127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

Sub. H. B. No. 429

Representative Gibbs

Cosponsors: Representatives Schindel, Bolon, Foley, Hagan, J., Letson,

Patton, Aslanides, Bacon, Batchelder, Blessing, Chandler, Collier, Combs,

Domenick, Fessler, Flowers, Gardner, Hughes, McGregor, J., Raussen,

Schneider, Setzer, Wachtmann, Webster

A BILL

То	amend sections 5739.033, 5739.034, and 5739.24 of	1
	the Revised Code and later to repeal sections	2
	5739.035, 5739.213, 5739.24, and 5741.10 of the	3
	Revised Code to require vendors to utilize	4
	origin-based sourcing for intrastate sales	5
	beginning January 1, 2010, to discontinue	6
	compensation of impacted counties for sales tax	7
	losses incurred under destination-based sourcing,	8
	and to authorize the Tax Commissioner to	9
	compensate vendors required to convert from	10
	destination-based sourcing to origin-based	11
	sourcing.	12

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1.	That sections	5739.033, 5739.03	4, and 5739.24 of	f 13
the Revised Code	e be amended t	o read as follows:		14

Sec. 5739.033. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this15section, divisions (C) to (I) of this section apply to sales made16

on and after January 1, 2008. Any vendor previously required to	17
comply with divisions (C) to (I) of this section and any vendor	18
that irrevocably elects to comply with divisions (C) to (I) of	19
this section for all of the vendor's sales and places of business	20
in this state shall continue to source its sales under those	21
divisions.	22

The amount of tax due pursuant to sections 5739.02, 5739.021, 23 5739.023, and 5739.026 of the Revised Code is the sum of the taxes 24 imposed pursuant to those sections at the sourcing location of the 25 sale as determined under this section or, if applicable, under 26 division (C) of section 5739.031 or section 5739.034 of the 27 Revised Code, or at the situs of the sale as determined under 28 section 5739.035 of the Revised Code. This section applies only to 29 a vendor's or seller's obligation to collect and remit sales taxes 30 under section 5739.02, 5739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 of the 31 Revised Code or use taxes under section 5741.02, 5741.021, 32 5741.022, or 5741.023 of the Revised Code. Division (A) of this 33 section does not apply in determining the jurisdiction for which 34 sellers are required to collect the use tax under section 5741.05 35 of the Revised Code. This section does not affect the obligation 36 of a consumer to remit use taxes on the storage, use, or other 37 consumption of tangible personal property or on the benefit 38 realized of any service provided, to the jurisdiction of that 39 storage, use, or consumption, or benefit realized. 40

(B)(1) As used in this division:

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(a) "Delivery sale" means the taxable sale of tangible42personal property or a service that is received by a consumer, or43a donee designated by the consumer, in a taxing jurisdiction that44is not the taxing jurisdiction in which the vendor has a fixed45place of business.46

(b) "Agreement" has the same meaning as in section 5740.01 of 47 the Revised Code. 48

(c) "Coverning board" has the same meaning as in section	49	
5740.02 of the Revised Code.	50	
(2) If the tax commissioner does not make the certification	51	
under section 5740.10 of the Revised Code, a vendor that is not	52	
required by division (A) of this section to situs sales under	53	
divisions (C) to (I) of this section on the date of the	54	
commissioner's certification may continue after that date to situs	55	
its sales under section 5739.035 of the Revised Code unless it is	56	
required, under division (B)(5) of this section, to situs its	57	
sales under divisions (C) to (I) of this section.	58	
(3) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (B)(4) and (5)	59	
of this section, a vendor with total delivery sales within this	60	
state in prior calendar years, beginning with calendar year 2007,	61	
of less than five hundred thousand dollars may situs its sales	62	
under section 5739.035 of the Revised Code.	63	
(4) Once a vendor has total delivery sales in this state of	64	
five hundred thousand dollars or more for a prior calendar year,	65	
the vendor shall source its sales under divisions (C) to (I) of	66	
this section and shall continue to source its sales under those	67	
divisions regardless of the amount of the vendor's total delivery	68	
sales in future years.	69	
(5) A vendor permitted under division (B)(3) of this section	70	
to situs its sales under section 5739.035 of the Revised Code that	71	
fails to provide, absent a clerical error, the notices required	72	
under division (I)(1) of section 5739.035 of the Revised Code	73	
shall situs all subsequent sales as required under divisions (C)	74	
to (I) of this section Beginning January 1, 2010, the situs of	75	
retail sales, excluding lease or rental, of tangible personal	76	
property or digital goods shall be sourced to the location where		
the vendor receives the order if:	78	
(a) The worder reactives the order in the same state in which	70	

(a) The vendor receives the order in the same state in which 79

section; and

the consumer receives the property or goods;

(b) The location where the consumer receives the property or goods is determined under division (C)(2), (3), or (4) of this

(c) The record-keeping system used by the vendor to calculate 84 the tax imposed captures the location where the order is received 85 at the time the order is received. 86

(2) A consumer has no additional liability to this state for 87 tax, penalty, or interest on a sale for which the consumer remits 88 tax to the vendor in the amount invoiced by the vendor if the 89 invoice amount is calculated at either the rate applicable to the 90 location where the consumer receives the product or digital good 91 or at the rate applicable to the location where the order is 92 received by the vendor. A consumer may rely on a written 93 representation by the vendor as to the location where the order 94 for the sale was received by the vendor. If the consumer does not 95 have a written representation by the vendor as to the location 96 where the order was received by the vendor, the consumer may use a 97 location indicated by a business address for the vendor that is 98 available from records that are maintained in the ordinary course 99 of the consumer's business to determine the rate applicable to the 100 location where the order was received. 101

(3) For the purposes of division (B) of this section, the 102 location where an order is received by or on behalf of a vendor 103 means the physical location of the vendor or a third party such as 104 an established outlet, office location, or automated order receipt 105 system operated by or on behalf of the vendor, where an order is 106 initially received by or on behalf of the vendor, and not where 107 the order may be subsequently accepted, completed, or fulfilled. 108 An order is received when all necessary information to determine 109 whether the order can be accepted has been received by or on 110 behalf of the vendor. The location from which a product is shipped 111

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shall not be used to determine the location where the order is	112
received by the vendor.	113
(4) For the purposes of division (B) of this section, if	114
services subject to taxation under this chapter or Chapter 5741.	115
of the Revised Code are sold with tangible personal property or	116
digital goods pursuant to a single contract or in the same	117
transaction, the services are billed on the same billing statement	118
or invoice, and, because of the application of this section, the	119
transaction would be sourced to more than one jurisdiction, the	120
situs of the transaction shall be the location where the order is	121
received by or on behalf of the vendor.	122
(C) Except for sales, other than leases, of titled motor	123
vehicles, titled watercraft, or titled outboard motors as provided	124
in section 5741.05 of the Revised Code, or as otherwise provided	125
in this section and section 5739.034 of the Revised Code, all	126
sales shall be sourced as follows:	127
(1) If the consumer or a donee designated by the consumer	128
receives tangible personal property or a service at a vendor's	129
place of business, the sale shall be sourced to that place of	130
business.	131
(2) When the tangible personal property or service is not	132
received at a vendor's place of business, the sale shall be	133
sourced to the location known to the vendor where the consumer or	134
the donee designated by the consumer receives the tangible	135
personal property or service, including the location indicated by	136
instructions for delivery to the consumer or the consumer's donee.	137
(3) If divisions (C)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply,	138
the sale shall be sourced to the location indicated by an address	139
for the consumer that is available from the vendor's business	140
records that are maintained in the ordinary course of the vendor's	141
business, when use of that address does not constitute bad faith.	142

(4) If divisions (C)(1), (2), and (3) of this section do not 144 apply, the sale shall be sourced to the location indicated by an 145 address for the consumer obtained during the consummation of the 146 sale, including the address associated with the consumer's payment 147 instrument, if no other address is available, when use of that 148 address does not constitute bad faith. 149

(5) If divisions (C)(1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section do 150 not apply, including in the circumstance where the vendor is 151 without sufficient information to apply any of those divisions, 152 the sale shall be sourced to the address from which tangible 153 personal property was shipped, or from which the service was 154 provided, disregarding any location that merely provided the 155 electronic transfer of the property sold or service provided. 156

(6) As used in division (C) of this section, "receive" means
taking possession of tangible personal property or making first
use of a service. "Receive" does not include possession by a
shipping company on behalf of a consumer.

(D)(1)(a) Notwithstanding divisions (C)(1) to (5) of this 161 section, a business consumer that is not a holder of a direct 162 payment permit granted under section 5739.031 of the Revised Code, 163 that purchases a digital good, computer software, except computer 164 software received in person by a business consumer at a vendor's 165 place of business, or a service, and that knows at the time of 166 purchase that such digital good, software, or service will be 167 concurrently available for use in more than one taxing 168 jurisdiction shall deliver to the vendor in conjunction with its 169 purchase an exemption certificate claiming multiple points of use, 170 or shall meet the requirements of division (D)(2) of this section. 171 On receipt of the exemption certificate claiming multiple points 172 of use, the vendor is relieved of its obligation to collect, pay, 173 or remit the tax due, and the business consumer must pay the tax 174

directly to the state.

(b) A business consumer that delivers the exemption 176 certificate claiming multiple points of use to a vendor may use 177 any reasonable, consistent, and uniform method of apportioning the 178 tax due on the digital good, computer software, or service that is 179 supported by the consumer's business records as they existed at 180 the time of the sale. The business consumer shall report and pay 181 the appropriate tax to each jurisdiction where concurrent use 182 occurs. The tax due shall be calculated as if the apportioned 183 amount of the digital good, computer software, or service had been 184 delivered to each jurisdiction to which the sale is apportioned 185 under this division. 186

(c) The exemption certificate claiming multiple points of use 187 shall remain in effect for all future sales by the vendor to the 188 business consumer until it is revoked in writing by the business 189 consumer, except as to the business consumer's specific 190 apportionment of a subsequent sale under division (D)(1)(b) of 191 this section and the facts existing at the time of the sale. 192

(2) When the vendor knows that a digital good, computer 193 software, or service sold will be concurrently available for use 194 by the business consumer in more than one jurisdiction, but the 195 business consumer does not provide an exemption certificate 196 claiming multiple points of use as required by division (D)(1) of 197 this section, the vendor may work with the business consumer to 198 produce the correct apportionment. Governed by the principles of 199 division (D)(1)(b) of this section, the vendor and business 200 consumer may use any reasonable, but consistent and uniform, 201 method of apportionment that is supported by the vendor's and 202 business consumer's books and records as they exist at the time 203 the sale is reported for purposes of the taxes levied under this 204 chapter. If the business consumer certifies to the accuracy of the 205 apportionment and the vendor accepts the certification, the vendor 206

shall collect and remit the tax accordingly. In the absence of bad207faith, the vendor is relieved of any further obligation to collect208tax on any transaction where the vendor has collected tax pursuant209to the information certified by the business consumer.210

(3) When the vendor knows that the digital good, computer 211 software, or service will be concurrently available for use in 212 more than one jurisdiction, and the business consumer does not 213 have a direct pay permit and does not provide to the vendor an 214 exemption certificate claiming multiple points of use as required 215 in division (D)(1) of this section, or certification pursuant to 216 division (D)(2) of this section, the vendor shall collect and 217 remit the tax based on division (C) of this section. 218

(4) Nothing in this section shall limit a person's obligation
for sales or use tax to any state in which a digital good,
computer software, or service is concurrently available for use,
nor limit a person's ability under local, state, or federal law,
to claim a credit for sales or use taxes legally due and paid to
other jurisdictions.

(E) A person who holds a direct payment permit issued under 225 section 5739.031 of the Revised Code is not required to deliver an 226 exemption certificate claiming multiple points of use to a vendor. 227 But such permit holder shall comply with division (D)(2) of this 228 section in apportioning the tax due on a digital good, computer 229 software, or a service for use in business that will be 230 concurrently available for use in more than one taxing 231 jurisdiction. 232

(F)(1) Notwithstanding divisions (C)(1) to (5) of this 233 section, the consumer of direct mail that is not a holder of a 234 direct payment permit shall provide to the vendor in conjunction 235 with the sale either an exemption certificate claiming direct mail 236 prescribed by the tax commissioner, or information to show the 237 jurisdictions to which the direct mail is delivered to recipients. 238

(2) Upon receipt of such exemption certificate, the vendor is 239 relieved of all obligations to collect, pay, or remit the 240 applicable tax and the consumer is obligated to pay that tax on a 241 direct pay basis. An exemption certificate claiming direct mail 242 shall remain in effect for all future sales of direct mail by the 243 vendor to the consumer until it is revoked in writing. 244

(3) Upon receipt of information from the consumer showing the 245 jurisdictions to which the direct mail is delivered to recipients, 246 the vendor shall collect the tax according to the delivery 247 information provided by the consumer. In the absence of bad faith, 248 the vendor is relieved of any further obligation to collect tax on 249 any transaction where the vendor has collected tax pursuant to the 250 delivery information provided by the consumer. 251

(4) If the consumer of direct mail does not have a direct 252 payment permit and does not provide the vendor with either an 253 exemption certificate claiming direct mail or delivery information 254 as required by division (F)(1) of this section, the vendor shall 255 collect the tax according to division (C)(5) of this section. 256 Nothing in division (F)(4) of this section shall limit a 257 consumer's obligation to pay sales or use tax to any state to 258 which the direct mail is delivered. 259

(5) If a consumer of direct mail provides the vendor with
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documentation of direct payment authority, the consumer shall not
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be required to provide an exemption certificate claiming direct
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mail or delivery information to the vendor.

(G) If the vendor provides lodging to transient guests as
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(H)(1) As used in this division and division (I) of this268section, "transportation equipment" means any of the following:269

(a) Locomotives and railcars that are utilized for thecarriage of persons or property in interstate commerce.271

(b) Trucks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle weight 272 rating of greater than ten thousand pounds, trailers, 273 semi-trailers, or passenger buses that are registered through the 274 international registration plan and are operated under authority 275 of a carrier authorized and certificated by the United States 276 department of transportation or another federal authority to 277 engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate 278 commerce. 279

(c) Aircraft that are operated by air carriers authorized and
 certificated by the United States department of transportation or
 another federal authority to engage in the carriage of persons or
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 property in interstate or foreign commerce.
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(d) Containers designed for use on and component parts 284
attached to or secured on the items set forth in division 285
(H)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section. 286

(2) A sale, lease, or rental of transportation equipment287shall be sourced pursuant to division (C) of this section.288

(I)(1) A lease or rental of tangible personal property that
does not require recurring periodic payments shall be sourced
pursuant to division (C) of this section.
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(2) A lease or rental of tangible personal property that292requires recurring periodic payments shall be sourced as follows:293

(a) In the case of a motor vehicle, other than a motor
vehicle that is transportation equipment, or an aircraft, other
than an aircraft that is transportation equipment, such lease or
rental shall be sourced as follows:

(i) An accelerated tax payment on a lease or rental taxed298pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 5739.02 of the Revised Code299

shall be sourced to the primary property location at the time the300lease or rental is consummated. Any subsequent taxable charges on301the lease or rental shall be sourced to the primary property302location for the period in which the charges are incurred.303

(ii) For a lease or rental taxed pursuant to division (A)(3)
of section 5739.02 of the Revised Code, each lease or rental
installment shall be sourced to the primary property location for
the period covered by the installment.

(b) In the case of a lease or rental of all other tangible 308personal property, other than transportation equipment, such lease 309or rental shall be sourced as follows: 310

(i) An accelerated tax payment on a lease or rental that is
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taxed pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 5739.02 of the
Revised Code shall be sourced pursuant to division (C) of this
section at the time the lease or rental is consummated. Any
subsequent taxable charges on the lease or rental shall be sourced
to the primary property location for the period in which the
charges are incurred.

(ii) For a lease or rental that is taxed pursuant to division 318
(A)(3) of section 5739.02 of the Revised Code, the initial lease 319
or rental installment shall be sourced pursuant to division (C) of 320
this section. Each subsequent installment shall be sourced to the 321
primary property location for the period covered by the 322
installment. 323

(3) As used in division (I) of this section, "primary 324
property location" means an address for tangible personal property 325
provided by the lessee or renter that is available to the lessor 326
or owner from its records maintained in the ordinary course of 327
business, when use of that address does not constitute bad faith. 328

Sec. 5739.034. (A) As used in this section: 329

(1) "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service" means a radio
service, as defined in 47 C.F.R. 22.99, in which common carriers
are authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications
service for hire to subscribers in aircraft.

(2) "Call-by-call basis" means any method of charging fortelecommunications services where the price is measured by335individual calls.

(3) "Customer" means the person or entity that contracts with 337 a seller of telecommunications service. If the end user of 338 telecommunications service is not the contracting party, the end 339 user of the telecommunications service is the customer of the 340 telecommunications service. "Customer" does not include a reseller 341 of telecommunications service or of mobile telecommunications 342 service of a serving carrier under an agreement to serve the 343 customer outside the home service provider's licensed service 344 area. 345

(4) "End user" means the person who utilizes the
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telecommunications service. In the case of a person other than an
individual, "end user" means the individual who utilizes the
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service on behalf of the person.
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(5) "Home service provider" has the same meaning as in the
"Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," Pub. L. No. 106-252, 114
Stat. 631 (2000), 4 U.S.C. 124(5), as amended.
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(6) "Place of primary use" means the street address
representative of where the customer's use of the
telecommunications service primarily occurs, which must be the
residential street address or the primary business street address
of the customer. In the case of mobile telecommunications
services, "place of primary use" must be within the licensed
service area of the home service provider.

(7) "Post-paid calling service" means the telecommunications 360

service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis 361 either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such 362 as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by 363 charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with the 364 origination or termination of the telecommunications service. 365 "Post-paid calling service" includes a telecommunications service, 366 except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a prepaid 367 calling service, but for the fact that it is not exclusively a 368 telecommunications service. 369

(8) "Prepaid calling service" and "prepaid wireless calling
service" have the same meanings as in section 5739.01 of the
Revised Code.

(9) "Service address" means:

(a) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which
 a customer's call is charged and from which the call originates or
 terminates, regardless of where the call is billed or paid.
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(b) If the location in division (A)(9)(a) of this section is 377
not known, "service address" means the origination point of the 378
signal of the telecommunications service first identified by 379
either the seller's telecommunications system or in information 380
received by the seller from its service provider, where the system 381
used to transport such signals is not that of the seller. 382

(c) If the locations in divisions (A)(9)(a) and (b) of this
section are not known, "service address" means the location of the
customer's place of primary use.

(10) "Private communication service" means a 386 telecommunications service that entitles a customer to exclusive 387 or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels 388 between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in 389 which the channel or channels are connected, and includes 390 switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any other 391

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associated services that are provided in connection with the use 392 of such channel or channels. 393 (B) The amount of tax due pursuant to sections 5739.02, 394 5739.021, 5739.023, and 5739.026 of the Revised Code on sales of 395 telecommunications service, information service, or mobile 396 telecommunications service, is the sum of the taxes imposed 397 pursuant to those sections at the sourcing location of the sale as 398 determined under this section. 399 (C) Except for the telecommunications services described in 400 division (E) of this section, the sale of telecommunications 401 service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to each 402 level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and 403 terminates in that jurisdiction, or each level of taxing 404 jurisdiction where the call either originates or terminates and in 405 which the service address also is located. 406 (D) Except for the telecommunications services described in 407 division (E) of this section, a sale of telecommunications 408 services sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis shall be 409 sourced to the customer's place of primary use. 410 (E) The sale of the following telecommunications services 411

(1) A sale of mobile telecommunications service, other than
air-to-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service,
shall be sourced to the customer's place of primary use as
required by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act.

shall be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction, as follows:

(2) A sale of post-paid calling service shall be sourced to 417 the origination point of the telecommunications signal as first 418 identified by the service provider's telecommunications system, or 419 information received by the seller from its service provider, 420 where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the 421 seller. 422

(3) A sale of prepaid calling service or prepaid wireless 423 calling service shall be sourced under division (C) of section 424 5739.033 of the Revised Code or, if permitted by division (B) of 425 that section, shall be sitused under section 5739.035 of the 426 Revised Code. But in the case of prepaid wireless calling service, 427 in lieu of sourcing the sale of the service under division (C)(5)428 of section 5739.033 of the Revised Code, the service provider may 429 elect to source the sale to the location associated with the 430 mobile telephone number. 431

(4) A sale of a private communication service shall be432sourced as follows:433

(a) Service for a separate charge related to a customer
(bannel termination point shall be sourced to each level of
(channel termination in which the customer channel termination point is
(channel termination point is)

(b) Service where all customer channel termination points are
located entirely within one jurisdiction or level of jurisdiction
shall be sourced in the jurisdiction in which the customer channel
termination points are located;

(c) Service for segments of a channel between two customer 442 channel termination points located in different jurisdictions and 443 which segments of a channel are separately charged shall be 444 sourced fifty per cent in each level of jurisdiction in which the 445 customer channel termination points are located; 446

(d) Service for segments of a channel located in more than
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Sec. 5739.24. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Destination-based sourcing requirements" has the same454meaning as in section 5739.123 of the Revised Code.455

(2) "Impacted county" means a county having a population of
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less than seventy-five thousand as of the decennial census of 2000
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taken by the United States census bureau.
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(3) "Master account holder" means a person that holds more
than one vendor's license under division (A) of section 5739.17 of
the Revised Code, operates in multiple tax jurisdictions under the
same ownership, and files or is required to file a consolidated
return under section 5739.12 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Tax jurisdiction" means a county or, if applicable, theportion of a county in which a transit authority has territory.465

(B)(1) Beginning in 2006 and ending January 31, 2009, within 466 thirty days after the thirtieth day of June and the thirty-first 467 day of December of each year, a master account holder that makes a 468 sale that is subject to the destination-based sourcing 469 requirements shall file with the tax commissioner a report that 470 details the total taxable sales it made for the prior six-month 471 period in each tax jurisdiction and at each fixed place of 472 business for which the master account holder holds or should hold 473 a license, irrespective of where those sales were sourced under 474 those requirements. The commissioner may extend the time for 475 filing the report under this section. 476

(2) If the report required by division (B)(1) of this section
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is not timely filed by a master account holder, the tax
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commissioner shall mail notice of a delinquent report to the
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holder. In addition to any other penalties or additional charges
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imposed under this chapter, the commissioner may impose a penalty
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of up to fifty dollars for each fixed place of business of the

master account holder. If the report is filed within fifteen days 483 after the commissioner mails the delinquency notice, the penalty 484 may be remitted in full or in part by the commissioner. But if the 485 master account holder fails to file the report within fifteen days 486 after the commissioner mails the notice, the commissioner shall 487 impose a penalty of up to one hundred dollars for each fixed place 488 of business of the master account holder. This penalty may not be 489 remitted in full by the commissioner. A penalty imposed under this 490 division is subject to collection and assessment in the same 491 manner as any tax levied under this chapter. 492

(C)(1) Beginning in 2006 and ending April 17, 2009, within 493 seventy-five days after the thirty-first day of July each year and 494 the thirty-first day of January of the following year, the tax 495 commissioner shall determine for each county both of the 496 following: 497

(a) The amount of taxes reported on returns filed by all
vendors licensed under division (A) of section 5739.17 of the
Revised Code that were levied by sections 5739.021 and 5739.026 of
the Revised Code and were reported as due in accordance with the
destination-based sourcing requirements;

(b) The amount of taxes levied by those sections that would 503
have been paid to the county by vendors licensed under division 504
(A) of section 5739.17 of the Revised Code if the taxes had been 505
collected in accordance with section 5739.035 of the Revised Code, 506
as that section exists when the determination is made. 507

The commissioner may make any adjustments that are necessary 508 to account for delinquent tax returns or reports. 509

(2) In making the determination required by division (C)(1)
of this section, the commissioner shall use the lesser of the
county's tax rate in effect as of January 1, 2006, or the actual
tax rate in effect for the six-month period for which the

compensation was calculated.

(3) The commissioner also shall calculate the percentage
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difference between the amounts determined under divisions
(C)(1)(a) and (b) of this section by using a fraction, with the
amount determined under division (C)(1)(a) of this section in the
numerator, and the amount determined under division (C)(1)(b) of
this section in the denominator.

(D)(1) If the percentage difference calculated under division 521 (C)(3) of this section for a county is ninety-six per cent or 522 less, and the county is an impacted county under this section, the 523 county shall receive compensation. Beginning in 2006 and ending 524 May 1, 2009, within ninety days after the thirty-first day of July 525 each year and the thirty-first day of January of the following 526 year, the tax commissioner, in the next ensuing payment to be made 527 under division (B)(1) of section 5739.21 of the Revised Code, 528 shall in addition provide from the general revenue fund to such 529 county compensation in the amount of ninety-eight per cent of the 530 denominator calculated under division (C)(3) of this section, 531 minus the numerator calculated under division (C)(3) of this 532 section. 533

(2) A county that is entitled to compensation under division 534 (D)(1) of this section may request an advance payment of that 535 compensation. The commissioner shall adopt rules that establish 536 the manner by which such county may make the request and the 537 method the commissioner will use to determine the amount of the 538 advance payment to be made to the county. Compensation provided 539 under division (D)(1) of this section shall be adjusted 540 accordingly to account for advance payments made under division 541 (D)(2) of this section. 542

(E) If, under division (C)(1) of this section, the tax
 commissioner determines that a county received more taxes under
 the destination-based sourcing requirements than it would have
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received if taxes had been paid in accordance with section 546 5739.035 of the Revised Code, as that section existed when the 547 determination was made, the county is a windfall county under this 548 division. Beginning in 2006, within ninety days after the 549 thirty-first day of July each year and the thirty-first day of 550 January of the following year, the commissioner, in the next 551 ensuing payment to be made under division (B)(1) of section 552 5739.21 of the Revised Code, shall reduce the amount to be 553 returned to each windfall county by the total amount of excess 554 taxes that would have been received by all windfall counties in 555 proportion to the total amount needed to compensate counties under 556 division (D) of this section. 557

(F) The commissioner shall make available to the public the
determinations made under division (C) of this section, but any
data obtained from taxpayers under this section or that would
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identify those taxpayers shall remain confidential.

(G) There is hereby created the county compensation tax study 562 committee. The committee shall consist of the following seven 563 members: the tax commissioner, three members of the senate 564 appointed by the president of the senate, and three members of the 565 house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of 566 representatives. The appointments shall be made not later than 567 January 31, 2007. The tax commissioner shall be the chairperson of 568 the committee and the department of taxation shall provide any 569 information and assistance that is required by the committee to 570 carry out its duties. The committee shall study the extent to 571 which each county has been impacted by the destination-based 572 573 sourcing requirements. Not later than June 30, 2007, the committee shall issue a report of its findings and shall make 574 recommendations to the president of the senate and the speaker of 575 the house of representatives, at which time the committee shall 576 cease to exist. 577

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Section 2. That existing sections 5739.033, 5739.034, and 578 5739.24 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 579

Section 3. That section 5739.24 of the Revised Code is hereby 580 repealed effective May 1, 2009. No payments or reductions in 581 payments required by division (D) of section 5739.24 of the 582 Revised Code shall be effected after May 1, 2009. No request for 583 an advance of the payment that, but for this act, would have been 584 made after May 1, 2009, shall be honored. 585

Section 4. That the amendment by this act of sections5865739.033 and 5739.034 of the Revised Code shall take effect587January 1, 2010.588

Section 5. The Tax Commissioner is hereby authorized to 589 devise and implement, not later than January 1, 2010, a plan to 590 compensate vendors that are required to convert from 591 destination-based sourcing to origin-based sourcing for 592 transactions occurring within this state as provided under 593 division (B) of section 5739.033 of the Revised Code, as amended 594 by this act. 595

Section 6. That a vendor may source sales in the manner 596 prescribed by division (B)(1) of section 5739.033 of the Revised 597 Code, as amended by this act, before the effective date specified 598 in Section 4 of this act. Once a vendor sources sales in the 599 manner so prescribed the vendor shall continue to source all sales 600 described in that division as so prescribed. 601

Section 7. That sections 5739.035, 5739.213, and 5741.10 of602the Revised Code are hereby repealed effective January 1, 2010.603

Section 8. Section 5739.034 of the Revised Code is presented 604

in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am. 605 Sub. H.B. 66 and Am. Sub. S.B. 26 of the 126th General Assembly. 606 The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division 607 (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be 608 harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds 609 that the composite is the resulting version of the section in 610 effect prior to the effective date of the section as presented in 611 this act. 612