

**As Reported by the Senate Health, Human Services and Aging
Committee**

**127th General Assembly
Regular Session
2007-2008**

Sub. H. B. No. 493

Representative Daniels

**Cosponsors: Representatives Ujvagi, Flowers, Goodwin, Collier, Zehringer,
Strahorn, Otterman, J., Hagan, R., Budish, Chandler, Combs, Domenick,
Evans, Gerberry, Harwood, Letson, Szollosi
Senators Wagoner, Seitz**

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A B I L L

To amend sections 3923.05 and 3923.80 and to enact 1
sections 3701.86, 3701.861, 3923.82, and 4731.72 2
of the Revised Code and to amend Section 5 of Sub. 3
H.B. 125 of the 127th General Assembly regarding 4
billing for anatomic pathology services, health 5
benefits for routine patient care during cancer 6
clinical trials, health benefits for injuries 7
resulting from use of alcohol or drugs, and most 8
favored nation clauses in health care contracts. 9

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3923.05 and 3923.80 be amended and 11
sections 3701.86, 3701.861, 3923.82, and 4731.72 of the Revised 12
Code be enacted to read as follows: 13

Sec. 3701.86. As used in this section and in section 3701.861 14
of the Revised Code: 15

<u>(A) "Anatomic pathology services" means all of the following:</u>	16
<u>(1) Histopathology or surgical pathology;</u>	17
<u>(2) Cytopathology;</u>	18
<u>(3) Hematology;</u>	19
<u>(4) Subcellular or molecular pathology;</u>	20
<u>(5) Blood banking services performed by pathologists.</u>	21
<u>(B) "Assignment of benefits" means the transfer of health care coverage reimbursement benefits or other rights under an insurance policy, subscription contract, or health care plan by an insured, subscriber, or plan enrollee to a health care provider, hospital, or other health care facility.</u>	22
<u>(C) "Clinical laboratory" means a facility for the biological, microbiological, serological, chemical, immunohematological, hematological, biophysical, cytological, pathological, or other examination of substances derived from the human body for the purpose of providing information for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of any disease, or in the assessment or impairment of the health of human beings.</u>	23
<u>(D) "Cytopathology" means the microscopic examination of cells from fluids, aspirates, washings, brushings, or smears, including a Papanicolaou smear (PAP smear or test).</u>	24
<u>(E) "Hematology" means the microscopic evaluation of bone marrow aspirates and biopsies performed by a physician or under the supervision of a physician and peripheral blood smears when the attending or treating physician or technologist requests that a blood smear be reviewed by a pathologist.</u>	25
<u>(F) "Histologic processing" means fixation, processing, embedding, microtomy, and other special staining, including histochemical or immunohistochemical staining and in situ hybridization of clinical human tissues or cells, for pathological</u>	26
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examination. 46

(G) "Histopathology" or "surgical pathology" means the gross and microscopic examination and histologic processing of organ tissue performed by a physician or under the supervision of a physician. 47
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(H) "Insurer" means a person authorized under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code to engage in the business of insurance in this state, a health insuring corporation, or an entity that is self-insured and provides benefits to its employees or members. 51
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(I) "Physician" means an individual authorized by Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery. 55
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(J) "Referring clinical laboratory" means a clinical laboratory that refers a patient specimen to another clinical laboratory for an anatomic pathology service, but excludes a laboratory in the office of one or more physicians that refers a specimen and does not perform the professional component of the anatomic pathology service, as that component is defined in section 4731.72 of the Revised Code. 59
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(K) "Subcellular or molecular pathology" means the assessment of a patient specimen for the detection, localization, measurement, or analysis of one or more protein or nucleic acid targets performed or interpreted by or under supervision of a pathologist. 66
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Sec. 3701.861. (A) No clinical laboratory shall present or cause to be presented a claim, bill, or demand for payment for anatomic pathology services to any person or entity other than the following: 71
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(1) The patient who receives the services or another 75

individual, such as a parent, spouse, or guardian, who is 76
responsible for the patient's bills; 77

(2) A responsible insurer or other third-party payor of a 78
patient who receives the services; 79

(3) A hospital, public health clinic, or not-for-profit 80
health clinic ordering the services; 81

(4) A referring clinical laboratory; 82

(5) A governmental agency or any person acting on behalf of a 83
governmental agency; 84

(6) A physician who is permitted to bill for the services 85
under division (D) of section 4731.72 of the Revised Code. 86

(B) Nothing in this section shall be construed to do either 87
of the following: 88

(1) Mandate the assignment of benefits for anatomic pathology 89
services; 90

(2) Prohibit a clinical laboratory that provides anatomic 91
pathology services from billing a referring clinical laboratory 92
for anatomic pathology services in instances in which the 93
referring clinical laboratory sends one or more samples to the 94
clinical laboratory for purposes of having a specialist perform 95
analysis, consultation, or histologic processing. 96

Sec. 3923.05. Except as provided in section 3923.07 of the 97
Revised Code, no policy of sickness and accident insurance 98
delivered, issued for delivery, or used in this state shall 99
contain provisions respecting the matters set forth in this 100
section unless such provisions are in the words in which the same 101
appear in this section. Any such provisions in any such policy 102
shall be preceded by the appropriate caption appearing in this 103
section or, at the option of the insurer, by such appropriate 104
individual or group captions or subcaptions as the superintendent 105

of insurance may approve. 106

(A) A provision as follows: Change of occupation. If the 107
insured be injured or contract sickness after having changed ~~his~~ 108
the insured's occupation to one classified by the insurer as more 109
hazardous than that stated in this policy or while doing for 110
compensation anything pertaining to an occupation so classified, 111
the insurer will pay only such portion of the indemnities provided 112
in this policy as the premium paid would have purchased at the 113
rates and within the limits fixed by the insurer for such more 114
hazardous occupation. If the insured changes ~~his~~ the insured's 115
occupation to one classified by the insurer as less hazardous than 116
that stated in this policy, the insurer, upon receipt of proof of 117
such change of occupation, will reduce the premium rate 118
accordingly, and will return the excess pro rata unearned premium 119
from the date of change of occupation or from the policy 120
anniversary date immediately preceding receipt of such proof, 121
whichever is the more recent. In applying this provision, the 122
classification for occupational risk and the premium rates shall 123
be such as have been last filed by the insurer prior to the 124
occurrence of the loss for which the insurer is liable or prior to 125
the date of proof of change in occupation with the state official 126
having supervision of insurance in the state where the insured 127
resided at the time this policy was issued; but if such filing was 128
not required, then the classification of occupational risk and the 129
premium rates shall be those last made effective by the insurer in 130
such state prior to the occurrence of the loss or prior to the 131
date of proof of change in occupation. 132

(B) A provision as follows: Misstatement of age. If the age 133
of the insured has been misstated, all amounts payable under this 134
policy shall be such as the premium paid would have purchased at 135
the correct age. 136

(C) A provision as follows: 137

(1) Other insurance in this insurer. If an accident or 138
sickness or accident and sickness policy or policies previously 139
issued by the insurer to the insured be in force concurrently 140
herewith, making the aggregate indemnity for in 141
excess of dollars, the excess insurance shall be void 142
and all premiums paid for such excess shall be returned to the 143
insured or to ~~his~~ the insured's estate. 144

The insurer shall insert the type of coverage or coverages in 145
the first blank space in the provision in division (C)(1) of this 146
section and the maximum limit of indemnity or indemnities in the 147
second blank space in the provision in division (C)(1) of this 148
section. 149

(2) In lieu of the foregoing provision in division (C)(1) of 150
this section, a provision as follows: Other insurance in this 151
insurer. Insurance effective at any time on the insured under a 152
like policy or policies in this insurer is limited to the one such 153
policy elected by the insured, ~~his~~ the insured's beneficiary or 154
~~his~~ the insured's estate, as the case may be, and the insurer will 155
return all premiums paid for all other such policies. 156

(D) A provision as follows: Insurance with other insurers. If 157
there be other valid coverage, not with this insurer, providing 158
benefits for the same loss on a provision of service basis or on 159
an expense incurred basis and of which this insurer has not been 160
given written notice prior to the occurrence or commencement of 161
loss, the only liability under any expense incurred coverage of 162
this policy shall be for such proportion of the loss as the amount 163
which would otherwise have been payable hereunder plus the total 164
of the like amounts under all such other valid coverages for the 165
same loss of which this insurer had notice bears to the total like 166
amounts under all valid coverages for such loss, and for the 167
return of such portion of the premiums paid as shall exceed the 168
pro-rata portion for the amount so determined. For the purpose of 169

applying this provision when other coverage is on a provision of 170
service basis, the "like amount" of such other coverage shall be 171
taken as the amount which the services rendered would have cost in 172
the absence of such coverage. 173

If the provision in division (D) of this section is included 174
in a policy of sickness and accident insurance which also contains 175
the provision in division (E) of this section, the insurer shall 176
add to the caption of the provision in division (D) of this 177
section the following: Expense incurred benefits. 178

The insurer may at its option include in the provision in 179
division (D) of this section a definition of "other valid 180
coverage" approved as to form by the superintendent. Such 181
definition shall be limited in subject matter to coverage provided 182
by organizations subject to regulation by insurance law or by 183
insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United 184
States or any province of the Dominion of Canada, and by hospital 185
or medical service organizations, and to any other coverage the 186
inclusion of which may be approved by the superintendent. In the 187
absence of such definition in the provision in division (D) of 188
this section, "other valid coverage" as used in such provision 189
shall not include group insurance, automobile medical payments 190
insurance, or coverage provided by hospital or medical service 191
organizations or by union welfare plans or employer or employee 192
benefit organizations. 193

For the purpose of applying the provision in division (D) of 194
this section with respect to any insured, any amount of benefit 195
provided for such insured pursuant to any compulsory benefit 196
statute, including any workers' compensation or employer's 197
liability statute, whether provided by governmental agency or 198
otherwise, shall in all cases be deemed to be "other valid 199
coverage" of which the insurer has had notice. 200

In applying the provision in division (D) of this section no 201

third party liability coverage shall be included as "other valid 202
coverage." 203

(E) A provision as follows: Insurance with other insurers. If 204
there be other valid coverage, not with this insurer, providing 205
benefits for the same loss on other than an expense incurred basis 206
and of which the insurer has not been given written notice prior 207
to the occurrence or commencement of loss, the only liability for 208
such benefits under this policy shall be for such proportion of 209
the indemnities otherwise provided hereunder for such loss as the 210
like indemnities of which the insurer had notice (including the 211
indemnities under this policy) bear to the total amount of all 212
like indemnities for such loss, and for the return of such portion 213
of the premium paid as shall exceed the pro-rata portion for the 214
indemnities thus determined. 215

If the provision in division (E) of this section is included 216
in a policy of sickness and accident insurance which also contains 217
the provision in division (D) of this section, the insurer shall 218
add to the caption of the provision in division (E) of this 219
section the following: Other benefits. 220

The insurer may at its option include in the provision in 221
division (E) of this section a definition of "other valid 222
coverage" approved as to form by the superintendent. Such 223
definition shall be limited in subject matter to coverage provided 224
by organizations subject to regulation by insurance law or by 225
insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United 226
States or any province of the Dominion of Canada, and to any other 227
coverage the inclusion of which may be approved by the 228
superintendent. In the absence of such definition in the provision 229
in division (E) of this section, "other valid coverage" as used in 230
such provision shall not include group insurance, or benefits 231
provided by union welfare plans or by employer or employee benefit 232
organizations. 233

For the purpose of applying the provision in division (E) of 234
this section with respect to any insured, any amount of benefit 235
provided for such insured pursuant to any compulsory benefit 236
statute, including any workers' compensation or employer's 237
liability statute, whether provided by a governmental agency or 238
otherwise, shall in all cases be deemed to be "other valid 239
coverage" of which the insurer has had notice. 240

In applying the provision in division (E) of this section no 241
third party liability coverage shall be included as "other valid 242
coverage." 243

(F) A provision as follows: Relation of earnings to 244
insurance. If the total monthly amount of loss of time benefits 245
promised for the same loss under all valid loss of time coverage 246
upon the insured, whether payable on a weekly or monthly basis, 247
shall exceed the monthly earnings of the insured at the time 248
disability commenced or ~~his~~ the insured's average monthly earnings 249
for the period of two years immediately preceding a disability for 250
which claim is made, whichever is the greater, the insurer will be 251
liable only for such proportionate amount of such benefits under 252
this policy as the amount of such monthly earnings or such average 253
monthly earnings of the insured bears to the total amount of 254
monthly benefits for the same loss under all such coverage upon 255
the insured at the time such disability commences and for the 256
return of such part of the premiums paid during such two years as 257
shall ~~exceed~~ exceed the pro-rata amount of the premiums for the 258
benefits actually paid hereunder; this shall not operate to reduce 259
the total monthly amount of benefits payable under all such 260
coverage upon the insured below the sum of two hundred dollars or 261
the sum of the monthly benefits specified in such coverages, 262
whichever is the lesser, nor shall this operate to reduce benefits 263
other than those payable for loss of time. 264

The provision in division (F) of this section may be placed 265

only in a policy of sickness and accident insurance which the 266
insured has a right to continue in force subject to its terms by 267
the timely payment of premiums until at least age fifty or in a 268
policy of sickness and accident insurance issued after the insured 269
has attained age forty-four and which the insured has the right to 270
continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of 271
premiums for at least five years from its date of issue. 272

The insurer may at its option include in the provision in 273
division (F) of this section a definition of "valid loss of time 274
coverage" approved as to form by the superintendent. Such 275
definition shall be limited in subject matter to coverage provided 276
by governmental agencies or by organizations subject to regulation 277
by insurance law or by insurance authorities of this or any other 278
state of the United States or any province of the Dominion of 279
Canada or to any other coverage the inclusion of which may be 280
approved by the superintendent or any combination of such 281
coverages. In the absence of such definition in the provision in 282
division (F) of this section "valid loss of time coverage" as used 283
in such provision shall not include any coverage provided for such 284
insured pursuant to any compulsory benefit statute, including any 285
workers' compensation or employer's liability statute, whether 286
provided by a governmental agency or otherwise, or benefits 287
provided by union welfare plans or by employer or employee benefit 288
organizations. 289

(G) A provision as follows: Unpaid premium. Upon the payment 290
of a claim under this policy, any premium then due and unpaid or 291
covered by any note or written order may be deducted therefrom. 292

(H) A provision as follows: Conformity with state statutes. 293
Any provision of this policy which, on its effective date, is in 294
conflict with the statutes of the state in which the insured 295
resides on such date is hereby amended to conform to the minimum 296
requirements of such statutes. 297

(I) A provision as follows: Illegal occupation. The insurer shall not be liable for any loss to which a contributing cause was the insured's commission of or attempt to commit a felony or to which a contributing cause was the insured's being engaged in an illegal occupation.

~~(J) A provision as follows: Intoxicants and narcotics. The insurer shall not be liable for any loss sustained or contracted in consequence of the insured's being intoxicated or under the influence of any narcotic unless administered on the advice of a physician.~~

Sec. 3923.80. (A) ~~No~~ Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the Revised Code, no health benefit plan or public employee benefit plan shall deny coverage for the costs of any routine patient care administered to an insured participating in any stage of an eligible cancer clinical trial, if that care would be covered under the plan if the insured was not participating in a clinical trial.

(B) The coverage that may not be excluded under division (A) of this section is subject to all terms, conditions, restrictions, exclusions, and limitations that apply to any other coverage under the plan, policy, or arrangement for services performed by participating and nonparticipating providers. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring reimbursement to a provider or facility providing the routine care that does not have a health care contract with the entity issuing the health benefit plan or public employee benefit plan, or as prohibiting the entity issuing a health benefit plan or public employee benefit plan that does not have a health care contract with the provider or facility providing the routine care from negotiating a single case or other agreement for coverage.

(C) As used in this section:

(1) "Eligible cancer clinical trial" means a cancer clinical trial that meets all of the following criteria:	329 330
(a) A purpose of the trial is to test whether the intervention potentially improves the trial participant's health outcomes.	331 332 333
(b) The treatment provided as part of the trial is given with the intention of improving the trial participant's health outcomes.	334 335 336
(c) The trial has a therapeutic intent and is not designed exclusively to test toxicity or disease pathophysiology.	337 338
(d) The trial does one of the following:	339
(i) Tests how to administer a health care service, item, or drug for the treatment of cancer;	340 341
(ii) Tests responses to a health care service, item, or drug for the treatment of cancer;	342 343
(iii) Compares the effectiveness of a health care service, item, or drug for the treatment of cancer with that of other health care services, items, or drugs for the treatment of cancer;	344 345 346
(iv) Studies new uses of a health care service, item, or drug for the treatment of cancer.	347 348
(e) The trial is approved by one of the following entities:	349
(i) The national institutes of health or one of its cooperative groups or centers under the United States department of health and human services;	350 351 352
(ii) The United States food and drug administration;	353
(iii) The United States department of defense;	354
(iv) The United States department of veterans' affairs.	355
(2) "Subject of a cancer clinical trial" means the health care service, item, or drug that is being evaluated in the	356 357

clinical trial and that is not routine patient care. 358

(3) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as in section 359
3924.01 of the Revised Code. 360

(4) "Routine patient care" means all health care services 361
consistent with the coverage provided in the health benefit plan 362
or public employee benefit plan for the treatment of cancer, 363
including the type and frequency of any diagnostic modality, that 364
is typically covered for a cancer patient who is not enrolled in a 365
cancer clinical trial, and that was not necessitated solely 366
because of the trial. 367

(5) For purposes of this section, a health benefit plan or 368
public employee benefit plan may exclude coverage for any of the 369
following: 370

(a) A health care service, item, or drug that is the subject 371
of the cancer clinical trial; 372

(b) A health care service, item, or drug provided solely to 373
satisfy data collection and analysis needs for the cancer clinical 374
trial that is not used in the direct clinical management of the 375
patient; 376

(c) An investigational or experimental drug or device that 377
has not been approved for market by the United States food and 378
drug administration; 379

(d) Transportation, lodging, food, or other expenses for the 380
patient, or a family member or companion of the patient, that are 381
associated with the travel to or from a facility providing the 382
cancer clinical trial; 383

(e) An item or drug provided by the cancer clinical trial 384
sponsors free of charge for any patient; 385

(f) A service, item, or drug that is eligible for 386
reimbursement by a person other than the insurer, including the 387

sponsor of the cancer clinical trial. 388

Sec. 3923.82. (A) As used in this section, "health benefit plan" has the same meaning as in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code. 389
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(B) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the Revised Code, no health benefit plan or public employee benefit plan shall contain a provision that limits or excludes an insured's coverage under the plan for a loss or expense the insured sustains that is the result of the insured's use of alcohol or other drugs or both and the loss or expense is otherwise covered under the plan. 392
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(C) Nothing in this section shall be construed as doing either of the following: 398
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(1) Requiring coverage for the treatment of alcohol or substance abuse except as otherwise required by law; 400
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(2) Prohibiting the enforcement of an exclusion based on injuries sustained by an insured during the commission of an offense by the insured in which the insured is convicted of or pleads guilty or no contest to a felony. 402
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(D) Not later than four years after the effective date of this section, the department of insurance shall conduct an analysis of the impact of the requirements of this section on the cost of and coverage provided by health benefit plans in this state and prepare a written report of its findings from the analysis. The department shall submit the report to the governor and, in accordance with section 101.68 of the Revised Code, to the general assembly. 406
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Sec. 4731.72. (A) As used in this section: 414

(1) "Anatomic pathology services," "assignment of benefits," "histologic processing," "insurer," "physician," and "referring 415
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clinical laboratory" have the same meanings as in section 3701.86 417
of the Revised Code. 418

(2) "Professional component of an anatomic pathology service" 419
means the entire anatomic pathology service other than histologic 420
processing. 421

(3) "Technical component of an anatomic pathology service" 422
means only histologic processing. 423

(B) No physician shall present or cause to be presented a 424
claim, bill, or demand for payment for anatomic pathology services 425
to any person or entity other than the following: 426

(1) The patient who receives the services or another 427
individual, such as a parent, spouse, or guardian, who is 428
responsible for the patient's bills; 429

(2) A responsible insurer or other third-party payor of a 430
patient who receives the services; 431

(3) A hospital, public health clinic, or not-for-profit 432
health clinic ordering the services; 433

(4) A referring clinical laboratory; 434

(5) A governmental agency or any person acting on behalf of a 435
governmental agency; 436

(6) A physician who is permitted to bill for the services 437
under division (D) of this section. 438

(C) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, no 439
physician shall charge, bill, or otherwise solicit payment, 440
directly or indirectly, for anatomic pathology services unless the 441
services are personally rendered by the physician or rendered 442
under the on-site supervision of the physician. 443

(D)(1) A physician who performs the professional component of 444
an anatomic pathology service on a patient specimen may bill for 445
the amount incurred in doing either of the following: 446

(a) Having a clinical laboratory or another physician perform the technical component of the anatomic pathology service; 447
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(b) Obtaining another physician's consultation regarding the patient specimen. 449
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(2) A physician may bill for having a clinical laboratory or another physician perform an anatomic pathology service on a dermatology specimen, but only if the billing physician discloses to the person or entity being billed both of the following: 451
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(a) The name and address of the clinical laboratory or physician who performed the service; 455
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(b) The amount the billing physician was charged by or paid to the clinical laboratory or physician who performed the service. 457
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(E) A violation of division (B) or (C) of this section constitutes a reason for taking action under division (B)(20) of section 4731.22 of the Revised Code. 459
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(F) Nothing in this section shall be construed to mandate the assignment of benefits for anatomic pathology services. 462
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Section 2. That existing sections 3923.05 and 3923.80 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 464
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Section 3. That existing Section 5 of Sub. H.B. 125 of the 127th General Assembly be amended to read as follows: 466
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Sec. 5. (A) As used in this section and Section 6 of ~~this act~~ Sub. H.B. 125 of the 127th General Assembly: 468
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(1) "Most favored nation clause" means a provision in a health care contract that does any of the following: 470
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(a) Prohibits, or grants a contracting entity an option to prohibit, the participating provider from contracting with another contracting entity to provide health care services at a lower 472
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price than the payment specified in the contract; 475

(b) Requires, or grants a contracting entity an option to 476
require, the participating provider to accept a lower payment in 477
the event the participating provider agrees to provide health care 478
services to any other contracting entity at a lower price; 479

(c) Requires, or grants a contracting entity an option to 480
require, termination or renegotiation of the existing health care 481
contract in the event the participating provider agrees to provide 482
health care services to any other contracting entity at a lower 483
price; 484

(d) Requires the participating provider to disclose the 485
participating provider's contractual reimbursement rates with 486
other contracting entities. 487

(2) "Contracting entity," "health care contract," "health 488
care services," "participating provider," and "provider" have the 489
same meanings as in section 3963.01 of the Revised Code, as 490
enacted by ~~this act~~ Sub. H.B. 125 of the 127th General Assembly. 491

(B) ~~No~~ With respect to a contracting entity and a provider 492
other than a hospital, no health care contract that includes a 493
most favored nation clause shall be entered into, and no health 494
care contract at the instance of a contracting entity shall be 495
amended or renewed to include a most favored nation clause, for a 496
period of ~~two~~ three years after the effective date of ~~this act,~~ 497
~~subject to extension as provided in Section 6 of this act~~ Sub. 498
H.B. 125 of the 127th General Assembly. This 499

(C) With respect to a contracting entity and a hospital, no 500
health care contract that includes a most favored nation clause 501
shall be entered into, and no health care contract at the instance 502
of a contracting entity shall be amended or renewed to include a 503
most favored nation clause, for a period of two years after the 504
effective date of Sub. H.B. 125 of the 127th General Assembly, 505

subject to extension as provided in Section 6 of Sub. H.B. 125 of 506
the 127th General Assembly. 507

(D) This section does not apply to and does not prohibit the 508
continued use of a most favored nation clause in a health care 509
contract that is between a contracting entity and a hospital and 510
that is in existence on the effective date of ~~this act~~ Sub. H.B. 511
125 of the 127th General Assembly even if the health care contract 512
is materially amended with respect to any provision of the health 513
care contract other than the most favored nation clause during the 514
two-year period specified in this section or during any extended 515
period of time as provided in Section 6 of ~~this act~~ Sub. H.B. 125 516
of the 127th General Assembly. 517
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Section 4. That existing Section 5 of Sub. H.B. 125 of the 519
127th General Assembly is hereby repealed. 520

Section 5. Sections 3923.05 and 3923.82 of the Revised Code, 521
as amended or enacted by this act, shall apply only to health 522
benefit plans that are delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed 523
in this state on or after one hundred eighty days after the 524
effective date of this act. 525