As Passed by the Senate

126th General Assembly Regular Session 2005-2006

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 461

Representatives Wolpert, Yuko, Ujvagi, Otterman, Healy, Latta, Evans, D., Gilb, Hughes, Barrett, Bubp, Cassell, Chandler, Collier, Combs, Core, Daniels, DeGeeter, Distel, Domenick, Evans, C., Faber, Fende, Fessler, Flowers, Gibbs, Hagan, Hartnett, Harwood, Kilbane, Law, Martin, Mason, McGregor, J., McGregor, R., Oelslager, Patton, T., Raussen, Reidelbach, Schaffer, Schlichter, Schneider, Smith, G., Stewart, J., Taylor, Wagner, Wagoner, Webster, White, Widener, Williams

Senators Grendell, Stivers, Jordan, Cates, Gardner, Harris, Wachtmann, Mumper

ABILL

| То | amend sections 2743.51, 2743.56, 2903.06, 2903.08, | 1 |
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| | 2903.11, 2909.32, 2909.33, 2909.34, 2923.02, | 2 |
| | 2929.01, 2929.02, 2929.13, 2929.14, 2929.18, | 3 |
| | 2929.19, 2945.75, 2953.08, 4503.233, 4503.234, | 4 |
| | 4507.02, 4507.08, 4507.164, 4510.10, 4510.13, | 5 |
| | 4510.16, 4510.161, 4510.41, 4510.54, and 4511.19 | 6 |
| | and to enact sections 2929.142 and 4510.18 of the | 7 |
| | Revised Code, and to amend Section 6 of Am. Sub. | 8 |
| | S.B. 238 of the 126th General Assembly, to | 9 |
| | increase the prison term for aggravated vehicular | 10 |
| | homicide when the offender has at least three | 11 |
| | prior convictions of OVI, OVUAC, or the OVI-type | 12 |
| | offense related to vessels or aircraft, of | 13 |
| | aggravated vehicular homicide or aggravated | 14 |
| | vehicular assault based on OVI or the OVI-type | 15 |
| | offense related to vessels or aircraft, or of | 16 |

| involuntary manslaughter based on OVI, OVUAC, or | 17 |
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| an OVI-type offense related to snowmobiles, | 18 |
| locomotives, watercraft, or aircraft; to require a | 19 |
| court to impose a Class 2 driver's license | 20 |
| suspension for aggravated murder, murder, | 21 |
| attempted murder, or felonious assault by means of | 22 |
| a motor vehicle; to increase the length of the | 23 |
| driver's license suspension required for | 24 |
| aggravated vehicular homicide or vehicular | 25 |
| homicide if the offender previously was convicted | 26 |
| of a traffic-related murder, felonious assault, or | 27 |
| attempted murder; to permit a court to impose a | 28 |
| lifetime driver's license suspension for | 29 |
| aggravated vehicular assault if the offender | 30 |
| previously was convicted of a traffic-related | 31 |
| homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense or a | 32 |
| traffic-related murder, felonious assault, or | 33 |
| attempted murder; to establish that driving under | 34 |
| a lifetime suspension imposed for one of those | 35 |
| offenses in those circumstances is a felony of the | 36 |
| third degree; to allow a certified copy of a BMV | 37 |
| record to be used as proof of a prior conviction; | 38 |
| to expand the circumstances in which evidence on | 39 |
| the concentration of alcohol, drugs of abuse, or a | 40 |
| combination of them in a person's blood, breath, | 41 |
| or urine may be admitted as evidence; to allow a | 42 |
| person who suffers serious physical harm as a | 43 |
| result of a hit-skip accident to file a claim for | 44 |
| an award of reparations from the Crime Victims | 45 |
| Reparations Fund; to make immobilization of a | 46 |
| vehicle and impoundment of its license plates for | 47 |
| the offense of "driving under financial | 48 |
| responsibility law suspension or cancellation" or | 49 |

| a violation of a comparable municipal ordinance | 50 |
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| discretionary rather than mandatory when the | 51 |
| offender has no previous conviction in the | 52 |
| preceding five years; to authorize the imposition | 53 |
| of a fine equal to the value of the vehicle when | 54 |
| title to a vehicle that is subject to an | 55 |
| immobilization order is assigned or transferred | 56 |
| without court approval; and to revise the | 57 |
| procedures pursuant to which a court may order a | 58 |
| payment plan or extension of time for payment of | 59 |
| reinstatement fees owed by an offender relative to | 60 |
| a suspension of driving privileges; to exempt | 61 |
| specified federally insured depository | 62 |
| institutions from provisions in current law that | 63 |
| require a declaration of material | 64 |
| assistance/nonassistance to terrorists, designate | 65 |
| the Office of Budget and Management as the | 66 |
| repository for business precertifications, modify | 67 |
| the precertification process, and establish a fine | 68 |
| for failure to certify; and to extend the date by | 69 |
| which the Task Force on Implementing the Federal | 70 |
| Domestic Violence Option in Ohio must submit its | 71 |
| report to the General Assembly and the Governor. | 72 |

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

| Section 1. That sections 2743.51, 2743.56, 2903.06, 2903.08, | 73 |
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| 2903.11, 2909.32, 2909.33, 2909.34, 2923.02, 2929.01, 2929.02, | 74 |
| 2929.13, 2929.14, 2929.18, 2929.19, 2945.75, 2953.08, 4503.233, | 75 |
| 4503.234, 4507.02, 4507.08, 4507.164, 4510.10, 4510.13, 4510.16, | 76 |
| 4510.161, 4510.41, 4510.54, and 4511.19 be amended and sections | 77 |
| 2929.142 and 4510.18 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as | 78 |

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division (A)(1)(a) of this section.

(2) Any of the following persons who claim an award of

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| (b) The person engaging in the conduct was using the vehicle | 195 |
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| to flee immediately after committing a felony or an act that would | 196 |
| constitute a felony but for the fact that the person engaging in | 197 |
| the conduct lacked the capacity to commit the felony under the | 198 |
| | |
| laws of this state; | 199 |
| (c) The person engaging in the conduct was using the vehicle | 200 |
| in a manner that constitutes an OVI violation; | 201 |
| (d) The conduct occurred on or after July 25, 1990, and the | 202 |
| person engaging in the conduct was using the vehicle in a manner | 203 |
| that constitutes a violation of section 2903.08 of the Revised | 204 |
| Code <u>;</u> | 205 |
| (e) The person engaging in the conduct acted in a manner that | 206 |
| caused serious physical harm to a person and that constituted a | 207 |
| violation of section 4549.02 or 4549.021 of the Revised Code. | 208 |
| (2) For the purposes of any person described in division | 209 |
| (A)(2) of this section, any conduct that occurs or is attempted in | 210 |
| another state, district, territory, or foreign country; poses a | 211 |
| substantial threat of personal injury or death; and is punishable | 212 |
| by fine, imprisonment, or death, or would be so punishable but for | 213 |
| the fact that the person engaging in the conduct lacked capacity | 214 |
| to commit the crime under the laws of the state, district, | 215 |
| territory, or foreign country in which the conduct occurred or was | 216 |
| attempted. Criminally injurious conduct does not include conduct | 217 |
| arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor | 218 |
| vehicle, except when any of the following applies: | 219 |
| (a) The person engaging in the conduct intended to cause | 220 |
| personal injury or death; | 221 |
| personar injury or acacin, | 221 |
| (b) The person engaging in the conduct was using the vehicle | 222 |
| to flee immediately after committing a felony or an act that would | 223 |
| constitute a felony but for the fact that the person engaging in | 224 |

the conduct lacked the capacity to commit the felony under the

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- (F)(1) "Allowable expense" means reasonable charges incurred 256 for reasonably needed products, services, and accommodations, 257 including those for medical care, rehabilitation, rehabilitative 258 occupational training, and other remedial treatment and care and 259 including replacement costs for eyeglasses and other corrective 260 lenses. It does not include that portion of a charge for a room in 261 a hospital, clinic, convalescent home, nursing home, or any other 262 institution engaged in providing nursing care and related services 263 in excess of a reasonable and customary charge for semiprivate 264 accommodations, unless accommodations other than semiprivate 265 accommodations are medically required. 266
- (2) An immediate family member of a victim of criminally 267 injurious conduct that consists of a homicide, a sexual assault, 268 domestic violence, or a severe and permanent incapacitating injury 269 resulting in paraplegia or a similar life-altering condition, who 270 requires psychiatric care or counseling as a result of the 271 criminally injurious conduct, may be reimbursed for that care or 272 counseling as an allowable expense through the victim's 273 application. The cumulative allowable expense for care or 274 counseling of that nature shall not exceed two thousand five 275 hundred dollars for each immediate family member of a victim of 276 that type and seven thousand five hundred dollars in the aggregate 277 for all immediate family members of a victim of that type. 278
- (3) A family member of a victim who died as a proximate result of criminally injurious conduct may be reimbursed as an allowable expense through the victim's application for wages lost and travel expenses incurred in order to attend criminal justice proceedings arising from the criminally injurious conduct. The cumulative allowable expense for wages lost and travel expenses incurred by a family member to attend criminal justice proceedings shall not exceed five hundred dollars for each family member of the victim and two thousand dollars in the aggregate for all

family members of the victim.

- (4) "Allowable expense" includes attorney's fees not 289 exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars, at a rate not 290 exceeding one hundred fifty dollars per hour, incurred to 291 successfully obtain a restraining order, custody order, or other 292 order to physically separate a victim from an offender, if the 293 attorney has not received payment under section 2743.65 of the 294 Revised Code for assisting a claimant with an application for an 295 award of reparations under sections 2743.51 to 2743.72 of the 296 Revised Code. 297
- (G) "Work loss" means loss of income from work that the 298 injured person would have performed if the person had not been 299 injured and expenses reasonably incurred by the person to obtain 300 services in lieu of those the person would have performed for 301 income, reduced by any income from substitute work actually 302 performed by the person, or by income the person would have earned 303 in available appropriate substitute work that the person was 304 capable of performing but unreasonably failed to undertake. 305
- (H) "Replacement services loss" means expenses reasonably 306 incurred in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of 307 those the injured person would have performed, not for income, but 308 for the benefit of the person's self or family, if the person had 309 not been injured.
- (I) "Dependent's economic loss" means loss after a victim's 311 death of contributions of things of economic value to the victim's 312 dependents, not including services they would have received from 313 the victim if the victim had not suffered the fatal injury, less 314 expenses of the dependents avoided by reason of the victim's 315 death. If a minor child of a victim is adopted after the victim's 316 death, the minor child continues after the adoption to incur a 317 dependent's economic loss as a result of the victim's death. If 318

| relationship to the criminally injurious conduct that is the basis | 349 |
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| of the claim. | 350 |
| | |
| (N)(1) "Funeral expense" means any reasonable charges that | 351 |
| are not in excess of seven thousand five hundred dollars per | 352 |
| funeral and that are incurred for expenses directly related to a | 353 |
| victim's funeral, cremation, or burial and any wages lost or | 354 |
| travel expenses incurred by a family member of a victim in order | 355 |
| to attend the victim's funeral, cremation, or burial. | 356 |
| (2) An award for funeral expenses shall be applied first to | 357 |
| expenses directly related to the victim's funeral, cremation, or | 358 |
| burial. An award for wages lost or travel expenses incurred by a | 359 |
| family member of the victim shall not exceed five hundred dollars | 360 |
| for each family member and shall not exceed in the aggregate the | 361 |
| difference between seven thousand five hundred dollars and | 362 |
| expenses that are reimbursed by the program and that are directly | 363 |
| related to the victim's funeral, cremation, or burial. | 364 |
| (0) "Unemployment benefits loss" means a loss of unemployment | 365 |
| benefits pursuant to Chapter 4141. of the Revised Code when the | 366 |
| loss arises solely from the inability of a victim to meet the able | 367 |
| to work, available for suitable work, or the actively seeking | 368 |
| suitable work requirements of division (A)(4)(a) of section | 369 |
| 4141.29 of the Revised Code. | 370 |
| (P) "OVI violation" means any of the following: | 371 |
| (1) A violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, of | 372 |
| any municipal ordinance prohibiting the operation of a vehicle | 373 |
| while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a | 374 |
| combination of them, or of any municipal ordinance prohibiting the | 375 |
| operation of a vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol, | 376 |
| a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled substance | 377 |
| in the whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine; | 378 |

(2) A violation of division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 of the

Revised Code;

| (3) A violation of division $(A)(2)$, (3) , or (4) of section | 381 |
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| 2903.06 of the Revised Code or of a municipal ordinance | 382 |
| substantially similar to any of those divisions, if the offender | 383 |
| was under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a | 384 |
| combination of them, at the time of the commission of the offense; | 385 |

- (4) For purposes of any person described in division (A)(2) 386 of this section, a violation of any law of the state, district, 387 territory, or foreign country in which the criminally injurious 388 conduct occurred, if that law is substantially similar to a 389 violation described in division (P)(1) or (2) of this section or 390 if that law is substantially similar to a violation described in 391 division (P)(3) of this section and the offender was under the 392 influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination of them, 393 at the time of the commission of the offense. 394
- (Q) "Pendency of the claim" for an original reparations 395 application or supplemental reparations application means the 396 period of time from the date the criminally injurious conduct upon 397 which the application is based occurred until the date a final 398 decision, order, or judgment concerning that original reparations 399 application or supplemental reparations application is issued. 400
- (R) "Terrorism" means any activity to which all of the 401 following apply:
- (1) The activity involves a violent act or an act that is 403 dangerous to human life. 404
- (2) The act described in division (R)(1) of this section is 405 committed within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States 406 and is a violation of the criminal laws of the United States, this 407 state, or any other state or the act described in division (R)(1) 408 of this section is committed outside the territorial jurisdiction 409 of the United States and would be a violation of the criminal laws 410

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pertaining to a victim who was a minor if the application is filed

within two years of the victim's eighteenth birthday, and does not

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section. Aggravated

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500 this division applies only if the person whose death is caused or 501 whose pregnancy is unlawfully terminated is in the construction 502 zone at the time of the offender's commission of the reckless 503 operation offense in the construction zone and does not apply as 504 described in division (F) of this section. (3) In one of the following ways: 505 (a) Negligently; 506 (b) As the proximate result of committing, while operating or 507 participating in the operation of a motor vehicle or motorcycle in 508 a construction zone, a speeding offense, provided that this 509 division applies only if the person whose death is caused or whose 510 pregnancy is unlawfully terminated is in the construction zone at 511 the time of the offender's commission of the speeding offense in 512 the construction zone and does not apply as described in division 513 (F) of this section. 514 (4) As the proximate result of committing a violation of any 515 provision of any section contained in Title XLV of the Revised 516 Code that is a minor misdemeanor or of a municipal ordinance that, 517 regardless of the penalty set by ordinance for the violation, is 518 substantially equivalent to any provision of any section contained 519 in Title XLV of the Revised Code that is a minor misdemeanor. 520 (B)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(1) or (2) of this 521 section is guilty of aggravated vehicular homicide and shall be 522 punished as provided in divisions (B)(2) and (3) of this section. 523 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this division 524 (B)(2)(b) or (c) of this section, aggravated vehicular homicide 525

committed in violation of division (A)(1) of this section is a

felony of the second degree and the court shall impose a mandatory

prison term on the offender as described in division (E) of this

| (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(2)(c) of | 530 |
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| this section, aggravated vehicular homicide committed in violation | 531 |
| of division (A)(1) of this section is a felony of the first | 532 |
| degree, and the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the | 533 |
| offender as described in division (E) of this section, if any of | 534 |
| the following apply: | 535 |
| (i) At the time of the offense, the offender was driving | 536 |
| under a suspension imposed under Chapter 4510. or any other | 537 |
| provision of the Revised Code. | 538 |
| (ii) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 539 |
| guilty to a violation of this section. | 540 |
| (iii) The offender previously has been convicted of or | 541 |
| pleaded guilty to any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or | 542 |
| assault offense. | 543 |
| (iv)(c) Aggravated vehicular homicide committed in violation | 544 |
| of division (A)(1) of this section is a felony of the first | 545 |
| degree, and the court shall sentence the offender to a mandatory | 546 |
| prison term as provided in section 2929.142 of the Revised Code | 547 |
| and described in division (E) of this section if any of the | 548 |
| following apply: | 549 |
| (i) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 550 |
| guilty to three or more prior violations of section 4511.19 of the | 551 |
| Revised Code or of a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance | 552 |
| within the previous six years. | 553 |
| $\frac{(v)(ii)}{(ii)}$ The offender previously has been convicted of or | 554 |
| pleaded guilty to three or more prior violations of division (A) | 555 |
| of section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or of a substantially | 556 |
| equivalent municipal ordinance within the previous six years. | 557 |
| (vi)(iii) The offender previously has been convicted of or | 558 |
| pleaded guilty to three or more prior violations of division | 559 |

591 vehicular homicide committed in violation of division (A)(2) of 592 this section is a felony of the third degree. Aggravated vehicular 593 homicide committed in violation of division (A)(2) of this section 594 is a felony of the second degree if, at the time of the offense, 595 the offender was driving under a suspension imposed under Chapter 596 4510. or any other provision of the Revised Code or if the 597 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 598 violation of this section or any traffic-related homicide, 599 manslaughter, or assault offense. The court shall impose a 600 mandatory prison term on the offender when required by division 601 (E) of this section.

In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to this 602 division for a violation of division (A)(2) of this section, the 603 court shall impose upon the offender a class two suspension of the 604 offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 605 temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 606 operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(2) of 607 section 4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the offender previously 608 has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a traffic-related 609 murder, felonious assault, or attempted murder offense, a class 610 one suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial 611 driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary 612 license, or nonresident operating privilege as specified in 613 division (A)(1) of that section. 614

(C) Whoever violates division (A)(3) of this section is 615 guilty of vehicular homicide. Except as otherwise provided in this 616 division, vehicular homicide is a misdemeanor of the first degree. 617 Vehicular homicide committed in violation of division (A)(3) of 618 this section is a felony of the fourth degree if, at the time of 619 the offense, the offender was driving under a suspension or 620 revocation imposed under Chapter 4507. or any other provision of 621 the Revised Code or if the offender previously has been convicted 622

| of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or any | 623 |
|---|-----|
| traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense. The | 624 |
| court shall impose a mandatory jail term or a mandatory prison | 625 |
| term on the offender when required by division (E) of this | 626 |
| section. | 627 |

In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to this 628 division, the court shall impose upon the offender a class four 629 suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's 630 license, temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or 631 nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in 632 division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code, or, if the 633 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 634 violation of this section or any traffic-related homicide, 635 manslaughter, or assault offense, a class three suspension of the 636 offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 637 temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 638 operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(3) of 639 that section, or, if the offender previously has been convicted of 640 or pleaded quilty to a traffic-related murder, felonious assault, 641 or attempted murder offense, a class two suspension of the 642 offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 643 temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 644 operating privilege as specified in division (A)(2) of that 645 section. 646

(D) Whoever violates division (A)(4) of this section is 647 guilty of vehicular manslaughter. Except as otherwise provided in 648 this division, vehicular manslaughter is a misdemeanor of the 649 second degree. Vehicular manslaughter is a misdemeanor of the 650 first degree if, at the time of the offense, the offender was 651 driving under a suspension imposed under Chapter 4510. or any 652 other provision of the Revised Code or if the offender previously 653 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this 654 section or any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault 655 offense.

In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to this 657 division, the court shall impose upon the offender a class six 658 suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's 659 license, temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or 660 nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in 661 division (A)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the 662 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 663 violation of this section or, any traffic-related homicide, 664 manslaughter, or assault offense, or a traffic-related murder, 665 felonious assault, or attempted murder offense, a class four 666 suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's 667 license, temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or 668 nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in 669 division (A)(4) of that section. 670

(E) The court shall impose a mandatory prison term on an 671 offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of 672 division (A)(1) of this section. If division (B)(2)(c)(i), (ii), 673 (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii), or (viii) of this section applies 674 to an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to the 675 violation of division (A)(1) of this section, the court shall 676 impose the mandatory prison term pursuant to section 2929.142 of 677 the Revised Code. The court shall impose a mandatory jail term of 678 at least fifteen days on an offender who is convicted of or pleads 679 guilty to a misdemeanor violation of division (A)(3)(b) of this 680 section and may impose upon the offender a longer jail term as 681 authorized pursuant to section 2929.24 of the Revised Code. The 682 court shall impose a mandatory prison term on an offender who is 683 convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (A)(2) or 684 (3)(a) of this section or a felony violation of division (A)(3)(b) 685 of this section if either of the following applies: 686

5501.27 of the Revised Code.

| (1) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 687 |
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| | |
| guilty to a violation of this section or section 2903.08 of the | 688 |
| Revised Code. | 689 |
| (2) At the time of the offense, the offender was driving | 690 |
| under suspension under Chapter 4510. or any other provision of the | 691 |
| Revised Code. | 692 |
| (F) Divisions $(A)(2)(b)$ and $(3)(b)$ of this section do not | 693 |
| apply in a particular construction zone unless signs of the type | 694 |
| described in section 2903.081 of the Revised Code are erected in | 695 |
| that construction zone in accordance with the guidelines and | 696 |
| design specifications established by the director of | 697 |
| transportation under section 5501.27 of the Revised Code. The | 698 |
| failure to erect signs of the type described in section 2903.081 | 699 |
| of the Revised Code in a particular construction zone in | 700 |
| accordance with those guidelines and design specifications does | 701 |
| not limit or affect the application of division $(A)(1)$, $(A)(2)(a)$, | 702 |
| (A)(3)(a), or $(A)(4)$ of this section in that construction zone or | 703 |
| the prosecution of any person who violates any of those divisions | 704 |
| in that construction zone. | 705 |
| (G)(1) As used in this section: | 706 |
| (a) "Mandatory prison term" and "mandatory jail term" have | 707 |
| the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code. | 708 |
| (b) "Traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault | 709 |
| offense" means a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code | 710 |
| in circumstances in which division (D) of that section applies, a | 711 |
| violation of section 2903.06 or 2903.08 of the Revised Code, or a | 712 |
| violation of section 2903.06, 2903.07, or 2903.08 of the Revised | 713 |
| Code as they existed prior to March 23, 2000. | 714 |
| (c) "Construction zone" has the same meaning as in section | 715 |

| (d) "Reckless operation offense" means a violation of section | 717 |
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| 4511.20 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance substantially | 718 |
| equivalent to section 4511.20 of the Revised Code. | 719 |
| (e) "Speeding offense" means a violation of section 4511.21 | 720 |
| of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance pertaining to speed. | 721 |
| (f) "Traffic-related murder, felonious assault, or attempted | 722 |
| murder offense" means a violation of section 2903.01 or 2903.02 of | 723 |
| the Revised Code in circumstances in which the offender used a | 724 |
| motor vehicle as the means to commit the violation, a violation of | 725 |
| division (A)(2) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code in | 726 |
| circumstances in which the deadly weapon used in the commission of | 727 |
| the violation is a motor vehicle, or an attempt to commit | 728 |
| aggravated murder or murder in violation of section 2923.02 of the | 729 |
| Revised Code in circumstances in which the offender used a motor | 730 |
| vehicle as the means to attempt to commit the aggravated murder or | 731 |
| murder. | 732 |
| (g) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section | 733 |
| 4501.01 of the Revised Code. | 734 |
| (2) For the purposes of this section, when a penalty or | 735 |
| suspension is enhanced because of a prior or current violation of | 736 |
| a specified law or a prior or current specified offense, the | 737 |
| reference to the violation of the specified law or the specified | 738 |
| offense includes any violation of any substantially equivalent | 739 |
| municipal ordinance, former law of this state, or current or | 740 |
| former law of another state or the United States. | 741 |
| Sec. 2903.08. (A) No person, while operating or participating | 742 |
| in the operation of a motor vehicle, motorcycle, snowmobile, | 742 |
| locomotive, watercraft, or aircraft, shall cause serious physical | 743 |
| harm to another person or another's unborn in any of the following | |
| | 745 746 |
| ways: | 740 |

| (1)(a) As the proximate result of committing a violation of | 747 |
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| division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a | 748 |
| substantially equivalent municipal ordinance; | 749 |
| (b) As the proximate result of committing a violation of | 750 |
| division (A) of section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or of a | 751 |
| substantially equivalent municipal ordinance; | 752 |
| (c) As the proximate result of committing a violation of | 753 |
| division (A)(3) of section 4561.15 of the Revised Code or of a | 754 |
| substantially equivalent municipal ordinance. | 755 |
| (2) In one of the following ways: | 756 |
| (a) As the proximate result of committing, while operating or | 757 |
| participating in the operation of a motor vehicle or motorcycle in | 758 |
| a construction zone, a reckless operation offense, provided that | 759 |
| this division applies only if the person to whom the serious | 760 |
| physical harm is caused or to whose unborn the serious physical | 761 |
| harm is caused is in the construction zone at the time of the | 762 |
| offender's commission of the reckless operation offense in the | 763 |
| construction zone and does not apply as described in division (E) | 764 |
| of this section; | 765 |
| (b) Recklessly. | 766 |
| (3) As the proximate result of committing, while operating or | 767 |
| participating in the operation of a motor vehicle or motorcycle in | 768 |
| a construction zone, a speeding offense, provided that this | 769 |
| division applies only if the person to whom the serious physical | 770 |
| harm is caused or to whose unborn the serious physical harm is | 771 |
| caused is in the construction zone at the time of the offender's | 772 |
| commission of the speeding offense in the construction zone and | 773 |
| does not apply as described in division (E) of this section. | 774 |
| (B)(1) Whoever violates division $(A)(1)$ of this section is | 775 |
| guilty of aggravated vehicular assault. Except as otherwise | 776 |

of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.

| (2) In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to | 807 |
|--|-----|
| division (B)(1) of this section, except as otherwise provided in | 808 |
| this division, the court shall impose upon the offender a class | 809 |
| three suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial | 810 |
| driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary | 811 |
| license, or nonresident operating privilege from the range | 812 |
| specified in division (A)(3) of section 4510.02 of the Revised | 813 |
| Code or, if. If the offender previously has been convicted of or | 814 |
| pleaded guilty to a violation of this section Θ_L any | 815 |
| traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault offense, or any | 816 |
| traffic-related murder, felonious assault, or attempted murder | 817 |
| offense, the court shall impose either a class two suspension of | 818 |
| the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, | 819 |
| temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident | 820 |
| operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(2) of | 821 |
| that section or a class one suspension as specified in division | 822 |
| (A)(1) of that section. | 823 |

- (C)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(2) or (3) of this 824 section is guilty of vehicular assault and shall be punished as 825 provided in divisions (C)(2) and (3) of this section. 826
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, vehicular 827 assault committed in violation of division (A)(2) of this section 828 is a felony of the fourth degree. Vehicular assault committed in 829 violation of division (A)(2) of this section is a felony of the 830 third degree if, at the time of the offense, the offender was 831 driving under a suspension imposed under Chapter 4510. or any 832 other provision of the Revised Code, if the offender previously 833 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this 834 section or any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault 835 offense, or if, in the same course of conduct that resulted in the 836 violation of division (A)(2) of this section, the offender also 837 violated section 4549.02, 4549.021, or 4549.03 of the Revised 838

Code. 839

In addition to any other sanctions imposed, the court shall 840 impose upon the offender a class four suspension of the offender's 841 driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary 842 instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating 843 privilege from the range specified in division (A)(4) of section 844 4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the offender previously has 845 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section 846 or, any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault 847 offense, or any traffic-related murder, felonious assault, or 848 attempted murder offense, a class three suspension of the 849 offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 850 temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 851 operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(3) of 852 that section. 853

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, vehicular 854 assault committed in violation of division (A)(3) of this section 855 is a misdemeanor of the first degree. Vehicular assault committed 856 in violation of division (A)(3) of this section is a felony of the 857 fourth degree if, at the time of the offense, the offender was 858 driving under a suspension imposed under Chapter 4510. or any 859 other provision of the Revised Code or if the offender previously 860 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this 861 section or any traffic-related homicide, manslaughter, or assault 862 offense. 863

In addition to any other sanctions imposed, the court shall
impose upon the offender a class four suspension of the offender's
driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary
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instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating
privilege from the range specified in division (A)(4) of section
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4510.02 of the Revised Code or, if the offender previously has
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been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section
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transportation under section 5501.27 of the Revised Code. The

| (2) Cause or attempt to cause physical harm to another or to | 931 |
|--|-----|
| another's unborn by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous | 932 |
| ordnance. | 933 |
| (B) No person, with knowledge that the person has tested | 934 |
| positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired | 935 |
| immunodeficiency syndrome, shall knowingly do any of the | 936 |
| following: | 937 |
| (1) Engage in sexual conduct with another person without | 938 |
| disclosing that knowledge to the other person prior to engaging in | 939 |
| the sexual conduct; | 940 |
| (2) Engage in sexual conduct with a person whom the offender | 941 |
| knows or has reasonable cause to believe lacks the mental capacity | 942 |
| to appreciate the significance of the knowledge that the offender | 943 |
| has tested positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired | 944 |
| <pre>immunodeficiency syndrome;</pre> | 945 |
| (3) Engage in sexual conduct with a person under eighteen | 946 |
| years of age who is not the spouse of the offender. | 947 |
| (C) The prosecution of a person under this section does not | 948 |
| preclude prosecution of that person under section 2907.02 of the | 949 |
| Revised Code. | 950 |
| (D) $\underline{(1)}$ Whoever violates this section is guilty of felonious | 951 |
| assault, a felony of the second degree. If the victim of a | 952 |
| violation of division (A) of this section is a peace officer, | 953 |
| felonious assault is a felony of the first degree. If the victim | 954 |
| of the offense is a peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 | 955 |
| of the Revised Code, and if the victim suffered serious physical | 956 |
| harm as a result of the commission of the offense, felonious | 957 |
| assault is a felony of the first degree, and the court, pursuant | 958 |
| to division (F) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, shall | 959 |
| impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms | 960 |
| prescribed for a felony of the first degree. | 961 |

| (2) In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to | 962 |
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| division (D)(1) of this section for felonious assault committed in | 963 |
| violation of division (A)(2) of this section, if the deadly weapon | 964 |
| used in the commission of the violation is a motor vehicle, the | 965 |
| court shall impose upon the offender a class two suspension of the | 966 |
| offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, | 967 |
| temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident | 968 |
| operating privilege as specified in division (A)(2) of section | 969 |
| 4510.02 of the Revised Code. | 970 |
| (E) As used in this section: | 971 |
| (1) "Deadly weapon" and "dangerous ordnance" have the same | 972 |
| meanings as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code. | 973 |
| (2) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section | 974 |
| 4501.01 of the Revised Code. | 975 |
| (3) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section | 976 |
| 2935.01 of the Revised Code. | 977 |
| $\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ "Sexual conduct" has the same meaning as in section | 978 |
| 2907.01 of the Revised Code, except that, as used in this section, | 979 |
| it does not include the insertion of an instrument, apparatus, or | 980 |
| other object that is not a part of the body into the vaginal or | 981 |
| anal opening of another, unless the offender knew at the time of | 982 |
| the insertion that the instrument, apparatus, or other object | 983 |
| carried the offender's bodily fluid. | 984 |
| Sec. 2909.32. (A)(1) The director of public safety shall | 985 |
| adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to | 986 |
| identify licenses the state issues for which a holder with a | 987 |
| connection to a terrorist organization would present a potential | 988 |
| risk to the residents of this state. The rules shall not identify | 989 |
| a renewable driver's license or permit as a license of this nature | 990 |
| if the applicant is a resident of this state. | 991 |

List? Yes; No

| (2)(a) The director shall prepare a document to serve as a | 992 |
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| declaration of material assistance/nonassistance for agencies to | 993 |
| use to identify whether an applicant for a license or the renewal | 994 |
| of a license has provided material assistance to an organization | 995 |
| listed in the United States department of state terrorist | 996 |
| exclusion list. The declaration shall be substantially in the form | 997 |
| and of the same content as set forth in division (A)(2)(b) of this | 998 |
| section. The director shall make the declaration available to each | 999 |
| issuing agency of a license the director identifies pursuant to | 1000 |
| division (A)(1) of this section, along with a then-current copy of | 1001 |
| the United States department of state terrorist exclusion list. | 1002 |
| The director may adopt rules governing the preparation of the | 1003 |
| declaration and the distribution of the declaration and the list. | 1004 |
| (b) The declaration of material assistance/nonassistance this | 1005 |
| section requires shall be substantially as follows and shall | 1006 |
| include the following questions and the associated spaces for | 1007 |
| answering the questions: | 1008 |
| "DECLARATION REGARDING MATERIAL ASSISTANCE/NONASSISTANCE | 1009 |
| TO TERRORIST ORGANIZATION | 1010 |
| (1) Are you a member of an organization on the U.S. | 1011 |
| Department of State Terrorist Exclusion List? Yes; No | 1012 |
| (2) Have you used any position of prominence you have within | 1013 |
| any country to persuade others to support an organization on the | 1014 |
| U.S. Department of State Terrorist Exclusion List? Yes; No | 1015 |
| ••••• | 1016 |
| (3) Have you knowingly solicited funds or other things of | 1017 |
| value for an organization on the U.S. Department of State | 1018 |
| Terrorist Exclusion List? Yes; No | 1019 |
| (4) Have you solicited any individual for membership in an | 1020 |
| organization on the U.S. Department of State Terrorist Exclusion | 1021 |
| | |

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| (5) Have you committed an act that you know, or reasonably | 1023 |
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| should have known, affords "material support or resources" (see | 1024 |
| below) to an organization on the U.S. Department of State | 1025 |
| Terrorist Exclusion List? Yes; No | 1026 |
| (6) Have you hired or compensated a person you knew to be a | 1027 |
| member of an organization on the U.S. Department of State | 1028 |
| Terrorist Exclusion List or a person you knew to be engaged in | 1029 |
| planning, assisting, or carrying out an act of terrorism? Yes | 1030 |
| ; No | 1031 |
| For purposes of this declaration of material | 1032 |
| assistance/nonassistance, "material support or resources" means | 1033 |
| currency, payment instruments, other financial securities, funds, | 1034 |
| transfer of funds, and financial services that are in excess of | 1035 |
| one hundred dollars, as well as communications, lodging, training, | 1036 |
| safe houses, false documentation or identification, communications | 1037 |
| equipment, facilities, weapons, lethal substances, explosives, | 1038 |
| personnel, transportation, and other physical assets, except | 1039 |
| medicine or religious materials." | 1040 |
| (B)(1) Any agency that issues a license the director | 1041 |
| identifies pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section shall | 1042 |
| include with the agency's application form a copy of the | 1043 |
| declaration of material assistance/nonassistance the director | 1044 |
| prepares pursuant to this section and a then-current copy of the | 1045 |
| terrorist exclusion list. The agency shall inform applicants that | 1046 |
| they must truthfully answer each question. | 1047 |
| (2) Any person provided a declaration of material | 1048 |
| assistance/nonassistance pursuant to this section shall answer | 1049 |
| each question and attach the completed declaration to the | 1050 |
| application for the license or the license renewal. | 1051 |
| | |

(C)(1) Any answer of "yes" to any question, or the failure to

answer "no" to any question, on a declaration of material

| assistance/nonassistance an agency provides pursuant to this | 1054 |
|--|------|
| section shall serve for purposes of this section as a disclosure | 1055 |
| that the applicant has provided material assistance to an | 1056 |
| organization listed on the terrorist exclusion list. | 1057 |

- (2) Any person who discloses the provision of material 1058 assistance to any organization on the terrorist exclusion list 1059 shall be denied the license or the renewal of the license unless 1060 the department of public safety reinstates the application 1061 pursuant to division (D) of this section.
- (3) Any licensing entity that denies a license or a renewal 1063 of a license pursuant to this division shall send written notice 1064 of that denial to the applicant within three business days of the 1065 decision to deny. The notice shall inform the applicant of the 1066 right to have the department of public safety review the denial if 1067 the applicant requests a review within sixty days after the 1068 mailing date of the notice. The licensing entity shall provide the 1069 department of public safety with a copy of any notice that it 1070 sends to an applicant pursuant to this division. 1071
- (D) The department of public safety, upon an applicant's 1072 request, shall review any decision to deny an application within 1073 thirty days of that receiving an applicant's request an 1074 application for any license or renewal that was denied under 1075 division (C) of this section for a review. The department shall 1076 reinstate the license application for good cause if it determines 1077 all of the following pursuant to guidelines the director adopts by 1078 rule: 1079
- (1) That the provision of material assistance to an 1080 organization on the terrorist exclusion list was made more than 1081 ten years prior to the time of the application, or the applicant 1082 provided material assistance during the ten years prior to the 1083 application and the date of the review, but at the time of the

exclusion list.

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| assistance, the organization was either not on the list or was not | 1085 |
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| involved in any activity or conduct that would have merited | 1086 |
| inclusion on the list had it existed at the time, or at the time | 1087 |
| of the assistance it was not reasonable to know of the | 1088 |
| organization's activities that would have merited its inclusion on | 1089 |
| the list. | 1090 |
| | 1001 |
| (2) That the applicant is unlikely in the future to provide | 1091 |
| material assistance to any organization on the terrorist exclusion | 1092 |
| list; | 1093 |
| (3) That the applicant does not pose a risk to the residents | 1094 |
| of this state. | 1095 |
| (E) The failure of an applicant for a license to complete and | 1096 |
| attach a declaration of material assistance/nonassistance as this | 1097 |
| section requires, the failure to disclose material assistance to | 1098 |
| an organization on the terrorist exclusion list, or the making of | 1099 |
| false statements regarding material assistance to an organization | 1100 |
| the applicant knew or should have known was on the terrorist | 1101 |
| exclusion list, shall result in the denial of the application and | 1102 |
| in the revocation of the license. | 1103 |
| (F) The failure of an applicant for a license to disclose, as | 1104 |
| this section requires, the provision of material assistance to an | 1105 |
| organization on the terrorist exclusion list or knowingly making | 1106 |
| false statements regarding material assistance to an organization | 1107 |
| on that list is a felony of the fifth degree. | 1108 |
| (G) An issuing agency shall notify the department of public | 1109 |
| safety if it denies an application for a license or the renewal of | 1110 |
| a license because the applicant disclosed the provision of | 1111 |
| material assistance to an organization listed on the terrorist | 1112 |

(H) An agency may revoke a license issued to any person who,

after providing a declaration of material assistance/nonassistance

| pursuant to this section, takes an action that would result in | 1116 |
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| "yes" being the correct answer to any question on the declaration, | 1117 |
| had the declaration been readministered after taking that action. | 1118 |
| The agency shall conduct a hearing pursuant to Chapter 119. of the | 1119 |
| Revised Code prior to revoking any license pursuant to this | 1120 |
| division. | 1121 |
| | 1100 |
| (I) This section does not apply to a license issued to either | 1122 |
| of the following: | 1123 |
| (1) A federally insured depository institution that is | 1124 |
| subject to anti-money laundering and antiterrorism requirements | 1125 |
| under federal law, any subsidiary of such a depository | 1126 |
| institution, or an officer or employee of such a depository | 1127 |
| institution or subsidiary when that license is related to the | 1128 |
| person's duties as an officer or employee; | 1129 |
| (2) Any affiliate of a depository institution described in | 1130 |
| division (I)(1) of this section, other than an affiliate that is a | 1131 |
| subsidiary of a depository institution, when that affiliate is | 1132 |
| subject to anti-money laundering and antiterrorism requirements | 1133 |
| under federal law, or an officer or employee of such an affiliate | 1134 |
| when that license is related to the person's duties as an officer | 1135 |
| or employee. | 1136 |
| | |
| Sec. 2909.33. (A)(1) The director of public safety shall | 1137 |
| prepare a document to serve as a declaration of material | 1138 |
| assistance/nonassistance for the state, any instrumentality of the | 1139 |
| state, and any political subdivision of the state to use to | 1140 |
| determine whether by which any person, company, affiliated group, | 1141 |
| or organization, or person who holds, owns, or otherwise has a | 1142 |
| controlling interest in a company, affiliated group, or | 1143 |
| organization, has provided when required by this section, shall | 1144 |
| certify any provision of material assistance to an organization | 1145 |
| listed on the United States department of state terrorist | 1146 |

| exclusion list. The declaration sl | nall be substantially in the same | 1147 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|
| format and of the same content as | set forth in division (A)(2)(b) | 1148 |
| of section 2909.32 of the Revised | Code. | 1149 |

- (2) The director of public safety and the director of budget 1150 and management shall make available on their respective department 1151 web sites and by any other means the director of public safety 1152 <u>deems</u> appropriate, the declaration of material 1153 assistance/nonassistance available to the state, instrumentalities 1154 of the state, and political subdivisions of the state, along with 1155 and a then-current copy of the terrorist exclusion list. The 1156 director of public safety, in consultation with the director of 1157 budget and management, may adopt rules that govern the preparation 1158 of the declaration and the distribution of the declaration and 1159 terrorist exclusion list. 1160
- (3)(a) Any Prior to entering into a contract to conduct 1161 business with or receive funding from any state agency, 1162 instrumentality, or political subdivision of the state, for 1163 purposes of business it conducts and funding it provides, may 1164 adopt a procedure under which it precertifies any person, company, 1165 affiliated group, or organization as not providing, or person who 1166 holds, owns, or otherwise has a controlling interest in a company, 1167 affiliated group, or organization, may precertify that it has not 1168 provided material assistance to an organization on the terrorist 1169 exclusion list. The precertification this division describes shall 1170 be granted to any person, company, affiliated group, or 1171 organization that submits to the director of budget and management 1172 a completed copy of the declaration prepared pursuant to this 1173 section, with an answer of "no" to all questions. A 1174 precertification pursuant to this division is effective for one 1175 year. No person shall require any person, company, affiliated 1176 group, or organization that is precertified to complete any 1177 1178 additional declarations prior to the expiration of a

| precertification. All precertifications expire the thirtieth day | 1179 |
|--|------|
| of June of the second year of each state biennium period. To be | 1180 |
| precertified during the two years subsequent to that expiration | 1181 |
| date, an entity shall submit a new declaration to the director of | 1182 |
| budget and management pursuant to rules the director adopts. | 1183 |
| (b) Any person, company, affiliated group, or organization | 1184 |
| that is precertified pursuant to this division and that takes any | 1185 |
| action or learns of anything that would result in an answer of | 1186 |
| "yes" to any question on the declaration of material | 1187 |
| assistance/nonassistance this division requires, shall cease to | 1188 |
| represent that it is precertified and, within thirty days of | 1189 |
| taking that action or learning the new information, shall notify | 1190 |
| every state agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision with | 1191 |
| which it is precertified to the director of budget and management | 1192 |
| to request the its precertification be rescinded. | 1193 |
| (c) When applying for a contract, falsely representing | 1194 |
| precertification, or representing precertification when that | 1195 |
| precertification has been rescinded or should have been rescinded | 1196 |
| pursuant to this division, is a felony of the fifth degree. | 1197 |
| (B) Any person who is provided submits a declaration of | 1198 |
| material assistance/nonassistance pursuant to this section shall | 1199 |
| complete that the entire declaration. Any answer of "yes" to any | 1200 |
| question, or the failure to answer "no" to any question, on the | 1201 |
| declaration shall serve for purposes of this section as a | 1202 |
| disclosure of the provision of material assistance to an | 1203 |
| organization that is listed on the terrorist exclusion list. | 1204 |
| (C) Prior (1) Except as otherwise provided in divisions | 1205 |
| (C)(2) and (H) of this section, prior to entering into a contract | 1206 |
| with any state agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision | 1207 |
| to conduct business or receive funding, any person, company, | 1208 |
| affiliated group, or organization, and any person who holds, owns, | 1209 |

or otherwise has a controlling interest in a company, affiliated

| group, or organization that conducts any business with or receives | 1211 |
|---|------|
| funding in an aggregate amount greater than one hundred thousand | 1212 |
| dollars annually from the state, any instrumentality of the state, | 1213 |
| and any political subdivision of the state, excluding the amount | 1214 |
| of any personal benefit, shall certify that it does not provide | 1215 |
| material assistance to any organization on the United States | 1216 |
| department of state terrorist exclusion list. The certification | 1217 |
| shall be made by completing and submitting the declaration of | 1218 |
| material assistance/nonassistance <u>as</u> described in division (A) of | 1219 |
| this section. | 1220 |
| | |

(2) Certification pursuant to this division shall not be 1221 required unless the entity entering into a contract for business 1222 or funding has received, or will have received as a result of the 1223 pending contract, an aggregate amount greater than one hundred 1224 thousand dollars in business or funding, excluding the amount of 1225 any personal benefit, from the state, instrumentalities, and 1226 political subdivisions during the current fiscal year, measured 1227 from the first day of July until the thirtieth day of June. 1228

(D)(1) The No state agency, an instrumentality of the state, 1229 or a political subdivision of the state shall conduct no business 1230 with or provide any funding to any person, company, affiliated 1231 group or organization, or any person who has a controlling 1232 interest in a company, affiliated group, or organization unless 1233 that person, company, affiliated group, or organization is 1234 certified as division (C) of this section requires. The state, 1235 instrumentality, or subdivision shall provide the declaration 1236 prepared pursuant to division (A) of this section, along with a 1237 then current copy of the terrorist exclusion list, to any person, 1238 company, affiliated group, or organization that is not 1239 precertified and for which certification is required. If a 1240 contract is entered into pursuant to competitive bidding or 1241 another competitive process, the state, instrumentality, or 1242 subdivision need provide the declaration and list only to the

person selected and only if that person is not precertified.

(2) No person, company, affiliated group or organization, or

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- (2) No person, company, affiliated group or organization, or 1245 any person who holds, owns, or otherwise has a controlling 1246 interest in a company, affiliated group, or organization shall 1247 enter into a contract to conduct business with or receive funding 1248 from the state, an agency or instrumentality of the state, or a 1249 political subdivision of the state unless it is certified as 1250 division (C) of this section requires.
- (E) For the purposes of this section, the office of budget 1252 and management shall be the repository for all declarations 1253 received pursuant to division (A)(3)(a) of this section and the 1254 director of budget and management shall maintain a centralized 1255 database of all such declarations received. If a person, company, 1256 affiliated group, or organization discloses the provision of 1257 material assistance to an organization listed on the terrorist 1258 exclusion list, within three business days of that disclosure, the 1259 director shall send the declarant a written notice of prohibition 1260 against doing business or receiving funding. The notice shall 1261 inform the declarant of the right to a review of the prohibition 1262 by the department of public safety if the declarant requests that 1263 review within sixty days after the notice of prohibition was 1264 mailed. The director shall send copy of any notice sent pursuant 1265 to this division to the department of public safety. 1266

The department of public safety shall review, any prohibition 1267 within thirty days of the receipt of a request from any person, 1268 company, affiliated group, or organization that disclosed the 1269 provision of material assistance to an organization listed on the 1270 terrorist exclusion list, for a review and determine whether the 1271 prohibitions against doing business or receiving funding set forth 1272 in divisions (D)(1) and (D)(2) of this section should apply. The 1273 department of public safety shall order that the prohibitions do 1274

| has provided material assistance to an organization listed on the | 1365 |
|--|------|
| United States department of state terrorist exclusion list. The | 1366 |
| declaration shall be substantially in the same format and of the | 1367 |
| same content as set forth in division (A)(2)(b) of section 2909.32 | 1368 |
| of the Revised Code. | 1369 |

- (2) The director shall make the declaration of material 1370 assistance/nonassistance available to the state, instrumentalities 1371 of the state, and political subdivisions of the state, along with 1372 a then-current copy of the terrorist exclusion list. The director 1373 may adopt rules that govern the preparation and distribution of 1374 the declaration and the terrorist exclusion list. 1375
- (3) The director may adopt rules that establish categories of 1376 employment that are exempt from the disclosure requirements of 1377 this section.
- (B) Any person under final consideration for employment who 1379 is provided a declaration of material assistance/nonassistance 1380 pursuant to this section shall complete the declaration prior to 1381 being employed. Any answer of "yes" to any question, or the 1382 failure to answer "no" to any question, shall serve for purposes 1383 of this section as a disclosure of the provision of material 1384 assistance to an organization that is listed on the terrorist 1385 exclusion list. 1386
- (C)(1) The state, a state instrumentality, or a political 1387 subdivision of the state shall provide each person who is under 1388 final consideration for a category of employment for which this 1389 section requires disclosure with a copy of the declaration of 1390 material assistance/nonassistance and a then-current copy of the 1391 terrorist exclusion list. The state, instrumentality, or 1392 subdivision shall not employ any person who discloses the 1393 provision of material assistance to an organization that is listed 1394 on the terrorist exclusion list. 1395

exclusion list;

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| (2) The state, or any instrumentality or political | 1396 |
|---|------|
| subdivision of the state that denies employment pursuant to this | 1397 |
| section, shall send written notice of that denial to the applicant | 1398 |
| within three business days of the decision to deny, along with | 1399 |
| notice of the applicant's right to a review of the denial by the | 1400 |
| department of public safety if the applicant requests a review | 1401 |
| within sixty days of the mailing date of the notice. An entity | 1402 |
| that denies employment pursuant to this section shall send a copy | 1403 |
| of any notice of denial of employment to the department of public | 1404 |
| safety. | 1405 |
| (D) The department of public safety, upon the receiving a | 1406 |
| request of <u>for a review from</u> any person who has been denied | 1407 |
| employment under division (C) of this section, shall review the | 1408 |
| request within thirty days to determine if the denial of | 1409 |
| employment should be voided. The department shall void that denial | 1410 |
| if it determines all of the following pursuant to guidelines the | 1411 |
| director adopts by rule: | 1412 |
| (1) That the provision of material assistance to an | 1413 |
| organization on the terrorist exclusion list was made more than | 1414 |
| ten years prior to the time the declaration of material | 1415 |
| assistance/nonassistance was filled out, or the material | 1416 |
| assistance was provided during the ten years prior to the | 1417 |
| application and the date of the review, but at the time of the | 1418 |
| assistance, the organization was either not on the list or would | 1419 |
| not have merited inclusion on the list had it existed at the time, | 1420 |
| or at the time of the assistance it was not reasonable to know of | 1421 |
| the organization's activities that would have merited its | 1422 |
| inclusion on the list. | 1423 |
| (2) That it is unlikely in the future that the person will | 1424 |
| | |

provide material assistance to any organization on the terrorist

| (3) The person does not pose a risk to the residents of the | 1427 |
|--|------|
| state. | 1428 |
| (E) The failure of an applicant for employment to disclose, | 1429 |
| as this section requires, the provision of material assistance to | 1430 |
| an organization on the terrorist exclusion list, or knowingly | 1431 |
| making false statements regarding material assistance to an | 1432 |
| organization on that list, is a felony of the fifth degree. | 1433 |
| (F)(1) The state, or any instrumentality or political | 1434 |
| subdivision of the state, may terminate any employee who, after | 1435 |
| providing a declaration of material assistance/nonassistance | 1436 |
| pursuant to this section, takes an action that would result in | 1437 |
| "yes" being the correct answer to any question on the declaration, | 1438 |
| had the declaration been readministered after taking that action. | 1439 |
| (2) No employer shall terminate an employee pursuant to this | 1440 |
| division unless the employer complies with one of the following | 1441 |
| hearing procedures: | 1442 |
| (a) If the employee is entitled to termination proceedings | 1443 |
| under a collective bargaining agreement, the employer shall comply | 1444 |
| with those procedures. | 1445 |
| (b) If the employee is entitled to termination proceedings | 1446 |
| pursuant to division (C) of section 124.34 of the Revised Code, | 1447 |
| the employer shall comply with those procedures. | 1448 |
| (c) If the employee does not qualify for the termination | 1449 |
| proceedings described in division (F)(2)(a) or (b) of this | 1450 |
| section, the employer shall comply with the procedures set forth | 1451 |
| in division (B) of section 124.34 of the Revised Code. | 1452 |
| Sec. 2923.02. (A) No person, purposely or knowingly, and when | 1453 |
| purpose or knowledge is sufficient culpability for the commission | 1454 |
| of an offense, shall engage in conduct that, if successful, would | 1455 |
| constitute or result in the offense. | 1456 |

| (B) It is no defense to a charge under this section that, in | 1457 |
|--|------|
| retrospect, commission of the offense that was the object of the | 1458 |
| attempt was either factually or legally impossible under the | 1459 |
| attendant circumstances, if that offense could have been committed | 1460 |
| had the attendant circumstances been as the actor believed them to | 1461 |
| be. | 1462 |

- (C) No person who is convicted of committing a specific 1463 offense, of complicity in the commission of an offense, or of 1464 conspiracy to commit an offense shall be convicted of an attempt 1465 to commit the same offense in violation of this section. 1466
- (D) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under this 1467 section that the actor abandoned the actor's effort to commit the 1468 offense or otherwise prevented its commission, under circumstances 1469 manifesting a complete and voluntary renunciation of the actor's 1470 criminal purpose.
- (E) (I) Whoever violates this section is guilty of an attempt 1472 to commit an offense. An attempt to commit aggravated murder, 1473 murder, or an offense for which the maximum penalty is 1474 imprisonment for life is a felony of the first degree. An attempt 1475 to commit a drug abuse offense for which the penalty is determined 1476 by the amount or number of unit doses of the controlled substance 1477 involved in the drug abuse offense is an offense of the same 1478 degree as the drug abuse offense attempted would be if that drug 1479 abuse offense had been committed and had involved an amount or 1480 number of unit doses of the controlled substance that is within 1481 the next lower range of controlled substance amounts than was 1482 involved in the attempt. An attempt to commit any other offense is 1483 an offense of the next lesser degree than the offense attempted. 1484 In the case of an attempt to commit an offense other than a 1485 violation of Chapter 3734. of the Revised Code that is not 1486 specifically classified, an attempt is a misdemeanor of the first 1487 degree if the offense attempted is a felony, and a misdemeanor of 1488

treatment, or habilitation.

- (b) It has received the appropriate license or certificate 1520 for any specialized education, training, treatment, habilitation, 1521 or other service that it provides from the government agency that 1522 is responsible for licensing or certifying that type of education, 1523 training, treatment, habilitation, or service.
- (2) "Alternative residential facility" does not include a 1525 community-based correctional facility, jail, halfway house, or 1526 prison.
- (B) "Bad time" means the time by which the parole board 1528 administratively extends an offender's stated prison term or terms 1529 pursuant to section 2967.11 of the Revised Code because the parole 1530 board finds by clear and convincing evidence that the offender, 1531 while serving the prison term or terms, committed an act that is a 1532 criminal offense under the law of this state or the United States, 1533 whether or not the offender is prosecuted for the commission of 1534 that act. 1535
- (C) "Basic probation supervision" means a requirement that 1536 the offender maintain contact with a person appointed to supervise 1537 the offender in accordance with sanctions imposed by the court or 1538 imposed by the parole board pursuant to section 2967.28 of the 1539 Revised Code. "Basic probation supervision" includes basic parole 1540 supervision and basic post-release control supervision.
- (D) "Cocaine," "crack cocaine," "hashish," "L.S.D.," and 1542 "unit dose" have the same meanings as in section 2925.01 of the 1543 Revised Code.
- (E) "Community-based correctional facility" means a 1545 community-based correctional facility and program or district 1546 community-based correctional facility and program developed 1547 pursuant to sections 2301.51 to 2301.58 of the Revised Code. 1548

1569

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| (F) "Community control sanction" means a sanction that is not | 1549 |
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| a prison term and that is described in section 2929.15, 2929.16, | 1550 |
| 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code or a sanction that is not | 1551 |
| a jail term and that is described in section 2929.26, 2929.27, or | 1552 |
| 2929.28 of the Revised Code. "Community control sanction" includes | 1553 |
| probation if the sentence involved was imposed for a felony that | 1554 |
| was committed prior to July 1, 1996, or if the sentence involved | 1555 |
| was imposed for a misdemeanor that was committed prior to January | 1556 |
| 1, 2004. | 1557 |

- (G) "Controlled substance," "marihuana," "schedule I," and 1558 "schedule II" have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of the 1559 Revised Code.
- (H) "Curfew" means a requirement that an offender during a 1561 specified period of time be at a designated place. 1562
- (I) "Day reporting" means a sanction pursuant to which an 1563 offender is required each day to report to and leave a center or 1564 other approved reporting location at specified times in order to 1565 participate in work, education or training, treatment, and other 1566 approved programs at the center or outside the center. 1567
- (J) "Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.
- (K) "Drug and alcohol use monitoring" means a program under 1570 which an offender agrees to submit to random chemical analysis of 1571 the offender's blood, breath, or urine to determine whether the 1572 offender has ingested any alcohol or other drugs. 1573
- (L) "Drug treatment program" means any program under which a 1574 person undergoes assessment and treatment designed to reduce or 1575 completely eliminate the person's physical or emotional reliance 1576 upon alcohol, another drug, or alcohol and another drug and under 1577 which the person may be required to receive assessment and 1578 treatment on an outpatient basis or may be required to reside at a 1579

| As Fassed by the Senate | |
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| facility other than the person's home or residence while | 1580 |
| undergoing assessment and treatment. | 1581 |
| (M) "Economic loss" means any economic detriment suffered by | 1582 |
| a victim as a direct and proximate result of the commission of an | 1583 |
| offense and includes any loss of income due to lost time at work | 1584 |
| because of any injury caused to the victim, and any property loss, | 1585 |
| medical cost, or funeral expense incurred as a result of the | 1586 |
| commission of the offense. "Economic loss" does not include | 1587 |
| non-economic loss or any punitive or exemplary damages. | 1588 |
| (N) "Education or training" includes study at, or in | 1589 |
| conjunction with a program offered by, a university, college, or | 1590 |
| technical college or vocational study and also includes the | 1591 |
| completion of primary school, secondary school, and literacy | 1592 |
| curricula or their equivalent. | 1593 |
| (O) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11 of | 1594 |
| the Revised Code. | 1595 |
| (P) "Halfway house" means a facility licensed by the division | 1596 |
| of parole and community services of the department of | 1597 |
| rehabilitation and correction pursuant to section 2967.14 of the | 1598 |
| Revised Code as a suitable facility for the care and treatment of | 1599 |
| adult offenders. | 1600 |
| (Q) "House arrest" means a period of confinement of an | 1601 |
| offender that is in the offender's home or in other premises | 1602 |
| specified by the sentencing court or by the parole board pursuant | 1603 |
| to section 2967.28 of the Revised Code and during which all of the | 1604 |
| following apply: | 1605 |
| (1) The offender is required to remain in the offender's home | 1606 |
| or other specified premises for the specified period of | 1607 |
| confinement, except for periods of time during which the offender | 1608 |
| is at the offender's place of employment or at other premises as | 1609 |

authorized by the sentencing court or by the parole board.

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(2) The offender is required to report periodically to a 1611 person designated by the court or parole board. 1612 (3) The offender is subject to any other restrictions and 1613 requirements that may be imposed by the sentencing court or by the 1614 parole board. 1615 (R) "Intensive probation supervision" means a requirement 1616 that an offender maintain frequent contact with a person appointed 1617 by the court, or by the parole board pursuant to section 2967.28 1618 of the Revised Code, to supervise the offender while the offender 1619 is seeking or maintaining necessary employment and participating 1620 in training, education, and treatment programs as required in the 1621 court's or parole board's order. "Intensive probation supervision" 1622 includes intensive parole supervision and intensive post-release 1623 control supervision. 1624 (S) "Jail" means a jail, workhouse, minimum security jail, or 1625 other residential facility used for the confinement of alleged or 1626 convicted offenders that is operated by a political subdivision or 1627 a combination of political subdivisions of this state. 1628 (T) "Jail term" means the term in a jail that a sentencing 1629 court imposes or is authorized to impose pursuant to section 1630 2929.24 or 2929.25 of the Revised Code or pursuant to any other 1631 provision of the Revised Code that authorizes a term in a jail for 1632 a misdemeanor conviction. 1633 (U) "Mandatory jail term" means the term in a jail that a 1634 sentencing court is required to impose pursuant to division (G) of 1635 section 1547.99 of the Revised Code, division (E) of section 1636 2903.06 or division (D) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code, 1637 division (E) of section 2929.24 of the Revised Code, division (B) 1638 of section 4510.14 of the Revised Code, or division (G) of section 1639

4511.19 of the Revised Code or pursuant to any other provision of

the Revised Code that requires a term in a jail for a misdemeanor

conviction.

- (V) "Delinquent child" has the same meaning as in section 1643 2152.02 of the Revised Code.
- (W) "License violation report" means a report that is made by 1645 a sentencing court, or by the parole board pursuant to section 1646 2967.28 of the Revised Code, to the regulatory or licensing board 1647 or agency that issued an offender a professional license or a 1648 license or permit to do business in this state and that specifies 1649 that the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an 1650 offense that may violate the conditions under which the offender's 1651 professional license or license or permit to do business in this 1652 state was granted or an offense for which the offender's 1653 professional license or license or permit to do business in this 1654 state may be revoked or suspended. 1655
- (X) "Major drug offender" means an offender who is convicted 1656 of or pleads guilty to the possession of, sale of, or offer to 1657 sell any drug, compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that 1658 consists of or contains at least one thousand grams of hashish; at 1659 least one hundred grams of crack cocaine; at least one thousand 1660 grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine; at least two thousand 1661 five hundred unit doses or two hundred fifty grams of heroin; at 1662 least five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. or five hundred grams of 1663 L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 1664 distillate form; or at least one hundred times the amount of any 1665 other schedule I or II controlled substance other than marihuana 1666 that is necessary to commit a felony of the third degree pursuant 1667 to section 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, or 2925.11 of the Revised 1668 Code that is based on the possession of, sale of, or offer to sell 1669 the controlled substance. 1670
 - (Y) "Mandatory prison term" means any of the following:
 - (1) Subject to division (Y)(2) of this section, the term in 1672

| forth in divisions $(F)(1)$ to (8) or $(F)(12)$ to (14) of section |
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| TOTAL THE CIVIDIONS (1)(1) CO (0) OF (1)(12) CO (11) OF SECTION |
| 2929.13 and division (D) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. |
| Except as provided in sections 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, |
| and 2925.11 of the Revised Code, unless the maximum or another |
| specific term is required under section 2929.14 or 2929.142 of the |
| Revised Code, a mandatory prison term described in this division 1679 |
| may be any prison term authorized for the level of offense. |

- (2) The term of sixty or one hundred twenty days in prison 1681 that a sentencing court is required to impose for a third or 1682 fourth degree felony OVI offense pursuant to division (G)(2) of 1683 section 2929.13 and division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.191684 of the Revised Code or the term of one, two, three, four, or five 1685 years in prison that a sentencing court is required to impose 1686 pursuant to division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised 1687 Code. 1688
- (3) The term in prison imposed pursuant to section 2971.03 of 1689 the Revised Code for the offenses and in the circumstances 1690 described in division (F)(11) of section 2929.13 of the Revised 1691 Code and that term as modified or terminated pursuant to section 1692 2971.05 of the Revised Code.
- (Z) "Monitored time" means a period of time during which an 1694 offender continues to be under the control of the sentencing court 1695 or parole board, subject to no conditions other than leading a 1696 law-abiding life.
- (AA) "Offender" means a person who, in this state, is convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony or a misdemeanor.
- (BB) "Prison" means a residential facility used for the 1700 confinement of convicted felony offenders that is under the 1701 control of the department of rehabilitation and correction but 1702 does not include a violation sanction center operated under 1703

"violent sex offense," "sexual motivation specification,"

(TT) "Body armor" has the same meaning as in section

| 2941.1411 of the Revised Code. | 1795 |
|--|------|
| (UU) "Electronic monitoring" means monitoring through the use | 1796 |
| of an electronic monitoring device. | 1797 |
| (VV) "Electronic monitoring device" means any of the | 1798 |
| following: | 1799 |
| (1) Any device that can be operated by electrical or battery | 1800 |
| power and that conforms with all of the following: | 1801 |
| (a) The device has a transmitter that can be attached to a | 1802 |
| person, that will transmit a specified signal to a receiver of the | 1803 |
| type described in division (VV)(1)(b) of this section if the | 1804 |
| transmitter is removed from the person, turned off, or altered in | 1805 |
| any manner without prior court approval in relation to electronic | 1806 |
| monitoring or without prior approval of the department of | 1807 |
| rehabilitation and correction in relation to the use of an | 1808 |
| electronic monitoring device for an inmate on transitional control | 1809 |
| or otherwise is tampered with, that can transmit continuously and | 1810 |
| periodically a signal to that receiver when the person is within a | 1811 |
| specified distance from the receiver, and that can transmit an | 1812 |
| appropriate signal to that receiver if the person to whom it is | 1813 |
| attached travels a specified distance from that receiver. | 1814 |
| (b) The device has a receiver that can receive continuously | 1815 |
| the signals transmitted by a transmitter of the type described in | 1816 |
| division (VV)(1)(a) of this section, can transmit continuously | 1817 |
| those signals by telephone to a central monitoring computer of the | 1818 |
| type described in division $(VV)(1)(c)$ of this section, and can | 1819 |
| transmit continuously an appropriate signal to that central | 1820 |
| monitoring computer if the receiver is turned off or altered | 1821 |
| without prior court approval or otherwise tampered with. | 1822 |
| (c) The device has a central monitoring computer that can | 1823 |
| receive continuously the signals transmitted by telephone by a | 1824 |

receiver of the type described in division (VV)(1)(b) of this

attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction,

loss.

training, or education; mental anguish; and any other intangible

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(XX) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01 1857 of the Revised Code. 1858 (YY) "Continuous alcohol monitoring" means the ability to 1859 automatically test and periodically transmit alcohol consumption 1860 levels and tamper attempts at least every hour, regardless of the 1861 location of the person who is being monitored. 1862 1863 (ZZ) A person is "adjudicated a sexually violent predator" if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent sex 1864 offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually 1865 violent predator specification that was included in the 1866 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that 1867 violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or pleads 1868 quilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense 1869 and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to both a sexual 1870

motivation specification and a sexually violent predator

assault, or kidnapping offense.

specification that were included in the indictment, count in the

indictment, or information charging that designated homicide,

- Sec. 2929.02. (A) Whoever is convicted of or pleads guilty to 1875 aggravated murder in violation of section 2903.01 of the Revised 1876 Code shall suffer death or be imprisoned for life, as determined 1877 pursuant to sections 2929.022, 2929.03, and 2929.04 of the Revised 1878 Code, except that no person who raises the matter of age pursuant 1879 to section 2929.023 of the Revised Code and who is not found to 1880 have been eighteen years of age or older at the time of the 1881 commission of the offense shall suffer death. In addition, the 1882 offender may be fined an amount fixed by the court, but not more 1883 than twenty-five thousand dollars. 1884
- (B) Whoever is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder in 1885 violation of section 2903.02 of the Revised Code shall be 1886 imprisoned for an indefinite term of fifteen years to life, except 1887

| that, if the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a | 1888 |
|--|------|
| sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator | 1889 |
| specification that were included in the indictment, count in the | 1890 |
| indictment, or information that charged the murder, the court | 1891 |
| shall impose upon the offender a term of life imprisonment without | 1892 |
| parole that shall be served pursuant to section 2971.03 of the | 1893 |
| Revised Code. In addition, the offender may be fined an amount | 1894 |
| fixed by the court, but not more than fifteen thousand dollars. | 1895 |
| (C) The court shall not impose a fine or fines for aggravated | 1896 |
| - | 1897 |
| murder or murder which, in the aggregate and to the extent not | |
| suspended by the court, exceeds the amount which the offender is | 1898 |
| or will be able to pay by the method and within the time allowed | 1899 |
| without undue hardship to the offender or to the dependents of the | 1900 |
| offender, or will prevent the offender from making reparation for | 1901 |
| the victim's wrongful death. | 1902 |
| (D)(1) In addition to any other sanctions imposed for a | 1903 |
| violation of section 2903.01 or 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if | 1904 |
| the offender used a motor vehicle as the means to commit the | 1905 |
| violation, the court shall impose upon the offender a class two | 1906 |
| suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's | 1907 |
| license, temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or | 1908 |
| nonresident operating privilege as specified in division (A)(2) of | 1909 |
| section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. | 1910 |
| (2) As used in division (D) of this section, "motor vehicle" | 1911 |
| has the same meaning as in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code. | 1912 |
| | |
| Sec. 2929.13. (A) Except as provided in division (E), (F), or | 1913 |
| (G) of this section and unless a specific sanction is required to | 1914 |
| be imposed or is precluded from being imposed pursuant to law, a | 1915 |
| court that imposes a sentence upon an offender for a felony may | 1916 |
| impose any sanction or combination of sanctions on the offender | 1917 |

that are provided in sections 2929.14 to 2929.18 of the Revised

| Code. | The sentence | shall r | not impose | an | unnecessary | burden | on | state | 1919 |
|-------|---------------|----------|------------|----|-------------|--------|----|-------|------|
| or lo | cal governmen | t resour | rces. | | | | | | 1920 |

If the offender is eligible to be sentenced to community 1921 control sanctions, the court shall consider the appropriateness of 1922 imposing a financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18 of the 1923 Revised Code or a sanction of community service pursuant to 1924 section 2929.17 of the Revised Code as the sole sanction for the 1925 offense. Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1926 court is required to impose a mandatory prison term for the 1927 offense for which sentence is being imposed, the court also may 1928 impose a financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18 of the 1929 Revised Code but may not impose any additional sanction or 1930 combination of sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the 1931 Revised Code. 1932

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony 1933 OVI offense or for a third degree felony OVI offense, in addition 1934 to the mandatory term of local incarceration or the mandatory 1935 prison term required for the offense by division (G)(1) or (2) of 1936 this section, the court shall impose upon the offender a mandatory 1937 fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of section 2929.18 of the 1938 Revised Code and may impose whichever of the following is 1939 applicable: 1940

(1) For a fourth degree felony OVI offense for which sentence 1941 is imposed under division (G)(1) of this section, an additional 1942 community control sanction or combination of community control 1943 sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code. If 1944 the court imposes upon the offender a community control sanction 1945 and the offender violates any condition of the community control 1946 sanction, the court may take any action prescribed in division (B) 1947 of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code relative to the offender, 1948 including imposing a prison term on the offender pursuant to that 1949 division. 1950

Revised Code.

| (2) For a third or fourth degree felony OVI offense for which | 1951 |
|--|------|
| sentence is imposed under division (G)(2) of this section, an | 1952 |
| additional prison term as described in division (D)(4) of section | 1953 |
| 2929.14 of the Revised Code or a community control sanction as | 1954 |
| described in division (G)(2) of this section. | 1955 |
| (B)(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2), (E), (F), or | 1956 |
| (G) of this section, in sentencing an offender for a felony of the | 1957 |
| fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall determine | 1958 |
| whether any of the following apply: | 1959 |
| (a) In committing the offense, the offender caused physical | 1960 |
| harm to a person. | 1961 |
| (b) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to | 1962 |
| cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person with a | 1963 |
| deadly weapon. | 1964 |
| (c) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to | 1965 |
| cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person, and | 1966 |
| the offender previously was convicted of an offense that caused | 1967 |
| physical harm to a person. | 1968 |
| (d) The offender held a public office or position of trust | 1969 |
| and the offense related to that office or position; the offender's | 1970 |
| position obliged the offender to prevent the offense or to bring | 1971 |
| those committing it to justice; or the offender's professional | 1972 |
| reputation or position facilitated the offense or was likely to | 1973 |
| influence the future conduct of others. | 1974 |
| (e) The offender committed the offense for hire or as part of | 1975 |
| an organized criminal activity. | 1976 |
| (f) The offense is a sex offense that is a fourth or fifth | 1977 |
| degree felony violation of section 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, | 1978 |
| 2907.22, 2907.31, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, or 2907.34 of the | 1979 |

2011

(g) The offender at the time of the offense was serving, or 1981 the offender previously had served, a prison term. 1982 (h) The offender committed the offense while under a 1983 community control sanction, while on probation, or while released 1984 from custody on a bond or personal recognizance. 1985 (i) The offender committed the offense while in possession of 1986 a firearm. 1987 (2)(a) If the court makes a finding described in division 1988 (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of this 1989 section and if the court, after considering the factors set forth 1990 in section 2929.12 of the Revised Code, finds that a prison term 1991 is consistent with the purposes and principles of sentencing set 1992 forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and finds that the 1993 offender is not amenable to an available community control 1994 sanction, the court shall impose a prison term upon the offender. 1995 (b) Except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this 1996 section, if the court does not make a finding described in 1997 division (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of 1998 this section and if the court, after considering the factors set 1999 forth in section 2929.12 of the Revised Code, finds that a 2000 community control sanction or combination of community control 2001 sanctions is consistent with the purposes and principles of 2002 sentencing set forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code, the 2003 court shall impose a community control sanction or combination of 2004 community control sanctions upon the offender. 2005 (C) Except as provided in division (D), (E), (F), or (G) of 2006 this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a 2007 sanction for a felony of the third degree or a felony drug offense 2008 that is a violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised 2009

Code and that is specified as being subject to this division for

purposes of sentencing, the sentencing court shall comply with the

purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the

Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of the Revised Code.

- (D)(1) Except as provided in division (E) or (F) of this 2014 section, for a felony of the first or second degree, for a felony 2015 drug offense that is a violation of any provision of Chapter 2016 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code for which a presumption 2017 in favor of a prison term is specified as being applicable, and 2018 for a violation of division (A)(4) of section 2907.05 of the 2019 Revised Code for which a presumption in favor of a prison term is 2020 specified as being applicable, it is presumed that a prison term 2021 is necessary in order to comply with the purposes and principles 2022 of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code. Division 2023 (D)(2) of this section does not apply to a presumption established 2024 under this division for a violation of division (A)(4) of section 2025 2907.05 of the Revised Code. 2026
- (2) Notwithstanding the presumption established under 2027 division (D)(1) of this section for the offenses listed in that 2028 division other than a violation of division (A)(4) of section 2029 2907.05 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court may impose a 2030 community control sanction or a combination of community control 2031 sanctions instead of a prison term on an offender for a felony of 2032 the first or second degree or for a felony drug offense that is a 2033 violation of any provision of Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of 2034 the Revised Code for which a presumption in favor of a prison term 2035 is specified as being applicable if it makes both of the following 2036 findings: 2037
- (a) A community control sanction or a combination of

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 community control sanctions would adequately punish the offender

 2039

 and protect the public from future crime, because the applicable

 factors under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a

 2041

 lesser likelihood of recidivism outweigh the applicable factors

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 under that section indicating a greater likelihood of recidivism.

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- (b) A community control sanction or a combination of 2044 community control sanctions would not demean the seriousness of 2045 the offense, because one or more factors under section 2929.12 of 2046 the Revised Code that indicate that the offender's conduct was 2047 less serious than conduct normally constituting the offense are 2048 applicable, and they outweigh the applicable factors under that 2049 section that indicate that the offender's conduct was more serious 2050 than conduct normally constituting the offense. 2051
- (E)(1) Except as provided in division (F) of this section, 2052 for any drug offense that is a violation of any provision of 2053 Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and that is a felony of the 2054 third, fourth, or fifth degree, the applicability of a presumption 2055 under division (D) of this section in favor of a prison term or of 2056 division (B) or (C) of this section in determining whether to 2057 impose a prison term for the offense shall be determined as 2058 specified in section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2059 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.36, or 2925.37 of the 2060 Revised Code, whichever is applicable regarding the violation. 2061
- (2) If an offender who was convicted of or pleaded guilty to 2062 a felony violates the conditions of a community control sanction 2063 imposed for the offense solely by reason of producing positive 2064 results on a drug test, the court, as punishment for the violation 2065 of the sanction, shall not order that the offender be imprisoned 2066 unless the court determines on the record either of the following: 2067
- (a) The offender had been ordered as a sanction for the 2068 felony to participate in a drug treatment program, in a drug 2069 education program, or in narcotics anonymous or a similar program, 2070 and the offender continued to use illegal drugs after a reasonable 2071 period of participation in the program. 2072
- (b) The imprisonment of the offender for the violation is 2073 consistent with the purposes and principles of sentencing set 2074

| forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code. | 2075 |
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| (F) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section, the | 2076 |
| court shall impose a prison term or terms under sections 2929.02 | 2077 |
| to 2929.06, section 2929.14, <u>section 2929.142</u> , or section 2971.03 | 2078 |
| of the Revised Code and except as specifically provided in section | 2079 |
| 2929.20 or 2967.191 of the Revised Code or when parole is | 2080 |
| authorized for the offense under section 2967.13 of the Revised | 2081 |
| Code shall not reduce the <u>term or</u> terms pursuant to section | 2082 |
| 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. | 2083 |
| or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code for any of the following | 2084 |
| offenses: | 2085 |
| (1) Aggravated murder when death is not imposed or murder; | 2086 |
| (2) Any rape, regardless of whether force was involved and | 2087 |
| regardless of the age of the victim, or an attempt to commit rape | 2088 |
| if, had the offender completed the rape that was attempted, the | 2089 |
| offender would have been subject to a sentence of life | 2090 |
| imprisonment or life imprisonment without parole for the rape; | 2091 |
| (3) Gross sexual imposition or sexual battery, if the victim | 2092 |
| is under thirteen years of age and if any of the following | 2093 |
| applies: | 2094 |
| (a) Regarding gross sexual imposition, the offender | 2095 |
| previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to rape, the former | 2096 |
| offense of felonious sexual penetration, gross sexual imposition, | 2097 |
| or sexual battery, and the victim of the previous offense was | 2098 |
| under thirteen years of age; | 2099 |
| (b) Regarding gross sexual imposition, the offense was | 2100 |
| committed on or after the effective date of this amendment August | 2101 |
| 3, 2006, and evidence other than the testimony of the victim was | 2102 |
| admitted in the case corroborating the violation. | 2103 |
| (c) Regarding sexual battery, either of the following | 2104 |

| applies: | 2105 |
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| (i) The offense was committed prior to the effective date of | 2106 |
| this amendment August 3, 2006, the offender previously was | 2107 |
| convicted of or pleaded guilty to rape, the former offense of | 2108 |
| felonious sexual penetration, or sexual battery, and the victim of | 2109 |
| the previous offense was under thirteen years of age. | 2110 |
| (ii) The offense was committed on or after the effective date | 2111 |
| of this amendment August 3, 2006. | 2112 |
| (4) A felony violation of section 2903.04, 2903.06, 2903.08, | 2113 |
| 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the Revised Code if the section | 2114 |
| requires the imposition of a prison term; | 2115 |
| (5) A first, second, or third degree felony drug offense for | 2116 |
| which section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, | 2117 |
| 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.36, 2925.37, 3719.99, or | 2118 |
| 4729.99 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable regarding the | 2119 |
| violation, requires the imposition of a mandatory prison term; | 2120 |
| (6) Any offense that is a first or second degree felony and | 2121 |
| that is not set forth in division $(F)(1)$, (2) , (3) , or (4) of this | 2122 |
| section, if the offender previously was convicted of or pleaded | 2123 |
| guilty to aggravated murder, murder, any first or second degree | 2124 |
| felony, or an offense under an existing or former law of this | 2125 |
| state, another state, or the United States that is or was | 2126 |
| substantially equivalent to one of those offenses; | 2127 |
| (7) Any offense that is a third degree felony and either is a | 2128 |
| violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code or an attempt to | 2129 |
| commit a felony of the second degree that is an offense of | 2130 |
| violence and involved an attempt to cause serious physical harm to | 2131 |
| a person or that resulted in serious physical harm to a person if | 2132 |
| the offender previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to any | 2133 |
| of the following offenses: | 2134 |

| (a) Aggravated murder, murder, involuntary manslaughter, | 2135 |
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| rape, felonious sexual penetration as it existed under section | 2136 |
| 2907.12 of the Revised Code prior to September 3, 1996, a felony | 2137 |
| of the first or second degree that resulted in the death of a | 2138 |
| person or in physical harm to a person, or complicity in or an | 2139 |
| attempt to commit any of those offenses; | 2140 |
| (b) An offense under an existing or former law of this state, | 2141 |
| another state, or the United States that is or was substantially | 2142 |
| equivalent to an offense listed in division (F)(7)(a) of this | 2143 |
| section that resulted in the death of a person or in physical harm | 2144 |
| to a person. | 2145 |
| (8) Any offense, other than a violation of section 2923.12 of | 2146 |
| the Revised Code, that is a felony, if the offender had a firearm | 2147 |
| on or about the offender's person or under the offender's control | 2148 |
| while committing the felony, with respect to a portion of the | 2149 |
| sentence imposed pursuant to division (D)(1)(a) of section 2929.14 | 2150 |
| of the Revised Code for having the firearm; | 2151 |
| (9) Any offense of violence that is a felony, if the offender | 2152 |
| wore or carried body armor while committing the felony offense of | 2153 |
| violence, with respect to the portion of the sentence imposed | 2154 |
| pursuant to division (D)(1)(d) of section 2929.14 of the Revised | 2155 |
| Code for wearing or carrying the body armor; | 2156 |
| (10) Corrupt activity in violation of section 2923.32 of the | 2157 |
| Revised Code when the most serious offense in the pattern of | 2158 |
| corrupt activity that is the basis of the offense is a felony of | 2159 |
| the first degree; | 2160 |
| (11) Any violent sex offense or designated homicide, assault, | 2161 |
| or kidnapping offense if, in relation to that offense, the | 2162 |
| offender is adjudicated a sexually violent predator; | 2163 |
| (12) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2921.36 | 2164 |

of the Revised Code, or a violation of division (C) of that

| section involving an item listed in division (A)(1) or (2) of that | 2166 |
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| section, if the offender is an officer or employee of the | 2167 |
| department of rehabilitation and correction; | 2168 |
| (13) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 | 2169 |
| of the Revised Code if the victim of the offense is a peace | 2170 |
| officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, with | 2171 |
| respect to the portion of the sentence imposed pursuant to | 2172 |
| division (D)(5) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code; | 2173 |
| (14) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 | 2174 |
| of the Revised Code if the offender has been convicted of or | 2175 |
| pleaded guilty to three or more violations of division (A) or (B) | 2176 |
| of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an equivalent offense, | 2177 |
| as defined in section 2941.1415 of the Revised Code, or three or | 2178 |
| more violations of any combination of those divisions and | 2179 |
| offenses, with respect to the portion of the sentence imposed | 2180 |
| pursuant to division (D)(6) of section 2929.14 of the Revised | 2181 |
| Code. | 2182 |
| (G) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section, if | 2183 |
| an offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI | 2184 |
| offense or for a third degree felony OVI offense, the court shall | 2185 |
| impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local incarceration | 2186 |
| or a mandatory prison term in accordance with the following: | 2187 |
| (1) If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree | 2188 |
| felony OVI offense and if the offender has not been convicted of | 2189 |
| and has not pleaded guilty to a specification of the type | 2190 |
| described in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code, the court may | 2191 |
| impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local incarceration | 2192 |
| of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as specified in division | 2193 |
| (G)(1)(d) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. The court shall | 2194 |
| not reduce the term pursuant to section 2929.20, 2967.193, or any | 2195 |

other provision of the Revised Code. The court that imposes a

2197 mandatory term of local incarceration under this division shall 2198 specify whether the term is to be served in a jail, a 2199 community-based correctional facility, a halfway house, or an 2200 alternative residential facility, and the offender shall serve the 2201 term in the type of facility specified by the court. A mandatory 2202 term of local incarceration imposed under division (G)(1) of this 2203 section is not subject to extension under section 2967.11 of the 2204 Revised Code, to a period of post-release control under section 2205 2967.28 of the Revised Code, or to any other Revised Code 2206 provision that pertains to a prison term except as provided in 2207 division (A)(1) of this section.

(2) If the offender is being sentenced for a third degree 2208 felony OVI offense, or if the offender is being sentenced for a 2209 fourth degree felony OVI offense and the court does not impose a 2210 mandatory term of local incarceration under division (G)(1) of 2211 this section, the court shall impose upon the offender a mandatory 2212 prison term of one, two, three, four, or five years if the 2213 offender also is convicted of or also pleads guilty to a 2214 specification of the type described in section 2941.1413 of the 2215 Revised Code or shall impose upon the offender a mandatory prison 2216 term of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as specified in 2217 division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code 2218 if the offender has not been convicted of and has not pleaded 2219 guilty to a specification of that type. The court shall not reduce 2220 the term pursuant to section 2929.20, 2967.193, or any other 2221 provision of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve the one-, 2222 two-, three-, four-, or five-year mandatory prison term 2223 consecutively to and prior to the prison term imposed for the 2224 underlying offense and consecutively to any other mandatory prison 2225 term imposed in relation to the offense. In no case shall an 2226 offender who once has been sentenced to a mandatory term of local 2227 incarceration pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section for a 2228

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2229 fourth degree felony OVI offense be sentenced to another mandatory 2230 term of local incarceration under that division for any violation 2231 of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. In 2232 addition to the mandatory prison term described in division (G)(2) 2233 of this section, the court may sentence the offender to a 2234 community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the 2235 Revised Code, but the offender shall serve the prison term prior 2236 to serving the community control sanction. The department of 2237 rehabilitation and correction may place an offender sentenced to a 2238 mandatory prison term under this division in an intensive program 2239 prison established pursuant to section 5120.033 of the Revised 2240 Code if the department gave the sentencing judge prior notice of 2241 its intent to place the offender in an intensive program prison 2242 established under that section and if the judge did not notify the 2243 department that the judge disapproved the placement. Upon the 2244 establishment of the initial intensive program prison pursuant to 2245 section 5120.033 of the Revised Code that is privately operated 2246 and managed by a contractor pursuant to a contract entered into 2247 under section 9.06 of the Revised Code, both of the following 2248 apply:

- (a) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that a sufficient number of offenders sentenced to a mandatory prison term under this division are placed in the privately operated and managed prison so that the privately operated and managed prison has full occupancy.
- (b) Unless the privately operated and managed prison has full occupancy, the department of rehabilitation and correction shall not place any offender sentenced to a mandatory prison term under this division in any intensive program prison established pursuant to section 5120.033 of the Revised Code other than the privately operated and managed prison.
 - (H) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually oriented

- (J)(1) Except as provided in division (J)(2) of this section, 2281 when considering sentencing factors under this section in relation 2282 to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an attempt 2283 to commit an offense in violation of section 2923.02 of the 2284 Revised Code, the sentencing court shall consider the factors 2285 applicable to the felony category of the violation of section 2286 2923.02 of the Revised Code instead of the factors applicable to 2287 the felony category of the offense attempted. 2288
- (2) When considering sentencing factors under this section in 2289 relation to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an 2290 attempt to commit a drug abuse offense for which the penalty is 2291

| determined by the amount or number of unit doses of the controlled | 2292 |
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| substance involved in the drug abuse offense, the sentencing court | 2293 |
| shall consider the factors applicable to the felony category that | 2294 |
| the drug abuse offense attempted would be if that drug abuse | 2295 |
| offense had been committed and had involved an amount or number of | 2296 |
| unit doses of the controlled substance that is within the next | 2297 |
| lower range of controlled substance amounts than was involved in | 2298 |
| the attempt. | 2299 |

- (K) As used in this section, "drug abuse offense" has the 2300 same meaning as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code. 2301
- (L) At the time of sentencing an offender who is a sexual 2302 predator for any sexually oriented offense, if the offender does 2303 not serve a prison term or jail term, the court may require that 2304 the offender be monitored by means of a global positioning device. 2305 If the court requires such monitoring, the cost of monitoring 2306 shall be borne by the offender. If the offender is indigent, the 2307 cost of compliance shall be paid by the crime victims reparations 2308 fund. 2309
- Sec. 2929.14. (A) Except as provided in division (C), (D)(1), 2310 (D)(2), (D)(3), (D)(4), (D)(5), (D)(6), or (G), or (L) of this 2311 section and except in relation to an offense for which a sentence 2312 of death or life imprisonment is to be imposed, if the court 2313 imposing a sentence upon an offender for a felony elects or is 2314 required to impose a prison term on the offender pursuant to this 2315 chapter, the court shall impose a definite prison term that shall 2316 be one of the following: 2317
- (1) For a felony of the first degree, the prison term shall 2318 be three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years. 2319
- (2) For a felony of the second degree, the prison term shall 2320 be two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years. 2321

(3) For a felony of the third degree, the prison term shall 2322 be one, two, three, four, or five years. 2323 (4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term shall 2324 be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, 2325 fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, or eighteen months. 2326 (5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term shall 2327 2328 be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months. (B) Except as provided in division (C), (D)(1), (D)(2), 2329 (D)(3), (D)(5), (D)(6), or (G), or (L) of this section, in section 2330 2907.02 or 2907.05 of the Revised Code, or in Chapter 2925. of the 2331 Revised Code, if the court imposing a sentence upon an offender 2332 for a felony elects or is required to impose a prison term on the 2333 offender, the court shall impose the shortest prison term 2334 authorized for the offense pursuant to division (A) of this 2335 section, unless one or more of the following applies: 2336 (1) The offender was serving a prison term at the time of the 2337 offense, or the offender previously had served a prison term. 2338 (2) The court finds on the record that the shortest prison 2339 term will demean the seriousness of the offender's conduct or will 2340 not adequately protect the public from future crime by the 2341 offender or others. 2342 (C) Except as provided in division (G) or (L) of this section 2343 or in Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code, the court imposing a 2344 sentence upon an offender for a felony may impose the longest 2345 prison term authorized for the offense pursuant to division (A) of 2346 this section only upon offenders who committed the worst forms of 2347 the offense, upon offenders who pose the greatest likelihood of 2348 committing future crimes, upon certain major drug offenders under 2349 division (D)(3) of this section, and upon certain repeat violent 2350

offenders in accordance with division (D)(2) of this section.

(D)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (D)(1)(e) of this 2352 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2353 felony also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a specification of 2354 the type described in section 2941.141, 2941.144, or 2941.145 of 2355 the Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender one of 2356 the following prison terms: 2357 (i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of the 2358 type described in section 2941.144 of the Revised Code that 2359 charges the offender with having a firearm that is an automatic 2360 firearm or that was equipped with a firearm muffler or silencer on 2361 or about the offender's person or under the offender's control 2362 while committing the felony; 2363 (ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is of 2364 the type described in section 2941.145 of the Revised Code that 2365 charges the offender with having a firearm on or about the 2366 offender's person or under the offender's control while committing 2367 the offense and displaying the firearm, brandishing the firearm, 2368 indicating that the offender possessed the firearm, or using it to 2369 facilitate the offense; 2370 (iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of 2371 the type described in section 2941.141 of the Revised Code that 2372 charges the offender with having a firearm on or about the 2373 offender's person or under the offender's control while committing 2374 the felony. 2375 (b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under 2376 division (D)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be 2377 reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any 2378 other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised 2379 Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an 2380 offender under division (D)(1)(a) of this section for felonies 2381

committed as part of the same act or transaction.

| (c) Except as provided in division (D)(1)(e) of this section, | 2383 |
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| if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation | 2384 |
| of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a felony that | 2385 |
| includes, as an essential element, purposely or knowingly causing | 2386 |
| or attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another, | 2387 |
| also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the | 2388 |
| type described in section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that | 2389 |
| charges the offender with committing the offense by discharging a | 2390 |
| firearm from a motor vehicle other than a manufactured home, the | 2391 |
| court, after imposing a prison term on the offender for the | 2392 |
| violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the other | 2393 |
| felony offense under division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of this | 2394 |
| section, shall impose an additional prison term of five years upon | 2395 |
| the offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section | 2396 |
| 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. | 2397 |
| or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose | 2398 |
| more than one additional prison term on an offender under division | 2399 |
| (D)(1)(c) of this section for felonies committed as part of the | 2400 |
| same act or transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison | 2401 |
| term on an offender under division (D)(1)(c) of this section | 2402 |
| relative to an offense, the court also shall impose a prison term | 2403 |
| under division (D)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same | 2404 |
| offense, provided the criteria specified in that division for | 2405 |
| imposing an additional prison term are satisfied relative to the | 2406 |
| offender and the offense. | 2407 |

(d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an 2408 offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or 2409 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 2410 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender with 2411 wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony offense 2412 of violence, the court shall impose on the offender a prison term 2413 of two years. The prison term so imposed shall not be reduced 2414

| pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any other | 2415 |
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| provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A | 2416 |
| court shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender | 2417 |
| under division (D)(1)(d) of this section for felonies committed as | 2418 |
| part of the same act or transaction. If a court imposes an | 2419 |
| additional prison term under division (D)(1)(a) or (c) of this | 2420 |
| section, the court is not precluded from imposing an additional | 2421 |
| prison term under division (D)(1)(d) of this section. | 2422 |

- (e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 2423 described in division (D)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 2424 additional prison terms described in division (D)(1)(c) of this 2425 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 2426 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of 2427 the prison terms described in division (D)(1)(a) of this section 2428 or any of the additional prison terms described in division 2429 (D)(1)(c) of this section upon an offender for a violation of 2430 section 2923.13 of the Revised Code unless all of the following 2431 2432 apply:
- (i) The offender previously has been convicted of aggravated 2433 murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second degree. 2434
- (ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender wasreleased from prison or post-release control, whichever is later,for the prior offense.
- (f) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2438 felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or 2439 attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and 2440 also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the 2441 type described in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code that 2442 charges the offender with committing the offense by discharging a 2443 firearm at a peace officer as defined in section 2935.01 of the 2444 Revised Code or a corrections officer as defined in section 2445

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| 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a prison | 2446 |
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| term on the offender for the felony offense under division (A), | 2447 |
| (D)(2), or (D)(3) of this section, shall impose an additional | 2448 |
| prison term of seven years upon the offender that shall not be | 2449 |
| reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any | 2450 |
| other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised | 2451 |
| Code. A court shall not impose more than one additional prison | 2452 |
| term on an offender under division (D)(1)(f) of this section for | 2453 |
| felonies committed as part of the same act or transaction. If a | 2454 |
| court imposes an additional prison term on an offender under | 2455 |
| division $(D)(1)(f)$ of this section relative to an offense, the | 2456 |
| court shall not impose a prison term under division (D)(1)(a) or | 2457 |
| (c) of this section relative to the same offense. | 2458 |
| (c) of chits accepted for active to the same offense. | |

- (2)(a) If division (D)(2)(b) of this section does not apply, the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the longest prison term authorized or required for the offense, an additional definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are met:
- (i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2465 specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 2466 Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 2467
- (ii) The offense of which the offender currently is convicted 2468 or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is aggravated 2469 murder and the court does not impose a sentence of death or life 2470 imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and the court does 2471 not impose a sentence of life imprisonment without parole, any 2472 felony of the first degree that is an offense of violence and the 2473 court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment without 2474 parole, or any felony of the second degree that is an offense of 2475 violence and the trier of fact finds that the offense involved an 2476 attempt to cause or a threat to cause serious physical harm to a 2477

(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a

(ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has been

convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more offenses described

specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the

Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender.

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| in division (DD)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised Code, | 2509 |
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| including all offenses described in that division of which the | 2510 |
| offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty in | 2511 |
| the current prosecution and all offenses described in that | 2512 |
| division of which the offender previously has been convicted or to | 2513 |
| which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether prosecuted | 2514 |
| together or separately. | 2515 |

- (iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender currently 2516 is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is 2517 aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of 2518 death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and 2519 the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment without 2520 parole, any felony of the first degree that is an offense of 2521 violence and the court does not impose a sentence of life 2522 imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second degree 2523 that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact finds that 2524 the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat to cause 2525 serious physical harm to a person or resulted in serious physical 2526 harm to a person. 2527
- (c) For purposes of division (D)(2)(b) of this section, two 2528 or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of the same 2529 act or event shall be considered one offense, and that one offense 2530 shall be the offense with the greatest penalty. 2531
- (d) A sentence imposed under division (D)(2)(a) or (b) of 2532 this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20 or 2533 section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 2534 Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve an 2535 additional prison term imposed under this section consecutively to 2536 and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense. 2537
- (e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (D)(2)(a) 2538 or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings 2539

explaining the imposed sentence.

- (3)(a) Except when an offender commits a violation of section 2541 2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed for 2542 the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of 2543 section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a 2544 violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and 2545 that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender and 2546 requires the imposition of a ten-year prison term on the offender, 2547 if the offender commits a felony violation of section 2925.02, 2548 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36, 3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 2549 4729.37, or 4729.61, division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, 2550 division (C) of section 4729.51, or division (J) of section 2551 4729.54 of the Revised Code that includes the sale, offer to sell, 2552 or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, with the 2553 exception of marihuana, and the court imposing sentence upon the 2554 offender finds that the offender is guilty of a specification of 2555 the type described in section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code 2556 charging that the offender is a major drug offender, if the court 2557 imposing sentence upon an offender for a felony finds that the 2558 offender is guilty of corrupt activity with the most serious 2559 offense in the pattern of corrupt activity being a felony of the 2560 first degree, or if the offender is guilty of an attempted 2561 violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and, had the 2562 offender completed the violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised 2563 Code that was attempted, the offender would have been subject to a 2564 sentence of life imprisonment or life imprisonment without parole 2565 for the violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code, the 2566 court shall impose upon the offender for the felony violation a 2567 ten-year prison term that cannot be reduced pursuant to section 2568 2929.20 or Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. 2569
- (b) The court imposing a prison term on an offender under 2570 division (D)(3)(a) of this section may impose an additional prison 2571

term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or

ten years, if the court, with respect to the term imposed under

division (D)(3)(a) of this section and, if applicable, divisions

(D)(1) and (2) of this section, makes both of the findings set

forth in divisions (D)(2)(a)(iv) and (v) of this section.

(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or fourth 2577 degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 2578 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall impose upon the 2579 offender a mandatory prison term in accordance with that division. 2580 In addition to the mandatory prison term, if the offender is being 2581 sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI offense, the court, 2582 notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this section, may sentence the 2583 offender to a definite prison term of not less than six months and 2584 not more than thirty months, and if the offender is being 2585 sentenced for a third degree felony OVI offense, the sentencing 2586 court may sentence the offender to an additional prison term of 2587 any duration specified in division (A)(3) of this section. In 2588 either case, the additional prison term imposed shall be reduced 2589 by the sixty or one hundred twenty days imposed upon the offender 2590 as the mandatory prison term. The total of the additional prison 2591 term imposed under division (D)(4) of this section plus the sixty 2592 or one hundred twenty days imposed as the mandatory prison term 2593 shall equal a definite term in the range of six months to thirty 2594 months for a fourth degree felony OVI offense and shall equal one 2595 of the authorized prison terms specified in division (A)(3) of 2596 this section for a third degree felony OVI offense. If the court 2597 imposes an additional prison term under division (D)(4) of this 2598 section, the offender shall serve the additional prison term after 2599 the offender has served the mandatory prison term required for the 2600 offense. In addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and 2601 additional prison term imposed as described in division (D)(4) of 2602 this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a 2603

| community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the | 2604 |
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| Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison terms | 2605 |
| so imposed prior to serving the community control sanction. | 2606 |

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony 2607 OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the 2608 Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local 2609 incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described in 2610 division (A)(1) of that section.

- (5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2612 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 2613 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2614 specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the 2615 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a 2616 peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, 2617 the court shall impose on the offender a prison term of five 2618 years. If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under 2619 division (D)(5) of this section, the prison term shall not be 2620 reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any 2621 other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised 2622 Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an 2623 offender under division (D)(5) of this section for felonies 2624 2625 committed as part of the same act.
- (6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2626 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 2627 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2628 specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the 2629 Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been 2630 convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations of 2631 division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an 2632 equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the Revised 2633 Code, or three or more violations of any combination of those 2634 divisions and offenses, the court shall impose on the offender a 2635

| prison term of three years. If a court imposes a prison term on an | 2636 |
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| offender under division (D)(6) of this section, the prison term | 2637 |
| shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section | 2638 |
| 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. | 2639 |
| of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison | 2640 |
| term on an offender under division (D)(6) of this section for | 2641 |
| felonies committed as part of the same act. | 2642 |
| reformed committeed as part of the same act. | |

(E)(1)(a) Subject to division (E)(1)(b) of this section, if a 2643 mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant to 2644 division (D)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or 2645 about the offender's person or under the offender's control while 2646 committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an 2647 offender pursuant to division (D)(1)(c) of this section for 2648 committing a felony specified in that division by discharging a 2649 firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of mandatory prison 2650 terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any mandatory prison 2651 term imposed under either division consecutively to any other 2652 mandatory prison term imposed under either division or under 2653 division (D)(1)(d) of this section, consecutively to and prior to 2654 any prison term imposed for the underlying felony pursuant to 2655 division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of this section or any other 2656 section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any other prison 2657 term or mandatory prison term previously or subsequently imposed 2658 upon the offender. 2659

(b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 2660 pursuant to division (D)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or 2661 carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that 2662 is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so 2663 imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed 2664 under that division or under division (D)(1)(a) or (c) of this 2665 section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for 2666 the underlying felony under division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of 2667 this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and

consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term

previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.

- (c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 2671 pursuant to division (D)(1)(f) of this section, the offender shall 2672 serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively to and 2673 prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying felony under 2674 division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of this section or any other 2675 section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any other prison 2676 term or mandatory prison term previously or subsequently imposed 2677 upon the offender. 2678
- (2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 2679 other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02, 2680 2917.03, 2921.34, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code, if an offender 2681 who is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony 2682 violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an 2683 offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other residential 2684 detention facility or is under detention at a detention facility 2685 commits another felony while the offender is an escapee in 2686 violation of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term 2687 imposed upon the offender for one of those violations shall be 2688 served by the offender consecutively to the prison term or term of 2689 imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender committed 2690 that offense and to any other prison term previously or 2691 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 2692
- (3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of division 2693
 (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation of 2694
 division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which the 2695
 stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a felony 2696
 violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the Revised Code, 2697
 the offender shall serve that prison term consecutively to any 2698
 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 2699

subsequently imposed upon the offender.

(4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender for 2701 convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the 2702 offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court 2703 finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the 2704 public from future crime or to punish the offender and that 2705 consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the seriousness 2706 of the offender's conduct and to the danger the offender poses to 2707 the public, and if the court also finds any of the following: 2708

- (a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple 2709 offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing, was 2710 under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16, 2929.17, or 2711 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under post-release control for 2712 a prior offense.
- (b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed as 2714 part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused by two 2715 or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so great or 2716 unusual that no single prison term for any of the offenses 2717 committed as part of any of the courses of conduct adequately 2718 reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct. 2719
- (c) The offender's history of criminal conduct demonstrates 2720 that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public 2721 from future crime by the offender. 2722
- (5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 2723 pursuant to division (D)(5) or (6) of this section, the offender 2724 shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior 2725 to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of 2726 division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code 2727 pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of 2728 the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an 2729 offender pursuant to division (D)(5) of this section, and if a 2730

mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant 2731 to division (D)(6) of this section in relation to the same 2732 violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term 2733 imposed pursuant to division (D)(5) of this section consecutively 2734 to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed pursuant to 2735 division (D)(6) of this section and consecutively to and prior to 2736 any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of division 2737 (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code pursuant to 2738 division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of the Revised 2739 Code. 2740

- (6) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to 2741 division (E)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section, the term 2742 to be served is the aggregate of all of the terms so imposed. 2743
- (F)(1) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the 2744 first degree, for a felony of the second degree, for a felony sex 2745 offense, or for a felony of the third degree that is not a felony 2746 sex offense and in the commission of which the offender caused or 2747 threatened to cause physical harm to a person, it shall include in 2748 the sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a 2749 period of post-release control after the offender's release from 2750 imprisonment, in accordance with that division. If a court imposes 2751 a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this 2752 division on or after the effective date of this amendment July 11, 2753 2006, the failure of a court to include a post-release control 2754 requirement in the sentence pursuant to this division does not 2755 negate, limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of 2756 post-release control that is required for the offender under 2757 division (B) of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2758 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to the effective 2759 date of this amendment <u>July 11, 2006</u>, a court imposed a sentence 2760 including a prison term of a type described in this division and 2761 failed to include in the sentence pursuant to this division a 2762

statement regarding post-release control.

(2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the 2764 third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division 2765 (F)(1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a 2766 requirement that the offender be subject to a period of 2767 post-release control after the offender's release from 2768 imprisonment, in accordance with that division, if the parole 2769 board determines that a period of post-release control is 2770 necessary. Section 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior 2771 to the effective date of this amendment July 11, 2006, a court 2772 imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type described in 2773 this division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant to 2774 this division a statement regarding post-release control. 2775

- (G) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent 2776 sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping 2777 offense and, in relation to that offense, the offender is 2778 adjudicated a sexually violent predator, the court shall impose 2779 sentence upon the offender in accordance with section 2971.03 of 2780 the Revised Code, and Chapter 2971. of the Revised Code applies 2781 regarding the prison term or term of life imprisonment without 2782 parole imposed upon the offender and the service of that term of 2783 imprisonment. 2784
- (H) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 2785 to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of imprisonment 2786 under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of the Revised 2787 Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section 2971.03 of the 2788 Revised Code, or any other provision of law, section 5120.163 of 2789 the Revised Code applies regarding the person while the person is 2790 confined in a state correctional institution.
- (I) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2792 felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or 2793 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 2794

| 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender with having | 2795 |
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| committed the felony while participating in a criminal gang, the | 2796 |
| court shall impose upon the offender an additional prison term of | 2797 |
| one, two, or three years. | 2798 |

- (J) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 2799 aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second, or 2800 third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted of 2801 or pleads quilty to a specification of the type described in 2802 section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 2803 with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or 2804 towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose 2805 upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The 2806 offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to and 2807 prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense. 2808
- (K) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the 2809 offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under 2810 section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an 2811 intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised 2812 Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock 2813 incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or 2814 make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case 2815 shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the 2816 offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the 2817 department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 2818 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 2819 eligible for the placement. 2820

If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a 2821 program or prison of that nature, the department of rehabilitation 2822 and correction shall not place the offender in any program of 2823 shock incarceration or intensive program prison. 2824

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a

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| program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison, | 2826 |
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| and if the offender is subsequently placed in the recommended | 2827 |
| program or prison, the department shall notify the court of the | 2828 |
| placement and shall include with the notice a brief description of | 2829 |
| the placement. | 2830 |

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a 2831 program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison 2832 and the department does not subsequently place the offender in the 2833 recommended program or prison, the department shall send a notice 2834 to the court indicating why the offender was not placed in the 2835 recommended program or prison.

If the court does not make a recommendation under this 2837 division with respect to an offender and if the department 2838 determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the 2839 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 2840 eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature, the 2841 department shall screen the offender and determine if there is an 2842 available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 2843 prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an available 2844 program of shock incarceration or an intensive program prison for 2845 which the offender is suited, the department shall notify the 2846 court of the proposed placement of the offender as specified in 2847 section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code and shall include 2848 with the notice a brief description of the placement. The court 2849 shall have ten days from receipt of the notice to disapprove the 2850 2851 placement.

(L) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B)(2)(c) of that section applies, the person shall be sentenced pursuant to section 2929.142 of the Revised Code.

| Sec. 2929.142. Notwithstanding the definite prison term | 2857 |
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| specified in division (A) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code | 2858 |
| for a felony of the first degree, if an offender is convicted of | 2859 |
| or pleads quilty to aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of | 2860 |
| division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code, the court | 2861 |
| shall impose upon the offender a mandatory prison term of ten, | 2862 |
| eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, or fifteen years if any of the | 2863 |
| following apply: | 2864 |
| (A) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 2865 |
| guilty to three or more prior violations of section 4511.19 of the | 2866 |
| Revised Code or of a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance | 2867 |
| within the previous six years. | 2868 |
| (B) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 2869 |
| guilty to three or more prior violations of division (A) of | 2870 |
| section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or of a substantially | 2871 |
| equivalent municipal ordinance within the previous six years. | 2872 |
| (C) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 2873 |
| guilty to three or more prior violations of division (A)(3) of | 2874 |
| section 4561.15 of the Revised Code or of a substantially | 2875 |
| equivalent municipal ordinance within the previous six years. | 2876 |
| (D) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 2877 |
| guilty to three or more prior violations of division (A)(1) of | 2878 |
| section 2903.06 of the Revised Code. | 2879 |
| (E) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 2880 |
| guilty to three or more prior violations of division (A)(1) of | 2881 |
| section 2903.08 of the Revised Code. | 2882 |
| (F) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 2883 |
| guilty to three or more prior violations of section 2903.04 of the | 2884 |
| Revised Code in circumstances in which division (D) of that | 2885 |
| section applied regarding the violations. | 2886 |

| (G) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 2887 |
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| guilty to three or more violations of any combination of the | 2888 |
| offenses listed in division (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), or (F) of | 2889 |
| this section. | 2890 |
| (H) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded | 2891 |
| guilty to a second or subsequent felony violation of division (A) | 2892 |
| of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. | 2893 |

Sec. 2929.18. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this 2894 division and in addition to imposing court costs pursuant to 2895 section 2947.23 of the Revised Code, the court imposing a sentence 2896 upon an offender for a felony may sentence the offender to any 2897 financial sanction or combination of financial sanctions 2898 authorized under this section or, in the circumstances specified 2899 in section 2929.32 of the Revised Code, may impose upon the 2900 offender a fine in accordance with that section. Financial 2901 sanctions that may be imposed pursuant to this section include, 2902 but are not limited to, the following: 2903

(1) Restitution by the offender to the victim of the 2904 offender's crime or any survivor of the victim, in an amount based 2905 on the victim's economic loss. If the court imposes restitution, 2906 the court shall order that the restitution be made to the victim 2907 in open court, to the adult probation department that serves the 2908 county on behalf of the victim, to the clerk of courts, or to 2909 2910 another agency designated by the court. If the court imposes restitution, at sentencing, the court shall determine the amount 2911 of restitution to be made by the offender. If the court imposes 2912 restitution, the court may base the amount of restitution it 2913 orders on an amount recommended by the victim, the offender, a 2914 presentence investigation report, estimates or receipts indicating 2915 the cost of repairing or replacing property, and other 2916 information, provided that the amount the court orders as 2917

| restitution shall not exceed the amount of the economic loss | 2918 |
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| suffered by the victim as a direct and proximate result of the | 2919 |
| commission of the offense. If the court decides to impose | 2920 |
| restitution, the court shall hold a hearing on restitution if the | 2921 |
| offender, victim, or survivor disputes the amount. All restitution | 2922 |
| payments shall be credited against any recovery of economic loss | 2923 |
| in a civil action brought by the victim or any survivor of the | 2924 |
| victim against the offender. | 2925 |

If the court imposes restitution, the court may order that 2926 the offender pay a surcharge of not more than five per cent of the 2927 amount of the restitution otherwise ordered to the entity 2928 responsible for collecting and processing restitution payments. 2929

The victim or survivor may request that the prosecutor in the 2930 case file a motion, or the offender may file a motion, for 2931 modification of the payment terms of any restitution ordered. If 2932 the court grants the motion, it may modify the payment terms as it 2933 determines appropriate. 2934

- (2) Except as provided in division (B)(1), (3), or (4) of 2935 this section, a fine payable by the offender to the state, to a 2936 political subdivision, or as described in division (B)(2) of this 2937 section to one or more law enforcement agencies, with the amount 2938 of the fine based on a standard percentage of the offender's daily 2939 income over a period of time determined by the court and based 2940 upon the seriousness of the offense. A fine ordered under this 2941 division shall not exceed the maximum conventional fine amount 2942 authorized for the level of the offense under division (A)(3) of 2943 this section. 2944
- (3) Except as provided in division (B)(1), (3), or (4) of 2945 this section, a fine payable by the offender to the state, to a 2946 political subdivision when appropriate for a felony, or as 2947 described in division (B)(2) of this section to one or more law 2948

2979 307.93, 341.14, 341.19, 341.23, 753.02, 753.04, 753.16, 2301.56, 2980 or 2947.19 of the Revised Code and section 2929.37 of the Revised 2981 Code, the board, legislative authority, or other local 2982 governmental entity requires prisoners to reimburse the county, 2983 municipal corporation, or other entity for its expenses incurred 2984 by reason of the prisoner's confinement, and if the court does not 2985 impose a financial sanction under division (A)(5)(a)(ii) of this 2986 section, confinement costs may be assessed pursuant to section 2987 2929.37 of the Revised Code. In addition, the offender may be 2988 required to pay the fees specified in section 2929.38 of the 2989 Revised Code in accordance with that section.

- (c) Reimbursement by the offender for costs pursuant to 2990 section 2929.71 of the Revised Code. 2991
- (B)(1) For a first, second, or third degree felony violation 2992 of any provision of Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised 2993 Code, the sentencing court shall impose upon the offender a 2994 mandatory fine of at least one-half of, but not more than, the 2995 maximum statutory fine amount authorized for the level of the 2996 offense pursuant to division (A)(3) of this section. If an 2997 offender alleges in an affidavit filed with the court prior to 2998 sentencing that the offender is indigent and unable to pay the 2999 mandatory fine and if the court determines the offender is an 3000 indigent person and is unable to pay the mandatory fine described 3001 in this division, the court shall not impose the mandatory fine 3002 upon the offender. 3003
- (2) Any mandatory fine imposed upon an offender under 3004 division (B)(1) of this section and any fine imposed upon an 3005 offender under division (A)(2) or (3) of this section for any 3006 fourth or fifth degree felony violation of any provision of 3007 Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code shall be paid 3008 to law enforcement agencies pursuant to division (F) of section 3009 2925.03 of the Revised Code.

- (3) For a fourth degree felony OVI offense and for a third 3011 degree felony OVI offense, the sentencing court shall impose upon 3012 the offender a mandatory fine in the amount specified in division 3013 (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, whichever 3014 is applicable. The mandatory fine so imposed shall be disbursed as 3015 provided in the division pursuant to which it is imposed. 3016
- (4) Notwithstanding any fine otherwise authorized or required 3017 to be imposed under division (A)(2) or (3) or (B)(1) of this 3018 section or section 2929.31 of the Revised Code for a violation of 3019 section 2925.03 of the Revised Code, in addition to any penalty or 3020 sanction imposed for that offense under section 2925.03 or 3021 sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised Code and in addition to 3022 the forfeiture of property in connection with the offense as 3023 prescribed in sections 2925.42 to 2925.45 of the Revised Code, the 3024 court that sentences an offender for a violation of section 3025 2925.03 of the Revised Code may impose upon the offender a fine in 3026 addition to any fine imposed under division (A)(2) or (3) of this 3027 section and in addition to any mandatory fine imposed under 3028 division (B)(1) of this section. The fine imposed under division 3029 (B)(4) of this section shall be used as provided in division (H) 3030 of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. A fine imposed under 3031 division (B)(4) of this section shall not exceed whichever of the 3032 following is applicable: 3033
- (a) The total value of any personal or real property in which
 the offender has an interest and that was used in the course of,
 intended for use in the course of, derived from, or realized
 through conduct in violation of section 2925.03 of the Revised

 Code, including any property that constitutes proceeds derived
 from that offense;

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- (b) If the offender has no interest in any property of the 3040 type described in division (B)(4)(a) of this section or if it is 3041 not possible to ascertain whether the offender has an interest in 3042

| any property of that type in which the offender may have an | 3043 |
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| interest, the amount of the mandatory fine for the offense imposed | 3044 |
| under division (B)(1) of this section or, if no mandatory fine is | 3045 |
| imposed under division (B)(1) of this section, the amount of the | 3046 |
| fine authorized for the level of the offense imposed under | 3047 |
| division (A)(3) of this section. | 3048 |
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- (5) Prior to imposing a fine under division (B)(4) of this 3049 section, the court shall determine whether the offender has an 3050 interest in any property of the type described in division 3051 (B)(4)(a) of this section. Except as provided in division (B)(6) 3052 or (7) of this section, a fine that is authorized and imposed 3053 under division (B)(4) of this section does not limit or affect the 3054 imposition of the penalties and sanctions for a violation of 3055 section 2925.03 of the Revised Code prescribed under those 3056 sections or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised Code and 3057 does not limit or affect a forfeiture of property in connection 3058 with the offense as prescribed in sections 2925.42 to 2925.45 of 3059 the Revised Code. 3060
- (6) If the sum total of a mandatory fine amount imposed for a 3061 first, second, or third degree felony violation of section 2925.03 3062 of the Revised Code under division (B)(1) of this section plus the 3063 amount of any fine imposed under division (B)(4) of this section 3064 does not exceed the maximum statutory fine amount authorized for 3065 the level of the offense under division (A)(3) of this section or 3066 section 2929.31 of the Revised Code, the court may impose a fine 3067 for the offense in addition to the mandatory fine and the fine 3068 imposed under division (B)(4) of this section. The sum total of 3069 the amounts of the mandatory fine, the fine imposed under division 3070 (B)(4) of this section, and the additional fine imposed under 3071 division (B)(6) of this section shall not exceed the maximum 3072 statutory fine amount authorized for the level of the offense 3073 under division (A)(3) of this section or section 2929.31 of the 3074

| Revised Code. The clerk of the court shall pay any fine that is | 3075 |
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| imposed under division (B)(6) of this section to the county, | 3076 |
| township, municipal corporation, park district as created pursuant | 3077 |
| to section 511.18 or 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or state law | 3078 |
| enforcement agencies in this state that primarily were responsible | 3079 |
| for or involved in making the arrest of, and in prosecuting, the | 3080 |
| offender pursuant to division (F) of section 2925.03 of the | 3081 |
| Revised Code. | 3082 |

- (7) If the sum total of the amount of a mandatory fine 3083 imposed for a first, second, or third degree felony violation of 3084 section 2925.03 of the Revised Code plus the amount of any fine 3085 imposed under division (B)(4) of this section exceeds the maximum 3086 statutory fine amount authorized for the level of the offense 3087 under division (A)(3) of this section or section 2929.31 of the 3088 Revised Code, the court shall not impose a fine under division 3089 (B)(6) of this section. 3090
- (C)(1) The offender shall pay reimbursements imposed upon the 3091 offender pursuant to division (A)(5)(a) of this section to pay the 3092 costs incurred by the department of rehabilitation and correction 3093 in operating a prison or other facility used to confine offenders 3094 pursuant to sanctions imposed under section 2929.14, 2929.142, or 3095 2929.16 of the Revised Code to the treasurer of state. The 3096 treasurer of state shall deposit the reimbursements in the 3097 confinement cost reimbursement fund that is hereby created in the 3098 state treasury. The department of rehabilitation and correction 3099 shall use the amounts deposited in the fund to fund the operation 3100 of facilities used to confine offenders pursuant to sections 3101 2929.14, 2929.142, and 2929.16 of the Revised Code. 3102
- (2) Except as provided in section 2951.021 of the Revised 3103

 Code, the offender shall pay reimbursements imposed upon the 3104

 offender pursuant to division (A)(5)(a) of this section to pay the 3105

 costs incurred by a county pursuant to any sanction imposed under 3106

3107 this section or section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code or 3108 in operating a facility used to confine offenders pursuant to a 3109 sanction imposed under section 2929.16 of the Revised Code to the 3110 county treasurer. The county treasurer shall deposit the 3111 reimbursements in the sanction cost reimbursement fund that each 3112 board of county commissioners shall create in its county treasury. 3113 The county shall use the amounts deposited in the fund to pay the 3114 costs incurred by the county pursuant to any sanction imposed 3115 under this section or section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised 3116 Code or in operating a facility used to confine offenders pursuant 3117 to a sanction imposed under section 2929.16 of the Revised Code.

- (3) Except as provided in section 2951.021 of the Revised 3118 Code, the offender shall pay reimbursements imposed upon the 3119 offender pursuant to division (A)(5)(a) of this section to pay the 3120 costs incurred by a municipal corporation pursuant to any sanction 3121 imposed under this section or section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the 3122 Revised Code or in operating a facility used to confine offenders 3123 pursuant to a sanction imposed under section 2929.16 of the 3124 Revised Code to the treasurer of the municipal corporation. The 3125 treasurer shall deposit the reimbursements in a special fund that 3126 shall be established in the treasury of each municipal 3127 corporation. The municipal corporation shall use the amounts 3128 deposited in the fund to pay the costs incurred by the municipal 3129 corporation pursuant to any sanction imposed under this section or 3130 section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code or in operating a 3131 facility used to confine offenders pursuant to a sanction imposed 3132 under section 2929.16 of the Revised Code. 3133
- (4) Except as provided in section 2951.021 of the Revised 3134 Code, the offender shall pay reimbursements imposed pursuant to 3135 division (A)(5)(a) of this section for the costs incurred by a 3136 private provider pursuant to a sanction imposed under this section 3137 or section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code to the provider. 3138

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| (D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a | 3139 |
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| financial sanction imposed pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this | 3140 |
| section is a judgment in favor of the state or a political | 3141 |
| subdivision in which the court that imposed the financial sanction | 3142 |
| is located, and the offender subject to the financial sanction is | 3143 |
| the judgment debtor. A financial sanction of reimbursement imposed | 3144 |
| pursuant to division $(A)(5)(a)(ii)$ of this section upon an | 3145 |
| offender who is incarcerated in a state facility or a municipal | 3146 |
| jail is a judgment in favor of the state or the municipal | 3147 |
| corporation, and the offender subject to the financial sanction is | 3148 |
| the judgment debtor. A financial sanction of reimbursement imposed | 3149 |
| upon an offender pursuant to this section for costs incurred by a | 3150 |
| private provider of sanctions is a judgment in favor of the | 3151 |
| private provider, and the offender subject to the financial | 3152 |
| sanction is the judgment debtor. A financial sanction of | 3153 |
| restitution imposed pursuant to this section is an order in favor | 3154 |
| of the victim of the offender's criminal act that can be collected | 3155 |
| through execution as described in division (D)(1) of this section | 3156 |
| or through an order as described in division (D)(2) of this | 3157 |
| section, and the offender shall be considered for purposes of the | 3158 |
| collection as the judgment debtor. Imposition of a financial | 3159 |
| sanction and execution on the judgment does not preclude any other | 3160 |
| power of the court to impose or enforce sanctions on the offender. | 3161 |
| Once the financial sanction is imposed as a judgment or order | 3162 |
| under this division, the victim, private provider, state, or | 3163 |
| political subdivision may bring an action to do any of the | 3164 |
| following: | 3165 |
| | |

- (1) Obtain execution of the judgment or order through any 3166 available procedure, including: 3167
- (a) An execution against the property of the judgment debtor 3168 under Chapter 2329. of the Revised Code; 3169
 - (b) An execution against the person of the judgment debtor 3170

Code. Before entering into a contract for the collection of

amounts due from an offender pursuant to any financial sanction

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| imposed pursuant to this section or section 2929.32 of the Revised | 2000 |
| Code, a court shall comply with sections 307.86 to 307.92 of the | 3202 |
| Revised Code. | 3203 |
| | |
| (G) If a court that imposes a financial sanction under | 3204 |
| | 2205 |

- division (A) or (B) of this section finds that an offender 3205 satisfactorily has completed all other sanctions imposed upon the 3206 offender and that all restitution that has been ordered has been 3207 paid as ordered, the court may suspend any financial sanctions 3208 imposed pursuant to this section or section 2929.32 of the Revised 3209 Code that have not been paid. 3210
- (H) No financial sanction imposed under this section or 3211section 2929.32 of the Revised Code shall preclude a victim from 3212bringing a civil action against the offender. 3213
- Sec. 2929.19. (A)(1) The court shall hold a sentencing 3214 hearing before imposing a sentence under this chapter upon an 3215 offender who was convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony and 3216 before resentencing an offender who was convicted of or pleaded 3217 quilty to a felony and whose case was remanded pursuant to section 3218 2953.07 or 2953.08 of the Revised Code. At the hearing, the 3219 offender, the prosecuting attorney, the victim or the victim's 3220 representative in accordance with section 2930.14 of the Revised 3221 Code, and, with the approval of the court, any other person may 3222 present information relevant to the imposition of sentence in the 3223 case. The court shall inform the offender of the verdict of the 3224 jury or finding of the court and ask the offender whether the 3225 offender has anything to say as to why sentence should not be 3226 imposed upon the offender. 3227
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, before 3228 imposing sentence on an offender who is being sentenced on or 3229 after January 1, 1997, for a sexually oriented offense that is not 3230 a registration-exempt sexually oriented offense and who is in any 3231

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| category of offender described in division (B)(1)(a)(i), (ii), or | 3232 |
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| (iii) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code, the court shall | 3233 |
| conduct a hearing in accordance with division (B) of section | 3234 |
| 2950.09 of the Revised Code to determine whether the offender is a | 3235 |
| sexual predator. The court shall not conduct a hearing under that | 3236 |
| division if the offender is being sentenced for a violent sex | 3237 |
| offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense | 3238 |
| and, in relation to that offense, the offender was adjudicated a | 3239 |
| sexually violent predator. Before imposing sentence on an offender | 3240 |
| who is being sentenced for a sexually oriented offense that is not | 3241 |
| a registration-exempt sexually oriented offense, the court also | 3242 |
| shall comply with division (E) of section 2950.09 of the Revised | 3243 |
| Code. | 3244 |
| | |

Before imposing sentence on or after July 31, 2003, on an 3245 offender who is being sentenced for a child-victim oriented 3246 offense, regardless of when the offense was committed, the court 3247 shall conduct a hearing in accordance with division (B) of section 3248 2950.091 of the Revised Code to determine whether the offender is 3249 a child-victim predator. Before imposing sentence on an offender 3250 who is being sentenced for a child-victim oriented offense, the 3251 court also shall comply with division (E) of section 2950.091 of 3252 the Revised Code. 3253

- (B)(1) At the sentencing hearing, the court, before imposing 3254 sentence, shall consider the record, any information presented at 3255 the hearing by any person pursuant to division (A) of this 3256 section, and, if one was prepared, the presentence investigation 3257 report made pursuant to section 2951.03 of the Revised Code or 3258 Criminal Rule 32.2, and any victim impact statement made pursuant 3259 to section 2947.051 of the Revised Code.
- (2) The court shall impose a sentence and shall make a finding that gives its reasons for selecting the sentence imposed in any of the following circumstances:

- (a) Unless the offense is a violent sex offense or designated 3264 homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense for which the court is 3265 required to impose sentence pursuant to division (G) of section 3266 2929.14 of the Revised Code, if it imposes a prison term for a 3267 felony of the fourth or fifth degree or for a felony drug offense 3268 that is a violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised 3269 Code and that is specified as being subject to division (B) of 3270 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code for purposes of sentencing, 3271 its reasons for imposing the prison term, based upon the 3272 overriding purposes and principles of felony sentencing set forth 3273 in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code, and any factors listed in 3274 divisions (B)(1)(a) to (i) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 3275 that it found to apply relative to the offender. 3276
- (b) If it does not impose a prison term for a felony of the 3277 first or second degree or for a felony drug offense that is a 3278 violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and 3279 for which a presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as 3280 being applicable, its reasons for not imposing the prison term and 3281 for overriding the presumption, based upon the overriding purposes 3282 and principles of felony sentencing set forth in section 2929.11 3283 of the Revised Code, and the basis of the findings it made under 3284 divisions (D)(1) and (2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. 3285
- (c) If it imposes consecutive sentences under section 2929.14 3286 of the Revised Code, its reasons for imposing the consecutive 3287 sentences; 3288
- (d) If the sentence is for one offense and it imposes a 3289 prison term for the offense that is the maximum prison term 3290 allowed for that offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of the 3291 Revised Code or section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, its reasons 3292 for imposing the maximum prison term; 3293
 - (e) If the sentence is for two or more offenses arising out

| of a single incident and it imposes a prison term for those | 3295 |
|---|------|
| offenses that is the maximum prison term allowed for the offense | 3296 |
| of the highest degree by division (A) of section 2929.14 of the | 3297 |
| Revised Code or section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, its reasons | 3298 |
| for imposing the maximum prison term. | 3299 |

- (3) Subject to division (B)(4) of this section, if the 3300 sentencing court determines at the sentencing hearing that a 3301 prison term is necessary or required, the court shall do all of 3302 the following: 3303
 - (a) Impose a stated prison term;
- (b) Notify the offender that, as part of the sentence, the 3305 parole board may extend the stated prison term for certain 3306 violations of prison rules for up to one-half of the stated prison term; 3308
- (c) Notify the offender that the offender will be supervised 3309 under section 2967.28 of the Revised Code after the offender 3310 leaves prison if the offender is being sentenced for a felony of 3311 the first degree or second degree, for a felony sex offense, or 3312 for a felony of the third degree that is not a felony sex offense 3313 and in the commission of which the offender caused or threatened 3314 to cause physical harm to a person. If a court imposes a sentence 3315 including a prison term of a type described in division (B)(3)(c) 3316 of this section on or after the effective date of this amendment 3317 July 11, 2006, the failure of a court to notify the offender 3318 pursuant to division (B)(3)(c) of this section that the offender 3319 will be supervised under section 2967.28 of the Revised Code after 3320 the offender leaves prison or to include in the judgment of 3321 conviction entered on the journal a statement to that effect does 3322 not negate, limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of 3323 supervision that is required for the offender under division (B) 3324 of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of the 3325

Revised Code applies if, prior to the effective date of this

amendment July 11, 2006, a court imposed a sentence including a

prison term of a type described in division (B)(3)(c) of this

section and failed to notify the offender pursuant to division

(B)(3)(c) of this section regarding post-release control or to

include in the judgment of conviction entered on the journal or in

the sentence a statement regarding post-release control.

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- (d) Notify the offender that the offender may be supervised 3333 under section 2967.28 of the Revised Code after the offender 3334 leaves prison if the offender is being sentenced for a felony of 3335 the third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division 3336 (B)(3)(c) of this section. Section 2929.191 of the Revised Code 3337 applies if, prior to the effective date of this amendment July 11, 3338 2006, a court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type 3339 described in division (B)(3)(d) of this section and failed to 3340 notify the offender pursuant to division (B)(3)(d) of this section 3341 regarding post-release control or to include in the judgment of 3342 conviction entered on the journal or in the sentence a statement 3343 regarding post-release control. 3344
- (e) Notify the offender that, if a period of supervision is 3345 imposed following the offender's release from prison, as described 3346 in division (B)(3)(c) or (d) of this section, and if the offender 3347 violates that supervision or a condition of post-release control 3348 imposed under division (B) of section 2967.131 of the Revised 3349 Code, the parole board may impose a prison term, as part of the 3350 sentence, of up to one-half of the stated prison term originally 3351 imposed upon the offender. If a court imposes a sentence including 3352 a prison term on or after the effective date of this amendment 3353 July 11, 2006, the failure of a court to notify the offender 3354 pursuant to division (B)(3)(e) of this section that the parole 3355 board may impose a prison term as described in division (B)(3)(e) 3356 of this section for a violation of that supervision or a condition 3357

| of post-release control imposed under division (B) of section | 3358 |
|--|------|
| 2967.131 of the Revised Code or to include in the judgment of | 3359 |
| conviction entered on the journal a statement to that effect does | 3360 |
| not negate, limit, or otherwise affect the authority of the parole | 3361 |
| board to so impose a prison term for a violation of that nature | 3362 |
| if, pursuant to division (D)(1) of section 2967.28 of the Revised | 3363 |
| Code, the parole board notifies the offender prior to the | 3364 |
| offender's release of the board's authority to so impose a prison | 3365 |
| term. Section 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to | 3366 |
| the effective date of this amendment July 11, 2006, a court | 3367 |
| imposed a sentence including a prison term and failed to notify | 3368 |
| the offender pursuant to division (B)(3)(e) of this section | 3369 |
| regarding the possibility of the parole board imposing a prison | 3370 |
| term for a violation of supervision or a condition of post-release | 3371 |
| control. | 3372 |

- (f) Require that the offender not ingest or be injected with 3373 a drug of abuse and submit to random drug testing as provided in 3374 section 341.26, 753.33, or 5120.63 of the Revised Code, whichever 3375 is applicable to the offender who is serving a prison term, and 3376 require that the results of the drug test administered under any 3377 of those sections indicate that the offender did not ingest or was not injected with a drug of abuse. 3379
- (4) If the offender is being sentenced for a violent sex 3380 offense or designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense 3381 that the offender committed on or after January 1, 1997, and the 3382 offender is adjudicated a sexually violent predator in relation to 3383 that offense, if the offender is being sentenced for a sexually 3384 oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually 3385 oriented offense and that the offender committed on or after 3386 January 1, 1997, and the court imposing the sentence has 3387 determined pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.09 of the 3388 Revised Code that the offender is a sexual predator, if the 3389

| offender is being sentenced on or after July 31, 2003, for a | 3390 |
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| child-victim oriented offense and the court imposing the sentence | 3391 |
| has determined pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.091 of the | 3392 |
| Revised Code that the offender is a child-victim predator, or if | 3393 |
| the offender is being sentenced for an aggravated sexually | 3394 |
| oriented offense as defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised | 3395 |
| Code, the court shall include in the offender's sentence a | 3396 |
| statement that the offender has been adjudicated a sexual | 3397 |
| predator, has been adjudicated a child victim predator, or has | 3398 |
| been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an aggravated sexually | 3399 |
| oriented offense, whichever is applicable, and shall comply with | 3400 |
| the requirements of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code. | 3401 |
| Additionally, in the circumstances described in division (G) of | 3402 |
| section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose | 3403 |
| sentence on the offender as described in that division. | 3404 |

- (5) If the sentencing court determines at the sentencing 3405 hearing that a community control sanction should be imposed and 3406 the court is not prohibited from imposing a community control 3407 sanction, the court shall impose a community control sanction. The 3408 court shall notify the offender that, if the conditions of the 3409 sanction are violated, if the offender commits a violation of any 3410 law, or if the offender leaves this state without the permission 3411 of the court or the offender's probation officer, the court may 3412 impose a longer time under the same sanction, may impose a more 3413 restrictive sanction, or may impose a prison term on the offender 3414 and shall indicate the specific prison term that may be imposed as 3415 a sanction for the violation, as selected by the court from the 3416 range of prison terms for the offense pursuant to section 2929.14 3417 of the Revised Code. 3418
- (6) Before imposing a financial sanction under section 3419 2929.18 of the Revised Code or a fine under section 2929.32 of the Revised Code, the court shall consider the offender's present and 3421

3422 future ability to pay the amount of the sanction or fine. (7) If the sentencing court sentences the offender to a 3423 sanction of confinement pursuant to section 2929.14 or 2929.16 of 3424 the Revised Code that is to be served in a local detention 3425 facility, as defined in section 2929.36 of the Revised Code, and 3426 if the local detention facility is covered by a policy adopted 3427 pursuant to section 307.93, 341.14, 341.19, 341.21, 341.23, 3428 753.02, 753.04, 753.16, 2301.56, or 2947.19 of the Revised Code 3429 and section 2929.37 of the Revised Code, both of the following 3430 apply: 3431 (a) The court shall specify both of the following as part of 3432 the sentence: 3433 (i) If the offender is presented with an itemized bill 3434 pursuant to section 2929.37 of the Revised Code for payment of the 3435 costs of confinement, the offender is required to pay the bill in 3436 accordance with that section. 3437 (ii) If the offender does not dispute the bill described in 3438 division (B)(7)(a)(i) of this section and does not pay the bill by 3439 the times specified in section 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the 3440 clerk of the court may issue a certificate of judgment against the 3441 offender as described in that section. 3442 (b) The sentence automatically includes any certificate of 3443 judgment issued as described in division (B)(7)(a)(ii) of this 3444 section. 3445 (C)(1) If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree 3446 felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the 3447 Revised Code, the court shall impose the mandatory term of local 3448 incarceration in accordance with that division, shall impose a 3449 mandatory fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of section 3450 2929.18 of the Revised Code, and, in addition, may impose 3451

additional sanctions as specified in sections 2929.15, 2929.16,

| 2929.17, and 2929.18 of the Revised Code. The court shall not | 3453 |
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| impose a prison term on the offender except that the court may | 3454 |
| impose a prison term upon the offender as provided in division | 3455 |
| (A)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. | 3456 |
| | |

- (2) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or fourth 3457 degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 3458 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose the mandatory prison 3459 term in accordance with that division, shall impose a mandatory 3460 fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of section 2929.18 of the 3461 Revised Code, and, in addition, may impose an additional prison 3462 term as specified in section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. In 3463 addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory prison term and 3464 additional prison term the court imposes, the court also may 3465 impose a community control sanction on the offender, but the 3466 offender shall serve all of the prison terms so imposed prior to 3467 serving the community control sanction. 3468
- (D) The sentencing court, pursuant to division (K) of section 3469 2929.14 of the Revised Code, may recommend placement of the 3470 offender in a program of shock incarceration under section 3471 5120.031 of the Revised Code or an intensive program prison under 3472 section 5120.032 of the Revised Code, disapprove placement of the 3473 offender in a program or prison of that nature, or make no 3474 recommendation. If the court recommends or disapproves placement, 3475 it shall make a finding that gives its reasons for its 3476 recommendation or disapproval. 3477
- **Sec. 2945.75.** (A) When the presence of one or more additional 3478 elements makes an offense one of more serious degree: 3479
- (1) The affidavit, complaint, indictment, or information 3480 either shall state the degree of the offense which the accused is 3481 alleged to have committed, or shall allege such additional element 3482 or elements. Otherwise, such affidavit, complaint, indictment, or 3483

(1) The sentence consisted of or included the maximum prison

term allowed for the offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 or

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defendant on one of the following grounds:

| section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, the sentence was not imposed | 3514 |
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| pursuant to division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised | 3515 |
| Code, the maximum prison term was not required for the offense | 3516 |
| pursuant to Chapter 2925. or any other provision of the Revised | 3517 |
| Code, and the court imposed the sentence under one of the | 3518 |
| following circumstances: | 3519 |

- (a) The sentence was imposed for only one offense.
- (b) The sentence was imposed for two or more offenses arisingout of a single incident, and the court imposed the maximum prisonterm for the offense of the highest degree.3523
- (2) The sentence consisted of or included a prison term, the 3524 offense for which it was imposed is a felony of the fourth or 3525 fifth degree or is a felony drug offense that is a violation of a 3526 provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and that is 3527 specified as being subject to division (B) of section 2929.13 of 3528 the Revised Code for purposes of sentencing, and the court did not 3529 specify at sentencing that it found one or more factors specified 3530 in divisions (B)(1)(a) to (i) of section 2929.13 of the Revised 3531 Code to apply relative to the defendant. If the court specifies 3532 that it found one or more of those factors to apply relative to 3533 the defendant, the defendant is not entitled under this division 3534 to appeal as a matter of right the sentence imposed upon the 3535 offender. 3536
- (3) The person was convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 3537 violent sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or 3538 kidnapping offense, was adjudicated a sexually violent predator in 3539 relation to that offense, and was sentenced pursuant to division 3540 (A)(3) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, if the minimum term 3541 of the indefinite term imposed pursuant to division (A)(3) of 3542 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code is the longest term available 3543 for the offense from among the range of terms listed in section 3544 2929.14 of the Revised Code. As used in this division, "designated 3545

(3) The sentence is a modification under section 2929.20 of

the Revised Code of a sentence that was imposed for a felony of

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the first or second degree.

(C)(1) In addition to the right to appeal a sentence granted 3577 under division (A) or (B) of this section, a defendant who is 3578 convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony may seek leave to appeal 3579 a sentence imposed upon the defendant on the basis that the 3580 sentencing judge has imposed consecutive sentences under division 3581 (E)(3) or (4) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code and that the 3582 consecutive sentences exceed the maximum prison term allowed by 3583 division (A) of that section for the most serious offense of which 3584 the defendant was convicted. Upon the filing of a motion under 3585 this division, the court of appeals may grant leave to appeal the 3586 sentence if the court determines that the allegation included as 3587 the basis of the motion is true. 3588

- (2) A defendant may seek leave to appeal an additional 3589 sentence imposed upon the defendant pursuant to division (D)(2)(a) 3590 or (b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code if the additional 3591 sentence is for a definite prison term that is longer than five 3592 years.
- (D)(1) A sentence imposed upon a defendant is not subject to 3594 review under this section if the sentence is authorized by law, 3595 has been recommended jointly by the defendant and the prosecution 3596 in the case, and is imposed by a sentencing judge. 3597
- (2) Except as provided in division (C)(2) of this section, a 3598 sentence imposed upon a defendant is not subject to review under 3599 this section if the sentence is imposed pursuant to division 3600 (D)(2)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. Except as 3601 otherwise provided in this division, a defendant retains all 3602 rights to appeal as provided under this chapter or any other 3603 provision of the Revised Code. A defendant has the right to appeal 3604 under this chapter or any other provision of the Revised Code the 3605 court's application of division (D)(2)(c) of section 2929.14 of 3606

the Revised Code.

- (3) A sentence imposed for aggravated murder or murder

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 pursuant to sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of the Revised Code is not

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 subject to review under this section.

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- (E) A defendant, prosecuting attorney, city director of law, 3611 village solicitor, or chief municipal legal officer shall file an 3612 appeal of a sentence under this section to a court of appeals 3613 within the time limits specified in Rule 4(B) of the Rules of 3614 Appellate Procedure, provided that if the appeal is pursuant to 3615 division (B)(3) of this section, the time limits specified in that 3616 rule shall not commence running until the court grants the motion 3617 that makes the sentence modification in question. A sentence 3618 appeal under this section shall be consolidated with any other 3619 appeal in the case. If no other appeal is filed, the court of 3620 appeals may review only the portions of the trial record that 3621 pertain to sentencing. 3622
- (F) On the appeal of a sentence under this section, the
 record to be reviewed shall include all of the following, as
 applicable:
 3623
- (1) Any presentence, psychiatric, or other investigative 3626 report that was submitted to the court in writing before the 3627 sentence was imposed. An appellate court that reviews a 3628 presentence investigation report prepared pursuant to section 3629 2947.06 or 2951.03 of the Revised Code or Criminal Rule 32.2 in 3630 connection with the appeal of a sentence under this section shall 3631 comply with division (D)(3) of section 2951.03 of the Revised Code 3632 when the appellate court is not using the presentence 3633 investigation report, and the appellate court's use of a 3634 presentence investigation report of that nature in connection with 3635 the appeal of a sentence under this section does not affect the 3636 otherwise confidential character of the contents of that report as 3637

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| described in division (D)(1) of section 2951.03 of the Revised Code and does not cause that report to become a public record, as defined in section 149.43 of the Revised Code, following the appellate court's use of the report. | 3638 3639 3640 3641 |
| (2) The trial record in the case in which the sentence was imposed; | 3642 3643 |
| (3) Any oral or written statements made to or by the court at the sentencing hearing at which the sentence was imposed; | 3644 3645 |
| (4) Any written findings that the court was required to make in connection with the modification of the sentence pursuant to a judicial release under division (H) of section 2929.20 of the Revised Code. | 3646 3647 3648 3649 |
| (G)(1) If the sentencing court was required to make the findings required by division (B) or (D) of section 2929.13, division (D)(2)(e) or (E)(4) of section 2929.14, or division (H) of section 2929.20 of the Revised Code relative to the imposition | 3650 3651 3652 3653 |
| or modification of the sentence, and if the sentencing court failed to state the required findings on the record, the court hearing an appeal under division (A), (B), or (C) of this section shall remand the case to the sentencing court and instruct the | 3654 3655 3656 3657 |
| sentencing court to state, on the record, the required findings. (2) The court hearing an appeal under division (A), (B), or (C) of this section shall review the record, including the findings underlying the sentence or modification given by the sentencing court. | 3658 3659 3660 3661 3662 |
| The appellate court may increase, reduce, or otherwise modify a sentence that is appealed under this section or may vacate the sentence and remand the matter to the sentencing court for resentencing. The appellate court's standard for review is not whether the sentencing court abused its discretion. The appellate | 3663 3664 3665 3666 3667 |

court may take any action authorized by this division if it

| clearly and convincingly finds either of the following: | 3669 |
|--|------|
| (a) That the record does not support the sentencing court's | 3670 |
| findings under division (B) or (D) of section 2929.13, division | 3671 |
| $(\mathrm{D})(2)(\mathrm{e})$ or $(\mathrm{E})(4)$ of section 2929.14, or division (H) of section | 3672 |
| 2929.20 of the Revised Code, whichever, if any, is relevant; | 3673 |
| (b) That the sentence is otherwise contrary to law. | 3674 |
| (H) A judgment or final order of a court of appeals under | 3675 |
| this section may be appealed, by leave of court, to the supreme | 3676 |
| court. | 3677 |
| (I)(1) There is hereby established the felony sentence appeal | 3678 |
| cost oversight committee, consisting of eight members. One member | 3679 |
| shall be the chief justice of the supreme court or a | 3680 |
| representative of the court designated by the chief justice, one | 3681 |
| member shall be a member of the senate appointed by the president | 3682 |
| of the senate, one member shall be a member of the house of | 3683 |
| representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of | 3684 |
| representatives, one member shall be the director of budget and | 3685 |
| management or a representative of the office of budget and | 3686 |
| management designated by the director, one member shall be a judge | 3687 |
| of a court of appeals, court of common pleas, municipal court, or | 3688 |
| county court appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court, | 3689 |
| one member shall be the state public defender or a representative | 3690 |
| of the office of the state public defender designated by the state | 3691 |
| public defender, one member shall be a prosecuting attorney | 3692 |
| appointed by the Ohio prosecuting attorneys association, and one | 3693 |
| member shall be a county commissioner appointed by the county | 3694 |
| commissioners association of Ohio. No more than three of the | 3695 |
| appointed members of the committee may be members of the same | 3696 |
| political party. | 3697 |
| The president of the senate, the speaker of the house of | 3698 |
| | |

representatives, the chief justice of the supreme court, the Ohio

| prosecuting attorneys association, and the county commissioners | 3700 |
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| association of Ohio shall make the initial appointments to the | 3701 |
| committee of the appointed members no later than ninety days after | 3702 |
| July 1, 1996. Of those initial appointments to the committee, the | 3703 |
| members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives | 3704 |
| and the Ohio prosecuting attorneys association shall serve a term | 3705 |
| | 3706 |
| ending two years after July 1, 1996, the member appointed by the | 3707 |
| chief justice of the supreme court shall serve a term ending three | 3708 |
| years after July 1, 1996, and the members appointed by the | 3709 |
| president of the senate and the county commissioners association | 3710 |
| of Ohio shall serve terms ending four years after July 1, 1996. | 3711 |
| Thereafter, terms of office of the appointed members shall be for | 3712 |
| four years, with each term ending on the same day of the same | |
| month as did the term that it succeeds. Members may be | 3713 |
| reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner provided | 3714 |
| for original appointments. A member appointed to fill a vacancy | 3715 |
| occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which that | 3716 |
| member's predecessor was appointed shall hold office as a member | 3717 |
| for the remainder of the predecessor's term. An appointed member | 3718 |
| shall continue in office subsequent to the expiration date of that | 3719 |
| member's term until that member's successor takes office or until | 3720 |
| a period of sixty days has elapsed, whichever occurs first. | 3721 |
| | |

If the chief justice of the supreme court, the director of 3722 the office of budget and management, or the state public defender 3723 serves as a member of the committee, that person's term of office 3724 as a member shall continue for as long as that person holds office 3725 as chief justice, director of the office of budget and management, 3726 or state public defender. If the chief justice of the supreme 3727 court designates a representative of the court to serve as a 3728 member, the director of budget and management designates a 3729 representative of the office of budget and management to serve as 3730 a member, or the state public defender designates a representative 3731

| of the office of the state public defender to serve as a member, | 3732 |
|--|------|
| the person so designated shall serve as a member of the commission | 3733 |
| for as long as the official who made the designation holds office | 3734 |
| as chief justice, director of the office of budget and management, | 3735 |
| or state public defender or until that official revokes the | 3736 |
| designation. | 3737 |

The chief justice of the supreme court or the representative 3738 of the supreme court appointed by the chief justice shall serve as 3739 chairperson of the committee. The committee shall meet within two 3740 weeks after all appointed members have been appointed and shall 3741 organize as necessary. Thereafter, the committee shall meet at 3742 least once every six months or more often upon the call of the 3743 chairperson or the written request of three or more members, 3744 provided that the committee shall not meet unless moneys have been 3745 appropriated to the judiciary budget administered by the supreme 3746 court specifically for the purpose of providing financial 3747 assistance to counties under division (I)(2) of this section and 3748 the moneys so appropriated then are available for that purpose. 3749

The members of the committee shall serve without 3750 compensation, but, if moneys have been appropriated to the 3751 judiciary budget administered by the supreme court specifically 3752 for the purpose of providing financial assistance to counties 3753 under division (I)(2) of this section, each member shall be 3754 reimbursed out of the moneys so appropriated that then are 3755 available for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the 3756 performance of official duties as a committee member. 3757

(2) The state criminal sentencing commission periodically

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shall provide to the felony sentence appeal cost oversight

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committee all data the commission collects pursuant to division

(A)(5) of section 181.25 of the Revised Code. Upon receipt of the

data from the state criminal sentencing commission, the felony

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sentence appeal cost oversight committee periodically shall review

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| the data; determine whether any money has been appropriated to the | 3764 |
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| judiciary budget administered by the supreme court specifically | 3765 |
| for the purpose of providing state financial assistance to | 3766 |
| counties in accordance with this division for the increase in | 3767 |
| expenses the counties experience as a result of the felony | 3768 |
| sentence appeal provisions set forth in this section or as a | 3769 |
| result of a postconviction relief proceeding brought under | 3770 |
| division (A)(2) of section 2953.21 of the Revised Code or an | 3771 |
| appeal of a judgment in that proceeding; if it determines that any | 3772 |
| money has been so appropriated, determine the total amount of | 3773 |
| moneys that have been so appropriated specifically for that | 3774 |
| purpose and that then are available for that purpose; and develop | 3775 |
| a recommended method of distributing those moneys to the counties. | 3776 |
| The committee shall send a copy of its recommendation to the | 3777 |
| supreme court. Upon receipt of the committee's recommendation, the | 3778 |
| supreme court shall distribute to the counties, based upon that | 3779 |
| recommendation, the moneys that have been so appropriated | 3780 |
| specifically for the purpose of providing state financial | 3781 |
| assistance to counties under this division and that then are | 3782 |
| available for that purpose. | 3783 |
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Sec. 4503.233. (A)(1) If a court is required to order orders 3784 the immobilization of a vehicle for a specified period of time 3785 pursuant to section 4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16, 4510.161, 4510.41, 3786 4511.19, 4511.193, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code, the court 3787 shall issue an the immobilization order in accordance with this 3788 division and for the period of time specified in the particular 3789 section, and the immobilization under the order shall be in 3790 accordance with this section. The court, at the time of sentencing 3791 the offender for the offense relative to which the immobilization 3792 order is issued or as soon thereafter as is practicable, shall 3793 give a copy of the order to the offender or the offender's 3794 counsel. The court promptly shall send a copy of the order to the 3795

| registrar on a form prescribed by the registrar and to the person | 3796 |
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| or agency it designates to execute the order. | 3797 |
| The order shall indicate the date on which it is issued, | 3798 |
| shall identify the vehicle that is subject to the order, and shall | 3799 |
| specify all of the following: | 3800 |
| (a) The period of the immobilization; | 3801 |
| (b) The place at which the court determines that the | 3802 |
| immobilization shall be carried out, provided that the court shall | 3803 |
| not determine and shall not specify that the immobilization is to | 3804 |
| be carried out at any place other than a commercially operated | 3805 |
| private storage lot, a place owned by a law enforcement or other | 3806 |
| government agency, or a place to which one of the following | 3807 |
| applies: | 3808 |
| (i) The place is leased by or otherwise under the control of | 3809 |
| a law enforcement or other government agency. | 3810 |
| (ii) The place is owned by the offender, the offender's | 3811 |
| spouse, or a parent or child of the offender. | 3812 |
| (iii) The place is owned by a private person or entity, and, | 3813 |
| prior to the issuance of the order, the private entity or person | 3814 |
| that owns the place, or the authorized agent of that private | 3815 |
| entity or person, has given express written consent for the | 3816 |
| immobilization to be carried out at that place. | 3817 |
| (iv) The place is a public street or highway on which the | 3818 |
| vehicle is parked in accordance with the law. | 3819 |
| (c) The person or agency designated by the court to execute | 3820 |
| the order, which shall be either the law enforcement agency that | 3821 |
| ampleyed the law enforcement officer the goined the webigle | |
| employs the law enforcement officer who seized the vehicle, a | 3822 |
| bailiff of the court, another person the court determines to be | 3822 3823 |
| | |

owner;

| (d) That neither the registrar nor a deputy registrar will be | 3827 |
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| permitted to accept an application for the license plate | 3828 |
| registration of any motor vehicle in the name of the vehicle owner | 3829 |
| until the immobilization fee is paid. | 3830 |

- (2) The person or agency the court designates to immobilize 3831 the vehicle shall seize or retain that vehicle's license plates 3832 and forward them to the bureau of motor vehicles. 3833
- (3) In all cases, the offender shall be assessed an 3834 immobilization fee of one hundred dollars, and the immobilization 3835 fee shall be paid to the registrar before the vehicle may be 3836 released to the offender. Neither the registrar nor a deputy 3837 registrar shall accept an application for the registration of any 3838 motor vehicle in the name of the offender until the immobilization 3839 fee is paid.
- (4) If the vehicle subject to the order is immobilized 3841 pursuant to the order and is found being operated upon any street 3842 or highway in this state during the immobilization period, it 3843 shall be seized, removed from the street or highway, and 3844 criminally forfeited and disposed of pursuant to section 4503.234 3845 of the Revised Code. 3846
- (5) The registrar shall deposit the immobilization fee into 3847 the law enforcement reimbursement fund created by section 4501.19 3848 of the Revised Code. Money in the fund shall be expended only as 3849 provided in division (A)(5) of this section. If the court 3850 designated in the order a court bailiff or another appropriate 3851 person other than a law enforcement officer to immobilize the 3852 vehicle, the amount of the fee deposited into the law enforcement 3853 reimbursement fund shall be paid out to the county treasury if the 3854 court that issued the order is a county court, to the treasury of 3855 the municipal corporation served by the court if the court that 3856

| issued the order is a mayor's court, or to the city treasury of | 3857 |
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| the legislative authority of the court, both as defined in section | 3858 |
| 1901.03 of the Revised Code, if the court that issued the order is | 3859 |
| a municipal court. If the court designated a law enforcement | 3860 |
| agency to immobilize the vehicle and if the law enforcement agency | 3861 |
| immobilizes the vehicle, the amount of the fee deposited into the | 3862 |
| law enforcement reimbursement fund shall be paid out to the law | 3863 |
| enforcement agency to reimburse the agency for the costs it incurs | 3864 |
| in obtaining immobilization equipment and, if required, in sending | 3865 |
| an officer or other person to search for and locate the vehicle | 3866 |
| specified in the immobilization order and to immobilize the | 3867 |
| vehicle. | 3868 |
| | |

In addition to the immobilization fee required to be paid 3869 under division (A)(3) of this section, the offender may be charged 3870 expenses or charges incurred in the removal and storage of the 3871 immobilized vehicle. 3872

- (B) If a court issues an immobilization order under division 3873 (A)(1) of this section, the person or agency designated by the 3874 court to execute the immobilization order promptly shall 3875 immobilize or continue the immobilization of the vehicle at the 3876 place specified by the court in the order. The registrar shall not 3877 authorize the release of the vehicle or authorize the issuance of 3878 new identification license plates for the vehicle at the end of 3879 the immobilization period until the immobilization fee has been 3880 paid. 3881
- (C) Upon receipt of the license plates for a vehicle under
 this section, the registrar shall destroy the license plates. At
 the end of the immobilization period and upon the payment of the
 immobilization fee that must be paid under this section, the
 registrar shall authorize the release of the vehicle and authorize
 the issuance, upon the payment of the same fee as is required for
 the replacement of lost, mutilated, or destroyed license plates
 3888

| and certificates of registration, of new license plates and, | if | 3889 |
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| necessary, a new certificate of registration to the offender | for | 3890 |
| the vehicle in question. | | 3891 |

- (D)(1) If a court issues an immobilization order under 3892 division (A) of this section, the immobilization period commences 3893 on the day on which the vehicle in question is immobilized. If the 3894 vehicle in question had been seized under section 4510.41 or 3895 4511.195 of the Revised Code, the time between the seizure and the 3896 beginning of the immobilization period shall be credited against 3897 the immobilization period specified in the immobilization order 3898 issued under division (A) of this section. No vehicle that is 3899 immobilized under this section is eligible to have restricted 3900 license plates under section 4503.231 of the Revised Code issued 3901 for that vehicle. 3902
- (2) If a court issues an immobilization order under division 3903 (A) of this section, if the vehicle subject to the order is 3904 immobilized under the order, and if the vehicle is found being 3905 operated upon any street or highway of this state during the 3906 immobilization period, it shall be seized, removed from the street 3907 or highway, and criminally forfeited, and disposed of pursuant to 3908 section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. No vehicle that is forfeited 3909 under this provision shall be considered contraband for purposes 3910 of section 2933.41, 2933.42, or 2933.43 of the Revised Code, but 3911 shall be held by the law enforcement agency that employs the 3912 officer who seized it for disposal in accordance with section 3913 4503.234 of the Revised Code. 3914
- (3) If a court issues an immobilization order under division 3915

 (A) of this section, and if the vehicle is not claimed within 3916 seven days after the end of the period of immobilization or if the 3917 offender has not paid the immobilization fee, the person or agency 3918 that immobilized the vehicle shall send a written notice to the 3919 offender at the offender's last known address informing the 3920

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| offender of the date on which the period of immobilization ended, | 3921 |
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| that the offender has twenty days after the date of the notice to | 3922 |
| pay the immobilization fee and obtain the release of the vehicle, | 3923 |
| and that if the offender does not pay the fee and obtain the | 3924 |
| release of the vehicle within that twenty-day period, the vehicle | 3925 |
| will be forfeited under section 4503.234 of the Revised Code to | 3926 |
| the entity that is entitled to the immobilization fee. | 3927 |

- (4) An offender whose motor vehicle is subject to an 3928 immobilization order issued under division (A) of this section 3929 shall not sell the motor vehicle without approval of the court 3930 that issued the order. If such an offender wishes to sell the 3931 motor vehicle during the immobilization period, the offender shall 3932 apply to the court that issued the immobilization order for 3933 permission to assign the title to the vehicle. If the court is 3934 satisfied that the sale will be in good faith and not for the 3935 purpose of circumventing the provisions of division (A)(1) of this 3936 section, it may certify its consent to the offender and to the 3937 registrar. Upon receipt of the court's consent, the registrar 3938 shall enter the court's notice in the offender's vehicle license 3939 plate registration record. 3940
- If, during a period of immobilization under an immobilization 3941 order issued under division (A) of this section, the title to the 3942 immobilized motor vehicle is transferred by the foreclosure of a 3943 chattel mortgage, a sale upon execution, the cancellation of a 3944 conditional sales contract, or an order of a court, the involved 3945 court shall notify the registrar of the action, and the registrar 3946 shall enter the court's notice in the offender's vehicle license 3947 plate registration record. 3948

Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring the registrar or the clerk of the court of common pleas to note upon the certificate of title records any prohibition regarding the sale of a motor vehicle.

| (5) If the title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an | 3953 |
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| immobilization order under division (A) of this section is | 3954 |
| assigned or transferred without court approval between the time of | 3955 |
| arrest of the offender who committed the offense for which such an | 3956 |
| order is to be issued and the time of the actual immobilization of | 3957 |
| the vehicle, the court shall order that, for a period of two years | 3958 |
| from the date of the order, neither the registrar nor any deputy | 3959 |
| registrar shall accept an application for the registration of any | 3960 |
| motor vehicle in the name of the offender whose vehicle was | 3961 |
| assigned or transferred without court approval. The court shall | 3962 |
| notify the registrar of the order on a form prescribed by the | 3963 |
| registrar for that purpose. | 3964 |
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(6) If the title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an 3965 immobilization order under division (A) of this section is 3966 assigned or transferred without court approval in violation of 3967 division (D)(4) of this section, then, in addition to or 3968 independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may 3969 fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by 3970 publications of the national auto dealers association. The 3971 proceeds from any fine so imposed shall be distributed in the same 3972 manner as the proceeds of the sale of a forfeited vehicle are 3973 distributed pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 4503.234 of the 3974 Revised Code. 3975

(E)(1) The court with jurisdiction over the case, after 3976 notice to all interested parties including lienholders, and after 3977 an opportunity for them to be heard, if the offender fails to 3978 appear in person, without good cause, or if the court finds that 3979 the offender does not intend to seek release of the vehicle at the 3980 end of the period of immobilization or that the offender is not or 3981 will not be able to pay the expenses and charges incurred in its 3982 removal and storage, may order that title to the vehicle be 3983 transferred, in order of priority, first into the name of the 3984

| entity entitled to the immobilization fee under division (A)(5) of | 3985 |
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| this section, next into the name of a lienholder, or lastly, into | 3986 |
| the name of the owner of the place of storage. | 3987 |

A lienholder that receives title under a court order shall do 3988 so on the condition that it pay any expenses or charges incurred 3989 in the vehicle's removal and storage. If the entity that receives 3990 title to the vehicle is the entity that is entitled to the 3991 immobilization fee under division (A)(5) of this section, it shall 3992 receive title on the condition that it pay any lien on the 3993 vehicle. The court shall not order that title be transferred to 3994 any person or entity other than the owner of the place of storage 3995 if the person or entity refuses to receive the title. Any person 3996 or entity that receives title may either keep title to the vehicle 3997 or may dispose of the vehicle in any legal manner that it 3998 considers appropriate, including assignment of the certificate of 3999 title to the motor vehicle to a salvage dealer or a scrap metal 4000 processing facility. The person or entity shall not transfer the 4001 vehicle to the person who is the vehicle's immediate previous 4002 owner. 4003

If the person or entity assigns the motor vehicle to a 4004 salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility, the person or 4005 entity shall send the assigned certificate of title to the motor 4006 vehicle to the clerk of the court of common pleas of the county in 4007 which the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility is 4008 located. The person or entity shall mark the face of the 4009 certificate of title with the words "FOR DESTRUCTION" and shall 4010 deliver a photocopy of the certificate of title to the salvage 4011 dealer or scrap metal processing facility for its records. 4012

(2) Whenever a court issues an order under division (E)(1) of 4013 this section, the court also shall order removal of the license 4014 plates from the vehicle and cause them to be sent to the registrar 4015 if they have not already been sent to the registrar. Thereafter, 4016

| no further proceedings shall take place under this section, but | 4017 |
|---|------|
| the offender remains liable for payment of the immobilization fee | 4018 |
| described in division (A)(3) of this section if an immobilization | 4019 |
| order previously had been issued by the court. | 4020 |

(3) Prior to initiating a proceeding under division (E)(1) of 4021 this section, and upon payment of the fee under division (B) of 4022 section 4505.14 of the Revised Code, any interested party may 4023 cause a search to be made of the public records of the bureau of 4024 motor vehicles or the clerk of the court of common pleas, to 4025 ascertain the identity of any lienholder of the vehicle. The 4026 initiating party shall furnish this information to the clerk of 4027 the court with jurisdiction over the case, and the clerk shall 4028 provide notice to the vehicle owner, the defendant, any 4029 lienholder, and any other interested parties listed by the 4030 initiating party, at the last known address supplied by the 4031 initiating party, by certified mail or, at the option of the 4032 initiating party, by personal service or ordinary mail. 4033

As used in this section, "interested party" includes the 4034 offender, all lienholders, the owner of the place of storage, the 4035 person or entity that caused the vehicle to be removed, and the 4036 person or entity, if any, entitled to the immobilization fee under 4037 division (A)(5) of this section.

Sec. 4503.234. (A) If a court is required by orders the 4039 criminal forfeiture of a vehicle pursuant to section 4503.233, 4040 4503.236, 4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16, 4510.161, 4510.41, 4511.19, 4041 4511.193, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code to order the criminal 4042 forfeiture of a vehicle, the order shall be issued and enforced in 4043 accordance with this division, subject to division (B) of this 4044 section. An order of criminal forfeiture issued under this 4045 division shall authorize an appropriate law enforcement agency to 4046 seize the vehicle ordered criminally forfeited upon the terms and 4047

| conditions that the court determines proper. No vehicle ordered | 4048 |
|--|------|
| criminally forfeited pursuant to this division shall be considered | 4049 |
| contraband for purposes of section 2933.41, 2933.42, or 2933.43 of | 4050 |
| the Revised Code, but the law enforcement agency that employs the | 4051 |
| officer who seized it shall hold the vehicle for disposal in | 4052 |
| accordance with this section. A forfeiture order may be issued | 4053 |
| only after the offender has been provided with an opportunity to | 4054 |
| be heard. The prosecuting attorney shall give the offender written | 4055 |
| notice of the possibility of forfeiture by sending a copy of the | 4056 |
| relevant uniform traffic ticket or other written notice to the | 4057 |
| offender not less than seven days prior to the date of issuance of | 4058 |
| the forfeiture order. A vehicle is subject to an order of criminal | 4059 |
| forfeiture pursuant to this division upon the conviction of the | 4060 |
| offender of or plea of guilty by the offender to a violation of | 4061 |
| division (A) of section 4503.236, section 4510.11, 4510.14, | 4062 |
| 4510.16, or 4511.203, or division (A) of section 4511.19 of the | 4063 |
| Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially | 4064 |
| equivalent to any of those sections or divisions. | 4065 |

(B)(1) Prior to the issuance of an order of criminal 4066 forfeiture pursuant to this section, the law enforcement agency 4067 that employs the law enforcement officer who seized the vehicle 4068 shall conduct or cause to be conducted a search of the appropriate 4069 public records that relate to the vehicle and shall make or cause 4070 to be made reasonably diligent inquiries to identify any 4071 lienholder or any person or entity with an ownership interest in 4072 the vehicle. The court that is to issue the forfeiture order also 4073 shall cause a notice of the potential order relative to the 4074 vehicle and of the expected manner of disposition of the vehicle 4075 after its forfeiture to be sent to any lienholder or person who is 4076 known to the court to have any right, title, or interest in the 4077 vehicle. The court shall give the notice by certified mail, return 4078 receipt requested, or by personal service. 4079

| (2) No order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued pursuant | 4080 |
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| to this section if a lienholder or other person with an ownership | 4081 |
| interest in the vehicle establishes to the court, by a | 4082 |
| preponderance of the evidence after filing a motion with the | 4083 |
| court, that the lienholder or other person neither knew nor should | 4084 |
| have known after a reasonable inquiry that the vehicle would be | 4085 |
| used or involved, or likely would be used or involved, in the | 4086 |
| violation resulting in the issuance of the order of criminal | 4087 |
| forfeiture or the violation of the order of immobilization issued | 4088 |
| under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code, that the lienholder or | 4089 |
| other person did not expressly or impliedly consent to the use or | 4090 |
| involvement of the vehicle in that violation, and that the lien or | 4091 |
| ownership interest was perfected pursuant to law prior to the | 4092 |
| seizure of the vehicle under section 4503.236, 4510.41, 4511.195, | 4093 |
| or 4511.203 of the Revised Code. If the lienholder or holder of | 4094 |
| the ownership interest satisfies the court that these criteria | 4095 |
| have been met, the court shall preserve the lienholder's or other | 4096 |
| person's lien or interest, and the court either shall return the | 4097 |
| vehicle to the holder, or shall order that the proceeds of any | 4098 |
| sale held pursuant to division (C)(2) of this section be paid to | 4099 |
| the lienholder or holder of the interest less the costs of | 4100 |
| seizure, storage, and maintenance of the vehicle. The court shall | 4101 |
| not return a vehicle to a lienholder or a holder of an ownership | 4102 |
| interest unless the lienholder or holder submits an affidavit to | 4103 |
| the court that states that the lienholder or holder will not | 4104 |
| return the vehicle to the person from whom the vehicle was seized | 4105 |
| pursuant to the order of criminal forfeiture or to any member of | 4106 |
| that person's family and will not otherwise knowingly permit that | 4107 |
| person or any member of that person's family to obtain possession | 4108 |
| of the vehicle. | 4109 |

(3) No order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued pursuant 4110 to this section if a person with an interest in the vehicle 4111

| establishes to the court, by a preponderance of the evidence after | 4112 |
|--|------|
| filing a motion with the court, that the person neither knew nor | 4113 |
| should have known after a reasonable inquiry that the vehicle had | 4114 |
| been used or was involved in the violation resulting in the | 4115 |
| issuance of the order of criminal forfeiture or the violation of | 4116 |
| the order of immobilization issued under section 4503.233 of the | 4117 |
| Revised Code, that the person did not expressly or impliedly | 4118 |
| consent to the use or involvement of the vehicle in that | 4119 |
| violation, that the interest was perfected in good faith and for | 4120 |
| value pursuant to law between the time of the arrest of the | 4121 |
| | 4122 |
| offender and the final disposition of the criminal charge in | 4123 |
| question, and that the vehicle was in the possession of the | 4124 |
| interest holder at the time of the perfection of the interest. If | 4125 |
| the court is satisfied that the interest holder has met these | 4126 |
| criteria, the court shall preserve the interest holder's interest, | 4127 |
| and the court either shall return the vehicle to the interest | |
| holder or order that the proceeds of any sale held pursuant to | 4128 |
| division (C) of this section be paid to the holder of the interest | 4129 |
| less the costs of seizure, storage, and maintenance of the | 4130 |
| vehicle. The court shall not return a vehicle to an interest | 4131 |
| holder unless the holder submits an affidavit to the court stating | 4132 |
| that the holder will not return the vehicle to the person from | 4133 |
| whom the holder acquired the holder's interest, nor to any member | 4134 |
| of that person's family, and the holder will not otherwise | 4135 |
| knowingly permit that person or any member of that person's family | 4136 |
| to obtain possession of the vehicle. | 4137 |
| | |

- (C) A vehicle ordered criminally forfeited to the state 4138 pursuant to this section shall be disposed of as follows: 4139
- (1) It shall be given to the law enforcement agency that 4140 employs the law enforcement officer who seized the vehicle, if 4141 that agency desires to have it; 4142
 - (2) If a vehicle is not disposed of pursuant to division 4143

| (C)(1) of this section, the vehicle shall be sold, without | 4144 |
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| appraisal, if the value of the vehicle is two thousand dollars or | 4145 |
| more as determined by publications of the national auto dealer's | 4146 |
| association, at a public auction to the highest bidder for cash. | 4147 |
| Prior to the sale, the prosecuting attorney in the case shall | 4148 |
| cause a notice of the proposed sale to be given in accordance with | 4149 |
| law. The court shall cause notice of the sale of the vehicle to be | 4150 |
| published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in | 4151 |
| which the court is located at least seven days prior to the date | 4152 |
| of the sale. The proceeds of a sale under this division or | 4153 |
| division (F) of this section shall be applied in the following | 4154 |
| order: | 4155 |
| | |

- (a) First, they shall be applied to the payment of the costs 4156 incurred in connection with the seizure, storage, and maintenance 4157 of, and provision of security for, the vehicle, any proceeding 4158 arising out of the forfeiture, and if any, the sale. 4159
- (b) Second, the remaining proceeds after compliance with 4160 division (C)(2)(a) of this section, shall be applied to the 4161 payment of the value of any lien or ownership interest in the 4162 vehicle preserved under division (B) of this section. 4163
- (c) Third, the remaining proceeds, after compliance with 4164 divisions (C)(2)(a) and (b) of this section, shall be applied to 4165 the appropriate funds in accordance with divisions (D)(1)(c) and 4166 (2) of section 2933.43 of the Revised Code, provided that the 4167 total of the amount so deposited under this division shall not 4168 exceed one thousand dollars. The remaining proceeds deposited 4169 under this division shall be used only for the purposes authorized 4170 by those divisions and division (D)(3)(a)(ii) of that section. 4171
- (d) Fourth, the remaining proceeds after compliance with 4172 divisions (C)(2)(a) and (b) of this section and after deposit of a 4173 total amount of one thousand dollars under division (C)(2)(c) of 4174

| this section shall be applied so that fifty per cent of those | 4175 |
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| remaining proceeds is paid into the reparation fund established by | 4176 |
| section 2743.191 of the Revised Code, twenty-five per cent is paid | 4177 |
| into the drug abuse resistance education programs fund created by | 4178 |
| division (F)(2)(e) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code and | 4179 |
| shall be used only for the purposes authorized by division | 4180 |
| (F)(2)(e) of that section, and twenty-five per cent is applied to | 4181 |
| the appropriate funds in accordance with division (D)(1)(c) of | 4182 |
| section 2933.43 of the Revised Code. The proceeds deposited into | 4183 |
| any fund described in section 2933.43 of the Revised Code shall be | 4184 |
| used only for the purposes authorized by division (D)(1)(c), (2), | 4185 |
| and (3)(a)(ii) of that section. | 4186 |
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- (D) Except as provided in division (E) of section 4511.203 of 4187 the Revised Code and notwithstanding any other provision of law, 4188 neither the registrar of motor vehicles nor any deputy registrar 4189 shall accept an application for the registration of any motor 4190 vehicle in the name of any person, or register any motor vehicle 4191 in the name of any person, if both of the following apply: 4192
- (1) Any vehicle registered in the person's name was 4193 criminally forfeited under this section and section 4503.233, 4194 4503.236, 4510.10, 4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16, 4510.161, 4510.41, 4195 4511.19, 4511.193, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code; 4196
- (2) Less than five years have expired since the issuance of 4197 the most recent order of criminal forfeiture issued in relation to 4198 a vehicle registered in the person's name. 4199
- (E) If a court is required by orders the criminal forfeiture to the state of a vehicle pursuant to section 4503.233, 4503.236, 4201 4510.10, 4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16, 4510.161, 4510.41, 4511.19, 4202 4511.193, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code to order the criminal 4203 forfeiture to the state of a vehicle, and the title to the motor 4204 vehicle is assigned or transferred, and division (B)(2) or (3) of 4205

| this section applies, in addition to or independent of any other | 4206 |
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| penalty established by law, the court may fine the offender the | 4207 |
| value of the vehicle as determined by publications of the national | 4208 |
| auto dealer's association. The proceeds from any fine imposed | 4209 |
| under this division shall be distributed in accordance with | 4210 |
| division (C)(2) of this section. | 4211 |

- (F) As used in this section and divisions (D)(1)(c), (D)(2), 4212 and (D)(3)(a)(ii) of section 2933.43 of the Revised Code in 4213 relation to proceeds of the sale of a vehicle under division (C) 4214 of this section, "prosecuting attorney" includes the prosecuting 4215 attorney, village solicitor, city director of law, or similar 4216 chief legal officer of a municipal corporation who prosecutes the 4217 case resulting in the conviction or guilty plea in question. 4218
- (G) If the vehicle to be forfeited has an average retail 4219 value of less than two thousand dollars as determined by 4220 publications of the national auto dealer's association, no public 4221 auction is required to be held. In such a case, the court may 4222 direct that the vehicle be disposed of in any manner that it 4223 considers appropriate, including assignment of the certificate of 4224 title to the motor vehicle to a salvage dealer or a scrap metal 4225 processing facility. The court shall not transfer the vehicle to 4226 the person who is the vehicle's immediate previous owner. 4227

If the court assigns the motor vehicle to a salvage dealer or 4228 scrap metal processing facility and the court is in possession of 4229 the certificate of title to the motor vehicle, it shall send the 4230 assigned certificate of title to the motor vehicle to the clerk of 4231 the court of common pleas of the county in which the salvage 4232 dealer or scrap metal processing facility is located. The court 4233 shall mark the face of the certificate of title with the words 4234 "FOR DESTRUCTION" and shall deliver a photocopy of the certificate 4235 of title to the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility 4236 for its records. 4237

| If the court is not in possession of the certificate of title | 4238 |
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| to the motor vehicle, the court shall issue an order transferring | 4239 |
| ownership of the motor vehicle to a salvage dealer or scrap metal | 4240 |
| processing facility, send the order to the clerk of the court of | 4241 |
| common pleas of the county in which the salvage dealer or scrap | 4242 |
| metal processing facility is located, and send a photocopy of the | 4243 |
| order to the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility for | 4244 |
| its records. The clerk shall make the proper notations or entries | 4245 |
| in the clerk's records concerning the disposition of the motor | 4246 |
| vehicle. | 4247 |

- Sec. 4507.02. (A)(1) No person shall permit the operation of 4248 a motor vehicle upon any public or private property used by the 4249 public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking knowing the 4250 operator does not have a valid driver's license issued to the 4251 operator by the registrar of motor vehicles under this chapter or 4252 a valid commercial driver's license issued under Chapter 4506. of 4253 the Revised Code. Whoever violates this division is guilty of a 4254 misdemeanor of the first degree. 4255
- (2) No person shall receive a driver's license, or a 4256 motorcycle operator's endorsement of a driver's or commercial 4257 driver's license, unless and until the person surrenders to the 4258 registrar all valid licenses issued to the person by another 4259 jurisdiction recognized by this state. The registrar shall report 4260 the surrender of a license to the issuing authority, together with 4261 information that a license is now issued in this state. The 4262 registrar shall destroy any such license that is not returned to 4263 the issuing authority. No person shall be permitted to have more 4264 than one valid license at any time. 4265
- (B)(1) If a person is convicted of a violation of section 4266
 4510.11, 4510.14, 4510.16 when division (B)(3) of that section 4267
 applies, or 4510.21 of the Revised Code or if division (F) of 4268

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| section 4507.164 of the Revised Code applies, the trial judge of | 4269 |
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| any court, in addition to or independent of $	au$ any other penalties | 4270 |
| provided by law or ordinance, shall impound the identification | 4271 |
| license plates of any motor vehicle registered in the name of the | 4272 |
| person. If a person is convicted of a violation of section 4510.16 | 4273 |
| of the Revised Code and division (B)(2) of that section applies, | 4274 |
| the trial judge of any court, in addition to or independent of any | 4275 |
| other penalties provided by law or ordinance, may impound the | 4276 |
| identification license plates of any motor vehicle registered in | 4277 |
| the name of the person. The court shall send the impounded license | 4278 |
| plates to the registrar, who may retain the license plates until | 4279 |
| the driver's or commercial driver's license of the owner has been | 4280 |
| reinstated or destroy them pursuant to section 4503.232 of the | 4281 |
| Revised Code. | 4282 |

If the license plates of a person convicted of a violation of any provision of those sections have been impounded in accordance with the provisions of this division, the court shall notify the registrar of that action. The notice shall contain the name and address of the driver, the serial number of the driver's driver's or commercial driver's license, the serial numbers of the license plates of the motor vehicle, and the length of time for which the license plates have been impounded. The registrar shall record the data in the notice as part of the driver's permanent record.

(2) Any motor vehicle owner who has had the license plates of 4292 a motor vehicle impounded pursuant to division (B)(1) of this 4293 section may apply to the registrar, or to a deputy registrar, for 4294 restricted license plates that shall conform to the requirements 4295 of section 4503.231 of the Revised Code. The registrar or deputy 4296 registrar forthwith shall notify the court of the application and, 4297 upon approval of the court, shall issue restricted license plates 4298 to the applicant. Until the driver's or commercial driver's 4299 license of the owner is reinstated, any new license plates issued 4300

| to the owner also shall | conform to the requirements of section | 4301 |
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| 4503.231 of the Revised | Code. | 4302 |

The registrar or deputy registrar shall charge the owner of a 4303 vehicle the fees provided in section 4503.19 of the Revised Code 4304 for restricted license plates that are issued in accordance with 4305 this division, except upon renewal as specified in section 4503.10 4306 of the Revised Code, when the regular fee as provided in section 4307 4503.04 of the Revised Code shall be charged. The registrar or 4308 deputy registrar shall charge the owner of a vehicle the fees 4309 provided in section 4503.19 of the Revised Code whenever 4310 restricted license plates are exchanged, by reason of the 4311 reinstatement of the driver's or commercial driver's license of 4312 the owner, for those ordinarily issued. 4313

(3) If an owner wishes to sell a motor vehicle during the 4314 time the restricted license plates provided under division (B)(2) 4315 of this section are in use, the owner may apply to the court that 4316 impounded the license plates of the motor vehicle for permission 4317 to transfer title to the motor vehicle. If the court is satisfied 4318 that the sale will be made in good faith and not for the purpose 4319 of circumventing the provisions of this section, it may certify 4320 its consent to the owner and to the registrar of motor vehicles 4321 who shall enter notice of the transfer of the title of the motor 4322 vehicle in the vehicle registration record. 4323

If, during the time the restricted license plates provided 4324 under division (B)(2) of this section are in use, the title to a 4325 motor vehicle is transferred by the foreclosure of a chattel 4326 mortgage, a sale upon execution, the cancellation of a conditional 4327 sales contract, or by order of a court, the court shall notify the 4328 registrar of the action and the registrar shall enter notice of 4329 the transfer of the title to the motor vehicle in the vehicle 4330 registration record. 4331

| (C) This section is not intended to change or modify any | 4332 |
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| provision of Chapter 4503. of the Revised Code with respect to the | 4333 |
| taxation of motor vehicles or the time within which the taxes on | 4334 |
| motor vehicles shall be paid. | 4335 |
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| Sec. 4507.08. (A) No probationary license shall be issued to | 4336 |
| any person under the age of eighteen who has been adjudicated an | 4337 |
| unruly or delinquent child or a juvenile traffic offender for | 4338 |
| having committed any act that if committed by an adult would be a | 4339 |
| drug abuse offense, as defined in section 2925.01 of the Revised | 4340 |
| Code, a violation of division (B) of section 2917.11, or a | 4341 |
| violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, | 4342 |
| unless the person has been required by the court to attend a drug | 4343 |
| abuse or alcohol abuse education, intervention, or treatment | 4344 |
| program specified by the court and has satisfactorily completed | 4345 |
| the program. | 4346 |
| (B) No temporary instruction permit or driver's license shall | 4347 |
| be issued to any person whose license has been suspended, during | 4348 |
| the period for which the license was suspended, nor to any person | 4349 |
| whose license has been canceled, under Chapter 4510. or any other | 4350 |
| provision of the Revised Code. | 4351 |
| (C) No temporary instruction permit or driver's license shall | 4352 |
| be issued to any person whose commercial driver's license is | 4353 |
| suspended under Chapter 4510. or any other provision of the | 4354 |
| Revised Code during the period of the suspension. | 4355 |
| No temporary instruction permit or driver's license shall be | 4356 |
| issued to any person when issuance is prohibited by division (A) | 4357 |
| of section 4507.091 of the Revised Code. | 4358 |
| (D) No temporary instruction permit or driver's license shall | 4359 |
| be issued to, or retained by, any of the following persons: | 4360 |
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(1) Any person who is an alcoholic, or is addicted to the use

| of controlled substances to the extent that the use constitutes an | 4362 |
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| impairment to the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle with | 4363 |
| the required degree of safety; | 4364 |

- (2) Any person who is under the age of eighteen and has been 4365 adjudicated an unruly or delinquent child or a juvenile traffic 4366 offender for having committed any act that if committed by an 4367 adult would be a drug abuse offense, as defined in section 2925.01 4368 of the Revised Code, a violation of division (B) of section 4369 2917.11, or a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the 4370 Revised Code, unless the person has been required by the court to 4371 attend a drug abuse or alcohol abuse education, intervention, or 4372 treatment program specified by the court and has satisfactorily 4373 completed the program; 4374
- (3) Any person who, in the opinion of the registrar, is 4375 afflicted with or suffering from a physical or mental disability 4376 or disease that prevents the person from exercising reasonable and 4377 ordinary control over a motor vehicle while operating the vehicle 4378 upon the highways, except that a restricted license effective for 4379 six months may be issued to any person otherwise qualified who is 4380 or has been subject to any condition resulting in episodic 4381 impairment of consciousness or loss of muscular control and whose 4382 condition, in the opinion of the registrar, is dormant or is 4383 sufficiently under medical control that the person is capable of 4384 exercising reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle. A 4385 restricted license effective for six months shall be issued to any 4386 person who otherwise is qualified and who is subject to any 4387 condition that causes episodic impairment of consciousness or a 4388 loss of muscular control if the person presents a statement from a 4389 licensed physician that the person's condition is under effective 4390 medical control and the period of time for which the control has 4391 been continuously maintained, unless, thereafter, a medical 4392 examination is ordered and, pursuant thereto, cause for denial is 4393

found. 4394

A person to whom a six-month restricted license has been 4395 issued shall give notice of the person's medical condition to the 4396 registrar on forms provided by the registrar and signed by the 4397 licensee's physician. The notice shall be sent to the registrar 4398 six months after the issuance of the license. Subsequent 4399 restricted licenses issued to the same individual shall be 4400 effective for six months.

- (4) Any person who is unable to understand highway warnings 4402 or traffic signs or directions given in the English language; 4403
- (5) Any person making an application whose driver's license 4404 or driving privileges are under cancellation, revocation, or 4405 suspension in the jurisdiction where issued or any other 4406 jurisdiction, until the expiration of one year after the license 4407 was canceled or revoked or until the period of suspension ends. 4408 Any person whose application is denied under this division may 4409 file a petition in the municipal court or county court in whose 4410 jurisdiction the person resides agreeing to pay the cost of the 4411 proceedings and alleging that the conduct involved in the offense 4412 that resulted in suspension, cancellation, or revocation in the 4413 foreign jurisdiction would not have resulted in a suspension, 4414 cancellation, or revocation had the offense occurred in this 4415 state. If the petition is granted, the petitioner shall notify the 4416 registrar by a certified copy of the court's findings and a 4417 license shall not be denied under this division. 4418
- (6) Any person who is under a class one or two suspension 4419 imposed for a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.04, 4420 2903.06, or 2903.08, 2903.11, 2921.331, or 2923.02 of the Revised 4421 Code or whose driver's or commercial driver's license or permit 4422 was permanently revoked prior to January 1, 2004, for a 4423 substantially equivalent violation pursuant to section 4507.16 of 4424

OVI offense when the suspension is equivalent in length to the

suspension under division (G) of section 4511.19 of the Revised

Code that is specified in this division, the trial judge of the

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4456 court of record that suspended the license shall order the 4457 impoundment of the identification license plates of the motor 4458 vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and 4459 the immobilization of that vehicle in accordance with section 4460 4503.233 and division (G)(1)(b) of section 4511.19 or division 4461 (B)(2)(a) of section 4511.193 of the Revised Code and may impound 4462 the identification license plates of any other motor vehicle 4463 registered in the name of the person whose license is suspended.

(3) When the license of any person is suspended pursuant to 4464 division (G)(1)(c), (d), or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised 4465 Code, or pursuant to section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a 4466 municipal OVI offense when the suspension is equivalent in length 4467 to the suspension under division (G) of section 4511.19 of the 4468 Revised Code that is specified in this division, the trial judge 4469 of the court of record that suspended the license shall order the 4470 criminal forfeiture to the state of the motor vehicle the offender 4471 was operating at the time of the offense in accordance with 4472 section 4503.234 and division (G)(1)(c), (d), or (e) of section 4473 4511.19 or division (B)(2)(b) of section 4511.193 of the Revised 4474 Code and may impound the identification license plates of any 4475 other motor vehicle registered in the name of the person whose 4476 license is suspended. 4477

(C)(1) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 4478 violation of section 4510.14 of the Revised Code or a 4479 substantially equivalent municipal ordinance and division (B)(1) 4480 or (2) of section 4510.14 or division (C)(1) or (2) of section 4481 4510.161 of the Revised Code applies, the trial judge of the court 4482 of record or the mayor of the mayor's court that imposes sentence 4483 shall order the immobilization of the vehicle the person was 4484 operating at the time of the offense and the impoundment of its 4485 identification license plates in accordance with section 4503.233 4486 and division (B)(1) or (2) of section 4510.14 or division (C)(1)4487

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| or (2) of section 4510.161 of the Revised Code and may impound the | 4488 |
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| identification license plates of any other vehicle registered in | 4489 |
| the name of that person. | 4490 |
| the hame of that person. | |
| (2) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a | 4491 |
| violation of section 4510.14 of the Revised Code or a | 4492 |
| substantially equivalent municipal ordinance and division (B)(3) | 4493 |
| of section 4510.14 or division (C)(3) of section 4510.161 of the | 4494 |
| Revised Code applies, the trial judge of the court of record that | 4495 |
| imposes sentence shall order the criminal forfeiture to the state | 4496 |
| of the vehicle the person was operating at the time of the offense | 4497 |
| in accordance with section 4503.234 and division (B)(3) of section | 4498 |
| 4510.14 or division (C)(3) of section 4510.161 of the Revised Code | 4499 |
| and may impound the identification license plates of any other | 4500 |
| vehicle registered in the name of that person. | 4501 |
| (D)(1) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a | 4502 |
| violation of division (A) of section 4510.16 of the Revised Code | 4503 |
| or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance and, division | 4504 |
| (B) $\frac{(2) \text{ or } (3)}{(2) \text{ of section } 4510.16 \text{ or division } (B)\frac{(1) \text{ or } (2)}{(2)} of$ | 4505 |
| section 4510.161 of the Revised Code applies, the trial judge of | 4506 |
| the court of record or the mayor of the mayor's court that imposes | 4507 |
| sentence shall order in determining whether the immobilization of | 4508 |
| the vehicle the person was operating at the time of the offense | 4509 |
| and the impoundment of its identification license plates in | 4510 |
| accordance with section 4503.233 and division (B)(2) or (3) of | 4511 |
| section 4510.16 or division (B)(1) or (2) of section 4510.161 of | 4512 |
| the Revised Code and may impound the identification license plates | 4513 |
| of any other vehicle registered in the name of that person. | 4514 |
| (2) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a | 4515 |
| violation of division (A) of section 4510.16 of the Revised Code | 4516 |
| or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance and division | 4517 |
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(B)(4) of section 4510.16 or division (B)(3) of section 4510.161

of the Revised Code applies, the trial judge of the court of

| record that imposes sentence shall order or the criminal | 4520 |
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| forfeiture to the state of the vehicle the person was operating at | 4523 |
| the time of the offense in accordance with section 4503.234 and | 4522 |
| division (B)(4) of section 4510.16 or division (B)(3) of section | 4523 |
| 4510.161 of the Revised Code and is authorized or required. The | 4524 |
| trial judge of the court of record or the mayor of the mayor's | 4525 |
| court that imposes sentence may impound the identification license | 4526 |
| plates of any other vehicle registered in the name of that person. | 452' |
| (E)(1) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a | 4528 |
| violation of section 4511.203 of the Revised Code and the person | 4529 |
| is sentenced pursuant to division (C)(1) or (2) of section | 4530 |
| 4511.203 of the Revised Code, the trial judge of the court of | 4533 |
| record or the mayor of the mayor's court that imposes sentence | 4532 |
| shall order the immobilization of the vehicle that was involved in | 4533 |
| the commission of the offense and the impoundment of its | 4534 |
| identification license plates in accordance with division (C)(1) | 453 |
| or (2) of section 4511.203 and section 4503.233 of the Revised | 4536 |
| Code and may impound the identification license plates of any | 453 |
| other vehicle registered in the name of that person. | 4538 |
| (2) When a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a | 4539 |
| violation of section 4511.203 of the Revised Code and the person | 4540 |
| is sentenced pursuant to division (C)(3) of section 4511.203 of | 4542 |
| the Revised Code, the trial judge of the court of record or the | 4542 |
| mayor of the mayor's court that imposes sentence shall order the | 4543 |
| criminal forfeiture to the state of the vehicle that was involved | 4544 |
| in the commission of the offense in accordance with division | 454 |
| (C)(3) of section 4511.203 and section 4503.234 of the Revised | 4546 |
| Code and may impound the identification license plates of any | 454 |
| other vehicle registered in the name of that person. | 4548 |
| (F) Except as provided in section 4503.233 or 4503.234 of the | 4549 |
| Revised Code, when the certificate of registration, the | 4550 |

identification license plates, or both have been impounded,

| division (B) of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code is applicable. | 4552 |
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| (G) As used in this section, "municipal OVI offense" has the | 4553 |
| same meaning as in section 4511.181 of the Revised Code. | 4554 |
| Sec. 4510.10. (A) As used in this section, "reinstatement | 4555 |
| fees" means the fees that are required under section 4507.1612, | 4556 |
| 4507.45, 4509.101, 4509.81, 4511.191, 4511.951, or any other | 4557 |
| provision of the Revised Code, or under a schedule established by | 4558 |
| the bureau of motor vehicles, in order to reinstate a driver's or | 4559 |
| commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating | 4560 |
| privilege of an offender under a suspension. | 4561 |
| (B) Reinstatement fees are those fees that compensate the | 4562 |
| bureau of motor vehicles for suspensions, cancellations, or | 4563 |
| disqualifications of a person's driving privileges and to | 4564 |
| compensate the bureau and other agencies in their administration | 4565 |
| of programs intended to reduce and eliminate threats to public | 4566 |
| safety through education, treatment, and other activities. The | 4567 |
| registrar of motor vehicles shall not reinstate a driver's or | 4568 |
| commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating | 4569 |
| privilege of a person until the person has paid all reinstatement | 4570 |
| fees and has complied with all conditions for each suspension, | 4571 |
| cancellation, or disqualification incurred by that person. | 4572 |
| (C) When a municipal court or county court determines in a | 4573 |
| pending case involving an offender that the An offender who cannot | 4574 |
| reasonably pay reinstatement fees due and owing by the offender | 4575 |
| relative to a suspension that has been or that will be imposed in | 4576 |
| on the case, then offender may file a petition in the municipal | 4577 |
| court, by county court, or, if the person is under the age of | 4578 |
| eighteen, the juvenile division of the court of common pleas in | 4579 |
| whose jurisdiction the person resides or, if the person is not a | 4580 |
| resident of this state, in the Franklin county municipal court or | 4581 |

juvenile division of the Franklin county court of common pleas for

division (C)(1), (C)(2), or (D) of this section, during the

fees covered by the order.

pendency of the order, the offender in relation to whom it applies

is not subject to prosecution for failing to pay the reinstatement

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| (F) Reinstatement fees are debts that may be discharged in | 4614 |
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| bankruptcy. | 4615 |
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| Sec. 4510.13. (A)(1) Divisions (A)(2) to (7) of this section | 4616 |
| apply to a judge or mayor regarding the suspension of, or the | 4617 |
| grant of limited driving privileges during a suspension of, an | 4618 |
| offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or | 4619 |
| nonresident operating privilege imposed under division (G) or (H) | 4620 |
| of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under division (B) or (C) | 4621 |
| of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, or under section 4510.07 | 4622 |
| of the Revised Code for a conviction of a violation of a municipal | 4623 |
| OVI ordinance. | 4624 |
| (2) No judge or mayor shall suspend the following portions of | 4625 |
| the suspension of an offender's driver's or commercial driver's | 4626 |
| license or permit or nonresident operating privilege imposed under | 4627 |
| division (G) or (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or | 4628 |
| under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a conviction of a | 4629 |
| violation of a municipal OVI ordinance, provided that division | 4630 |
| (A)(2) of this section does not limit a court or mayor in | 4631 |
| crediting any period of suspension imposed pursuant to division | 4632 |
| (B) or (C) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code against any | 4633 |
| time of judicial suspension imposed pursuant to section 4511.19 or | 4634 |
| 4510.07 of the Revised Code, as described in divisions (B)(2) and | 4635 |
| (C)(2) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code: | 4636 |
| (a) The first six months of a suspension imposed under | 4637 |
| division (G)(1)(a) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a | 4638 |
| comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the | 4639 |
| Revised Code; | 4640 |
| (b) The first year of a suspension imposed under division | 4641 |
| (G)(1)(b) or (c) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a | 4642 |
| comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the | 4643 |
| Revised Code; | 4644 |

| (c) The first three years of a suspension imposed under | 4645 |
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| division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code | 4646 |
| or of a comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 | 4647 |
| of the Revised Code; | 4648 |
| (d) The first sixty days of a suspension imposed under | 4649 |
| division (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a | 4650 |
| comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the | 4651 |
| Revised Code. | 4652 |
| (3) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges | 4653 |
| to an offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or | 4654 |
| permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under | 4655 |
| division (G) or (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under | 4656 |
| division (C) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, or under | 4657 |
| section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a municipal OVI conviction | 4658 |
| if the offender, within the preceding six years, has been | 4659 |
| convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations of one | 4660 |
| or more of the Revised Code sections, municipal ordinances, | 4661 |
| statutes of the United States or another state, or municipal | 4662 |
| ordinances of a municipal corporation of another state that are | 4663 |
| identified in divisions (G)(2)(b) to (h) of section 2919.22 of the | 4664 |
| Revised Code. | 4665 |
| Additionally, no judge or mayor shall grant limited driving | 4666 |
| privileges to an offender whose driver's or commercial driver's | 4667 |
| license or permit or nonresident operating privilege has been | 4668 |
| suspended under division (B) of section 4511.191 of the Revised | 4669 |
| Code if the offender, within the preceding six years, has refused | 4670 |
| three previous requests to consent to a chemical test of the | 4671 |
| person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine to | 4672 |
| determine its alcohol content. | 4673 |
| (4) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges | 4674 |

for employment as a driver of commercial motor vehicles to an

| offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or permit | 4676 |
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| or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under | 4677 |
| division (G) or (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under | 4678 |
| division (B) or (C) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, or | 4679 |
| under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a municipal OVI | 4680 |
| conviction if the offender is disqualified from operating a | 4681 |
| commercial motor vehicle, or whose license or permit has been | 4682 |
| suspended, under section 3123.58 or 4506.16 of the Revised Code. | 4683 |
| | |

- (5) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges 4684 to an offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or 4685 permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under 4686 division (G) or (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under 4687 division (C) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, or under 4688 section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a conviction of a 4689 violation of a municipal OVI ordinance during any of the following 4690 periods of time: 4691
- (a) The first fifteen days of a suspension imposed under 4692 division (G)(1)(a) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a 4693 comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the 4694 Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division (C)(1)(a) 4695 of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. On or after the sixteenth 4696 day of the suspension, the court may grant limited driving 4697 privileges, but the court may require that the offender shall not 4698 exercise the privileges unless the vehicles the offender operates 4699 are equipped with immobilizing or disabling devices that monitor 4700 the offender's alcohol consumption or any other type of 4701 immobilizing or disabling devices, except as provided in division 4702 (C) of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code. 4703
- (b) The first thirty days of a suspension imposed under 4704 division (G)(1)(b) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a 4705 comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the 4706 Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division (C)(1)(b) 4707

| of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. On or after the | 4708 |
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| thirty-first day of suspension, the court may grant limited | 4709 |
| driving privileges, but the court may require that the offender | 4710 |
| shall not exercise the privileges unless the vehicles the offender | 4711 |
| operates are equipped with immobilizing or disabling devices that | 4712 |
| monitor the offender's alcohol consumption or any other type of | 4713 |
| immobilizing or disabling devices, except as provided in division | 4714 |
| (C) of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code. | 4715 |

- (c) The first sixty days of a suspension imposed under 4716 division (H) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a 4717 comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of the 4718 Revised Code. 4719
- (d) The first one hundred eighty days of a suspension imposed 4720 under division (G)(1)(c) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or 4721 a comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of 4722 the Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division 4723 (C)(1)(c) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The judge may 4724 grant limited driving privileges on or after the one hundred 4725 eighty-first day of the suspension only if the judge, at the time 4726 of granting the privileges, also issues an order prohibiting the 4727 offender, while exercising the privileges during the period 4728 commencing with the one hundred eighty-first day of suspension and 4729 ending with the first year of suspension, from operating any motor 4730 vehicle unless it is equipped with an immobilizing or disabling 4731 device that monitors the offender's alcohol consumption. After the 4732 first year of the suspension, the court may authorize the offender 4733 to continue exercising the privileges in vehicles that are not 4734 equipped with immobilizing or disabling devices that monitor the 4735 offender's alcohol consumption, except as provided in division (C) 4736 of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code. If the offender does not 4737 petition for limited driving privileges until after the first year 4738 of suspension, the judge may grant limited driving privileges 4739

| without requiring the use of an immobilizing or disabling device | 4740 |
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| that monitors the offender's alcohol consumption. | 4741 |
| | 45.40 |
| (e) The first three years of a suspension imposed under | 4742 |
| division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code | 4743 |
| or a comparable length suspension imposed under section 4510.07 of | 4744 |
| the Revised Code, or of a suspension imposed under division | 4745 |
| (C)(1)(d) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. The judge may | 4746 |
| grant limited driving privileges after the first three years of | 4747 |
| suspension only if the judge, at the time of granting the | 4748 |
| privileges, also issues an order prohibiting the offender from | 4749 |
| operating any motor vehicle, for the period of suspension | 4750 |
| following the first three years of suspension, unless the motor | 4751 |
| vehicle is equipped with an immobilizing or disabling device that | 4752 |
| monitors the offender's alcohol consumption, except as provided in | 4753 |
| division (C) of section 4510.43 of the Revised Code. | 4754 |
| (6) No judge or mayor shall grant limited driving privileges | 4755 |
| to an offender whose driver's or commercial driver's license or | 4756 |
| permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended under | 4757 |
| division (B) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code during any of | 4758 |
| the following periods of time: | 4759 |
| (a) The first thirty days of suspension imposed under | 4760 |
| division (B)(1)(a) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code; | 4761 |
| (b) The first ninety days of suspension imposed under | 4762 |
| division (B)(1)(b) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code; | 4763 |
| (c) The first year of suspension imposed under division | 4764 |
| (B)(1)(c) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code; | 4765 |
| (d) The first three years of suspension imposed under | 4766 |
| division (B)(1)(d) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. | 4767 |
| (7) In any case in which a judge or mayor grants limited | 4768 |
| driving privileges to an offender whose driver's or commercial | 4769 |

| driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege has | 4770 |
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| been suspended under division (G)(1)(b), (c), (d), or (e) of | 4771 |
| section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, under division (G)(1)(a) of | 4772 |
| section 4511.19 of the Revised Code for a violation of division | 4773 |
| (A)(1)(f), (g) , (h) , or (i) of that section, or under section | 4774 |
| 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a municipal OVI conviction for | 4775 |
| which sentence would have been imposed under division | 4776 |
| (G)(1)(a)(ii) or (G)(1)(b), (c), (d), or (e) of section 4511.19 of | 4777 |
| the Revised Code had the offender been charged with and convicted | 4778 |
| of a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code instead of a | 4779 |
| violation of the municipal OVI ordinance, the judge or mayor shall | 4780 |
| impose as a condition of the privileges that the offender must | 4781 |
| display on the vehicle that is driven subject to the privileges | 4782 |
| restricted license plates that are issued under section 4503.231 | 4783 |
| of the Revised Code, except as provided in division (B) of that | 4784 |
| section. | 4785 |
| | |

- (B) Any person whose driver's or commercial driver's license 4786 or permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended 4787 pursuant to section 4511.19 or 4511.191 of the Revised Code or 4788 under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a violation of a 4789 municipal OVI ordinance may file a petition for limited driving 4790 privileges during the suspension. The person shall file the 4791 petition in the court that has jurisdiction over the place of 4792 arrest. Subject to division (A) of this section, the court may 4793 grant the person limited driving privileges during the period 4794 during which the suspension otherwise would be imposed. However, 4795 the court shall not grant the privileges for employment as a 4796 driver of a commercial motor vehicle to any person who is 4797 disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under 4798 section 4506.16 of the Revised Code or during any of the periods 4799 prescribed by division (A) of this section. 4800
 - (C)(1) After a driver's or commercial driver's license or

| permit or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended | 4802 |
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| pursuant to section 2903.06, 2903.08, <u>2903.11</u> , 2907.24, 2921.331, | 4803 |
| <u>2923.02, 2929.02,</u> 4511.19, 4511.251, 4549.02, 4549.021, or 5743.99 | 4804 |
| of the Revised Code, any provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised | 4805 |
| Code, or section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a violation of a | 4806 |
| municipal OVI ordinance, the judge of the court or mayor of the | 4807 |
| mayor's court that suspended the license, permit, or privilege | 4808 |
| shall cause the offender to deliver to the court the license or | 4809 |
| permit. The judge, mayor, or clerk of the court or mayor's court | 4810 |
| shall forward to the registrar the license or permit together with | 4811 |
| notice of the action of the court. | 4812 |

- (2) A suspension of a commercial driver's license under any 4813 section or chapter identified in division (C)(1) of this section 4814 shall be concurrent with any period of suspension or 4815 disqualification under section 3123.58 or 4506.16 of the Revised 4816 Code. No person who is disqualified for life from holding a 4817 commercial driver's license under section 4506.16 of the Revised 4818 Code shall be issued a driver's license under this chapter during 4819 the period for which the commercial driver's license was suspended 4820 under this section, and no person whose commercial driver's 4821 license is suspended under any section or chapter identified in 4822 division (C)(1) of this section shall be issued a driver's license 4823 under Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code during the period of the 4824 suspension. 4825
- (3) No judge or mayor shall suspend any class one suspension, 4826 or any portion of any class one suspension, required by imposed 4827 under section 2903.04 or, 2903.06, 2903.08, or 2921.331 of the 4828 Revised Code. No judge or mayor shall suspend the first thirty 4829 days of any class two, class three, class four, class five, or 4830 class six suspension imposed under section 2903.06 or, 2903.08, 4831 2903.11, 2923.02, or 2929.02 of the Revised Code. 4832
 - (D) The judge of the court or mayor of the mayor's court

| shall credit any time during which an offender was subject to an | 4834 |
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| administrative suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial | 4835 |
| driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege | 4836 |
| imposed pursuant to section 4511.191 or 4511.192 of the Revised | 4837 |
| Code or a suspension imposed by a judge, referee, or mayor | 4838 |
| pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section 4511.196 of the | 4839 |
| Revised Code against the time to be served under a related | 4840 |
| suspension imposed pursuant to any section or chapter identified | 4841 |
| in division (C)(1) of this chapter <u>section</u> . | 4842 |
| | |

- (E) The judge or mayor shall notify the bureau of motor 4843 vehicles of any determinations made pursuant to this section and 4844 of any suspension imposed pursuant to any section or chapter 4845 identified in division (C)(1) of this section. 4846
- (F)(1) If a court issues an immobilizing or disabling device 4847 order under section 4510.43 of the Revised Code, the order shall 4848 authorize the offender during the specified period to operate a 4849 motor vehicle only if it is equipped with an immobilizing or 4850 disabling device, except as provided in division (C) of that 4851 section. The court shall provide the offender with a copy of an 4852 immobilizing or disabling device order issued under section 4853 4510.43 of the Revised Code, and the offender shall use the copy 4854 of the order in lieu of an Ohio driver's or commercial driver's 4855 license or permit until the registrar or a deputy registrar issues 4856 the offender a restricted license. 4857

An order issued under section 4510.43 of the Revised Code 4858 does not authorize or permit the offender to whom it has been 4859 issued to operate a vehicle during any time that the offender's 4860 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is suspended 4861 under any other provision of law.

(2) An offender may present an immobilizing or disabling 4863 device order to the registrar or to a deputy registrar. Upon 4864

| presentation of the order to the registrar or a deputy registrar, | 4865 |
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| the registrar or deputy registrar shall issue the offender a | 4866 |
| restricted license. A restricted license issued under this | 4867 |
| division shall be identical to an Ohio driver's license, except | 4868 |
| that it shall have printed on its face a statement that the | 4869 |
| offender is prohibited during the period specified in the court | 4870 |
| order from operating any motor vehicle that is not equipped with | 4871 |
| an immobilizing or disabling device. The date of commencement and | 4872 |
| the date of termination of the period of suspension shall be | 4873 |
| indicated conspicuously upon the face of the license. | 4874 |

Sec. 4510.16. (A) No person, whose driver's or commercial 4875 driver's license or temporary instruction permit or nonresident's 4876 operating privilege has been suspended or canceled pursuant to 4877 Chapter 4509. of the Revised Code, shall operate any motor vehicle 4878 within this state, or knowingly permit any motor vehicle owned by 4879 the person to be operated by another person in the state, during 4880 the period of the suspension or cancellation, except as 4881 specifically authorized by Chapter 4509. of the Revised Code. No 4882 person shall operate a motor vehicle within this state, or 4883 knowingly permit any motor vehicle owned by the person to be 4884 operated by another person in the state, during the period in 4885 which the person is required by section 4509.45 of the Revised 4886 Code to file and maintain proof of financial responsibility for a 4887 violation of section 4509.101 of the Revised Code, unless proof of 4888 financial responsibility is maintained with respect to that 4889 vehicle. 4890

(B)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of driving 4891 under financial responsibility law suspension or cancellation, a 4892 misdemeanor of the first degree. The court shall impose a class 4893 seven suspension of the offender's driver's or commercial driver's 4894 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege for the 4895

| period of time specified in division (A)(7) of section 4510.02 of | 4896 |
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| the Revised Code. | 4897 |
| (2) If the vehicle is registered in the offender's name <u>and</u> | 4898 |
| division (B)(3) of this section does not apply, the court, in | 4899 |
| addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes | 4900 |
| upon the offender, shall do one of the following: | 4901 |
| (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(2)(b) or (c) | 4902 |
| of this section, may order the immobilization for no more than | 4903 |
| thirty days of the vehicle involved in the offense and the | 4904 |
| impoundment for <u>no more than</u> thirty days of the license plates of | 4905 |
| that vehicle÷. | 4906 |
| (b)(3) If the vehicle is registered in the offender's name | 4907 |
| and if, within five years of the offense, the offender has been | 4908 |
| convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of this section or | 4909 |
| a substantially similar municipal ordinance, the court, in | 4910 |
| addition to or independent of any other sentence that it imposes | 4911 |
| on the offender, shall order the immobilization for sixty days of | 4912 |
| the vehicle involved in the offense and impoundment for sixty days | 4913 |
| of the license plates of that $vehicle \div$. | 4914 |
| (c) If the vehicle is registered in the offender's name and | 4915 |
| if, within five years of the offense, the offender has been | 4916 |
| convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or more violations of this | 4917 |
| section or a substantially similar municipal ordinance, the court, | 4918 |
| in addition to or independent of any other sentence that it | 4919 |
| imposes upon the offender, shall order the criminal forfeiture to | 4920 |
| the state of the vehicle involved in the offense. If title to a | 4921 |
| motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal forfeiture | 4922 |
| under this division is assigned or transferred and division (B)(2) | 4923 |
| or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in | 4924 |
| addition to or independent of any other penalty established by | 4925 |
| law, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as | 4926 |

(1) If, within five years of the current offense, the

offender has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a

violation of division (A) of section 4510.16 or former division

(B)(1) of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal

ordinance that is substantially equivalent to either division, the

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| court shall and if division (B)(2) of this section does not apply, | 4958 |
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| the court, in addition to or independent of any sentence that it | 4959 |
| imposes upon the offender for the offense, may order the | 4960 |
| immobilization for not more than thirty days of the vehicle the | 4961 |
| offender was operating at the time of the offense and the | 4962 |
| impoundment for not more than thirty days of the identification | 4963 |
| license plates of that vehicle. | 4964 |
| (2) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a | 4965 |
| violation of a municipal ordinance that is substantially | 4966 |
| equivalent to division (A) of section 4510.16 of the Revised Code | 4967 |
| and if, within five years of the current offense, the offender has | 4968 |
| been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation or more | 4969 |
| violations of division (A) of section 4510.16 or former division | 4970 |
| (B)(1) of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal | 4971 |
| ordinance that is substantially equivalent to either division, the | 4972 |
| court, in addition to or independent of any sentence that it | 4973 |
| imposes upon the offender for the offense, shall do whichever of | 4974 |
| the following is applicable: | 4975 |
| (a) If, within five years of the current offense, the | 4976 |
| offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one such | 4977 |
| violation, the court shall order the immobilization for sixty days | 4978 |
| of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the | 4979 |
| offense and the impoundment for sixty days of the identification | 4980 |
| license plates of that vehicle. | 4981 |
| $\frac{(3)}{(b)}$ If, within five years of the current offense, the | 4982 |
| offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or more | 4983 |
| such violations of division (A) of section 4510.16 or former | 4984 |
| division (B)(1) of section 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a | 4985 |
| municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to either | 4986 |
| division, the court shall order the criminal forfeiture to the | 4987 |
| state of the vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the | 4988 |
| offense. The order of criminal forfeiture shall be issued and | 4989 |

| enforced in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised Code. | 4990 |
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| (C) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a | 4991 |
| violation of a municipal ordinance that is substantially | 4992 |
| equivalent to section 4510.14 of the Revised Code, the court, in | 4993 |
| addition to and independent of any sentence that it imposes upon | 4994 |
| the offender for the offense, if the vehicle the offender was | 4995 |
| operating at the time of the offense is registered in the | 4996 |
| offender's name, shall do whichever of the following is | 4997 |
| applicable: | 4998 |
| (1) If, within five years of the current offense, the | 4999 |
| offender has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a | 5000 |
| violation of section 4510.14 or former division (D)(2) of section | 5001 |
| 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is | 5002 |
| substantially equivalent to that section or former division, the | 5003 |
| court shall order the immobilization for thirty days of the | 5004 |
| vehicle the offender was operating at the time of the offense and | 5005 |
| the impoundment for thirty days of the identification license | 5006 |
| plates of that vehicle. | 5007 |
| (2) If, within five years of the current offense, the | 5008 |
| offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation | 5009 |
| of section 4510.14 or former division (D)(2) of section 4507.02 of | 5010 |
| the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially | 5011 |
| equivalent to that section or former division, the court shall | 5012 |
| order the immobilization for sixty days of the vehicle the | 5013 |
| offender was operating at the time of the offense and the | 5014 |
| impoundment for sixty days of the identification license plates of | 5015 |
| that vehicle. | 5016 |
| (3) If, within five years of the current offense, the | 5017 |
| offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or more | 5018 |
| violations of section 4510.14 or former division (D)(2) of section | 5019 |
| 4507.02 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is | 5020 |

substantially equivalent to that section or former division, the

assigned and who has not obtained a certificate of title to the

vehicle in that person's name, but who is deemed by the court as

being the owner of the vehicle at the time the vehicle was seized

under division (B) of this section.

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- (3) "Interested party" includes the owner of a vehicle seized 5055 under this section, all lienholders, the arrested person, the 5056 owner of the place of storage at which a vehicle seized under this 5057 section is stored, and the person or entity that caused the 5058 vehicle to be removed.
- (B)(1) If a person is arrested for a violation of section 5060 4510.14, 4510.16, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code, or a municipal 5061 ordinance that is substantially equivalent to any either of those 5062 sections or if a person is arrested for a violation of section 5063 4510.16 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is 5064 substantially equivalent to that section and if division (B)(3) of 5065 section 4510.16 or division (B)(2) of section 4510.161 of the 5066 Revised Code applies, the arresting officer or another officer of 5067 the law enforcement agency that employs the arresting officer, in 5068 addition to any action that the arresting officer is required or 5069 authorized to take by any other provision of law, shall seize the 5070 vehicle that the person was operating at the time of, or that was 5071 involved in, the alleged offense if the vehicle is registered in 5072 the arrested person's name and its license plates. A law 5073 enforcement agency that employs a law enforcement officer who 5074 makes an arrest of a type that is described in this division and 5075 that involves a rented or leased vehicle that is being rented or 5076 leased for a period of thirty days or less shall notify, within 5077 twenty-four hours after the officer makes the arrest, the lessor 5078 or owner of the vehicle regarding the circumstances of the arrest 5079 and the location at which the vehicle may be picked up. At the 5080 time of the seizure of the vehicle, the law enforcement officer 5081 who made the arrest shall give the arrested person written notice 5082

that the vehicle and its license plates have been seized; that the 5083 vehicle either will be kept by the officer's law enforcement 5084 agency or will be immobilized at least until the person's initial 5085 appearance on the charge of the offense for which the arrest was 5086 made; that, at the initial appearance, the court in certain 5087 circumstances may order that the vehicle and license plates be 5088 released to the arrested person until the disposition of that 5089 charge; that, if the arrested person is convicted of that charge, 5090 the court generally must order the immobilization of the vehicle 5091 and the impoundment of its license plates or the forfeiture of the 5092 vehicle; and that the arrested person may be charged expenses or 5093 charges incurred under this section and section 4503.233 of the 5094 Revised Code for the removal and storage of the vehicle. 5095

(2) The arresting officer or a law enforcement officer of the 5096 agency that employs the arresting officer shall give written 5097 notice of the seizure under division (B)(1) of this section to the 5098 court that will conduct the initial appearance of the arrested 5099 person on the charges arising out of the arrest. Upon receipt of 5100 the notice, the court promptly shall determine whether the 5101 arrested person is the vehicle owner. If the court determines that 5102 the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, it promptly shall 5103 send by regular mail written notice of the seizure to the 5104 vehicle's registered owner. The written notice shall contain all 5105 of the information required by division (B)(1) of this section to 5106 be in a notice to be given to the arrested person and also shall 5107 specify the date, time, and place of the arrested person's initial 5108 appearance. The notice also shall inform the vehicle owner that if 5109 title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order for criminal 5110 forfeiture under this section is assigned or transferred and 5111 division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code 5112 applies, the court may fine the arrested person the value of the 5113 vehicle. The notice also shall state that if the vehicle is 5114 immobilized under division (A) of section 4503.233 of the Revised 5115

| Code, seven days after the end of the period of immobilization a | 5116 |
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| law enforcement agency will send the vehicle owner a notice, | 5117 |
| informing the owner that if the release of the vehicle is not | 5118 |
| obtained in accordance with division (D)(3) of section 4503.233 of | 5119 |
| the Revised Code, the vehicle shall be forfeited. The notice also | 5120 |
| shall inform the vehicle owner that the owner may be charged | 5121 |
| expenses or charges incurred under this section and section | 5122 |
| 4503.233 of the Revised Code for the removal and storage of the | 5123 |
| vehicle. | 5124 |

The written notice that is given to the arrested person also 5125 shall state that if the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to 5126 the offense and the court issues an immobilization and impoundment 5127 order relative to that vehicle, division (D)(4) of section 5128 4503.233 of the Revised Code prohibits the vehicle from being sold 5129 during the period of immobilization without the prior approval of 5130 the court.

(3) At or before the initial appearance, the vehicle owner 5132 may file a motion requesting the court to order that the vehicle 5133 and its license plates be released to the vehicle owner. Except as 5134 provided in this division and subject to the payment of expenses 5135 or charges incurred in the removal and storage of the vehicle, the 5136 court, in its discretion, then may issue an order releasing the 5137 vehicle and its license plates to the vehicle owner. Such an order 5138 may be conditioned upon such terms as the court determines 5139 appropriate, including the posting of a bond in an amount 5140 determined by the court. If the arrested person is not the vehicle 5141 owner and if the vehicle owner is not present at the arrested 5142 person's initial appearance, and if the court believes that the 5143 vehicle owner was not provided with adequate notice of the initial 5144 appearance, the court, in its discretion, may allow the vehicle 5145 owner to file a motion within seven days of the initial 5146 appearance. If the court allows the vehicle owner to file such a 5147

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| motion after the initial appearance, the extension of time granted | 5148 |
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| by the court does not extend the time within which the initial | 5149 |
| appearance is to be conducted. If the court issues an order for | 5150 |
| the release of the vehicle and its license plates, a copy of the | 5151 |
| order shall be made available to the vehicle owner. If the vehicle | 5152 |
| owner presents a copy of the order to the law enforcement agency | 5153 |
| that employs the law enforcement officer who arrested the arrested | 5154 |
| person, the law enforcement agency promptly shall release the | 5155 |
| vehicle and its license plates to the vehicle owner upon payment | 5156 |
| by the vehicle owner of any expenses or charges incurred in the | 5157 |
| removal or storage of the vehicle. | 5158 |

- (4) A vehicle seized under division (B)(1) of this section 5159 either shall be towed to a place specified by the law enforcement 5160 agency that employs the arresting officer to be safely kept by the 5161 agency at that place for the time and in the manner specified in 5162 this section or shall be otherwise immobilized for the time and in 5163 the manner specified in this section. A law enforcement officer of 5164 that agency shall remove the identification license plates of the 5165 vehicle, and they shall be safely kept by the agency for the time 5166 and in the manner specified in this section. No vehicle that is 5167 seized and either towed or immobilized pursuant to this division 5168 shall be considered contraband for purposes of section 2933.41, 5169 2933.42, or 2933.43 of the Revised Code. The vehicle shall not be 5170 immobilized at any place other than a commercially operated 5171 private storage lot, a place owned by a law enforcement or other 5172 government agency, or a place to which one of the following 5173 applies: 5174
- (a) The place is leased by or otherwise under the control of a law enforcement or other government agency.
- (b) The place is owned by the arrested person, the arrested person's spouse, or a parent or child of the arrested person.

| (c) The place is owned by a private person or entity, and, | 5179 |
|---|------|
| prior to the immobilization, the private entity or person that | 5180 |
| owns the place, or the authorized agent of that private entity or | 5181 |
| person, has given express written consent for the immobilization | 5182 |
| to be carried out at that place. | 5183 |
| (d) The place is a public street or highway on which the | 5184 |
| vehicle is parked in accordance with the law. | 5185 |
| (C)(1) A vehicle seized under division (B) $\underline{(1)}$ of this section | 5186 |
| shall be safely kept at the place to which it is towed or | 5187 |
| otherwise moved by the law enforcement agency that employs the | 5188 |
| arresting officer until the initial appearance of the arrested | 5189 |
| person relative to the charge in question. The license plates of | 5190 |
| the vehicle that are removed pursuant to division (B) $\underline{(1)}$ of this | 5191 |
| section shall be safely kept by the law enforcement agency that | 5192 |
| employs the arresting officer until at least the initial | 5193 |
| appearance of the arrested person relative to the charge in | 5194 |
| question. | 5195 |
| (2)(a) At the initial appearance or not less than seven days | 5196 |
| prior to the date of final disposition, the court shall notify the | 5197 |
| arrested person that, if title to a motor vehicle that is subject | 5198 |
| to an order for criminal forfeiture under this section is assigned | 5199 |
| or transferred and division (B)(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of | 5200 |
| the Revised Code applies, the court may fine the arrested person | 5201 |
| the value of the vehicle. If, at the initial appearance, the | 5202 |
| arrested person pleads guilty to the violation of section 4510.14, | 5203 |
| 4510.16, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance | 5204 |
| that is substantially equivalent to any of those sections or | 5205 |
| pleads no contest to and is convicted of the violation, the | 5206 |
| following sentencing provisions apply: | 5207 |
| (i) If the person violated section 4510.14 or 4511.203 of the | 5208 |

Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially

| equivalent to either of those sections, or violated section | 5210 |
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| 4510.16 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that is | 5211 |
| substantially equivalent to that section and division (B)(3) of | 5212 |
| section 4510.16 or division (B)(2) of section 4510.161 of the | 5213 |
| Revised Code applies, the court shall impose sentence upon the | 5214 |
| person as provided by law or ordinance; the court shall order the | 5215 |
| immobilization of the vehicle the arrested person was operating at | 5216 |
| the time of, or that was involved in, the offense if registered in | 5217 |
| the arrested person's name and the impoundment of its license | 5218 |
| plates under section 4503.233 and section 4510.14, 4510.16, | 5219 |
| 4510.161, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code or the criminal | 5220 |
| forfeiture to the state of the vehicle if registered in the | 5221 |
| arrested person's name under section 4503.234 and section 4510.14, | 5222 |
| 4510.16, 4510.161, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code, whichever is | 5223 |
| applicable; and the vehicle and its license plates shall not be | 5224 |
| returned or released to the arrested person. | 5225 |
| (ii) If the person violated section 4510.16 of the Revised | 5226 |
| Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to | 5227 |
| that section and division (B)(2) of section 4510.16 or division | 5228 |
| (B)(1) of section 4510.161 applies, the court shall impose | 5229 |
| sentence upon the person as provided by law or ordinance and may | 5230 |
| order the immobilization of the vehicle the person was operating | 5231 |
| at the time of, or that was involved in, the offense if it is | 5232 |
| registered in the arrested person's name and the impoundment of | 5233 |
| its license plates under section 4503.233 and section 4510.16 or | 5234 |
| 4510.161 of the Revised Code, and the vehicle and its license | 5235 |
| plates shall not be returned or released to the arrested person. | 5236 |
| (b) If, at any time, the charge that the arrested person | 5237 |
| violated section 4510.14, 4510.16, or 4511.203 of the Revised | 5238 |
| Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to | 5239 |
| any of those sections is dismissed for any reason, the court shall | 5240 |

order that the vehicle seized at the time of the arrest and its

| license plates immediately be released to the person. | 5242 |
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| (D) If a vehicle and its license plates are seized under | 5243 |
| division (B) $\underline{(1)}$ of this section and are not returned or released | 5244 |
| to the arrested person pursuant to division (C) of this section, | 5245 |
| the vehicle and its license plates shall be retained until the | 5246 |
| final disposition of the charge in question. Upon the final | 5247 |
| disposition of that charge, the court shall do whichever of the | 5248 |
| following is applicable: | 5249 |
| (1) If the arrested person is convicted of or pleads guilty | 5250 |
| to the violation of section 4510.14 , 4510.16 , or 4511.203 of the | 5251 |
| Revised Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially | 5252 |
| equivalent to any either of those sections, or to the violation of | 5253 |
| section 4510.16 of the Revised Code or a municipal ordinance that | 5254 |
| is substantially equivalent to that section and division (B)(3) of | 5255 |
| section 4510.16 or division (B)(2) of section 4510.161 of the | 5256 |
| Revised Code applies, the court shall impose sentence upon the | 5257 |
| person as provided by law or ordinance and shall order the | 5258 |
| immobilization of the vehicle the person was operating at the time | 5259 |
| of, or that was involved in, the offense if it is registered in | 5260 |
| the arrested person's name and the impoundment of its license | 5261 |
| plates under section 4503.233 and section 4510.14, 4510.16, | 5262 |
| 4510.161, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code or the criminal | 5263 |
| forfeiture of the vehicle if it is registered in the arrested | 5264 |
| person's name under section 4503.234 and section 4510.14, 4510.16, | 5265 |
| 4510.161, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code, whichever is | 5266 |
| applicable. | 5267 |
| (2) If the person violated section 4510.16 of the Revised | 5268 |
| Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to | 5269 |
| that section and division (B)(2) of section 4510.16 or division | 5270 |
| (B)(1) of section 4510.161 applies, the court shall impose | 5271 |
| sentence upon the person as provided by law or ordinance and may | 5272 |

order the immobilization of the vehicle the person was operating

| at the time of, or that was involved in, the offense if it is | 5274 |
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| registered in the person's name and the impoundment of its license | 5275 |
| plates under section 4503.233 and section 4510.16 or 4510.161 of | 5276 |
| the Revised Code. | 5277 |
| (3) If the arrested person is found not guilty of the | 5278 |
| violation of section 4510.14, 4510.16, or 4511.203 of the Revised | 5279 |
| Code, or a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to | 5280 |
| any of those sections, the court shall order that the vehicle and | 5281 |
| its license plates immediately be released to the arrested person. | 5282 |
| $\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ If the charge that the arrested person violated | 5283 |
| section 4510.14, 4510.16, or 4511.203 of the Revised Code, or a | 5284 |
| municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to any of | 5285 |
| those sections is dismissed for any reason, the court shall order | 5286 |
| that the vehicle and its license plates immediately be released to | 5287 |
| the arrested person. | 5288 |
| $\frac{(4)(5)}{(5)}$ If the impoundment of the vehicle was not authorized | 5289 |
| under this section, the court shall order that the vehicle and its | 5290 |
| license plates be returned immediately to the arrested person or, | 5291 |
| if the arrested person is not the vehicle owner, to the vehicle | 5292 |
| owner and shall order that the state or political subdivision of | 5293 |
| the law enforcement agency served by the law enforcement officer | 5294 |
| who seized the vehicle pay all expenses and charges incurred in | 5295 |
| its removal and storage. | 5296 |
| (E) If a vehicle is seized under division (B) (2) of this | 5297 |
| section, the time between the seizure of the vehicle and either | 5298 |
| its release to the arrested person pursuant to division (C) of | 5299 |
| this section or the issuance of an order of immobilization of the | 5300 |
| vehicle under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code shall be | 5301 |
| credited against the period of immobilization ordered by the | 5302 |
| court. | 5303 |

(F)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(4) of this section,

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| the arrested person may be charged expenses or charges incurred in | 5305 |
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| the removal and storage of the immobilized vehicle. The court with | 5306 |
| jurisdiction over the case, after notice to all interested | 5307 |
| parties, including lienholders, and after an opportunity for them | 5308 |
| to be heard, if the court finds that the arrested person does not | 5309 |
| intend to seek release of the vehicle at the end of the period of | 5310 |
| immobilization under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code or that | 5311 |
| the arrested person is not or will not be able to pay the expenses | 5312 |
| and charges incurred in its removal and storage, may order that | 5313 |
| title to the vehicle be transferred, in order of priority, first | 5314 |
| into the name of the person or entity that removed it, next into | 5315 |
| the name of a lienholder, or lastly into the name of the owner of | 5316 |
| the place of storage. | 5317 |
| - | |

Any lienholder that receives title under a court order shall 5318 do so on the condition that it pay any expenses or charges 5319 incurred in the vehicle's removal and storage. If the person or 5320 entity that receives title to the vehicle is the person or entity 5321 that removed it, the person or entity shall receive title on the 5322 condition that it pay any lien on the vehicle. The court shall not 5323 order that title be transferred to any person or entity other than 5324 the owner of the place of storage if the person or entity refuses 5325 to receive the title. Any person or entity that receives title 5326 either may keep title to the vehicle or may dispose of the vehicle 5327 in any legal manner that it considers appropriate, including 5328 assignment of the certificate of title to the motor vehicle to a 5329 salvage dealer or a scrap metal processing facility. The person or 5330 entity shall not transfer the vehicle to the person who is the 5331 vehicle's immediate previous owner. 5332

If the person or entity that receives title assigns the motor 5333 vehicle to a salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility, 5334 the person or entity shall send the assigned certificate of title 5335 to the motor vehicle to the clerk of the court of common pleas of 5336

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the county in which the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility is located. The person or entity shall mark the face of the certificate of title with the words "FOR DESTRUCTION" and shall deliver a photocopy of the certificate of title to the salvage dealer or scrap metal processing facility for its records.

- (2) Whenever a court issues an order under division (F)(1) of 5342 this section, the court also shall order removal of the license 5343 plates from the vehicle and cause them to be sent to the registrar 5344 if they have not already been sent to the registrar. Thereafter, 5345 no further proceedings shall take place under this section or 5346 under section 4503.233 of the Revised Code. 5347
- (3) Prior to initiating a proceeding under division (F)(1) of 5348 this section, and upon payment of the fee under division (B) of 5349 section 4505.14, any interested party may cause a search to be 5350 made of the public records of the bureau of motor vehicles or the 5351 clerk of the court of common pleas, to ascertain the identity of 5352 any lienholder of the vehicle. The initiating party shall furnish 5353 this information to the clerk of the court with jurisdiction over 5354 the case, and the clerk shall provide notice to the arrested 5355 person, any lienholder, and any other interested parties listed by 5356 the initiating party, at the last known address supplied by the 5357 initiating party, by certified mail, or, at the option of the 5358 initiating party, by personal service or ordinary mail. 5359

Sec. 4510.54. (A) A Except as provided in division (F) of 5360 this section, a person whose driver's or commercial driver's 5361 license has been suspended for life under a class one suspension 5362 or as otherwise provided by law or has been suspended for a period 5363 in excess of fifteen years under a class two suspension may file a 5364 motion with the sentencing court for modification or termination 5365 of the suspension. The person filing the motion shall demonstrate 5366 all of the following: 5367

| (1) At least fifteen years have elapsed since the suspension | 5368 |
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| began. | 5369 |
| (2) For the past fifteen years, the person has not been found | 5370 |
| guilty of any felony, any offense involving a moving violation | 5371 |
| under federal law, the law of this state, or the law of any of its | 5372 |
| political subdivisions, or any violation of a suspension under | 5373 |
| this chapter or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance. | 5374 |
| (3) The person has proof of financial responsibility, a | 5375 |
| policy of liability insurance in effect that meets the minimum | 5376 |
| standard set forth in section 4509.51 of the Revised Code, or | 5377 |
| proof, to the satisfaction of the registrar of motor vehicles, | 5378 |
| that the person is able to respond in damages in an amount at | 5379 |
| least equal to the minimum amounts specified in that section. | 5380 |
| (4) If the suspension was imposed because the person was | 5381 |
| under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or combination of | 5382 |
| them at the time of the offense or because at the time of the | 5383 |
| offense the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, | 5384 |
| or urine contained at least the concentration of alcohol specified | 5385 |
| in division (A)(1)(b), (c), (d), or (e) of section 4511.19 of the | 5386 |
| Revised Code or at least the concentration of a listed controlled | 5387 |
| substance or a listed metabolite of a controlled substance | 5388 |
| specified in division (A)(1)(j) of section 4511.19 of the Revised | 5389 |
| Code, the person also shall demonstrate all of the following: | 5390 |
| (a) The person successfully completed an alcohol, drug, or | 5391 |
| alcohol and drug treatment program. | 5392 |
| (b) The person has not abused alcohol or other drugs for a | 5393 |
| period satisfactory to the court. | 5394 |
| (c) For the past fifteen years, the person has not been found | 5395 |
| guilty of any alcohol-related or drug-related offense. | 5396 |
| (B) Upon receipt of a motion for modification or termination | 5397 |

| of the suspension under this section, the court may schedule a | 5398 |
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| hearing on the motion. The court may deny the motion without a | 5399 |
| hearing but shall not grant the motion without a hearing. If the | 5400 |
| court denies a motion without a hearing, the court may consider a | 5401 |
| subsequent motion filed under this section by that person. If a | 5402 |
| court denies the motion after a hearing, the court shall not | 5403 |
| consider a subsequent motion for that person. The court shall hear | 5404 |
| only one motion filed by a person under this section. If | 5405 |
| scheduled, the hearing shall be conducted in open court within | 5406 |
| ninety days after the date on which the motion is filed. | 5407 |

- (C) The court shall notify the person whose license was 5408 suspended and the prosecuting attorney of the date, time, and 5409 location of the hearing. Upon receipt of the notice from the 5410 court, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim or the 5411 victim's representative of the date, time, and location of the 5412 hearing.
- (D) At any hearing under this section, the person who seeks 5414 modification or termination of the suspension has the burden to 5415 demonstrate, under oath, that the person meets the requirements of 5416 division (A) of this section. At the hearing, the court shall 5417 afford the offender or the offender's counsel an opportunity to 5418 present oral or written information relevant to the motion. The 5419 court shall afford a similar opportunity to provide relevant 5420 information to the prosecuting attorney and the victim or victim's 5421 representative. 5422

Before ruling on the motion, the court shall take into 5423 account the person's driving record, the nature of the offense 5424 that led to the suspension, and the impact of the offense on any 5425 victim. In addition, if the offender is eligible for modification 5426 or termination of the suspension under division (A)(2) of this 5427 section, the court shall consider whether the person committed any 5428 other offense while under suspension and determine whether the 5429

blood.

| (c) The person has a concentration of ninety-six-thousandths | 5460 |
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| of one per cent or more but less than two hundred four-thousandths | 5461 |
| of one per cent by weight per unit volume of alcohol in the | 5462 |
| person's blood serum or plasma. | 5463 |
| (d) The person has a concentration of eight-hundredths of one | 5464 |
| gram or more but less than seventeen-hundredths of one gram by | 5465 |
| weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of the person's | 5466 |
| breath. | 5467 |
| (e) The person has a concentration of eleven-hundredths of | 5468 |
| one gram or more but less than two hundred | 5469 |
| thirty-eight-thousandths of one gram by weight of alcohol per one | 5470 |
| hundred milliliters of the person's urine. | 5471 |
| (f) The person has a concentration of seventeen-hundredths of | 5472 |
| one per cent or more by weight per unit volume of alcohol in the | 5473 |
| person's whole blood. | 5474 |
| (g) The person has a concentration of two hundred | 5475 |
| four-thousandths of one per cent or more by weight per unit volume | 5476 |
| of alcohol in the person's blood serum or plasma. | 5477 |
| (h) The person has a concentration of seventeen-hundredths of | 5478 |
| one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters | 5479 |
| of the person's breath. | 5480 |
| (i) The person has a concentration of two hundred | 5481 |
| thirty-eight-thousandths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol | 5482 |
| per one hundred milliliters of the person's urine. | 5483 |
| (j) Except as provided in division (K) of this section, the | 5484 |
| person has a concentration of any of the following controlled | 5485 |
| substances or metabolites of a controlled substance in the | 5486 |
| person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, or urine that equals | 5487 |
| or exceeds any of the following: | 5488 |
| (i) The person has a concentration of amphetamine in the | 5489 |

| person's urine of at least five hundred nanograms of amphetamine | 5490 |
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| per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of | 5491 |
| amphetamine in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma | 5492 |
| of at least one hundred nanograms of amphetamine per milliliter of | 5493 |
| the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma. | 5494 |
| | |

- (ii) The person has a concentration of cocaine in the 5495 person's urine of at least one hundred fifty nanograms of cocaine 5496 per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of 5497 cocaine in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at 5498 least fifty nanograms of cocaine per milliliter of the person's 5499 whole blood or blood serum or plasma. 5500
- (iii) The person has a concentration of cocaine metabolite in 5501 the person's urine of at least one hundred fifty nanograms of 5502 cocaine metabolite per milliliter of the person's urine or has a 5503 concentration of cocaine metabolite in the person's whole blood or 5504 blood serum or plasma of at least fifty nanograms of cocaine 5505 metabolite per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood 5506 serum or plasma.
- (iv) The person has a concentration of heroin in the person's 5508 urine of at least two thousand nanograms of heroin per milliliter 5509 of the person's urine or has a concentration of heroin in the 5510 person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least fifty 5511 nanograms of heroin per milliliter of the person's whole blood or 5512 blood serum or plasma.
- (v) The person has a concentration of heroin metabolite 5514
 (6-monoacetyl morphine) in the person's urine of at least ten 5515
 nanograms of heroin metabolite (6-monoacetyl morphine) per 5516
 milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of heroin 5517
 metabolite (6-monoacetyl morphine) in the person's whole blood or 5518
 blood serum or plasma of at least ten nanograms of heroin 5519
 metabolite (6-monoacetyl morphine) per milliliter of the person's 5520

whole blood or blood serum or plasma.

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- (vi) The person has a concentration of L.S.D. in the person's
 urine of at least twenty-five nanograms of L.S.D. per milliliter
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 of the person's urine or a concentration of L.S.D. in the person's
 whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least ten nanograms of
 L.S.D. per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum
 5526
 or plasma.
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- (vii) The person has a concentration of marihuana in the 5528 person's urine of at least ten nanograms of marihuana per 5529 milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of 5530 marihuana in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of 5531 at least two nanograms of marihuana per milliliter of the person's 5532 whole blood or blood serum or plasma. 5533

(viii) Either of the following applies:

- (I) The person is under the influence of alcohol, a drug of 5535 abuse, or a combination of them, and, as measured by gas 5536 chromatography mass spectrometry, the person has a concentration 5537 of marihuana metabolite in the person's urine of at least fifteen 5538 nanograms of marihuana metabolite per milliliter of the person's 5539 urine or has a concentration of marihuana metabolite in the 5540 person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least five 5541 nanograms of marihuana metabolite per milliliter of the person's 5542 whole blood or blood serum or plasma. 5543
- (II) As measured by gas chromatography mass spectrometry, the person has a concentration of marihuana metabolite in the person's 5545 urine of at least thirty-five nanograms of marihuana metabolite 5546 per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of 5547 marihuana metabolite in the person's whole blood or blood serum or 5548 plasma of at least fifty nanograms of marihuana metabolite per 5549 milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma. 5550
 - (ix) The person has a concentration of methamphetamine in the 5551

| person's urine of at least five hundred nanograms of | 5552 |
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| methamphetamine per milliliter of the person's urine or has a | 5553 |
| concentration of methamphetamine in the person's whole blood or | 5554 |
| blood serum or plasma of at least one hundred nanograms of | 5555 |
| methamphetamine per milliliter of the person's whole blood or | 5556 |
| blood serum or plasma. | 5557 |

- (x) The person has a concentration of phencyclidine in the 5558 person's urine of at least twenty-five nanograms of phencyclidine 5559 per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of 5560 phencyclidine in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma 5561 of at least ten nanograms of phencyclidine per milliliter of the 5562 person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma. 5563
- (2) No person who, within twenty years of the conduct 5564 described in division (A)(2)(a) of this section, previously has 5565 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this 5566 division, division (A)(1) or (B) of this section, or a municipal 5567 OVI offense shall do both of the following: 5568
- (a) Operate any vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley 5569 within this state while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of 5570 abuse, or a combination of them; 5571
- (b) Subsequent to being arrested for operating the vehicle, 5572 streetcar, or trackless trolley as described in division (A)(2)(a) 5573 of this section, being asked by a law enforcement officer to 5574 submit to a chemical test or tests under section 4511.191 of the 5575 Revised Code, and being advised by the officer in accordance with 5576 section 4511.192 of the Revised Code of the consequences of the 5577 person's refusal or submission to the test or tests, refuse to 5578 submit to the test or tests. 5579
- (B) No person under twenty-one years of age shall operate any 5580 vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley within this state, if, at 5581 the time of the operation, any of the following apply: 5582

| (1) The person has a concentration of at least two-hundredths | 5583 |
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| of one per cent but less than eight-hundredths of one per cent by | 5584 |
| weight per unit volume of alcohol in the person's whole blood. | 5585 |
| (2) The person has a concentration of at least | 5586 |
| three-hundredths of one per cent but less than | 5587 |
| ninety-six-thousandths of one per cent by weight per unit volume | 5588 |
| of alcohol in the person's blood serum or plasma. | 5589 |
| (3) The person has a concentration of at least two-hundredths | 5590 |
| of one gram but less than eight-hundredths of one gram by weight | 5591 |
| of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of the person's breath. | 5592 |
| (4) The person has a concentration of at least twenty-eight | 5593 |
| one-thousandths of one gram but less than eleven-hundredths of one | 5594 |
| gram by weight of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of the | 5595 |
| person's urine. | 5596 |
| (C) In any proceeding arising out of one incident, a person | 5597 |
| may be charged with a violation of division $(A)(1)(a)$ or $(A)(2)$ | 5598 |
| and a violation of division $(B)(1)$, (2) , or (3) of this section, | 5599 |
| but the person may not be convicted of more than one violation of | 5600 |
| these divisions. | 5601 |
| (D)(1) (a) In any criminal prosecution or juvenile court | 5602 |
| proceeding for a violation of division (A)(1)(a) of this section | 5603 |
| or for an equivalent offense, the result of any test of any blood | 5604 |
| or urine withdrawn and analyzed at any health care provider, as | 5605 |
| defined in section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, may be admitted | 5606 |
| with expert testimony to be considered with any other relevant and | 5607 |
| competent evidence in determining the guilt or innocence of the | 5608 |
| <u>defendant.</u> | 5609 |
| (b) In any criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding | 5610 |
| for a violation of division (A) or (B) of this section or for an | 5611 |
| equivalent offense, the court may admit evidence on the | 5612 |

concentration of alcohol, drugs of abuse, controlled substances,

| metabolites of a controlled substance, or a combination of them in | 5614 |
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| the defendant's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, urine, | 5615 |
| or other bodily substance at the time of the alleged violation as | 5616 |
| shown by chemical analysis of the substance withdrawn within three | 5617 |
| hours of the time of the alleged violation. The three-hour time | 5618 |
| limit specified in this division regarding the admission of | 5619 |
| evidence does not extend or affect the two-hour time limit | 5620 |
| specified in division (A) of section 4511.192 of the Revised Code | 5621 |
| as the maximum period of time during which a person may consent to | 5622 |
| a chemical test or tests as described in that section. The court | 5623 |
| may admit evidence on the concentration of alcohol, drugs of | 5624 |
| abuse, or a combination of them as described in this division when | 5625 |
| | |

When a person submits to a blood, breath, urine, or other 5626 bodily substance test at the request of a law enforcement officer 5627 under section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, only or a blood or 5628 urine sample is obtained pursuant to a search warrant. Only a 5629 physician, a registered nurse, or a qualified technician, chemist, 5630 or phlebotomist shall withdraw a blood sample for the purpose of 5631 determining the alcohol, drug, controlled substance, metabolite of 5632 a controlled substance, or combination content of the whole blood, 5633 blood serum, or blood plasma. This limitation does not apply to 5634 the taking of breath or urine specimens. A person authorized to 5635 withdraw blood under this division may refuse to withdraw blood 5636 under this division, if in that person's opinion, the physical 5637 welfare of the person would be endangered by the withdrawing of 5638 blood. 5639

The bodily substance withdrawn <u>under division (D)(1)(b) of</u>

this section shall be analyzed in accordance with methods approved

by the director of health by an individual possessing a valid

permit issued by the director pursuant to section 3701.143 of the

Revised Code.

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(2) In a criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding

| for a violation of division (A) of this section or for an | 5646 |
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| equivalent offense, if there was at the time the bodily substance | 5647 |
| was withdrawn a concentration of less than the applicable | 5648 |
| concentration of alcohol specified in divisions (A)(1)(b), (c), | 5649 |
| (d), and (e) of this section or less than the applicable | 5650 |
| concentration of a listed controlled substance or a listed | 5651 |
| metabolite of a controlled substance specified for a violation of | 5652 |
| division $(A)(1)(j)$ of this section, that fact may be considered | 5653 |
| with other competent evidence in determining the guilt or | 5654 |
| innocence of the defendant. This division does not limit or affect | 5655 |
| a criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding for a | 5656 |
| violation of division (B) of this section or for an equivalent | 5657 |
| offense that is substantially equivalent to that division. | 5658 |
| official that is substantially equivalent to that division. | |

(3) Upon the request of the person who was tested, the 5659 results of the chemical test shall be made available to the person 5660 or the person's attorney, immediately upon the completion of the 5661 chemical test analysis.

The If the chemical test was obtained pursuant to division 5663 (D)(1)(b) of this section, the person tested may have a physician, 5664 a registered nurse, or a qualified technician, chemist, or 5665 phlebotomist of the person's own choosing administer a chemical 5666 test or tests, at the person's expense, in addition to any 5667 administered at the request of a law enforcement officer. The form 5668 to be read to the person to be tested, as required under section 5669 4511.192 of the Revised Code, shall state that the person may have 5670 an independent test performed at the person's expense. The failure 5671 or inability to obtain an additional chemical test by a person 5672 shall not preclude the admission of evidence relating to the 5673 chemical test or tests taken at the request of a law enforcement 5674 officer. 5675

(4)(a) As used in divisions (D)(4)(b) and (c) of this 5676 section, "national highway traffic safety administration" means 5677

| the national highway traffic safety administration establis | shed as 5678 |
|---|--------------|
| an administration of the United States department of | 5679 |
| transportation under 96 Stat. 2415 (1983), 49 U.S.C.A. 105. | 5680 |

- (b) In any criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding 5681 for a violation of division (A) or (B) of this section, of a 5682 municipal ordinance relating to operating a vehicle while under 5683 the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug 5684 of abuse, or of a municipal ordinance relating to operating a 5685 vehicle with a prohibited concentration of alcohol, a controlled 5686 substance, or a metabolite of a controlled substance in the blood, 5687 breath, or urine, if a law enforcement officer has administered a 5688 field sobriety test to the operator of the vehicle involved in the 5689 violation and if it is shown by clear and convincing evidence that 5690 the officer administered the test in substantial compliance with 5691 the testing standards for any reliable, credible, and generally 5692 accepted field sobriety tests that were in effect at the time the 5693 tests were administered, including, but not limited to, any 5694 testing standards then in effect that were set by the national 5695 highway traffic safety administration, all of the following apply: 5696
- (i) The officer may testify concerning the results of the 5697 field sobriety test so administered. 5698
- (ii) The prosecution may introduce the results of the field 5699sobriety test so administered as evidence in any proceedings in 5700the criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding. 5701
- (iii) If testimony is presented or evidence is introduced

 under division (D)(4)(b)(i) or (ii) of this section and if the

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 testimony or evidence is admissible under the Rules of Evidence,

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 the court shall admit the testimony or evidence and the trier of

 fact shall give it whatever weight the trier of fact considers to

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 be appropriate.
 - (c) Division (D)(4)(b) of this section does not limit or

| preclude a court, in its determination of whether the arrest of a | 5709 |
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| person was supported by probable cause or its determination of any | 5710 |
| | 5711 |
| other matter in a criminal prosecution or juvenile court | 5712 |
| proceeding of a type described in that division, from considering | 5713 |
| evidence or testimony that is not otherwise disallowed by division | 5714 |
| (D)(4)(b) of this section. | 0,11 |
| (E)(1) Subject to division $(E)(3)$ of this section, in any | 5715 |
| criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding for a violation | 5716 |
| of division (A)(1)(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), or (j) | 5717 |
| or $(B)(1)$, (2) , (3) , or (4) of this section or for an equivalent | 5718 |
| offense that is substantially equivalent to any of those | 5719 |
| divisions, a laboratory report from any laboratory personnel | 5720 |
| issued a permit by the department of health authorizing an | 5721 |
| analysis as described in this division that contains an analysis | 5722 |
| of the whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, urine, or other | 5723 |
| bodily substance tested and that contains all of the information | 5724 |
| specified in this division shall be admitted as prima-facie | 5725 |
| evidence of the information and statements that the report | 5726 |
| contains. The laboratory report shall contain all of the | 5727 |
| following: | 5728 |
| (a) The signature, under oath, of any person who performed | 5729 |
| the analysis; | 5730 |
| (b) Any findings as to the identity and quantity of alcohol, | 5731 |
| a drug of abuse, a controlled substance, a metabolite of a | 5732 |
| controlled substance, or a combination of them that was found; | 5733 |
| (c) A copy of a notarized statement by the laboratory | 5734 |
| director or a designee of the director that contains the name of | 5735 |
| each certified analyst or test performer involved with the report, | 5736 |
| the analyst's or test performer's employment relationship with the | 5737 |
| laboratory that issued the report, and a notation that performing | 5738 |

an analysis of the type involved is part of the analyst's or test 5739

performer's regular duties;

- (d) An outline of the analyst's or test performer's 5741 education, training, and experience in performing the type of 5742 analysis involved and a certification that the laboratory 5743 satisfies appropriate quality control standards in general and, in 5744 this particular analysis, under rules of the department of health. 5745
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the 5746 admission of evidence, a report of the type described in division 5747 (E)(1) of this section is not admissible against the defendant to 5748 whom it pertains in any proceeding, other than a preliminary 5749 hearing or a grand jury proceeding, unless the prosecutor has 5750 served a copy of the report on the defendant's attorney or, if the 5751 defendant has no attorney, on the defendant. 5752
- (3) A report of the type described in division (E)(1) of this 5753 section shall not be prima-facie evidence of the contents, 5754 identity, or amount of any substance if, within seven days after 5755 the defendant to whom the report pertains or the defendant's 5756 attorney receives a copy of the report, the defendant or the 5757 defendant's attorney demands the testimony of the person who 5758 signed the report. The judge in the case may extend the seven-day 5759 time limit in the interest of justice. 5760
- (F) Except as otherwise provided in this division, any 5761 physician, registered nurse, or qualified technician, chemist, or 5762 phlebotomist who withdraws blood from a person pursuant to this 5763 section, and any hospital, first-aid station, or clinic at which 5764 blood is withdrawn from a person pursuant to this section, is 5765 immune from criminal liability and civil liability based upon a 5766 claim of assault and battery or any other claim that is not a 5767 claim of malpractice, for any act performed in withdrawing blood 5768 from the person. The immunity provided in this division is not 5769 available to a person who withdraws blood if the person engages in 5770

willful or wanton misconduct.

(G)(1) Whoever violates any provision of divisions (A)(1)(a) 5772 to (i) or (A)(2) of this section is quilty of operating a vehicle 5773 under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination 5774 of them. Whoever violates division (A)(1)(j) of this section is 5775 guilty of operating a vehicle while under the influence of a 5776 listed controlled substance or a listed metabolite of a controlled 5777 substance. The court shall sentence the offender for either 5778 5779 offense under Chapter 2929. of the Revised Code, except as otherwise authorized or required by divisions (G)(1)(a) to (e) of 5780 this section: 5781

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(1)(b), (c), 5782 (d), or (e) of this section, the offender is guilty of a 5783 misdemeanor of the first degree, and the court shall sentence the 5784 offender to all of the following: 5785
- (i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5786 division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (j) of this section, a 5787 mandatory jail term of three consecutive days. As used in this 5788 division, three consecutive days means seventy-two consecutive 5789 hours. The court may sentence an offender to both an intervention 5790 program and a jail term. The court may impose a jail term in 5791 addition to the three-day mandatory jail term or intervention 5792 program. However, in no case shall the cumulative jail term 5793 imposed for the offense exceed six months. 5794

The court may suspend the execution of the three-day jail 5795 term under this division if the court, in lieu of that suspended 5796 term, places the offender under a community control sanction 5797 pursuant to section 2929.25 of the Revised Code and requires the 5798 offender to attend, for three consecutive days, a drivers' 5799 intervention program certified under section 3793.10 of the 5800 Revised Code. The court also may suspend the execution of any part 5801

| of the three-day jail term under this division if it places the | 5802 |
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| offender under a community control sanction pursuant to section | 5803 |
| 2929.25 of the Revised Code for part of the three days, requires | 5804 |
| the offender to attend for the suspended part of the term a | 5805 |
| drivers' intervention program so certified, and sentences the | 5806 |
| offender to a jail term equal to the remainder of the three | 5807 |
| consecutive days that the offender does not spend attending the | 5808 |
| program. The court may require the offender, as a condition of | 5809 |
| community control and in addition to the required attendance at a | 5810 |
| drivers' intervention program, to attend and satisfactorily | 5811 |
| complete any treatment or education programs that comply with the | 5812 |
| minimum standards adopted pursuant to Chapter 3793. of the Revised | 5813 |
| Code by the director of alcohol and drug addiction services that | 5814 |
| the operators of the drivers' intervention program determine that | 5815 |
| the offender should attend and to report periodically to the court | 5816 |
| on the offender's progress in the programs. The court also may | 5817 |
| impose on the offender any other conditions of community control | 5818 |
| that it considers necessary. | 5819 |
| that it constucts necessary. | |

(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5820 division (A)(1)(f), (g), (h), or (i) or division (A)(2) of this 5821 section, except as otherwise provided in this division, a 5822 mandatory jail term of at least three consecutive days and a 5823 requirement that the offender attend, for three consecutive days, 5824 a drivers' intervention program that is certified pursuant to 5825 section 3793.10 of the Revised Code. As used in this division, 5826 three consecutive days means seventy-two consecutive hours. If the 5827 court determines that the offender is not conducive to treatment 5828 in a drivers' intervention program, if the offender refuses to 5829 attend a drivers' intervention program, or if the jail at which 5830 the offender is to serve the jail term imposed can provide a 5831 driver's intervention program, the court shall sentence the 5832 offender to a mandatory jail term of at least six consecutive 5833 days. 5834

The court may require the offender, under a community control 5835 sanction imposed under section 2929.25 of the Revised Code, to 5836 attend and satisfactorily complete any treatment or education 5837 programs that comply with the minimum standards adopted pursuant 5838 to Chapter 3793. of the Revised Code by the director of alcohol 5839 and drug addiction services, in addition to the required 5840 attendance at drivers' intervention program, that the operators of 5841 the drivers' intervention program determine that the offender 5842 should attend and to report periodically to the court on the 5843 offender's progress in the programs. The court also may impose any 5844 other conditions of community control on the offender that it 5845 considers necessary. 5846

- (iii) In all cases, a fine of not less than two hundred fifty 5847 and not more than one thousand dollars; 5848
- (iv) In all cases, a class five license suspension of the 5849 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or 5850 nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in 5851 division (A)(5) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court 5852 may grant limited driving privileges relative to the suspension 5853 under sections 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code. 5854
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(1)(e) of 5855 this section, an offender who, within six years of the offense, 5856 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one 5857 violation of division (A) or (B) of this section or one other 5858 equivalent offense is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 5859 The court shall sentence the offender to all of the following: 5860
- (i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5861 division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (j) of this section, a 5862 mandatory jail term of ten consecutive days. The court shall 5863 impose the ten-day mandatory jail term under this division unless, 5864

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| subject to division (G)(3) of this section, it instead imposes a | 5865 |
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| sentence under that division consisting of both a jail term and a | 5866 |
| term of house arrest with electronic monitoring, with continuous | 5867 |
| alcohol monitoring, or with both electronic monitoring and | 5868 |
| continuous alcohol monitoring. The court may impose a jail term in | 5869 |
| addition to the ten-day mandatory jail term. The cumulative jail | 5870 |
| term imposed for the offense shall not exceed six months. | 5871 |

In addition to the jail term or the term of house arrest with 5872 electronic monitoring or continuous alcohol monitoring or both 5873 types of monitoring and jail term, the court may require the 5874 offender to attend a drivers' intervention program that is 5875 certified pursuant to section 3793.10 of the Revised Code. If the 5876 operator of the program determines that the offender is alcohol 5877 dependent, the program shall notify the court, and, subject to 5878 division (I) of this section, the court shall order the offender 5879 to obtain treatment through an alcohol and drug addiction program 5880 authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised Code. 5881

(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5882 division (A)(1)(f), (g), (h), or (i) or division (A)(2) of this 5883 section, except as otherwise provided in this division, a 5884 mandatory jail term of twenty consecutive days. The court shall 5885 impose the twenty-day mandatory jail term under this division 5886 unless, subject to division (G)(3) of this section, it instead 5887 imposes a sentence under that division consisting of both a jail 5888 term and a term of house arrest with electronic monitoring, with 5889 continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both electronic monitoring 5890 and continuous alcohol monitoring. The court may impose a jail 5891 term in addition to the twenty-day mandatory jail term. The 5892 cumulative jail term imposed for the offense shall not exceed six 5893 months. 5894

In addition to the jail term or the term of house arrest with electronic monitoring or continuous alcohol monitoring or both

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| types of monitoring and jail term, the court may require the | 5897 |
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| offender to attend a driver's intervention program that is | 5898 |
| certified pursuant to section 3793.10 of the Revised Code. If the | 5899 |
| operator of the program determines that the offender is alcohol | 5900 |
| dependent, the program shall notify the court, and, subject to | 5901 |
| division (I) of this section, the court shall order the offender | 5902 |
| to obtain treatment through an alcohol and drug addiction program | 5903 |
| authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised Code. | 5904 |
| (iii) In all cases, notwithstanding the fines set forth in | 5905 |
| Chapter 2929. of the Revised Code, a fine of not less than three | 5906 |
| hundred fifty and not more than one thousand five hundred dollars; | 5907 |
| (iv) In all cases, a class four license suspension of the | 5908 |
| offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, | 5909 |
| temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident | 5910 |
| operating privilege from the range specified in division $(A)(4)$ of | 5911 |
| section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited | 5912 |
| driving privileges relative to the suspension under sections | 5913 |
| 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code. | 5914 |
| (\mathbf{v}) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the | 5915 |
| offender's name, immobilization of the vehicle involved in the | 5916 |
| offense for ninety days in accordance with section 4503.233 of the | 5917 |
| Revised Code and impoundment of the license plates of that vehicle | 5918 |
| for ninety days. | 5919 |
| (c) Except as otherwise provided in division $(G)(1)(e)$ of | 5920 |
| this section, an offender who, within six years of the offense, | 5921 |
| previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two | 5922 |
| violations of division (A) or (B) of this section or other | 5923 |

(i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5926 division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (j) of this section, a 5927

equivalent offenses is guilty of a misdemeanor. The court shall

sentence the offender to all of the following:

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| mandatory jail term of thirty consecutive days. The court shall | 5928 |
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| impose the thirty-day mandatory jail term under this division | 5929 |
| unless, subject to division (G)(3) of this section, it instead | 5930 |
| imposes a sentence under that division consisting of both a jail | 5931 |
| term and a term of house arrest with electronic monitoring, with | 5932 |
| continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both electronic monitoring | 5933 |
| and continuous alcohol monitoring. The court may impose a jail | 5934 |
| term in addition to the thirty-day mandatory jail term. | 5935 |
| Notwithstanding the jail terms set forth in sections 2929.21 to | 5936 |
| 2929.28 of the Revised Code, the additional jail term shall not | 5937 |
| exceed one year, and the cumulative jail term imposed for the | 5938 |
| offense shall not exceed one year. | 5939 |

- (ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5940 division (A)(1)(f), (g), (h), or (i) or division (A)(2) of this 5941 section, a mandatory jail term of sixty consecutive days. The 5942 court shall impose the sixty-day mandatory jail term under this 5943 division unless, subject to division (G)(3) of this section, it 5944 instead imposes a sentence under that division consisting of both 5945 a jail term and a term of house arrest with electronic monitoring, 5946 with continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both electronic 5947 monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring. The court may impose 5948 a jail term in addition to the sixty-day mandatory jail term. 5949 Notwithstanding the jail terms set forth in sections 2929.21 to 5950 2929.28 of the Revised Code, the additional jail term shall not 5951 exceed one year, and the cumulative jail term imposed for the 5952 offense shall not exceed one year. 5953
- (iii) In all cases, notwithstanding the fines set forth in Chapter 2929. of the Revised Code, a fine of not less than five hundred fifty and not more than two thousand five hundred dollars;
- (iv) In all cases, a class three license suspension of the 5957 offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 5958 temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 5959

| operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(3) of | 5960 |
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| section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited | 5961 |
| driving privileges relative to the suspension under sections | 5962 |
| 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code. | 5963 |

- (v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the 5964 offender's name, criminal forfeiture of the vehicle involved in 5965 the offense in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised 5966 Code. Division (G)(6) of this section applies regarding any 5967 vehicle that is subject to an order of criminal forfeiture under 5968 this division.
- (vi) In all cases, participation in an alcohol and drug
 addiction program authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised
 Code, subject to division (I) of this section.
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(1)(e) of 5973 this section, an offender who, within six years of the offense, 5974 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or 5975 four violations of division (A) or (B) of this section or other 5976 equivalent offenses or an offender who, within twenty years of the 5977 offense, previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 5978 five or more violations of that nature is guilty of a felony of 5979 the fourth degree. The court shall sentence the offender to all of 5980 the following: 5981
- (i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5982 division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (j) of this section, a 5983 mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or five years as 5984 required by and in accordance with division (G)(2) of section 5985 2929.13 of the Revised Code if the offender also is convicted of 5986 or also pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 5987 section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code or, in the discretion of the 5988 court, either a mandatory term of local incarceration of sixty 5989 consecutive days in accordance with division (G)(1) of section 5990

5991 2929.13 of the Revised Code or a mandatory prison term of sixty 5992 consecutive days in accordance with division (G)(2) of that 5993 section if the offender is not convicted of and does not plead 5994 guilty to a specification of that type. If the court imposes a 5995 mandatory term of local incarceration, it may impose a jail term 5996 in addition to the sixty-day mandatory term, the cumulative total 5997 of the mandatory term and the jail term for the offense shall not 5998 exceed one year, and, except as provided in division (A)(1) of 5999 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, no prison term is authorized 6000 for the offense. If the court imposes a mandatory prison term, 6001 notwithstanding division (A)(4) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 6002 Code, it also may sentence the offender to a definite prison term 6003 that shall be not less than six months and not more than thirty 6004 months and the prison terms shall be imposed as described in 6005 division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. If the 6006 court imposes a mandatory prison term or mandatory prison term and 6007 additional prison term, in addition to the term or terms so 6008 imposed, the court also may sentence the offender to a community 6009 control sanction for the offense, but the offender shall serve all 6010 of the prison terms so imposed prior to serving the community 6011 control sanction.

(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 6012 division (A)(1)(f), (g), (h), or (i) or division (A)(2) of this 6013 section, a mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or five 6014 years as required by and in accordance with division (G)(2) of 6015 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code if the offender also is 6016 convicted of or also pleads guilty to a specification of the type 6017 described in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code or, in the 6018 discretion of the court, either a mandatory term of local 6019 incarceration of one hundred twenty consecutive days in accordance 6020 with division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code or a 6021 mandatory prison term of one hundred twenty consecutive days in 6022

| accordance with division (G)(2) of that section if the offender is | 6023 |
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| not convicted of and does not plead guilty to a specification of | 6024 |
| that type. If the court imposes a mandatory term of local | 6025 |
| incarceration, it may impose a jail term in addition to the one | 6026 |
| hundred twenty-day mandatory term, the cumulative total of the | 6027 |
| mandatory term and the jail term for the offense shall not exceed | 6028 |
| one year, and, except as provided in division (A)(1) of section | 6029 |
| 2929.13 of the Revised Code, no prison term is authorized for the | 6030 |
| offense. If the court imposes a mandatory prison term, | 6031 |
| notwithstanding division (A)(4) of section 2929.14 of the Revised | 6032 |
| Code, it also may sentence the offender to a definite prison term | 6033 |
| that shall be not less than six months and not more than thirty | 6034 |
| months and the prison terms shall be imposed as described in | 6035 |
| division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. If the | 6036 |
| court imposes a mandatory prison term or mandatory prison term and | 6037 |
| additional prison term, in addition to the term or terms so | 6038 |
| imposed, the court also may sentence the offender to a community | 6039 |
| control sanction for the offense, but the offender shall serve all | 6040 |
| of the prison terms so imposed prior to serving the community | 6041 |
| control sanction. | 6042 |
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- (iii) In all cases, notwithstanding section 2929.18 of the 6043
 Revised Code, a fine of not less than eight hundred nor more than 6044
 ten thousand dollars; 6045
- (iv) In all cases, a class two license suspension of the 6046 offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, 6047 temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident 6048 operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(2) of 6049 section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited 6050 driving privileges relative to the suspension under sections 6051 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code. 6052
- (v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the 6053 offender's name, criminal forfeiture of the vehicle involved in 6054

| the offense in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised | 6055 |
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| Code. Division (G)(6) of this section applies regarding any | 6056 |
| vehicle that is subject to an order of criminal forfeiture under | 6057 |
| this division. | 6058 |

- (vi) In all cases, participation in an alcohol and drugaddiction program authorized by section 3793.02 of the RevisedCode, subject to division (I) of this section.6061
- (vii) In all cases, if the court sentences the offender to a 6062 mandatory term of local incarceration, in addition to the 6063 mandatory term, the court, pursuant to section 2929.17 of the 6064 Revised Code, may impose a term of house arrest with electronic 6065 monitoring. The term shall not commence until after the offender 6066 has served the mandatory term of local incarceration. 6067
- (e) An offender who previously has been convicted of or 6068 pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section that 6069 was a felony, regardless of when the violation and the conviction 6070 or guilty plea occurred, is guilty of a felony of the third 6071 degree. The court shall sentence the offender to all of the 6072 following:
- (i) If the offender is being sentenced for a violation of 6074 division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (j) of this section, a 6075 mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or five years as 6076 required by and in accordance with division (G)(2) of section 6077 2929.13 of the Revised Code if the offender also is convicted of 6078 or also pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 6079 section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code or a mandatory prison term 6080 of sixty consecutive days in accordance with division (G)(2) of 6081 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code if the offender is not 6082 convicted of and does not plead guilty to a specification of that 6083 type. The court may impose a prison term in addition to the 6084 mandatory prison term. The cumulative total of a sixty-day 6085

| mandatory prison term and the additional prison term for the | 6086 |
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| offense shall not exceed five years. In addition to the mandatory | 6087 |
| prison term or mandatory prison term and additional prison term | 6088 |
| the court imposes, the court also may sentence the offender to a | 6089 |
| community control sanction for the offense, but the offender shall | 6090 |
| serve all of the prison terms so imposed prior to serving the | 6091 |
| community control sanction. | 6092 |
| | |
| (ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of | 6093 |

- division (A)(1)(f), (g), (h), or (i) or division (A)(2) of this 6094 section, a mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or five 6095 years as required by and in accordance with division (G)(2) of 6096 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code if the offender also is 6097 convicted of or also pleads guilty to a specification of the type 6098 described in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code or a mandatory 6099 prison term of one hundred twenty consecutive days in accordance 6100 with division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code if the 6101 offender is not convicted of and does not plead guilty to a 6102 specification of that type. The court may impose a prison term in 6103 addition to the mandatory prison term. The cumulative total of a 6104 one hundred twenty-day mandatory prison term and the additional 6105 prison term for the offense shall not exceed five years. In 6106 addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory prison term and 6107 additional prison term the court imposes, the court also may 6108 sentence the offender to a community control sanction for the 6109 offense, but the offender shall serve all of the prison terms so 6110 imposed prior to serving the community control sanction. 6111
- (iii) In all cases, notwithstanding section 2929.18 of the 6112
 Revised Code, a fine of not less than eight hundred nor more than 6113
 ten thousand dollars; 6114
- (iv) In all cases, a class two license suspension of the6115offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident6117

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| operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(2) of | 6118 |
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| section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited | 6119 |
| driving privileges relative to the suspension under sections | 6120 |
| 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code. | 6121 |
| (v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the | 6122 |
| offender's name, criminal forfeiture of the vehicle involved in | 6123 |
| the offense in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised | 6124 |
| Code. Division (G)(6) of this section applies regarding any | 6125 |
| vehicle that is subject to an order of criminal forfeiture under | 6126 |
| this division. | 6127 |
| (vi) In all cases, participation in an alcohol and drug | 6128 |
| addiction program authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised | 6129 |
| Code, subject to division (I) of this section. | 6130 |
| (2) An offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a | 6131 |
| violation of division (A) of this section and who subsequently | 6132 |
| seeks reinstatement of the driver's or occupational driver's | 6133 |
| license or permit or nonresident operating privilege suspended | 6134 |
| under this section as a result of the conviction or guilty plea | 6135 |
| shall pay a reinstatement fee as provided in division (F)(2) of | 6136 |
| section 4511.191 of the Revised Code. | 6137 |
| (3) If an offender is sentenced to a jail term under division | 6138 |
| (G)(1)(b)(i) or (ii) or $(G)(1)(c)(i)$ or (ii) of this section and | 6139 |
| if, within sixty days of sentencing of the offender, the court | 6140 |

issues a written finding on the record that, due to the

unavailability of space at the jail where the offender is required

to serve the term, the offender will not be able to begin serving

this division that includes a term of house arrest with electronic

that term within the sixty-day period following the date of

sentencing, the court may impose an alternative sentence under

monitoring, with continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both

electronic monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring.

| As an alternative to a mandatory jail term of ten consecutive | 6149 |
|--|------|
| days required by division $(G)(1)(b)(i)$ of this section, the court, | 6150 |
| under this division, may sentence the offender to five consecutive | 6151 |
| days in jail and not less than eighteen consecutive days of house | 6152 |
| arrest with electronic monitoring, with continuous alcohol | 6153 |
| monitoring, or with both electronic monitoring and continuous | 6154 |
| alcohol monitoring. The cumulative total of the five consecutive | 6155 |
| days in jail and the period of house arrest with electronic | 6156 |
| monitoring, continuous alcohol monitoring, or both types of | 6157 |
| monitoring shall not exceed six months. The five consecutive days | 6158 |
| in jail do not have to be served prior to or consecutively to the | 6159 |
| period of house arrest. | 6160 |
| | |

As an alternative to the mandatory jail term of twenty 6161 consecutive days required by division (G)(1)(b)(ii) of this 6162 section, the court, under this division, may sentence the offender 6163 to ten consecutive days in jail and not less than thirty-six 6164 consecutive days of house arrest with electronic monitoring, with 6165 continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both electronic monitoring 6166 and continuous alcohol monitoring. The cumulative total of the ten 6167 consecutive days in jail and the period of house arrest with 6168 electronic monitoring, continuous alcohol monitoring, or both 6169 types of monitoring shall not exceed six months. The ten 6170 consecutive days in jail do not have to be served prior to or 6171 consecutively to the period of house arrest. 6172

As an alternative to a mandatory jail term of thirty 6173 consecutive days required by division (G)(1)(c)(i) of this 6174 section, the court, under this division, may sentence the offender 6175 to fifteen consecutive days in jail and not less than fifty-five 6176 consecutive days of house arrest with electronic monitoring, with 6177 continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both electronic monitoring 6178 and continuous alcohol monitoring. The cumulative total of the 6179 fifteen consecutive days in jail and the period of house arrest 6180

| with electronic monitoring, continuous alcohol monitoring, or both | 6181 |
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| types of monitoring shall not exceed one year. The fifteen | 6182 |
| consecutive days in jail do not have to be served prior to or | 6183 |
| consecutively to the period of house arrest. | 6184 |

As an alternative to the mandatory jail term of sixty 6185 consecutive days required by division (G)(1)(c)(ii) of this 6186 section, the court, under this division, may sentence the offender 6187 to thirty consecutive days in jail and not less than one hundred 6188 ten consecutive days of house arrest with electronic monitoring, 6189 with continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both electronic 6190 monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring. The cumulative total 6191 of the thirty consecutive days in jail and the period of house 6192 arrest with electronic monitoring, continuous alcohol monitoring, 6193 or both types of monitoring shall not exceed one year. The thirty 6194 consecutive days in jail do not have to be served prior to or 6195 consecutively to the period of house arrest. 6196

- (4) If an offender's driver's or occupational driver's 6197 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege is suspended 6198 under division (G) of this section and if section 4510.13 of the 6199 Revised Code permits the court to grant limited driving 6200 privileges, the court may grant the limited driving privileges in 6201 accordance with that section. If division (A)(7) of that section 6202 requires that the court impose as a condition of the privileges 6203 that the offender must display on the vehicle that is driven 6204 subject to the privileges restricted license plates that are 6205 issued under section 4503.231 of the Revised Code, except as 6206 provided in division (B) of that section, the court shall impose 6207 that condition as one of the conditions of the limited driving 6208 privileges granted to the offender, except as provided in division 6209 (B) of section 4503.231 of the Revised Code. 6210
- (5) Fines imposed under this section for a violation of 6211 division (A) of this section shall be distributed as follows: 6212

| (a) Twenty-five dollars of the fine imposed under division | 6213 |
|--|------|
| (G)(1)(a)(iii), thirty-five dollars of the fine imposed under | 6214 |
| division (G)(1)(b)(iii), one hundred twenty-three dollars of the | 6215 |
| fine imposed under division (G)(1)(c)(iii), and two hundred ten | 6216 |
| dollars of the fine imposed under division (G)(1)(d)(iii) or | 6217 |
| (e)(iii) of this section shall be paid to an enforcement and | 6218 |
| education fund established by the legislative authority of the law | 6219 |
| enforcement agency in this state that primarily was responsible | 6220 |
| for the arrest of the offender, as determined by the court that | 6221 |
| imposes the fine. The agency shall use this share to pay only | 6222 |
| those costs it incurs in enforcing this section or a municipal OVI | 6223 |
| ordinance and in informing the public of the laws governing the | 6224 |
| operation of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, the | 6225 |
| dangers of the operation of a vehicle under the influence of | 6226 |
| alcohol, and other information relating to the operation of a | 6227 |
| vehicle under the influence of alcohol and the consumption of | 6228 |
| alcoholic beverages. | 6229 |
| | |

(b) Fifty dollars of the fine imposed under division 6230 (G)(1)(a)(iii) of this section shall be paid to the political 6231 subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender during the 6232 offender's term of incarceration. If the offender is being 6233 sentenced for a violation of division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), 6234 (e), or (j) of this section and was confined as a result of the 6235 offense prior to being sentenced for the offense but is not 6236 sentenced to a term of incarceration, the fifty dollars shall be 6237 paid to the political subdivision that paid the cost of housing 6238 the offender during that period of confinement. The political 6239 subdivision shall use the share under this division to pay or 6240 reimburse incarceration or treatment costs it incurs in housing or 6241 providing drug and alcohol treatment to persons who violate this 6242 section or a municipal OVI ordinance, costs of any immobilizing or 6243 disabling device used on the offender's vehicle, and costs of 6244

| electron | ic hou | ıse | arrest | equipment | needed | for | persons | who | violate | 6245 |
|----------|--------|-----|--------|-----------|--------|-----|---------|-----|---------|------|
| this sec | tion. | | | | | | | | | 6246 |

- (c) Twenty-five dollars of the fine imposed under division 6247

 (G)(1)(a)(iii) and fifty dollars of the fine imposed under 6248

 division (G)(1)(b)(iii) of this section shall be deposited into 6249

 the county or municipal indigent drivers' alcohol treatment fund 6250

 under the control of that court, as created by the county or 6251

 municipal corporation under division (N) of section 4511.191 of 6252

 the Revised Code. 6253
- (d) One hundred fifteen dollars of the fine imposed under 6254 division (G)(1)(b)(iii), two hundred seventy-seven dollars of the 6255 fine imposed under division (G)(1)(c)(iii), and four hundred forty 6256 dollars of the fine imposed under division (G)(1)(d)(iii) or 6257 (e)(iii) of this section shall be paid to the political 6258 subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender during the 6259 offender's term of incarceration. The political subdivision shall 6260 use this share to pay or reimburse incarceration or treatment 6261 costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and alcohol treatment 6262 to persons who violate this section or a municipal OVI ordinance, 6263 costs for any immobilizing or disabling device used on the 6264 offender's vehicle, and costs of electronic house arrest equipment 6265 needed for persons who violate this section. 6266
- (e) The balance of the fine imposed under division 6267 (G)(1)(a)(iii), (b)(iii), (c)(iii), (d)(iii), or (e)(iii) of this 6268 section shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law. 6269
- (6) If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an order 6270 of criminal forfeiture under division (G)(1)(c), (d), or (e) of 6271 this section is assigned or transferred and division (B)(2) or (3) 6272 of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to or 6273 independent of any other penalty established by law, the court may 6274 fine the offender the value of the vehicle as determined by 6275

6306

| publications of the national auto dealers association. The | 6276 |
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| proceeds of any fine so imposed shall be distributed in accordance | 6277 |
| with division (C)(2) of that section. | 6278 |
| (7) As used in division (G) of this section, "electronic | 6279 |
| monitoring," "mandatory prison term," and "mandatory term of local | 6280 |
| incarceration" have the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the | 6281 |
| Revised Code. | 6282 |
| (H) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is guilty | 6283 |
| of operating a vehicle after underage alcohol consumption and | 6284 |
| shall be punished as follows: | 6285 |
| (1) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(2) of this | 6286 |
| section, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth | 6287 |
| degree. In addition to any other sanction imposed for the offense, | 6288 |
| the court shall impose a class six suspension of the offender's | 6289 |
| driver's license, commercial driver's license, temporary | 6290 |
| instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating | 6291 |
| privilege from the range specified in division (A)(6) of section | 6292 |
| 4510.02 of the Revised Code. | 6293 |
| (2) If, within one year of the offense, the offender | 6294 |
| previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one or more | 6295 |
| violations of division (A) or (B) of this section or other | 6296 |
| equivalent offenses, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of | 6297 |
| the third degree. In addition to any other sanction imposed for | 6298 |
| the offense, the court shall impose a class four suspension of the | 6299 |
| offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license, | 6300 |
| temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or nonresident | 6301 |
| operating privilege from the range specified in division (A)(4) of | 6302 |
| section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. | 6303 |
| (3) If the offender also is convicted of or also pleads | 6304 |

guilty to a specification of the type described in section

2941.1416 of the Revised Code and if the court imposes a jail term

to prescribe drugs.

| for the violation of division (B) of this section, the court shall | 6307 |
|--|------|
| impose upon the offender an additional definite jail term pursuant | 6308 |
| to division (E) of section 2929.24 of the Revised Code. | 6309 |
| (I)(1) No court shall sentence an offender to an alcohol | 6310 |
| treatment program under this section unless the treatment program | 6311 |
| complies with the minimum standards for alcohol treatment programs | 6312 |
| adopted under Chapter 3793. of the Revised Code by the director of | 6313 |
| alcohol and drug addiction services. | 6314 |
| (2) An offender who stays in a drivers' intervention program | 6315 |
| or in an alcohol treatment program under an order issued under | 6316 |
| this section shall pay the cost of the stay in the program. | 6317 |
| However, if the court determines that an offender who stays in an | 6318 |
| alcohol treatment program under an order issued under this section | 6319 |
| is unable to pay the cost of the stay in the program, the court | 6320 |
| may order that the cost be paid from the court's indigent drivers' | 6321 |
| alcohol treatment fund. | 6322 |
| (J) If a person whose driver's or commercial driver's license | 6323 |
| or permit or nonresident operating privilege is suspended under | 6324 |
| this section files an appeal regarding any aspect of the person's | 6325 |
| trial or sentence, the appeal itself does not stay the operation | 6326 |
| of the suspension. | 6327 |
| (K) Division $(A)(1)(j)$ of this section does not apply to a | 6328 |
| person who operates a vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley | 6329 |
| while the person has a concentration of a listed controlled | 6330 |
| substance or a listed metabolite of a controlled substance in the | 6331 |
| person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, or urine that equals | 6332 |
| or exceeds the amount specified in that division, if both of the | 6333 |
| following apply: | 6334 |
| (1) The person obtained the controlled substance pursuant to | 6335 |
| a prescription issued by a licensed health professional authorized | 6336 |

| (2) The person injected, ingested, or inhaled the controlled | 6338 |
|---|------|
| substance in accordance with the health professional's directions. | 6339 |
| (L) The prohibited concentrations of a controlled substance | 6340 |
| or a metabolite of a controlled substance listed in division | 6341 |
| (A)(1)(j) of this section also apply in a prosecution of a | 6342 |
| violation of division (D) of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code | 6343 |
| in the same manner as if the offender is being prosecuted for a | 6344 |
| prohibited concentration of alcohol. | 6345 |
| (M) All terms defined in section 4510.01 of the Revised Code | 6346 |
| apply to this section. If the meaning of a term defined in section | 6347 |
| 4510.01 of the Revised Code conflicts with the meaning of the same | 6348 |
| term as defined in section 4501.01 or 4511.01 of the Revised Code, | 6349 |
| the term as defined in section 4510.01 of the Revised Code applies | 6350 |
| to this section. | 6351 |
| (N)(1) The Ohio Traffic Rules in effect on January 1, 2004, | 6352 |
| as adopted by the supreme court under authority of section 2937.46 | 6353 |
| of the Revised Code, do not apply to felony violations of this | 6354 |
| section. Subject to division $(N)(2)$ of this section, the Rules of | 6355 |
| Criminal Procedure apply to felony violations of this section. | 6356 |
| (2) If, on or after January 1, 2004, the supreme court | 6357 |
| modifies the Ohio Traffic Rules to provide procedures to govern | 6358 |
| felony violations of this section, the modified rules shall apply | 6359 |
| to felony violations of this section. | 6360 |
| Section 2. That existing sections 2743.51, 2743.56, 2903.06, | 6361 |
| 2903.08, 2903.11, 2909.32, 2909.33, 2909.34, 2923.02, 2929.01, | 6362 |
| 2929.02, 2929.13, 2929.14, 2929.18, 2929.19, 2945.75, 2953.08, | 6363 |
| 4503.233, 4503.234, 4507.02, 4507.08, 4507.164, 4510.10, 4510.13, | 6364 |
| 4510.16, 4510.161, 4510.41, 4510.54, and 4511.19 of the Revised | 6365 |
| Code are hereby repealed. | 6366 |
| code are nereby repeated. | 0300 |

Section 3. That Section 6 of Am. Sub. S.B. 238 of the 126th

| General Assembly be amended to read as follows: | 6368 |
|--|------|
| Sec. 6. (A) There is hereby created the Task Force on | 6369 |
| Implementing the Federal Domestic Violence Option in the Ohio | 6370 |
| Works First Program. The Task Force shall consist of the following | 6371 |
| members: | 6372 |
| (1) Three members of the Senate, to be appointed by the | 6373 |
| President of the Senate, not more than two of whom shall belong to | 6374 |
| the same political party as the President of the Senate; | 6375 |
| (2) Three members of the House of Representatives, to be | 6376 |
| appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, not more | 6377 |
| than two of whom shall belong to the same political party as the | 6378 |
| Speaker of the House of Representatives. | 6379 |
| (3) The Director of Job and Family Services, or the | 6380 |
| Director's designee; | 6381 |
| (4) The following individuals, to be appointed by the | 6382 |
| Governor: | 6383 |
| (a) Two individuals representing the Ohio Empowerment | 6384 |
| Coalition; | 6385 |
| (b) Two individuals representing domestic violence prevention | 6386 |
| organizations; | 6387 |
| (c) One individual who has been a victim of domestic | 6388 |
| violence; | 6389 |
| (d) One individual from a county department of job and family | 6390 |
| services; | 6391 |
| (e) One county prosecuting attorney. | 6392 |
| Initial appointments to the Task Force shall be made not | 6393 |
| later than forty-five days after the effective date of this | 6394 |
| section. Vacancies shall be filled in the manner provided for | 6395 |

Section 5. (A) Section 2903.08 of the Revised Code is

effect prior to the effective date of the section as presented in

this act.

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