As Reported by the Senate Judiciary--Civil Justice Committee

127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

H. B. No. 134

Representative Seitz

Cosponsors: Representatives McGregor, J., Zehringer, Collier, Blessing, Combs, Bacon, Uecker, Harwood, Hughes, Flowers, Latta, White, Huffman, Wagoner, Adams, Letson, Wolpert, Batchelder, Coley, Dolan, Seitz, Budish, Dyer, Foley, Okey, Aslanides, Bolon, Book, Brown, Bubp, Daniels, Domenick, Evans, Fende, Fessler, Garrison, Gibbs, Goodwin, Hagan, J., Hagan, R., Hite, Jones, Luckie, Lundy, Mallory, Oelslager, Otterman, Patton, Raussen, Schindel, Schneider, Setzer, Stebelton, Wachtmann, Webster, Yates, Yuko Senators Goodman, Kearney, Mason, Sawyer

A BILL

То	amend sections 1701.55, 1701.782, 1701.792,	1
	1705.21, and 1775.14 of the Revised Code to modify	2
	corporation law relating to the election of	3
	directors and to conform conversion provisions of	4
	Chapter 1701. of the Revised Code with parallel	Ę
	provisions in Chapters 1705., 1775., and 1782. of	6
	the Revised Code.	-

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1701.55, 1701.782, 1701.792,	8
1705.21, and 1775.14 of the Revised Code be amended to read as	9
follows:	10
Sec. 1701.55. (A) At a meeting of shareholders at which	11
directors are to be elected, only persons nominated as candidates	12

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shall be eligible for election as directors.

- (B) At Unless the articles set forth alternative election 14
- standards, at all elections of directors, the candidates receiving
 the greatest number of votes shall be elected.
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(C) Unless the articles are amended as permitted by division

voting power, each shareholder has the right to vote cumulatively

a vice-president, or the secretary of a corporation, not less than

- (B)(10) of section 1701.69 of the Revised Code to provide that no 18 shareholder of a corporation may cumulate his the shareholder's 19
- if notice in writing is given by any shareholder to the president, 21
- forty-eight hours before the time fixed for holding a meeting of 23
- the shareholders for the purpose of electing directors if notice 24
- of the meeting has been given at least ten days before the 25
- meeting, and, if the ten days' notice has not been given, not less
- than twenty-four hours before such meeting time, that he the 27
- shareholder desires that the voting at such election shall be
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- cumulative, provided that an announcement of the giving of such 29
- notice is made upon the convening of the meeting by the chairman 30
- chairperson or secretary or by or on behalf of the shareholder 31
 giving such notice. 32
- (D) Unless the articles are amended as permitted by division 33
- (B)(10) of section 1701.69 of the Revised Code to provide that no 34
- shareholder of a corporation may cumulate https://doi.org/10.15/ 35
- voting power, each shareholder has the right, subject to the
- notice requirements contained in division (C) of this section, to 37
- cumulate the voting power he the shareholder possesses and to give 38
- one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be 39
- elected multiplied by the number of his the shareholder's votes 40
- equals, or to distribute <u>his</u> <u>the shareholder's</u> votes on the same 41
- principle among two or more candidates, as he the shareholder sees 42
- fit. 43

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Sec. 1701.782. (A) Subject to division (B)(2) of this	44
section, pursuant to a written declaration of conversion as	45
provided in this section, a domestic or foreign entity that is not	46
a domestic corporation and is not a nonprofit corporation may be	47
converted into a domestic corporation. The conversion also must be	48
permitted by the chapter of the Revised Code or by the laws under	49
which the converting entity will exist.	50
(B)(1) The written declaration of conversion shall set forth	51
all of the following:	52
(a) The name and form of entity that is being converted, the	53
name of the entity into which the entity will be converted, and	54
the jurisdiction of formation of the converting entity;	55
(b) The articles of the converted corporation;	56
(c) All statements and matters required to be set forth in an	57
instrument of conversion by the laws under which the converting	58
entity exists;	59
(d) The terms of the conversion; the mode of carrying them	60
into effect; and the manner and basis of converting the interests	61
or shares of the converting entity into, or substituting the	62
interests or shares in the converting entity for, interests,	63
evidences of indebtedness, other securities, cash, rights, or any	64
other property or any combination of interests, evidences of	65
indebtedness, other securities, cash, rights, or any other	66
property of the converted corporation.	67
(2) No conversion or substitution described in this section	68
shall be effected if there are reasonable grounds to believe that	69
the conversion or substitution would render the converted	70
corporation unable to pay its obligations as they become due in	71
the usual course of its affairs.	72

(C) The written declaration of conversion may set forth any

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of the following:	74
(1) The effective date of the conversion, which date may be	75
on or after the date of the filing of the certificate of	76
conversion pursuant to section 1701.811 of the Revised Code;	77
(2) A provision authorizing the converting entity to abandon	78
the proposed conversion by action of authorized representatives of	79
the converting entity taken prior to the filing of the certificate	80
of conversion pursuant to section 1701.811 of the Revised Code;	81
(3) A statement of, or a statement of the method to be used	82
to determine, the fair value of the assets owned by the converting	83
entity at the time of the conversion;	84
(4) The regulations of the converted corporation;	85
(5) The identity of the directors of the converted	86
corporation;	87
(6) The parties to the declaration of conversion in addition	88
to the converting entity;	89
(7) The stated capital, if any, of each class of shares of	90
the converted corporation to be outstanding at the time that the	91
conversion becomes effective;	92
(8) Any additional provision necessary or desirable with	93
respect to the proposed conversion or the converted entity.	94
(D) At any time before the filing of the certificate of	95
conversion pursuant to section 1701.811 of the Revised Code, the	96
conversion may be abandoned by any representatives authorized to	97
do so by the declaration of conversion, or by the same vote as was	98
required to adopt the declaration of conversion.	99
Sec. 1701.792. (A) Subject to division (B)(2) of this	100
section, pursuant to a written declaration of conversion as	101
provided in this section, a domestic corporation may be converted	102

Revised Code, if the converted entity is a domestic entity, or by

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- (5) Any additional provision necessary or desirable with 164 respect to the proposed conversion or the converted entity. 165
- (D) The directors of the domestic converting corporation must 166 approve the declaration of conversion to effect the conversion, 167 and the declaration of conversion must be adopted by the 168 shareholders of the domestic converting corporation, at a meeting 169 held for the purpose.
- (E) Notice of each meeting of shareholders of a domestic 171 converting corporation at which a declaration of conversion is to 172 be submitted shall be given to all shareholders of that 173 corporation, whether or not they are entitled to vote, and shall 174 be accompanied by a copy or a summary of the material provisions 175 of the declaration of conversion. 176
- (F) The vote required to adopt a declaration of conversion at 177 a meeting of the shareholders of a domestic converting corporation 178 is the affirmative vote of the holders of shares of that 179 corporation entitling them to exercise at least two-thirds of the 180 voting power of the corporation on the proposal or a different 181 proportion as provided in the articles, but not less than a 182 majority, or, if the conversion is to a foreign corporation, a 183 different proportion as the articles provide for a merger or 184 consolidation, and the affirmative vote of the holders of shares 185 of any particular class as required by the articles of the 186 converting corporation. 187

If the declaration of conversion would have an effect that, 188 if accomplished through an amendment to the articles, would 189 entitle the holders of shares of any particular class of a 190 domestic converting corporation to vote as a class on the adoption 191 of an amendment as provided in division (B) of section 1701.71 of 192 the Revised Code, the declaration of conversion also must be 193 adopted by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 194 two-thirds of the shares of such class, or a different proportion 195

as the articles provide, but not less than a majority. However, if 196 the declaration of conversion would have an effect that, if 197 accomplished through an amendment to the articles, would entitle 198 the holders of shares of any particular class of a domestic 199 converting corporation to vote as a class on the adoption of an 200 amendment pursuant to division (B)(2) or (4) of section 1701.71 of 201 the Revised Code solely because those shares are to be converted 202 into or substituted for the same number of shares of a class of a 203 different corporation having express terms identical in all 204 material respects to those of the class of shares so converted or 205 substituted, the declaration of conversion does not need to be 206 adopted by the affirmative vote of the holders of shares of that 207 particular class voting as a class. 208

If the declaration of conversion would authorize any

particular corporate action that under any applicable provision of

law or the articles could be authorized only by or pursuant to a

specified vote of shareholders, the declaration of conversion also

must be adopted by the same affirmative vote as required for such

action.

- (G)(1) At any time before the filing of the certificate of 215 conversion pursuant to section 1701.811 of the Revised Code, the 216 conversion may be abandoned by the directors of the converting 217 corporation, if the directors are authorized to do so by the 218 declaration of conversion, or by the same vote of the shareholders 219 as was required to adopt the declaration of conversion. 220
- (2) The declaration of conversion may contain a provision 221 authorizing the directors of the converting corporation to amend 222 the declaration of conversion at any time before the filing of the 223 certificate of conversion pursuant to section 1701.811 of the 224 Revised Code, except that, after the adoption of the declaration 225 of conversion by the stockholders of the converting corporation, 226 the directors may not amend the declaration of conversion to do 227

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any of the following:	228
(a) Alter or change the amount or kind of interests, shares,	229
evidences of indebtedness, other securities, cash, rights, or any	230
other property to be received by the shareholders of the	231
converting corporation in conversion of, or substitution for,	232
their shares;	233
(b) Alter or change any term of the organizational documents	234
of the converted entity except for alterations or changes that are	235
adopted with the vote or action of the persons, the vote or action	236
of which would be required for the alteration or change after the	237
conversion;	238
(c) Alter or change any other terms and conditions of the	239
declaration of conversion if any of the alterations or changes,	240
alone or in the aggregate, materially and adversely would affect	241
the holders of any class or series of shares of the converting	242
corporation.	243
Sec. 1705.21. (A) If Except as otherwise provided in the	244
operating agreement or articles of organization, if a member who	245
is an individual dies or is adjudged an incompetent, his the	246
member's executor, administrator, guardian, or other legal	247
representative may exercise all of his the member's rights as a	248
member for the purpose of settling his the member's estate or	249
administering his the member's property, including any authority	250
that <u>he</u> the member had to give an assignee the right to become a	251
member.	252
(B) If a member is a corporation, trust, general or limited	253
partnership, or other entity and is dissolved or terminated, the	254
powers of the member may be exercised by its legal representative	255
or successor.	256

Sec. 1775.14. (A) Subject to section 5815.35 of the Revised 257

Code and except as provided in division (B) of this section, all 258 partners are liable as follows: 259

- (1) Jointly and severally for everything chargeable to the 260 partnership under sections 1775.12 and 1775.13 of the Revised 261 Code. This joint and several liability is not subject to section 262 2307.22 or 2315.36 of the Revised Code with respect to a tort 263 claim that otherwise is subject to either of those sections. 264
- (2) Jointly for all other debts and obligations of the 265 partnership, but any partner may enter into a separate obligation 266 to perform a partnership contract.
- (B) Subject to divisions (C)(1) and (2) of this section $\frac{1}{2}$ 268 otherwise provided in a written agreement between the partners of 269 a, an obligation incurred while the partnership is a registered 270 limited liability partnership, a whether arising in contract, 271 tort, or otherwise, is solely the obligation of the partnership. A 272 partner in a registered limited liability partnership, solely by 273 reason of being a partner; acting or failing to act as a partner; 274 or participating as an employee, consultant, contractor, or 275 otherwise in the conduct of the business or activities of the 276 registered limited liability partnership while the partnership is 277 a registered limited liability partnership, is not personally 278 liable, directly or indirectly, by way of indemnification, 279 contribution, assessment, or otherwise, for debts, obligations, or 280 other liabilities of any kind of, or chargeable to, the 281 partnership or another partner or partners arising from negligence 282 or from wrongful acts, errors, omissions, or misconduct, whether 283 or not intentional or characterized as tort, contract, or 284 otherwise, committed or occurring while the partnership is a 285 registered limited liability partnership or committed or occurring 286 287 in the course of the partnership business by another partner or an employee, agent, or representative of the partnership such an 288 obligation solely by reason of being or acting as a partner. This 289

division applies notwithstanding anything inconsistent in the	290
partnership agreement that existed immediately before the filing	291
of a registration application to become a domestic limited	292
liability partnership under division (A) of section 1775.61 of the	293
Revised Code.	294
(C)(1) Division (B) of this section does not affect the	295
liability of a partner in a registered limited liability	296
partnership for that partner's own negligence, wrongful acts,	297
errors, omissions, or misconduct, including that partner's own	298
negligence, wrongful acts, errors, omissions, or misconduct in	299
directly supervising any other partner or any employee, agent, or	300
representative of the partnership.	301
(2) Division (B) of this section shall not affect the	302
liability of a partner for liabilities imposed by Chapters 5735.,	303
5739., 5743., and 5747. and section 3734.908 of the Revised Code.	304
(D) A partner in a registered limited liability partnership	305
is not a proper party to an action or proceeding by or against a	306
registered limited liability partnership with respect to any debt,	307
obligation, or other liability of any kind described in division	308
(B) of this section, unless the partner is liable under divisions	309
(C)(1) and (2) of this section.	310
(E) A registered limited liability partnership is liable out	311
of partnership assets for partnership debts, obligations, and	312
liabilities.	313
(F)(1) The personal liability of a partner solely by reason	314
of being such a partner, or acting or omitting to act in such	315
capacity, of a registered limited liability partnership organized	316
and registered under the laws of this state shall be determined	317
only under the laws of this state.	318
(2) The only actions required of a registered limited	319
liability partnership or of individual partners in such a	320

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partnership in order to avail themselves of the limited liability	321
provisions of this section are those required by this chapter.	
Section 2. That existing sections 1701.55, 1701.782,	323
1701.792, 1705.21, and 1775.14 of the Revised Code are hereby	324
repealed.	325
Section 3. Any meeting conducted or vote held by a nonprofit	326
corporation on or after August 19, 2005, pursuant to section	327
1702.01, 1702.08, 1702.11, 1702.17, 1702.19, 1702.20, 1702.22,	328
1702.27, 1702.38, 1702.39, 1702.42, or 1702.58 of the Revised	329
Code, as amended by H.B. 42 of the 126th General Assembly, is	330
valid if the meeting or vote would have been valid under those	331
sections as amended by Am. Sub. H.B. 699 of the 126th General	332
Assembly if those sections as amended by Am. Sub. H.B. 699 of the	333
126th General Assembly had been in effect at the time of the	334
meeting or vote.	335
Section 4. Sections 1701.55, 1701.782, and 1701.792 of the	336
Revised Code take effect January 1, 2008.	337
Section 5. Section 1775.14 of the Revised Code is presented	338
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am.	339
Sub. H.B. 301 and Sub. H.B. 416 of the 126th General Assembly. The	340
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of	341
section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	342
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds	
that the composite is the resulting version of the section in	344
effect prior to the effective date of the section as presented in	345
this act.	346