## As Passed by the House

# 127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

Am. H. B. No. 24

#### **Representative Wagner**

Cosponsors: Representatives McGregor, J., Wagoner, Gibbs, Combs, Stebelton, Collier, Huffman, Blessing, Bubp, Latta, Schindel, Hagan, J., Wolpert, Adams, Aslanides, Bacon, Barrett, Batchelder, Boyd, Brown, Budish, Carmichael, Chandler, Coley, Core, Daniels, DeBose, Dolan, Domenick, Dyer, Evans, Fende, Fessler, Flowers, Goodwin, Goyal, Harwood, Healy, Hite, Hottinger, Hughes, Jones, Letson, Luckie, Lundy, Mandel, Miller, Oelslager, Otterman, Patton, Raussen, Reinhard, Sayre, Schneider, Seitz, Setzer, Szollosi, Uecker, Wachtmann, Webster, Williams, S., Yuko, Zehringer

### A BILL

| То | amend sections 718.01 and 718.02 of the Revised    | 1 |
|----|--|---|
|    | Code to authorize municipalities to allow          | 2 |
|    | self-employed taxpayers to take a municipal income | 3 |
|    | tax deduction for amounts paid for medical care    | 4 |
|    | insurance and to authorize municipalities to allow | 5 |
|    | individuals to deduct amounts paid into health     | 6 |
|    | savings accounts.                                  | 7 |

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

|      | Section 1. That sections 718.01 and 718.02 of the Revised     | 8  |
|------|---|----|
| Code | be amended to read as follows:                                | 9  |
|      | Sec. 718.01. (A) As used in this chapter:                     | 10 |
|      | (1) "Adjusted federal taxable income" means a C corporation's | 11 |

| federal taxable income before net operating losses and special     | 12 |
|--|----|
| deductions as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted | 13 |
| as follows:  | 14 |
| (a) Deduct intangible income to the extent included in             | 15 |
| federal taxable income. The deduction shall be allowed regardless  | 16 |
| of whether the intangible income relates to assets used in a trade | 17 |
| or business or assets held for the production of income.           | 18 |
| (b) Add an amount equal to five per cent of intangible income      | 19 |
| deducted under division (A)(1)(a) of this section, but excluding   | 20 |
| that portion of intangible income directly related to the sale,    | 21 |
| exchange, or other disposition of property described in section    | 22 |
| 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code;                                 | 23 |
| (c) Add any losses allowed as a deduction in the computation       | 24 |
| of federal taxable income if the losses directly relate to the     | 25 |
| sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset described in      | 26 |
| section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;                 | 27 |
| (d)(i) Except as provided in division (A)(1)(d)(ii) of this        | 28 |
| section, deduct income and gain included in federal taxable income | 29 |
| to the extent the income and gain directly relate to the sale,     | 30 |
| exchange, or other disposition of an asset described in section    | 31 |
| 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;                         | 32 |
| (ii) Division $(A)(1)(d)(i)$ of this section does not apply to     | 33 |
| the extent the income or gain is income or gain described in       | 34 |
| section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code.                 | 35 |
| (e) Add taxes on or measured by net income allowed as a            | 36 |
| deduction in the computation of federal taxable income;            | 37 |
| (f) In the case of a real estate investment trust and              | 38 |
| regulated investment company, add all amounts with respect to      | 39 |
| dividends to, distributions to, or amounts set aside for or        | 40 |
| credited to the benefit of investors and allowed as a deduction in | 41 |

the computation of federal taxable income;

72

(g) If the taxpayer is not a C corporation and is not an 43 individual, the taxpayer shall compute adjusted federal taxable 44 income as if the taxpayer were a C corporation, except: 45 (i) Guaranteed payments and other similar amounts paid or 46 accrued to a partner, former partner, member, or former member 47 shall not be allowed as a deductible expense; and 48 (ii) Amounts paid or accrued to a qualified self-employed 49 retirement plan with respect to an owner or owner-employee of the 50 taxpayer, amounts paid or accrued to or for health insurance for 51 an owner or owner-employee, and amounts paid or accrued to or for 52 life insurance for an owner or owner-employee shall not be allowed 53 as a deduction. 54 Nothing in division (A)(1) of this section shall be construed 55 as allowing the taxpayer to add or deduct any amount more than 56 once or shall be construed as allowing any taxpayer to deduct any 57 amount paid to or accrued for purposes of federal self-employment 58 59 tax. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as limiting or 60 removing the ability of any municipal corporation to administer, 61 audit, and enforce the provisions of its municipal income tax. 62 (2) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code 63 of 1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1, as amended. 64 (3) "Schedule C" means internal revenue service schedule C 65 filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code. 66 (4) "Form 2106" means internal revenue service form 2106 67 filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code. 68 (5) "Intangible income" means income of any of the following 69 types: income yield, interest, capital gains, dividends, or other 70

income arising from the ownership, sale, exchange, or other

disposition of intangible property including, but not limited to,

| investments, deposits, money, or credits as those terms are       | 73 |
|---|----|
| defined in Chapter 5701. of the Revised Code, and patents,        | 74 |
| copyrights, trademarks, tradenames, investments in real estate    | 75 |
| investment trusts, investments in regulated investment companies, | 76 |
| and appreciation on deferred compensation. "Intangible income"    | 77 |
| does not include prizes, awards, or other income associated with  | 78 |
| any lottery winnings or other similar games of chance.            | 79 |
|   |    |

- (6) "S corporation" means a corporation that has made an 80 election under subchapter S of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the 81 Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year. 82
- (7) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2004, 83 "net profit" for a taxpayer other than an individual means 84 adjusted federal taxable income and "net profit" for a taxpayer 85 who is an individual means the individual's profit, other than 86 amounts described in division (F) of this section, required to be 87 reported on schedule C, schedule E, or schedule F, other than any 88 amount allowed as a deduction under division (E)(2) or (3) of this 89 section or amounts described in division (H) of this section. 90
- (8) "Taxpayer" means a person subject to a tax on income 91 levied by a municipal corporation. Except as provided in division 92 (J)(L) of this section, "taxpayer" does not include any person 93 that is a disregarded entity or a qualifying subchapter S 94 subsidiary for federal income tax purposes, but "taxpayer" 95 includes any other person who owns the disregarded entity or 96 qualifying subchapter S subsidiary. 97
- (9) "Taxable year" means the corresponding tax reporting 98
  period as prescribed for the taxpayer under the Internal Revenue 99
  Code. 100
- (10) "Tax administrator" means the individual charged with 101 direct responsibility for administration of a tax on income levied 102 by a municipal corporation and includes: 103

| (a) The central collection agency and the regional income tax     | 104 |
|---|-----|
| agency and their successors in interest, and other entities       | 105 |
| organized to perform functions similar to those performed by the  | 106 |
| central collection agency and the regional income tax agency;     | 107 |
| (b) A municipal corporation acting as the agent of another        | 108 |
| municipal corporation; and  | 109 |
| (c) Persons retained by a municipal corporation to administer     | 110 |
| a tax levied by the municipal corporation, but only if the        | 111 |
| municipal corporation does not compensate the person in whole or  | 112 |
| in part on a contingency basis.                                   | 113 |
| (11) "Person" includes individuals, firms, companies,             | 114 |
| business trusts, estates, trusts, partnerships, limited liability | 115 |
| companies, associations, corporations, governmental entities, and | 116 |
| any other entity.   | 117 |
| (12) "Schedule E" means internal revenue service schedule E       | 118 |
| filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.        | 119 |
| (13) "Schedule F" means internal revenue service schedule F       | 120 |
| filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.        | 121 |
| (B) No municipal corporation shall tax income at other than a     | 122 |
| uniform rate.   | 123 |
| (C) No municipal corporation shall levy a tax on income at a      | 124 |
| rate in excess of one per cent without having obtained the        | 125 |
| approval of the excess by a majority of the electors of the       | 126 |
| municipality voting on the question at a general, primary, or     | 127 |
| special election. The legislative authority of the municipal      | 128 |
| corporation shall file with the board of elections at least       | 129 |
| seventy-five days before the day of the election a copy of the    | 130 |
| ordinance together with a resolution specifying the date the      | 131 |
| election is to be held and directing the board of elections to    | 132 |
| conduct the election. The ballot shall be in the following form:  | 133 |
| "Shall the Ordinance providing for a per cent levy on income      | 134 |

| (2) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation may               | 165 |
|--|-----|
| adopt an ordinance or resolution that allows a taxpayer who is an          | 166 |
| individual to deduct, in computing the taxpayer's municipal income         | 167 |
| tax liability, an amount equal to the aggregate amount the                 | 168 |
| taxpayer paid in cash during the taxable year to a health savings          | 169 |
| account of the taxpayer, to the extent the taxpayer is entitled to         | 170 |
| deduct that amount on internal revenue service form 1040.                  | 171 |
| (3) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation may               | 172 |
| adopt an ordinance or resolution that allows a taxpayer who has a          | 173 |
| net profit from a business or profession that is operated as a             | 174 |
| sole proprietorship to deduct from that net profit the amount that         | 175 |
| the taxpayer paid during the taxable year for medical care                 | 176 |
| insurance premiums for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and            | 177 |
| dependents as defined in section 5747.01 of the Revised Code. The          | 178 |
| deduction shall be allowed to the same extent the taxpayer is              | 179 |
| entitled to deduct the premiums on internal revenue service form           | 180 |
| 1040. The deduction allowed under this division shall be net of            | 181 |
| any related premium refunds, related premium reimbursements, or            | 182 |
| related insurance premium dividends received by the taxpayer               | 183 |
| during the taxable year.   | 184 |
| (F) If an individual's taxable income includes income against              | 185 |
| which the taxpayer has taken a deduction for federal income tax            | 186 |
| purposes as reportable on the taxpayer's form 2106, and against            | 187 |
| which a like deduction has not been allowed by the municipal               | 188 |
| corporation, the municipal corporation shall deduct from the               | 189 |
| taxpayer's taxable income an amount equal to the deduction shown           | 190 |
| on such form allowable against such income, to the extent not              | 191 |
| otherwise so allowed as a deduction by the municipal corporation.          | 192 |
|  | 193 |
| $\underline{(G)(1)}$ In the case of a taxpayer who has a net profit from a | 194 |
| business or profession that is operated as a sole proprietorship,          | 195 |

no municipal corporation may tax or use as the base for

municipal corporation shall not require the payer of such

compensation to withhold any tax from that compensation.

226

| (5) Compensation paid to an employee of a transit authority,                 | 228 |
|--|-----|
| regional transit authority, or regional transit commission created           | 229 |
| under Chapter 306. of the Revised Code for operating a transit bus           | 230 |
| or other motor vehicle for the authority or commission in or                 | 231 |
| through the municipal corporation, unless the bus or vehicle is              | 232 |
| operated on a regularly scheduled route, the operator is subject             | 233 |
| to such a tax by reason of residence or domicile in the municipal            | 234 |
| corporation, or the headquarters of the authority or commission is           | 235 |
| located within the municipal corporation;                                    | 236 |
| (6) The income of a public utility, when that public utility                 | 237 |
| is subject to the tax levied under section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of             | 238 |
| the Revised Code, except a municipal corporation may tax the                 | 239 |
| following, subject to Chapter 5745. of the Revised Code:                     | 240 |
| (a) Beginning January 1, 2002, the income of an electric                     | 241 |
| company or combined company;   | 242 |
| (b) Beginning January 1, 2004, the income of a telephone                     | 243 |
| company.   | 244 |
| As used in division $\frac{(F)(H)}{(G)}$ of this section, "combined          | 245 |
| company, " "electric company, " and "telephone company " have the            | 246 |
| same meanings as in section 5727.01 of the Revised Code.                     | 247 |
| (7) On and after January 1, 2003, items excluded from federal                | 248 |
| gross income pursuant to section 107 of the Internal Revenue Code;           | 249 |
| (8) On and after January 1, 2001, compensation paid to a                     | 250 |
| nonresident individual to the extent prohibited under section                | 251 |
| 718.011 of the Revised Code;   | 252 |
| (9)(a) Except as provided in division $\frac{(F)(H)}{(H)}$ (9)(b) and (c) of | 253 |
| this section, an S corporation shareholder's distributive share of           | 254 |
| net profits of the S corporation, other than any part of the                 | 255 |
| distributive share of net profits that represents wages as defined           | 256 |
| in section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or net earnings              | 257 |

from self-employment as defined in section 1402(a) of the Internal

| Revenue Code. | 259 |
|---------------|-----|
|               |     |

- (b) If, pursuant to division (H) of former section 718.01 of 260 the Revised Code as it existed before March 11,2004, a majority of 261 the electors of a municipal corporation voted in favor of the 262 question at an election held on November 4, 2003, the municipal 263 corporation may continue after 2002 to tax an S corporation 264 shareholder's distributive share of net profits of an S 265 corporation.
- (c) If, on December 6, 2002, a municipal corporation was 267 imposing, assessing, and collecting a tax on an S corporation 268 shareholder's distributive share of net profits of the S 269 corporation to the extent the distributive share would be 270 allocated or apportioned to this state under divisions (B)(1) and 271 (2) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code if the S corporation 272 were a corporation subject to taxes imposed under Chapter 5733. of 273 the Revised Code, the municipal corporation may continue to impose 274 the tax on such distributive shares to the extent such shares 275 would be so allocated or apportioned to this state only until 276 December 31, 2004, unless a majority of the electors of the 277 municipal corporation voting on the question of continuing to tax 278 such shares after that date vote in favor of that question at an 279 election held November 2, 2004. If a majority of those electors 280 vote in favor of the question, the municipal corporation may 281 continue after December 31, 2004, to impose the tax on such 282 distributive shares only to the extent such shares would be so 283 allocated or apportioned to this state. 284
- (d) For the purposes of division (D) of section 718.14 of the 285
  Revised Code, a municipal corporation shall be deemed to have 286
  elected to tax S corporation shareholders' distributive shares of 287
  net profits of the S corporation in the hands of the shareholders 288
  if a majority of the electors of a municipal corporation vote in 289
  favor of a question at an election held under division 290

corporations in which it either filed as a separate taxpayer or

did not file for its taxable year ending in 2003, if all of the

following conditions are met:

319

320

be considered as having a taxable situs in such municipal

350

| corporation for purposes of municipal income taxation in the same  | 352 |
|--|-----|
| proportion as the average ratio of the following:                  | 353 |
| (1) The average original cost of the real and tangible             | 354 |
| personal property owned or used by the taxpayer in the business or | 355 |
| profession in such municipal corporation during the taxable period | 356 |
| to the average original cost of all of the real and tangible       | 357 |
| personal property owned or used by the taxpayer in the business or | 358 |
| profession during the same period, wherever situated.              | 359 |
| As used in the preceding paragraph, real property shall            | 360 |
| include property rented or leased by the taxpayer and the value of | 361 |
| such property shall be determined by multiplying the annual rental | 362 |
| thereon by eight;  | 363 |
| (2) Wages, salaries, and other compensation paid during the        | 364 |
| taxable period to persons employed in the business or profession   | 365 |
| for services performed in such municipal corporation to wages,     | 366 |
| salaries, and other compensation paid during the same period to    | 367 |
| persons employed in the business or profession, wherever their     | 368 |
| services are performed, excluding compensation that is not taxable | 369 |
| by the municipal corporation under section 718.011 of the Revised  | 370 |
| Code;  | 371 |
| (3) Gross receipts of the business or profession from sales        | 372 |
| made and services performed during the taxable period in such      | 373 |
| municipal corporation to gross receipts of the business or         | 374 |
| profession during the same period from sales and services,         | 375 |
| wherever made or performed.  | 376 |
| If the foregoing apportionment formula does not produce an         | 377 |
| equitable result, another basis may be substituted, under uniform  | 378 |
| regulations, so as to produce an equitable result.                 | 379 |
| (B) As used in division (A) of this section, "sales made in a      | 380 |
| municipal corporation" mean:                                       | 381 |

(1) All sales of tangible personal property delivered within

| such municipal corporation regardless of where title passes if     | 383 |
|--|-----|
| shipped or delivered from a stock of goods within such municipal   | 384 |
| corporation;   | 385 |
| (2) All sales of tangible personal property delivered within       | 386 |
| such municipal corporation regardless of where title passes even   | 387 |
| though transported from a point outside such municipal corporation | 388 |
| if the taxpayer is regularly engaged through its own employees in  | 389 |
| the solicitation or promotion of sales within such municipal       | 390 |
| corporation and the sales result from such solicitation or         | 391 |
| promotion;   | 392 |
| (3) All sales of tangible personal property shipped from a         | 393 |
| place within such municipal corporation to purchasers outside such | 394 |
| municipal corporation regardless of where title passes if the      | 395 |
| taxpayer is not, through its own employees, regularly engaged in   | 396 |
| the solicitation or promotion of sales at the place where delivery | 397 |
| is made.   | 398 |
| (C) Except as otherwise provided in division (D) of this           | 399 |
| section, net profit from rental activity not constituting a        | 400 |
| business or profession shall be subject to tax only by the         | 401 |
| municipal corporation in which the property generating the net     | 402 |
| profit is located.   | 403 |
| (D) This section does not apply to individuals who are             | 404 |
| residents of the municipal corporation and, except as otherwise    | 405 |
| provided in section 718.01 of the Revised Code, a municipal        | 406 |
| corporation may impose a tax on all income earned by residents of  | 407 |
| the municipal corporation to the extent allowed by the United      | 408 |
| States Constitution.   | 409 |
| (E) If, in computing the taxpayer's adjusted federal taxable       | 410 |
| income, the taxpayer deducted any amount with respect to a stock   | 411 |
| option granted to an employee, and if the employee is not required | 412 |

to include in income any amount or any portion thereof because it