## As Passed by the Senate

# 127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

Sub. H. B. No. 160

#### **Representative Bubp**

Cosponsors: Representatives Latta, Seitz, Book, Adams, Batchelder, Blessing, Brown, Budish, Chandler, Coley, Combs, Daniels, DeBose, Domenick, Fende, Gibbs, Harwood, Hite, Huffman, Hughes, Letson, Luckie, Otterman, Raussen, Schindel, Schneider, Stebelton, Wagoner, Zehringer Senators Goodman, Seitz, Kearney, Harris, Schaffer, Spada

#### A BILL

To amend sections 319.20, 1705.02, 5713.08, 5715.27,
and 5815.36 and to enact section 5701.14 of the
Revised Code to clarify and modify the law
relating to disclaimers under the Ohio Trust Code,
to provide that a limited liability company may be
a nonprofit entity, and to make changes regarding
certain tax exemptions.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 319.20, 1705.02, 5713.08, 5715.27,	8
and 5815.36 be amended and section 5701.14 of the Revised Code be	9
enacted to read as follows:	10
Sec. 319.20. After complying with sections 319.202, 315.251,	11
and 319.203 of the Revised Code, and on application and	12
presentation of title, with the affidavits required by law, or the	13
proper order of a court, bearing the last known address of the	14
grantee, or of any one of the grantees named in the title, and a	15

reference to the volume and page of the recording of the next 16 preceding recorded instrument by or through which the grantor 17 claims title, the county auditor shall transfer any land or town 18 lot or part thereof, minerals therein, or mineral rights thereto, 19 charged with taxes on the tax list, from the name in which it 20 stands into the name of the owner, when rendered necessary by a 21 conveyance, partition, devise, descent, or otherwise. If by reason 22 of the conveyance or otherwise, a part only of a tract or lot, 23 minerals therein, or mineral rights thereto, as charged in the tax 24 list, is to be transferred, the auditor shall determine the tax 25 value of the part of a tract or lot of real estate, minerals 26 therein, or mineral rights thereto, so transferred, and the value 27 of the remaining part compared with the value of the whole. 28

Whenever a part only of a tract or lot of real estate has

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been transferred by the auditor and the tract or lot bears unpaid

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taxes, penalties, interest, or special assessments, the unpaid

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taxes, penalties, interest, or special assessments shall

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immediately be apportioned, upon demand or request by the

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transferee or remaining owner, in the following manner:

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- (A) The auditor shall allocate to the part so transferred, 35 and to the remaining part, amounts of any current or delinquent 36 taxes, interest, or penalties that have accrued against the parcel 37 as a whole, proportionate to their respective values. 38
- (B) The lien of taxes, penalties, interest, and special
  assessments, as levied against the original tract, shall extend to
  the part so transferred and the part remaining only to the extent
  of the amounts so allocated to the respective parts.

This section does not change the total amount of taxes,

special assessments, or other charges as originally levied, or the

total amount of the balance due. The auditor shall certify such

apportionments to the county treasurer.

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Whenever the state acquires an entire parcel or a part only 47 of a parcel of real property in fee simple, the county auditor, 48 upon application of the grantor or property owner or the state, 49 which application shall contain a description of the property as 50 it appears on the tax list and the date of transfer of ownership, 51 shall prepare an estimate of the taxes that are a lien on the 52 property, but have not been determined, assessed, and levied for 53 the year in which the property was acquired. The county auditor 54 shall thereupon apportion the estimated taxes proportionately 55 between the grantor and the state for the period of the lien year 56 that each had or shall have had ownership or possession of the 57 property, whichever is earlier. The county treasurer shall accept 58 payment from the state for estimated taxes at the time that the 59 real property is acquired. If the state has paid in full in the 60 year in which the property is acquired that proportion of the 61 estimated taxes that the tax commissioner determines are not 62 subject to remission by the county auditor for such year under 63 division  $\frac{(C)(D)}{(D)}$  of section 5713.08 of the Revised Code, the 64 estimated taxes paid shall be considered the tax liability on the 65 exempted property for that year. 66

Section 319.42 of the Revised Code applies to the apportionment of special assessments.

Complaint against such values as determined by the auditor or the allocation of assessments by the certifying authority may be 70 filed by the transferee or the remaining owner, and if filed, 71 proceedings including appeals shall be had in the manner and 72 within the time provided by sections 5717.01 to 5717.06 and 73 5715.19 to 5715.22 of the Revised Code, for complaints against 74 valuation or assessment of real property. 75

The auditor shall endorse on the deed or other evidences of 76 title presented to the auditor that the proper transfer of the 77 real estate described in the deed has been made in the auditor's 78

office or that it is not entered for taxation, and sign the	79
auditor's name to the deed. The address of the grantee, or any one	80
of the grantees, set forth in the deed or other evidences of title	81
shall be entered by the auditor on the transfer sheets and on the	82
general tax list of real property prepared pursuant to section	83
319.28 of the Revised Code.	84

Sec. 1705.02. A limited liability company may be formed for 85 any purpose or purposes for which individuals lawfully may 86 associate themselves, <u>including for any profit or nonprofit</u> 87 purpose, except that, if the Revised Code contains special 88 provisions for the formation of any designated type of corporation 89 other than a professional association, a limited liability company 90 shall not be formed for the purpose or purposes for which that 91 type of corporation may be formed. At the request or direction of 92 the government of the United States or any agency of that 93 government, a limited liability company may transact any lawful 94 business in aid of the national defense or in the prosecution of 95 any war in which the United States is engaged. 96

## Sec. 5701.14. For purposes of Title LVII of the Revised Code: 97

(A) In order to determine a limited liability company's 99 nonprofit status, an entity is operating with a nonprofit purpose 100 under section 1705.02 of the Revised Code if that entity is 101 organized other than for the pecuniary gain or profit of, and its 102 net earnings or any part of its net earnings are not distributable 103 to, its members, its directors, its officers, or other private 104 persons, except that the payment of reasonable compensation for 105 services rendered, payments and distributions in furtherance of 106 its nonprofit purpose, and the distribution of assets on 107 dissolution permitted by section 1702.49 of the Revised Code are 108 not pecuniary gain or profit or distribution of net earnings. In 109

no event shall payments and distributions in furtherance of an	110
entity's nonprofit purpose deprive the entity of its nonprofit	111
status as long as all of the members of that entity are operating	112
with a nonprofit purpose.	113

(B) A single member limited liability company that operates 114 with a nonprofit purpose, as described in division (A) of this 115 section, shall be treated as part of the same legal entity as its 116 nonprofit member, and all assets and liabilities of that single 117 member limited liability company shall be considered to be that of 118 the nonprofit member. Filings or applications for exemptions or 119 other tax purposes may be made either by the single member limited 120 liability company or its nonprofit member. 121

Sec. 5713.08. (A) The county auditor shall make a list of all 122 real and personal property in the auditor's county, including 123 money, credits, and investments in bonds, stocks, or otherwise, 124 which that is exempted from taxation. Such list shall show the 125 name of the owner, the value of the property exempted, and a 126 statement in brief form of the ground on which such exemption has 127 been granted. It shall be corrected annually by adding thereto the 128 items of property which have been exempted during the year, and by 129 striking therefrom the items which in the opinion of the auditor 130 have lost their right of exemption and which have been reentered 131 on the taxable list, but no property shall be struck from the 132 exempt property list solely because the property has been conveyed 133 to a single member limited liability company with a nonprofit 134 purpose from its nonprofit member or because the property has been 135 conveyed by a single member limited liability company with a 136 nonprofit purpose to its nonprofit member. No additions shall be 137 made to such exempt lists and no additional items of property 138 shall be exempted from taxation without the consent of the tax 139 commissioner as is provided for in section 5715.27 of the Revised 140 Code or without the consent of the housing officer under section 141

3735.67 of the Revised Code. <del>When any personal property or</del>	142
endowment fund of an institution has once been held by the	143
commissioner to be properly exempt from taxation, it is not	144
necessary to obtain the commissioner's consent to the exemption of	145
additional property or investments of the same kind belonging to	146
the same institution, but such property shall appear on the	147
abstract filed annually with the commissioner. The commissioner	148
may revise at any time the list in every county so that no	149
property is improperly or illegally exempted from taxation. The	150
auditor shall follow the orders of the commissioner given under	151
this section. An abstract of such list shall be filed annually	152
with the commissioner, on a form approved by the commissioner, and	153
a copy thereof shall be kept on file in the office of each auditor	154
for public inspection.	155

The commissioner shall not consider an An application for 156 exemption of property unless the application has attached thereto 157 shall include a certificate executed by the county treasurer 158 certifying one of the following: 159

- (1) That all taxes, assessments, interest, and penalties

  levied and assessed against the property sought to be exempted

  have been paid in full to for all of the tax years preceding the

  date upon tax year for which the application for exemption is

  filed, except for such taxes, interest, and penalties that may be

  remitted under division (B)(C) of this section;

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- (2) That the applicant has entered into a valid delinquent 166 tax contract with the county treasurer pursuant to division (A) of 167 section 323.31 of the Revised Code to pay all of the delinquent 168 taxes, assessments, interest, and penalties charged against the 169 property, except for such taxes, interest, and penalties that may 170 be remitted under division  $\frac{(B)(C)}{(C)}$  of this section. If the auditor 171 receives notice under section 323.31 of the Revised Code that such 172 a written delinquent tax contract has become void, the auditor 173

shall strike such property from the list of exempted property and 174 reenter such property on the taxable list. If property is removed 175 from the exempt list because a written delinquent tax contract has 176 become void, current taxes shall first be extended against that 177 property on the general tax list and duplicate of real and public 178 utility property for the tax year in which the auditor receives 179 the notice required by division (A) of section 323.31 of the 180 Revised Code that the delinquent tax contract has become void or, 181 if that notice is not timely made, for the tax year in which falls 182 the latest date by which the treasurer is required by such section 183 to give such notice. A county auditor shall not remove from any 184 tax list and duplicate the amount of any unpaid delinquent taxes, 185 assessments, interest, or penalties owed on property that is 186 placed on the exempt list pursuant to this division. 187

- (3) That a tax certificate has been issued under section 188
  5721.32 or 5721.33 of the Revised Code with respect to the 189
  property that is the subject of the application, and the tax 190
  certificate is outstanding. 191
- (B) If the treasurer's certificate is not included with the 192 application or the certificate reflects unpaid taxes, penalties, 193 and interest that may not be remitted, the tax commissioner shall 194 notify the property owner of that fact, and the applicant shall be 195 given sixty days from the date that notification was mailed in 196 which to provide the tax commissioner with a corrected treasurer's 197 certificate. If a corrected treasurer's certificate is not 198 received within the time permitted, the tax commissioner does not 199 have authority to consider the tax exemption application. 200
- (C) Any taxes, interest, and penalties which have become a 202 lien after the property was first used for the exempt purpose, but 203 in no case prior to the date of acquisition of the title to the 204 property by the applicant, may be remitted by the commissioner, 205

except as is provided in division (A) of section 5713.081 of the 206 Revised Code.

(C)(D) Real property acquired by the state in fee simple is 208 exempt from taxation from the date of acquisition of title or date 209 of possession, whichever is the earlier date, provided that all 210 taxes, interest, and penalties as provided in the apportionment 211 provisions of section 319.20 of the Revised Code have been paid to 212 the date of acquisition of title or date of possession by the 213 state, whichever is earlier. The proportionate amount of taxes 214 that are a lien but not yet determined, assessed, and levied for 215 the year in which the property is acquired, shall be remitted by 216 the county auditor for the balance of the year from date of 217 acquisition of title or date of possession, whichever is earlier. 218 This section shall not be construed to authorize the exemption of 219 such property from taxation or the remission of taxes, interest, 220 and penalties thereon until all private use has terminated. 221

Sec. 5715.27. (A) Except as provided in section 3735.67 of 222 the Revised Code, the owner, a vendee in possession under a 223 purchase agreement or a land contract, the beneficiary of a trust, 224 or a lessee for an initial term of not less than thirty years of 225 any property may file an application with the tax commissioner, on 226 forms prescribed by the commissioner, requesting that such 227 property be exempted from taxation and that taxes, interest, and 228 penalties be remitted as provided in division  $\frac{B}{C}$  of section 229 5713.08 of the Revised Code. 230

(B) The board of education of any school district may request
the tax commissioner to provide it with notification of
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applications for exemption from taxation for property located
within that district. If so requested, the commissioner shall send
to the board for the quarters ending on the last day of March,
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June, September, and December of each year, on a monthly basis
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reports that contain sufficient information to enable the board to 237 identify each property that is the subject of an exemption 238 application, including, but not limited to, the name of the 239 property owner or applicant, the address of the property, and the 240 auditor's parcel number. The commissioner shall mail the reports 241 on or about by the fifteenth day of the month following the end of 242 the quarter month in which the commissioner receives the 243 applications for exemption. 244

- (C) A board of education that has requested notification 245 under division (B) of this section may, with respect to any 246 application for exemption of property located in the district and 247 included in the commissioner's most recent report provided under 248 that division, file a statement with the commissioner and with the 249 applicant indicating its intent to submit evidence and participate 250 in any hearing on the application. The statements shall be filed 251 prior to the first day of the third month following the end of the 252 quarter month in which that application was docketed by the 253 commissioner. A statement filed in compliance with this division 254 entitles the district to submit evidence and to participate in any 255 hearing on the property and makes the district a party for 256 purposes of sections 5717.02 to 5717.04 of the Revised Code in any 257 appeal of the commissioner's decision to the board of tax appeals. 258
- (D) The commissioner shall not hold a hearing on or grant or 259 deny an application for exemption of property in a school district 260 whose board of education has requested notification under division 261 (B) of this section until the end of the period within which the 262 board may submit a statement with respect to that application 263 under division (C) of this section. The commissioner may act upon 264 an application at any time prior to that date upon receipt of a 265 written waiver from each such board of education, or, in the case 266 of exemptions authorized by section 725.02, 1728.10, 5709.40, 267 5709.41, <u>5709.411</u>, 5709.62, <del>or</del> 5709.63<u>, 5709.632, 5709.73</u>, 268

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<u>5709.78, 5709.84, or 5709.88</u> of the Revised Code, upon the request	269
of the property owner. Failure of a board of education to receive	270
the report required in division (B) of this section shall not void	271
an action of the commissioner with respect to any application. The	272
commissioner may extend the time for filing a statement under	273
division (C) of this section.	274

- (E) A complaint may also be filed with the commissioner by any person, board, or officer authorized by section 5715.19 of the Revised Code to file complaints with the county board of revision against the continued exemption of any property granted exemption by the commissioner under this section.
- (F) An application for exemption and a complaint against 280 exemption shall be filed prior to the thirty-first day of December 281 of the tax year for which exemption is requested or for which the 282 liability of the property to taxation in that year is requested. 283 The commissioner shall consider such application or complaint in 284 accordance with procedures established by the commissioner, 285 determine whether the property is subject to taxation or exempt 286 therefrom, and certify the commissioner's findings to the auditor, 287 who shall correct the tax list and duplicate accordingly. If a tax 288 certificate has been sold under section 5721.32 or 5721.33 of the 289 Revised Code with respect to property for which an exemption has 290 been requested, the tax commissioner shall also certify the 291 findings to the county treasurer of the county in which the 292 property is located. 293
- (G) Applications and complaints, and documents of any kind 294 related to applications and complaints, filed with the tax 295 commissioner under this section, are public records within the 296 meaning of section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 297
- (H) If the commissioner determines that the use of property
   or other facts relevant to the taxability of property that is the
   subject of an application for exemption or a complaint under this
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section has changed while the application or complaint was	301
pending, the commissioner may make the determination under	302
division (F) of this section separately for each tax year	303
beginning with the year in which the application or complaint was	304
filed or the year for which remission of taxes under division	305
$\frac{(B)(C)}{(B)}$ of section 5713.08 of the Revised Code was requested, and	306
including each subsequent tax year during which the application or	307
complaint is pending before the commissioner.	308
Sec. 5815.36. (A) As used in this section:	309
(1) "Disclaimant" means any person, any guardian or personal	310
representative of a person or estate of a person, or any	311
attorney-in-fact or agent of a person having a general or specific	312
authority to act granted in a written instrument, who is any of	313
the following:	314
(a) With respect to testamentary instruments and intestate	315
succession, an heir, next of kin, devisee, legatee, donee, person	316
succeeding to a disclaimed interest, surviving joint tenant,	317
surviving tenant by the entireties, surviving tenant of a tenancy	318
with a right of survivorship, beneficiary under a testamentary	319
instrument, or person designated to take pursuant to a power of	320
appointment exercised by a testamentary instrument;	321
(b) With respect to nontestamentary instruments, a grantee,	322
donee, person succeeding to a disclaimed interest, surviving joint	323
tenant, surviving tenant by the entireties, surviving tenant of a	324
tenancy with a right of survivorship, beneficiary under a	325
nontestamentary instrument, or person designated to take pursuant	326
to a power of appointment exercised by a nontestamentary	327
instrument;	328
(c) With respect to fiduciary rights, privileges, powers, and	329

immunities, a fiduciary under a testamentary or nontestamentary

instrument. This Division (A)(1)(c) of this section does not

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(b) A description of the property, part of property, or	362
interest disclaimed, and of any fiduciary right, power, privilege,	363
or immunity disclaimed;	364
(c) A declaration of the disclaimer and its extent.	365
(4) The guardian of the estate of a minor or an incompetent,	366
or the personal representative of a deceased person, whether or	367
not authorized by the instrument to disclaim, with the consent of	368
the probate division of the court of common pleas, may disclaim,	369
in whole or in part, the succession to any property, or interest	370
in property, that the ward, if an adult and competent, or the	371
deceased, if living, might have disclaimed. The guardian or	372
personal representative, or any interested person may file an	373
application with the probate division of the court of common pleas	374
that has jurisdiction of the estate, asking that the court order	375
the guardian or personal representative to execute and deliver,	376
file, or record the disclaimer on behalf of the ward <del>or</del> , estate,	377
or deceased person. The court shall order the guardian or personal	378
representative to execute and deliver, file, or record the	379
disclaimer if the court finds, upon hearing after notice to	380
interested parties and such other persons as the court shall	381
direct, that:	382
(a) It is in the best interests of those interested in the	383
estate of the person and of those who will take the disclaimed	384
interest;	385
(b) It would not materially, adversely affect the minor or	386
incompetent, or the beneficiaries of the estate of the decedent,	387
taking into consideration other available resources and the age,	388
probable life expectancy, physical and mental condition, and	389
present and reasonably anticipated future needs of the minor or	390
incompetent or the beneficiaries of the estate of the decedent.	391

 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{A}}$  written instrument of disclaimer ordered by the court under

(1) The disclaimant has power to revoke the disclaimer.

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- (2) The disclaimant may transfer, or direct to be 423 transferred, to self the entire legal and equitable ownership of 424 the property subject to the disclaimer instrument. 425
- (F)(1) Subject to division (F)(2) of this section, if the 426 interest disclaimed is created by a nontestamentary instrument, 427 the disclaimer instrument shall be delivered personally or by 428 certified mail to the trustee or other person who has legal title 429 to, or possession of, the property disclaimed. 430
- (2) If the interest disclaimed is created by a testamentary 431 instrument, by intestate succession, by a transfer on death deed 432 pursuant to section 5302.22 of the Revised Code, or by a 433 certificate of title to a motor vehicle, watercraft, or outboard 434 motor that evidences ownership of the motor vehicle, watercraft, 435 or outboard motor that is transferable on death pursuant to 436 section 2131.13 of the Revised Code, the disclaimer instrument 437 shall be filed in the probate division of the court of common 438 pleas in the county in which proceedings for the administration of 439 the decedent's estate have been commenced, and an executed copy of 440 the disclaimer instrument shall be delivered personally or by 441 certified mail to the personal representative of the decedent's 442 estate. 443
- (3) If no proceedings for the administration of the 444 decedent's estate have been commenced, the disclaimer instrument 445 shall be filed in the probate division of the court of common 446 pleas in the county in which proceedings for the administration of 447 the decedent's estate might be commenced according to law. The 448 disclaimer instrument shall be filed and indexed, and fees 449 charged, in the same manner as provided by law for an application 450 to be appointed as personal representative to administer the 451 decedent's estate. The disclaimer is effective whether or not 452 proceedings thereafter are commenced to administer the decedent's 453 estate. If proceedings thereafter are commenced for the 454

administration of the decedent's estate, they shall be filed	455
under, or consolidated with, the case number assigned to the	456
disclaimer instrument.	457

- (4) If an interest in real estate is disclaimed, an executed 458 copy of the disclaimer instrument also shall be recorded in the 459 office of the recorder of the county in which the real estate is 460 located. The disclaimer instrument shall include a description of 461 the real estate with sufficient certainty to identify it, and 462 shall contain a reference to the record of the instrument that 463 created the interest disclaimed. If title to the real estate is 464 registered under Chapters 5309. and 5310. of the Revised Code, the 465 disclaimer interest shall be entered as a memorial on the last 466 certificate of title. A spouse of a disclaimant has no dower or 467 other interest in the real estate disclaimed. 468
- (G) Unless the If a donative instrument expressly provides 469 that, if there is for the distribution of property, part of 470 property, or interest in property if there is a disclaimer, there 471 shall not be any acceleration of remainders or other interests, 472 the property, part of property, or interest disclaimed shall be 473 distributed or disposed of, and accelerated or not accelerated, in 474 accordance with the donative instrument. In the absence of express 475 provisions to the contrary in the donative instrument, the 476 property, part of property, or interest in property disclaimed, 477 and any future interest that is to take effect in possession or 478 enjoyment at or after the termination of the interest disclaimed, 479 shall descend, be distributed, or otherwise be disposed of, and 480 shall be accelerated, in the following manner: 481
- (1) If intestate or testate succession is disclaimed, as if 482 the disclaimant had predeceased the decedent; 483
- (2) If the disclaimant is one designated to take pursuant to 484 a power of appointment exercised by a testamentary instrument, as 485 if the disclaimant had predeceased the donee of the power; 486

(3) If the donative instrument is a nontestamentary	487
instrument, as if the disclaimant had died before the effective	488
date of the nontestamentary instrument;	489
(4) If the disclaimer is of a fiduciary right, power,	490
privilege, or immunity, as if the right, power, privilege, or	491
immunity was never in the donative instrument.	492
(H) A disclaimer pursuant to this section is effective as of,	493
and relates back for all purposes to, the date upon which the	494
taker and the taker's interest have been finally ascertained.	495
(I) A disclaimant who has a present and future interest in	496
property, and disclaims the disclaimant's present interest in	497
whole or in part, is considered to have disclaimed the	498
disclaimant's future interest to the same extent, unless a	499
contrary intention appears in the disclaimer instrument or the	500
donative instrument. A disclaimant is not precluded from	501
receiving, as an alternative taker, a beneficial interest in the	502
property disclaimed, unless a contrary intention appears in the	503
disclaimer instrument or in the donative instrument.	504
(J) The disclaimant's right to disclaim under this section is	505
barred if, before the expiration of the period within which the	506
disclaimant may disclaim the interest, the disclaimant does any of	507
the following:	508
(1) Assigns, conveys, encumbers, pledges, or transfers, or	509
contracts to assign, convey, encumber, pledge, or transfer, the	510
property or any interest in it;	511
(2) Waives in writing the disclaimant's right to disclaim and	512
executes and delivers, files, or records the waiver in the manner	513
provided in this section for a disclaimer instrument;	514
(3) Accepts the property or an interest in it;	515
(4) Permits or suffers a sale or other disposition of the	516

property pursuant to judicial action against the disclaimant.	517
(K) $\frac{1}{2}$ Neither a fiduciary's application for appointment or	518
assumption of duties as a fiduciary <del>does not waive</del> <u>nor a</u>	519
beneficiary's application for appointment as a personal	520
representative or fiduciary waives or <del>bar</del> bars the disclaimant's	521
right to disclaim a right, power, privilege, or immunity <u>as a</u>	522
personal representative or fiduciary or the beneficiary's right to	523
disclaim property.	524
(L) The right to disclaim under this section exists	525
irrespective of any limitation on the interest of the disclaimant	526
in the nature of a spendthrift provision or similar restriction.	527
(M) A disclaimer instrument or written waiver of the right to	528
disclaim that has been executed and delivered, filed, or recorded	529
as required by this section is final and binding upon all persons.	530
(N) The right to disclaim and the procedures for disclaimer	531
established by this section are in addition to, and do not exclude	532
or abridge, any other rights or procedures existing that exist or	533
formerly existed under any other section of the Revised Code or at	534
common law to assign, convey, release, refuse to accept, renounce,	535
waive, or disclaim property.	536
(0)(1) No person is liable for distributing or disposing of	537
property in a manner inconsistent with the terms of a valid	538
disclaimer if the distribution or disposition is otherwise proper	539
and the person has no actual knowledge of the disclaimer.	540
(2) No person is liable for distributing or disposing of	541
property in reliance upon the terms of a disclaimer that is	542
invalid because the right of disclaimer has been waived or barred	543
if the distribution or disposition is otherwise proper and the	544
person has no actual knowledge of the facts that constitute a	545
waiver or bar to the right to disclaim.	546

(P)(1) A disclaimant may disclaim pursuant to this section

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attains twenty-one years of age. By amending division (D) of	577
section 5815.36 of the Revised Code to eliminate a reference to	578
the nine-month period, the General Assembly intends to create the	579
possibility that some disclaimers governed by the law of this	580
state will be qualified under section 2518 of the Internal Revenue	581
Code and some will not be qualified under that section.	582
Section 6. Section 1705.02 of the Revised Code, as amended by	583
this act, and section 5701.14 of the Revised Code, as enacted by	584
this act, apply to limited liability companies that were in	585
existence prior to the effective date of this act and that assert	586
to be nonprofit limited liability companies.	587