

# As Reported by the Senate Judiciary--Civil Justice Committee

127th General Assembly

Regular Session

2007-2008

Sub. H. B. No. 125

Representative Huffman

**Cosponsors: Representatives DeGeeter, Seitz, McGregor, J., Schneider, Latta, Adams, Gibbs, Setzer, Oelslager, Uecker, McGregor, R., Stewart, J., Stebelton, Fessler, Barrett, Wagoner, Celeste, Reinhard, Widener, Blessing, Book, Carmichael, Lundy, Hughes, Core, Dodd, Batchelder, Boyd, Budish, Chandler, Collier, Distel, Driehaus, Dyer, Evans, Flowers, Goyal, Hagan, J., Healy, Koziura, Letson, Luckie, Otterman, Patton, Yuko**

**Senators Goodman, Seitz**

—

## A B I L L

To amend sections 1751.13, 1753.01, 1753.07, 1753.09,	1
2317.54, 3701.741, 3702.51, and 5111.17, to enact	2
sections 3721.042, 3963.01 to 3963.11, and to	3
repeal sections 1753.03, 1753.04, 1753.05, and	4
1753.08 of the Revised Code to establish certain	5
uniform contract provisions between health care	6
providers and contracting entities, to establish	7
standardized credentialing, to require the	8
Department of Job and Family Services to allow	9
managed care plans to use providers to render	10
care, to modify the fees for electronic copies of	11
certain medical records and allow an authorized	12
person to obtain one copy of a patient's medical	13
record without charge, to exempt a nursing home	14
that is a converted county or district home from	15
administrative rules regarding the toilet rooms	16
and dining and recreation areas of nursing homes	17

if certain other requirements are met, to create a 18  
Joint Legislative Study Commission on Most Favored 19  
Nation Clauses in Health Care Contracts, and to 20  
create an Advisory Committee on Eligibility and 21  
Real Time Claim Adjudication. 22  
23

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:**

**Section 1.** That sections 1751.13, 1753.01, 1753.07, 1753.09, 24  
2317.54, 3701.741, 3702.51, and 5111.17 be amended and sections 25  
3721.042, 3963.01, 3963.02, 3963.03, 3963.04, 3963.05, 3963.06, 26  
3963.07, 3963.08, 3963.09, 3963.10, and 3963.11 of the Revised 27  
Code be enacted to read as follows: 28

**Sec. 1751.13.** (A)(1)(a) A health insuring corporation shall, 29  
either directly or indirectly, enter into contracts for the 30  
provision of health care services with a sufficient number and 31  
types of providers and health care facilities to ensure that all 32  
covered health care services will be accessible to enrollees from 33  
a contracted provider or health care facility. 34

(b) A health insuring corporation shall not refuse to 35  
contract with a physician for the provision of health care 36  
services or refuse to recognize a physician as a specialist on the 37  
basis that the physician attended an educational program or a 38  
residency program approved or certified by the American 39  
osteopathic association. A health insuring corporation shall not 40  
refuse to contract with a health care facility for the provision 41  
of health care services on the basis that the health care facility 42  
is certified or accredited by the American osteopathic association 43  
or that the health care facility is an osteopathic hospital as 44  
defined in section 3702.51 of the Revised Code. 45

(c) Nothing in division (A)(1)(b) of this section shall be 46  
construed to require a health insuring corporation to make a 47  
benefit payment under a closed panel plan to a physician or health 48  
care facility with which the health insuring corporation does not 49  
have a contract, provided that none of the bases set forth in that 50  
division are used as a reason for failing to make a benefit 51  
payment. 52

(2) When a health insuring corporation is unable to provide a 53  
covered health care service from a contracted provider or health 54  
care facility, the health insuring corporation must provide that 55  
health care service from a noncontracted provider or health care 56  
facility consistent with the terms of the enrollee's policy, 57  
contract, certificate, or agreement. The health insuring 58  
corporation shall either ensure that the health care service be 59  
provided at no greater cost to the enrollee than if the enrollee 60  
had obtained the health care service from a contracted provider or 61  
health care facility, or make other arrangements acceptable to the 62  
superintendent of insurance. 63

(3) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a health insuring 64  
corporation from entering into contracts with out-of-state 65  
providers or health care facilities that are licensed, certified, 66  
accredited, or otherwise authorized in that state. 67

(B)(1) A health insuring corporation shall, either directly 68  
or indirectly, enter into contracts with all providers and health 69  
care facilities through which health care services are provided to 70  
its enrollees. 71

(2) A health insuring corporation, upon written request, 72  
shall assist its contracted providers in finding stop-loss or 73  
reinsurance carriers. 74

(C) A health insuring corporation shall file an annual 75  
certificate with the superintendent certifying that all provider 76

contracts and contracts with health care facilities through which 77  
health care services are being provided contain the following: 78

(1) A description of the method by which the provider or 79  
health care facility will be notified of the specific health care 80  
services for which the provider or health care facility will be 81  
responsible, including any limitations or conditions on such 82  
services; 83

(2) The specific hold harmless provision specifying 84  
protection of enrollees set forth as follows: 85

"[Provider/Health Care Facility] agrees that in no event, 86  
including but not limited to nonpayment by the health insuring 87  
corporation, insolvency of the health insuring corporation, or 88  
breach of this agreement, shall [Provider/Health Care Facility] 89  
bill, charge, collect a deposit from, seek remuneration or 90  
reimbursement from, or have any recourse against, a subscriber, 91  
enrollee, person to whom health care services have been provided, 92  
or person acting on behalf of the covered enrollee, for health 93  
care services provided pursuant to this agreement. This does not 94  
prohibit [Provider/Health Care Facility] from collecting 95  
co-insurance, deductibles, or copayments as specifically provided 96  
in the evidence of coverage, or fees for uncovered health care 97  
services delivered on a fee-for-service basis to persons 98  
referenced above, nor from any recourse against the health 99  
insuring corporation or its successor." 100

(3) Provisions requiring the provider or health care facility 101  
to continue to provide covered health care services to enrollees 102  
in the event of the health insuring corporation's insolvency or 103  
discontinuance of operations. The provisions shall require the 104  
provider or health care facility to continue to provide covered 105  
health care services to enrollees as needed to complete any 106  
medically necessary procedures commenced but unfinished at the 107  
time of the health insuring corporation's insolvency or 108

discontinuance of operations. The completion of a medically 109  
necessary procedure shall include the rendering of all covered 110  
health care services that constitute medically necessary follow-up 111  
care for that procedure. If an enrollee is receiving necessary 112  
inpatient care at a hospital, the provisions may limit the 113  
required provision of covered health care services relating to 114  
that inpatient care in accordance with division (D)(3) of section 115  
1751.11 of the Revised Code, and may also limit such required 116  
provision of covered health care services to the period ending 117  
thirty days after the health insuring corporation's insolvency or 118  
discontinuance of operations. 119

The provisions required by division (C)(3) of this section 120  
shall not require any provider or health care facility to continue 121  
to provide any covered health care service after the occurrence of 122  
any of the following: 123

(a) The end of the thirty-day period following the entry of a 124  
liquidation order under Chapter 3903. of the Revised Code; 125

(b) The end of the enrollee's period of coverage for a 126  
contractual prepayment or premium; 127

(c) The enrollee obtains equivalent coverage with another 128  
health insuring corporation or insurer, or the enrollee's employer 129  
obtains such coverage for the enrollee; 130

(d) The enrollee or the enrollee's employer terminates 131  
coverage under the contract; 132

(e) A liquidator effects a transfer of the health insuring 133  
corporation's obligations under the contract under division (A)(8) 134  
of section 3903.21 of the Revised Code. 135

(4) A provision clearly stating the rights and 136  
responsibilities of the health insuring corporation, and of the 137  
contracted providers and health care facilities, with respect to 138  
administrative policies and programs, including, but not limited 139

to, payments systems, utilization review, quality assurance, 140  
assessment, and improvement programs, credentialing, 141  
confidentiality requirements, and any applicable federal or state 142  
programs; 143

(5) A provision regarding the availability and 144  
confidentiality of those health records maintained by providers 145  
and health care facilities to monitor and evaluate the quality of 146  
care, to conduct evaluations and audits, and to determine on a 147  
concurrent or retrospective basis the necessity of and 148  
appropriateness of health care services provided to enrollees. The 149  
provision shall include terms requiring the provider or health 150  
care facility to make these health records available to 151  
appropriate state and federal authorities involved in assessing 152  
the quality of care or in investigating the grievances or 153  
complaints of enrollees, and requiring the provider or health care 154  
facility to comply with applicable state and federal laws related 155  
to the confidentiality of medical or health records. 156

(6) A provision that states that contractual rights and 157  
responsibilities may not be assigned or delegated by the provider 158  
or health care facility without the prior written consent of the 159  
health insuring corporation; 160

(7) A provision requiring the provider or health care 161  
facility to maintain adequate professional liability and 162  
malpractice insurance. The provision shall also require the 163  
provider or health care facility to notify the health insuring 164  
corporation not more than ten days after the provider's or health 165  
care facility's receipt of notice of any reduction or cancellation 166  
of such coverage. 167

(8) A provision requiring the provider or health care 168  
facility to observe, protect, and promote the rights of enrollees 169  
as patients; 170

(9) A provision requiring the provider or health care 171  
facility to provide health care services without discrimination on 172  
the basis of a patient's participation in the health care plan, 173  
age, sex, ethnicity, religion, sexual preference, health status, 174  
or disability, and without regard to the source of payments made 175  
for health care services rendered to a patient. This requirement 176  
shall not apply to circumstances when the provider or health care 177  
facility appropriately does not render services due to limitations 178  
arising from the provider's or health care facility's lack of 179  
training, experience, or skill, or due to licensing restrictions. 180

(10) A provision containing the specifics of any obligation 181  
on the primary care provider to provide, or to arrange for the 182  
provision of, covered health care services twenty-four hours per 183  
day, seven days per week; 184

(11) A provision setting forth procedures for the resolution 185  
of disputes arising out of the contract; 186

(12) A provision stating that the hold harmless provision 187  
required by division (C)(2) of this section shall survive the 188  
termination of the contract with respect to services covered and 189  
provided under the contract during the time the contract was in 190  
effect, regardless of the reason for the termination, including 191  
the insolvency of the health insuring corporation; 192

(13) A provision requiring those terms that are used in the 193  
contract and that are defined by this chapter, be used in the 194  
contract in a manner consistent with those definitions. 195

This division does not apply to the coverage of beneficiaries 196  
enrolled in Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 197  
(1935), 42 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, pursuant to a medicare risk 198  
contract or medicare cost contract, or to the coverage of 199  
beneficiaries enrolled in the federal employee health benefits 200  
program pursuant to 5 U.S.C.A. 8905, or to the coverage of 201

beneficiaries enrolled in Title XIX of the "Social Security Act," 202  
49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, known as the 203  
medical assistance program or medicaid, provided by the department 204  
of job and family services under Chapter 5111. of the Revised 205  
Code, or to the coverage of beneficiaries under any federal health 206  
care program regulated by a federal regulatory body, or to the 207  
coverage of beneficiaries under any contract covering officers or 208  
employees of the state that has been entered into by the 209  
department of administrative services. 210

(D)(1) No health insuring corporation contract with a 211  
provider or health care facility shall contain any of the 212  
following: 213

(a) A provision that directly or indirectly offers an 214  
inducement to the provider or health care facility to reduce or 215  
limit medically necessary health care services to a covered 216  
enrollee; 217

(b) A provision that penalizes a provider or health care 218  
facility that assists an enrollee to seek a reconsideration of the 219  
health insuring corporation's decision to deny or limit benefits 220  
to the enrollee; 221

(c) A provision that limits or otherwise restricts the 222  
provider's or health care facility's ethical and legal 223  
responsibility to fully advise enrollees about their medical 224  
condition and about medically appropriate treatment options; 225

(d) A provision that penalizes a provider or health care 226  
facility for principally advocating for medically necessary health 227  
care services; 228

(e) A provision that penalizes a provider or health care 229  
facility for providing information or testimony to a legislative 230  
or regulatory body or agency. This shall not be construed to 231  
prohibit a health insuring corporation from penalizing a provider 232



or health care facility that provides information or testimony 233  
that is libelous or slanderous or that discloses trade secrets 234  
which the provider or health care facility has no privilege or 235  
permission to disclose. 236

(f) A provision that violates Chapter 3963. of the Revised 237  
Code. 238

(2) Nothing in this division shall be construed to prohibit a 239  
health insuring corporation from doing either of the following: 240

(a) Making a determination not to reimburse or pay for a 241  
particular medical treatment or other health care service; 242

(b) Enforcing reasonable peer review or utilization review 243  
protocols, or determining whether a particular provider or health 244  
care facility has complied with these protocols. 245

(E) Any contract between a health insuring corporation and an 246  
intermediary organization shall clearly specify that the health 247  
insuring corporation must approve or disapprove the participation 248  
of any provider or health care facility with which the 249  
intermediary organization contracts. 250

(F) If an intermediary organization that is not a health 251  
delivery network contracting solely with self-insured employers 252  
subcontracts with a provider or health care facility, the 253  
subcontract with the provider or health care facility shall do all 254  
of the following: 255

(1) Contain the provisions required by divisions (C) and (G) 256  
of this section, as made applicable to an intermediary 257  
organization, without the inclusion of inducements or penalties 258  
described in division (D) of this section; 259

(2) Acknowledge that the health insuring corporation is a 260  
third-party beneficiary to the agreement; 261

(3) Acknowledge the health insuring corporation's role in 262

approving the participation of the provider or health care 263  
facility, pursuant to division (E) of this section. 264

(G) Any provider contract or contract with a health care 265  
facility shall clearly specify the health insuring corporation's 266  
statutory responsibility to monitor and oversee the offering of 267  
covered health care services to its enrollees. 268

(H)(1) A health insuring corporation shall maintain its 269  
provider contracts and its contracts with health care facilities 270  
at one or more of its places of business in this state, and shall 271  
provide copies of these contracts to facilitate regulatory review 272  
upon written notice by the superintendent of insurance. 273

(2) Any contract with an intermediary organization that 274  
accepts compensation shall include provisions requiring the 275  
intermediary organization to provide the superintendent with 276  
regulatory access to all books, records, financial information, 277  
and documents related to the provision of health care services to 278  
subscribers and enrollees under the contract. The contract shall 279  
require the intermediary organization to maintain such books, 280  
records, financial information, and documents at its principal 281  
place of business in this state and to preserve them for at least 282  
three years in a manner that facilitates regulatory review. 283

(I)(1) A health insuring corporation shall notify its 284  
affected enrollees of the termination of a contract for the 285  
provision of health care services between the health insuring 286  
corporation and a primary care physician or hospital, by mail, 287  
within thirty days after the termination of the contract. 288

(a) Notice shall be given to subscribers of the termination 289  
of a contract with a primary care physician if the subscriber, or 290  
a dependent covered under the subscriber's health care coverage, 291  
has received health care services from the primary care physician 292  
within the previous twelve months or if the subscriber or 293

dependent has selected the physician as the subscriber's or 294  
dependent's primary care physician within the previous twelve 295  
months. 296

(b) Notice shall be given to subscribers of the termination 297  
of a contract with a hospital if the subscriber, or a dependent 298  
covered under the subscriber's health care coverage, has received 299  
health care services from that hospital within the previous twelve 300  
months. 301

(2) The health insuring corporation shall pay, in accordance 302  
with the terms of the contract, for all covered health care 303  
services rendered to an enrollee by a primary care physician or 304  
hospital between the date of the termination of the contract and 305  
five days after the notification of the contract termination is 306  
mailed to a subscriber at the subscriber's last known address. 307

(J) Divisions (A) and (B) of this section do not apply to any 308  
health insuring corporation that, on June 4, 1997, holds a 309  
certificate of authority or license to operate under Chapter 1740. 310  
of the Revised Code. 311

(K) Nothing in this section shall restrict the governing body 312  
of a hospital from exercising the authority granted it pursuant to 313  
section 3701.351 of the Revised Code. 314

**Sec. 1753.01.** As used in this chapter: 315

~~(A) "Economic profiling" means a health insuring 316  
corporation's use of economic performance data and economic 317  
information in determining whether to contract with a provider for 318  
the provision of covered health care services to enrollees as a 319  
participating provider. 320~~

~~(B) "Basic, "basic health care services," "enrollee," "health 321  
care facility," "health care services," "health insuring 322  
corporation," "medical record," "person," "primary care provider," 323~~

"provider," "specialty health care services," "subscriber," and 324  
"supplemental health care services" have the same meanings as in 325  
section 1751.01 of the Revised Code. 326

**Sec. 1753.07.** (A)~~(1)~~ Prior to entering into a participation 327  
contract with a provider under section 1751.13 of the Revised 328  
Code, a health insuring corporation shall disclose basic 329  
information regarding its programs and procedures to the provider, 330  
~~upon the provider's request.~~ The information shall include all of 331  
the following: 332

~~(1)(a)~~ How a participating provider is reimbursed for the 333  
participating provider's services, including the range and 334  
structure of any financial risk sharing arrangements, a 335  
description of any incentive plans, and, if reimbursed according 336  
to a type of fee-for-service arrangement, the level of 337  
reimbursement for the participating provider's services; 338

~~(2)(b)~~ Insofar as division (A)(1) of section 3963.03 of the 339  
Revised Code is applicable, all of the information that is 340  
described in that division and is not included in division 341  
(A)(1)(a) of this section. 342

(2) Prior to entering into a participation contract with a 343  
provider under section 1751.13 of the Revised Code, a health 344  
insuring corporation shall disclose the following information upon 345  
the provider's request: 346

(a) How referrals to other participating providers or to 347  
nonparticipating providers are made; 348

~~(3)(b)~~ The availability of dispute resolution procedures and 349  
the potential for cost to be incurred; 350

~~(4)(c)~~ How a participating provider's name and address will 351  
be used in marketing materials. 352

(B) A health insuring corporation shall provide all of the 353

following to a participating provider: 354

(1) Any material incorporated by reference into the 355  
participation contract, that is not otherwise available as a 356  
public record, if such material affects the participating 357  
provider; 358

(2) Administrative manuals related to provider participation, 359  
if any; 360

(3) Insofar as division (B) of section 3963.03 of the Revised 361  
Code is applicable, the summary disclosure form with the 362  
disclosures required under that division; 363

(4) A signed and dated copy of the final participation 364  
contract. 365

(C) Nothing in this section requires a health insuring 366  
corporation providing specialty health care services or 367  
supplemental health care services to disclose the health insuring 368  
corporation's aggregate maximum allowable fee table used to 369  
determine providers' fees or fee schedules. 370

**Sec. 1753.09.** (A) Except as provided in division (D) of this 371  
section, prior to terminating the participation of a provider on 372  
the basis of the participating provider's failure to meet the 373  
health insuring corporation's standards for quality or utilization 374  
in the delivery of health care services, a health insuring 375  
corporation shall give the participating provider notice of the 376  
reason or reasons for its decision to terminate the provider's 377  
participation and an opportunity to take corrective action. The 378  
health insuring corporation shall develop a performance 379  
improvement plan in conjunction with the participating provider. 380  
If after being afforded the opportunity to comply with the 381  
performance improvement plan, the participating provider fails to 382  
do so, the health insuring corporation may terminate the 383

participation of the provider. 384

(B)(1) A participating provider whose participation has been 385  
terminated under division (A) of this section may appeal the 386  
termination to the appropriate medical director of the health 387  
insuring corporation. The medical director shall give the 388  
participating provider an opportunity to discuss with the medical 389  
director the reason or reasons for the termination. 390

(2) If a satisfactory resolution of a participating 391  
provider's appeal cannot be reached under division (B)(1) of this 392  
section, the participating provider may appeal the termination to 393  
a panel composed of participating providers who have comparable or 394  
higher levels of education and training than the participating 395  
provider making the appeal. A representative of the participating 396  
provider's specialty shall be a member of the panel, if possible. 397  
This panel shall hold a hearing, and shall render its 398  
recommendation in the appeal within thirty days after holding the 399  
hearing. The recommendation shall be presented to the medical 400  
director and to the participating provider. 401

(3) The medical director shall review and consider the 402  
panel's recommendation before making a decision. The decision 403  
rendered by the medical director shall be final. 404

(C) A provider's status as a participating provider shall 405  
remain in effect during the appeal process set forth in division 406  
(B) of this section unless the termination was based on any of the 407  
reasons listed in division (D) of this section. 408

(D) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, a 409  
provider's participation may be immediately terminated if the 410  
participating provider's conduct presents an imminent risk of harm 411  
to an enrollee or enrollees; or if there has occurred unacceptable 412  
quality of care, fraud, patient abuse, loss of clinical 413  
privileges, loss of professional liability coverage, incompetence, 414

or loss of authority to practice in the participating provider's 415  
field; or if a governmental action has impaired the participating 416  
provider's ability to practice. 417

(E) Divisions (A) to (D) of this section apply only to 418  
providers who are natural persons. 419

(F)(1) Nothing in this section prohibits a health insuring 420  
corporation from rejecting a provider's application for 421  
participation, or from terminating a participating provider's 422  
contract, if the health insuring corporation determines that the 423  
health care needs of its enrollees are being met and no need 424  
exists for the provider's or participating provider's services. 425

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting 426  
a health insuring corporation from terminating a participating 427  
provider who does not meet the terms and conditions of the 428  
participating provider's contract. 429

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting 430  
a health insuring corporation from terminating a participating 431  
provider's contract pursuant to any provision of the contract 432  
described in division (E)(2) of section 3963.02 of the Revised 433  
Code, except that, notwithstanding any provision of a contract 434  
described in that division, this section applies to the 435  
termination of a participating provider's contract for any of the 436  
causes described in divisions (A), (D), and (F)(1) and (2) of this 437  
section. 438

(G) The superintendent of insurance may adopt rules as 439  
necessary to implement and enforce sections ~~1753.04 to 1753.06,~~ 440  
1753.07, and 1753.09 of the Revised Code. Such rules shall be 441  
adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. The 442  
director of health may make recommendations to the superintendent 443  
for rules necessary to implement and enforce sections ~~1753.04 to~~ 444  
1753.06, 1753.07, and 1753.09 of the Revised Code. In adopting any 445

rules pursuant to this division, the superintendent shall consider 446  
the recommendations of the director. 447

**Sec. 2317.54.** No hospital, home health agency, ambulatory 448  
surgical facility, or provider of a hospice care program shall be 449  
held liable for a physician's failure to obtain an informed 450  
consent from the physician's patient prior to a surgical or 451  
medical procedure or course of procedures, unless the physician is 452  
an employee of the hospital, home health agency, ambulatory 453  
surgical facility, or provider of a hospice care program. 454

Written consent to a surgical or medical procedure or course 455  
of procedures shall, to the extent that it fulfills all the 456  
requirements in divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section, be 457  
presumed to be valid and effective, in the absence of proof by a 458  
preponderance of the evidence that the person who sought such 459  
consent was not acting in good faith, or that the execution of the 460  
consent was induced by fraudulent misrepresentation of material 461  
facts, or that the person executing the consent was not able to 462  
communicate effectively in spoken and written English or any other 463  
language in which the consent is written. Except as herein 464  
provided, no evidence shall be admissible to impeach, modify, or 465  
limit the authorization for performance of the procedure or 466  
procedures set forth in such written consent. 467

(A) The consent sets forth in general terms the nature and 468  
purpose of the procedure or procedures, and what the procedures 469  
are expected to accomplish, together with the reasonably known 470  
risks, and, except in emergency situations, sets forth the names 471  
of the physicians who shall perform the intended surgical 472  
procedures. 473

(B) The person making the consent acknowledges that such 474  
disclosure of information has been made and that all questions 475  
asked about the procedure or procedures have been answered in a 476



satisfactory manner. 477

(C) The consent is signed by the patient for whom the 478  
procedure is to be performed, or, if the patient for any reason 479  
including, but not limited to, competence, ~~infancy~~ minority, or 480  
the fact that, at the latest time that the consent is needed, the 481  
patient is under the influence of alcohol, hallucinogens, or 482  
drugs, lacks legal capacity to consent, by a person who has legal 483  
authority to consent on behalf of such patient in such 484  
circumstances, including either of the following: 485

(1) The parent, whether the parent is an adult or a minor, of 486  
the parent's minor child; 487

(2) An adult whom the parent of the minor child has given 488  
written authorization to consent to a surgical or medical 489  
procedure or course of procedures for the parent's minor child. 490

Any use of a consent form that fulfills the requirements 491  
stated in divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section has no 492  
effect on the common law rights and liabilities, including the 493  
right of a physician to obtain the oral or implied consent of a 494  
patient to a medical procedure, that may exist as between 495  
physicians and patients on July 28, 1975. 496

As used in this section the term "hospital" has the same 497  
meaning as in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code; "home health 498  
agency" has the same meaning as in section 5101.61 of the Revised 499  
Code; "ambulatory surgical facility" has the meaning as in 500  
division (A) of section 3702.30 of the Revised Code; and "hospice 501  
care program" has the same meaning as in section 3712.01 of the 502  
Revised Code. The provisions of this division apply to hospitals, 503  
doctors of medicine, doctors of osteopathic medicine, and doctors 504  
of podiatric medicine. 505

**Sec. 3701.741.** (A) ~~Through December 31, 2008, each~~ Each 506

health care provider and medical records company shall provide 507  
copies of medical records in accordance with this section. 508

(B) Except as provided in divisions (C) and (E) of this 509  
section, a health care provider or medical records company that 510  
receives a request for a copy of a patient's medical record shall 511  
charge not more than the amounts set forth in this section. 512

(1) If the request is made by the patient or the patient's 513  
personal representative, total costs for copies and all services 514  
related to those copies shall not exceed the sum of the following: 515

(a) ~~With~~ Except as provided in division (B)(1)(b) of this 516  
section, with respect to data recorded on paper or electronically, 517  
the following amounts: 518

(i) Two dollars and ~~fifty~~ seventy-four cents per page for the 519  
first ten pages; 520

(ii) ~~Fifty-one~~ Fifty-seven cents per page for pages eleven 521  
through fifty; 522

(iii) ~~Twenty~~ Twenty-three cents per page for pages fifty-one 523  
and higher; 524

(b) With respect to data resulting from an x-ray, magnetic 525  
resonance imaging (MRI), or computed axial tomography (CAT) scan 526  
and recorded ~~other than~~ on paper or film, one dollar and ~~seventy~~  
eighty-seven cents per page; 528

(c) The actual cost of any related postage incurred by the 529  
health care provider or medical records company. 530

(2) If the request is made other than by the patient or the 531  
patient's personal representative, total costs for copies and all 532  
services related to those copies shall not exceed the sum of the 533  
following: 534

(a) An initial fee of ~~fifteen~~ sixteen dollars and ~~thirty-five~~  
eighty-four cents, which shall compensate for the records search; 536

(b) ~~With~~ Except as provided in division (B)(2)(c) of this 537  
section, with respect to data recorded on paper or electronically, 538  
the following amounts: 539

(i) One dollar and ~~two~~ eleven cents per page for the first 540  
ten pages; 541

(ii) ~~Fifty-one~~ Fifty-seven cents per page for pages eleven 542  
through fifty; 543

(iii) ~~Twenty~~ Twenty-three cents per page for pages fifty-one 544  
and higher. 545

(c) With respect to data resulting from an x-ray, magnetic 546  
resonance imaging (MRI), or computed axial tomography (CAT) scan 547  
and recorded ~~other than~~ on paper or film, one dollar and ~~seventy~~ 548  
eighty-seven cents per page; 549

(d) The actual cost of any related postage incurred by the 550  
health care provider or medical records company. 551

(C)(1) ~~A~~ On request, a health care provider or medical 552  
records company shall provide one copy of the patient's medical 553  
record and one copy of any records regarding treatment performed 554  
subsequent to the original request, not including copies of 555  
records already provided, without charge to the following: 556

(a) The bureau of workers' compensation, in accordance with 557  
Chapters 4121. and 4123. of the Revised Code and the rules adopted 558  
under those chapters; 559

(b) The industrial commission, in accordance with Chapters 560  
4121. and 4123. of the Revised Code and the rules adopted under 561  
those chapters; 562

(c) The department of job and family services or a county 563  
department of job and family services, in accordance with Chapters 564  
5101. and 5111. of the Revised Code and the rules adopted under 565  
those chapters; 566

(d) The attorney general, in accordance with sections 2743.51 567  
to 2743.72 of the Revised Code and any rules that may be adopted 568  
under those sections; 569

(e) A patient ~~or~~, patient's personal representative, or 570  
authorized person if the medical record is necessary to support a 571  
claim under Title II or Title XVI of the "Social Security Act," 49 572  
Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C.A. 401 and 1381, as amended, and the 573  
request is accompanied by documentation that a claim has been 574  
filed. 575

(2) Nothing in division (C)(1) of this section requires a 576  
health care provider or medical records company to provide a copy 577  
without charge to any person or entity not listed in division 578  
(C)(1) of this section. 579

(D) Division (C) of this section shall not be construed to 580  
supersede any rule of the bureau of workers' compensation, the 581  
industrial commission, or the department of job and family 582  
services. 583

(E) A health care provider or medical records company may 584  
enter into a contract with either of the following for the copying 585  
of medical records at a fee other than as provided in division (B) 586  
of this section: 587

(1) A patient, a patient's personal representative, or an 588  
authorized person; 589

(2) An insurer authorized under Title XXXIX of the Revised 590  
Code to do the business of sickness and accident insurance in this 591  
state or health insuring corporations holding a certificate of 592  
authority under Chapter 1751. of the Revised Code. 593

(F) This section does not apply to medical records the 594  
copying of which is covered by section 173.20 of the Revised Code 595  
or by 42 C.F.R. 483.10. 596

Sec. 3702.51. As used in sections 3702.51 to 3702.62 of the Revised Code:

(A) "Applicant" means any person that submits an application for a certificate of need and who is designated in the application as the applicant.

(B) "Person" means any individual, corporation, business trust, estate, firm, partnership, association, joint stock company, insurance company, government unit, or other entity.

(C) "Certificate of need" means a written approval granted by the director of health to an applicant to authorize conducting a reviewable activity.

(D) "Health service area" means a geographic region designated by the director of health under section 3702.58 of the Revised Code.

(E) "Health service" means a clinically related service, such as a diagnostic, treatment, rehabilitative, or preventive service.

(F) "Health service agency" means an agency designated to serve a health service area in accordance with section 3702.58 of the Revised Code.

(G) "Health care facility" means:

(1) A hospital registered under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code;

(2) A nursing home licensed under section 3721.02 of the Revised Code, or by a political subdivision certified under section 3721.09 of the Revised Code;

(3) A county home or a county nursing home as defined in section 5155.31 of the Revised Code that is certified under Title XVIII or XIX of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended;

- (4) A freestanding dialysis center; 626
- (5) A freestanding inpatient rehabilitation facility; 627
- (6) An ambulatory surgical facility; 628
- (7) A freestanding cardiac catheterization facility; 629
- (8) A freestanding birthing center; 630
- (9) A freestanding or mobile diagnostic imaging center; 631
- (10) A freestanding radiation therapy center. 632

A health care facility does not include the offices of 633  
private physicians and dentists whether for individual or group 634  
practice, residential facilities licensed under section 5123.19 of 635  
the Revised Code, or an institution for the sick that is operated 636  
exclusively for patients who use spiritual means for healing and 637  
for whom the acceptance of medical care is inconsistent with their 638  
religious beliefs, accredited by a national accrediting 639  
organization, exempt from federal income taxation under section 640  
501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 641  
U.S.C.A. 1, as amended, and providing twenty-four hour nursing 642  
care pursuant to the exemption in division (E) of section 4723.32 643  
of the Revised Code from the licensing requirements of Chapter 644  
4723. of the Revised Code. 645

(H) "Medical equipment" means a single unit of medical 646  
equipment or a single system of components with related functions 647  
that is used to provide health services. 648

(I) "Third-party payer" means a health insuring corporation 649  
licensed under Chapter 1751. of the Revised Code, a health 650  
maintenance organization as defined in division (K) of this 651  
section, an insurance company that issues sickness and accident 652  
insurance in conformity with Chapter 3923. of the Revised Code, a 653  
state-financed health insurance program under Chapter 3701., 654  
4123., or 5111. of the Revised Code, or any self-insurance plan. 655

(J) "Government unit" means the state and any county, 656  
municipal corporation, township, or other political subdivision of 657  
the state, or any department, division, board, or other agency of 658  
the state or a political subdivision. 659

(K) "Health maintenance organization" means a public or 660  
private organization organized under the law of any state that is 661  
qualified under section 1310(d) of Title XIII of the "Public 662  
Health Service Act," 87 Stat. 931 (1973), 42 U.S.C. 300e-9. 663

(L) "Existing health care facility" means either of the 664  
following: 665

(1) A health care facility that is licensed or otherwise 666  
authorized to operate in this state in accordance with applicable 667  
law, including a county home or a county nursing home that is 668  
certified as of February 1, 2008, under Title XVIII or Title XIX 669  
of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, 670  
as amended, is staffed and equipped to provide health care 671  
services, and is actively providing health services; 672

(2) A health care facility that is licensed or otherwise 673  
authorized to operate in this state in accordance with applicable 674  
law, including a county home or a county nursing home that is 675  
certified as of February 1, 2008, under Title XVIII or Title XIX 676  
of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, 677  
as amended, or that has beds registered under section 3701.07 of 678  
the Revised Code as skilled nursing beds or long-term care beds 679  
and has provided services for at least three hundred sixty-five 680  
consecutive days within the twenty-four months immediately 681  
preceding the date a certificate of need application is filed with 682  
the director of health. 683

(M) "State" means the state of Ohio, including, but not 684  
limited to, the general assembly, the supreme court, the offices 685  
of all elected state officers, and all departments, boards, 686

offices, commissions, agencies, institutions, and other 687  
instrumentalities of the state of Ohio. "State" does not include 688  
political subdivisions. 689

(N) "Political subdivision" means a municipal corporation, 690  
township, county, school district, and all other bodies corporate 691  
and politic responsible for governmental activities only in 692  
geographic areas smaller than that of the state to which the 693  
sovereign immunity of the state attaches. 694

(O) "Affected person" means: 695

(1) An applicant for a certificate of need, including an 696  
applicant whose application was reviewed comparatively with the 697  
application in question; 698

(2) The person that requested the reviewability ruling in 699  
question; 700

(3) Any person that resides or regularly uses health care 701  
facilities within the geographic area served or to be served by 702  
the health care services that would be provided under the 703  
certificate of need or reviewability ruling in question; 704

(4) Any health care facility that is located in the health 705  
service area where the health care services would be provided 706  
under the certificate of need or reviewability ruling in question; 707

(5) Third-party payers that reimburse health care facilities 708  
for services in the health service area where the health care 709  
services would be provided under the certificate of need or 710  
reviewability ruling in question; 711

(6) Any other person who testified at a public hearing held 712  
under division (B) of section 3702.52 of the Revised Code or 713  
submitted written comments in the course of review of the 714  
certificate of need application in question. 715

(P) "Osteopathic hospital" means a hospital registered under 716



section 3701.07 of the Revised Code that advocates osteopathic 717  
principles and the practice and perpetuation of osteopathic 718  
medicine by doing any of the following: 719

(1) Maintaining a department or service of osteopathic 720  
medicine or a committee on the utilization of osteopathic 721  
principles and methods, under the supervision of an osteopathic 722  
physician; 723

(2) Maintaining an active medical staff, the majority of 724  
which is comprised of osteopathic physicians; 725

(3) Maintaining a medical staff executive committee that has 726  
osteopathic physicians as a majority of its members. 727

(Q) "Ambulatory surgical facility" has the same meaning as in 728  
section 3702.30 of the Revised Code. 729

(R) Except as otherwise provided in division (T) of this 730  
section, and until the termination date specified in section 731  
3702.511 of the Revised Code, "reviewable activity" means any of 732  
the following: 733

(1) The addition by any person of any of the following health 734  
services, regardless of the amount of operating costs or capital 735  
expenditures: 736

(a) A heart, heart-lung, lung, liver, kidney, bowel, 737  
pancreas, or bone marrow transplantation service, a stem cell 738  
harvesting and reinfusion service, or a service for 739  
transplantation of any other organ unless transplantation of the 740  
organ is designated by public health council rule not to be a 741  
reviewable activity; 742

(b) A cardiac catheterization service; 743

(c) An open-heart surgery service; 744

(d) Any new, experimental medical technology that is 745  
designated by rule of the public health council. 746

(2) The acceptance of high-risk patients, as defined in rules 747  
adopted under section 3702.57 of the Revised Code, by any cardiac 748  
catheterization service that was initiated without a certificate 749  
of need pursuant to division (R)(3)(b) of the version of this 750  
section in effect immediately prior to April 20, 1995; 751

(3)(a) The establishment, development, or construction of a 752  
new health care facility other than a new long-term care facility 753  
or a new hospital; 754

(b) The establishment, development, or construction of a new 755  
hospital or the relocation of an existing hospital; 756

(c) The relocation of hospital beds, other than long-term 757  
care, perinatal, or pediatric intensive care beds, into or out of 758  
a rural area. 759

(4)(a) The replacement of an existing hospital; 760

(b) The replacement of an existing hospital obstetric or 761  
newborn care unit or freestanding birthing center. 762

(5)(a) The renovation of a hospital that involves a capital 763  
expenditure, obligated on or after June 30, 1995, of five million 764  
dollars or more, not including expenditures for equipment, 765  
staffing, or operational costs. For purposes of division (R)(5)(a) 766  
of this section, a capital expenditure is obligated: 767

(i) When a contract enforceable under Ohio law is entered 768  
into for the construction, acquisition, lease, or financing of a 769  
capital asset; 770

(ii) When the governing body of a hospital takes formal 771  
action to commit its own funds for a construction project 772  
undertaken by the hospital as its own contractor; 773

(iii) In the case of donated property, on the date the gift 774  
is completed under applicable Ohio law. 775

(b) The renovation of a hospital obstetric or newborn care 776

unit or freestanding birthing center that involves a capital 777  
expenditure of five million dollars or more, not including 778  
expenditures for equipment, staffing, or operational costs. 779

(6) Any change in the health care services, bed capacity, or 780  
site, or any other failure to conduct the reviewable activity in 781  
substantial accordance with the approved application for which a 782  
certificate of need was granted, if the change is made prior to 783  
the date the activity for which the certificate was issued ceases 784  
to be a reviewable activity; 785

(7) Any of the following changes in perinatal bed capacity or 786  
pediatric intensive care bed capacity: 787

(a) An increase in bed capacity; 788

(b) A change in service or service-level designation of 789  
newborn care beds or obstetric beds in a hospital or freestanding 790  
birthing center, other than a change of service that is provided 791  
within the service-level designation of newborn care or obstetric 792  
beds as registered by the department of health; 793

(c) A relocation of perinatal or pediatric intensive care 794  
beds from one physical facility or site to another, excluding the 795  
relocation of beds within a hospital or freestanding birthing 796  
center or the relocation of beds among buildings of a hospital or 797  
freestanding birthing center at the same site. 798

(8) The expenditure of more than one hundred ten per cent of 799  
the maximum expenditure specified in a certificate of need; 800

(9) Any transfer of a certificate of need issued prior to 801  
April 20, 1995, from the person to whom it was issued to another 802  
person before the project that constitutes a reviewable activity 803  
is completed, any agreement that contemplates the transfer of a 804  
certificate of need issued prior to that date upon completion of 805  
the project, and any transfer of the controlling interest in an 806  
entity that holds a certificate of need issued prior to that date. 807

However, the transfer of a certificate of need issued prior to 808  
that date or agreement to transfer such a certificate of need from 809  
the person to whom the certificate of need was issued to an 810  
affiliated or related person does not constitute a reviewable 811  
transfer of a certificate of need for the purposes of this 812  
division, unless the transfer results in a change in the person 813  
that holds the ultimate controlling interest in the certificate of 814  
need. 815

(10)(a) The acquisition by any person of any of the following 816  
medical equipment, regardless of the amount of operating costs or 817  
capital expenditure: 818

(i) A cobalt radiation therapy unit; 819

(ii) A linear accelerator; 820

(iii) A gamma knife unit. 821

(b) The acquisition by any person of medical equipment with a 822  
cost of two million dollars or more. The cost of acquiring medical 823  
equipment includes the sum of the following: 824

(i) The greater of its fair market value or the cost of its 825  
lease or purchase; 826

(ii) The cost of installation and any other activities 827  
essential to the acquisition of the equipment and its placement 828  
into service. 829

(11) The addition of another cardiac catheterization 830  
laboratory to an existing cardiac catheterization service. 831

(S) Except as provided in division (T) of this section, 832  
"reviewable activity" also means any of the following activities, 833  
none of which are subject to a termination date: 834

(1) The establishment, development, or construction of a new 835  
long-term care facility; 836

(2) The replacement of an existing long-term care facility; 837

(3) The renovation of a long-term care facility that involves 838  
a capital expenditure of two million dollars or more, not 839  
including expenditures for equipment, staffing, or operational 840  
costs; 841

(4) Any of the following changes in long-term care bed 842  
capacity: 843

(a) An increase in bed capacity; 844

(b) A relocation of beds from one physical facility or site 845  
to another, excluding the relocation of beds within a long-term 846  
care facility or among buildings of a long-term care facility at 847  
the same site; 848

(c) A recategorization of hospital beds registered under 849  
section 3701.07 of the Revised Code from another registration 850  
category to skilled nursing beds or long-term care beds. 851

(5) Any change in the health services, bed capacity, or site, 852  
or any other failure to conduct the reviewable activity in 853  
substantial accordance with the approved application for which a 854  
certificate of need concerning long-term care beds was granted, if 855  
the change is made within five years after the implementation of 856  
the reviewable activity for which the certificate was granted; 857

(6) The expenditure of more than one hundred ten per cent of 858  
the maximum expenditure specified in a certificate of need 859  
concerning long-term care beds; 860

(7) Any transfer of a certificate of need that concerns 861  
long-term care beds and was issued prior to April 20, 1995, from 862  
the person to whom it was issued to another person before the 863  
project that constitutes a reviewable activity is completed, any 864  
agreement that contemplates the transfer of such a certificate of 865  
need upon completion of the project, and any transfer of the 866  
controlling interest in an entity that holds such a certificate of 867  
need. However, the transfer of a certificate of need that concerns 868

long-term care beds and was issued prior to April 20, 1995, or 869  
agreement to transfer such a certificate of need from the person 870  
to whom the certificate was issued to an affiliated or related 871  
person does not constitute a reviewable transfer of a certificate 872  
of need for purposes of this division, unless the transfer results 873  
in a change in the person that holds the ultimate controlling 874  
interest in the certificate of need. 875

(T) "Reviewable activity" does not include any of the 876  
following activities: 877

(1) Acquisition of computer hardware or software; 878

(2) Acquisition of a telephone system; 879

(3) Construction or acquisition of parking facilities; 880

(4) Correction of cited deficiencies that are in violation of 881  
federal, state, or local fire, building, or safety laws and rules 882  
and that constitute an imminent threat to public health or safety; 883

(5) Acquisition of an existing health care facility that does 884  
not involve a change in the number of the beds, by service, or in 885  
the number or type of health services; 886

(6) Correction of cited deficiencies identified by 887  
accreditation surveys of the joint commission on accreditation of 888  
healthcare organizations or of the American osteopathic 889  
association; 890

(7) Acquisition of medical equipment to replace the same or 891  
similar equipment for which a certificate of need has been issued 892  
if the replaced equipment is removed from service; 893

(8) Mergers, consolidations, or other corporate 894  
reorganizations of health care facilities that do not involve a 895  
change in the number of beds, by service, or in the number or type 896  
of health services; 897

(9) Construction, repair, or renovation of bathroom 898

facilities;	899
(10) Construction of laundry facilities, waste disposal	900
facilities, dietary department projects, heating and air	901
conditioning projects, administrative offices, and portions of	902
medical office buildings used exclusively for physician services;	903
(11) Acquisition of medical equipment to conduct research	904
required by the United States food and drug administration or	905
clinical trials sponsored by the national institute of health. Use	906
of medical equipment that was acquired without a certificate of	907
need under division (T)(11) of this section and for which	908
premarket approval has been granted by the United States food and	909
drug administration to provide services for which patients or	910
reimbursement entities will be charged shall be a reviewable	911
activity.	912
(12) Removal of asbestos from a health care facility.	913
Only that portion of a project that meets the requirements of	914
division (T) of this section is not a reviewable activity.	915
(U) "Small rural hospital" means a hospital that is located	916
within a rural area, has fewer than one hundred beds, and to which	917
fewer than four thousand persons were admitted during the most	918
recent calendar year.	919
(V) "Children's hospital" means any of the following:	920
(1) A hospital registered under section 3701.07 of the	921
Revised Code that provides general pediatric medical and surgical	922
care, and in which at least seventy-five per cent of annual	923
inpatient discharges for the preceding two calendar years were	924
individuals less than eighteen years of age;	925
(2) A distinct portion of a hospital registered under section	926
3701.07 of the Revised Code that provides general pediatric	927
medical and surgical care, has a total of at least one hundred	928

fifty registered pediatric special care and pediatric acute care 929  
beds, and in which at least seventy-five per cent of annual 930  
inpatient discharges for the preceding two calendar years were 931  
individuals less than eighteen years of age; 932

(3) A distinct portion of a hospital, if the hospital is 933  
registered under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code as a 934  
children's hospital and the children's hospital meets all the 935  
requirements of division (V)(1) of this section. 936

(W) "Long-term care facility" means any of the following: 937

(1) A nursing home licensed under section 3721.02 of the 938  
Revised Code or by a political subdivision certified under section 939  
3721.09 of the Revised Code; 940

(2) The portion of any facility, including a county home or 941  
county nursing home, that is certified as a skilled nursing 942  
facility or a nursing facility under Title XVIII or XIX of the 943  
"Social Security Act"; 944

(3) The portion of any hospital that contains beds registered 945  
under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code as skilled nursing beds 946  
or long-term care beds. 947

(X) "Long-term care bed" means a bed in a long-term care 948  
facility. 949

(Y) "Perinatal bed" means a bed in a hospital that is 950  
registered under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code as a newborn 951  
care bed or obstetric bed, or a bed in a freestanding birthing 952  
center. 953

(Z) "Freestanding birthing center" means any facility in 954  
which deliveries routinely occur, regardless of whether the 955  
facility is located on the campus of another health care facility, 956  
and which is not licensed under Chapter 3711. of the Revised Code 957  
as a level one, two, or three maternity unit or a limited 958



maternity unit. 959

(AA)(1) "Reviewability ruling" means a ruling issued by the 960  
director of health under division (A) of section 3702.52 of the 961  
Revised Code as to whether a particular proposed project is or is 962  
not a reviewable activity. 963

(2) "Nonreviewability ruling" means a ruling issued under 964  
that division that a particular proposed project is not a 965  
reviewable activity. 966

(BB)(1) "Metropolitan statistical area" means an area of this 967  
state designated a metropolitan statistical area or primary 968  
metropolitan statistical area in United States office of 969  
management and budget bulletin ~~No.~~ no. 93-17, June 30, 1993, and 970  
its attachments. 971

(2) "Rural area" means any area of this state not located 972  
within a metropolitan statistical area. 973

(CC) "County nursing home" has the same meaning as in section 974  
5155.31 of the Revised Code. 975

Sec. 3721.042. The director of health may not deny a nursing 976  
home license to a facility seeking a license under this chapter as 977  
a nursing home on the grounds that the facility does not satisfy a 978  
requirement established in rules adopted under section 3721.04 of 979  
the Revised Code regarding the toilet rooms and dining and 980  
recreational areas of nursing homes if all of the following 981  
requirements are met: 982

(A) The facility seeks a license under this chapter because 983  
it is a county home or district home being sold under section 984  
5155.31 of the Revised Code to a person who may not operate the 985  
facility without a nursing home license under this chapter. 986

(B) The requirement would not have applied to the facility 987  
had the facility been a nursing home first licensed under this 988

<u>chapter before October 20, 2001.</u>	989
<u>(C) The facility was a nursing facility, as defined in</u>	990
<u>section 5111.20 of the Revised Code, on the date immediately</u>	991
<u>preceding the date the facility is sold to the person seeking the</u>	992
<u>license.</u>	993
 <u>Sec. 3963.01. As used in this chapter:</u>	994
 <u>(A) "Affiliate" means any person or entity that has ownership</u>	995
<u>or control of a contracting entity, is owned or controlled by a</u>	996
<u>contracting entity, or is under common ownership or control with a</u>	997
<u>contracting entity.</u>	998
 <u>(B) "Basic health care services" has the same meaning as in</u>	999
<u>division (A) of section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, except that</u>	1000
<u>it does not include any services listed in that division that are</u>	1001
<u>provided by a pharmacist or nursing home.</u>	1002
 <u>(C) "Contracting entity" means any person that has a primary</u>	1003
<u>business purpose of contracting with participating providers for</u>	1004
<u>the delivery of health care services.</u>	1005
 <u>(D) "Credentialing" means the process of assessing and</u>	1006
<u>validating the qualifications of a provider applying to be</u>	1007
<u>approved by a contracting entity to provide basic health care</u>	1008
<u>services, specialty health care services, or supplemental health</u>	1009
<u>care services to enrollees.</u>	1010
 <u>(E) "Edit" means adjusting one or more procedure codes billed</u>	1011
<u>by a participating provider on a claim for payment or a practice</u>	1012
<u>that results in any of the following:</u>	1013
 <u>(1) Payment for some, but not all of the procedure codes</u>	1014
<u>originally billed by a participating provider;</u>	1015
 <u>(2) Payment for a different procedure code than the procedure</u>	1016
<u>code originally billed by a participating provider;</u>	1017

(3) A reduced payment as a result of services provided to an 1018  
enrollee that are claimed under more than one procedure code on 1019  
the same service date. 1020

(F) "Electronic claims transport" means to accept and 1021  
digitize claims or to accept claims already digitized, to place 1022  
those claims into a format that complies with the electronic 1023  
transaction standards issued by the United States department of 1024  
health and human services pursuant to the "Health Insurance 1025  
Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 110 Stat. 1955, 42 1026  
U.S.C. 1320d, et seq., as those electronic standards are 1027  
applicable to the parties and as those electronic standards are 1028  
updated from time to time, and to electronically transmit those 1029  
claims to the appropriate contracting entity, payer, or 1030  
third-party administrator. 1031

(G) "Enrollee" means any person eligible for health care 1032  
benefits under a health benefit plan, including an eligible 1033  
recipient of medicaid under Chapter 5111. of the Revised Code, and 1034  
includes all of the following terms: 1035

(1) "Enrollee" and "subscriber" as defined by section 1751.01 1036  
of the Revised Code; 1037

(2) "Member" as defined by section 1739.01 of the Revised 1038  
Code; 1039

(3) "Insured" and "plan member" pursuant to Chapter 3923. of 1040  
the Revised Code; 1041

(4) "Beneficiary" as defined by section 3901.38 of the 1042  
Revised Code. 1043

(H) "Health care contract" means a contract entered into, 1044  
materially amended, or renewed between a contracting entity and a 1045  
participating provider for the delivery of basic health care 1046  
services, specialty health care services, or supplemental health 1047  
care services to enrollees. 1048

(I) "Health care services" means basic health care services, 1049  
specialty health care services, and supplemental health care 1050  
services. 1051

(J) "Material amendment" means an amendment to a health care 1052  
contract that decreases the participating provider's payment or 1053  
compensation, changes the administrative procedures in a way that 1054  
may reasonably be expected to significantly increase the 1055  
provider's administrative expenses, or adds a new product. A 1056  
material amendment does not include any of the following: 1057

(1) A decrease in payment or compensation resulting solely 1058  
from a change in a published fee schedule upon which the payment 1059  
or compensation is based and the date of applicability is clearly 1060  
identified in the contract; 1061

(2) A decrease in payment or compensation that was 1062  
anticipated under the terms of the contract, if the amount and 1063  
date of applicability of the decrease is clearly identified in the 1064  
contract; 1065

(3) An administrative change that may significantly increase 1066  
the provider's administrative expense, the specific applicability 1067  
of which is clearly identified in the contract; 1068

(4) Changes to an existing prior authorization, 1069  
precertification, notification, or referral program that do not 1070  
substantially increase the provider's administrative expense; 1071

(5) Changes to an edit program or to specific edits if the 1072  
participating provider is provided notice of the changes pursuant 1073  
to division (A)(1) of section 3963.04 of the Revised Code and the 1074  
notice includes information sufficient for the provider to 1075  
determine the effect of the change; 1076

(6) Changes to a health care contract described in division 1077  
(B) of section 3963.04 of the Revised Code. 1078

(K) "Participating provider" means a provider that has a 1079  
health care contract with a contracting entity and is entitled to 1080  
reimbursement for health care services rendered to an enrollee 1081  
under the health care contract. 1082

(L) "Payer" means any person that assumes the financial risk 1083  
for the payment of claims under a health care contract or the 1084  
reimbursement for health care services provided to enrollees by 1085  
participating providers pursuant to a health care contract. 1086

(M) "Primary enrollee" means a person who is responsible for 1087  
making payments for participation in a health care plan or an 1088  
enrollee whose employment or other status is the basis of 1089  
eligibility for enrollment in a health care plan. 1090

(N) "Procedure codes" includes the American medical 1091  
association's current procedural terminology code, the American 1092  
dental association's current dental terminology, and the centers 1093  
for medicare and medicaid services health care common procedure 1094  
coding system. 1095

(O) "Product" means one of the following types of categories 1096  
of coverage for which a participating provider may be obligated to 1097  
provide health care services pursuant to a health care contract: 1098  
1099

(1) A health maintenance organization or other product 1100  
provided by a health insuring corporation; 1101

(2) A preferred provider organization; 1102

(3) Medicare; 1103

(4) Medicaid or the children's buy-in program established 1104  
under section 5101.5211 to 5101.5216 of the Revised Code; 1105

(5) Workers' compensation. 1106

(P) "Provider" means a physician, podiatrist, dentist, 1107  
chiropractor, optometrist, psychologist, physician assistant, 1108

advanced practice nurse, occupational therapist, massage 1109  
therapist, physical therapist, professional counselor, 1110  
professional clinical counselor, hearing aid dealer, orthotist, 1111  
prosthetist, home health agency, hospice care program, or 1112  
hospital, or a provider organization or physician-hospital 1113  
organization that is acting exclusively as an administrator on 1114  
behalf of a provider to facilitate the provider's participation in 1115  
health care contracts. "Provider" does not mean a pharmacist, 1116  
pharmacy, nursing home, or a provider organization or 1117  
physician-hospital organization that leases the provider 1118  
organization's or physician-hospital organization's network to a 1119  
third party or contracts directly with employers or health and 1120  
welfare funds. 1121

(Q) "Specialty health care services" has the same meaning as 1122  
in section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not 1123  
include any services listed in division (B) of section 1751.01 of 1124  
the Revised Code that are provided by a pharmacist or a nursing 1125  
home. 1126

(R) "Supplemental health care services" has the same meaning 1127  
as in division (B) of section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, except 1128  
that it does not include any services listed in that division that 1129  
are provided by a pharmacist or nursing home. 1130

**Sec. 3963.02. (A)(1) No contracting entity shall sell, rent,** 1131  
**or give a third party the contracting entity's rights to a** 1132  
**participating provider's services pursuant to the contracting** 1133  
**entity's health care contract with the participating provider** 1134  
**unless one of the following applies:** 1135

(a) The third party accessing the participating provider's 1136  
services under the health care contract is an employer or other 1137  
entity providing coverage for health care services to its 1138  
employees or members, and that employer or entity has a contract 1139

with the contracting entity or its affiliate for the 1140  
administration or processing of claims for payment for services 1141  
provided pursuant to the health care contract with the 1142  
participating provider. 1143

(b) The third party accessing the participating provider's 1144  
services under the health care contract either is an affiliate or 1145  
subsidiary of the contracting entity or is providing 1146  
administrative services to, or receiving administrative services 1147  
from, the contracting entity or an affiliate or subsidiary of the 1148  
contracting entity. 1149

(c) The health care contract specifically provides that it 1150  
applies to network rental arrangements and states that one purpose 1151  
of the contract is selling, renting, or giving the contracting 1152  
entity's rights to the services of the participating provider, 1153  
including other preferred provider organizations, and the third 1154  
party accessing the participating provider's services is any of 1155  
the following: 1156

(i) A payer or a third-party administrator or other entity 1157  
responsible for administering claims on behalf of the payer; 1158

(ii) A preferred provider organization or preferred provider 1159  
network that receives access to the participating provider's 1160  
services pursuant to an arrangement with the preferred provider 1161  
organization or preferred provider network in a contract with the 1162  
participating provider that is in compliance with division 1163  
(A)(1)(c) of this section, and is required to comply with all of 1164  
the terms, conditions, and affirmative obligations to which the 1165  
originally contracted primary participating provider network is 1166  
bound under its contract with the participating provider, 1167  
including, but not limited to, obligations concerning patient 1168  
steerage and the timeliness and manner of reimbursement. 1169

(iii) An entity that is engaged in the business of providing 1170

electronic claims transport between the contracting entity and the 1171  
payer or third-party administrator and complies with all of the 1172  
applicable terms, conditions, and affirmative obligations of the 1173  
contracting entity's contract with the participating provider 1174  
including, but not limited to, obligations concerning patient 1175  
steorage and the timeliness and manner of reimbursement. 1176

(2) The contracting entity that sells, rents, or gives the 1177  
contracting entity's rights to the participating provider's 1178  
services pursuant to the contracting entity's health care contract 1179  
with the participating provider as provided in division (A)(1) of 1180  
this section shall do both of the following: 1181

(a) Maintain a web page that contains a listing of third 1182  
parties described in divisions (A)(1)(b) and (c) of this section 1183  
with whom a contracting entity contracts for the purpose of 1184  
selling, renting, or giving the contracting entity's rights to the 1185  
services of participating providers that is updated at least every 1186  
six months and is accessible to all participating providers, or 1187  
maintain a toll-free telephone number accessible to all 1188  
participating providers by means of which participating providers 1189  
may access the same listing of third parties; 1190

(b) Require that the third party accessing the participating 1191  
provider's services through the participating provider's health 1192  
care contract is obligated to comply with all of the applicable 1193  
terms and conditions of the contract, including, but not limited 1194  
to, the products for which the participating provider has agreed 1195  
to provide services, except that a payer receiving administrative 1196  
services from the contracting entity or its affiliate shall be 1197  
solely responsible for payment to the participating provider. 1198

(3) Any information disclosed to a participating provider 1199  
under this section shall be considered proprietary and shall not 1200  
be distributed by the participating provider. 1201



(4) Except as provided in division (A)(1) of this section, no 1202  
entity shall sell, rent, or give a contracting entity's rights to 1203  
the participating provider's services pursuant to a health care 1204  
contract. 1205

(B)(1) No contracting entity shall require, as a condition of 1206  
contracting with the contracting entity, that a participating 1207  
provider provide services for all of the products offered by the 1208  
contracting entity. 1209

(2) Division (B)(1) of this section shall not be construed to 1210  
do any of the following: 1211

(a) Prohibit any participating provider from voluntarily 1212  
accepting an offer by a contracting entity to provide health care 1213  
services under all of the contracting entity's products; 1214

(b) Prohibit any contracting entity from offering any 1215  
financial incentive or other form of consideration specified in 1216  
the health care contract for a participating provider to provide 1217  
health care services under all of the contracting entity's 1218  
products; 1219

(c) Require any contracting entity to contract with a 1220  
participating provider to provide health care services for less 1221  
than all of the contracting entity's products if the contracting 1222  
entity does not wish to do so. 1223

(3)(a) Notwithstanding division (B)(2) of this section, no 1224  
contracting entity shall require, as a condition of contracting 1225  
with the contracting entity, that the participating provider 1226  
accept any future product offering that the contracting entity 1227  
makes. 1228

(b) If a participating provider refuses to accept any future 1229  
product offering that the contracting entity makes, the 1230  
contracting entity may terminate the health care contract based on 1231  
the participating provider's refusal upon written notice to the 1232

participating provider no sooner than one hundred eighty days 1233  
after the refusal. 1234

(4) Once the contracting entity and the participating 1235  
provider have signed the health care contract, it is presumed that 1236  
the financial incentive or other form of consideration that is 1237  
specified in the health care contract pursuant to division 1238  
(B)(2)(b) of this section is the financial incentive or other form 1239  
of consideration that was offered by the contracting entity to 1240  
induce the participating provider to enter into the contract. 1241

(C) No contracting entity shall require, as a condition of 1242  
contracting with the contracting entity, that a participating 1243  
provider waive or forego any right or benefit expressly conferred 1244  
upon a participating provider by state or federal law. However, 1245  
this division does not prohibit a contracting entity from 1246  
restricting a participating provider's scope of practice for the 1247  
services to be provided under the contract. 1248

(D) No health care contract shall do any of the following: 1249

(1) Prohibit any participating provider from entering into a 1250  
health care contract with any other contracting entity; 1251

(2) Prohibit any contracting entity from entering into a 1252  
health care contract with any other provider; 1253

(3) Preclude its use or disclosure for the purpose of 1254  
enforcing this chapter or other state or federal law, except that 1255  
a health care contract may require that appropriate measures be 1256  
taken to preserve the confidentiality of any proprietary or 1257  
trade-secret information. 1258

(E)(1) In addition to any other lawful reasons for 1259  
terminating a health care contract, a health care contract may 1260  
only be terminated under the circumstances described in division 1261  
(A)(3) of section 3963.04 of the Revised Code. 1262

(2) If the health care contract provides for termination for 1263  
cause by either party, the health care contract shall state the 1264  
reasons that may be used for termination for cause, which terms 1265  
shall be reasonable. Once the contracting entity and the 1266  
participating provider have signed the health care contract, it is 1267  
presumed that the reasons stated in the health care contract for 1268  
termination for cause by either party are reasonable. Subject to 1269  
division (E)(3) of this section, the health care contract shall 1270  
state the time by which the parties must provide notice of 1271  
termination for cause and to whom the parties shall give the 1272  
notice. 1273

(3) Nothing in divisions (E)(1) and (2) of this section shall 1274  
be construed as prohibiting any health insuring corporation from 1275  
terminating a participating provider's contract for any of the 1276  
causes described in divisions (A), (D), and (F)(1) and (2) of 1277  
section 1753.09 of the Revised Code. Notwithstanding any provision 1278  
in a health care contract pursuant to division (E)(2) of this 1279  
section, section 1753.09 of the Revised Code applies to the 1280  
termination of a participating provider's contract for any of the 1281  
causes described in divisions (A), (D), and (F)(1) and (2) of 1282  
section 1753.09 of the Revised Code. 1283

(4) Subject to sections 3963.01 to 3963.11 of the Revised 1284  
Code, nothing in this section prohibits the termination of a 1285  
health care contract without cause if the health care contract 1286  
otherwise provides for termination without cause. 1287

(F)(1) Disputes among parties to a health care contract that 1288  
only concern the enforcement of the contract rights conferred by 1289  
section 3963.02, divisions (A) and (D) of section 3963.03, and 1290  
section 3963.04 of the Revised Code are subject to a mutually 1291  
agreed upon arbitration mechanism that is binding on all parties. 1292  
The arbitrator may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs for 1293  
arbitration relating to the enforcement of this section to the 1294

prevailing party. 1295

(2) The arbitrator shall make the arbitrator's decision in an 1296  
arbitration proceeding having due regard for any applicable rules, 1297  
bulletins, rulings, or decisions issued by the department of 1298  
insurance or any court concerning the enforcement of the contract 1299  
rights conferred by section 3963.02, divisions (A) and (D) of 1300  
section 3963.03, and section 3963.04 of the Revised Code. 1301

(3) A party shall not simultaneously maintain an arbitration 1302  
proceeding as described in division (F)(1) of this section and 1303  
pursue a complaint with the superintendent of insurance to 1304  
investigate the subject matter of the arbitration proceeding. 1305  
However, if a complaint is filed with the department of insurance, 1306  
the superintendent may choose to investigate the complaint or, 1307  
after reviewing the complaint, advise the complainant to proceed 1308  
with arbitration to resolve the complaint. The superintendent may 1309  
request to receive a copy of the results of the arbitration. If 1310  
the superintendent of insurance notifies an insurer or a health 1311  
insuring corporation in writing that the superintendent has 1312  
initiated a market conduct examination into the specific subject 1313  
matter of the arbitration proceeding pending against that insurer 1314  
or health insuring corporation, the arbitration proceeding shall 1315  
be stayed at the request of the insurer or health insuring 1316  
corporation pending the outcome of the market conduct 1317  
investigation by the superintendent. 1318

**Sec. 3963.03.** (A) Each health care contract shall include all 1319  
of the following information: 1320

(1)(a) Information sufficient for the participating provider 1321  
to determine the compensation or payment terms for health care 1322  
services, including all of the following, subject to division 1323  
(A)(1)(b) of this section: 1324

(i) The manner of payment, such as fee-for-service, 1325

capitation, or risk; 1326

(ii) The fee schedule of procedure codes reasonably expected 1327  
to be billed by a participating provider's specialty for services 1328  
provided pursuant to the health care contract and the associated 1329  
payment or compensation for each procedure code. A fee schedule 1330  
may be provided electronically. Upon request, a contracting entity 1331  
shall provide a participating provider with the fee schedule for 1332  
any other procedure codes requested and a written fee schedule, 1333  
that shall not be required more frequently than twice per year 1334  
excluding when it is provided in connection with any change to the 1335  
schedule. This requirement may be satisfied by providing a clearly 1336  
understandable, readily available mechanism, such as a specific 1337  
web site address, that allows a participating provider to 1338  
determine the effect of procedure codes on payment or compensation 1339  
before a service is provided or a claim is submitted. 1340

1341

(iii) The effect, if any, on payment or compensation if more 1342  
than one procedure code applies to the service also shall be 1343  
stated. This requirement may be satisfied by providing a clearly 1344  
understandable, readily available mechanism, such as a specific 1345  
web site address, that allows a participating provider to 1346  
determine the effect of procedure codes on payment or compensation 1347  
before a service is provided or a claim is submitted. 1348

1349

(b) If the contracting entity is unable to include the 1350  
information described in division (A)(1)(a)(ii) and (iii) of this 1351  
section, the contracting entity shall include both of the 1352  
following types of information instead: 1353

(i) The methodology used to calculate any fee schedule, such 1354  
as relative value unit system and conversion factor or percentage 1355  
of billed charges. If applicable, the methodology disclosure shall 1356  
include the name of any relative value unit system, its version, 1357

edition, or publication date, any applicable conversion or 1358  
geographic factor, and any date by which compensation or fee 1359  
schedules may be changed by the methodology as anticipated at the 1360  
time of contract. 1361

(ii) The identity of any internal processing edits , 1362  
including the publisher, product name, version, and version update 1363  
of any editing software. 1364

(c) If the contracting entity is not the payer and is unable 1365  
to include the information described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) 1366  
of this section, then the contracting entity shall provide by 1367  
telephone a readily available mechanism, such as a specific web 1368  
site address, that allows the participating provider to obtain 1369  
that information from the payer. 1370

(2) Any product or network for which the participating 1371  
provider is to provide services; 1372

(3) The term of the health care contract; 1373

(4) A specific web site address that contains the identity of 1374  
the contracting entity or payer responsible for the processing of 1375  
the participating provider's compensation or payment; 1376

(5) Any internal mechanism provided by the contracting entity 1377  
to resolve disputes concerning the interpretation or application 1378  
of the terms and conditions of the contract. A contracting entity 1379  
may satisfy this requirement by providing a clearly 1380  
understandable, readily available mechanism, such as a specific 1381  
web site address or an appendix, that allows a participating 1382  
provider to determine the procedures for the internal mechanism to 1383  
resolve those disputes. 1384

(6) A list of addenda, if any, to the contract. 1385

(B)(1) Each contracting entity shall include a summary 1386  
disclosure form with a health care contract that includes all of 1387

the information specified in division (A) of this section. The 1388  
information in the summary disclosure form shall refer to the 1389  
location in the health care contract, whether a page number, 1390  
section of the contract, appendix, or other identifiable location, 1391  
that specifies the provisions in the contract to which the 1392  
information in the form refers. 1393

(2) The summary disclosure form shall include all of the 1394  
following statements: 1395

(a) That the form is a guide to the health care contract and 1396  
that the terms and conditions of the health care contract 1397  
constitute the contract rights of the parties; 1398

(b) That reading the form is not a substitute for reading the 1399  
entire health care contract; 1400

(c) That by signing the health care contract, the 1401  
participating provider will be bound by the contract's terms and 1402  
conditions; 1403

(d) That the terms and conditions of the health care contract 1404  
may be amended pursuant to section 3963.04 of the Revised Code and 1405  
the participating provider is encouraged to carefully read any 1406  
proposed amendments sent after execution of the contract; 1407

(e) That nothing in the summary disclosure form creates any 1408  
additional rights or causes of action in favor of either party. 1409

(3) No contracting entity that includes any information in 1410  
the summary disclosure form with the reasonable belief that the 1411  
information is truthful or accurate shall be subject to a civil 1412  
action for damages or to binding arbitration based on the summary 1413  
disclosure form. Division (B)(3) of this section does not impair 1414  
or affect any power of the department of insurance to enforce any 1415  
applicable law. 1416

(4) The summary disclosure form described in divisions (B)(1) 1417

<u>and (2) of this section shall be in substantially the following</u>	1418
<u>form:</u>	1419
<u>"SUMMARY DISCLOSURE FORM</u>	1420
<u>(1) Compensation terms</u>	1421
<u>(a) Manner of payment</u>	1422
<u>[ ] Fee for service</u>	1423
<u>[ ] Capitation</u>	1424
<u>[ ] Risk</u>	1425
<u>[ ] Other ..... See .....</u>	1426
<u>(b) Fee schedule available at .....</u>	1427
<u>(c) Fee calculation schedule available at .....</u>	1428
<u>(d) Identity of internal processing edits available at</u>	1429
<u>.....</u>	1430
<u>(e) Information in (c) and (d) is not required if information</u>	1431
<u>in (b) is provided.</u>	1432
<u>(2) List of products or networks covered by this contract</u>	1433
<u>[ ] .....</u>	1434
<u>[ ] .....</u>	1435
<u>[ ] .....</u>	1436
<u>[ ] .....</u>	1437
<u>[ ] .....</u>	1438
<u>(3) Term of this contract .....</u>	1439
<u>(4) Contracting entity or payer responsible for processing</u>	1440
<u>payment available at .....</u>	1441
<u>(5) Internal mechanism for resolving disputes regarding</u>	1442
<u>contract terms available at .....</u>	1443
<u>(6) Addenda to contract</u>	1444



<u>Title</u>	<u>Subject</u>	
		1445
<u>(a)</u>		1446
<u>(b)</u>		1447
<u>(c)</u>		1448
<u>(d)</u>		1449
<u>(7) Telephone number to access a readily available mechanism,</u>		1450
<u>such as a specific web site address, to allow a participating</u>		1451
<u>provider to receive the information in (1) through (6) from the</u>		1452
<u>payer.</u>		1453
<u>IMPORTANT INFORMATION - PLEASE READ CAREFULLY</u>		1454
<u>The information provided in this Summary Disclosure Form is a</u>		1455
<u>guide to the attached Health Care Contract as defined in section</u>		1456
<u>3963.01(G) of the Ohio Revised Code. The terms and conditions of</u>		1457
<u>the attached Health Care Contract constitute the contract rights</u>		1458
<u>of the parties.</u>		1459
<u>Reading this Summary Disclosure Form is not a substitute for</u>		1460
<u>reading the entire Health Care Contract. When you sign the Health</u>		1461
<u>Care Contract, you will be bound by its terms and conditions.</u>		1462
<u>These terms and conditions may be amended over time pursuant to</u>		1463
<u>section 3963.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. You are encouraged to</u>		1464
<u>read any proposed amendments that are sent to you after execution</u>		1465
<u>of the Health Care Contract.</u>		1466
<u>Nothing in this Summary Disclosure Form creates any</u>		1467
<u>additional rights or causes of action in favor of either party."</u>		1468
<u>(C) When a contracting entity presents a proposed health care</u>		1469
<u>contract for consideration by a provider, the contracting entity</u>		1470
<u>shall provide in writing or make reasonably available the</u>		1471
<u>information required in division (A)(1) of this section.</u>		1472
<u>(D) The contracting entity shall identify any utilization</u>		1473
<u>management, quality improvement, or a similar program that the</u>		1474

contracting entity uses to review, monitor, evaluate, or assess 1475  
the services provided pursuant to a health care contract. The 1476  
contracting entity shall disclose the policies, procedures, or 1477  
guidelines of such a program applicable to a participating 1478  
provider upon request by the participating provider within 1479  
fourteen days after the date of the request. 1480

(E) Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing 1481  
or affecting the application of section 1753.07 of the Revised 1482  
Code that would otherwise apply to a contract with a participating 1483  
provider. 1484

(F) The requirements of division (C) of this section do not 1485  
prohibit a contracting entity from requiring a reasonable 1486  
confidentiality agreement between the provider and the contracting 1487  
entity regarding the terms of the proposed health care contract. 1488  
If either party violates the confidentiality agreement, a party to 1489  
the confidentiality agreement may bring a civil action to enjoin 1490  
the other party from continuing any act that is in violation of 1491  
the confidentiality agreement, to recover damages, to terminate 1492  
the contract, or to obtain any combination of relief. 1493  
1494

**Sec. 3963.04.** (A)(1) If an amendment to a health care 1495  
contract is not a material amendment, the contracting entity shall 1496  
provide the participating provider notice of the amendment at 1497  
least fifteen days prior to the effective date of the amendment. 1498  
The contracting entity shall provide all other notices to the 1499  
participating provider pursuant to the health care contract. 1500  
1501

(2) A material amendment to a health care contract shall 1502  
occur only if the contracting entity provides to the participating 1503  
provider the material amendment in writing and notice of the 1504  
material amendment not later than ninety days prior to the 1505

effective date of the material amendment. The notice shall be 1506  
conspicuously entitled "Notice of Material Amendment to Contract." 1507

1508

(3) If within fifteen days after receiving the material 1509  
amendment and notice described in division (A)(2) of this section, 1510  
the participating provider objects in writing to the material 1511  
amendment, and there is no resolution of the objection, either 1512  
party may terminate the health care contract upon written notice 1513  
of termination provided to the other party not later than sixty 1514  
days prior to the effective date of the material amendment. 1515

1516

(4) If the participating provider does not object to the 1517  
material amendment in the manner described in division (A)(3) of 1518  
this section, the material amendment shall be effective as 1519  
specified in the notice described in division (A)(2) of this 1520  
section. 1521

(B)(1) Division (A) of this section does not apply if the 1522  
delay caused by compliance with that division could result in 1523  
imminent harm to an enrollee, if the material amendment of a 1524  
health care contract is required by state or federal law, rule, or 1525  
regulation, or if the provider affirmatively accepts the material 1526  
amendment in writing and agrees to an earlier effective date than 1527  
otherwise required by division (A)(2) of this section. 1528

(2) This section does not apply under any of the following 1529  
circumstances: 1530

(a) The participating provider's payment or compensation is 1531  
based on the current medicaid or medicare physician fee schedule, 1532  
and the change in payment or compensation results solely from a 1533  
change in that physician fee schedule. 1534

(b) A routine change or update of the health care contract is 1535  
made in response to any addition, deletion, or revision of any 1536

service code, procedure code, or reporting code, or a pricing 1537  
change is made by any third party source. 1538

For purposes of division (B)(2)(b) of this section: 1539

(i) "Service code, procedure code, or reporting code" means 1540  
the current procedural terminology (CPT), current dental 1541  
terminology (CDT), the healthcare common procedure coding system 1542  
(HCPCS), the international classification of diseases (ICD), or 1543  
the drug topics redbook average wholesale price (AWP). 1544

(ii) "Third party source" means the American medical 1545  
association, American dental association, the centers for medicare 1546  
and medicaid services, the national center for health statistics, 1547  
the department of health and human services office of the 1548  
inspector general, the Ohio department of insurance, or the Ohio 1549  
department of job and family services. 1550

(C) Notwithstanding divisions (A) and (B) of this section, a 1551  
health care contract may be amended by operation of law as 1552  
required by any applicable state or federal law, rule, or 1553  
regulation. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require 1554  
the renegotiation of a health care contract that is in existence 1555  
before the effective date of this section, until the time that the 1556  
contract is renewed or materially amended. 1557

**Sec. 3963.05.** (A) The department of insurance shall prescribe 1558  
the credentialing application form used by the council for 1559  
affordable quality healthcare (CAQH) in electronic or paper format 1560  
for physicians. The department of insurance also shall prepare the 1561  
standard credentialing form for all other providers and shall make 1562  
the standard credentialing form as simple, straightforward, and 1563  
easy to use as possible, having due regard for those credentialing 1564  
forms that are widely in use in the state by contracting entities 1565  
and that best serve these goals. 1566

(B) No contracting entity shall fail to use the applicable 1567  
standard credentialing form described in division (A) of this 1568  
section when initially credentialing or recredentialing providers 1569  
in connection with policies, health care contracts, and agreements 1570  
providing basic health care services, specialty health care 1571  
services, or supplemental health care services. 1572

(C) No contracting entity shall require a provider to provide 1573  
any information in addition to the information required by the 1574  
applicable standard credentialing form described in division (A) 1575  
of this section in connection with policies, health care 1576  
contracts, and agreements providing basic health care services, 1577  
specialty health care services, or supplemental health care 1578  
services. 1579

(D) The credentialing process described in this section does 1580  
not prohibit a contracting entity from limiting the scope of any 1581  
participating provider's basic health care services, specialty 1582  
health care services, or supplemental health care services. 1583

(E) The requirement that the department of insurance prepare 1584  
the standard credentialing form for all other providers does not 1585  
include preparing the standard credentialing form for a hospital. 1586

**Sec. 3963.06.** (A) If a provider, upon the oral or written 1587  
request of a contracting entity to submit a credentialing form, 1588  
submits a credentialing form that is not complete, the contracting 1589  
entity that receives the form shall notify the provider of the 1590  
deficiency electronically, by facsimile, or by certified mail, 1591  
return receipt requested, not later than twenty-one days after the 1592  
contracting entity receives the form. 1593

(B) If a contracting entity receives any information that is 1594  
inconsistent with the information given by the provider in the 1595  
credentialing form, the contracting entity may request the 1596  
provider to submit a written clarification of the inconsistency. 1597

The contracting entity shall send the request described in this 1598  
division electronically, by facsimile, or by certified mail, 1599  
return receipt requested. 1600

(C)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2) of 1601  
this section, the credentialing process under this section starts 1602  
when a provider initially submits a credentialing form upon the 1603  
oral or written request of a contracting entity, and the provider 1604  
shall submit the credentialing form to the contracting entity 1605  
electronically, by facsimile, or by certified mail, return receipt 1606  
requested. Subject to division (C)(3) of this section, a 1607  
contracting entity shall complete the credentialing process not 1608  
later than ninety days after the contracting entity receives that 1609  
credentialing form from the provider. The contracting entity shall 1610  
allow the provider to submit a credentialing application prior to 1611  
the provider's employment. A contracting entity that does not 1612  
complete the credentialing process within the ninety-day period 1613  
specified in this division is liable for either a civil penalty 1614  
payable to the provider in the amount of five hundred dollars per 1615  
day, including weekend days, starting at the expiration of that 1616  
ninety-day period until the provider's credentialing application 1617  
is granted or denied or retroactive reimbursement to the provider 1618  
according to the terms of the contract for any basic health care 1619  
services, specialty health care services, or supplemental health 1620  
care services the provider provided to enrollees starting at the 1621  
expiration of that ninety-day period until the provider's 1622  
credentialing application is granted or denied. When the 1623  
credentialing process of the contracting entity exceeds the 1624  
ninety-day period, the contracting entity shall select the 1625  
liability to which the contracting entity is subject and shall 1626  
inform the provider of the contracting entity's selection. 1627

1628

(2) The credentialing process for a medicaid managed care 1629

plan starts when the provider submits a credentialing form and the 1630  
provider's national provider number issued by the centers for 1631  
medicare and medicaid services. 1632

(3) The requirement that the credentialing process be 1633  
completed within the ninety-day period specified in division 1634  
(C)(1) of this section does not apply to a contracting entity if a 1635  
provider that submits a credentialing form to the contracting 1636  
entity under that division is a hospital. 1637

(D) Any communication between the provider and the 1638  
contracting entity shall be electronically, by facsimile, or by 1639  
certified mail, return receipt requested. 1640

(E) If the state medical board or its agent has primary 1641  
source verified the medical education, graduate medical education, 1642  
and examination history of the physician, or the status of the 1643  
physician with the educational commission for foreign medical 1644  
graduates, if applicable, the contracting entity may accept the 1645  
documentation of primary source verification from the state 1646  
medical board's web site or from its agent and is not required to 1647  
perform primary source verification of the medical education, 1648  
graduate medical education, and examination history of the 1649  
physician or the status of the physician with the educational 1650  
commission for foreign medical graduates, if applicable, as a 1651  
condition for initially credentialing or recredentialing the 1652  
physician. 1653

**Sec. 3963.07.** (A) All remittance notices sent by a payer, 1654  
whether written or electronic, shall include both of the 1655  
following: 1656

(1) The name of the payer issuing the payment to the 1657  
participating provider; 1658

(2) The name of the contracting entity through which the 1659

payment rate and any discount are claimed, if the contracting 1660  
entity is different from the payer. 1661

(B) Division (A) of this section takes effect March 31, 2009. 1662

Sec. 3963.08. The superintendent of insurance shall adopt any 1663  
rules necessary for the implementation of this chapter. 1664

Sec. 3963.09. (A) A series of violations of this chapter by 1665  
any person regulated by the department of insurance under Title 1666  
XVII or Title XXXIX of the Revised Code that, taken together, 1667  
constitute a pattern or practice of violating this chapter may be 1668  
defined as an unfair and deceptive insurance practice under 1669  
sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the Revised Code. 1670

(B) The superintendent of insurance may conduct a market 1671  
conduct examination of any person regulated by the department of 1672  
insurance under Title XVII or Title XXXIX of the Revised Code to 1673  
determine whether any violation of this chapter has occurred. When 1674  
conducting that type of examination, the superintendent of 1675  
insurance may assess the costs of the examination against the 1676  
person examined. The superintendent may enter into a consent 1677  
agreement to impose any administrative assessment or fine for 1678  
conduct discovered that may be a violation of this chapter. All 1679  
costs, assessments, and fines collected under this section shall 1680  
be deposited to the credit of the department of insurance 1681  
operating fund. 1682

Sec. 3963.10. This chapter does not apply with respect to any 1683  
of the following: 1684

(A) A contract or provider agreement between a provider and 1685  
the state or federal government, a state agency, or federal agency 1686  
for health care services provided through a program for medicaid 1687  
or medicare; 1688



(B) A contract for payments made to providers for rendering health care services to claimants pursuant to claims made under Chapter 4121., 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code; 1689  
1690  
1691

(C) An exclusive contract between a health insuring corporation and a single group of providers in a specific geographic area to provide or arrange for the provision of health care services. 1692  
1693  
1694  
1695

Sec. 3963.11. (A) No contracting entity shall do any of the following: 1696  
1697

(1) Offer to a provider other than a hospital a health care contract that includes a most favored nation clause; 1698  
1699

(2) Enter into a health care contract with a provider other than a hospital that includes a most favored nation clause; 1700  
1701

(3) Amend an existing health care contract previously entered into with a provider other than a hospital to include a most favored nation clause. 1702  
1703  
1704

(B) This section shall not go into effect until three years after the effective date of this section. 1705  
1706

(C) As used in this section: 1707

(1) "Contracting entity," "health care contract," "health care services," "participating provider," and "provider" have the same meanings as in section 3963.01 of the Revised Code. 1708  
1709  
1710

(2) "Most favored nation clause" means a provision in a health care contract that does any of the following: 1711  
1712

(a) Prohibits, or grants a contracting entity an option to prohibit, the participating provider from contracting with another contracting entity to provide health care services at a lower price than the payment specified in the contract; 1713  
1714  
1715  
1716

(b) Requires, or grants a contracting entity an option to 1717

require, the participating provider to accept a lower payment in 1718  
the event the participating provider agrees to provide health care 1719  
services to any other contracting entity at a lower price; 1720

(c) Requires, or grants a contracting entity an option to 1721  
require, termination or renegotiation of the existing health care 1722  
contract in the event the participating provider agrees to provide 1723  
health care services to any other contracting entity at a lower 1724  
price; 1725

(d) Requires the participating provider to disclose the 1726  
participating provider's contractual reimbursement rates with 1727  
other contracting entities. 1728

**Sec. 5111.17.** (A) The department of job and family services 1729  
may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, 1730  
including health insuring corporations, under which the 1731  
organizations are authorized to provide, or arrange for the 1732  
provision of, health care services to medical assistance 1733  
recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care 1734  
services through managed care organizations as part of the care 1735  
management system established under section 5111.16 of the Revised 1736  
Code. 1737

(B) The director of job and family services may adopt rules 1738  
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement 1739  
this section. 1740

(C) The department of job and family services shall allow 1741  
managed care plans to use providers to render care upon completion 1742  
of the managed care plan's credentialing process. 1743

**Section 2.** That existing sections 1751.13, 1753.01, 1753.07, 1744  
1753.09, 2317.54, 3701.741, 3702.51, and 5111.17 and sections 1745  
1753.03, 1753.04, 1753.05, and 1753.08 of the Revised Code are 1746  
hereby repealed. 1747

**Section 3.** Sections 3963.01 to 3963.11 of the Revised Code, 1748  
as enacted by this act, shall apply only to contracts that are 1749  
delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed or materially amended 1750  
in this state on or after the effective date of this act. A health 1751  
insuring corporation having fewer than fifteen thousand enrollees 1752  
shall comply with the provisions of this section within twelve 1753  
months after the effective date of this act. 1754

**Section 4.** Section 3963.06 of the Revised Code, as enacted by 1755  
this act, takes effect ninety days after the effective date of 1756  
this act. 1757

**Section 5.** (A) As used in this section and Section 6 of this 1758  
act: 1759

(1) "Most favored nation clause" means a provision in a 1760  
health care contract that does any of the following: 1761

(a) Prohibits, or grants a contracting entity an option to 1762  
prohibit, the participating provider from contracting with another 1763  
contracting entity to provide health care services at a lower 1764  
price than the payment specified in the contract; 1765

(b) Requires, or grants a contracting entity an option to 1766  
require, the participating provider to accept a lower payment in 1767  
the event the participating provider agrees to provide health care 1768  
services to any other contracting entity at a lower price; 1769

(c) Requires, or grants a contracting entity an option to 1770  
require, termination or renegotiation of the existing health care 1771  
contract in the event the participating provider agrees to provide 1772  
health care services to any other contracting entity at a lower 1773  
price; 1774

(d) Requires the participating provider to disclose the 1775  
participating provider's contractual reimbursement rates with 1776

other contracting entities. 1777

(2) "Contracting entity," "health care contract," "health 1778  
care services," "participating provider," and "provider" have the 1779  
same meanings as in section 3963.01 of the Revised Code, as 1780  
enacted by this act. 1781

(B) No health care contract that includes a most favored 1782  
nation clause shall be entered into, and no health care contract 1783  
at the instance of a contracting entity shall be amended or 1784  
renewed to include a most favored nation clause, for a period of 1785  
two years after the effective date of this act, subject to 1786  
extension as provided in Section 6 of this act. This section does 1787  
not apply to and does not prohibit the continued use of a most 1788  
favored nation clause in a health care contract that is between a 1789  
contracting entity and a hospital and that is in existence on the 1790  
effective date of this act even if the health care contract is 1791  
materially amended with respect to any provision of the health 1792  
care contract other than the most favored nation clause during the 1793  
two-year period specified in this section or during any extended 1794  
period of time as provided in Section 6 of this act. 1795

**Section 6.** (A) There is hereby created the Joint Legislative 1796  
Study Commission on Most Favored Nation Clauses in Health Care 1797  
Contracts consisting of seventeen members as follows: 1798

(1) The Superintendent of Insurance; 1799

(2) Two members of the House of Representatives, one 1800  
representing the majority party and one representing the minority 1801  
party; 1802

(3) Two members of the Senate, one representing the majority 1803  
party and one representing the minority party; 1804

(4) Three providers who are individuals; 1805

(5) Two representatives of hospitals; 1806

(6) Two representatives of contracting entities regulated by the Department of Insurance under Title XVII of the Revised Code; (1807-1808)

(7) Two representatives of contracting entities regulated by the Department of Insurance under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code; (1809-1810)

(8) One representative of an employer that pays for the health insurance coverage of its employees; (1811-1812)

(9) A licensed attorney with an expertise in antitrust law who represents providers; (1813-1814)

(10) A licensed attorney with an expertise in antitrust law who represents contracting entities that have used most favored nation clauses in their health care contracts and that are regulated by the Department of Insurance under either Title XVII or Title XXXIX of the Revised Code. (1815-1819)

(B) The members of the Commission shall be appointed as follows: (1820-1821)

(1) The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint the two members of the House specified in division (A)(2) of this section. (1822-1824)

(2) The President of the Senate shall appoint the two members of the Senate specified in division (A)(3) of this section. (1825-1826)

(3) The Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate jointly shall appoint the remaining members specified in divisions (A)(4) to (10) of this section. (1827-1829)

(C) Initial appointments to the Commission shall be made within thirty days after the effective date of this act. The appointments shall be for the term of the Commission as provided in division (F)(2) of this section. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner provided for original appointments. (1830-1834)

(D)(1) The Superintendent of Insurance shall be the Chairperson of the Commission. Meetings of the Commission shall be (1835-1836)

at the call of the Chairperson. All of the members of the 1837  
Commission shall be voting members. Meetings of the Commission 1838  
shall be held pursuant to section 121.22 of the Revised Code. 1839

(2) The Department of Insurance shall provide office space or 1840  
other facilities, any administrative or other technical, 1841  
professional, or clerical employees, and any necessary supplies 1842  
for the work of the Commission. 1843

(3) The Chairperson of the Commission shall keep the records 1844  
of the Commission. Upon submission of the Commission's final 1845  
report to the General Assembly under division (F) of this section, 1846  
the Chairperson shall deliver all of the Commission's records to 1847  
the General Assembly. 1848

(E)(1) The Commission shall study the following areas 1849  
pertaining to health care contracts: 1850

(a) The procompetitive and anticompetitive aspects of most 1851  
favored nation clauses; 1852

(b) The impact of most favored nation clauses on health care 1853  
costs and on the availability of and accessibility to quality 1854  
health care; 1855

(c) The costs associated with the enforcement of most favored 1856  
nation clauses; 1857

(d) Other state laws and rules pertaining to most favored 1858  
nation clauses in their health care contracts; 1859

(e) Matters determined by the Department of Insurance as 1860  
relevant to the study of most favored nation clauses; 1861

(f) Any other matters that the Commission considers 1862  
appropriate to determine the effectiveness of most favored nation 1863  
clauses. 1864

(2) The Commission may take testimony from experts or 1865  
interested parties on the areas of its study as described in 1866

division (E)(1) of this section. 1867

(F)(1) Not less than ninety days prior to the expiration of 1868  
the two-year period specified in Section 5 of this act, the 1869  
Commission shall report its preliminary findings to the General 1870  
Assembly and a recommendation of whether to extend that two-year 1871  
period for one additional year. If the General Assembly does not 1872  
grant the extension, the Commission shall submit its final report 1873  
to the General Assembly not later than three months after the 1874  
expiration of the two-year period specified in Section 5 of this 1875  
act. If the General Assembly grants the extension, the extension 1876  
shall be for not more than one year after the expiration of the 1877  
two-year period specified in Section 5 of this act, and the 1878  
Commission shall submit its final report to the General Assembly 1879  
not later than six months prior to the expiration of the one-year 1880  
extension. 1881

(2) The final report of the Commission shall include its 1882  
findings and recommendations on whether state law should prohibit 1883  
or restrict most favored nation clauses in health care contracts. 1884  
The Commission shall cease to exist upon the submission of its 1885  
final report to the General Assembly. 1886

**Section 7.** (A) There is hereby created the Advisory Committee 1887  
on Eligibility and Real Time Claim Adjudication to study and 1888  
recommend mechanisms or standards that will enable providers to 1889  
send to and receive from payers sufficient information to enable a 1890  
provider to determine at the time of the enrollee's visit the 1891  
enrollee's eligibility for services covered by the payer as well 1892  
as real time adjudication of provider claims for services. 1893

(B) The Superintendent of Insurance or the Superintendent's 1894  
designee shall be a member of the Advisory Committee and shall 1895  
appoint at least one representative from each of the following 1896  
groups or entities: 1897

(1) Persons eligible for health care benefits under a health benefit plan;	1898 1899
(2) Physicians;	1900
(3) Hospitals;	1901
(4) Health benefit plan issuers;	1902
(5) Other health care providers;	1903
(6) Health care administrators;	1904
(7) Payers of health care benefits, including employers;	1905
(8) Preferred provider networks;	1906
(9) Health care technology vendors;	1907
(10) The Office of Information Technology.	1908
(C) Initial appointments to the Advisory Committee shall be made within thirty days after the effective date of this act. The appointments shall be for the term of the Advisory Committee as provided in division (I) of this section. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner provided for original appointments. Members of the Advisory Committee shall serve without compensation.	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915
(D)(1) The Superintendent of Insurance shall be the Chairperson of the Advisory Committee. Meetings of the Advisory Committee shall be at the call of the Chairperson. All of the members of the Advisory Committee shall be voting members. Meetings of the Advisory Committee shall be held pursuant to section 121.22 of the Revised Code.	1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921
(2) The Department of Insurance shall provide office space or other facilities, any administrative or other technical, professional, or clerical employees, and any necessary supplies for the work of the Advisory Committee.	1922 1923 1924 1925
(E)(1) The Advisory Committee shall advise the Superintendent	1926



of Insurance on both of the following: 1927

(a) The technical aspects of using the transaction standards 1928  
mandated by the "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability 1929  
Act of 1996," 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C. 1320d, et seq., and the 1930  
transaction standards and rules of the Council for Affordable 1931  
Quality Healthcare Committee on Operating Rules for Information 1932  
Exchange to require health benefit plan issuers and administrators 1933  
to provide access to information technology that will enable 1934  
physicians and other health care providers to generate a request 1935  
for eligibility information at the point of service that is 1936  
compliant with those transaction standards; 1937

(b) The data elements that health benefit plan issuers and 1938  
administrators are required to make available, using, to the 1939  
extent possible, the framework adopted by the Council for 1940  
Affordable Quality Healthcare Committee on Operating Rules for 1941  
Information Exchange. 1942

(2) The Advisory Committee shall consider including the 1943  
following data elements in the information that must be made 1944  
available in eligibility and real time adjudication transactions: 1945

(a) The name, date of birth, member identification number, 1946  
and coverage status of the patient; 1947

(b) The identification of the payer, insurer, issuer, and 1948  
administrator, as applicable; 1949

(c) The name and telephone number of the payer's contact 1950  
person; 1951

(d) The payer's address; 1952

(e) The name and address of the subscriber; 1953

(f) The patient's relationship to the subscriber; 1954

(g) The type of service; 1955

(h) The type of health benefit plan or product; 1956

(i) The effective date of the health care coverage;	1957
(j) For professional services:	1958
(i) The amount of any copayment;	1959
(ii) The amount of an individual deductible;	1960
(iii) The amount of a family deductible;	1961
(iv) Benefit limitations and maximums.	1962
(k) For facility services:	1963
(i) The amount of any copayment or coinsurance;	1964
(ii) The amount of an individual deductible;	1965
(iii) The amount of a family deductible;	1966
(iv) Benefit limitations and maximums.	1967
(l) Precertification or prior authorization requirements;	1968
(m) Policy maximum limits;	1969
(n) Patient liability for a proposed service;	1970
(o) The health benefit plan coverage amount for a proposed service.	1971 1972
(F) The Advisory Committee shall make recommendations regarding all of the following:	1973 1974
(1) The use of internet web site technologies, smart card technologies, magnetic strip technologies, biometric technologies, or other information technologies to facilitate the generation of a request for eligibility information that is compliant with the transaction standards and rules of the Council for Affordable Quality Healthcare Committee on Operating Rules for Information Exchange;	1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981
(2) Time frames for the implementation of the recommendations in division (F)(1) of this section;	1982 1983

(3) When a provider may rely upon the eligibility information 1984  
transmitted by a payer regarding a service provided to an enrollee 1985  
for purposes of allocating responsibility for payment for services 1986  
rendered by the provider. The Advisory Committee shall further 1987  
recommend how disputes over enrollee eligibility for services 1988  
received shall be resolved taking into consideration the legal 1989  
relationship between the provider, the enrollee, and the payer. 1990

(G) The recommendations made by the Advisory Committee shall 1991  
not endorse or otherwise limit the choice of products or services 1992  
available to health care payers, purchasers, or providers. 1993

(H) Not later than January 1, 2009, the Advisory Committee 1994  
shall provide the General Assembly with a report of its findings 1995  
and recommendations for legislative action to standardize 1996  
eligibility and real time adjudication transactions between 1997  
providers and payers. The transaction standards adopted by the 1998  
General Assembly shall, at a minimum, comply with the standards 1999  
mandated by the "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability 2000  
Act of 1996," 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C. 1320d, et seq., as further 2001  
defined in Title 45, part 162 of the Code of Federal Regulations 2002  
to the extent that the "Health Insurance Portability and 2003  
Accountability Act of 1996" applies to the transaction. 2004

(I) The Advisory Committee shall cease to exist upon the 2005  
submission of its report and recommendations to the General 2006  
Assembly. 2007