestic life insurance company	26
may invest, and to apply that lower percentage for	27
investment to securities issued or guaranteed by	28
the United States.	29

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3905.29, 3905.421, 3907.15, 3917.01,	30
3917.06, 3939.01, 3939.06, 3939.07, 3939.09, and 3941.27 be	31
amended and sections 3905.423, 3905.424, and 3939.11 of the	32
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	33

sec. 3905.29. Sections 3905.01 to 3905.28 of the Revised Code 34
do not apply to associations organized and operating under 35
sections 3939.01 to 3939.09 3939.11 of the Revised Code. 36

Sec. 3905.421. (A) As used in this section: 37

(1) "Incidental costs" means the losses and expenses 38 specified by a vehicle protection product warranty related to the 39 failure of a vehicle protection product to deter the theft of a 40 vehicle or facilitate the recovery of the vehicle after it has 41 been stolen. "Incidental costs" may include, but are not limited 42 to, insurance policy deductibles, rental vehicle charges, the 43 difference between the actual value of the stolen vehicle at the 44

time of the theft and the cost of a replacement vehicle, sales 45 taxes, registration fees, transaction fees, and mechanical 46 inspection fees. 47

(2) "Vehicle protection product" means a vehicle protection 48 device, system, or service that is installed on or applied to a 49 vehicle and that is designed to deter the theft of a vehicle or 50 facilitate the recovery of the vehicle after it has been stolen. 51 "Vehicle protection product" includes, but is not limited to, 52 alarm systems, window etch products, body part marking products, 53 steering locks, pedal and ignition locks, fuel and ignition kill 54 switches, and electronic, radio, and satellite tracking devices. 55

(3) "Warrantor of a vehicle protection product" or
"warrantor" means the person that is contractually obligated to
the warranty holder under the terms of a vehicle protection
product warranty. "Warrantor" does not include an insurer
authorized or eligible to do business in this state.

(4) "Warranty reimbursement insurance policy" means a policy61of insurance issued by an insurer authorized or eligible to do62business in this state to the warrantor of a vehicle protection63product to pay, on behalf of the warrantor, all covered64contractual obligations incurred by the warrantor under the terms65and conditions of the vehicle protection product warranty.66

(B) <u>All vehicle protection product warranties issued in this</u>
 <u>state shall be covered by a warranty reimbursement insurance</u>
 policy.

(C) A vehicle protection product warranty issued by the 70 warrantor of a vehicle protection product does not constitute a 71 contract substantially amounting to insurance or its issuance the 72 business of insurance under section 3905.42 of the Revised Code, 73 if both all of the following conditions are met: 74

(1) The warranty is limited to indemnifying the warranty 75

holder for incidental costs caused by the failure of the vehicle76protection product to deter the theft of the vehicle or facilitate77the recovery of the vehicle after it has been stolen.78

(2) The vehicle protection product warranty contains both of79the following conspicuous, written disclosures:80

(a) "This vehicle protection product warranty is not subject
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to the insurance laws of this state, contained in Title XXXIX of
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the Ohio Revised Code."

(b) "This warranty may not include all of the benefits or 84
protections of an insurance policy that includes theft coverage 85
issued by an insurer authorized to do business in Ohio." 86

(3) The warranty identifies the warrantor, the warranty87holder, and the terms of the sale of the vehicle protection88product.89

(4) The warranty conspicuously states that the obligations of90the warrantor to the warranty holder are guaranteed under a91warranty reimbursement insurance policy.92

(5) The warranty conspicuously states that if a payment due93under the terms of the warranty is not paid by the warrantor94within sixty days after the warranty holder files proof of loss95pursuant to the terms of the warranty, the warranty holder may96file directly with the warrantor's warranty reimbursement97insurance company for reimbursement.98

(6) The warranty conspicuously states the name and address of99the warrantor's warranty reimbursement insurance company.100

(D) A warranty reimbursement insurance policy shall contain 101 both of the following statements: 102

(1) A statement that the warranty reimbursement insurance103company will reimburse, or pay on behalf of, the warrantor of a104vehicle protection product all covered amounts for which the105

warrantor is legally obligated, and will provide any service that	106
the warrantor is legally obligated to perform, under the terms of	107
a vehicle protection product warranty;	108
(2) A statement that if a payment due under the terms of a	109
vehicle protection product warranty is not paid within sixty days	110
after the warranty holder files proof of loss pursuant to the	111
terms of the warranty, that the warranty holder may file directly	112
with the warrantor's warranty reimbursement insurance company for	113
payment or reimbursement.	114
(E) The cancellation of a warrantor's warranty reimbursement	115
insurance policy does not affect the warrantor's liability to the	116
warranty holder.	117
(F) The sale of a vehicle protection product or the issuance	118
of a vehicle protection product warranty to a consumer by the	119
warrantor of a vehicle protection product constitutes a consumer	120
transaction for purposes of sections 1345.01 to 1345.13 of the	121
Revised Code. The warrantor is the supplier and the warranty	122
holder is the consumer in such consumer transactions.	123
(G) A warrantor of a vehicle protection product shall	124
indemnify a seller of that product that pays or is required to pay	125
a consumer of the product any amount that the warrantor is	126
obligated to pay under the terms of the vehicle protection product	127
warranty.	128
(H) The rights of a warranty holder against a warrantor's	129
warranty reimbursement insurance company as provided in this	130
section apply only in regard to a warranty reimbursement insurance	131
policy issued under this section. This section does not create any	132
contractual rights in favor of a person that does not qualify as	133
an insured under any other type of insurance policy described in	134
Title XXXIX of the Revised Code.	135

Sec. 3905.423. (A) As used in this section:	136
(1) "Consumer" has the same meaning as in section 1345.01 of	137
the Revised Code.	138
(2) "Consumer goods" means goods sold, leased, assigned,	139
awarded by chance, or transferred to a consumer in a consumer	140
transaction.	141
(3) "Consumer goods service contract" means a contract or	142
<u>agreement to perform or pay for repairs, replacement, or</u>	143
<u>maintenance of consumer goods due to a defect in materials or</u>	144
workmanship, normal wear and tear, power surges, or accidental	145
damage from handling, that is effective for a specified duration	146
and paid for by means other than the purchase of the consumer	147
goods. "Consumer goods service contract" does not include any of	148
the following:	149
(a) A contract or agreement to perform or pay for the repair,	150
replacement, or maintenance of a motor vehicle or utility vehicle,	151
as defined in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code, that is	152
effective for a specified duration and paid for by means other	153
than the purchase of a motor vehicle or utility vehicle;	154
(b) A vehicle protection product as defined in section	155
<u>3905.421 of the Revised Code;</u>	156
(c) A home service contract as defined in section 3905.422 of	157
the Revised Code.	158
(4) "Consumer transaction" has the same meaning as in section	159
1345.01 of the Revised Code.	160
(5) "Contract holder" means the consumer who purchased goods	161
covered by a consumer goods service contract, any authorized	162
transferee or assignee of the consumer, or any other person	163
assuming the consumer's rights under the consumer goods service	164
contract.	165

(6) "Provider" means a person who is contractually obligated	166
to a contract holder under the terms of a consumer goods service	167
contract.	168
(7) "Reimbursement insurance policy" means a policy of	169
insurance issued by an insurer authorized or eligible to do	170
business in this state to a provider to pay, on behalf of the	171
provider, all covered contractual obligations incurred by the	172
provider under the terms and conditions of the consumer goods	173
service contract.	174
(8) "Supplier" has the same meaning as in section 1345.01 of	175
the Revised Code.	176
(B) All consumer goods service contracts issued in this state	177
that provide for the performance of or payment for repairs,	178
replacement, or maintenance of consumer goods due to power surges	179
or accidental damage from handling shall be covered by a	180
reimbursement insurance policy.	181
(C) A consumer goods service contract issued by a provider	182
that is required to be covered by a reimbursement insurance policy	183
under division (B) of this section shall comply with all of the	184
following requirements:	185
(1) Conspicuously state that the obligations of the provider	186
<u>are guaranteed under a reimbursement insurance policy;</u>	187
(2) Conspicuously state that if a provider fails to perform	188
or make payment due under the terms of the contract within sixty	189
days after the contract holder requests performance or payment	190
pursuant to the terms of the contract, the contract holder may	191
request performance or payment directly from the provider's	192
reimbursement policy insurer, including, but not limited to, any	193
obligation in the contract by which the provider must refund the	194
contract holder upon cancellation of a contract;	195

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(3) Conspicuously state the name, address, and telephone	196
number of the provider's reimbursement insurance policy insurer.	197
(D) A reimbursement insurance policy that is required to be	198
issued under this section shall contain a statement that if a	199
provider fails to perform or make payment due under the terms of	200
the consumer goods service contract within sixty days after the	201
contract holder requests performance or payment pursuant to the	202
terms of the contract, the contract holder may request performance	203
or payment directly from the provider's reimbursement policy	204
insurer, including, but not limited to, any obligation in the	205
contract by which the provider must refund the contract holder	206
upon cancellation of a contract.	207
(E) The sale or issuance of a consumer goods service contract	208
is a consumer transaction for purposes of sections 1345.01 to	209
1345.13 of the Revised Code. The provider is the supplier and the	210
contract holder is the consumer for purposes of those sections.	211
(F) Unless issued by an insurer authorized or eligible to do	212
business in this state, a consumer goods service contract does not	213
constitute a contract substantially amounting to insurance, or the	214
contract's issuance the business of insurance, under section	215
3905.42 of the Revised Code.	216
(G) The rights of a contract holder against a provider's	217
reimbursement policy insurer as provided in this section apply	218
only in regard to a reimbursement insurance policy issued under	219
this section. This section does not create any contractual rights	220
in favor of a person that does not qualify as an insured under any	221
other type of insurance policy described in Title XXXIX of the	222
Revised Code.	223
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(1) "Service provider" means any public or private provider 225

of services, including, but not limited to, all of the following	226				
services:	227				
<u>(a) Electricity, gas, water, wastewater, solid waste</u>	228				
<u>collection, or similar utility;</u>	229				
(b) Communications involving the transmission, conveyance, or	230				
routing of voice, data, audio, video, or any other information or	231				
signals, through any medium or method now in existence or	232				
hereafter devised, including, but not limited to, cable, internet	233				
access, voice over internet, telephone, or wireless telephone.	234				
(2) "Waiver of customer obligation" means an optional	235				
agreement between a service provider and the service provider's	236				
customer under which the service provider agrees, in return for a	237				
specified charge payable by the customer to the service provider,					
to waive all or a portion of the customer's financial obligation	239				
to the service provider for charges incurred during a defined	240				
period and upon the occurrence of a qualifying event. For purposes	241				
of this division, "qualifying event" may include the customer's	242				
call to active military service, involuntary unemployment, death,	243				
disability, hospitalization, marriage, divorce, evacuation,	244				
<u>displacement due to a natural disaster or other cause,</u>	245				
gualification for family leave, or similar occurrence.	246				
(B) A waiver of customer obligation is not insurance and the	247				
laws of this state relating to insurance shall not govern the sale	248				
<u>or issuance of such a waiver.</u>	249				
(C) A waiver of customer obligation may be a portion of a	250				
larger agreement or a separate agreement.	251				

Sec. 3907.15. (A) A domestic life insurance company may, 252 subject to section 3911.011 of the Revised Code, issue policies, 253 annuities, or other contracts, whether on an individual or group 254 basis, providing benefits or other contractual payments payable in 255

fixed or variable dollar amounts, or both, and allocate to one or 256 more separate accounts any amounts which are to be applied to 257 provide such benefits and contractual payments. The income, if 258 any, and any gains or losses, realized or unrealized, on each 259 separate account shall be credited to or charged against the 260 amounts allocated to the separate account without regard to other 261 income, gains, or losses of the company. The amounts allocated to 262 the separate accounts and the accumulations thereon remain the 263 property of the company, but that portion of the assets of the 264 separate accounts equal to the reserves and other contractual 265 liabilities under all policies, annuities, and other contracts 266 identified with the separate accounts shall not be chargeable with 267 liabilities arising out of any other business of the company. The 268 company shall not be, or hold itself out to be, a trustee in 269 respect of such amounts. 270

The amounts allocated to any separate account under this 271 section and the accumulations thereon may be invested and 272 reinvested by the company without regard to the requirements and 273 limitations of section 3907.14 of the Revised Code; provided that, 274 except in the case of securities (B)(1) Not more than ten per cent 275 of the amounts allocated to any separate account and the 276 accumulations thereon shall be invested in the stocks, notes, 277 debentures, bonds, or other securities of any one corporation or 278 issuer and not more than ten per cent of the issued and 279 outstanding voting securities of any one corporation or issuer may 280 be acquired by all separate accounts. The superintendent of 281 insurance may waive this limitation if, in the opinion of the 282 superintendent, the waiver will not render the operation of the 283 separate account hazardous to the public or policyholders in this 284 285 <u>state;</u>

(2) Division (B)(1) of this section does not apply to any of 286 the following: 287

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(a) Securities of investment companies registered under the	288
"Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C.A. 80a-1,	289
as amended, or in the case of annuities:	290
(b) Annuities or funding agreements issued by a life	291
insurance company authorized to do business in this state from its	292
general account , or in the case of the ;	293
<u>(c) The</u> transfer of any investment or other asset in any	294
separate account to any other account or to the general assets of	295
the company or any investment among the general assets of the	296
company transferred to any separate account, not more than	297
twenty-five per cent of the amounts allocated to the separate	298
account and the accumulations thereon shall be invested in the	299
stocks, notes, debentures, bonds, or other securities of any one	300
corporation or issuer and not more than twenty-five per cent of	301
the issued and outstanding voting securities of any one	302
corporation or issuer may be acquired by all separate accounts:	303
(d) Securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or	304
interest by the United States.	305
No (C) No security of any corporation which is a subsidiary	306
of, or which is affiliated through stock ownership with, such	307
insurance company shall be allocated to any separate account. No	308
investment or other asset in any separate account shall be	309
transferred to any other account or to the general assets of the	310
company and no investment among the general assets of the company	311
shall be transferred to any separate account unless such transfer	312
is made solely:	313
(A)(1) To establish a separate account or support the	314
guarantees of the policies, annuities, or other contracts	315
identified with such account;	316
(B)(2) To withdraw amounts previously allocated to any	317
separate account which are no longer needed to support the	318

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guarantees of the policies, annuities, or other contracts	319
indentified identified therewith;	320
and such transfer is of cash or securities having a readily	321
determinable market value or unless such transfer is approved by	322
the superintendent of insurance . If a company withdraws all or	323
part of its participation in a separate account, it shall be	324
entitled to receive its proportionate share of the value of the	325
assets of the separate account at the time of withdrawal.	326
(D) The assets of a separate account shall be valued at their	327
market value on the date of valuation, or if there is no readily	328
available market, then in accordance with the terms of the	329
contracts or the rules or other written agreement applicable to	330

such separate account. The

(E) The amounts allocated to any separate account under this332section and the accumulations thereon may be invested and333reinvested by the company without regard to the requirements and334limitations of section 3907.14 of the Revised Code.335

(F) The assets of a separate account shall not be taken into 336 account in applying the investment requirements and limitations of 337 section 3907.14 of the Revised Code to other investments of the 338 company. 339

(G) Any such domestic life insurance company may do all 340 things necessary under any state or federal law in order that such 341 policies, annuities, or other contracts may be lawfully offered 342 for sale and sold, including, but not limited to, the granting of 343 voting rights to such policyholders, annuitants, and other 344 contract holders with respect to the management of such separate 345 accounts and investment of the assets thereof and the 346 establishment of committees, boards, or other similar designated 347 bodies with respect to such separate accounts as may be required 348 by such laws, notwithstanding Chapter 3907. or section 3913.06 of 349

the Revised Code, or the articles of incorporation, charter,350bylaws, or code of regulations of such company.351

sec. 3917.01. As used in sections 3917.01 to 3917.06 of the 352
Revised Code, the following forms of life insurance are group life 353
insurance: 354

(A) A life insurance policy issued to an employer, or to the 355
trustees of a fund established by an employer, which employer or 356
trustees shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure employees of 357
the employer for the benefit of persons other than the employer, 358
subject to all of the following requirements: 359

(1) All of the employees of the employer, or all of any class 360 or classes of employees, are eligible for life insurance. The 361 policy may provide that "employees" includes the employees of one 362 or more subsidiary corporations and the employees, individual 363 proprietors, and partners of one or more affiliated corporations, 364 proprietorships, or partnerships if the business of the employer 365 and the affiliated corporations, proprietorships, or partnerships 366 is under common control. The policy may provide that "employees" 367 includes retired employees, former employees, and directors of a 368 corporate employer. A policy issued to insure the employees of a 369 public body may provide that "employees" includes elected or 370 appointed officials. 371

(2) The premium for the policy shall be paid either from the
employer's funds or from funds contributed by the insured
employees, or from both. Except as provided in division (A)(3) of
this section, a policy for which no part of the premium is derived
from funds contributed by the insured employees shall insure all
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(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage on any(3) An insure may exclude or limit the coverage or limit t

satisfactory to the insurer.

(4) A policy issued pursuant to section 3911.091 of theRevised Code is not subject to the requirements of this division.383

(B) A life insurance policy issued to a creditor or its
parent holding company or to a trustee or trustees or agent
designated by two or more creditors, which creditor, holding
company, affiliate, trustee, trustees, or agent shall be deemed
the policyholder, to insure debtors of the creditor or creditors,
subject to the following requirements:

(1) The debtors eligible for insurance under the policy shall
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 be all of the debtors of the creditor or creditors, or all of any
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 class or classes of the debtors. The policy may provide that
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 "debtors" includes all of the following:

(a) Borrowers of money or purchasers or lessees of goods,
 services, or property for which payment is arranged through a
 credit transaction;
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(b) The debtors of one or more subsidiary corporations; 397

(c) The debtors of one or more affiliated corporations,
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proprietorships, or partnerships if the business of the
policyholder and of the affiliated corporations, proprietorships,
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or partnerships is under common control.
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(2) The premium for the policy shall be paid either from the
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creditor's funds, or from charges collected from the insured
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debtors, or from both. Except as provided in division (B)(3) of
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this section, a policy on which no part of the premium is derived
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from the funds contributed by insured debtors specifically for the
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debtors' insurance shall insure all eligible debtors.

(3) An insurer may exclude any debtor as to whom evidence of408individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.409

(4) The amount of insurance on the life of any debtor, at no 410

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time, shall exceed the greater of the scheduled or actual amount 411 of unpaid indebtedness to the creditor, except that insurance 412 written in connection with open-end credit having a credit limit 413 exceeding ten thousand dollars may be in an amount not exceeding 414 the credit limit. 415

(5) The insurance may be payable to the creditor or any
successor to the right, title, and interest of the creditor. The
payment shall reduce or extinguish the unpaid indebtedness of the
debtor to the extent of the payment and any excess of the
insurance shall be payable to the estate of the insured.

(6) Notwithstanding divisions (B)(1) to (5) of this section,
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insurance on agricultural credit transaction commitments may be
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written up to the amount of the loan commitment on a nondecreasing
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or level term plan. Insurance on educational credit transaction
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commitments may be written up to the amount of the loan commitment
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less the amount of any repayments made on the loan.

(C) A life insurance policy issued to a labor union or 427
similar employee organization, which union or organization shall 428
be deemed the policyholder, to insure members of the union or 429
organization for the benefit of persons other than the union or 430
organization or any of its officials, representatives, or agents, 431
subject to all of the following requirements: 432

(1) All of the members of the union or organization, or all
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of any class or classes of the members, are eligible for insurance
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under the policy.

(2) The premium for the policy is paid either from funds of
the union or organization or from funds contributed by the insured
members specifically for the members' insurance, or from both.
Except as provided in division (C)(3) of this section, a policy on
which no part of the premium is derived from funds contributed by
the insured members specifically for the members' insurance shall
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insure all eligible members, except those members who reject the 442 coverage in writing.

(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any
member as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not
satisfactory to the insurer.

447 (D) A life insurance policy issued to a trust or to the trustees of a trust fund established or adopted by two or more 448 employees employers, or by one or more labor unions or similar 449 employee organizations, or by one or more employers and one or 450 more labor unions or similar employee organizations, which trust 451 or trustees shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure employees 452 of the employers or members of the unions or similar employee 453 organizations for the benefit of persons other than the employers 454 or the unions or organizations, subject to the following 455 requirements: 456

(1) The persons eligible for such insurance shall be all of 457 the employees of the employers, or all of the members of the 458 unions or organizations, or all of any class or classes of the 459 employees or members. The policy may provide that "employees" 460 includes the employees of one or more subsidiary corporations and 461 the employees, individual proprietors, and partners of one or more 462 affiliated corporations, proprietorships, or partnerships if the 463 business of the employer and of the affiliated corporations, 464 proprietorships, or partnerships is under common control. The 465 policy may provide that "employees" includes the individual 466 proprietor or partners if the employer is an individual 467 proprietorship or a partnership. The policy may provide that 468 "employees" includes retired employees, former employees, and 469 directors of a corporate employer. The policy may provide that 470 "employees" includes the trustees or their employees, or both, if 471 their duties are principally connected with the trusteeship. 472

(2) The premium for the policy shall be paid from funds 473 contributed by the employer or employers of the insured persons, 474 or by the union or unions or similar employee organizations, or by 475 both, or from funds contributed by the insured persons or from 476 both the insured persons and the employers or unions or similar 477 employee organizations. Except as provided in division (D)(3) of 478 this section, a policy on which no part of the premium is derived 479 from funds contributed by the insured persons specifically for 480 their insurance must shall insure all eligible persons, except 481 those persons who reject the coverage in writing. 482

(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any
person as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not
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satisfactory to the insurer.
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(E) A life insurance policy issued to an association or to a
trust or the trustees of a fund established, created, or
maintained for the benefit of members of one or more associations,
which association, trust or trustee, or an agent, shall be deemed
the policyholder, subject to all of the following requirements:

(1) The association or associations have at the outset a
minimum of one hundred persons, have been organized and maintained
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in good faith for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance,
have been in active existence for at least two years, and have a
constitution and bylaws providing for all of the following:

(a) The association or associations shall hold regular
 meetings not less than annually to further purposes of the
 members.

(b) The association or associations, except for creditunions, shall collect dues or solicit contributions from members.500

(c) The members of the association or associations shall have
 voting privileges and representation on the governing board and
 committees.

	(2)	The	policy	is	subject	to	all	of	the	following	504
requi	reme	ents	:								505

(a) The policy may insure one or more of the members of the
association or associations, employees of the association or
associations, or employees of members, or all of any class or
classes of the employees or members of the association or
associations, and employees of the members of the association or
associations, for the benefit of persons other than an employee's
employer.

(b) The premium for the policy is paid from funds contributed
by the association or associations, or by employer members, or by
both, or from funds contributed by the covered members or
employees or from both the covered members and employees and the
association, associations, or employer members.

(c) Except as provided in division (E)(3) of this section, a 518 policy on which no part of the premium is derived from funds 519 contributed by the covered members and employees specifically for 520 the covered members' and employees' insurance shall insure all 521 eligible members and employees, except those who reject the 522 coverage in writing. 523

(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any
 member or employee as to whom evidence of individual insurance
 insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.
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527 (F) A life insurance policy issued to a credit union or to a trustee or trustees or agent designated by two or more credit 528 unions, which credit union, trustee, trustees, or agent shall be 529 deemed the policyholder, to insure the members of the credit union 530 or credit unions for the benefit of persons other than the credit 531 union or credit unions, trust or trustees, or agents or officials 532 of the credit union or credit unions or trust, subject to all of 533 the following requirements: 534 (1) All of the members of the credit union or credit unions, 535
 or all of any class or classes of the members, are eligible for 536
 insurance. 537

(2) The premium for the policy is paid by the policyholder
from the credit union's funds and except as provided in division
(F)(3) of this section shall insure all eligible members.
540

(3) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any
member as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not
satisfactory to the insurer.
543

(G) Life insurance that is written under a policy issued to a 544 trustee under a trust established by an insurer for the purpose of 545 providing continued group life insurance coverage to those former 546 employees, former members, or former members and the employees of 547 such members, and their dependents, previously covered under 548 policies of group life insurance issued by the insurer to 549 employers or trustees pursuant to division (A) of this section, to 550 associations pursuant to division (D) of this section, to trustees 551 pursuant to division (E) of this section, or to groups pursuant to 552 division (I) of this section, and that is evidenced by the 553 issuance of a certificate of insurance or other evidence of 554 insurance to such former employees or members as required by 555 section 3917.06 of the Revised Code; provided that the amount of 556 the continued life insurance coverage made available to a former 557 employee or member and to the employee's or member's dependents 558 shall not exceed the amount of the group life insurance coverage 559 previously provided to the employee or member and the employee's 560 or member's eligible dependents at the time of the employee's 561 separation from employment or the member's termination of 562 membership. 563

(H) Life insurance covering the members of a workforce 564actively engaged in an occupation for, and performing services on 565

566 behalf of, a duly organized corporation, limited liability 567 company, partnership, proprietor, or a similar organization whose 568 members are not employees of the organization, written under a 569 policy issued to the organization, which organization is the 570 employer for this purpose, the premium on which is to be paid by 571 the organization or by the organization and the members jointly, 572 insuring members for amounts of insurance based upon some plan for 573 the benefit of persons other than the organization; provided also 574 that members may be required to furnish evidence of insurability 575 satisfactory to the insurer. Life insurance meeting this 576 definition may also cover the organization's employees at the 577 option of the organization. (I)(1) A life insurance policy covering the members of a 578 group other than one listed in divisions (A) to (H) of this 579 section, subject to the superintendent finding all of the 580 following: 581 (a) The issuance of the policy is not contrary to the best 582 interest of the public. 583 (b) The issuance of the policy would result in economies of 584 acquisition or administration. 585 (c) The policy provides benefits that are reasonable in 586 relation to the premiums charged. 587 (2) An insurer shall not offer group life insurance in this 588 state under a policy issued in another state unless the 589 superintendent, or the insurance regulatory authority of another 590 state with requirements substantially similar to the requirements 591 set forth in division (I)(1) of this section, makes a 592 determination that the requirements in division (I)(1) of this 593 section have been met. 594

(3) The premium for a life insurance policy under this595division is paid either from the policyholder's funds or from596

funds contributed by the insured members, or from both, and except597as provided in division (I)(4) of this section, the policy must598shall insure all eligible members except those members who reject599the coverage in writing.600

(4) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage on any
member as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not
satisfactory to the insurer.

Sec. 3917.06. Except No policy of group life insurance shall 604 be delivered in this state until a copy of its form has been filed 605 with the superintendent of insurance pursuant to division (A) of 606 section 3915.14 of the Revised Code. In addition, except as 607 provided in division (M) of this section, no policy of group life 608 insurance shall be delivered in this state unless it contains in 609 substance the following provisions or other provisions, that in 610 the opinion of the superintendent of insurance are more favorable 611 to the persons insured, or at least as favorable to the persons 612 insured and more favorable to the policyholder: 613

(A) A provision that the policyholder is entitled to a grace 614 period of thirty-one days for the payment of any premiums due 615 except the first, during which grace period the death benefit 616 coverage shall continue in force, unless the policyholder has 617 given the insurer written notice of discontinuance in advance of 618 the date of discontinuance and in accordance with the terms of the 619 policy; the policy may provide that the policyholder is liable to 620 the insurer for the payment of a pro rata premium for the time the 621 policy was in force during such grace period; 622

(B) A provision that the policy is incontestable after two
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(C) A provision that the policy is incontestable after the policy

the statement was made, that has been in force prior to the628contest for a period of two years during the individual's life,629unless the statement is contained in a written instrument signed630by the individual. This division does not preclude the assertion631at any time of defenses based upon provisions in the policy that632relate to eligibility for coverage.633

(C) A provision requiring that a copy of the application of 634 the policyholder, if any, be attached to the policy when issued, 635 and that all statements made by the policyholder and individuals 636 insured shall be deemed representations and not warranties, and 637 that no statement made by any person insured shall be used in any 638 contest unless a copy of the instrument containing the statement 639 is furnished to the insured, or in the event of the death or 640 incapacity of the insured, to the insured's beneficiary or 641 personal representative; 642

(D) A provision setting forth the conditions, if any, under
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which the insurer reserves the right to require an individual
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eligible for insurance to furnish evidence of individual
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insurability satisfactory to the insurer as a condition to part or
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all of the individual's coverage;

(E) A provision specifying an equitable adjustment of the
premium or benefits, or both, to be made in the event of a
misstatement of the age of an insured. The provision shall contain
a clear statement of the method of adjustment.

(F) A provision requiring that any sum becoming due by reason
of the death of the insured be payable to the beneficiary
designated by the insured. However, if the policy contains
conditions pertaining to family status, the beneficiary may be the
family member specified by the policy terms, subject to the
provisions of the policy in the event that there is no designated
beneficiary living at the time of the death of the insured as to

all or any part of the sum, and subject to any right reserved in659the policy by the insurer and set forth in the certificate to pay,660at the insurer's option, a part of the sum not exceeding two661thousand dollars to any beneficiary that the insurer believes is662equitably entitled to the amount by reason of having incurred663funeral or other expenses incident to the last illness or death of664the insured.665

(G) A provision that the insurer will issue to the 666 policyholder for delivery to each person insured a certificate 667 setting forth a statement as to the insurance protection to which 668 the person is entitled, any dependent's coverage, to whom benefits 669 are payable, and the rights and conditions set forth in divisions 670 (H) to (K) of this section. The policyholder may issue a single 671 certificate for delivery to an insured employee or member if a 672 statement concerning any dependent's coverage is included in the 673 certificate. 674

(H)(1) A provision that if all or any part of the insurance 675 on an insured or an insured's dependents ceases because of the 676 termination of employment or of membership in the class or classes 677 eligible for coverage under the policy, such person is entitled to 678 have issued to the person by the insurer, without evidence of 679 insurability, an individual policy of life insurance without 680 disability or supplementary benefits, provided that application 681 for the individual policy is made, and the first premium is paid 682 to the insurer, within thirty-one days after such termination, and 683 provided that all of the following conditions are met: 684

(a) The individual policy is on any one of the forms
customarily issued by the insurer to that age and for the amount
applied for, except that the group policy may exclude the option
687
to elect term insurance.

(b) The individual policy is in an amount not in excess of 689

690 the amount of life insurance that ceases because of termination, 691 less the amount of any life insurance for which the person is 692 eligible under the same or any other group policy within 693 thirty-one days after termination, provided that any amount of 694 life insurance that matures on or before the date of termination 695 as an endowment payable to the insured, whether in one sum, 696 installments, or in the form of an annuity, shall not, for 697 purposes of this division, be included in the amount that is 698 considered to cease because of termination. (c) The premium on the individual policy is set at the 699 insurer's then customary rate applicable to the form and amount of 700 the individual policy, the individual's class of risk, and the 701

individual's age as of the effective date of the individual 702 policy.

(2) Subject to the conditions set forth in division (H)(1) of 704this section, the conversion privilege is available to the 705following individuals: 706

(a) A surviving dependent, if any, at the death of the
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 employee or member, with respect to the coverage under the group
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 policy that terminates by reason of the employee's or member's
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 death;

(b) A dependent of an employee or member upon termination of 711
the dependent's coverage, while the employee or member remains 712
insured under the group policy, by reason of the dependent ceasing 713
to be a dependent under the group policy. 714

(3) If the individual is not given notice of the right to
(3) If the individual is not given notice of the right to
(3) obtain individual coverage under this division at least fifteen
(3) obtain individual coverage under this division at least fifteen
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(7) of this additional period shall extend for fifteen days after the
(3) obtain the thirty-one-day conversion
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individual is given notice, but in no event shall the period 721 extend beyond sixty days after the expiration date of the period 722 provided in the policy. Written notice provided to the individual 723 or mailed by the policyholder to the last known address of the 724 individual, or mailed by the insurer to the last known address of 725 the individual furnished to the insurer by the policyholder, 726 constitutes notice for purposes of this division. 727

(4) Nothing contained in the this division shall be construed
 728
 to continue any insurance beyond the expiration date of the period
 729
 provided in the policy.
 730

(I) A provision that if the group policy terminates or is 731 amended so as to terminate the insurance of any class of insured 732 persons, every person insured thereunder at the date of such 733 termination whose insurance terminates, including an insured's 734 dependent, and who has been so insured for at least five years 735 prior to such termination date is entitled to have issued by the 736 insurer an individual policy of life insurance, subject to the 737 same conditions and limitations as are provided by division (H) of 738 this section, except that the group policy may provide that the 739 amount of such individual policy shall not exceed the smaller of 740 (1) the amount of the person's life insurance ceasing because of 741 the termination or amendment of the group policy, less the amount 742 of any life insurance for which the person is or becomes eligible 743 under any group policy issued or reinstated by the same or another 744 insurer within thirty-one days after such termination, and (2) ten 745 thousand dollars; 746

(J) A provision that if a person insured under the group
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policy, or an insured's dependent, dies during the period within
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which the person would have been entitled to have an individual
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policy issued in accordance with division (H) or (I) of this
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section, and before such an individual policy has become
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effective, the amount of life insurance which the person would
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753 have been entitled to have issued under such individual policy 754 shall be payable as a claim under the group policy, whether or not 755 application for the individual policy or the payment of the first 756 premium therefor has been made;

(K) Where active employment is a condition of insurance, a 757 provision that an insured may continue coverage during the 758 insured's total disability by timely payment to the policyholder 759 of that portion, if any, of the premium that would have been 760 required from the insured if the insured's total disability had 761 not occurred. The continuation shall be on a premium basis for a 762 period of six months after the date on which the insured's total 763 disability started, but not later than the earlier of either of 764 the following: 765

(1) The insurer approving of continuation of the coverage 766 under any disability provision that the group policy may contain; 767

(2) The discontinuance of the group life insurance policy. 768

(L) In the case of a life insurance policy insuring the lives 769 of debtors, a provision requiring that the insurer furnish to the 770 policyholder for delivery to each debtor insured under the policy 771 a certificate of insurance describing the coverage and specifying 772 that the death benefit first be applied to reduce or extinguish 773 the debtor's unpaid indebtedness. 774

(M)(1) Divisions (F) to (K) of this section do not apply to 775 group policies insuring the lives of debtors. 776

(2) With the exception of division (K) of section 3915.05 777 and, section 3915.052, and division (A) of section 3915.14 of the 778 Revised Code, Chapter 3915. of the Revised Code does not apply to 779 group policies. 780

(3) If a group policy is other than a term plan of insurance, 781 the policy shall contain a nonforfeiture provision or provisions, 782

which, in the opinion of the superintendent, are equitable to the insureds and the policyholder. Nothing in this division shall be construed to require group life insurance policies to contain the same nonforfeiture provisions as are required for individual life insurance policies.

(4)(a) If a group policy is other than a term plan of
insurance, the policy shall contain a policy loan provision
authorizing insureds to borrow upon the policy, unless the loan
value of certificates issued under the policy is established by
federal law. The policy loan provision may include one or more of
the following conditions:

(i) The borrower has held a certificate under the policy for 794a minimum period, not to exceed three years; 795

(ii) No premium on the policy is in default beyond the grace 796period for payment; 797

(iii) A minimum loan amount, not to exceed one thousand 798 dollars; 799

(iv) The borrower accepts an adjustable interest rate charge, 800
not to exceed two per cent above the rate used to compute the cash 801
surrender value. 802

(b) For purposes of the policy loan provision, the loan value 803 of a certificate shall equal one of the following: 804

(i) Ninety per cent of the cash surrender value of the
certificate at the time that the loan is made, less any
outstanding indebtedness including any unpaid interest not already
deducted;

(ii) The cash surrender value of the certificate at the time
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that the loan is made, less any outstanding indebtedness including
any unpaid interest not already deducted, less the amount needed
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to pay the certificate's cost of insurance charges and expenses
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sec. 3939.01. (A) Any number of persons of lawful age, not 814 less than ten in number, owning insurable property in this state, 815 may associate themselves together for the purpose of insuring each 816 other against <u>the risk of direct physical</u> loss on <u>or damage to</u> 817 property in this state caused by fire and lightning, smoke, 818 smudge, cyclones, tornadoes or wind storms, hail storms, 819 explosion, except explosion by steam boilers or flywheels, riot, 820 riot attending a strike, civil commotion, and falling or moving 821 bodies, including theft of property in this state, except loss or 822 damage to motor vehicles caused by collision, and also to. Any 823 association organized under this section shall file with the 824 department of insurance all policy forms currently in use by the 825 association and all additions, deletions, or amendments to the 826 policy forms at least thirty days prior to the use of the policy 827 forms, additions, deletions, or amendments. Each filing under this 828 division is deemed approved thirty days after the filing is 829 received by the superintendent of insurance, unless the filing is 830 disapproved by the superintendent during that thirty-day period. 831

for as long as three months after the time that the loan is made.

(B) Any association organized under this section, from time 832 to time, may assess upon and collect from each other its members 833 or other responsible parties sums of money, from time to time, as 834 that are necessary to pay expenses and losses which that occur, or 835 are anticipated to occur, from such causes those covered perils. 836 The assessment and collection of such those sums of money shall be 837 regulated by the constitution and bylaws of the association, which 838 adopted under section 3939.06 of the Revised Code. The 839 constitution shall require such the assessments to be made 840 directly and specifically upon the members or other responsible 841 parties, and to be paid directly and specifically by them and not 842 out of any fund funds paid to or deposited with the association or 843 other trustee in anticipation of assessments, nor in any other844manner except that any such. Any association organized under this845section may borrow money for the payment of losses and associated846expenses, but such those loans shall not be made for a longer847period than of time that extends beyond the collection of their848the association's next assessment. Such849

(C) Any association organized under this section may also 850 accumulate a surplus from its assessments, not exceeding ten 851 dollars on each one thousand dollars of insurance in force, such 852 surplus to be used in paying losses and expenses that occur. Such 853 That surplus, if and all other funds received or accumulated in 854 the course of business shall be invested, shall be under sections 855 3925.05 and 3925.08 of the Revised Code. Such associations Upon 856 prior approval of the superintendent of insurance, the association 857 may invest that surplus and those other funds in real estate for 858 the association's convenient accommodation in the transaction of 859 its business. The association shall not have at any one time more 860 than ten per cent of its admitted assets invested in real estate. 861

(D) Any association organized under this section may only 862 insure farm buildings, residential and detached dwellings and, 863 outbuildings, schoolhouses, churches, township buildings, grange 864 buildings, farm implements, machinery, equipment, and other farm 865 products, livestock personal property, household goods, furniture 866 and personal effects, pleasure and utility vehicles, motor 867 vehicles, steam, gas, gaoline, and oil engines, motor trucks, 868 tractors, electric motors, electric appliances, lighting systems, 869 and other similar property, except motor vehicles titled or 870 capable of being titled for use on public roads and property used 871 exclusively for commercial or industrial purposes. 872

Such The property described in this division may be873classified only for the purpose of determining and levying874assessments, and such that property may be located within or875

without the limits of any municipal corporation. An association	876
whose membership is restricted to persons engaged in any	877
particular trade or occupation, and whose insurance is confined in	878
any particular kind or description of property, may insure	879
property located in any county in this state which is used	880
exclusively for such commercial or industrial purposes. An	881
association whose membership is so restricted and whose insurance	882
is so confined and which insures such property may also accumulate	883
from its assessments a surplus not exceeding five times the	884
average yearly losses and expenses of the association, as shown by	885
the reports of the association to the division of insurance for	886
the preceding three years. Such surplus shall be used in paying	887
losses and expenses that may occur and, if invested, shall be	888
under sections 3925.05 and 3925.08 of the Revised Code.	889

(E) Any association organized under this section may collect 890 an initial <u>a</u> charge on each contract of insurance in accordance 891 with its constitution and bylaws, and in addition thereto an 892 amount not in excess of one tenth of one per cent of the amount of each individual contract of insurance, provided that the total 894 amount of such charges shall not exceed fifteen dollars <u>adopted</u> 895 <u>under section 3939.06 of the Revised Code</u>. 896

(F) Any association organized under this section may make897contracts of reinsurance for the kinds of insurance authorized by898sections 3939.01 to 3939.10 3939.11 of the Revised Code, or accept899reinsurance on any portion thereof of that insurance.900

Sec. 3939.06. Every association organized under section
3939.01 of the Revised Code shall adopt a constitution, whether
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designated a constitution, constitution and bylaws which will,
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regulations, or code of regulations, that in the judgment of its
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members best subserve serves its interests and purposes. All
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persons who sign such constitution shall be considered and held to
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be members of the association, and shall be held in law to comply 907 with all its requirements. The constitution may include provisions 908 set forth in section 1702.11 of the Revised Code. 909

Sec. 3939.07. Before granting insurance, an association 910 organized under section 3939.01 of the Revised Code shall file 911 with the superintendent of insurance a copy of its articles of 912 incorporation, certified by the secretary of state, and a copy of 913 its constitution, bylaws adopted under section 3939.06 of the 914 Revised Code, and forms of certificates of membership or 915 insurance. If the superintendent finds that such the association 916 was properly organized and has complied with the law, he the 917 <u>superintendent</u> shall issue to it his <u>a</u> certificate reciting such 918 that compliance, which. The certificate shall be the authority of 919 the association to commence business and grant insurance. 920

sec. 3939.09. The president or vice-president and the 921 secretary of every association organized under section 3939.01 of 922 the Revised Code, annually on the first day of January $_{\tau}$ or within 923 thirty sixty days thereafter after the first day of January, shall 924 prepare under oath and deposit in the office of the superintendent 925 of insurance a statement of the condition of the association on 926 the thirty-first day of the preceding December, exhibiting the 927 facts enumerated in section 3929.30 of the Revised Code and 928 applicable to such associations organized under section 3939.01 of 929 the Revised Code, and such any other information necessary to 930 reveal the financial condition of the association as that the 931 superintendent requires. Such That statement shall be rendered in 932 a printed form to be supplied by the superintendent for that 933 purpose. 934

Every such association which organized under section 3939.01935of the Revised Code thatfails to make and deposit such the936statement described in this section, or to reply to any inquiry of937

the superintendent, shall be subject to a forfeiture of five938hundred dollars and shall be subject to an additional forfeiture939of five hundred dollars for every month that it continues940thereafter to transact any business of insurance after that941failure.942

Sec. 3939.11. In determining the financial capacity of a943mutual protective association organized under section 3939.01 of944the Revised Code, the superintendent of insurance may take into945consideration factors that include, but are not limited to, all of946the following:947(A) Any reinsurance arrangements of the association with948

(A) Any reinsurance arrangements of the association with 948 authorized insurers in this state; 949

(B) The amount of contracts or policies of insurance of the950association that are written and in force;951

(C) Any other measure of financial capacity of the952association that the superintendent considers appropriate.953

sec. 3941.27. Sections 3941.01 to 3941.29, inclusive, of the 954 Revised Code do not affect any company doing business within this 955 state on the premium note plan, nor or any mutual protective 956 association organized or doing business under section sections 957 3939.01 to 3939.10, inclusive, 3939.11 of the Revised Code, unless 958 such that company or association elects to reorganize under 959 sections 3941.01 to 3941.29, inclusive, of the Revised Code. The 960 sections repealed by Volume 104, Ohio Laws, page 208, section 28, 961 shall remain in force, so far as applicable, to any such company 962 or association not so electing. 963

Section 2. That existing sections 3905.29, 3905.421, 3907.15,9643917.01, 3917.06, 3939.01, 3939.06, 3939.07, 3939.09, and 3941.27965of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.966