## As Passed by the House

## 126th General Assembly Regular Session 2005-2006

Sub. S. B. No. 154

Senators Wachtmann, Armbruster, Goodman, Hottinger, Mumper, Padgett,
Spada, Schuring

Representatives Reidelbach, Peterson, Otterman, Martin, Hoops, Brown, Aslanides, Beatty, Book, Buehrer, Carano, Cassell, Collier, Combs, Distel, Domenick, Driehaus, Evans, C., Fende, Flowers, Garrison, Hartnett, Harwood, Healy, Hughes, Key, Mason, McGregor, J., McGregor, R., Miller, Perry, Sayre, Seitz, Setzer, Smith, G., Stewart, D., Strahorn, Taylor, Wagoner, Williams,

Yuko

## A BILL

То	amend sections 1.64, 1751.01, 2305.113, 2925.02,	1
	2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.12, 2925.14, 2925.23,	2
	2925.36, 3327.10, 3331.02, 3719.06, 3719.81,	3
	4723.481, 4723.50, 4729.01, 4729.51, 4730.01,	4
	4730.02, 4730.03, 4730.05, 4730.06, 4730.07,	5
	4730.10, 4730.11, 4730.12, 4730.16, 4730.18,	6
	4730.19, 4730.21, 4730.22, 4730.25, 4730.26,	7
	4730.27, 4730.28, 4730.31, 4730.32, 4730.33,	8
	4730.34, 4731.141, and 5903.12; to amend, for the	9
	purpose of adopting new section numbers as	10
	indicated in parentheses, sections 4730.11	11
	(4730.12), 4730.12 (4730.14), and 4730.18	12
	(4730.15); to enact new sections 4730.11, 4730.17,	13
	and 4730.18 and sections 4730.08, 4730.081,	14
	4730.09, 4730.091, 4730.13, 4730.20, 4730.38,	15
	4730.39, 4730.40, 4730.401, and 4730.41 to	16
	4730.52; and to repeal sections 4730.15 and	17

Sub. S. B. No. 154	Page 2
As Passed by the House	J
4730.17 of the Revised Code to revise the laws	18
regarding the practice of physician assistants,	19
including the establishment of physician-delegated	20
prescriptive authority, and to modify the	21
authority of advanced practice nurses to furnish	22
supplies of drugs to patients.	23
BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:	
Section 1. That sections 1.64, 1751.01, 2305.113, 2925.02,	24
2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.12, 2925.14, 2925.23, 2925.36, 3327.10,	25
3331.02, 3719.06, 3719.81, 4723.481, 4723.50, 4729.01, 4729.51,	26
4730.01, 4730.02, 4730.03, 4730.05, 4730.06, 4730.07, 4730.10,	27
4730.11, 4730.12, 4730.16, 4730.18, 4730.19, 4730.21, 4730.22,	28
4730.25, 4730.26, 4730.27, 4730.28, 4730.31, 4730.32, 4730.33,	29
4730.34, 4731.141, and 5903.12 be amended; sections 4730.11	30
(4730.12), $4730.12$ $(4730.14)$ , and $4730.18$ $(4730.15)$ be amended for	31
the purpose of adopting new section numbers, as indicated in	32
parentheses; and new sections 4730.11, 4730.17, and 4730.18 and	33
sections 4730.08, 4730.081, 4730.09, 4730.091, 4730.13, 4730.20,	34
4730.38, 4730.39, 4730.40, 4730.401, 4730.41, 4730.42, 4730.43,	35
4730.44, 4730.45, 4730.46, 4730.47, 4730.48, 4730.49, 4730.50,	36
4730.51, and 4730.52 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	37
follows:	38
Sec. 1.64. As used in the Revised Code:	39
(A) "Certified nurse-midwife" means a registered nurse who	40
holds a valid certificate of authority issued under Chapter 4723.	41
of the Revised Code that authorizes the practice of nursing as a	42
certified nurse-midwife in accordance with section 4723.43 of the	43
Revised Code and rules adopted by the board of nursing.	44
(B) "Certified nurse practitioner" means a registered nurse	45

Sub. S. B. No. 154 As Passed by the House	Page 5
(4) Podiatric care or foot care services;	106
(5) Mental health services including psychological services;	107
(6) Short-term outpatient evaluative and crisis-intervention	108
mental health services;	109
(7) Medical or psychological treatment and referral services for alcohol and drug abuse or addiction;	110 111
(8) Home health services;	112
(9) Prescription drug services;	113
(10) Nursing services;	114
(11) Services of a dietitian licensed under Chapter 4759. of	115
the Revised Code;	116
(12) Physical therapy services;	117
(13) Chiropractic services;	118
(14) Any other category of services approved by the	119
superintendent of insurance.	120
(C) "Specialty health care services" means one of the	121
supplemental health care services listed in division (B)(1) to	122
(13) of this section, when provided by a health insuring	123
corporation on an outpatient-only basis and not in combination	124
with other supplemental health care services.	125
(D) "Closed panel plan" means a health care plan that	126
requires enrollees to use participating providers.	127
(E) "Compensation" means remuneration for the provision of	128
health care services, determined on other than a fee-for-service	129
or discounted-fee-for-service basis.	130
(F) "Contractual periodic prepayment" means the formula for	131
determining the premium rate for all subscribers of a health	132
insuring corporation.	133

162

163

in a panel rather than on an individual basis.

(N) "Health insuring corporation" means a corporation, as

defined in division (G) of this section, that, pursuant to a

policy, contract, certificate, or agreement, pays for, reimburses,	164
or provides, delivers, arranges for, or otherwise makes available,	165
basic health care services, supplemental health care services, or	166
specialty health care services, or a combination of basic health	167
care services and either supplemental health care services or	168
specialty health care services, through either an open panel plan	169
or a closed panel plan.	170

"Health insuring corporation" does not include a limited 171 liability company formed pursuant to Chapter 1705. of the Revised 172 Code, an insurer licensed under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code if 173 that insurer offers only open panel plans under which all 174 providers and health care facilities participating receive their 175 compensation directly from the insurer, a corporation formed by or 176 on behalf of a political subdivision or a department, office, or 177 institution of the state, or a public entity formed by or on 178 behalf of a board of county commissioners, a county board of 179 mental retardation and developmental disabilities, an alcohol and 180 drug addiction services board, a board of alcohol, drug addiction, 181 and mental health services, or a community mental health board, as 182 those terms are used in Chapters 340. and 5126. of the Revised 183 Code. Except as provided by division (D) of section 1751.02 of the 184 Revised Code, or as otherwise provided by law, no board, 185 commission, agency, or other entity under the control of a 186 political subdivision may accept insurance risk in providing for 187 health care services. However, nothing in this division shall be 188 construed as prohibiting such entities from purchasing the 189 services of a health insuring corporation or a third-party 190 administrator licensed under Chapter 3959. of the Revised Code. 191

(0) "Intermediary organization" means a health delivery 192 network or other entity that contracts with licensed health 193 insuring corporations or self-insured employers, or both, to 194 provide health care services, and that enters into contractual 195

228

Title XXXIX of the Revised Code, any subsidiary and affiliate of an insurance company, and any government agency.

- (U) "Premium rate" means any set fee regularly paid by a 229 subscriber to a health insuring corporation. A "premium rate" does 230 not include a one-time membership fee, an annual administrative 231 fee, or a nominal access fee, paid to a managed health care system 232 under which the recipient of health care services remains solely 233 responsible for any charges accessed for those services by the 234 provider or health care facility. 235
- (V) "Primary care provider" means a provider that is

  designated by a health insuring corporation to supervise,

  coordinate, or provide initial care or continuing care to an

  enrollee, and that may be required by the health insuring

  corporation to initiate a referral for specialty care and to

  maintain supervision of the health care services rendered to the

  enrollee.
- 243 (W) "Provider" means any natural person or partnership of natural persons who are licensed, certified, accredited, or 244 otherwise authorized in this state to furnish health care 245 services, or any professional association organized under Chapter 246 1785. of the Revised Code, provided that nothing in this chapter 247 or other provisions of law shall be construed to preclude a health 248 insuring corporation, health care practitioner, or organized 249 health care group associated with a health insuring corporation 250 from employing certified nurse practitioners, certified nurse 251 anesthetists, clinical nurse specialists, certified nurse 252 midwives, dietitians, physician physician assistants, dental 253 assistants, dental hygienists, optometric technicians, or other 254 allied health personnel who are licensed, certified, accredited, 255 or otherwise authorized in this state to furnish health care 256 services. 257

agreements.

285

286

(X) "Provider sponsored organization" means a corporation, as	258
defined in division (G) of this section, that is at least eighty	259
per cent owned or controlled by one or more hospitals, as defined	260
in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code, or one or more physicians	261
licensed to practice medicine or surgery or osteopathic medicine	262
and surgery under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any	263
combination of such physicians and hospitals. Such control is	264
presumed to exist if at least eighty per cent of the voting rights	265
or governance rights of a provider sponsored organization are	266
directly or indirectly owned, controlled, or otherwise held by any	267
combination of the physicians and hospitals described in this	268
division.	269
(Y) "Solicitation document" means the written materials	270
provided to prospective subscribers or enrollees, or both, and	271
used for advertising and marketing to induce enrollment in the	272
health care plans of a health insuring corporation.	273
(Z) "Subscriber" means a person who is responsible for making	274
payments to a health insuring corporation for participation in a	275
health care plan, or an enrollee whose employment or other status	276
is the basis of eligibility for enrollment in a health insuring	277
corporation.	278
(AA) "Urgent care services" means those health care services	279
that are appropriately provided for an unforeseen condition of a	280
kind that usually requires medical attention without delay but	281
that does not pose a threat to the life, limb, or permanent health	282
of the injured or ill person, and may include such health care	283
services provided out of the health insuring corporation's	284

sec. 2305.113. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this
section, an action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or
288

approved service area pursuant to indemnity payments or service

reasonable care and diligence, could not have discovered the

injury resulting from the act or omission constituting the alleged	320
basis of the claim within three years after the occurrence of the	321
act or omission, but, in the exercise of reasonable care and	322
diligence, discovers the injury resulting from that act or	323
omission before the expiration of the four-year period specified	324
in division (C)(1) of this section, the person may commence an	325
action upon the claim not later than one year after the person	326
discovers the injury resulting from that act or omission.	327

- (2) If the alleged basis of a medical claim, dental claim, optometric claim, or chiropractic claim is the occurrence of an act or omission that involves a foreign object that is left in the body of the person making the claim, the person may commence an action upon the claim not later than one year after the person discovered the foreign object or not later than one year after the person, with reasonable care and diligence, should have discovered the foreign object.
- (3) A person who commences an action upon a medical claim, dental claim, optometric claim, or chiropractic claim under the circumstances described in division (D)(1) or (2) of this section has the affirmative burden of proving, by clear and convincing evidence, that the person, with reasonable care and diligence, could not have discovered the injury resulting from the act or omission constituting the alleged basis of the claim within the three-year period described in division (D)(1) of this section or within the one-year period described in division (D)(2) of this section, whichever is applicable.
  - (E) As used in this section:
- (1) "Hospital" includes any person, corporation, association, 347 board, or authority that is responsible for the operation of any 348 hospital licensed or registered in the state, including, but not 349 limited to, those that are owned or operated by the state, 350

Page	1	3
------	---	---

political subdivisions, any person, any corporation, or any	351
combination of the state, political subdivisions, persons, and	352
corporations. "Hospital" also includes any person, corporation,	353
association, board, entity, or authority that is responsible for	354
the operation of any clinic that employs a full-time staff of	355
physicians practicing in more than one recognized medical	356
specialty and rendering advice, diagnosis, care, and treatment to	357
individuals. "Hospital" does not include any hospital operated by	358
the government of the United States or any of its branches.	359

- (2) "Physician" means a person who is licensed to practice 360 medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery by the 361 state medical board or a person who otherwise is authorized to 362 practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery 363 in this state.
- (3) "Medical claim" means any claim that is asserted in any 365 civil action against a physician, podiatrist, hospital, home, or 366 residential facility, against any employee or agent of a 367 physician, podiatrist, hospital, home, or residential facility, or 368 against a licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, advanced 369 practice nurse, physical therapist, physician assistant, emergency 370 medical technician-basic, emergency medical 371 technician-intermediate, or emergency medical 372 technician-paramedic, and that arises out of the medical 373 diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person. "Medical claim" 374 includes the following: 375
- (a) Derivative claims for relief that arise from the medical376diagnosis, care, or treatment of a person;377
- (b) Claims that arise out of the medical diagnosis, care, or 378 treatment of any person and to which either of the following 379 applies: 380
  - (i) The claim results from acts or omissions in providing

(13) "Physical therapist" means any person who is licensed to

(14) "Home" has the same meaning as in section 3721.10 of the

practice physical therapy under Chapter 4755. of the Revised Code.

Revised Code.

438

439

440

(15) "Residential facility" means a facility licensed under	442
section 5123.19 of the Revised Code.	443
(16) "Advanced practice nurse" means any certified nurse	444
practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, certified registered	445
nurse anesthetist, or certified nurse-midwife who holds a	446
certificate of authority issued by the board of nursing under	447
Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code.	448
(17) "Licensed practical nurse" means any person who is	449
licensed to practice nursing as a licensed practical nurse by the	450
board of nursing pursuant to Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code.	451
(18) "Physician assistant" means any person who holds a valid	452
certificate of registration or temporary certificate of	453
registration to practice issued pursuant to Chapter 4730. of the	454
Revised Code.	455
(19) "Emergency medical technician-basic," "emergency medical	456
technician-intermediate," and "emergency medical	457
technician-paramedic" means any person who is certified under	458
Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code as an emergency medical	459
technician-basic, emergency medical technician-intermediate, or	460
emergency medical technician-paramedic, whichever is applicable.	461
Sec. 2925.02. (A) No person shall knowingly do any of the	462
following:	463
(1) By force, threat, or deception, administer to another or	464
induce or cause another to use a controlled substance;	465
(2) By any means, administer or furnish to another or induce	466
or cause another to use a controlled substance with purpose to	467
cause serious physical harm to the other person, or with purpose	468
to cause the other person to become drug dependent;	469
(3) By any means, administer or furnish to another or induce	470
or cause another to use a controlled substance, and thereby cause	471

526

527

528

529

530

531

532

533

502 drug involved is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance 503 included in schedule I or II, with the exception of marihuana, 504 corrupting another with drugs is a felony of the second degree, 505 and, subject to division (E) of this section, the court shall 506 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 507 prescribed for a felony of the second degree. If the drug involved 508 is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in 509 schedule I or II, with the exception of marihuana, and if the 510 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, corrupting 511 another with drugs is a felony of the first degree, and, subject 512 to division (E) of this section, the court shall impose as a 513 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 514 felony of the first degree.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 515 drug involved is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance 516 included in schedule III, IV, or V, corrupting another with drugs 517 is a felony of the second degree, and there is a presumption for a 518 prison term for the offense. If the drug involved is any compound, 519 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV, 520 or V and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, 521 corrupting another with drugs is a felony of the second degree, 522 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 523 prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 524
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the drug involved is marihuana, corrupting another with drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. If the drug involved is marihuana and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, corrupting another with drugs is a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

- (D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by 534 division (C) or (E) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 535 2929.14 of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction 536 imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 537 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender 538 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division 539 (A) of this section or the clerk of that court shall do all of the 540 following that are applicable regarding the offender: 541 542
- (1)(a) If the violation is a felony of the first, second, or 542 third degree, the court shall impose upon the offender the 543 mandatory fine specified for the offense under division (B)(1) of 544 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code unless, as specified in that 545 division, the court determines that the offender is indigent. 546
- (b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 547 of the Revised Code, any mandatory fine imposed pursuant to 548 division (D)(1)(a) of this section and any fine imposed for a 549 violation of this section pursuant to division (A) of section 550 2929.18 of the Revised Code shall be paid by the clerk of the 551 court in accordance with and subject to the requirements of, and 552 shall be used as specified in, division (F) of section 2925.03 of 553 the Revised Code. 554
- (c) If a person is charged with any violation of this section 555 that is a felony of the first, second, or third degree, posts 556 bail, and forfeits the bail, the forfeited bail shall be paid by 557 the clerk of the court pursuant to division (D)(1)(b) of this 558 section as if it were a fine imposed for a violation of this 559 section.
- (2) The court shall suspend for not less than six months nor
  more than five years the offender's driver's or commercial
  driver's license or permit. If an offender's driver's or
  commercial driver's license or permit is suspended pursuant to
  561

this division, the offender, at any time after the expiration of	565
two years from the day on which the offender's sentence was	566
imposed or from the day on which the offender finally was released	567
from a prison term under the sentence, whichever is later, may	568
file a motion with the sentencing court requesting termination of	569
the suspension. Upon the filing of the motion and the court's	570
finding of good cause for the termination, the court may terminate	571
the suspension.	572
(3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person , in	573
	F 7 4

- (3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person , in 573 addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of this 574 section, the court immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 575 of the Revised Code. 576
- (E) Notwithstanding the prison term otherwise authorized or 577 required for the offense under division (C) of this section and 578 sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of the Revised Code, if the violation 579 of division (A) of this section involves the sale, offer to sell, 580 or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, with the 581 exception of marihuana, and if the court imposing sentence upon 582 the offender finds that the offender as a result of the violation 583 is a major drug offender and is guilty of a specification of the 584 type described in section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code, the 585 court, in lieu of the prison term that otherwise is authorized or 586 required, shall impose upon the offender the mandatory prison term 587 specified in division (D)(3)(a) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 588 Code and may impose an additional prison term under division 589 (D)(3)(b) of that section. 590
- Sec. 2925.03. (A) No person shall knowingly do any of the 591 following:
  - (1) Sell or offer to sell a controlled substance; 593
  - (2) Prepare for shipment, ship, transport, deliver, prepare 594

is guilty of aggravated trafficking in drugs. The penalty for the

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1)(b), (c),

offense shall be determined as follows:

622

623

- (d), (e), or (f) of this section, aggravated trafficking in drugs
  is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section
  2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to
  impose a prison term on the offender.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1)(c), (d), 629

  (e), or (f) of this section, if the offense was committed in the 630

  vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, aggravated 631

  trafficking in drugs is a felony of the third degree, and division 632

  (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining 633

  whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 634
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 635 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the bulk amount but 636 is less than five times the bulk amount, aggravated trafficking in 637 drugs is a felony of the third degree, and the court shall impose 638 as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for 639 a felony of the third degree. If the amount of the drug involved 640 is within that range and if the offense was committed in the 641 vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, aggravated 642 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second degree, and the 643 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison 644 terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 645
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 646 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five times the bulk 647 amount but is less than fifty times the bulk amount, aggravated 648 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second degree, and the 649 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison 650 terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. If the amount 651 of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 652 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 653 juvenile, aggravated trafficking in drugs is a felony of the first 654 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one 655 of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 656

Page 23

686

687

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	657
fifty times the bulk amount but is less than one hundred times the	658
bulk amount and regardless of whether the offense was committed in	659
the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile,	660
aggravated trafficking in drugs is a felony of the first degree,	661
and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the	662
prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree.	663
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one	664
hundred times the bulk amount and regardless of whether the	665
offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the	666
vicinity of a juvenile, aggravated trafficking in drugs is a	667
felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender,	668
and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum	669
prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may	670
impose an additional prison term prescribed for a major drug	671
offender under division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the	672
Revised Code.	673
(2) If the drug involved in the violation is any compound,	674
mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV,	675
or V, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	676
trafficking in drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be	677
determined as follows:	678
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b), (c),	679
(d), or (e) of this section, trafficking in drugs is a felony of	680
the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the	681
Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison	682
term on the offender.	683
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(c), (d),	684
or (e) of this section, if the offense was committed in the	685

vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking

in drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of

709

710

711

712

713

714

715

716

717

718

section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 690 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the bulk amount but 691 is less than five times the bulk amount, trafficking in drugs is a 692 felony of the fourth degree, and there is a presumption for a 693 prison term for the offense. If the amount of the drug involved is 694 within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity 695 of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in drugs 696 is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for a 697 prison term for the offense. 698
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 699 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five times the bulk 700 amount but is less than fifty times the bulk amount, trafficking 701 in drugs is a felony of the third degree, and there is a 702 presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the amount of 703 the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 704 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 705 juvenile, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second degree, 706 and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 707
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty times the bulk amount, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty times the bulk amount and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree.

743

744

745

## Sub. S. B. No. 154 As Passed by the House

(3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana or a	719
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing marihuana	720
other than hashish, whoever violates division (A) of this section	721
is guilty of trafficking in marihuana. The penalty for the offense	722
shall be determined as follows:	723
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(3)(b), (c),	724
(d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in marihuana is	725
a felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13	726
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	727
prison term on the offender.	728
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(3)(c), (d),	729
(e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was committed in	730
the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile,	731
trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the fourth degree, and	732
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	733
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	734
(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	735
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred grams	736
but is less than one thousand grams, trafficking in marihuana is a	737
felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13	738
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	739
prison term on the offender. If the amount of the drug involved is	740
within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity	741

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 746 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one thousand grams 747 but is less than five thousand grams, trafficking in marihuana is 748 a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 749

of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in

to impose a prison term on the offender.

marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of

section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether

of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a

prison term on the offender. If the amount of the drug involved is

within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity

of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in

marihuana is a felony of the second degree, and there is a

presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for the offense.

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 756 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five thousand grams 757 but is less than twenty thousand grams, trafficking in marihuana 758 is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption that a 759 prison term shall be imposed for the offense. If the amount of the 760 drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 761 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 762 juvenile, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the second 763 degree, and there is a presumption that a prison term shall be 764 imposed for the offense. 765
- (f) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 766 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty thousand 767 grams, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the second degree, 768 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum 769 prison term prescribed for a felony of the second degree. If the 770 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty thousand 771 grams and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school 772 or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in marihuana is a 773 felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 774 mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a 775 felony of the first degree. 776
- (g) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 777 offense involves a gift of twenty grams or less of marihuana, 778 trafficking in marihuana is a minor misdemeanor upon a first 779 offense and a misdemeanor of the third degree upon a subsequent 780 offense. If the offense involves a gift of twenty grams or less of 781

offense.

811

812

marihuana and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a	782
school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in marihuana	783
is a misdemeanor of the third degree.	784
(4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a	785
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing cocaine,	786
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	787
trafficking in cocaine. The penalty for the offense shall be	788
determined as follows:	789
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(b), (c),	790
(d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in cocaine is a	791
felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of	792
the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison	793
term on the offender.	794
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(c), (d),	795
(e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was committed in	796
the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile,	797
trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the fourth degree, and	798
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	799
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	800
(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	801
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five grams but is	802
less than ten grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine or equals	803
or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams of crack cocaine,	804
trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the fourth degree, and there	805
is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the amount	806
of the drug involved is within one of those ranges and if the	807
offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the	808
vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the	809
third degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for the	810

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the

814

815

816

817

818

819

820

821

822

823

824

amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than one hundred grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine or equals or exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams of crack cocaine, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the third degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the third degree. If the amount of the drug involved is within one of those ranges and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree.

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 825 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred grams 826 but is less than five hundred grams of cocaine that is not crack 827 cocaine or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than 828 twenty-five grams of crack cocaine, trafficking in cocaine is a 829 felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a 830 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 831 felony of the second degree. If the amount of the drug involved is 832 within one of those ranges and if the offense was committed in the 833 vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking 834 in cocaine is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall 835 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 836 prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 837
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five
  hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams of cocaine that
  is not crack cocaine or equals or exceeds twenty-five grams but is
  less than one hundred grams of crack cocaine and regardless of
  whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or
  in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in cocaine is a felony
  of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory

  838

  849

  840

  841

prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 846

- (q) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 847 thousand grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine or equals or 848 exceeds one hundred grams of crack cocaine and regardless of 849 whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or 850 in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in cocaine is a felony 851 of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and 852 the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum 853 prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may 854 impose an additional mandatory prison term prescribed for a major 855 drug offender under division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the 856 Revised Code. 857
- (5) If the drug involved in the violation is L.S.D. or a 858 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing L.S.D., 859 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 860 trafficking in L.S.D. The penalty for the offense shall be 861 determined as follows:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(b), (c), 863 (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in L.S.D. is a 864 felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of 865 the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 866 term on the offender.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(c), (d), 868

  (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was committed in 869

  the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, 870

  trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the fourth degree, and 871

  division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 872

  determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 873
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 874 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses but 875

886

887

888

889

890

891

892

893

894

895

896

897

898

876 is less than fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals 877 or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams of L.S.D. in a 878 liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, 879 trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the fourth degree, and there 880 is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the amount 881 of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 882 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 883 juvenile, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the third degree, 884 and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.

- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit doses but is less than two hundred fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds five grams but is less than twenty-five grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the third degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the third degree. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 899 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred fifty 900 unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a 901 solid form or equals or exceeds twenty-five grams but is less than 902 one hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 903 extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in L.S.D. is a 904 felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a 905 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 906 felony of the second degree. If the amount of the drug involved is 907

within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity

of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in

L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose
as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for
a felony of the first degree.

- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 913 thousand unit doses but is less than five thousand unit doses of 914 L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds one hundred grams but 915 is less than five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, 916 liquid extract, or liquid distillate form and regardless of 917 whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or 918 in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony 919 of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory 920 prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the 921 first degree. 922
- (g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 923 thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds 924 five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 925 extract, or liquid distillate form and regardless of whether the 926 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 927 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the 928 first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the court 929 shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum prison term 930 prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may impose an 931 additional mandatory prison term prescribed for a major drug 932 offender under division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the 933 Revised Code. 934
- (6) If the drug involved in the violation is heroin or a 935 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing heroin, 936 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 937 trafficking in heroin. The penalty for the offense shall be 938 determined as follows: 939

<ul><li>(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(b), (c),</li></ul>	940
(d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in heroin is a	941
felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of	942
the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison	943
term on the offender.	944

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(c), (d), 945
  (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was committed in 946
  the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, 947
  trafficking in heroin is a felony of the fourth degree, and 948
  division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 949
  determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 950
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 951 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses but 952 is less than fifty unit doses or equals or exceeds one gram but is 953 less than five grams, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the 954 fourth degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for 955 the offense. If the amount of the drug involved is within that 956 range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school 957 or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in heroin is a 958 felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for a 959 prison term for the offense. 960
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 961 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit doses but 962 is less than one hundred unit doses or equals or exceeds five 963 grams but is less than ten grams, trafficking in heroin is a 964 felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for a 965 prison term for the offense. If the amount of the drug involved is 966 within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity 967 of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in 968 heroin is a felony of the second degree, and there is a 969 presumption for a prison term for the offense. 970

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 971 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred unit 972 doses but is less than five hundred unit doses or equals or 973 exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams, trafficking in 974 heroin is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall 975 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 976 prescribed for a felony of the second degree. If the amount of the 977 drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 978 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 979 juvenile, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the first degree, 980 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 981 prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 982
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 983 hundred unit doses but is less than two thousand five hundred unit 984 doses or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than two 985 hundred fifty grams and regardless of whether the offense was 986 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 987 juvenile, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the first degree, 988 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the 989 prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 990
- (g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two 991 thousand five hundred unit doses or equals or exceeds two hundred 992 fifty grams and regardless of whether the offense was committed in 993 the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, 994 trafficking in heroin is a felony of the first degree, the 995 offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a 996 mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a 997 felony of the first degree and may impose an additional mandatory 998 prison term prescribed for a major drug offender under division 999 (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. 1000
- (7) If the drug involved in the violation is hashish or a 1001 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing hashish, 1002

whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	1003
trafficking in hashish. The penalty for the offense shall be	1004
determined as follows:	1005

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(b), (c), 1006 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, trafficking in hashish is a 1007 felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of 1008 the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 1009 term on the offender.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(c), (d), 1011 (e), or (f) of this section, if the offense was committed in the 1012 vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking 1013 in hashish is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of 1014 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether 1015 to impose a prison term on the offender.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1017 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is 1018 less than fifty grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or 1019 exceeds two grams but is less than ten grams of hashish in a 1020 liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, 1021 trafficking in hashish is a felony of the fourth degree, and 1022 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 1023 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. If 1024 the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the 1025 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 1026 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the 1027 third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised 1028 Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 1029 offender. 1030
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if theamount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty grams but isless than two hundred fifty grams of hashish in a solid form or1033

1034 equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams of 1035 hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 1036 distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the third 1037 degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 1038 applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 1039 offender. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range 1040 and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in 1041 the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in hashish is a felony of 1042 the second degree, and there is a presumption that a prison term 1043 shall be imposed for the offense.

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1044 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred fifty 1045 grams but is less than one thousand grams of hashish in a solid 1046 form or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than two hundred 1047 grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or 1048 liquid distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the 1049 third degree, and there is a presumption that a prison term shall 1050 be imposed for the offense. If the amount of the drug involved is 1051 within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity 1052 of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in 1053 hashish is a felony of the second degree, and there is a 1054 presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for the offense. 1055
- (f) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1056 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one thousand grams 1057 of hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds two hundred grams 1058 of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 1059 distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the second 1060 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the 1061 maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 1062 If the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the 1063 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 1064 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the 1065

1070

1071

1072

1073

1074

1075

1076

1096

1097

first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison

term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first

degree.

- (D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of the Revised Code, and in addition to any other sanction imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section shall do all of the following that are applicable regarding the offender:
- (1) If the violation of division (A) of this section is a 1077 felony of the first, second, or third degree, the court shall 1078 impose upon the offender the mandatory fine specified for the 1079 offense under division (B)(1) of section 2929.18 of the Revised 1080 Code unless, as specified in that division, the court determines 1081 that the offender is indigent. Except as otherwise provided in 1082 division (H)(1) of this section, a mandatory fine or any other 1083 fine imposed for a violation of this section is subject to 1084 division (F) of this section. If a person is charged with a 1085 violation of this section that is a felony of the first, second, 1086 or third degree, posts bail, and forfeits the bail, the clerk of 1087 the court shall pay the forfeited bail pursuant to divisions 1088 (D)(1) and (F) of this section, as if the forfeited bail was a 1089 fine imposed for a violation of this section. If any amount of the 1090 forfeited bail remains after that payment and if a fine is imposed 1091 under division (H)(1) of this section, the clerk of the court 1092 shall pay the remaining amount of the forfeited bail pursuant to 1093 divisions (H)(2) and (3) of this section, as if that remaining 1094 amount was a fine imposed under division (H)(1) of this section. 1095
- (2) The court shall suspend the driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of the offender in accordance with

division (G) of this section.

- (3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person, the 1099 court immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised 1100 Code.
- (E) When a person is charged with the sale of or offer to 1102 sell a bulk amount or a multiple of a bulk amount of a controlled 1103 substance, the jury, or the court trying the accused, shall 1104 determine the amount of the controlled substance involved at the 1105 time of the offense and, if a guilty verdict is returned, shall 1106 return the findings as part of the verdict. In any such case, it 1107 is unnecessary to find and return the exact amount of the 1108 controlled substance involved, and it is sufficient if the finding 1109 and return is to the effect that the amount of the controlled 1110 substance involved is the requisite amount, or that the amount of 1111 the controlled substance involved is less than the requisite 1112 amount. 1113
- (F)(1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 1114 3719.21 of the Revised Code and except as provided in division (H) 1115 of this section, the clerk of the court shall pay any mandatory 1116 fine imposed pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section and any 1117 fine other than a mandatory fine that is imposed for a violation 1118 of this section pursuant to division (A) or (B)(5) of section 1119 2929.18 of the Revised Code to the county, township, municipal 1120 corporation, park district, as created pursuant to section 511.18 1121 or 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or state law enforcement agencies 1122 in this state that primarily were responsible for or involved in 1123 making the arrest of, and in prosecuting, the offender. However, 1124 the clerk shall not pay a mandatory fine so imposed to a law 1125 enforcement agency unless the agency has adopted a written 1126 internal control policy under division (F)(2) of this section that 1127 addresses the use of the fine moneys that it receives. Each agency 1128 shall use the mandatory fines so paid to subsidize the agency's 1129

law enforcement efforts that pertain to drug offenses, in	1130
accordance with the written internal control policy adopted by the	1131
recipient agency under division (F)(2) of this section.	1132

- (2)(a) Prior to receiving any fine moneys under division 1133 (F)(1) of this section or division (B)(5) of section 2925.42 of 1134 the Revised Code, a law enforcement agency shall adopt a written 1135 internal control policy that addresses the agency's use and 1136 disposition of all fine moneys so received and that provides for 1137 the keeping of detailed financial records of the receipts of those 1138 fine moneys, the general types of expenditures made out of those 1139 fine moneys, and the specific amount of each general type of 1140 expenditure. The policy shall not provide for or permit the 1141 identification of any specific expenditure that is made in an 1142 ongoing investigation. All financial records of the receipts of 1143 those fine moneys, the general types of expenditures made out of 1144 those fine moneys, and the specific amount of each general type of 1145 expenditure by an agency are public records open for inspection 1146 under section 149.43 of the Revised Code. Additionally, a written 1147 internal control policy adopted under this division is such a 1148 public record, and the agency that adopted it shall comply with 1149 it. 1150
- (b) Each law enforcement agency that receives in any calendar 1151 year any fine moneys under division (F)(1) of this section or 1152 division (B)(5) of section 2925.42 of the Revised Code shall 1153 prepare a report covering the calendar year that cumulates all of 1154 the information contained in all of the public financial records 1155 kept by the agency pursuant to division (F)(2)(a) of this section 1156 for that calendar year, and shall send a copy of the cumulative 1157 report, no later than the first day of March in the calendar year 1158 following the calendar year covered by the report, to the attorney 1159 general. Each report received by the attorney general is a public 1160 record open for inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised 1161

Code. Not later than the fifteenth day of April in the calendar	1162
year in which the reports are received, the attorney general shall	1163
send to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house	1164
of representatives a written notification that does all of the	1165
following:	1166
(i) Indicates that the attorney general has received from law	1167
enforcement agencies reports of the type described in this	1168
division that cover the previous calendar year and indicates that	1169
the reports were received under this division;	1170
(ii) Indicates that the reports are open for inspection under	1171
section 149.43 of the Revised Code;	1172
(iii) Indicates that the attorney general will provide a copy	1173
of any or all of the reports to the president of the senate or the	1174
speaker of the house of representatives upon request.	1175
(3) As used in division (F) of this section:	1176
(a) "Law enforcement agencies" includes, but is not limited	1177
to, the state board of pharmacy and the office of a prosecutor.	1178
(b) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01	1179
of the Revised Code.	1180
(G) When required under division (D)(2) of this section or	1181
any other provision of this chapter, the court shall suspend for	1182
not less than six months or more than five years the driver's or	1183
commercial driver's license or permit of any person who is	1184
convicted of or pleads guilty to any violation of this section or	1185
any other specified provision of this chapter. If an offender's	1186
driver's or commercial driver's license or permit is suspended	1187
pursuant to this division, the offender, at any time after the	1188
expiration of two years from the day on which the offender's	1189
sentence was imposed or from the day on which the offender finally	1190

was released from a prison term under the sentence, whichever is

later, may file a motion with the sentencing court requesting

termination of the suspension; upon the filing of such a motion

and the court's finding of good cause for the termination, the

court may terminate the suspension.

(H)(1) In addition to any prison term authorized or required 1196 by division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 1197 of the Revised Code, in addition to any other penalty or sanction 1198 imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 1199 2929.18 of the Revised Code, and in addition to the forfeiture of 1200 property in connection with the offense as prescribed in sections 1201 2925.42 to 2925.45 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences 1202 an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of 1203 division (A) of this section may impose upon the offender an 1204 additional fine specified for the offense in division (B)(4) of 1205 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code. A fine imposed under division 1206 (H)(1) of this section is not subject to division (F) of this 1207 section and shall be used solely for the support of one or more 1208 eligible alcohol and drug addiction programs in accordance with 1209 divisions (H)(2) and (3) of this section. 1210

(2) The court that imposes a fine under division (H)(1) of 1211 this section shall specify in the judgment that imposes the fine 1212 one or more eligible alcohol and drug addiction programs for the 1213 support of which the fine money is to be used. No alcohol and drug 1214 addiction program shall receive or use money paid or collected in 1215 satisfaction of a fine imposed under division (H)(1) of this 1216 section unless the program is specified in the judgment that 1217 imposes the fine. No alcohol and drug addiction program shall be 1218 specified in the judgment unless the program is an eligible 1219 alcohol and drug addiction program and, except as otherwise 1220 provided in division (H)(2) of this section, unless the program is 1221 located in the county in which the court that imposes the fine is 1222 located or in a county that is immediately contiguous to the 1223 county in which that court is located. If no eligible alcohol and
drug addiction program is located in any of those counties, the
judgment may specify an eligible alcohol and drug addiction
program that is located anywhere within this state.

1224

1225

1227

- (3) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 1228 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay any fine 1229 imposed under division (H)(1) of this section to the eligible 1230 alcohol and drug addiction program specified pursuant to division 1231 (H)(2) of this section in the judgment. The eligible alcohol and 1232 drug addiction program that receives the fine moneys shall use the 1233 moneys only for the alcohol and drug addiction services identified 1234 in the application for certification under section 3793.06 of the 1235 Revised Code or in the application for a license under section 1236 3793.11 of the Revised Code filed with the department of alcohol 1237 and drug addiction services by the alcohol and drug addiction 1238 program specified in the judgment. 1239
- (4) Each alcohol and drug addiction program that receives in 1240 a calendar year any fine moneys under division (H)(3) of this 1241 section shall file an annual report covering that calendar year 1242 with the court of common pleas and the board of county 1243 commissioners of the county in which the program is located, with 1244 the court of common pleas and the board of county commissioners of 1245 each county from which the program received the moneys if that 1246 county is different from the county in which the program is 1247 located, and with the attorney general. The alcohol and drug 1248 addiction program shall file the report no later than the first 1249 day of March in the calendar year following the calendar year in 1250 which the program received the fine moneys. The report shall 1251 include statistics on the number of persons served by the alcohol 1252 and drug addiction program, identify the types of alcohol and drug 1253 addiction services provided to those persons, and include a 1254 specific accounting of the purposes for which the fine moneys 1255

an anabolic steroid that is expressly intended for administration

through implants to livestock or other nonhuman species and

1284

approved for that purpose under the "Federal Food, Drug, and	1286
Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended,	1287
and is sold, offered for sale, prescribed, dispensed, or	1288
administered for that purpose in accordance with that act;	1289

- (4) Any person who obtained the controlled substance pursuantto a prescription issued by a licensed health professionalauthorized to prescribe drugs.1292
- (C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty 1293 of one of the following:
- (1) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound, 1295 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule I or II, 1296 with the exception of marihuana, cocaine, L.S.D., heroin, and 1297 hashish, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty 1298 of aggravated possession of drugs. The penalty for the offense 1299 shall be determined as follows:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1)(b), (c), 1301 (d), or (e) of this section, aggravated possession of drugs is a 1302 felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of 1303 the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 1304 term on the offender.
- (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the 1306 bulk amount but is less than five times the bulk amount, 1307 aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the third degree, 1308 and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 1309
- (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 1310 times the bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk 1311 amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the second 1312 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one 1313 of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 1314
  - (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 1315

1322

1323

1324

1325

1326

1327

1328

fifty times the bulk amount but is less than one hundred times the

bulk amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the

first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison

term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first

degree.

- (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred times the bulk amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may impose an additional mandatory prison term prescribed for a major drug offender under division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.
- (2) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound, 1329 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV, 1330 or V, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 1331 possession of drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be 1332 determined as follows:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b), (c), 1334 or (d) of this section, possession of drugs is a misdemeanor of 1335 the third degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted 1336 of a drug abuse offense, a misdemeanor of the second degree. If 1337 the drug involved in the violation is an anabolic steroid included 1338 in schedule III and if the offense is a misdemeanor of the third 1339 degree under this division, in lieu of sentencing the offender to 1340 a term of imprisonment in a detention facility, the court may 1341 place the offender under a community control sanction, as defined 1342 in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code, that requires the offender 1343 to perform supervised community service work pursuant to division 1344 (B) of section 2951.02 of the Revised Code. 1345
  - (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the 1346

bulk amount but is less than five times the bulk amount,	1347
possession of drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and division	1348
(C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	1349
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	1350
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five	1351
times the bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk	1352
amount, possession of drugs is a felony of the third degree, and	1353
there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	1354
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	1355
fifty times the bulk amount, possession of drugs is a felony of	1356
the second degree, and the court shall impose upon the offender as	1357
a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a	1358
felony of the second degree.	1359
(3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana or a	1360
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing marihuana	1361
other than hashish, whoever violates division (A) of this section	1362
is guilty of possession of marihuana. The penalty for the offense	1363
shall be determined as follows:	1364
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division $(C)(3)(b)$ , $(c)$ ,	1365
(d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of marihuana is a	1366
minor misdemeanor.	1367
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one	1368
hundred grams but is less than two hundred grams, possession of	1369
marihuana is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	1370
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two	1371
hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams, possession of	1372
marihuana is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of	1373
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether	1374
to impose a prison term on the offender.	1375

(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one

1407

thousand grams but is less than five thousand grams, possession of	1377
marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of	1378
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether	1379
to impose a prison term on the offender.	1380
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five	1381
thousand grams but is less than twenty thousand grams, possession	1382
of marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and there is a	1383
presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for the offense.	1384
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	1385
twenty thousand grams, possession of marihuana is a felony of the	1386
second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison	1387
term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the second	1388
degree.	1389
(4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a	1390
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing cocaine,	1391
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	1392
possession of cocaine. The penalty for the offense shall be	1393
determined as follows:	1394
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(b), (c),	1395
(d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of cocaine is a	1396
felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of	1397
the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison	1398
term on the offender.	1399
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five	1400
grams but is less than twenty-five grams of cocaine that is not	1401
crack cocaine or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five	1402
grams of crack cocaine, possession of cocaine is a felony of the	1403
fourth degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for	1404
the offense.	1405

(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds

twenty-five grams but is less than one hundred grams of cocaine

that is not crack cocaine or equals or exceeds five grams but is	1408
less than ten grams of crack cocaine, possession of cocaine is a	1409
felony of the third degree, and the court shall impose as a	1410
mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a	1411
felony of the third degree.	1412

- (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 1413 hundred grams but is less than five hundred grams of cocaine that 1414 is not crack cocaine or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less 1415 than twenty-five grams of crack cocaine, possession of cocaine is 1416 a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a 1417 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 1418 felony of the second degree.
- (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five
  hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams of cocaine that
  1421
  is not crack cocaine or equals or exceeds twenty-five grams but is
  1422
  less than one hundred grams of crack cocaine, possession of
  1423
  cocaine is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall
  1424
  impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms
  1425
  prescribed for a felony of the first degree.
  1426
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 1427 thousand grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine or equals or 1428 exceeds one hundred grams of crack cocaine, possession of cocaine 1429 is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug 1430 offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term 1431 the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first 1432 degree and may impose an additional mandatory prison term 1433 prescribed for a major drug offender under division (D)(3)(b) of 1434 section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. 1435
- (5) If the drug involved in the violation is L.S.D., whoever 1436 violates division (A) of this section is guilty of possession of 1437 L.S.D. The penalty for the offense shall be determined as follows: 1438

1468

1469

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(b), (c), 1439 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of L.S.D. is a felony 1440 of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the 1441 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 1442 term on the offender. 1443 (b) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds ten 1444 unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid 1445 form or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams of 1446 L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 1447 distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the fourth 1448 degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 1449 applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 1450 offender. 1451 (c) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds fifty 1452 unit doses, but is less than two hundred fifty unit doses of 1453 L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds five grams but is less 1454 than twenty-five grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 1455 extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is a 1456 felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for a 1457 prison term for the offense. 1458 (d) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds two 1459 hundred fifty unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses 1460 of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds twenty-five grams 1461 but is less than one hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid 1462 concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession 1463 of L.S.D. is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall 1464 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 1465 prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 1466

(e) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds one

thousand unit doses but is less than five thousand unit doses of

L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds one hundred grams but

is less than five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate,	1470
liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is	1471
a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a	1472
mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a	1473
felony of the first degree.	1474

- (f) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds five 1475 thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds 1476 five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 1477 extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is a 1478 felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, 1479 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum 1480 prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree and may 1481 impose an additional mandatory prison term prescribed for a major 1482 drug offender under division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the 1483 Revised Code. 1484
- (6) If the drug involved in the violation is heroin or a 1485 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing heroin, 1486 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 1487 possession of heroin. The penalty for the offense shall be 1488 determined as follows:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(b), (c), 1490 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of heroin is a felony 1491 of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the 1492 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 1493 term on the offender.
- (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten 1495 unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses or equals or exceeds 1496 one gram but is less than five grams, possession of heroin is a 1497 felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 1498 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 1499 prison term on the offender.

- (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 1501 fifty unit doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or equals 1502 or exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams, possession of 1503 heroin is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption 1504 for a prison term for the offense.
- (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 1506 hundred unit doses but is less than five hundred unit doses or 1507 equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams, 1508 possession of heroin is a felony of the second degree, and the 1509 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison 1510 terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree. 1511
- (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 1512 hundred unit doses but is less than two thousand five hundred unit 1513 doses or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than two 1514 hundred fifty grams, possession of heroin is a felony of the first 1515 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one 1516 of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 1517
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two 1518 thousand five hundred unit doses or equals or exceeds two hundred 1519 fifty grams, possession of heroin is a felony of the first degree, 1520 the offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose 1521 as a mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for 1522 a felony of the first degree and may impose an additional 1523 mandatory prison term prescribed for a major drug offender under 1524 division (D)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. 1525
- (7) If the drug involved in the violation is hashish or a 1526 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing hashish, 1527 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 1528 possession of hashish. The penalty for the offense shall be 1529 determined as follows:
  - (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(b), (c), 1531

- 1532 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of hashish is a minor 1533 misdemeanor. (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five 1534 grams but is less than ten grams of hashish in a solid form or 1535 equals or exceeds one gram but is less than two grams of hashish 1536 in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate 1537 form, possession of hashish is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 1538 (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten 1539 grams but is less than fifty grams of hashish in a solid form or 1540 equals or exceeds two grams but is less than ten grams of hashish 1541 in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate 1542 form, possession of hashish is a felony of the fifth degree, and 1543 division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 1544 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 1545 (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 1546 fifty grams but is less than two hundred fifty grams of hashish in 1547 a solid form or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty 1548 grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or 1549 liquid distillate form, possession of hashish is a felony of the 1550 third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised 1551 Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 1552 offender. 1553 (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two 1554 hundred fifty grams but is less than one thousand grams of hashish 1555 in a solid form or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than 1556 two hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid 1557 extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish is a 1558 felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption that a 1559 prison term shall be imposed for the offense.
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one 1561 thousand grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds two 1562

hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract,	1563
or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish is a felony of	1564
the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	1565
prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the	1566
second degree.	1567

- (D) Arrest or conviction for a minor misdemeanor violation of this section does not constitute a criminal record and need not be reported by the person so arrested or convicted in response to any inquiries about the person's criminal record, including any 1571 inquiries contained in any application for employment, license, or other right or privilege, or made in connection with the person's 1573 appearance as a witness.
- (E) In addition to any prison term or jail term authorized or 1575 required by division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13, 1576 2929.14, 2929.22, 2929.24, and 2929.25 of the Revised Code and in 1577 addition to any other sanction that is imposed for the offense 1578 under this section, sections 2929.11 to 2929.18, or sections 1579 2929.21 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences 1580 an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of 1581 division (A) of this section shall do all of the following that 1582 are applicable regarding the offender: 1583
- (1)(a) If the violation is a felony of the first, second, or 1584 third degree, the court shall impose upon the offender the 1585 mandatory fine specified for the offense under division (B)(1) of 1586 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code unless, as specified in that 1587 division, the court determines that the offender is indigent. 1588
- (b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 1589 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay a mandatory 1590 fine or other fine imposed for a violation of this section 1591 pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in 1592 accordance with and subject to the requirements of division (F) of 1593

section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. The agency that receives the	1594
fine shall use the fine as specified in division (F) of section	1595
2925.03 of the Revised Code.	1596

- (c) If a person is charged with a violation of this section 1597 that is a felony of the first, second, or third degree, posts 1598 bail, and forfeits the bail, the clerk shall pay the forfeited 1599 bail pursuant to division (E)(1)(b) of this section as if it were 1600 a mandatory fine imposed under division (E)(1)(a) of this section. 1601
- (2) The court shall suspend for not less than six months or 1602 more than five years the offender's driver's or commercial 1603 driver's license or permit.
- (3) If the offender is a professionally licensed person, in 1605 addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of this 1606 section, the court immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 1607 of the Revised Code.
- (F) It is an affirmative defense, as provided in section 1609 2901.05 of the Revised Code, to a charge of a fourth degree felony 1610 violation under this section that the controlled substance that 1611 gave rise to the charge is in an amount, is in a form, is 1612 prepared, compounded, or mixed with substances that are not 1613 controlled substances in a manner, or is possessed under any other 1614 circumstances, that indicate that the substance was possessed 1615 solely for personal use. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of 1616 this section, if, in accordance with section 2901.05 of the 1617 Revised Code, an accused who is charged with a fourth degree 1618 felony violation of division (C)(2), (4), (5), or (6) of this 1619 section sustains the burden of going forward with evidence of and 1620 establishes by a preponderance of the evidence the affirmative 1621 defense described in this division, the accused may be prosecuted 1622 for and may plead guilty to or be convicted of a misdemeanor 1623 violation of division (C)(2) of this section or a fifth degree 1624

offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit. If

the offender is a professionally licensed person, in addition to

1653

1667

1668

1669

1670

1671

1672

1673

1674

1675

1676

1677

1678

1679

1680

1681

1682

1683

1684

substance in violation of this chapter. "Drug paraphernalia"

of the following manners:

methamphetamine;

includes, but is not limited to, any of the following equipment,

products, or materials that are used by the offender, intended by

the offender for use, or designed by the offender for use, in any

(1) A kit for propagating, cultivating, growing, or

or from which a controlled substance can be derived;

species of a plant that is a controlled substance;

harvesting any species of a plant that is a controlled substance

(2) A kit for manufacturing, compounding, converting,

(3) Any object, instrument, or device for manufacturing,

(4) An isomerization device for increasing the potency of any

(6) A scale or balance for weighing or measuring a controlled

(5) Testing equipment for identifying, or analyzing the

strength, effectiveness, or purity of, a controlled substance;

producing, processing, or preparing a controlled substance;

compounding, converting, producing, processing, or preparing

methamphetamine or any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of

Page 56

Sub. S. B. No. 154

(2) The proximity in time or space of the equipment, product,	1715
or material, or of the act relating to the equipment, product, or	1716
material, to a violation of any provision of this chapter;	1717
(3) The proximity of the equipment, product, or material to	1718
any controlled substance;	1719
(4) The existence of any residue of a controlled substance on	1720
the equipment, product, or material;	1721
(5) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of the	1722
owner, or of anyone in control, of the equipment, product, or	1723
material, to deliver it to any person whom the owner or person in	1724
control of the equipment, product, or material knows intends to	1725
use the object to facilitate a violation of any provision of this	1726
chapter. A finding that the owner, or anyone in control, of the	1727
equipment, product, or material, is not guilty of a violation of	1728
any other provision of this chapter does not prevent a finding	1729
that the equipment, product, or material was intended or designed	1730
by the offender for use as drug paraphernalia.	1731
(6) Any oral or written instruction provided with the	1732
equipment, product, or material concerning its use;	1733
(7) Any descriptive material accompanying the equipment,	1734
product, or material and explaining or depicting its use;	1735
(8) National or local advertising concerning the use of the	1736
equipment, product, or material;	1737
(9) The manner and circumstances in which the equipment,	1738
product, or material is displayed for sale;	1739
(10) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of the	1740
sales of the equipment, product, or material to the total sales of	1741
the business enterprise;	1742
(11) The existence and scope of legitimate uses of the	1743
equipment, product, or material in the community;	1744

misdemeanor of the fourth degree.

(12) Expert testimony concerning the use of the equipment,	1745
product, or material.	1746
(C)(1) No person shall knowingly use, or possess with purpose	1747
to use, drug paraphernalia.	1748
(2) No person shall knowingly sell, or possess or manufacture	1749
with purpose to sell, drug paraphernalia, if the person knows or	1750
reasonably should know that the equipment, product, or material	1751
will be used as drug paraphernalia.	1752
(3) No person shall place an advertisement in any newspaper,	1753
magazine, handbill, or other publication that is published and	1754
printed and circulates primarily within this state, if the person	1755
knows that the purpose of the advertisement is to promote the	1756
illegal sale in this state of the equipment, product, or material	1757
that the offender intended or designed for use as drug	1758
paraphernalia.	1759
(D) This section does not apply to manufacturers, licensed	1760
health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs, pharmacists,	1761
owners of pharmacies, and other persons whose conduct is in	1762
accordance with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4729., <u>4730.,</u> 4731.,	1763
and 4741. of the Revised Code. This section shall not be construed	1764
to prohibit the possession or use of a hypodermic as authorized by	1765
section 3719.172 of the Revised Code.	1766
(E) Notwithstanding sections 2933.42 and 2933.43 of the	1767
Revised Code, any drug paraphernalia that was used, possessed,	1768
sold, or manufactured in a violation of this section shall be	1769
seized, after a conviction for that violation shall be forfeited,	1770
and upon forfeiture shall be disposed of pursuant to division	1771
(D)(8) of section 2933.41 of the Revised Code.	1772
(F)(1) Whoever violates division $(C)(1)$ of this section is	1773
guilty of illegal use or possession of drug paraphernalia, a	1774

(2) Except as provided in division (F)(3) of this section,	1776
whoever violates division (C)(2) of this section is guilty of	1777
dealing in drug paraphernalia, a misdemeanor of the second degree.	1778
(3) Whoever violates division (C)(2) of this section by	1779
selling drug paraphernalia to a juvenile is guilty of selling drug	1780
paraphernalia to juveniles, a misdemeanor of the first degree.	1781
(4) Whoever violates division (C)(3) of this section is	1782
guilty of illegal advertising of drug paraphernalia, a misdemeanor	1783
of the second degree.	1784
(G) In addition to any other sanction imposed upon an	1785
offender for a violation of this section, the court shall suspend	1786
for not less than six months or more than five years the	1787
offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit. If	1788
the offender is a professionally licensed person, in addition to	1789
any other sanction imposed for a violation of this section, the	1790
court immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 of the Revised	1791
Code.	1792
Sec. 2925.23. (A) No person shall knowingly make a false	1793
statement in any prescription, order, report, or record required	1794
by Chapter 3719. or 4729. of the Revised Code.	1795
(B) No person shall intentionally make, utter, or sell, or	1796
knowingly possess any of the following that is a false or forged:	1797
(1) Prescription;	1798
(2) Uncompleted preprinted prescription blank used for	1799
writing a prescription;	1800
(3) Official written order;	1801
(4) License for a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs as	1802
required in section 4729.60 of the Revised Code;	1803
(5) Registration certificate for a wholesale distributor of	1804

1842

1843

1844

1845

1846

1847

1848

1849

1850

1851

1852

1853

1854

shall be determined as follows:

- (1) If the drug involved is a compound, mixture, preparation,
  or substance included in schedule I or II, with the exception of
  marihuana, illegal processing of drug documents is a felony of the
  fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised
  Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the
  offender.

  1841
- (2) If the drug involved is a dangerous drug or a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV, or V or is marihuana, illegal processing of drug documents is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.
- (G) In addition to any prison term authorized or required by division (F) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to any violation of divisions (A) to (D) of this section shall do both of the following:
- (1) The court shall suspend for not less than six months or 1855 more than five years the offender's driver's or commercial 1856 driver's license or permit.
- (2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person, in 1858 addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of this 1859 section, the court immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 1860 of the Revised Code.
- (H) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 1862 of the Revised Code, the clerk of court shall pay a fine imposed 1863 for a violation of this section pursuant to division (A) of 1864 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in accordance with and subject 1865

(3) If the drug involved in the offense is a dangerous drug

offender as a result of the violation is a major drug offender and

is guilty of a specification of the type described in section

1925

2941.1410 of the Revised Code, the court, in lieu of the prison	1927
term otherwise authorized or required, shall impose upon the	1928
offender the mandatory prison term specified in division (D)(3)(a)	1929
of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code and may impose an	1930
additional prison term under division (D)(3)(b) of that section.	1931

(F) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3719.21 1932 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay a fine 1933 imposed for a violation of this section pursuant to division (A) 1934 of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in accordance with and 1935 subject to the requirements of division (F) of section 2925.03 of 1936 the Revised Code. The agency that receives the fine shall use the 1937 fine as specified in division (F) of section 2925.03 of the 1938 Revised Code. 1939

Sec. 3327.10. (A) No person shall be employed as driver of a 1940 school bus or motor van, owned and operated by any school district 1941 or educational service center or privately owned and operated 1942 under contract with any school district or service center in this 1943 state, who has not received a certificate from the educational 1944 service center governing board in case such person is employed by 1945 a service center or by a local school district under the 1946 supervision of the service center governing board, or by the 1947 superintendent of schools, in case such person is employed by the 1948 board of a city or exempted village school district, certifying 1949 that such person is at least eighteen years of age and is of good 1950 moral character and is qualified physically and otherwise for such 1951 position. The service center governing board or the 1952 superintendent, as the case may be, shall provide for an annual 1953 physical examination that conforms with rules adopted by the state 1954 board of education of each driver to ascertain the driver's 1955 physical fitness for such employment. Any certificate may be 1956 revoked by the authority granting the same on proof that the 1957

(C) Any person who drives a school bus or motor van must give

(1) The written pledge or promise of the person, partnership,

or corporation to legally employ the child, and for this purpose

2016

work performed by a minor, directly and exclusively for the	2018
benefit of such minor's parent, in the farm home or on the farm of	2019
-	2020
such parent is legal employment, irrespective of any contract of	2021
employment, or the absence thereof, to permit the child to attend	2022
school as provided in section 3321.08 of the Revised Code, and	2023
give notice of the nonuse of an age and schooling certificate	2024
within five days from the date of the child's withdrawal or	2025
dismissal from the service of that person, partnership, or	2025
corporation, giving the reasons for such withdrawal or dismissal;	2020

- (2) The child's school record or notification. As used in 2027 this division, a "school record" means documents properly filled 2028 out and signed by the person in charge of the school which the 2029 child last attended, giving the recorded age of the child, the 2030 child's address, standing in studies, rating in conduct, and 2031 attendance in days during the school year of the child's last 2032 attendance; "notification" means the information submitted to the 2033 superintendent by the parent of a child excused from attendance at 2034 school pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 3321.04 of the 2035 Revised Code, as the notification is required by rules adopted by 2036 the department of education. 2037
  - (3) Evidence of the age of the child as follows:
- (a) A certified copy of an original birth record or a 2039 certification of birth, issued in accordance with Chapter 3705. of 2040 the Revised Code, or by an officer charged with the duty of 2041 recording births in another state or country, shall be conclusive 2042 evidence of the age of the child; 2043
- (b) In the absence of such birth record or certification of 2044 birth, a passport, or duly attested transcript thereof, showing 2045 the date and place of birth of the child, filed with a register of 2046 passports at a port of entry of the United States; or an attested 2047 transcript of the certificate of birth or baptism or other 2048

2049 religious record, showing the date and place of birth of the 2050 child, shall be conclusive evidence of the age of the child; (c) In case none of the above proofs of age can be produced, 2051 other documentary evidence, except the affidavit of the parent, 2052 guardian, or custodian, satisfactory to the superintendent or 2053 chief administrative officer may be accepted in lieu thereof; 2054 (d) In case no documentary proof of age can be procured, the 2055 superintendent or chief administrative officer may receive and 2056 file an application signed by the parent, guardian, or custodian 2057 of the child that a medical certificate be secured to establish 2058 the sufficiency of the age of the child, which application shall 2059 state the alleged age of the child, the place and date of birth, 2060 the child's present residence, and such further facts as may be of 2061 assistance in determining the age of the child, and shall certify 2062 that the person signing the application is unable to obtain any of 2063 the documentary proofs specified in divisions (A)(3)(a), (b), and 2064 (c) of this section; and if the superintendent or chief 2065 administrative officer is satisfied that a reasonable effort to 2066 procure such documentary proof has been without success such 2067 2068 application shall be granted and the certificate of the school physician or if there be none, of a physician, a physician 2069 assistant, a clinical nurse specialist, or a certified nurse 2070 practitioner employed by the board of education, that said 2071 physician, physician assistant, clinical nurse specialist, or 2072 certified nurse practitioner is satisfied that the child is above 2073 the age required for an age and schooling certificate as stated in 2074 section 3331.01 of the Revised Code, shall be accepted as 2075 sufficient evidence of age; 2076

(4) A certificate, including an athletic certificate of 2077 examination, from a physician licensed pursuant to Chapter 4731. 2078 of the Revised Code, a physician assistant licensed pursuant to 2079 Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code, a physician assistant, a 2080

clinical nurse specialist, or a certified nurse practitioner, or 2081 from the district health commissioner, showing after a thorough 2082 examination that the child is physically fit to be employed in 2083 such occupations as are not prohibited by law for a boy or girl, 2084 as the case may be, under eighteen years of age; but a certificate 2085 with "limited" written, printed, marked, or stamped thereon may be 2086 furnished by such physician, physician assistant, clinical nurse 2087 specialist, or certified nurse practitioner and accepted by the 2088 superintendent or chief administrative officer in issuing a 2089 "limited" age and schooling certificate provided in section 2090 3331.06 of the Revised Code, showing that the child is physically 2091 fit to be employed in some particular occupation not prohibited by 2092 law for a boy or girl of such child's age, as the case may be, 2093 even if the child's complete physical ability to engage in such 2094 occupation cannot be vouched for. 2095

- (B)(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2) of this section, 2096 a physical fitness certificate described in division (A)(4) of 2097 this section is valid for purposes of that division while the 2098 child remains employed in job duties of a similar nature as the 2099 job duties for which the child last was issued an age and 2100 schooling certificate. The superintendent or chief administrative 2101 officer who issues an age and schooling certificate shall 2102 determine whether job duties are similar for purposes of this 2103 division. 2104
- (2) A "limited" physical fitness certificate described in 2105 division (A)(4) of this section is valid for one year. 2106
- (C) The superintendent of schools or the chief administrative 2107 officer shall require a child who resides out of this state to 2108 file all the information required under division (A) of this 2109 section. The superintendent of schools or the chief administrative 2110 officer shall evaluate the information filed and determine whether 2111 to issue the age and schooling certificate using the same 2112

Sec. 4723.50. (A) In accordance with Chapter 119. of the

Revised Code, the board of nursing shall adopt rules as necessary

2261

2262

to implement the provisions of this chapter pertaining to the	2263
authority of clinical nurse specialists, certified nurse-midwives,	2264
and certified nurse practitioners to prescribe drugs and	2265
therapeutic devices and the issuance and renewal of certificates	2266
to prescribe. Initial rules shall be adopted not later than twenty	2267
months after the effective date of this section.	2268

The board shall adopt rules that are consistent with the 2269 recommendations the board receives from the committee on 2270 prescriptive governance pursuant to section 4723.492 of the 2271 Revised Code. After reviewing a recommendation submitted by the 2272 committee, the board may either adopt the recommendation as a rule 2273 or ask the committee to reconsider and resubmit the 2274 recommendation. The board shall not adopt any rule that does not 2275 conform to a recommendation made by the committee. 2276

- (B) The board shall adopt rules under this section that do 2277 the following: 2278
- (1) Establish a formulary listing the types of drugs and
  therapeutic devices that may be prescribed by a clinical nurse
  specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse

  2281
  practitioner. The formulary may include controlled substances, as
  defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code. The formulary

  2283
  shall not permit the prescribing of any drug or device to perform
  2284
  or induce an abortion.
- (2) Establish safety standards to be followed by a nurse when
  personally furnishing to patients complete or partial supplies of
  antibiotics, antifungals, scabicides, contraceptives, and prenatal
  vitamins, antihypertensives, drugs and devices used in the
  treatment of diabetes, drugs and devices used in the treatment of
  asthma, and drugs used in the treatment of dyslipidemia.

  2286

  2287

  2288

  2288

  2289
- (3) Establish criteria for the components of the standard 2292 care arrangements described in section 4723.431 of the Revised 2293

(a) Under the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52	2412
Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, the drug is	2413
required to bear a label containing the legend "Caution: Federal	2414
law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "Caution:	2415
Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a	2416
licensed veterinarian" or any similar restrictive statement, or	2417
the drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription;	2418
(b) Under Chapter 3715. or 3719. of the Revised Code, the	2419
drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription.	2420
(2) Any drug that contains a schedule V controlled substance	2421
and that is exempt from Chapter 3719. of the Revised Code or to	2422
which that chapter does not apply;	2423
(3) Any drug intended for administration by injection into	2424
the human body other than through a natural orifice of the human	2425
body.	2426
(G) "Federal drug abuse control laws" has the same meaning as	2427
in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	2428
(H) "Prescription" means a written, electronic, or oral order	2429
for drugs or combinations or mixtures of drugs to be used by a	2430
particular individual or for treating a particular animal, issued	2431
by a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs.	2432
(I) "Licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	2433
drugs" or "prescriber" means an individual who is authorized by	2434
law to prescribe drugs or dangerous drugs or drug therapy related	2435
devices in the course of the individual's professional practice,	2436
including only the following:	2437
(1) A dentist licensed under Chapter 4715. of the Revised	2438
Code;	2439
(2) A clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or	2440

certified nurse practitioner who holds a certificate to prescribe

(2) The established (generic) name of the drug product; 2471 (3) The strength of the drug product if the product contains 2472 a single active ingredient or if the drug product contains more 2473 than one active ingredient and a relevant strength can be 2474 associated with the product without indicating each active 2475 ingredient. The established name and quantity of each active 2476 ingredient are required if such a relevant strength cannot be so 2477 associated with a drug product containing more than one 2478 ingredient. 2479 (4) The dosage form; 2480 (5) The price charged for a specific quantity of the drug 2481 product. The stated price shall include all charges to the 2482 consumer, including, but not limited to, the cost of the drug 2483 product, professional fees, handling fees, if any, and a statement 2484 identifying professional services routinely furnished by the 2485 pharmacy. Any mailing fees and delivery fees may be stated 2486 separately without repetition. The information shall not be false 2487 or misleading. 2488 (0) "Wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs" means a person 2489 engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs at wholesale and includes 2490 any agent or employee of such a person authorized by the person to 2491 engage in the sale of dangerous drugs at wholesale. 2492 (P) "Manufacturer of dangerous drugs" means a person, other 2493 than a pharmacist, who manufactures dangerous drugs and who is 2494 engaged in the sale of those dangerous drugs within this state. 2495 (Q) "Terminal distributor of dangerous drugs" means a person 2496 who is engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs at retail, or any 2497 person, other than a wholesale distributor or a pharmacist, who 2498 has possession, custody, or control of dangerous drugs for any 2499 purpose other than for that person's own use and consumption, and 2500

includes pharmacies, hospitals, nursing homes, and laboratories

(2) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs having	2532
more than one establishment or place may transfer or deliver	2533
dangerous drugs from one establishment or place for which a	2534
license has been issued to the terminal distributor to another	2535
establishment or place for which a license has been issued to the	2536
terminal distributor if the license issued for each establishment	2537
or place is in effect at the time of the transfer or delivery.	2538
(B)(1) No registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs	2539
shall possess for sale, or sell, at wholesale, dangerous drugs to	2540
any person other than the following:	2541
(a) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	2542
drugs;	2543
(b) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the	2544
Revised Code who holds a topical ocular pharmaceutical agents	2545
certificate;	2546
(c) A registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs;	2547
(d) A manufacturer of dangerous drugs;	2548
(e) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs,	2549
subject to division (B)(2) of this section;	2550
(f) Carriers or warehousers for the purpose of carriage or	2551
storage;	2552
(g) Terminal or wholesale distributors of dangerous drugs who	2553
are not engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs within this state;	2554
(h) An individual who holds a current license, certificate,	2555
or registration issued under Title 47 of the Revised Code and has	2556
been certified to conduct diabetes education by a national	2557
certifying body specified in rules adopted by the state board of	2558
pharmacy under section 4729.68 of the Revised Code, but only with	2559
respect to insulin that will be used for the purpose of diabetes	2560
education and only if diabetes education is within the	2561

- with section 4729.60 of the Revised Code.

  (C)(1) Except as provided in division (C)(4) of this section,

  2588
  no person shall sell, at retail, dangerous drugs.

  2589
- (2) Except as provided in division (C)(4) of this section, no 2590 person shall possess for sale, at retail, dangerous drugs. 2591

except as follows:

2621

2622

(3) Except as provided in division $(C)(4)$ of this section, no	2592
person shall possess dangerous drugs.	2593
(4) Divisions $(C)(1)$ , $(2)$ , and $(3)$ of this section do not	2594
apply to a registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs, a	2595
licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, or a person who	2596
possesses, or possesses for sale or sells, at retail, a dangerous	2597
drug in accordance with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4725.,	2598
4729., <u>4730.</u> , 4731., and 4741. of the Revised Code.	2599
Divisions $(C)(1)$ , $(2)$ , and $(3)$ of this section do not apply	2600
to an individual who holds a current license, certificate, or	2601
registration issued under Title XLVII of the Revised Code and has	2602
been certified to conduct diabetes education by a national	2603
certifying body specified in rules adopted by the state board of	2604
pharmacy under section 4729.68 of the Revised Code, but only to	2605
the extent that the individual possesses insulin or personally	2606
supplies insulin solely for the purpose of diabetes education and	2607
only if diabetes education is within the individual's scope of	2608
practice under statutes and rules regulating the individual's	2609
profession.	2610
Divisions $(C)(1)$ , $(2)$ , and $(3)$ of this section do not apply	2611
to an individual who holds a valid certificate issued by a	2612
nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying organization	2613
approved by the pharmacy board in rule, but only to the extent	2614
that the individual possesses medical oxygen or personally	2615
supplies medical oxygen for the purpose of emergency care or	2616
treatment at the scene of a diving emergency.	2617
(D) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall	2618
purchase for the purpose of resale dangerous drugs from any person	2619
other than a registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs,	2620

(1) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs may

(D) No person shall practice as a physician assistant without	2682
having entered into a supervision agreement that has been approved	2683
by the state medical board.	2684
(E) No person acting as the supervising physician of a	2685
<u>physician assistant</u> shall authorize <del>a</del> <u>the</u> physician assistant to	2686
perform services <del>as a physician assistant in a manner that</del> <u>if</u>	2687
either of the following is the case:	2688
(1) The services are not within the physician's normal course	2689
of practice and expertise;	2690
(2) The services are inconsistent with the standard or	2691
supplemental physician assistant utilization supervisory plan	2692
under approved by the state medical board for the supervising	2693
physician or the policies of the health care facility in which	2694
that the physician and physician assistant practices are	2695
practicing.	2696
(F) No person shall practice as a physician assistant in a	2697
manner that is inconsistent with the standard or supplemental	2698
physician <del>assistant utilization</del> supervisory plan approved for the	2699
physician who is responsible for supervising the physician	2700
assistant or the policies of the health care facility in which the	2701
physician assistant is practicing.	2702
(G) No person practicing as a physician assistant shall	2703
prescribe any drug or device to perform or induce an abortion, or	2704
otherwise perform or induce an abortion.	2705
(H) No physician assistant may person shall advertise to	2706
provide services as a physician assistant, except for the purpose	2707
of seeking employment.	2708
$\frac{(H)}{(I)}$ No person practicing as a physician assistant shall	2709
fail to wear at all times when on duty a placard, plate, or other	2710
device identifying <del>himself or herself</del> that person as a "physician	2711

Sub. S. B. No. 154 As Passed by the House	Page 90
assistant."	2712
Sec. 4730.03. Nothing in this chapter shall:	2713
(A) Be construed to affect or interfere with the performance	2714
of duties of any medical personnel in active service in the army,	2715
navy, coast guard, marine corps, air force, public health service,	2716
or marine hospital service of the United States while so serving;	2717
(B) Prevent any person from performing any of the services a	2718
physician assistant may be authorized to perform, if the person's	2719
professional scope of practice established under any other chapter	2720
of the Revised Code authorizes the person to perform the services;	2721
(C) Prohibit a physician from delegating responsibilities to	2722
any nurse or other qualified person $\underline{\text{who does}}$ not $\underline{\text{registered}}$ $\underline{\text{hold a}}$	2723
<pre>certificate to practice as a physician assistant, provided such an</pre>	2724
that the individual does not hold himself or herself the	2725
<pre>individual out to be a physician assistant;</pre>	2726
(D) Be construed as authorizing a physician assistant	2727
independently to order or direct the execution of procedures or	2728
techniques by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse in	2729
the care and treatment of a person in any setting, except to the	2730
extent that the physician assistant is authorized to do so by the	2731
physician supervisory plan approved under section 4730.17 of the	2732
Revised Code for the physician who is responsible for supervising	2733
the physician assistant or the policies of the health care	2734
facility in which the physician assistant is practicing;	2735
(E) Authorize a physician assistant to administer, monitor,	2736
or maintain an anesthetic, except for the administration of a	2737
regional anesthetic, such as a "digital block," that is	2738
administered in connection with the care and suturing of minor	2739
<del>lacerations;</del>	2740
(F) Authorize a physician assistant to engage in the practice	2741

physician. Three

2772

of optometry, except to the extent that the physician assistant is	2742
authorized by a supervising physician <del>through a physician</del>	2743
assistant utilization plan approved by the state medical board	2744
under section 4730.18 of the Revised Code acting in accordance	2745
with this chapter to perform routine visual screening, provide	2746
medical care prior to or following eye surgery, or assist in the	2747
care of diseases of the eye;	2748
(F) Be construed as authorizing a physician assistant to	2749
prescribe any drug or device to perform or induce an abortion, or	2750
as otherwise authorizing a physician assistant to perform or	2751
induce an abortion.	2752
Sec. 4730.05. (A) There is hereby created the physician	2753
assistant policy committee of the state medical board, consisting.	2754
The president of the board shall appoint the members of the	2755
committee. The committee shall consist of the seven members to be	2756
appointed by the president of the board. Three specified in	2757
divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section. When the committee is	2758
developing or revising policy and procedures for	2759
physician-delegated prescriptive authority for physician	2760
assistants, the committee shall include the two additional members	2761
specified in division (A)(4) of this section.	2762
(1) Three members of the committee shall be physicians. Of	2763
the physician members, one shall be a member of the state medical	2764
board, one shall be appointed from a list of five physicians	2765
recommended by the Ohio state medical association, and one shall	2766
be appointed from a list of five physicians recommended by the	2767
Ohio osteopathic association. At all times, the physician	2768
membership of the committee shall include at least one physician	2769
who is a supervising physician of a physician assistant,	2770
preferably with at least two years' experience as a supervising	2771

(2) Three members shall be physician assistants appointed	2773
from a list of five individuals recommended by the Ohio	2774
association of physician assistants. One	2775
(3) One member, who is not affiliated with any health care	2776
profession, shall be appointed to represent the interests of	2777
consumers.	2778
(4) The two additional members, appointed to serve only when	2779
the committee is developing or revising policy and procedures for	2780
physician-delegated prescriptive authority for physician	2781
assistants, shall be pharmacists. Of these members, one shall be	2782
appointed from a list of five clinical pharmacists recommended by	2783
the Ohio pharmacists association and one shall be appointed from	2784
the pharmacist members of the state board of pharmacy, preferably	2785
from among the members who are clinical pharmacists.	2786
The pharmacist members shall have voting privileges only for	2787
purposes of developing or revising policy and procedures for	2788
physician-delegated prescriptive authority for physician	2789
assistants. Presence of the pharmacist members shall not be	2790
required for the transaction of any other business.	2791
(B) Terms of office shall be for two years, with each term	2792
ending on the same day of the same month as did the term that it	2793
succeeds. Each member shall hold office from the date of being	2794
appointed until the end of the term for which the member was	2795
appointed. Members may be reappointed, except that a member may	2796
not be appointed to serve more than three consecutive terms. As	2797
vacancies occur, a successor shall be appointed who has the	2798
qualifications the vacancy requires. A member appointed to fill a	2799
vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which a	2800
predecessor was appointed shall hold office as a member for the	2801
remainder of that term. A member shall continue in office	2802
subsequent to the expiration date of the member's term until a	2803

## 2864 that reflect various medical specialties. (C) The board shall take into consideration all 2865 recommendations submitted by the committee. Not later than ninety 2866 days after receiving a recommendation from the committee, the 2867 board shall approve or disapprove the recommendation and notify 2868 the committee of its decision. If a recommendation is disapproved, 2869 the board shall inform the committee of its reasons for making 2870 that decision. The committee may resubmit the recommendation after 2871 addressing the concerns expressed by the board and modifying the 2872 disapproved recommendation accordingly. Not later than ninety days 2873 after receiving a resubmitted recommendation, the board shall 2874 approve or disapprove the recommendation. There is no limit on the 2875 number of times the committee may resubmit a recommendation for 2876 consideration by the board. It is not necessary for the committee 2877 to make a recommendation before 2878 (D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this section, 2879 the board may <u>not</u> take action regarding a <del>particular</del> matter <u>that</u> 2880 is subject to the committee's review under division (A) or (B) of 2881 this section unless the committee has made a recommendation to the 2882 board concerning the matter. 2883 (2) If the board submits to the committee a request for a 2884 recommendation regarding a matter that is subject to the 2885 committee's review under division (A) or (B) of this section, and 2886 the committee does not provide a recommendation before the 2887 sixty-first day after the request is submitted, the board may take 2888 action regarding the matter without a recommendation. 2889 **Sec. 4730.07.** In addition to rules that are <u>specifically</u> 2890 required or authorized by this chapter to be adopted, the state 2891 medical board may, subject to division (D) of section 4730.06 of 2892 the Revised Code, adopt any other rules necessary to govern the 2893

practice of physician assistants, the supervisory relationship

Page 97

Sub. S. B. No. 154

Sub. S. B. No. 154 As Passed by the House	Page 98
<u>interventions;</u>	2954
(7) Exercising physician-delegated prescriptive authority	2955
pursuant to a certificate to prescribe issued under this chapter;	2956
(8) Carrying out or relaying the supervising physician's	2957
orders for the administration of medication, to the extent	2958
permitted by law;	2959
(9) Providing patient education;	2960
(10) Instituting and changing orders on patient charts;	2961
(11) Performing developmental screening examinations on	2962
children with regard to neurological, motor, and mental functions;	2963
(12) Performing wound care management, suturing minor	2964
lacerations and removing the sutures, and incision and drainage of	2965
uncomplicated superficial abscesses;	2966
(13) Removing superficial foreign bodies;	2967
(14) Administering intravenous fluids;	2968
(15) Inserting a foley or cudae catheter into the urinary	2969
bladder and removing the catheter;	2970
(16) Removing intrauterine devices;	2971
(17) Performing biopsies of superficial lesions;	2972
(18) Making appropriate referrals as directed by the	2973
supervising physician;	2974
(19) Removing norplant capsules;	2975
(20) Performing penile duplex ultrasound;	2976
(21) Changing of a tracheostomy;	2977
(22) Performing bone marrow aspirations from the posterior	2978
<u>iliac crest;</u>	2979
(23) Performing bone marrow biopsies from the posterior iliac	2980

provide for the facility. The services a health care facility may	3009
authorize a physician assistant to provide for the facility	3010
include the following:	3011
(1) Any or all of the services specified in division (A) of	3012
this section;	3013
(2) Assisting in surgery in the health care facility;	3014
(3) Any other services permitted by the policies of the	3015
health care facility, except that the facility may not authorize a	3016
physician assistant to perform a service that is prohibited by	3017
this chapter.	3018
Sec. 4730.091. (A) As used in this section, "local	3019
anesthesia" means the injection of a drug or combination of drugs	3020
to stop or prevent a painful sensation in a circumscribed area of	3021
the body where a painful procedure is to be performed. "Local	3022
anesthesia" includes only local infiltration anesthesia, digital	3023
blocks, and pudendal blocks.	3024
(B) A physician assistant may administer, monitor, or	3025
maintain local anesthesia as a component of a procedure the	3026
physician assistant is performing or as a separate service when	3027
the procedure requiring local anesthesia is to be performed by the	3028
physician assistant's supervising physician or another person. A	3029
physician assistant shall not administer, monitor, or maintain any	3030
other form of anesthesia, including regional anesthesia or any	3031
systemic sedation, regardless of whether the physician assistant	3032
is practicing under a physician supervisory plan or the policies	3033
of a health care facility.	3034
Sec. 4730.10. (A) An individual seeking a certificate of	3035
registration to practice as a physician assistant shall file with	3036
the state medical board a written application on a form prescribed	3037
and supplied by the board. The application shall include all of	3038

or its successor organization but is eligible for and has made	3070
application to take the examination. A temporary certificate shall	3071
be valid only until the results of the next examinations are	3072
available to the board.	3073
$\frac{(C)}{C}$ At the time of making application for a certificate $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$	3074
registration to practice, the applicant shall pay the board a fee	3075
of one two hundred dollars, no part of which shall be returned.	3076
Such fees shall be deposited in accordance with section 4731.24 of	3077
the Revised Code.	3078
Sec. 4730.11. (A) For an individual to be eligible to receive	3079
a certificate to practice as a physician assistant, all of the	3080
following apply:	3081
(1) The applicant shall be at least eighteen years of age.	3082
(2) The applicant shall be of good moral character.	3083
(3) The applicant shall hold current certification by the	3084
national commission on certification of physician assistants or a	3085
successor organization that is recognized by the state medical	3086
board.	3087
(4) Effective January 1, 2008, except as provided in division	3088
(B) of this section, the applicant shall meet one of the following	3089
educational requirements:	3090
(a) The applicant shall hold a master's or higher degree that	3091
was obtained from a program accredited by the accreditation review	3092
commission on education for the physician assistant or a	3093
predecessor or successor organization recognized by the board;	3094
(b) The applicant shall hold a degree other than a master's	3095
or higher degree that was obtained from a program accredited by	3096
the accreditation review commission on education for the physician	3097
assistant or a predecessor or successor organization recognized by	3098
the board and shall hold a master's or higher degree in a course	3099

of study with clinical relevance to the practice of physician	3100
assistants that was obtained from a program accredited by a	3101
regional or specialized and professional accrediting agency	3102
recognized by the council for higher education accreditation.	3103
(B) It is not necessary for an applicant to hold a master's	3104
or higher degree as a condition of receiving a certificate to	3105
practice as a physician assistant if the applicant presents	3106
evidence satisfactory to the board of holding a current, valid	3107
license or other form of authority to practice as a physician	3108
assistant that was issued by another jurisdiction prior to January	3109
1, 2008.	3110
(C) This section does not require an individual to obtain a	3111
master's or higher degree as a condition of retaining or renewing	3112
a certificate to practice as a physician assistant if either of	3113
the following is the case:	3114
(1) Prior to January 1, 2008, the individual received a	3115
certificate to practice as a physician assistant under this	3116
chapter without holding a master's or higher degree.	3117
(2) On or after January 1, 2008, the individual received a	3118
certificate to practice as a physician assistant under this	3119
chapter on the basis of holding a license issued in another	3120
jurisdiction, as specified in division (B) of this section.	3121
Sec. 4730.11 4730.12. If the (A) The state medical board	3122
shall review all applications received under section 4730.10 of	3123
the Revised Code for certificates to practice as a physician	3124
assistant. Not later than sixty days after receiving a complete	3125
application, the board shall determine whether an applicant meets	3126
the requirements to receive a certificate to practice, as	3127
specified in section 4730.11 of the Revised Code. An affirmative	3128
vote of not fewer than six members of the board is required to	3129

medical education that must be completed to fulfill the board's

3190

requirements under division (B)(2) of this section. The Except	3191
when additional continuing medical education is required to renew	3192
a certificate to prescribe, as specified in section 4730.49 of the	3193
Revised Code, the board shall not adopt rules that require a	3194
physician assistant to complete in any registration certification	3195
period more than one hundred hours of continuing medical education	3196
acceptable to the board. In fulfilling the board's requirements, a	3197
physician assistant may use continuing medical education courses	3198
or programs completed to maintain certification by the national	3199
commission on certification of physician assistants or a successor	3200
organization that is recognized by the board if the standards for	3201
acceptable courses and programs of the commission or its successor	3202
are at least equivalent to the standards established by the board.	3203
$\frac{(C)}{(D)}$ If an applicant submits a complete renewal application	3204
and qualifies for renewal pursuant to division (B) of this	3205
section, the board shall issue to the applicant a renewed	3206
certificate <del>of registration</del> <u>to practice</u> as a physician assistant.	3207
<del>The</del>	3208
(E) The board may require a random sample of physician	3209
assistants to submit materials documenting certification by the	3210
national commission on certification of physician assistants or a	3211
successor organization that is required recognized by the board	3212
and completion of the required number of hours of continuing	3213
medical education.	3214
$\frac{(D)(F)}{(F)}$ The board shall provide for pro rata reductions by	3215
month of the number of hours of continuing education that must be	3216
completed for individuals who are in their first registration	3217
certification period, who have been disabled due to illness or	3218
accident, or who have been absent from the country. The board	3219
shall adopt rules, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	3220
Code, as necessary to implement this division.	3221

 $\frac{(E)(G)(1)}{(G)(1)}$  A certificate of registration to practice that is

**Page 107** 

Sub. S. B. No. 154

(E) of this section or through any other means that the individual	3255
did not complete the requisite continuing medical education, the	3256
board may impose a civil penalty of not more than five thousand	3257
dollars. The board's finding shall be made pursuant to an	3258
adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code and by an	3259
affirmative vote of not fewer than six members.	3260

A civil penalty imposed under this division may be in 3261 addition to or in lieu of any other action the board may take 3262 under section 4730.25 of the Revised Code. The board shall deposit 3263 civil penalties in accordance with section 4731.24 of the Revised 3264 Code. 3265

**Sec.** 4730.18 4730.15. (A) A physician seeking to supervise 3266 one or more physician assistants through a physician supervisory 3267 plan shall submit to the state medical board an application for 3268 approval of a physician assistant utilization supervisory plan. 3269 The physician shall provide all information determined by the 3270 board to be necessary to process the application. The physician 3271 may include in the application the names, business addresses, and 3272 business telephone numbers of at least two physicians who have 3273 agreed to act as alternate supervising physicians during periods 3274 in which the physician will be unable to provide supervision in 3275 accordance with section 4730.21 of the Revised Code. 3276

Application for approval of a physician assistant utilization 3277 supervisory plan shall be made on a form prescribed and furnished 3278 by the board. Each application shall include a copy of the 3279 proposed plan. The proposed plan may be based on any model 3280 physician supervisory plan approved under section 4730.06 of the 3281 Revised Code. If the plan includes a special services portion, 3282 that portion may be based on any model special services portion 3283 approved under section 4730.06 of the Revised Code. 3284

The board shall develop a form that may be used when two or

more physicians wish to apply at the same time for approval of the	3286
same <del>type of</del> physician <del>assistant utilization</del> <u>supervisory</u> plan.	3287
When making simultaneous applications with these forms this form,	3288
the physicians are required to include only one copy of the	3289
proposed plan with all of their applications. Subsequent to the	3290
filing of simultaneous applications, a physician who seeks to join	3291
the physicians who filed simultaneous applications may apply for	3292
approval of the same type of physician assistant utilization plan	3293
by using the forms developed by the board for simultaneous	3294
applications. The physician shall identify the plan for which	3295
approval is sought. Identification of the plan fulfills the	3296
requirement for filing a copy of the plan.	3297
Each application for approval filed separately shall be	3298
accompanied by a fee of seventy-five dollars. Applications filed	3299
simultaneously shall be accompanied by a fee of seventy-five	3300
dollars per physician, up to a maximum of seven hundred fifty	3301
dollars. An application from a physician who seeks to join	3302
physicians who filed simultaneous applications shall include a fee	3303
of seventy-five dollars, unless the fees paid by the physicians in	3304
the group have reached the maximum of seven hundred fifty dollars.	3305
Fees shall be deposited in accordance with section 4731.24 of the	3306
Revised Code.	3307
(B) To be approved by the board, a standard utilization plan	3308
must meet the requirements of section 4730.16 of the Revised Code	3309
and any applicable rules adopted by the board. To be approved, a	3310
supplemental utilization plan must meet the requirements of	3311
section 4730.17 of the Revised Code and any applicable rules	3312
adopted by the board.	3313
On receipt of a complete application, the board shall process	3314
the application as follows:	3315
CITC APPTICACION AD TOTIOND.	2213

(1) If an application is for approval of a standard

**Page 110** 

Sub. S. B. No. 154

Sec. 4730.17. (A) On receipt of a complete application for	3376
approval of a physician supervisory plan submitted under section	3377
4730.15 of the Revised Code, the state medical board shall process	3378
the application as follows:	3379
(1) Not later than sixty days after receiving the	3380
application, the board shall approve or disapprove the plan or	3381
that portion of the plan under which one or more physician	3382
assistants will be authorized to perform the services specified in	3383
division (A) of section 4730.09 of the Revised Code. The board	3384
shall provide written notice of its decision to the applicant.	3385
(2) If the applicant is seeking approval of a physician	3386
supervisory plan under which the supervising physician will	3387
delegate to one or more physician assistants the performance of	3388
special services, the board shall submit the special services	3389
portion of the plan to the board's physician assistant policy	3390
committee at the committee's next regularly scheduled meeting.	3391
The committee shall review the special services portion of	3392
the physician supervisory plan and form a recommendation as to	3393
whether the board should approve or disapprove inclusion of all or	3394
some of the special services in the plan. The committee, on a	3395
case-by-case basis, may request documentation from the applicant	3396
certifying that additional education and training will have been	3397
provided to or obtained by each physician assistant who is given	3398
authority to perform the special services to ensure that the	3399
physician assistant is qualified to perform the services. The	3400
committee shall submit its recommendation for approval or	3401
disapproval to the board not later than sixty days after receiving	3402
the special services portion of the plan.	3403
Not later than sixty days after receiving the committee's	3404
recommendation, the board shall approve or disapprove the special	3405
services portion of the physician supervisory plan. The board	3406

shall provide written notice of its decision to the applicant and	3407
the committee.	3408
(B) After a physician supervisory plan has been approved, the	3409
holder of the plan may apply for an addendum to the plan for	3410
authorization to delegate to one or more physician assistants the	3411
performance of a special service that was not included at the time	3412
the plan was approved. An application for an addendum to an	3413
approved physician supervisory plan shall be submitted in the same	3414
manner that an application for approval of an original plan is	3415
submitted under section 4730.15 of the Revised Code. The	3416
application shall be processed in same manner that an application	3417
for approval of an original physician supervisory plan is	3418
processed under division (A) of this section.	3419
(C) A physician supervisory plan approved under this section	3420
is valid until the supervising physician for whom the plan was	3421
approved, or the group of supervising physicians for which the	3422
plan was approved, notifies the board that the plan should be	3423
canceled or replaced.	3424
Sec. 4730.18. Before initiating supervision of one or more	3425
physician assistants under a physician supervisory plan or the	3426
policies of a health care facility, a physician shall obtain	3427
approval from the state medical board under section 4730.19 of the	3428
Revised Code of a supervision agreement between the physician and	3429
each physician assistant who will be supervised.	3430
A physician seeking approval of a supervision agreement shall	3431
submit an application to the board on a form the board shall	3432
prescribe and furnish. The application shall list each physician	3433
assistant who will be supervised. Each application shall be	3434
accompanied by a fee of twenty-five dollars. Fees shall be	3435
deposited in accordance with section 4731.24 of the Revised Code.	3436

Sec. 4730.19. (A) Prior to initiating supervision of one or	3437
more physician assistants under a standard or supplemental	3438
physician assistant utilization plan, a physician must receive the	3439
state medical board's approval of a supervision agreement between	3440
the physician and each physician assistant who will be supervised.	3441
A physician seeking approval of a supervision agreement shall	3442
submit an application to the board on a form the board shall	3443
prescribe and furnish. The application shall list each physician	3444
assistant who will be supervised. Each application shall be	3445
accompanied by a fee of twenty five dollars. Fees shall be	3446
deposited in accordance with section 4731.24 of the Revised Code.	3447
(B) To For a supervision agreement to be approved by the	3448
board, a all of the following apply:	3449
(1) The supervision agreement must shall specify that the	3450
physician agrees to supervise the physician assistant and the	3451
physician assistant agrees to practice in accordance with the	3452
conditions specified in the physician assistant utilization	3453
supervisory plan approved for that physician or the policies of	3454
the health care facility in which the supervising physician and	3455
physician assistant are practicing. The	3456
(2) The agreement must shall be signed by the physician and	3457
the physician assistant. The	3458
(3) The physician assistant must shall hold a current	3459
certificate of registration to practice as a physician assistant	3460
and.	3461
(4) If a physician supervisory plan applies to the physician	3462
assistant's practice, the physician must have received approval of	3463
a shall hold an approved physician assistant utilization	3464
supervisory plan. <del>If</del>	3465
(5) If the physician intends to grant physician-delegated	3466

prescriptive authority to a physician assistant, the physician	3467
assistant shall hold a certificate to prescribe issued under this	3468
<u>chapter.</u>	3469
(6) If the physician holds approval of more than one	3470
physician assistant utilization supervisory plan, the agreement	3471
must shall specify the plan under which the physician assistant	3472
will practice. <del>If these conditions are</del>	3473
(B) The board shall review each application received. If the	3474
board finds that the requirements specified in division (A) of	3475
this section have been met and the applicant has paid the fee is	3476
paid specified in section 4730.18 of the Revised Code, the board	3477
shall issue a letter to approve the supervision agreement and	3478
notify the supervising physician acknowledging its of the board's	3479
approval of the supervision agreement. If physician-delegated	3480
prescriptive authority will be granted to more than one physician	3481
assistant under the supervision agreement, the board shall specify	3482
in the notice that its approval is specific to each physician	3483
assistant. The board shall provide notice of its approval of a	3484
supervision agreement not later than thirty days after the board	3485
receives a complete application for approval.	3486
(C) After a supervision agreement is approved, a physician	3487
may apply to the board <u>for approval</u> to initiate supervision of a	3488
physician assistant who is not listed on the agreement. $rac{ ext{Lf}}{ ext{There}}$	3489
is no fee for applying for the addition of a physician assistant	3490
to a supervision agreement.	3491
To receive the board's approval of the addition to the	3492
supervision agreement, the physician assistant holds shall hold a	3493
current certificate <del>of registration</del> to practice as a physician	3494
assistant. If the physician intends to grant physician-delegated	3495
prescriptive authority to the physician assistant, the physician	3496
assistant shall hold a current certificate to prescribe. If these	3497

requirements are met, the board shall issue a letter to notify the	3498
physician acknowledging of its approval of the addition to the	3499
supervision agreement. The board shall provide notice of its	3500
approval not later than thirty days after the board receives a	3501
complete application for approval.	3502
There is no fee for applying for additions to a supervision	3503
agreement under this division.	3504
(D) The board's approval of a supervision agreement expires	3505
on the thirty-first day of January of each odd-numbered year. The	3506
board may renew its approval of a supervision agreement if the	3507
supervising physician submits to the board a signed statement on a	3508
form prescribed and provided by the board specifying that the	3509
physician seeks to continue supervising one or more physician	3510
assistants and the board determines that each physician assistant	3511
who will be supervised holds a valid certificate of registration.	3512
The statement shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty-five	3513
dollars. All fees shall be deposited in accordance with section	3514
4731.24 of the Revised Code.	3515
Sec. 4730.20. (A) The state medical board's approval of a	3516
supervision agreement expires on the thirty-first day of January	3517
of each odd-numbered year and may be renewed. A supervising	3518
physician seeking renewal of the board's approval of a supervision	3519
agreement shall submit to the board an application for renewal on	3520
forms prescribed and furnished by the board. The application shall	3521
be accompanied by a renewal fee of twenty-five dollars. Renewal	3522
fees shall be deposited in accordance with section 4731.24 of the	3523
Revised Code.	3524
(B) For the board's approval of a supervision agreement to be	3525
renewed under this section, all of the following apply:	3526
(1) The applicant shall submit a signed statement on a form	3527
prescribed by the board specifying that the physician intends to	3528

authorized under the physician assistant utilization supervisory

plan approved for that physician and or the policies of the health

3588

care facility in which the physician and physician assistant are	3590
practicing. A supervising physician may authorize a physician	3591
assistant to perform a service only if the physician is satisfied	3592
that the physician assistant is capable of competently performing	3593
the service. A supervising physician shall not authorize a	3594
physician assistant to perform any service that is beyond the	3595
physician's or the <u>physician</u> assistant's <del>expertise or</del> normal	3596
course of practice <u>and expertise</u> .	3597
(D) A patient new to a physician's practice may be seen by a	3598
physician assistant only when a supervising physician is on the	3599
premises, except in those situations specified in a standard or	3600
supplemental utilization plan under which the presence of the	3601
physician is not necessary. A patient new to a physician's	3602
practice or an established patient of a physician with a new	3603
condition shall be seen and personally evaluated by a supervising	3604
physician prior to initiation of any treatment plan proposed by a	3605
physician assistant for the new patient or the established	3606
patient's new condition. (1) A supervising physician may authorize	3607
a physician assistant to practice in any setting within which the	3608
supervising physician routinely practices. When a	3609
(2) In the case of a health care facility with an emergency	3610
<u>department</u> , <u>if the</u> supervising physician <del>authorizes a physician</del>	3611
assistant to practice routinely practices in a the facility's	3612
emergency department, the supervising physician shall provide	3613
on-site supervision of the physician assistant when the physician	3614
assistant practices in the emergency department. If the	3615
supervising physician does not routinely practice in the	3616
facility's emergency department, the supervising physician may, on	3617
occasion, send the physician assistant to the facility's emergency	3618
department to assess and manage a patient. In supervising the	3619
physician assistant's assessment and management of the patient,	3620
the supervising physician shall determine the appropriate level of	3621

supervision in compliance with the requirements of divisions (A)	3622
to (C) of this section, except that the supervising physician must	3623
be available to go to the emergency department to personally	3624
evaluate the patient and, at the request of an emergency	3625
department physician, the supervising physician shall go to the	3626
emergency department to personally evaluate the patient.	3627
(E) Each time a physician assistant writes a medical order,	3628
including prescriptions written in the exercise of	3629
physician-delegated prescriptive authority, the physician	3630
assistant shall sign the form on which the order is written and	3631
record on the form the time and date that the order is written.	3632
When writing a medical order, the physician assistant shall use	3633
forms that clearly identify the physician under whose supervision	3634
the physician assistant is authorized to write the order. The	3635
supervising physician named on the order shall review each	3636
medical order written by the physician assistant not later than	3637
twenty-four hours after the order is written, unless the	3638
supervising physician's utilization plan specifically authorizes a	3639
longer period of time for review. After reviewing an order, the	3640
supervising physician shall countersign the order if the	3641
supervising physician determines that the order is appropriate.	3642
Countersignature by the supervising physician is necessary before	3643
<del>any</del>	3644
person may execute the physician assistant's order, except in	3645
situations in which a patient requires immediate attention and any	3646
other circumstances specified in a supplemental utilization plan	3647
under which countersignature is not necessary. The supervising	3648
physician shall review each medical order executed without	3649
countersignature not later than twenty four hours after the order	3650
<del>is written</del>	3651
(F)(1) The supervising physician of a physician assistant	3652
shall establish a quality assurance system to be used in	3653

supervising the physician assistant. All or part of the system may	3654
be applied to other physician assistants who are supervised by the	3655
supervising physician. The system shall be developed in	3656
consultation with each physician assistant to be supervised by the	3657
physician.	3658
(2) In establishing the quality assurance system, the	3659
supervising physician shall describe a process to be used for all	3660
of the following:	3661
(a) Routine review by the physician of selected patient	3662
record entries made by the physician assistant and selected	3663
medical orders issued by the physician assistant;	3664
(b) Discussion of complex cases;	3665
(c) Discussion of new medical developments relevant to the	3666
practice of the physician and physician assistant;	3667
(d) Performance of any quality assurance activities required	3668
in rules adopted by state medical board pursuant to any	3669
recommendations made by the physician assistant policy committee	3670
under section 4730.06 of the Revised Code;	3671
(e) Performance of any other quality assurance activities	3672
that the supervising physician considers to be appropriate.	3673
(3) The supervising physician and physician assistant shall	3674
keep records of their quality assurance activities. On request,	3675
the records shall be made available to the board and any health	3676
care professional working with the supervising physician and	3677
physician assistant.	3678
Sec. 4730.22. (A) A physician assistant's supervising	3679
physician assumes legal liability for the services provided by the	3680
physician assistant.	3681
The physician is not liable for any services provided by the	3682

physician assistant after their supervision agreement is 3683
terminated. 3684

(B) When any a health care facility permits physician 3685 assistants to practice within that facility or any other health 3686 care facility under its control, the health care facility shall 3687 make reasonable efforts to explain to each individual who may work 3688 with a particular physician assistant the scope of that physician 3689 assistant's practice as determined by each supervising physician's 3690 physician assistant utilization plan and any policies maintained 3691 by the facility regarding the practice of physician assistants 3692 within the facility. The appropriate credentialing body within the 3693 health care facility shall provide, on request of an individual 3694 practicing in the facility with a physician assistant, a copy of 3695 the facility's policies on the practice of physician assistants 3696 within the facility and a copy of each physician assistant 3697 utilization supervisory plan and supervision agreement applicable 3698 to the physician assistant. 3699

An individual who follows the orders of a physician assistant 3700 practicing in a health care facility is not subject to 3701 disciplinary action by any administrative agency that governs that 3702 individual's conduct and is not liable in damages in a civil 3703 action for injury, death, or loss to person or property resulting 3704 from the individual's acts or omissions in the performance of any 3705 procedure, treatment, or other health care service if the 3706 individual reasonably believed that the physician assistant was 3707 acting within the proper scope of practice or was relaying medical 3708 orders from a supervising physician, unless the act or omission 3709 constitutes willful or wanton misconduct. 3710

sec. 4730.25. (A) The state medical board, by an affirmative 3711
vote of not fewer than six members, may revoke or may refuse to 3712
grant a certificate of registration to practice as a physician 3713

assistant or a certificate to prescribe to a person found by the	3714
board to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in	3715
applying for or securing the certificate.	3716
(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six	3717
members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or	3718
suspend an individual's certificate of registration to practice as	3719
a physician assistant or certificate to prescribe, refuse to issue	3720
a certificate to an applicant, refuse to reinstate a certificate,	3721
or reprimand or place on probation the holder of a certificate for	3722
any of the following reasons:	3723
(1) Failure to practice in accordance with the conditions	3724
under which the supervising physician's supervision agreement with	3725
the physician assistant was approved, including the requirement	3726
that when practicing under a particular supervising physician, the	3727
physician assistant must practice only according to the standard	3728
or supplemental utilization physician supervisory plan the board	3729
approved for that physician or the policies of the health care	3730
facility in which the supervising physician and physician	3731
assistant are practicing;	3732
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter,	3733
Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the	3734
board;	3735
(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or	3736
indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or	3737
conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter	3738
4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board;	3739
(4) Inability to practice according to acceptable and	3740
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or	3741
physical illness, including physical deterioration that adversely	3742
affects cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills;	3743

(5) Impairment of ability to practice according to acceptable

Page 124

Sub. S. B. No. 154

license to practice; acceptance of an individual's license

surrender; denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a

license; imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of

3802

3803

censure or other reprimand;	3805
(19) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal	3806
standards of care of similar physician assistants under the same	3807
or similar circumstances, regardless of whether actual injury to a	3808
patient is established;	3809
(20) Violation of the conditions placed by the board on a	3810
certificate of registration to practice as a physician assistant,	3811
a certificate to prescribe, physician assistant utilization a	3812
physician supervisory plan, or supervision agreement;	3813
(21) <del>Violation of the conditions on which a temporary</del>	3814
certificate of registration is issued;	3815
(22) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	3816
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051 of	3817
the Revised Code;	3818
$\frac{(23)(22)}{(23)}$ Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted	3819
by the board under section 4730.26 of the Revised Code, including	3820
failure to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or	3821
failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the board at	3822
a deposition or in written interrogatories, except that failure to	3823
cooperate with an investigation shall not constitute grounds for	3824
discipline under this section if a court of competent jurisdiction	3825
has issued an order that either quashes a subpoena or permits the	3826
individual to withhold the testimony or evidence in issue;	3827
$\frac{(24)(23)}{(23)}$ Assisting suicide as defined in section 3795.01 of	3828
the Revised Code:	3829
(24) Prescribing any drug or device to perform or induce an	3830
abortion, or otherwise performing or inducing an abortion.	3831
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under divisions	3832
(A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to an	3833
adjudication under Chapter 110 of the Devised Code except that	3834

in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a consent	3835
agreement with a physician assistant or applicant to resolve an	3836
allegation of a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted	3837
under it. A consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative	3838
vote of not fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute	3839
the findings and order of the board with respect to the matter	3840
addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a	3841
consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the	3842
consent agreement shall be of no force or effect.	3843

- (D) For purposes of divisions (B)(12), (15), and (16) of this 3844 section, the commission of the act may be established by a finding 3845 by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 119. of 3846 the Revised Code, that the applicant or certificate holder 3847 committed the act in question. The board shall have no 3848 jurisdiction under these divisions in cases where the trial court 3849 renders a final judgment in the certificate holder's favor and 3850 that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the merits. The 3851 board shall have jurisdiction under these divisions in cases where 3852 the trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 3853 procedural grounds. 3854
- (E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall have 3855 no effect upon a prior board order entered under the provisions of 3856 this section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under 3857 the provisions of this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a 3858 judicial finding of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility 3859 for treatment intervention in lieu of conviction, the board issued 3860 a notice of opportunity for a hearing prior to the court's order 3861 to seal the records. The board shall not be required to seal, 3862 destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the 3863 court's sealing of conviction records. 3864
- (F) For purposes of this division, any individual who holds a certificate of registration issued under this chapter, or applies

## Sub. S. B. No. 154 As Passed by the House

for a certificate of registration issued under this chapter, shall

be deemed to have given consent to submit to a mental or physical

examination when directed to do so in writing by the board and to

have waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or

examination reports that constitute a privileged communication.

3867

- (1) In enforcing division (B)(4) of this section, the board, 3872 upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual 3873 who holds a certificate of registration issued under this chapter 3874 or who has applied for a certificate of registration pursuant to 3875 this chapter to submit to a mental examination, physical 3876 examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental and physical 3877 examination. The expense of the examination is the responsibility 3878 of the individual compelled to be examined. Failure to submit to a 3879 mental or physical examination or consent to an HIV test ordered 3880 by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations against 3881 the individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond 3882 the individual's control, and a default and final order may be 3883 entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of 3884 evidence. If the board finds a physician assistant unable to 3885 practice because of the reasons set forth in division (B)(4) of 3886 this section, the board shall require the physician assistant to 3887 submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or 3888 designated by the board, as a condition for an initial, continued, 3889 reinstated, or renewed certificate of registration. An individual 3890 affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to 3891 demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practicing in 3892 compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards of care. 3893
- (2) For purposes of division (B)(5) of this section, if the 3894 board has reason to believe that any individual who holds a 3895 certificate of registration issued under this chapter or any 3896 applicant for a certificate of registration suffers such 3897 impairment, the board may compel the individual to submit to a 3898

3929

As I assed by the House	
mental or physical examination, or both. The expense of the	3899
examination is the responsibility of the individual compelled to	3900
be examined. Any mental or physical examination required under	3901
this division shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or	3902
physician qualified to conduct such examination and chosen by the	3903
board.	3904
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination ordered	3905
by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations against	3906
the individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond	3907
the individual's control, and a default and final order may be	3908
entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of	3909
evidence. If the board determines that the individual's ability to	3910
practice is impaired, the board shall suspend the individual's	3911
certificate or deny the individual's application and shall require	3912
the individual, as a condition for initial, continued, reinstated,	3913
or renewed <del>licensure</del> <u>certification</u> to practice <u>or prescribe</u> , to	3914
submit to treatment.	3915
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	3916
certificate suspended under this division, the physician assistant	3917
shall demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice $\underline{\text{or}}$	3918
prescribing in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards	3919
of care. The demonstration shall include the following:	3920
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	3921
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has	3922
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	3923
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare	3924
contract or consent agreement;	3925
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	3926
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual has	3927
been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	3928

prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by

individuals or providers approved by the board for making such	3930
assessments and shall describe the basis for their determination.	3931

The board may reinstate a certificate suspended under this 3932 division after such demonstration and after the individual has 3933 entered into a written consent agreement. 3934

When the impaired physician assistant resumes practice or 3935 prescribing, the board shall require continued monitoring of the 3936 physician assistant. The monitoring shall include compliance with 3937 the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement or 3938 with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and, upon 3939 termination of the consent agreement, submission to the board for 3940 at least two years of annual written progress reports made under 3941 penalty of falsification stating whether the physician assistant 3942 has maintained sobriety. 3943

(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine that 3944 there is clear and convincing evidence that a physician assistant 3945 has violated division (B) of this section and that the 3946 individual's continued practice or prescribing presents a danger 3947 of immediate and serious harm to the public, they may recommend 3948 that the board suspend the individual's certificate to practice or 3949 prescribe without a prior hearing. Written allegations shall be 3950 prepared for consideration by the board. 3951

The board, upon review of those allegations and by an 3952 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding 3953 the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a certificate 3954 without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be 3955 utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on the 3956 summary suspension.

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 3958 certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 3959 the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension by 3960

the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12	3961
of the Revised Code. If the physician assistant requests an	3962
adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing	3963
shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days,	3964
after the physician assistant requests the hearing, unless	3965
otherwise agreed to by both the board and the certificate holder.	3966

A summary suspension imposed under this division shall remain 3967 in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final adjudicative 3968 order issued by the board pursuant to this section and Chapter 3969 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The board shall issue 3970 its final adjudicative order within sixty days after completion of 3971 its hearing. Failure to issue the order within sixty days shall 3972 result in dissolution of the summary suspension order, but shall 3973 not invalidate any subsequent, final adjudicative order. 3974

- (H) If the board takes action under division (B)(11), (13), 3975 or (14) of this section, and the judicial finding of guilt, guilty 3976 plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for treatment 3977 intervention in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon 3978 exhaustion of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration 3979 of the order may be filed with the board along with appropriate 3980 court documents. Upon receipt of a petition and supporting court 3981 documents, the board shall reinstate the certificate of 3982 registration to practice or prescribe. The board may then hold an 3983 adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine 3984 whether the individual committed the act in question. Notice of 3985 opportunity for hearing shall be given in accordance with Chapter 3986 119. of the Revised Code. If the board finds, pursuant to an 3987 adjudication held under this division, that the individual 3988 committed the act, or if no hearing is requested, it may order any 3989 of the sanctions identified under division (B) of this section. 3990
- (I) The certificate <del>of registration of to practice issued to</del> 3991 a physician assistant and the physician assistant's practice in 3992

this state are automatically suspended as of the date the	3993			
physician assistant pleads guilty to, is found by a judge or jury	3994			
to be guilty of, or is subject to a judicial finding of	3995			
eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction in this state	3996			
or treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction in another	3997			
state for any of the following criminal offenses in this state or	3998			
a substantially equivalent criminal offense in another				
jurisdiction: aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter,				
felonious assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual	4001			
imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated	4002			
burglary. Continued practice after the suspension shall be	4003			
considered practicing without a certificate.	4004			

The board shall notify the individual subject to the

suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with

4006
section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose

certificate is suspended under this division fails to make a

timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the

Revised Code, the board shall enter a final order permanently

revoking the individual's certificate of registration to practice.

4011

- (J) In any instance in which the board is required by Chapter 4012 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of opportunity for hearing 4013 and the individual subject to the notice does not timely request a 4014 hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, the 4015 board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by an 4016 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a final 4017 order that contains the board's findings. In that final order, the 4018 board may order any of the sanctions identified under division (A) 4019 or (B) of this section. 4020
- (K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of this 4021 section resulting in a suspension shall be accompanied by a 4022 written statement of the conditions under which the physician 4023 assistant's certificate may be reinstated. The board shall adopt 4024

4055

rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	4025
governing conditions to be imposed for reinstatement.	4026
Reinstatement of a certificate suspended pursuant to division (B)	4027
of this section requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six	4028
members of the board.	4029
(L) When the board refuses to grant <u>to an applicant</u> a	4030
certificate of registration to practice as a physician assistant	4031
to an applicant or a certificate to prescribe, revokes an	4032
individual's certificate <del>of registration</del> , refuses to issue a	4033
certificate of registration, or refuses to reinstate an	4034
individual's certificate of registration, the board may specify	4035
that its action is permanent. An individual subject to a permanent	4036
action taken by the board is forever thereafter ineligible to hold	4037
a the certificate of registration as a physician assistant and the	4038
board shall not accept an application for reinstatement of the	4039
certificate or for issuance of a new certificate.	4040
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised Code,	4041
all of the following apply:	4042
(1) The surrender of a certificate <del>of registration as a</del>	4043
physician assistant issued under this chapter is not effective	4044
unless or until accepted by the board. Reinstatement of a	4045
certificate surrendered to the board requires an affirmative vote	4046
of not fewer than six members of the board.	4047
(2) An application made under this chapter for a certificate	4048
of registration, approval of a standard or supplemental	4049
utilization physician supervisory plan, or approval of a	4050
supervision agreement may not be withdrawn without approval of the	4051
board.	4052
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a certificate of	4053

registration in accordance with section 4730.12 4730.14 or section

4730.48 of the Revised Code shall not remove or limit the board's

investigation	of a	case	shall	not	participate	in	further	4087
adjudication o	of th	e cas	≘.					4088

(C)(D) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 4089 or a rule adopted under it, the board may administer oaths, order 4090 the taking of depositions, issue subpoenas, and compel the 4091 attendance of witnesses and production of books, accounts, papers, 4092 records, documents, and testimony, except that a subpoena for 4093 patient record information shall not be issued without 4094 consultation with the attorney general's office and approval of 4095 the secretary and supervising member of the board. Before issuance 4096 of a subpoena for patient record information, the secretary and 4097 supervising member shall determine whether there is probable cause 4098 to believe that the complaint filed alleges a violation of this 4099 chapter or a rule adopted under it and that the records sought are 4100 relevant to the alleged violation and material to the 4101 investigation. The subpoena may apply only to records that cover a 4102 reasonable period of time surrounding the alleged violation. 4103

On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the board 4104 and after reasonable notice to the person being subpoenaed, the 4105 board may move for an order compelling the production of persons 4106 or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil Procedure. 4107

A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a sheriff, 4108 the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee designated by the board. 4109 Service of a subpoena issued by the board may be made by 4110 delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person named therein, 4111 reading it to the person, or leaving it at the person's usual 4112 place of residence. When the person being served is a physician 4113 assistant, service of the subpoena may be made by certified mail, 4114 restricted delivery, return receipt requested, and the subpoena 4115 shall be deemed served on the date delivery is made or the date 4116 the person refuses to accept delivery. 4117

A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive the

4127

4128

same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the board	4119
in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and mileage	4120
provided for witnesses in civil cases in the courts of common	4121
pleas.	4122

(D)(E) All hearings and investigations of the board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of section 2305.252 of the Revised Code. 4125

 $\frac{(E)(F)}{(F)}$  Information received by the board pursuant to an investigation is confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil action.

The board shall conduct all investigations and proceedings in 4129 a manner that protects the confidentiality of patients and persons 4130 who file complaints with the board. The board shall not make 4131 public the names or any other identifying information about 4132 patients or complainants unless proper consent is given or, in the 4133 case of a patient, a waiver of the patient privilege exists under 4134 division (B) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, except that 4135 consent or a waiver is not required if the board possesses 4136 reliable and substantial evidence that no bona fide 4137 physician-patient relationship exists. 4138

The board may share any information it receives pursuant to 4139 an investigation, including patient records and patient record 4140 information, with law enforcement agencies, other licensing 4141 boards, and other governmental agencies that are prosecuting, 4142 adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations of statutes or 4143 administrative rules. An agency or board that receives the 4144 information shall comply with the same requirements regarding 4145 confidentiality as those with which the state medical board must 4146 comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of the Revised 4147 Code or procedure of the agency or board that applies when it is 4148 dealing with other information in its possession. In a judicial 4149

proceeding, the information may be admitted into evidence only in	4150
accordance with the Rules of Evidence, but the court shall require	4151
that appropriate measures are taken to ensure that confidentiality	4152
is maintained with respect to any part of the information that	4153
contains names or other identifying information about patients or	4154
complainants whose confidentiality was protected by the state	4155
medical board when the information was in the board's possession.	4156
Measures to ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court	4157
include sealing its records or deleting specific information from	4158
its records.	4159
$\frac{(F)(G)}{(G)}$ The state medical board shall develop requirements for	4160
and provide appropriate initial and continuing training for	4161
investigators employed by the board to carry out its duties under	4162
this chapter. The training and continuing education may include	4163
enrollment in courses operated or approved by the Ohio peace	4164
officer training council that the board considers appropriate	4165
under conditions set forth in section 109.79 of the Revised Code.	4166
$\frac{(G)(H)}{(G)}$ On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report	4167
that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding	4168
three months. The report shall contain the following information	4169
for each case with which the board has completed its activities:	4170
(1) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged	4171
violation;	4172
(2) The type of certificate <del>to practice</del> , if any, held by the	4173
individual against whom the complaint is directed;	4174
(3) A description of the allegations contained in the	4175
complaint;	4176
(4) The disposition of the case.	4177
The report shall state how many cases are still pending, and	4178

shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of each

person involved in each case. The report shall be submitted to the physician assistant policy committee of the board and is a public record for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	4180 4181 4182
Sec. 4730.27. If the state medical board has reason to	4183
believe that any person who has been granted a certificate of	4184
registration under this chapter is mentally ill or mentally	4185
incompetent, it may file in the probate court of the county in	4186
which such person has a legal residence an affidavit in the form	4187
prescribed in section 5122.11 of the Revised Code and signed by	4188
the board secretary or a member of the secretary's staff,	4189
whereupon the same proceedings shall be had as provided in Chapter	4190
5122. of the Revised Code. The attorney general may represent the	4191
board in any proceeding commenced under this section.	4192
If a physician assistant is adjudged by a probate court to be	4193
mentally ill or mentally incompetent, the individual's certificate	4194
of registration shall be automatically suspended until the	4195
individual has filed with the board a certified copy of an	4196
adjudication by a probate court of being restored to competency or	4197
has submitted to the board proof, satisfactory to the board, of	4198
having been discharged as being restored to competency in the	4199
manner and form provided in section 5122.38 of the Revised Code.	4200
The judge of the court shall immediately notify the board of an	4201
adjudication of incompetence and note any suspension of a	4202
certificate in the margin of the court's record of the	4203
certificate.	4204
Sec. 4730.28. (A) An individual whose certificate of	4205
registration to practice as a physician assistant has been	4206
suspended or is in an inactive state for any cause for more than	4207
two years may apply to the state medical board to have the	4208

certificate reinstated restored. Before reinstating

(B)(1) Before restoring a certificate that has been in a	4210
suspended or inactive state for any cause for more than two years	4211
under this section, the board shall determine the physician	4212
assistant's applicant's present fitness to resume practice. The	4213
board shall consider the moral background and the activities of	4214
the applicant during the period of suspension or inactivity.	4215
(2) When reinstating restoring a certificate, the board may	4216
impose terms and conditions, including the following:	4217
$\frac{A}{A}$ Requiring the physician assistant applicant to obtain	4218
additional training and pass an examination upon completion of the	4219
training;	4220
$\frac{(B)}{(b)}$ Restricting or limiting the extent, scope, or type of	4221
practice of the as a physician assistant that the individual may	4222
resume.	4223
Sec. 4730.31. (A) As used in this section, "prosecutor" has	4224
the same meaning as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	4225
(B) Whenever any person holding a valid certificate issued	4226
pursuant to this chapter pleads guilty to, is subject to a	4227
judicial finding of guilt of, or is subject to a judicial finding	4228
of eligibility for treatment intervention in lieu of conviction	4229
for a violation of Chapter 2907., 2925., or 3719. of the Revised	4230
Code or of any substantively comparable ordinance of a municipal	4231
corporation in connection with practicing as a physician	4232
assistant, the prosecutor in the case shall, on forms prescribed	4233
and provided by the state medical board, promptly notify the board	4234
of the conviction. Within thirty days of receipt of such	4235
information, the board shall initiate action in accordance with	4236
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine whether to suspend	4237
or revoke the certificate under section $4730.31$ $4730.25$ of the	4238
Revised Code.	4239

## Sub. S. B. No. 154 As Passed by the House

(C) The prosecutor in any case against any person holding a	4240
valid certificate issued pursuant to this chapter shall, on forms	4241
prescribed and provided by the state medical board, notify the	4242
board of any of the following:	4243
(1) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or	4244
judicial finding of eligibility for treatment intervention in lieu	4245
of conviction for a felony, or a case where the trial court issues	4246
an order of dismissal upon technical or procedural grounds of a	4247
felony charge;	4248
(2) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or	4249
judicial finding or eligibility for treatment intervention in lieu	4250
of conviction for a misdemeanor committed in the course of	4251
practice, or a case where the trial court issues an order of	4252
dismissal upon technical or procedural grounds of a charge of a	4253
misdemeanor, if the alleged act was committed in the course of	4254
practice;	4255
(3) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or	4256
judicial finding of eligibility for treatment intervention in lieu	4257
of conviction for a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or a	4258
case where the trial court issues an order of dismissal upon	4259
technical or procedural grounds of a charge of a misdemeanor	4260
involving moral turpitude.	4261
The report shall include the name and address of the	4262
certificate holder, the nature of the offense for which the action	4263
was taken, and the certified court documents recording the action.	4264
Sec. 4730.32. (A) Within sixty days after the imposition of	4265
any formal disciplinary action taken by <del>any</del> <u>a</u> health care	4266
facility, including a hospital, health care facility operated by	4267
an insuring corporation, ambulatory surgical center, or similar	4268
facility against any individual holding a valid certificate of	1260

4280

4281

4282

registration to practice as a physician assistant, the chief	4270
administrator or executive officer of the facility shall report to	4271
the state medical board the name of the individual, the action	4272
taken by the facility, and a summary of the underlying facts	4273
leading to the action taken. Upon request, the board shall be	4274
provided certified copies of the patient records that were the	4275
basis for the facility's action. Prior to release to the board,	4276
the summary shall be approved by the peer review committee that	4277
reviewed the case or by the governing board of the facility.	4278

The filing of a report with the board or decision not to file a report, investigation by the board, or any disciplinary action taken by the board, does not preclude a health care facility from taking disciplinary action against a physician assistant.

In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no individual or entity 4283 that provides patient records to the board shall be liable in 4284 damages to any person as a result of providing the records. 4285

(B) A physician assistant, professional association or 4286 society of physician assistants, physician, or professional 4287 association or society of physicians that believes a violation of 4288 any provision of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, 4289 or rule of the board has occurred shall report to the board the 4290 information upon which the belief is based. This division does not 4291 require any treatment provider approved by the board under section 4292 4731.25 of the Revised Code or any employee, agent, or 4293 representative of such a provider to make reports with respect to 4294 a physician assistant participating in treatment or aftercare for 4295 substance abuse as long as the physician assistant maintains 4296 participation in accordance with the requirements of section 4297 4731.25 of the Revised Code and the treatment provider or 4298 employee, agent, or representative of the provider has no reason 4299 to believe that the physician assistant has violated any provision 4300 of this chapter or rule adopted under it, other than being 4301

impaired by alcohol, drugs, or other substances. This division	4302
does not require reporting by any member of an impaired	4303
practitioner committee established by a health care facility or by	4304
any representative or agent of a committee or program sponsored by	4305
a professional association or society of physician assistants to	4306
provide peer assistance to physician assistants with substance	4307
abuse problems with respect to a physician assistant who has been	4308
referred for examination to a treatment program approved by the	4309
board under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code if the physician	4310
assistant cooperates with the referral for examination and with	4311
any determination that the physician assistant should enter	4312
treatment and as long as the committee member, representative, or	4313
agent has no reason to believe that the physician assistant has	4314
ceased to participate in the treatment program in accordance with	4315
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code or has violated any provision	4316
	4317
of this chapter or rule adopted under it, other than being	4318
impaired by alcohol, drugs, or other substances.	

(C) Any professional association or society composed 4319 primarily of physician assistants that suspends or revokes an 4320 individual's membership for violations of professional ethics, or 4321 for reasons of professional incompetence or professional 4322 malpractice, within sixty days after a final decision, shall 4323 report to the board, on forms prescribed and provided by the 4324 board, the name of the individual, the action taken by the 4325 professional organization, and a summary of the underlying facts 4326 leading to the action taken. 4327

The filing or nonfiling of a report with the board, 4328 investigation by the board, or any disciplinary action taken by 4329 the board, shall not preclude a professional organization from 4330 taking disciplinary action against a physician assistant. 4331

(D) Any insurer providing professional liability insurance to 4332 any person holding a valid certificate of registration to practice 4333

facility arising out of matters that are the subject of the

reporting required by this section. The board may use the

4363

information obtained only as the basis for an investigation, as	4365
evidence in a disciplinary hearing against a physician assistant	4366
or supervising physician, or in any subsequent trial or appeal of	4367
a board action or order.	4368

The board may disclose the summaries and reports it receives 4369 under this section only to health care facility committees within 4370 or outside this state that are involved in credentialing or 4371 recredentialing a physician assistant or supervising physician or 4372 reviewing their privilege to practice within a particular 4373 facility. The board shall indicate whether or not the information 4374 has been verified. Information transmitted by the board shall be 4375 subject to the same confidentiality provisions as when maintained 4376 by the board. 4377

- (G) Except for reports filed by an individual pursuant to 4378 division (B) of this section, the board shall send a copy of any 4379 reports or summaries it receives pursuant to this section to the 4380 physician assistant. The physician assistant shall have the right 4381 to file a statement with the board concerning the correctness or 4382 relevance of the information. The statement shall at all times 4383 accompany that part of the record in contention.
- (H) An individual or entity that reports to the board or
  refers an impaired physician assistant to a treatment provider
  4386
  approved by the board under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code
  4387
  shall not be subject to suit for civil damages as a result of the
  report, referral, or provision of the information.
  4389
- (I) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, a professional 4390 association or society of physician assistants that sponsors a 4391 committee or program to provide peer assistance to a physician 4392 assistant with substance abuse problems, a representative or agent 4393 of such a committee or program, and a member of the state medical 4394 board shall not be held liable in damages to any person by reason 4395

of actions taken to refer a physician assistant to a treatment	4396
provider approved under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code for	4397
examination or treatment.	4398

Sec. 4730.33. The secretary of the state medical board shall 4399 enforce the laws relating to the practice of physician assistants. 4400 If the secretary has knowledge or notice of a violation of this 4401 chapter or the rules adopted under it, the secretary shall 4402 investigate the matter, and, upon probable cause appearing, file a 4403 complaint and prosecute the offender. When requested by the 4404 secretary, the prosecuting attorney of the proper county shall 4405 take charge of and conduct such prosecution. 4406

In the prosecution of any person for violation of division 4407

(A) of section 4730.02 of the Revised Code it shall not be 4408 necessary to allege or prove want of a valid certificate of 4409 registration to practice as a physician assistant, but such 4410 matters shall be a matter of defense to be established by the 4411 accused.

Sec. 4730.34. In the absence of fraud or bad faith, the state 4413 medical board, the board's physician assistant policy committee, a 4414 current or former board or committee member, an agent of the board 4415 or committee, a person formally requested by the board to be the 4416 board's representative or by the committee to be the committee's 4417 representative, or an employee of the board or committee shall not 4418 be held liable in damages to any person as the result of any act, 4419 omission, proceeding, conduct, or decision related to official 4420 duties undertaken or performed pursuant to this chapter. If any 4421 such person requests to be defended by the state against any claim 4422 or action arising out of any act, omission, proceeding, conduct, 4423 or decision related to the person's official duties, and if the 4424 request is made in writing at a reasonable time before trial and 4425

Sub. S. B. No. 154

necessary.

(C) Recommendations submitted under this section are subject	4457
to the procedures and time frames specified in division (C) of	4458
section 4730.06 of the Revised Code.	4459
Sec. 4730.39. (A) Not later than six months after receiving	4460
the initial recommendations of the physician assistant policy	4461
committee submitted pursuant to division (A) of section 4730.38 of	4462
the Revised Code, the state medical board shall adopt rules	4463
governing physician-delegated prescriptive authority for physician	4464
assistants, including the issuance of certificates to prescribe	4465
under this chapter. The board's rules shall establish all of the	4466
<pre>following:</pre>	4467
(1) Subject to the limitations specified in section 4730.40	4468
of the Revised Code, a formulary listing the drugs and therapeutic	4469
devices by class and specific generic nomenclature that a	4470
physician may include in the physician-delegated prescriptive	4471
authority granted to a physician assistant who holds a certificate	4472
to prescribe under this chapter;	4473
(2) Requirements regarding the pharmacology courses that a	4474
physician assistant is required to complete to receive a	4475
certificate to prescribe;	4476
(3) Standards and procedures for the issuance and renewal of	4477
certificates to prescribe to physician assistants;	4478
(4) Standards and procedures for the appropriate conduct of	4479
the provisional period that a physician assistant is required to	4480
complete pursuant to section 4730.45 of the Revised Code and for	4481
determining whether a physician assistant has successfully	4482
completed the provisional period;	4483
(5) A specific prohibition against prescribing any drug or	4484
device to perform or induce an abortion;	4485
(6) Standards and procedures to be followed by a physician	4486

assistant in personally furnishing samples of drugs or complete or	448
partial supplies of drugs to patients under section 4730.43 of the	448
Revised Code;	448
(7) Any other requirements the board considers necessary to	449
implement the provisions of this chapter regarding	449
physician-delegated prescriptive authority and the issuance of	449
certificates to prescribe.	449
(B) After adopting the initial rules, the board shall conduct	449
an annual review of the rules. Based on its review, the board	449
shall make any necessary modifications to the rules.	449
(C) All rules adopted under this section shall be adopted in	449
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. When adopting	449
the initial rules, the board shall consider the recommendations of	449
he physician assistant policy committee submitted pursuant to 4	
division (A) of section 4730.38 of the Revised Code. When making	450
any modifications to the rules subsequent to its annual review of	450
the rules, the board shall consider the committee's	450
recommendations submitted pursuant to division (B) of section	450
4730.38 of the Revised Code.	450
Sec. 4730.40. (A) Subject to divisions (B) and (C) of this	450
section, the formulary established by the state medical board in	450
rules adopted under section 4730.39 of the Revised Code listing	450
the drugs and therapeutic devices by class and specific	450
nomenclature that a supervising physician may include in the	451
physician-delegated prescriptive authority granted to a physician	451
assistant who holds a certificate to prescribe issued under this	451
chapter may include any or all of the following drugs:	451
(1) Schedule III, IV, and V controlled substances;	451
(2) Drugs that under state or federal law may be dispensed	451
only pursuant to a prescription by a licensed health professional	451

the physician-delegated prescriptive authority granted to a	4547
physician assistant who holds a certificate to prescribe issued	4548
under this chapter. The application of the formulary established	4549
under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code shall cease on the	4550
effective date of the initial rules establishing a formulary under	4551
section 4730.39 of the Revised Code.	4552
(B) During the period specified in division (A) of this	4553
section, all changes relative to the formulary established under	4554
Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code shall apply in like manner to	4555
physician-delegated prescriptive authority for physician	4556
<u>assistants.</u>	4557
(C) Notwithstanding the inclusion of schedule II controlled	4558
substances in the formulary established under Chapter 4723. of the	4559
Revised Code, the formulary that applies to physician-delegated	4560
prescriptive authority for physician assistants under this section	4561
shall not include schedule II controlled substances.	4562
G. T. 4820 41 (7) 7 (7) 7 (7)	45.60
Sec. 4730.41. (A) A certificate to prescribe issued under	4563
this chapter authorizes a physician assistant to prescribe and	4564
personally furnish drugs and therapeutic devices in the exercise	4565
of physician-delegated prescriptive authority.	4566
(B) In exercising physician-delegated prescriptive authority,	4567
a physician assistant is subject to all of the following:	4568
(1) The physician assistant shall exercise	4569
physician-delegated prescriptive authority only to the extent that	4570
the physician supervising the physician assistant has granted that	4571
authority.	4572
(2) The physician assistant shall comply with all conditions	4573
placed on the physician-delegated prescriptive authority, as	4574
specified by the supervising physician who is supervising the	4575
physician assistant in the exercise of physician-delegated	4576

Sub. S. B. No. 154

supervising physician or the policies of the health care facility	4607
in which the physician and physician assistant are practicing;	4608
(c) The supervision agreement approved under section 4730.19	4609
of the Revised Code that applies to the supervising physician and	4610
the physician assistant.	4611
(B)(1) The supervising physician of a physician assistant may	4612
place conditions on the physician-delegated prescriptive authority	4613
granted to the physician assistant. If conditions are placed on	4614
that authority, the supervising physician shall maintain a written	4615
record of the conditions and make the record available to the	4616
state medical board on request.	4617
(2) The conditions that a supervising physician may place on	4618
the physician-delegated prescriptive authority granted to a	4619
physician assistant include the following:	4620
(a) Identification by class and specific generic nomenclature	4621
of drugs and therapeutic devices that the physician chooses not to	4622
permit the physician assistant to prescribe;	4623
(b) Limitations on the dosage units or refills that the	4624
physician assistant is authorized to prescribe;	4625
(c) Specification of circumstances under which the physician	4626
assistant is required to refer patients to the supervising	4627
physician or another physician when exercising physician-delegated	4628
prescriptive authority;	4629
(d) Responsibilities to be fulfilled by the physician in	4630
supervising the physician assistant that are not otherwise	4631
specified in the physician supervisory plan or otherwise required	4632
by this chapter.	4633
Sec. 4730.43. (A) A physician assistant who holds a	4634
certificate to prescribe issued under this chapter and has been	4635
granted physician-delegated prescriptive authority by a	4636

supervising physician may personally furnish to a patient samples	4637
of drugs and therapeutic devices that are included in the	4638
physician assistant's physician-delegated prescriptive authority,	4639
subject to all of the following:	4640
(1) The amount of the sample furnished shall not exceed a	4641
seventy-two hour supply, except when the minimum available	4642
quantity of the sample is packaged in an amount that is greater	4643
than a seventy-two hour supply, in which case the physician	4644
assistant may furnish the sample in the package amount.	4645
(2) No charge may be imposed for the sample or for furnishing	4646
<u>it.</u>	4647
(3) Samples of controlled substances may not be personally	4648
furnished.	4649
(B) A physician assistant who holds a certificate to	4650
prescribe issued under this chapter and has been granted	4651
physician-delegated prescriptive authority by a supervising	4652
physician may personally furnish to a patient a complete or	4653
partial supply of the drugs and therapeutic devices that are	4654
included in the physician assistant's physician-delegated	4655
prescriptive authority, subject to all of the following:	4656
(1) The physician assistant shall personally furnish only	4657
antibiotics, antifungals, scabicides, contraceptives, prenatal	4658
vitamins, antihypertensives, drugs and devices used in the	4659
treatment of diabetes, drugs and devices used in the treatment of	4660
asthma, and drugs used in the treatment of dyslipidemia.	4661
(2) The physician assistant shall not furnish the drugs and	4662
devices in locations other than a health department operated by	4663
the board of health of a city or general health district or the	4664
authority having the duties of a board of health under section	4665
3700 05 of the Paviced Code a federally funded comprehensive	4666

primary care clinic, or a nonprofit health care clinic or program.	4667
(3) The physician assistant shall comply with all standards	4668
and procedures for personally furnishing supplies of drugs and	4669
devices, as established in rules adopted under section 4730.39 of	4670
the Revised Code.	4671
Sec. 4730.44. (A) A physician assistant seeking a certificate	4672
to prescribe shall submit to the state medical board a written	4673
application on a form prescribed and supplied by the board. The	4674
application shall include all of the following information:	4675
(1) The applicant's name, residential address, business	4676
address, if any, and social security number;	4677
(2) Evidence of holding a valid certificate to practice as a	4678
physician assistant issued under this chapter;	4679
(3) Satisfactory proof that the applicant meets the	4680
requirements specified in section 4730.46 of the Revised Code to	4681
participate in a provisional period of physician-delegated	4682
prescriptive authority or satisfactory proof of successful	4683
completion of the provisional period, evidenced by a letter or	4684
copy of a letter attesting to the successful completion written by	4685
a supervising physician of the physician assistant at the time of	4686
<pre>completion;</pre>	4687
(4) Any other information the board requires.	4688
(B) At the time of making application for a certificate to	4689
prescribe, the applicant shall pay the board a fee of one hundred	4690
dollars, no part of which shall be returned. The fees shall be	4691
deposited in accordance with section 4731.24 of the Revised Code.	4692
(C) The board shall review all applications received. If an	4693
application is complete and the board determines that the	4694
applicant meets the requirements for a certificate to prescribe,	4695
the board shall issue the certificate to the applicant. The	4696

4727

the board shall revoke the certificate.

(D) A physician assistant who successfully completes a	4728
provisional period shall not be required to complete another	4729
provisional period as a condition of being eligible to be granted	4730
physician-delegated prescriptive authority by a supervising	4731
physician who was not involved in the conduct of the provisional	4732
period.	4733
Sec. 4730.46. (A) To be eligible to participate in the	4734
provisional period of physician-delegated prescriptive authority	4735
required by section 4730.45 of the Revised Code, both of the	4736
following apply:	4737
(1) The physician assistant shall meet the educational	4738
requirements specified in division (B)(1) of this section or the	4739
educational and clinical experience requirements specified in	4740
division (B)(2) of this section.	4741
(2) The physician assistant shall successfully complete the	4742
pharmacology instruction specified in division (C) of this	4743
section.	4744
(B)(1) For purposes of division (A)(1) of this section, a	4745
physician assistant shall meet either of the following educational	4746
requirements unless division (B)(2) of this section applies:	4747
(a) The physician assistant shall hold a master's or higher	4748
degree that was obtained from a program accredited by the	4749
accreditation review commission on education for the physician	4750
assistant or a predecessor or successor organization recognized by	4751
the state medical board.	4752
(b) The physician assistant shall hold a degree other than a	4753
master's or higher degree that was obtained from a school or	4754
program accredited by the accreditation review commission on	4755
education for the physician assistant or a predecessor or	4756
successor organization recognized by the board and shall hold a	4757

master's or higher degree in a course of study with clinical	
relevance to the practice of physician assistants that was	
obtained from a program accredited by a regional or specialized	
and professional accrediting agency recognized by the council for	
higher education accreditation.	
(2) Until two years after the effective date of the initial	
rules adopted under section 4730.39 of the Revised Code, a	
physician assistant who does not hold a master's or higher degree	
as specified in division (B)(1) of this section is eligible to	
participate in a provisional period if both of the following	
<pre>apply:</pre>	
(a) The physician assistant holds a degree other than a	
master's or higher degree that was obtained from a program	
accredited by the accreditation review commission on education for	
the physician assistant or a predecessor or successor organization	
recognized by the board.	
(b) The physician assistant has obtained not less than ten	
years of clinical experience as a physician assistant in this	
state or another jurisdiction, three years of which were obtained	
in the five-year period immediately preceding the date the	
evidence is submitted to the supervising physician.	
(C) For purposes of division (A)(2) of this section, all of	
the following conditions shall be met:	
(1) The pharmacology instruction shall be completed not	
longer than three years prior to applying for the certificate to	
prescribe.	
(2) The instruction shall be obtained through a course of	
study consisting of planned classroom or continued education and	
clinical study that meets either of the following conditions:	
(a) It is accredited by the accreditation review commission	

Sub. S. B. No. 154

Sub. S. B. No. 154

prescribe and the physician assistant's certificate to practice

4876

expires, the physician assistant's certificate to prescribe is	4877
lapsed until the certificate to practice is reinstated. If a	4878
sanction under section 4730.25 of the Revised Code applies to a	4879
physician assistant's certificate to practice, the same sanction	4880
is placed on the physician assistant's certificate to prescribe	4881
while the sanction applies to the certificate to practice.	4882
Sec. 4730.51. In the information the board maintains on the	4883
internet, the state medical board shall include the following:	4884
(A) The name of each physician assistant who holds a	4885
certificate to prescribe under this chapter;	4886
(B) For each physician assistant who holds a certificate to	4887
prescribe, the name of each supervising physician who has	4888
authority to grant physician-delegated prescriptive authority to	4889
the physician assistant.	4890
Sec. 4730.52. On application by the holder of a certificate	4891
to prescribe issued under this chapter, the state medical board	4892
shall issue a duplicate certificate to replace one that is missing	4893
or damaged, to reflect a name change, or for any other reasonable	4894
cause. The fee for a duplicate certificate is thirty-five dollars.	4895
All fees collected under this section shall be deposited in	4896
accordance with section 4731.24 of the Revised Code.	4897
Sec. 4731.141. Any person who was authorized in practice	4898
limited osteopathic medicine and surgery on January 1, 1980, may	4899
continue to practice in accordance with the statutory limitations	4900
in effect on that date. The board shall regulate such	4901
practitioners and shall require them to register on or before the	4902
first day of June, 1983, and on or before the first day of June	4903
every second year thereafter, on a form prescribed by the board	4904
and pay at such time a biennial registration fee of twenty-five	4905

4926

dollars. At least one month in advance of the date of	4906
registration, a written notice shall be sent to such	4907
practitioners, whether a resident of the state or not, at the last	4908
known address, that the biennial registration fee is due on or	4909
before the first day of June. All such practitioners shall provide	4910
the board written notice of any change of address. A holder of a	4911
certificate <u>to practice</u> under this section shall have <del>his</del> <u>the</u>	4912
certificate automatically suspended if the registration fee is not	4913
paid by the first day of September of the same year, and continued	4914
practice after the suspension shall be considered as practicing	4915
without a license in violation of section 4731.43 of the Revised	4916
Code. An applicant for reinstatement of a certificate to practice	4917
suspended for failure to register shall submit his the applicant's	4918
current and delinquent registration fees and a penalty in the sum	4919
of twenty-five dollars.	4920

Any certificate of registration to practice issued pursuant 4921 to this section may be refused, limited, revoked, or suspended, an 4922 applicant may be denied certification or reinstatement, or the 4923 holder of a certificate may be reprimanded, or placed on probation 4924 as provided in section 4731.22 of the Revised Code. 4925

## Sec. 5903.12. (A) As used in this section:

- (1) "Continuing education" means continuing education 4927 required of a licensee by law and includes, but is not limited to, 4928 the continuing education required of licensees under sections 4929 3737.881, 3781.10, 4701.11, 4715.141, 4715.25, 4717.09, 4723.24, 4930 4725.16, 4725.51, 4730.14, 4730.49, 4731.281, 4734.25, 4735.141, 4931 4736.11, 4741.16, 4741.19, 4751.07, 4755.63, 4757.33, 4759.06, 4932 4761.06, and 4763.07 of the Revised Code.
- (2) "License" means a license, certificate, permit, or other 4934 authorization issued or conferred by a licensing agency under 4935 which a licensee may engage in a profession, occupation, or 4936

3327.10, 3331.02, 3719.06, 3719	9.81, 4723.481, 4723.50, 4729.01, 49	967
4729.51, 4730.01, 4730.02, 4730	0.03, 4730.05, 4730.06, 4730.07, 49	968
4730.10, 4730.11, 4730.12, 4730	0.16, 4730.18, 4730.19, 4730.21, 49	969
4730.22, 4730.25, 4730.26, 4730	0.27, 4730.28, 4730.31, 4730.32, 49	970
4730.33, 4730.34, 4731.141, and	d 5903.12 and sections 4730.15 and 49	971
4730.17 of the Revised Code are	e hereby repealed. 49	972

Section 3. In addition to adopting rules under section 4973 4730.39 of the Revised Code governing physician-delegated 4974 prescriptive authority for physician assistants, the State Medical 4975 Board shall, not later than six months after the effective date of 4976 this section, adopt, amend, and rescind any other rules necessary 4977 to implement the remaining provisions of this act. The rules 4978 adopted under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code that are in effect 4979 immediately prior to the effective date of this act shall continue 4980 in effect until rules are adopted, amended, or rescinded in 4981 accordance with the provisions of this act. 4982

Section 4. (A) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 4983
4730.05 of the Revised Code specifying that the terms of office of 4984
members of the Physician Assistant Policy Committee of the State 4985
Medical Board are two years, the Board shall appoint the initial 4986
pharmacist members of the Committee for terms ending on the same 4987
date as the terms of the members of the Committee in office 4988
immediately prior to the effective date of this act. 4989

(B) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 4730.05 of the 4990 Revised Code specifying that the terms of office of members of the 4991 Committee are two years, on the expiration date of the terms of 4992 the members of the Committee in office immediately prior to the 4993 effective date of this act and of the members of the Committee 4994 appointed pursuant to division (A) of this section, the Board 4995 shall do the following:

(1) Appoint two physicians for terms ending two years after	4997
the date of appointment and one physician for a term ending one	4998
year after the date of appointment;	4999
(2) Appoint two physician assistants for terms ending two	5000
years after the date of appointment and one physician assistant	5001
for a term ending one year after the date of appointment;	5002
(3) Appoint one pharmacist for a term ending two years after	5003
the date of appointment and one pharmacist for a term ending one	5004
year after the date of appointment;	5005
(4) Appoint the member who is not affiliated with any health	5006
care profession for a term ending one year after the date of	5007
appointment.	5008
(C) After the terms specified in this section, terms of	5009
office shall be two years and appointments shall be made in	5010
accordance with section 4730.05 of the Revised Code.	5011
Section 5. This act does not require the State Medical Board	5012
to invalidate the supervision agreements between physicians and	5013
physician assistants that are in effect immediately prior to the	5014
effective date of this act.	5015
Section 6. Section 3719.81 of the Revised Code is presented	5016
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am.	5017
Sub. H.B. 454 and Am. Sub. S.B. 80 of the 125th General Assembly.	5018
The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division	5019
(B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	5020
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds	5021
that the composite is the resulting version of the section in	5022
effect prior to the effective date of the section as presented in	5023
this act.	5024