As Reported by the Senate Judiciary--Criminal Justice Committee

126th General Assembly Regular Session 2005-2006

Sub. S. B. No. 20

Senators Goodman, Amstutz, Coughlin, Clancy, Schuler, Jacobson, Cates, Mumper, Austria, Schuring, Grendell, Wachtmann, Gardner, Carey, Padgett, Jordan, Spada, Hottinger, Zurz

ABILL

Го	amend sections 2901.11 and 2901.12 of the Revised	1
	Code to clarify the application of the state's	2
	criminal jurisdiction statute to offenses	3
	committed in a jurisdiction other than Ohio that	4
	result from a conspiracy, an attempt, or	5
	complicity to commit the offense that occurs in	6
	Ohio; to clarify the application of that statute	7
	in homicide cases; to clarify that Ohio criminal	8
	specifications are applicable to persons who	9
	commit an offense in a jurisdiction other than	10
	Ohio but are subject to Ohio criminal	11
	jurisdiction; and to make other related changes to	12
	the state's criminal jurisdiction and venue	13
	statutes.	14

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

	Section 1. That sections 2901.11 and 2901.12 of the Revised	15
Code	e be amended to read as follows:	16
	Sec. 2901.11. (A) A person is subject to criminal prosecution	17
and	punishment in this state if any of the following occur:	18

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- 19 (1) The person commits an offense under the laws of this 20 state, any element of which takes place in this state. 21 (2) While in this state, the person conspires or attempts to 22 commit, or is guilty of complicity in the commission of, an 23 offense in another jurisdiction, which offense is an offense under 24 both the laws of this state and the other jurisdiction, or, while 25 in this state, the person conspires to commit an offense in 26 another jurisdiction, which offense is an offense under both the 27 laws of this state and the other jurisdiction, and a substantial 28 overt act in furtherance of the conspiracy is undertaken in this 29 state by the person or another person involved in the conspiracy, 30 subsequent to the person's entrance into the conspiracy. In any 31 case in which a person attempts to commit, is quilty of complicity 32 in the commission of, or conspires to commit an offense in another 33 jurisdiction as described in this division, the person is subject 34 to criminal prosecution and punishment in this state for the 35
- (3) While out of this state, the person conspires or attemptsto commit, or is guilty of complicity in the commission of, anoffense in this state.

attempt, complicity, or conspiracy, and for any resulting offense

that is committed or completed in the other jurisdiction.

- (4) While out of this state, the person omits to perform a
 legal duty imposed by the laws of this state, which omission
 affects a legitimate interest of the state in protecting,
 governing, or regulating any person, property, thing, transaction,
 or activity in this state.
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- (5) While out of this state, the person unlawfully takes or
 retains property and subsequently brings any of the unlawfully
 taken or retained property into this state.
 - (6) While out of this state, the person unlawfully takes or 49

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entices another and subsequently brings the other person into this state.

- (7) The person, by means of a computer, computer system,

 52 computer network, telecommunication, telecommunications device,

 53 telecommunications service, or information service, causes or

 54 knowingly permits any writing, data, image, or other

 55 telecommunication to be disseminated or transmitted into this

 56 state in violation of the law of this state.

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- (B) In homicide, the element referred to in division (A)(1) 58 of this section is either includes the act that causes death, or 59 the physical contact that causes death, or the death itself, or 60 any other element that is set forth in the offense in question. If 61 any part of the body of a homicide victim is found in this state, 62 the death is presumed to have occurred within this state. 63
- (C)(1) This state includes the land and water within its 64 boundaries and the air space above that land and water, with 65 respect to which this state has either exclusive or concurrent 66 legislative jurisdiction. Where the boundary between this state 67 and another state or foreign country is disputed, the disputed 68 territory is conclusively presumed to be within this state for 69 purposes of this section. 70
- (2) The courts of common pleas of Adams, Athens, Belmont, 71 Brown, Clermont, Columbiana, Gallia, Hamilton, Jefferson, 72 Lawrence, Meigs, Monroe, Scioto, and Washington counties have 73 jurisdiction beyond the north or northwest shore of the Ohio river 74 extending to the opposite shore line, between the extended 75 boundary lines of any adjacent counties or adjacent state. Each of 76 those courts of common pleas has concurrent jurisdiction on the 77 Ohio river with any adjacent court of common pleas that borders on 78 that river and with any court of Kentucky or of West Virginia that 79 borders on the Ohio river and that has jurisdiction on the Ohio 80

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(5) The offenses involved the same or a similar modus	173
operandi.	174
(6) The offenses were committed along the offender's line of	175
travel in this state, regardless of the offender's point of origin	176
or destination.	177
(I)(1) When the offense involves a computer, computer system,	178
computer network, telecommunication, telecommunications device,	179
telecommunications service, or information service, the offender	180
may be tried in any jurisdiction containing any location of the	181
computer, computer system, or computer network of the victim of	182
the offense, in any jurisdiction from which or into which, as part	183
of the offense, any writing, data, or image is disseminated or	184
transmitted by means of a computer, computer system, computer	185
network, telecommunication, telecommunications device,	186
telecommunications service, or information service, or in any	187
jurisdiction in which the alleged offender commits any activity	188
that is an essential part of the offense.	189
(2) As used in this section, "computer," "computer system,"	190
"computer network," "information service," "telecommunication,"	191
"telecommunications device," "telecommunications service," "data,"	192
and "writing" have the same meanings as in section 2913.01 of the	193
Revised Code.	194
(J) When the offense involves the death of a person, and it	195
cannot reasonably be determined in which jurisdiction the offense	196
was committed, the offender may be tried in the jurisdiction in	197
which the dead person's body or any part of the dead person's body	198
was found.	199
(K) Notwithstanding any other requirement for the place of	200
trial, venue may be changed, upon motion of the prosecution, the	201
defense, or the court, to any court having jurisdiction of the	202
subject matter outside the county in which trial otherwise would	203

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be held, when it appears that a fair and impartial trial cannot be	204
held in the jurisdiction in which trial otherwise would be held,	205
or when it appears that trial should be held in another	206
jurisdiction for the convenience of the parties and in the	207
interests of justice.	
Section 2. That existing sections 2901.11 and 2901.12 of the	209
Revised Code are hereby repealed.	210
Section 3. The General Assembly hereby declares that it	211
intends by the amendments made by Sections 1 and 2 of this act to	212
prospectively overrule the decision of the Ohio Supreme Court in	213
State v. Yarbrough (2004), 104 Ohio St. 3d 1.	214