As Introduced

126th General Assembly Regular Session 2005-2006

S. B. No. 19

Senators Schuler, Wachtmann, Mumper, Clancy, Hagan

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A BILL

To amend section 2317.02 and to enact section

2305.2341 of the Revised Code to make the

testimonial privilege against disclosure of

certain communications applicable to critical

incident stress management (CISM) team members and

to provide CISM team members with immunity against

tort or other civil liability arising from actions

or omissions during debriefing sessions.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 2317.02 be amended and section	9
2305.2341 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	10
Sec. 2305.2341. (A) As used in this section:	11
(1) "Crisis response services" means consultation, risk	12
assessment, referral, and on-site crisis intervention services	13
provided by a critical incident stress management team to	14
individuals affected by crisis or disaster.	15
(2) "Critical incident stress management team member" or	16
"team member" means an individual specially trained to provide	17
crisis response services as a member of an organized community or	18
local crisis response team that holds membership in the Ohio	19
critical incident stress management network.	20

(3) "Debriefing session" means a session at which crisis	21
response services are rendered by a critical incident stress	22
management team member during or after a crisis or disaster.	23
(4) "Tort action" means a civil action for damages for	24
injury, death, or loss to person or property other than a civil	25
action for a breach of contract or another agreement between	26
persons or government entities.	27
(B) A critical incident stress management team member is not	28
liable in damages to any person or government entity in a tort or	29
other civil action, including an action on a physical or mental	30
health-related claim, for injury, death, or loss to person or	31
property that allegedly arises from an action or omission of the	32
team member during a debriefing session, unless the action or	33
omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct.	34
Sec. 2317.02. The following persons shall not testify in	35
certain respects:	36
(A) An attorney, concerning a communication made to the	37
attorney by a client in that relation or the attorney's advice to	38
a client, except that the attorney may testify by express consent	39
of the client or, if the client is deceased, by the express	40
consent of the surviving spouse or the executor or administrator	41
of the estate of the deceased client and except that, if the	42
client voluntarily testifies or is deemed by section 2151.421 of	43
the Revised Code to have waived any testimonial privilege under	44
this division, the attorney may be compelled to testify on the	45
same subject;	46
(B)(1) A physician or a dentist concerning a communication	47
made to the physician or dentist by a patient in that relation or	48
the physician's or dentist's advice to a patient, except as	49
otherwise provided in this division, division (B)(2), and division	50

(B)(3) of this section, and except that, if the patient is deemed	51
by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code to have waived any	52
testimonial privilege under this division, the physician may be	53
compelled to testify on the same subject.	54

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The testimonial privilege established under this division does not apply, and a physician or dentist may testify or may be compelled to testify, in any of the following circumstances:

- (a) In any civil action, in accordance with the discovery
 provisions of the Rules of Civil Procedure in connection with a

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 civil action, or in connection with a claim under Chapter 4123. of
 the Revised Code, under any of the following circumstances:

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- (i) If the patient or the guardian or other legal62representative of the patient gives express consent;63
- (ii) If the patient is deceased, the spouse of the patient or64the executor or administrator of the patient's estate gives65express consent;66
- (iii) If a medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic claim, or optometric claim, as defined in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code, an action for wrongful death, any other type of civil action, or a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code is filed by the patient, the personal representative of the estate of the patient if deceased, or the patient's guardian or other legal representative.
- (b) In any civil action concerning court-ordered treatment or 74 services received by a patient, if the court-ordered treatment or 75 services were ordered as part of a case plan journalized under 76 section 2151.412 of the Revised Code or the court-ordered 77 treatment or services are necessary or relevant to dependency, 78 neglect, or abuse or temporary or permanent custody proceedings 79 under Chapter 2151. of the Revised Code. 80

(c) In any criminal action concerning any test or the results	81
of any test that determines the presence or concentration of	82
alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse in the	83
patient's blood, breath, urine, or other bodily substance at any	84
time relevant to the criminal offense in question.	85

- (d) In any criminal action against a physician or dentist. In 86 such an action, the testimonial privilege established under this 87 division does not prohibit the admission into evidence, in 88 accordance with the Rules of Evidence, of a patient's medical or 89 dental records or other communications between a patient and the 90 physician or dentist that are related to the action and obtained 91 by subpoena, search warrant, or other lawful means. A court that 92 permits or compels a physician or dentist to testify in such an 93 action or permits the introduction into evidence of patient 94 records or other communications in such an action shall require 95 that appropriate measures be taken to ensure that the 96 confidentiality of any patient named or otherwise identified in 97 the records is maintained. Measures to ensure confidentiality that 98 may be taken by the court include sealing its records or deleting 99 specific information from its records. 100
- (e) In any will contest action under sections 2107.71 to 101 2107.77 of the Revised Code if all of the following apply: 102

- (i) The patient is deceased.
- (ii) A party to the will contest action requests the 104 testimony, demonstrates to the court that that party would be an 105 heir of the patient if the patient died without a will, is a 106 beneficiary under the will that is the subject of the will contest 107 action, or is a beneficiary under another testamentary document 108 allegedly executed by the patient, and demonstrates to the court 109 that the testimony is necessary to establish the party's rights as 110 described in this division. 111

(2)(a) If any law enforcement officer submits a written	112
statement to a health care provider that states that an official	113
criminal investigation has begun regarding a specified person or	114
that a criminal action or proceeding has been commenced against a	115
specified person, that requests the provider to supply to the	116
officer copies of any records the provider possesses that pertain	117
to any test or the results of any test administered to the	118
specified person to determine the presence or concentration of	119
alcohol, a drug of abuse, or alcohol and a drug of abuse in the	120
person's blood, breath, or urine at any time relevant to the	121
criminal offense in question, and that conforms to section	122
2317.022 of the Revised Code, the provider, except to the extent	123
specifically prohibited by any law of this state or of the United	124
States, shall supply to the officer a copy of any of the requested	125
records the provider possesses. If the health care provider does	126
not possess any of the requested records, the provider shall give	127
the officer a written statement that indicates that the provider	128
does not possess any of the requested records.	129

(b) If a health care provider possesses any records of the 130 type described in division (B)(2)(a) of this section regarding the 131 person in question at any time relevant to the criminal offense in 132 question, in lieu of personally testifying as to the results of 133 the test in question, the custodian of the records may submit a 134 certified copy of the records, and, upon its submission, the 135 certified copy is qualified as authentic evidence and may be 136 admitted as evidence in accordance with the Rules of Evidence. 137 Division (A) of section 2317.422 of the Revised Code does not 138 apply to any certified copy of records submitted in accordance 139 with this division. Nothing in this division shall be construed to 140 limit the right of any party to call as a witness the person who 141 administered the test to which the records pertain, the person 142 under whose supervision the test was administered, the custodian 143 of the records, the person who made the records, or the person

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under whose supervision the records were made.

- (3)(a) If the testimonial privilege described in division 146 (B)(1) of this section does not apply as provided in division 147 (B)(1)(a)(iii) of this section, a physician or dentist may be 148 compelled to testify or to submit to discovery under the Rules of 149 Civil Procedure only as to a communication made to the physician 150 or dentist by the patient in question in that relation, or the 151 physician's or dentist's advice to the patient in question, that 152 related causally or historically to physical or mental injuries 153 that are relevant to issues in the medical claim, dental claim, 154 chiropractic claim, or optometric claim, action for wrongful 155 death, other civil action, or claim under Chapter 4123. of the 156 Revised Code. 157
- (b) If the testimonial privilege described in division (B)(1) 158 of this section does not apply to a physician or dentist as 159 provided in division (B)(1)(c) of this section, the physician or 160 dentist, in lieu of personally testifying as to the results of the 161 test in question, may submit a certified copy of those results, 162 and, upon its submission, the certified copy is qualified as 163 authentic evidence and may be admitted as evidence in accordance 164 with the Rules of Evidence. Division (A) of section 2317.422 of 165 the Revised Code does not apply to any certified copy of results 166 submitted in accordance with this division. Nothing in this 167 division shall be construed to limit the right of any party to 168 call as a witness the person who administered the test in 169 question, the person under whose supervision the test was 170 administered, the custodian of the results of the test, the person 171 who compiled the results, or the person under whose supervision 172 the results were compiled. 173
- (c) If the testimonial privilege described in division (B)(1) of this section does not apply as provided in division (B)(1)(e)

174

S. B. No. 19 Page 7
As Introduced

of this section, a physician or dentist may be compelled to	176
testify or to submit to discovery in the will contest action under	177
sections 2107.71 to 2107.77 of the Revised Code only as to the	178
patient in question on issues relevant to the competency of the	179
patient at the time of the execution of the will. Testimony or	180
discovery conducted pursuant to this division shall be conducted	181
in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure.	182
(4) The testimonial privilege described in division (B)(1) of	183
this section is not waived when a communication is made by a	184
physician to a pharmacist or when there is communication between a	185
patient and a pharmacist in furtherance of the physician-patient	186
relation.	187
(5)(a) As used in divisions (B)(1) to (4) of this section,	188
"communication" means acquiring, recording, or transmitting any	189
information, in any manner, concerning any facts, opinions, or	190
statements necessary to enable a physician or dentist to diagnose,	191
treat, prescribe, or act for a patient. A "communication" may	192
include, but is not limited to, any medical or dental, office, or	193
hospital communication such as a record, chart, letter,	194
memorandum, laboratory test and results, x-ray, photograph,	195
financial statement, diagnosis, or prognosis.	196
(b) As used in division $(B)(2)$ of this section, "health care	197
provider" means a hospital, ambulatory care facility, long-term	198
care facility, pharmacy, emergency facility, or health care	199
practitioner.	200
(c) As used in division (B)(5)(b) of this section:	201
(i) "Ambulatory care facility" means a facility that provides	202
medical, diagnostic, or surgical treatment to patients who do not	203

require hospitalization, including a dialysis center, ambulatory

surgical facility, cardiac catheterization facility, diagnostic

imaging center, extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy center, home

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Revised Code upon physicians who report an employee's use of a

drug of abuse, or a condition of an employee other than one	237
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involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the	239
employee in accordance with division (B) of that section. As used	240
in division (B)(7) of this section, "employee," "employer," and	241
"physician" have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the	242
Revised Code.	242
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- (C) A member of the clergy, rabbi, priest, or regularly 243 ordained, accredited, or licensed minister of an established and 244 legally cognizable church, denomination, or sect, when the member 245 of the clergy, rabbi, priest, or minister remains accountable to 246 the authority of that church, denomination, or sect, concerning a 247 confession made, or any information confidentially communicated, 248 to the member of the clergy, rabbi, priest, or minister for a 249 religious counseling purpose in the member of the clergy's, 250 rabbi's, priest's, or minister's professional character; however, 251 the member of the clergy, rabbi, priest, or minister may testify 252 by express consent of the person making the communication, except 253 when the disclosure of the information is in violation of a sacred 254 trust; 255
- (D) Husband or wife, concerning any communication made by one 256 to the other, or an act done by either in the presence of the 257 other, during coverture, unless the communication was made, or act 258 done, in the known presence or hearing of a third person competent 259 to be a witness; and such rule is the same if the marital relation 260 has ceased to exist;
- (E) A person who assigns a claim or interest, concerning any 262 matter in respect to which the person would not, if a party, be 263 permitted to testify; 264
- (F) A person who, if a party, would be restricted under 265 section 2317.03 of the Revised Code, when the property or thing is 266 sold or transferred by an executor, administrator, guardian, 267

S. B. No. 19
As Introduced

trustee, heir, devisee, or legatee, shall be restricted in the	268
same manner in any action or proceeding concerning the property or	269
thing.	270
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(G)(1) A school guidance counselor who holds a valid educator	271
license from the state board of education as provided for in	272
section 3319.22 of the Revised Code, a person licensed under	273
Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code as a professional clinical	274
counselor, professional counselor, social worker, independent	275
social worker, marriage and family therapist or independent	276
marriage and family therapist, or registered under Chapter 4757.	277
of the Revised Code as a social work assistant concerning a	278
confidential communication received from a client in that relation	279
or the person's advice to a client unless any of the following	280
applies:	281
(a) The communication or advice indicates clear and present	282
danger to the client or other persons. For the purposes of this	283
division, cases in which there are indications of present or past	284
child abuse or neglect of the client constitute a clear and	285
present danger.	286
(b) The client gives express consent to the testimony.	287
(c) If the client is deceased, the surviving spouse or the	288
executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client	289
gives express consent.	290
(d) The client voluntarily testifies, in which case the	291
school guidance counselor or person licensed or registered under	292
Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code may be compelled to testify on	293
the same subject.	294
(e) The court in camera determines that the information	295
communicated by the client is not germane to the counselor-client,	296
marriage and family therapist-client, or social worker-client	297

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relationship.

(f) A court, in an action brought against a school, its	299
administration, or any of its personnel by the client, rules after	300
an in-camera inspection that the testimony of the school guidance	301
counselor is relevant to that action.	302
(g) The testimony is sought in a civil action and concerns	303
court-ordered treatment or services received by a patient as part	304
of a case plan journalized under section 2151.412 of the Revised	305
Code or the court-ordered treatment or services are necessary or	306
relevant to dependency, neglect, or abuse or temporary or	307
permanent custody proceedings under Chapter 2151. of the Revised	308
Code.	309
(2) Nothing in division (G)(1) of this section shall relieve	310
a school guidance counselor or a person licensed or registered	311
under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code from the requirement to	312
report information concerning child abuse or neglect under section	313
2151.421 of the Revised Code.	314
(H) A mediator acting under a mediation order issued under	315
division (A) of section 3109.052 of the Revised Code or otherwise	316
issued in any proceeding for divorce, dissolution, legal	317
separation, annulment, or the allocation of parental rights and	318
responsibilities for the care of children, in any action or	319
proceeding, other than a criminal, delinquency, child abuse, child	320
neglect, or dependent child action or proceeding, that is brought	321
by or against either parent who takes part in mediation in	322
accordance with the order and that pertains to the mediation	323
process, to any information discussed or presented in the	324
mediation process, to the allocation of parental rights and	325
responsibilities for the care of the parents' children, or to the	326
awarding of parenting time rights in relation to their children;	327

(I) A communications assistant, acting within the scope of

the communication assistant's authority, when providing

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telecommunications relay service pursuant to section 4931.35 of	330
the Revised Code or Title II of the "Communications Act of 1934,"	331
104 Stat. 366 (1990), 47 U.S.C. 225, concerning a communication	332
made through a telecommunications relay service. Nothing in this	333
section shall limit the obligation of a communications assistant	334
to divulge information or testify when mandated by federal law or	335
regulation or pursuant to subpoena in a criminal proceeding.	336

Nothing in this section shall limit any immunity or privilege 337 granted under federal law or regulation. 338

- (J)(1) A chiropractor in a civil proceeding concerning a 339 communication made to the chiropractor by a patient in that 340 relation or the chiropractor's advice to a patient, except as 341 otherwise provided in this division. The testimonial privilege 342 established under this division does not apply, and a chiropractor 343 may testify or may be compelled to testify, in any civil action, 344 in accordance with the discovery provisions of the Rules of Civil 345 Procedure in connection with a civil action, or in connection with 346 a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code, under any of the 347 following circumstances: 348
- (a) If the patient or the guardian or other legal representative of the patient gives express consent.
- (b) If the patient is deceased, the spouse of the patient or 351the executor or administrator of the patient's estate gives 352express consent. 353

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(c) If a medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic claim, or 354 optometric claim, as defined in section 2305.113 of the Revised 355 Code, an action for wrongful death, any other type of civil 356 action, or a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code is 357 filed by the patient, the personal representative of the estate of 358 the patient if deceased, or the patient's guardian or other legal 359 representative.

(2) If the testimonial privilege described in division $(J)(1)$	361
of this section does not apply as provided in division (J)(1)(c)	362
of this section, a chiropractor may be compelled to testify or to	363
submit to discovery under the Rules of Civil Procedure only as to	364
a communication made to the chiropractor by the patient in	365
question in that relation, or the chiropractor's advice to the	366
patient in question, that related causally or historically to	367
physical or mental injuries that are relevant to issues in the	368
medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic claim, or optometric	369
claim, action for wrongful death, other civil action, or claim	370
under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code.	371
(3) The testimonial privilege established under this division	372
does not apply, and a chiropractor may testify or be compelled to	373
testify, in any criminal action or administrative proceeding.	374
(4) As used in this division, "communication" means	375
acquiring, recording, or transmitting any information, in any	376
manner, concerning any facts, opinions, or statements necessary to	377
enable a chiropractor to diagnose, treat, or act for a patient. A	378
communication may include, but is not limited to, any	379
chiropractic, office, or hospital communication such as a record,	380
chart, letter, memorandum, laboratory test and results, x-ray,	381
photograph, financial statement, diagnosis, or prognosis.	382
(K)(1) Except as provided under division (K)(2) of this	383
section, a critical incident stress management team member	384
concerning a communication received from an individual who	385
receives crisis response services from the team member, or the	386
team member's advice to the individual, during a debriefing	387
session.	388
(2) The testimonial privilege established under division	389
(K)(1) of this section does not apply if any of the following are	390
true:	391

(a) The communication or advice indicates clear and present	392
danger to the individual who receives crisis response services or	393
to other persons. For purposes of this division, cases in which	394
there are indications of present or past child abuse or neglect of	395
the individual constitute a clear and present danger.	396
(b) The individual who received crisis response services	397
gives express consent to the testimony.	398
(c) If the individual who received crisis response services	399
is deceased, the surviving spouse or the executor or administrator	400
of the estate of the deceased individual gives express consent.	401
(d) The individual who received crisis response services	402
voluntarily testifies, in which case the team member may be	403
compelled to testify on the same subject.	404
(e) The court in camera determines that the information	405
communicated by the individual who received crisis response	406
services is not germane to the relationship between the individual	407
and the team member.	408
(f) The communication or advice pertains or is related to any	409
criminal act.	410
(3) As used in this division, "critical incident stress	411
management team member" or "team member" and "debriefing session"	412
have the same meanings as in section 2305.2341 of the Revised	413
Code.	414
Section 2. That existing section 2317.02 of the Revised Code	415
is hereby repealed.	416
Section 3. Section 2317.02 of the Revised Code is presented	417
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by Am. Sub.	418
H.B. 374, Am. H.B. 533, and Am. Sub. S.B. 281, all of the 124th	419
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	420
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	421

S. B. No. 19 As Introduced	Page 15
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	422
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the resulting	423
version of the section in effect prior to the effective date of	424
the section as presented in this act.	425