### As Reported by the House Civil and Commercial Law Committee

## 127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

Sub. H. B. No. 499

18

#### **Representative Oelslager**

# Cosponsors: Representatives McGregor, J., Hughes, Combs, Barrett, Huffman, Mecklenborg

#### A BILL

| То | amend sec | tions 210 | 9.01, 580  | )1.01, 580 | 01.02, 5801.06, | 1 |
|----|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------------|---|
|    | 5801.10,  | 5803.02,  | 5803.03,   | 5804.02,   | 5804.11,        | 2 |
|    | 5804.13,  | 5804.14,  | 5804.17,   | 5805.01,   | 5805.03,        | 3 |
|    | 5806.01,  | 5806.02,  | 5806.03,   | 5806.04,   | 5808.13,        | 4 |
|    | 5808.14,  | 5808.16,  | 5810.05,   | 5810.11,   | 5810.13, and    | 5 |
|    | 5815.35,  | to enact  | section 5  | 5801.11, a | and to repeal   | 6 |
|    | section 2 | 109.022   | of the Rev | rised Code | e to modify the | 7 |
|    | Ohio Trus | t Code ar | nd the Fid | Buciary La | W.              | 8 |

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

| Section 1. That sections 2109.01, 5801.01, 5801.02, 5801.06,       | 9  |
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| 5801.10, 5803.02, 5803.03, 5804.02, 5804.11, 5804.13, 5804.14,     | 10 |
| 5804.17, 5805.01, 5805.03, 5806.01, 5806.02, 5806.03, 5806.04,     | 11 |
| 5808.13, 5808.14, 5808.16, 5810.05, 5810.11, 5810.13, and 5815.35  | 12 |
| be amended and section 5801.11 of the Revised Code be enacted to   | 13 |
| read as follows:   | 14 |
|  |    |
| Sec. 2109.01. "Fiduciary," as used in Chapters 2101. to 2131.      | 15 |
| of the Revised Code, except as provided in section 2109.022 of the | 16 |
| Revised Code, means any person, other than an assignee or trustee  | 17 |
|  |    |

for an insolvent debtor or a guardian under sections 5905.01 to

| 5905.19 of the Revised Code, appointed by and accountable to the | 19 |
|--|----|
| probate court and acting in a fiduciary capacity for any person, | 20 |
| or charged with duties in relation to any property, interest,    | 21 |
| trust, or estate for the benefit of another; and includes an     | 22 |
| agency under contract with the department of mental retardation  | 23 |
| and developmental disabilities for the provision of protective   | 24 |
| service under sections 5123.55 to 5123.59 of the Revised Code,   | 25 |
| appointed by and accountable to the probate court as guardian or | 26 |
| trustee with respect to mentally retarded or developmentally     | 27 |
| disabled persons.  | 28 |

- **Sec. 5801.01.** As used in Chapters 5801. to 5811. of the 29 Revised Code:
- (A) "Action," with respect to an act of a trustee, includes a 31 failure to act.
- (B) "Ascertainable standard" means a standard relating to an individual's health, education, support, or maintenance within the meaning of section 2041(b)(1)(A) or 2514(c)(1) of the Internal 35 Revenue Code.
- (C) "Beneficiary" means a person that has a present or future 37 beneficial interest in a trust, whether vested or contingent, or 38 that, in a capacity other than that of trustee, holds a power of 39 appointment over trust property, or a charitable organization that 40 is expressly designated in the terms of the trust to receive 41 distributions. "Beneficiary" does not include any charitable 42 organization that is not expressly designated in the terms of the 43 trust to receive distributions, but to whom the trustee may in its 44 discretion make distributions. 45
- (D) "Beneficiary surrogate" means a person, other than a 46 trustee, designated by the settlor in the trust instrument to 47 receive notices, information, and reports otherwise required to be 48 provided to a current beneficiary under divisions (B)(8) and (9) 49

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| of section 5801.04 of the Revised Code.                            | 50 |
|--|----|
| (E) "Charitable trust" means a trust, or portion of a trust,       | 51 |
| created for a charitable purpose described in division (A) of      | 52 |
| section 5804.05 of the Revised Code.                               | 53 |
| (F) "Current beneficiary" means a beneficiary that, on the         | 54 |
| date the beneficiary's qualification is determined, is a           | 55 |
| distributee or permissible distributee of trust income or          | 56 |
| principal.   | 57 |
| (G) "Environmental law" means a federal, state, or local law,      | 58 |
| rule, regulation, or ordinance relating to protection of the       | 59 |
| environment.   | 60 |
| (H) "Guardian of the estate" means a guardian appointed by a       | 61 |
| court to administer the estate of any individual or to serve as    | 62 |
| conservator of the property of an individual eighteen years of age | 63 |
| or older under section 2111.021 of the Revised Code.               | 64 |
| (I) "Guardian of the person" means a guardian appointed by a       | 65 |
| court to make decisions regarding the support, care, education,    | 66 |
| health, and welfare of any individual or to serve as conservator   | 67 |
| of the person of an individual eighteen years of age or older      | 68 |
| under section 2111.021 of the Revised Code. "Guardian of the       | 69 |
| person" does not include a guardian ad litem.                      | 70 |
| (J) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue Code       | 71 |
| of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1 et seq., as amended.         | 72 |
| (K) "Interests of the beneficiaries" means the beneficial          | 73 |
| interests provided in the terms of the trust.                      | 74 |
| (L) "Jurisdiction," with respect to a geographic area,             | 75 |
| includes a state or country.                                       | 76 |
| (M) "Mandatory distribution" means a distribution of income        | 77 |
| or principal, including a distribution upon termination of the     | 78 |
| trust, that the trustee is required to make to a beneficiary under | 79 |

| the terms of the trust. Mandatory distributions do not include     | 80  |
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| distributions that a trustee is directed or authorized to make     | 81  |
| pursuant to a support or other standard, regardless of whether the | 82  |
| terms of the trust provide that the trustee "may" or "shall" make  | 83  |
| the distributions pursuant to a support or other standard.         | 84  |
| (N) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business            | 85  |
| trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company,      | 86  |
| association, joint venture, government, governmental agency or     | 87  |
| instrumentality, public corporation, or any other legal or         | 88  |
| commercial entity.   | 89  |
| (0) "Power of withdrawal" means a presently exercisable            | 90  |
| general power of appointment other than a power exercisable by a   | 91  |
| trustee that is limited by an ascertainable standard or that is    | 92  |
| exercisable by another person only upon consent of the trustee or  | 93  |
| a person holding an adverse interest.                              | 94  |
| (P) "Property" means anything or any interest in anything          | 95  |
| that may be the subject of ownership.                              | 96  |
| (Q) "Qualified beneficiary" means a beneficiary to whom, on        | 97  |
| the date the beneficiary's qualification is determined, any of the | 98  |
| following applies:   | 99  |
| (1) The beneficiary is a distributee or permissible                | 100 |
| distributee of trust income or principal.                          | 101 |
| (2) The beneficiary would be a distributee or permissible          | 102 |
| distributee of trust income or principal if the interests of the   | 103 |
| distributees described in division (Q)(1) of this section          | 104 |
| terminated on that date, but the termination of those interests    | 105 |
| would not cause the trust to terminate.                            | 106 |
| (3) The beneficiary would be a distributee or permissible          | 107 |
| distributee of trust income or principal if the trust terminated   | 108 |
| on that date.  | 109 |

- (R) "Revocable," as applied to a trust, means revocable at 110 the time of determination by the settlor alone or by the settlor 111 with the consent of any person other than a person holding an 112 adverse interest. A trust's characterization as revocable is not 113 affected by the settlor's lack of capacity to exercise the power 114 of revocation, regardless of whether an agent of the settlor under 115 a power of attorney, or a guardian of the person or estate of the 116 settlor, is serving. 117 (S) "Settlor" means a person, including a testator, who 118 creates, or contributes property to, a trust. If more than one 119
- (S) "Settlor" means a person, including a testator, who 118 creates, or contributes property to, a trust. If more than one 119 person creates or contributes property to a trust, each person is 120 a settlor of the portion of the trust property attributable to 121 that person's contribution except to the extent another person has 122 the power to revoke or withdraw that portion. 123
- (T) "Spendthrift provision" means a term of a trust that 124 restrains both voluntary and involuntary transfer of a 125 beneficiary's interest.
- (U) "State" means a state of the United States, the District 127 of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, a territory or 128 possession of the United States, or an Indian tribe or band 129 recognized by federal law or formally acknowledged by a state. 130
- (V) "Terms of a trust" means the manifestation of the 131 settlor's intent regarding a trust's provisions as expressed in 132 the trust instrument or as may be established by other evidence 133 that would be admissible in a judicial proceeding. 134
- (W) "Trust instrument" means an instrument executed by the 135
  settlor that contains terms of the trust and any amendments to 136
  that instrument.
- (X) "Trustee" includes an original, additional, and successor 138 trustee and a cotrustee.
  - (Y)(1) "Wholly discretionary trust" means a trust to which 140

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| all of the following apply:   | 141        |
| (a) The trust is irrevocable.   | 142        |
| (b) Distributions of income or principal from the trust may                       | 143        |
| or shall be made to or for the benefit of the beneficiary only at                 | 144        |
| the trustee's discretion.   | 145        |
| (c) The beneficiary does not have a power of withdrawal from the trust.           | 146<br>147 |
| (d) The terms of the trust use "sole," "absolute,"                                | 148        |
| "uncontrolled," or language of similar import to describe the                     | 149        |
| trustee's discretion to make distributions to or for the benefit                  | 150        |
| of the beneficiary.   | 151        |
| (e) The terms of the trust do not provide any standards to                        | 152        |
| guide the trustee in exercising its discretion to make                            | 153        |
| distributions to or for the benefit of the beneficiary.                           | 154        |
| (f) The beneficiary is not the settlor, the trustee, or a                         | 155        |
| cotrustee.  | 156        |
| (g) The beneficiary does not have the power to become the                         | 157        |
| trustee or a cotrustee.   | 158        |
| (2) A trust may be a wholly discretionary trust with respect                      | 159        |
| to one or more but less than all beneficiaries.                                   | 160        |
| (3) If a beneficiary has a power of withdrawal, the trust may                     | 161        |
| be a wholly discretionary trust with respect to that beneficiary                  | 162        |
| during any period in which the beneficiary may not exercise the                   | 163        |
| power. During a period in which the beneficiary may exercise the                  | 164        |
| power, both of the following apply:   | 165        |
| (a) The portion of the trust the beneficiary may withdraw may                     | 166        |
| not be a wholly discretionary trust with respect to that                          | 167        |
| beneficiary;  | 168        |
| (b) The portion of the trust the beneficiary may not withdraw                     | 169        |
| may be a wholly discretionary trust with respect to that                          | 170        |

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| beneficiary.   | 171 |
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| (4) If the beneficiary and one or more others have made            | 172 |
| contributions to the trust, the portion of the trust attributable  | 173 |
| to the beneficiary's contributions may not be a wholly             | 174 |
| discretionary trust with respect to that beneficiary, but the      | 175 |
| portion of the trust attributable to the contributions of others   | 176 |
| may be a wholly discretionary trust with respect to that           | 177 |
| beneficiary. If a beneficiary has a power of withdrawal, then upon | 178 |
| the lapse, release, or waiver of the power, the beneficiary is     | 179 |
| treated as having made contributions to the trust only to the      | 180 |
| extent the value of the property affected by the lapse, release,   | 181 |
| or waiver exceeds the greatest of the following amounts:           | 182 |
| (a) The amount specified in section 2041(b)(2) or 2514(e) of       | 183 |
| the Internal Revenue Code;   | 184 |
| (b) If the donor of the property subject to the beneficiary's      | 185 |
| power of withdrawal is not married at the time of the transfer of  | 186 |
| the property to the trust, the amount specified in section 2503(b) | 187 |
| of the Internal Revenue Code;                                      | 188 |
| (c) If the donor of the property subject to the beneficiary's      | 189 |
| power of withdrawal is married at the time of the transfer of the  | 190 |
| property to the trust, twice the amount specified in section       | 191 |
| 2503(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.                              | 192 |
| (5) Notwithstanding divisions (Y)(1)(f) and (g) of this            | 193 |
| section, a trust may be a wholly discretionary trust if the        | 194 |
| beneficiary is, or has the power to become, a trustee only with    | 195 |
| respect to the management or the investment of the trust assets,   | 196 |
| and not with respect to making discretionary distribution          | 197 |
| decisions. With respect to a trust established for the benefit of  | 198 |
| an individual who is blind or disabled as defined in 42 U.S.C.     | 199 |
| 1382c(a)(2) or (3), as amended, a wholly discretionary trust may   | 200 |
| include either or both of the following:                           | 201 |

instrument;

objective of the trust;

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| investment of income or principal held by the trustee, or other                        | 261 |
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| matters. The agreement is valid only to the extent that it does                        | 262 |
| may not effect a termination of the trust before the date                              | 263 |
| specified for the trust's termination in the terms of the trust                        | 264 |
| instrument, does not change the interests of the beneficiaries in                      | 265 |
| the trust except as necessary to effect a modification described                       | 266 |
| in division (C)(5) or (6) of this section, and includes or include                     | 267 |
| terms and conditions that could <u>not</u> be properly approved by the                 | 268 |
| court under Chapters 5801. to 5811. of the Revised Code or other                       | 269 |
| applicable law. The invalidity of any provision of the agreement                       | 270 |
| does not affect the validity of other provisions of the agreement.                     | 271 |
| Matters that may be resolved by a private settlement agreement                         | 272 |
| include, but are not limited to, all of the following:                                 | 273 |
| (1) Determining classes of creditors, beneficiaries, heirs,                            | 274 |
| next of kin, or other persons;   | 275 |
| (2) Resolving disputes arising out of the administration or                            | 276 |
| distribution under the terms of the trust instrument, including                        | 277 |
| disputes over the construction of the language of the trust                            | 278 |
| instrument or construction of the language of other writings that                      | 279 |
| affect the <u>terms of the</u> trust <del>instrument</del> ;                           | 280 |
| (3) Granting to the trustee necessary or desirable powers not                          | 281 |
| granted in the terms of the trust instrument or otherwise provided                     | 282 |
| by law, to the extent that those powers either are not                                 | 283 |
| inconsistent with the express provisions or purposes of the $\underline{\text{terms}}$ | 284 |
| of the trust instrument or, if inconsistent with the express                           | 285 |
| provisions or purposes of the terms of the trust instrument, are                       | 286 |
| necessary for the due administration of the terms of the trust                         | 287 |

(4) Modifying the <u>terms of the</u> trust <del>instrument</del>, if the

modification is not inconsistent with any dominant purpose or

| (5) Modifying the $\underline{\text{terms of the}}$ trust $\underline{\text{instrument}}$ in the manner | 292 |
|---|-----|
| required to qualify the gift under the terms of the trust   | 293 |
| instrument for the charitable estate or gift tax deduction  | 294 |
| permitted by federal law, including the addition of mandatory   | 295 |
| governing instrument requirements for a charitable remainder trust                                      | 296 |
| as required by the Internal Revenue Code and regulations  | 297 |
| promulgated under it in any case in which all parties interested  | 298 |
| in the trust have submitted written agreements to the proposed  | 299 |
| changes or written disclaimer of interest;  | 300 |
| (6) Modifying the terms of the trust instrument in the manner   | 301 |
| required to qualify any gift under the terms of the trust   | 302 |
| instrument for the estate tax marital deduction available to  | 303 |
| noncitizen spouses, including the addition of mandatory governing                                       | 304 |
| instrument requirements for a qualified domestic trust under  | 305 |
| section 2056A of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations  | 306 |
| promulgated under it in any case in which all parties interested  | 307 |
| in the trust have submitted written agreements to the proposed  | 308 |
| changes or written disclaimer of interest;  | 309 |
| (7) Resolving any other matter that arises under Chapters   | 310 |
| 5801. to 5811. of the Revised Code.   | 311 |
| (D) No agreement shall be entered into under this section   | 312 |
| affecting the rights of a creditor without the creditor's consent                                       | 313 |
| or affecting the collection rights of federal, state, or local  | 314 |
| taxing authorities.   | 315 |
| (E) Any agreement entered into under this section that  | 316 |
| complies with the requirements of division (C) of this section  | 317 |
| shall be final and binding on the trustee, the settlor if living,                                       | 318 |
| all beneficiaries, creditors who are parties to the agreement, and                                      | 319 |
| their heirs, successors, and assigns.   | 320 |
| (F) Notwithstanding anything in this section, in division (D)   | 321 |

of section 5803.03 of the Revised Code, or in any other rule of

| law to the contrary, a trustee serving under the terms of the          | 323 |
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| trust <del>instrument</del> shall only represent its own individual or | 324 |
| corporate interests in negotiating or entering into an agreement       | 325 |
| subject to this section. No trustee serving under the terms of the     | 326 |
| trust instrument shall be considered to represent any settlor,         | 327 |
| beneficiary, or the interests of any settlor or beneficiary in         | 328 |
| negotiating or entering into an agreement subject to this section.     | 329 |
| (G) Any party to a private settlement agreement entered into           | 330 |
| under this section may request the court to approve the agreement,     | 331 |
| to determine whether the representation as provided in Chapter         | 332 |
| 5803. of the Revised Code was adequate, and to determine whether       | 333 |
| the agreement contains terms and conditions the court could have       | 334 |
| properly approved.   | 335 |
| (H) If an agreement entered into under this section contains           | 336 |
| a provision requiring binding arbitration of any disputes arising      | 337 |
| under the agreement, the provision is enforceable.                     | 338 |
| (I) Nothing in this section affects any of the following:              | 339 |
| (1) The right of a beneficiary to disclaim under section               | 340 |
| 5815.36 of the Revised Code;   | 341 |
| (2) The termination or modification of a trust under section           | 342 |
| 5804.10, 5804.11, 5804.12, 5804.13, 5804.14, 5804.15, or 5804.16       | 343 |
| of the Revised Code;   | 344 |
| (3) The ability of a trustee to divide or consolidate a trust          | 345 |
| under section 5804.17 of the Revised Code.                             | 346 |
| (J) Nothing in this section restricts or limits the                    | 347 |
| jurisdiction of any court to dispose of matters not covered by         | 348 |
| agreements under this section or to supervise the acts of trustees     | 349 |
| appointed by that court.   | 350 |
| (K) This section shall be liberally construed to favor the             | 351 |

validity and enforceability of agreements entered into under it.

between the holder of a general testamentary power of appointment

| and the persons represented with respect to the particular                | 382 |
|---|-----|
| question or dispute, the holder may represent and bind persons            | 383 |
| whose interests, as permissible appointees, takers in default, or         | 384 |
| otherwise, are subject to the power. <u>The rights of the holder of a</u> | 385 |
| presently exercisable general power of appointment are governed by        | 386 |
| section 5806.03 of the Revised Code.                                      | 387 |
|   |     |
| Sec. 5803.03. To the extent there is no conflict of interest              | 388 |
| between the representative and the person represented or among            | 389 |
| those being represented with respect to a particular question or          | 390 |
| dispute, all of the following apply:                                      | 391 |
| (A) A guardian of the estate may represent and bind the                   | 392 |
| estate that the guardian of the estate controls.                          | 393 |
| (B) A guardian of the person may represent and bind the ward              | 394 |
| if a guardian of the estate has not been appointed.                       | 395 |
| (C) An agent having authority to act with respect to the                  | 396 |
| particular question or dispute may represent and bind the                 | 397 |
| principal.  | 398 |
| (D) Except as provided in division (F) of section 5801.10 of              | 399 |
| the Revised Code, a trustee may represent and bind the                    | 400 |
| beneficiaries of the trust.   | 401 |
| (E) A personal representative of a decedent's estate may                  | 402 |
| represent and bind persons interested in the estate.                      | 403 |
| (F) A parent may represent and bind the parent's minor or                 | 404 |
| unborn child if neither a guardian for the child's estate or a            | 405 |
| guardian of the person has been appointed. <u>If a minor or unborn</u>    | 406 |
| child is not represented by a parent under this division, another         | 407 |
| person may represent and bind the minor or unborn child under             | 408 |
| section 5803.04 of the Revised Code if the requirements of that           | 409 |
|   |     |

section are met.

| Sec. 5804.02. (A) A trust is created only if all of the                  | 411 |
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| following apply:   | 412 |
| (1) The settlor of the trust, other than the settlor of a                | 413 |
| trust created by a court order, has capacity to create a trust.          | 414 |
| (2) The settlor of the trust, other than the settlor of a                | 415 |
| trust created by a court order, indicates an intention to create         | 416 |
| the trust.   | 417 |
| (3) The trust has a definite beneficiary or is one of the                | 418 |
| following:   | 419 |
| (a) A charitable trust;  | 420 |
| (b) A trust for the care of an animal, as provided in section            | 421 |
| 5804.08 of the Revised Code;   | 422 |
| (c) A trust for a noncharitable purpose, as provided in                  | 423 |
| section 5804.09 of the Revised Code.                                     | 424 |
| (4) The trustee has duties to perform.                                   | 425 |
| (5) The same person is not the sole trustee and sole                     | 426 |
| beneficiary.   | 427 |
| (B) A beneficiary is definite if the beneficiary can be                  | 428 |
| ascertained now or in the future, subject to any applicable rule         | 429 |
| against perpetuities.  | 430 |
| (C) A power in a trustee or other person to select a                     | 431 |
| beneficiary from an indefinite class is valid. If the power is not       | 432 |
| exercised within a reasonable time, the power fails, and the             | 433 |
| property subject to the power passes to the persons who would have       | 434 |
| taken the property had the power not been conferred.                     | 435 |
| (D) A trust is valid regardless of the existence, size, or               | 436 |
| character of the corpus of the trust. This division applies to any       | 437 |
| trust <u>instrument</u> that was executed prior to, or is executed on or | 438 |
| after, <del>the effective date of Chapters 5801. to 5811. of the</del>   | 439 |

#### Revised Code January 1, 2007.

(E) A trust is not invalid because a person, including, but 441 not limited to, the creator of the trust, is or may become the 442 sole trustee and the sole holder of the present beneficial 443 enjoyment of the corpus of the trust, provided that one or more 444 other persons hold a vested, contingent, or expectant interest 445 relative to the enjoyment of the corpus of the trust upon the 446 cessation of the present beneficial enjoyment. A merger of the 447 448 legal and equitable titles to the corpus of a trust described in this division does not occur in its creator, and, notwithstanding 449 any contrary provision of Chapter 2107. of the Revised Code, the 450 trust is not a testamentary trust that is required to comply with 451 that chapter in order for its corpus to be legally distributed to 452 other beneficiaries in accordance with the provisions of the trust 453 upon the cessation of the present beneficial enjoyment. This 454 division applies to any trust that satisfies the provisions of 455 this division, whether the trust was executed prior to, on, or 456 after October 10, 1991. 457

Sec. 5804.11. (A) If upon petition the court finds that the 458 settlor and all beneficiaries consent to the modification or 459 termination of a noncharitable irrevocable trust, that all 460 consents, including any given by representatives under Chapter 461 5803. of the Revised Code, are valid, and that all parties giving 462 consent are competent to do so, the court shall enter an order 463 approving the modification or termination even if the modification 464 or termination is inconsistent with a material purpose of the 465 trust. An agent under a power of attorney may exercise a settlor's 466 power to consent to a trust's modification or termination only to 467 the extent expressly authorized by both the power of attorney and 468 the terms of the trust. The settlor's guardian of the estate may 469 exercise a settlor's power to consent to a trust's modification or 470 termination with the approval of the court supervising the 471

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guardianship if an agent is not so authorized. The guardian of the 472 settlor's person may exercise a settlor's power to consent to a 473 trust's modification or termination with the approval of the court 474 supervising the guardianship if an agent is not so authorized and 475 a guardian of the estate has not been appointed. This division 476 applies only to irrevocable trusts created on or after the 477 effective date of Chapters 5801. to 5811. of the Revised Code and 478 to revocable trusts that become irrevocable on or after the 479 effective date of Chapters 5801. to 5811. of the Revised Code. 480 This division does not apply to a noncharitable irrevocable trust 481 described in 42 U.S.C. 1396p(d)(4). 482

(B) A noncharitable irrevocable trust may be terminated upon 484 consent of all of the beneficiaries if the court concludes that 485 continuance of the trust is not necessary to achieve any material 486 purpose of the trust. A noncharitable irrevocable trust may be 487 modified, but not to remove or replace the trustee, upon consent 488 of all of the beneficiaries if the court concludes that 489 modification is not inconsistent with a material purpose of the 490 trust. A spendthrift provision in the terms of the trust may, but 491 is not presumed to, constitute a material purpose of the trust. 492

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- (C) Upon termination of a trust under division (A) or (B) of 493 this section, the trustee shall distribute the trust property as 494 agreed by the beneficiaries. 495
- (D) If not all of the beneficiaries consent to a proposed 496 modification or termination of the trust under division (A) or (B) 497 of this section, the court may approve the modification or 498 termination if the court is satisfied of both of the following: 499
- (1) That if all of the beneficiaries had consented, the trust could have been modified or terminated under this section;
  - (2) That the interests of a beneficiary who does not consent 502

organizations as qualified beneficiaries;

- (b) A charitable trust the terms of which authorize or direct the trustee to distribute trust income or principal to one or more charitable organizations to be selected by the trustee, or for one or more charitable purposes described in division (A) of section 5804.05 of the Revised Code, if any of the following apply:
- (i) The distributions may be made on the date that the trust 538 would be terminated under division (A)(1) of this section. 539
- (ii) The distributions could be made on the date that the trust would be terminated under division (A)(1) of this section if the interests of the current beneficiaries of the trust terminated on that date, but the termination of those interests would not cause the trust to terminate.
- (iii) The distributions could be made on the date that the 545 trust would be terminated under division (A)(1) of this section, 546 if the trust terminated on that date but not under that division. 547
- (B) If an inter vivos trust consists of trust property having 548 a total value of less than one hundred thousand dollars, the court 549 may modify or terminate the trust or remove the trustee and 550 appoint a different trustee if it determines that the value of the 551 trust property is insufficient to justify the cost of 552 administration.
- (C) Upon the termination of a trust pursuant to division

  (A)(1) of this section, the trustee shall distribute the trust estate in accordance with any provision specified in the terms of the trust instrument for the premature termination of the trust.

  If there is no provision of that nature in the terms of the trust instrument, the trustee shall distribute the trust estate among the beneficiaries of the trust in accordance with their respective beneficial interests and in a manner that the trustee determines to be equitable. For purposes of distributing the trust estate

achievement of the purposes of the trust.

- Sec. 5805.01. (A) A spendthrift provision is valid only if it
  restrains both voluntary and involuntary transfer of a
  595
  beneficiary's interest or if it restrains involuntary transfer of
  a beneficiary's interest and permits voluntary transfer of a
  597
  beneficiary's interest only with the consent of a trustee who is
  598
  not the beneficiary.
  599
- (B) A term of a trust providing that the interest of a 600 beneficiary is held subject to a "spendthrift trust," or words of 601 similar import, is sufficient to restrain both voluntary and 602 involuntary transfer of the beneficiary's interest. 603
- (C) A beneficiary may not transfer an interest in a trust in violation of a valid spendthrift provision and, except as otherwise provided in this chapter and in section 5810.04 of the Revised Code, a creditor or assignee of the beneficiary may not reach the interest or a distribution by the trustee before its receipt by the beneficiary. Real property or tangible personal property that is owned by the trust but that is made available for a beneficiary's use or occupancy in accordance with the trustee's authority under the terms of the trust instrument shall not be considered to have been distributed by the trustee or received by the beneficiary for purposes of allowing a creditor or assignee of the beneficiary to reach the property.
- Sec. 5805.03. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in 616 division (B) of section 5805.02 of the Revised Code, no creditor 617 or assignee of a beneficiary of a wholly discretionary trust may 618 reach the beneficiary's interest in the trust, or a distribution 619 by the trustee before its receipt by the beneficiary, whether by 620 attachment of present or future distributions to or for the 621 benefit of the beneficiary, by judicial sale, by obtaining an 622

| order compelling the trustee to make distributions from the trust,           | 623 |
|--|-----|
| or by any other means, regardless of whether the terms of the                | 624 |
| trust <del>instrument includes</del> <u>include</u> a spendthrift provision. | 625 |
|  |     |
| Sec. 5806.01. The capacity of a settlor required to create,                  | 626 |
| amend, revoke, or add property to a revocable trust, or to direct            | 627 |
| the actions of the trustee of a revocable trust, is the same as              | 628 |
| that required to make a will.  | 629 |
| Sec. 5806.02. (A) Unless the terms of a trust expressly                      | 630 |
| provide that the trust is irrevocable, the settlor may revoke or             | 631 |
| amend the trust. This division does not apply to a trust created             | 632 |
| under an instrument executed before the effective date of this               | 633 |
| section January 1, 2007.   | 634 |
| (B) If a revocable trust is created or funded by more than                   | 635 |
| one settlor, all of the following apply:                                     | 636 |
|  |     |
| (1) To the extent the trust consists of community property,                  | 637 |
| either spouse acting alone may revoke the trust, but the trust may           | 638 |
| be amended only by joint action of both spouses.                             | 639 |
| (2) To the extent the trust consists of property other than                  | 640 |
| community property, each settlor may revoke or amend the trust               | 641 |
| with regard to the portion of the trust property attributable to             | 642 |
| that settlor's contribution.   | 643 |
| (3) Upon the revocation or amendment of the trust by less                    | 644 |
| than all of the settlors, the trustee shall promptly notify the              | 645 |
| other settlors of the revocation or amendment.                               | 646 |
| (C) The settlor may revoke or amend a revocable trust by                     | 647 |
| substantial compliance with a method provided in the terms of the            | 648 |
| trust or, if the terms of the trust do not provide a method, by              | 649 |
| any other method manifesting clear and convincing evidence of the            | 650 |
| settlor's intent, provided that a revocable trust may not be                 | 651 |

| revoked or amended by a will or codicil, regardless of whether it  |
|--|
| refers to the trust or specifically devises property that would    |
| otherwise have passed according to the terms of the trust unless   |
| the terms of the trust expressly allow it to be revoked or amended |
| by a will or codicil.  |

- (D) Upon revocation of a revocable trust, the trustee shall 657 deliver the trust property as the settlor directs. 658
- (E) An agent under a power of attorney may exercise a 659 settlor's powers with respect to revocation, amendment, or 660 distribution of trust property only to the extent expressly 661 authorized by both the terms of the trust and the power. 662
- (F) A guardian of the estate of the settlor or, if no 663 guardian of the estate has been appointed, a guardian of the 664 person of the settlor may exercise a settlor's powers with respect 665 to revocation, amendment, or distribution of trust property only 666 with the approval of the court supervising the guardianship. 667
- (G) A trustee who does not know that a trust has been revoked or amended is not liable to the settlor or settlor's successors in 669 interest for distributions made and other actions taken on the assumption that the trust had not been amended or revoked. 671
- Sec. 5806.03. (A) During the lifetime of the settlor of a 672 revocable trust, whether or not the settlor has capacity to revoke 673 the trust, the rights of the beneficiaries are subject to the 674 control of the settlor, and the duties of the trustee, including 675 the duties to inform and report under section 5808.13 of the 676 Revised Code, are owed exclusively to, the settlor. If the trustee 677 breaches its duty during the lifetime of the settlor, any recovery 678 obtained from the trustee after the settlor becomes incapacitated 679 or dies shall be apportioned by the court. If the settlor is 680 living when the recovery is obtained, the court shall apportion 681 the recovery between the settlor and the trust, or allocate the 682

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| entire recovery to the settlor or the trust, as it determines to   | 683 |
|--|-----|
| be equitable under the circumstances. If the settlor is not living | 684 |
| when the recovery is obtained, the court shall apportion the       | 685 |
| recovery between the settlor's estate and the trust, or allocate   | 686 |
| the entire recovery to the settlor's estate or the trust, as it    | 687 |
| determines to be equitable under the circumstances.                | 688 |
| (B) During the period the power may be exercised, the holder       | 689 |
| of a power of withdrawal has the rights of a settlor of a          | 690 |
| revocable trust under this section to the extent of the property   | 691 |
| subject to the power.  | 692 |
|  |     |
| Sec. 5806.04. (A) Any of the following actions pertaining to       | 693 |
| a revocable trust that is made irrevocable by the death of the     | 694 |
| settlor of the trust shall be commenced within by the earlier of   | 695 |
| the date that is two years after the date of the death of the      | 696 |
| settlor of the trust or that is six months from the date on which  | 697 |
| the trustee sends the person bringing the action a copy of the     | 698 |
| trust instrument and a notice informing the person of the trust's  | 699 |
| existence, of the trustee's name and address, and of the time      | 700 |
| allowed under this division for commencing an action:              | 701 |
| (1) An action to contest the validity of the trust;                | 702 |
| (2) An action to contest the validity of any amendment to the      | 703 |
| trust that was made during the lifetime of the settlor of the      | 704 |
| trust;   | 705 |
| (3) An action to contest the revocation of the trust during        | 706 |
| the lifetime of the settlor of the trust;                          | 707 |
| (4) An action to contest the validity of any transfer made to      | 708 |
| the trust during the lifetime of the settlor of the trust.         | 709 |
| (B) Upon the death of the settlor of a revocable trust that        | 710 |

was made irrevocable by the death of the settlor, the trustee,

without liability, may proceed to distribute the trust property in

(B) A trustee shall do all of the following:

- (1) Upon the request of a beneficiary, promptly furnish to 743 the beneficiary a copy of the trust instrument. Unless the 744 beneficiary expressly requests a copy of the entire trust 745 instrument, the trustee may furnish to the beneficiary a copy of a 746 redacted trust instrument that includes only those provisions of 747 the trust instrument that the trustee determines are relevant to 748 the beneficiary's interest in the trust. If the beneficiary 749 requests a copy of the entire trust instrument after receiving a 750 copy of a redacted trust instrument, the trustee shall furnish a 751 copy of the entire trust instrument to the beneficiary. If the 752 settlor of a revocable trust that has become irrevocable has 753 completely restated the terms of the trust, the trust instrument 754 furnished by the trustee shall be the restated trust instrument, 755 including any amendments to the restated trust instrument. Nothing 756 in division (B)(1) of this section limits the ability of a 757 beneficiary to obtain a copy of the original trust instrument, any 758 other restatements of the original trust instrument, or amendments 759 to the original trust instrument and any other restatements of the 760 original trust instrument in a judicial proceeding with respect to 761 the trust. 762
- (2) Within sixty days after accepting a trusteeship, notify
   763
   the current beneficiaries of the acceptance and of the trustee's
   764
   name, address, and telephone number;
   765
- (3) Within sixty days after the date the trustee acquires 766 knowledge of the creation of an irrevocable trust, or the date the 767 trustee acquires knowledge that a formerly revocable trust has 768 become irrevocable, whether by the death of the settlor or 769 otherwise, notify the current beneficiaries of the trust's 770 existence, of the identity of the settlor or settlors, of the 771 right to request a copy of the trust instrument, and of the right 772 to a trustee's report as provided in division (C) of this section; 773
  - (4) Notify the current beneficiaries in advance of any change 774

settlor.

805

in the method or rate of the trustee's compensation. 775 (C) A trustee of a trust that has a fiscal year ending on or 776 after January 1, 2007, shall send to the current beneficiaries, 777 and to other beneficiaries who request it, at least annually and 778 at the termination of the trust, a report of the trust property, 779 liabilities, receipts, and disbursements, including the source and 780 amount of the trustee's compensation, a listing of the trust 781 assets, and, if feasible, the trust assets' respective market 782 values. Upon a vacancy in a trusteeship, unless a cotrustee 783 remains in office, a report for the period during which the former 784 trustee served must be sent to the current beneficiaries by the 785 former trustee. A personal representative or guardian may send the 786 current beneficiaries a report on behalf of a deceased or 787 incapacitated trustee. 788 (D) A beneficiary may waive the right to a trustee's report 789 or other information otherwise required to be furnished under this 790 section. A beneficiary, with respect to future reports and other 791 information, may withdraw a waiver previously given. 792 (E) The trustee may provide information and reports to 793 beneficiaries to whom the provided information and reports are not 794 required to be provided under this section. 795 (F) Divisions (B)(2) and (3) of this section apply only to a 796 trustee who accepts a trusteeship on or after the effective date 797 of this section January 1, 2007, to an irrevocable trust created 798 on or after the effective date of this section January 1, 2007, 799 and to a revocable trust that becomes irrevocable on or after the 800 effective date of this section January 1, 2007. 801 (G) During the lifetime of the settlor of a revocable trust, 802 whether or not the settlor has capacity to revoke the trust, the 803 trustee's duties under this section are owed exclusively to the 804

| Sec. 5808.14. (A) The judicial standard of review for              | 806 |
|--|-----|
| discretionary trusts is that the trustee shall exercise a          | 807 |
| discretionary power reasonably, in good faith, and in accordance   | 808 |
| with the terms and purposes of the trust and the interests of the  | 809 |
| beneficiaries, except that with respect to distribution decisions  | 810 |
| a reasonableness standard shall not be applied to the exercise of  | 811 |
| discretion by the trustee of a wholly discretionary trust. The     | 812 |
| greater the grant of discretion by the settlor to the trustee, the | 813 |
| broader the range of permissible conduct by the trustee in         | 814 |
| exercising it.   | 815 |
| (B) Subject to division (D) of this section, and unless the        | 816 |
| terms of the trust expressly indicate that a rule in this division | 817 |
| does not apply:  | 818 |
| (1) A person other than a settlor who is a beneficiary and         | 819 |
| trustee of a trust that confers on the trustee a power to make     | 820 |
| discretionary distributions to or for the trustee's personal       | 821 |
| benefit may exercise the power only in accordance with an          | 822 |
| ascertainable standard.  | 823 |
| (2) A trustee may not exercise a power to make discretionary       | 824 |
| distributions to satisfy a legal obligation of support that the    | 825 |
| trustee personally owes another person.                            | 826 |
| (C) A power whose exercise is limited or prohibited by             | 827 |
| division (B) of this section may be exercised by a majority of the | 828 |
| remaining trustees whose exercise of the power is not so limited   | 829 |
| or prohibited. If the power of all trustees is so limited or       | 830 |
| prohibited, the court may appoint a special fiduciary with         | 831 |
| authority to exercise the power.                                   | 832 |
| (D) Division (B) of this section does not apply to any of the      | 833 |
| following:   | 834 |

(1) A power held by the settlor's spouse who is the trustee

| (G) With respect to stocks or other securities, exercise the       | 865 |
|--|-----|
| rights of an absolute owner, including the right to do any of the  | 866 |
| following:   | 867 |
| (1) Vote, or give proxies to vote, with or without power of        | 868 |
| substitution, or enter into or continue a voting trust agreement;  | 869 |
| (2) Hold a security in the name of a nominee or in other form      | 870 |
| without disclosure of the trust so that title may pass by          | 871 |
| delivery;  | 872 |
| (3) Pay calls, assessments, and other sums chargeable or           | 873 |
| accruing against the securities and sell or exercise stock         | 874 |
| subscription or conversion rights;                                 | 875 |
| (4) Deposit the securities with a depositary or other              | 876 |
| regulated financial-service institution.                           | 877 |
| (H) With respect to an interest in real property, construct,       | 878 |
| or make ordinary or extraordinary repairs to, alterations to, or   | 879 |
| improvements in, buildings or other structures, demolish           | 880 |
| improvements, raze existing or erect new party walls or buildings, | 881 |
| subdivide or develop land, dedicate land to public use or grant    | 882 |
| public or private easements, and make or vacate plats and adjust   | 883 |
| boundaries;  | 884 |
| (I) Enter into a lease for any purpose as lessor or lessee,        | 885 |
| including a lease or other arrangement for exploration and removal | 886 |
| of natural resources, with or without the option to purchase or    | 887 |
| renew, for a period within or extending beyond the duration of the | 888 |
| trust;   | 889 |
| (J) Grant an option involving a sale, lease, or other              | 890 |
| disposition of trust property or acquire an option for the         | 891 |
| acquisition of property, including an option exercisable beyond    | 892 |
| the duration of the trust, and exercise an option so acquired;     | 893 |
| (K) Insure the property of the trust against damage or loss        | 894 |

(P) Exercise elections with respect to federal, state, and 925 local taxes; 926 (0) Select a mode of payment under any employee benefit or 927 retirement plan, annuity, or life insurance policy payable to the 928 trustee, exercise rights under any employee benefit or retirement 929 plan, annuity, or life insurance policy payable to the trustee, 930 including the right to indemnification for expenses and against 931 liabilities, and take appropriate action to collect the proceeds; 932 (R) Make loans out of trust property, including loans to a 933 beneficiary on terms and conditions the trustee considers to be 934 fair and reasonable under the circumstances, and the trustee has a 935 lien on future distributions for repayment of those loans; 936 (S) Pledge the property of a revocable trust to quarantee 937 Guarantee loans made by others to the settlor of the a revocable 938 trust, or and, if the settlor so directs, to guarantee loans made 939 by others to a third party and mortgage, pledge, or grant a 940 security interest in the property of a revocable trust to secure 941 the payment of loans made by others to the settlor of the 942 revocable trust and, if the settlor so directs, loans made by 943 others to a third party; 944 (T) Appoint a trustee to act in another jurisdiction with 945 respect to trust property located in the other jurisdiction, 946 confer upon the appointed trustee all of the powers and duties of 947 the appointing trustee, require that the appointed trustee furnish 948 949 security, and remove any trustee so appointed; (U) Pay an amount distributable to a beneficiary who is under 950 a legal disability or who the trustee reasonably believes is 951 incapacitated, by paying it directly to the beneficiary or 952 applying it for the beneficiary's benefit, or by doing any of the 953 following: 954

(1) Paying it to the beneficiary's guardian of the estate,

| or, if the beneficiary does not have a guardian of the estate, the | 956 |
|--|-----|
| beneficiary's guardian of the person;                              | 957 |
| (2) Paying it to the beneficiary's custodian under sections        | 958 |
| 5814.01 to 5814.09 of the Revised Code and, for that purpose,      | 959 |
| creating a custodianship;  | 960 |
| (3) If the trustee does not know of a guardian of the person       | 961 |
| or estate, or custodian, paying it to an adult relative or other   | 962 |
| person having legal or physical care or custody of the             | 963 |
| beneficiary, to be expended on the beneficiary's behalf;           | 964 |
| (4) Managing it as a separate fund on the beneficiary's            | 965 |
| behalf, subject to the beneficiary's continuing right to withdraw  | 966 |
| the distribution.  | 967 |
| (V) On distribution of trust property or the division or           | 968 |
| termination of a trust, make distributions in divided or undivided | 969 |
| interests, allocate particular assets in proportionate or          | 970 |
| disproportionate shares, value the trust property for those        | 971 |
| purposes, and adjust for resulting differences in valuation;       | 972 |
| (W) Resolve a dispute concerning the interpretation of the         | 973 |
| trust or its administration by mediation, arbitration, or other    | 974 |
| procedure for alternative dispute resolution;                      | 975 |
| (X) Prosecute or defend an action, claim, or judicial              | 976 |
| proceeding in any jurisdiction to protect trust property and the   | 977 |
| trustee in the performance of the trustee's duties;                | 978 |
| (Y) Sign and deliver contracts and other instruments that are      | 979 |
| useful to achieve or facilitate the exercise of the trustee's      | 980 |
| powers;  | 981 |
| (Z) On termination of the trust, exercise the powers               | 982 |
| appropriate to wind up the administration of the trust and         | 983 |
| distribute the trust property to the persons entitled to $it$      | 984 |
| (AA) Employ agents, attorneys, accountants, investment             | 985 |

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| advisors, and other professionals.                                 | 986  |
|--|------|
|  |      |
| Sec. 5810.05. (A) A beneficiary may not commence a proceeding      | 987  |
| against a trustee for breach of trust more than two years after    | 988  |
| the date the beneficiary, a representative of the beneficiary, or  | 989  |
| a beneficiary surrogate is sent a report that adequately discloses | 990  |
| the existence of a potential claim for breach of trust and informs | 991  |
| the beneficiary, the representative of the beneficiary, or the     | 992  |
| beneficiary surrogate of the time allowed for commencing a         | 993  |
| proceeding against a trustee.                                      | 994  |
| (B) A report adequately discloses the existence of a               | 995  |
| potential claim for breach of trust if it provides sufficient      | 996  |
| information so that the beneficiary or the representative of the   | 997  |
| beneficiary knows of the potential claim or should know of the     | 998  |
| existence of the potential claim.                                  | 999  |
| (C) If division (A) of this section does not apply,                | 1000 |
| notwithstanding section 2305.09 of the Revised Code, a judicial    | 1001 |
| proceeding by a beneficiary against a trustee for breach of trust  | 1002 |
| must be commenced within four years after the first of the         | 1003 |
| following to occur:  | 1004 |
| (1) The removal, resignation, or death of the trustee;             | 1005 |
| (2) The termination of the beneficiary's interest in the           | 1006 |
| trust;   | 1007 |
| (3) The termination of the trust;                                  | 1008 |
| (4) The time at which the beneficiary knew or should have          | 1009 |
| known of the breach of trust.                                      | 1010 |
| (D) Nothing in Chapters 5801. to 5811. of the Revised Code         | 1011 |
| limits the operation of any principle of law or equity, including  | 1012 |
| the doctrines of laches, unclean hands, estoppel, and waiver, that | 1013 |
| can bar claims.  | 1014 |

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- Sec. 5810.11. (A)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division 1015 (C) of this section or unless personal liability is imposed in the 1016 contract, a trustee who holds an interest as a general partner in 1017 a general or limited partnership is not personally liable on a 1018 contract entered into by the partnership after the trust's 1019 acquisition of the interest if the fiduciary capacity was 1020 disclosed. A partnership certificate that is filed pursuant to 1021 Chapter 1777. or another chapter of the Revised Code and that 1022 indicates that a trustee holds a general partnership interest in a 1023 fiduciary capacity by the use following the name or signature of 1024 the trustee of the words "as trustee" or other words that indicate 1025 the trustee's fiduciary capacity constitutes a sufficient 1026 disclosure for purposes of this division. 1027
- (2) If a partnership certificate is not required to be filed 1028 pursuant to Chapter 1777. or another chapter of the Revised Code, 1029 a sufficient disclosure for purposes of division (A) of this 1030 section can be made by a trustee if a certificate that is filed 1031 with the recorder of the county in which the partnership's 1032 principal office or place of business is situated and with the 1033 recorder of each county in which the partnership owns real estate 1034 satisfies all of the following requirements: 1035
- (a) The certificate states in full the names of all persons 1036 holding interests in the partnership and their places of 1037 residence.
- (b) The certificate is signed by all persons who are general 1039 partners in the partnership and is acknowledged by a person 1040 authorized to take acknowledgements of deeds. 1041
- (c) The certificate uses the words "trustee under the (will or trust) of (name of decedent or settlor)," or other words that 1043 indicate the trustee's fiduciary capacity, following the trustee's 1044 name or signature.

(3) A contract or other written instrument that is delivered 1046 to a party that contracts with the partnership in which a trustee 1047 holds a general partnership interest in a fiduciary capacity and 1048 that indicates that the trustee so holds the interest constitutes 1049 a disclosure for purposes of division (A)(1) of this section with 1050 respect to transactions between the party and the partnership. If 1051 a disclosure has been made by a certificate in accordance with 1052 division (A) of this section, a disclosure for purposes of 1053 division (A) of this section with respect to such transactions 1054 exists regardless of whether a contract or other instrument 1055 indicates the trustee holds the general partnership interest in a 1056 fiduciary capacity. 1057 (B) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of this 1058 section, a trustee who holds an interest as a general partner in a 1059 general or limited partnership is not personally liable for torts 1060 committed by the partnership or for obligations arising from 1061 ownership or control of the interest unless the trustee is 1062 personally at fault. 1063 (C) The immunity provided by this section does not apply if 1064 an interest in the partnership is held by the trustee in a 1065 capacity other than that of trustee or is held by the trustee's 1066 spouse or one or more of the trustee's descendants, siblings, or 1067 parents, or the spouse of any of them. 1068 (D) If the trustee of a revocable trust holds an interest as 1069 a general partner in a general or limited partnership, the settlor 1070 is personally liable for contracts and other obligations of the 1071 partnership as if the settlor were a general partner. 1072 (E) The liability limitations in this section apply to 1073 trustees as partners notwithstanding the broader personal 1074 <u>liabilities otherwise imposed by any partnership law.</u> 1075

(F) If a trust is identified as a partner, the reference is

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| deemed to be to, and the partner is, the current trustee or                       | 1077    |
| trustees of the trust and their successors as trustees.                           | 1078    |
| Sec. 5810.13. (A) Instead of furnishing a copy of the trust                       | 1079    |
| instrument to a person other than a beneficiary, the trustee may                  | 1080    |
| furnish to the person a certification of trust containing all of                  | 1081    |
| the following information:  | 1082    |
| (1) A statement that the trust exists and the date the trust                      | 1083    |
| instrument was executed;  | 1084    |
| (2) The identity of the settlor;  | 1085    |
| (3) The identity and address of the currently acting trustee;                     | 1086    |
| (4) The powers of the trustee;  | 1087    |
| (5) The revocability or irrevocability of the trust and the                       | 1088    |
| identity of any person holding a power to revoke the trust;                       | 1089    |
| (6) The authority of cotrustees to sign or otherwise                              | 1090    |
| authenticate and whether all or less than all are required in                     | 1091    |
| order to exercise powers of the trustee $\dot{	au}$                               | 1092    |
| (7) The trust's taxpayer identification number;                                   | 1093    |
| (8) The manner of taking title to trust property.                                 | 1094    |
| (B) Any trustee may sign or otherwise authenticate a                              | 1095    |
| certification of trust.   | 1096    |
| (C) A certification of trust shall state that the trust has                       | 1097    |
| not been revoked, modified, or amended in any manner that would                   | 1098    |
| cause the representations contained in the certification of trust                 | 1099    |
| to be incorrect.  | 1100    |
| (D) A certification of trust is not required to contain the                       | 1101    |
| dispositive terms of a trust.   | 1102    |
| (E) A recipient of a certification of trust may require the                       | 1103    |
| trustee to furnish copies of those excerpts from the original                     | 1104    |

| trust instrument and later amendments that designate the trustee   | 1105 |
|--|------|
| and confer upon the trustee the power to act in the pending  | 1106 |
| transaction.   | 1107 |
| (F) A person who acts in reliance upon a certification of  | 1108 |
| trust without knowledge that the representations contained in the  | 1109 |
| certification are incorrect is not liable to any person for so   | 1110 |
| acting and may assume without inquiry the existence of the facts   | 1111 |
| contained in the certification. Knowledge of the terms of the  | 1112 |
| trust may not be inferred solely from the fact that a copy of all  | 1113 |
| or part of the trust instrument is held by the person relying upon   | 1114 |
| the certification.   | 1115 |
| (G) A person who in good faith enters into a transaction in  | 1116 |
| reliance upon a certification of trust may enforce the transaction   | 1117 |
| against the trust property as if the representations contained in  | 1118 |
| the certification were correct.  | 1119 |
| (H) A person making a demand for the trust instrument in   | 1120 |
| addition to a certification of trust or excerpts is liable for   | 1121 |
| damages if the court determines that the person did not act in   | 1122 |
| good faith in demanding the This section does not affect the use   | 1123 |
| or validity of a memorandum of trust instrument under section  | 1124 |
| 5301.255 of the Revised Code.  | 1125 |
| (I) This section does not limit the right of a person to   | 1126 |
| obtain a copy of the trust instrument in a judicial proceeding   | 1127 |
| concerning the trust.  | 1128 |
| Sec. 5815.35. (A)(1) As used in this division, <u>"</u> fiduciary"   | 1129 |
| means any person, association, or corporation, other than a  | 1130 |
| trustee of a testamentary trust, an assignee or trustee for an   | 1131 |
| insolvent debtor, or a guardian under Chapter 5905. of the Revised   | 1132 |
| Code, that is appointed by and accountable to the probate court,   | 1132 |
| and that is acting in a fiduciary capacity for another or charged  | 1134 |
| and the second of the second o |      |

with duties in relation to any property, interest, or estate for

| another's benefit. A fiduciary also includes an agency under       | 1136 |
|--|------|
| contract with the department of mental retardation and             | 1137 |
| developmental disabilities for the provision of protective service | 1138 |
| under sections 5123.55 to 5123.59 of the Revised Code, when        | 1139 |
| appointed by and accountable to the probate court as a guardian or | 1140 |
| trustee for a mentally retarded or developmentally disabled        | 1141 |
| person.  | 1142 |

- (2) A fiduciary who enters a contract as fiduciary on or 1143 after March 22, 1984, is not personally liable on that contract, 1144 unless the contract otherwise specifies, if the contract is within 1145 the fiduciary's authority and the fiduciary discloses that the 1146 contract is being entered into in a fiduciary capacity. In a 1147 contract, the words "fiduciary" or "as fiduciary" or other words 1148 that indicate one's fiduciary capacity following the name or 1149 signature of a fiduciary are sufficient disclosure for purposes of 1150 this division. 1151
- (B)(1) As used in this division, "partnership" includes a 1152 partnership composed of only general partners and a partnership 1153 composed of general and limited partners. 1154
- (2) Subject to division (D) of this section, an executor or 1155 administrator who acquires, in a fiduciary capacity, a general 1156 partnership interest upon the death of a general partner of a 1157 partnership is not personally liable for any debt, obligation, or 1158 liability of the partnership that arises from the executor's or 1159 administrator's actions, except as provided in this division, as a 1160 general partner, or for any debt, obligation, or liability of the 1161 partnership for which the executor or administrator otherwise 1162 would be personally liable because the executor or administrator 1163 holds the general partnership interest, if the executor or 1164 administrator discloses that the general partnership interest is 1165 held by the executor or administrator in a fiduciary capacity. 1166 This immunity does not apply if an executor or administrator 1167

causes loss or injury to a person who is not a partner in the

partnership by a wrongful act or omission. This immunity is not

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available to an executor or administrator who holds a general

partnership interest in a fiduciary capacity if the spouse or any

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lineal descendants of the executor or administrator, or the

executor or administrator other than in a fiduciary capacity,

holds any interest in the partnership.

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A partnership certificate that is filed pursuant to Chapter 1175 1777. or another chapter of the Revised Code and that indicates 1176 that an executor or administrator holds a general partnership 1177 interest in a fiduciary capacity by the use following the name or 1178 signature of the executor or administrator of the words "executor 1179 under the will of (name of decedent) " or "administrator of the 1180 estate of (name of decedent) " or other words that indicate the 1181 executor's or administrator's fiduciary capacity constitutes a 1182 sufficient disclosure for purposes of this division. 1183

If a partnership certificate is not required to be filed 1184 pursuant to Chapter 1777. or another chapter of the Revised Code, 1185 a sufficient disclosure for purposes of this division can be made 1186 by an executor or administrator if a certificate that satisfies 1187 the following requirements is filed with the recorder of the 1188 county in which the partnership's principal office or place of 1189 business is situated and with the recorder of each county in which 1190 the partnership owns real estate: 1191

- (a) The certificate shall state in full the names of all 1192 persons holding interests in the partnership and their places of 1193 residence;
- (b) The certificate shall be signed by all persons who are 1195 general partners in the partnership, and shall be acknowledged by 1196 a person authorized to take acknowledgements of deeds; 1197
  - (c) The certificate shall use the words "executor under the 1198

| will of (name of decedent)" or "administrator of the estate of     | 1199 |
|--|------|
| (name of decedent)" or other words that indicate the executor's or | 1200 |
| administrator's fiduciary capacity, following the name or          | 1201 |
| signature of the executor or administrator.                        | 1202 |

A contract or other written instrument delivered to a party 1203 that contracts with the partnership in which an executor or 1204 administrator holds a general partnership interest in a fiduciary 1205 capacity, which that indicates that the executor or administrator 1206 1207 so holds the interest, constitutes a disclosure for purposes of this division with respect to transactions between the party and 1208 the partnership. If a disclosure has been made by a certificate in 1209 accordance with this division, a disclosure for purposes of this 1210 division with respect to such transactions exists regardless of 1211 whether a contract or other instrument indicates the executor or 1212 administrator holds the general partnership interest in a 1213 fiduciary capacity. 1214

If an executor or administrator acquires, in a fiduciary 1215 capacity, a general partnership interest, the decedent's estate is 1216 liable for debts, obligations, or liabilities of the partnership. 1217

- (C) An estate that includes a general partnership interest is 1218 not liable for the debts, obligations, or liabilities of a 1219 partnership in which another estate has a general partnership 1220 interest, merely because the executor or administrator of the 1221 estates holds a general partnership interest in both of the 1222 partnerships in the executor's or administrator's fiduciary 1223 capacities.
- (D) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section apply to general 1225 partnership interests held by executors or administrators in their 1226 fiduciary capacities prior to and on or after the effective date 1227 of this section March 22, 1984. If an appropriate disclosure is 1228 made pursuant to division (B) of this section, the immunity 1229 acquired under that division extends only to debts, obligations, 1230

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| and liabilities of the partnership arising on and after the date               | 1231    |
| of the disclosure and to debts, obligations, and liabilities of                | 1232    |
| the partnership that arose prior to the acquisition of the general             | 1233    |
| partnership interest by the executor or administrator becoming a               | 1234    |
| general partner.   | 1235    |
| (E) The liability limitations in this section apply to                         | 1236    |
| fiduciaries as partners notwithstanding the broader personal                   | 1237    |
| liabilities otherwise imposed by any partnership law.                          | 1238    |
| (F) If an estate or other fund held by a fiduciary is                          | 1239    |
| identified as a partner, the reference is deemed to be to, and the             | 1240    |
| partner is, the current executor, administrator, or other                      | 1241    |
| fiduciary of the estate or other fund and their successors as                  | 1242    |
| executors, administrators, or other fiduciaries.                               | 1243    |
| Section 2. That existing sections 2109.01, 5801.01, 5801.02,                   | 1244    |
| 5801.06, 5801.10, 5803.02, 5803.03, 5804.02, 5804.11, 5804.13,                 | 1245    |
| 5804.14, 5804.17, 5805.01, 5805.03, 5806.01, 5806.02, 5806.03,                 | 1246    |
| 5806.04, 5808.13, 5808.14, 5808.16, 5810.05, 5810.11, 5810.13, and             | 1247    |
| 5815.35 and section 2109.022 of the Revised Code are hereby                    | 1248    |
| repealed.  | 1249    |