## As Introduced

127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

H. B. No. 281

**Representative Schlichter** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Gibbs, McGregor, J., Brown, Wagoner, Combs, Webster, Stebelton, Collier, Aslanides

## A BILL

То	amend sections 955.12, 955.14, 955.27, 955.29,	1
	955.32, 955.34, 955.35, 955.37, and 955.38; to	2
	amend, for the purpose of adopting a new section	3
	number as indicated in parentheses, section 955.34	4
	(955.351); and to repeal sections 955.31 and	5
	955.33 of the Revised Code to provide for the	6
	uniform determination of the fair market value of	7
	certain animals killed by a dog.	8

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 955.12, 955.14, 955.27, 955.29, 9 955.32, 955.34, 955.35, 955.37, and 955.38 be amended and section 10 955.34 (955.351) of the Revised Code be amended for the purpose of 11 adopting a new section number as indicated in parentheses to read 12 as follows: 13

Sec. 955.12. The board of county commissioners shall appoint 14 or employ a county dog warden and deputies in such number, for 15 such periods of time, and at such compensation as the board 16 considers necessary to enforce sections 955.01 to 955.27, 955.29 17 to 955.38, and 955.50 of the Revised Code. 18 The warden and deputies shall give bond in a sum not less 19 than five hundred dollars and not more than two thousand dollars, 20 as set by the board, conditioned for the faithful performance of 21 their duties. The bond or bonds may, in the discretion of the 22 board, be individual or blanket bonds. The bonds shall be filed 23 with the county auditor of their respective counties. The 24

The warden and deputies shall make a record of all dogs 25 owned, kept, and harbored in their respective counties. They shall 26 patrol their respective counties and seize and impound on sight 27 all dogs found running at large and all dogs more than three 28 months of age found not wearing a valid registration tag, except 29 any dog that wears a valid registration tag and is: on the 30 premises of its owner, keeper, or harborer, under the reasonable 31 control of its owner or some other person, hunting with its owner 32 or its handler at a field trial, kept constantly confined in a 33 registered dog kennel, or acquired by, and confined on the 34 premises of, an institution or organization of the type described 35 in section 955.16 of the Revised Code. A dog that wears a valid 36 registration tag may be seized on the premises of its owner, 37 keeper, or harborer and impounded only in the event of a natural 38 disaster. <del>If</del> 39

If a dog warden has reason to believe that a dog is being40treated inhumanely on the premises of its owner, keeper, or41harborer, the warden shall apply to the court of common pleas for42the county in which the premises are located for an order to enter43the premises, and if necessary, seize the dog. If the court finds44probable cause to believe that the dog is being treated45inhumanely, it shall issue such an order. The46

The warden and deputies shall also investigate all claims for47damages to animals, fowl, or poultry reported to them under48section 955.29 of the Revised Code and assist claimants to fill49out the claim form therefor. They shall make weekly reports, in50

writing, to the board in their respective counties of all dogs 51 seized, impounded, redeemed, and destroyed and of all claims for 52 damage to animals<del>, fowl, or poultry</del> inflicted by dogs. The 53

The wardens and deputies shall have the same police powers as 54 are conferred upon sheriffs and police officers in the performance 55 of their duties as prescribed by sections 955.01 to 955.27, 955.29 56 to 955.38, and 955.50 of the Revised Code. They shall also have 57 power to summon the assistance of bystanders in performing their 58 duties and may serve writs and other legal processes issued by any 59 court in their respective counties with reference to enforcing 60 such those sections. County auditors may deputize the wardens or 61 deputies to issue dog licenses as provided in sections 955.01 and 62 955.14 of the Revised Code. Whenever 63

Whenever any person files an affidavit in a court of 64 competent jurisdiction that there is a dog running at large that 65 is not kept constantly confined either in a registered dog kennel 66 or on the premises of an institution or organization of the type 67 described in section 955.16 of the Revised Code or that a dog is 68 kept or harbored in his the warden's jurisdiction without being 69 registered as required by law, the court shall immediately order 70 the warden to seize and impound the animal dog. Thereupon the 71 warden shall immediately seize and impound the dog complained of. 72 The warden shall give immediate notice by certified mail to the 73 owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog seized and impounded by him 74 the warden, if the owner, keeper, or harborer can be determined 75 from the current year's registration list maintained by the warden 76 and the county auditor of the county where the dog is registered, 77 that the dog has been impounded and that, unless the dog is 78 redeemed within fourteen days of the date of the notice, it may 79 thereafter be sold or destroyed according to law. If the owner, 80 keeper, or harborer cannot be determined from the current year's 81 registration list maintained by the warden and the county auditor 82 of the county where the dog is registered, the officer shall post 83 a notice in the pound or animal shelter both describing the dog 84 and place where seized and advising the unknown owner that, unless 85 the dog is redeemed within three days, it may thereafter be sold 86 or destroyed according to law. 87

As used in this section, "animal" has the same meaning as in 88 section 955.51 of the Revised Code. 89

sec. 955.14. (A) Notwithstanding section 955.01 of the 90 Revised Code, a board of county commissioners by resolution may 91 increase dog and kennel registration fees in the county. The 92 amount of the fees shall not exceed an amount that the board, in 93 its discretion, estimates is needed to pay all expenses for the 94 administration of this chapter and to pay claims allowed for 95 animals, fowl, or poultry injured or destroyed by dogs. Such a 96 resolution shall be adopted not earlier than the first day of 97 February and not later than the thirty-first day of August of any 98 year and shall apply to the registration period commencing on the 99 first day of December of the current year and ending on the 100 thirty-first day of January of the following year, unless the 101 period is extended under section 955.01 of the Revised Code. Any 102 increase in fees adopted under this division shall be in the ratio 103 of two dollars for a dog registration fee and ten dollars for a 104 kennel registration fee. 105

(B) Not later than the fifteenth day of October of each year, 106 the board of county commissioners shall determine if there is 107 sufficient money in the dog and kennel fund, after paying the 108 expenses of administration incurred or estimated to be incurred 109 for the remainder of the year, to pay the claims allowed for 110 animals, fowl, or poultry injured or destroyed by dogs. If the 111 board determines there is not sufficient money in the dog and 112 kennel fund to pay the claims allowed, the board shall provide by 113 resolution that all claims remaining unpaid shall be paid from the 114 general fund of the county. All money paid out of the general fund 115 for those purposes may be replaced by the board from the dog and 116 kennel fund at any time during the following year notwithstanding 117 section 5705.14 of the Revised Code. 118

(C) Notwithstanding section 955.20 of the Revised Code, if 119 dog and kennel registration fees in any county are increased above 120 two and ten dollars, respectively, under authority of division (A) 121 of this section, then on or before the first day of March 122 following each year in which the increased fees are in effect, the 123 county auditor shall draw on the dog and kennel fund a warrant 124 payable to the college of veterinary medicine of the Ohio state 125 university in an amount equal to ten cents for each dog and kennel 126 registration fee received during the preceding year. The money 127 received by the college of veterinary medicine of the Ohio state 128 university under this division shall be applied for research and 129 study of the diseases of dogs, particularly those transmittable to 130 humans, and for research of other diseases of dogs that by their 131 nature will provide results applicable to the prevention and 132 treatment of both human and canine illness. 133

(D) The Ohio state university college of veterinary medicine 134 shall be responsible to report annually to the general assembly 135 the progress of the research and study authorized and funded by 136 division (C) of this section. The report shall briefly describe 137 the research projects undertaken and assess the value of each. The 138 report shall account for funds received pursuant to division (C) 139 of this section and for the funds expended attributable to each 140 research project and for other necessary expenses in conjunction 141 with the research authorized by division (C) of this section. The 142 report shall be filed with the general assembly by the first day 143 of May of each year. 144

(E) The county auditor may authorize agents to receive 145

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applications for registration of dogs and kennels and to issue 146 certificates of registration and tags. If authorized agents are 147 employed in a county, each applicant for a dog or kennel 148 registration shall pay to the agent an administrative fee of 149 seventy-five cents in addition to the registration fee. The 150 administrative fee shall be the compensation of the agent. The 151 county auditor shall establish rules for reporting and accounting 152 by the agents. No administrative or similar fee shall be charged 153 in any county except as authorized by this division or division 154 (F) of this section. 155

(F) For any county that accepts the payment of dog and kennel
registration fees by financial transaction devices in accordance
with section 955.013 of the Revised Code, in addition to those
registration fees, the county auditor shall collect for each
registration paid by a financial transaction device one of the
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following:

(1) An administrative fee of seventy-five cents or another
 amount necessary to cover actual costs designated by the county
 auditor;

(2) If the board of county commissioners adopts a surcharge
or convenience fee for making payments by a financial transaction
device under division (E) of section 301.28 of the Revised Code,
that surcharge or convenience fee;

(3) If the county auditor contracts with a third party to 169 provide services to enable registration via the internet as 170 provided insection in section 955.013 of the Revised Code, a 171 surcharge of or convenience fee as agreed to between that third 172 party and the county for those internet registration services. Any 173 additional expenses incurred by the county auditor that result 174 from a contract with a third party as provided in this section and 175 section 955.013 of the Revised Code and that are not covered by a 176 surcharge or convenience fee shall be paid out of the allowance 177

provided to the county auditor under section 955.20 of the Revised	178
Code.	179
(G) The county auditor shall post conspicuously the amount of	180
the administrative fee, surcharge, or convenience fee that is	181
permissible under this section on the web page where the auditor	182
accepts payments for registrations made under division (B)(1) of	183
section 955.013 of the Revised Code <del>, if</del> . If any person chooses to	184
pay by financial transaction device, the administrative fee,	185
surcharge, or convenience fee shall be considered voluntary and is	186
not refundable.	187
(H) As used in this section, "animal" has the same meaning as	188
in section 955.51 of the Revised Code.	189
Sec. 955.27. After paying all necessary expenses of	190
Sec. 955.27. After paying all necessary expenses of administering the sections of the Revised Code relating to the	190 191
administering the sections of the Revised Code relating to the	191
administering the sections of the Revised Code relating to the registration, seizing, impounding, and destroying of dogs,	191 192
administering the sections of the Revised Code relating to the registration, seizing, impounding, and destroying of dogs, including the purchase, construction, and repair of vehicles and	191 192 193
administering the sections of the Revised Code relating to the registration, seizing, impounding, and destroying of dogs, including the purchase, construction, and repair of vehicles and facilities necessary for the proper administration of such	191 192 193 194
administering the sections of the Revised Code relating to the registration, seizing, impounding, and destroying of dogs, including the purchase, construction, and repair of vehicles and facilities necessary for the proper administration of such sections, making compensation for injuries to livestock inflicted	191 192 193 194 195
administering the sections of the Revised Code relating to the registration, seizing, impounding, and destroying of dogs, including the purchase, construction, and repair of vehicles and facilities necessary for the proper administration of such sections, making compensation for injuries to livestock inflicted by dogs, and after paying all horse, sheep, cattle, swine, mule	191 192 193 194 195 196
administering the sections of the Revised Code relating to the registration, seizing, impounding, and destroying of dogs, including the purchase, construction, and repair of vehicles and facilities necessary for the proper administration of such sections, making compensation for injuries to livestock inflicted by dogs, and after paying all horse, sheep, cattle, swine, mule and goat animal claims, the board of county commissioners, at the	191 192 193 194 195 196 197
administering the sections of the Revised Code relating to the registration, seizing, impounding, and destroying of dogs, including the purchase, construction, and repair of vehicles and facilities necessary for the proper administration of such sections, making compensation for injuries to livestock inflicted by dogs, and after paying all horse, sheep, cattle, swine, mule and goat animal claims, the board of county commissioners, at the December session, if there remains more than two thousand dollars	191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198

agents appointed pursuant to law, or any other society organized 202 under Chapter 1717. of the Revised Code, that owns or controls a 203 suitable dog kennel or a place for the keeping and destroying of 204 dogs which that has one or more agents appointed and employed 205 pursuant to law, may pay to the treasurer of such the society, 206 upon warrant of the county auditor, all such excess as the board 207 deems necessary for the uses and purposes of such the society. 208

As	used	in	this	section,	"animal"	has	the	same	meaning	as	in	209
section	955.5	51 c	of the	e Revised	Code.							210

Sec. 955.29. Any owner of horses, sheep, cattle, swine, 211 mules, goats, domestic rabbits, or domestic fowl or poultry an 212 animal that have an aggregate the owner believes has a fair market 213 value of ten dollars or more and that have has been injured or 214 killed by a dog not belonging to the owner or harbored on his the 215 owner's premises, in order to be eligible to receive compensation 216 from the dog and kennel fund, shall notify a member of the board 217 of county commissioners or dog warden within three days after the 218 loss or injury has been discovered. A commissioner who is notified 219 shall immediately notify the dog warden of the loss or injury. The 220 warden shall investigate or have the loss or injury investigated 221 promptly, and the person making the investigation shall provide 222 the owner with duplicate copies of the claim form authorized by 223 section 955.36 of the Revised Code and assist him the owner in 224 filling it out. The 225

The owner shall set forth the kind, grade, guality, and fair 226 market value of the animals, fowl, or poultry, animal, as 227 estimated by the owner, the nature and amount of the loss or 228 injury, the place where the loss or injury occurred, and all other 229 facts in the possession of the claimant that will enable the 230 warden to fix responsibility for the loss or injury. If the 231 animals, fowl, or poultry die as a result of their injuries, their 232 fair market value shall be the market value of uninjured animals, 233 fowl, or poultry on the date of the death of the injured animals, 234 fowl, or poultry. If the animals, fowl, or poultry do not die as a 235 result of their injuries, their fair market value shall be their 236 market value on the date on which they received their injuries. 237 Any fetus that is aborted by an animal because of stress inflicted 238 by a dog and that does not, on that account, survive shall be 239 considered to have been killed by the dog, regardless of the stage 240

of pregnancy at which the abortion occurs. In the case of any such 241 alleged cause of death, the warden may, as part of his 242 investigation, request the chief of the division of animal 243 industry to have a state veterinarian certify the cause of death. 244 The chief shall promptly comply, and the veterinarian shall send 245 the certification to the warden. The owner shall also sign a 246 statement that the information set forth is a true account of the 247 loss or injury and that, on the date the loss or injury occurred, 248 the claimant did not own or harbor an unregistered dog required to 249 be registered under section 955.01 of the Revised Code. No 250 claimant who owned or harbored an unregistered dog on that date 251 may recover from the dog and kennel fund. 252

If the warden finds all the statements that the owner made on 253 the form to be correct and agrees with the owner as to the fair 254 market value of the animals, fowl, or poultry, he animal, the 255 warden shall promptly so certify and send both copies of the form, 256 together with whatever other documents, testimony, or information 257 he the warden has received relating to the loss or injury, to the 258 board of county commissioners. 259

If the warden does not find all the statements to be correct 260 or does not agree with the owner as to the fair market value, the 261 owner may appeal to the board of township trustees county 262 commissioners for a determination as provided in section 955.30 to 263 <del>955.34</del> 955.35 of the Revised Code. In that case the owner shall 264 secure statements as to the nature and amount of the loss or 265 injury from at least two witnesses who viewed the results of the 266 killing or injury and who can testify thereto and submit both 267 copies of the form to the board of township trustees county 268 commissioners or a member thereof not later than twenty days after 269 the loss or injury was discovered. The warden shall submit to the 270 board of township trustees county commissioners whatever 271 documents, testimony, or other information he the warden has 272 received relating to the loss or injury. 273 As used in this section and sections 955.32 to 955.38 of the 274 Revised Code: 275 (A) "Animal" and "grade animal" have the same meanings as in 276 section 955.51 of the Revised Code. 277 (B) "Fair market value" means the average price that is paid 278 for a healthy grade animal at a livestock auction licensed under 279 Chapter 943. of the Revised Code and selected by the applicable 280 board of county commissioners. 281

sec. 955.32. If the animals, fowl, or poultry animal that has 282 been killed or injured as described in section 955.29 of the 283 Revised Code are is registered in any accepted association of 284 registry, the owner, or his the owner's employee or tenant, shall 285 submit with the claim form the registration papers showing the 286 <u>animal's</u> lines of breeding, age, and other matters. If the <del>animals</del> 287 are animal is the offspring of registered stock and is eligible 288 for registration, the registration papers showing the breeding of 289 the offspring shall be submitted. 290

sec. 955.35. The board of county commissioners, at the next 291 regular meeting after claims in accordance with sections section 292 955.29 to 955.34 of the Revised Code have been submitted, shall 293 examine the same and may hear additional testimony or receive 294 additional affidavits in regard thereto and may allow the amount 295 previously certified by the dog warden or allowed by the board of 296 township trustees, or a part thereof, or any amount in addition 297 thereto, as it may find to be just, but in no event shall the 298 amount allowed exceed the lesser of five hundred dollars per 299 animal or the uninsured amount of the loss or injury. The board 300 shall make the final determination of the fair market value of an 301 animal that is the subject of a claim. 302

If the animal that is the subject of a claim dies as a result	303
of the injuries that it received from a dog, the amount of	304
indemnity is the fair market value of the animal on the date of	305
its death subject to the limit established in this section. If the	306
animal that is the subject of a claim does not die as a result of	307
the injuries that it received from a dog, the amount of indemnity	308
is the fair market value of the animal on the date on which it	309
received its injuries subject to the limit established in this	310
section. If the animal that is the subject of a claim is	311
registered or eligible for registration as described in section	312
955.32 of the Revised Code, the amount of indemnity is one hundred	313
twenty-five per cent of the fair market value of the animal on the	314
date on which the animal was killed or injured subject to the	315
limit established in this section. If the date of death or injury	316
of an animal cannot be determined, the amount of indemnity shall	317
be based on the fair market value of the animal on the date on	318
which the death or injury was discovered by its owner. A fetus	319
that is aborted by an animal because of stress inflicted by a dog	320
and that does not, on that account, survive shall be considered to	321
have been killed by the dog regardless of the stage of pregnancy	322
at which the abortion occurs. In the case of any such alleged	323
cause of death, the warden, as part of the warden's investigation,	324
may request the chief of the division of animal industry in the	325
department of agriculture to have a state veterinarian certify the	326
cause of death. The chief shall promptly comply, and the	327
veterinarian shall send the certification to the board of county	328
commissioners.	329

The claims shall be paid out of the dog and kennel fund or 330 out of the general fund of the county, as provided in section 331 955.14 of the Revised Code. Such claims as are allowed in whole or 332 in part shall be paid by voucher issued by the county auditor five 333 days after the approval of the board of county commissioners has 334 been entered. If the claim is to be paid out of the dog and kennel 335 fund and the funds therein are insufficient to pay the claims,336they shall be paid in the order allowed at the close of the next337calendar month in which sufficient funds are available in the338fund.339

Sec. 955.34 955.351. Witnesses not exceeding four in number, 340
who give testimony in the hearing provided for in under section 341
955.33 955.35 of the Revised Code at a meeting of the board of 342
county commissioners, shall be allowed six dollars each and 343
mileage at the rate of ten cents per mile, going and returning, in 344
each case. The board of township trustees shall administer an oath 345
or affirmation to each claimant or witness. 346

If the animals, fowl, or poultry animal that have has been 347 killed or injured are is in the care of an employee or tenant of 348 the owner thereof, the affidavit provided for in section 955.29 of 349 the Revised Code may be made by such that employee or tenant, 350 whose testimony may be received in regard to all relative matters 351 to which said the owner would be competent to testify. 352

sec. 955.37. An owner of animals, fowl, or poultry an animal 353 that has been killed or injured by a dog may, if the fair market 354 value is ten dollars or more, appeal from a final allowance made 355 by the board of county commissioners, within thirty days after the 356 allowance. The appeal shall be made to the probate court by 357 filing, as party plaintiff, a petition with the court setting out 358 the facts in the case as contended by the owner. Proceedings shall 359 be as provided by law in civil cases, and the board shall be made 360 party defendant. 361

Sec. 955.38. The probate court shall hear the appeals 362 provided for in section 955.37 of the Revised Code as in equity 363 and shall determine the fair market value of the animals, fowl, or 364 poultry animal that has been killed or injured. Not more than 365

three witnesses shall be called by each party. The amount found by 366 the court shall not exceed the lesser of five hundred dollars per 367 animal or the uninsured amount of the loss or injury. The amount 368 found shall be final, and the judge shall certify it to the board 369 of county commissioners. Like proceedings shall be had as to 370 payment thereof, as if the amount had been found by the board in 371 the first instance. 372

If an increased allowance is made by the court, the costs 373 shall be paid equally by the parties; if no increase is made, the 374 plaintiff shall pay all the costs. 375

Section 2. That existing sections 955.12, 955.14, 955.27,376955.29, 955.32, 955.34, 955.35, 955.37, and 955.38 and sections377955.31 and 955.33 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.378