# As Reported by the Senate Judiciary--Criminal Justice Committee

127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

Sub. S. B. No. 10

Senator Austria

Cosponsors: Senators Carey, Clancy, Faber, Gardner, Goodman, Grendell, Harris, Kearney, Mumper, Niehaus, Padgett, Schaffer, Schuler, Spada, Stivers, Wilson, J.

# A BILL

То	amend sections 109.42, 109.57, 311.171, 1923.02,	1
	2151.23, 2152.02, 2152.19, 2152.191, 2152.22,	2
	2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, 2152.85, 2152.851,	3
	2743.191, 2901.07, 2903.211, 2905.01, 2905.02,	4
	2905.03, 2905.05, 2907.01, 2907.02, 2907.05,	5
	2921.34, 2929.01, 2929.02, 2929.022, 2929.03,	6
	2929.06, 2929.13, 2929.14, 2929.19, 2929.23,	7
	2930.16, 2941.148, 2950.01, 2950.02, 2950.03,	8
	2950.031, 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 2950.06,	9
	2950.07, 2950.08, 2950.081, 2950.10, 2950.11,	10
	2950.12, 2950.13, 2950.14, 2967.12, 2967.121,	11
	2971.01, 2971.03, 2971.04, 2971.05, 2971.06,	12
	2971.07, 5120.49, 5120.61, 5120.66, 5139.13,	13
	5149.10, 5321.03, and 5321.051; to amend, for the	14
	purpose of adopting new section numbers as	15
	indicated in parentheses, sections 2152.821	16
	(2151.811) and 2950.031 (2950.034); to enact new	17
	section 2950.031 and sections 2152.831, 2152.86,	18
	2950.011, 2950.032, 2950.033, 2950.042, 2950.043,	19
	2950.131, 2950.15, and 2950.16; and to repeal	20
	sections 2152.811, 2950.021, 2950.09, and 2950.091	21

of the Revised Code to revise Ohio's Sex Offender 22 Registration and Notification Law and conform it 23 to recently enacted requirements of federal law 24 contained in the Adam Walsh Child Protection and 25 Safety Act of 2006, to increase the penalties for 26 certain violations of kidnapping, aggravated 27 murder when a sentence of death or life without 28 parole is not imposed, and murder when the victim 29 of any of those offenses is less than 13 years of 30 age and the offense was committed with a sexual 31 motivation and require that those sentences be 32 served under the Sexually Violent Predator 33 Sentencing Law, and to declare an emergency. 34

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.42, 109.57, 311.171, 1923.02, 35 2151.23, 2152.02, 2152.19, 2152.191, 2152.22, 2152.82, 2152.83, 36 2152.84, 2152.85, 2152.851, 2743.191, 2901.07, 2903.211, 2905.01, 37 2905.02, 2905.03, 2905.05, 2907.01, 2907.02, 2907.05, 2921.34, 38 2929.01, 2929.02, 2929.022, 2929.03, 2929.06, 2929.13, 2929.14, 39 2929.19, 2929.23, 2930.16, 2941.148, 2950.01, 2950.02, 2950.03, 40 2950.031, 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 2950.06, 2950.07, 2950.08, 41 2950.081, 2950.10, 2950.11, 2950.12, 2950.13, 2950.14, 2967.12, 42 2967.121, 2971.01, 2971.03, 2971.04, 2971.05, 2971.06, 2971.07, 43 5120.49, 5120.61, 5120.66, 5139.13, 5149.10, 5321.03, and 5321.051 44 be amended, that sections 2152.821 (2151.811) and 2950.031 45 (2950.034) be amended for the purpose of adopting new section 46 numbers as indicated in parentheses, and that new section 2950.031 47 and sections 2152.831, 2152.86, 2950.011, 2950.032, 2950.033, 48 2950.042, 2950.043, 2950.131, 2950.15, and 2950.16 of the Revised 49 Code be enacted to read as follows: 50

Sec. 109.42. (A) The attorney general shall prepare and have 51 printed a pamphlet that contains a compilation of all statutes 52 relative to victim's rights in which the attorney general lists 53 and explains the statutes in the form of a victim's bill of 54 rights. The attorney general shall distribute the pamphlet to all 55 sheriffs, marshals, municipal corporation and township police 56 departments, constables, and other law enforcement agencies, to 57 all prosecuting attorneys, city directors of law, village 58 solicitors, and other similar chief legal officers of municipal 59 corporations, and to organizations that represent or provide 60 services for victims of crime. The victim's bill of rights set 61 forth in the pamphlet shall contain a description of all of the 62 rights of victims that are provided for in Chapter 2930. or in any 63 other section of the Revised Code and shall include, but not be 64 limited to, all of the following: 65

(1) The right of a victim or a victim's representative to 66 attend a proceeding before a grand jury, in a juvenile case, or in 67 a criminal case pursuant to a subpoena without being discharged 68 from the victim's or representative's employment, having the 69 victim's or representative's employment terminated, having the 70 victim's or representative's pay decreased or withheld, or 71 otherwise being punished, penalized, or threatened as a result of 72 time lost from regular employment because of the victim's or 73 representative's attendance at the proceeding pursuant to the 74 subpoena, as set forth in section 2151.211, 2930.18, 2939.121, or 75 2945.451 of the Revised Code; 76

(2) The potential availability pursuant to section 2151.359 77 or 2152.61 of the Revised Code of a forfeited recognizance to pay 78 damages caused by a child when the delinquency of the child or 79 child's violation of probation or community control is found to be 80 proximately caused by the failure of the child's parent or 81 guardian to subject the child to reasonable parental authority or 82

to faithfully discharge the conditions of probation or community 83 control; 84

(3) The availability of awards of reparations pursuant to
85 sections 2743.51 to 2743.72 of the Revised Code for injuries
86 caused by criminal offenses;
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(4) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile 88 cases or a victim's representative to receive, pursuant to section 89 2930.06 of the Revised Code, notice of the date, time, and place 90 of the trial or delinquency proceeding in the case or, if there 91 will not be a trial or delinquency proceeding, information from 92 the prosecutor, as defined in section 2930.01 of the Revised Code, 93 regarding the disposition of the case; 94

(5) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile 95 cases or a victim's representative to receive, pursuant to section 96 2930.04, 2930.05, or 2930.06 of the Revised Code, notice of the 97 name of the person charged with the violation, the case or docket 98 number assigned to the charge, and a telephone number or numbers 99 that can be called to obtain information about the disposition of 100 the case; 101

(6) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile 102 cases or of the victim's representative pursuant to section 103 2930.13 or 2930.14 of the Revised Code, subject to any reasonable 104 terms set by the court as authorized under section 2930.14 of the 105 Revised Code, to make a statement about the victimization and, if 106 applicable, a statement relative to the sentencing or disposition 107 of the offender; 108

(7) The opportunity to obtain a court order, pursuant to
section 2945.04 of the Revised Code, to prevent or stop the
commission of the offense of intimidation of a crime victim or
witness or an offense against the person or property of the
complainant, or of the complainant's ward or child;

(8) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile 114 cases or a victim's representative pursuant to sections 2151.38, 115 2929.20, 2930.10, 2930.16, and 2930.17 of the Revised Code to 116 receive notice of a pending motion for judicial release or early 117 release of the person who committed the offense against the 118 victim, to make an oral or written statement at the court hearing 119 on the motion, and to be notified of the court's decision on the 120 motion; 121

(9) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile 122 cases or a victim's representative pursuant to section 2930.16, 123 2967.12, 2967.26, or 5139.56 of the Revised Code to receive notice 124 of any pending commutation, pardon, parole, transitional control, 125 discharge, other form of authorized release, post-release control, 126 or supervised release for the person who committed the offense 127 against the victim or any application for release of that person 128 and to send a written statement relative to the victimization and 129 the pending action to the adult parole authority or the release 130 authority of the department of youth services; 131

(10) The right of the victim to bring a civil action pursuant 132
to sections 2969.01 to 2969.06 of the Revised Code to obtain money 133
from the offender's profit fund; 134

(11) The right, pursuant to section 3109.09 of the Revised 135 Code, to maintain a civil action to recover compensatory damages 136 not exceeding ten thousand dollars and costs from the parent of a 137 minor who willfully damages property through the commission of an 138 act that would be a theft offense, as defined in section 2913.01 139 of the Revised Code, if committed by an adult; 140

(12) The right, pursuant to section 3109.10 of the Revised 141 Code, to maintain a civil action to recover compensatory damages 142 not exceeding ten thousand dollars and costs from the parent of a 143 minor who willfully and maliciously assaults a person; 144

(13) The possibility of receiving restitution from an
offender or a delinquent child pursuant to section 2152.20,
2929.18, or 2929.28 of the Revised Code;
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(14) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile 148 cases or a victim's representative, pursuant to section 2930.16 of 149 the Revised Code, to receive notice of the escape from confinement 150 or custody of the person who committed the offense, to receive 151 that notice from the custodial agency of the person at the 152 victim's last address or telephone number provided to the 153 custodial agency, and to receive notice that, if either the 154 victim's address or telephone number changes, it is in the 155 victim's interest to provide the new address or telephone number 156 to the custodial agency; 157

(15) The right of a victim of domestic violence to seek the 158 issuance of a civil protection order pursuant to section 3113.31 159 of the Revised Code, the right of a victim of a violation of 160 section 2903.14, 2909.06, 2909.07, 2911.12, 2911.211, or 2919.22 161 of the Revised Code, a violation of a substantially similar 162 municipal ordinance, or an offense of violence who is a family or 163 household member of the offender at the time of the offense to 164 seek the issuance of a temporary protection order pursuant to 165 section 2919.26 of the Revised Code, and the right of both types 166 of victims to be accompanied by a victim advocate during court 167 proceedings; 168

(16) The right of a victim of a sexually oriented offense 169 that is not a registration exempt sexually oriented offense or of 170 a child-victim oriented offense that is committed by a person who 171 is convicted of or, pleads guilty to an aggravated sexually 172 oriented offense, by a person who is adjudicated a sexual predator 173 or child-victim predator, or, in certain cases, by a person who is 174 determined to be a habitual sex offender or habitual child victim 175 offender, or is adjudicated a delinguent child for committing the 176

offense and who is in a category specified in division (B) of 177 section 2950.10 of the Revised Code to receive, pursuant to that 178 section 2950.10 of the Revised Code, notice that the person has 179 registered with a sheriff under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 180 2950.05 of the Revised Code and notice of the person's name, the 181 person's residence that is registered, and the offender's school, 182 institution of higher education, or place of employment address or 183 addresses that are registered, the person's photograph, and a 184 summary of the manner in which the victim must make a request to 185 receive the notice. As used in this division, "sexually oriented 186 offense," "adjudicated a sexual predator," "habitual sex 187 offender, " "registration-exempt sexually oriented offense," 188 "aggravated sexually oriented offense," and "child-victim oriented 189 offense," "adjudicated a child-victim predator," and "habitual 190 child victim offender" have the same meanings as in section 191 2950.01 of the Revised Code. 192

(17) The right of a victim of certain sexually violent 193 offenses committed by an offender who also is convicted of or 194 pleads guilty to a sexually violent predator specification and who 195 is sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (A)(3) of 196 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, of a victim of a violation of 197 division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code 198 committed on or after the effective date of this amendment January 199 2, 2007, by an offender who is sentenced for the violation 200 pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of section 2971.03 of 201 the Revised Code, and of a victim of an attempted rape committed 202 on or after the effective date of this amendment January 2, 2007, 203 by an offender who also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 204 specification of the type described in section 2941.1418, 205 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code and is sentenced for 206 the violation pursuant to division (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of 207 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and of a victim of an offense 208 that is described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of 209 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and is committed by an 210 offender who is sentenced pursuant to one of those divisions to 211 receive, pursuant to section 2930.16 of the Revised Code, notice 212 of a hearing to determine whether to modify the requirement that 213

the offender serve the entire prison term in a state correctional 214 facility, whether to continue, revise, or revoke any existing 215 modification of that requirement, or whether to terminate the 216 prison term. As used in this division, "sexually violent offense" 217 and "sexually violent predator specification" have the same 218 meanings as in section 2971.01 of the Revised Code. 219

(B)(1)(a) Subject to division (B)(1)(c) of this section, a 220 prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, city 221 director of law, assistant city director of law, village 222 solicitor, assistant village solicitor, or similar chief legal 223 officer of a municipal corporation or an assistant of any of those 224 officers who prosecutes an offense committed in this state, upon 225 first contact with the victim of the offense, the victim's family, 226 or the victim's dependents, shall give the victim, the victim's 227 family, or the victim's dependents a copy of the pamphlet prepared 228 pursuant to division (A) of this section and explain, upon 229 request, the information in the pamphlet to the victim, the 230 victim's family, or the victim's dependents. 231

(b) Subject to division (B)(1)(c) of this section, a law 232 enforcement agency that investigates an offense or delinquent act 233 committed in this state shall give the victim of the offense or 234 delinquent act, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents a 235 copy of the pamphlet prepared pursuant to division (A) of this 236 section at one of the following times: 237

(i) Upon first contact with the victim, the victim's family, 238or the victim's dependents; 239

(ii) If the offense or delinquent act is an offense of 240violence, if the circumstances of the offense or delinquent act 241

and the condition of the victim, the victim's family, or the 242 victim's dependents indicate that the victim, the victim's family, 243 or the victim's dependents will not be able to understand the 244 significance of the pamphlet upon first contact with the agency, 245 and if the agency anticipates that it will have an additional 246 contact with the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's 247 dependents, upon the agency's second contact with the victim, the 248 victim's family, or the victim's dependents. 249

If the agency does not give the victim, the victim's family, 250 or the victim's dependents a copy of the pamphlet upon first 251 contact with them and does not have a second contact with the 252 victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents, the 253 agency shall mail a copy of the pamphlet to the victim, the 254 victim's family, or the victim's dependents at their last known 255 address. 256

(c) In complying on and after December 9, 1994, with the 257 duties imposed by division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, an 258 official or a law enforcement agency shall use copies of the 259 pamphlet that are in the official's or agency's possession on 260 December 9, 1994, until the official or agency has distributed all 261 of those copies. After the official or agency has distributed all 262 of those copies, the official or agency shall use only copies of 263 the pamphlet that contain at least the information described in 264 divisions (A)(1) to (17) of this section. 265

(2) The failure of a law enforcement agency or of a 266 prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, city 267 director of law, assistant city director of law, village 268 solicitor, assistant village solicitor, or similar chief legal 269 officer of a municipal corporation or an assistant to any of those 270 officers to give, as required by division (B)(1) of this section, 271 the victim of an offense or delinquent act, the victim's family, 272 or the victim's dependents a copy of the pamphlet prepared 273

pursuant to division (A) of this section does not give the victim, 274 the victim's family, the victim's dependents, or a victim's 275 representative any rights under section 2743.51 to 2743.72, 276 2945.04, 2967.12, 2969.01 to 2969.06, 3109.09, or 3109.10 of the 277 Revised Code or under any other provision of the Revised Code and 278 does not affect any right under those sections. 279

(3) A law enforcement agency, a prosecuting attorney or 280 assistant prosecuting attorney, or a city director of law, 281 assistant city director of law, village solicitor, assistant 282 village solicitor, or similar chief legal officer of a municipal 283 corporation that distributes a copy of the pamphlet prepared 284 pursuant to division (A) of this section shall not be required to 285 distribute a copy of an information card or other printed material 286 provided by the clerk of the court of claims pursuant to section 287 2743.71 of the Revised Code. 288

(C) The cost of printing and distributing the pamphlet 289 prepared pursuant to division (A) of this section shall be paid 290 out of the reparations fund, created pursuant to section 2743.191 291 of the Revised Code, in accordance with division (D) of that 292 section. 293

(D) As used in this section:

(1) "Victim's representative" has the same meaning as in 295 section 2930.01 of the Revised Code; 296

(2) "Victim advocate" has the same meaning as in section 297 2919.26 of the Revised Code. 298

**Sec. 109.57.** (A)(1) The superintendent of the bureau of 299 criminal identification and investigation shall procure from 300 wherever procurable and file for record photographs, pictures, 301 descriptions, fingerprints, measurements, and other information 302 that may be pertinent of all persons who have been convicted of 303

committing within this state a felony, any crime constituting a 304 misdemeanor on the first offense and a felony on subsequent 305 offenses, or any misdemeanor described in division (A)(1)(a) or 306 (A)(10)(a) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code, of all children 307 under eighteen years of age who have been adjudicated delinquent 308 children for committing within this state an act that would be a 309 felony or an offense of violence if committed by an adult or who 310 have been convicted of or pleaded guilty to committing within this 311 state a felony or an offense of violence, and of all well-known 312 and habitual criminals. The person in charge of any county, 313 multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal 314 jail or workhouse, community-based correctional facility, halfway 315 house, alternative residential facility, or state correctional 316 institution and the person in charge of any state institution 317 having custody of a person suspected of having committed a felony, 318 any crime constituting a misdemeanor on the first offense and a 319 felony on subsequent offenses, or any misdemeanor described in 320 division (A)(1)(a) or (A)(10)(a) of section 109.572 of the Revised 321 Code or having custody of a child under eighteen years of age with 322 respect to whom there is probable cause to believe that the child 323 may have committed an act that would be a felony or an offense of 324 violence if committed by an adult shall furnish such material to 325 the superintendent of the bureau. Fingerprints, photographs, or 326 other descriptive information of a child who is under eighteen 327 years of age, has not been arrested or otherwise taken into 328 custody for committing an act that would be a felony or an offense 329 of violence if committed by an adult, has not been adjudicated a 330 delinguent child for committing an act that would be a felony or 331 an offense of violence if committed by an adult, has not been 332 convicted of or pleaded guilty to committing a felony or an 333 offense of violence, and is not a child with respect to whom there 334 is probable cause to believe that the child may have committed an 335 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed 336

by an adult shall not be procured by the superintendent or 337 furnished by any person in charge of any county, multicounty, 338 municipal, municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal jail or 339 workhouse, community-based correctional facility, halfway house, 340 alternative residential facility, or state correctional 341 institution, except as authorized in section 2151.313 of the 342 Revised Code. 343

(2) Every clerk of a court of record in this state, other 344 than the supreme court or a court of appeals, shall send to the 345 superintendent of the bureau a weekly report containing a summary 346 of each case involving a felony, involving any crime constituting 347 a misdemeanor on the first offense and a felony on subsequent 348 offenses, involving a misdemeanor described in division (A)(1)(a) 349 or (A)(10)(a) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code, or involving 350 an adjudication in a case in which a child under eighteen years of 351 age was alleged to be a delinquent child for committing an act 352 that would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by 353 an adult. The clerk of the court of common pleas shall include in 354 the report and summary the clerk sends under this division all 355 information described in divisions (A)(2)(a) to (f) of this 356 section regarding a case before the court of appeals that is 357 served by that clerk. The summary shall be written on the standard 358 forms furnished by the superintendent pursuant to division (B) of 359 this section and shall include the following information: 360

(a) The incident tracking number contained on the standard
 forms furnished by the superintendent pursuant to division (B) of
 this section;
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(b) The style and number of the case;

(c) The date of arrest;

(d) The date that the person was convicted of or pleadedguilty to the offense, adjudicated a delinquent child for367

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committing the act that would be a felony or an offense of 368 violence if committed by an adult, found not guilty of the 369 offense, or found not to be a delinguent child for committing an 370 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed 371 by an adult, the date of an entry dismissing the charge, an entry 372 declaring a mistrial of the offense in which the person is 373 discharged, an entry finding that the person or child is not 374 competent to stand trial, or an entry of a nolle prosequi, or the 375 date of any other determination that constitutes final resolution 376 of the case; 377

(e) A statement of the original charge with the section of378the Revised Code that was alleged to be violated;379

(f) If the person or child was convicted, pleaded guilty, or 380 was adjudicated a delinquent child, the sentence or terms of 381 probation imposed or any other disposition of the offender or the 382 delinquent child. 383

If the offense involved the disarming of a law enforcement 384 officer or an attempt to disarm a law enforcement officer, the 385 clerk shall clearly state that fact in the summary, and the 386 superintendent shall ensure that a clear statement of that fact is 387 placed in the bureau's records. 388

(3) The superintendent shall cooperate with and assist 389 sheriffs, chiefs of police, and other law enforcement officers in 390 the establishment of a complete system of criminal identification 391 and in obtaining fingerprints and other means of identification of 392 all persons arrested on a charge of a felony, any crime 393 constituting a misdemeanor on the first offense and a felony on 394 subsequent offenses, or a misdemeanor described in division 395 (A)(1)(a) or (A)(10)(a) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code and 396 of all children under eighteen years of age arrested or otherwise 397 taken into custody for committing an act that would be a felony or 398 an offense of violence if committed by an adult. The 399

state and its political subdivisions.

superintendent also shall file for record the fingerprint 400 impressions of all persons confined in a county, multicounty, 401 municipal, municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal jail or 402 workhouse, community-based correctional facility, halfway house, 403 alternative residential facility, or state correctional 404 institution for the violation of state laws and of all children 405 under eighteen years of age who are confined in a county, 406 multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal 407 jail or workhouse, community-based correctional facility, halfway 408 house, alternative residential facility, or state correctional 409 institution or in any facility for delinquent children for 410 committing an act that would be a felony or an offense of violence 411 if committed by an adult, and any other information that the 412 superintendent may receive from law enforcement officials of the 413

(4) The superintendent shall carry out Chapter 2950. of the 415 Revised Code with respect to the registration of persons who are 416 convicted of or plead guilty to either a sexually oriented offense 417 that is not a registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a 418 child-victim oriented offense and with respect to all other duties 419 imposed on the bureau under that chapter. 420

(5) The bureau shall perform centralized recordkeeping 421 functions for criminal history records and services in this state 422 for purposes of the national crime prevention and privacy compact 423 set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code and is the 424 criminal history record repository as defined in that section for 425 purposes of that compact. The superintendent or the 426 superintendent's designee is the compact officer for purposes of 427 that compact and shall carry out the responsibilities of the 428 compact officer specified in that compact. 429

(B) The superintendent shall prepare and furnish to everycounty, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or431

multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-based 432 correctional facility, halfway house, alternative residential 433 facility, or state correctional institution and to every clerk of 434 a court in this state specified in division (A)(2) of this section 435 standard forms for reporting the information required under 436 division (A) of this section. The standard forms that the 437 superintendent prepares pursuant to this division may be in a 438 tangible format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible 439 formats and electronic formats. 440

(C)(1) The superintendent may operate a center for 441 electronic, automated, or other data processing for the storage 442 and retrieval of information, data, and statistics pertaining to 443 criminals and to children under eighteen years of age who are 444 adjudicated delinquent children for committing an act that would 445 be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an adult, 446 criminal activity, crime prevention, law enforcement, and criminal 447 justice, and may establish and operate a statewide communications 448 network to gather and disseminate information, data, and 449 statistics for the use of law enforcement agencies and for other 450 uses specified in this division. The superintendent may gather, 451 store, retrieve, and disseminate information, data, and statistics 452 that pertain to children who are under eighteen years of age and 453 that are gathered pursuant to sections 109.57 to 109.61 of the 454 Revised Code together with information, data, and statistics that 455 pertain to adults and that are gathered pursuant to those 456 sections. <del>In</del> 457

(2) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall458gather information of the nature described in division (C)(1) of459this section that pertains to the offense and delinquency history460of a person who has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or been461adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented462offense or a child-victim oriented offense for inclusion in the463

state registry of sex offenders and child-victim offenders	464
maintained pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 2950.13 of the	465
Revised Code and in the internet database operated pursuant to	466
division (A)(13) of that section and for possible inclusion in the	467
internet database operated pursuant to division (A)(11) of that	468
section.	469

(3) In addition to any other authorized use of information,470data, and statistics of that the nature described in division471(C)(1) of this section, the superintendent or the superintendent's472designee may provide and exchange the information, data, and473statistics pursuant to the national crime prevention and privacy474compact as described in division (A)(5) of this section.475

(D) The information and materials furnished to the 476 superintendent pursuant to division (A) of this section and 477 information and materials furnished to any board or person under 478 division (F) or (G) of this section are not public records under 479 section 149.43 of the Revised Code. The superintendent or the 480 superintendent's designee shall gather and retain information so 481 furnished under division (A) of this section that pertains to the 482 offense and delinguency history of a person who has been convicted 483 of, pleaded quilty to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for 484 committing a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented 485 offense for the purposes described in division (C)(2) of this 486 section. 487

(E) The attorney general shall adopt rules, in accordance 488 with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, setting forth the procedure 489 by which a person may receive or release information gathered by 490 the superintendent pursuant to division (A) of this section. A 491 reasonable fee may be charged for this service. If a temporary 492 employment service submits a request for a determination of 493 whether a person the service plans to refer to an employment 494 position has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense 495

listed in division (A)(1), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of section 496
109.572 of the Revised Code, the request shall be treated as a 497
single request and only one fee shall be charged. 498

(F)(1) As used in division (F)(2) of this section, "head 499
start agency" means an entity in this state that has been approved 500
to be an agency for purposes of subchapter II of the "Community 501
Economic Development Act," 95 Stat. 489 (1981), 42 U.S.C.A. 9831, 502
as amended. 503

(2)(a) In addition to or in conjunction with any request that 504 is required to be made under section 109.572, 2151.86, 3301.32, 505 3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 5104.012, 5104.013, 5123.081, 506 5126.28, 5126.281, or 5153.111 of the Revised Code, the board of 507 education of any school district; the director of mental 508 retardation and developmental disabilities; any county board of 509 mental retardation and developmental disabilities; any entity 510 under contract with a county board of mental retardation and 511 developmental disabilities; the chief administrator of any 512 chartered nonpublic school; the chief administrator of any home 513 health agency; the chief administrator of or person operating any 514 child day-care center, type A family day-care home, or type B 515 family day-care home licensed or certified under Chapter 5104. of 516 the Revised Code; the administrator of any type C family day-care 517 home certified pursuant to Section 1 of Sub. H.B. 62 of the 121st 518 general assembly or Section 5 of Am. Sub. S.B. 160 of the 121st 519 general assembly; the chief administrator of any head start 520 agency; or the executive director of a public children services 521 agency may request that the superintendent of the bureau 522 investigate and determine, with respect to any individual who has 523 applied for employment in any position after October 2, 1989, or 524 any individual wishing to apply for employment with a board of 525 education may request, with regard to the individual, whether the 526 bureau has any information gathered under division (A) of this 527

section that pertains to that individual. On receipt of the 528 request, the superintendent shall determine whether that 529

information exists and, upon request of the person, board, or 530 entity requesting information, also shall request from the federal 531 bureau of investigation any criminal records it has pertaining to 532 that individual. The superintendent or the superintendent's 533 designee also may request criminal history records from other 534 states or the federal government pursuant to the national crime 535 prevention and privacy compact set forth in section 109.571 of the 536 Revised Code. Within thirty days of the date that the 537 superintendent receives a request, the superintendent shall send 538 to the board, entity, or person a report of any information that 539 the superintendent determines exists, including information 540 contained in records that have been sealed under section 2953.32 541 of the Revised Code, and, within thirty days of its receipt, shall 542 send the board, entity, or person a report of any information 543 received from the federal bureau of investigation, other than 544 information the dissemination of which is prohibited by federal 545 law. 546

(b) When a board of education is required to receive 547 information under this section as a prerequisite to employment of 548 an individual pursuant to section 3319.39 of the Revised Code, it 549 may accept a certified copy of records that were issued by the 550 bureau of criminal identification and investigation and that are 551 presented by an individual applying for employment with the 552 district in lieu of requesting that information itself. In such a 553 case, the board shall accept the certified copy issued by the 554 bureau in order to make a photocopy of it for that individual's 555 employment application documents and shall return the certified 556 copy to the individual. In a case of that nature, a district only 557 shall accept a certified copy of records of that nature within one 558 year after the date of their issuance by the bureau. 559

(3) The state board of education may request, with respect to 560 any individual who has applied for employment after October 2, 561 1989, in any position with the state board or the department of 562 education, any information that a school district board of 563 education is authorized to request under division (F)(2) of this 564 section, and the superintendent of the bureau shall proceed as if 565 the request has been received from a school district board of 566 education under division (F)(2) of this section. 567

(4) When the superintendent of the bureau receives a request
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for information under section 3319.291 of the Revised Code, the
superintendent shall proceed as if the request has been received
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from a school district board of education under division (F)(2) of
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this section.

(5) When a recipient of a classroom reading improvement grant 573 paid under section 3301.86 of the Revised Code requests, with 574 respect to any individual who applies to participate in providing 575 any program or service funded in whole or in part by the grant, 576 the information that a school district board of education is 577 authorized to request under division (F)(2)(a) of this section, 578 the superintendent of the bureau shall proceed as if the request 579 has been received from a school district board of education under 580 division (F)(2)(a) of this section. 581

(G) In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is 582 required to be made under section 3701.881, 3712.09, 3721.121, or 583 3722.151 of the Revised Code with respect to an individual who has 584 applied for employment in a position that involves providing 585 direct care to an older adult, the chief administrator of a home 586 health agency, hospice care program, home licensed under Chapter 587 3721. of the Revised Code, adult day-care program operated 588 pursuant to rules adopted under section 3721.04 of the Revised 589 Code, or adult care facility may request that the superintendent 590 of the bureau investigate and determine, with respect to any 591

individual who has applied after January 27, 1997, for employment
in a position that does not involve providing direct care to an
older adult, whether the bureau has any information gathered under
division (A) of this section that pertains to that individual.

In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is 596 required to be made under section 173.27 of the Revised Code with 597 respect to an individual who has applied for employment in a 598 position that involves providing ombudsperson services to 599 residents of long-term care facilities or recipients of 600 community-based long-term care services, the state long-term care 601 ombudsperson, ombudsperson's designee, or director of health may 602 request that the superintendent investigate and determine, with 603 respect to any individual who has applied for employment in a 604 position that does not involve providing such ombudsperson 605 services, whether the bureau has any information gathered under 606 division (A) of this section that pertains to that applicant. 607

In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is 608 required to be made under section 173.394 of the Revised Code with 609 respect to an individual who has applied for employment in a 610 position that involves providing direct care to an individual, the 611 chief administrator of a community-based long-term care agency may 612 request that the superintendent investigate and determine, with 613 respect to any individual who has applied for employment in a 614 position that does not involve providing direct care, whether the 615 bureau has any information gathered under division (A) of this 616 section that pertains to that applicant. 617

On receipt of a request under this division, the 618 superintendent shall determine whether that information exists 619 and, on request of the individual requesting information, shall 620 also request from the federal bureau of investigation any criminal 621 records it has pertaining to the applicant. The superintendent or 622 the superintendent's designee also may request criminal history 623

records from other states or the federal government pursuant to	624
the national crime prevention and privacy compact set forth in	625
section 109.571 of the Revised Code. Within thirty days of the	626
date a request is received, the superintendent shall send to the	627
requester a report of any information determined to exist,	628
including information contained in records that have been sealed	629
under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code, and, within thirty days	630
of its receipt, shall send the requester a report of any	631
information received from the federal bureau of investigation,	632
other than information the dissemination of which is prohibited by	633
federal law.	634
(H) Information obtained by a government entity or person	635
under this section is confidential and shall not be released or	636
disseminated.	637
(I) The superintendent may charge a reasonable fee for	638
providing information or criminal records under division (F)(2) or	639
(G) of this section.	640
	C 1 1
(J) As used in this section, "sexually oriented offense" and	641
<u>"child-victim oriented offense" have the same meanings as in</u>	642
section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	643
Sec. 311.171. (A) As used in this section:	644
(1) "Federal poverty level" means the income level	645
represented by the poverty guidelines as revised annually by the	646
United States department of health and human services in	647
accordance with section 673(2) of the "Omnibus Reconciliation Act	648
of 1981," 95 Stat. 511, 42 U.S.C.A. 9902, as amended, for a family	649
size equal to the size of the family of the person whose income is	650
being determined.	651
(2) "Registration year" of an offender means one of the	652
following:	653

(a) The twelve-month period beginning on the anniversary,	654	
occurring on or after January 1, 2004, of the date on which an	655	
offender's registration period began in accordance with section		
2950.07 of the Revised Code;	657	
(b) The twelve-month period beginning on the date on which an	658	
offender's registration period begins, on or after January 1,	659	
2004, in accordance with section 2950.07 of the Revised Code.	660	
(3) "Sexually oriented offense," "child-victim oriented	661	
offense," and "tier III sex offender/child-victim offender" have	662	
the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	663	
(B) The sheriff may charge a fee each time a person does any	664	
of the following:	665	
(1) Registers under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the	666	
Revised Code;	667	
(2) Registers a new residence address under section 2950.05	668	
of the Revised Code;	669	
(3) Verifies a current residence address under section	670	
2950.06 of the Revised Code.	671	
(C) If the sheriff charges one or more fees provided for in	672	
division (B) of this section, all of the following apply:	673	
(1) The sheriff shall not require the payment of any fee from	674	
a delinquent child until the delinquent child reaches eighteen	675	
years of age. When a delinquent child reaches eighteen years of	676	
age and the sheriff charges a fee to the delinquent child, the	677	
provisions of this section applicable to "offenders" shall be	678	
construed to apply to the delinquent child.	679	
(2) For an offender who has been adjudicated a sexual	680	
predator or child-victim predator or who has a duty to register as	681	
a result of committing an aggravated sexually oriented offense <u>is</u>	682	
a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender, the fees may not	683	

exceed a total of one hundred dollars for each registration year. 684

(3) For an offender who has been determined to be a habitual
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sexual offender or a habitual child victim offender, who is not
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described in division (C)(2) of this section, and for whom the
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sentencing judge has required community notification, the fees may
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not exceed a total of fifty dollars for each registration year.

(4) For an offender who has been convicted of or pleaded
guilty to a sexually oriented offense that is not a
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim
offense and who is not described in division (C)(2) or (3) of this
section, the fees may not exceed a total of twenty-five dollars
for each registration year.

(5)(4) An offender who is required to pay a fee shall retain 696 the receipts received under section 325.28 of the Revised Code for 697 payments made during the offender's registration year to establish 698 that the payment of any fee will exceed the maximum annual amount 699 permissible under this division. 700

(6)(5) The sheriff shall not refuse to register a person, 701
register a new residence address of a person, or verify the 702
current residence address of a person, who does not pay a fee the 703
sheriff requires under this section. 704

(7)(6)The sheriff shall report unpaid fees in accordance705with division (C) of section 325.31 of the Revised Code, and the706county may recover those fees in a civil action in the same manner707as other money due the county.708

(D) Each time a person appears before the sheriff to provide 709 any registration or verification specified in division (B) of this 710 section for which the sheriff charges a fee, the sheriff shall 711 determine whether the person is able to pay the fee. In making 712 that determination, the sheriff shall determine whether the 713 person's income is less than one hundred twenty-five per cent of 714

the federal poverty level. A person whose income is equal to or 715 greater than one hundred twenty-five per cent of the federal 716 poverty level shall be considered able to pay the fee. 717

(E) If a sheriff determines a person's income is less than 718 one hundred twenty-five per cent of the federal poverty level, the 719 sheriff shall waive payment of the fee. If the sheriff determines 720 a person's income is equal to or greater than one hundred 721 twenty-five per cent of the federal poverty level, the sheriff may 722 allow the person to pay the fee in accordance with a payment 723 schedule the sheriff establishes based on the person's ability to 724 pay. The sheriff shall document any waiver or alternative fee 725 arrangement in the official registration records of the sheriff's 726 office and shall provide the offender with a written copy of any 727 waiver or alternative fee arrangement. 728

(F) All fees paid to a sheriff under this section shall be 729 paid into the county treasury to the credit of the county general 730 fund and shall be allocated to the sheriff to be used to defray 731 the costs of registering sex offenders and child-victim offenders 732 and providing community notification under Chapter 2950. of the 733 Revised Code. 734

(G) If an offender has registered with a sheriff and 735 subsequently relocates to a different county during a registration 736 year, the annual maximum amounts set forth in division (C) of this 737 section shall apply to the sheriff in the new county, and that 738 sheriff shall consider any payments already made by the offender 739 for purposes of determining when the applicable maximum has been 740 met for the offender's registration year. 741

Sec. 1923.02. (A) Proceedings under this chapter may be had 742 as follows: 743

(1) Against tenants or manufactured home park residents 744 holding over their terms; 745

(2) Against tenants or manufactured home park residents in
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 possession under an oral tenancy, who are in default in the
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 payment of rent as provided in division (B) of this section;
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(3) In sales of real estate, on executions, orders, or other
 judicial process, when the judgment debtor was in possession at
 the time of the rendition of the judgment or decree, by virtue of
 which the sale was made;

(4) In sales by executors, administrators, or guardians, and
on partition, when any of the parties to the complaint were in
possession at the commencement of the action, after the sales, so
made on execution or otherwise, have been examined by the proper
court and adjudged legal;

(5) When the defendant is an occupier of lands or tenements,
 without color of title, and the complainant has the right of
 possession to them;
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(6) In any other case of the unlawful and forcible detention 761 of lands or tenements. For purposes of this division, in addition 762 to any other type of unlawful and forcible detention of lands or 763 tenements, such a detention may be determined to exist when both 764 of the following apply: 765

(a) A tenant fails to vacate residential premises within(b) 766767767

(i) The tenant's landlord has actual knowledge of or has 768 reasonable cause to believe that the tenant, any person in the 769 tenant's household, or any person on the premises with the consent 770 of the tenant previously has or presently is engaged in a 771 violation of Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, or of a 772 municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any section 773 in either of those chapters, which involves a controlled substance 774 and which occurred in, is occurring in, or otherwise was or is 775 connected with the premises, whether or not the tenant or other 776

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person has been charged with, has pleaded guilty to or been 777 convicted of, or has been determined to be a delinquent child for 778 an act that, if committed by an adult, would be a violation as 779 described in this division. For purposes of this division, a 780 landlord has "actual knowledge of or has reasonable cause to 781 believe" that a tenant, any person in the tenant's household, or 782 any person on the premises with the consent of the tenant 783 previously has or presently is engaged in a violation as described 784 in this division if a search warrant was issued pursuant to 785 Criminal Rule 41 or Chapter 2933. of the Revised Code; the 786 affidavit presented to obtain the warrant named or described the 787 tenant or person as the individual to be searched and particularly 788 described the tenant's premises as the place to be searched, named 789 or described one or more controlled substances to be searched for 790 and seized, stated substantially the offense under Chapter 2925. 791 or 3719. of the Revised Code or the substantially similar 792 municipal ordinance that occurred in, is occurring in, or 793 otherwise was or is connected with the tenant's premises, and 794 states the factual basis for the affiant's belief that the 795 controlled substances are located on the tenant's premises; the 796 warrant was properly executed by a law enforcement officer and any 797 controlled substance described in the affidavit was found by that 798 officer during the search and seizure; and, subsequent to the 799 search and seizure, the landlord was informed by that or another 800 law enforcement officer of the fact that the tenant or person has 801 or presently is engaged in a violation as described in this 802 division and it occurred in, is occurring in, or otherwise was or 803 is connected with the tenant's premises. 804

(ii) The landlord gives the tenant the notice required by 805division (C) of section 5321.17 of the Revised Code. 806

(b) The court determines, by a preponderance of the evidence, 807 that the tenant, any person in the tenant's household, or any 808

Page 27

person on the premises with the consent of the tenant previously809has or presently is engaged in a violation as described in810division (A)(6)(a)(i) of this section.811

(7) In cases arising out of Chapter 5313. of the Revised
Code. In those cases, the court has the authority to declare a
forfeiture of the vendee's rights under a land installment
contract and to grant any other claims arising out of the
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contract.

(8) Against tenants who have breached an obligation that is 817 imposed by section 5321.05 of the Revised Code, other than the 818 obligation specified in division (A)(9) of that section, and that 819 materially affects health and safety. Prior to the commencement of 820 an action under this division, notice shall be given to the tenant 821 and compliance secured with section 5321.11 of the Revised Code. 822

(9) Against tenants who have breached an obligation imposed823upon them by a written rental agreement;824

(10) Against manufactured home park residents who have
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defaulted in the payment of rent or breached the terms of a rental
agreement with a manufactured home park operator. Nothing in this
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division precludes the commencement of an action under division
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(A)(12) of this section when the additional circumstances
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described in that division apply.

(11) Against manufactured home park residents who have 831 committed two material violations of the rules of the manufactured 832 home park, of the public health council, or of applicable state 833 and local health and safety codes and who have been notified of 834 the violations in compliance with section 3733.13 of the Revised 835 Code; 836

(12) Against a manufactured home park resident, or the estate
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 of a manufactured home park resident, who has been absent from the
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 manufactured home park for a period of thirty consecutive days
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prior to the commencement of an action under this division and 840 whose manufactured home or mobile home, or recreational vehicle 841 that is parked in the manufactured home park, has been left 842 unoccupied for that thirty-day period, without notice to the park 843 operator and without payment of rent due under the rental 844 agreement with the park operator; 845

(13) Against occupants of self-service storage facilities, as 846 defined in division (A) of section 5322.01 of the Revised Code, 847 who have breached the terms of a rental agreement or violated 848 section 5322.04 of the Revised Code; 849

(14) Against any resident or occupant who, pursuant to a 850 rental agreement, resides in or occupies residential premises 851 located within one thousand feet of any school premises and to 852 whom both of the following apply: 853

(a) The resident's or occupant's name appears on the state
 registry of sex offenders and child-victim offenders maintained
 under section 2950.13 of the Revised Code.
 856

(b) The state registry of sex offenders and child-victim 857 offenders indicates that the resident or occupant was convicted of 858 or pleaded guilty to either a sexually oriented offense that is 859 not a registration exempt sexually oriented offense or a 860 child-victim oriented offense in a criminal prosecution and was 861 not sentenced to a serious youthful offender dispositional 862 sentence for that offense. 863

(15) Against any tenant who permits any person to occupy
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residential premises located within one thousand feet of any
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school premises if both of the following apply to the person:
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(a) The person's name appears on the state registry of sex
offenders and child-victim offenders maintained under section
2950.13 of the Revised Code.
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(b) The state registry of sex offenders and child-victim 870

offenders indicates that the person was convicted of or pleaded 871 guilty to either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 872 registration exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 873 oriented offense in a criminal prosecution and was not sentenced 874 to a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence for that 875 offense. 876

(B) If a tenant or manufactured home park resident holding 877 under an oral tenancy is in default in the payment of rent, the 878 tenant or resident forfeits the right of occupancy, and the 879 landlord may, at the landlord's option, terminate the tenancy by 880 notifying the tenant or resident, as provided in section 1923.04 881 of the Revised Code, to leave the premises, for the restitution of 882 which an action may then be brought under this chapter. 883

(C)(1) If a tenant or any other person with the tenant's 884 permission resides in or occupies residential premises that are 885 located within one thousand feet of any school premises and is a 886 resident or occupant of the type described in division (A)(14) of 887 this section or a person of the type described in division (A)(15) 888 of this section, the landlord for those residential premises, upon 889 discovery that the tenant or other person is a resident, occupant, 890 or person of that nature, may terminate the rental agreement or 891 tenancy for those residential premises by notifying the tenant and 892 all other occupants, as provided in section 1923.04 of the Revised 893 Code, to leave the premises. 894

(2) If a landlord is authorized to terminate a rental 895 agreement or tenancy pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section 896 but does not so terminate the rental agreement or tenancy, the 897 landlord is not liable in a tort or other civil action in damages 898 for any injury, death, or loss to person or property that 899 allegedly result from that decision. 900

(D) This chapter does not apply to a student tenant as 901 defined by division (H) of section 5321.01 of the Revised Code 902

sec. 2151.23. (A) The juvenile court has exclusive original 905
jurisdiction under the Revised Code as follows: 906

(1) Concerning any child who on or about the date specified 907 in the complaint, indictment, or information is alleged to have 908 violated section 2151.87 of the Revised Code or an order issued 909 under that section or to be a juvenile traffic offender or a 910 delinquent, unruly, abused, neglected, or dependent child and, 911 based on and in relation to the allegation pertaining to the 912 child, concerning the parent, guardian, or other person having 913 care of a child who is alleged to be an unruly or delinquent child 914 for being an habitual or chronic truant; 915

(2) Subject to divisions (G) and (V) of section 2301.03 of
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the Revised Code, to determine the custody of any child not a ward
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of another court of this state;
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(3) To hear and determine any application for a writ of919habeas corpus involving the custody of a child;920

(4) To exercise the powers and jurisdiction given the probate 921 division of the court of common pleas in Chapter 5122. of the 922 Revised Code, if the court has probable cause to believe that a 923 child otherwise within the jurisdiction of the court is a mentally 924 ill person subject to hospitalization by court order, as defined 925 in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code; 926

(5) To hear and determine all criminal cases charging adults927with the violation of any section of this chapter;928

(6) To hear and determine all criminal cases in which an
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adult is charged with a violation of division (C) of section
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2919.21, division (B)(1) of section 2919.22, section 2919.222,
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division (B) of section 2919.23, or section 2919.24 of the Revised
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Code, provided the charge is not included in an indictment that 933 also charges the alleged adult offender with the commission of a 934 felony arising out of the same actions that are the basis of the 935 alleged violation of division (C) of section 2919.21, division 936 (B)(1) of section 2919.22, section 2919.222, division (B) of 937 section 2919.23, or section 2919.24 of the Revised Code; 938

(7) Under the interstate compact on juveniles in section2151.56 of the Revised Code;940

(8) Concerning any child who is to be taken into custody
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pursuant to section 2151.31 of the Revised Code, upon being
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notified of the intent to take the child into custody and the
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reasons for taking the child into custody;
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(9) To hear and determine requests for the extension of
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 temporary custody agreements, and requests for court approval of
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 permanent custody agreements, that are filed pursuant to section
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 5103.15 of the Revised Code;
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(10) To hear and determine applications for consent to marry 949pursuant to section 3101.04 of the Revised Code; 950

(11) Subject to divisions (G) and (V) of section 2301.03 of 951 the Revised Code, to hear and determine a request for an order for 952 the support of any child if the request is not ancillary to an 953 action for divorce, dissolution of marriage, annulment, or legal 954 separation, a criminal or civil action involving an allegation of 955 domestic violence, or an action for support brought under Chapter 956 3115. of the Revised Code; 957

(12) Concerning an action commenced under section 121.38 of958the Revised Code;959

(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of(13) To hear and determine violations of section 3321.38 of

(14) To exercise jurisdiction and authority over the parent, 962

child;

guardian, or other person having care of a child alleged to be a963delinquent child, unruly child, or juvenile traffic offender,964based on and in relation to the allegation pertaining to the965

(15) To conduct the hearings, and to make the determinations, 967 adjudications, and orders authorized or required under sections 968 2152.82 to 2152.85 2152.86 and Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code 969 regarding a child who has been adjudicated a delinguent child and 970 to refer the duties conferred upon the juvenile court judge under 971 sections 2152.82 to 2152.85 2152.86 and Chapter 2950. of the 972 Revised Code to magistrates appointed by the juvenile court judge 973 in accordance with Juvenile Rule 40. 974

(B) Except as provided in divisions (G) and (I) of section 975
2301.03 of the Revised Code, the juvenile court has original 976
jurisdiction under the Revised Code: 977

(1) To hear and determine all cases of misdemeanors charging
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adults with any act or omission with respect to any child, which
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act or omission is a violation of any state law or any municipal
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ordinance;
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(2) To determine the paternity of any child alleged to have
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been born out of wedlock pursuant to sections 3111.01 to 3111.18
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of the Revised Code;
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(3) Under the uniform interstate family support act in985Chapter 3115. of the Revised Code;986

(4) To hear and determine an application for an order for the
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support of any child, if the child is not a ward of another court
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of this state;
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(5) To hear and determine an action commenced under section3111.28 of the Revised Code;991

(6) To hear and determine a motion filed under section 992

3119.961 of the Revised Code;

(7) To receive filings under section 3109.74 of the Revised 994
Code, and to hear and determine actions arising under sections 995
3109.51 to 3109.80 of the Revised Code. 996

(8) To enforce an order for the return of a child made under
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the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child
998
Abduction pursuant to section 3127.32 of the Revised Code;
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(9) To grant any relief normally available under the laws of 1000
this state to enforce a child custody determination made by a 1001
court of another state and registered in accordance with section 1002
3127.35 of the Revised Code. 1003

(C) The juvenile court, except as to juvenile courts that are 1004 a separate division of the court of common pleas or a separate and 1005 independent juvenile court, has jurisdiction to hear, determine, 1006 and make a record of any action for divorce or legal separation 1007 that involves the custody or care of children and that is filed in 1008 the court of common pleas and certified by the court of common 1009 pleas with all the papers filed in the action to the juvenile 1010 court for trial, provided that no certification of that nature 1011 shall be made to any juvenile court unless the consent of the 1012 juvenile judge first is obtained. After a certification of that 1013 nature is made and consent is obtained, the juvenile court shall 1014 proceed as if the action originally had been begun in that court, 1015 except as to awards for spousal support or support due and unpaid 1016 at the time of certification, over which the juvenile court has no 1017 jurisdiction. 1018

(D) The juvenile court, except as provided in divisions (G)
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and (I) of section 2301.03 of the Revised Code, has jurisdiction
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to hear and determine all matters as to custody and support of
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children duly certified by the court of common pleas to the
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juvenile court after a divorce decree has been granted, including
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jurisdiction to modify the judgment and decree of the court of 1024 common pleas as the same relate to the custody and support of 1025 children. 1026

(E) The juvenile court, except as provided in divisions (G)
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and (I) of section 2301.03 of the Revised Code, has jurisdiction
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to hear and determine the case of any child certified to the court
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by any court of competent jurisdiction if the child comes within
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the jurisdiction of the juvenile court as defined by this section.

(F)(1) The juvenile court shall exercise its jurisdiction in 1032
child custody matters in accordance with sections 3109.04, 3127.01 1033
to 3127.53, and 5103.20 to 5103.22 of the Revised Code. 1034

(2) The juvenile court shall exercise its jurisdiction in1035child support matters in accordance with section 3109.05 of theRevised Code.

(G) Any juvenile court that makes or modifies an order for 1038 child support shall comply with Chapters 3119., 3121., 3123., and 1039 3125. of the Revised Code. If any person required to pay child 1040 support under an order made by a juvenile court on or after April 1041 15, 1985, or modified on or after December 1, 1986, is found in 1042 contempt of court for failure to make support payments under the 1043 order, the court that makes the finding, in addition to any other 1044 penalty or remedy imposed, shall assess all court costs arising 1045 out of the contempt proceeding against the person and require the 1046 person to pay any reasonable attorney's fees of any adverse party, 1047 as determined by the court, that arose in relation to the act of 1048 contempt. 1049

(H) If a child who is charged with an act that would be an 1050 offense if committed by an adult was fourteen years of age or 1051 older and under eighteen years of age at the time of the alleged 1052 act and if the case is transferred for criminal prosecution 1053 pursuant to section 2152.12 of the Revised Code, the juvenile 1054

court does not have jurisdiction to hear or determine the case 1055 subsequent to the transfer. The court to which the case is 1056 transferred for criminal prosecution pursuant to that section has 1057 jurisdiction subsequent to the transfer to hear and determine the 1058 case in the same manner as if the case originally had been 1059 commenced in that court, including, but not limited to, 1060 jurisdiction to accept a plea of guilty or another plea authorized 1061 by Criminal Rule 11 or another section of the Revised Code and 1062 jurisdiction to accept a verdict and to enter a judgment of 1063 conviction pursuant to the Rules of Criminal Procedure against the 1064 child for the commission of the offense that was the basis of the 1065 transfer of the case for criminal prosecution, whether the 1066 conviction is for the same degree or a lesser degree of the 1067 offense charged, for the commission of a lesser-included offense, 1068 or for the commission of another offense that is different from 1069 the offense charged. 1070

(I) If a person under eighteen years of age allegedly commits 1071 an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult and if the 1072 person is not taken into custody or apprehended for that act until 1073 after the person attains twenty-one years of age, the juvenile 1074 court does not have jurisdiction to hear or determine any portion 1075 of the case charging the person with committing that act. In those 1076 circumstances, divisions (A) and (B) of section 2152.12 of the 1077 Revised Code do not apply regarding the act, and the case charging 1078 the person with committing the act shall be a criminal prosecution 1079 commenced and heard in the appropriate court having jurisdiction 1080 of the offense as if the person had been eighteen years of age or 1081 older when the person committed the act. All proceedings 1082 pertaining to the act shall be within the jurisdiction of the 1083 court having jurisdiction of the offense, and that court has all 1084 the authority and duties in the case that it has in other criminal 1085 cases in that court. 1086 Sec. 2152.821 2151.811. (A) As used in this section: 1087

(1) "Mentally retarded person" and "developmentally disabled
 person" have the same meanings as in section 5123.01 of the
 Revised Code.

(2) "Mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim" 1091includes any of the following persons: 1092

(a) A mentally retarded person or developmentally disabled
person who was a victim of a violation identified in division
(B)(1) of this section or an act that would be an offense of
violence if committed by an adult;

(b) A mentally retarded person or developmentally disabled
person against whom was directed any conduct that constitutes, or
that is an element of, a violation identified in division (B)(1)
of this section or an act that would be an offense of violence if
committed by an adult.

(B)(1) In any proceeding in juvenile court involving a 1102 complaint, indictment, or information in which a child is charged 1103 with a violation of section 2903.16, 2903.34, 2903.341, 2907.02, 1104 2907.03, 2907.05, 2907.21, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.32, 2907.321, 1105 2907.322, or 2907.323 of the Revised Code or an act that would be 1106 an offense of violence if committed by an adult and in which an 1107 alleged victim of the violation or act was a mentally retarded 1108 person or developmentally disabled person, the juvenile judge, 1109 upon motion of the prosecution, shall order that the testimony of 1110 the mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim be taken 1111 by deposition. The prosecution also may request that the 1112 deposition be videotaped in accordance with division (B)(2) of 1113 this section. The judge shall notify the mentally retarded or 1114 developmentally disabled victim whose deposition is to be taken, 1115 the prosecution, and the attorney for the child who is charged 1116 with the violation or act of the date, time, and place for taking 1117

the deposition. The notice shall identify the mentally retarded or 1118 developmentally disabled victim who is to be examined and shall 1119 indicate whether a request that the deposition be videotaped has 1120 been made. The child who is charged with the violation or act 1121 shall have the right to attend the deposition and the right to be 1122 represented by counsel. Depositions shall be taken in the manner 1123 provided in civil cases, except that the judge in the proceeding 1124 shall preside at the taking of the deposition and shall rule at 1125 that time on any objections of the prosecution or the attorney for 1126 the child charged with the violation or act. The prosecution and 1127 the attorney for the child charged with the violation or act shall 1128 have the right, as at an adjudication hearing, to full examination 1129 and cross-examination of the mentally retarded or developmentally 1130 disabled victim whose deposition is to be taken. 1131

If a deposition taken under this division is intended to be 1132 offered as evidence in the proceeding, it shall be filed in the 1133 juvenile court in which the action is pending and is admissible in 1134 the manner described in division (C) of this section. If a 1135 deposition of a mentally retarded or developmentally disabled 1136 victim taken under this division is admitted as evidence at the 1137 proceeding under division (C) of this section, the mentally 1138 retarded or developmentally disabled victim shall not be required 1139 to testify in person at the proceeding. 1140

At any time before the conclusion of the proceeding, the 1141 attorney for the child charged with the violation or act may file 1142 a motion with the judge requesting that another deposition of the 1143 mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim be taken 1144 because new evidence material to the defense of the child charged 1145 has been discovered that the attorney for the child charged could 1146 not with reasonable diligence have discovered prior to the taking 1147 of the admitted deposition. Any motion requesting another 1148 deposition shall be accompanied by supporting affidavits. Upon the 1149

filing of the motion and affidavits, the court may order that 1150 additional testimony of the mentally retarded or developmentally 1151 disabled victim relative to the new evidence be taken by another 1152 deposition. If the court orders the taking of another deposition 1153 under this provision, the deposition shall be taken in accordance 1154 with this division. If the admitted deposition was a videotaped 1155 deposition taken in accordance with division (B)(2) of this 1156 section, the new deposition also shall be videotaped in accordance 1157 with that division. In other cases, the new deposition may be 1158 videotaped in accordance with that division. 1159

(2) If the prosecution requests that a deposition to be taken 1160 under division (B)(1) of this section be videotaped, the juvenile 1161 judge shall order that the deposition be videotaped in accordance 1162 with this division. If a juvenile judge issues an order to video 1163 tape the deposition, the judge shall exclude from the room in 1164 which the deposition is to be taken every person except the 1165 mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim giving the 1166 testimony, the judge, one or more interpreters if needed, the 1167 attorneys for the prosecution and the child who is charged with 1168 the violation or act, any person needed to operate the equipment 1169 to be used, one person chosen by the mentally retarded or 1170 developmentally disabled victim giving the deposition, and any 1171 person whose presence the judge determines would contribute to the 1172 welfare and well-being of the mentally retarded or developmentally 1173 disabled victim giving the deposition. The person chosen by the 1174 mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim shall not be 1175 a witness in the proceeding and, both before and during the 1176 deposition, shall not discuss the testimony of the victim with any 1177 other witness in the proceeding. To the extent feasible, any 1178 person operating the recording equipment shall be restricted to a 1179 room adjacent to the room in which the deposition is being taken, 1180 or to a location in the room in which the deposition is being 1181 taken that is behind a screen or mirror so that the person 1182

operating the recording equipment can see and hear, but cannot be 1183 seen or heard by, the mentally retarded or developmentally 1184 disabled victim giving the deposition during the deposition. 1185

The child who is charged with the violation or act shall be 1186 permitted to observe and hear the testimony of the mentally 1187 retarded or developmentally disabled victim giving the deposition 1188 on a monitor, shall be provided with an electronic means of 1189 immediate communication with the attorney of the child who is 1190 charged with the violation or act during the testimony, and shall 1191 be restricted to a location from which the child who is charged 1192 with the violation or act cannot be seen or heard by the mentally 1193 retarded or developmentally disabled victim giving the deposition, 1194 except on a monitor provided for that purpose. The mentally 1195 retarded or developmentally disabled victim giving the deposition 1196 shall be provided with a monitor on which the mentally retarded or 1197 developmentally disabled victim can observe, while giving 1198 testimony, the child who is charged with the violation or act. The 1199 judge, at the judge's discretion, may preside at the deposition by 1200 electronic means from outside the room in which the deposition is 1201 to be taken; if the judge presides by electronic means, the judge 1202 shall be provided with monitors on which the judge can see each 1203 person in the room in which the deposition is to be taken and with 1204 an electronic means of communication with each person in that 1205 room, and each person in the room shall be provided with a monitor 1206 on which that person can see the judge and with an electronic 1207 means of communication with the judge. A deposition that is 1208 videotaped under this division shall be taken and filed in the 1209 manner described in division (B)(1) of this section and is 1210 admissible in the manner described in this division and division 1211 (C) of this section. If a deposition that is videotaped under this 1212 division is admitted as evidence at the proceeding, the mentally 1213 retarded or developmentally disabled victim shall not be required 1214 to testify in person at the proceeding. No deposition videotaped 1215

under this division shall be admitted as evidence at any 1216 proceeding unless division (C) of this section is satisfied 1217 relative to the deposition and all of the following apply relative 1218 to the recording: 1219

(a) The recording is both aural and visual and is recorded on 1220film or videotape, or by other electronic means. 1221

(b) The recording is authenticated under the Rules of 1222
Evidence and the Rules of Criminal Procedure as a fair and 1223
accurate representation of what occurred, and the recording is not 1224
altered other than at the direction and under the supervision of 1225
the judge in the proceeding. 1226

(c) Each voice on the recording that is material to the
testimony on the recording or the making of the recording, as
determined by the judge, is identified.

(d) Both the prosecution and the child who is charged with
the violation or act are afforded an opportunity to view the
recording before it is shown in the proceeding.

(C)(1) At any proceeding in relation to which a deposition 1233 was taken under division (B) of this section, the deposition or a 1234 part of it is admissible in evidence upon motion of the 1235 prosecution if the testimony in the deposition or the part to be 1236 admitted is not excluded by the hearsay rule and if the deposition 1237 or the part to be admitted otherwise is admissible under the Rules 1238 of Evidence. For purposes of this division, testimony is not 1239 excluded by the hearsay rule if the testimony is not hearsay under 1240 Evidence Rule 801; the testimony is within an exception to the 1241 hearsay rule set forth in Evidence Rule 803; the mentally retarded 1242 or developmentally disabled victim who gave the testimony is 1243 unavailable as a witness, as defined in Evidence Rule 804, and the 1244 testimony is admissible under that rule; or both of the following 1245 apply: 1246

(a) The child who is charged with the violation or act had an
 1247
 opportunity and similar motive at the time of the taking of the
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 deposition to develop the testimony by direct, cross, or redirect
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 examination.

(b) The judge determines that there is reasonable cause to 1251 believe that, if the mentally retarded or developmentally disabled 1252 victim who gave the testimony in the deposition were to testify in 1253 person at the proceeding, the mentally retarded or developmentally 1254 disabled victim would experience serious emotional trauma as a 1255 result of the mentally retarded or developmentally disabled 1256 victim's participation at the proceeding. 1257

(2) Objections to receiving in evidence a deposition or a 1258part of it under division (C) of this section shall be made as 1259provided in civil actions. 1260

(3) The provisions of divisions (B) and (C) of this section 1261 are in addition to any other provisions of the Revised Code, the 1262 Rules of Juvenile Procedure, the Rules of Criminal Procedure, or 1263 the Rules of Evidence that pertain to the taking or admission of 1264 depositions in a juvenile court proceeding and do not limit the 1265 admissibility under any of those other provisions of any 1266 deposition taken under division (B) of this section or otherwise 1267 taken. 1268

(D) In any proceeding in juvenile court involving a 1269 complaint, indictment, or information in which a child is charged 1270 with a violation listed in division (B)(1) of this section or an 1271 act that would be an offense of violence if committed by an adult 1272 and in which an alleged victim of the violation or offense was a 1273 mentally retarded or developmentally disabled person, the 1274 prosecution may file a motion with the juvenile judge requesting 1275 the judge to order the testimony of the mentally retarded or 1276 developmentally disabled victim to be taken in a room other than 1277 the room in which the proceeding is being conducted and be 1278

televised, by closed circuit equipment, into the room in which the 1279 proceeding is being conducted to be viewed by the child who is 1280 charged with the violation or act and any other persons who are 1281 not permitted in the room in which the testimony is to be taken 1282 but who would have been present during the testimony of the 1283 mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim had it been 1284 given in the room in which the proceeding is being conducted. 1285 Except for good cause shown, the prosecution shall file a motion 1286 under this division at least seven days before the date of the 1287 proceeding. The juvenile judge may issue the order upon the motion 1288 of the prosecution filed under this division, if the judge 1289 determines that the mentally retarded or developmentally disabled 1290 victim is unavailable to testify in the room in which the 1291 proceeding is being conducted in the physical presence of the 1292 child charged with the violation or act for one or more of the 1293 reasons set forth in division (F) of this section. If a juvenile 1294 judge issues an order of that nature, the judge shall exclude from 1295 the room in which the testimony is to be taken every person except 1296 a person described in division (B)(2) of this section. The judge, 1297 at the judge's discretion, may preside during the giving of the 1298 testimony by electronic means from outside the room in which it is 1299 being given, subject to the limitations set forth in division 1300 (B)(2) of this section. To the extent feasible, any person 1301 operating the televising equipment shall be hidden from the sight 1302 and hearing of the mentally retarded or developmentally disabled 1303 victim giving the testimony, in a manner similar to that described 1304 in division (B)(2) of this section. The child who is charged with 1305 the violation or act shall be permitted to observe and hear the 1306 testimony of the mentally retarded or developmentally disabled 1307 victim giving the testimony on a monitor, shall be provided with 1308 an electronic means of immediate communication with the attorney 1309 of the child who is charged with the violation or act during the 1310 testimony, and shall be restricted to a location from which the 1311

child who is charged with the violation or act cannot be seen or 1312 heard by the mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim 1313 giving the testimony, except on a monitor provided for that 1314 purpose. The mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim 1315 giving the testimony shall be provided with a monitor on which the 1316 mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim can observe, 1317 while giving testimony, the child who is charged with the 1318 violation or act. 1319

(E) In any proceeding in juvenile court involving a 1320 complaint, indictment, or information in which a child is charged 1321 with a violation listed in division (B)(1) of this section or an 1322 act that would be an offense of violence if committed by an adult 1323 and in which an alleged victim of the violation or offense was a 1324 mentally retarded or developmentally disabled person, the 1325 prosecution may file a motion with the juvenile judge requesting 1326 the judge to order the testimony of the mentally retarded or 1327 developmentally disabled victim to be taken outside of the room in 1328 which the proceeding is being conducted and be recorded for 1329 showing in the room in which the proceeding is being conducted 1330 before the judge, the child who is charged with the violation or 1331 act, and any other persons who would have been present during the 1332 testimony of the mentally retarded or developmentally disabled 1333 victim had it been given in the room in which the proceeding is 1334 being conducted. Except for good cause shown, the prosecution 1335 shall file a motion under this division at least seven days before 1336 the date of the proceeding. The juvenile judge may issue the order 1337 upon the motion of the prosecution filed under this division, if 1338 the judge determines that the mentally retarded or developmentally 1339 disabled victim is unavailable to testify in the room in which the 1340 proceeding is being conducted in the physical presence of the 1341 child charged with the violation or act, due to one or more of the 1342 reasons set forth in division (F) of this section. If a juvenile 1343 judge issues an order of that nature, the judge shall exclude from 1344

the room in which the testimony is to be taken every person except 1345 a person described in division (B)(2) of this section. To the 1346 extent feasible, any person operating the recording equipment 1347 shall be hidden from the sight and hearing of the mentally 1348 retarded or developmentally disabled victim giving the testimony, 1349 in a manner similar to that described in division (B)(2) of this 1350 section. The child who is charged with the violation or act shall 1351 be permitted to observe and hear the testimony of the mentally 1352 retarded or developmentally disabled victim giving the testimony 1353 on a monitor, shall be provided with an electronic means of 1354 immediate communication with the attorney of the child who is 1355 charged with the violation or act during the testimony, and shall 1356 be restricted to a location from which the child who is charged 1357 with the violation or act cannot be seen or heard by the mentally 1358 retarded or developmentally disabled victim giving the testimony, 1359 except on a monitor provided for that purpose. The mentally 1360 retarded or developmentally disabled victim giving the testimony 1361 shall be provided with a monitor on which the mentally retarded or 1362 developmentally disabled victim can observe, while giving 1363 testimony, the child who is charged with the violation or act. No 1364 order for the taking of testimony by recording shall be issued 1365 under this division unless the provisions set forth in divisions 1366 (B)(2)(a), (b), (c), and (d) of this section apply to the 1367 recording of the testimony. 1368

(F) For purposes of divisions (D) and (E) of this section, a 1369 juvenile judge may order the testimony of a mentally retarded or 1370 developmentally disabled victim to be taken outside of the room in 1371 which a proceeding is being conducted if the judge determines that 1372 the mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim is 1373 unavailable to testify in the room in the physical presence of the 1374 child charged with the violation or act due to one or more of the 1375 following circumstances: 1376

(1) The persistent refusal of the mentally retarded or 1377
developmentally disabled victim to testify despite judicial 1378
requests to do so; 1379

(2) The inability of the mentally retarded or developmentally
disabled victim to communicate about the alleged violation or
offense because of extreme fear, failure of memory, or another
1382
similar reason;

(3) The substantial likelihood that the mentally retarded or 1384
developmentally disabled victim will suffer serious emotional 1385
trauma from so testifying. 1386

(G)(1) If a juvenile judge issues an order pursuant to 1387 division (D) or (E) of this section that requires the testimony of 1388 a mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim in a 1389 juvenile court proceeding to be taken outside of the room in which 1390 the proceeding is being conducted, the order shall specifically 1391 identify the mentally retarded or developmentally disabled victim 1392 to whose testimony it applies, the order applies only during the 1393 testimony of the specified mentally retarded or developmentally 1394 disabled victim, and the mentally retarded or developmentally 1395 disabled victim giving the testimony shall not be required to 1396 testify at the proceeding other than in accordance with the order. 1397 The authority of a judge to close the taking of a deposition under 1398 division (B)(2) of this section or a proceeding under division (D) 1399 or (E) of this section is in addition to the authority of a judge 1400 to close a hearing pursuant to section 2151.35 of the Revised 1401 Code. 1402

(2) A juvenile judge who makes any determination regarding
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the admissibility of a deposition under divisions (B) and (C) of
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this section, the videotaping of a deposition under division
(B)(2) of this section, or the taking of testimony outside of the
1406
room in which a proceeding is being conducted under division (D)
1407
or (E) of this section shall enter the determination and findings

Sub. S. B. No. 10 As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCriminal Justice Committee	Page 46
on the record in the proceeding.	1409
Sec. 2152.02. As used in this chapter:	1410
(A) "Act charged" means the act that is identified in a	1411
complaint, indictment, or information alleging that a child is a	1412
delinquent child.	1413
(B) "Admitted to a department of youth services facility"	1414
includes admission to a facility operated, or contracted for, by	1415
the department and admission to a comparable facility outside this	1416
state by another state or the United States.	1417
(C)(1) "Child" means a person who is under eighteen years of	1418
age, except as otherwise provided in divisions (C)(2) to (6) of	1419
this section.	1420
(2) Subject to division (C)(3) of this section, any person	1421
who violates a federal or state law or a municipal ordinance prior	1422
to attaining eighteen years of age shall be deemed a "child"	1423
irrespective of that person's age at the time the complaint with	1424
respect to that violation is filed or the hearing on the complaint	1425
is held.	1426
(3) Any person who, while under eighteen years of age,	1427
commits an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult and	1428
who is not taken into custody or apprehended for that act until	1429
after the person attains twenty-one years of age is not a child in	1430
relation to that act.	1431
(4) Any person whose case is transferred for criminal	1432
prosecution pursuant to section 2152.12 of the Revised Code shall	1433
be deemed after the transfer not to be a child in the transferred	1434
case.	1435
(5) Any person whose case is transferred for criminal	1436
prosecution pursuant to section 2152.12 of the Revised Code and	1437

prosecution pursuant to section 2152.12 of the Revised Code and 1437 who subsequently is convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony in 1438

that case, and any person who is adjudicated a delinquent child 1439 for the commission of an act, who has a serious youthful offender 1440 dispositional sentence imposed for the act pursuant to section 1441 2152.13 of the Revised Code, and whose adult portion of the 1442 dispositional sentence is invoked pursuant to section 2152.14 of 1443 the Revised Code, shall be deemed after the transfer or invocation 1444 not to be a child in any case in which a complaint is filed 1445 against the person. 1446

(6) The juvenile court has jurisdiction over a person who is 1447 adjudicated a delinguent child or juvenile traffic offender prior 1448 to attaining eighteen years of age until the person attains 1449 twenty-one years of age, and, for purposes of that jurisdiction 1450 related to that adjudication, except as otherwise provided in this 1451 division, a person who is so adjudicated a delinquent child or 1452 juvenile traffic offender shall be deemed a "child" until the 1453 person attains twenty-one years of age. If a person is so 1454 adjudicated a delinquent child or juvenile traffic offender and 1455 the court makes a disposition of the person under this chapter, at 1456 any time after the person attains eighteen years of age, the 1457 places at which the person may be held under that disposition are 1458 not limited to places authorized under this chapter solely for 1459 confinement of children, and the person may be confined under that 1460 disposition, in accordance with division (F)(2) of section 2152.26 1461 of the Revised Code, in places other than those authorized under 1462 this chapter solely for confinement of children. 1463

(D) "Chronic truant" means any child of compulsory school age 1464
who is absent without legitimate excuse for absence from the 1465
public school the child is supposed to attend for seven or more 1466
consecutive school days, ten or more school days in one school 1467
month, or fifteen or more school days in a school year. 1468

(E) "Community corrections facility," "public safety beds," 1469"release authority," and "supervised release" have the same 1470

meanings as in section 5139.01 of the Revised Code. 1471

(F) "Delinquent child" includes any of the following: 1472

(1) Any child, except a juvenile traffic offender, who
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violates any law of this state or the United States, or any
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ordinance of a political subdivision of the state, that would be
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an offense if committed by an adult;

(2) Any child who violates any lawful order of the court made 1477 under this chapter or under Chapter 2151. of the Revised Code 1478 other than an order issued under section 2151.87 of the Revised 1479 Code; 1480

(3) Any child who violates division (C) of section 2907.39 1481
or, division (A) of section 2923.211, or division (C)(1) or (D) of 1482
section 2925.55 of the Revised Code; 1483

(4) Any child who is a habitual truant and who previously hasbeen adjudicated an unruly child for being a habitual truant;1485

(5) Any child who is a chronic truant. 1486

(G) "Discretionary serious youthful offender" means a person 1487who is eligible for a discretionary SYO and who is not transferred 1488to adult court under a mandatory or discretionary transfer. 1489

(H) "Discretionary SYO" means a case in which the juvenile 1490
court, in the juvenile court's discretion, may impose a serious 1491
youthful offender disposition under section 2152.13 of the Revised 1492
Code. 1493

(I) "Discretionary transfer" means that the juvenile court 1494
has discretion to transfer a case for criminal prosecution under 1495
division (B) of section 2152.12 of the Revised Code. 1496

(J) "Drug abuse offense," "felony drug abuse offense," and 1497
"minor drug possession offense" have the same meanings as in 1498
section 2925.01 of the Revised Code. 1499

(K) "Electronic monitoring" and "electronic monitoring 1500

device" have the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the 1501 Revised Code.

(L) "Economic loss" means any economic detriment suffered by 1503 a victim of a delinquent act or juvenile traffic offense as a 1504 direct and proximate result of the delinquent act or juvenile 1505 traffic offense and includes any loss of income due to lost time 1506 at work because of any injury caused to the victim and any 1507 property loss, medical cost, or funeral expense incurred as a 1508 result of the delinquent act or juvenile traffic offense. 1509 "Economic loss" does not include non-economic loss or any punitive 1510 or exemplary damages. 1511

(M) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11 of 1512the Revised Code. 1513

(N) "Juvenile traffic offender" means any child who violates 1514 any traffic law, traffic ordinance, or traffic regulation of this 1515 state, the United States, or any political subdivision of this 1516 state, other than a resolution, ordinance, or regulation of a 1517 political subdivision of this state the violation of which is 1518 required to be handled by a parking violations bureau or a joint 1519 parking violations bureau pursuant to Chapter 4521. of the Revised 1520 Code. 1521

(0) A "legitimate excuse for absence from the public school 1522
the child is supposed to attend" has the same meaning as in 1523
section 2151.011 of the Revised Code. 1524

(P) "Mandatory serious youthful offender" means a person who 1525is eligible for a mandatory SYO and who is not transferred to 1526adult court under a mandatory or discretionary transfer. 1527

(Q) "Mandatory SYO" means a case in which the juvenile court
 is required to impose a mandatory serious youthful offender
 disposition under section 2152.13 of the Revised Code.
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(R) "Mandatory transfer" means that a case is required to be 1531

1561

transferred for criminal prosecution under division (A) of section	1532
2152.12 of the Revised Code.	1533
(S) "Mental illness" has the same meaning as in section	1534
5122.01 of the Revised Code.	1535
(T) "Mentally retarded person" has the same meaning as in	1536
section 5123.01 of the Revised Code.	1537
(U) "Monitored time" and "repeat violent offender" have the	1538
same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	1539
(V) "Of compulsory school age" has the same meaning as in	1540
section 3321.01 of the Revised Code.	1541
(W) "Public record" has the same meaning as in section 149.43	1542
of the Revised Code.	1543
(X) "Serious youthful offender" means a person who is	1544
eligible for a mandatory SYO or discretionary SYO but who is not	1545
transferred to adult court under a mandatory or discretionary	1546
transfer.	1547
(Y) "Sexually oriented offense," <del>"habitual sex offender,"</del>	1548
"juvenile offender registrant,"	1549
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense,"	1550
"registration exempt sexually oriented offense," "child-victim	1551
oriented offense,"	1552
<del>"child-victim predator"</del> <u>"tier I sex offender/child-victim</u>	1553
offender," "tier II sex offender/child-victim offender," "tier III	1554
sex offender/child-victim offender, " and "public	1555
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant" have the same	1556
meanings as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	1557
(Z) "Traditional juvenile" means a case that is not	1558
transferred to adult court under a mandatory or discretionary	1559
transfer, that is eligible for a disposition under sections	1560

2152.16, 2152.17, 2152.19, and 2152.20 of the Revised Code, and

that is not eligible for a disposition under section 2152.13 of 1562 the Revised Code. 1563 (AA) "Transfer" means the transfer for criminal prosecution 1564 of a case involving the alleged commission by a child of an act 1565 that would be an offense if committed by an adult from the 1566 juvenile court to the appropriate court that has jurisdiction of 1567 the offense. 1568 (BB) "Category one offense" means any of the following: 1569 (1) A violation of section 2903.01 or 2903.02 of the Revised 1570 Code; 1571 (2) A violation of section 2923.02 of the Revised Code 1572 involving an attempt to commit aggravated murder or murder. 1573 (CC) "Category two offense" means any of the following: 1574 (1) A violation of section 2903.03, 2905.01, 2907.02, 1575 2909.02, 2911.01, or 2911.11 of the Revised Code; 1576 (2) A violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that 1577 is a felony of the first degree; 1578 (3) A violation of section 2907.12 of the Revised Code as it 1579 existed prior to September 3, 1996. 1580 (DD) "Non-economic loss" means nonpecuniary harm suffered by 1581 a victim of a delinquent act or juvenile traffic offense as a 1582 result of or related to the delinquent act or juvenile traffic 1583 offense, including, but not limited to, pain and suffering; loss 1584 of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, 1585 attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, 1586 training, or education; mental anguish; and any other intangible 1587 loss. 1588

**Sec. 2152.19.** (A) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent 1589 child, the court may make any of the following orders of 1590

disposition, in addition to any other disposition authorized or 1591 required by this chapter: 1592

(1) Any order that is authorized by section 2151.353 of the 1593
Revised Code for the care and protection of an abused, neglected, 1594
or dependent child; 1595

(2) Commit the child to the temporary custody of any school, 1596 camp, institution, or other facility operated for the care of 1597 delinquent children by the county, by a district organized under 1598 section 2152.41 or 2151.65 of the Revised Code, or by a private 1599 agency or organization, within or without the state, that is 1600 authorized and qualified to provide the care, treatment, or 1601 placement required, including, but not limited to, a school, camp, 1602 or facility operated under section 2151.65 of the Revised Code; 1603

(3) Place the child in a detention facility or district
detention facility operated under section 2152.41 of the Revised
Code, for up to ninety days;
1606

(4) Place the child on community control under any sanctions, 1607 services, and conditions that the court prescribes. As a condition 1608 of community control in every case and in addition to any other 1609 condition that it imposes upon the child, the court shall require 1610 the child to abide by the law during the period of community 1611 control. As referred to in this division, community control 1612 includes, but is not limited to, the following sanctions and 1613 conditions: 1614

(a) A period of basic probation supervision in which the
 1615
 child is required to maintain contact with a person appointed to
 1616
 supervise the child in accordance with sanctions imposed by the
 1617
 court;

(b) A period of intensive probation supervision in which the
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child is required to maintain frequent contact with a person
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appointed by the court to supervise the child while the child is
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seeking or maintaining employment and participating in training, 1622 education, and treatment programs as the order of disposition; 1623

(c) A period of day reporting in which the child is required
each day to report to and leave a center or another approved
reporting location at specified times in order to participate in
work, education or training, treatment, and other approved
1627
programs at the center or outside the center;

(d) A period of community service of up to five hundred hours 1629 for an act that would be a felony or a misdemeanor of the first 1630 degree if committed by an adult, up to two hundred hours for an 1631 act that would be a misdemeanor of the second, third, or fourth 1632 degree if committed by an adult, or up to thirty hours for an act 1633 that would be a minor misdemeanor if committed by an adult; 1634

(e) A requirement that the child obtain a high school
diploma, a certificate of high school equivalence, vocational
training, or employment;

(f) A period of drug and alcohol use monitoring;

(g) A requirement of alcohol or drug assessment or 1639 counseling, or a period in an alcohol or drug treatment program 1640 with a level of security for the child as determined necessary by 1641 the court; 1642

(h) A period in which the court orders the child to observe a 1643curfew that may involve daytime or evening hours; 1644

(i) A requirement that the child serve monitored time;

(j) A period of house arrest without electronic monitoring or 1646continuous alcohol monitoring; 1647

(k) A period of electronic monitoring or continuous alcohol
 monitoring without house arrest, or house arrest with electronic
 monitoring or continuous alcohol monitoring or both electronic
 monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring, that does not exceed
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Page 54

the maximum sentence of imprisonment that could be imposed upon an 1652 adult who commits the same act. 1653

A period of house arrest with electronic monitoring or 1654 continuous alcohol monitoring or both electronic monitoring and 1655 continuous alcohol monitoring, imposed under this division shall 1656 not extend beyond the child's twenty-first birthday. If a court 1657 imposes a period of house arrest with electronic monitoring or 1658 continuous alcohol monitoring or both electronic monitoring and 1659 continuous alcohol monitoring, upon a child under this division, 1660 it shall require the child: to remain in the child's home or other 1661 specified premises for the entire period of house arrest with 1662 electronic monitoring or continuous alcohol monitoring or both 1663 except when the court permits the child to leave those premises to 1664 go to school or to other specified premises. Regarding electronic 1665 monitoring, the court also shall require the child to be monitored 1666 by a central system that can determine the child's location at 1667 designated times; to report periodically to a person designated by 1668 the court; and to enter into a written contract with the court 1669 agreeing to comply with all requirements imposed by the court, 1670 agreeing to pay any fee imposed by the court for the costs of the 1671 house arrest with electronic monitoring, and agreeing to waive the 1672 right to receive credit for any time served on house arrest with 1673 electronic monitoring toward the period of any other dispositional 1674 order imposed upon the child if the child violates any of the 1675 requirements of the dispositional order of house arrest with 1676 electronic monitoring. The court also may impose other reasonable 1677 requirements upon the child. 1678

Unless ordered by the court, a child shall not receive credit 1679 for any time served on house arrest with electronic monitoring or 1680 continuous alcohol monitoring or both toward any other 1681 dispositional order imposed upon the child for the act for which 1682 was imposed the dispositional order of house arrest with 1683

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1699

electronic monitoring or continuous alcohol monitoring. As used in 1684 this division and division (A)(4)(1) of this section, "continuous 1685 alcohol monitoring" has the same meaning as in section 2929.01 of 1686 the Revised Code. 1687

(1) A suspension of the driver's license, probationary 1688 driver's license, or temporary instruction permit issued to the 1689 child for a period of time prescribed by the court, or a 1690 suspension of the registration of all motor vehicles registered in 1691 the name of the child for a period of time prescribed by the 1692 court. A child whose license or permit is so suspended is 1693 ineligible for issuance of a license or permit during the period 1694 of suspension. At the end of the period of suspension, the child 1695 shall not be reissued a license or permit until the child has paid 1696 any applicable reinstatement fee and complied with all 1697 requirements governing license reinstatement. 1698

(5) Commit the child to the custody of the court;

(6) Require the child to not be absent without legitimate 1700 excuse from the public school the child is supposed to attend for 1701 five or more consecutive days, seven or more school days in one 1702 school month, or twelve or more school days in a school year; 1703

(7)(a) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being 1704
a chronic truant or a habitual truant who previously has been 1705
adjudicated an unruly child for being a habitual truant, do either 1706
or both of the following: 1707

(i) Require the child to participate in a truancy prevention 1708mediation program; 1709

(ii) Make any order of disposition as authorized by this
section, except that the court shall not commit the child to a
facility described in division (A)(2) or (3) of this section
unless the court determines that the child violated a lawful court
order made pursuant to division (C)(1)(e) of section 2151.354 of

the Revised Code or division (A)(6) of this section. 1715

(b) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being a 1716 chronic truant or a habitual truant who previously has been 1717 adjudicated an unruly child for being a habitual truant and the 1718 court determines that the parent, guardian, or other person having 1719 care of the child has failed to cause the child's attendance at 1720 school in violation of section 3321.38 of the Revised Code, do 1721 either or both of the following: 1722

(i) Require the parent, guardian, or other person having care 1723of the child to participate in a truancy prevention mediation 1724program; 1725

(ii) Require the parent, guardian, or other person having
1726
care of the child to participate in any community service program,
preferably a community service program that requires the
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involvement of the parent, guardian, or other person having care
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of the child in the school attended by the child.

(8) Make any further disposition that the court finds proper, 1731except that the child shall not be placed in any of the following: 1732

(a) A state correctional institution, a county, multicounty, 1733
 or municipal jail or workhouse, or another place in which an adult 1734
 convicted of a crime, under arrest, or charged with a crime is 1735
 held; 1736

(b) A community corrections facility, if the child would be 1737 covered by the definition of public safety beds for purposes of 1738 sections 5139.41 to 5139.43 of the Revised Code if the court 1739 exercised its authority to commit the child to the legal custody 1740 of the department of youth services for institutionalization or 1741 institutionalization in a secure facility pursuant to this 1742 chapter. 1743

(B) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child, in addition 1744to any order of disposition made under division (A) of this 1745

section, the court, in the following situations and for the 1746 specified periods of time, shall suspend the child's temporary 1747 instruction permit, restricted license, probationary driver's 1748 license, or nonresident operating privilege, or suspend the 1749 child's ability to obtain such a permit: 1750

(1) If the child is adjudicated a delinquent child for 1751 violating section 2923.122 of the Revised Code, impose a class 1752 four suspension of the child's license, permit, or privilege from 1753 the range specified in division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the 1754 Revised Code or deny the child the issuance of a license or permit 1755 in accordance with division (F)(1) of section 2923.122 of the 1756 Revised Code. 1757

(2) If the child is adjudicated a delinquent child for 1758 committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a drug 1759 abuse offense or for violating division (B) of section 2917.11 of 1760 the Revised Code, suspend the child's license, permit, or 1761 privilege for a period of time prescribed by the court. The court, 1762 in its discretion, may terminate the suspension if the child 1763 attends and satisfactorily completes a drug abuse or alcohol abuse 1764 education, intervention, or treatment program specified by the 1765 court. During the time the child is attending a program described 1766 in this division, the court shall retain the child's temporary 1767 instruction permit, probationary driver's license, or driver's 1768 license, and the court shall return the permit or license if it 1769 terminates the suspension as described in this division. 1770

(C) The court may establish a victim-offender mediation 1771 program in which victims and their offenders meet to discuss the 1772 offense and suggest possible restitution. If the court obtains the 1773 assent of the victim of the delinquent act committed by the child, 1774 the court may require the child to participate in the program. 1775

(D)(1) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for 1776 committing an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult 1777

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and if the child caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, 1778 or created a risk of physical harm to the victim of the act, the 1779 court, prior to issuing an order of disposition under this 1780 section, shall order the preparation of a victim impact statement 1781 by the probation department of the county in which the victim of 1782 the act resides, by the court's own probation department, or by a 1783

victim assistance program that is operated by the state, a county, 1784 a municipal corporation, or another governmental entity. The court 1785 shall consider the victim impact statement in determining the 1786 order of disposition to issue for the child. 1787

(2) Each victim impact statement shall identify the victim of 1788 the act for which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child, 1789 itemize any economic loss suffered by the victim as a result of 1790 the act, identify any physical injury suffered by the victim as a 1791 result of the act and the seriousness and permanence of the 1792 injury, identify any change in the victim's personal welfare or 1793 familial relationships as a result of the act and any 1794 psychological impact experienced by the victim or the victim's 1795 family as a result of the act, and contain any other information 1796 related to the impact of the act upon the victim that the court 1797 requires. 1798

(3) A victim impact statement shall be kept confidential and 1799 is not a public record. However, the court may furnish copies of 1800 the statement to the department of youth services if the 1801 delinquent child is committed to the department or to both the 1802 adjudicated delinguent child or the adjudicated delinguent child's 1803 counsel and the prosecuting attorney. The copy of a victim impact 1804 statement furnished by the court to the department pursuant to 1805 this section shall be kept confidential and is not a public 1806 record. If an officer is preparing pursuant to section 2947.06 or 1807 2951.03 of the Revised Code or Criminal Rule 32.2 a presentence 1808 investigation report pertaining to a person, the court shall make 1809

available to the officer, for use in preparing the report, a copy 1810 of any victim impact statement regarding that person. The copies 1811 of a victim impact statement that are made available to the 1812 adjudicated delinquent child or the adjudicated delinquent child's 1813 counsel and the prosecuting attorney pursuant to this division 1814 shall be returned to the court by the person to whom they were 1815 made available immediately following the imposition of an order of 1816 disposition for the child under this chapter. 1817

The copy of a victim impact statement that is made available 1818 pursuant to this division to an officer preparing a criminal 1819 presentence investigation report shall be returned to the court by 1820 the officer immediately following its use in preparing the report. 1821

(4) The department of youth services shall work with local
 probation departments and victim assistance programs to develop a
 standard victim impact statement.
 1824

(E) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for being a 1825 chronic truant or a habitual truant who previously has been 1826 adjudicated an unruly child for being a habitual truant and the 1827 court determines that the parent, guardian, or other person having 1828 care of the child has failed to cause the child's attendance at 1829 school in violation of section 3321.38 of the Revised Code, in 1830 addition to any order of disposition it makes under this section, 1831 the court shall warn the parent, guardian, or other person having 1832 care of the child that any subsequent adjudication of the child as 1833 an unruly or delinquent child for being a habitual or chronic 1834 truant may result in a criminal charge against the parent, 1835 guardian, or other person having care of the child for a violation 1836 of division (C) of section 2919.21 or section 2919.24 of the 1837 Revised Code. 1838

(F)(1) During the period of a delinquent child's community
control granted under this section, authorized probation officers
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who are engaged within the scope of their supervisory duties or
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responsibilities may search, with or without a warrant, the person 1842 of the delinquent child, the place of residence of the delinquent 1843 child, and a motor vehicle, another item of tangible or intangible 1844 personal property, or other real property in which the delinquent 1845 child has a right, title, or interest or for which the delinquent 1846 child has the express or implied permission of a person with a 1847 right, title, or interest to use, occupy, or possess if the 1848 probation officers have reasonable grounds to believe that the 1849 delinquent child is not abiding by the law or otherwise is not 1850 complying with the conditions of the delinguent child's community 1851 control. The court that places a delinquent child on community 1852 control under this section shall provide the delinquent child with 1853 a written notice that informs the delinquent child that authorized 1854 probation officers who are engaged within the scope of their 1855 supervisory duties or responsibilities may conduct those types of 1856 searches during the period of community control if they have 1857 reasonable grounds to believe that the delinquent child is not 1858 abiding by the law or otherwise is not complying with the 1859 conditions of the delinquent child's community control. The court 1860 also shall provide the written notice described in division (E)(2) 1861 of this section to each parent, guardian, or custodian of the 1862 delinquent child who is described in that division. 1863

(2) The court that places a child on community control under 1864 this section shall provide the child's parent, guardian, or other 1865 custodian with a written notice that informs them that authorized 1866 probation officers may conduct searches pursuant to division 1867 (E)(1) of this section. The notice shall specifically state that a 1868 permissible search might extend to a motor vehicle, another item 1869 of tangible or intangible personal property, or a place of 1870 residence or other real property in which a notified parent, 1871 guardian, or custodian has a right, title, or interest and that 1872 the parent, guardian, or custodian expressly or impliedly permits 1873 the child to use, occupy, or possess. 1874

(G) If a juvenile court commits a delinquent child to the 1875
custody of any person, organization, or entity pursuant to this 1876
section and if the delinquent act for which the child is so 1877
committed is a sexually oriented offense that is not a 1878
registration exempt sexually oriented offense or is a child-victim 1879
oriented offense, the court in the order of disposition shall do 1880
one of the following: 1881

(1) Require that the child be provided treatment as described1882in division (A)(2) of section 5139.13 of the Revised Code;1883

(2) Inform the person, organization, or entity that it is the 1884
preferred course of action in this state that the child be 1885
provided treatment as described in division (A)(2) of section 1886
5139.13 of the Revised Code and encourage the person, 1887
organization, or entity to provide that treatment. 1888

Sec. 2152.191. If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child 1889 for committing a sexually oriented offense that is not a 1890 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or for committing a 1891 child-victim oriented offense, regardless of when the sexually 1892 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense was committed, 1893 <u>and</u> if the child is fourteen years of age or older at the time of 1894 committing the offense, and if the child committed the offense on 1895 or after January 1, 2002, both of the following apply: 1896

(A) Sections 2152.82 to 2152.85 2152.86 and Chapter 2950. of 1897
 the Revised Code apply to the child and the adjudication. 1898

(B) In addition to any order of disposition it makes of the
(B) In addition to any order of disposition it makes of the
(B) In addition to any order of disposition it makes of the
(B) In addition to any order of disposition it makes of the
(B) In addition to any order of disposition it makes of the
(B) In addition, the sections of the court may make any determination, adjudication, or order required under
(B) In addition to any order the sections and that chapter.

Sec. 2152.22. (A) When a child is committed to the legal 1905 custody of the department of youth services under this chapter, 1906 the juvenile court relinquishes control with respect to the child 1907 so committed, except as provided in divisions (B), (C), and (G) of 1908 this section or in sections 2152.82 to <del>2152.85</del> 2152.86 of the 1909 Revised Code. Subject to divisions (B) and (C) of this section, 1910 sections 2151.353 and 2151.412 to 2151.421 of the Revised Code, 1911 sections 2152.82 to 2152.85 2152.86 of the Revised Code, and any 1912 other provision of law that specifies a different duration for a 1913 dispositional order, all other dispositional orders made by the 1914 court under this chapter shall be temporary and shall continue for 1915 a period that is designated by the court in its order, until 1916 terminated or modified by the court or until the child attains 1917 twenty-one years of age. 1918

The department shall not release the child from a department 1919 facility and as a result shall not discharge the child or order 1920 the child's release on supervised release prior to the expiration 1921 of the minimum period specified by the court in division (A)(1) of 1922 section 2152.16 of the Revised Code and any term of commitment 1923 imposed under section 2152.17 of the Revised Code or prior to the 1924 child's attainment of twenty-one years of age, except upon the 1925 order of a court pursuant to division (B) or (C) of this section 1926 or in accordance with section 5139.54 of the Revised Code. 1927

(B)(1) The court that commits a delinquent child to the 1928 department may grant judicial release of the child to court 1929 supervision under this division during the first half of the 1930 prescribed minimum term for which the child was committed to the 1931 department or, if the child was committed to the department until 1932 the child attains twenty-one years of age, during the first half 1933 of the prescribed period of commitment that begins on the first 1934 day of commitment and ends on the child's twenty-first birthday, 1935 provided any commitment imposed under division (A), (B), (C), or 1936 (D) of section 2152.17 of the Revised Code has ended. 1937

(2) If the department of youth services desires to release a 1938 child during a period specified in division (B)(1) of this 1939 section, it shall request the court that committed the child to 1940 grant a judicial release of the child to court supervision. During 1941 whichever of those periods is applicable, the child or the parents 1942 of the child also may request that court to grant a judicial 1943 release of the child to court supervision. Upon receipt of a 1944 request for a judicial release to court supervision from the 1945 department, the child, or the child's parent, or upon its own 1946 motion, the court that committed the child shall do one of the 1947 following: approve the release by journal entry; schedule within 1948 thirty days after the request is received a time for a hearing on 1949 whether the child is to be released; or reject the request by 1950 journal entry without conducting a hearing. 1951

If the court rejects an initial request for a release under 1952 this division by the child or the child's parent, the child or the 1953 child's parent may make one additional request for a judicial 1954 release to court supervision within the applicable period. The 1955 additional request may be made no earlier than thirty days after 1956 the filing of the prior request for a judicial release to court 1957 supervision. Upon the filing of a second request for a judicial 1958 release to court supervision, the court shall either approve or 1959 disapprove the release by journal entry or schedule within thirty 1960 days after the request is received a time for a hearing on whether 1961 the child is to be released. 1962

(3) If a court schedules a hearing under division (B)(2) of 1963 this section, it may order the department to deliver the child to 1964 the court on the date set for the hearing and may order the 1965 department to present to the court a report on the child's 1966 progress in the institution to which the child was committed and 1967 recommendations for conditions of supervision of the child by the 1968

court after release. The court may conduct the hearing without the 1969 child being present. The court shall determine at the hearing 1970 whether the child should be granted a judicial release to court 1971 supervision. 1972

If the court approves the release, it shall order its staff 1973 to prepare a written treatment and rehabilitation plan for the 1974 child that may include any conditions of the child's release that 1975 were recommended by the department and approved by the court. The 1976 committing court shall send the juvenile court of the county in 1977 which the child is placed a copy of the recommended plan. The 1978 court of the county in which the child is placed may adopt the 1979 recommended conditions set by the committing court as an order of 1980 the court and may add any additional consistent conditions it 1981 considers appropriate. If a child is granted a judicial release to 1982 court supervision, the release discharges the child from the 1983 custody of the department of youth services. 1984

(C)(1) The court that commits a delinquent child to the 1985 department may grant judicial release of the child to department 1986 of youth services supervision under this division during the 1987 second half of the prescribed minimum term for which the child was 1988 committed to the department or, if the child was committed to the 1989 department until the child attains twenty-one years of age, during 1990 the second half of the prescribed period of commitment that begins 1991 on the first day of commitment and ends on the child's 1992 twenty-first birthday, provided any commitment imposed under 1993 division (A), (B), (C), or (D) of section 2152.17 of the Revised 1994 Code has ended. 1995

(2) If the department of youth services desires to release a 1996 child during a period specified in division (C)(1) of this 1997 section, it shall request the court that committed the child to 1998 grant a judicial release to department of youth services 1999 supervision. During whichever of those periods is applicable, the 2000

child or the child's parent also may request the court that 2001 committed the child to grant a judicial release to department of 2002 youth services supervision. Upon receipt of a request for judicial 2003 release to department of youth services supervision, the child, or 2004 the child's parent, or upon its own motion at any time during that 2005 period, the court shall do one of the following: approve the 2006 release by journal entry; schedule a time within thirty days after 2007 receipt of the request for a hearing on whether the child is to be 2008 released; or reject the request by journal entry without 2009 conducting a hearing. 2010

If the court rejects an initial request for release under 2011 this division by the child or the child's parent, the child or the 2012 child's parent may make one or more subsequent requests for a 2013 release within the applicable period, but may make no more than 2014 one request during each period of ninety days that the child is in 2015 a secure department facility after the filing of a prior request 2016 for early release. Upon the filing of a request for release under 2017 this division subsequent to an initial request, the court shall 2018 either approve or disapprove the release by journal entry or 2019 schedule a time within thirty days after receipt of the request 2020 for a hearing on whether the child is to be released. 2021

(3) If a court schedules a hearing under division (C)(2) of 2022 this section, it may order the department to deliver the child to 2023 the court on the date set for the hearing and shall order the 2024 department to present to the court at that time a treatment plan 2025 for the child's post-institutional care. The court may conduct the 2026 hearing without the child being present. The court shall determine 2027 at the hearing whether the child should be granted a judicial 2028 release to department of youth services supervision. 2029

If the court approves the judicial release to department of 2030 youth services supervision, the department shall prepare a written 2031 treatment and rehabilitation plan for the child pursuant to 2032

division (E) of this section that shall include the conditions of 2033 the child's release. It shall send the committing court and the 2034 juvenile court of the county in which the child is placed a copy 2035 of the plan. The court of the county in which the child is placed 2036 may adopt the conditions set by the department as an order of the 2037 court and may add any additional consistent conditions it 2038 considers appropriate, provided that the court may not add any 2039 condition that decreases the level or degree of supervision 2040 specified by the department in its plan, that substantially 2041 increases the financial burden of supervision that will be 2042 experienced by the department, or that alters the placement 2043 specified by the department in its plan. If the court of the 2044 county in which the child is placed adds to the department's plan 2045 any additional conditions, it shall enter those additional 2046 conditions in its journal and shall send to the department a copy 2047 of the journal entry of the additional conditions. 2048

If the court approves the judicial release to department of 2049 youth services supervision, the actual date on which the 2050 department shall release the child is contingent upon the 2051 department finding a suitable placement for the child. If the 2052 child is to be returned to the child's home, the department shall 2053 return the child on the date that the court schedules for the 2054 child's release or shall bear the expense of any additional time 2055 that the child remains in a department facility. If the child is 2056 unable to return to the child's home, the department shall 2057 exercise reasonable diligence in finding a suitable placement for 2058 the child, and the child shall remain in a department facility 2059 while the department finds the suitable placement. 2060

(D) If a child is released under division (B) or (C) of this
section and the court of the county in which the child is placed
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has reason to believe that the child's deportment is not in
accordance with the conditions of the child's judicial release,
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the court of the county in which the child is placed shall 2065 schedule a time for a hearing to determine whether the child 2066 violated any of the post-release conditions, and, if the child was 2067 released under division (C) of this section, divisions (A) to (E) 2068 of section 5139.52 of the Revised Code apply regarding the child. 2069

If that court determines at the hearing that the child 2070 violated any of the post-release conditions, the court, if it 2071 determines that the violation was a serious violation, may order 2072 the child to be returned to the department for 2073 institutionalization, consistent with the original order of 2074 commitment of the child, or in any case may make any other 2075 disposition of the child authorized by law that the court 2076 considers proper. If the court of the county in which the child is 2077 placed orders the child to be returned to a department of youth 2078 services institution, the time during which the child was held in 2079 a secure department facility prior to the child's judicial release 2080 shall be considered as time served in fulfilling the prescribed 2081 period of institutionalization that is applicable to the child 2082 under the child's original order of commitment. If the court 2083 orders the child returned to a department institution, the child 2084 shall remain in institutional care for a minimum of three months 2085 or until the child successfully completes a revocation program of 2086 a duration of not less than thirty days operated either by the 2087 department or by an entity with which the department has 2088 contracted to provide a revocation program. 2089

(E) The department of youth services, prior to the release of 2090a child pursuant to division (C) of this section, shall do all of 2091the following: 2092

(1) After reviewing the child's rehabilitative progress
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history and medical and educational records, prepare a written
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treatment and rehabilitation plan for the child that includes
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conditions of the release;
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(2) Completely discuss the conditions of the plan prepared
pursuant to division (E)(1) of this section and the possible
penalties for violation of the plan with the child and the child's
parents, guardian, or legal custodian;

(3) Have the plan prepared pursuant to division (E)(1) of 2101 this section signed by the child, the child's parents, legal 2102 guardian, or custodian, and any authority or person that is to 2103 supervise, control, and provide supportive assistance to the child 2104 at the time of the child's release pursuant to division (C) of 2105 this section; 2106

(4) Prior to the child's release, file a copy of the
treatment plan prepared pursuant to division (E)(1) of this
section with the committing court and the juvenile court of the
county in which the child is to be placed.

(F) The department of youth services shall file a written 2111 progress report with the committing court regarding each child 2112 released pursuant to division (C) of this section at least once 2113 every thirty days unless specifically directed otherwise by the 2114 court. The report shall indicate the treatment and rehabilitative 2115 progress of the child and the child's family, if applicable, and 2116 shall include any suggestions for altering the program, custody, 2117 living arrangements, or treatment. The department shall retain 2118 legal custody of a child so released until it discharges the child 2119 or until the custody is terminated as otherwise provided by law. 2120

(G) When a child is committed to the legal custody of the 2121 department of youth services, the court retains jurisdiction to 2122 perform the functions specified in section 5139.51 of the Revised 2123 Code with respect to the granting of supervised release by the 2124 release authority and to perform the functions specified in 2125 section 5139.52 of the Revised Code with respect to violations of 2126 the conditions of supervised release granted by the release 2127 authority and to the revocation of supervised release granted by 2128

the release authority.

Sec. 2152.82. (A) The court that adjudicates a child a 2130 delinquent child shall issue as part of the dispositional order an 2131 order that classifies the child a juvenile offender registrant and 2132 specifies that the child has a duty to comply with sections 2133 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code if all 2134 of the following apply: 2135

(1) The act for which the child is adjudicated a delinquent 2136 child is a sexually oriented offense that is not a 2137 registration exempt sexually oriented offense or is a child-victim 2138 oriented offense that the child committed on or after January 1, 2139 2002, regardless of when the sexually oriented offense or 2140 child-victim oriented offense was committed. 2141

(2) The child was fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, or seventeen 2142 years of age at the time of committing the offense. 2143

(3) The court has determined that the child previously was 2144 convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent 2145 child for committing any sexually oriented offense or child-victim 2146 oriented offense, regardless of when the prior offense was 2147 committed and regardless of the child's age at the time of 2148 committing the offense. 2149

(4) The court is not required to classify the child as both a 2150 juvenile offender registrant and a public registry-gualified 2151 juvenile offender registrant under section 2152.86 of the Revised 2152 Code. 2153

(B) An order required under division (A) of this section 2154 shall be issued at the time the judge makes the orders order of 2155 disposition for the delinguent child. Prior to issuing the order 2156 required by division (A) of this section, the judge shall conduct 2157 the hearing and make the determinations required by division (B) 2158

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of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code regarding a sexually	2159
oriented offense that is not a registration exempt sexually	2160
oriented offense or division (B) of section 2950.091 of the	2161
Revised Code regarding a child-victim oriented offense to	2162
determine if the child is to be classified a sexual predator or a	2163
child-victim predator, shall make the determinations required by	2164
division (E) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code regarding a	2165
sexually oriented offense that is not a registration exempt	2166
sexually oriented offense or division (E) of section 2950.091 of	2167
the Revised Code regarding a child victim oriented offense to	2168
determine if the child is to be classified a habitual sex offender	2169
or a habitual child-victim offender, and shall otherwise comply	2170
with those divisions a hearing under section 2152.831 of the	2171
Revised Code, except as otherwise provided in that section, to	2172
determine whether the child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim	2173
offender, a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier	2174
III sex offender/child-victim offender. If the court determines	2175
that the delinquent child to whom the order applies is a tier III	2176
sex offender/child-victim offender and the child is not a public	2177
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, the judge may	2178
impose a requirement subjecting the child to the victim and	2179
community notification provisions of sections 2950.10 and 2950.11	2180
of the Revised Code. When a judge issues an order under division	2181
(A) of this section, all of the following apply:	2182

(1) The judge shall include in the order any determination 2183 that the delinquent child is, or is not, a sexual predator or 2184 child-victim predator or is, or is not, a habitual sex offender or 2185 habitual child victim offender that the judge makes pursuant to 2186 division (B) or (E) of section 2950.09 or 2950.091 of the Revised 2187 Code and any related information required or authorized under the 2188 division under which the determination is made, including, but not 2189 limited to, any requirement imposed by the court subjecting a 2190 child who is a habitual sex offender or habitual child victim 2191

offender to community notification provisions as described in 2192 division (E) of section 2950.09 or 2950.091 of the Revised Code. 2193 (2) The judge shall include in the order a statement that, 2194 upon completion of the disposition of the delinquent child that 2195 was made for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim 2196 oriented offense upon which the order is based, a hearing will be 2197 conducted, and the order and any determinations included in the 2198 order are subject to modification or termination pursuant to 2199 sections 2152.84 and 2152.85 of the Revised Code. 2200

(3)(2) The judge shall provide to the delinquent child and to 2201 the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian the notice 2202 required under divisions (A) and (B) of section 2950.03 of the 2203 Revised Code and shall provide as part of that notice a copy of 2204 the order. 2205

(4)(3) The judge shall include the order in the delinquent 2206 child's dispositional order and shall specify in the dispositional 2207 order that the order issued under division (A) of this section was 2208 made pursuant to this section. 2209

(4) If the court determines that the delinquent child to whom2210the order applies is a tier III sex offender/child-victim2211offender, if the child is not a public registry-qualified juvenile2212offender registrant, and if the judge imposes a requirement2213subjecting the child to the victim and community notification2214provisions of sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of the Revised Code,2215the judge shall include the requirement in the order.2216

(5) The court shall include in the order its determination2217made at the hearing held under section 2151.831 of the Revised2218Code as to whether the delinquent child is a tier I sex2219offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex2220offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex2221offender/child-victim offender.2222

(C) An Except as provided in division (D) of this section, an 2223 order issued under division (A) of this section and any 2224 determinations included in the order shall remain in effect for 2225 the period of time specified in section 2950.07 of the Revised 2226 Code, subject to a modification or termination of the order under 2227 section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, and section 2228 2152.851 of the Revised Code applies regarding the order and the 2229 determinations. If an order is issued under division (A) of this 2230 section, the child's attainment of eighteen or twenty-one years of 2231 age does not affect or terminate the order, and the order remains 2232 in effect for the period of time described in this division. 2233

(D) A court that adjudicates a child a delinguent child for a 2234 sexually oriented offense that is a registration exempt sexually 2235 oriented offense shall not issue based on that adjudication an 2236 order under this section that classifies the child a juvenile 2237 offender registrant and specifies that the child has a duty to 2238 comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of 2239 the Revised Code. If a court issues an order under division (A) of 2240 this section before January 1, 2008, not later than February 1, 2241 2008, the court shall terminate the order and issue a new order 2242 that reclassifies the child as both a juvenile offender registrant 2243 and a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant 2244 pursuant to section 2152.86 of the Revised Code if the act that 2245 was the basis of the classification of the delinquent child as a 2246 juvenile offender registrant is any of the following: 2247

(1) Committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to commit,2248or complicity in committing a violation of section 2907.02 of the2249Revised Code, division (B) of section 2907.05 of the Revised Code,2250or section 2907.03 of the Revised Code if the victim of the2251violation was less than twelve years of age;2252

(2) Committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to commit,2253or complicity in committing a violation of section 2903.01,2254

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<u>2903.02</u>	, or	2905.02	<u>1 of</u>	the Re	vised	Code	<u>that</u>	was	committed	with	<u>a</u>	2255
purpose	to	gratify	the	sexual	needs	or	desire	es of	the chil	d.		2256

**sec. 2152.83.** (A)(1) The court that adjudicates a child a 2257 delinquent child shall issue as part of the dispositional order 2258 or, if the court commits the child for the delinquent act to the 2259 custody of a secure facility, shall issue at the time of the 2260 child's release from the secure facility $_{\mathcal{T}}$  an order that classifies 2261 the child a juvenile offender registrant and specifies that the 2262 child has a duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2263 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code if all of the following 2264 apply: 2265

(a) The act for which the child is or was adjudicated a 2266
delinquent child is a sexually oriented offense that is not a 2267
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or is a child-victim 2268
oriented offense that the child committed on or after January 1, 2269
2002, regardless of when the sexually oriented offense or 2270
child-victim oriented offense was committed. 2271

(b) The child was sixteen or seventeen years of age at the2272time of committing the offense.2273

(c) The court was not required to classify the child a 2274
juvenile offender registrant under section 2152.82 of the Revised 2275
Code or as both a juvenile offender registrant and a public 2276
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant under section 2277
2152.86 of the Revised Code. 2278

(2) Prior to issuing the order required by division (A)(2) of 2279 this section, the judge shall conduct the hearing and make the 2280 determinations required by division (B) of section 2950.09 of the 2281 Revised Code regarding a sexually oriented offense that is not a 2282 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or division (B) of 2283 section 2950.091 of the Revised Code regarding a child-victim 2284 oriented offense to determine if the child is to be classified a 2285

sexual predator or a child-victim predator, shall make the	2286
determinations required by division (E) of section 2950.09 of the	2287
Revised Code regarding a sexually oriented offense that is not a	2288
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or division (E) of	2289
section 2950.091 of the Revised Code regarding a child victim	2290
oriented offense to determine if the child is to be classified a	2291
habitual sex offender or a habitual child-victim offender, and	2292
shall otherwise comply with those divisions a hearing under	2293
section 2152.831 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise provided	2294
in that section, to determine whether the child is a tier I sex	2295
<u>offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	2296
<u>offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex</u>	2297
offender/child-victim offender. When a judge issues an order under	2298
division (A)(1) of this section, the judge shall include in the	2299
order <del>all of</del> the determinations <del>and information</del> identified in	2300
division (B) $(1)(5)$ of section 2152.82 of the Revised Code that are	2301
relevant.	2302
(B)(1) The court that adjudicates a child a delinguent child.	2303

(B)(1) The court that adjudicates a child a delinquent child, 2303 on the judge's own motion, may conduct at the time of disposition 2304 of the child or, if the court commits the child for the delinquent 2305 act to the custody of a secure facility, may conduct at the time 2306 of the child's release from the secure facility, a hearing for the 2307 purposes described in division (B)(2) of this section if all of 2308 the following apply: 2309

(a) The act for which the child is adjudicated a delinquent 2310
child is a sexually oriented offense that is not a 2311
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or is a child-victim 2312
oriented offense that the child committed on or after January 1, 2313
2002, regardless of when the sexually oriented offense or 2314
child-victim oriented offense was committed. 2315

(b) The child was fourteen or fifteen years of age at the 2316 time of committing the offense. 2317

(c) The court was not required to classify the child a 2318
juvenile offender registrant under section 2152.82 of the Revised 2319
Code or as both a juvenile offender registrant and a public 2320
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant under section 2321
2152.86 of the Revised Code. 2322

(2) A judge shall conduct a hearing under division (B)(1) of 2323 this section to review the effectiveness of the disposition made 2324 of the child and of any treatment provided for the child placed in 2325 a secure setting and to determine whether the child should be 2326 classified a juvenile offender registrant. The judge may conduct 2327 the hearing on the judge's own initiative or based upon a 2328 recommendation of an officer or employee of the department of 2329 youth services, a probation officer, an employee of the court, or 2330 a prosecutor or law enforcement officer. If the judge conducts the 2331 hearing, upon completion of the hearing, the judge, in the judge's 2332 discretion and after consideration of the factors listed in 2333 division (E) of this section, shall do either of the following: 2334

(a) Decline to issue an order that classifies the child a
juvenile offender registrant and specifies that the child has a
2336
duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and
2337
2950.06 of the Revised Code;

(b) Issue an order that classifies the child a juvenile 2339 offender registrant and specifies that the child has a duty to 2340 comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of 2341 the Revised Code and, if the judge conducts a hearing as described 2342 in division (C) of this section to determine whether the child is 2343 a sexual predator or child-victim predator or a habitual sex 2344 offender or habitual child victim offender, include in the order a 2345 statement that the judge has determined that the child is, or is 2346 not, a sexual predator, child-victim predator, habitual sex 2347 offender, or habitual child victim offender, whichever is 2348 applicable that states the determination that the judge makes at 2349

the hearing held pursuant to section 2152.831 of the Revised Code	2350
as to whether the child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim	2351
offender, a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier	2352
III sex offender/child-victim offender.	2353
(C) <del>A judge may issue</del> <u>(1) Prior to issuing</u> an order under	2354
division (B) <u>(2)(b)</u> of this section <del>that contains a determination</del>	2355
that a delinquent child is a sexual predator or child-victim	2356
predator only if the judge, in accordance with the procedures	2357
specified in division (B) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code	2358
regarding sexual predators or division (B) of section 2950.091 of	2359
the Revised Code regarding child-victim predators, determines at	2360
the hearing by clear and convincing evidence that the child is a	2361
sexual predator or a child victim predator. A judge may issue an	2362
order under division (B) of this section that contains a	2363
determination that a delinguent child is a habitual sex offender	2364
or a habitual child-victim offender only if the judge at the	2365
hearing determines as described in division (E) of section 2950.09	2366
of the Revised Code regarding habitual sex offenders or division	2367
(E) of section 2950.091 of the Revised Code regarding habitual	2368
child victim offenders that the child is a habitual sex offender	2369
or a habitual child victim offender. If the judge issues an order	2370
under division (B) of this section that contains a determination	2371
that a delinquent child is a habitual sex offender or a habitual	2372
child-victim offender, the judge may impose a requirement	2373
subjecting the child to community notification provisions as	2374
described in division (E) of section 2950.09 or 2950.091 of the	2375
Revised Code, whichever is applicable. If the court conducts a	2376
hearing as described in this division to determine whether the	2377
child is a sexual predator or child-victim predator or a habitual	2378
sex offender or habitual child-victim offender, the judge shall	2379
comply with division (B) or (E) of section 2950.09 or 2950.091 of	2380
the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, in all regards, the	2381
judge shall conduct a hearing under section 2152.831 of the	2382

<u>Revised Code, except as otherwise provided in that section, to</u>	2383
determine whether the child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim	2384
offender, a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier	2385
III sex offender/child-victim offender. The judge may hold the	2386
hearing at the same time as the hearing under division (B) of this	2387
section.	2388
(2) If a judge issues an order under division (A) or (B) of	2389
this section and the court determines that the delinquent child to	2390
whom the order applies is a tier III sex offender/child-victim	2391
offender and the child is not a public registry-qualified juvenile	2392
offender registrant, the judge may impose a requirement subjecting	2393
the child to the victim and community notification provisions of	2394
sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of the Revised Code. If the judge	2395
imposes a requirement subjecting the child to the victim and	2396
community notification provisions of sections 2950.10 and 2950.11	2397
of the Revised Code, the judge shall include the requirement in	2398
the order.	2399

(D) If a judge issues an order under division (A) or (B) of 2400 this section, the judge shall provide to the delinquent child and 2401 to the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian a copy of 2402 the order and a notice containing the information described in 2403 divisions (A) and (B) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code. The 2404 judge shall provide the notice at the time of the issuance of the 2405 order and shall comply with divisions (B) and (C) of that section 2406 regarding that notice and the provision of it. 2407

The judge also shall include in the order a statement that, 2408 upon completion of the disposition of the delinquent child that 2409 was made for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim 2410 oriented offense upon which the order is based, a hearing will be 2411 conducted and the order is subject to modification or termination 2412 pursuant to section 2152.84 of the Revised Code. 2413

(E)(D) In making a decision under division (B) of this 2414

section as to whether a delinquent child should be classified a

juvenile offender registrant and, if so, whether the child also is	2416
a sexual predator or child-victim predator or a habitual sex	2417
<del>offender or habitual child-victim offender</del> , a judge shall consider	2418
all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, all of the	2419
following:	2420
(1) The nature of the sexually oriented offense <del>that is not a</del>	2421
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or the child-victim	2422
oriented offense committed by the child;	2423
(2) Whether the child has shown any genuine remorse or	2424
compunction for the offense;	2425
(3) The public interest and safety;	2426
(4) The factors set forth in division $(B)(3)(K)$ of section	2427
<del>2950.09 or 2950.091</del> <u>2950.11</u> of the Revised Code, <del>whichever is</del>	2428
applicable; provided that references in the factors as set forth	2429
in that division to "the offender" shall be construed for purposes	2430
of this division to be references to "the delinquent child;"	2431
(5) The factors set forth in divisions (B) and (C) of section	2432
2929.12 of the Revised Code as those factors apply regarding the	2433
delinquent child, the offense, and the victim;	2434
(6) The results of any treatment provided to the child and of	2435
any follow-up professional assessment of the child.	2436
$\frac{(F)(E)}{(E)}$ An order issued under division (A) or (B) of this	2437
section and any determinations included in the order shall remain	2438
in effect for the period of time specified in section 2950.07 of	2439
the Revised Code, subject to a modification or termination of the	2440
order under section 2152.84 of the Revised Code, and section	2441
2152.851 of the Revised Code applies regarding the order and the	2442
determinations. The child's attainment of eighteen or twenty-one	2443
years of age does not affect or terminate the order, and the order	2444

remains in effect for the period of time described in this

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2415

2445

#### division.

2446

(G) A court that adjudicates a child a delinquent child for a	2447
sexually oriented offense that is a registration-exempt sexually	2448
oriented offense shall not issue based on that adjudication an	2449
order under this section that classifies the child a juvenile	2450
offender registrant and specifies that the child has a duty to	2451
comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of	2452
the Revised Code.	2453

(H)(F) If a court issues an order under division (A) or (B) 2454 of this section before January 1, 2008, not later than February 1, 2455 2008, the court shall terminate the order and issue a new order 2456 that reclassifies the child as both a juvenile offender registrant 2457 and a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant 2458 pursuant to section 2152.86 of the Revised Code if the act that 2459 was the basis of the classification of the delinquent child as a 2460 juvenile offender registrant is any of the following: 2461

(1) Committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to commit, 2462 or complicity in committing a violation of section 2907.02 of the 2463 Revised Code, division (B) of section 2907.05 of the Revised Code, 2464 or section 2907.03 of the Revised Code if the victim of the 2465 violation was less than twelve years of age; 2466

(2) Committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to commit, 2467 or complicity in committing a violation of section 2903.01, 2468 2903.02, or 2905.01 of the Revised Code that was committed with a 2469 purpose to gratify the sexual needs or desires of the child. 2470

(G) As used in the this section, "secure facility" has the 2471 same meaning as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code. 2472

**Sec. 2152.831.** (A) If, on or after January 1, 2008, a 2473 juvenile court adjudicates a child a delinquent child and 2474 classifies the child a juvenile offender registrant pursuant to 2475

section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the Revised Code, before issuing the	2476
order that classifies the child a juvenile offender registrant,	2477
except as otherwise provided in this division, the court shall	2478
conduct a hearing to determine whether to classify the child a	2479
<u>tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	2480
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex offender/	2481
child-victim offender. The court shall not conduct a hearing for	2482
the purpose described in this division if federal law requires	2483
that the child be classified in a particular tier based on the	2484
offense committed. If federal law requires that the child be	2485
classified in a particular tier based on the offense committed,	2486
the tier classification for the child shall be determined for	2487
purposes of sections 2152.82 and 2152.83 of the Revised Code	2488
solely by reference to the definitions of tier I sex	2489
offender/child-victim offender, tier II sex offender/child-victim	2490
offender, and tier III sex offender/child-victim offender in	2491
section 2950.01 of the Revised Code. The court shall conduct the	2492
hearing in accordance with the following:	2493
(1) If the child was adjudicated a delinguent child for	2494
committing any offense listed in division (E)(1)(a), (b), (c),	2495
(d), (e), (f), or (g) of section 2950.01 of the Revised Code or	2496
any child-victim oriented offense and the child previously was not	2497
adjudicated a delinguent child for committing any sexually	2498
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, it shall be	2499
presumed that the child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim	2500
offender. Notwithstanding the presumption, the court may classify	2501
the child a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender if the	2502
court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the child	2503
previously has been adjudicated a delinguent child for committing	2504
one or more sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented	
	2505
offenses and was classified a juvenile offender registrant or	2505 2506
offenses and was classified a juvenile offender registrant or out-of-state juvenile offender registrant based on one or more of	
	2506

III sex offender/child-victim offender if the court determines by	2509
clear and convincing evidence that the delinquent child is likely	2510
to engage in the future in one or more sexually oriented offenses	2511
or child-victim oriented offenses.	2512
(2) If the child was adjudicated a delinquent child for	2513
committing any offense listed or described in division (F)(1)(a),	2514
(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (q), (h), or (i) of section 2950.01 of	2515
the Revised Code, or if the child was adjudicated a delinguent	2516
child for committing any sexually oriented offense or child-victim	2517
oriented offense, the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	2518
oriented offense was committed after the child previously was	2519
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any sexually	2520
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, and the child	2521
was classified a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender	2522
relative to the prior offense, it shall be presumed that the child	2523
is a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender. Notwithstanding	2524
the presumption, the court may classify the child a tier I sex	2525
offender/child-victim offender if the court determines by clear	2526
and convincing evidence that the child previously has not been	2527
adjudicated a delinguent child for committing any sexually	2528
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense for which the	2529
child was classified a juvenile offender registrant or	2530
out-of-state juvenile offender registrant and is not likely to	2531
engage in the future in one or more sexually oriented offenses or	2532
child-victim oriented offenses, and the court may classify the	2533
child a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender if the court	2534
determines by clear and convincing evidence that the delinguent	2535
child is likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually	2536
oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses.	2537
(3) If the child was adjudicated a delinguent child for	2538

(3) If the child was adjudicated a delinquent child for2538committing any offense listed or described in division (G)(1)(a),2539(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of section 2950.01 of2540

the Revised Code, or if the child was adjudicated a delinguent	2541
child for committing any sexually oriented offense or child-victim	2542
oriented offense, the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	2543
oriented offense was committed after the child previously was	2544
adjudicated a delinguent child for committing any sexually	2545
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, and the child	2546
was classified a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender or a	2547
tier III sex offender/child-victim offender relative to the prior	2548
offense, it shall be presumed that the child is a tier III sex	2549
offender/child-victim offender. Notwithstanding the presumption,	2550
the court may classify the child a tier I sex	2551
offender/child-victim offender if the court determines by clear	2552
and convincing evidence that the child previously has not been	2553
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any sexually	2554
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense for which the	2555
child was classified a juvenile offender registrant or	2556
out-of-state juvenile offender registrant and is not likely to	2557
engage in the future in one or more sexually oriented offenses or	2558
child-victim oriented offenses, and the court may classify the	2559
child a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender if the court	2560
determines by clear and convincing evidence that the delinquent	2561
child is not likely to engage in the future in one or more	2562
sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses but	2563
previously has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing	2564
one or more sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented	2565
offenses and was classified a juvenile offender registrant or	2566
<u>out-of-state juvenile offender registrant based on one or more of</u>	2567
those adjudications.	2568
	0560

(B) When a judge issues an order under section 2152.82 or25692152.83 of the Revised Code that classifies a delinquent child a2570juvenile offender registrant, in addition to the other statements2571and information required by the section under which the order is2572issued, the judge shall include in the order its determination2573

made under division (A) of this section as to whether the child is	2574
<u>a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	2575
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	2576
offender/child-victim offender. When a judge issues an order under	2577
section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that reclassifies a	2578
delinquent child from one tier of sex offender/child-victim	2579
offender to a different tier of sex offender/child-victim	2580
offender, in addition to the other statements and information	2581
required by the section under which the order is issued, the judge	2582
shall include in the order its determination as to the	2583
reclassification of the child and the tier to which the child is	2584
reclassified.	2585
(C) In making a decision under division (A) of this section	2586
as to whether a delinquent child who is classified a juvenile	2587
offender registrant pursuant to section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the	2588
Revised Code is likely to engage in the future in one or more	2589
sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses, and	2590
in making its decision under section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the	2591
Revised Code as to whether a delinguent child who has been	2592
classified a juvenile offender registrant and who is under	2593
consideration for reclassification from one tier of sex	2594
offender/child-victim offender to a different tier of sex	2595
offender/child-victim offender should be reclassified, the judge	2596
shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited	2597
to, all of the factors listed in division (D) of section 2152.83	2598
of the Revised Code and all of the following:	2599
(1) The delinquent child's age;	2600
(2) The delinguent child's prior delinguency record regarding	2601
all offenses, including, but not limited to, all sexually oriented	2602
offenses and child-victim oriented offenses;	2603
(3) The age of the victim of the sexually oriented offense or	2604
child-victim oriented offense for which the order of disposition	2605

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is to be made;	2606
(4) Whether the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	2607
oriented offense for which the order of disposition is to be made	2608
involved multiple victims;	2609
(5) Whether the delinguent child used drugs or alcohol to	2610
impair the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	2611
oriented offense or to prevent the victim from resisting;	2612
(6) If the delinquent child previously has been adjudicated a	2613
delinquent child for committing an act that if committed by an	2614
adult would be, a criminal offense, whether the delinquent child	2615
completed any dispositional order imposed for the prior act and,	2616
if the prior act was a sex offense, a sexually oriented offense,	2617
or a child-victim oriented offense, whether the delinquent child	2618
participated in available programs for sexual offenders or	2619
child-victim oriented offenders;	2620
(7) Any mental illness or mental disability of the delinguent	2621
<u>child;</u>	2622
(8) If applicable, the nature of the delinguent child's	2623
sexual conduct, sexual contact, or interaction in a sexual context	2624
with the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	2625
oriented offense and whether the sexual conduct, sexual contact,	2626
or interaction in a sexual context was part of a demonstrated	2627
pattern of abuse;	2628
(9) Whether the delinguent child, during the commission of	2629
the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense for	2630
which the order of disposition is to be made, displayed cruelty or	2631
made one or more threats of cruelty;	2632
(10) Any additional behavioral characteristics that	2633
contribute to the delinguent child's conduct.	2634
(D) The provisions of this section do not apply to a	2635

delinquent child if the court is required to classify the child as2636both a juvenile offender registrant and a public2637registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant pursuant to2638section 2152.86 of the Revised Code.2639

**Sec. 2152.84.** (A)(1) When a juvenile court judge issues an 2640 order under section 2152.82 or division (A) or (B) of section 2641 2152.83 of the Revised Code that classifies a delinquent child a 2642 juvenile offender registrant and specifies that the child has a 2643 duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2644 2950.06 of the Revised Code, upon completion of the disposition of 2645 that child made for the sexually oriented offense that is not a 2646 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or the child-victim 2647 oriented offense on which the juvenile offender registrant order 2648 was based, the judge or the judge's successor in office shall 2649 conduct a hearing to review the effectiveness of the disposition 2650 and of any treatment provided for the child, to determine the 2651 risks that the child might re-offend, and to determine whether the 2652 prior classification of the child as a juvenile offender 2653 registrant and, if applicable, as a sexual predator or 2654 child victim predator or as a habitual sex offender or habitual 2655 child victim offender should be continued, modified, or terminated 2656 as provided under division (A)(2) of this section, and, except as 2657 otherwise provided in this division, to determine whether its 2658 prior determination made at the hearing held pursuant to section 2659 2152.831 of the Revised Code as to whether the child is a tier I 2660 sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex 2661 offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex 2662 offender/child-victim offender should be continued or modified as 2663 provided under division (A)(2) of this section. The court shall 2664 not consider at the hearing whether to continue or modify the tier 2665 classification of the child if federal law requires that the child 2666 be classified in a particular tier based on the offense committed. 2667

If federal law requires that the child be classified in a	2668
particular tier based on the offense committed, the tier	2669
classification for the child shall be determined solely by	2670
reference to the definitions of tier I sex offender/child-victim	2671
offender, tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, and tier III	2672
sex offender/child-victim offender in section 2950.01 of the	2673
Revised Code.	2674

(2) Upon completion of a hearing under division (A)(1) of 2675 this section, the judge, in the judge's discretion and after 2676 consideration of <u>all relevant factors</u>, including <u>but not limited</u> 2677 <u>to</u>, the factors listed in division (E)(D) of section 2152.83 of 2678 the Revised Code <u>and the factors listed in division (C) of section</u> 2679 <u>2152.831 of the Revised Code</u>, shall do one of the following, as 2680 applicable: 2681

(a) Enter an order that continues the classification of the 2682 delinquent child as a juvenile offender registrant made in the 2683 prior order issued under section 2152.82 or division (A) or (B) of 2684 section 2152.83 of the Revised Code, and any sexual predator, 2685 child-victim predator, habitual sex offender, or habitual 2686 child victim offender the prior determination included in the 2687 order that the child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim 2688 offender, a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier 2689 III sex offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable; 2690

(b) If the prior order was issued under section 2152.82 or 2691 division (A) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code and includes a 2692 determination by the judge that the delinquent child is a sexual 2693 predator or child-victim predator, enter, as applicable, an order 2694 that contains a determination that the child no longer is a sexual 2695 predator, the reason or reasons for that determination, and either 2696 a determination that the child is a habitual sex offender or a 2697 determination that the child remains a juvenile offender 2698 registrant but is not a sexual predator or habitual sex offender, 2699

or an order that contains a determination that the child no longer	2700
is a child victim predator, the reason or reasons for that	2701
determination, and either a determination that the child is a	2702
habitual child-victim offender or a determination that the child	2703
remains a juvenile offender registrant but is not a child victim	2704
predator or habitual child-victim offender;	2705

(c) If the prior order was issued under section 2152.82 or 2706 division (A) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code and does not 2707 include a sexual predator or child-victim predator determination 2708 as described in division (A)(2)(b) of this section but includes a 2709 determination by the judge that the delinquent child is a habitual 2710 sex offender or a habitual child-victim offender, enter, as 2711 applicable, an order that contains a determination that the child 2712 no longer is a habitual sex offender and a determination that the 2713 child remains a juvenile sex offender registrant but is not a 2714 habitual offender, or an order that contains a determination that 2715 the child no longer is a habitual child-victim offender and a 2716 determination that the child remains a juvenile offender 2717 registrant but is not a habitual child-victim offender; 2718

(d) If the prior order was issued under division (B) of 2719 section 2152.83 of the Revised Code and includes a determination 2720 by the judge that the delinquent child is a sexual predator or 2721 child victim predator, enter, as applicable, an order that 2722 contains a determination that the child no longer is a sexual 2723 predator, the reason or reasons for that determination, and either 2724 a determination that the child is a habitual sex offender, a 2725 determination that the child remains a juvenile offender 2726 registrant but is not a sexual predator or habitual sex offender, 2727 or a determination that the child no longer is a juvenile offender 2728 registrant and no longer has a duty to comply with sections 2729 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, or an order 2730 that contains a determination that the child no longer is a 2731

child-victim predator, the reason or reasons for that	2732
determination, and either a determination that the child is a	2733
habitual child victim offender, a determination that the child	2734
remains a juvenile offender registrant but is not a child-victim	2735
predator or habitual child victim offender, or a determination	2736
that the child no longer is a juvenile offender registrant and no	2737
longer has a duty to comply with sections 2950.041, 2950.05, and	2738
2950.06 of the Revised Code;	2739

(e) If the prior order was issued under division (B) of 2740 section 2152.83 of the Revised Code and does not include a sexual 2741 predator or child victim predator determination as described in 2742 division (A)(2)(d) of this section but includes a determination by 2743 the judge that the delinquent child is a habitual sex offender or 2744 habitual child-victim offender, enter, as applicable, an order 2745 that contains a determination that the child no longer is a 2746 habitual sex offender and either a determination that the child 2747 remains a juvenile offender registrant but is not a sexual 2748 predator or habitual sex offender or a determination that the 2749 child no longer is a juvenile offender registrant and no longer 2750 has a duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 2751 of the Revised Code, or an order that contains a determination 2752 that the child no longer is a habitual child-victim offender and 2753 either a determination that the child remains a juvenile offender 2754 registrant but is not a child-victim predator or habitual 2755 child-victim offender or a determination that the child no longer 2756 is a juvenile offender registrant and no longer has a duty to 2757 comply with sections 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised 2758 <del>Code</del>; 2759

(f)If the prior order was issued under division (B) of2760section 2152.83 of the Revised Code and does not include a sexual2761predator or child victim predator determination or a habitual sex2762offender or habitual child victim offender determination as2763

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described in divisions (A)(2)(d) and (e) of this section, enter,	2764
as applicable, enter an order that contains a determination that	2765
the delinquent child no longer is a juvenile offender registrant	2766
and no longer has a duty to comply with sections 2950.04,	2767
<u>2950.041,</u> 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code <del>, or an order</del>	2768
that contains a determination that the delinquent child no longer	2769
is a juvenile offender registrant and no longer has a duty to	2770
comply with sections 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised	2771
Code. An order issued under division (A)(2)(b) of this section	2772
also terminates all prior determinations that the child is a tier	2773
<u>I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	2774
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	2775
offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable. Division	2776
(A)(2)(b) of this section does not apply to a prior order issued	2777
under section 2152.82 or division (A) of section 2152.83 of the	2778
Revised Code.	2779
(c) If the prior order was issued under section 2152.82 or	2780
division (A) or (B) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code, enter	2781
an order that continues the classification of the delinguent child	2782
as a juvenile offender registrant made in the prior order issued	2783
under section 2152.82 or division (A) or (B) of section 2152.83 of	2784
the Revised Code, and that modifies the prior determination made	2785
at the hearing held pursuant to section 2152.831 of the Revised	2786
Code that the child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim	2787
offender, a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier	2788
III sex offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable.	2789
An order issued under division (A)(2)(c) of this section shall not	2790
include a determination that increases to a higher tier the tier	2791
classification of the delinquent child. An order issued under	2792
division (A)(2)(c) of this section shall specify the new	2793

division (A)(1) of this section as to whether the child is a tier <u>I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>

determination made by the court at a hearing held pursuant to

offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	2797
offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable.	2798
(B) <u>(1)</u> If a judge issues an order under division (A)(2)(a) of	2799
this section that continues the prior classification of the	2800
delinquent child as a juvenile offender registrant and any sexual	2801
<del>predator or habitual sex offender</del> <u>the prior</u> determination included	2802
in the order, or that continues the prior classification of the	2803
delinquent child as a juvenile offender registrant and any	2804
child-victim predator or habitual child-victim offender	2805
determination included in the order that the child is a tier I sex	2806
<u>offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	2807
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	2808
offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable, the prior	2809
classification and the prior determination, if applicable, shall	2810
remain in effect.	2811
(2) A judge may issue an order under division $(A)(2)(c)$ of	2812
this section that contains a determination that reclassifies a	2813
child <del>no longer is a sexual predator or no longer is a</del>	2814
child-victim predator only if the judge, in accordance with the	2815
procedures specified in division (D)(1) of section 2950.09 of the	2816
Revised Code regarding a sexual predator, determines at the	2817
hearing by clear and convincing evidence that the delinquent child	2818
is unlikely to commit a sexually oriented offense in the future,	2819
or the judge, in accordance with the procedures specified in	2820
division (D)(1) of section 2950.091 of the Revised Code regarding	2821
a child victim predator, determines at the hearing by clear and	2822
convincing evidence that the delinquent child is unlikely to	2823
commit a child victim oriented offense in the future. If the judge	2824
issues an order of that type, the judge shall provide the	2825
notifications described in division (D)(1) of section 2950.09 or	2826
2950.091 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, and the	2827
recipient of the notification shall comply with the provisions of	2828

that division from a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender	2829
classification to a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender	2830
classification only if the court determines by clear and	2831
convincing evidence that the child is not likely to engage in the	2832
future in one or more sexually oriented offenses or child-victim	2833
oriented offenses. A judge may issue an order under that division	2834
that contains a determination that reclassifies a child from a	2835
tier III sex offender/child-victim offender classification to a	2836
tier I sex offender/child-victim offender classification only if	2837
the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the	2838
child is not likely to engage in the future in one or more	2839
sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses and	2840
either that the child has not previously been adjudicated a	2841
delinguent child for committing one or more sexually oriented	2842
offenses or child-victim oriented offenses or that the child	2843
previously was adjudicated a delinguent child for committing one	2844
or more sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented	2845
offenses but the fact that the child is a repeat offender does not	2846
seriously threaten the public interest and safety.	2847
<u>A judge may issue an order under division (A)(2)(c) of this</u>	2848
section that contains a determination that reclassifies a child	2849
from a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender classification	2850
to a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender classification only	2851

if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the 2852 child is not likely to engage in the future in one or more 2853 sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses and 2854 either that the child has not previously been adjudicated a 2855 delinquent child for committing one or more sexually oriented 2856 offenses or child-victim oriented offenses or that the child 2857 previously was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing one 2858 or more sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented 2859 offenses but the fact that the child is a repeat offender does not 2860 seriously threaten the public interest and safety. A judge may not 2861

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issue an order under that division that contains a determination	2862
that reclassifies a child from a tier II sex offender/child-victim	2863
offender classification to a tier III sex offender/child-victim	2864
offender classification.	2865
<u>A judge may not issue an order under division (A)(2)(c) of</u>	2866
this section that contains a determination that reclassifies a	2867
child from a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender	2868
classification to a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender	2869
classification or to a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender	2870
classification.	2871
If a judge issues an order under this division that contains	2872
a determination that reclassifies a child, the judge shall provide	2873
a copy of the order to the delinguent child and the bureau of	2874
criminal identification and investigation, and the bureau, upon	2875
receipt of the copy of the order, promptly shall notify the	2876
sheriff with whom the child most recently registered under section	2877
2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code of the determination and	2878
reclassification.	2879
(3) If a judge issues an order under division (A)(2)(b) of	2880
this section that <del>otherwise reclassifies</del> <u>declassifies</u> the	2881
delinquent child as a juvenile offender registrant, the judge	2882
shall provide a copy of the order to the bureau of criminal	2883
identification and investigation, and the bureau, upon receipt of	2884
the copy of the order, promptly shall notify the sheriff with whom	2885
the child most recently registered under section 2950.04 or	2886
2950.041 of the Revised Code of the reclassification	2887
declassification.	2888
(C) If a judge issues an order under <del>any provision of</del>	2889
division (A)(2) <u>(a), (b), or (c)</u> of this section, the judge shall	2890
provide to the delinquent child and to the delinquent child's	2891
parent, guardian, or custodian a copy of the order and <u>, if</u>	2892

<u>applicable</u>, a notice containing the information described in

divisions (A) and (B) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code. The 2894 judge shall provide the notice at the time of the issuance of the 2895 order and shall comply with divisions (B) and (C) of that section 2896 regarding that notice and the provision of it. 2897

(D) In making a decision under division (A) of this section, 2898 a judge shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not 2899 limited to, the factors listed in division (E) of section 2152.83 2900 of the Revised Code. 2901

(E) An order issued under division (A)(2)(a) or (c) of this 2902 section and any determinations included in the order shall remain 2903 in effect for the period of time specified in section 2950.07 of 2904 the Revised Code, subject to a modification or termination of the 2905 order under section 2152.85 of the Revised Code, and section 2906 2152.851 of the Revised Code applies regarding the order and the 2907 determinations. If an order is issued under division (A)(2)(a) or 2908 (c) of this section, the child's attainment of eighteen or 2909 twenty-one years of age does not affect or terminate the order, 2910 and the order remains in effect for the period of time described 2911 in this division. 2912

(E) The provisions of this section do not apply to a 2913 delinquent child who is classified as both a juvenile offender 2914 registrant and a public registry-qualified juvenile offender 2915 registrant pursuant to section 2152.86 of the Revised Code. 2916

**Sec. 2152.85.** (A) Upon Regardless of when the delinquent 2917 child was classified a juvenile offender registrant, subject to 2918 division (H) of this section, upon the expiration of the 2919 applicable period of time specified in division (B)(1) or, (2), or 2920 (3) of this section, a delinquent child who has been classified 2921 pursuant to this section or section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the 2922 Revised Code a juvenile offender registrant may petition the judge 2923 who made the classification, or that judge's successor in office, 2924

to do one of the following:

(1) If the order containing the juvenile offender registrant 2926 classification also includes a determination by the juvenile court 2927 judge that the delinquent child is a sexual predator or 2928 child victim predator in the manner described in section 2152.82 2929 or 2152.83 of the Revised Code and that determination remains in 2930 effect, to enter, as applicable, an order that contains a 2931 determination that the child no longer is a sexual predator, the 2932 reason or reasons for that determination, and either a 2933 determination that the child is a habitual sex offender or a 2934 determination that the child remains a juvenile offender 2935 registrant but is not a sexual predator or habitual sex offender, 2936 or an order that contains a determination that the child no longer 2937 is a child-victim predator, the reason or reasons for that 2938 determination, and either a determination that the child is a 2939 habitual child-victim offender or a determination that the child 2940 remains a juvenile offender registrant but is not a child-victim 2941 predator or habitual child-victim offender tier III sex 2942 offender/child-victim offender, to enter, as applicable, an order 2943 that contains a determination that reclassifies the child as 2944 either a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender or a tier I 2945 sex offender/child-victim offender, the reason or reasons for that 2946 reclassification, and a determination that the child remains a 2947 juvenile offender registrant, or an order that contains a 2948 determination that the child no longer is a juvenile offender 2949 registrant and no longer has a duty to comply with sections 2950 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code; 2951

(2) If the order containing the juvenile offender registrant
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 classification under section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the Revised
 Code or under division (C)(2) of this section pursuant to a
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 petition filed under division (A) of this section does not include
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 a sexual predator or child-victim predator determination as

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described in division (A)(1) of this section but includes a	2957
determination by the juvenile court judge that the delinquent	2958
child is a habitual sex offender or a habitual child-victim	2959
offender in the manner described in section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of	2960
the Revised Code, or in this section, and that determination	2961
remains in effect, to enter, as applicable, an order that contains	2962
a determination that the child no longer is a habitual sex	2963
offender and either a determination that the child remains a	2964
juvenile offender registrant or a determination that the child no	2965
longer is a juvenile offender registrant and no longer has a duty	2966
to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	2967
Revised Code, or an order that contains a determination that the	2968
child no longer is a habitual child victim offender and either a	2969
determination that the child remains a juvenile offender	2970
registrant or also includes a determination by the juvenile court	2971
judge that the delinguent child is a tier II sex	2972
offender/child-victim offender, to enter, as applicable, an order	2973
that contains a determination that reclassifies the child as a	2974
tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, the reason or reasons	2975
for that reclassification, and a determination that the child	2976
remains a juvenile offender registrant, or an order that contains	2977
a determination that the child no longer is a juvenile offender	2978
registrant and no longer has a duty to comply with sections	2979
<u>2950.04,</u> 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code;	2980

(3) If the order containing the juvenile offender registrant 2981 classification under section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the Revised 2982 Code or under division (C)(2) of this section pursuant to a 2983 petition filed under division (A) of this section does not include 2984 a sexual predator or child victim predator determination or a 2985 habitual sex offender or habitual child-victim offender 2986 determination as described in division (A)(1) or (2) of this 2987 section also includes a determination by the juvenile court judge 2988 that the delinquent child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim 2989

offender, to enter, as applicable, an order that contains a2990determination that the child no longer is a juvenile offender2991registrant and no longer has a duty to comply with sections29922950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, or an2993order that contains a determination that the child no longer is a2994juvenile offender registrant and no longer has a duty to comply2995with sections 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code.2995

(B) A delinquent child who has been adjudicated a delinquent 2997 child for committing on or after January 1, 2002, a sexually 2998 oriented offense that is not a registration exempt sexually or a 2999 child-victim oriented offense, regardless of when the sexually 3000 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense was committed, 3001 and who has been classified a juvenile offender registrant 3002 relative to that offense or who has been adjudicated a delinquent 3003 child for committing on or after that date a child victim oriented 3004 offense and who has been classified a juvenile offender registrant 3005 relative to that offense may file a petition under division (A) of 3006 this section requesting reclassification or declassification as 3007 described in that division after the expiration of one of the 3008 following periods of time: 3009

(1) The delinquent child initially may file a petition not
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earlier than three years after the entry of the juvenile court
judge's order after the mandatory hearing conducted under section
2152.84 of the Revised Code.
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(2) After the delinquent child's initial filing of a petition 3014
under division (B)(1) of this section, the child may file a second 3015
petition not earlier than three years after the judge has entered 3016
an order deciding the petition under division (B)(1) of this 3017
section. 3018

(3) After the delinquent child's filing of a petition under
division (B)(2) of this section, thereafter, the delinquent child
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may file a petition under this division upon the expiration of
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five years after the judge has entered an order deciding the 3022 petition under division (B)(2) of this section or the most recent 3023 petition the delinquent child has filed under this division. 3024 (C) Upon the filing of a petition under divisions division 3025 (A) and (B) of this section, subject to division (H) of this 3026 section, the judge may review the prior classification or 3027 determination in question and, upon consideration of all relevant 3028 factors and information, including, but not limited to the factors 3029 listed in division  $\frac{(E)(D)}{(D)}$  of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code 3030 and the factors listed in division (C) of section 2152.831 of the 3031 Revised Code, the judge, in the judge's discretion, shall do one 3032 of the following: 3033 (1) Enter an order denying the petition; 3034 (2) Issue Subject to division (H) of this section, issue an 3035 order that reclassifies or declassifies the delinquent child, in 3036 the requested manner specified in division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of 3037 this section. 3038 (D) If a judge issues an order under division (C)(1) of this 3039 section that denies a petition, the prior classification of the 3040 delinquent child as a juvenile offender registrant, and the prior 3041 determination that the child is a sexual predator, child victim 3042 predator, habitual sex offender, or habitual child-victim 3043 <del>offender, if</del> <u>tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II</u> 3044 sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex 3045 offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable, shall 3046 remain in effect. 3047 A judge may issue an order under division (C)(2) of this 3048

section that contains a determination that a child no longer is a3049sexual predator or no longer is a child victim predator only if3050the judge conducts a hearing and, in accordance with the3051procedures specified in division (D)(1) of section 2950.09 of the3052

Revised Code regarding a sexual predator, determines at the	3053
hearing by clear and convincing evidence that the delinquent child	3054
is unlikely to commit a sexually oriented offense in the future,	3055
or, in accordance with the procedures specified in division (D)(1)	3056
of section 2950.091 of the Revised Code regarding a child victim	3057
predator, determines at the hearing by clear and convincing	3058
evidence that the delinquent child is unlikely to commit a	3059
child victim oriented offense in the future. If the judge issues	3060
an order of that type, the judge shall provide the notifications	3061
described in division (D)(1) of section 2950.09 or 2950.091 of the	3062
Revised Code, whichever is applicable, and the recipient of the	3063
notification shall comply with the provisions of that division	3064
reclassifies a child from a tier III sex offender/child-victim	3065
offender classification to a tier II sex offender/child-victim	3066
offender classification only if the court determines by clear and	3067
convincing evidence that the child is not likely to engage in the	3068
future in one or more sexually oriented offenses or child-victim	3069
oriented offenses. A judge may issue an order under that division	3070
that contains a determination that reclassifies a child from tier	3071
III sex offender/child-victim offender classification to a tier I	3072
sex offender/child-victim offender classification only if the	3073
court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the child	3074
is not likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually	3075
oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses and either	3076
that the child has not previously been adjudicated a delinquent	3077
child for committing one or more sexually oriented offenses or	3078
child-victim oriented offenses or that the child previously was	3079
adjudicated a delinguent child for committing one or more sexually	3080
oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses but the fact	3081
that the child is a repeat offender does not seriously threaten	3082
the public interest and safety.	3083

A judge may issue an order under division (C)(2) of this3084section that contains a determination that reclassifies a child3085

from a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender classification	3086
to a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender classification only	3087
if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the	3088
child is not likely to engage in the future in one or more	3089
sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses and	3090
either that the child has not previously been adjudicated a	3091
delinguent child for committing one or more sexually oriented	3092
offenses or child-victim oriented offenses or that the child	3093
previously was adjudicated a delinguent child for committing one	3094
or more sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented	3095
offenses but the fact that the child is a repeat offender does not	3096
seriously threaten the public interest and safety.	3097
If a judge issues an order under this division that contains	3098
a determination that reclassifies a child, the judge shall provide	3099
a copy of the order to the delinguent child and the bureau of	3100
criminal identification and investigation, and the bureau, upon	3101
receipt of the copy of the order, promptly shall notify the	3102
sheriff with whom the child most recently registered under section	3103
2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code of the determination and	3104
reclassification.	3105
A judge may issue an order under division (C) of this section	3106
that contains a determination that a delinquent child is a	3107
habitual sex offender or a habitual child victim offender only if	3108
the judge conducts a hearing and determines at the hearing as	3109
described in division (E) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code	3110
regarding habitual sex offenders or division (E) of section	3111
2950.091 of the Revised Code regarding habitual child-victim	3112
offenders that the child is a habitual sex offender or a habitual	3113
child-victim offender. If the judge issues an order that contains	3114
a determination that a delinquent child is a habitual sex offender	3115
or a habitual child victim offender, the judge may impose a	3116
requirement subjecting the child to community notification	3117

provisions as described in that division. 3118 If a judge issues an order under division (C)(2) of this 3119 section that declassifies the delinguent child, the order also 3120 terminates all prior determinations that the child is a tier I sex 3121 offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex 3122 offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex 3123 offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable. If a 3124 judge issues an order under division (C)(2) of this section that 3125 declassifies the delinguent child, the judge shall provide a copy 3126 of the order to the bureau of criminal identification and 3127 investigation, and the bureau, upon receipt of a copy of the 3128 order, promptly shall notify the sheriff with whom the child most 3129 recently registered under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the 3130 Revised Code of the declassification. 3131

(E) If a judge issues an order under division (C)(1) or (2)3132 of this section, the judge shall provide to the delinquent child 3133 and to the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian a 3134 copy of the order and, if applicable, a notice containing the 3135 information described in divisions (A) and (B) of section 2950.03 3136 of the Revised Code. The judge shall provide the notice at the 3137 time of the issuance of the order and shall comply with divisions 3138 (B) and (C) of that section regarding that notice and the 3139 provision of it. 3140

(F) An order issued under division (C) of this section shall 3141 remain in effect for the period of time specified in section 3142 2950.07 of the Revised Code, subject to a further modification or 3143 <del>a</del> future termination of the order under this section, and section 3144 2152.851 of the Revised Code applies regarding the order and the 3145 determinations. If an order is issued under division (C) of this 3146 section, the child's attainment of eighteen or twenty-one years of 3147 age does not affect or terminate the order, and the order remains 3148 in effect for the period of time described in this division. 3149

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registrant and a public registry-	lified juvenile offender 315.
registrant pursuant to section 21	86 of the Revised Code. 315

(H) The court shall not change the tier classification for 3154 any child pursuant to this section if federal law requires that 3155 the child be classified in a particular tier based on the offense 3156 committed. If federal law requires that the child be classified in 3157 a particular tier based on the offense committed, the tier 3158 classification for the child shall be determined solely by 3159 reference to the definitions of tier I sex offender/child-victim 3160 offender, tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, and tier III 3161 sex offender/child-victim offender in section 2950.01 of the 3162 Revised Code. 3163

sec. 2152.851. (A) If, prior to the effective date of this 3164 section January 1, 2008, a judge issues an order under section 3165 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that 3166 classifies a delinguent child a juvenile offender registrant based 3167 on an adjudication for a sexually oriented offense or a 3168 child-victim oriented offense as those terms were defined in 3169 section 2950.01 of the Revised Code prior to January 1, 2008, and 3170 if, on and after the effective date of this section January 1, 3171 2008, the sexually oriented offense upon which the order was based 3172 no longer is considered a sexually oriented offense but instead is 3173 or a child-victim oriented offense as those terms are defined in 3174 section 2950.01 of the Revised Code on and after January 1, 2008, 3175 notwithstanding the redesignation of the offense changes to 3176 sections 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, and 2152.85 of the Revised 3177 Code made on January 1, 2008, on and after that date, the order 3178 shall remain in effect for the period described in the section 3179 under which it was issued, the order shall be considered for all 3180 purposes to be an order that classifies the child a juvenile 3181

offender registrant, division (A)(2)(b) of section 2950.041 of the 3182 Revised Code applies regarding the child as that section exists on 3183 and after January 1, 2008, subject to subsequent modification or 3184 termination under section 2152.84, 2152.85, or 2950.15 of the 3185 Revised Code, or, if division (A)(3) of section 2152.86 of the 3186 Revised Code applies regarding the child, for the period described 3187 in division (C) of that section subject to modification or 3188 termination under section 2152.84, 2152.85, or 2950.15 of the 3189 <u>Revised Code, whichever is applicable</u>, and the duty to register 3190 imposed pursuant to that division comply with sections 2950.04, 3191 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code on and after 3192 January 1, 2008, shall be considered, for purposes of section 3193 2950.07 of the Revised Code and for all other purposes, to be a 3194 continuation of the duty imposed upon the child prior to the 3195 effective date of this section January 1, 2008, under the order 3196 issued under section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 and 3197 Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code. 3198

(B) If an order of the type described in division (A) of this
 section included a classification or determination that the
 delinquent child was a sexual predator or habitual sex offender,
 notwithstanding the redesignation of the offense upon which the
 determination was based, all of the following apply:

(1) Divisions (A)(1) and (2) or (E)(1) and (2) of section32042950.091 of the Revised Code apply regarding the child and the3205judge's order made prior to the effective date of this section3206shall be considered for all purposes to be an order that3207classifies the child as described in those divisions;3208

(2) The child's classification or determination under
3209
divisions (A)(1) and (2) or (E)(1) and (2) of section 2950.091 of
the Revised Code shall be considered, for purposes of section
2950.07 of the Revised Code and for all other purposes, to be a
3212
continuation of classification or determination made prior to the

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effective date of this section;

3214

(3) The child's duties under Chapter 2950. of the Revised	3215
Code relative to that classification or determination shall be	3216
considered for all purposes to be a continuation of the duties	3217
related to that classification or determination as they existed	3218
prior to the effective date of this section.	3219

Sec. 2152.86. (A)(1) The court that, on or after January 1,	3220
2008, adjudicates a child a delinquent child for committing an act	3221
shall issue as part of the dispositional order an order that	3222
classifies the child a juvenile offender registrant, specifies	3223
that the child has a duty to comply with sections 2950.04,	3224
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, and	3225
additionally classifies the child a public registry-qualified	3226
juvenile offender registrant if the child was fourteen, fifteen,	3227
sixteen, or seventeen years of age at the time of committing the	3228
act and the child is adjudicated a delinquent child for	3229
committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to commit, or	3230
complicity in committing any of the following acts:	3231
(a) A violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code,	3232

division (B) of section 2907.05 of the Revised Code, or section32332907.03 of the Revised Code if the victim of the violation was3234less than twelve years of age;3235

(b) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2905.01 of3236the Revised Code that was committed with a purpose to gratify the3237sexual needs or desires of the child.3238

(2) Upon a child's release, on or after January 1, 2008, from3239the department of youth services, the court shall issue an order3240that classifies the child a juvenile offender registrant,3241specifies that the child has a duty to comply with sections32422950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, and3243additionally classifies the child a public registry-gualified3244

juvenile offender registrant if all of the following apply:	3245
(a) The child was adjudicated a delinguent child for	3246
committing one of the acts described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b)	3247
of this section.	3248
(b) The child was fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, or seventeen	3249
years of age at the time of committing the act.	3250
(c) The court did not issue an order classifying the child as	3251
both a juvenile offender registrant and a public	3252
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant pursuant to	3253
division (A)(1) of this section.	3254
(3) If a court issued an order classifying a child a juvenile	3255
offender registrant pursuant to section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the	3256
Revised Code prior to January 1, 2008, not later than February 1,	3257
2008, the court shall issue a new order that reclassifies the	3258
child as a juvenile offender registrant, specifies that the child	3259
has a duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and	3260
2950.06 of the Revised Code, and additionally classifies the child	3261
a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant if both	3262
of the following apply:	3263
(a) The sexually oriented offense that was the basis of the	3264
previous order that classified the child a juvenile offender	3265
registrant was an act described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of	3266
this section.	3267
(b) The child was fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, or seventeen	3268
years of age at the time of committing the act.	3269
(B)(1) If an order is issued under division (A)(1), (2), or	3270
(3) of this section, the classification of tier III sex	3271
offender/child-victim offender automatically applies to the	3272
delinguent child based on the sexually oriented offense the child	3273
committed, subject to a possible reclassification pursuant to	3274
division (D) of this section for a child whose delinguent act was	3275

committed prior to January 1, 2008. If an order is issued under	3276
division (A)(2) of this section regarding a child whose delinguent	3277
act described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section was	3278
committed prior to January 1, 2008, or if an order is issued under	3279
division (A)(3) of this section regarding a delinquent child, the	3280
order shall inform the child and the child's parent, guardian, or	3281
custodian, that the child has a right to a hearing as described in	3282
division (D) of this section and inform the child and the child's	3283
parent, guardian, or custodian of the procedures for requesting	3284
the hearing and the period of time within which the request for	3285
the hearing must be made. Section 2152.831 of the Revised Code	3286
does not apply regarding an order issued under division (A)(1),	3287
(2), or (3) of this section.	3288
(2) The judge that issues an order under division (A)(1),	3289
(2), or (3) of this section shall provide to the delinguent child	3290
who is the subject of the order and to the delinquent child's	3291
parent, guardian, or custodian the notice required under divisions	3292
(A) and (B) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code and shall	3293
provide as part of that notice a copy of the order required under	3294
division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of this section. The judge shall	3295
include the order in the delinquent child's dispositional order	3296
and shall specify in the dispositional order that the order issued	3297
under division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of this section was made	3298
pursuant to this section.	3299
(C) An order issued under division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of	3300
this section shall remain in effect for the period of time	3301
specified in section 2950.07 of the Revised Code as it exists on	3302

and after January 1, 2008, subject to a judicial termination of3303that period of time as provided in section 2950.15 of the Revised3304Code, subject to a possible reclassification of the child pursuant3305to division (D) of this section if the child's delinquent act was3306committed prior to January 1, 2008. If an order is issued under3307

division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of this section, the child's	3308
attainment of eighteen or twenty-one years of age does not affect	3309
or terminate the order, and the order remains in effect for the	3310
period of time described in this division. If an order is issued	3311
under division (A)(3) of this section, the duty to comply with	3312
<u>sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised</u>	3313
Code based upon that order shall be considered, for purposes of	3314
section 2950.07 of the Revised Code and for all other purposes, to	3315
be a continuation of the duty to comply with those sections	3316
imposed upon the child prior to January 1, 2008, under the order	3317
<u>issued under section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 and</u>	3318
Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code.	3319
(D)(1) If an order is issued under division (A)(2) of this	3320
section regarding a delinguent child whose delinguent act	3321
described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section was	3322
committed prior to January 1, 2008, or if an order is issued under	3323
division (A)(3) of this section regarding a delinquent child,	3324
except as otherwise provided in this division, the child may	3325
request as a matter of right a court hearing to contest the	3326
court's classification in the order of the child as a public	3327
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant. To request the	3328
hearing, not later than the date that is sixty days after the	3329
delinquent child is provided with the copy of the order, the	3330
delinguent child shall file a petition with the juvenile court	3331
that issued the order. A delinquent child may not request, and the	3332
court shall not conduct, a hearing for the purpose described in	3333
this division if federal law requires that the child be classified	3334
a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, or be	3335
subject to the duties and sanctions imposed on public	3336
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrants, based on the	3337
offense committed. If federal law requires that the child be	3338
classified a public registry-qualified juvenile offender	3339
registrant, or be subject to the duties and sanctions imposed on	3340

public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrants, based on	3341
the offense committed, the child shall be classified a public	3342
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant solely by	3343
reference to the definition of public registry-qualified juvenile	3344
offender registrant in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	3345

If the delinquent child requests a hearing by timely filing a 3346 petition with the juvenile court, the delinquent child shall serve 3347 a copy of the petition on the prosecutor who handled the case in 3348 which the delinquent child was adjudicated a delinquent child for 3349 committing the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented 3350 offense that resulted in the delinguent child's registration duty 3351 under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code. The 3352 prosecutor shall represent the interest of the state in the 3353 hearing. In any hearing under this division, the Rules of Juvenile 3354 Procedure apply except to the extent that those Rules would by 3355 their nature be clearly inapplicable. The court shall schedule a 3356 hearing and shall provide notice to the delinguent child and the 3357 delinguent child's parent, guardian, or custodian and to the 3358 prosecutor of the date, time, and place of the hearing. 3359

If the delinquent child requests a hearing in accordance with 3360 this division, until the court issues its decision at or 3361 subsequent to the hearing, the delinquent child shall comply with 3362 Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as it exists on and after 3363 January 1, 2008. If a delinguent child requests a hearing in 3364 accordance with this division, at the hearing, all parties are 3365 entitled to be heard, and the court shall consider all relevant 3366 information and testimony presented relative to the issue of 3367 whether the child should be classified a public registry-qualified 3368 juvenile offender registrant. Notwithstanding the court's 3369 classification of the delinquent child as a public 3370 registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, the court may 3371 terminate that classification if it determines by clear and 3372

convincing evidence that the child is not likely to engage in the	3373
future in one or more sexually oriented offenses or child-victim	3374
oriented offenses.	3375
If the court decides to terminate the court's classification	3376
of the delinquent child as a public registry-qualified juvenile	3377
offender registrant, the court shall issue an order that specifies	3378
that it has determined that the child is not a public	3379
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant and that it has	3380
terminated the court's classification of the delinguent child as a	3381
public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant. The court	3382
promptly shall serve a copy of the order upon the sheriff with	3383
whom the delinguent child most recently registered under section	3384
2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code and upon the bureau of	3385
criminal identification and investigation. The delinguent child	3386
and the prosecutor have the right to appeal the decision of the	3387
court issued under this division.	3388
If the delinguent child fails to request a hearing in	3389
accordance with this division within the applicable sixty-day	3390
period specified in this division, the failure constitutes a	3391
waiver by the delinguent child of the delinguent child's right to	3392
a hearing under this division, and the delinguent child is bound	3393
by the court's classification of the delinquent child as a public	3394
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant.	3395
(2) In making a decision under division (D)(1) of this	3396
section as to whether a delinguent child is likely to engage in	3397
the future in one or more sexually oriented offenses or	3398
child-victim oriented offenses and as to whether the court's	
	3399
classification of the delinguent child as a public	3399 3400
classification of the delinquent child as a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant should be	
	3400
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant should be	3400 3401

factors identified in division (C) of section 2151.831 of the 3405 Revised Code. 3406 (3) An order issued under division (D)(1) of this section is 3407 independent of any order of a type described in division (E) or 3408 (F) of section 2950.031 or 2950.032 of the Revised Code, and the 3409 court may issue an order under both division (D)(1) of this 3410 section and an order of a type described in division (E) or (F) of 3411 section 2950.031 or 2950.032 of the Revised Code. A court that 3412 conducts a hearing under division (D)(1) of this section may 3413 consolidate that hearing with a hearing conducted for the same 3414 delinquent child under division (E) or (F) of section 2950.031 or 3415 2950.032 of the Revised Code. 3416 **sec. 2743.191.** (A)(1) There is hereby created in the state 3417 treasury the reparations fund, which shall be used only for the 3418 following purposes: 3419 (a) The payment of awards of reparations that are granted by 3420 the attorney general; 3421 (b) The compensation of any personnel needed by the attorney 3422 general to administer sections 2743.51 to 2743.72 of the Revised 3423 Code; 3424 (c) The compensation of witnesses as provided in division (J) 3425 of section 2743.65 of the Revised Code; 3426 (d) Other administrative costs of hearing and determining 3427 claims for an award of reparations by the attorney general; 3428 (e) The costs of administering sections 2907.28 and 2969.01 3429 to 2969.06 of the Revised Code; 3430 (f) The costs of investigation and decision-making as 3431 certified by the attorney general; 3432

(g) The provision of state financial assistance to victim 3433assistance programs in accordance with sections 109.91 and 109.92 3434

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of the Revised Code;	3435
(h) The costs of paying the expenses of sex offense-related	3436
examinations and antibiotics pursuant to section 2907.28 of the	3437
Revised Code;	3438
(i) The cost of printing and distributing the pamphlet	3439
prepared by the attorney general pursuant to section 109.42 of the	3440
Revised Code;	3441

(j) Subject to division (D) of section 2743.71 of the Revised 3442 Code, the costs associated with the printing and providing of 3443 information cards or other printed materials to law enforcement 3444 agencies and prosecuting authorities and with publicizing the 3445 availability of awards of reparations pursuant to section 2743.71 3446 of the Revised Code; 3447

(k) The payment of costs of administering a DNA specimen 3448 collection procedure pursuant to sections 2152.74 and 2901.07 of 3449 the Revised Code, of performing DNA analysis of those DNA 3450 specimens, and of entering the resulting DNA records regarding 3451 those analyses into the DNA database pursuant to section 109.573 3452 of the Revised Code; 3453

(1) The payment of actual costs associated with initiatives 3454 by the attorney general for the apprehension, prosecution, and 3455 accountability of offenders, and the enhancing of services to 3456 crime victims. The amount of payments made pursuant to division 3457 (A)(1)(1) of this section during any given fiscal year shall not 3458 exceed five per cent of the balance of the reparations fund at the 3459 close of the immediately previous fiscal year; 3460

(m) The costs of administering the adult parole authority's 3461
supervision pursuant to division (E) of section 2971.05 of the 3462
Revised Code of sexually violent predators who are sentenced to a 3463
prison term pursuant to division (A)(3) of section 2971.03 of the 3464
Revised Code, and of offenders who are sentenced to a prison term 3465

pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) <u>, (B)(2)(a), (b), or</u>	3466
(c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of that section <del>for a</del>	3467
violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised	3468
Code, and of offenders who are sentenced to a prison term pursuant	3469
to division (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of section 2971.03 of the	3470
Revised Code for attempted rape and a specification of the type	3471
described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, 2941.1420 of the	3472
Revised Code.	3473

(2) All costs paid pursuant to section 2743.70 of the Revised 3474 Code, the portions of license reinstatement fees mandated by 3475 division (F)(2)(b) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code to be 3476 credited to the fund, the portions of the proceeds of the sale of 3477 a forfeited vehicle specified in division (C)(2) of section 3478 4503.234 of the Revised Code, payments collected by the department 3479 of rehabilitation and correction from prisoners who voluntarily 3480 participate in an approved work and training program pursuant to 3481 division (C)(8)(b)(ii) of section 5145.16 of the Revised Code, and 3482 all moneys collected by the state pursuant to its right of 3483 subrogation provided in section 2743.72 of the Revised Code shall 3484 be deposited in the fund. 3485

(B) In making an award of reparations, the attorney general
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 shall render the award against the state. The award shall be
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 accomplished only through the following procedure, and the
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 following procedure may be enforced by writ of mandamus directed
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 to the appropriate official:

(1) The attorney general shall provide for payment of the
claimant or providers in the amount of the award only if the
amount of the award is fifty dollars or more.

(2) The expense shall be charged against all available3494unencumbered moneys in the fund.3495

(3) If sufficient unencumbered moneys do not exist in the 3496

fund, the attorney general shall make application for payment of 3497 the award out of the emergency purposes account or any other 3498 appropriation for emergencies or contingencies, and payment out of 3499 this account or other appropriation shall be authorized if there 3500 are sufficient moneys greater than the sum total of then pending 3501 emergency purposes account requests or requests for releases from 3502 the other appropriations. 3503

(4) If sufficient moneys do not exist in the account or any 3504 other appropriation for emergencies or contingencies to pay the 3505 award, the attorney general shall request the general assembly to 3506 make an appropriation sufficient to pay the award, and no payment 3507 shall be made until the appropriation has been made. The attorney 3508 general shall make this appropriation request during the current 3509 biennium and during each succeeding biennium until a sufficient 3510 appropriation is made. If, prior to the time that an appropriation 3511 is made by the general assembly pursuant to this division, the 3512 fund has sufficient unencumbered funds to pay the award or part of 3513 the award, the available funds shall be used to pay the award or 3514 part of the award, and the appropriation request shall be amended 3515 to request only sufficient funds to pay that part of the award 3516 that is unpaid. 3517

(C) The attorney general shall not make payment on a decision 3518 or order granting an award until all appeals have been determined 3519 and all rights to appeal exhausted, except as otherwise provided 3520 in this section. If any party to a claim for an award of 3521 reparations appeals from only a portion of an award, and a 3522 remaining portion provides for the payment of money by the state, 3523 that part of the award calling for the payment of money by the 3524 state and not a subject of the appeal shall be processed for 3525 payment as described in this section. 3526

(D) The attorney general shall prepare itemized bills for the 3527costs of printing and distributing the pamphlet the attorney 3528

Fage

general prepares pursuant to section 109.42 of the Revised Code. 3529 The itemized bills shall set forth the name and address of the 3530 persons owed the amounts set forth in them. 3531 (E) As used in this section, "DNA analysis" and "DNA 3532 specimen" have the same meanings as in section 109.573 of the 3533 Revised Code. 3534 Sec. 2901.07. (A) As used in this section: 3535 (1) "DNA analysis" and "DNA specimen" have the same meanings 3536 as in section 109.573 of the Revised Code. 3537 (2) "Jail" and "community-based correctional facility" have 3538 the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code. 3539 (3) "Post-release control" has the same meaning as in section 3540 2967.01 of the Revised Code. 3541 (B)(1) Regardless of when the conviction occurred or the 3542 guilty plea was entered, a person who has been convicted of, is 3543 convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or pleads guilty to a felony 3544 offense and who is sentenced to a prison term or to a community 3545 residential sanction in a jail or community-based correctional 3546 facility for that offense pursuant to section 2929.16 of the 3547 Revised Code, and a person who has been convicted of, is convicted 3548 of, has pleaded guilty to, or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor 3549 offense listed in division (D) of this section and who is 3550 sentenced to a term of imprisonment for that offense shall submit 3551 to a DNA specimen collection procedure administered by the 3552 director of rehabilitation and correction or the chief 3553 administrative officer of the jail or other detention facility in 3554 which the person is serving the term of imprisonment. If the 3555 person serves the prison term in a state correctional institution, 3556 the director of rehabilitation and correction shall cause the DNA 3557 specimen to be collected from the person during the intake process 3558

at the reception facility designated by the director. If the 3559 person serves the community residential sanction or term of 3560 imprisonment in a jail, a community-based correctional facility, 3561 or another county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 3562 multicounty-municipal detention facility, the chief administrative 3563 officer of the jail, community-based correctional facility, or 3564 detention facility shall cause the DNA specimen to be collected 3565 from the person during the intake process at the jail, 3566 community-based correctional facility, or detention facility. The 3567 DNA specimen shall be collected in accordance with division (C) of 3568 this section. 3569

(2) Regardless of when the conviction occurred or the guilty 3570 plea was entered, if a person has been convicted of, is convicted 3571 of, has pleaded guilty to, or pleads guilty to a felony offense or 3572 a misdemeanor offense listed in division (D) of this section, is 3573 serving a prison term, community residential sanction, or term of 3574 imprisonment for that offense, and does not provide a DNA specimen 3575 pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, prior to the person's 3576 release from the prison term, community residential sanction, or 3577 imprisonment, the person shall submit to, and the director of 3578 rehabilitation and correction or the chief administrative officer 3579 of the jail, community-based correctional facility, or detention 3580 facility in which the person is serving the prison term, community 3581 residential sanction, or term of imprisonment shall administer, a 3582 DNA specimen collection procedure at the state correctional 3583 institution, jail, community-based correctional facility, or 3584 detention facility in which the person is serving the prison term, 3585 community residential sanction, or term of imprisonment. The DNA 3586 specimen shall be collected in accordance with division (C) of 3587 this section. 3588

(3)(a) Regardless of when the conviction occurred or the3589guilty plea was entered, if a person has been convicted of, is3590

convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or pleads guilty to a felony 3591 offense or a misdemeanor offense listed in division (D) of this 3592 section and the person is on probation, released on parole, under 3593 transitional control, on community control, on post-release 3594 control, or under any other type of supervised release under the 3595 supervision of a probation department or the adult parole 3596 authority for that offense, the person shall submit to a DNA 3597 specimen collection procedure administered by the chief 3598 administrative officer of the probation department or the adult 3599 parole authority. The DNA specimen shall be collected in 3600 accordance with division (C) of this section. If the person 3601 refuses to submit to a DNA specimen collection procedure as 3602 provided in this division, the person may be subject to the 3603 provisions of section 2967.15 of the Revised Code. 3604

(b) If a person to whom division (B)(3)(a) of this section 3605 applies is sent to jail or is returned to a jail, community-based 3606 correctional facility, or state correctional institution for a 3607 violation of the terms and conditions of the probation, parole, 3608 transitional control, other release, or post-release control, if 3609 the person was or will be serving a term of imprisonment, prison 3610 term, or community residential sanction for committing a felony 3611 offense or for committing a misdemeanor offense listed in division 3612 (D) of this section, and if the person did not provide a DNA 3613 specimen pursuant to division (B)(1), (2) or (3)(a) of this 3614 section, the person shall submit to, and the director of 3615 rehabilitation and correction or the chief administrative officer 3616 of the jail or community-based correctional facility shall 3617 administer, a DNA specimen collection procedure at the jail, 3618 community-based correctional facility, or state correctional 3619 institution in which the person is serving the term of 3620 imprisonment, prison term, or community residential sanction. The 3621 DNA specimen shall be collected from the person in accordance with 3622 division (C) of this section. 3623

(4) Regardless of when the conviction occurred or the guilty 3624 plea was entered, if a person has been convicted of, is convicted 3625 of, has pleaded quilty to, or pleads quilty to a felony offense or 3626 a misdemeanor offense listed in division (D) of this section, the 3627 person is not sentenced to a prison term, a community residential 3628 sanction in a jail or community-based correctional facility, a 3629 term of imprisonment, or any type of supervised release under the 3630 supervision of a probation department or the adult parole 3631 authority, and the person does not provide a DNA specimen pursuant 3632 to division (B)(1), (2), (3)(a), or (3)(b) of this section, the 3633 sentencing court shall order the person to report to the county 3634 probation department immediately after sentencing to submit to a 3635 DNA specimen collection procedure administered by the chief 3636 administrative officer of the county probation office. If the 3637 person is incarcerated at the time of sentencing, the person shall 3638 submit to a DNA specimen collection procedure administered by the 3639 director of rehabilitation and correction or the chief 3640 administrative officer of the jail or other detention facility in 3641 which the person is incarcerated. The DNA specimen shall be 3642 collected in accordance with division (C) of this section. 3643

(C) If the DNA specimen is collected by withdrawing blood 3644 from the person or a similarly invasive procedure, a physician, 3645 registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, duly licensed clinical 3646 laboratory technician, or other qualified medical practitioner 3647 shall collect in a medically approved manner the DNA specimen 3648 required to be collected pursuant to division (B) of this section. 3649 If the DNA specimen is collected by swabbing for buccal cells or a 3650 similarly noninvasive procedure, this section does not require 3651 that the DNA specimen be collected by a qualified medical 3652 practitioner of that nature. No later than fifteen days after the 3653 date of the collection of the DNA specimen, the director of 3654 rehabilitation and correction or the chief administrative officer 3655 of the jail, community-based correctional facility, or other 3656

county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 3657 multicounty-municipal detention facility, in which the person is 3658 serving the prison term, community residential sanction, or term 3659 of imprisonment shall cause the DNA specimen to be forwarded to 3660 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in 3661 accordance with procedures established by the superintendent of 3662 the bureau under division (H) of section 109.573 of the Revised 3663 Code. The bureau shall provide the specimen vials, mailing tubes, 3664 labels, postage, and instructions needed for the collection and 3665 forwarding of the DNA specimen to the bureau. 3666

(D) The director of rehabilitation and correction, the chief 3667 administrative officer of the jail, community-based correctional 3668 facility, or other county, multicounty, municipal, 3669 municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal detention facility, or 3670 the chief administrative officer of a county probation department 3671 or the adult parole authority shall cause a DNA specimen to be 3672 collected in accordance with divisions (B) and (C) of this section 3673 from a person in its custody or under its supervision who has been 3674 convicted of, is convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or pleads 3675 guilty to any felony offense or any of the following misdemeanor 3676 offenses: 3677

(1) A misdemeanor violation, an attempt to commit a
3678
misdemeanor violation, or complicity in committing a misdemeanor
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violation of section 2907.04 of the Revised Code;
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(2) A misdemeanor violation of any law that arose out of the 3681 same facts and circumstances and same act as did a charge against 3682 the person of a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2905.01, 3683 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, or 2911.11 of the Revised Code 3684 that previously was dismissed or amended or as did a charge 3685 against the person of a violation of section 2907.12 of the 3686 Revised Code as it existed prior to September 3, 1996, that 3687 previously was dismissed or amended; 3688

(3) A misdemeanor violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised
Code that would have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the
Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had it been
3691
committed prior to that date;

(4) A sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented
offense, both as defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code,
that is a misdemeanor, if, in relation to that offense, the
offender has been adjudicated a sexual predator, child victim
gredator, habitual sex offender, or habitual is a tier III sex
offender/child-victim offender, all as defined in section 2950.01
of the Revised Code.

(E) The director of rehabilitation and correction may
(C) The director of rehabilitation and correction and correction for adult
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sec. 2903.211. (A)(1) No person by engaging in a pattern of 3707 conduct shall knowingly cause another person to believe that the 3708 offender will cause physical harm to the other person or cause 3709 mental distress to the other person. 3710

(2) No person, through the use of any electronic method of
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remotely transferring information, including, but not limited to,
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any computer, computer network, computer program, or computer
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system, shall post a message with purpose to urge or incite
3714
another to commit a violation of division (A)(1) of this section.

(3) No person, with a sexual motivation, shall violate3716division (A)(1) or (2) of this section.3717

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of menacing by 3718

3719 stalking. (1) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (B)(2) and (3) 3720 of this section, menacing by stalking is a misdemeanor of the 3721 first degree. 3722 (2) Menacing by stalking is a felony of the fourth degree if 3723 any of the following applies: 3724 (a) The offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded 3725 quilty to a violation of this section or a violation of section 3726 2911.211 of the Revised Code. 3727 (b) In committing the offense under division (A)(1)  $\frac{\partial r_{\perp}}{\partial r_{\perp}}$  (2), 3728 or (3) of this section, the offender made a threat of physical 3729 harm to or against the victim, or as a result of an offense 3730 committed under division (A)(2) or (3) of this section, a third 3731 person induced by the offender's posted message made a threat of 3732 physical harm to or against the victim. 3733

(c) In committing the offense under division (A)(1) or, (2), 3734

or (3)
of this section, the offender trespassed on the land or
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premises where the victim lives, is employed, or attends school,
3736

or as a result of an offense committed under division (A)(2) or
3737

(3)
of this section, a third person induced by the offender's
3738

posted message trespassed on the land or premises where the victim
3739

lives, is employed, or attends school.
3740

(d) The victim of the offense is a minor. 3741

(e) The offender has a history of violence toward the victim 3742
 or any other person or a history of other violent acts toward the 3743
 victim or any other person. 3744

(f) While committing the offense under division (A)(1) of 3745
this section or a violation of division (A)(3) of this section 3746
based on conduct in violation of division (A)(1) of this section, 3747
the offender had a deadly weapon on or about the offender's person 3748

or under the offender's control. Division (B)(2)(f) of this3749section does not apply in determining the penalty for a violation3750of division (A)(2) of this section <u>or a violation of division</u>3751(A)(3) of this section based on conduct in violation of division3752(A)(2) of this section.3753

(g) At the time of the commission of the offense, the
offender was the subject of a protection order issued under
section 2903.213 or 2903.214 of the Revised Code, regardless of
whether the person to be protected under the order is the victim
of the offense or another person.

(h) In committing the offense under division  $(A)(1) \rightarrow r_{1}(2)$ 3759 or (3) of this section, the offender caused serious physical harm 3760 to the premises at which the victim resides, to the real property 3761 on which that premises is located, or to any personal property 3762 located on that premises, or, as a result of an offense committed 3763 under division (A)(2) of this section or an offense committed 3764 under division (A)(3) of this section based on a violation of 3765 division (A)(2) of this section, a third person induced by the 3766 offender's posted message caused serious physical harm to that 3767 premises, that real property, or any personal property on that 3768 premises. 3769

(i) Prior to committing the offense, the offender had been 3770
determined to represent a substantial risk of physical harm to 3771
others as manifested by evidence of then-recent homicidal or other 3772
violent behavior, evidence of then-recent threats that placed 3773
another in reasonable fear of violent behavior and serious 3774
physical harm, or other evidence of then-present dangerousness. 3775

(3) If the victim of the offense is an officer or employee of
a public children services agency or a private child placing
agency and the offense relates to the officer's or employee's
performance or anticipated performance of official
arrow

felony of the fifth degree or, if the offender previously has been 3781 convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense of violence, the 3782 victim of that prior offense was an officer or employee of a 3783 public children services agency or private child placing agency, 3784 and that prior offense related to the officer's or employee's 3785 performance or anticipated performance of official 3786 responsibilities or duties, a felony of the fourth degree. 3787 (C) Section 2919.271 of the Revised Code applies in relation 3788 to a defendant charged with a violation of this section. 3789 (D) As used in this section: 3790 (1) "Pattern of conduct" means two or more actions or 3791 incidents closely related in time, whether or not there has been a 3792 prior conviction based on any of those actions or incidents. 3793 Actions or incidents that prevent, obstruct, or delay the 3794 performance by a public official, firefighter, rescuer, emergency 3795 medical services person, or emergency facility person of any 3796 authorized act within the public official's, firefighter's, 3797 rescuer's, emergency medical services person's, or emergency 3798 facility person's official capacity, or the posting of messages or 3799 receipt of information or data through the use of an electronic 3800 method of remotely transferring information, including, but not 3801 limited to, a computer, computer network, computer program, 3802 computer system, or telecommunications device, may constitute a 3803 "pattern of conduct." 3804

(2) "Mental distress" means any of the following: 3805

(a) Any mental illness or condition that involves some3806temporary substantial incapacity;3807

(b) Any mental illness or condition that would normally
 require psychiatric treatment, psychological treatment, or other
 mental health services, whether or not any person requested or
 received psychiatric treatment, psychological treatment, or other
 3810

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3812

mental health services.

(3) "Emergency medical services person" is the singular of
"emergency medical services personnel" as defined in section
2133.21 of the Revised Code.
3815

(4) "Emergency facility person" is the singular of "emergency 3816facility personnel" as defined in section 2909.04 of the Revised 3817Code. 3818

(5) "Public official" has the same meaning as in section 38192921.01 of the Revised Code. 3820

(6) "Computer," "computer network," "computer program,"
3821
"computer system," and "telecommunications device" have the same
3822
meanings as in section 2913.01 of the Revised Code.
3823

(7) "Post a message" means transferring, sending, posting, 3824
publishing, disseminating, or otherwise communicating, or 3825
attempting to transfer, send, post, publish, disseminate, or 3826
otherwise communicate, any message or information, whether 3827
truthful or untruthful, about an individual, and whether done 3828
under one's own name, under the name of another, or while 3829
impersonating another. 3830

(8) "Third person" means, in relation to conduct as described
in division (A)(2) of this section, an individual who is neither
3832
the offender nor the victim of the conduct.
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(9) "Sexual motivation" has the same meaning as in section38342971.01 of the Revised Code.3835

(E) The state does not need to prove in a prosecution under
3836
this section that a person requested or received psychiatric
3837
treatment, psychological treatment, or other mental health
services in order to show that the person was caused mental
3839
distress as described in division (D)(2)(b) of this section.

(F)(1) This section does not apply to a person solely because 3841

the person provided access or connection to or from an electronic 3842 method of remotely transferring information not under that 3843 person's control, including having provided capabilities that are 3844 incidental to providing access or connection to or from the 3845 electronic method of remotely transferring the information, and 3846 that do not include the creation of the content of the material 3847 that is the subject of the access or connection. In addition, any 3848 person providing access or connection to or from an electronic 3849 method of remotely transferring information not under that 3850 person's control shall not be liable for any action voluntarily 3851 taken in good faith to block the receipt or transmission through 3852 its service of any information that it believes is, or will be 3853

sent, in violation of this section.

(2) Division (F)(1) of this section does not create an 3855 affirmative duty for any person providing access or connection to 3856 or from an electronic method of remotely transferring information 3857 not under that person's control to block the receipt or 3858 transmission through its service of any information that it 3859 believes is, or will be sent, in violation of this section except 3860 as otherwise provided by law. 3861

(3) Division (F)(1) of this section does not apply to a 3862
person who conspires with a person actively involved in the 3863
creation or knowing distribution of material in violation of this 3864
section or who knowingly advertises the availability of material 3865
of that nature. 3866

sec. 2905.01. (A) No person, by force, threat, or deception, 3867
or, in the case of a victim under the age of thirteen or mentally 3868
incompetent, by any means, shall remove another from the place 3869
where the other person is found or restrain the liberty of the 3870
other person, for any of the following purposes: 3871

(1) To hold for ransom, or as a shield or hostage; 3872

3854

(2) To facilitate the commission of any felony or flight 3873 thereafter; 3874 (3) To terrorize, or to inflict serious physical harm on the 3875 victim or another; 3876 (4) To engage in sexual activity, as defined in section 3877 2907.01 of the Revised Code, with the victim against the victim's 3878 will; 3879 (5) To hinder, impede, or obstruct a function of government, 3880 or to force any action or concession on the part of governmental 3881 authority. 3882 (B) No person, by force, threat, or deception, or, in the 3883 case of a victim under the age of thirteen or mentally 3884 incompetent, by any means, shall knowingly do any of the 3885 following, under circumstances that create a substantial risk of 3886 serious physical harm to the victim or, in the case of a minor 3887 victim, under circumstances that either create a substantial risk 3888 of serious physical harm to the victim or cause physical harm to 3889 the victim: 3890 (1) Remove another from the place where the other person is 3891 found; 3892 (2) Restrain another of his the other person's liberty; 3893 (3) Hold another in a condition of involuntary servitude. 3894 (C) Whoever violates this section is quilty of kidnapping. 3895 Except as otherwise provided in this division, kidnapping is a 3896 felony of the first degree. If Except as otherwise provided in 3897 this division, if the offender releases the victim in a safe place 3898 unharmed, kidnapping is a felony of the second degree. If the 3899 victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age and if 3900 the offender also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a sexual 3901

motivation specification that was included in the indictment,

3902

count in the indictment, or information charging the offense,	3903
kidnapping is a felony of the first degree, and, notwithstanding	3904
the definite sentence provided for a felony of the first degree in	3905
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, the offender shall be	3906
sentenced pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code as	3907
<u>follows:</u>	3908
(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2) of this	3909
section, the offender shall be sentenced pursuant to that section	3910
to an indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum term of	3911
fifteen years and a maximum term of life imprisonment.	3912
(2) If the offender releases the victim in a safe place	3913
unharmed, the offender shall be sentenced pursuant to that section	3914
to an indefinite term consisting of a minimum term of ten years	3915
and a maximum term of life imprisonment.	3916
(D) As used in this section, "sexual motivation	3917
specification" has the same meaning as in section 2971.01 of the	3918
Revised Code.	3919
Sec. 2905.02. (A) No person, without privilege to do so,	3920
shall knowingly do any of the following:	3921
(1) By force or threat, remove another from the place where	3922
the other person is found;	3923
(2) By force or threat, restrain the liberty of another	3924
person <del>,</del> under circumstances <del>which</del> <u>that</u> create a risk of physical	3925
harm to the victim, or place the other person in fear;	3926
(3) Hold another in a condition of involuntary servitude.	3927
	0727
(B) No person, with a sexual motivation, shall violate	3928
(B) <u>No person, with a sexual motivation, shall violate</u> <u>division (A) of this section.</u>	
-	3928
division (A) of this section.	3928 3929

both of the following apply:

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(D) As used in this section, "sexual motivation" has the same	3932
meaning as in section 2971.01 of the Revised Code.	3933
Sec. 2905.03. (A) No person, without privilege to do so,	3934
shall knowingly restrain another of <del>his</del> <u>the other person's</u>	3935
liberty.	3936
(B) <u>No person, without privilege to do so and with a sexual</u>	3937
motivation, shall knowingly restrain another of the other person's	3938
liberty.	3939
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of unlawful	3940
restraint, a misdemeanor of the third degree.	3941
(D) As used in this section, "sexual motivation" has the same	3942
meaning as in section 2971.01 of the Revised Code.	3943
Sec. 2905.05. (A) No person, by any means and without	3944
privilege to do so, shall knowingly solicit, coax, entice, or lure	3945
any child under fourteen years of age to accompany the person in	3946
any manner, including entering into any vehicle or onto any	3947
vessel, whether or not the offender knows the age of the child, if	3948

(1) The actor does not have the express or implied permission 3950of the parent, guardian, or other legal custodian of the child in 3951undertaking the activity. 3952

(2) The actor is not a law enforcement officer, medic,
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firefighter, or other person who regularly provides emergency
3954
services, and is not an employee or agent of, or a volunteer
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acting under the direction of, any board of education, or the
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actor is any of such persons, but, at the time the actor
3957
undertakes the activity, the actor is not acting within the scope
3958
of the actor's lawful duties in that capacity.

(B) <u>No person, with a sexual motivation, shall violate</u> 3960

## division (A) of this section.

(C) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under division 3962
 (A) of this section that the actor undertook the activity in 3963
 response to a bona fide emergency situation or that the actor 3964
 undertook the activity in a reasonable belief that it was 3965
 necessary to preserve the health, safety, or welfare of the child. 3966

 $\frac{(C)}{(D)}$  Whoever violates this section is guilty of criminal 3967 child enticement, a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the 3968 offender previously has been convicted of a violation of this 3969 section, section 2907.027 or 2907.037 or former section 2907.12 of 3970 the Revised Code, or section 2905.01 or 2907.05 of the Revised 3971 Code when the victim of that prior offense was under seventeen 3972 years of age at the time of the offense, criminal child enticement 3973 is a felony of the fifth degree. 3974

(D)(E) As used in this section:

(1) <u>"Sexual motivation" has the same meaning as in section</u> 3976
 <u>2971.01 of the Revised Code.</u> 3977

(2) "Vehicle" has the same meaning as in section 4501.01 of 3978 the Revised Code. 3979

(2)(3) "Vessel" has the same meaning as in section 1547.01 of 3980 the Revised Code. 3981

 Sec. 2907.01. As used in sections 2907.01 to 2907.38 of the
 3982

 Revised Code:
 3983

(A) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a male 3984
and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus between 3985
persons regardless of sex; and, without privilege to do so, the 3986
insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or any 3987
instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or anal 3988
opening of another. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to 3989
complete vaginal or anal intercourse. 3990

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(B) "Sexual contact" means any touching of an erogenous zone 3991
of another, including without limitation the thigh, genitals, 3992
buttock, pubic region, or, if the person is a female, a breast, 3993
for the purpose of sexually arousing or gratifying either person. 3994

(C) "Sexual activity" means sexual conduct or sexual contact, 3995or both. 3996

(D) "Prostitute" means a male or female who promiscuously
 activity for hire, regardless of whether the
 hire is paid to the prostitute or to another.
 3999

(E) "Harmful to juveniles" means that quality of any material 4000
 or performance describing or representing nudity, sexual conduct, 4001
 sexual excitement, or sado-masochistic abuse in any form to which 4002
 all of the following apply: 4003

(1) The material or performance, when considered as a whole, 4004
 appeals to the prurient interest in sex of juveniles in sex. 4005

(2) The material or performance is patently offensive to 4006
prevailing standards in the adult community as a whole with 4007
respect to what is suitable for juveniles. 4008

(3) The material or performance, when considered as a whole, 4009lacks serious literary, artistic, political, and scientific value 4010for juveniles. 4011

(F) When considered as a whole, and judged with reference to 4012 ordinary adults or, if it is designed for sexual deviates or other 4013 specially susceptible group, judged with reference to that group, 4014 any material or performance is "obscene" if any of the following 4015 apply: 4016

(1) Its dominant appeal is to prurient interest; 4017

(2) Its dominant tendency is to arouse lust by displaying or
depicting sexual activity, masturbation, sexual excitement, or
4019
nudity in a way that tends to represent human beings as mere
4020

objects of sexual appetite;

(3) Its dominant tendency is to arouse lust by displaying or
 depicting bestiality or extreme or bizarre violence, cruelty, or
 brutality;

(4) Its dominant tendency is to appeal to scatological
 4025
 interest by displaying or depicting human bodily functions of
 4026
 elimination in a way that inspires disgust or revulsion in persons
 4027
 with ordinary sensibilities, without serving any genuine
 4028
 scientific, educational, sociological, moral, or artistic purpose;
 4029

(5) It contains a series of displays or descriptions of 4030 sexual activity, masturbation, sexual excitement, nudity, 4031 bestiality, extreme or bizarre violence, cruelty, or brutality, or 4032 human bodily functions of elimination, the cumulative effect of 4033 which is a dominant tendency to appeal to prurient or scatological 4034 interest, when the appeal to such an interest is primarily for its 4035 own sake or for commercial exploitation, rather than primarily for 4036 a genuine scientific, educational, sociological, moral, or 4037 artistic purpose. 4038

(G) "Sexual excitement" means the condition of human male or 4039female genitals when in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal. 4040

(H) "Nudity" means the showing, representation, or depiction 4041 of human male or female genitals, pubic area, or buttocks with 4042 less than a full, opaque covering, or of a female breast with less 4043 than a full, opaque covering of any portion thereof below the top 4044 of the nipple, or of covered male genitals in a discernibly turgid 4045 state. 4046

(I) "Juvenile" means an unmarried person under the age of 4047 eighteen. 4048

(J) "Material" means any book, magazine, newspaper, pamphlet, 4049
 poster, print, picture, figure, image, description, motion picture 4050
 film, phonographic record, or tape, or other tangible thing 4051

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capable of arousing interest through sight, sound, or touch and 4052 includes an image or text appearing on a computer monitor, 4053 television screen, liquid crystal display, or similar display 4054 device or an image or text recorded on a computer hard disk, 4055 computer floppy disk, compact disk, magnetic tape, or similar data 4056 storage device. 4057

(K) "Performance" means any motion picture, preview, trailer, 4058play, show, skit, dance, or other exhibition performed before an 4059audience. 4060

(L) "Spouse" means a person married to an offender at the
time of an alleged offense, except that such person shall not be
considered the spouse when any of the following apply:
4063

(1) When the parties have entered into a written separation4064agreement authorized by section 3103.06 of the Revised Code;4065

(2) During the pendency of an action between the parties for 4066annulment, divorce, dissolution of marriage, or legal separation; 4067

(3) In the case of an action for legal separation, after the4068effective date of the judgment for legal separation.4069

(M) "Minor" means a person under the age of eighteen. 4070

(N) "Mental health client or patient" has the same meaning as 4071in section 2305.51 of the Revised Code. 4072

(0) "Mental health professional" has the same meaning as in 4073section 2305.115 of the Revised Code. 4074

(P) "Sado-masochistic abuse" means flagellation or torture by 4075or upon a person or the condition of being fettered, bound, or 4076otherwise physically restrained. 4077

sec. 2907.02. (A)(1) No person shall engage in sexual conduct 4078
with another who is not the spouse of the offender or who is the 4079
spouse of the offender but is living separate and apart from the 4080

offender, when any of the following applies: 4081

(a) For the purpose of preventing resistance, the offender 4082 substantially impairs the other person's judgment or control by 4083 administering any drug, intoxicant, or controlled substance to the 4084 other person surreptitiously or by force, threat of force, or 4085 deception. 4086

(b) The other person is less than thirteen years of age, 4087 whether or not the offender knows the age of the other person. 4088

(c) The other person's ability to resist or consent is 4089 substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition 4090 or because of advanced age, and the offender knows or has 4091 reasonable cause to believe that the other person's ability to 4092 resist or consent is substantially impaired because of a mental or 4093 physical condition or because of advanced age. 4094

(2) No person shall engage in sexual conduct with another 4095 when the offender purposely compels the other person to submit by 4096 force or threat of force. 4097

(B) Whoever violates this section is quilty of rape, a felony 4098 of the first degree. If the offender under division (A)(1)(a) of 4099 this section substantially impairs the other person's judgment or 4100 control by administering any controlled substance described in 4101 section 3719.41 of the Revised Code to the other person 4102 surreptitiously or by force, threat of force, or deception, the 4103 prison term imposed upon the offender shall be one of the prison 4104 terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree in section 4105 2929.14 of the Revised Code that is not less than five years. 4106 Except as otherwise provided in this division, notwithstanding 4107 sections 2929.11 to 2929.14 of the Revised Code, an offender under 4108 division (A)(1)(b) of this section shall be sentenced to a prison 4109 term or term of life imprisonment pursuant to section 2971.03 of 4110 the Revised Code. If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty 4111

offender was less than sixteen years of age at the time the 4113 offender committed the violation of that division, and if the 4114 offender during or immediately after the commission of the offense 4115 did not cause serious physical harm to the victim, the victim was 4116 ten years of age or older at the time of the commission of the 4117 violation, and the offender has not previously been convicted of 4118 or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or a 4119 substantially similar existing or former law of this state, 4120 another state, or the United States, the court shall not sentence 4121 the offender to a prison term or term of life imprisonment 4122 pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and instead the 4123 court shall sentence the offender as otherwise provided in this 4124 division. If an offender under division (A)(1)(b) of this section 4125 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to violating 4126 division (A)(1)(b) of this section or to violating an existing or 4127 former law of this state, another state, or the United States that 4128 is substantially similar to division (A)(1)(b) of this section, if 4129 the offender during or immediately after the commission of the 4130 offense caused serious physical harm to the victim, or if the 4131 victim under division (A)(1)(b) of this section is less than ten 4132 years of age, in lieu of sentencing the offender to a prison term 4133 or term of life imprisonment pursuant to section 2971.03 of the 4134 Revised Code, the court may impose upon the offender a term of 4135 life without parole. If the court imposes a term of life without 4136 parole pursuant to this division, division (F) of section 2971.03 4137 of the Revised Code applies, and the offender automatically is 4138 classified a sexual predator tier III sex offender/child-victim 4139 offender, as described in that division. 4140

(C) A victim need not prove physical resistance to the4141offender in prosecutions under this section.4142

(D) Evidence of specific instances of the victim's sexual 4143

activity, opinion evidence of the victim's sexual activity, and 4144 reputation evidence of the victim's sexual activity shall not be 4145 admitted under this section unless it involves evidence of the 4146 origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease, or the victim's past 4147 sexual activity with the offender, and only to the extent that the 4148 court finds that the evidence is material to a fact at issue in 4149 the case and that its inflammatory or prejudicial nature does not 4150 outweigh its probative value. 4151

Evidence of specific instances of the defendant's sexual 4152 activity, opinion evidence of the defendant's sexual activity, and 4153 reputation evidence of the defendant's sexual activity shall not 4154 be admitted under this section unless it involves evidence of the 4155 origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease, the defendant's past 4156 sexual activity with the victim, or is admissible against the 4157 defendant under section 2945.59 of the Revised Code, and only to 4158 the extent that the court finds that the evidence is material to a 4159 fact at issue in the case and that its inflammatory or prejudicial 4160 nature does not outweigh its probative value. 4161

(E) Prior to taking testimony or receiving evidence of any 4162 sexual activity of the victim or the defendant in a proceeding 4163 under this section, the court shall resolve the admissibility of 4164 the proposed evidence in a hearing in chambers, which shall be 4165 held at or before preliminary hearing and not less than three days 4166 before trial, or for good cause shown during the trial. 4167

(F) Upon approval by the court, the victim may be represented 4168 by counsel in any hearing in chambers or other proceeding to 4169 resolve the admissibility of evidence. If the victim is indigent 4170 or otherwise is unable to obtain the services of counsel, the 4171 court, upon request, may appoint counsel to represent the victim 4172 without cost to the victim. 4173

(G) It is not a defense to a charge under division (A)(2) of 4174 this section that the offender and the victim were married or were 4175

cohabiting at the time of the commission of the offense. 4176

Sec. 2907.05. (A) No person shall have sexual contact with 4177 another, not the spouse of the offender; cause another, not the 4178 spouse of the offender, to have sexual contact with the offender; 4179 or cause two or more other persons to have sexual contact when any 4180 of the following applies: 4181

(1) The offender purposely compels the other person, or one 4182 of the other persons, to submit by force or threat of force. 4183

(2) For the purpose of preventing resistance, the offender 4184 substantially impairs the judgment or control of the other person 4185 or of one of the other persons by administering any drug, 4186 intoxicant, or controlled substance to the other person 4187 surreptitiously or by force, threat of force, or deception. 4188

(3) The offender knows that the judgment or control of the 4189 other person or of one of the other persons is substantially 4190 impaired as a result of the influence of any drug or intoxicant 4191 administered to the other person with the other person's consent 4192 for the purpose of any kind of medical or dental examination, 4193 treatment, or surgery. 4194

(4) The other person, or one of the other persons, is less 4195 than thirteen years of age, whether or not the offender knows the 4196 age of that person. 4197

(5) The ability of the other person to resist or consent or 4198 the ability of one of the other persons to resist or consent is 4199 substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition 4200 or because of advanced age, and the offender knows or has 4201 reasonable cause to believe that the ability to resist or consent 4202 of the other person or of one of the other persons is 4203 substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition 4204 or because of advanced age. 4205

(B) <u>No person shall intentionally touch the genitalia of</u>	4206
another, when the touching is not through clothing, the other	4207
person is less than twelve years of age, whether or not the	4208
offender knows the age of that person, and the touching is done	4209
with an intent to abuse, humiliate, harass, degrade, or arouse or	4210
gratify the sexual desire of any person.	4211

(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of gross sexual 4212 imposition. 4213

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, gross 4214 sexual imposition committed in violation of division (A)(1), (2), 4215 (3), or (5) of this section is a felony of the fourth degree. If 4216 the offender under division (A)(2) of this section substantially 4217 impairs the judgment or control of the other person or one of the 4218 other persons by administering any controlled substance described 4219 in section 3719.41 of the Revised Code to the person 4220 surreptitiously or by force, threat of force, or deception, gross 4221 sexual imposition committed in violation of division (A)(2) of 4222 this section is a felony of the third degree. 4223

(2) Gross sexual imposition committed in violation of 4224 division (A)(4) or (B) of this section is a felony of the third 4225 degree. Except as otherwise provided in this division, for gross 4226 sexual imposition committed in violation of division (A)(4) or (B) 4227 of this section there is a presumption that a prison term shall be 4228 imposed for the offense. The court shall impose on an offender 4229 convicted of gross sexual imposition in violation of division 4230 (A)(4) or (B) of this section a mandatory prison term equal to one 4231 of the prison terms prescribed in section 2929.14 of the Revised 4232 Code for a felony of the third degree if either of the following 4233 applies: 4234

(a) Evidence other than the testimony of the victim was4235admitted in the case corroborating the violation;4236

(b) The offender previously was convicted of or pleaded
guilty to a violation of this section, rape, the former offense of
felonious sexual penetration, or sexual battery, and the victim of
the previous offense was under thirteen years of age.
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(C)(D)A victim need not prove physical resistance to the4241offender in prosecutions under this section.4242

(D)(E) Evidence of specific instances of the victim's sexual 4243 activity, opinion evidence of the victim's sexual activity, and 4244 reputation evidence of the victim's sexual activity shall not be 4245 admitted under this section unless it involves evidence of the 4246 origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease, or the victim's past 4247 sexual activity with the offender, and only to the extent that the 4248 court finds that the evidence is material to a fact at issue in 4249 the case and that its inflammatory or prejudicial nature does not 4250 outweigh its probative value. 4251

Evidence of specific instances of the defendant's sexual 4252 activity, opinion evidence of the defendant's sexual activity, and 4253 reputation evidence of the defendant's sexual activity shall not 4254 be admitted under this section unless it involves evidence of the 4255 origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease, the defendant's past 4256 sexual activity with the victim, or is admissible against the 4257 defendant under section 2945.59 of the Revised Code, and only to 4258 the extent that the court finds that the evidence is material to a 4259 fact at issue in the case and that its inflammatory or prejudicial 4260 nature does not outweigh its probative value. 4261

(E)(F) Prior to taking testimony or receiving evidence of any 4262 sexual activity of the victim or the defendant in a proceeding 4263 under this section, the court shall resolve the admissibility of 4264 the proposed evidence in a hearing in chambers, which shall be 4265 held at or before preliminary hearing and not less than three days 4266 before trial, or for good cause shown during the trial. 4267

(F)(G) Upon approval by the court, the victim may be 4268 represented by counsel in any hearing in chambers or other 4269 proceeding to resolve the admissibility of evidence. If the victim 4270 is indigent or otherwise is unable to obtain the services of 4271 counsel, the court, upon request, may appoint counsel to represent 4272 the victim without cost to the victim. 4273

Sec. 2921.34. (A)(1) No person, knowing the person is under 4274 detention or being reckless in that regard, shall purposely break 4275 or attempt to break the detention, or purposely fail to return to 4276 detention, either following temporary leave granted for a specific 4277 purpose or limited period, or at the time required when serving a 4278 sentence in intermittent confinement. 4279

(2)(a) Division (A)(2)(b) of this section applies to any 4280 person who is adjudicated a sexually violent predator and is 4281 sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (A)(3) or (B) of 4282 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for the sexually violent 4283 offense, to any person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 4284 violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised 4285 Code committed on or after the effective date of this amendment 4286 and is sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), 4287 (b), or (c) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for the 4288 violation, and to any person who is convicted of or pleads guilty 4289 to attempted rape committed on or after the effective date of this 4290 amendment and a specification of the type described in section 4291 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code and is 4292 sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (B)(2)(a), (b), or 4293 (c) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for the attempted rape. 4294 No 4295

(b) No person to whom this division applies, for whom the4296requirement that the entire prison term imposed upon the person4297pursuant to division (A)(3) or (B) of section 2971.03 of the4298

Revised Code be served in a state correctional institution has 4299 been modified pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised Code, and 4300 who, pursuant to that modification, is restricted to a geographic 4301 area, knowing that the person is under a geographic restriction or 4302 being reckless in that regard, shall purposely leave the 4303 geographic area to which the restriction applies or purposely fail 4304 to return to that geographic area following a temporary leave 4305 granted for a specific purpose or for a limited period of time. 4306

(B) Irregularity in bringing about or maintaining detention, 4307
or lack of jurisdiction of the committing or detaining authority, 4308
is not a defense to a charge under this section if the detention 4309
is pursuant to judicial order or in a detention facility. In the 4310
case of any other detention, irregularity or lack of jurisdiction 4311
is an affirmative defense only if either of the following occurs: 4312

(1) The escape involved no substantial risk of harm to the4313person or property of another.4314

(2) The detaining authority knew or should have known there4315was no legal basis or authority for the detention.4316

(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of escape. 4317

(1) If the offender, at the time of the commission of the
(1) If the offender, at the time of the commission of the
(1) If the offender, at the time of the commission of the
(1) If the offender, at the time of the commission of the
(1) If the offender, at the time of the commission of the
(1) If the offender, at the time of the first degree.
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(1) If the offender, at the time of the first degree.

(2) If the offender, at the time of the commission of the
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(2) If the offender, at the time of the commission of the
(2) If the offender, at the time of the commission of the
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(4) (3) or (3) or (3) or (3)
(4) (3) of the Revised Code be served in a state
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(a) A felony of the second degree, when the most serious 4348 offense for which the person was under detention or for which the 4349 person had been sentenced to the prison term under division 4350 (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), <del>or</del> (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), <u>or</u> 4351 (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code 4352 is aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first or second 4353 degree or, if the person was under detention as an alleged or 4354 adjudicated delinguent child, when the most serious act for which 4355 the person was under detention would be aggravated murder, murder, 4356 or a felony of the first or second degree if committed by an 4357 adult; 4358

(b) A felony of the third degree, when the most seriousd359offense for which the person was under detention or for which theperson had been sentenced to the prison term under divisiond361

(A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), <del>or</del> (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c) <u>, or</u>	4362
(B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code	4363
is a felony of the third, fourth, or fifth degree or an	4364
unclassified felony or, if the person was under detention as an	4365
alleged or adjudicated delinquent child, when the most serious act	4366
for which the person was under detention would be a felony of the	4367
third, fourth, or fifth degree or an unclassified felony if	4368
committed by an adult;	4369
(c) A felony of the fifth degree, when any of the following	4370
applies:	4371
(i) The most serious offense for which the person was under	4372
detention is a misdemeanor.	4373
(ii) The person was found not guilty by reason of insanity,	4374
and the person's detention consisted of hospitalization,	4375
institutionalization, or confinement in a facility under an order	4376
made pursuant to or under authority of section 2945.40, 2945.401,	4377
or 2945.402 of the Revised Code.	4378
(d) A misdemeanor of the first degree, when the most serious	4379
offense for which the person was under detention is a misdemeanor	4380
and when the person fails to return to detention at a specified	4381
time following temporary leave granted for a specific purpose or	4382
limited period or at the time required when serving a sentence in	4383
intermittent confinement.	4384
(D) As used in this section:	4385
(1) "Adjudicated a sexually violent predator" has the same	4386
meaning as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code, and a person is	4387
"adjudicated a sexually violent predator" in the same manner and	4388
the same circumstances as are described in that section.	4389
(2) "Sexually violent offense" has the same meaning as in	4390
section 2971.01 of the Revised Code.	4391

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Sec. 2929.01. As used in this chapter: 4392
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(A)(1) "Alternative residential facility" means, subject to
division (A)(2) of this section, any facility other than an
offender's home or residence in which an offender is assigned to
live and that satisfies all of the following criteria:

(a) It provides programs through which the offender may seek
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or maintain employment or may receive education, training,
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treatment, or habilitation.
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(b) It has received the appropriate license or certificate
for any specialized education, training, treatment, habilitation,
or other service that it provides from the government agency that
is responsible for licensing or certifying that type of education,
training, treatment, habilitation, or service.

(2) "Alternative residential facility" does not include a
 community-based correctional facility, jail, halfway house, or
 prison.

(B) "Bad time" means the time by which the parole board 4408 administratively extends an offender's stated prison term or terms 4409 pursuant to section 2967.11 of the Revised Code because the parole 4410 board finds by clear and convincing evidence that the offender, 4411 while serving the prison term or terms, committed an act that is a 4412 criminal offense under the law of this state or the United States, 4413 whether or not the offender is prosecuted for the commission of 4414 that act. 4415

(C) "Basic probation supervision" means a requirement that 4416 the offender maintain contact with a person appointed to supervise 4417 the offender in accordance with sanctions imposed by the court or 4418 imposed by the parole board pursuant to section 2967.28 of the 4419 Revised Code. "Basic probation supervision" includes basic parole 4420 supervision and basic post-release control supervision. 4421

(D) "Cocaine," "crack cocaine," "hashish," "L.S.D.," and 4422
 "unit dose" have the same meanings as in section 2925.01 of the 4423
 Revised Code. 4424

(E) "Community-based correctional facility" means a
 community-based correctional facility and program or district
 community-based correctional facility and program developed
 4427
 pursuant to sections 2301.51 to 2301.58 of the Revised Code.
 4428

(F) "Community control sanction" means a sanction that is not 4429 a prison term and that is described in section 2929.15, 2929.16, 4430 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code or a sanction that is not 4431 a jail term and that is described in section 2929.26, 2929.27, or 4432 2929.28 of the Revised Code. "Community control sanction" includes 4433 probation if the sentence involved was imposed for a felony that 4434 was committed prior to July 1, 1996, or if the sentence involved 4435 was imposed for a misdemeanor that was committed prior to January 4436 1, 2004. 4437

(G) "Controlled substance," "marihuana," "schedule I," and 4438
 "schedule II" have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of the 4439
 Revised Code. 4440

(H) "Curfew" means a requirement that an offender during a 4441specified period of time be at a designated place. 4442

(I) "Day reporting" means a sanction pursuant to which an 4443 offender is required each day to report to and leave a center or 4444 other approved reporting location at specified times in order to 4445 participate in work, education or training, treatment, and other 4446 approved programs at the center or outside the center. 4447

(J) "Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as in section44482923.11 of the Revised Code.4449

(K) "Drug and alcohol use monitoring" means a program under 4450
 which an offender agrees to submit to random chemical analysis of 4451
 the offender's blood, breath, or urine to determine whether the 4452

offender has ingested any alcohol or other drugs. 4453

(L) "Drug treatment program" means any program under which a 4454 person undergoes assessment and treatment designed to reduce or 4455 completely eliminate the person's physical or emotional reliance 4456 upon alcohol, another drug, or alcohol and another drug and under 4457 which the person may be required to receive assessment and 4458 4459 treatment on an outpatient basis or may be required to reside at a facility other than the person's home or residence while 4460 undergoing assessment and treatment. 4461

(M) "Economic loss" means any economic detriment suffered by 4462 a victim as a direct and proximate result of the commission of an 4463 offense and includes any loss of income due to lost time at work 4464 because of any injury caused to the victim, and any property loss, 4465 medical cost, or funeral expense incurred as a result of the 4466 commission of the offense. "Economic loss" does not include 4467 non-economic loss or any punitive or exemplary damages. 4468

(N) "Education or training" includes study at, or in
 conjunction with a program offered by, a university, college, or
 technical college or vocational study and also includes the
 completion of primary school, secondary school, and literacy
 curricula or their equivalent.

(0) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11 of 4474 the Revised Code. 4475

(P) "Halfway house" means a facility licensed by the division 4476
 of parole and community services of the department of 4477
 rehabilitation and correction pursuant to section 2967.14 of the 4478
 Revised Code as a suitable facility for the care and treatment of 4479
 adult offenders. 4480

(Q) "House arrest" means a period of confinement of an
offender that is in the offender's home or in other premises
specified by the sentencing court or by the parole board pursuant
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or other specified premises for the specified period of 4487 confinement, except for periods of time during which the offender 4488 is at the offender's place of employment or at other premises as 4489 authorized by the sentencing court or by the parole board. 4490

(2) The offender is required to report periodically to a 4491person designated by the court or parole board. 4492

(3) The offender is subject to any other restrictions andrequirements that may be imposed by the sentencing court or by theparole board.

(R) "Intensive probation supervision" means a requirement 4496 that an offender maintain frequent contact with a person appointed 4497 by the court, or by the parole board pursuant to section 2967.28 4498 of the Revised Code, to supervise the offender while the offender 4499 is seeking or maintaining necessary employment and participating 4500 in training, education, and treatment programs as required in the 4501 court's or parole board's order. "Intensive probation supervision" 4502 includes intensive parole supervision and intensive post-release 4503 control supervision. 4504

(S) "Jail" means a jail, workhouse, minimum security jail, or
 other residential facility used for the confinement of alleged or
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 convicted offenders that is operated by a political subdivision or
 a combination of political subdivisions of this state.

(T) "Jail term" means the term in a jail that a sentencing
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(U) "Mandatory jail term" means the term in a jail that a 4514

sentencing court is required to impose pursuant to division (G) of 4515 section 1547.99 of the Revised Code, division (E) of section 4516 2903.06 or division (D) of section 2903.08 of the Revised Code, 4517 division (E) of section 2929.24 of the Revised Code, division (B) 4518 of section 4510.14 of the Revised Code, or division (G) of section 4519 4511.19 of the Revised Code or pursuant to any other provision of 4520 the Revised Code that requires a term in a jail for a misdemeanor 4521 conviction. 4522

(V) "Delinquent child" has the same meaning as in section 4523 2152.02 of the Revised Code. 4524

(W) "License violation report" means a report that is made by 4525 a sentencing court, or by the parole board pursuant to section 4526 2967.28 of the Revised Code, to the regulatory or licensing board 4527 or agency that issued an offender a professional license or a 4528 license or permit to do business in this state and that specifies 4529 that the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an 4530 offense that may violate the conditions under which the offender's 4531 professional license or license or permit to do business in this 4532 state was granted or an offense for which the offender's 4533 professional license or license or permit to do business in this 4534 state may be revoked or suspended. 4535

(X) "Major drug offender" means an offender who is convicted 4536 of or pleads guilty to the possession of, sale of, or offer to 4537 sell any drug, compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that 4538 consists of or contains at least one thousand grams of hashish; at 4539 least one hundred grams of crack cocaine; at least one thousand 4540 grams of cocaine that is not crack cocaine; at least two thousand 4541 five hundred unit doses or two hundred fifty grams of heroin; at 4542 least five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. or five hundred grams of 4543 L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 4544 distillate form; or at least one hundred times the amount of any 4545 other schedule I or II controlled substance other than marihuana 4546

that is necessary to commit a felony of the third degree pursuant4547to section 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, or 2925.11 of the Revised4548Code that is based on the possession of, sale of, or offer to sell4549the controlled substance.4550

(Y) "Mandatory prison term" means any of the following: 4551

(1) Subject to division (Y)(2) of this section, the term in 4552 prison that must be imposed for the offenses or circumstances set 4553 forth in divisions (F)(1) to (8) or (F)(12) to (14) of section 4554 2929.13 and division (D) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. 4555 Except as provided in sections 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 4556 and 2925.11 of the Revised Code, unless the maximum or another 4557 specific term is required under section 2929.14 or 2929.142 of the 4558 Revised Code, a mandatory prison term described in this division 4559 may be any prison term authorized for the level of offense. 4560

(2) The term of sixty or one hundred twenty days in prison 4561 that a sentencing court is required to impose for a third or 4562 fourth degree felony OVI offense pursuant to division (G)(2) of 4563 section 2929.13 and division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 4564 of the Revised Code or the term of one, two, three, four, or five 4565 years in prison that a sentencing court is required to impose 4566 pursuant to division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised 4567 Code. 4568

(3) The term in prison imposed pursuant to division (A) of 4569 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for the offenses and in the 4570 circumstances described in division (F)(11) of section 2929.13 of 4571 the Revised Code<sub>7</sub> or pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), (b), or  $(c)_{\perp}$ 4572 (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 4573 2971.03 of the Revised Code for the offense of rape committed on 4574 or after the effective date of this amendment in violation of 4575 division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code, 4576 pursuant to division (B)(2)(a) of section 2971.03 of the Revised 4577 Code for the offense of attempted rape committed on or after the 4578

effective date of this amendment and a specification of the type	4579
described in section 2941.1418 of the Revised Code, pursuant to	4580
division (B)(2)(b) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for the	4581
offense of attempted rape committed on or after the effective date	4582
of this amendment and a specification of the type described in	4583
section 2941.1419 of the Revised Code, or pursuant to division	4584
(B)(2)(c) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for the offense	4585
of attempted rape committed on or after the effective date of this	4586
amendment and a specification of the type described in section	4587
<del>2941.1420 of the Revised Code</del> and that term as modified or	4588
terminated pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised Code.	4589

(Z) "Monitored time" means a period of time during which an
 offender continues to be under the control of the sentencing court
 or parole board, subject to no conditions other than leading a
 4592
 law-abiding life.

(AA) "Offender" means a person who, in this state, is4594convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony or a misdemeanor.4595

(BB) "Prison" means a residential facility used for the
confinement of convicted felony offenders that is under the
control of the department of rehabilitation and correction but
does not include a violation sanction center operated under
authority of section 2967.141 of the Revised Code.

(CC) "Prison term" includes any of the following sanctions 4601 for an offender: 4602

(1) A stated prison term;

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(2) A term in a prison shortened by, or with the approval of, 4604
the sentencing court pursuant to section 2929.20, 2967.26, 4605
5120.031, 5120.032, or 5120.073 of the Revised Code; 4606

(3) A term in prison extended by bad time imposed pursuant to
section 2967.11 of the Revised Code or imposed for a violation of
post-release control pursuant to section 2967.28 of the Revised
4609

Code.

(DD) "Repeat violent offender" means a person about whom both of the following apply: (1) The person is being sentenced for committing or for 4613 complicity in committing any of the following: 4614 (a) Aggravated murder, murder, any felony of the first or 4615 second degree that is an offense of violence, or an attempt to 4616 commit any of these offenses if the attempt is a felony of the 4617 first or second degree; 4618 (b) An offense under an existing or former law of this state, 4619

another state, or the United States that is or was substantially 4620 equivalent to an offense described in division (DD)(1)(a) of this 4621 section. 4622

(2) The person previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty 4623 to an offense described in division (DD)(1)(a) or (b) of this 4624 section. 4625

(EE) "Sanction" means any penalty imposed upon an offender 4626 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense, as punishment 4627 for the offense. "Sanction" includes any sanction imposed pursuant 4628 to any provision of sections 2929.14 to 2929.18 or 2929.24 to 4629 2929.28 of the Revised Code. 4630

(FF) "Sentence" means the sanction or combination of 4631 sanctions imposed by the sentencing court on an offender who is 4632 convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense. 4633

(GG) "Stated prison term" means the prison term, mandatory 4634 prison term, or combination of all prison terms and mandatory 4635 prison terms imposed by the sentencing court pursuant to section 4636 2929.14, 2929.142, or 2971.03 of the Revised Code. "Stated prison 4637 term" includes any credit received by the offender for time spent 4638 in jail awaiting trial, sentencing, or transfer to prison for the 4639

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offense and any time spent under house arrest or house arrest with4640electronic monitoring imposed after earning credits pursuant to4641section 2967.193 of the Revised Code.4642

(HH) "Victim-offender mediation" means a reconciliation or 4643 mediation program that involves an offender and the victim of the 4644 offense committed by the offender and that includes a meeting in 4645 which the offender and the victim may discuss the offense, discuss 4646 restitution, and consider other sanctions for the offense. 4647

(II) "Fourth degree felony OVI offense" means a violation of 4648division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that, under 4649division (G) of that section, is a felony of the fourth degree. 4650

(JJ) "Mandatory term of local incarceration" means the term 4651 of sixty or one hundred twenty days in a jail, a community-based 4652 correctional facility, a halfway house, or an alternative 4653 residential facility that a sentencing court may impose upon a 4654 person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a fourth degree 4655 felony OVI offense pursuant to division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 4656 of the Revised Code and division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4657 4511.19 of the Revised Code. 4658

(KK) "Designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense," 4659
"violent sex offense," "sexual motivation specification," 4660
"sexually violent offense," "sexually violent predator," and 4661
"sexually violent predator specification" have the same meanings 4662
as in section 2971.01 of the Revised Code. 4663

(LL) "Habitual sex offender," "sexually Sexually oriented 4664
offense," "sexual predator," "registration exempt sexually 4665
oriented offense," "child-victim oriented offense," "habitual and 4666
"tier III sex offender/child-victim offender," and "child-victim 4667
predator" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the 4668
Revised Code. 4669

(MM) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a child" if 4670

the offender commits the offense within thirty feet of or within 4671 the same residential unit as a child who is under eighteen years 4672 of age, regardless of whether the offender knows the age of the 4673 child or whether the offender knows the offense is being committed 4674 within thirty feet of or within the same residential unit as the 4675 child and regardless of whether the child actually views the 4676 commission of the offense. 4677

(NN) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as in 4678 section 2919.25 of the Revised Code. 4679

(00) "Motor vehicle" and "manufactured home" have the same 4680 meanings as in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code. 4681

(PP) "Detention" and "detention facility" have the same 4682 meanings as in section 2921.01 of the Revised Code. 4683

(QQ) "Third degree felony OVI offense" means a violation of
division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code that, under
division (G) of that section, is a felony of the third degree.

(RR) "Random drug testing" has the same meaning as in section 46875120.63 of the Revised Code. 4688

(SS) "Felony sex offense" has the same meaning as in section 4689
2967.28 of the Revised Code. 4690

(TT) "Body armor" has the same meaning as in section46912941.1411 of the Revised Code.4692

(UU) "Electronic monitoring" means monitoring through the use 4693 of an electronic monitoring device. 4694

(VV) "Electronic monitoring device" means any of the 4695 following: 4696

(1) Any device that can be operated by electrical or battery 4697power and that conforms with all of the following: 4698

(a) The device has a transmitter that can be attached to a 4699person, that will transmit a specified signal to a receiver of the 4700

type described in division (VV)(1)(b) of this section if the 4701 transmitter is removed from the person, turned off, or altered in 4702 any manner without prior court approval in relation to electronic 4703 monitoring or without prior approval of the department of 4704 rehabilitation and correction in relation to the use of an 4705 electronic monitoring device for an inmate on transitional control 4706 or otherwise is tampered with, that can transmit continuously and 4707 periodically a signal to that receiver when the person is within a 4708 specified distance from the receiver, and that can transmit an 4709 appropriate signal to that receiver if the person to whom it is 4710 attached travels a specified distance from that receiver. 4711

(b) The device has a receiver that can receive continuously 4712 the signals transmitted by a transmitter of the type described in 4713 division (VV)(1)(a) of this section, can transmit continuously 4714 those signals by telephone to a central monitoring computer of the 4715 type described in division (VV)(1)(c) of this section, and can 4716 transmit continuously an appropriate signal to that central 4717 monitoring computer if the receiver is turned off or altered 4718 without prior court approval or otherwise tampered with. 4719

(c) The device has a central monitoring computer that can 4720 receive continuously the signals transmitted by telephone by a 4721 receiver of the type described in division (VV)(1)(b) of this 4722 section and can monitor continuously the person to whom an 4723 electronic monitoring device of the type described in division 4724 (VV)(1)(a) of this section is attached. 4725

(2) Any device that is not a device of the type described in 4726division (VV)(1) of this section and that conforms with all of the 4727following: 4728

(a) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that can
(a) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that can
4729
monitor and determine the location of a subject person at any
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time, or at a designated point in time, through the use of a
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central monitoring computer or through other electronic means.
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(b) The device includes a transmitter and receiver that can 4733 determine at any time, or at a designated point in time, through 4734 the use of a central monitoring computer or other electronic means 4735 the fact that the transmitter is turned off or altered in any 4736 manner without prior approval of the court in relation to the 4737 electronic monitoring or without prior approval of the department 4738 of rehabilitation and correction in relation to the use of an 4739 electronic monitoring device for an inmate on transitional control 4740 or otherwise is tampered with. 4741

(3) Any type of technology that can adequately track or 4742 determine the location of a subject person at any time and that is 4743 approved by the director of rehabilitation and correction, 4744 including, but not limited to, any satellite technology, voice 4745 tracking system, or retinal scanning system that is so approved. 4746

(WW) "Non-economic loss" means nonpecuniary harm suffered by 4747 a victim of an offense as a result of or related to the commission 4748 of the offense, including, but not limited to, pain and suffering; 4749 loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, 4750 attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, 4751 training, or education; mental anguish; and any other intangible 4752 loss. 4753

(XX) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01 4754 of the Revised Code. 4755

(YY) "Continuous alcohol monitoring" means the ability to 4756 automatically test and periodically transmit alcohol consumption 4757 levels and tamper attempts at least every hour, regardless of the 4758 location of the person who is being monitored. 4759

(ZZ) A person is "adjudicated a sexually violent predator" if 4760 the person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent sex 4761 offense and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a sexually 4762 violent predator specification that was included in the 4763

indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that 4764 violent sex offense or if the person is convicted of or pleads 4765 quilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense 4766 and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to both a sexual 4767 motivation specification and a sexually violent predator 4768 specification that were included in the indictment, count in the 4769 indictment, or information charging that designated homicide, 4770 assault, or kidnapping offense. 4771

Sec. 2929.02. (A) Whoever is convicted of or pleads guilty to 4772 aggravated murder in violation of section 2903.01 of the Revised 4773 Code shall suffer death or be imprisoned for life, as determined 4774 pursuant to sections 2929.022, 2929.03, and 2929.04 of the Revised 4775 Code, except that no person who raises the matter of age pursuant 4776 to section 2929.023 of the Revised Code and who is not found to 4777 have been eighteen years of age or older at the time of the 4778 commission of the offense shall suffer death. In addition, the 4779 offender may be fined an amount fixed by the court, but not more 4780 than twenty-five thousand dollars. 4781

(B) Whoever (1) Except as otherwise provided in division 4782 (B)(2) or (3) of this section, whoever is convicted of or pleads 4783 guilty to murder in violation of section 2903.02 of the Revised 4784 Code shall be imprisoned for an indefinite term of fifteen years 4785 to life, except that, if the offender. 4786

(2) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(3) of this 4787 section, if a person is convicted of or pleads quilty to murder in 4788 violation of section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, the victim of 4789 the offense was under thirteen years of age, and the offender also 4790 is convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexual motivation 4791 specification that was included in the indictment, count in the 4792 indictment, or information charging the offense, the court shall 4793 impose an indefinite prison term of thirty years to life pursuant 4794

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to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code that	4795
shall be served pursuant to that section.	4796
(3) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder in	4797
violation of section 2903.02 of the Revised Code and also is	4798
convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexual motivation specification	4799
and a sexually violent predator specification that were included	4800
in the indictment, count in the indictment, or information that	4801
charged the murder, the court shall impose upon the offender a	4802
term of life imprisonment without parole that shall be served	4803
pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code. <del>In</del>	4804
(4) In addition, the offender may be fined an amount fixed by	4805
the court, but not more than fifteen thousand dollars.	4806
(C) The court shall not impose a fine or fines for aggravated	4807

murder or murder which, in the aggregate and to the extent not 4808 suspended by the court, exceeds the amount which the offender is 4809 or will be able to pay by the method and within the time allowed 4810 without undue hardship to the offender or to the dependents of the 4811 offender, or will prevent the offender from making reparation for 4812 the victim's wrongful death. 4813

(D)(1) In addition to any other sanctions imposed for a 4814 violation of section 2903.01 or 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if 4815 the offender used a motor vehicle as the means to commit the 4816 violation, the court shall impose upon the offender a class two 4817 suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's 4818 license, temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or 4819 nonresident operating privilege as specified in division (A)(2) of 4820 section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 4821

(2) As used in division (D) of this section, "motor vehicle" 4822has the same meaning as in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code. 4823

Sec. 2929.022. (A) If an indictment or count in an indictment 4824

charging a defendant with aggravated murder contains a 4825 specification of the aggravating circumstance of a prior 4826 conviction listed in division (A)(5) of section 2929.04 of the 4827 Revised Code, the defendant may elect to have the panel of three 4828 judges, if he the defendant waives trial by jury, or the trial 4829 judge, if he the defendant is tried by jury, determine the 4830 existence of that aggravating circumstance at the sentencing 4831 hearing held pursuant to divisions (C) and (D) of section 2929.03 4832 of the Revised Code. 4833

(1) If the defendant does not elect to have the existence of 4834 the aggravating circumstance determined at the sentencing hearing, 4835 the defendant shall be tried on the charge of aggravated murder, 4836 on the specification of the aggravating circumstance of a prior 4837 conviction listed in division (A)(5) of section 2929.04 of the 4838 Revised Code, and on any other specifications of an aggravating 4839 circumstance listed in division (A) of section 2929.04 of the 4840 Revised Code in a single trial as in any other criminal case in 4841 which a person is charged with aggravated murder and 4842 specifications. 4843

(2) If the defendant does elect to have the existence of the 4844 aggravating circumstance of a prior conviction listed in division 4845 (A)(5) of section 2929.04 of the Revised Code determined at the 4846 sentencing hearing, then, following a verdict of guilty of the 4847 charge of aggravated murder, the panel of three judges or the 4848 trial judge shall: 4849

(a) Hold a sentencing hearing pursuant to division (B) of 4850 this section, unless required to do otherwise under division 4851 (A)(2)(b) of this section; 4852

(b) If the offender raises the matter of age at trial 4853 pursuant to section 2929.023 of the Revised Code and is not found 4854 at trial to have been eighteen years of age or older at the time 4855 of the commission of the offense, conduct a hearing to determine 4856

if the specification of the aggravating circumstance of a prior4857conviction listed in division (A)(5) of section 2929.04 of the4858Revised Code is proven beyond a reasonable doubt. After conducting4859the hearing, the panel or judge shall proceed as follows:4860

(i) If that aggravating circumstance is proven beyond a 4861
reasonable doubt or if the defendant at trial was convicted of any 4862
other specification of an aggravating circumstance, the panel or 4863
judge shall impose sentence according to division (E) of section 4864
2929.03 of the Revised Code+. 4865

(ii) If that aggravating circumstance is not proven beyond a 4866 reasonable doubt and the defendant at trial was not convicted of 4867 any other specification of an aggravating circumstance, except as 4868 otherwise provided in this division, the panel or judge shall 4869 impose sentence of life imprisonment with parole eligibility after 4870 serving twenty years of imprisonment on the offender. If that 4871 aggravating circumstance is not proven beyond a reasonable doubt, 4872 the defendant at trial was not convicted of any other 4873 specification of an aggravating circumstance, the victim of the 4874 aggravated murder was under thirteen years of age, and the 4875 offender also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a sexual 4876 motivation specification that was included in the indictment, 4877 count in the indictment, or information charging the offense, the 4878 panel or judge shall sentence the offender pursuant to division 4879 (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code to an indefinite 4880 term consisting of a minimum term of thirty years and a maximum 4881 term of life imprisonment. 4882

(B) At the sentencing hearing, the panel of judges, if the
defendant was tried by a panel of three judges, or the trial
judge, if the defendant was tried by jury, shall, when required
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pursuant to division (A)(2) of this section, first determine if
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the specification of the aggravating circumstance of a prior
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conviction listed in division (A)(5) of section 2929.04 of the

Revised Code is proven beyond a reasonable doubt. If the panel of 4889 judges or the trial judge determines that the specification of the 4890 aggravating circumstance of a prior conviction listed in division 4891 (A)(5) of section 2929.04 of the Revised Code is proven beyond a 4892 reasonable doubt or if they do not determine that the 4893 specification is proven beyond a reasonable doubt but the 4894 defendant at trial was convicted of a specification of any other 4895 aggravating circumstance listed in division (A) of section 2929.04 4896 of the Revised Code, the panel of judges or the trial judge and 4897 trial jury shall impose sentence on the offender pursuant to 4898 division (D) of section 2929.03 and section 2929.04 of the Revised 4899 Code. If the panel of judges or the trial judge does not determine 4900 that the specification of the aggravating circumstance of a prior 4901 conviction listed in division (A)(5) of section 2929.04 of the 4902 Revised Code is proven beyond a reasonable doubt and the defendant 4903 at trial was not convicted of any other specification of an 4904 aggravating circumstance listed in division (A) of section 2929.04 4905 of the Revised Code, the panel of judges or the trial judge shall 4906 terminate the sentencing hearing and impose sentence on the 4907 offender as follows: 4908 (1) Subject to division (B)(2) of this section, the panel or 4909

<u>judge shall impose</u> a sentence of life imprisonment with parole 4910 eligibility after serving twenty years of imprisonment on the 4911 offender. 4912

(2) If the victim of the aggravated murder was less than 4913 thirteen years of age and the offender also is convicted of or 4914 pleads quilty to a sexual motivation specification that was 4915 included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or 4916 information charging the offense, the panel or judge shall 4917 sentence the offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 4918 2971.03 of the Revised Code to an indefinite term consisting of a 4919 minimum term of thirty years and a maximum term of life 4920

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#### imprisonment.

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Sec. 2929.03. (A) If the indictment or count in the 4922 indictment charging aggravated murder does not contain one or more 4923 specifications of aggravating circumstances listed in division (A) 4924 of section 2929.04 of the Revised Code, then, following a verdict 4925 of guilty of the charge of aggravated murder, the trial court 4926 shall impose sentence on the offender as follows: 4927 (1) Except as provided in division (A)(2) of this section, 4928

the trial court shall impose one of the following sentences on the 4929 offender: 4930

(a) Life imprisonment without parole;

(b) Life Subject to division (A)(1)(e) of this section, life
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 imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving twenty years of
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 imprisonment;

(c) Life Subject to division (A)(1)(e) of this section, life
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 imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving twenty-five
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 full years of imprisonment;
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(d) Life Subject to division (A)(1)(e) of this section, life
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imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving thirty full
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years of imprisonment;
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(e) If the victim of the appravated murder was less than 4941 thirteen years of age, the offender also is convicted of or pleads 4942 guilty to a sexual motivation specification that was included in 4943 the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging 4944 the offense, and the trial court does not impose a sentence of 4945 life imprisonment without parole on the offender pursuant to 4946 division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the trial court shall sentence 4947 the offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the 4948 Revised Code to an indefinite term consisting of a minimum term of 4949 thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment that shall be 4950

# served pursuant to that section.

(2) If the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to 4952 a sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator 4953 specification that are included in the indictment, count in the 4954 indictment, or information that charged the aggravated murder, the 4955 trial court shall impose upon the offender a sentence of life 4956 imprisonment without parole that shall be served pursuant to 4957 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code. 4958

(B) If the indictment or count in the indictment charging 4959 aggravated murder contains one or more specifications of 4960 aggravating circumstances listed in division (A) of section 4961 2929.04 of the Revised Code, the verdict shall separately state 4962 whether the accused is found quilty or not quilty of the principal 4963 charge and, if guilty of the principal charge, whether the 4964 offender was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the 4965 commission of the offense, if the matter of age was raised by the 4966 offender pursuant to section 2929.023 of the Revised Code, and 4967 whether the offender is guilty or not guilty of each 4968 specification. The jury shall be instructed on its duties in this 4969 regard. The instruction to the jury shall include an instruction 4970 that a specification shall be proved beyond a reasonable doubt in 4971 order to support a guilty verdict on the specification, but the 4972 instruction shall not mention the penalty that may be the 4973 consequence of a guilty or not guilty verdict on any charge or 4974 specification. 4975

(C)(1) If the indictment or count in the indictment charging
aggravated murder contains one or more specifications of
aggravating circumstances listed in division (A) of section
2929.04 of the Revised Code, then, following a verdict of guilty
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of the charge but not guilty of each of the specifications, and
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regardless of whether the offender raised the matter of age
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pursuant to section 2929.023 of the Revised Code, the trial court

shall impose sentence on the offender as follows:

(a) Except as provided in division (C)(1)(b) of this section, 4984 the trial court shall impose one of the following sentences on the 4985 offender: 4986 (i) Life imprisonment without parole; 4987 (ii) Life Subject to division (C)(1)(a)(v) of this section, 4988 <u>life</u> imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving twenty 4989 years of imprisonment; 4990 (iii) Life Subject to division (C)(1)(a)(v) of this section, 4991 <u>life</u> imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving 4992 twenty-five full years of imprisonment; 4993 (iv) Life Subject to division (C)(1)(a)(v) of this section, 4994 life imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving thirty 4995 full years of imprisonment; 4996 (v) If the victim of the aggravated murder was less than 4997 thirteen years of age, the offender also is convicted of or pleads 4998 guilty to a sexual motivation specification that was included in 4999 the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging 5000 the offense, and the trial court does not impose a sentence of 5001 life imprisonment without parole on the offender pursuant to 5002 division (C)(1)(a)(i) of this section, the trial court shall 5003 sentence the offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 5004 2971.03 of the Revised Code to an indefinite term consisting of a 5005 minimum term of thirty years and a maximum term of life 5006 imprisonment that shall be served pursuant to that section. 5007 (b) If the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to 5008 a sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator 5009 specification that are included in the indictment, count in the

specification that are included in the indictment, count in the 5010 indictment, or information that charged the aggravated murder, the 5011 trial court shall impose upon the offender a sentence of life 5012 imprisonment without parole that shall be served pursuant to 5013

section 2971.03 of the Revised Code.

(2)(a) If the indictment or count in the indictment contains 5015 one or more specifications of aggravating circumstances listed in 5016 division (A) of section 2929.04 of the Revised Code and if the 5017 offender is found guilty of both the charge and one or more of the 5018 specifications, the penalty to be imposed on the offender shall be 5019 one of the following: 5020

(i) Except as provided in division (C)(2)(a)(ii) or (iii) of 5021 this section, the penalty to be imposed on the offender shall be 5022 death, life imprisonment without parole, life imprisonment with 5023 parole eligibility after serving twenty-five full years of 5024 imprisonment, or life imprisonment with parole eligibility after 5025 serving thirty full years of imprisonment. 5026

(ii) Except as provided in division (C)(2)(a)(iii) of this 5027 section, if the victim of the appravated murder was less than 5028 thirteen years of age, the offender also is convicted of or pleads 5029 guilty to a sexual motivation specification that was included in 5030 the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging 5031 the offense, and the trial court does not impose a sentence of 5032 death or life imprisonment without parole on the offender pursuant 5033 to division (C)(2)(a)(i) of this section, the penalty to be 5034 imposed on the offender shall be an indefinite term consisting of 5035 a minimum term of thirty years and a maximum term of life 5036 imprisonment that shall be imposed pursuant to division (B)(3) of 5037 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and served pursuant to that 5038 section. 5039

(iii) If the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty 5040 to a sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent 5041 predator specification that are included in the indictment, count 5042 in the indictment, or information that charged the aggravated 5043 murder, the penalty to be imposed on the offender shall be death 5044 or life imprisonment without parole that shall be served pursuant 5045

to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code.

(b) A penalty imposed pursuant to division (C)(2)(a)(i) or, 5047
(ii), or (iii) of this section shall be determined pursuant to 5048
divisions (D) and (E) of this section and shall be determined by 5049
one of the following: 5050

(i) By the panel of three judges that tried the offender upon 5051the offender's waiver of the right to trial by jury; 5052

(ii) By the trial jury and the trial judge, if the offender 5053was tried by jury. 5054

(D)(1) Death may not be imposed as a penalty for aggravated 5055 murder if the offender raised the matter of age at trial pursuant 5056 to section 2929.023 of the Revised Code and was not found at trial 5057 to have been eighteen years of age or older at the time of the 5058 commission of the offense. When death may be imposed as a penalty 5059 for aggravated murder, the court shall proceed under this 5060 division. When death may be imposed as a penalty, the court, upon 5061 the request of the defendant, shall require a pre-sentence 5062 investigation to be made and, upon the request of the defendant, 5063 shall require a mental examination to be made, and shall require 5064 reports of the investigation and of any mental examination 5065 submitted to the court, pursuant to section 2947.06 of the Revised 5066 Code. No statement made or information provided by a defendant in 5067 a mental examination or proceeding conducted pursuant to this 5068 division shall be disclosed to any person, except as provided in 5069 this division, or be used in evidence against the defendant on the 5070 issue of guilt in any retrial. A pre-sentence investigation or 5071 mental examination shall not be made except upon request of the 5072 defendant. Copies of any reports prepared under this division 5073 shall be furnished to the court, to the trial jury if the offender 5074 was tried by a jury, to the prosecutor, and to the offender or the 5075 offender's counsel for use under this division. The court, and the 5076 trial jury if the offender was tried by a jury, shall consider any 5077

report prepared pursuant to this division and furnished to it and 5078 any evidence raised at trial that is relevant to the aggravating 5079 circumstances the offender was found quilty of committing or to 5080 any factors in mitigation of the imposition of the sentence of 5081 death, shall hear testimony and other evidence that is relevant to 5082 the nature and circumstances of the aggravating circumstances the 5083 offender was found guilty of committing, the mitigating factors 5084 set forth in division (B) of section 2929.04 of the Revised Code, 5085 and any other factors in mitigation of the imposition of the 5086 sentence of death, and shall hear the statement, if any, of the 5087 offender, and the arguments, if any, of counsel for the defense 5088 and prosecution, that are relevant to the penalty that should be 5089 imposed on the offender. The defendant shall be given great 5090 latitude in the presentation of evidence of the mitigating factors 5091 set forth in division (B) of section 2929.04 of the Revised Code 5092 and of any other factors in mitigation of the imposition of the 5093 sentence of death. If the offender chooses to make a statement, 5094 the offender is subject to cross-examination only if the offender 5095 consents to make the statement under oath or affirmation. 5096

The defendant shall have the burden of going forward with the 5097 evidence of any factors in mitigation of the imposition of the 5098 sentence of death. The prosecution shall have the burden of 5099 proving, by proof beyond a reasonable doubt, that the aggravating 5100 circumstances the defendant was found guilty of committing are 5101 sufficient to outweigh the factors in mitigation of the imposition 5102 of the sentence of death. 5103

(2) Upon consideration of the relevant evidence raised at 5104 trial, the testimony, other evidence, statement of the offender, 5105 arguments of counsel, and, if applicable, the reports submitted 5106 pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section, the trial jury, if 5107 the offender was tried by a jury, shall determine whether the 5108 aggravating circumstances the offender was found guilty of 5109

committing are sufficient to outweigh the mitigating factors 5110 present in the case. If the trial jury unanimously finds, by proof 5111 beyond a reasonable doubt, that the appravating circumstances the 5112 offender was found quilty of committing outweigh the mitigating 5113 factors, the trial jury shall recommend to the court that the 5114 sentence of death be imposed on the offender. Absent such a 5115 finding, the jury shall recommend that the offender be sentenced 5116 to one of the following: 5117

(a) Except as provided in division (D)(2)(b) or (c) of this 5118 section, to life imprisonment without parole, life imprisonment 5119 with parole eligibility after serving twenty-five full years of 5120 imprisonment, or life imprisonment with parole eligibility after 5121 serving thirty full years of imprisonment; 5122

(b) Except as provided in division (D)(2)(c) of this section, 5123 if the victim of the aggravated murder was less than thirteen 5124 years of age, the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty 5125 to a sexual motivation specification that was included in the 5126 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the 5127 offense, and the jury does not recommend a sentence of life 5128 imprisonment without parole pursuant to division (D)(2)(a) of this 5129 section, to an indefinite term consisting of a minimum term of 5130 thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment to be imposed 5131 pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code 5132 and served pursuant to that section. 5133

(c) If the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to 5134 a sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator 5135 specification that are included in the indictment, count in the 5136 indictment, or information that charged the aggravated murder, to 5137 life imprisonment without parole. 5138

If the trial jury recommends that the offender be sentenced 5139 to life imprisonment without parole, life imprisonment with parole 5140 eligibility after serving twenty-five full years of imprisonment, 5141

$rac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \mathbf{r}}$ life imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving thirty	5142
full years of imprisonment, or an indefinite term consisting of a	5143
minimum term of thirty years and a maximum term of life	5144
imprisonment to be imposed pursuant to division (B)(3) of section	5145
2971.03 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose the sentence	5146
recommended by the jury upon the offender. If the sentence is <u>an</u>	5147
indefinite term consisting of a minimum term of thirty years and a	5148
maximum term of life imprisonment imposed as described in division	5149
(D)(2)(b) of this section or a sentence of life imprisonment	5150
without parole imposed under division (D)(2) <del>(b)<u>(</u>c)</del> of this	5151
section, the sentence shall be served pursuant to section 2971.03	5152
of the Revised Code. If the trial jury recommends that the	5153
sentence of death be imposed upon the offender, the court shall	5154
proceed to impose sentence pursuant to division (D)(3) of this	5155
section.	5156

(3) Upon consideration of the relevant evidence raised at 5157 trial, the testimony, other evidence, statement of the offender, 5158 arguments of counsel, and, if applicable, the reports submitted to 5159 the court pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section, if, after 5160 receiving pursuant to division (D)(2) of this section the trial 5161 jury's recommendation that the sentence of death be imposed, the 5162 court finds, by proof beyond a reasonable doubt, or if the panel 5163 of three judges unanimously finds, by proof beyond a reasonable 5164 doubt, that the aggravating circumstances the offender was found 5165 guilty of committing outweigh the mitigating factors, it shall 5166 impose sentence of death on the offender. Absent such a finding by 5167 the court or panel, the court or the panel shall impose one of the 5168 following sentences on the offender: 5169

(a) Except as provided in division (D)(3)(b) of this section, 5170one of the following: 5171

- (i) Life imprisonment without parole; 5172
- (ii) Life Subject to division (D)(3)(a)(iv) of this section, 5173

<u>life</u> imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving 5174 twenty-five full years of imprisonment; 5175 (iii) Life Subject to division (D)(3)(a)(iv) of this section, 5176 <u>life</u> imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving thirty 5177 full years of imprisonment; 5178 (iv) If the victim of the appravated murder was less than

5179 thirteen years of age, the offender also is convicted of or pleads 5180 guilty to a sexual motivation specification that was included in 5181 the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging 5182 the offense, and the trial court does not impose a sentence of 5183 life imprisonment without parole on the offender pursuant to 5184 division (D)(3)(a)(i) of this section, the court or panel shall 5185 sentence the offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 5186 2971.03 of the Revised Code to an indefinite term consisting of a 5187 minimum term of thirty years and a maximum term of life 5188 imprisonment that shall be served pursuant to that section. 5189

(b) If the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to 5190 a sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator 5191 specification that are included in the indictment, count in the 5192 indictment, or information that charged the aggravated murder, 5193 life imprisonment without parole that shall be served pursuant to 5194 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code. 5195

(E) If the offender raised the matter of age at trial 5196 pursuant to section 2929.023 of the Revised Code, was convicted of 5197 aggravated murder and one or more specifications of an aggravating 5198 circumstance listed in division (A) of section 2929.04 of the 5199 Revised Code, and was not found at trial to have been eighteen 5200 years of age or older at the time of the commission of the 5201 offense, the court or the panel of three judges shall not impose a 5202 sentence of death on the offender. Instead, the court or panel 5203 shall impose one of the following sentences on the offender: 5204

one of the following:	5206
(a) Life imprisonment without parole;	5207
(b) Life Subject to division (E)(2)(d) of this section, life	5208
imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving twenty-five	5209
full years of imprisonment;	5210
(c) Life Subject to division (E)(2)(d) of this section, life	5211
imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving thirty full	5212
years of imprisonment <u>:</u>	5213
(d) If the victim of the aggravated murder was less than	5214
thirteen years of age, the offender also is convicted of or pleads	5215
guilty to a sexual motivation specification that was included in	5216
the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging	5217
the offense, and the trial court does not impose a sentence of	5218
life imprisonment without parole on the offender pursuant to	5219
division (E)(2)(a) of this section, the court or panel shall	5220
sentence the offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section	5221
2971.03 of the Revised Code to an indefinite term consisting of a	5222
minimum term of thirty years and a maximum term of life	5223
imprisonment that shall be served pursuant to that section.	5224
(2) If the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to	5225
a sexual motivation specification and a sexually violent predator	5226
specification that are included in the indictment, count in the	5227
indictment, or information that charged the aggravated murder,	5228
life imprisonment without parole that shall be served pursuant to	5229
section 2971.03 of the Revised Code.	5230
(F) The court or the panel of three judges, when it imposes	5231
contoned of dooth shall state in a converte opinion its specific	E 7 7 7

(1) Except as provided in division (E)(2) of this section,

sentence of death, shall state in a separate opinion its specific 5232 findings as to the existence of any of the mitigating factors set 5233 forth in division (B) of section 2929.04 of the Revised Code, the 5234 existence of any other mitigating factors, the aggravating 5235

circumstances the offender was found guilty of committing, and the 5236 reasons why the aggravating circumstances the offender was found 5237 quilty of committing were sufficient to outweigh the mitigating 5238 factors. The court or panel, when it imposes life imprisonment or 5239 an indefinite term consisting of a minimum term of thirty years 5240 and a maximum term of life imprisonment under division (D) of this 5241 section, shall state in a separate opinion its specific findings 5242 of which of the mitigating factors set forth in division (B) of 5243 section 2929.04 of the Revised Code it found to exist, what other 5244 mitigating factors it found to exist, what aggravating 5245 circumstances the offender was found guilty of committing, and why 5246 it could not find that these aggravating circumstances were 5247 sufficient to outweigh the mitigating factors. For cases in which 5248 a sentence of death is imposed for an offense committed before 5249 January 1, 1995, the court or panel shall file the opinion 5250 required to be prepared by this division with the clerk of the 5251 appropriate court of appeals and with the clerk of the supreme 5252 court within fifteen days after the court or panel imposes 5253 sentence. For cases in which a sentence of death is imposed for an 5254 offense committed on or after January 1, 1995, the court or panel 5255 shall file the opinion required to be prepared by this division 5256 with the clerk of the supreme court within fifteen days after the 5257 court or panel imposes sentence. The judgment in a case in which a 5258 sentencing hearing is held pursuant to this section is not final 5259 until the opinion is filed. 5260

(G)(1) Whenever the court or a panel of three judges imposes 5261
a sentence of death for an offense committed before January 1, 5262
1995, the clerk of the court in which the judgment is rendered 5263
shall deliver the entire record in the case to the appellate 5265

(2) Whenever the court or a panel of three judges imposes a 5266sentence of death for an offense committed on or after January 1, 5267

1995, the clerk of the court in which the judgment is rendered5268shall deliver the entire record in the case to the supreme court.5269

sec. 2929.06. (A) If a sentence of death imposed upon an 5270 offender is set aside, nullified, or vacated because the court of 5271 appeals, in a case in which a sentence of death was imposed for an 5272 offense committed before January 1, 1995, or the supreme court, in 5273 cases in which the supreme court reviews the sentence upon appeal, 5274 could not affirm the sentence of death under the standards imposed 5275 by section 2929.05 of the Revised Code, is set aside, nullified, 5276 or vacated for the sole reason that the statutory procedure for 5277 imposing the sentence of death that is set forth in sections 5278 2929.03 and 2929.04 of the Revised Code is unconstitutional, is 5279 set aside, nullified, or vacated pursuant to division (C) of 5280 section 2929.05 of the Revised Code, or is set aside, nullified, 5281 or vacated because a court has determined that the offender is 5282 mentally retarded under standards set forth in decisions of the 5283 supreme court of this state or the United States supreme court, 5284 the trial court that sentenced the offender shall conduct a 5285 hearing to resentence the offender. At the resentencing hearing, 5286 the court shall impose upon the offender a sentence of life 5287 imprisonment or an indefinite term consisting of a minimum term of 5288 thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment that is 5289 determined as specified in this division. The If division (D) of 5290 section 2929.03 of the Revised Code, at the time the offender 5291 committed the aggravated murder for which the sentence of death 5292 was imposed, required the imposition when a sentence of death was 5293 not imposed of a sentence of life imprisonment without parole or a 5294 sentence of an indefinite term consisting of a minimum term of 5295 thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment to be imposed 5296 pursuant to division (A) or (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the 5297 Revised Code and served pursuant to that section, the court shall 5298 impose the sentence so required. In all other cases, the sentences 5299

of life imprisonment that are available at the hearing, and from 5300 which the court shall impose sentence, shall be the same sentences 5301 of life imprisonment that were available under division (D) of 5302 section 2929.03 or under section 2909.24 of the Revised Code at 5303 the time the offender committed the offense for which the sentence 5304 of death was imposed. Nothing in this division regarding the 5305 resentencing of an offender shall affect the operation of section 5306 2971.03 of the Revised Code. 5307

(B) Whenever any court of this state or any federal court 5308 sets aside, nullifies, or vacates a sentence of death imposed upon 5309 an offender because of error that occurred in the sentencing phase 5310 of the trial and if division (A) of this section does not apply, 5311 the trial court that sentenced the offender shall conduct a new 5312 hearing to resentence the offender. If the offender was tried by a 5313 jury, the trial court shall impanel a new jury for the hearing. If 5314 the offender was tried by a panel of three judges, that panel or, 5315 if necessary, a new panel of three judges shall conduct the 5316 hearing. At the hearing, the court or panel shall follow the 5317 procedure set forth in division (D) of section 2929.03 of the 5318 Revised Code in determining whether to impose upon the offender a 5319 sentence of death or, a sentence of life imprisonment, or an 5320 indefinite term consisting of a minimum term of thirty years and a 5321 maximum term of life imprisonment. If, pursuant to that procedure, 5322 the court or panel determines that it will impose a sentence of 5323 life imprisonment other than a sentence of death, the court or 5324 panel shall impose upon the offender one of the sentences of life 5325 imprisonment that could have been imposed at the time the offender 5326 committed the offense for which the sentence of death was imposed, 5327 determined as specified in this division, or an indefinite term 5328 consisting of a minimum term of thirty years and a maximum term of 5329 life imprisonment that is determined as specified in this 5330 division. If division (D) of section 2929.03 of the Revised Code, 5331 at the time the offender committed the aggravated murder for which 5332

the sentence of death was imposed, required the imposition when a 5333 sentence of death was not imposed of a sentence of life 5334 imprisonment without parole or a sentence of an indefinite term 5335 consisting of a minimum term of thirty years and a maximum term of 5336 life imprisonment to be imposed pursuant to division (A) or (B)(3) 5337 of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and served pursuant to that 5338 section, the court or panel shall impose the sentence so required. 5339 <u>In all other cases</u>, the sentences of life imprisonment that are 5340 available at the hearing, and from which the court or panel shall 5341 impose sentence, shall be the same sentences of life imprisonment 5342 that were available under division (D) of section 2929.03 or under 5343 section 2909.24 of the Revised Code at the time the offender 5344 committed the offense for which the sentence of death was imposed. 5345

(C) If a sentence of life imprisonment without parole imposed 5346 upon an offender pursuant to section 2929.021 or 2929.03 of the 5347 Revised Code is set aside, nullified, or vacated for the sole 5348 reason that the statutory procedure for imposing the sentence of 5349 life imprisonment without parole that is set forth in sections 5350 2929.03 and 2929.04 of the Revised Code is unconstitutional, the 5351 trial court that sentenced the offender shall conduct a hearing to 5352 resentence the offender to life imprisonment with parole 5353 eligibility after serving twenty-five full years of imprisonment 5354 or to life imprisonment with parole eligibility after serving 5355 thirty full years of imprisonment. 5356

(D) Nothing in this section limits or restricts the rights of 5357
 the state to appeal any order setting aside, nullifying, or 5358
 vacating a conviction or sentence of death, when an appeal of that 5359
 nature otherwise would be available. 5360

(E) This section, as amended by H.B. 184 of the 125th General 5361
 Assembly general assembly, shall apply to all offenders who have 5362
 been sentenced to death for an aggravated murder that was 5363
 committed on or after October 19, 1981, or for terrorism that was 5364

committed on or after May 15, 2002. This section, as amended by 5365 H.B. 184 of the 125th general assembly, shall apply equally to all 5366 such offenders sentenced to death prior to, on, or after the 5367 effective date of that act March 23, 2005, including offenders 5368 who, on the effective date of that act March 23, 2005, are 5369 challenging their sentence of death and offenders whose sentence 5370 of death has been set aside, nullified, or vacated by any court of 5371 this state or any federal court but who, as of the effective date 5372 of that act March 23, 2005, have not yet been resentenced. 5373

Sec. 2929.13. (A) Except as provided in division (E), (F), or 5374 (G) of this section and unless a specific sanction is required to 5375 be imposed or is precluded from being imposed pursuant to law, a 5376 court that imposes a sentence upon an offender for a felony may 5377 impose any sanction or combination of sanctions on the offender 5378 that are provided in sections 2929.14 to 2929.18 of the Revised 5379 Code. The sentence shall not impose an unnecessary burden on state 5380 or local government resources. 5381

If the offender is eligible to be sentenced to community 5382 control sanctions, the court shall consider the appropriateness of 5383 imposing a financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18 of the 5384 Revised Code or a sanction of community service pursuant to 5385 section 2929.17 of the Revised Code as the sole sanction for the 5386 offense. Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 5387 court is required to impose a mandatory prison term for the 5388 offense for which sentence is being imposed, the court also may 5389 impose a financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18 of the 5390 Revised Code but may not impose any additional sanction or 5391 combination of sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the 5392 Revised Code. 5393

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony 5394 OVI offense or for a third degree felony OVI offense, in addition 5395

to the mandatory term of local incarceration or the mandatory 5396 prison term required for the offense by division (G)(1) or (2) of 5397 this section, the court shall impose upon the offender a mandatory 5398 fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of section 2929.18 of the 5399 Revised Code and may impose whichever of the following is 5400 applicable: 5401

(1) For a fourth degree felony OVI offense for which sentence 5402 is imposed under division (G)(1) of this section, an additional 5403 community control sanction or combination of community control 5404 sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code. If 5405 the court imposes upon the offender a community control sanction 5406 and the offender violates any condition of the community control 5407 sanction, the court may take any action prescribed in division (B) 5408 of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code relative to the offender, 5409 including imposing a prison term on the offender pursuant to that 5410 division. 5411

(2) For a third or fourth degree felony OVI offense for which
sentence is imposed under division (G)(2) of this section, an
additional prison term as described in division (D)(4) of section
2929.14 of the Revised Code or a community control sanction as
5415
described in division (G)(2) of this section.

(B)(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2), (E), (F), or 5417
(G) of this section, in sentencing an offender for a felony of the 5418
fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall determine 5419
whether any of the following apply: 5420

(a) In committing the offense, the offender caused physical 5421harm to a person. 5422

(b) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to 5423cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person with a 5424deadly weapon. 5425

(c) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to 5426

cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person, and 5427 the offender previously was convicted of an offense that caused 5428 physical harm to a person. 5429 (d) The offender held a public office or position of trust 5430 and the offense related to that office or position; the offender's 5431 position obliged the offender to prevent the offense or to bring 5432 those committing it to justice; or the offender's professional 5433 reputation or position facilitated the offense or was likely to 5434 influence the future conduct of others. 5435 (e) The offender committed the offense for hire or as part of 5436 an organized criminal activity. 5437 (f) The offense is a sex offense that is a fourth or fifth 5438 degree felony violation of section 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 5439 2907.22, 2907.31, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, or 2907.34 of the 5440 Revised Code. 5441 (g) The offender at the time of the offense was serving, or 5442 the offender previously had served, a prison term. 5443 (h) The offender committed the offense while under a 5444 community control sanction, while on probation, or while released 5445 from custody on a bond or personal recognizance. 5446 (i) The offender committed the offense while in possession of 5447 a firearm. 5448 (2)(a) If the court makes a finding described in division 5449 (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of this 5450 section and if the court, after considering the factors set forth 5451 in section 2929.12 of the Revised Code, finds that a prison term 5452 is consistent with the purposes and principles of sentencing set 5453 forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and finds that the 5454 offender is not amenable to an available community control 5455 sanction, the court shall impose a prison term upon the offender. 5456

(b) Except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this 5457 section, if the court does not make a finding described in 5458 division (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of 5459 this section and if the court, after considering the factors set 5460 forth in section 2929.12 of the Revised Code, finds that a 5461 community control sanction or combination of community control 5462 sanctions is consistent with the purposes and principles of 5463 sentencing set forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code, the 5464 court shall impose a community control sanction or combination of 5465 community control sanctions upon the offender. 5466

(C) Except as provided in division (D), (E), (F), or (G) of 5467 this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a 5468 sanction for a felony of the third degree or a felony drug offense 5469 that is a violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised 5470 Code and that is specified as being subject to this division for 5471 purposes of sentencing, the sentencing court shall comply with the 5472 purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the 5473 Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of the Revised Code. 5474

(D)(1) Except as provided in division (E) or (F) of this 5475 section, for a felony of the first or second degree, for a felony 5476 drug offense that is a violation of any provision of Chapter 5477 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code for which a presumption 5478 in favor of a prison term is specified as being applicable, and 5479 for a violation of division (A)(4) or (B) of section 2907.05 of 5480 the Revised Code for which a presumption in favor of a prison term 5481 is specified as being applicable, it is presumed that a prison 5482 term is necessary in order to comply with the purposes and 5483 principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised 5484 Code. Division (D)(2) of this section does not apply to a 5485 presumption established under this division for a violation of 5486 division (A)(4) of section 2907.05 of the Revised Code. 5487

(2) Notwithstanding the presumption established under 5488

division (D)(1) of this section for the offenses listed in that 5489 division other than a violation of division (A)(4) or (B) of 5490 section 2907.05 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court may 5491 impose a community control sanction or a combination of community 5492 control sanctions instead of a prison term on an offender for a 5493 felony of the first or second degree or for a felony drug offense 5494 that is a violation of any provision of Chapter 2925., 3719., or 5495 4729. of the Revised Code for which a presumption in favor of a 5496 prison term is specified as being applicable if it makes both of 5497 the following findings: 5498

(a) A community control sanction or a combination of 5499
community control sanctions would adequately punish the offender 5500
and protect the public from future crime, because the applicable 5501
factors under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a 5502
lesser likelihood of recidivism outweigh the applicable factors 5503
under that section indicating a greater likelihood of recidivism. 5504

(b) A community control sanction or a combination of 5505 community control sanctions would not demean the seriousness of 5506 the offense, because one or more factors under section 2929.12 of 5507 the Revised Code that indicate that the offender's conduct was 5508 less serious than conduct normally constituting the offense are 5509 applicable, and they outweigh the applicable factors under that 5510 section that indicate that the offender's conduct was more serious 5511 than conduct normally constituting the offense. 5512

(E)(1) Except as provided in division (F) of this section, 5513 for any drug offense that is a violation of any provision of 5514 Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and that is a felony of the 5515 third, fourth, or fifth degree, the applicability of a presumption 5516 under division (D) of this section in favor of a prison term or of 5517 division (B) or (C) of this section in determining whether to 5518 impose a prison term for the offense shall be determined as 5519 specified in section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, 5520

2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.36, or 2925.37 of the5521Revised Code, whichever is applicable regarding the violation.5522

(2) If an offender who was convicted of or pleaded guilty to 5523 a felony violates the conditions of a community control sanction 5524 imposed for the offense solely by reason of producing positive 5525 results on a drug test, the court, as punishment for the violation 5526 of the sanction, shall not order that the offender be imprisoned 5527 unless the court determines on the record either of the following: 5528

(a) The offender had been ordered as a sanction for the
(b) felony to participate in a drug treatment program, in a drug
(c) education program, or in narcotics anonymous or a similar program,
(c) fender continued to use illegal drugs after a reasonable
(c) for the program.

(b) The imprisonment of the offender for the violation is
 consistent with the purposes and principles of sentencing set
 forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code.
 5536

(F) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section, the 5537 court shall impose a prison term or terms under sections 2929.02 5538 to 2929.06, section 2929.14, section 2929.142, or section 2971.03 5539 of the Revised Code and except as specifically provided in section 5540 2929.20 or 2967.191 of the Revised Code or when parole is 5541 authorized for the offense under section 2967.13 of the Revised 5542 Code shall not reduce the term or terms pursuant to section 5543 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. 5544 or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code for any of the following 5545 offenses: 5546

(1) Aggravated murder when death is not imposed or murder; 5547

(2) Any rape, regardless of whether force was involved and
regardless of the age of the victim, or an attempt to commit rape
if, had the offender completed the rape that was attempted, the
offender would have been guilty of a violation of division
551

(A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and would be 5552 sentenced under section 2971.03 of the Revised Code; 5553 (3) Gross sexual imposition or sexual battery, if the victim 5554 is under thirteen years of age and if any of the following 5555 applies: 5556 (a) Regarding gross sexual imposition, the offender 5557 previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to rape, the former 5558 offense of felonious sexual penetration, gross sexual imposition, 5559 or sexual battery, and the victim of the previous offense was 5560 under thirteen years of age; 5561 (b) Regarding gross sexual imposition, the offense was 5562 committed on or after August 3, 2006, and evidence other than the 5563 testimony of the victim was admitted in the case corroborating the 5564 violation. 5565 (c) Regarding sexual battery, either of the following 5566 applies: 5567 (i) The offense was committed prior to August 3, 2006, the 5568 offender previously was convicted of or pleaded quilty to rape, 5569 the former offense of felonious sexual penetration, or sexual 5570 battery, and the victim of the previous offense was under thirteen 5571 years of age. 5572 (ii) The offense was committed on or after August 3, 2006. 5573 (4) A felony violation of section 2903.04, 2903.06, 2903.08, 5574 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the Revised Code if the section 5575 requires the imposition of a prison term; 5576 (5) A first, second, or third degree felony drug offense for 5577 which section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, 5578 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.36, 2925.37, 3719.99, or 5579 4729.99 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable regarding the 5580 violation, requires the imposition of a mandatory prison term; 5581

(6) Any offense that is a first or second degree felony and 5582 that is not set forth in division (F)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this 5583 section, if the offender previously was convicted of or pleaded 5584 guilty to aggravated murder, murder, any first or second degree 5585 felony, or an offense under an existing or former law of this 5586 state, another state, or the United States that is or was 5587 substantially equivalent to one of those offenses; 5588

(7) Any offense that is a third degree felony and either is a 5589 violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code or an attempt to 5590 commit a felony of the second degree that is an offense of 5591 violence and involved an attempt to cause serious physical harm to 5592 a person or that resulted in serious physical harm to a person if 5593 the offender previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to any 5594 of the following offenses: 5595

(a) Aggravated murder, murder, involuntary manslaughter, 5596
rape, felonious sexual penetration as it existed under section 5597
2907.12 of the Revised Code prior to September 3, 1996, a felony 5598
of the first or second degree that resulted in the death of a 5599
person or in physical harm to a person, or complicity in or an 5600
attempt to commit any of those offenses; 5601

(b) An offense under an existing or former law of this state, 5602
another state, or the United States that is or was substantially 5603
equivalent to an offense listed in division (F)(7)(a) of this 5604
section that resulted in the death of a person or in physical harm 5605
to a person. 5606

(8) Any offense, other than a violation of section 2923.12 of 5607 the Revised Code, that is a felony, if the offender had a firearm 5608 on or about the offender's person or under the offender's control 5609 while committing the felony, with respect to a portion of the 5610 sentence imposed pursuant to division (D)(1)(a) of section 2929.14 5611 of the Revised Code for having the firearm; 5612

(9) Any offense of violence that is a felony, if the offender 5613 wore or carried body armor while committing the felony offense of 5614 violence, with respect to the portion of the sentence imposed 5615 pursuant to division (D)(1)(d) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 5616 Code for wearing or carrying the body armor; 5617

(10) Corrupt activity in violation of section 2923.32 of the 5618
Revised Code when the most serious offense in the pattern of 5619
corrupt activity that is the basis of the offense is a felony of 5620
the first degree; 5621

(11) Any violent sex offense or designated homicide, assault, 5622
or kidnapping offense if, in relation to that offense, the 5623
offender is adjudicated a sexually violent predator; 5624

(12) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2921.36 5625 of the Revised Code, or a violation of division (C) of that 5626 section involving an item listed in division (A)(1) or (2) of that 5627 section, if the offender is an officer or employee of the 5628 department of rehabilitation and correction; 5629

(13) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 5630 of the Revised Code if the victim of the offense is a peace 5631 officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, or an 5632 investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and 5633 investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 of the Revised Code, 5634 with respect to the portion of the sentence imposed pursuant to 5635 division (D)(5) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code; 5636

(14) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 5637 of the Revised Code if the offender has been convicted of or 5638 pleaded guilty to three or more violations of division (A) or (B) 5639 of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an equivalent offense, 5640 as defined in section 2941.1415 of the Revised Code, or three or 5641 more violations of any combination of those divisions and 5642 offenses, with respect to the portion of the sentence imposed 5643

pursuant to division (D)(6) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 5644 Code<u>;</u> 5645

(15) Kidnapping, in the circumstances specified in section56462971.03 of the Revised Code and when no other provision of5647division (F) of this section applies.5648

(G) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section, if 5649
an offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI 5650
offense or for a third degree felony OVI offense, the court shall 5651
impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local incarceration 5652
or a mandatory prison term in accordance with the following: 5653

(1) If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree 5654 felony OVI offense and if the offender has not been convicted of 5655 and has not pleaded quilty to a specification of the type 5656 described in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code, the court may 5657 impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local incarceration 5658 of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as specified in division 5659 (G)(1)(d) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. The court shall 5660 not reduce the term pursuant to section 2929.20, 2967.193, or any 5661 other provision of the Revised Code. The court that imposes a 5662 mandatory term of local incarceration under this division shall 5663 specify whether the term is to be served in a jail, a 5664 community-based correctional facility, a halfway house, or an 5665 alternative residential facility, and the offender shall serve the 5666 term in the type of facility specified by the court. A mandatory 5667 term of local incarceration imposed under division (G)(1) of this 5668 section is not subject to extension under section 2967.11 of the 5669 Revised Code, to a period of post-release control under section 5670 2967.28 of the Revised Code, or to any other Revised Code 5671 provision that pertains to a prison term except as provided in 5672 division (A)(1) of this section. 5673

(2) If the offender is being sentenced for a third degreefelony OVI offense, or if the offender is being sentenced for a5675

fourth degree felony OVI offense and the court does not impose a 5676 mandatory term of local incarceration under division (G)(1) of 5677 this section, the court shall impose upon the offender a mandatory 5678 prison term of one, two, three, four, or five years if the 5679 offender also is convicted of or also pleads guilty to a 5680 specification of the type described in section 2941.1413 of the 5681 Revised Code or shall impose upon the offender a mandatory prison 5682 term of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as specified in 5683 division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code 5684 if the offender has not been convicted of and has not pleaded 5685 guilty to a specification of that type. The court shall not reduce 5686 the term pursuant to section 2929.20, 2967.193, or any other 5687 provision of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve the one-, 5688 two-, three-, four-, or five-year mandatory prison term 5689 consecutively to and prior to the prison term imposed for the 5690 underlying offense and consecutively to any other mandatory prison 5691 term imposed in relation to the offense. In no case shall an 5692 offender who once has been sentenced to a mandatory term of local 5693 incarceration pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section for a 5694 fourth degree felony OVI offense be sentenced to another mandatory 5695 term of local incarceration under that division for any violation 5696 of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. In 5697 addition to the mandatory prison term described in division (G)(2)5698 of this section, the court may sentence the offender to a 5699 community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the 5700 Revised Code, but the offender shall serve the prison term prior 5701 to serving the community control sanction. The department of 5702 rehabilitation and correction may place an offender sentenced to a 5703 mandatory prison term under this division in an intensive program 5704 prison established pursuant to section 5120.033 of the Revised 5705 Code if the department gave the sentencing judge prior notice of 5706 its intent to place the offender in an intensive program prison 5707 established under that section and if the judge did not notify the 5708

department that the judge disapproved the placement. Upon the5709establishment of the initial intensive program prison pursuant to5710section 5120.033 of the Revised Code that is privately operated5711and managed by a contractor pursuant to a contract entered into5712under section 9.06 of the Revised Code, both of the following5713apply:5714

(a) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall
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make a reasonable effort to ensure that a sufficient number of
offenders sentenced to a mandatory prison term under this division
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are placed in the privately operated and managed prison so that
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the privately operated and managed prison has full occupancy.
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(b) Unless the privately operated and managed prison has full 5720 occupancy, the department of rehabilitation and correction shall 5721 not place any offender sentenced to a mandatory prison term under 5722 this division in any intensive program prison established pursuant 5723 to section 5120.033 of the Revised Code other than the privately 5724 operated and managed prison. 5725

(H) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually oriented 5726 offense or child-victim oriented offense that is a felony 5727 committed on or after January 1, 1997, the judge shall require the 5728 offender to submit to a DNA specimen collection procedure pursuant 5729 to section 2901.07 of the Revised Code if either of the following 5730 applies: 5731

(1) The offense was a violent sex offense or a designated 5732 homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense and, in relation to that 5733 offense, the offender was adjudicated a sexually violent predator. 5734

(2) The offense was a violation of division (A)(1)(b) of5735section 2907.02 of the Revised Code committed on or after the5736effective date of this amendment.5737

(3) The offense was attempted rape committed on or after the 5738 effective date of this amendment, and the offender also was 5739

convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type	5740
described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the	5741
Revised Code.	5742

(4) The judge imposing sentence for the sexually oriented	5743
offense determines pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.09 of	5744
the Revised Code that the offender is a sexual predator.	5745

(I) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually oriented 5746 offense that is not a registration exempt sexually oriented 5747 offense or for a child-victim oriented offense committed on or 5748 after January 1, 1997, the judge shall include in the sentence a 5749 summary of the offender's duties imposed under sections 2950.04, 5750 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code and the 5751 duration of the duties. The judge shall inform the offender, at 5752 the time of sentencing, of those duties and of their duration and, 5753  $\frac{1}{16}$ . If required under division (A)(2) of section 2950.03 of the 5754 Revised Code, the judge shall perform the duties specified in that 5755 section, or, if required under division (A)(6) of section 2950.03 5756 of the Revised Code, the judge shall perform the duties specified 5757 in that division. 5758

(J)(1) Except as provided in division (J)(2) of this section, 5759 when considering sentencing factors under this section in relation 5760 to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an attempt 5761 to commit an offense in violation of section 2923.02 of the 5762 Revised Code, the sentencing court shall consider the factors 5763 applicable to the felony category of the violation of section 5764 2923.02 of the Revised Code instead of the factors applicable to 5765 the felony category of the offense attempted. 5766

(2) When considering sentencing factors under this section in 5767 relation to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an 5768 attempt to commit a drug abuse offense for which the penalty is 5769 determined by the amount or number of unit doses of the controlled 5770 substance involved in the drug abuse offense, the sentencing court 5771

shall consider the factors applicable to the felony category that5772the drug abuse offense attempted would be if that drug abuse5773offense had been committed and had involved an amount or number of5774unit doses of the controlled substance that is within the next5775lower range of controlled substance amounts than was involved in5776the attempt.5777

(K) As used in this section, "drug abuse offense" has the5778same meaning as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.5779

(L) At the time of sentencing an offender who is a sexual 5780 predator for any sexually oriented offense, if the offender is a 5781 tier III sex offender/child-victim offender relative to that 5782 offense and the offender does not serve a prison term or jail 5783 term, the court may require that the offender be monitored by 5784 means of a global positioning device. If the court requires such 5785 monitoring, the cost of monitoring shall be borne by the offender. 5786 If the offender is indigent, the cost of compliance shall be paid 5787 by the crime victims reparations fund. 5788

**Sec. 2929.14.** (A) Except as provided in division (C), (D)(1), 5789 (D)(2), (D)(3), (D)(4), (D)(5), (D)(6), (G), or (L) of this 5790 section and except in relation to an offense for which a sentence 5791 of death or life imprisonment is to be imposed, if the court 5792 imposing a sentence upon an offender for a felony elects or is 5793 required to impose a prison term on the offender pursuant to this 5794 chapter, the court shall impose a definite prison term that shall 5795 be one of the following: 5796

(1) For a felony of the first degree, the prison term shallbe three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years.5798

(2) For a felony of the second degree, the prison term shallbe two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years.5800

(3) For a felony of the third degree, the prison term shall 5801

be one, two, three, four, or five years.

(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term shall
be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen,
fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, or eighteen months.
5805

(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term shallbe six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months.5807

(B) Except as provided in division (C), (D)(1), (D)(2), 5808 (D)(3), (D)(5), (D)(6), (G), or (L) of this section, in section 5809 2907.02 or 2907.05 of the Revised Code, or in Chapter 2925. of the 5810 Revised Code, if the court imposing a sentence upon an offender 5811 for a felony elects or is required to impose a prison term on the 5812 offender, the court shall impose the shortest prison term 5813 authorized for the offense pursuant to division (A) of this 5814 section, unless one or more of the following applies: 5815

(1) The offender was serving a prison term at the time of the 5816offense, or the offender previously had served a prison term. 5817

(2) The court finds on the record that the shortest prison
term will demean the seriousness of the offender's conduct or will
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not adequately protect the public from future crime by the
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offender or others.

(C) Except as provided in division (G) or (L) of this section 5822 or in Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code, the court imposing a 5823 sentence upon an offender for a felony may impose the longest 5824 prison term authorized for the offense pursuant to division (A) of 5825 this section only upon offenders who committed the worst forms of 5826 the offense, upon offenders who pose the greatest likelihood of 5827 committing future crimes, upon certain major drug offenders under 5828 division (D)(3) of this section, and upon certain repeat violent 5829 offenders in accordance with division (D)(2) of this section. 5830

(D)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (D)(1)(e) of this 5831 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 5832

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felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of 5833 the type described in section 2941.141, 2941.144, or 2941.145 of 5834 the Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender one of 5835 the following prison terms: 5836

(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of the 5837 type described in section 2941.144 of the Revised Code that 5838 charges the offender with having a firearm that is an automatic 5839 firearm or that was equipped with a firearm muffler or silencer on 5840 or about the offender's person or under the offender's control 5841 while committing the felony; 5842

(ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is of 5843 the type described in section 2941.145 of the Revised Code that 5844 charges the offender with having a firearm on or about the 5845 offender's person or under the offender's control while committing 5846 the offense and displaying the firearm, brandishing the firearm, 5847 indicating that the offender possessed the firearm, or using it to 5848 facilitate the offense; 5849

(iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of 5850 the type described in section 2941.141 of the Revised Code that 5851 charges the offender with having a firearm on or about the 5852 offender's person or under the offender's control while committing 5853 the felony. 5854

(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under 5855
division (D)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be 5856
reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any 5857
other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised 5858
Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an 5859
offender under division (D)(1)(a) of this section for felonies 5860
committed as part of the same act or transaction. 5861

(c) Except as provided in division (D)(1)(e) of this section, 5862if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation 5863

of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a felony that 5864 includes, as an essential element, purposely or knowingly causing 5865 or attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another, 5866 also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the 5867 type described in section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that 5868 charges the offender with committing the offense by discharging a 5869 firearm from a motor vehicle other than a manufactured home, the 5870 court, after imposing a prison term on the offender for the 5871 violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the other 5872 felony offense under division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of this 5873 section, shall impose an additional prison term of five years upon 5874 the offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 5875 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. 5876 or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose 5877 more than one additional prison term on an offender under division 5878 (D)(1)(c) of this section for felonies committed as part of the 5879 same act or transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison 5880 term on an offender under division (D)(1)(c) of this section 5881 relative to an offense, the court also shall impose a prison term 5882 under division (D)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same 5883 offense, provided the criteria specified in that division for 5884 imposing an additional prison term are satisfied relative to the 5885 offender and the offense. 5886

(d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an 5887 offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or 5888 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 5889 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender with 5890 wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony offense 5891 of violence, the court shall impose on the offender a prison term 5892 of two years. The prison term so imposed shall not be reduced 5893 pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any other 5894 provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A 5895 court shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender 5896

under division (D)(1)(d) of this section for felonies committed as 5897
part of the same act or transaction. If a court imposes an 5898
additional prison term under division (D)(1)(a) or (c) of this 5899
section, the court is not precluded from imposing an additional 5900
prison term under division (D)(1)(d) of this section. 5901

(e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 5902 described in division (D)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 5903 additional prison terms described in division (D)(1)(c) of this 5904 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 5905 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of 5906 the prison terms described in division (D)(1)(a) of this section 5907 or any of the additional prison terms described in division 5908 (D)(1)(c) of this section upon an offender for a violation of 5909 section 2923.13 of the Revised Code unless all of the following 5910 apply: 5911

(i) The offender previously has been convicted of aggravated 5912murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second degree. 5913

(ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender was
 released from prison or post-release control, whichever is later,
 for the prior offense.
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(f) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 5917 felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or 5918 attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and 5919 also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a specification of the 5920 type described in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code that 5921 charges the offender with committing the offense by discharging a 5922 firearm at a peace officer as defined in section 2935.01 of the 5923 Revised Code or a corrections officer, as defined in section 5924 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a prison 5925 term on the offender for the felony offense under division (A), 5926 (D)(2), or (D)(3) of this section, shall impose an additional 5927 prison term of seven years upon the offender that shall not be 5928

reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any 5929 other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised 5930 Code. A court shall not impose more than one additional prison 5931 term on an offender under division (D)(1)(f) of this section for 5932 felonies committed as part of the same act or transaction. If a 5933 court imposes an additional prison term on an offender under 5934 division (D)(1)(f) of this section relative to an offense, the 5935 court shall not impose a prison term under division (D)(1)(a) or 5936 (c) of this section relative to the same offense. 5937

(2)(a) If division (D)(2)(b) of this section does not apply, 5938 the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the longest 5939 prison term authorized or required for the offense, an additional 5940 definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, 5941 eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are 5942 met: 5943

(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 5944
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 5945
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 5946

(ii) The offense of which the offender currently is convicted 5947 or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is aggravated 5948 murder and the court does not impose a sentence of death or life 5949 imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and the court does 5950 not impose a sentence of life imprisonment without parole, any 5951 felony of the first degree that is an offense of violence and the 5952 court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment without 5953 parole, or any felony of the second degree that is an offense of 5954 violence and the trier of fact finds that the offense involved an 5955 attempt to cause or a threat to cause serious physical harm to a 5956 person or resulted in serious physical harm to a person. 5957

(iii) The court imposes the longest prison term for theoffense that is not life imprisonment without parole.5959

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(iv) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant 5960 to division (D)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable, 5961 division (D)(1) or (3) of this section are inadequate to punish 5962 the offender and protect the public from future crime, because the 5963 applicable factors under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code 5964 indicating a greater likelihood of recidivism outweigh the 5965 applicable factors under that section indicating a lesser 5966 likelihood of recidivism. 5967

(v) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant to 5968 division (D)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable, 5969 division (D)(1) or (3) of this section are demeaning to the 5970 seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors 5971 under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the 5972 offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally 5973 constituting the offense are present, and they outweigh the 5974 applicable factors under that section indicating that the 5975 offender's conduct is less serious than conduct normally 5976 constituting the offense. 5977

(b) The court shall impose on an offender the longest prison
term authorized or required for the offense and shall impose on
the offender an additional definite prison term of one, two,
three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years if all of
the following criteria are met:

(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 5983
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 5984
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 5985

(ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has been 5986 convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more offenses described 5987 in division (DD)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised Code, 5988 including all offenses described in that division of which the 5989 offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty in 5990 the current prosecution and all offenses described in that 5991

division of which the offender previously has been convicted or to 5992 which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether prosecuted 5993 together or separately. 5994

(iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender currently 5995 is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is 5996 aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of 5997 death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and 5998 the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment without 5999 parole, any felony of the first degree that is an offense of 6000 violence and the court does not impose a sentence of life 6001 imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second degree 6002 that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact finds that 6003 the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat to cause 6004 serious physical harm to a person or resulted in serious physical 6005 harm to a person. 6006

(c) For purposes of division (D)(2)(b) of this section, two
or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of the same
act or event shall be considered one offense, and that one offense
shall be the offense with the greatest penalty.

(d) A sentence imposed under division (D)(2)(a) or (b) of
this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20 or
section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or
Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve an
additional prison term imposed under this section consecutively to
and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.

(e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (D)(2)(a)
 or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings
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 explaining the imposed sentence.
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(3)(a) Except when an offender commits a violation of section
2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed for
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the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of
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section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a 6023 violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and 6024 that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender and 6025 requires the imposition of a ten-year prison term on the offender, 6026 if the offender commits a felony violation of section 2925.02, 6027 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36, 3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 6028 4729.37, or 4729.61, division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, 6029 division (C) of section 4729.51, or division (J) of section 6030 4729.54 of the Revised Code that includes the sale, offer to sell, 6031 or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, with the 6032 exception of marihuana, and the court imposing sentence upon the 6033 offender finds that the offender is guilty of a specification of 6034 the type described in section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code 6035 charging that the offender is a major drug offender, if the court 6036 imposing sentence upon an offender for a felony finds that the 6037 offender is guilty of corrupt activity with the most serious 6038 offense in the pattern of corrupt activity being a felony of the 6039 first degree, or if the offender is guilty of an attempted 6040 violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and, had the 6041 offender completed the violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised 6042 Code that was attempted, the offender would have been subject to a 6043 sentence of life imprisonment or life imprisonment without parole 6044 for the violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code, the 6045 court shall impose upon the offender for the felony violation a 6046 ten-year prison term that cannot be reduced pursuant to section 6047 2929.20 or Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. 6048

(b) The court imposing a prison term on an offender under
division (D)(3)(a) of this section may impose an additional prison
term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or
ten years, if the court, with respect to the term imposed under
division (D)(3)(a) of this section and, if applicable, divisions
(D)(1) and (2) of this section, makes both of the findings set
forth in divisions (D)(2)(a)(iv) and (v) of this section.

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(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or fourth 6056 degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 6057 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall impose upon the 6058 offender a mandatory prison term in accordance with that division. 6059 In addition to the mandatory prison term, if the offender is being 6060 sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI offense, the court, 6061 notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this section, may sentence the 6062 offender to a definite prison term of not less than six months and 6063 not more than thirty months, and if the offender is being 6064 sentenced for a third degree felony OVI offense, the sentencing 6065 court may sentence the offender to an additional prison term of 6066 any duration specified in division (A)(3) of this section. In 6067 either case, the additional prison term imposed shall be reduced 6068 by the sixty or one hundred twenty days imposed upon the offender 6069 as the mandatory prison term. The total of the additional prison 6070 term imposed under division (D)(4) of this section plus the sixty 6071 or one hundred twenty days imposed as the mandatory prison term 6072 shall equal a definite term in the range of six months to thirty 6073 months for a fourth degree felony OVI offense and shall equal one 6074 of the authorized prison terms specified in division (A)(3) of 6075 this section for a third degree felony OVI offense. If the court 6076 imposes an additional prison term under division (D)(4) of this 6077 section, the offender shall serve the additional prison term after 6078 the offender has served the mandatory prison term required for the 6079 offense. In addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and 6080 additional prison term imposed as described in division (D)(4) of 6081 this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a 6082 community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the 6083 Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison terms 6084 so imposed prior to serving the community control sanction. 6085

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony6086OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the6087Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local6088

incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described in 6089
division (A)(1) of that section. 6090

(5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 6091 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 6092 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 6093 specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the 6094 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a 6095 peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, 6096 or an investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and 6097 investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 of the Revised Code, 6098 the court shall impose on the offender a prison term of five 6099 years. If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under 6100 division (D)(5) of this section, the prison term shall not be 6101 reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any 6102 other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised 6103 Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an 6104 offender under division (D)(5) of this section for felonies 6105 committed as part of the same act. 6106

(6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 6107 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 6108 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 6109 specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the 6110 Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been 6111 convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations of 6112 division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an 6113 equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the Revised 6114 Code, or three or more violations of any combination of those 6115 divisions and offenses, the court shall impose on the offender a 6116 prison term of three years. If a court imposes a prison term on an 6117 offender under division (D)(6) of this section, the prison term 6118 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 6119 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. 6120

of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison6121term on an offender under division (D)(6) of this section for6122felonies committed as part of the same act.6123

(E)(1)(a) Subject to division (E)(1)(b) of this section, if a 6124 mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant to 6125 division (D)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or 6126 about the offender's person or under the offender's control while 6127 committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an 6128 offender pursuant to division (D)(1)(c) of this section for 6129 committing a felony specified in that division by discharging a 6130 firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of mandatory prison 6131 terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any mandatory prison 6132 term imposed under either division consecutively to any other 6133 mandatory prison term imposed under either division or under 6134 division (D)(1)(d) of this section, consecutively to and prior to 6135 any prison term imposed for the underlying felony pursuant to 6136 division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of this section or any other 6137 section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any other prison 6138 term or mandatory prison term previously or subsequently imposed 6139 upon the offender. 6140

(b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 6141 pursuant to division (D)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or 6142 carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that 6143 is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so 6144 imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed 6145 under that division or under division (D)(1)(a) or (c) of this 6146 section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for 6147 the underlying felony under division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of 6148 this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and 6149 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 6150 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 6151

(c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 6152

pursuant to division (D)(1)(f) of this section, the offender shall6153serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively to and6154prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying felony under6155division (A), (D)(2), or (D)(3) of this section or any other6156section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any other prison6157term or mandatory prison term previously or subsequently imposed6158upon the offender.6159

(2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 6160 other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02, 6161 2917.03, 2921.34, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code, if an offender 6162 who is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony 6163 violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an 6164 offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other residential 6165 detention facility or is under detention at a detention facility 6166 commits another felony while the offender is an escapee in 6167 violation of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term 6168 imposed upon the offender for one of those violations shall be 6169 served by the offender consecutively to the prison term or term of 6170 imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender committed 6171 that offense and to any other prison term previously or 6172 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 6173

(3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of division 6174 (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation of 6175 division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which the 6176 stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a felony 6177 violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the Revised Code, 6178 the offender shall serve that prison term consecutively to any 6179 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 6180 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 6181

(4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender for
convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the
offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court
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finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the 6185 public from future crime or to punish the offender and that 6186

consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the seriousness 6187 of the offender's conduct and to the danger the offender poses to 6188 the public, and if the court also finds any of the following: 6189

(a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple 6190 offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing, was 6191 under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16, 2929.17, or 6192 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under post-release control for 6193 a prior offense. 6194

(b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed as 6195 part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused by two 6196 or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so great or 6197 unusual that no single prison term for any of the offenses 6198 committed as part of any of the courses of conduct adequately 6199 reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct. 6200

(c) The offender's history of criminal conduct demonstrates 6201 that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public 6202 from future crime by the offender. 6203

(5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 6204 pursuant to division (D)(5) or (6) of this section, the offender 6205 shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior 6206 to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of 6207 division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code 6208 pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of 6209 the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an 6210 offender pursuant to division (D)(5) of this section, and if a 6211 mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant 6212 to division (D)(6) of this section in relation to the same 6213 violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term 6214 imposed pursuant to division (D)(5) of this section consecutively 6215 to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed pursuant to 6216

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division (D)(6) of this section and consecutively to and prior to6217any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of division6218(A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code pursuant to6219division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of the Revised6220Code.6221

(6) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to
division (E)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section, the term
to be served is the aggregate of all of the terms so imposed.
6223

(F)(1) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the 6225 first degree, for a felony of the second degree, for a felony sex 6226 offense, or for a felony of the third degree that is not a felony 6227 sex offense and in the commission of which the offender caused or 6228 threatened to cause physical harm to a person, it shall include in 6229 the sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a 6230 period of post-release control after the offender's release from 6231 imprisonment, in accordance with that division. If a court imposes 6232 a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this 6233 division on or after July 11, 2006, the failure of a court to 6234 include a post-release control requirement in the sentence 6235 pursuant to this division does not negate, limit, or otherwise 6236 affect the mandatory period of post-release control that is 6237 required for the offender under division (B) of section 2967.28 of 6238 the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, 6239 prior to July 11, 2006, a court imposed a sentence including a 6240 prison term of a type described in this division and failed to 6241 include in the sentence pursuant to this division a statement 6242 regarding post-release control. 6243

(2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the
(b) (1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a
(c) (245
(c) (1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a
(c) (245
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imprisonment, in accordance with that division, if the parole 6249 board determines that a period of post-release control is 6250 necessary. Section 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior 6251 to July 11, 2006, a court imposed a sentence including a prison 6252 term of a type described in this division and failed to include in 6253 the sentence pursuant to this division a statement regarding 6254 post-release control. 6255 (G) If a The court shall impose sentence upon the offender in 6256

(G) H a me court shall impose sentence upon the offender in6236accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter62572971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or6258term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the offender6259and the service of that term of imprisonment if any of the6260following apply:6261

(1) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent6262sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping6263offense, and, in relation to that offense, the offender is6264adjudicated a sexually violent predator, if a.6265

(2) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation 6266 of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code 6267 committed on or after the effective date of this amendment January 6268 2, 2007, and either the court does not impose a sentence of life 6269 without parole when authorized pursuant to division (B) of section 6270 2907.02 of the Revised Code, or division (B) of section 2907.02 of 6271 the Revised Code provides that the court shall not sentence the 6272 offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, or if a. 6273

(3) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted6274rape committed on or after the effective date of this amendment6275January 2, 2007, and a specification of the type described in6276section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code,6277the court shall impose sentence upon the offender in accordance6278with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter 2971. of the6279Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or term of life6280

imprisonment without parole imposed upon the offender and the	6281
service of that term of imprisonment.	6282
(4) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation	6283
of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code committed on or after the	6284
effective date of this amendment, and that section requires the	6285
court to sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the	6286
Revised Code.	6287
(5) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to aggravated	6288
murder committed on or after the effective date of this amendment,	6289
and division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division	6290
(A)(1)(e), (C)(1)(a)(v), (C)(2)(a)(ii), (D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv),	6291
or (E)(1)(d) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section	6292
2929.06 of the Revised Code requires the court to sentence the	6293
offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the	6294
Revised Code.	6295
(6) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder	6296
committed on or after the effective date of this amendment, and	6297
division (B)(2) of section 2929.02 of the Revised Code requires	6298
the court to sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of	6299
the Revised Code.	6300

(H) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 6301 to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of imprisonment 6302 under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of the Revised 6303 Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section 2971.03 of the 6304 Revised Code, or any other provision of law, section 5120.163 of 6305 the Revised Code applies regarding the person while the person is 6306 confined in a state correctional institution. 6307

(I) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a
felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section
2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender with having
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committed the felony while participating in a criminal gang, the 6312 court shall impose upon the offender an additional prison term of 6313 one, two, or three years. 6314

(J) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 6315 aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second, or 6316 third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted of 6317 or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 6318 section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 6319 with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or 6320 towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose 6321 upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The 6322 offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to and 6323 prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense. 6324

(K) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the 6325 offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under 6326 section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an 6327 intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised 6328 Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock 6329 incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or 6330 make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case 6331 shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the 6332 offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the 6333 department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 6334 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 6335 eligible for the placement. 6336

If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a 6337 program or prison of that nature, the department of rehabilitation 6338 and correction shall not place the offender in any program of 6339 shock incarceration or intensive program prison. 6340

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a 6341 program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison, 6342 and if the offender is subsequently placed in the recommended 6343

program or prison, the department shall notify the court of the 6344 placement and shall include with the notice a brief description of 6345 the placement. 6346

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a 6347 program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison 6348 and the department does not subsequently place the offender in the 6349 recommended program or prison, the department shall send a notice 6350 to the court indicating why the offender was not placed in the 6351 recommended program or prison. 6352

If the court does not make a recommendation under this 6353 division with respect to an offender and if the department 6354 determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the 6355 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 6356 eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature, the 6357 department shall screen the offender and determine if there is an 6358 available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 6359 prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an available 6360 program of shock incarceration or an intensive program prison for 6361 which the offender is suited, the department shall notify the 6362 court of the proposed placement of the offender as specified in 6363 section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code and shall include 6364 with the notice a brief description of the placement. The court 6365 shall have ten days from receipt of the notice to disapprove the 6366 placement. 6367

(L) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to
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aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A)(1) of
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section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B)(2)(c) of that
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section applies, the person shall be sentenced pursuant to section
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2929.142 of the Revised Code.
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sec. 2929.19. (A)(1) The court shall hold a sentencing 6373
hearing before imposing a sentence under this chapter upon an 6374

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offender who was convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony and 6375 before resentencing an offender who was convicted of or pleaded 6376 quilty to a felony and whose case was remanded pursuant to section 6377 2953.07 or 2953.08 of the Revised Code. At the hearing, the 6378 offender, the prosecuting attorney, the victim or the victim's 6379 representative in accordance with section 2930.14 of the Revised 6380 Code, and, with the approval of the court, any other person may 6381 present information relevant to the imposition of sentence in the 6382 case. The court shall inform the offender of the verdict of the 6383 jury or finding of the court and ask the offender whether the 6384 offender has anything to say as to why sentence should not be 6385 imposed upon the offender. 6386

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, before 6387 imposing sentence on an offender who is being sentenced on or 6388 after January 1, 1997, for a sexually oriented offense that is not 6389 a registration exempt sexually oriented offense and who is in any 6390 category of offender described in division (B)(1)(a)(i), (ii), or 6391 (iii) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code, the court shall 6392 conduct a hearing in accordance with division (B) of section 6393 2950.09 of the Revised Code to determine whether the offender is a 6394 sexual predator. The court shall not conduct a hearing under that 6395 division if the offender is being sentenced for a violent sex 6396 offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense 6397 and, in relation to that offense, the offender was adjudicated a 6398 sexually violent predator, if the offender is being sentenced 6399 under section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for a violation of 6400 division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code 6401 committed on or after the effective date of this amendment, if the 6402 offender is sentenced to a term of life without parole under 6403 division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code, or if the 6404 offender is being sentenced for attempted rape committed on or 6405 after the effective date of this amendment and a specification of 6406 the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 6407

of the Revised Code. Before imposing sentence on an offender who	6408
is being sentenced for a sexually oriented offense that is not a	6409
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense, the court also	6410
shall comply with division (E) of section 2950.09 of the Revised	6411
<del>Code.</del>	6412

6413 Before imposing sentence on or after July 31, 2003, on an offender who is being sentenced for a child-victim oriented 6414 offense, regardless of when the offense was committed, the court 6415 shall conduct a hearing in accordance with division (B) of section 6416 2950.091 of the Revised Code to determine whether the offender is 6417 a child-victim predator. Before imposing sentence on an offender 6418 who is being sentenced for a child-victim oriented offense, the 6419 court also shall comply with division (E) of section 2950.091 of 6420 the Revised Code. 6421

(B)(1) At the sentencing hearing, the court, before imposing 6422 sentence, shall consider the record, any information presented at 6423 the hearing by any person pursuant to division (A) of this 6424 section, and, if one was prepared, the presentence investigation 6425 report made pursuant to section 2951.03 of the Revised Code or 6426 Criminal Rule 32.2, and any victim impact statement made pursuant 6427 to section 2947.051 of the Revised Code. 6428

(2) The court shall impose a sentence and shall make a
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finding that gives its reasons for selecting the sentence imposed
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in any of the following circumstances:
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(a) Unless the offense is a violent sex offense or designated 6432 homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense for which the court is 6433 required to impose sentence pursuant to division (G) of section 6434 2929.14 of the Revised Code, if it imposes a prison term for a 6435 felony of the fourth or fifth degree or for a felony drug offense 6436 that is a violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised 6437 Code and that is specified as being subject to division (B) of 6438 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code for purposes of sentencing, 6439

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its reasons for imposing the prison term, based upon the 6440 overriding purposes and principles of felony sentencing set forth 6441 in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code, and any factors listed in 6442 divisions (B)(1)(a) to (i) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 6443 that it found to apply relative to the offender. 6444

(b) If it does not impose a prison term for a felony of the 6445 first or second degree or for a felony drug offense that is a 6446 violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and 6447 for which a presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as 6448 being applicable, its reasons for not imposing the prison term and 6449 for overriding the presumption, based upon the overriding purposes 6450 and principles of felony sentencing set forth in section 2929.11 6451 of the Revised Code, and the basis of the findings it made under 6452 divisions (D)(1) and (2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. 6453

(c) If it imposes consecutive sentences under section 2929.14
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 of the Revised Code, its reasons for imposing the consecutive
 6455
 sentences;
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(d) If the sentence is for one offense and it imposes a 6457
prison term for the offense that is the maximum prison term 6458
allowed for that offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of the 6459
Revised Code or section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, its reasons 6460
for imposing the maximum prison term; 6461

(e) If the sentence is for two or more offenses arising out
of a single incident and it imposes a prison term for those
offenses that is the maximum prison term allowed for the offense
of the highest degree by division (A) of section 2929.14 of the
Revised Code or section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, its reasons
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for imposing the maximum prison term.

(3) Subject to division (B)(4) of this section, if the
sentencing court determines at the sentencing hearing that a
prison term is necessary or required, the court shall do all of
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the	following:	6471
	(a) Impose a stated prison term;	6472

(a) Impose a stated prison term;

(b) Notify the offender that, as part of the sentence, the 6473 parole board may extend the stated prison term for certain 6474 violations of prison rules for up to one-half of the stated prison 6475 6476 term;

(c) Notify the offender that the offender will be supervised 6477 under section 2967.28 of the Revised Code after the offender 6478 leaves prison if the offender is being sentenced for a felony of 6479 the first degree or second degree, for a felony sex offense, or 6480 for a felony of the third degree that is not a felony sex offense 6481 and in the commission of which the offender caused or threatened 6482 to cause physical harm to a person. If a court imposes a sentence 6483 including a prison term of a type described in division (B)(3)(c) 6484 of this section on or after July 11, 2006, the failure of a court 6485 to notify the offender pursuant to division (B)(3)(c) of this 6486 section that the offender will be supervised under section 2967.28 6487 of the Revised Code after the offender leaves prison or to include 6488 in the judgment of conviction entered on the journal a statement 6489 to that effect does not negate, limit, or otherwise affect the 6490 mandatory period of supervision that is required for the offender 6491 under division (B) of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 6492 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a 6493 court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type 6494 described in division (B)(3)(c) of this section and failed to 6495 notify the offender pursuant to division (B)(3)(c) of this section 6496 regarding post-release control or to include in the judgment of 6497 conviction entered on the journal or in the sentence a statement 6498 regarding post-release control. 6499

(d) Notify the offender that the offender may be supervised 6500 under section 2967.28 of the Revised Code after the offender 6501 leaves prison if the offender is being sentenced for a felony of 6502

the third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division 6503 (B)(3)(c) of this section. Section 2929.191 of the Revised Code 6504 applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court imposed a sentence 6505 including a prison term of a type described in division (B)(3)(d) 6506 of this section and failed to notify the offender pursuant to 6507 division (B)(3)(d) of this section regarding post-release control 6508 or to include in the judgment of conviction entered on the journal 6509 or in the sentence a statement regarding post-release control. 6510

(e) Notify the offender that, if a period of supervision is 6511 imposed following the offender's release from prison, as described 6512 in division (B)(3)(c) or (d) of this section, and if the offender 6513 violates that supervision or a condition of post-release control 6514 imposed under division (B) of section 2967.131 of the Revised 6515 Code, the parole board may impose a prison term, as part of the 6516 sentence, of up to one-half of the stated prison term originally 6517 imposed upon the offender. If a court imposes a sentence including 6518 a prison term on or after July 11, 2006, the failure of a court to 6519 notify the offender pursuant to division (B)(3)(e) of this section 6520 that the parole board may impose a prison term as described in 6521 division (B)(3)(e) of this section for a violation of that 6522 supervision or a condition of post-release control imposed under 6523 division (B) of section 2967.131 of the Revised Code or to include 6524 in the judgment of conviction entered on the journal a statement 6525 to that effect does not negate, limit, or otherwise affect the 6526 authority of the parole board to so impose a prison term for a 6527 violation of that nature if, pursuant to division (D)(1) of 6528 section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, the parole board notifies the 6529 offender prior to the offender's release of the board's authority 6530 to so impose a prison term. Section 2929.191 of the Revised Code 6531 applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court imposed a sentence 6532 including a prison term and failed to notify the offender pursuant 6533 to division (B)(3)(e) of this section regarding the possibility of 6534 the parole board imposing a prison term for a violation of 6535

supervision or a condition of post-release control. 6536

(f) Require that the offender not ingest or be injected with 6537 a drug of abuse and submit to random drug testing as provided in 6538 section 341.26, 753.33, or 5120.63 of the Revised Code, whichever 6539 is applicable to the offender who is serving a prison term, and 6540 require that the results of the drug test administered under any 6541 of those sections indicate that the offender did not ingest or was 6542 not injected with a drug of abuse. 6543

(4) If the (a) The court shall include in the offender's
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sentence a statement that the offender is a tier III sex
offender/child-victim offender, and the court shall comply with
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the requirements of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code if any of
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the following apply:

(i) The offender is being sentenced for a violent sex offense 6549 or designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense that the 6550 offender committed on or after January 1, 1997, and the offender 6551 is adjudicated a sexually violent predator in relation to that 6552 offense, if the. 6553

(ii) The offender is being sentenced for a sexually oriented6554offense that is not a registration exempt sexually oriented6555offense and that the offender committed on or after January 1,65561997, and the court imposing the sentence has determined pursuant6557to division (B) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code that the6558offender is a sexual predator, if the tier III sex6559offender/child-victim offender relative to that offense.6560

(iii) The offender is being sentenced on or after July 31, 6561 2003, for a child-victim oriented offense, and the court imposing 6562 the sentence has determined pursuant to division (B) of section 6563 2950.091 of the Revised Code that the offender is a child-victim 6564 predator, if the offender is being sentenced for an aggravated 6565 sexually oriented offense as defined in section 2950.01 of the 6566

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Revised Code, if the tier III sex offender/child-victim offender	6567
relative to that offense.	6568
(iv) The offender is being sentenced under section 2971.03 of	6569
the Revised Code for a violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section	6570
2907.02 of the Revised Code committed on or after the effective	6571
date of this amendment, if the January 2, 2007.	6572
(v) The offender is sentenced to a term of life without	6573
parole under division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code $_{ au}$	6574
<del>or if the</del> .	6575
(vi) The offender is being sentenced for attempted rape	6576
committed on or after <del>the effective date of this amendment</del> <u>January</u>	6577
2, 2007, and a specification of the type described in section	6578
2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code <del>, the court</del>	6579
shall include in the offender's sentence a statement that the	6580
offender has been adjudicated a sexual predator, has been	6581
adjudicated a child victim predator, or has been convicted of or	6582
pleaded guilty to an aggravated sexually oriented offense,	6583
whichever is applicable, and shall comply with the requirements of	6584
section 2950.03 of the Revised Code.	6585
(vii) The offender is being sentenced under division	6586
(B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code	6587
for an offense described in those divisions committed on or after	6588
the effective date of this amendment.	6589
(b) Additionally, if any criterion set forth in divisions	6590
(B)(4)(a)(i) to (vii) of this section is satisfied, in the	6591
circumstances described in division (G) of section 2929.14 of the	6592
Revised Code, the court shall impose sentence on the offender as	6593
described in that division.	6594
(5) If the sentencing court determines at the sentencing	6595
hearing that a community control sanction should be imposed and	6596

the court is not prohibited from imposing a community control

sanction, the court shall impose a community control sanction. The 6598 court shall notify the offender that, if the conditions of the 6599 sanction are violated, if the offender commits a violation of any 6600 law, or if the offender leaves this state without the permission 6601 of the court or the offender's probation officer, the court may 6602 impose a longer time under the same sanction, may impose a more 6603 restrictive sanction, or may impose a prison term on the offender 6604 and shall indicate the specific prison term that may be imposed as 6605 a sanction for the violation, as selected by the court from the 6606 range of prison terms for the offense pursuant to section 2929.14 6607 of the Revised Code. 6608

(6) Before imposing a financial sanction under section
2929.18 of the Revised Code or a fine under section 2929.32 of the
Revised Code, the court shall consider the offender's present and
future ability to pay the amount of the sanction or fine.

(7) If the sentencing court sentences the offender to a 6613 sanction of confinement pursuant to section 2929.14 or 2929.16 of 6614 the Revised Code that is to be served in a local detention 6615 facility, as defined in section 2929.36 of the Revised Code, and 6616 if the local detention facility is covered by a policy adopted 6617 pursuant to section 307.93, 341.14, 341.19, 341.21, 341.23, 6618 753.02, 753.04, 753.16, 2301.56, or 2947.19 of the Revised Code 6619 and section 2929.37 of the Revised Code, both of the following 6620 apply: 6621

(a) The court shall specify both of the following as part of 6622the sentence: 6623

(i) If the offender is presented with an itemized bill
 pursuant to section 2929.37 of the Revised Code for payment of the
 costs of confinement, the offender is required to pay the bill in
 6626
 accordance with that section.

(ii) If the offender does not dispute the bill described in 6628

division (B)(7)(a)(i) of this section and does not pay the bill by 6629
the times specified in section 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the 6630
clerk of the court may issue a certificate of judgment against the 6631
offender as described in that section. 6632

(b) The sentence automatically includes any certificate ofjudgment issued as described in division (B)(7)(a)(ii) of this66346635

(C)(1) If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree 6636 felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the 6637 Revised Code, the court shall impose the mandatory term of local 6638 incarceration in accordance with that division, shall impose a 6639 mandatory fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of section 6640 2929.18 of the Revised Code, and, in addition, may impose 6641 additional sanctions as specified in sections 2929.15, 2929.16, 6642 2929.17, and 2929.18 of the Revised Code. The court shall not 6643 impose a prison term on the offender except that the court may 6644 impose a prison term upon the offender as provided in division 6645 (A)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. 6646

(2) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or fourth 6647 degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 6648 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose the mandatory prison 6649 term in accordance with that division, shall impose a mandatory 6650 fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of section 2929.18 of the 6651 Revised Code, and, in addition, may impose an additional prison 6652 term as specified in section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. In 6653 addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory prison term and 6654 additional prison term the court imposes, the court also may 6655 impose a community control sanction on the offender, but the 6656 offender shall serve all of the prison terms so imposed prior to 6657 serving the community control sanction. 6658

(D) The sentencing court, pursuant to division (K) of section 66592929.14 of the Revised Code, may recommend placement of the 6660

offender in a program of shock incarceration under section66615120.031 of the Revised Code or an intensive program prison under6662section 5120.032 of the Revised Code, disapprove placement of the6663offender in a program or prison of that nature, or make no6664recommendation. If the court recommends or disapproves placement,6665it shall make a finding that gives its reasons for its6666recommendation or disapproval.6667

Sec. 2929.23. (A) If an offender is being sentenced for a 6668 sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense that is 6669 a misdemeanor committed on or after January 1, 1997, and if the 6670 judge imposing sentence for the sexually oriented offense 6671 determines pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.09 of the 6672 Revised Code that the offender is a sexual predator tier III sex 6673 offender/child-victim offender relative to the offense or the 6674 offense is any offense listed in division (D)(1) to (3) of section 6675 2901.07 of the Revised Code, the judge shall include in the 6676 offender's sentence a statement that the offender has been 6677 adjudicated a sexual predator is a tier III sex 6678 offender/child-victim offender, shall comply with the requirements 6679 of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code, and shall require the 6680 offender to submit to a DNA specimen collection procedure pursuant 6681 to section 2901.07 of the Revised Code. 6682

(B) Before imposing sentence on an offender who is being 6683 sentenced for a sexually oriented offense that is a misdemeanor, 6684 that was committed on or after January 1, 1997, and that is not a 6685 registration exempt sexually oriented offense, the judge shall 6686 conduct a hearing in accordance with division (B) of section 6687 2950.09 of the Revised Code to determine whether the offender is a 6688 sexual predator. Before imposing sentence on an offender who is 6689 being sentenced for a sexually oriented offense that is not a 6690 registration exempt sexually oriented offense, the court also 6691 shall comply with division (E) of section 2950.09 of the Revised 6692

Code.

6693

Before imposing sentence on or after the effective date of 6694 this amendment on an offender who is being sentenced for a 6695 child-victim oriented offense that is a misdemeanor, regardless of 6696 when the offense was committed, the judge shall conduct a hearing 6697 in accordance with division (B) of section 2950.091 of the Revised 6698 Code to determine whether the offender is a child-victim predator. 6699 Before imposing sentence on an offender who is being sentenced for 6700 a child-victim oriented offense, the court also shall comply with 6701 division (E) of section 2950.091 of the Revised Code. 6702

(C) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually oriented 6703 offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually oriented 6704 offense or for a child-victim oriented offense that is a 6705 misdemeanor committed on or after January 1, 1997, the judge shall 6706 include in the sentence a summary of the offender's duties imposed 6707 under sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the 6708 Revised Code and the duration of the duties. The judge shall 6709 inform the offender, at the time of sentencing, of those duties 6710 and of their duration  $\frac{\text{and}}{\text{if}}$ . If required under division (A)(2) 6711 of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code, the judge shall perform 6712 the duties specified in that section or, if required under 6713 division (A)(6) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code, the judge 6714 shall perform the duties specified in that division. 6715

Sec. 2930.16. (A) If a defendant is incarcerated, a victim in 6716 a case who has requested to receive notice under this section 6717 shall be given notice of the incarceration of the defendant. If an 6718 alleged juvenile offender is committed to the temporary custody of 6719 a school, camp, institution, or other facility operated for the 6720 care of delinquent children or to the legal custody of the 6721 department of youth services, a victim in a case who has requested 6722 to receive notice under this section shall be given notice of the 6723

commitment. Promptly after sentence is imposed upon the defendant 6724 or the commitment of the alleged juvenile offender is ordered, the 6725 prosecutor in the case shall notify the victim of the date on 6726 which the defendant will be released from confinement or the 6727 prosecutor's reasonable estimate of that date or the date on which 6728 the alleged juvenile offender will have served the minimum period 6729 of commitment or the prosecutor's reasonable estimate of that 6730 date. The prosecutor also shall notify the victim of the name of 6731 the custodial agency of the defendant or alleged juvenile offender 6732 and tell the victim how to contact that custodial agency. If the 6733 custodial agency is the department of rehabilitation and 6734 correction, the prosecutor shall notify the victim of the services 6735 offered by the office of victims' services pursuant to section 6736 5120.60 of the Revised Code. If the custodial agency is the 6737 department of youth services, the prosecutor shall notify the 6738 victim of the services provided by the office of victims' services 6739 within the release authority of the department pursuant to section 6740 5139.55 of the Revised Code and the victim's right pursuant to 6741 section 5139.56 of the Revised Code to submit a written request to 6742 the release authority to be notified of actions the release 6743 authority takes with respect to the alleged juvenile offender. The 6744 victim shall keep the custodial agency informed of the victim's 6745 current address and telephone number. 6746

(B)(1) Upon the victim's request, the prosecutor promptly 6747 shall notify the victim of any hearing for judicial release of the 6748 defendant pursuant to section 2929.20 of the Revised Code or of 6749 any hearing for judicial release or early release of the alleged 6750 juvenile offender pursuant to section 2151.38 of the Revised Code 6751 and of the victim's right to make a statement under those 6752 sections. The court shall notify the victim of its ruling in each 6753 of those hearings and on each of those applications. 6754

(2) If an offender is <del>convicted of or pleads guilty to a</del> 6755

violent sex offense or designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping	6756
offense, the offender is adjudicated a sexually violent predator	6757
in relation to that crime, and the offender is sentenced to a	6758
prison term <del>for that crime</del> pursuant to division (A)(3) <u>or (B)</u> of	6759
section 2971.03 of the Revised Code <del>, if an offender is convicted</del>	6760
of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (A)(1)(b) of	6761
section 2907.02 of the Revised Code committed on or after the	6762
effective date of this amendment, and the offender is sentenced to	6763
a prison term for that offense pursuant to division (B)(1)(a),	6764
(b), or (c) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, if an offender	6765
is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted rape committed on or	6766
after the effective date of this amendment, the offender also is	6767
convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type	6768
described in section 2941.1418 of the Revised Code, and the	6769
offender is sentenced to a prison term for that offense pursuant	6770
to division (B)(2)(a) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, if	6771
the offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted rape	6772
committed on or after the effective date of this amendment, the	6773
offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification	6774
of the type described in section 2941.1419 of the Revised Code,	6775
and the offender is sentenced to a prison term for that offense	6776
pursuant to division (B)(2)(b) of section 2971.03 of the Revised	6777
Code, or if the offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	6778
attempted rape committed on or after the effective date of this	6779
amendment, the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	6780
specification of the type described in section 2941.1420 of the	6781
Revised Code, and the offender is sentenced to a prison term for	6782
that offense pursuant to division (B)(2)(c) of section 2971.03 of	6783
the Revised Code, upon the request of the victim of the crime, the	6784
prosecutor promptly shall notify the victim of any hearing to be	6785
conducted pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised Code to	6786
determine whether to modify the requirement that the offender	6787
serve the entire prison term in a state correctional facility in	6788

or whether to terminate the prison term in accordance with 6791 division (D) of that section. The court shall notify the victim of 6792 any order issued at the conclusion of the hearing. As used in this 6793 division: 6794

(a) "Adjudicated a sexually violent predator" has the same 6795 meaning as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code and a person is 6796 "adjudicated a sexually violent predator" in the same manner and 6797 the same circumstances as are described in that section. 6798

(b) "Designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense" and 6799 "violent sex offense" have the same meanings as in section 2971.01 6800 of the Revised Code. 6801

(C) Upon the victim's request made at any time before the 6802 particular notice would be due, the custodial agency of a 6803 defendant or alleged juvenile offender shall give the victim any 6804 of the following notices that is applicable: 6805

(1) At least three weeks before the adult parole authority 6806 recommends a pardon or commutation of sentence for the defendant 6807 or at least three weeks prior to a hearing before the adult parole 6808 authority regarding a grant of parole to the defendant, notice of 6809 the victim's right to submit a statement regarding the impact of 6810 the defendant's release in accordance with section 2967.12 of the 6811 Revised Code and, if applicable, of the victim's right to appear 6812 at a full board hearing of the parole board to give testimony as 6813 authorized by section 5149.101 of the Revised Code; 6814

(2) At least three weeks before the defendant is transferred 6815 to transitional control under section 2967.26 of the Revised Code, 6816 notice of the pendency of the transfer and of the victim's right 6817 under that section to submit a statement regarding the impact of 6818 the transfer; 6819

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(3) At least thirty days before the release authority of the 6820 department of youth services holds a release review, release 6821 hearing, or discharge review for the alleged juvenile offender, 6822 notice of the pendency of the review or hearing, of the victim's 6823 right to make an oral or written statement regarding the impact of 6824 the crime upon the victim or regarding the possible release or 6825 discharge, and, if the notice pertains to a hearing, of the 6826 victim's right to attend and make statements or comments at the 6827 hearing as authorized by section 5139.56 of the Revised Code; 6828

(4) Prompt notice of the defendant's or alleged juvenile 6829 offender's escape from a facility of the custodial agency in which 6830 the defendant was incarcerated or in which the alleged juvenile 6831 offender was placed after commitment, of the defendant's or 6832 alleged juvenile offender's absence without leave from a mental 6833 health or mental retardation and developmental disabilities 6834 facility or from other custody, and of the capture of the 6835 defendant or alleged juvenile offender after an escape or absence; 6836

(5) Notice of the defendant's or alleged juvenile offender's 6837death while in confinement or custody; 6838

(6) Notice of the defendant's or alleged juvenile offender's 6839release from confinement or custody and the terms and conditions 6840of the release. 6841

sec. 2941.148. (A)(1) The application of Chapter 2971. of the 6842
Revised Code to an offender is precluded unless one of the 6843
following applies: 6844

(a) The offender is charged with a violent sex offense, and
(b) the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging
(c) the violent sex offense also includes a specification that the
(c) the offender is a sexually violent predator, or the offender is
(c) the offender is
<

ent sex offense, and

information charging the designated homicide, assault, or
kidnapping offense also includes both a specification of the type
described in section 2941.147 of the Revised Code and a
specification that the offender is a sexually violent predator.

(c) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to
attempted rape committed on or after the effective date of this
amendment January 2, 2007, and to a specification of the type
described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the
Revised Code.

(d) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a6866violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code and to a6867specification of the type described in section 2941.147 of the6868Revised Code, and section 2905.01 of the Revised Code requires a6869court to sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the6870Revised Code.6871

(e) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 6872 aggravated murder and to a specification of the type described in 6873 section 2941.147 of the Revised Code, and division (A)(2)(b)(ii) 6874 of section 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e), (C)(1)(a)(v), 6875 (C)(2)(a)(ii), (D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv), or (E)(1)(d) of section6876 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section 2929.06 of the Revised 6877 Code requires a court to sentence the offender pursuant to 6878 division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code. 6879

(f) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder 6880 and to a specification of the type described in section 2941.147 6881

of the Revised Code, and division (B)(2) of section 2929.02 of the	6882
Revised Code requires a court to sentence the offender pursuant to	6883
section 2971.03 of the Revised Code.	6884
(2) A specification required under division (A)(1)(a) of this	6885
section that an offender is a sexually violent predator shall be	6886

stated at the end of the body of the indictment, count, or 6887 information and shall be stated in substantially the following 6888 form: 6889

"Specification (or, specification to the first count). The 6890 grand jury (or insert the person's or prosecuting attorney's name 6891 when appropriate) further find and specify that the offender is a 6892 sexually violent predator." 6893

(B) In determining for purposes of this section whether a 6894 person is a sexually violent predator, all of the factors set 6895 forth in divisions (H)(1) to (6) of section 2971.01 of the Revised 6896 Code that apply regarding the person may be considered as evidence 6897 tending to indicate that it is likely that the person will engage 6898 in the future in one or more sexually violent offenses. 6899

(C) As used in this section, "designated homicide, assault, 6900 or kidnapping offense, "violent sex offense, and "sexually 6901 violent predator" have the same meanings as in section 2971.01 of 6902 the Revised Code. 6903

sec. 2950.01. As used in this chapter, unless the context 6904 clearly requires otherwise: 6905

(A) "Sexually oriented offense" means any of the following 6906 violations or offenses committed by a person, regardless of the 6907 person's age: 6908

(1) A violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, 6909 <u>2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.21, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322,</u> 6910 or 2907.323 of the Revised Code; 6911

(2) A violation of section 2907.04 of the Revised Code when	6912
the offender is less than four years older than the other person	6913
with whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct, the other person	6914
did not consent to the sexual conduct, and the offender previously	6915
has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of	6916
<u>section 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.04 of the Revised Code or a</u>	6917
violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;	6918
(3) A violation of section 2907.04 of the Revised Code when	6919
the offender is at least four years older than the other person	6920
with whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct or when the	6921
offender is less than four years older than the other person with	6922
whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct and the offender	6923
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation	6924
of section 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.04 of the Revised Code or a	6925
violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;	6926
<u>(4) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2903.11 of</u>	6927
the Revised Code when the violation was committed with a sexual	6928
motivation;	6929
(5) A violation of division (A) of section 2903.04 of the	6930
Revised Code when the offender committed or attempted to commit	6931
the felony that is the basis of the violation with a sexual	6932
motivation;	6933
(6) A violation of division (A)(3) of section 2903.211 of the	6934
Revised Code;	6935
(7) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of	6936
section 2905.01 of the Revised Code when the offense is committed	6937
with a sexual motivation;	6938
(8) A violation of division (A)(4) of section 2905.01 of the	6939
Revised Code;	6940
(9) A violation of division (B) of section 2905.01 of the	6941
<u>Revised Code when the victim of the offense is under eighteen</u>	6942

years of age and the offender is not a parent of the victim of the 6943 offense; 6944 (10) A violation of division (B) of section 2905.02, of 6945 division (B) of section 2905.03, of division (B) of section 6946 2905.05, or of division (B)(5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised 6947 Code; 6948 (11) A violation of any former law of this state, any 6949 existing or former municipal ordinance or law of another state or 6950 the United States, any existing or former law applicable in a 6951 military court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or 6952 former law of any nation other than the United States that is or 6953 was substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division 6954 (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), or (10) of this 6955 section; 6956 (12) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or 6957 complicity in committing any offense listed in division (A)(1), 6958 (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), or (11) of this 6959 section. 6960 (B)(1) "Sex offender" means, subject to division (B)(2) of 6961 this section, a person who is convicted of, pleads quilty to, has 6962 been convicted of, has pleaded quilty to, is adjudicated a 6963 delinguent child for committing, or has been adjudicated a 6964 delinguent child for committing any sexually oriented offense. 6965 (2) "Sex offender" does not include a person who is convicted 6966 of, pleads quilty to, has been convicted of, has pleaded quilty 6967 to, is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing, or has been 6968 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing a sexually oriented 6969 offense if the offense involves consensual sexual conduct or 6970 consensual sexual contact and either of the following applies: 6971 (a) The victim of the sexually oriented offense was eighteen 6972

offense was not under the custodial authority of the person who is	6974
convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, has pleaded	6975
guilty to, is adjudicated a delinguent child for committing, or	6976
has been adjudicated a delinguent child for committing the	6977
sexually oriented offense.	6978
(b) The victim of the offense was thirteen years of age or	6979
older, and the person who is convicted of, pleads quilty to, has	6980
been convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, is adjudicated a	6981
delinguent child for committing, or has been adjudicated a	6982
delinguent child for committing the sexually oriented offense is	6983
not more than four years older than the victim.	6984
(C) "Child-victim oriented offense" means any of the	6985
following violations or offenses committed by a person, regardless	6986
of the person's age, when the victim is under eighteen years of	6987
age and is not a child of the person who commits the violation:	6988
(1) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of	6989
section 2905.01 of the Revised Code when the violation is not	6990
included in division (A)(7) of this section;	6991
(2) A violation of division (A) of section 2905.02, division	6992
(A) of section 2905.03, or division (A) of section 2905.05 of the	6993
Revised Code;	6994
(3) A violation of any former law of this state, any existing	6995
or former municipal ordinance or law of another state or the	6996
United States, any existing or former law applicable in a military	6997
court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or former law	6998
of any nation other than the United States that is or was	6999
substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division (C)(1)	7000
or (2) of this section;	7001
(4) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or	7002
complicity in committing any offense listed in division (C)(1),	7003
(2), or (3) of this section.	7004

	<b>700</b>
(D) "Child-victim offender" means a person who is convicted	7005
of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, has pleaded guilty	7006
to, is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing, or has been	7007
adjudicated a delinguent child for committing any child-victim	7008
oriented offense.	7009
(E) "Tier I sex offender/child-victim offender" means any of	7010
the following:	7011
(1) A sex offender who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has	7012
been convicted of, or has pleaded quilty to any of the following	7013
sexually oriented offenses:	7014
	7015
(a) A violation of section 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, or	
2907.32 of the Revised Code;	7016
(b) A violation of section 2907.04 of the Revised Code when	7017
the offender is less than four years older than the other person	7018
with whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct, the other person	7019
did not consent to the sexual conduct, and the offender previously	7020
has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of	7021
<u>section 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.04 of the Revised Code or a</u>	7022
violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;	7023
(c) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of	7024
section 2907.05 of the Revised Code;	7025
(d) A violation of division (A)(3) of section 2907.323 of the	7026
Revised Code;	7027
(e) A violation of division (A)(3) of section 2903.211, of	7028
division (B) of section 2905.03, or of division (B) of section	7029
2905.05 of the Revised Code;	7030
(f) A violation of any former law of this state, any existing	7031
or former municipal ordinance or law of another state or the	7032
United States, any existing or former law applicable in a military	7033
court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or former law	7034

of any nation other than the United States, that is or was	7035
substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division	7036
(E)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this section;	7037
(g) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or	7038
complicity in committing any offense listed in division (E)(1)(a),	7039
(b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section.	7040
(2) A child-victim offender who is convicted of, pleads	7041
guilty to, has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to a	7042
child-victim oriented offense and who is not within either	7043
category of child-victim offender described in division (F)(2) or	7044
(G)(2) of this section.	7045
(3) A sex offender who is adjudicated a delinguent child for	7046
committing or has been adjudicated a delinguent child for	7047
committing any sexually oriented offense and who a juvenile court,	7048
pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the	7049
<u>Revised Code, classifies a tier I sex offender/child-victim</u>	7050
offender relative to the offense.	7051
(4) A child-victim offender who is adjudicated a delinguent	7052
child for committing or has been adjudicated a delinguent child	7053
for committing any child-victim oriented offense and who a	7054
juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or	7055
2152.85 of the Revised Code, classifies a tier I sex	7056
offender/child-victim offender relative to the offense.	7057
(F) "Tier II sex offender/child-victim offender" means any of	7058
the following:	7059
(1) A sex offender who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has	7060
been convicted of, or has pleaded quilty to any of the following	7061
sexually oriented offenses:	7062
<u>(a) A violation of section 2907.21, 2907.321, or 2907.322 of</u>	7063
the Revised Code;	7064

(b) A violation of section 2907.04 of the Revised Code when	7065
the offender is at least four years older than the other person	7066
with whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct, or when the	7067
offender is less than four years older than the other person with	7068
whom the offender engaged in sexual conduct and the offender	7069
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation	7070
of section 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.04 of the Revised Code or	7071
former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;	7072
(c) A violation of division (A)(4) of section 2907.05 or of	7073
division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2907.323 of the Revised Code;	7074
(d) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of	7075
section 2905.01 of the Revised Code when the offense is committed	7076
with a sexual motivation;	7077
(e) A violation of division (A)(4) of section 2905.01 of the	7078
Revised Code when the victim of the offense is eighteen years of	7079
<u>age or older;</u>	7080
(f) A violation of division (B) of section 2905.02 or of	7081
division (B)(5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code;	7082
(g) A violation of any former law of this state, any existing	7083
or former municipal ordinance or law of another state or the	7084
United States, any existing or former law applicable in a military	7085
court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or former law	7086
of any nation other than the United States that is or was	7087
substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division	7088
<u>(F)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section;</u>	7089
(h) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or	7090
complicity in committing any offense listed in division (F)(1)(a),	7091
<u>(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section;</u>	7092
(i) Any sexually oriented offense that is committed after the	7093
sex offender previously has been convicted of, pleaded quilty to,	7094
or has been adjudicated a delinguent child for committing any	7095

	7000
sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense for	7096
which the offender was classified a tier I sex	7097
<u>offender/child-victim offender.</u>	7098
(2) A child-victim offender who is convicted of, pleads	7099
guilty to, has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to any	7100
child-victim oriented offense when the child-victim oriented	7101
offense is committed after the child-victim offender previously	7102
has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a	7103
delinguent child for committing any sexually oriented offense or	7104
child-victim oriented offense for which the offender was	7105
classified a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender.	7106
(3) A sex offender who is adjudicated a delinguent child for	7107
<u>committing or has been adjudicated a delinguent child for</u>	7108
committing any sexually oriented offense and who a juvenile court,	7109
pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the	7110
Revised Code, classifies a tier II sex offender/child-victim	7111
offender relative to the offense.	7112
(4) A child-victim offender who is adjudicated a delinguent	7113
child for committing or has been adjudicated a delinguent child	7114
for committing any child-victim oriented offense and whom a	7115
juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or	7116
2152.85 of the Revised Code, classifies a tier II sex	7117
offender/child-victim offender relative to the current offense.	7118
(5) A sex offender or child-victim offender who is not in any	7119
category of tier II sex offender/child-victim offender set forth	7120
in division (F)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, who prior to	7121
January 1, 2008, was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing	7122
a sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, and	7123
who prior to that date was determined to be a habitual sex	7124
offender or determined to be a habitual child-victim offender,	7125
unless either of the following applies:	7126

(a) The sex offender or child-victim offender is reclassified	7127
pursuant to section 2950.031 or 2950.032 of the Revised Code as a	7128
<u>tier I sex offender/child-victim offender or a tier III sex</u>	7129
offender/child-victim offender relative to the offense.	7130
(b) A juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83,	7131
2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, classifies the child a	7132
<u>tier I sex offender/child-victim offender or a tier III sex</u>	7133
offender/child-victim offender relative to the offense.	7134
(G) "Tier III sex offender/child-victim offender" means any	7135
of the following:	7136
(1) A sex offender who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has	7137
been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to any of the following	7138
sexually oriented offenses:	7139
(a) A violation of section 2907.02 or 2907.03 of the Revised	7140
Code;	7141
(b) A violation of division (B) of section 2907.05 of the	7142
Revised Code;	7143
<u>(c) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2903.11 of</u>	7144
the Revised Code when the violation was committed with a sexual	7145
motivation;	7146
(d) A violation of division (A) of section 2903.04 of the	7147
Revised Code when the offender committed or attempted to commit	7148
the felony that is the basis of the violation with a sexual	7149
<pre>motivation;</pre>	7150
(e) A violation of division (A)(4) of section 2905.01 of the	7151
Revised Code when the victim of the offense is under eighteen	7152
years of age;	7153
(f) A violation of division (B) of section 2905.01 of the	7154
Revised Code when the victim of the offense is under eighteen	7155
years of age and the offender is not a parent of the victim of the	7156

#### offense; 7157 (q) A violation of any former law of this state, any existing 7158 or former municipal ordinance or law of another state or the 7159 United States, any existing or former law applicable in a military 7160 court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or former law 7161 of any nation other than the United States that is or was 7162 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division 7163 (G)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section; 7164 (h) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or 7165 complicity in committing any offense listed in division (G)(1)(a), 7166 (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section; 7167 (i) Any sexually oriented offense that is committed after the 7168 sex offender previously has been convicted of, pleaded quilty to, 7169 or been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any sexually 7170 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense for which the 7171 offender was classified a tier II sex offender/child-victim 7172 offender or a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender. 7173 (2) A child-victim offender who is convicted of, pleads 7174 quilty to, has been convicted of, or has pleaded quilty to any 7175 child-victim oriented offense when the child-victim oriented 7176 offense is committed after the child-victim offender previously 7177 has been convicted of, pleaded quilty to, or been adjudicated a 7178 delinquent child for committing any sexually oriented offense or 7179 child-victim oriented offense for which the offender was 7180 classified a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender or a tier 7181 III sex offender/child-victim offender. 7182 (3) A sex offender who is adjudicated a delinguent child for 7183 committing or has been adjudicated a delinguent child for 7184 committing any sexually oriented offense and who a juvenile court, 7185 pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the 7186

Revised Code, classifies a tier III sex offender/child-victim 7187

offender relative to the offense.

(4) A child-victim offender who is adjudicated a delinguent	7189
child for committing or has been adjudicated a delinguent child	7190
for committing any child-victim oriented offense and whom a	7191
juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or	7192
2152.85 of the Revised Code, classifies a tier III sex	7193
offender/child-victim offender relative to the current offense.	7194

(5) A sex offender or child-victim offender who is not in any 7195 category of tier III sex offender/child-victim offender set forth 7196 in division (G)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, who prior to 7197 January 1, 2008, was convicted of or pleaded quilty to a sexually 7198 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense or was 7199 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing a sexually oriented 7200 offense or child-victim oriented offense and classified a juvenile 7201 offender registrant, and who prior to that date was adjudicated a 7202 sexual predator or adjudicated a child-victim predator, unless 7203 either of the following applies: 7204

(a) The sex offender or child-victim offender is reclassified7205pursuant to section 2950.031 or 2950.032 of the Revised Code as a7206tier I sex offender/child-victim offender or a tier II sex7207offender/child-victim offender relative to the offense.7208

(b) The sex offender or child-victim offender is a delinquent7209child, and a juvenile court, pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83,72102152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, classifies the child a7211tier I sex offender/child-victim offender or a tier II sex7212offender/child-victim offender relative to the offense.7213

(6) A sex offender who is convicted of, pleads quilty to, was7214convicted of, or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense, if7215the sexually oriented offense and the circumstances in which it7216was committed are such that division (F) of section 2971.03 of the7217Revised Code automatically classifies the offender as a tier III7218

7188

As Reported by the Senate JudiciaryCriminal Justice Committee	
<pre>sex offender/child-victim offender;</pre>	7219
(7) A sex offender or child-victim offender who is convicted	7220
of, pleads guilty to, was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, is	7221
adjudicated a delinguent child for committing, or was adjudicated	7222
a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense or	7223
child-victim offense in another state, in a federal court,	7224
military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a court in any	7225
nation other than the United States if both of the following	7226
apply:	7227
(a) Under the law of the jurisdiction in which the offender	7228
was convicted or pleaded quilty or the delinquent child was	7229
adjudicated, the offender or delinquent child is in a category	7230
substantially equivalent to a category of tier III sex	7231
offender/child-victim offender described in division (G)(1), (2),	7232
(3), (4), (5), or (6) of this section.	7233
(b) Subsequent to the conviction, plea of guilty, or	7234
adjudication in the other jurisdiction, the offender or delinquent	7235
child resides, has temporary domicile, attends school or an	7236
institution of higher education, is employed, or intends to reside	7237
in this state in any manner and for any period of time that	7238
subjects the offender or delinquent child to a duty to register or	7239
provide notice of intent to reside under section 2950.04 or	7240
2950.041 of the Revised Code.	7241
(H) "Confinement" includes, but is not limited to, a	7242
community residential sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16	7243
or 2929.26 of the Revised Code.	7244
(B) "Habitual sex offender" means, except when a juvenile	7245
judge removes this classification pursuant to division (A)(2) of	7246
section 2152.84 or division (C)(2) of section 2152.85 of the	7247
Revised Code, a person to whom both of the following apply:	7248
(1) The person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually	7249

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oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually	7250
oriented offense, or the person is adjudicated a delinquent child	7251
for committing on or after January 1, 2002, a sexually oriented	7252
offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually oriented	7253
offense, was fourteen years of age or older at the time of	7254
committing the offense, and is classified a juvenile sex offender	7255
registrant based on that adjudication.	7256
(2) One of the following applies to the person:	7257
(a) Regarding a person who is an offender, the person	7258
previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to one or more	7259
sexually oriented offenses or child victim oriented offenses or	7260
previously was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing one	7261
or more sexually oriented offenses or child victim oriented	7262
offenses and was classified a juvenile offender registrant or	7263
out of state juvenile offender registrant based on one or more of	7264
those adjudications, regardless of when the offense was committed	7265
and regardless of the person's age at the time of committing the	7266
<del>offense.</del>	7267
(b) Regarding a delinquent child, the person previously was	7268
convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent	7269
child for committing one or more sexually oriented offenses or	7270
child-victim oriented offenses, regardless of when the offense was	7271
committed and regardless of the person's age at the time of	7272
committing the offense.	7273
(C)(I) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section	7274
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	7275
(D) "Sexually oriented offense" means any of the following:	7276
(1) Any of the following violations or offenses committed by	7277
a person eighteen years of age or older:	7278
(a) Regardless of the age of the victim of the offense, a	7279
violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, or 2907.07 of the	7280

Revised Code;	7281
(b) Any of the following offenses involving a minor, in the	7282
circumstances specified:	7283
(i) A violation of division (A)(4) of section 2905.01 or	7284
section 2907.04, 2907.06, or 2907.08 of the Revised Code, when the	7285
victim of the offense is under eighteen years of age;	7286
(ii) A violation of section 2907.21 of the Revised Code when	7287
the person who is compelled, induced, procured, encouraged,	7288
solicited, requested, or facilitated to engage in, paid or agreed	7289
to be paid for, or allowed to engage in the sexual activity in	7290
question is under eighteen years of age;	7291
(iii) A violation of division (A)(1) or (3) of section	7292
2907.321 or 2907.322 of the Revised Code;	7293
(iv) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	7294
2907.323 of the Revised Code;	7295
(v) A violation of division (B)(5) of section 2919.22 of the	7296
Revised Code when the child who is involved in the offense is	7297
under eighteen years of age;	7298
(vi) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of	7299
section 2905.01, of section 2903.211, 2905.02, 2905.03, or	7300
2905.05, or of former section 2905.04 of the Revised Code, when	7301
the victim of the offense is under eighteen years of age and the	7302
offense is committed with a sexual motivation.	7303
(c) Regardless of the age of the victim of the offense, a	7304
violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11, or 2905.01 of the	7305
Revised Code, or of division (A) of section 2903.04 of the Revised	7306
Code, that is committed with a sexual motivation;	7307
(d) A violent sex offense, or a designated homicide, assault,	7308
or kidnapping offense if the offender also was convicted of or	7309
pleaded guilty to a sexual motivation specification that was	7310

(i) A violation of division (A)(4) of section 2905.01 or7336section 2907.06 or 2907.08 of the Revised Code, when the victim of7337the violation is under eighteen years of age;7338

(ii) A violation of section 2907.21 of the Revised Code when 7339 the person who is compelled, induced, procured, encouraged, 7340

solicited, requested, or facilitated to engage in, paid or agreed	7341
to be paid for, or allowed to engage in the sexual activity in	7342
question is under eighteen years of age;	7343
(iii) A violation of division (B)(5) of section 2919.22 of	7344
the Revised Code when the child who is involved in the violation	7345
is under eighteen years of age;	7346
(iv) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of	7347
section 2905.01, section 2903.211, or former section 2905.04 of	7348
the Revised Code, when the victim of the violation is under	7349
eighteen years of age and the offense is committed with a sexual	7350
motivation.	7351
(c) Subject to division (D)(2)(i) of this section, any of the	7352
following:	7353
(i) Any violent sex offense that, if committed by an adult,	7354
would be a felony of the first, second, third, or fourth degree;	7355
(ii) Any designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense	7356
if that offense, if committed by an adult, would be a felony of	7357
the first, second, third, or fourth degree and if the court	7358
determined that, if the child was an adult, the child would be	7359
guilty of a sexual motivation specification regarding that	7360
offense.	7361
(d) Subject to division (D)(2)(i) of this section, a	7362
violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11, 2905.01, or	7363
2905.02 of the Revised Code, a violation of division (A) of	7364
section 2903.04 of the Revised Code, or an attempt to violate any	7365
of those sections or that division that is committed with a sexual	7366
motivation;	7367
(e) Subject to division (D)(2)(i) of this section, a	7368
violation of division (A)(1) or (3) of section 2907.321, division	7369
(A)(1) or (3) of section 2907.322, or division (A)(1) or (2) of	7370
section 2907.323 of the Revised Code, or an attempt to violate any	7371

of those divisions, if the person who violates or attempts to	7372
violate the division is four or more years older than the minor	7373
who is the victim of the violation;	7374
(f) Subject to division (D)(2)(i) of this section, a	7375
violation of section 2907.06 or 2907.08 of the Revised Code when	7376
the victim of the violation is eighteen years of age or older, or	7377
a violation of section 2903.211 of the Revised Code when the	7378
victim of the violation is eighteen years of age or older and the	7379
offense is committed with a sexual motivation;	7380
(g) Subject to division (D)(2)(i) of this section, any	7381
violation of any former law of this state, any existing or former	7382
municipal ordinance or law of another state or the United States,	7383
any existing or former law applicable in a military court or in an	7384
Indian tribal court, or any existing or former law of any nation	7385
other than the United States, that is or was substantially	7386
equivalent to any offense listed in division (D)(2)(a), (b), (c),	7387
(d), (e), or (f) of this section and that, if committed by an	7388
adult, would be a felony of the first, second, third, or fourth	7389
<del>degree</del> ;	7390
(h) Subject to division (D)(2)(i) of this section, any	7391
attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or complicity in	7392
committing any offense listed in division (D)(2)(a), (b), (c),	7393
(d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section;	7394
(i) If the child's case has been transferred for criminal	7395
prosecution under section 2152.12 of the Revised Code, the act is	7396
any violation listed in division (D)(l)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e),	7397
(f), or (g) of this section or would be any offense listed in any	7398
of those divisions if committed by an adult.	7399
(E) "Sexual predator" means a person to whom either of the	7400
following applies:	7401
(1) The person has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	7402

committing a sexually oriented offense that is not a	7403
registration exempt sexually oriented offense and is likely to	7404
engage in the future in one or more sexually oriented offenses.	7405
(2) The person has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	7406
committing a sexually oriented offense that is not a	7407
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense, was fourteen years	7408
of age or older at the time of committing the offense, was	7409
classified a juvenile offender registrant based on that	7410
adjudication, and is likely to engage in the future in one or more	7411
sexually oriented offenses.	7412

(F)(J)"Supervised release" means a release of an offender7413from a prison term, a term of imprisonment, or another type of7414confinement that satisfies either of the following conditions:7415

(1) The release is on parole, a conditional pardon, under a 7416 community control sanction, under transitional control, or under a 7417 post-release control sanction, and it requires the person to 7418 report to or be supervised by a parole officer, probation officer, 7419 field officer, or another type of supervising officer. 7420

(2) The release is any type of release that is not described 7421 in division (F)(J)(1) of this section and that requires the person 7422 to report to or be supervised by a probation officer, a parole 7423 officer, a field officer, or another type of supervising officer. 7424

(G) An offender or delinquent child is "adjudicated as being 7425 a sexual predator" or "adjudicated a sexual predator" if any of 7426 the following applies and if, regarding a delinquent child, that 7427 status has not been removed pursuant to section 2152.84, 2152.85, 7428 or 2950.09 of the Revised Code: 7429

(1) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 7430
committing, on or after January 1, 1997, a sexually oriented 7431
offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually oriented 7432
offense, and any of the following apply: 7433

(a) The sexually oriented offense is a violent sex offense or	7434
a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense, and the	7435
offender is adjudicated a sexually violent predator in relation to	7436
that offense.	7437
(b) The sexually oriented offense is a violation of division	7438
(A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code committed on or	7439
after the effective date of this amendment, and either the	7440
offender is sentenced under section 2971.03 of the Revised Code or	7441
a sentence of life without parole is imposed under division (B) of	7442
section 2907.02 of the Revised Code.	7443
(c) The sexually oriented offense is attempted rape committed	7444
on or after the effective date of this amendment, and the offender	7445
also was convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the	7446
type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of	7447
the Revised Code.	7448
(2) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was	7449
committed, on or after January 1, 1997, the offender is sentenced	7450
for a sexually oriented offense that is not a registration exempt	7451
sexually oriented offense, and the sentencing judge determines	7452
pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code	7453
that the offender is a sexual predator.	7454
(3) The delinquent child is adjudicated a delinquent child	7455
for committing a sexually oriented offense that is not a	7456
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense, was fourteen years	7457
of age or older at the time of committing the offense, and has	7458
been classified a juvenile offender registrant based on that	7459
adjudication, and the adjudicating judge or that judge's successor	7460
in office determines pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.09	7461
or pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of	7462
the Revised Code that the delinquent child is a sexual predator.	7463
(4) Prior to January 1, 1997, the offender was convicted of	7464

or pleaded guilty to, and was sentenced for, a sexually oriented	7465
offense that is not a registration exempt sexually oriented	7466
offense, the offender is imprisoned in a state correctional	7467
institution on or after January 1, 1997, and the court determines	7468
pursuant to division (C) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code	7469
that the offender is a sexual predator.	7470
(5) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was	7471
committed, the offender or delinguent child is convicted of or	7472
pleads guilty to, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, or	7473
is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually	7474
oriented offense that is not a registration exempt sexually	7475
oriented offense in another state, in a federal court, military	7476
court, or Indian tribal court, or in a court in any nation other	7477
than the United States, as a result of that conviction, plea of	7478
guilty, or adjudication, the offender or delinquent child is	7479
required, under the law of the jurisdiction in which the offender	7480
was convicted or pleaded guilty or the delinquent child was	7481
adjudicated, to register as a sex offender until the offender's or	7482
delinquent child's death, and, on or after July 1, 1997, for	7483
offenders or January 1, 2002, for delinquent children, the	7484
offender or delinquent child moves to and resides in this state or	7485
temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than five days or	7486
the offender is required under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code	7487
to register a school, institution of higher education, or place of	7488
employment address in this state, unless a court of common pleas	7489
or juvenile court determines that the offender or delinquent child	7490

2950.09 of the Revised Code.

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(H)(K) "Sexually violent predator specification," "sexually 7493 violent predator," "sexually violent offense," "sexual motivation 7494 specification," "designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping 7495 offense," and "violent sex offense" have the same meanings as in 7496

is not a sexual predator pursuant to division (F) of section

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section 2971.01 of the Revised Code.

(I)(L)"Post-release control sanction" and "transitional7498control" have the same meanings as in section 2967.01 of the7499Revised Code.7500

(J)(M) "Juvenile offender registrant" means a person who is 7501 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing on or after January 7502 7503 1, 2002, a sexually oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 7504 oriented offense, who is fourteen years of age or older at the 7505 time of committing the offense, and who a juvenile court judge, 7506 pursuant to an order issued under section 2152.82, 2152.83, 7507 2152.84, <del>or</del> 2152.85<u>, or 2152.86</u> of the Revised Code, classifies a 7508 juvenile offender registrant and specifies has a duty to comply 7509 with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the 7510 Revised Code if the child committed a sexually oriented offense or 7511 with sections 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code 7512 if the child committed a child-victim oriented offense. "Juvenile 7513 offender registrant" includes <u>a person who prior to January 1,</u> 7514 2008, was a "juvenile offender registrant" under the definition of 7515 the term in existence prior to January 1, 2008, and a person who, 7516 prior to July 31, 2003, was a "juvenile sex offender registrant" 7517 under the former definition of that former term. 7518

(K)(N) "Public registry-qualified juvenile offender7519registrant" means a person who is adjudicated a delinquent child7520before, on, or after January 1, 2008, and to whom all of the7521following apply:7522

(1) The person is adjudicated a delinquent child for7523committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to commit, or7524complicity in committing one of the following acts:7525

(a) A violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code,7526division (B) of section 2907.05 of the Revised Code, or section7527

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2907.03 of the Revised Code if the victim of the violation was	7528
less than twelve years of age;	7529
(b) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2905.01 of	7530
the Revised Code that was committed with a purpose to gratify the	7531
sexual needs or desires of the child.	7532
(2) The person was fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, or seventeen	7533
years of age at the time of committing the act.	7534
(3) A juvenile court judge, pursuant to an order issued under	7535
section 2152.86 of the Revised Code, classifies the person a	7536
juvenile offender registrant, specifies the person has a duty to	7537
comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised	7538
Code, and classifies the person a public registry-qualified	7539
juvenile offender registrant, and the classification of the person	7540
as a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant has	7541
not been terminated pursuant to division (D) of section 2152.86 of	7542
the Revised Code.	7543
(0) "Secure facility" means any facility that is designed and	7544
operated to ensure that all of its entrances and exits are locked	7545
and under the exclusive control of its staff and to ensure that,	7546
because of that exclusive control, no person who is	7547
institutionalized or confined in the facility may leave the	7548
facility without permission or supervision.	7549
(L)(P) "Out-of-state juvenile offender registrant" means a	7550
person who is adjudicated a delinquent child in a court in another	7551
state, in a federal court, military court, or Indian tribal court,	7552
or in a court in any nation other than the United States for	7553
committing a sexually oriented offense <del>that is not a</del>	7554
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim	7555
oriented offense, who on or after January 1, 2002, moves to and	7556
resides in this state or temporarily is domiciled in this state	7557
for more than five days, and who has a duty under section 2950.04	7558

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or 2950.041 of the Revised Code to register in this state and the	7559
duty to otherwise comply with that applicable section and sections	7560
2950.05 and 2950.06 of the Revised Code if the child committed a	7561
sexually oriented offense or has a duty under section 2950.041 of	7562
the Revised Code to register in this state and the duty to	7563
otherwise comply with that section and sections 2950.05 and	7564
2950.06 of the Revised Code if the child committed a child-victim	7565
oriented offense. "Out-of-state juvenile offender registrant"	7566
includes <u>a person who prior to January 1, 2008, was an</u>	7567
"out-of-state juvenile offender registrant" under the definition	7568
of the term in existence prior to January 1, 2008, and a person	7569
who, prior to July 31, 2003, was an "out-of-state juvenile sex	7570
offender registrant" under the former definition of that former	7571
term.	7572
(M)(Q) "Juvenile court judge" includes a magistrate to whom	7573
the juvenile court judge confers duties pursuant to division	7574

(A)(15) of section 2151.23 of the Revised Code.

(N)(R) "Adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a 7576
sexually oriented offense" includes a child who receives a serious 7577
youthful offender dispositional sentence under section 2152.13 of 7578
the Revised Code for committing a sexually oriented offense. 7579

(O) "Aggravated sexually oriented offense" means a violation7580of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code7581committed on or after June 13, 2002, or a violation of division7582(A)(2) of that section committed on or after July 31, 2003.7583

(P)(1) "Presumptive registration-exempt sexually oriented 7584 offense" means any of the following sexually oriented offenses 7585 described in division (P)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this 7586 section, when the offense is committed by a person who previously 7587 has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a 7588 delinquent child for committing any sexually oriented offense 7589 described in division (P)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this 7590

section, any other sexually oriented offense, or any child-victim	7591
oriented offense and when the victim or intended victim of the	7592
offense is eighteen years of age or older:	7593
(a) Any sexually oriented offense listed in division	7594
(D)(1)(e) or (D)(2)(f) of this section committed by a person who	7595
is eighteen years of age or older or, subject to division	7596
(P)(1)(e) of this section, committed by a person who is under	7597
eighteen years of age;	7598
(b) Any violation of any former law of this state, any	7599
existing or former municipal ordinance or law of another state or	7600
the United States, any existing or former law applicable in a	7601
military court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or	7602
former law of any nation other than the United States that is	7603
committed by a person who is eighteen years of age or older and	7604
that is or was substantially equivalent to any sexually oriented	7605
offense listed in division (P)(1)(a) of this section;	7606
(c) Subject to division (P)(1)(e) of this section, any	7607
violation of any former law of this state, any existing or former	7608
municipal ordinance or law of another state or the United States,	7609
any existing or former law applicable in a military court or in an	7610
Indian tribal court, or any existing or former law of any nation	7611
other than the United States that is committed by a person who is	7612
under eighteen years of age, that is or was substantially	7613
equivalent to any sexually oriented offense listed in division	7614
(P)(1)(a) of this section, and that would be a felony of the	7615
fourth degree if committed by an adult;	7616
(d) Any attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or	7617
complicity in committing any offense listed in division (P)(1)(a)	7618

or (b) of this section if the person is eighteen years of age or7619older or, subject to division (P)(1)(e) of this section, listed in7620division (P)(1)(a) or (c) of this section if the person is under7621eighteen years of age.7622

(e) Regarding an act committed by a person under eighteen	7623
years of age, if the child's case has been transferred for	7624
criminal prosecution under section 2152.12 of the Revised Code,	7625
the act is any sexually oriented offense listed in division	7626
(P)(1)(a), (b), or (d) of this section.	7627

7628 (2) "Presumptive registration-exempt sexually oriented offense" does not include any sexually oriented offense described 7629 7630 in division (P)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this section that is committed by a person who previously has been convicted of, 7631 pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for 7632 committing any sexually oriented offense described in division 7633 (P)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this section or any other 7634 sexually oriented offense. 7635

(Q)(1) "Registration-exempt sexually oriented offense" means 7636 any presumptive registration exempt sexually oriented offense, if 7637 a court does not issue an order under section 2950.021 of the 7638 Revised Code that removes the presumptive exemption and subjects 7639 the offender who was convicted of or pleaded guilty to the offense 7640 to registration under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code and all 7641 other duties and responsibilities generally imposed under this 7642 chapter upon persons who are convicted of or plead guilty to any 7643 sexually oriented offense other than a presumptive 7644 registration exempt sexually oriented offense or that removes the 7645 presumptive exemption and potentially subjects the child who was 7646 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing the offense to 7647 classification as a juvenile offender registrant under section 7648 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code and to 7649 registration under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code and all 7650 other duties and responsibilities generally imposed under this 7651 chapter upon persons who are adjudicated delinquent children for 7652 7653 committing a sexually oriented offense other than a presumptive 7654 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense.

(2) "Registration-exempt sexually oriented offense" does not	7655
include a presumptive registration exempt sexually oriented	7656
offense if a court issues an order under section 2950.021 of the	7657
Revised Code that removes the presumptive exemption and subjects	7658
the offender or potentially subjects the delinquent child to the	7659
duties and responsibilities described in division (Q)(1) of this	7660
section.	7661
(R)(S) "School" and "school premises" have the same meanings	7662
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	7663
(S)(1) "Child victim oriented offense" means any of the	7664
following:	7665
(a) Subject to division (S)(2) of this section, any of the	7666
following violations or offenses committed by a person eighteen	7667
years of age or older, when the victim of the violation is under	7668
eighteen years of age and is not a child of the person who commits	7669
the violation:	7670
(i) A violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of	7671
section 2905.01, of section 2905.02, 2905.03, or 2905.05, or of	7672
former section 2905.04 of the Revised Code;	7673
(ii) A violation of any former law of this state, any	7674
existing or former municipal ordinance or law of another state or	7675
the United States, any existing or former law applicable in a	7676
military court or in an Indian tribal court, or any existing or	7677
former law of any nation other than the United States, that is or	7678
was substantially equivalent to any offense listed in division	7679
(S)(1)(a)(i) of this section;	7680
(iii) An attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or	7681
complicity in committing any offense listed in division	7682
(S)(1)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section.	7683
(b) Subject to division (S)(2) of this section, an act	7684
committed by a person under eighteen years of age that is any of	7685

the following, when the victim of the violation is under eighteen	7686
years of age and is not a child of the person who commits the	7687
violation:	7688
(i) Subject to division (S)(1)(b)(iv) of this section, a	7689
violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of section 2905.01	7690
or of former section 2905.04 of the Revised Code;	7691
(ii) Subject to division (S)(1)(b)(iv) of this section, any	7692
violation of any former law of this state, any existing or former	7693
municipal ordinance or law of another state or the United States,	7694
any existing or former law applicable in a military court or in an	7695
Indian tribal court, or any existing or former law of any nation	7696
other than the United States, that is or was substantially	7697
equivalent to any offense listed in division (S)(1)(b)(i) of this	7698
section and that, if committed by an adult, would be a felony of	7699
the first, second, third, or fourth degree;	7700
(iii) Subject to division (S)(1)(b)(iv) of this section, any	7701
attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or complicity in	7702
committing any offense listed in division (S)(1)(b)(i) or (ii) of	7703
this section;	7704
(iv) If the child's case has been transferred for criminal	7705
prosecution under section 2152.12 of the Revised Code, the act is	7706
any violation listed in division (S)(1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) of	7707
this section or would be any offense listed in any of those	7708
divisions if committed by an adult.	7709
(2) "Child-victim oriented offense" does not include any	7710
offense identified in division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this section	7711
that is a sexually violent offense. An offense identified in	7712
division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this section that is a sexually	7713
violent offense is within the definition of a sexually oriented	7714
offense.	7715
(T)(1) "Habitual child-victim offender" means, except when a	7716

(a) The person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a
child victim oriented offense, or the person is adjudicated a
delinquent child for committing on or after January 1, 2002, a
child-victim oriented offense, was fourteen years of age or older
at the time of committing the offense, and is classified a
juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication.
7720

(b) One of the following applies to the person:

(i) Regarding a person who is an offender, the person 7727 previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to one or more 7728 child victim oriented offenses or previously was adjudicated a 7729 delinquent child for committing one or more child-victim oriented 7730 offenses and was classified a juvenile offender registrant or 7731 out-of-state juvenile offender registrant based on one or more of 7732 those adjudications, regardless of when the offense was committed 7733 and regardless of the person's age at the time of committing the 7734 offense. 7735

(ii) Regarding a delinquent child, the person previously was 7736

 convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent
 7737

 child for committing one or more child-victim oriented offenses,
 7738

 regardless of when the offense was committed and regardless of the
 7739

 person's age at the time of committing the offense.
 7740

(2) "Habitual child-victim offender" includes a person who
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has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a
7742
delinquent child for committing, a child-victim oriented offense
7743
and who, on and after July 31, 2003, is automatically classified a
7744
habitual child victim offender pursuant to division (E) of section
7745
2950.091 of the Revised Code.

(U) "Child-victim predator" means a person to whom either of 7747

7726

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the following applies:	7748
(1) The person has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	7749
committing a child victim oriented offense and is likely to engage	7750
in the future in one or more child-victim oriented offenses.	7751
(2) The person has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	7752
committing a child-victim oriented offense, was fourteen years of	7753
age or older at the time of committing the offense, was classified	7754
a juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication, and is	7755
likely to engage in the future in one or more child-victim	7756
oriented offenses.	7757
(V) An offender or delinquent child is "adjudicated as being	7758
a child-victim predator or "adjudicated a child-victim predator"	7759
if any of the following applies and if, regarding a delinquent	7760
child, that status has not been removed pursuant to section	7761
2152.84, 2152.85, or 2950.09 of the Revised Code:	7762
(1) The offender or delinquent child has been convicted of,	7763
pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for	7764
committing, a child victim oriented offense and, on and after July	7765
31, 2003, is automatically classified a child-victim predator	7766
pursuant to division (A) of section 2950.091 of the Revised Code.	7767
(2) Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense was	7768
committed, on or after July 31, 2003, the offender is sentenced	7769
for a child victim oriented offense, and the sentencing judge	7770
determines pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.091 of the	7771
Revised Code that the offender is a child-victim predator.	7772
(3) The delinquent child is adjudicated a delinquent child	7773
for committing a child-victim oriented offense, was fourteen years	7774
of age or older at the time of committing the offense, and has	7775
been classified a juvenile offender registrant based on that	7776
adjudication, and the adjudicating judge or that judge's successor	7777
in office determines pursuant to division (B) of section 2950.09	7778

or pursuant to section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of	7779
the Revised Code that the delinquent child is a child victim	7780
predator.	7781
(4) Prior to July 31, 2003, the offender was convicted of or	7782
pleaded guilty to a child victim oriented offense, at the time of	7783
the conviction or guilty plea, the offense was considered a	7784
sexually oriented offense, on or after July 31, 2003, the offender	7785
is serving a term of imprisonment in a state correctional	7786
institution, and the court determines pursuant to division (C) of	7787
section 2950.091 of the Revised Code that the offender is a	7788
child-victim predator.	7789
(5) Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense was	7790
committed, the offender or delinguent child is convicted, pleads	7791
guilty, has been convicted, pleaded guilty, or adjudicated a	7792
delinquent child in a court in another state, in a federal court,	7793
military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a court in any	7794
nation other than the United States for committing a child-victim	7795
oriented offense, as a result of that conviction, plea of guilty,	7796
or adjudication, the offender or delinquent child is required	7797
under the law of the jurisdiction in which the offender was	7798
convicted or pleaded guilty or the delinquent child was	7799
adjudicated, to register as a child-victim offender or sex	7800
offender until the offender's or delinquent child's death, and, on	7801
or after July 1, 1997, for offenders or January 1, 2002, for	7802
delinquent children the offender or delinquent child moves to and	7803
resides in this state or temporarily is domiciled in this state	7804
for more than five days or the offender is required under section	7805
2950.041 of the Revised Code to register a school, institution of	7806
higher education, or place of employment address in this state,	7807
unless a court of common pleas or juvenile court determines that	7808
the offender or delinquent child is not a child victim predator	7809
pursuant to division (F) of section 2950.091 of the Revised Code.	7810

(W)(T) "Residential premises" means the building in which a 7811
residential unit is located and the grounds upon which that 7812
building stands, extending to the perimeter of the property. 7813
"Residential premises" includes any type of structure in which a 7814
residential unit is located, including, but not limited to, 7815
multi-unit buildings and mobile and manufactured homes. 7816

(X)(U)"Residential unit" means a dwelling unit for7817residential use and occupancy, and includes the structure or part7818of a structure that is used as a home, residence, or sleeping7819place by one person who maintains a household or two or more7820persons who maintain a common household. "Residential unit" does7821not include a halfway house or a community-based correctional7823facility.7823

(Y)(V) "Multi-unit building" means a building in which is 7824 located more than twelve residential units that have entry doors 7825 that open directly into the unit from a hallway that is shared 7826 with one or more other units. A residential unit is not considered 7827 located in a multi-unit building if the unit does not have an 7828 entry door that opens directly into the unit from a hallway that 7829 is shared with one or more other units or if the unit is in a 7830 building that is not a multi-unit building as described in this 7831 division. 7832

(Z)(W)"Community control sanction" has the same meaning as7833in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.7834

(AA)(X) "Halfway house" and "community-based correctional 7835 facility" have the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the 7836 Revised Code. 7837

(BB) "Adjudicated a sexually violent predator" has the same7838meaning as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code, and a person is7839"adjudicated a sexually violent predator" in the same manner and7840the same circumstances as are described in that section.7841

Sec. 2950.011. Except as specifically provided to the	7842
contrary in sections 2950.02 to 2950.99 of the Revised Code, all	7843
references in any of those sections to "sexually oriented offense"	7844
include, in addition to the violations specified in division $(A)$	7845
of section 2950.01 of the Revised Code on and after January 1,	7846
2008, any sexually oriented offense, as that term was defined in	7847
section 2950.01 of the Revised Code prior to January 1, 2008, that	7848
was committed prior to that date and that was not a registration	7849
exempt sexually oriented offense, as that term was defined in that	7850
section prior to January 1, 2008.	7851
Example as appaificably provided to the contrary in costions	7950

Except as specifically provided to the contrary in sections 7852 2950.02 to 2950.99 of the Revised Code, all references in any of 7853 those sections to "child-victim oriented offense" include, in 7854 addition to the violations specified in division (C) of section 7855 2950.01 of the Revised Code on and after January 1, 2008, any 7856 child-victim oriented offense, as that term was defined in section 7857 2950.01 of the Revised Code prior to January 1, 2008, that was 7858 committed prior to that date. 7859

sec. 2950.02. (A) The general assembly hereby determines and 7860
declares that it recognizes and finds all of the following: 7861

(1) If the public is provided adequate notice and information 7862 about offenders and delinquent children who commit sexually 7863 oriented offenses that are not registration exempt sexually 7864 oriented offenses or who commit child-victim oriented offenses, 7865 members of the public and communities can develop constructive 7866 plans to prepare themselves and their children for the offender's 7867 or delinquent child's release from imprisonment, a prison term, or 7868 other confinement or detention. This allows members of the public 7869 and communities to meet with members of law enforcement agencies 7870 to prepare and obtain information about the rights and 7871 responsibilities of the public and the communities and to provide 7872

education and counseling to their children. 7873

(2) Sex offenders and offenders who commit child-victim 7874 oriented offenses offenders pose a risk of engaging in further 7875 sexually abusive behavior even after being released from 7876 imprisonment, a prison term, or other confinement or detention, 7877 and protection of members of the public from sex offenders and 7878 offenders who commit child-victim oriented offenses offenders is a 7879 paramount governmental interest. 7880

(3) The penal, juvenile, and mental health components of the 7881 justice system of this state are largely hidden from public view, 7882 and a lack of information from any component may result in the 7883 failure of the system to satisfy this paramount governmental 7884 interest of public safety described in division (A)(2) of this 7885 section. 7886

(4) Overly restrictive confidentiality and liability laws 7887 governing the release of information about sex offenders and 7888 offenders who commit child-victim oriented offenses offenders have 7889 reduced the willingness to release information that could be 7890 appropriately released under the public disclosure laws and have 7891 increased risks of public safety. 7892

(5) A person who is found to be a sex offender or  $\frac{1}{1000}$  to have 7893 committed a child-victim oriented offense offender has a reduced 7894 expectation of privacy because of the public's interest in public 7895 safety and in the effective operation of government. 7896

(6) The release of information about sex offenders and 7897 offenders who commit child-victim oriented offenses offenders to 7898 public agencies and the general public will further the 7899 governmental interests of public safety and public scrutiny of the 7900 criminal, juvenile, and mental health systems as long as the 7901 information released is rationally related to the furtherance of 7902 those goals. 7903

(B) The general assembly hereby declares that, in providing 7904 in this chapter for registration regarding offenders and certain 7905 delinquent children who have committed sexually oriented offenses 7906 that are not registration-exempt sexually oriented offenses or who 7907 have committed child-victim oriented offenses and for community 7908 notification regarding sexual predators, child victim predators, 7909 habitual sex offenders, and habitual child-victim offenders tier 7910 III sex offenders/child-victim offenders who are criminal 7911 offenders, public registry-qualified juvenile offender 7912 registrants, and certain other juvenile offender registrants who 7913 are about to be or have been released from imprisonment, a prison 7914 term, or other confinement or detention and who will live in or 7915 near a particular neighborhood or who otherwise will live in or 7916 near a particular neighborhood, it is the general assembly's 7917 intent to protect the safety and general welfare of the people of 7918 this state. The general assembly further declares that it is the 7919 policy of this state to require the exchange in accordance with 7920 this chapter of relevant information about sex offenders and 7921 offenders who commit child-victim oriented offenses offenders 7922 among public agencies and officials and to authorize the release 7923 in accordance with this chapter of necessary and relevant 7924 information about sex offenders and offenders who commit 7925 child-victim oriented offenses offenders to members of the general 7926 public as a means of assuring public protection and that the 7927 exchange or release of that information is not punitive. 7928

Sec. 2950.03. (A) Each person who has been convicted of, is 7929 convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or pleads guilty to a 7930 sexually oriented offense that is not a registration exempt 7931 sexually or a child-victim oriented offense and who has a duty to 7932 register pursuant to section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised 7933 Code, and each person who is adjudicated a delinquent child for 7934 committing a sexually oriented offense that is not a 7930 of the the text of text of

registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim	7936
oriented offense and who is classified a juvenile offender	7937
registrant based on that adjudication <del>, each person who has been</del>	7938
convicted of, is convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or pleads	7939
guilty to a child victim oriented offense and has a duty to	7940
register pursuant to section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, and	7941
each person who is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a	7942
child victim oriented offense and who is classified a juvenile	7943
offender registrant based on that adjudication shall be provided	7944
notice in accordance with this section of the offender's or	7945
delinquent child's duties imposed under sections 2950.04,	7946
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code and of the	7947
offender's duties to similarly register, provide notice of a	7948
change, and verify addresses in another state if the offender	7949
resides, is temporarily domiciled, attends a school or institution	7950
of higher education, or is employed in a state other than this	7951
state. A person who has been convicted of, is convicted of, has	7952
pleaded guilty to, or pleads guilty to a sexually oriented offense	7953
that is a registration-exempt sexually oriented offense, and a	7954
person who is or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	7955
committing a sexually oriented offense that is a	7956
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense, does not have a	7957
duty to register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code based	7958
on that conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication, and no notice is	7959
required to be provided to that person under this division based	7960
on that conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication. The following	7961
official shall provide the notice required under this division to	7962
the specified person at the following time:	7963

(1) Regardless of when the person committed the sexually 7964 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, if the person 7965 is an offender who is sentenced for the sexually oriented offense 7966 or child-victim oriented offense to a prison term, a term of 7967 imprisonment, or any other type of confinement, and if<sub>7</sub> on or 7968

after January 1, 1997 2008, the offender is serving that term or 7969 is under that confinement, subject to division (A)(5) of this 7970 section, the official in charge of the jail, workhouse, state 7971 correctional institution, or other institution in which the 7972 offender serves the prison term, term of imprisonment, or 7973 confinement, or a designee of that official, shall provide the 7974 notice to the offender before the offender is released pursuant to 7975 any type of supervised release or before the offender otherwise is 7976 released from the prison term, term of imprisonment, or 7977 confinement. This division applies to a child victim oriented 7978 offense if the offender is sentenced for the offense on or after 7979 July 31, 2003, or if, prior to July 31, 2003, the child-victim 7980 oriented offense was a sexually oriented offense and the offender 7981 was sentenced as described in this division for the child-victim 7982 oriented offense when it was designated a sexually oriented 7983 7984 offense. If a person was provided notice under this division prior to July 31, 2003, in relation to an offense that, prior to July 7985 31, 2003, was a sexually oriented offense but that, on and after 7986 July 31, 2003, is a child-victim oriented offense, the notice 7987 provided under this division shall suffice for purposes of this 7988 section as notice to the offender of the offender's duties under 7989 sections 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code 7990 imposed as a result of the conviction of or plea of guilty to the 7991 child-victim oriented offense. 7992

(2) Regardless of when the person committed the sexually 7993 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, if the person 7994 is an offender who is sentenced for the sexually oriented offense 7995 or child-victim oriented offense on or after January 1, 1997, or 7996 who is sentenced for the child victim oriented offense on or after 7997 July 31, 2003 January 1, 2008, and if division (A)(1) of this 7998 section does not apply, the judge shall provide the notice to the 7999 offender at the time of sentencing. If a person was provided 8000 notice under this division prior to July 31, 2003, in relation to 8001

an offense that, prior to July 31, 2003,, was a sexually oriented	8002
offense but that, on and after July 31, 2003,, is a child victim	8003
oriented offense, the notice so provided under this division shall	8004
suffice for purposes of this section as notice to the offender of	8005
the offender's duties under sections 2950.041, 2950.05, and	8006
2950.06 of the Revised Code imposed as a result of the conviction	8007
of or plea of guilty to the child-victim oriented offense.	8008

(3) If the person is an offender who committed the sexually 8009 oriented offense prior to January 1, 1997, if neither division 8010 (A)(1) nor division (A)(2) of this section applies, and if, 8011 immediately prior to January 1, 1997, the offender was a habitual 8012 sex offender who was required to register under Chapter 2950. of 8013 the Revised Code, the chief of police or sheriff with whom the 8014 offender most recently registered under that chapter, in the 8015 circumstances described in this division, shall provide the notice 8016 to the offender. If the offender has registered with a chief of 8017 police or sheriff under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as it 8018 existed prior to January 1, 1997, the chief of police or sheriff 8019 with whom the offender most recently registered shall provide the 8020 notice to the offender as soon as possible after January 1, 1997, 8021 as described in division (B)(1) of this section. If the offender 8022 has not registered with a chief of police or sheriff under that 8023 chapter, the failure to register shall constitute a waiver by the 8024 offender of any right to notice under this section. If an offender 8025 described in this division does not receive notice under this 8026 section, the offender is not relieved of the offender's duties 8027 imposed under sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the 8028 Revised Code. 8029

(4) If neither division (A)(1), (2), nor (3) of this section8030applies and if the offender is adjudicated a sexual predator8031pursuant to division (C) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code or8032a child-victim predator pursuant to division (C) of section8033

2950.091 of the Revised Code, the judge shall provide the notice	8034
to the offender at the time of adjudication.	8035
(5) If the person is a delinquent child who is classified a	8036
juvenile offender registrant <u>on or after January 1, 2008</u> , the	8037
judge shall provide the notice to the delinquent child at the time	8038
specified in division (B) of section 2152.82, division $(D)(C)$ of	8039
section 2152.83, division (C) of section 2152.84, or division (E)	8040
of section 2152.85 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable.	8041
If a delinquent child was provided notice under this division	8042
prior to July 31, 2003, in relation to an offense that, prior to	8043
July 31, 2003, was a sexually oriented offense but that, on and	8044
after July 31, 2003, is a child-victim oriented offense, the	8045
notice so provided under this division shall suffice for purposes	8046
of this section as notice to the delinquent child of the	8047
delinquent child's duties under sections 2950.041, 2950.05, and	8048
2950.06 of the Revised Code imposed as a result of the	8049
adjudication as a delinquent child for the child-victim oriented	8050
offense.	8051
(6) If the person is an offender in any category described in	8052
division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section and if, prior to	8053
July 31, 2003, the offender was provided notice of the offender's	8054
duties in accordance with that division, not later than ninety	8055
days after July 31, 2003, the sheriff with whom the offender most	8056
recently registered or verified an address under section 2950.04,	8057
2950.041, 2950.05, or 2950.06 of the Revised Code shall provide	8058

notice to the offender of the offender's duties imposed on and8059after July 31, 2003, pursuant to any of those sections to register8060a school, institution of higher education, or place of employment8061address, provide notice of a change of that address, and verify8062that address. The sheriff may provide the notice to the offender8063at the time the offender registers, provides notice of a change8064in, or verifies a residence, school, institution of higher8065

8093

education, or place of employment address under any of those	8066
sections within the specified ninety day period. If the offender	8067
does not so register, provide notice of a change in, or verify an	8068
address within the specified ninety-day period, the sheriff shall	8069
provide the notice to the offender by sending it to the offender	8070
at the most recent residence address available for the offender.	8071
If the offender was required to register prior to July 31, 2003,	8072
and failed to do so, the failure to register constitutes a waiver	8073
by the offender of any right to notice under this division. If the	8074
offender has not registered prior to July 31, 2003, the offender	8075
is presumed to have knowledge of the law and of the duties	8076
referred to in this division that are imposed on and after July	8077
31, 2003. If an offender does not receive notice under this	8078
division, the offender is not relieved of any of the duties	8079
described in this division.	8080
(4) If the person is a delinquent child who is classified as	8081
both a juvenile offender registrant and a public	8082
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant on or after	8083
January 1, 2008, the judge shall provide the notice to the	8084
delinguent child at the time specified in division (B) of section	8085
2152.86 of the Revised Code.	8086
(5) If the person is an offender or delinquent child in any	8087
of the following categories, the attorney general, department of	8088
rehabilitation and correction, or department of youth services	8089
	8090
shall provide the notice to the offender or delinquent child at	
the time and in the manner specified in section 2950.031 or	8091
division (A) or (B) of section 2950.032 of the Revised Code,	8092
	0000

(a) An offender or delinquent child who prior to December 1,80942007, has registered a residence, school, institution of higher8095education, or place of employment address pursuant to section80962950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code;8097

whichever is applicable:

sheriff pursuant to section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised	8098
	0000
	8099
Code on or after December 1, 2007, previously had not registered	8100
under either section with that sheriff or any other sheriff, and	8101
was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or was classified a juvenile	8102
offender registrant relative to the sexually oriented offense or	8103
child-victim oriented offense upon which the registration was	8104
based prior to December 1, 2007;	8105
(c) An offender who on December 1, 2007, is serving a prison	8106
term in a state correctional institution for a sexually oriented	8107
offense or child-victim oriented offense or each delinquent child	8108
who has been classified a juvenile offender registrant relative to	8109
a sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense and	8110
who on that date is confined in an institution of the department	8111
	8111 8112
of youth services for the sexually oriented offense or	
of youth services for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense;	8112
of youth services for the sexually oriented offense or       8         child-victim oriented offense;       8         (d) An offender or delinquent child who on or after December       8	8112 8113
of youth services for the sexually oriented offense or       8         child-victim oriented offense;       8         (d) An offender or delinquent child who on or after December       8         2, 2007, commences a prison term in a state correctional       8	8112 8113 8114
of youth services for the sexually oriented offense or       8         child-victim oriented offense;       8         (d) An offender or delinquent child who on or after December       8         2, 2007, commences a prison term in a state correctional       8         institution or confinement in an institution of the department of       8	8112 8113 8114 8115
of youth services for the sexually oriented offense orSecuritychild-victim oriented offense;Security(d) An offender or delinquent child who on or after DecemberSecurity2, 2007, commences a prison term in a state correctionalSecurityinstitution or confinement in an institution of the department ofSecurityyouth services for a sexually oriented offense or child-victimSecurity	8112 8113 8114 8115 8116
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of youth services for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense;8(d) An offender or delinquent child who on or after December82, 2007, commences a prison term in a state correctional8institution or confinement in an institution of the department of8youth services for a sexually oriented offense or child-victim8oriented offense and who was convicted of, pleaded quilty to, or8was classified a juvenile offender registrant relative to the8sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense prior8(6) If the person is an offender or delinquent child who on or after July 1, 2007, and prior to January 1, 2008, is convicted8	8112 8113 8114 8115 8116 8117 8118 8119 8120 8121 8122
of youth services for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense;2(d) An offender or delinquent child who on or after December22, 2007, commences a prison term in a state correctional3institution or confinement in an institution of the department of youth services for a sexually oriented offense or child-victim3oriented offense and who was convicted of, pleaded quilty to, or was classified a juvenile offender registrant relative to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense prior3(6) If the person is an offender or delinquent child who on or after July 1, 2007, and prior to January 1, 2008, is convicted of or pleads quilty to a sexually oriented offense or a3	8112 8113 8114 8115 8116 8117 8118 8119 8120 8121 8122 8123
of youth services for the sexually oriented offense or       a         child-victim oriented offense;       a         (d) An offender or delinquent child who on or after December       a         2, 2007, commences a prison term in a state correctional       a         institution or confinement in an institution of the department of       a         youth services for a sexually oriented offense or child-victim       a         oriented offense and who was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or       a         was classified a juvenile offender registrant relative to the       a         sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense prior       a         (6) If the person is an offender or delinquent child who on       a         or after July 1, 2007, and prior to January 1, 2008, is convicted       a         of or pleads guilty to a sexually oriented offense or a       a         child-victim oriented offense and is not sentenced to a prison       a	8112 8113 8114 8115 8116 8117 8118 8119 8120 8121 8122 8123 8124
of youth services for the sexually oriented offense or       a         child-victim oriented offense;       a         (d) An offender or delinquent child who on or after December       a         2, 2007, commences a prison term in a state correctional       a         institution or confinement in an institution of the department of       a         youth services for a sexually oriented offense or child-victim       a         oriented offense and who was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or       a         was classified a juvenile offender registrant relative to the       a         sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense prior       a         to that date.       a         (6) If the person is an offender or delinquent child who on       a         or after July 1, 2007, and prior to January 1, 2008, is convicted       a         of or pleads guilty to a sexually oriented offense or a       a         child-victim oriented offense and is not sentenced to a prison       a         term for that offense or is classified a juvenile offender       a	8112 8113 8114 8115 8116 8117 8118 8119 8120 8121 8122 8123 8124 8125
of youth services for the sexually oriented offense or       2         child-victim oriented offense;       2         (d) An offender or delinquent child who on or after December       2         2, 2007, commences a prison term in a state correctional       3         institution or confinement in an institution of the department of       3         youth services for a sexually oriented offense or child-victim       3         oriented offense and who was convicted of, pleaded quilty to, or       3         was classified a juvenile offender registrant relative to the       3         sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense prior       3         to that date.       3         (6) If the person is an offender or delinquent child who on       3         or after July 1, 2007, and prior to January 1, 2008, is convicted       3         of or pleads quilty to a sexually oriented offense or a       3         child-victim oriented offense and is not sentenced to a prison       3         term for that offense or is classified a juvenile offender       3         registrant relative to a sexually oriented offense or child-victim       3	8112 8113 8114 8115 8116 8117 8118 8119 8120 8121 8122 8123 8124 8125 8126

court or juvenile court shall provide the notice to the offender

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court of juvenite court shart provide the notice to the oriender	0100
or delinguent child at the time and in the manner specified in	8131
division (C) of section 2950.032 of the Revised Code.	8132
(7) If the person is an offender or delinquent child who has	8133
a duty to register in this state pursuant to division (A) $(3)(4)$ of	8134
section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, the offender or	8135
delinquent child is presumed to have knowledge of the law and of	8136
the offender's or delinquent child's duties imposed under sections	8137
2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code.	8138
(B)(1) The notice provided under division (A) of this section	8139
shall inform the offender or delinquent child of the offender's or	8140
delinquent child's duty to register, to provide notice of a change	8141
in the offender's or delinquent child's residence address or in	8142
the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place	8143
of employment address, as applicable, and register the new	8144
address, to periodically verify the offender's or delinquent	8145
child's residence address or the offender's school, institution of	8146
higher education, or place of employment address, as applicable,	8147
and, if applicable, to provide notice of the offender's or	8148
delinquent child's intent to reside, pursuant to sections 2950.04,	8149
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code. The notice	8150
shall specify that, for an offender, it applies regarding	8151
residence addresses or school, institution of higher education,	8152
and place of employment addresses and that, for a delinquent	8153
child, it applies regarding residence addresses. Additionally, it	8154
shall inform the offender of the offender's duties to similarly	8155
register, provide notice of a change in, and verify those	8156
addresses in states other than this state as described in division	8157
(A) of this section. A notice provided under division (A)(6) of	8158
this section shall state the new duties imposed on the offender on	8159
and after July 31, 2003, to register, provide notice of a change	8160
in, and periodically verify, a school, institution of higher	8161

education, or place of employment address and specify that the new	8162
duties are in addition to the prior duties imposed upon the	8163
offender. A notice provided under division (A)(1), (2), (3), or	8164
(4), or (5) of this section shall comport with the following:	8165
(a) If the notice is provided to an offender under division	8166
(A)(3) of this section, the notice shall state the offender's	8167
duties to register, to file a notice of intent to reside, if	8168
applicable, to register a new residence address or new school,	8169
institution of higher education, or place of employment address,	8170
and to periodically verify those addresses, the offender's duties	8171
in other states as described in division (A) of this section, and	8172
that, if the offender has any questions concerning these duties,	8173
the offender may contact the chief of police or sheriff who sent	8174
the form for an explanation of the duties. If the offender appears	8175
in person before the chief of police or sheriff, the chief or	8176
sheriff shall provide the notice as described in division	8177
(B)(1)(a) of this section, and all provisions of this section that	8178
apply regarding a notice provided by an official, official's	8179
designee, or judge in that manner shall be applicable.	8180

(b) If the notice is provided to an offender under division 8181  $(A)(1)_{\tau}$  or  $(2)_{\tau}$  or (4) of this section, the official, official's 8182 designee, or judge shall require the offender to read and sign a 8183 form stating that the offender's duties to register, to file a 8184 notice of intent to reside, if applicable, to register a new 8185 residence address or new school, institution of higher education, 8186 or place of employment address, and to periodically verify those 8187 addresses, and the offender's duties in other states as described 8188 in division (A) of this section have been explained to the 8189 offender. If the offender is unable to read, the official, 8190 official's designee, or judge shall certify on the form that the 8191 official, designee, or judge specifically informed the offender of 8192 those duties and that the offender indicated an understanding of 8193

those duties.

(c)(b) If the notice is provided to a delinquent child under 8195 division (A) $\frac{(5)}{(3)}$  or (4) of this section, the judge shall require 8196 the delinquent child and the delinquent child's parent, guardian, 8197 or custodian to read and sign a form stating that the delinquent 8198 child's duties to register, to file a notice of intent to reside, 8199 if applicable, to register a new residence address, and to 8200 periodically verify that address have been explained to the 8201 delinquent child and to the delinquent child's parent, guardian, 8202 or custodian. If the delinguent child or the delinguent child's 8203 parent, guardian, or custodian is unable to read, the judge shall 8204 certify on the form that the judge specifically informed the 8205 delinquent child or the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or 8206 custodian of those duties and that the delinquent child or the 8207 delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian indicated an 8208 understanding of those duties. 8209

(2) The notice provided under divisions (A)(1) to (6)(4) of 8210 this section shall be on a form prescribed by the bureau of 8211 criminal identification and investigation and shall contain all of 8212 the information specified in division (A) of this section and all 8213 of the information required by the bureau. The notice provided 8214 under divisions (A)(1) to (5)(4) of this section shall include, 8215 but is not limited to, all of the following: 8216

(a) For any notice provided under division divisions (A)(1) 8217 to (5)(4) of this section, a statement as to whether the offender 8218 or delinquent child has been adjudicated a sexual predator or a 8219 child-victim predator relative to the sexually oriented offense or 8220 child victim oriented offense in question, a statement as to 8221 whether the offender or delinquent child has been determined to be 8222 a habitual sex offender or habitual child-victim offender, a 8223 statement as to whether the offense for which the offender has the 8224 duty to register is an aggravated sexually oriented offense, an 8225

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explanation of the offender's periodic residence address or 8226 periodic school, institution of higher education, or place of 8227 employment address verification process or of the delinquent 8228 child's periodic residence address verification process, an 8229 explanation of the frequency with which the offender or delinquent 8230 child will be required to verify those addresses under that 8231 process, a statement that the offender or delinquent child must 8232 verify those addresses at the times specified under that process 8233 or face criminal prosecution or a delinquent child proceeding, and 8234 an explanation of the offender's duty to similarly register, 8235 verify, and reregister those addresses in another state if the 8236 offender resides in another state, attends a school or institution 8237 of higher education in another state, or is employed in another 8238 8239 state.

(b) If the notice is provided under division (A)(4) of this 8240 section, a statement that the notice replaces any notice 8241 previously provided to the offender under division (A)(1) of this 8242 section, a statement that the offender's duties described in this 8243 notice supersede the duties described in the prior notice, and a 8244 statement notifying the offender that, if the offender already has 8245 registered under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, 8246 the offender must register again pursuant to division (A)(6) of 8247 that section; 8248

(c) If the notice is provided under division (A)(5)(3) or (4) 8249
of this section, a statement that the delinquent child has been 8250
classified by the adjudicating juvenile court judge or the judge's 8251
successor in office a juvenile offender registrant and, if 8252
applicable, a public-registry qualified juvenile offender 8253
registrant and has a duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 8254
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code; 8255

(d)(c) If the notice is provided under division (A)(5)(3) or8256(4) of this section, a statement that, if the delinquent child8257

fails to comply with the requirements of sections 2950.04,82582950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, both of the8259following apply:8260

(i) If the delinquent child's failure occurs while the child
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is under eighteen years of age, the child is subject to
proceedings under Chapter 2152. of the Revised Code based on the
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failure, but if the failure occurs while the child is eighteen
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years of age or older, the child is subject to criminal
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prosecution based on the failure.

(ii) If the delinquent child's failure occurs while the child 8267 is under eighteen years of age, unless the child is emancipated, 8268 as defined in section 2919.121 of the Revised Code, the failure of 8269 the parent, guardian, or custodian to ensure that the child 8270 complies with those requirements is a violation of section 2919.24 8271 of the Revised Code and may result in the prosecution of the 8272 parent, guardian, or custodian for that violation. 8273

(3)(a) After an offender described in division  $(A)(1)_{\tau}$  or 8274 (2), or (4) of this section has signed the form described in 8275 divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section or the official, 8276 official's designee, or judge has certified on the form that the 8277 form has been explained to the offender and that the offender 8278 indicated an understanding of the duties indicated on it, the 8279 official, official's designee, or judge shall give one copy of the 8280 form to the offender, within three days shall send one copy of the 8281 form to the bureau of criminal identification and investigation in 8282 accordance with the procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 8283 of the Revised Code, and shall send one copy of the form to the 8284 sheriff of the county in which the offender expects to reside, and 8285 shall send one copy of the form to the sheriff of the county in 8286 which the offender was convicted or pleaded guilty if the offender 8287 has a duty to register pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 8288 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code. 8289

(b) After a chief of police or sheriff has sent a form to an	8290
offender under division (A)(3) of this section, the chief or	8291
sheriff shall send a copy of the form to the bureau of criminal	8292
identification and investigation in accordance with the procedures	8293
adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code.	8294

(c) After a delinquent child described in division (A) (5)(3) 8295 or (4) of this section and the delinquent child's parent, 8296 quardian, or custodian have signed the form described in divisions 8297 (B)(1) and (2) of this section or the judge has certified on the 8298 form that the form has been explained to the delinquent child or 8299 the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian and that the 8300 delinquent child or the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or 8301 custodian indicated an understanding of the duties and information 8302 indicated on the form, the judge shall give a copy of the form to 8303 both the delinquent child and to the delinquent child's parent, 8304 guardian, or custodian, within three days shall send one copy of 8305 the form to the bureau of criminal identification and 8306 investigation in accordance with the procedures adopted pursuant 8307 to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code, and shall send one copy of 8308 the form to the sheriff of the county in which the delinquent 8309 child expects to reside, and shall send one copy of the form to 8310 the sheriff of the county in which the child was adjudicated a 8311 delinguent child if the delinguent child has a duty to register 8312 pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the 8313 Revised Code. 8314

(C) The official, official's designee, judge, chief of 8315 police, or sheriff who is required to provide notice to an 8316 offender or delinquent child under divisions (A)(1) to (5)(4) of 8317 this section shall do all of the following: 8318

(1) If the notice is provided under division (A)(1), (2),8319(4), or (5) of this section, the official, designee, or judge8320shall determine the offender's or delinquent child's name,8321

identifying factors, and expected future residence address in this 8322 state or any other state, shall obtain the offender's or 8323 delinguent child's criminal and delinguency history, and shall 8324 obtain a photograph and the fingerprints of the offender or 8325 delinquent child. Regarding an offender, the official, designee, 8326 or judge also shall obtain from the offender the offender's 8327 current or expected future school, institution of higher 8328 education, or place of employment address in this state, if any. 8329 If the notice is provided by a judge under division (A)(2), 8330 (4)(3), or (5)(4) of this section, the sheriff shall provide the 8331 offender's or delinquent child's criminal and delinquency history 8332 to the judge. The official, official's designee, or judge shall 8333 obtain this information and these items prior to giving the 8334 notice, except that a judge may give the notice prior to obtaining 8335 the offender's or delinquent child's criminal and delinquency 8336 history. Within three days after receiving this information and 8337 these items, the official, official's designee, or judge shall 8338 forward the information and items to the bureau of criminal 8339 identification and investigation in accordance with the forwarding 8340 procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised 8341 Code, to the sheriff of the county in which the offender or 8342 delinquent child expects to reside and to the sheriff of the 8343 county in which the offender or delinquent child was convicted, 8344 pleaded quilty, or adjudicated a delinquent child if the offender 8345 or delinquent child has a duty to register pursuant to division 8346 (A)(1) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, and, 8347 regarding an offender, to the sheriff of the county, if any, in 8348 which the offender attends or will attend a school or institution 8349 of higher education or is or will be employed. If the notice is 8350 provided under division (A)(5)(3) or (4) of this section and if 8351 the delinquent child has been committed to the department of youth 8352 services or to a secure facility, the judge, in addition to the 8353 other information and items described in this division, also shall 8354

bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall forward 8357 a copy of the fingerprints and conviction data received under this 8358 division to the federal bureau of investigation. 8359

(2) If the notice is provided under division (A)(3) of this 8360 section, the chief of police or sheriff shall determine the 8361 8362 offender's name, identifying factors, and residence address in this state or any other state, shall obtain the offender's 8363 criminal history from the bureau of criminal identification and 8364 investigation, and, to the extent possible, shall obtain a 8365 photograph and the fingerprints of the offender. Regarding an 8366 offender, the chief or sheriff also shall obtain from the offender 8367 the offender's current or expected future school, institution of 8368 higher education, or place of employment address in this state, if 8369 any. Within three days after receiving this information and these 8370 items, the chief or sheriff shall forward the information and 8371 items to the bureau of criminal identification and investigation 8372 in accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted pursuant to 8373 section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and, in relation to a chief of 8374 police, to the sheriff of the county in which the offender 8375 resides, and, regarding an offender, to the sheriff of the county, 8376 if any, in which the offender attends or will attend a school or 8377 institution of higher education or is or will be employed. If it 8378 has not already done so, the bureau of criminal identification and 8379 investigation shall forward a copy of the fingerprints and 8380 conviction data so received to the federal bureau of 8381 investigation. 8382

Sec. 2950.031. (A)(1) At any time on or after July 1, 2007,8383and not later than December 1, 2007, the attorney general shall8384determine for each offender or delinquent child who prior to8385December 1, 2007, has registered a residence, school, institution8386

of higher education, or place of employment address pursuant to	8387
section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code the	8388
offender's or delinquent child's new classification as a tier I	8389
<u>sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	8390
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	8391
offender/child-victim offender under Chapter 2950. of the Revised	8392
Code as it will exist under the changes that will be implemented	8393
on January 1, 2008, the offender's or delinquent child's duties	8394
under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as so changed, and,	8395

regarding a delinguent child, whether the child is a public 8396 registry-gualified juvenile offender registrant. 8397

(2) At any time on or after July 1, 2007, and not later than 8398 December 1, 2007, the attorney general shall send to each offender 8399 or delinquent child who prior to December 1, 2007, has registered 8400 a residence, school, institution of higher education, or place of 8401 employment address pursuant to section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 8402 2950.05 of the Revised Code a registered letter that contains the 8403 information described in this division. The registered letter 8404 shall be sent return receipt requested to the last reported 8405 address of the person and, if the person is a delinquent child, 8406 the last reported address of the parents of the delinquent child. 8407 The letter sent to an offender or to a delinquent child and the 8408 delinguent child's parents pursuant to this division shall notify 8409 the offender or the delinquent child and the delinquent child's 8410 parents of all of the following: 8411

(a) The changes in Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code that 8412 will be implemented on January 1, 2008; 8413

(b) Subject to division (A)(2)(c) of this section, the 8414 offender's or delinquent child's new classification as a tier I 8415 sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex 8416 offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex 8417 offender/child-victim offender under Chapter 2950. of the Revised 8418

Code as it will exist under the changes that will be implemented	8419
on January 1, 2008, the offender's or delinguent child's duties	8420
under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as so changed and the	8421
duration of those duties, whether the delinquent child is	8422
classified a public registry-qualified juvenile offender	8423
registrant, and the information specified in division (B) of	8424
section 2950.03 of the Revised Code to the extent it is relevant	8425
to the offender or delinguent child;	8426
(c) The fact that the offender or delinquent child has a	8427

right to a hearing as described in division (E) of this section,8428the procedures for requesting the hearing, and the period of time8429within which the request for the hearing must be made.8430

(d) If the offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply 8431 with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the 8432 Revised Code is scheduled to terminate on or after July 1, 2007, 8433 and prior to January 1, 2008, under the version of section 2950.07 8434 of the Revised Code that is in effect prior to January 1, 2008, a 8435 summary of the provisions of section 2950.033 of the Revised Code 8436 and the application of those provisions to the offender or 8437 delinguent child, provided that this division applies to a 8438 delinguent child only if the child is in a category specified in 8439 division (C) of section 2950.033 of the Revised Code. 8440

(3) The attorney general shall make the determinations 8441 described in division (A)(1) of this section for each offender or 8442 delinquent child who has registered an address as described in 8443 that division, even if the offender's duty to comply with sections 8444 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code is 8445 scheduled to terminate prior to January 1, 2008, under the version 8446 of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code that is in effect prior to 8447 that date or the delinquent child is in a category specified in 8448 division (C) of section 2950.033 of the Revised Code and the 8449 child's duty to comply with those sections is scheduled to 8450

terminate prior to January 1, 2008, under the version of section	8451
2950.07 of the Revised Code that is in effect prior to that date.	8452
The attorney general shall send the registered letter described in	8453
division (A)(2) of this section to each offender or delinguent	8454
child who has registered an address as described in that division	8455
even if the offender's duty to comply with sections 2950.04,	8456
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code is scheduled to	8457
terminate prior to January 1, 2008, under the version of section	8458
2950.07 of the Revised Code that is in effect prior to that date,	8459
or the delinquent child is in a category specified in division (C)	8460
of section 2950.033 of the Revised Code, and the child's duty to	8461
comply with those sections is scheduled to terminate prior to	8462
January 1, 2008, under the version of section 2950.07 of the	8463
Revised Code that is in effect prior to that date. Section	8464
2950.033 of the Revised Code applies to any offender who has	8465
registered an address as described in division (A)(1) or (2) of	8466
this section and whose duty to comply with sections 2950.04,	8467
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code is scheduled to	8468
terminate prior to January 1, 2008, under the version of section	8469
2950.07 of the Revised Code that is in effect prior to that date,	8470
or the delinguent child is in a category specified in division (C)	8471
of section 2950.033 of the Revised Code, and the child's duty to	8472
comply with those sections is scheduled to terminate prior to	8473
January 1, 2008, under the version of section 2950.07 of the	8474
Revised Code that is in effect prior to that date.	8475
(B) If a sheriff informs the attorney general pursuant to	8476

(B) If a sheriff informs the attorney general pursuant to8476section 2950.043 of the Revised Code that an offender or8477delinquent child registered with the sheriff pursuant to section84782950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code on or after December 1,84792007, that the offender or delinquent child previously had not8480registered under either section with that sheriff or any other8481sheriff, and that the offender or delinquent child was convicted8482of, pleaded guilty to, or was classified a juvenile offender8483

registrant relative to the sexually oriented offense or	8484
child-victim oriented offense upon which the registration was	8485
based prior to December 1, 2007, within fourteen days after being	8486
so informed of the registration and receiving the information and	8487
material specified in division (D) of that section, the attorney	8488
general shall determine for the offender or delinguent child all	8489
of the matters specified in division (A)(1) of this section. Upon	8490
making the determinations, the attorney general immediately shall	8491
send to the offender or to the delinquent child and the delinquent	8492
child's parents a registered letter pursuant to division (A)(2) of	8493
this section that contains the information specified in that	8494
division.	8495
(C) The attorney general shall maintain the return receipts	8496
for all offenders, delinguent children, and parents of delinguent	8497
children who are sent a registered letter under division (A) or	8498
(B) of this section. For each offender, delinquent child, and	8499
parents of a delinquent child, the attorney general shall send a	8500
copy of the return receipt for the offender, delinquent child, or	8501
parents to the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child	8502
most recently registered a residence address and, if applicable, a	8503
school, institution of higher education, or place of employment	8504
address and to the prosecutor who handled the case in which the	8505
offender or delinguent child was convicted of, pleaded guilty to,	8506
or was adjudicated a delinguent child for committing the sexually	8507
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense that resulted in	8508
the offender's or child's registration duty under section 2950.04	8509
or 2950.041 of the Revised Code. If a return receipt indicates	8510
that the offender, delinguent child, or parents of a delinguent	8511
child to whom the registered letter was sent does not reside or	8512
have temporary domicile at the listed address, the attorney	8513
general immediately shall provide notice of that fact to the	8514
sheriff with whom the offender or delinguent child registered that	8515
residence address.	8516

<u>(D) The attorney general shall mail to each sheriff a list of</u>	8517
all offenders and delinquent children who have registered a	8518
residence address or a school, institution of higher education, or	8519
place of employment address with that sheriff and to whom a	8520
registered letter is sent under division (A) or (B) of this	8521
section. The list shall specify the offender's or delinquent	8522
child's new classification as a tier I sex offender/child-victim	8523
<u>offender, a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier</u>	8524
III sex offender/child-victim offender under Chapter 2950. of the	8525
<u>Revised Code as it will exist under the changes that will be</u>	8526
implemented on January 1, 2008, the offender's or delinguent	8527
child's duties under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as so	8528
changed, and, regarding a delinquent child, whether the child is a	8529
public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant.	8530

(E) An offender or delinquent child who is in a category 8531 described in division (A)(2) or (B) of this section may request as 8532 a matter of right a court hearing to contest the application to 8533 the offender or delinguent child of the new registration 8534 requirements under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as it will 8535 exist under the changes that will be implemented on January 1, 8536 2008. The offender or delinguent child may contest the manner in 8537 which the letter sent to the offender or delinquent child pursuant 8538 to division (A) or (B) of this section specifies that the new 8539 registration requirements apply to the offender or delinquent 8540 child, may contest whether those new registration requirements 8541 apply at all to the offender or delinguent child, or may contest 8542 the new classification as a tier I sex offender/child-victim 8543 offender, a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier 8544 III sex offender/child-victim offender specified by the attorney 8545 general. To request the hearing, the offender or delinguent child 8546 not later than the date that is sixty days after the offender or 8547 delinguent child received the registered letter sent by the 8548 attorney general pursuant to division (A)(2) of this section shall 8549

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file a petition with the court specified in this division. If the	8550
offender or delinquent child resides in or is temporarily	8551
domiciled in this state and requests a hearing, the offender or	8552
delinguent child shall file the petition with, and the hearing	8553
shall be held in, the court of common pleas or, for a delinquent	8554
child, the juvenile court of the county in which the offender or	8555
delinquent child resides or temporarily is domiciled. If the	8556
offender does not reside in and is not temporarily domiciled in	8557
this state, the offender or delinquent child shall file the	8558
petition with, and the hearing shall be held in, the court of	8559
common pleas of the county in which the offender registered a	8560
school, institution of higher education, or place of employment	8561
address, but if the offender has registered addresses of that	8562
nature in more than one county, the offender may file such a	8563
petition in the court of only one of those counties.	8564

If the offender or delinquent child requests a hearing by 8565 timely filing a petition with the appropriate court, the offender 8566 or delinguent child shall serve a copy of the petition on the 8567 prosecutor who handled the case in which the offender or 8568 delinguent child was convicted of, pleaded quilty to, or was 8569 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing the sexually 8570 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense that resulted in 8571 the offender's or delinguent child's registration duty under 8572 section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code. The prosecutor 8573 shall represent the interests of the state in the hearing. In any 8574 hearing under this division, the Rules of Civil Procedure or, if 8575 the hearing is in a juvenile court, the Rules of Juvenile 8576 Procedure apply, except to the extent that those Rules would by 8577 their nature be clearly inapplicable. The court shall schedule a 8578 hearing, and shall provide notice to the offender or delinquent 8579 child and prosecutor of the date, time, and place of the hearing. 8580 If the offender or delinquent child who requests the hearing is 8581 contesting the new classification as a tier I sex 8582

offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex	8583
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	8584
offender/child-victim offender specified by the attorney general,	8585
the hearing shall be conducted pursuant to and in accordance with	8586
this division and division (F) of this section.	8587

If an offender or delinquent child requests a hearing in 8588 accordance with this division, until the court issues its decision 8589 at or subsequent to the hearing, the offender or delinquent child 8590 shall comply prior to January 1, 2008, with Chapter 2950. of the 8591 Revised Code as it exists prior to that date and shall comply on 8592 and after January 1, 2008, with Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code 8593 as it will exist under the changes that will be implemented on 8594 that date. If an offender or delinquent child requests a hearing 8595 in accordance with this division, at the hearing, all parties are 8596 entitled to be heard, and the court shall consider all relevant 8597 information and testimony presented relative to the application to 8598 the offender or delinquent child of the new registration 8599 requirements under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as it will 8600 exist under the changes that will be implemented on January 1, 8601 2008. If, at the conclusion of the hearing, the court finds that 8602 the offender or delinquent child has proven by clear and 8603 convincing evidence that the new registration requirements do not 8604 apply to the offender or delinguent child in the manner specified 8605 in the letter sent to the offender or delinquent child pursuant to 8606 division (A) or (B) of this section, subject to division (F) of 8607 this section, the court shall issue an order that specifies the 8608 manner in which the court has determined that the new registration 8609 requirements do apply to the offender or delinquent child. If at 8610 the conclusion of the hearing the court finds that the offender or 8611 delinguent child has proven by clear and convincing evidence that 8612 the new registration requirements do not apply to the offender or 8613 delinquent child, the court shall issue an order that specifies 8614 that the new registration requirements do not apply to the 8615

offender or delinguent child. The court promptly shall serve a	8616
copy of an order issued under this division upon the sheriff with	8617
whom the offender or delinguent child most recently registered	8618
under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code	8619
and upon the bureau of criminal identification and investigation.	8620
The offender or delinguent child and the prosecutor have the right	8621
to appeal the decision of the court issued under this division.	8622
If an offender or delinquent child fails to request a hearing	8623
in accordance with this division within the applicable sixty-day	8624
period specified in this division, the failure constitutes a	8625
waiver by the offender or delinquent child of the offender's or	8626
delinquent child's right to a hearing under this division, and the	8627
offender or delinguent child is bound by the determinations of the	8628
attorney general contained in the registered letter sent to the	8629
offender or child.	8630
If a juvenile court issues an order under division (A)(2) or	8631
(3) of section 2152.86 of the Revised Code that classifies a	8632
delinquent child a public-registry qualified juvenile offender	8633
registrant and if the child's delinguent act was committed prior	8634
to January 1, 2008, a challenge to the classification contained in	8635
the order shall be made pursuant to division (D) of section	8636
2152.86 of the Revised Code.	8637
(F)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if an	8638
offender or a delinquent child requests a hearing pursuant to	8639
division (E) of this section and contests the new classification	8640
<u>as a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	8641
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	8642
offender/child-victim offender specified by the attorney general,	8643

the court shall conduct a hearing pursuant to this division to	8644
determine whether the offender or child should be classified a	8645
<u>tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	8646
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	8647

offender/child-victim offender. Except as otherwise provided in	8648
this division, the tier classification specified by the attorney	8649
general shall be the presumptive tier classification for the	8650
offender or child for purposes of this division. The court shall	8651
not conduct a hearing for the purpose described in this division	8652
if federal law requires that the offender or child be classified	8653
in a particular tier based on the offense committed. If federal	8654
law requires that the offender or child be classified in a	8655
particular tier based on the offense committed, the tier	8656
classification specified by the attorney general shall be the tier	8657
classification for the offender or child. The court shall conduct	8658
the hearing in accordance with the following:	8659
(a) If the presumptive tier classification for the offender	8660
or delinquent child, as determined by the attorney general, is a	8661
tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, notwithstanding the	8662
presumption, both of the following apply:	8663
(i) The court may classify the offender or child a tier II	8664
sex offender/child-victim offender if the court determines by	8665
clear and convincing evidence that the offender previously has	8666
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one or more sexually	8667
oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses or that the	8668
child previously has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	8669
committing one or more sexually oriented offenses or child-victim	8670
oriented offenses and was classified a juvenile offender	8671
registrant or out-of-state juvenile offender registrant based on	8672
one or more of those adjudications.	8673
(ii) The court may classify the offender or child a tier III	8674
(ii) The court may classify the offender or child a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender if the court determines by	8674 8675

(b) If the presumptive tier classification for the offender 8679

oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses.

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or delinquent child, as determined by the attorney general, is a	8680
tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, notwithstanding the	8681
presumption, all of the following apply:	8682
(i) The court may classify the offender or child a tier I sex	8683
offender/child-victim offender if the court determines by clear	8684
and convincing evidence that the offender previously has not been	8685
convicted of or pleaded quilty to any sexually oriented offense or	8686
child-victim oriented offense or that the child previously has not	8687
been adjudicated a delinguent child for committing any sexually	8688
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense for which the	8689
child was classified a juvenile offender registrant or	8690
out-of-state juvenile offender registrant, and that the offender	8691
or child is not likely to engage in the future in one or more	8692
sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses.	8693
(ii) The court may classify the offender or child a tier I	8694
sex offender/child-victim offender if the court determines that	8695
the offender's or child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04,	8696
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, as determined	8697
under the version of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code in effect	8698
prior to January 1, 2008, is scheduled to terminate before the	8699
duty would terminate for the offender or child under the version	8700
of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code in effect on and after	8701
January 1, 2008, if the offender or child were to be classified a	8702
tier II sex offender/child victim-offender, and that the	8703
classification as a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender does	8704

not seriously threaten the public interest and safety.8705(iii) The court may classify the offender or child a tier III8706sex offender/child-victim offender if the court determines by8707clear and convincing evidence that the offender or child is likely8708to engage in the future in one or more sexually oriented offenses8709

or child-victim oriented offenses.

(c) If the presumptive tier classification for the offender 8711

or delinquent child, as determined by the attorney general, is a	8712
tier III sex offender/child-victim offender, notwithstanding the	8713
presumption, all of the following apply:	8714
(i) The court may classify the offender or child a tier I sex	8715
offender/child-victim offender if the court determines by clear	8716
and convincing evidence that the offender previously has not been	8717
convicted of or pleaded quilty to any sexually oriented offense or	8718
child-victim oriented offense or the child previously has not been	8719
adjudicated a delinguent child for committing any sexually	8720
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense for which the	8721
child was classified a juvenile offender registrant or	8722
out-of-state juvenile offender registrant, and that the offender	8723
or child is not likely to engage in the future in one or more	8724
sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses.	8725
(ii) The court may classify the offender or child a tier II	8726
sex offender/child-victim offender if the court determines by	8727
clear and convincing evidence that the offender or child is not	8728
likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually oriented	8729
offenses or child-victim oriented offenses, but that the offender	8730
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one or more	8731
sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses or	8732
the child previously has been adjudicated a delinguent child for	8733
committing one or more sexually oriented offenses or child-victim	8734
oriented offenses and was classified a juvenile offender	8735
registrant or out-of-state juvenile offender registrant based on	8736
one or more of those adjudications.	8737
(iii) The court may classify the offender or child a tier I	8738
and offender (shild wistim offender on a tion IT sou	0720

sex offender/child-victim offender or a tier II sex8739offender/child-victim offender if the court determines that the8740offender's or child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04,87412950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, as determined8742under the version of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code in effect8743

prior to January 1, 2008, has a scheduled date of termination	8744
comparable to the date of termination duty that would apply under	8745
the version of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code in effect on	8746
and after January 1, 2008, if the offender or child were to be	8747
classified a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender, and that	8748
the classification as a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender	8749
or a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender does not seriously	8750
threaten the public interest and safety.	8751
(2) If at the hearing, the court determines that the tier	8752
classification of the offender or delinguent child should be	8753
changed in a manner described in division (F)(1) of this section,	8754
the court shall issue an order that specifies the tier in which it	8755
has determined that the offender or delinquent child should be	8756
classified, and the tier so specified shall apply to the offender	8757
or delinquent child. The court promptly shall serve a copy of the	8758
order upon the sheriff with whom the offender or delinguent child	8759
most recently registered.	8760
(3) In making a decision under division (F)(1) of this	8761
section as to whether an offender or a delinquent child is likely	8762
to engage in the future in one or more sexually oriented offenses	8763
or child-victim oriented offenses and as to whether an offender or	8764
delinquent child who is under consideration for reclassification	8765
from one tier of sex offender/child-victim offender to a different	8766
tier of sex offender/child-victim offender should be reclassified,	8767
the judge shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not	8768
limited to, all of the following:	8769
(a) The offender's or delinguent child's age;	8770
(b) The offender's or delinguent child's prior criminal or	8771
delinguency record regarding all offenses, including, but not	8772
limited to, all sexual offenses and child-victim oriented	8773
offenses;	8774

(c) The age of the victim of the sexually oriented offense or	8775
child-victim oriented offense in relation to which the decision is	8776
to be made;	8777
(d) Whether the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	8778
oriented offense in relation to which the decision is to be made	8779
involved multiple victims;	8780
(e) Whether the offender or delinguent child used drugs or	8781
alcohol to impair the victim of the sexually oriented offense or	8782
child-victim oriented offense or to prevent the victim from	8783
resisting;	8784
(f) If the offender or delinquent child previously has been	8785
convicted of or pleaded quilty to, or been adjudicated a	8786
delinguent child for committing an act that if committed by an	8787
adult would be, a criminal offense, whether the offender or child	8788
completed any sentence or dispositional order imposed for the	8789
prior offense or act and, if the prior offense or act was a sex	8790
offense, a sexually oriented offense, or a child-victim oriented	8791
offense, whether the offender or delinquent child participated in	8792
available programs for sexual offenders or child-victim oriented	8793
<u>offenders;</u>	8794
(g) Any mental illness or mental disability of the offender	8795
or delinguent child;	8796
(h) The nature of the offender's or delinquent child's sexual	8797
conduct, sexual contact, or interaction in a sexual context with	8798
the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	8799
oriented offense and whether the sexual conduct, sexual contact,	8800
or interaction in a sexual context was part of a demonstrated	8801
pattern of abuse;	8802
(i) Whether the offender or delinquent child, during the	8803
commission of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	8804
oriented offense for which the order of disposition is to be made,	8805

displayed cruelty or made one or more threats of cruelty; 8806 (j) Any additional behavioral characteristics that contribute 8807 to the offender's or delinguent child's conduct; 8808 (k) Regarding a delinquent child, all of the factors listed 8809 in division (D) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code regarding a 8810 <u>delinquent</u> child. 8811 (4) An order issued under division (F)(1) of this section is 8812 independent of any order issued under division (E) of this 8813 section, and the court may issue an order under both division 8814 (F)(1) of this section and an order under division (E) of this 8815 section. 8816 **sec. 2950.032.** (A)(1) At any time on or after July 1, 2007, 8817 and not later than December 1, 2007, the attorney general shall do 8818 all of the following: 8819 (a) For each offender who on December 1, 2007, will be 8820 serving a prison term in a state correctional institution for a 8821 sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, 8822 determine the offender's classification relative to that offense 8823 as a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex 8824 offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex 8825 offender/child-victim offender under Chapter 2950. of the Revised 8826 Code as it will exist under the changes in that chapter that will 8827 be implemented on January 1, 2008, and the offender's duties under 8828 Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as so changed and provide to the 8829 department of rehabilitation and correction a document that 8830 describes that classification and those duties; 8831 (b) For each delinquent child who has been classified a 8832 juvenile offender registrant relative to a sexually oriented 8833 offense or child-victim oriented offense and who on December 1, 8834 2007, will be confined in an institution of the department of 8835

youth services for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	8836
oriented offense, determine the delinquent child's classification	8837
relative to that offense as a tier I sex offender/child-victim	8838
offender, a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier	8839
III sex offender/child-victim offender under Chapter 2950. of the	8840
Revised Code as it will exist under the changes in that chapter	8841
that will be implemented on January 1, 2008, the delinquent	8842
child's duties under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as so	8843
changed, and whether the delinguent child is a public	8844
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant and provide to the	8845
department a document that describes that classification, those	8846
duties, and whether the delinguent child is a public	8847
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant.	8848
(c) For each offender and delinguent child described in	8849

and delinquent child described in 8849 division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, determine whether the 8850 attorney general is required to send a registered letter to that 8851 offender or that delinquent child and delinquent child's parents 8852 pursuant to section 2950.031 of the Revised Code relative to the 8853 sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense for 8854 which the offender or delinguent child is serving the prison term 8855 or is confined and, if the attorney general is required to send 8856 such a letter to that offender or that delinquent child and 8857 delinguent child's parents relative to that offense, include in 8858 the document provided to the department of rehabilitation and 8859 correction or the department of youth services under division 8860 (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section a conspicuous notice that the 8861 attorney general will be sending the offender or delinguent child 8862 and delinguent child's parent the registered letter and that the 8863 department is not required to provide to the offender or 8864 delinquent child the written notice described in division (A)(2) 8865 of this section. 8866

(2) At any time on or after July 1, 2007, and not later than 8867

December 1, 2007, except as otherwise described in this division,	8868
the department of rehabilitation and correction shall provide to	8869
each offender described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section and	8870
the department of youth services shall provide to each delinquent	8871
child described in division (A)(1)(b) of this section and to the	8872
delinquent child's parents a written notice that contains the	8873
information described in this division. The department of	8874
rehabilitation and correction and the department of youth services	8875
are not required to provide the written notice to an offender or a	8876
delinguent child and the delinguent child's parents if the	8877
attorney general included in the document provided to the	8878
particular department under division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this	8879
section notice that the attorney general will be sending that	8880
offender or that delinquent child and the delinquent child's	8881
parents a registered letter and that the department is not	8882
required to provide to that offender or that delinquent child and	8883
parents the written notice. The written notice provided to an	8884
offender or a delinguent child and the delinguent child's parents	8885
pursuant to this division shall notify the offender or delinguent	8886
child of all of the following:	8887
(a) The changes in Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code that	8888
will be implemented on January 1, 2008;	8889
(b) Subject to division (A)(2)(c) of this section, the	8890
offender's or delinquent child's classification as a tier I sex	8891
<u>offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	8892
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	8893
offender/child-victim offender under Chapter 2950. of the Revised	8894
Code as it will exist under the changes that will be implemented	8895
on January 1, 2008, the offender's or delinquent child's duties	8896
under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as so changed and the	8897
duration of those duties, whether the delinquent child is	8898
classified a public registry-qualified juvenile offender	8899

registrant, and the information specified in division (B) of	8900
section 2950.03 of the Revised Code to the extent it is relevant	8901
to the offender or delinquent child;	8902
(c) The fact that the offender or delinguent child has a	8903
right to a hearing as described in division (E) of this section,	8904
the procedures for requesting the hearing, and the period of time	8905
within which the request for the hearing must be made;	8906
(d) If the offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply	8907
with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	8908
Revised Code is scheduled to terminate on or after July 1, 2007,	8909
and prior to January 1, 2008, under the version of section 2950.07	8910
of the Revised Code that is in effect prior to January 1, 2008, a	8911
summary of the provisions of section 2950.033 of the Revised Code	8912
and the application of those provisions to the offender or	8913
delinguent child, provided that this division applies regarding a	8914
delinquent child only if the child is in a category specified in	8915
division (A) of section 2950.033 of the Revised Code.	8916
(3) The attorney general shall make the determinations	8917
described in divisions (A)(1)(a) and (b) of this section for each	8918
offender or delinguent child who is described in either of those	8919
divisions even if the offender's duty to comply with sections	8920
<u>2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code is</u>	8921
scheduled to terminate prior to January 1, 2008, under the version	8922
of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code that is in effect prior to	8923
that date, or the delinquent child is in a category specified in	8924
division (C) of section 2950.033 of the Revised Code, and the	8925
child's duty to comply with those sections is scheduled to	8926
terminate prior to January 1, 2008, under the version of section	8927
2950.07 of the Revised Code that is in effect prior to that date.	8928
The department of rehabilitation and correction shall provide to	8929
each offender described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section and	8930
the department of youth services shall provide to each delinquent	8931

child described in division (A)(1)(b) of this section the notice	8932
described in division (A)(2) of this section, even if the	8933
offender's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041,	8934
2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code is scheduled to terminate	8935
prior to January 1, 2008, under the version of section 2950.07 of	8936
the Revised Code that is in effect prior to that date, or the	8937
delinquent child is in a category specified in division (C) of	8938
section 2950.033 of the Revised Code, and the child's duty to	8939
comply with those sections is scheduled to terminate prior to	8940
January 1, 2008, under the version of section 2950.07 of the	8941
Revised Code that is in effect prior to that date. Section	8942
2950.033 of the Revised Code applies regarding any offender	8943
described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section whose duty	8944
to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of	8945
the Revised Code is scheduled to terminate prior to January 1,	8946
2008, under the version of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code	8947
that is in effect prior to that date and any delinquent child who	8948
is in a category specified in division (A) of section 2950.033 of	8949
the Revised Code and whose duty to comply with those sections is	8950
scheduled to terminate prior to January 1, 2008, under the version	8951
of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code that is in effect prior to	8952
that date.	8953
(B) If on or after December 2, 2007, an offender commences a	8954

(B) If on or after December 2, 2007, an offender commences a 8954 prison term in a state correctional institution or a delinquent 8955 child commences confinement in an institution of the department of 8956 youth services for a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 8957 oriented offense and if the offender or delinquent child was 8958 convicted of, pleaded quilty to, or was classified a juvenile 8959 offender registrant relative to the sexually oriented offense or 8960 child-victim oriented offense on or before that date, as soon as 8961 practicable, the department of rehabilitation and correction or 8962 the department of youth services, as applicable, shall contact the 8963 attorney general, inform the attorney general of the commencement 8964

of the prison term or institutionalization, and forward to the	8965
attorney general information and material that identifies the	8966
offender or delinquent child and that describes the sexually	8967
oriented offense resulting in the prison term or	8968
institutionalization, the facts and circumstances of it, and the	8969
offender's or delinquent child's criminal or delinquency history.	8970
Within fourteen days after being so informed of the commencement	8971
of the prison term or institutionalization and receiving the	8972
information and material specified in this division, the attorney	8973
general shall determine for the offender or delinquent child all	8974
of the matters specified in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this	8975
section and immediately provide to the appropriate department a	8976
document that describes the offender's or delinquent child's	8977
classification and duties as so determined.	8978

Upon receipt from the attorney general of a document8979described in this division that pertains to an offender or8980delinquent child, the department of rehabilitation and correction8981shall provide to the offender or the department of youth services8982shall provide to the delinquent child, as applicable, a written8983notice that contains the information specified in division (A)(2)8984of this section.8985

(C) If, on or after July 1, 2007, and prior to January 1, 8986 2008, an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a sexually 8987 oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and the court 8988 does not sentence the offender to a prison term for that offense 8989 or if, on or after July 1, 2007, and prior to January 1, 2008, a 8990 delinquent child is classified a juvenile offender registrant 8991 relative to a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented 8992 offense and the juvenile court does not commit the child to the 8993 custody of the department of youth services for that offense, the 8994 court at the time of sentencing or the juvenile court at the time 8995 specified in division (B) of section 2152.82, division (C) of 8996

section 2152.83, division (C) of section 2152.84, division (E) of	8997
section 2152.85, or division (A) of section 2152.86 of the Revised	8998
<u>Code, whichever is applicable, shall do all of the following:</u>	8999
(1) Provide the offender or the delinquent child and the	9000
delinguent child's parents with the notices required under section	9001
2950.03 of the Revised Code, as it exists prior to January 1,	9002
2008, regarding the offender's or delinguent child's duties under	9003
this chapter as it exists prior to that date;	9004
(2) Provide the offender or the delinquent child and the	9005
delinquent child's parents with a written notice that contains the	9006
information specified in divisions (A)(2)(a) and (b) of this	9007
section;	9008
(3) Provide the offender or the delinguent child and the	9009
delinquent child's parents a written notice that clearly indicates	9010
that the offender or delinguent child is required to comply with	9011
the duties described in the notice provided under division (C)(1)	9012
of this section until January 1, 2008, and will be required to	9013
comply with the duties described in the notice provided under	9014
division (C)(2) of this section on and after that date.	9015
(D)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	9016
officer or employee of the department of rehabilitation and	9017
correction or the department of youth services who provides an	9018
offender or a delinquent child and the delinquent child's parents	9019
with the notices described in division (A)(2) or (B) of this	9020
section shall require the offender or delinquent child to read and	9021
sign a form stating that the changes in Chapter 2950. of the	9022
Revised Code that will be implemented on January 1, 2008, the	9023
offender's or delinquent child's classification as a tier I sex	9024
offender, a tier II sex offender, or a tier III sex offender, the	9025
offender's or delinquent child's duties under Chapter 2950. of the	9026
Revised Code as so changed and the duration of those duties, the	9027
delinquent child's classification as a public registry-qualified	9028

specified in division (B) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code 903 to the extent it is relevant to the offender or delinquent child, 903 and the right to a hearing, procedures for requesting the hearing, 903 and period of time within which the request for the hearing must 903 903 904 905 905 905 906 907 908 908 909 909 909 909 909 900 900 900 901 902 903 903 904 903 903 904 903 903 905 904 903 905 905 906 906 907 908 908 909 909 909 909 909 909 909 909 900 900 900 901 903 903 904 903 905 905 906 906 907 908 908 909 909 909 909 909 900 900 900 901 902 903 903 904 904 903 905 904 905 905 906 906 907 908 908 909 909 909 909 909 900 900 901 901 902 903 904 904 905 904 904 905 904 904 905 904 905 904 905 906 907 906 907 908 908 909 909 909 909 909 909 900 900 900 901 904 904 904 904 904 905 904 904 904 904 904 904 905 904 904 904 904 904 904 904 904 904 904 905 904 905 906 907 904 904 905 906		
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	county in which the offender or delinquent child expects to reside	9058
offender or delinguent child was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, 906	and one copy to the prosecutor who handled the case in which the	9059
	offender or delinguent child was convicted of, pleaded guilty to,	9060

or was adjudicated a delinguent child for committing the sexually	9061
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense that resulted in	9062
the offender's or child's registration duty under section 2950.04	9063
or 2950.041 of the Revised Code.	9064
(E) An offender or delinguent child who is provided a notice	9065
under division (A)(2) or (B) of this section may request as a	9066
matter of right a court hearing to contest the application to the	9067
offender or delinguent child of the new registration requirements	9068
under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code as it will exist under the	9069
changes that will be implemented on January 1, 2008. The offender	9070
or delinquent child may contest the matters that are identified in	9071
division (E) of section 2950.031 of the Revised Code. To request	9072
the hearing, an offender or delinguent child who is provided a	9073
notice under division (A)(2) of this section shall file a petition	9074
with the appropriate court not later than the date that is sixty	9075
days after the offender or delinquent child is provided the notice	9076
under that division, and an offender or delinquent child who is	9077
provided a notice under division (B) of this section shall file a	9078
petition with the appropriate court not later than the date that	9079
is sixty days after the offender or delinquent child is provided	9080
the notice under that division. The request for the hearing shall	9081
be made in the manner and with the court specified in division (E)	9082
of section 2950.031 of the Revised Code, and, except as otherwise	9083
provided in this division, the provisions of that division	9084
regarding the service of process and notice regarding the hearing,	9085
the conduct of the hearing, the determinations to be made at the	9086
hearing, and appeals of those determinations also apply to a	9087
hearing requested under this division. If the offender or	9088
delinguent child who requests the hearing is contesting the new	9089
classification as a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a	9090
<u>tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex</u>	9091
offender/child-victim offender specified by the attorney general,	9092
the court shall conduct the hearing pursuant to and in accordance	9093

with this division and division (F) of section 2950.031 of the	9094
Revised Code, except that the court shall not conduct a hearing	9095
for that purpose if federal law requires that the offender or	9096
child be classified in a particular tier based on the offense	9097
committed and that, if federal law requires that the offender or	9098
child be classified in a particular tier based on the offense	9099
committed, the tier classification specified by the attorney	9100
general shall be the tier classification for the offender or	9101
child. If a hearing is requested as described in this division,	9102
the offender or delinquent child shall appear at the hearing by	9103
video conferencing equipment if available and compatible, except	9104
that, upon the court's own motion or the motion of the offender or	9105
delinguent child or the prosecutor representing the interests of	9106
the state and a determination by the court that the interests of	9107
justice require that the offender or delinquent child be present,	9108
the court may permit the offender or delinguent child to be	9109
physically present at the hearing. An appearance by video	9110
conferencing equipment pursuant to this division has the same	9111
force and effect as if the offender or delinquent child were	9112
physically present at the hearing. The provisions of division (E)	9113
of section 2950.031 of the Revised Code regarding the effect of a	9114
failure to timely request a hearing also apply to a failure to	9115
timely request a hearing under this division.	9116
If a juvenile court issues an order under division (A)(2) or	9117
(3) of section 2152.86 of the Revised Code that classifies a	9118
delinguent child a public-registry qualified juvenile offender	9119
registrant and if the child's delinquent act was committed prior	9120
to January 1, 2008, a challenge to the classification contained in	9121
the order shall be made pursuant to division (D) of section	9122

2152.86 of the Revised Code.

9123

Sec. 2950.033. (A) If, on or before July 1, 2007, an offender9124who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented9125

offense or a child-victim oriented offense or a delinquent child	9126
in a category specified in division (C) of this section has a duty	9127
to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of	9128
the Revised Code based on that offense and if the offender's or	9129
delinquent child's duty to comply with those sections based on	9130
that offense is scheduled to terminate on or after July 1, 2007,	9131
and prior to January 1, 2008, under the version of section 2950.07	9132
of the Revised Code that is in effect prior to January 1, 2008,	9133
notwithstanding that scheduled termination of those duties, the	9134
offender's or delinquent child's duties under those sections shall	9135
not terminate as scheduled and shall remain in effect for the	9136
following period of time:	9137
(1) If the offender or delinguent child is in a category	9138
described in division (A)(1) of section 2950.031 of the Revised	9139
Code, receives a registered letter from the attorney general	9140
pursuant to division (A)(2) of that section, and timely requests a	9141
hearing in accordance with division (E) of that section to contest	9142
the application to the offender or delinquent child of the new	9143
registration requirements under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code	9144
as it will exist under the changes that will be implemented on	9145
January 1, 2008, or the tier classification of the offender or	9146
delinquent child specified by the attorney general, the offender's	9147
or delinguent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04,	9148
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code shall continue	9149
at least until the court issues its decision at or subsequent to	9150
the hearing. The offender's or delinguent child's duty to comply	9151
with those sections shall continue in accordance with, and for the	9152
duration specified in, the determinations of the attorney general	9153
that are specified in the registered letter the offender or	9154
delinquent child received from the attorney general, unless the	9155
court's decision terminates the offender's or delinquent child's	9156
duty to comply with those sections or provides a different	9157
duration for which the offender or delinquent child has a duty to	9158

#### comply with them.

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(2) If the offender or delinquent child is in a category	9160
described in division (A)(1) of section 2950.031 of the Revised	9161
Code, receives a registered letter from the attorney general	9162
pursuant to division (A)(2) of that section, and does not timely	9163
request a hearing in accordance with division (E) of that section	9164
to contest the application to the offender or delinquent child of	9165
the new registration requirements under Chapter 2950. of the	9166
Revised Code as it will exist under the changes that will be	9167
implemented on January 1, 2008, or the tier classification of the	9168
offender or delinguent child specified by the attorney general,	9169
the offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply with sections	9170
<u>2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code shall</u>	9171
continue in accordance with, and for the duration specified in,	9172
the determinations of the attorney general that are specified in	9173
the registered letter the offender or delinguent child received	9174
from the attorney general.	9175

(3) If the offender or delinguent child is in a category 9176 described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of section 2950.032 of the 9177 Revised Code, receives a notice from the department of 9178 rehabilitation and correction or department of youth services 9179 pursuant to division (A)(2) of that section, and timely requests a 9180 hearing in accordance with division (E) of that section to contest 9181 the application to the offender or delinquent child of the new 9182 registration requirements under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code 9183 as it will exist under the changes that will be implemented on 9184 January 1, 2008, or the tier classification of the delinquent 9185 child specified by the attorney general the offender's or 9186 delinquent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 9187 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code shall continue in the 9188 same manner and for the same duration as is described in division 9189 (A)(1) of this section regarding offenders and delinquent children 9190

in a category described in division (A)(1) of section 2950.031 of	9191
the Revised Code, who receive a registered letter from the	9192
attorney general pursuant to division (A)(2) of that section, and	9193
who timely request a hearing in accordance with division (E) of	9194
that section.	9195
(4) If the offender or delinguent child is in a category	9196
described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of section 2950.032 of the	9197
Revised Code, receives a notice from the department of	9198
rehabilitation and correction or department of youth services	9199
pursuant to division (A)(2) of that section, and does not timely	9200
request a hearing in accordance with division (E) of that section	9201
to contest the application to the offender or delinquent child of	9202
the new registration requirements under Chapter 2950. of the	9203
Revised Code as it will exist under the changes that will be	9204
implemented on January 1, 2008, or the tier classification of the	9205
delinquent child specified by the attorney general the offender's	9206
or delinguent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04,	9207
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code shall continue	9208
in the same manner and for the same duration as is described in	9209
division (A)(2) of this section regarding offenders and delinquent	9210
children in a category described in division (A)(1) of section	9211
2950.031 of the Revised Code, who receive a registered letter from	9212
the attorney general pursuant to division (A)(2) of that section,	9213
and who do not timely request a hearing in accordance with	9214
division (E) of that section.	9215
(5) If the offender or delinguent child is in a category	9216
described in division (A)(1) of section 2950.031 of the Revised	9217
Code but does not receive a registered letter from the attorney	9218
general pursuant to division (A)(2) of that section, or if the	9219
offender or delinquent child is in a category described in	9220
division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of section 2950 032 of the Revised Code	9221

division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of section 2950.032 of the Revised Code9221but does not receive a notice from the department of9222

rehabilitation and correction or department of youth services	9223
pursuant to division (A)(2) of that section, notwithstanding the	9224
failure of the offender or delinguent child to receive the	9225
registered letter or the notice, the offender's or delinquent	9226
child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05,	9227
and 2950.06 of the Revised Code shall continue in accordance with,	9228
and for the duration specified in, the provisions of Chapter 2950.	9229
of the Revised Code as they will exist under the changes to the	9230
provisions that will be implemented on January 1, 2008.	9231
(B) An offender or a delinguent child in a category specified	9232
in division (C) of this section who, on or before July 1, 2007,	9233
has a duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and	9234
2950.06 of the Revised Code based on a conviction of, plea of	9235
guilty to, or adjudication as a delinquent child for committing a	9236
sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and	9237
whose duty to comply with those sections is scheduled to terminate	9238
on or after July 1, 2007, and prior to January 1, 2008, under the	9239
version of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code that is in effect	9240
prior to January 1, 2008, is presumed to have knowledge of the	9241
law, the content of division (A) of this section and its	9242
application to the offender or delinguent child, and the	9243
offender's or delinquent child's duties under Chapter 2950. of the	9244
Revised Code as it will exist under the changes that will be	9245
implemented on January 1, 2008. Any failure of any such offender	9246
or delinquent child to receive a registered letter from the	9247
attorney general pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 2950.031	9248
of the Revised Code or to receive a written notice from the	9249
department of rehabilitation and correction or department of youth	9250
services pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 2950.032 of the	9251
Revised Code does not negate, limit, or modify the presumption	9252
specified in this division.	9253

(C) Divisions (A) and (B) of this section apply to a person 9254

who is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually	9255
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense only if the	9256
person is so adjudicated prior to January 1, 2008, and, under the	9257
version of section 2950.01 of the Revised Code that is to take	9258
effect on January 1, 2008, will be a public registry-qualified	9259
juvenile offender registrant relative to that offense.	9260

Sec. 2950.031 2950.034. (A) No person who has been convicted 9261
of, is convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or pleads guilty to 9262
either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 9263
registration exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 9264
oriented offense shall establish a residence or occupy residential 9265
premises within one thousand feet of any school premises. 9266

(B) If a person to whom division (A) of this section applies 9267 violates division (A) of this section by establishing a residence 9268 or occupying residential premises within one thousand feet of any 9269 school premises, an owner or lessee of real property that is 9270 located within one thousand feet of those school premises, or the 9271 prosecuting attorney, village solicitor, city or township director 9272 of law, similar chief legal officer of a municipal corporation or 9273 township, or official designated as a prosecutor in a municipal 9274 corporation that has jurisdiction over the place at which the 9275 person establishes the residence or occupies the residential 9276 premises in question, has a cause of action for injunctive relief 9277 against the person. The plaintiff shall not be required to prove 9278 irreparable harm in order to obtain the relief. 9279

Sec. 2950.04. (A)(1) Each of the following types of (a) 9280

 Immediately after a sentencing hearing is held on or after January 9281

 1, 2008, for an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 9282

 sexually oriented offense and is sentenced to a prison term, a 9283

 term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement and before 9284

 the offender is transferred to the custody of the department of 9285

rehabilitation and correction or to the official in charge of the	9286							
jail, workhouse, state correctional institution, or other	9287							
institution where the offender will be confined, the offender	9288							
shall register personally with the sheriff of the county in which								
the offender was convicted of or pleaded guilty to the sexually	9290							
oriented offense.	9291							
(b) Immediately after a dispositional hearing is held on or	9292							
after January 1, 2008, for a child who is adjudicated a delinguent	9293							
child for committing a sexually oriented offense, is classified a	9294							
juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication, and is	9295							
committed to the custody of the department of youth services or to	9296							
a secure facility that is not operated by the department and	9297							
before the child is transferred to the custody of the department	9298							
of youth services or the secure facility to which the delinquent	9299							
child is committed, the delinguent child shall register personally	9300							
with the sheriff of the county in which the delinguent child was	9301							
classified a juvenile offender registrant based on that sexually	9302							
oriented offense.	9303							
(c) A law enforcement officer shall be present at the	9304							
sentencing hearing or dispositional hearing described in division	9305							
(A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section to immediately transport the	9306							
offender or delinguent child who is the subject of the hearing to	9307							
the sheriff of the county in which the offender or delinguent	9308							
child is convicted, pleads guilty, or is adjudicated a delinguent	9309							
child.	9310							
(d) After an offender who has registered pursuant to division	9311							
(A)(1)(a) of this section is released from a prison term, a term	9312							
of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement, the offender	9313							
shall register as provided in division (A)(2) of this section.	9314							
After a delinguent child who has registered pursuant to division	9315							
(A)(1)(b) of this section is released from the custody of the	9316							
department of youth services or from a secure facility that is not	9317							

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operated by the department, the delinguent child shall register as	9318
provided in division (A)(3) of this section.	9319
(2) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was	9320
<u>committed, each</u> offender who is convicted of <del>or</del> , pleads guilty to,	9321
<del>or</del> has been convicted of, or <u>has</u> pleaded guilty to $_{7}$ a sexually	9322
oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually	9323
<del>oriented offense</del> shall <u>comply with the following registration</u>	9324
requirements described in divisions (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), (d), and	9325
(e) of this section:	9326
(a) The offender shall register personally with the sheriff	9327
of the county within <del>five</del> <u>three</u> days of the offender's coming into	9328

a county in which the offender resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than five three days $\tau$ .

(b) The offender shall register personally with the sheriff9331of the county immediately upon coming into a county in which the9332offender attends a school or institution of higher education on a9333full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender9334resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another9335state $\tau$ .9336

(c) The offender shall register personally with the sheriff9337of the county in which the offender is employed if the offender9338resides or has a temporary domicile in this state and has been9339employed in that county for more than fourteen days or for an9340aggregate period of thirty or more days in that calendar year9341

(d) The offender shall register personally with the sheriff 9342 of the county in which the offender then is employed if the 9343 offender does not reside or have a temporary domicile in this 9344 state and has been employed at any location or locations in this 9345 state more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period of thirty 9346 or more days in that calendar year, and. 9347

(e) The offender shall register with the sheriff or other 9348

appropriate person of the other state immediately upon entering 9349 into any state other than this state in which the offender attends 9350 a school or institution of higher education on a full-time or 9351 part-time basis or upon being employed in any state other than 9352 this state for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period 9353 of thirty or more days in that calendar year regardless of whether 9354 the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state, 9355 the other state, or a different state+ 9356

(a) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was9357committed, an offender who is sentenced for the sexually oriented9358offense to a prison term, a term of imprisonment, or any other9359type of confinement and, on or after July 1, 1997, is released in9360any manner from the prison term, term of imprisonment, or9361confinement;9362

(b) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 9363 committed, an offender who is sentenced for a sexually oriented 9364 offense on or after July 1, 1997, and to whom division (A)(1)(a) 9365 of this section does not apply; 9366

(c) If the sexually oriented offense was committed prior to9367July 1, 1997, and neither division (A)(1)(a) nor division9368(A)(1)(b) of this section applies, an offender who, immediately9369prior to July 1, 1997, was a habitual sex offender who was9370required to register under Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code.9371

(2) Each (3) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense 9372 was committed, each child who is adjudicated a delinquent child 9373 for committing a sexually oriented offense that is not a 9374 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense and who is 9375 classified a juvenile offender registrant based on that 9376 adjudication shall register personally with the sheriff of the 9377 county within five three days of the delinquent child's coming 9378 into a county in which the delinquent child resides or temporarily 9379 is domiciled for more than five three days. If the delinquent 9380

child is committed for the sexually oriented offense that is not a 9381 registration exempt sexually oriented offense to the department of 9382 youth services or to a secure facility that is not operated by the 9383 department, this duty begins when the delinquent child is 9384 discharged or released in any manner from custody in a department 9385 of youth services secure facility or from the secure facility that 9386 is not operated by the department<sub> $\tau$ </sub> if pursuant to the discharge or 9387 release the delinquent child is not committed to any other secure 9388 facility of the department or any other secure facility. The 9389 delinquent child does not have a duty to register under this 9390 division while the child is in a department of youth services 9391 secure facility or in a secure facility that is not operated by 9392 the department.

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(3) If divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply, 9394 each following type of offender and each following type of 9395 delinquent child shall register personally with the sheriff of the 9396 county within five days of the offender's or delinquent child's 9397 coming into a county in which the offender or delinquent child 9398 resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than five days, and 9399 each following type of offender shall register personally with the 9400 sheriff of the county immediately upon coming into a county in 9401 which the offender attends a school or institution of higher 9402 education on a full time or part time basis regardless of whether 9403 the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or 9404 another state, shall register personally with the sheriff of the 9405 county in which the offender is employed if the offender resides 9406 or has a temporary domicile in this state and has been employed in 9407 that county for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period 9408 of thirty days or more in that calendar year, and shall register 9409 personally with the sheriff of the county in which the offender 9410 then is employed if the offender does not reside or have a 9411 temporary domicile in this state and has been employed at any 9412 location or locations in this state for more than fourteen days or 9413

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for-	an	aggregate	period	- <del>of</del> -	thirty	- <del>or</del> -	-more-	days	-in-	that	-calendar	9414
<del>year</del>	•											9415

 $\frac{(a)}{(4)}$  Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 9416 committed, a <u>each</u> person who is convicted, pleads guilty, or <u>is</u> 9417 adjudicated a delinquent child in a court in another state, in a 9418 federal court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a 9419 court in any nation other than the United States for committing a 9420 sexually oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt 9421 sexually oriented offense, if, on or after July 1, 1997, for 9422 offenders, or January 1, 2002, for delinquent children, the 9423 offender or delinquent child moves to and resides in this state or 9424 temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than five days, 9425 the offender enters this state to attend any school or institution 9426 of higher education on a full-time or part-time basis, or the 9427 offender is employed in this state for more than fourteen days or 9428 for an aggregate period of thirty or more days in any calendar 9429 year, and shall comply with the following registration 9430 requirements if, at the time the offender or delinquent child 9431 moves to and resides in this state or temporarily is domiciled in 9432 this state for more than five three days, the offender enters this 9433 state to attend the a school or institution of higher education, 9434 or the offender is employed in this state for more than the 9435 specified period of time, the offender or delinquent child has a 9436 duty to register as a sex offender or child-victim offender under 9437 the law of that other jurisdiction as a result of the conviction, 9438 guilty plea, or adjudication: 9439

(a) Each offender and delinquent child shall register9440personally with the sheriff of the county within three days of the9441offender's or delinquent child's coming into the county in which9442the offender or delinquent child resides or temporarily is9443domiciled for more than three days.9444

(b) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff 9445

of the county immediately upon coming into a county in which the	9446
offender attends a school or institution of higher education on a	9447
full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender	9448
resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another	9449
state.	9450
(c) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff	9451
of the county in which the offender is employed if the offender	9452
resides or has a temporary domicile in this state and has been	9453
employed in that county for more than fourteen days or for an	9454
aggregate period of thirty days or more in that calendar year.	9455
(d) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff	9456
of the county in which the offender then is employed if the	9457
offender does not reside or have a temporary domicile in this	9458
state and has not been employed at any location or locations in	9459
this state for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period	9460
of thirty or more days in that calendar year.	9461
(5) An offender or a delinguent child who is a public	9462
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant is not required to	9463
register under division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of this section if a	9464
court issues an order terminating the offender's or delinquent	9465
child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05,	9466
and 2950.06 of the Revised Code pursuant to section 2950.15 of the	9467
Revised Code. A delinguent child who is a juvenile offender	9468
registrant but is not a public registry-qualified juvenile	9469
offender registrant is not required to register under any of those	9470
divisions if a juvenile court issues an order declassifying the	9471
delinguent child as a juvenile offender registrant pursuant to	9472
section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code.	9473
(b) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was	9474
committed, a person who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, or is	9475

adjudicated a delinquent child in a court in another state, in a9476federal court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a9477

court in any nation other than the United States for committing a	9478
sexually oriented offense that is not a registration exempt	9479
sexually oriented offense, if, on or after July 1, 1997, for	9480
offenders, or January 1, 2002, for delinquent children, the	9481
offender or delinquent child is released from imprisonment,	9482
confinement, or detention imposed for that offense, and if, on or	9483
after July 1, 1997, for offenders, or January 1, 2002, for	9484
delinquent children, the offender or delinquent child moves to and	9485
resides in this state or temporarily is domiciled in this state	9486
for more than five days, the offender enters this state to attend	9487
any school or institution of higher education on a full-time or	9488
part-time basis, or the offender is employed in this state for	9489
more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period of thirty or	9490
more days in any calendar year. The duty to register as described	9491
in this division applies to an offender regardless of whether the	9492
offender, at the time of moving to and residing in this state or	9493
temporarily being domiciled in this state for more than five days,	9494
at the time of entering into this state to attend the school or	9495
institution of higher education, or at the time of being employed	9496
in this state for the specified period of time, has a duty to	9497
register as a sex offender or child victim offender under the law	9498
of the jurisdiction in which the conviction or guilty plea	9499
occurred. The duty to register as described in this division	9500
applies to a delinquent child only if the delinquent child, at the	9501
time of moving to and residing in this state or temporarily being	9502
domiciled in this state for more than five days, has a duty to	9503
register as a sex offender or child-victim offender under the law	9504
of the jurisdiction in which the delinquent child adjudication	9505
occurred or if, had the delinquent child adjudication occurred in	9506
this state, the adjudicating juvenile court judge would have been	9507
required to issue an order classifying the delinquent child as a	9508
juvenile offender registrant pursuant to section 2152.82 or	9509
division (A) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code.	9510

(4) If neither division (A)(1), (2), nor (3) of this section	9511
applies and if the offender is adjudicated a sexual predator under	9512
division (C) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code, the offender	9513
shall register within five days of the adjudication with the	9514
sheriff of the county in which the offender resides or temporarily	9515
is domiciled for more than five days, shall register with the	9516
sheriff of any county in which the offender subsequently resides	9517
or temporarily is domiciled for more than five days within five	9518
days of coming into that county, shall register within five days	9519
of the adjudication with the sheriff of the county in which the	9520
offender attends any school or institution of higher education on	9521
a full-time or part-time basis or in which the offender is	9522
employed if the offender has been employed in that county for more	9523
than fourteen days or for an aggregate period of thirty or more	9524
days in that calendar year regardless of whether the offender	9525
resides or has temporary domicile in this state or another state,	9526
and shall register within five days of the adjudication with the	9527
sheriff or other appropriate person of any state other than this	9528
state in which the offender attends a school or institution of	9529
higher education on a full time or part time basis or in which the	9530
offender then is employed if the offender has been employed in	9531
that state for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period	9532
of thirty or more days in any calendar year regardless of whether	9533
the offender resides or has temporary domicile in this state, the	9534
other state, or a different state.	9535

(5) A person who is adjudicated a delinquent child for 9536 committing a sexually oriented offense that is not a 9537 registration exempt sexually oriented offense is not required to 9538 register under division (A)(2) of this section unless the 9539 delinquent child committed the offense on or after January 1, 9540 2002, is classified a juvenile offender registrant by a juvenile 9541 court judge pursuant to an order issued under section 2152.82, 9542 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code based on that 9543

adjudication, and has a duty to register pursuant to division	9544
(A)(2) of this section.	9545
(6) A person who has been convicted of, is convicted of, has	9546
pleaded guilty to, or pleads guilty to a sexually oriented offense	9547
that is a registration-exempt sexually oriented offense, and a	9548
person who is or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	9549
committing a sexually oriented offense that is a	9550
registration-exempt sexually oriented offense, does not have any	9551
duty to register under this section based on that conviction,	9552
guilty plea, or adjudication. The exemption of an offender or	9553
delinquent child from registration under this division for a	9554
conviction of, plea of guilty to, or delinquent child adjudication	9555
for a registration exempt sexually oriented offense does not	9556
limit, affect, or supersede any duties imposed upon the offender	9557
or delinquent child under this chapter or sections 2152.82 to	9558
2152.85 of the Revised Code for a conviction of, plea of guilty	9559
to, or delinquent child adjudication for any other sexually	9560
oriented offense or any child victim oriented offense.	9561
(B) An offender or delinquent child who is required by	9562
division (A) of this section to register in this state personally	9563
shall obtain from the sheriff or from a designee of the sheriff a	9564

shall obtain from the sheriff or from a designee of the sheriff a 9564 registration form that conforms to division (C) of this section, 9565 shall complete and sign the form, and shall return the completed 9566 form together with the offender's or delinquent child's photograph 9567 and any other required material to the sheriff or the designee. 9568 The sheriff or designee shall sign the form and indicate on the 9569 form the date on which it is so returned. The registration 9570 required under this division is complete when the offender or 9571 delinquent child returns the form, containing the requisite 9572 information, photograph, other required material, signatures, and 9573 date, to the sheriff or designee. 9574

(C) The registration form to be used under divisions (A) and 9575

(B) of this section shall include <del>the photograph of the offender</del>	9576
<del>or delinquent child who is registering and shall</del> <u>or</u> contain all of	9577
the following for the offender or delinguent child who is	9578
registering:	9579
(1) The offender's or delinguent child's name, any aliases	9580
used by the offender or delinguent child, and a photograph of the	9581
offender or delinquent child;	9582
(2) The offender's or delinguent child's social security	9583
number;	9584
(3) Regarding an offender or delinguent child who is	9585
registering under a duty imposed under division (A)(1) of this	9586
section, a statement that the offender is serving a prison term,	9587
term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement or a	9588
statement that the delinquent child is in the custody of the	9589
department of youth services or is confined in a secure facility	9590
that is not operated by the department;	9591
(4) Regarding an offender or delinquent child who is	9592
registering under a duty imposed under division (A) $(1)$ , (2), (3),	9593
or (4) of this section as a result of the offender or delinquent	9594
child residing in this state or temporarily being domiciled in	9595
this state for more than <del>five</del> <u>three</u> days, the current residence	9596
address of the offender or delinquent child who is registering,	9597
the name and address of the offender's or delinquent child's	9598
employer if the offender or delinquent child is employed at the	9599
time of registration or if the offender or delinquent child knows	9600
at the time of registration that the offender or delinquent child	9601
will be commencing employment with that employer subsequent to	9602
registration, the name and address of the offender's school or	9603
institution of higher education if the offender attends one at the	9604
time of registration or if the offender knows at the time of	9605
registration that the offender will be commencing attendance at	9606
that school or institution subsequent to registration, and any	9607

<del>other</del> -	information	-required-	<del>-by-th</del> e	<del>-bureau</del> -	<del>of criminal</del>	9608

identification and investigation.;

 $\frac{(2)}{(5)}$  Regarding an offender who is registering under a duty 9610 imposed under division (A)(1), (3), (2) or (4) of this section as 9611 a result of the offender attending a school or institution of 9612 higher education in this state on a full-time or part-time basis 9613 or being employed in this state or in a particular county in this 9614 state, whichever is applicable, for more than fourteen days or for 9615 an aggregate of thirty or more days in any calendar year, the name 9616 and current address of the school, institution of higher 9617 education, or place of employment of the offender who is 9618 registering and any other information required by the bureau of 9619 criminal identification and investigation. i 9620

(3) Regarding an offender or delinquent child who is 9621 registering under a duty imposed under division (A)(1), (2), (3), 9622 or (4) of this section for any reason, if the offender has been 9623 adjudicated a sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented 9624 offense in question, if the delinquent child has been adjudicated 9625 a sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented offense in 9626 question and the court has not subsequently determined pursuant to 9627 section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the delinquent 9628 child no longer is a sexual predator, if the judge determined 9629 pursuant to division (C) of section 2950.09 or pursuant to section 9630 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the 9631 offender or delinquent child is a habitual sex offender and the 9632 determination has not been removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or 9633 2152.85 of the Revised Code, or if the offender has the duty to 9634 register as a result of the conviction of or plea of guilty to an 9635 aggravated sexually oriented offense, the offender or delinguent 9636 child also shall include on the signed, written registration form 9637 all of the following information: 9638

(a) A specific declaration that the person has been 9639

9609

adjudicated a sexual predator, has been determined to be a	9640
habitual sex offender, or was convicted of or pleaded guilty to an	9641
aggravated sexually oriented offense, whichever is applicable;	9642
(b) If the offender or delinquent child has been adjudicated	9643
<del>a sexual predator, the <u>(6) The</u> identification license plate number</del>	9644
of each motor vehicle the offender or delinquent child owns and,	9645
of each motor vehicle registered in the offender's or delinquent	9646
child's name, of each motor vehicle the offender or delinquent	9647
child operates as a part of employment, and of each other motor	9648
vehicle that is regularly available to be operated by the offender	9649
or delinguent child, and, if required by the bureau of criminal	9650
identification and investigation, a photograph of each of those	9651
motor vehicles;	9652
(7) If the offender or delinquent child has a driver's or	9653
commercial driver's license or permit or a state identification	9654
card issued under section 4507.50 or 4507.51 of the Revised Code,	9655
the driver's license number, commercial driver's license number,	9656
<u>or state identification card number;</u>	9657
(8) If the offender or delinquent child was convicted of,	9658
pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinguent child for	9659
committing the sexually oriented offense resulting in the	9660
registration duty in a court in another state, in a federal court,	9661
military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a court in any	9662
nation other than the United States, a DNA specimen, as defined in	9663
section 109.573 of the Revised Code, from the offender or	9664
delinguent child, a citation for, and the name of, the sexually	9665
oriented offense resulting in the registration duty, and a	9666
certified copy of a document that describes the text of that	9667
sexually oriented offense;	9668
(9) Any other information required by the bureau of criminal	9669
identification and investigation.	9670

(D) After an offender or delinquent child registers with a 9671 sheriff pursuant to this section, the sheriff shall forward the 9672 signed, written registration form and, photograph, and other 9673 material to the bureau of criminal identification and 9674 investigation in accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted 9675 pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code. If an offender 9676 registers a school, institution of higher education, or place of 9677 employment address, or provides a school or institution of higher 9678 education address under division  $(C)\frac{(1)}{(4)}$  of this section, the 9679 sheriff also shall provide notice to the law enforcement agency 9680 with jurisdiction over the premises of the school, institution of 9681 higher education, or place of employment of the offender's name 9682 and that the offender has registered that address as a place at 9683 which the offender attends school or an institution of higher 9684 education or at which the offender is employed. The bureau shall 9685 include the information and materials forwarded to it under this 9686 division in the state registry of sex offenders and child victim 9687 offenders established and maintained under section 2950.13 of the 9688 Revised Code. 9689

(E) No person who is required to register pursuant to
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divisions (A) and (B) of this section, and no person who is
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required to send a notice of intent to reside pursuant to division
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(G) of this section, shall fail to register or send the notice of
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intent as required in accordance with those divisions or that
9694
division.

(F) An offender or delinquent child who is required to 9696
register pursuant to divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall 9697
register pursuant to this section for the period of time specified 9698
in section 2950.07 of the Revised Code, with the duty commencing 9699
on the date specified in division (A) of that section. 9700

(G) If an offender or delinquent child who is required by 9701division (A) of this section to register is adjudicated a sexual 9702

predator or a habitual sexual offender subject to community

notification under division (C)(2) or (E) of section 2950.09 of	9704
the Revised Code, or if an offender who is required by division	9705
(A) of this section to register has that duty as a result of a	9706
conviction of or plea of guilty to an aggravated sexually oriented	9707
offense a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender, the	9708
offender or delinquent child also shall send the sheriff of the	9709
county in which the offender or delinquent child intends to reside	9710
written notice of the offender's or delinquent child's intent to	9711
reside in the county. The offender or delinquent child shall send	9712
the notice of intent to reside at least twenty days prior to the	9713
date the offender or delinquent child begins to reside in the	9714
county. The notice of intent to reside shall contain the following	9715
information:	9716
(1) The offender's or delinquent child's name;	9717
(2) The address or addresses at which the offender or	9718
delinquent child intends to reside;	9719
(3) The sexually oriented offense of which the offender was	9720
convicted, to which the offender pleaded guilty, or for which the	9721
child was adjudicated a delinquent child÷	9722
(4) A statement that the offender has been adjudicated a	9723
sexual predator, a statement that the delinguent child has been	9724
adjudicated a sexual predator and that, as of the date of the	9725
notice, the court has not entered a determination that the	9726
delinquent child no longer is a sexual predator, a statement that	9727
the sentencing or reviewing judge has determined that the offender	9728
or delinquent child is a habitual sex offender and that, as of the	9729
date of the notice, the determination has not been removed	9730
pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, or a	9731
statement that the offender was convicted of or pleaded guilty to	9732
an aggravated sexually oriented offense.	9733

9703

(H) If, immediately prior to July 31, 2003 January 1, 2008, 9734 an offender or delinquent child who was convicted of, pleaded 9735 quilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a 9736 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense as 9737 those terms were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code 9738 prior to January 1, 2008, was required by division (A) of this 9739 section or section 2950.041 of the Revised Code to register and 9740 if, on or after July 31, 2003 January 1, 2008, that offense no 9741 longer is a sexually oriented offense but instead is designated a 9742 child victim oriented offense, division (A)(1)(c) or (2)(b) of 9743 section 2950.041 of the Revised Code applies regarding the 9744 offender or delinquent child and as that term is defined in 9745 section 2950.01 of the Revised Code on and after January 1, 2008, 9746 the duty to register that is imposed pursuant to that division 9747 this section on and after January 1, 2008, shall be considered, 9748 for purposes of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code and for all 9749 other purposes, to be a continuation of the duty imposed upon the 9750 offender or delinquent child prior to July 31, 2003 January 1, 9751 2008, under this section or section 2950.041 of the Revised Code. 9752

**sec. 2950.041.** (A)(1) Each of the following types of (a) 9753 Immediately after a sentencing hearing is held on or after January 9754 1, 2008, for an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 9755 child-victim oriented offense and is sentenced to a prison term, a 9756 term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement and before 9757 the offender is transferred to the custody of the department of 9758 rehabilitation and correction or to the official in charge of the 9759 jail, workhouse, state correctional institution, or other 9760 institution where the offender will be confined, the offender 9761 shall register personally with the sheriff of the county in which 9762 the offender was convicted of or pleaded guilty to the 9763 child-victim offense. 9764

(b) Immediately after a dispositional hearing is held on or 9765

after January 1, 2008, for a child who is adjudicated a delinquent	9766
child for committing a child-victim oriented offense, is	9767
classified a juvenile offender registrant based on that	9768
adjudication, and is committed to the custody of the department of	9769
youth services or to a secure facility that is not operated by the	9770
department and before the child is transferred to the custody of	9771
the department of youth services or the secure facility to which	9772
the delinguent child is committed, the delinguent child shall	9773
register personally with the sheriff of the county in which the	9774
delinquent child was classified a juvenile offender registrant	9775
based on that child-victim oriented offense.	9776
(c) A law enforcement officer shall be present at the	9777
sentencing hearing or dispositional hearing described in division	9778
(A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section to immediately transport the	9779
offender or delinguent child who is the subject of the hearing to	9780
the sheriff of the county in which the offender or delinguent	9781
child is convicted, pleads guilty, or is adjudicated a delinguent	9782
child.	9783
(d) After an offender who has registered pursuant to division	9784
(A)(1)(a) of this section is released from a prison term, a term	9785
of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement, the offender	9786
shall register as provided in division (A)(2) of this section.	9787
After a delinquent child who has registered pursuant to division	9788
(A)(1)(b) of this section is released from the custody of the	9789
department of youth services or from a secure facility that is not	9790
operated by the department, the delinguent child shall register as	9791
provided in division (A)(3) of this section.	9792
(2) Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense was	9793
<u>committed, each</u> offender who is convicted of <del>or</del> , pleads guilty to,	9794
$_{ m OT}$ has been convicted of _ or <u>has</u> pleaded guilty to $_{ au}$ a child-victim	9795
oriented offense shall comply with all of the following	9796
registration requirements:	9797

(a) The offender shall register personally with the sheriff9798of the county within five three days of the offender's coming into9799a county in which the offender resides or temporarily is domiciled9800for more than five three days $\tau$ .9801

(b) The offender shall register personally with the sheriff 9802 of the county immediately upon coming into a county in which the 9803 offender attends a school or institution of higher education on a 9804 full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender 9805 resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another 9806 state7. 9807

(c) The offender shall register personally with the sheriff 9808 of the county in which the offender is employed if the offender 9809 resides or has a temporary domicile in this state and has been 9810 employed in that county for more than fourteen days or for an 9811 aggregate period of thirty or more days in that calendar year. 9812

(d) The offender shall register personally with the sheriff 9813 of the county in which the offender then is employed if the 9814 offender does not reside or have a temporary domicile in this 9815 state and has been employed at any location or locations in this 9816 state for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period of 9817 thirty or more days in that calendar year, and. 9818

(e) The offender shall register personally with the sheriff 9819 or other appropriate person of the other state immediately upon 9820 entering into any state other than this state in which the 9821 offender attends a school or institution of higher education on a 9822 full-time or part-time basis or upon being employed in any state 9823 other than this state for more than fourteen days or for an 9824 aggregate period of thirty or more days in that calendar year 9825 regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary 9826 domicile in this state, the other state, or a different state $\div$ . 9827

(a) Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense was 9828

committed, an offender who is sentenced for the child-victim	9829
oriented offense to a prison term, a term of imprisonment, or any	9830
other type of confinement and, on or after July 31, 2003, is	9831
released in any manner from the prison term, term of imprisonment,	9832
or confinement;	9833
(b) Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense was	9834
committed, an offender who is sentenced for a child-victim	9835
oriented offense on or after July 31, 2003, and to whom division	9836
(A)(1)(a) of this section does not apply;	9837
(c) If the child victim oriented offense was committed prior	9838
to July 31, 2003, if the offense was considered prior to that date	9839
to be a sexually oriented offense, and if neither division	9840
(A)(1)(a) nor division (A)(1)(b) of this section applies, an	9841
offender who, immediately prior to July 31, 2003, was required to	9842
register as a result of conviction of or plea of guilty to the	9843
commission of that offense under section 2950.04 of the Revised	9844
Code. For any offender who is described in this division, the duty	9845
imposed under this division shall be considered, for purposes of	9846
section 2950.07 of the Revised Code and for all other purposes, to	9847
be a continuation of the duty imposed upon the offender prior to	9848
July 31, 2003, under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code.	9849
(2) Each of the following types of delinquent children shall	9850
register personally with the sheriff of the county within five	9851

days of the delinquent child's coming into a county in which the9852delinquent child resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than9853five days:9854

(a)(3) Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense
 9855
 was committed, a each child who on or after July 31, 2003, is
 9856
 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a child-victim
 9857
 oriented offense and who is classified a juvenile offender
 9858
 registrant based on that adjudication shall register personally
 9859
 with the sheriff of the county within three days of the delinquent

child's coming into a county in which the delinguent child resides 9861 or temporarily is domiciled for more than three days. If the 9862 delinquent child is committed for the child-victim oriented 9863 offense to the department of youth services or to a secure 9864 facility that is not operated by the department, this duty begins 9865 when the delinquent child is discharged or released in any manner 9866 from custody in a department of youth services secure facility or 9867 from the secure facility that is not operated by the department $\tau$ 9868 if pursuant to the discharge or release the delinquent child is 9869 not committed to any other secure facility of the department or 9870 any other secure facility. The delinquent child does not have a 9871 duty to register under this division while the child is in a 9872 department of youth services secure facility or in a secure 9873 facility that is not operated by the department. 9874

(b) If the child victim oriented offense was committed prior 9875 to July 31, 2003, if the offense was considered prior to that date 9876 to be a sexually oriented offense, and if division (A)(2)(a) of 9877 this section does not apply, a delinquent child who, immediately 9878 prior to July 31, 2003, was classified a juvenile sex offender 9879 registrant and required to register as a result of a delinquent 9880 child adjudication for the commission of that offense under 9881 section 2950.04 of the Revised Code. For any delinquent child who 9882 is described in this division, the duty imposed under this 9883 division shall be considered, for purposes of section 2950.07 of 9884 the Revised Code and for all other purposes, to be a continuation 9885 of the duty imposed upon the delinquent child prior to July 31, 9886 2003, under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code. If the delinquent 9887 child is committed for the child victim oriented offense to the 9888 department of youth services or to a secure facility that is not 9889 operated by the department, the provisions of division (A)(2)(a)9890 of this section regarding the beginning, and tolling, of a duty 9891 imposed under that division also apply regarding the beginning, 9892 and tolling, of the duty imposed under this division. 9893

(3) If divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply,	9894
each following type of offender and each following type of	9895
delinquent child shall register personally with the sheriff of the	9896
county within five days of the offender's or delinquent child's	9897
coming into a county in which the offender or delinquent child	9898
resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than five days, and	9899
each following type of offender shall register personally with the	9900
sheriff of the county immediately upon coming into a county in	9901
which the offender attends a school or institution of higher	9902
education on a full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether	9903
the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or	9904
another state, shall register personally with the sheriff of the	9905
county in which the offender is employed if the offender resides	9906
or has a temporary domicile in this state and has been employed in	9907
that county for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period	9908
of thirty or more days in that calendar year, and shall register	9909
personally with the sheriff of the county in which the offender	9910
then is employed if the offender does not reside or have a	9911
temporary domicile in this state and has been employed at any	9912
location or locations in this state for more than fourteen days or	9913
for an aggregate period of thirty or more days in that calendar	9914
<del>year:</del>	9915

 $\frac{(a)}{(4)}$  Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense 9916 was committed, a each person who is convicted, pleads guilty, or 9917 is adjudicated a delinquent child in a court in another state, in 9918 a federal court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a 9919 court in any nation other than the United States for committing a 9920 child-victim oriented offense, if, on or after July 31, 2003, the 9921 offender or delinguent child moves to and resides in this state or 9922 temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than five days, 9923 the offender enters this state to attend any school or institution 9924 of higher education on a full-time or part-time basis, or the 9925 offender is employed in this state for more than fourteen days or 9926

for an encounter manifold of this to many dama in one address	
for an aggregate period of thirty or more days in any calendar	9927
year, and shall comply with all of the following registration	9928
requirements if, at the time the offender or delinquent child	9929
moves to and resides in this state or temporarily is domiciled in	9930
this state for more than <del>five</del> <u>three</u> days, the offender enters this	9931
state to attend the school or institution of higher education, or	9932
the offender is employed in this state for more than the specified	9933
period of time, the offender or delinquent child has a duty to	9934
register as a child-victim offender or sex offender under the law	9935
of that other jurisdiction as a result of the conviction, guilty	9936
plea, or adjudication <u>:</u>	9937
(a) Each offender and delinguent child shall register	9938
personally with the sheriff of the county within three days of the	9939
offender's or delinquent child's coming into the county in which	9940
the offender or delinquent child resides or temporarily is	9941
domiciled for more than three days.	9942
(b) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff	9943
of the county immediately upon coming into a county in which the	9944
<u>offender attends a school or institution of higher education on a</u>	9945
offender attends a school or institution of higher education on a full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender	9945 9946
full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender	9946
full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another	9946 9947
full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another state.	9946 9947 9948
full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another state. (c) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff	9946 9947 9948 9949
full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another state. (c) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff of the county in which the offender is employed if the offender	9946 9947 9948 9949 9950
<pre>full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another state. (c) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff of the county in which the offender is employed if the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state and has been</pre>	9946 9947 9948 9949 9950 9951
<pre>full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another state.</pre>	9946 9947 9948 9949 9950 9951 9952
<pre>full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another state.</pre>	9946 9947 9948 9949 9950 9951 9952 9953
<pre>full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another state. (c) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff of the county in which the offender is employed if the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state and has been employed in that county for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period of thirty days or more in that calendar year. (d) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff</pre>	9946 9947 9948 9949 9950 9951 9952 9953 9954
<pre>full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another state. (c) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff of the county in which the offender is employed if the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state and has been employed in that county for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period of thirty days or more in that calendar year. (d) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff of the county in which the offender then is employed if the</pre>	9946 9947 9948 9949 9950 9951 9952 9953 9954 9955
<pre>full-time or part-time basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state or another state. (c) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff of the county in which the offender is employed if the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state and has been employed in that county for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period of thirty days or more in that calendar year. (d) Each offender shall register personally with the sheriff of the county in which the offender then is employed if the offender does not reside or have a temporary domicile in this</pre>	9946 9947 9948 9949 9950 9951 9952 9953 9954 9955 9956

(5) An offender is not required to register under division	9960
(A)(2), (3), or (4) of this section if a court issues an order	9961
terminating the offender's duty to comply with sections 2950.04,	9962
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code pursuant to	9963
section 2950.15 of the Revised Code. A delinquent child who is a	9964
juvenile offender registrant but is not a public	9965
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant is not required to	9966
register under any of those divisions if a juvenile court issues	9967
an order declassifying the delinquent child as a juvenile offender	9968
registrant pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised	9969
Code.	9970

(b) Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense was 9971 committed, a person who is convicted, pleads quilty, or 9972 adjudicated a delinquent child in a court in another state, in a 9973 federal court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a 9974 court in any nation other than the United States for committing a 9975 child victim oriented offense, if, on or after July 31, 2003, the 9976 offender or delinquent child is released from imprisonment, 9977 confinement, or detention imposed for that offense, and if, on or 9978 after July 31, 2003, the offender or delinquent child moves to and 9979 resides in this state or temporarily is domiciled in this state 9980 for more than five days, the offender enters this state to attend 9981 any school or institution of higher education on a full-time or 9982 part-time basis, or the offender is employed in this state for 9983 more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period of thirty or 9984 more days in any calendar year. The duty to register as described 9985 in this division applies to an offender regardless of whether the 9986 offender, at the time of moving to and residing in this state or 9987 temporarily being domiciled in this state for more than five days, 9988 at the time of entering into this state to attend the school or 9989 institution of higher education, or at the time of being employed 9990

in this state for more than the specified period of time, has a	9991
duty to register as a child victim offender or sex offender under	9992
the law of the jurisdiction in which the conviction or guilty plea	9993
occurred. The duty to register as described in this division	9994
applies to a delinquent child only if the delinquent child, at the	9995
time of moving to and residing in this state or temporarily being	9996
domiciled in this state for more than five days, has a duty to	9997
register as a child victim offender or sex offender under the law	9998
of the jurisdiction in which the delinquent child adjudication	9999
occurred or if, had the delinquent child adjudication occurred in	10000
this state, the adjudicating juvenile court judge would have been	10001
required to issue an order classifying the delinquent child as a	10002
juvenile offender registrant pursuant to section 2152.82 or	10003
division (A) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code.	10004

(4) If neither division (A)(1), (2), nor (3) of this section 10005 applies and if the offender is adjudicated a child victim predator 10006 under division (C) of section 2950.091 of the Revised Code, the 10007 offender shall register within five days of the adjudication with 10008 the sheriff of the county in which the offender resides or 10009 temporarily is domiciled for more than five days, shall register 10010 with the sheriff of any county in which the offender subsequently 10011 resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than five days within 10012 five days of coming into that county, shall register within five 10013 days of the adjudication with the sheriff of the county in which 10014 the offender attends any school or institution of higher education 10015 on a full time or part time basis or in which the offender is 10016 employed if the offender has been employed in that county for more 10017 than fourteen days or for an aggregate period of thirty or more 10018 days in that calendar year regardless of whether the offender 10019 resides or has temporary domicile in this state or another state, 10020 and shall register within five days of the adjudication with the 10021 sheriff or other appropriate person of any state other than this 10022 state in which the offender attends a school or institution of 10023

higher education on a full-time or part-time basis or in which the	10024
offender then is employed if the offender has been employed in	10025
this state for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate period	10026
of thirty or more days in any calendar year regardless of whether	10027
the offender resides or has temporary domicile in this state, the	10028
<del>other state, or a different state.</del>	10029
(5) A person who is adjudicated a delinquent child for	10030
committing a child victim oriented offense is not required to	10031
register under division (A)(2) of this section unless the	10032
delinquent child committed the offense on or after July 31, 2003,	10033
is classified a juvenile offender registrant by a juvenile court	10034
judge pursuant to an order issued under section 2152.82, 2152.83,	10035
2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code based on that	10036
adjudication, and has a duty to register pursuant to division	10037
(A)(2) of this section.	10038
(B) An offender or delinquent child who is required by	10039
division (A) of this section to register in this state personally	10040
shall do so in the manner described in division (B) of section	10041
2950.04 of the Revised Code, and the registration is complete as	10042
described in that division.	10043
(C) The registration form to be used under divisions (A) and	10044
(B) of this section shall include <del>the photograph of the offender</del>	10045
<del>or delinquent child who is registering and shall <u>or</u> contain all of</del>	10046
the following for the offender or delinquent child who is	10047
registering:	10048
(1) The offender's or delinguent child's name, any aliases	10049
used by the offender or delinguent child, and a photograph of the	10050
offender or delinguent child;	10051
(2) The offender's or delinguent child's social security	10052
number;	10053
(3) Regarding an offender or delinquent child who is	10054

registering under a duty imposed under division (A)(1) of this10055section, a statement that the offender is serving a prison term,10056term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement or a10057statement that the delinquent child is in the custody of the10058department of youth services or is confined in a secure facility10059

that is not operated by the department;

(4) Regarding an offender or delinquent child who is10061registering under a duty imposed under division (A)(1), (2), (3),10062or (4) of this section as a result of the offender or delinquent10063child residing in this state or temporarily being domiciled in10064this state for more than five three days, all of the information10065described in division (C)(1)(4) of section 2950.04 of the Revised10066Code;10067

 $\frac{(2)}{(5)}$  Regarding an offender who is registering under a duty 10068 imposed under division (A)(1), (3), (2) or (4) of this section as a 10069 result of the offender attending a school or institution of higher 10070 education on a full-time or part-time basis or being employed in 10071 this state or in a particular county in this state, whichever is 10072 applicable, for more than fourteen days or for an aggregate of 10073 thirty or more days in any calendar year, all of the information 10074 described in division (C) $\frac{(2)(5)}{(5)}$  of section 2950.04 of the Revised 10075 Code; 10076

(3) Regarding an offender or delinquent child who is 10077 registering under a duty imposed under division (A)(1), (2), (3), 10078 or (4) of this section, if the offender has been adjudicated a 10079 child victim predator relative to the child victim oriented 10080 offense in question, if the delinquent child has been adjudicated 10081 a child victim predator relative to the child victim oriented 10082 offense in question and the court has not subsequently determined 10083 pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that 10084 the delinquent child no longer is a child victim predator, if the 10085 offender or delinquent child is automatically classified a 10086

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habitual child-victim offender under division (E) of section	10087
2950.091 of the Revised Code, or if the judge determined pursuant	10088
to division (C) or (E) of section 2950.091 or pursuant to section	10089
2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the	10090
offender or delinquent child is a habitual child victim offender	10091
and the determination has not been removed pursuant to section	10092
2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, the offender or delinquent	10093
child shall include on the signed, written registration form all	10094
of the information described in division (C)(3) of section 2950.04	10095
of the Revised Code.	10096
(6) The identification license plate number issued by this	10097
state or any other state of each motor vehicle the offender or	10098
delinguent child owns, of each motor vehicle registered in the	10099
offender's or delinquent child's name, of each motor vehicle the	10100
offender or delinquent child operates as a part of employment, and	10101
of each other motor vehicle that is regularly available to be	10102
operated by the offender or delinquent child, and, if required by	10103
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, a	10104
photograph of each of those motor vehicles;	10105
(7) If the offender or delinguent child has a driver's or	10106
commercial driver's license or permit issued by this state or any	10107
other state or a state identification card issued under section	10108
4507.50 or 4507.51 of the Revised Code or a comparable	10109
identification card issued by another state, the driver's license	10110
number, commercial driver's license number, or state	10111
identification card number;	10112
(8) If the offender or delinguent child was convicted of,	10113
pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent child for	10114
committing the child-victim oriented offense resulting in the	10115
registration duty in a court in another state, in a federal court,	10116
military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a court in any	10117
nation other than the United States, a DNA specimen, as defined in	10118

section 109.573 of the Revised Code, from the offender or

delinquent child, a citation for, and the name of, the

child-victim oriented offense resulting in the registration duty,	10121
and a certified copy of a document that describes the text of that	10122
child-victim oriented offense;	10123
(9) Any other information required by the bureau of criminal	10124
identification and investigation.	10125
(D) Division (D) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code	10126
applies when an offender or delinquent child registers with a	10127
sheriff pursuant to this section.	10128
(E) No person who is required to register pursuant to	10129
divisions (A) and (B) of this section, and no person who is	10130
required to send a notice of intent to reside pursuant to division	10131
(G) of this section, shall fail to register or send the notice as	10132
required in accordance with those divisions or that division.	10133
(F) An offender or delinquent child who is required to	10134
register pursuant to divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall	10135
register pursuant to this section for the period of time specified	10136
in section 2950.07 of the Revised Code <u>, with the duty commencing</u>	10137
on the date specified in division (A) of that section.	10138
(G) If an offender or delinquent child who is required by	10139
division (A) of this section to register is adjudicated a	10140
child-victim predator or a habitual child victim offender subject	10141
to community notification under division (C)(2) or (E) of section	10142
<del>2950.091 of the Revised Code</del> <u>a tier III sex offender/child-victim</u>	10143
offender, the offender or delinquent child also shall send the	10144
sheriff of the county in which the offender or delinquent child	10145
intends to reside written notice of the offender's or delinquent	10146
child's intent to reside in the county. The offender or delinquent	10147
shild shall send the netice of interpt to used as light to the	10140

child's intent to reside in the county. The offender or delinquent 10147 child shall send the notice of intent to reside at least twenty 10148 days prior to the date the offender or delinquent child begins to 10149

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reside in the county. The notice of intent to reside shall contain 10150 all of the following information: 10151 (1) The information specified in divisions (G)(1) and (2) of 10152 section 2950.04 of the Revised Code; 10153 (2) The child-victim oriented offense of which the offender 10154 was convicted, to which the offender pleaded guilty, or for which 10155 the child was adjudicated a delinquent child+ 10156 (3) A statement that the offender has been adjudicated a 10157 child-victim predator, a statement that the delinquent child has 10158 been adjudicated a child victim predator and that, as of the date 10159 of the notice, the court has not entered a determination that the 10160 delinquent child no longer is a child-victim predator, or a 10161 statement that the sentencing or reviewing judge has determined 10162 that the offender or delinquent child is a habitual child-victim 10163 offender and that, as of the date of the notice, the determination 10164 has not been removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the 10165 Revised Code. 10166 (H) If, immediately prior to January 1, 2008, an offender or 10167 delinquent child who was convicted of, pleaded quilty to, or was 10168 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing a child-victim 10169 oriented offense or a sexually oriented offense as those terms 10170 were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code prior to 10171 January 1, 2008, was required by division (A) of this section or 10172 section 2950.04 of the Revised Code to register and if, on or 10173 after January 1, 2008, that offense is a child-victim oriented 10174 offense as that term is defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised 10175 Code on and after January 1, 2008, the duty to register that is 10176 imposed pursuant to this section on and after January 1, 2008, 10177 shall be considered, for purposes of section 2950.07 of the 10178 Revised Code and for all other purposes, to be a continuation of 10179 the duty imposed upon the offender or delinquent child prior to 10180 January 1, 2008, under this section or section 2950.04 of the 10181

Revised Code.

Sec. 2950.042. By January 1, 2008, the department of	10183
rehabilitation and correction, the adult parole authority, and the	10184
department of youth services shall adopt rules to require parole	10185
officers to verify within three days of an offender's or	10186
delinquent child's release that the offender or delinquent child	10187
has registered as provided in divisions $(A)(2)$ and $(3)$ of section	10188
2950.04 of the Revised Code or in divisions (A)(2) and (3) of	10189
section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable.	10190

Sec. 2950.043. If an offender or delinquent child registers	10191
with a sheriff pursuant to section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the	10192
Revised Code on or after December 1, 2007, if the offender or	10193
delinquent child previously has not registered under either	10194
section with that sheriff or any other sheriff, and if the	10195
offender or delinguent child was convicted of, pleaded guilty to,	10196
or was classified a juvenile offender registrant relative to the	10197
sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense upon	10198
which the registration was based prior to December 1, 2007, as	10199
soon as practicable after the registration, the sheriff shall	10200
contact the attorney general, inform the attorney general of the	10201
registration, and forward to the attorney general in the manner	10202
specified in division (D) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code	10203
all of the information and material specified in that division.	10204
Upon being informed of the registration and receiving the	10205
information and material, the attorney general shall comply with	10206
division (B) of section 2950.031 of the Revised Code.	10207

sec. 2950.05. (A) If an offender or delinquent child is 10208
required to register pursuant to division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of 10209
section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, the offender or 10210
delinquent child, at least twenty days prior to changing the 10211

offender's or delinquent child's residence address, or the 10212 offender, at least twenty days prior to changing the address of 10213 the offender's school or institution of higher education and not 10214 later than five days after changing the address of the offender's 10215 place of employment, during the period during which the offender 10216 or delinquent child is required to register, shall provide written 10217 notice of the any change of residence address, and the offender 10218 shall provide notice of any change of school, institution of 10219 higher education, or place of employment address change, as 10220 applicable, to the sheriff with whom the offender or delinguent 10221 child most recently registered the address under division (A)(2), 10222 (3), or (4) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code or 10223 under division (B) of this section. <u>A written notice of a change</u> 10224 of school, institution of higher education, or place of employment 10225 address also shall include the name of the new school, institution 10226 of higher education, or place of employment. The offender or 10227 delinguent child shall provide the written notice at least twenty 10228 days prior to changing the residence address, and the offender 10229 shall provide the written notice at least twenty days prior to 10230 changing the address of the school or institution of higher 10231 education and not later than three days after changing the address 10232 of the place of employment. They shall provide the written notices 10233 during the period they are required to register. If a residence 10234 address change is not to a fixed address, the offender or 10235 delinquent child shall include in that notice a detailed 10236 description of the place or places at which the offender or 10237 delinquent child intends to stay and, not later than the end of 10238 the first business day immediately following the day on which the 10239 person obtains a fixed residence address, shall provide that 10240 sheriff written notice of that fixed residence address. If a 10241 person whose residence address change is not to a fixed address 10242 describes in a notice under this division the place or places at 10243 which the person intends to stay, for purposes of divisions (C) to 10244

(H) of this section, sections 2950.06 to 2950.13 of the Revised 10245 Code, and sections 311.171 and 2919.24 of the Revised Code, the 10246 place or places so described in the notice shall be considered the 10247 person's residence address and registered residence address, until 10248 the person provides the written notice of a fixed residence 10249 address as described in this division. 10250

(B) If an offender is required to provide notice of a 10251 residence, school, institution of higher education, or place of 10252 employment address change under division (A) of this section, or a 10253 delinguent child is required to provide notice of a residence 10254 address change under that division, the offender or delinquent 10255 child, at least twenty days prior to changing the residence, 10256 school, or institution of higher education address and not later 10257 than five three days after changing the place of employment 10258 address, as applicable, also shall register the new address in the 10259 manner<u>, and using the form,</u> described in divisions (B) and (C) of 10260 section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, whichever is 10261 applicable, with the sheriff of the county in which the offender's 10262 or delinquent child's new address is located, subject to division 10263 (C) of this section. If a residence address change is not to a 10264 fixed address, the offender or delinquent child shall include in 10265 the registration a detailed description of the place or places at 10266 which the offender or delinquent child intends to stay and, not 10267 later than the end of the first business day immediately following 10268 the day on which the person obtains a fixed residence address, 10269 shall register with that sheriff that fixed residence address. If 10270 a person whose residence address change is not to a fixed address 10271 describes in a registration under this division the place or 10272 places at which the person intends to stay, for purposes of 10273 divisions (C) to (H) of this section, sections 2950.06 to 2950.13 10274 of the Revised Code, and sections 311.171 and 2919.24 of the 10275 Revised Code, the place or places so described in the registration 10276 shall be considered the person's residence address and registered 10277

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residence address, until the person registers a fixed residence 10278 address as described in this division. 10279

(C) Divisions (A) and (B) of this section apply to a person 10280 who is required to register pursuant to division (A)(2), (3), or 10281 (4) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code regardless 10282 of whether the new residence, school, institution of higher 10283 education, or place of employment address is in this state or in 10284 another state. If the new address is in another state, the person 10285 shall register with the appropriate law enforcement officials in 10286 that state in the manner required under the law of that state and 10287 within the earlier of the period of time required under the law of 10288 that state or at least seven days prior to changing the address. 10289

(D)(1) Upon receiving from an offender or delinquent child 10290 pursuant to division (A) of this section notice of a change of the 10291 offender's residence, school, institution of higher education, or 10292 place of employment address or the delinquent child's residence 10293 address, a sheriff promptly shall forward the new address to the 10294 bureau of criminal identification and investigation in accordance 10295 with the forwarding procedures adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 10296 of the Revised Code if the new address is in another state or, if 10297 the new address is located in another county in this state, to the 10298 sheriff of that county. The bureau shall include all information 10299 forwarded to it under this division in the state registry of sex 10300 offenders and child-victim offenders established and maintained 10301 under section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and shall forward notice 10302 of the offender's or delinquent child's new residence, school, 10303 institution of higher education, or place of employment address, 10304 as applicable, to the appropriate officials in the other state. 10305

(2) When an offender registers a new residence, school,
 institution of higher education, or place of employment address or
 a delinquent child registers a new residence address pursuant to
 10308
 division (B) of this section, the sheriff with whom the offender
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or delinquent child registers and the bureau of criminal 10310 identification and investigation shall comply with division (D) of 10311 section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, whichever is 10312 applicable. 10313

(E)(1) No person who is required to notify a sheriff of a 10314
change of address pursuant to division (A) of this section shall 10315
fail to notify the appropriate sheriff in accordance with that 10316
division. 10317

(2) No person who is required to register a new residence, 10318
school, institution of higher education, or place of employment 10319
address with a sheriff or with an official of another state 10320
pursuant to divisions (B) and (C) of this section shall fail to 10321
register with the appropriate sheriff or official of the other 10322
state in accordance with those divisions. 10323

(F)(1) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of a 10324 violation of division (E)(1) of this section that it was 10325 impossible for the person to provide the written notice to the 10326 sheriff as required under division (A) of this section because of 10327 a lack of knowledge, on the date specified for the provision of 10328 the written notice, of a residence, school, institution of higher 10329 education, or place of employment address change, and that the 10330 person provided notice of the residence, school, institution of 10331 higher education, or place of employment address change to the 10332 sheriff specified in division (A) of this section as soon as 10333 possible, but not later than the end of the first business day, 10334 after learning of the address change by doing either of the 10335 following: 10336

(a) The person provided notice of the address change to the 10337
sheriff specified in division (A) of this section by telephone 10338
immediately upon learning of the address change or, if the person 10339
did not have reasonable access to a telephone at that time, as 10340
soon as possible, but not later than the end of the first business 10341

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day, after learning of the address change and having reasonable 10342 access to a telephone, and the person, as soon as possible, but 10343 not later than the end of the first business day, after providing 10344 notice of the address change to the sheriff by telephone, provided 10345 written notice of the address change to that sheriff. 10346

(b) The person, as soon as possible, but not later than the 10347
end of the first business day, after learning of the address 10348
change, provided written notice of the address change to the 10349
sheriff specified in division (A) of this section. 10350

(2) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of a violation 10351 of division (E)(2) of this section that it was impossible for the 10352 person to register the new address with the sheriff or the 10353 official of the other state as required under division (B) or (C) 10354 of this section because of a lack of knowledge, on the date 10355 specified for the registration of the new address, of a residence, 10356 school, institution of higher education, or place of employment 10357 address change, and that the person registered the new residence, 10358 school, institution of higher education, or place of employment 10359 address with the sheriff or the official of the other state 10360 specified in division (B) or (C) of this section as soon as 10361 possible, but not later than the end of the first business day, 10362 after learning of the address change by doing either of the 10363 following: 10364

(a) The person provided notice of the new address to the 10365 sheriff or official specified in division (B) or (C) of this 10366 section by telephone immediately upon learning of the new address 10367 or, if the person did not have reasonable access to a telephone at 10368 that time, as soon as possible, but not later than the end of the 10369 first business day, after learning of the new address and having 10370 reasonable access to a telephone, and the person, as soon as 10371 possible, but not later than the end of the first business day, 10372 after providing notice of the new address to the sheriff or 10373

section.

division.

official by telephone, registered the new address with that 10374 sheriff or official in accordance with division (B) or (C) of this 10375

(b) The person, as soon as possible, but not later than the 10377 end of the first business day, after learning of the new address, 10378 registered the new address with the sheriff or official specified 10379 in division (B) or (C) of this section, in accordance with that 10380

(G) An offender or delinquent child who is required to comply 10382 with divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall do so for 10383 the period of time specified in section 2950.07 of the Revised 10384 Code. 10385

(H) As used in this section, and in all other sections of the 10386 Revised Code that refer to the duties imposed on an offender or 10387 delinguent child under this section relative to a change in the 10388 offender's or delinquent child's residence, school, institution of 10389 higher education, or place of employment address, "change in 10390 address" includes any circumstance in which the old address for 10391 the person in question no longer is accurate, regardless of 10392 whether the person in question has a new address. 10393

Sec. 2950.06. (A) An offender or delinquent child who is 10394 required to register a residence address pursuant to division 10395 (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised 10396 Code shall periodically verify the offender's or delinquent 10397 child's current residence address, and an offender who is required 10398 to register a school, institution of higher education, or place of 10399 employment address pursuant to either any of those sections 10400 <u>divisions</u> shall periodically verify the address of the offender's 10401 current school, institution of higher education, or place of 10402 employment, in accordance with this section. The frequency of 10403 verification shall be determined in accordance with division (B) 10404

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of this section, and the manner of verification shall be 10405 determined in accordance with division (C) of this section. 10406

(B) The frequency with which an offender or delinquent child
must verify the offender's or delinquent child's current
nesidence, school, institution of higher education, or place of
nemployment address pursuant to division (A) of this section shall
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be determined as follows:

(1) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense or 10412 child-victim oriented offense for which the offender or delinquent 10413 child is required to register was committed, if the offender or 10414 delinquent child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, 10415 the offender shall verify the offender's current residence address 10416 or current school, institution of higher education, or place of 10417 employment address, and the delinquent child shall verify the 10418 delinquent child's current residence address, in accordance with 10419 division (C) of this section every ninety days after on each 10420 anniversary of the offender's or delinquent child's initial 10421 registration date during the period the offender or delinquent 10422 child is required to register if any of the following applies: 10423

(a) The offender or delinquent child is required to register 10424 based on a sexually oriented offense, and either the offender has 10425 been adjudicated a sexual predator relative to the sexually 10426 oriented offense, the delinquent child has been adjudicated a 10427 sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented offense and the 10428 court has not subsequently entered a determination pursuant to 10429 section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the delinquent 10430 child no longer is a sexual predator, or the offender is required 10431 to register as a result of an aggravated sexually oriented 10432 offense. 10433

(b) The offender or delinquent child is required to register
 based on a child victim oriented offense, and either the offender
 has been adjudicated a child victim predator relative to the

child-victim oriented offense or the delinquent child has been	10437
adjudicated a child victim predator relative to the child victim	10438
oriented offense and the court has not subsequently entered a	10439
determination pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the	10440
Revised Code that the delinquent child no longer is a child victim	10441
predator.	10442

(2) In all circumstances not described in division (B)(1) of 10443 this section Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense or 10444 child-victim oriented offense for which the offender or delinquent 10445 child is required to register was committed, if the offender or 10446 delinquent child is a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender, 10447 the offender shall verify the offender's current residence address 10448 or current school, institution of higher education, or place of 10449 employment address, and the delinguent child shall verify the 10450 delinguent child's current residence address, in accordance with 10451 division (C) of this section on each anniversary of every one 10452 hundred eighty days after the offender's or delinguent child's 10453 initial registration date during the period the offender or 10454 delinguent child is required to register. 10455

(3) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense or 10456 child-victim oriented offense for which the offender or delinquent 10457 child is required to register was committed, if the offender or 10458 delinguent child is a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender, 10459 the offender shall verify the offender's current residence address 10460 or current school, institution of higher education, or place of 10461 employment address, and the delinguent child shall verify the 10462 delinquent child's current residence address, in accordance with 10463 division (C) of this section every ninety days after the 10464 offender's or delinquent child's initial registration date during 10465 the period the offender or delinquent child is required to 10466 register. 10467

(4) If, prior to the effective date of this amendment January 10468

1, 2008, an offender or delinquent child registered with a sheriff 10469 under a duty imposed under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the 10470 Revised Code as a result of a conviction of, plea of quilty to, or 10471 adjudication as a delinquent child for committing a sexually 10472 oriented offense and if, on or after the effective date of this 10473 amendment, that offense no longer is a sexually oriented offense 10474 but instead is or a child-victim oriented offense as those terms 10475 were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code prior to 10476 January 1, 2008, the duty to register that is imposed on the 10477 offender or delinguent child pursuant to section 2950.04 or 10478 2950.041 of the Revised Code on and after January 1, 2008, is a 10479 continuation of the duty imposed upon the offender prior to the 10480 effective date of this amendment January 1, 2008, under section 10481 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code and, for purposes of 10482 divisions (B)(1) and, (2), and (3) of this section, the offender's 10483 initial registration date related to that offense is the date on 10484 which the offender initially registered under section 2950.04 or 10485 2950.041 of the Revised Code. 10486

(C)(1) An offender or delinquent child who is required to 10487 verify the offender's or delinquent child's current residence, 10488 school, institution of higher education, or place of employment 10489 address pursuant to division (A) of this section shall verify the 10490 address with the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent 10491 child most recently registered the address by personally appearing 10492 before the sheriff or a designee of the sheriff, no earlier than 10493 ten days before the date on which the verification is required 10494 pursuant to division (B) of this section and no later than the 10495 date so required for verification, and completing and signing a 10496 copy of the verification form prescribed by the bureau of criminal 10497 identification and investigation. The sheriff or designee shall 10498 sign the completed form and indicate on the form the date on which 10499 it is so completed. The verification required under this division 10500 is complete when the offender or delinquent child personally 10501

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appears before the sheriff or designee and completes and signs the 10502 form as described in this division. 10503 (2) To facilitate the verification of an offender's or 10504 delinquent child's current residence, school, institution of 10505 higher education, or place of employment address, as applicable, 10506 under division (C)(1) of this section, the sheriff with whom the 10507 offender or delinquent child most recently registered the address 10508 may mail a nonforwardable verification form prescribed by the 10509 bureau of criminal identification and investigation to the 10510 offender's or delinquent child's last reported address and to the 10511 last reported address of the parents of the delinquent child, with 10512 a notice that conspicuously states that the offender or delinquent 10513 child must personally appear before the sheriff or a designee of 10514 the sheriff to complete the form and the date by which the form 10515 must be so completed. Regardless of whether a sheriff mails a form 10516 to an offender or delinquent child and that child's parents, each 10517 offender or delinquent child who is required to verify the 10518 offender's or delinquent child's current residence, school, 10519 institution of higher education, or place of employment address, 10520 as applicable, pursuant to division (A) of this section shall 10521 personally appear before the sheriff or a designee of the sheriff 10522 to verify the address in accordance with division (C)(1) of this 10523 section. 10524

(D) The verification form to be used under division (C) of 10525this section shall contain all of the following: 10526

(1) Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this section, 10527 the current residence address of the offender or delinquent child, 10528 the name and address of the offender's or delinquent child's 10529 employer if the offender or delinquent child is employed at the 10530 time of verification or if the offender or delinquent child knows 10531 at the time of verification that the offender or delinquent child 10532 will be commencing employment with that employer subsequent to 10533

verification, the name and address of the offender's school or 10534 institution of higher education if the offender attends one at the 10535 time of verification or if the offender knows at the time of 10536 verification that the offender will be commencing attendance at 10537 that school or institution subsequent to verification, and any 10538 other information required by the bureau of criminal 10539 identification and investigation.

(2) Regarding an offender who is verifying a current school, 10541 institution of higher education, or place of employment address, 10542 the <u>name and</u> current address of the school, institution of higher 10543 education, or place of employment of the offender and any other 10544 information required by the bureau of criminal identification and 10545 investigation. 10546

(E) Upon an offender's or delinquent child's personal 10547 appearance and completion of a verification form under division 10548 (C) of this section, a sheriff promptly shall forward a copy of 10549 the verification form to the bureau of criminal identification and 10550 investigation in accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted 10551 by the attorney general pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised 10552 Code. If an offender verifies a school, institution of higher 10553 education, or place of employment address, or provides a school or 10554 institution of higher education address under division (D)(1) of 10555 this section, the sheriff also shall provide notice to the law 10556 enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the premises of the 10557 school, institution of higher education, or place of employment of 10558 the offender's name and that the offender has verified or provided 10559 that address as a place at which the offender attends school or an 10560 institution of higher education or at which the offender is 10561 employed. The bureau shall include all information forwarded to it 10562 under this division in the state registry of sex offenders and 10563 child-victim offenders established and maintained under section 10564 2950.13 of the Revised Code. 10565

(F) No person who is required to verify a current residence, 10566 school, institution of higher education, or place of employment 10567 address, as applicable, pursuant to divisions (A) to (C) of this 10568 section shall fail to verify a current residence, school, 10569 institution of higher education, or place of employment address, 10570 as applicable, in accordance with those divisions by the date 10571 required for the verification as set forth in division (B) of this 10572 section, provided that no person shall be prosecuted or subjected 10573

to a delinquent child proceeding for a violation of this division, 10574 and that no parent, guardian, or custodian of a delinquent child 10575 shall be prosecuted for a violation of section 2919.24 of the 10576 Revised Code based on the delinquent child's violation of this 10577 division, prior to the expiration of the period of time specified 10578 in division (G) of this section. 10579

(G)(1) If an offender or delinquent child fails to verify a 10580 current residence, school, institution of higher education, or 10581 place of employment address, as applicable, as required by 10582 divisions (A) to (C) of this section by the date required for the 10583 verification as set forth in division (B) of this section, the 10584 sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child is required to 10585 verify the current address, on the day following that date 10586 required for the verification, shall send a written warning to the 10587 offender or to the delinguent child and that child's parents, at 10588 the offender's or delinquent child's and that child's parents' 10589 last known residence, school, institution of higher education, or 10590 place of employment address, as applicable, regarding the 10591 offender's or delinquent child's duty to verify the offender's or 10592 delinquent child's current residence, school, institution of 10593 higher education, or place of employment address, as applicable. 10594

The written warning shall do all of the following: 10595

(a) Identify the sheriff who sends it and the date on which 10596it is sent; 10597

(b) State conspicuously that the offender or delinquent child 10598
has failed to verify the offender's current residence, school, 10599
institution of higher education, or place of employment address or 10600
the delinquent child's current residence address by the date 10601
required for the verification; 10602

(c) Conspicuously state that the offender or delinquent child 10603 has seven days from the date on which the warning is sent to 10604 verify the current residence, school, institution of higher 10605 education, or place of employment address, as applicable, with the 10606 sheriff who sent the warning; 10607

(d) Conspicuously state that a failure to timely verify the 10608specified current address or addresses is a felony offense; 10609

(e) Conspicuously state that, if the offender verifies the 10610 current residence, school, institution of higher education, or 10611 place of employment address or the delinquent child verifies the 10612 current residence address with that sheriff within that seven-day 10613 period, the offender or delinquent child will not be prosecuted or 10614 subjected to a delinquent child proceeding for a failure to timely 10615 verify a current address and the delinquent child's parent, 10616 guardian, or custodian will not be prosecuted based on a failure 10617 of the delinquent child to timely verify an address; 10618

(f) Conspicuously state that, if the offender does not verify 10619 the current residence, school, institution of higher education, or 10620 place of employment address or the delinquent child verifies does 10621 not verify the current residence address with that sheriff within 10622 that seven-day period, the offender or delinquent child will be 10623 arrested or taken into custody, as appropriate, and prosecuted or 10624 subjected to a delinquent child proceeding for a failure to timely 10625 verify a current address and the delinquent child's parent, 10626 guardian, or custodian may be prosecuted for a violation of 10627 section 2919.24 of the Revised Code based on the delinquent 10628 child's failure to timely verify a current residence address. 10629

(2) If an offender or delinquent child fails to verify a 10630 current residence, school, institution of higher education, or 10631 place of employment address, as applicable, as required by 10632 divisions (A) to (C) of this section by the date required for the 10633 verification as set forth in division (B) of this section, the 10634 offender or delinquent child shall not be prosecuted or subjected 10635 to a delinquent child proceeding for a violation of division (F) 10636 of this section, and the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or 10637 custodian shall not be prosecuted for a violation of section 10638 2919.24 of the Revised Code based on the delinquent child's 10639 failure to timely verify a current residence address, as 10640 applicable, unless the seven-day period subsequent to that date 10641 that the offender or delinquent child is provided under division 10642 (G)(1) of this section to verify the current address has expired 10643 and the offender or delinquent child, prior to the expiration of 10644 that seven-day period, has not verified the current address. Upon 10645 the expiration of the seven-day period that the offender or 10646 delinquent child is provided under division (G)(1) of this section 10647 to verify the current address, if the offender or delinquent child 10648 has not verified the current address, all of the following apply: 10649

(a) The sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child is 10650
 required to verify the current residence, school, institution of 10651
 higher education, or place of employment address, as applicable, 10652
 promptly shall notify the bureau of criminal identification and 10653
 investigation of the failure. 10654

(b) The sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child is 10655 required to verify the current residence, school, institution of 10656 higher education, or place of employment address, as applicable, 10657 the sheriff of the county in which the offender or delinquent 10658 child resides, the sheriff of the county in which is located the 10659 offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of 10660 employment address that was to be verified, or a deputy of the 10661

appropriate sheriff, shall locate the offender or delinquent 10662 child, promptly shall seek a warrant for the arrest or taking into 10663 custody, as appropriate, of the offender or delinquent child for 10664 the violation of division (F) of this section and shall arrest the 10665 offender or take the child into custody, as appropriate. 10666

(c) The offender or delinquent child is subject to 10667 prosecution or a delinquent child proceeding for the violation of 10668 division (F) of this section, and the delinquent child's parent, 10669 guardian, or custodian may be subject to prosecution for a 10670 violation of section 2919.24 of the Revised Code based on the 10671 delinquent child's violation of that division. 10672

(H) An offender who is required to verify the offender's 10673 current residence, school, institution of higher education, or 10674 place of employment address pursuant to divisions (A) to (C) of 10675 this section and a delinquent child who is required to verify the 10676 delinquent child's current residence address pursuant to those 10677 divisions shall do so for the period of time specified in section 10678 2950.07 of the Revised Code. 10679

Sec. 2950.07. (A) The duty of an offender who is convicted of 10680  $\frac{\partial r}{\partial x}$  pleads guilty to,  $\frac{\partial r}{\partial x}$  has been convicted of or has pleaded 10681 guilty to, either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 10682 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 10683 oriented offense and the duty of a delinquent child who is or has 10684 been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing either a 10685 sexually oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt 10686 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and 10687 is classified a juvenile offender registrant or who is an 10688 out-of-state juvenile offender registrant to comply with sections 10689 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code 10690 commences on whichever of the following dates is applicable: 10691

(1) <u>If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to</u> 10692

division (A)(1)(a) of section 2950.04 or division (A)(1)(a) of	10693
section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, the offender's duty to	10694
comply with those sections commences immediately after the entry	10695
of the judgment of conviction.	10696
(2) If the delinguent child's duty to register is imposed	10697
pursuant to division (A)(1)(b) of section 2950.04 or division	10698
(A)(1)(b) of section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, the delinquent	10699
child's duty to comply with those sections commences immediately	10700
after the order of disposition.	10701
(3) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to	10702
division (A) $\frac{(1)(a)(2)}{(2)}$ of section 2950.04 or division (A) $\frac{(1)(a)(2)}{(2)}$	10703
of section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, subject to division	10704
(A)(7) of this section, the offender's duty to comply with those	10705
sections commences <del>regarding residence addresses</del> on the date of	10706
the offender's release from a prison term, a term of imprisonment,	10707
or any other type of confinement <del>or on July 1, 1997, for a duty</del>	10708
under section 2950.04 or the effective date of this amendment for	10709
a duty under section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, whichever is	10710
later, and commences regarding addresses of schools, institutions	10711
of higher education, and places of employment on the date of the	10712
offender's release from a prison term, term of imprisonment, or	10713
any other type of confinement or on the effective date of this	10714
amendment, whichever is later.	10715
(2) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to	10716
disting $(\lambda)(1)(b)$ of continuous $2050, 04$ or disting $(\lambda)(1)(b)$ of	10717

division (A)(1)(b) of section 2950.04 or division (A)(1)(b) of 10717 section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, the offender's duty to 10718 comply with those sections commences regarding residence 10719 addresses, or if the offender is not sentenced to a prison term, a 10720 term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement, on the 10721 date of the entry of the judgment of conviction of the sexually 10722 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense or on July 1, 10723 1997, for a duty under section 2950.04 or the effective date of 10724

this amendment for a duty under section 2950.041 of the Revised	10725
Code, whichever is later, and commences regarding addresses of	10726
schools, institutions of higher education, and places of	10727
employment on the date of entry of the judgment of conviction of	10728
the sexually oriented offense or child victim oriented offense or	10729
on the effective date of this amendment, whichever is later.	10730

(3) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to10731division (A)(1)(c) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, the10732offender's duty to comply with those sections commences regarding10733residence addresses fourteen days after July 1, 1997, and10734commences regarding addresses of schools, institutions of higher10735education, and places of employment fourteen days after the10736effective date of this amendment.10737

(4) If the offender's or delinquent child's duty to register 10738 is imposed pursuant to division (A)(3)(a) or (b)(4) of section 10739 2950.04 or division (A)(3)(a) or (b)(4) of section 2950.041 of the 10740 Revised Code, the offender's duty to comply with those sections 10741 commences regarding residence addresses on the date that the 10742 offender begins to reside or becomes temporarily domiciled in this 10743 state or on March 30, 1999, for a duty under section 2950.04 of 10744 the Revised Code or the effective date of this amendment for a 10745 duty under section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, whichever is 10746 later, the offender's duty regarding addresses of schools, 10747 institutions of higher education, and places of employment 10748 commences on the effective date of this amendment or on the date 10749 the offender begins attending any school or institution of higher 10750 education in this state on a full-time or part-time basis or 10751 becomes employed in this state, whichever is later, and the 10752 delinguent child's duty commences on the date the delinguent child 10753 begins to reside or becomes temporarily domiciled in this state or 10754 on January 1, 2002, for a duty under section 2950.04 of the 10755 Revised Code or the effective date of this amendment for a duty 10756

#### under section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, whichever is later. 10757

(5) If the delinquent child's duty to register is imposed 10758 pursuant to division (A) $\frac{(2)}{(3)}$  of section 2950.04 or division 10759 10760 (A) $\frac{(2)(a)(3)}{(3)}$  of section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, if the delinquent child's classification as a juvenile offender 10761 registrant is made at the time of the child's disposition for that 10762 sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, 10763 whichever is applicable, and if the delinquent child is committed 10764 for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense 10765 to the department of youth services or to a secure facility that 10766 is not operated by the department, the delinquent child's duty to 10767 comply with those sections commences on the date of the delinquent 10768 child's discharge or release from custody in the department of 10769 youth services secure facility or from the secure facility not 10770 operated by the department as described in that division. 10771

(6) If the delinquent child's duty to register is imposed 10772 pursuant to division  $(A)\frac{(2)(3)}{(2)}$  of section 2950.04 or division 10773 (A) $\frac{(2)(a)}{(3)}$  of section 2950.041 of the Revised Code and if either 10774 the delinquent child's classification as a juvenile offender 10775 registrant is made at the time of the child's disposition for that 10776 sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, 10777 whichever is applicable, and the delinquent child is not committed 10778 for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense 10779 to the department of youth services or to a secure facility that 10780 is not operated by the department or the child's classification as 10781 a juvenile offender registrant is made pursuant to sections 10782 section 2152.83 or division (A)(2) of section 2152.86 of the 10783 Revised Code, subject to divisions (A)(7) of this section, the 10784 delinquent child's duty to comply with those sections commences on 10785 the date of entry of the court's order that classifies the 10786 delinquent child a juvenile offender registrant. 10787

(7) If the offender's or delinquent child's duty to register 10788

is imposed pursuant to division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section	10789
2950.04 or division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2950.041 of the	10790
Revised Code and if the offender or delinquent child prior to	10791
January 1, 2008, has registered a residence, school, institution	10792
of higher education, or place of employment address pursuant to	10793
section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code as they	10794
existed prior to that date, the offender or delinquent child	10795
initially shall register in accordance with section 2950.04 or	10796
2950.041 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, as it	10797
exists on and after January 1, 2008, not later than the earlier of	10798
the dates specified in divisions (A)(7)(a) and (b) of this	10799
section. The offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply	10800
thereafter with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06	10801
of the Revised Code as they exist on and after January 1, 2008,	10802
commences on the date of that initial registration. The offender	10803
or delinguent child initially shall register under section 2950.04	10804
or 2950.041 of the Revised Code as it exists on and after January	10805
1, 2008, not later than the earlier of the following:	10806
(a) The date that is six months after the date on which the	10807
offender or delinquent child received a registered letter from the	10808
attorney general under division (A)(2) or (B) of section 2950.031	10809
of the Revised Code;	10810
(b) The earlier of the date on which the offender or	10811
delinguent child would be required to verify a previously	10812
registered address under section 2950.06 of the Revised Code as it	10813
existed prior to January 1, 2008, or, if the offender or	10814
delinquent child has changed a previously registered address, the	10815

date on which the offender or delinquent child would be required10816to register a new residence, school, institution of higher10817education, or place of employment address under section 2950.05 of10818the Revised Code as it existed prior to January 1, 2008.10819

(8) If the offender's <u>or delinquent child's</u> duty to register 10820

is was imposed pursuant to division (A)(1)(c) of section 2950.04 10821 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code as they existed prior to January 10822 1, 2008, the offender's or delinguent child's duty to comply with 10823 those sections regarding residence addresses sections 2950.04, 10824 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code as they exist 10825 on and after January 1, 2008, is a continuation of the offender's 10826 <u>or delinquent child's</u> former duty to register <del>regarding residence</del> 10827 addresses imposed prior to the effective date of this amendment 10828 January 1, 2008, under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised 10829 Code and shall be considered for all purposes as having commenced 10830 on the date that the offender's former duty under that section 10831 commenced. The offender's duty to comply with those sections 10832 commences regarding addresses of schools, institutions of higher 10833 education, and places of employment on the effective date of this 10834 amendment. 10835

(8) If the delinquent child's duty to register is imposed 10836 pursuant to division (A)(2)(b) of section 2950.041 of the Revised 10837 Code, the delinguent child's duty to comply with those sections is 10838 a continuation of the delinquent child's former duty to register 10839 imposed prior to the effective date of this amendment under 10840 section 2950.04 of the Revised Code and shall be considered for 10841 all purposes as having commenced on the date that the delinquent 10842 child's former duty under that section commenced or commences. 10843

(B) The duty of an offender who is convicted of <del>or</del>, pleads 10844 guilty to,  $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial t}$  has been convicted of <u></u>, or <u>has</u> pleaded guilty to <del>,</del> 10845 either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 10846 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 10847 oriented offense and the duty of a delinquent child who is or has 10848 been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing either a 10849 sexually oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt 10850 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and 10851 is classified a juvenile offender registrant or who is an 10852

out-of-state juvenile offender registrant to comply with sections 10853 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code 10854 continues, after the date of commencement, for whichever of the 10855 following periods is applicable: 10856 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 10857 offense is a sexually oriented offense that is not a 10858 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense and the person is an 10859 offender or delinguent child has been adjudicated a sexual 10860 predator who is a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender 10861 relative to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented 10862 offense, if the person is a delinquent child who is a tier III sex 10863 offender/child-victim offender relative to the sexually oriented 10864 offense or child-victim oriented offense, or if the person is a 10865 delinquent child who is a public registry-qualified juvenile 10866 offender registrant relative to the sexually oriented offense, if 10867 the offense is a sexually oriented offense and the offender has 10868 the duty to register as a result of an aggravated sexually 10869 oriented offense, or if the offense is a child victim oriented 10870 offense and the offender or delinguent child has been adjudicated 10871 a child victim predator relative to the child victim oriented 10872 offense, the offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply with 10873 those sections continues until the offender's or delinquent 10874 child's death. Regarding a delinguent child who has been 10875 adjudicated a sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented 10876 offense or who has been adjudicated a child-victim predator 10877 relative to the child victim oriented offense who is a tier III 10878 sex offender/child-victim offender relative to the offense but is 10879 not a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant 10880 relative to the offense, if the judge who made the disposition for 10881 the delinquent child or that judge's successor in office 10882 subsequently enters a determination pursuant to section 2152.84 or 10883 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the delinquent child no longer is 10884 a <del>sexual predator or child victim predator</del> <u>tier III sex</u> 10885

offender/child-victim offender, the delinquent child's duty to	10886
comply with those sections continues for the period of time that	10887
otherwise would have been is applicable to the delinquent child	10888
under division (B)(2) or (3) of this section <u>, based on the</u>	10889
reclassification of the child pursuant to section 2152.84 or	10890
21562.85 of the Revised Code as a tier I sex offender/child-victim	10891
offender or a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender. In no	10892
case shall the lifetime duty to comply that is imposed under this	10893
division on an offender who is <del>adjudicated a sexual predator or is</del>	10894
adjudicated a child victim predator or is imposed under this	10895
division for an aggravated sexually oriented offense, or the	10896
adjudication, classification, or conviction that subjects the	10897
offender to this division, a tier III sex offender/child-victim	10898
offender be removed or terminated. <u>A delinquent child who is a</u>	10899
public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant may have	10900
the lifetime duty to register terminated only pursuant to section	10901
2950.15 of the Revised Code.	10902
(2) If the <del>judge who sentenced the offender or made the</del>	10903
disposition for the delinquent child for committing the sexually	10904
oriented offense that is not a registration exempt sexually	10905
oriented offense or the child victim oriented offense, or the	10906
successor in office of the juvenile court judge who made the	10907
delinquent child disposition, determined pursuant to division (E)	10908
of section 2950.09 or 2950.091 or pursuant to division (B) of	10909
section 2152.83, section 2152.84, or section 2152.85 of the	10910
Revised Code that the person is an offender or delinquent child	10911
<u>who</u> is a <del>habitual sex offender or a habitual child-victim</del>	10912
offender, or if the offender or delinquent child is automatically	10913

offender, or if the offender or delinquent child is automatically10913classified a habitual child-victim offender pursuant to division10914(E) of section 2950.091 of the Revised Code tier II sex10915offender/child-victim offender relative to the sexually oriented10916offense or child-victim oriented offense, the offender's duty to10917comply with those sections continues either until the offender's10918

death or for twenty years, determined as provided in this	10919
division, and the delinquent child's duty to comply with those	10920
sections continues for <del>twenty <u>twenty-five</u> years. <del>If</del> <u>Except as</u></del>	10921
otherwise provided in this division, if the person is a delinquent	10922
child who is a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender relative	10923
to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense,	10924
the delinquent child's duty to comply with those sections	10925
<u>continues for twenty years. Regarding</u> a delinquent child <del>is so</del>	10926
determined or classified to be a habitual sex offender or a	10927
habitual child victim offender and who is a tier II sex	10928
offender/child-victim offender relative to the offense but is not	10929
a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant relative	10930
to the offense, if the judge who made the disposition for the	10931
delinquent child or that judge's successor in office subsequently	10932
enters a determination pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of	10933
the Revised Code that the delinquent child no longer is a <del>habitual</del>	10934
<del>sex offender or habitual child-victim offender</del> <u>tier II sex</u>	10935
offender/child-victim offender but remains a juvenile offender	10936
registrant, the delinquent child's duty to comply with those	10937
sections continues for the period of time that <del>otherwise would</del>	10938
have been is applicable to the delinquent child under division	10939
(B)(3) of this section, based on the reclassification of the child	10940
pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code as a	10941
<u>tier I sex offender/child-victim offender</u> . <del>Except as otherwise</del>	10942
provided in this division, the offender's duty to comply with	10943
those sections continues until the offender's death. If a lifetime	10944
duty to comply is imposed under this division on an offender, in	10945
no case shall that lifetime duty, or the determination that	10946
subjects the offender to this division, be removed or terminated.	10947
The offender's duty to comply with those sections continues for	10948
twenty years if the offender is a habitual sex offender and both	10949
of the following apply:	10950

(a) At least one of the sexually oriented offenses of which 10951

the offender has been convicted or to which the offender has	10952
pleaded guilty and that are included in the habitual sex offender	10953
determination is a violation of division (A)(1) or (5) of section	10954
2907.06 of the Revised Code involving a victim who is eighteen	10955
years of age or older, a violation of division (A), (B), or (E) of	10956
section 2907.08 of the Revised Code involving a victim who is	10957
eighteen years of age or older, or a violation of section 2903.211	10958
of the Revised Code that is a misdemeanor;	10959

(b) The total of all the sexually oriented offenses of which10960the offender has been convicted or to which the offender has10961pleaded guilty and that are included in the habitual sex offender10962determination does not include at least two sexually oriented10963offenses that are not described in division (B)(2)(a) of this10964section.10965

(3) If neither division (B)(1) nor (B)(2) of this section 10966 applies Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 10967 person is an offender who is a tier I sex offender/child-victim 10968 offender relative to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim 10969 oriented offense, the offender's or delinquent child's duty to 10970 comply with those sections continues for ten fifteen years. If 10971 Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the person is a 10972 delinquent child who is a tier I sex offender/child-victim 10973 offender relative to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim 10974 oriented offense, the delinquent child's duty to comply with those 10975 sections continues for ten years. Regarding a delinquent child who 10976 is classified pursuant to section 2152.82 or 2152.83 of the 10977 Revised Code a juvenile offender registrant and a tier I sex 10978 offender/child-victim offender but is not a public 10979 registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, if the judge who 10980 made the disposition for the delinquent child or that judge's 10981 successor in office subsequently enters a determination pursuant 10982 to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the 10983

delinquent child no longer is to be classified a juvenile offender	10984
registrant, the delinquent child's duty to comply with those	10985
sections terminates upon the court's entry of the determination. $\underline{A}$	10986
<u>person who is an offender who is a tier I</u>	10987
sex/offender/child-victim offender may have the fifteen-year duty	10988
to register terminated only pursuant to section 2950.15 of the	10989
Revised Code.	10990
(C)(1) If an offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	10991
to a sexually oriented offense <del>that is not a registration-exempt</del>	10992
<del>sexually oriented offense</del> and the offender subsequently is	10993
convicted of or pleads guilty to another sexually oriented offense	10994
or a child-victim oriented offense, if an offender has been	10995
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a child-victim oriented offense	10996
and the offender subsequently is convicted of or pleads guilty to	10997
another child-victim oriented offense or a sexually oriented	10998
offense, if a delinquent child has been adjudicated a delinquent	10999
child for committing a sexually oriented offense <del>that is not a</del>	11000
registration exempt sexually oriented offense and is classified a	11001
juvenile offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile	11002
offender registrant and the child subsequently is adjudicated a	11003
delinquent child for committing another sexually oriented offense	11004
or a child-victim oriented offense and is classified a juvenile	11005
offender registrant relative to that offense or subsequently is	11006
convicted of or pleads guilty to another sexually oriented offense	11007
or a child-victim oriented offense, or if a delinquent child has	11008
been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a child-victim	11009
oriented offense and is classified a juvenile offender registrant	11010
or is an out-of-state juvenile offender registrant and the child	11011
subsequently is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing	11012
another child-victim oriented offense or a sexually oriented	11013
offense and is classified a juvenile offender registrant relative	11014
to that offense or subsequently is convicted of or pleads guilty	11015
to another child-victim oriented offense or a sexually oriented	11016

offense, the period of time for which the offender or delinquent 11017 child must comply with the sections specified in division (A) of 11018 this section shall be separately calculated pursuant to divisions 11019 (A)(1) to (8) and (B)(1) to (3) of this section for each of the 11020 sexually oriented offenses and child-victim oriented offenses, and 11021 the offender or delinquent child shall comply with each separately 11022 calculated periods period of time shall be complied with 11023 independently. 11024

If a delinquent child has been adjudicated a delinquent child 11025 for committing either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 11026 registration exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 11027 oriented offense, is classified a juvenile offender registrant or 11028 is an out-of-state juvenile offender registrant relative to the 11029 that offense, and, after attaining eighteen years of age, 11030 subsequently is convicted of or pleads guilty to another sexually 11031 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, the subsequent 11032 conviction or guilty plea does not limit, affect, or supersede the 11033 duties imposed upon the delinquent child under this chapter 11034 relative to the delinquent child's classification as a juvenile 11035 offender registrant or as an out-of-state juvenile offender 11036 registrant, and the delinquent child shall comply with both those 11037 duties and the duties imposed under this chapter relative to the 11038 subsequent conviction or guilty plea. 11039

(2) If a delinquent child has been adjudicated a delinquent 11040 child for committing on or after January 1, 2002, either a 11041 sexually oriented offense that is not a registration exempt 11042 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and 11043 is classified a juvenile offender registrant relative to the 11044 offense, if the order containing the classification also contains 11045 a determination by the juvenile judge that the child is a sexual 11046 predator or a habitual sex offender or that the child is a 11047 child-victim predator or a habitual child-victim offender, and if 11048

the juvenile judge or the judge's successor in office subsequently	11049
determines reclassifies the offense tier in which the child is	11050
classified pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised	11051
Code that the delinquent child no longer is a sexual predator or	11052
habitual sex offender or no longer is a child victim predator or	11053
habitual child-victim offender, whichever is applicable, the	11054
judge's subsequent determination to reclassify the child does not	11055
affect the date of commencement of the delinquent child's duty to	11056
comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of	11057
the Revised Code as determined under division (A) of this section.	11058
The child's duty to comply with those sections after the	11059
reclassification is a continuation of the child's duty to comply	11060
with the sections that was in effect prior to the	11061
reclassification, and the duty shall continue for the period of	11062
time specified in division (B)(1), (2), or (3) of this section,	11063
whichever is applicable.	11064
If, prior to January 1, 2008, an offender had a duty to	11065

<u>If, prior to January 1, 2008, an offender had a duty to</u> 11065 comply with the sections specified in division (A) of this section 11066 as a result of a conviction of or plea of quilty to a sexually 11067 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense as those terms 11068 were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code prior to 11069 January 1, 2008, or a delinguent child had a duty to comply with 11070 those sections as a result of an adjudication as a delinquent 11071 child for committing one of those offenses as they were defined 11072 prior to January 1, 2008, the period of time specified in division 11073 (B)(1), (2), or (3) of this section on and after January 1, 2008, 11074 for which a person must comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 11075 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code applies to the person, 11076 automatically replaces the period of time for which the person had 11077 to comply with those sections prior to January 1, 2008, and is a 11078 continuation of the person's duty to comply with the sections that 11079 was in effect prior to the reclassification. If, prior to January 11080 1, 2008, an offender or a delinguent child had a duty to comply 11081

with the sections specified in division (A) of this section, the	11082
offender's or delinquent child's classification as a tier I sex	11083
<u>offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	11084
<u>offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex</u>	11085
offender/child-victim offender for purposes of that period of time	11086
shall be determined as specified in section 2950.031 or 2950.032	11087
of the Revised Code, as applicable.	11088

(D) The duty of an offender or delinquent child to register 11089 under this chapter is tolled for any period during which the 11090 offender or delinquent child is returned to confinement in a 11091 secure facility for any reason or imprisoned for an offense when 11092 the confinement in a secure facility or imprisonment occurs 11093 subsequent to the date determined pursuant to division (A) of this 11094 section. The offender's or delinquent child's duty to register 11095 under this chapter resumes upon the offender's or delinquent 11096 child's release from confinement in a secure facility or 11097 imprisonment. 11098

(E) An offender or delinquent child who has been or is 11099 convicted or, has pleaded or pleads guilty, or has been or is 11100 adjudicated a delinquent child, in a court in another state, in a 11101 federal court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a 11102 court of any nation other than the United States for committing 11103 either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 11104 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 11105 oriented offense may apply to the sheriff of the county in which 11106 the offender or delinquent child resides or temporarily is 11107 domiciled, or in which the offender attends a school or 11108 institution of higher education or is employed, for credit against 11109 the duty to register for the time that the offender or delinquent 11110 child has complied with the sex offender or child-victim offender 11111 registration requirements of another jurisdiction. The sheriff 11112 shall grant the offender or delinquent child credit against the 11113

duty to register for time for which the offender or delinquent 11114 child provides adequate proof that the offender or delinquent 11115 child has complied with the sex offender or child-victim offender 11116 registration requirements of another jurisdiction. If the offender 11117 or delinquent child disagrees with the determination of the 11118 sheriff, the offender or delinquent child may appeal the 11119 determination to the court of common pleas of the county in which 11120 the offender or delinquent child resides or is temporarily 11121 domiciled, or in which the offender attends a school or 11122 institution of higher education or is employed. 11123

Sec. 2950.08. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section, 11124 the statements, information, photographs, and fingerprints, and 11125 material required by sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 11126 2950.06 of the Revised Code and provided by a person who 11127 registers, who provides notice of a change of residence, school, 11128 institution of higher education, or place of employment address 11129 and registers the new residence, school, institution of higher 11130 education, or place of employment address, or who provides 11131 verification of a current residence, school, institution of higher 11132 education, or place of employment address pursuant to those 11133 sections and that are in the possession of the bureau of criminal 11134 identification and investigation and the information in the 11135 possession of the bureau that was received by the bureau pursuant 11136 to section 2950.14 of the Revised Code shall not be open to 11137 inspection by the public or by any person other than the following 11138 persons: 11139

(1) A regularly employed peace officer or other lawenforcement officer;11141

(2) An authorized employee of the bureau of criminal
identification and investigation for the purpose of providing
information to a board, administrator, or person pursuant to
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division (F) or (G) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code; 11145

(3) The registrar of motor vehicles, or an employee of the 11146
registrar of motor vehicles, for the purpose of verifying and 11147
updating any of the information so provided, upon the request of 11148
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation. 11149

(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply to any
information that is contained in the internet sex offender and
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child-victim offender database established by the attorney general
under division (A)(11) of section 2950.13 of the Revised Code
regarding offenders and that is disseminated as described in that
11154
division.

Sec. 2950.081. (A) Any statements, information, photographs, 11156 or fingerprints, or materials that are required to be provided, 11157 and that are provided, by an offender or delinquent child pursuant 11158 to section 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, or 2950.06 of the Revised 11159 Code and that are in the possession of a county sheriff are public 11160 records open to public inspection under section 149.43 of the 11161 Revised Code and shall be included in the internet sex offender 11162 and child-victim offender database established and maintained 11163 under section 2950.13 of the Revised Code to the extent provided 11164 in that section. 11165

(B) Except when the child is classified a public 11166 registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant and the act that 11167 is the basis of the classification is a violation of, or an 11168 attempt to commit a violation of, section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 11169 2905.01 of the Revised Code that was committed with a purpose to 11170 gratify the sexual needs or desires of the child, a violation of 11171 section 2907.02 of the Revised Code, or an attempt to commit a 11172 violation of that section, the sheriff shall not cause to be 11173 publicly disseminated by means of the internet any statements, 11174 information, photographs, or fingerprints, or materials that are 11175

provided by a juvenile offender registrant delinquent child who 11176 sends a notice of intent to reside, registers, provides notice of 11177 a change of residence address and registers the new residence 11178 address, or provides verification of a current residence address 11179 pursuant to this chapter and that are in the possession of a 11180 county sheriff. 11181

(C) If a sheriff establishes on the internet a sex offender 11182 and child-victim offender database for the public dissemination of 11183 some or all of the materials that are described in division (A) of 11184 this section, that are not prohibited from inclusion by division 11185 (B) of this section, and that pertain to offenders or delinquent 11186 children who register in the sheriff's county, in addition to all 11187 of the other information and materials included, the sheriff shall 11188 include in the database a description of the characteristics of 11189 tier I sex offenders/child-victim offenders, tier II sex 11190 offenders/child-victim offenders, and tier III sex 11191 offenders/child-victim offenders and the public safety concerns 11192 related to each of those tiers, and for each offender or 11193 delinquent child in relation to whom information and materials are 11194 provided a statement as to whether the offender or delinquent 11195 child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim offenders, a tier II 11196 sex offender/child-victim offenders, or a tier III sex 11197 offender/child-victim offenders. 11198

**Sec. 2950.10.** (A)(1) If <u>Regardless of when the sexually</u> 11199 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense was committed, 11200 <u>if</u> a person is convicted of <del>or</del>, pleads guilty to, <del>or</del> has been 11201 convicted of  $\underline{}$  or <u>has</u> pleaded guilty to, either a sexually oriented 11202 offense that is not a registration exempt sexually oriented 11203 offense or a child-victim oriented offense or a person is or has 11204 been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing either a 11205 sexually oriented offense that is not a registration exempt 11206 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and 11207

is classified a juvenile offender registrant or is an out-of-state 11208 juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication, if the 11209 offender or delinquent child is in any category specified in 11210 division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, if the offender 11211 or delinquent child registers with a sheriff pursuant to section 11212 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and if the 11213 victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented 11214 offense has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by the 11215 attorney general that specifies that the victim would like to be 11216 provided the notices described in this section, the sheriff shall 11217 notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim 11218 oriented offense, in writing, that the offender or delinquent 11219 child has registered and shall include in the notice the 11220 offender's name and photograph, and the address or addresses of 11221 the offender's residence, school, institution of higher education, 11222 or place of employment, as applicable, or the delinquent child's 11223 name, photograph, and residence address or addresses. The sheriff 11224 shall provide the notice required by this division to the victim 11225 at the most recent residence address available for that victim, 11226 and not later than five days after the offender or delinquent 11227 child registers with the sheriff. 11228

(2) If Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense or 11229 child-victim oriented offense was committed, if a person is 11230 convicted of or, pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of, or 11231 has pleaded guilty to, either a sexually oriented offense that is 11232 not a registration exempt sexually oriented offense or a 11233 child-victim oriented offense or a person is or has been 11234 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing either a sexually 11235 oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually 11236 oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and is 11237 classified a juvenile offender registrant or is an out-of-state 11238 juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication, if the 11239 offender or delinquent child is in any category specified in 11240

division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, if the offender 11241 or delinquent child registers with a sheriff pursuant to section 11242 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, if the victim 11243 of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense 11244 has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by the 11245 attorney general that specifies that the victim would like to be 11246 provided the notices described in this section, and if the 11247 offender notifies the sheriff of a change of residence, school, 11248 institution of higher education, or place of employment address or 11249 the delinguent child notifies the sheriff of a change of residence 11250 address pursuant to section 2950.05 of the Revised Code, the 11251 sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense 11252 or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender's 11253 or delinquent child's address has changed and shall include in the 11254 notice the offender's name and photograph, and the new address or 11255 addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of 11256 higher education, or place of employment, as applicable, or the 11257 delinquent child's name, photograph, and new residence address or 11258 addresses. The sheriff shall provide the notice required by this 11259 division to the victim at the most recent residence address 11260 available for that victim, and no later than five days after the 11261 offender or delinquent child notifies the sheriff of the change in 11262 the offender's or delinquent child's residence, school, 11263 institution of higher education, or place of employment address. 11264

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(3) If Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense or 11266 child-victim oriented offense was committed, if a person is 11267 convicted of or, pleads guilty to, or has been convicted of, or 11268 has pleaded guilty to, either a sexually oriented offense that is 11269 not a registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a 11270 child-victim oriented offense or a person is or has been 11271 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing either a sexually 11272 oriented offense that is not a registration exempt sexually 11273

oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and is 11274 classified a juvenile offender registrant or is an out-of-state 11275 juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication, and if 11276 the offender or delinquent child is in any category specified in 11277 division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, the victim of the 11278 offense may make a request in accordance with rules adopted by the 11279 attorney general pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code 11280 that specifies that the victim would like to be provided the 11281 notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section. If 11282 the victim makes a request in accordance with those rules, the 11283 sheriff described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section 11284 shall provide the victim with the notices described in those 11285 divisions. 11286

(4) If a victim makes a request as described in division 11287
(A)(3) of this section that specifies that the victim would like 11288
to be provided the notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) 11289
of this section, all information a sheriff obtains regarding the 11290
victim from or as a result of the request is confidential, and the 11291
information is not a public record open for inspection under 11292
section 149.43 of the Revised Code.

(5) The notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this 11294 section are in addition to any notices regarding the offender or 11295 delinquent child that the victim is entitled to receive under 11296 Chapter 2930. of the Revised Code. 11297

(B)(1) The duties to provide the notices described in 11298
divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section apply regarding any 11299
offender or delinquent child who is in any of the following 11300
categories, if the other criteria set forth in division (A)(1) or 11301
(2) of this section, whichever is applicable, are satisfied: 11302

(a) The offender or delinquent child has been adjudicated a
 sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented offense for
 which the offender or delinquent child has the duty to register
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under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code or has been adjudicated	11306
a child victim predator relative to the child victim oriented	11307
offense for which the offender or child has the duty to register	11308
under section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, and the court has not	11309
subsequently determined pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of	11310
the Revised Code regarding a delinquent child that the delinquent	11311
child no longer is a sexual predator or no longer is a	11312
child-victim predator, whichever is applicable.	11313

(b) The offender or delinquent child has been determined 11314 pursuant to division (C)(2) or (E) of section 2950.09 or 2950.091, 11315 division (B) of section 2152.83, section 2152.84, or section 11316 2152.85 of the Revised Code to be a habitual sex offender or a 11317 habitual child-victim offender, the court has imposed a 11318 requirement under that division or section subjecting the habitual 11319 sex offender or habitual child victim offender to this section, 11320 and the determination has not been removed pursuant to section 11321 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code regarding a delinquent 11322 child. 11323

(c) The sexually oriented offense for which the offender has 11324 the duty to register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code is 11325 an aggravated sexually oriented offense, regardless of whether the 11326 offender has been adjudicated a sexual predator relative to the 11327 offense or has been determined to be a habitual sex offender and, 11328 if the offender has been so determined to be a habitual sex 11329 offender, regardless of whether the habitual sex offender 11330 determination has not been removed as described in division 11331 (A)(1)(b) of this section is a tier III sex offender/child-victim 11332 offender relative to the offense described in division (A) of this 11333 section for which a victim requested to be provided notice under 11334 that division, or the delinquent child is a public 11335 registry-gualified juvenile offender registrant, and a juvenile 11336 court has not removed pursuant to section 2950.15 of the Revised 11337

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2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code. (b) The delinquent child is a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender who is not a public-registry qualified juvenile offender registrant, the delinquent child was	11338 11339 11340 11341
(b) The delinquent child is a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender who is not a public-registry qualified juvenile offender registrant, the delinquent child was	11340
offender/child-victim offender who is not a public-registry gualified juvenile offender registrant, the delinguent child was	
qualified juvenile offender registrant, the delinguent child was	11341
subjected to this section prior to the effective date of this	11342
	11343
amendment as a sexual predator, habitual sex offender,	11344
child-victim predator, or habitual child-victim offender, as those	11345
terms were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code as it	11346
existed prior to the effective date of this amendment, and a	11347
juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or	11348
2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty to comply	11349
with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	11350
Revised Code.	11351
(c) The delinguent child is a tier III sex	11352
offender/child-victim offender who is not a public	11353
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, the delinguent	11354
child was classified a juvenile offender registrant on or after	11355
the effective date of this amendment, the court has imposed a	11356
requirement under section 2152.82, 2152.83, or 2152.84 of the	11357
	11358
Revised Code subjecting the delinguent child to this section, and	11358 11359
Revised Code subjecting the delinquent child to this section, and a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or	
Revised Code subjecting the delinquent child to this section, and a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty to comply	11359
Revised Code subjecting the delinquent child to this section, and a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	11359 11360
Revised Code subjecting the delinguent child to this section, and a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinguent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code.	11359 11360 11361
Revised Code subjecting the delinquent child to this section, and a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code. (2) A victim of a sexually oriented offense that is not a	11359 11360 11361 11362
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, the delinquent child was classified a juvenile offender registrant on or after	1135 1135

described in division (A)(1) or (2) of this section unless the

division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section. A victim of a

offender or delinquent child is in a category specified in

sexually oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt

sexually oriented offense or of a child-victim oriented offense is 11370 not entitled to any notice described in division (A)(1) or (2) of 11371 this section unless the victim makes a request in accordance with 11372 rules adopted by the attorney general pursuant to section 2950.13 11373 of the Revised Code that specifies that the victim would like to 11374 be provided the notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of 11375 this section. This division does not affect any rights of a victim 11376 of a sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense to 11377 be provided notice regarding an offender or delinquent child that 11378 are described in Chapter 2930. of the Revised Code. 11379

Sec. 2950.11. (A) As used in this section, "specified 11380 geographical notification area" means the geographic area or areas 11381 within which the attorney general, by rule adopted under section 11382 2950.13 of the Revised Code, requires the notice described in 11383 division (B) of this section to be given to the persons identified 11384 in divisions (A)(2) to (8) of this section. If Regardless of when 11385 the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense was 11386 <u>committed, if</u> a person is convicted of <del>or</del>, pleads guilty to, <del>or</del> 11387 has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to, either a sexually 11388 oriented offense that is not a registration exempt sexually 11389 <del>oriented offense</del> or a child-victim oriented offense<sub>7</sub> or a person 11390 is or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing 11391 either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 11392 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 11393 oriented offense and is classified a juvenile offender registrant 11394 or is an out-of-state juvenile offender registrant based on that 11395 adjudication, and if the offender or delinquent child is in any 11396 category specified in division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this 11397 section, the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child 11398 has most recently registered under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 11399 2950.05 of the Revised Code and the sheriff to whom the offender 11400 or delinquent child most recently sent a notice of intent to 11401

reside under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, 11402 within the period of time specified in division (C) of this 11403 section, shall provide a written notice containing the information 11404 set forth in division (B) of this section to all of the persons 11405 described in divisions (A)(1) to  $\frac{(9)(10)}{(10)}$  of this section. If the 11406 sheriff has sent a notice to the persons described in those 11407 divisions as a result of receiving a notice of intent to reside 11408 and if the offender or delinquent child registers a residence 11409 address that is the same residence address described in the notice 11410 of intent to reside, the sheriff is not required to send an 11411 additional notice when the offender or delinquent child registers. 11412 The sheriff shall provide the notice to all of the following 11413 persons: 11414

(1)(a) Any occupant of each residential unit that is located 11415 within one thousand feet of the offender's or delinquent child's 11416 residential premises, that is located within the county served by 11417 the sheriff, and that is not located in a multi-unit building. 11418 Division (D)(3) of this section applies regarding notices required 11419 under this division. 11420

(b) If the offender or delinquent child resides in a 11421 multi-unit building, any occupant of each residential unit that is 11422 located in that multi-unit building and that shares a common 11423 hallway with the offender or delinquent child. For purposes of 11424 this division, an occupant's unit shares a common hallway with the 11425 offender or delinquent child if the entrance door into the 11426 occupant's unit is located on the same floor and opens into the 11427 same hallway as the entrance door to the unit the offender or 11428 delinquent child occupies. Division (D)(3) of this section applies 11429 regarding notices required under this division. 11430

(c) The building manager, or the person the building owner or 11431
 condominium unit owners association authorizes to exercise 11432
 management and control, of each multi-unit building that is 11433

located within one thousand feet of the offender's or delinquent 11434 child's residential premises, including a multi-unit building in 11435 which the offender or delinquent child resides, and that is 11436 located within the county served by the sheriff. In addition to 11437 notifying the building manager or the person authorized to 11438 exercise management and control in the multi-unit building under 11439 this division, the sheriff shall post a copy of the notice 11440 prominently in each common entryway in the building and any other 11441 location in the building the sheriff determines appropriate. The 11442 manager or person exercising management and control of the 11443 building shall permit the sheriff to post copies of the notice 11444 under this division as the sheriff determines appropriate. In lieu 11445 of posting copies of the notice as described in this division, a 11446 sheriff may provide notice to all occupants of the multi-unit 11447 building by mail or personal contact; if the sheriff so notifies 11448 all the occupants, the sheriff is not required to post copies of 11449 the notice in the common entryways to the building. Division 11450 (D)(3) of this section applies regarding notices required under 11451 this division. 11452

(d) All additional persons who are within any category of 11453 neighbors of the offender or delinquent child that the attorney 11454 general by rule adopted under section 2950.13 of the Revised Code 11455 requires to be provided the notice and who reside within the 11456 county served by the sheriff; 11457

(2) The executive director of the public children services 11458
agency that has jurisdiction within the specified geographical 11459
notification area and that is located within the county served by 11460
the sheriff; 11461

(3)(a) The superintendent of each board of education of a 11462 school district that has schools within the specified geographical 11463 notification area and that is located within the county served by 11464 the sheriff; 11465

(b) The principal of the school within the specified
geographical notification area and within the county served by the
sheriff that the delinquent child attends;
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(c) If the delinquent child attends a school outside of the 11469 specified geographical notification area or outside of the school 11470 district where the delinquent child resides, the superintendent of 11471 the board of education of a school district that governs the 11472 school that the delinquent child attends and the principal of the 11473 school that the delinquent child attends. 11474

(4)(a) The appointing or hiring officer of each chartered 11475 nonpublic school located within the specified geographical 11476 notification area and within the county served by the sheriff or 11477 of each other school located within the specified geographical 11478 notification area and within the county served by the sheriff and 11479 that is not operated by a board of education described in division 11480 (A)(3) of this section; 11481

(b) Regardless of the location of the school, the appointing 11482or hiring officer of a chartered nonpublic school that the 11483delinquent child attends. 11484

(5) The director, head teacher, elementary principal, or site 11485 administrator of each preschool program governed by Chapter 3301. 11486 of the Revised Code that is located within the specified 11487 geographical notification area and within the county served by the 11488 sheriff; 11489

(6) The administrator of each child day-care center or type A 11490 family day-care home that is located within the specified 11491 geographical notification area and within the county served by the 11492 sheriff, and the provider of each certified type B family day-care 11493 home that is located within the specified geographical 11494 notification area and within the county served by the sheriff. As 11495 used in this division, "child day-care center," "type A family 11496

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day-care home," and "certified type B family day-care home" have 11497 the same meanings as in section 5104.01 of the Revised Code. 11498

(7) The president or other chief administrative officer of 11499 each institution of higher education, as defined in section 11500 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified 11501 geographical notification area and within the county served by the 11502 sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of the state 11503 university law enforcement agency or campus police department 11504 established under section 3345.04 or 1713.50 of the Revised Code, 11505 if any, that serves that institution; 11506

(8) The sheriff of each county that includes any portion of 11507the specified geographical notification area; 11508

(9) If the offender or delinquent child resides within the 11509 county served by the sheriff, the chief of police, marshal, or 11510 other chief law enforcement officer of the municipal corporation 11511 in which the offender or delinquent child resides or, if the 11512 offender or delinquent child resides in an unincorporated area, 11513 the constable or chief of the police department or police district 11514 police force of the township in which the offender or delinquent 11515 child resides; 11516

(10) Volunteer organizations in which contact with minors or11517other vulnerable individuals might occur or any organization,11518company, or individual who requests notification as provided in11519division (J) of this section.11520

(B) The notice required under division (A) of this section 11521shall include all of the following information regarding the 11522subject offender or delinquent child: 11523

(1) The offender's or delinquent child's name; 11524

(2) The address or addresses of the offender's residence, 11525
 school, institution of higher education, or place of employment, 11526
 as applicable, or the delinquent child's residence address or 11527

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addresses;	11528
(3) The sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented	11529
offense of which the offender was convicted, to which the offender	11530
pleaded guilty, or for which the child was adjudicated a	11531
delinquent child;	11532
(4) All of the following statements that are applicable:	11533
(a) A statement that identifies the category specified in	11534
division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section that includes the	11535
offender has been adjudicated a sexual predator, a statement that	11536
the offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an	11537
aggravated sexually oriented offense, a statement that the	11538
delinquent child has been adjudicated a sexual predator and that,	11539
as of the date of the notice, the court has not entered a	11540
determination that the delinquent child no longer is a sexual	11541
predator, or a statement that the sentencing or reviewing judge	11542
has determined that the offender or delinquent child is a habitual	11543
sex offender and that, as of the date of the notice, the	11544
determination regarding a delinquent child has not been removed	11545
pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code or	11546
delinguent child and that subjects the offender or delinguent	11547
child to this section;	11548
(b) A statement that the offender has been adjudicated a	11549
child victim predator, a statement that the delinquent child has	11550
been adjudicated a child-victim predator and that, as of the date	11551
of the notice, the court has not entered a determination that the	11552
delinquent child no longer is a child victim predator, or a	11553
statement that the sentencing or reviewing judge has determined	11554
that the offender or delinquent child is a habitual child victim	11555
offender and that, as of the date of the notice, the determination	11556
regarding a delinquent child has not been removed pursuant to	11557
section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code;	11558

(5) The offender's or delinquent child's photograph. 11559

(C) If a sheriff with whom an offender or delinquent child 11560 registers under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the 11561 Revised Code or to whom the offender or delinquent child most 11562 recently sent a notice of intent to reside under section 2950.04 11563 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code is required by division (A) of 11564 this section to provide notices regarding an offender or 11565 delinquent child and if, pursuant to that requirement, the sheriff 11566 provides a notice to a sheriff of one or more other counties in 11567 accordance with division (A)(8) of this section, the sheriff of 11568 each of the other counties who is provided notice under division 11569 (A)(8) of this section shall provide the notices described in 11570 divisions (A)(1) to (7) and (A)(9) and (10) of this section to 11571 each person or entity identified within those divisions that is 11572 located within the specified geographical notification area and 11573 within the county served by the sheriff in question. 11574

(D)(1) A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this 11575 section to provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent 11576 child shall provide the notice to the neighbors that are described 11577 in division (A)(1) of this section and the notices to law 11578 enforcement personnel that are described in divisions (A)(8) and 11579 (9) of this section as soon as practicable, but no later than five 11580 days after the offender sends the notice of intent to reside to 11581 the sheriff and again no later than five days after the offender 11582 or delinquent child registers with the sheriff or, if the sheriff 11583 is required by division (C) of this section to provide the 11584 notices, no later than five days after the sheriff is provided the 11585 notice described in division (A)(8) of this section. 11586

A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this section to 11587 provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent child shall 11588 provide the notices to all other specified persons that are 11589 described in divisions (A)(2) to (7) and (A)(10) of this section 11590

as soon as practicable, but not later than seven days after the 11591 offender or delinquent child registers with the sheriff or, if the 11592 sheriff is required by division (C) of this section to provide the 11593 notices, no later than five days after the sheriff is provided the 11594 notice described in division (A)(8) of this section. 11595

(2) If an offender or delinquent child in relation to whom 11596 division (A) of this section applies verifies the offender's or 11597 delinquent child's current residence, school, institution of 11598 higher education, or place of employment address, as applicable, 11599 with a sheriff pursuant to section 2950.06 of the Revised Code, 11600 the sheriff may provide a written notice containing the 11601 information set forth in division (B) of this section to the 11602 persons identified in divisions (A)(1) to  $\frac{(9)(10)}{(10)}$  of this section. 11603 If a sheriff provides a notice pursuant to this division to the 11604 sheriff of one or more other counties in accordance with division 11605 (A)(8) of this section, the sheriff of each of the other counties 11606 who is provided the notice under division (A)(8) of this section 11607 may provide, but is not required to provide, a written notice 11608 containing the information set forth in division (B) of this 11609 section to the persons identified in divisions (A)(1) to (7) and 11610 (A)(9) and (10) of this section. 11611

(3) A sheriff may provide notice under division (A)(1)(a) or 11612 (b) of this section, and may provide notice under division 11613 (A)(1)(c) of this section to a building manager or person 11614 authorized to exercise management and control of a building, by 11615 mail, by personal contact, or by leaving the notice at or under 11616 the entry door to a residential unit. For purposes of divisions 11617 (A)(1)(a) and (b) of this section, and the portion of division 11618 (A)(1)(c) of this section relating to the provision of notice to 11619 occupants of a multi-unit building by mail or personal contact, 11620 the provision of one written notice per unit is deemed as 11621 providing notice to all occupants of that unit. 11622

(E) All information that a sheriff possesses regarding a 11623 sexual predator, a habitual sex offender, a child victim predator, 11624 or a habitual child victim offender an offender or delinquent 11625 child who is in a category specified in division (F)(1)(a), (b), 11626 or (c) of this section that is described in division (B) of this 11627 section and that must be provided in a notice required under 11628 division (A) or (C) of this section or that may be provided in a 11629 notice authorized under division (D)(2) of this section is a 11630 public record that is open to inspection under section 149.43 of 11631 the Revised Code. 11632

The sheriff shall not cause to be publicly disseminated by 11633 means of the internet any of the information described in this 11634 division that is provided by a sexual predator, habitual sex 11635 offender, child-victim predator, or habitual child-victim offender 11636 who is a juvenile offender registrant, except when the act that is 11637 the basis of the child's classification as a juvenile offender 11638 registrant is a violation of, or an attempt to commit a violation 11639 of, section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2905.01 of the Revised Code that 11640 was committed with a purpose to gratify the sexual needs or 11641 desires of the child, a violation of section 2907.02 of the 11642 Revised Code, or an attempt to commit a violation of that section 11643 delinguent child unless that child is in a category specified in 11644 division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section. 11645

(F)(1) The duties to provide the notices described in 11646
divisions (A) and (C) of this section apply regarding any offender 11647
or delinquent child who is in any of the following categories, if 11648
the other criteria set forth in division (A) or (C) of this 11649
section, whichever is applicable, are satisfied: 11650

(a) The offender or delinquent child has been adjudicated a 11651
 sexual predator relative to the sexually oriented offense for 11652
 which the offender or delinquent child has the duty to register 11653
 under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code or has been adjudicated 11654

a child victim predator relative to the child victim oriented	11655
offense for which the offender or child has the duty to register	11656
under section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, and the court has not	11657
subsequently determined pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of	11658
the Revised Code regarding a delinquent child that the delinquent	11659
child no longer is a sexual predator or no longer is a	11660
child-victim predator, whichever is applicable.	11661

(b) The offender or delinquent child has been determined 11662 pursuant to division (C)(2) or (E) of section 2950.09 or 2950.091, 11663 division (B) of section 2152.83, section 2152.84, or section 11664 2152.85 of the Revised Code to be a habitual sex offender or a 11665 habitual child-victim offender, the court has imposed a 11666 requirement under that division or section subjecting the habitual 11667 sex offender or habitual child-victim offender to this section, 11668 and the determination has not been removed pursuant to section 11669 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code regarding a delinquent 11670 child. 11671

(c) The sexually oriented offense for which the offender has 11672 the duty to register under section 2950.04 of the Revised Code is 11673 an aggravated sexually oriented offense, regardless of whether the 11674 offender has been adjudicated a sexual predator relative to the 11675 offense or has been determined to be a habitual sex offender is a 11676 tier III sex offender/child-victim offender, or the delinquent 11677 child is a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, 11678 and a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2950.15 11679 of the Revised Code the delinguent child's duty to comply with 11680 sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised 11681 Code. 11682

(b) The delinquent child is a tier III sex11683offender/child-victim offender who is not a public-registry11684qualified juvenile offender registrant, the delinquent child was11685subjected to this section prior to the effective date of this11686

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<u>amendment as a sexual predator, habitual sex offender,</u>	11687
<u>child-victim predator, or habitual child-victim offender, as those</u>	11688
terms were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code as it	11689
existed prior to the effective date of this amendment, and a	11690
juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or	11691
2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinguent child's duty to comply	11692
with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	11693
Revised Code.	11694
(c) The delinquent child is a tier III sex	11695
offender/child-victim offender who is not a public	11696
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, the delinguent	11697
child was classified a juvenile offender registrant on or after	11698
the effective date of this amendment, the court has imposed a	11699
requirement under section 2152.82, 2152.83, or 2152.84 of the	11700
Revised Code subjecting the delinquent child to this section, and	11701
a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or	11702
2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty to comply	11703
with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	11704
Revised Code.	11705
(2) The notification provisions of this section do not apply	11706
regarding a person who is convicted of <del>or,</del> pleads guilty to, has	11707
been convicted of, or <u>has</u> pleaded guilty to, or is <u>or has been</u>	11708
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing $_{ au}$ a sexually oriented	11709
offense or a child-victim oriented offense <del>, who is not in the</del>	11710
category specified in either division (F)(1)(a) or (c) of this	11711
section, and who is determined pursuant to division (C)(2) or (E)	11712
of section 2950.09 or 2950.091, division (B) of section 2152.83,	11713
section 2152.84, or section 2152.85 of the Revised Code to be a	11714
habitual sex offender or habitual child-victim offender unless the	11715
sentencing or reviewing court imposes a requirement in the	11716
offender's sentence and in the judgment of conviction that	11717
contains the sentence or in the delinquent child's adjudication,	11718

or imposes a requirement as described in division (C)(2) of11719section 2950.09 or 2950.091 of the Revised Code, that subjects11720unless the offender or the delinquent child to the provisions of11721this section is in a category specified in division (F)(1)(a),11722(b), or (c) of this section.11723

(G)(1) The department of job and family services shall 11724 compile, maintain, and update in January and July of each year, a 11725 list of all agencies, centers, or homes of a type described in 11726 division (A)(2) or (6) of this section that contains the name of 11727 each agency, center, or home of that type, the county in which it 11728 is located, its address and telephone number, and the name of an 11729 administrative officer or employee of the agency, center, or home. 11730 The 11731

(2) The department of education shall compile, maintain, and 11732 update in January and July of each year, a list of all boards of 11733 education, schools, or programs of a type described in division 11734 (A)(3), (4), or (5) of this section that contains the name of each 11735 board of education, school, or program of that type, the county in 11736 which it is located, its address and telephone number, the name of 11737 the superintendent of the board or of an administrative officer or 11738 employee of the school or program, and, in relation to a board of 11739 education, the county or counties in which each of its schools is 11740 located and the address of each such school. The 11741

(3) The Ohio board of regents shall compile, maintain, and 11742 update in January and July of each year, a list of all 11743 institutions of a type described in division (A)(7) of this 11744 section that contains the name of each such institution, the 11745 county in which it is located, its address and telephone number, 11746 and the name of its president or other chief administrative 11747 officer. A 11748

(4) A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this 11749 section, or authorized by division (D)(2) of this section, to 11750

provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent child, or a 11751 designee of a sheriff of that type, may request the department of 11752 job and family services, department of education, or Ohio board of 11753 regents, by telephone, in person, or by mail, to provide the 11754 sheriff or designee with the names, addresses, and telephone 11755 numbers of the appropriate persons and entities to whom the 11756 notices described in divisions (A)(2) to (7) of this section are 11757 to be provided. Upon receipt of a request, the department or board 11758 shall provide the requesting sheriff or designee with the names, 11759 addresses, and telephone numbers of the appropriate persons and 11760 entities to whom those notices are to be provided. 11761

(H)(1) Upon the motion of the offender or the prosecuting 11762 attorney of the county in which the offender was convicted of or 11763 pleaded guilty to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim 11764 oriented offense for which the offender is subject to community 11765 notification under this section, or upon the motion of the 11766 sentencing judge or that judge's successor in office, the judge 11767 may schedule a hearing to determine whether the interests of 11768 justice would be served by suspending the community notification 11769 requirement under this section in relation to the offender. The 11770 judge may dismiss the motion without a hearing but may not issue 11771 an order suspending the community notification requirement without 11772 a hearing. At the hearing, all parties are entitled to be heard, 11773 and the judge shall consider all of the factors set forth in 11774 division (B)(3)(K) of this section 2950.09 of the Revised Code. 11775 If, at the conclusion of the hearing, the judge finds that the 11776 offender has proven by clear and convincing evidence that the 11777 offender is unlikely to commit in the future a sexually oriented 11778 offense or a child-victim oriented offense and if the judge finds 11779 that suspending the community notification requirement is in the 11780 interests of justice, the judge may suspend the application of 11781 this section in relation to the offender. The order shall contain 11782 both of these findings. 11783

The judge promptly shall serve a copy of the order upon the 11784 sheriff with whom the offender most recently registered under 11785 section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code and upon 11786 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation. 11787

An order suspending the community notification requirement 11788 does not suspend or otherwise alter an offender's duties to comply 11789 with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the 11790 Revised Code and does not suspend the victim notification 11791 requirement under section 2950.10 of the Revised Code. 11792

(2) A prosecuting attorney, a sentencing judge or that 11793 judge's successor in office, and an offender who is subject to the 11794 community notification requirement under this section may 11795 initially make a motion under division (H)(1) of this section upon 11796 the expiration of twenty years after the offender's duty to comply 11797 with sections division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2950.04, 11798 division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section  $2950.041_{-7}$  and sections 11799  $2950.05_{\tau}$  and 2950.06 of the Revised Code begins in relation to the 11800 offense for which the offender is subject to community 11801 notification. After the initial making of a motion under division 11802 (H)(1) of this section, thereafter, the prosecutor, judge, and 11803 offender may make a subsequent motion under that division upon the 11804 expiration of five years after the judge has entered an order 11805 denying the initial motion or the most recent motion made under 11806 that division. 11807

(3) The offender and the prosecuting attorney have the right 11808
to appeal an order approving or denying a motion made under 11809
division (H)(1) of this section. 11810

(4) Divisions (H)(1) to (3) of this section do not apply to 11811any of the following types of offender: 11812

(a) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 11813violent sex offense or designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping 11814

offense and who, in relation to that offense, is adjudicated a 11815 sexually violent predator; 11816 (b) A person who is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 11817 sexually oriented offense that is a violation of division 11818 (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code committed on or 11819 after the effective date of this amendment January 2, 2007, and 11820 either who is sentenced sentenced under section 2971.03 of the 11821 Revised Code or upon whom a sentence of life without parole is 11822 imposed under division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code; 11823 (c) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 11824 sexually oriented offense that is attempted rape committed on or 11825 after the effective date of this amendment January 2, 2007, and 11826 who also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a specification of 11827 the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 11828 of the Revised Code; 11829 (d) A habitual sex offender or habitual child victim oriented 11830 offender who is subject to community notification who, subsequent 11831 to being subjected to community notification, has pleaded guilty 11832

to or been convicted of a sexually oriented offense or a11833child victim oriented offense person who is convicted of or pleads11834guilty to an offense described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or11835(d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and who is sentenced11836for that offense pursuant to that division;11837

(e) A sexual predator or child victim predator who is not
adjudicated a sexually violent predator An offender who is in a
category specified in division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this
section and who, subsequent to being subjected to community
notification, has pleaded guilty to or been convicted of a
sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense.

(I) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to, or has 11844
 been convicted of or has pleaded guilty to, either a sexually 11845

oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually 11846 oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense, or a person 11847 is or has been adjudicated a delinguent child for committing 11848 either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 11849 registration exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 11850 oriented offense and is classified a juvenile offender registrant 11851 or is an out-of-state juvenile offender registrant based on that 11852 adjudication, and if the offender or delinquent child is not in 11853 any category specified in division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this 11854 section, the sheriff with whom the offender or delinguent child 11855 has most recently registered under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 11856 2950.05 of the Revised Code and the sheriff to whom the offender 11857 or delinquent child most recently sent a notice of intent to 11858 reside under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, 11859 within the period of time specified in division (D) of this 11860 section, shall provide a written notice containing the information 11861 set forth in division (B) of this section to the executive 11862 director of the public children services agency that has 11863 jurisdiction within the specified geographical notification area 11864 and that is located within the county served by the sheriff. 11865

(J) Each sheriff shall allow a volunteer organization or 11866 other organization, company, or individual who wishes to receive 11867 the notice described in division (A)(10) of this section regarding 11868 a specific offender or delinquent child or notice regarding all 11869 offenders and delinquent children who are located in the specified 11870 geographical notification area to notify the sheriff by electronic 11871 mail or through the sheriff's web site of this election. The 11872 sheriff shall promptly inform the bureau of criminal 11873 identification and investigation of these requests in accordance 11874 with the forwarding procedures adopted by the attorney general 11875 pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code. 11876

(K) In making a determination under division (H)(1) of this 11877

section as to whether to suspend the community notification	11878
requirement under this section for an offender, the judge shall	11879
consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, all	11880
of the following:	11881
	11000
(1) The offender's age;	11882
(2) The offender's prior criminal or delinguency record	11883
regarding all offenses, including, but not limited to, all	11884
sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses;	11885
(3) The age of the victim of the sexually oriented offense or	11886
child-victim oriented offense the offender committed;	11887
(4) Whether the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	11888
oriented offense the offender committed involved multiple victims;	11889
(5) Whether the offender used drugs or alcohol to impair the	11890
victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented	11891
the offender committed or to prevent the victim from resisting;	11892
(6) If the offender previously has been convicted of, pleaded	11893
guilty to, or been adjudicated a delinguent child for committing	11894
an act that if committed by an adult would be a criminal offense,	11895
whether the offender completed any sentence or dispositional order	11896
imposed for the prior offense or act and, if the prior offense or	11897
act was a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented	11898
offense, whether the offender or delinquent child participated in	11899
available programs for sex offenders or child-victim offenders;	11900
(7) Any mental illness or mental disability of the offender;	11901
(// Any mental limess of mental disability of the offender)	11)01
(8) The nature of the offender's sexual conduct, sexual	11902
contact, or interaction in a sexual context with the victim of the	11903
sexually oriented offense the offender committed or the nature of	11904
the offender's interaction in a sexual context with the victim of	11905
the child-victim oriented offense the offender committed,	11906
whichever is applicable, and whether the sexual conduct, sexual	11907

contact, or interaction in a sexual context was part of a	11908
demonstrated pattern of abuse;	11909
(9) Whether the offender, during the commission of the	11910
sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense the	11911
offender committed, displayed cruelty or made one or more threats	11912
<u>of cruelty;</u>	11913
(10) Any additional behavioral characteristics that	11914
contribute to the offender's conduct.	11915
(L) As used in this section, "specified geographical	11916
notification area" means the geographic area or areas within which	11917
the attorney general, by rule adopted under section 2950.13 of the	11918
Revised Code, requires the notice described in division (B) of	11919
this section to be given to the persons identified in divisions	11920
(A)(2) to (8) of this section.	11921

Sec. 2950.12. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this 11922 section, any of the following persons shall be immune from 11923 liability in a civil action to recover damages for injury, death, 11924 or loss to person or property allegedly caused by an act or 11925 omission in connection with a power, duty, responsibility, or 11926 authorization under this chapter or under rules adopted under 11927 authority of this chapter: 11928

(1) An officer or employee of the bureau of criminal 11929identification and investigation; 11930

(2) The attorney general, a chief of police, marshal, or 11931 other chief law enforcement officer of a municipal corporation, a 11932 sheriff, a constable or chief of police of a township police 11933 department or police district police force, and a deputy, officer, 11934 or employee of the office of the attorney general, the law 11935 enforcement agency served by the marshal or the municipal or 11936 township chief, the office of the sheriff, or the constable; 11937

(3) A prosecutor and an officer or employee of the office of 11938 a prosecutor; 11939 (4) A supervising officer and an officer or employee of the 11940 adult parole authority of the department of rehabilitation and 11941 correction; 11942 (5) A supervising officer and an officer or employee of the 11943 11944 department of youth services; (6) A supervisor and a caseworker or employee of a public 11945 children services agency acting pursuant to section 5153.16 of the 11946 Revised Code; 11947 (7) A managing officer of a state correctional institution 11948 and an officer or employee of the department of rehabilitation and 11949 correction; 11950 (8) A person identified in division (A)(2), (3), (4), (5), 11951 (6), or (7) of section 2950.11 of the Revised Code, an 11952 organization or person identified in division (A)(10) of that 11953 section, or the agent of that person or organization; 11954 (9) A person identified in division (A)(2) of section 11955 2950.111 of the Revised Code, regarding the person's provision of 11956 information pursuant to that division to a sheriff or a designee 11957 of a sheriff. 11958 (B) The immunity described in division (A) of this section 11959 does not apply to a person described in divisions (A)(1) to (8) of 11960 this section if, in relation to the act or omission in question, 11961 any of the following applies: 11962 (1) The act or omission was manifestly outside the scope of 11963 the person's employment or official responsibilities. 11964

(2) The act or omission was with malicious purpose, in badfaith, or in a wanton or reckless manner.11966

(3) Liability for the act or omission is expressly imposed by 11967

a section of the Revised Code.

sec. 2950.13. (A) The attorney general shall do all of the 11969
following: 11970

(1) No later than July 1, 1997, establish and maintain a 11971 state registry of sex offenders and child-victim offenders that is 11972 housed at the bureau of criminal identification and investigation 11973 and that contains all of the registration, change of residence, 11974 school, institution of higher education, or place of employment 11975 address, and verification information the bureau receives pursuant 11976 to sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised 11977 Code regarding a <u>each</u> person who is convicted of  $\frac{\partial r}{\partial r}$  pleads guilty 11978 to,  $\Theta$  has been convicted of <u>that</u> or <u>has</u> pleaded guilty to<del>, either</del> a 11979 sexually oriented offense that is not a registration exempt 11980 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense or a 11981 and each person who is or has been adjudicated a delinquent child 11982 for committing either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 11983 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 11984 oriented offense and is classified a juvenile offender registrant 11985 or is an out-of-state juvenile offender registrant based on that 11986 adjudication, and all of the information the bureau receives 11987 pursuant to section 2950.14 of the Revised Code, and any notice of 11988 an order terminating or modifying an offender's or delinguent 11989 child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 11990 of the Revised Code the bureau receives pursuant to section 11991 2152.84, 2152.85, or 2950.15 of the Revised Code. For a person who 11992 was convicted of or pleaded guilty to the sexually oriented 11993 offense or child-victim related offense, the registry also shall 11994 indicate whether the person was convicted of or pleaded guilty to 11995 the offense in a criminal prosecution or in a serious youthful 11996 offender case. The registry shall not be open to inspection by the 11997 public or by any person other than a person identified in division 11998 (A) of section 2950.08 of the Revised Code. In addition to the 11999

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information and material previously identified in this division,	12000
the registry shall include all of the following regarding each	12001
person who is listed in the registry:	12002
(a) A citation for, and the name of, the most recent sexually	12003
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense of which the	12004
person was convicted, to which the person pleaded guilty, or for	12005
which the person was adjudicated a delinquent child and that	12006
resulted in a registration duty, and the date on which that	12007
offense was committed;	12008
(b) The text of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	12009
oriented offense identified in division (A)(1)(a) of this section	12010
as that offense existed at the time the person was convicted of,	12011
pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinguent child for	12012
committing that offense, or a link to a database that sets forth	12013
the text of that offense;	12014
(c) A statement as to whether the offender is a tier I sex	12015
<u>offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex</u>	12016
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	12017
offender/child-victim offender for the sexually oriented offense	12018
or child-victim oriented offense identified in division (A)(1)(a)	12019
of this section;	12020
(d) The community supervision status of the person,	12021
including, but not limited to, whether the person is serving a	12022
community control sanction and the nature of any such sanction,	12023
whether the person is under supervised release and the nature of	12024
the release, or regarding a juvenile, whether the juvenile is	12025
under any type of release authorized under Chapter 2152. or 5139.	12026
of the Revised Code and the nature of any such release;	12027
(e) The offense and delinguency history of the person, as	12028
determined from information gathered or provided under sections	12029
109.57 and 2950.14 of the Revised Code;	12030

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(f) The bureau of criminal identification and investigation	12031
tracking number assigned to the person if one has been so	12032
assigned, the federal bureau of investigation number assigned to	12033
the person if one has been assigned and the bureau of criminal	12034
identification and investigation is aware of the number, and any	12035
other state identification number assigned to the person of which	12036
the bureau is aware;	12037
(g) Fingerprints and palmprints of the person;	12038
(h) A DNA specimen, as defined in section 109.573 of the	12039
Revised Code, from the person.	12040
(2) In consultation with local law enforcement	12041
representatives and no later than July 1, 1997, adopt rules that	12042
contain guidelines necessary for the implementation of this	12043
chapter;	12044
(3) In consultation with local law enforcement	12045
representatives, adopt rules for the implementation and	12046
administration of the provisions contained in section 2950.11 of	12047
the Revised Code that pertain to the notification of neighbors of	12048
an offender or a delinquent child who has committed a sexually	12049
oriented offense that is not a registration exempt sexually	12050
oriented offense and has been adjudicated a sexual predator or	12051
determined to be a habitual sex offender, an offender who has	12052
committed an aggravated sexually oriented offense, or an offender	12053
or delinquent child who has committed or a child-victim oriented	12054
offense and has been adjudicated a child-victim predator or	12055
determined to be a habitual child victim offender, and is in a	12056
category specified in division (F)(1) of that section and rules	12057
that prescribe a manner in which victims of <del>either</del> a sexually	12058
oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually	12059
oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense committed by	12060
an offender or a delinquent child who has been adjudicated a	12061
sexual predator or determined to be a habitual sex offender, an	12062

offender who has committed an aggravated sexually oriented	12063
offense, or an offender or delinquent child who has committed a	12064
child-victim oriented offense and has been adjudicated a	12065
child-victim predator or determined to be a habitual child-victim	12066
offender is in a category specified in division (B)(1) of section	12067
2950.10 of the Revised Code may make a request that specifies that	12068
the victim would like to be provided the notices described in	12069
divisions (A)(1) and (2) of section 2950.10 of the Revised Code;	12070

(4) In consultation with local law enforcement 12071 representatives and through the bureau of criminal identification 12072 and investigation, prescribe the forms to be used by judges and 12073 officials pursuant to section 2950.03 or 2950.032 of the Revised 12074 Code to advise offenders and delinquent children of their duties 12075 of filing a notice of intent to reside, registration, notification 12076 of a change of residence, school, institution of higher education, 12077 or place of employment address and registration of the new, 12078 school, institution of higher education, or place of employment 12079 address, as applicable, and address verification under sections 12080 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, and 12081 prescribe the forms to be used by sheriffs relative to those 12082 duties of filing a notice of intent to reside, registration, 12083 change of residence, school, institution of higher education, or 12084 place of employment address notification, and address 12085 verification; 12086

(5) Make copies of the forms prescribed under division (A)(4)12087of this section available to judges, officials, and sheriffs;12088

(6) Through the bureau of criminal identification and 12089 investigation, provide the notifications, the information and 12090 <u>materials</u>, and the documents that the bureau is required to 12091 provide to appropriate law enforcement officials and to the 12092 federal bureau of investigation pursuant to sections 2950.04, 12093 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code; 12094

(7) Through the bureau of criminal identification and
 12095
 investigation, maintain the verification forms returned under the
 address verification mechanism set forth in section 2950.06 of the
 12097
 Revised Code;

(8) In consultation with representatives of the officials, 12099 judges, and sheriffs, adopt procedures for officials, judges, and 12100 sheriffs to use to forward information, photographs, and 12101 fingerprints to the bureau of criminal identification and 12102 investigation pursuant to the requirements of sections 2950.03, 12103 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06, and 2950.11 of the 12104 Revised Code; 12105

(9) In consultation with the director of education, the 12106 director of job and family services, and the director of 12107 rehabilitation and correction, adopt rules that contain guidelines 12108 to be followed by boards of education of a school district, 12109 chartered nonpublic schools or other schools not operated by a 12110 board of education, preschool programs, child day-care centers, 12111 type A family day-care homes, certified type B family day-care 12112 homes, and institutions of higher education regarding the proper 12113 use and administration of information received pursuant to section 12114 2950.11 of the Revised Code relative to an offender or delinquent 12115 child who has been adjudicated a sexual predator or child-victim 12116 predator or determined to be a habitual sex offender or habitual 12117 child-victim offender, or an offender who has committed an 12118 aggravated sexually oriented offense committed a sexually oriented 12119 offense or a child-victim oriented offense and is in a category 12120 specified in division (F)(1) of that section; 12121

(10) In consultation with local law enforcement 12122 representatives and no later than July 1, 1997, adopt rules that 12123 designate a geographic area or areas within which the notice 12124 described in division (B) of section 2950.11 of the Revised Code 12125 must be given to the persons identified in divisions (A)(2) to (8) 12126

# and (A)(10) of that section;

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12128 (11) Through the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, not later than January 1, 2004, establish and 12129 operate on the internet a sex offender and child-victim offender 12130 database that contains information for every offender who has 12131 committed either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 12132 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 12133 oriented offense and who registers in any county in this state 12134 pursuant to section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code and 12135 for every delinquent child who has committed a sexually oriented 12136 offense, is a public registry-gualified juvenile offender 12137 registrant, and registers in any county in this state pursuant to 12138 either such section. The bureau shall not include on the database 12139 any offender's or public registry-qualified juvenile offender 12140 registrant's social security number, the name of any school or 12141 institution of higher education attended by any offender or public 12142 registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, the name of the 12143 place of employment of any offender or public registry-qualified 12144 juvenile offender registrant, any tracking or identification 12145 number described in division (A)(1)(f) of this section, or any 12146 information described in division (C)(7) of section 2950.04 or 12147 2950.041 of the Revised Code. The bureau shall provide on the 12148 database, for each offender and each public registry-gualified 12149 juvenile offender registrant, at least the information specified 12150 in divisions (A)(11)(a) to (f) of this section. Otherwise, the 12151 bureau shall determine the information to be provided on the 12152 database for each offender and public registry-gualified juvenile 12153 offender registrant and shall obtain that information from the 12154 information contained in the state registry of sex offenders and 12155 child-victim offenders described in division (A)(1) of this 12156 section, which information, while in the possession of the sheriff 12157 who provided it, is a public record open for inspection as 12158 described in section 2950.081 of the Revised Code. The information 12159

provided for each offender shall include at least the information	12160
set forth in division (B) of section 2950.11 of the Revised Code.	12161
The database is a public record open for inspection under section	12162
149.43 of the Revised Code, and it shall be searchable by offender	12163
or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant name, by	12164
county, by zip code, and by school district. The database shall	12165
provide a link to the web site of each sheriff who has established	12166
and operates on the internet a sex offender and child-victim	12167
offender database that contains information for offenders and	12168
public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrants who	12169
register in that county pursuant to section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of	12170
the Revised Code, with the link being a direct link to the sex	12171
offender and child-victim offender database for the sheriff. The	12172
bureau shall provide on the database, for each offender and public	12173
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, at least the	12174
following information:	12175
(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b),	12176
(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b),	12176
(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public	12176 12177
(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant;	12176 12177 12178
<pre>(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant; (b) The address of the offender's school, institution of</pre>	12176 12177 12178 12179
<pre>(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant; (b) The address of the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of employment provided in a registration form;</pre>	12176 12177 12178 12179 12180 12181
<pre>(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant; (b) The address of the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of employment provided in a registration form; (c) The information described in division (C)(6) of section</pre>	12176 12177 12178 12179 12180 12181 12182
<pre>(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-gualified juvenile offender registrant; (b) The address of the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of employment provided in a registration form; (c) The information described in division (C)(6) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code;</pre>	12176 12177 12178 12179 12180 12181 12182 12183
<pre>(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant; (b) The address of the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of employment provided in a registration form; (c) The information described in division (C)(6) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code; (d) A description of the characteristics of tier I sex</pre>	12176 12177 12178 12179 12180 12181 12182 12183 12184
<pre>(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant; (b) The address of the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of employment provided in a registration form; (c) The information described in division (C)(6) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code; (d) A description of the characteristics of tier I sex offenders/child-victim offenders, tier II sex</pre>	12176 12177 12178 12179 12180 12181 12182 12183 12184 12185
<pre>(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant; (b) The address of the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of employment provided in a registration form; (c) The information described in division (C)(6) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code; (d) A description of the characteristics of tier I sex offenders/child-victim offenders, tier II sex offenders/child-victim offenders, and tier III sex</pre>	12176 12177 12178 12179 12180 12181 12182 12183 12184 12185 12186
<ul> <li>(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-gualified juvenile offender registrant;</li> <li>(b) The address of the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of employment provided in a registration form;</li> <li>(c) The information described in division (C)(6) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code;</li> <li>(d) A description of the characteristics of tier I sex offenders/child-victim offenders, and tier III sex offenders/child-victim offenders and the public safety concerns</li> </ul>	12176 12177 12178 12179 12180 12181 12182 12183 12184 12185 12186 12187
<pre>(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant; (b) The address of the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of employment provided in a registration form; (c) The information described in division (C)(6) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code; (d) A description of the characteristics of tier I sex offenders/child-victim offenders, tier II sex offenders/child-victim offenders, and tier III sex</pre>	12176 12177 12178 12179 12180 12181 12182 12183 12184 12185 12186
<ul> <li>(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section relative to the offender or public registry-gualified juvenile offender registrant;</li> <li>(b) The address of the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place of employment provided in a registration form;</li> <li>(c) The information described in division (C)(6) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code;</li> <li>(d) A description of the characteristics of tier I sex offenders/child-victim offenders, and tier III sex offenders/child-victim offenders and the public safety concerns</li> </ul>	12176 12177 12178 12179 12180 12181 12182 12183 12184 12185 12186 12187

from the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender	12191
registrant.	12192
(f) The information set forth in division (B) of section	12193
2950.11 of the Revised Code.	12194
(12) Upon the request of any sheriff, provide technical	12195
guidance to the requesting sheriff Develop software to be used by	12196
sheriffs in establishing on the internet a sex offender and	12197
child-victim offender database for the public dissemination of	12198
some or all of the information and materials described in division	12199
(A) of section 2950.081 of the Revised Code that are public	12200
records under that division, that are not prohibited from	12201
inclusion by division (B) of that section, and that pertain to	12202
offenders and public registry-qualified juvenile offender	12203
registrants who register in that the sheriff's county pursuant to	12204
section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code and for the public	12205
dissemination of information the sheriff receives pursuant to	12206
section 2950.14 of the Revised Code and, upon the request of any	12207
sheriff, provide technical guidance to the requesting sheriff in	12208
establishing on the internet such a database;	12209
(13) Through the bureau of criminal identification and	12210
investigation, not later than January 1, 2004, establish and	12211
operate on the internet a database that enables local law	12212
enforcement representatives to remotely search by electronic means	12213
the state registry of sex offenders and child-victim offenders	12214
described in division (A)(1) of this section and any information	12215
and materials the bureau receives pursuant to sections 2950.04,	12216
2950.041, 2950.05, 2950.06, and 2950.14 of the Revised Code. The	12217
database shall enable local law enforcement representatives to	12218
obtain detailed information regarding each offender and delinquent	12219
child who is included in the registry, including, but not limited	12220
to the offender's or delinquent child's name, <u>aliases,</u> residence	12221
address, <u>name and address of any</u> place of employment, school,	12222

institution of higher education, if applicable, motor vehicle	12223
license plate number <del>if</del> <u>of each motor vehicle identified in</u>	12224
division (C)(5) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code	12225
to the extent applicable, victim preference if available, date of	12226
most recent release from confinement if applicable, fingerprints_	12227
and palmprints, all of the information and material described in	12228
division (A)(1)(a) to (h) of this section regarding the offender	12229
or delinquent child, and other identification parameters the	12230
bureau considers appropriate. The database is not a public record	12231
open for inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised Code and	12232
shall be available only to law enforcement representatives as	12233
described in this division. Information obtained by local law	12234
enforcement representatives through use of this database is not	12235
open to inspection by the public or by any person other than a	12236
person identified in division (A) of section 2950.08 of the	12237
Revised Code.	12238
(14) Through the bureau of criminal identification and	12239
investigation, maintain a list of requests for notice about a	12240

specified offender or delinquent child or specified geographical12241notification area made pursuant to division (J) of section 2950.1112242of the Revised Code and, when an offender or delinquent child12243changes residence to another county, forward any requests for12244information about that specific offender or delinquent child to12245the appropriate sheriff;12246

(15) Through the bureau of criminal identification and 12247 investigation, establish and operate a system for the immediate 12248 notification by electronic means of the appropriate officials in 12249 other states specified in this division each time an offender or 12250 delinquent child registers a residence, school, institution of 12251 higher education, or place of employment address under section 12252 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the revised Code or provides a notice of a 12253 change of address or registers a new address under division (A) or 12254

(B) of section 2950.05 of the Revised Code. The immediate	12255
notification by electronic means shall be provided to the	12256
appropriate officials in each state in which the offender or	12257
delinquent child is required to register a residence, school,	12258
institution of higher education, or place of employment address.	12259
The notification shall contain the offender's or delinquent	12260
child's name and all of the information the bureau receives from	12261
the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child registered	12262
the address or provided the notice of change of address or	12263
registered the new address.	12264
(B) The attorney general in consultation with local law	12265
enforcement representatives, may adopt rules that establish one or	12266
more categories of neighbors of an offender or delinquent child	12267
who, in addition to the occupants of residential premises and	12268
other persons specified in division (A)(1) of section 2950.11 of	12269
the Revised Code, must be given the notice described in division	12270
(B) of that section.	12271
(C) No person, other than a local law enforcement	12272
representative, shall knowingly do any of the following:	12273
(1) Gain or attempt to gain access to the database	12274
established and operated by the attorney general, through the	12275
bureau of criminal identification and investigation, pursuant to	12276
division (A)(13) of this section.	12277
(2) Permit any person to inspect any information obtained	12278
through use of the database described in division (C)(1) of this	12279
section, other than as permitted under that division.	12280
(D) As used in this section, "local law enforcement	12281
representatives" means representatives of the sheriffs of this	12282
state, representatives of the municipal chiefs of police and	12283
marshals of this state, and representatives of the township	12284
constables and chiefs of police of the township police departments	12285

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Sec. 2950.14. (A) Prior to releasing an offender who is under 12299 the custody and control of the department of rehabilitation and 12300 correction and who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 12301 committing, either prior to, on, or after January 1, 1997, any 12302 sexually oriented offense that is not a registration exempt 12303 sexually oriented offense or any child-victim oriented offense, 12304 the department of rehabilitation and correction shall provide all 12305 of the information described in division (B) of this section to 12306 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation regarding 12307 the offender and to the sheriff of the county in which the 12308 offender's anticipated future residence is located. Prior to 12309 releasing a delinquent child who is in the custody of the 12310 department of youth services who has been adjudicated a delinquent 12311 child for committing on or after January 1, 2002, any sexually 12312 oriented offense that is not a registration exempt sexually 12313 <del>oriented offense</del> or any child-victim oriented offense, <u>reqardless</u> 12314 of when the offense was committed, and who has been classified a 12315 juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication, the 12316

department of youth services shall provide all of the information 12317 described in division (B) of this section to the bureau of 12318 criminal identification and investigation regarding the delinguent 12319 child. 12320 (B) The department of rehabilitation and correction and the 12321 department of youth services shall provide all of the following 12322 information to the bureau of criminal identification and 12323 investigation regarding an offender or delinguent child described 12324 in division (A) of this section: 12325 (1) The offender's or delinquent child's name and any aliases 12326 used by the offender or delinquent child; 12327 (2) All identifying factors concerning, and a physical 12328 description of, the offender or delinquent child; 12329 (3) The offender's or delinquent child's anticipated future 12330 residence; 12331 (4) The offense and delinquency history of the offender or 12332 delinquent child; 12333 (5) Whether the offender or delinquent child was treated for 12334 a mental abnormality or personality disorder while under the 12335 custody and control of the department; 12336 (6) Any other information that the bureau indicates is 12337 relevant and that the department possesses. 12338 (C) Upon receipt of the information described in division (B) 12339 of this section regarding an offender or delinquent child, the 12340 bureau immediately shall enter the information into the state 12341 registry of sex offenders and child-victim offenders that the 12342 bureau maintains pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code 12343 and into the records that the bureau maintains pursuant to 12344 division (A) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code. Upon receipt 12345 of that information regarding an offender, the bureau immediately 12346

shall enter the information on the sex offender and child-victim12347offender database it establishes and operates on the internet12348pursuant to division (A)(11) of section 2950.13 of the Revised12349Code.12350

(D) Upon receipt of the information described in division (B)
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 of this section regarding an offender, a sheriff who has
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 established on the internet a sex offender and child-victim
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 offender database for the public dissemination of information
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 regarding such offenders shall enter that information on the
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 database.

sec. 2950.15. (A) As used in this section and section 2950.16 12357 of the Revised Code, "eligible offender" means a person who is 12358 convicted of, pleads quilty to, was convicted of, or pleaded 12359 guilty to a sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented 12360 offense, regardless of when the offense was committed, and is a 12361 tier I sex offender/child-victim offender or a child who is or was 12362 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing a sexually oriented 12363 offense or child-victim oriented offense, regardless of when the 12364 offense was committed, and is a public registry-gualified juvenile 12365 offender registrant. 12366

(B) Pursuant to this section, an eligible offender may make a 12367 motion to the court of common pleas or, for a delinquent child, 12368 the juvenile court of the county in which the eligible offender 12369 resides requesting that the court terminate the eligible 12370 offender's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 12371 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code. If the eligible offender 12372 is not a resident of this state, the eligible offender may make a 12373 motion to the court of common pleas of the county in which the 12374 eligible offender has registered pursuant to section 2950.04 or 12375 2950.041 of the Revised Code, but if the eliqible offender has 12376 registered addresses of that nature in more than one county, the 12377

of those counties. Notwithstanding any state or local rule1237assigning costs and fees for filing and processing civil and1238criminal cases, the fee for filing the motion shall be one hundred1238fifty dollars. This fee shall be applied to any further processing1238of the motion, including, but not limited to, the costs associated1238with investigating the motion, notifying relevant parties,1238scheduling hearings, and recording and reporting the court's1238determination.1238(C)(1) Except as provided in division (C)(2) of this section,1238an eligible offender who is classified a tier I sex1238offender/child-victim offender may make a motion under division1238(B) of this section upon the expiration of ten years after the1239eligible offender's duty to comply with division (A)(2) or (4) of1239sections 2950.04 or division (A)(2) or (4) of section 2950.041 and1239relation to the offense for which the eligible offender is subject1239(2) An eligible offender who is a delinquent child and is1239(2) An eligible offender who is a delinquent child and is1239registrant may make a motion under division (A)(3) or (4) of section12402950.04 and sections 2950.05 and 2950.05 and 2950.06 of the Revised Code1240is subject to those provisions.1240(B) of this section shall include all of the following with the1240(B) of this section shall include all of the following with the1240(B) of this section shall include all of the following		
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documentation of the sentence or disposition given for the offense 1240	motion:	12406
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or offenses for which the eligible offender was convicted, pleaded 1240	documentation of the sentence or disposition given for the offense	12408
	or offenses for which the eligible offender was convicted, pleaded	12409

guilty, or was adjudicated a delinguent child;	12410
(2) Documentation of the date of discharge from supervision	12411
or release, whichever is applicable;	12412
(3) Evidence that the eligible offender has completed a sex	12413
offender or child-victim offender treatment program certified by	12414
the department of rehabilitation and correction or the department	12415
of youth services pursuant to section 2950.16 of the Revised Code;	12416
(4) Evidence that the eligible offender has not been	12417
convicted of, pleaded quilty to, or been adjudicated a delinquent	12418
child for committing any subsequent sexually oriented offense,	12419
child-victim oriented offense, or other criminal offense, except	12420
for a minor misdemeanor traffic offense;	12421
(5) Evidence that the eligible offender has paid any	12422
financial sanctions imposed upon the offender pursuant to section	12423
<u>2929.18 or 2929.28 of the Revised Code.</u>	12424
(E) Upon the filing of a motion pursuant to division (B) of	12425
(E) Upon the filing of a motion pursuant to division (B) of this section, the offender or delinguent child shall serve a copy	12425 12426
this section, the offender or delinquent child shall serve a copy	12426
this section, the offender or delinquent child shall serve a copy of the motion on the prosecutor who handled the case in which the	12426 12427
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this section, the offender or delinquent child shall serve a copy of the motion on the prosecutor who handled the case in which the eligible offender was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense. Upon the filing of the motion, the court shall set a tentative date for a hearing on the motion that is not later than one hundred eighty days from	12426 12427 12428 12429 12430 12431 12432
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this section, the offender or delinquent child shall serve a copy of the motion on the prosecutor who handled the case in which the eliqible offender was convicted of, pleaded quilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense. Upon the filing of the motion, the court shall set a tentative date for a hearing on the motion that is not later than one hundred eighty days from the date the motion is filed unless good cause exists to hold the hearing at a later date and shall notify the eliqible offender and the prosecutor of the date, time, and place of the hearing. The court shall then forward a copy of the motion and its supporting	12426 12427 12428 12429 12430 12431 12432 12433 12434 12435 12436
this section, the offender or delinquent child shall serve a copy of the motion on the prosecutor who handled the case in which the eligible offender was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense. Upon the filing of the motion, the court shall set a tentative date for a hearing on the motion that is not later than one hundred eighty days from the date the motion is filed unless good cause exists to hold the hearing at a later date and shall notify the eligible offender and the prosecutor of the date, time, and place of the hearing. The court shall then forward a copy of the motion and its supporting documentation to the court's probation department or another	12426 12427 12428 12429 12430 12431 12432 12433 12434 12435 12436 12437

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receiving the motion and supporting documentation. 12441 Upon receipt of the written report from the probation 12442 department or other appropriate agency, the court shall forward a 12443 copy of the motion, supporting documentation, and the written 12444 report to the prosecutor. 12445 (F)(1) After the prosecutor is served with a copy of the 12446 motion as described in division (E) of this section, the 12447 prosecutor shall notify the victim of any offense for which the 12448 eligible offender is requesting a termination of duties under 12449 sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised 12450 Code. The victim may submit a written statement to the prosecutor 12451 regarding any knowledge the victim has of the eligible offender's 12452 conduct while subject to the duties imposed by sections 2950.04, 12453 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code. 12454 (2) At least seven days before the hearing date, the 12455 prosecutor may file an objection to the motion with the court and 12456 serve a copy of the objection to the motion to the eligible 12457 offender or the eligible offender's attorney. 12458 (G) In addition to the evidence that accompanies the motion 12459 described in division (D) of this section and the written report 12460 submitted pursuant to division (E) of this section, in determining 12461 whether to grant a motion made under division (B) of this section, 12462 the court may consider any other evidence the court considers 12463 relevant, including, but not limited to, evidence of the following 12464 while the eligible offender has been subject to the duties imposed 12465 under sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the 12466 Revised Code: 12467 (1) Whether the eligible offender's driver's license, 12468 commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit, 12469 probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege has ever 12470 <u>been suspended;</u> 12471

(2) Whether the eligible offender has maintained financial	12472
responsibility for a motor vehicle as required by section 4509.101	12473
of the Revised Code;	12474
(3) Whether the eligible offender has satisfied any child or	12475
spousal support obligations, if applicable;	12476
(4) Whether the eligible offender has paid all local, state,	12477
and federal income taxes, and has timely filed all associated	12478
income tax returns, as required by local, state, or federal law;	12479
(5) Whether there is evidence that the eligible offender has	12480
adequately addressed sex offending or child-victim offending	12481
behaviors;	12482
(6) Whether the eligible offender has maintained a residence	12483
for a substantial period of time;	12484
(7) Whether the eligible offender has maintained employment	12485
or, if the eligible offender has not been employed while under a	12486
duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and	12487
2950.06 of the Revised Code, whether the eligible offender has	12488
satisfied the offender's financial obligations through other	12489
manners of support such as disability payments, a pension, spousal	12490
or child support, or scholarships or grants;	12491
(8) Whether the eligible offender has adequately addressed	12492
any drug or alcohol abuse or addiction;	12493
(9) Letters of reference;	12494
(10) Documentation of the eligible offender's service to the	12495
community or to specific individuals in need.	12496
(H)(1) The court, without a hearing, may issue an order	12497
denying the eligible offender's motion to terminate the eligible	12498
offender's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041,	12499
2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code if the court, based on	12500
the evidence submitted with the motion pursuant to division (D) of	12501

(E) of this section and after considering the factors described in 12503
division (G) of this section, finds that those duties should not 12504
be terminated. 12505
(2) If the prosecutor does not file an objection to the 12506
eligible offender's application as provided in division (F)(2) of 12507
this section, the court, without a hearing, may issue an order 12508
that terminates the eligible offender's duty to comply with 12509
<u>sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised</u> 12510
<u>Code if the court, based on the evidence submitted with the motion</u> 12511
pursuant to division (D) of this section and the written report 12512
submitted pursuant to division (E) of this section and after 12513
considering the factors described in division (G) of this section, 12514
finds that those duties should be terminated. 12515
(3) If the court does not issue an order under division 12516
(H)(1) or (2) of this section, the court shall hold a hearing to 12517
determine whether to grant or deny the motion. At the hearing, the 12518
Rules of Civil Procedure or, if the hearing is in a juvenile 12519
court, the Rules of Juvenile Procedure apply, except to the extent 12520
that those Rules would by their nature be clearly inapplicable. At 12521
the hearing, the eligible offender has the burden of going forward 12522
with the evidence and the burden of proof by a preponderance of 12523
the evidence. If, after considering the evidence submitted with 12524
the motion pursuant to division (D) of this section, the written 12525
report submitted pursuant to division (E) of this section, and the 12526
factors described in division (G) of this section, the court finds 12527
that the eligible offender has satisfied the burden of proof, the 12528
court shall issue an order that terminates the eligible offender's 12529
duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 12530
2950.06 of the Revised Code. If the court finds that the eligible 12531
offender has not satisfied the burden of proof, the court shall 12532
issue an order denying the motion. 12533

(4)(a) The court shall provide prompt notice of its order	12534
issued pursuant to division (H)(1), (2), or (3) of this section to	12535
the eligible offender or the eligible offender's attorney.	12536
(b) If the court issues an order terminating the eligible	12537
offender's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041,	12538
2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, the court shall promptly	12539
forward a copy of the order to the bureau of criminal	12540
identification and investigation. Upon receipt of the order, the	12541
bureau shall update all records pertaining to the eligible	12542
offender to reflect the termination order. The bureau also shall	12543
notify every sheriff with whom the eligible offender has most	12544
recently registered under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of	12545
the Revised Code of the termination order.	12546
(c) If the court issues an order terminating the eligible	12547
offender's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041,	12548
2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, the court shall promptly	12549
forward a copy of the order to any court that sentenced the	12550
offender or adjudicated the child a delinguent child for a	12551
sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense that is	12552
the basis of the termination order. The court that receives this	12553
notice shall retain a copy of the order in the eligible offender's	12554
original case file.	12555

Sec. 2950.16. By July 1, 2008, the department of 12556 rehabilitation and correction and the department of youth services 12557 shall adopt rules pertaining to the certification of sex offender 12558 and child-victim offender treatment programs. The rules shall 12559 include a requirement that the departments periodically inspect 12560 and certify sex offender and child-victim offender treatment 12561 programs. The rules shall also include a requirement that the 12562 departments maintain a list of certified sex offender and 12563 child-victim offender treatment programs that is open to public 12564

inspection.

Sec. 2967.12. (A) Except as provided in division (G) of this 12566 section, at least three weeks before the adult parole authority 12567 recommends any pardon or commutation of sentence, or grants any 12568 parole, the authority shall send a notice of the pendency of the 12569 pardon, commutation, or parole, setting forth the name of the 12570 person on whose behalf it is made, the offense of which the person 12571 was convicted or to which the person pleaded quilty, the time of 12572 conviction or the guilty plea, and the term of the person's 12573 sentence, to the prosecuting attorney and the judge of the court 12574 of common pleas of the county in which the indictment against the 12575 person was found. If there is more than one judge of that court of 12576 common pleas, the authority shall send the notice to the presiding 12577 judge. The department of rehabilitation and correction, at the 12578 same time that it provides the notice to the prosecuting attorney 12579 and judge under this division, also shall post on the database it 12580 maintains pursuant to section 5120.66 of the Revised Code the 12581 offender's name and all of the information specified in division 12582 (A)(1)(c)(iii) of that section. 12583

(B) If a request for notification has been made pursuant to 12584 section 2930.16 of the Revised Code, the adult parole authority 12585 also shall give notice to the victim or the victim's 12586 representative prior to recommending any pardon or commutation of 12587 sentence for, or granting any parole to, the person. The authority 12588 shall provide the notice at the same time as the notice required 12589 by division (A) of this section and shall include in the notice 12590 the information required to be set forth in that notice. The 12591 notice also shall inform the victim or the victim's representative 12592 that the victim or representative may send a written statement 12593 relative to the victimization and the pending action to the adult 12594 parole authority and that, if the authority receives any written 12595 statement prior to recommending a pardon or commutation or 12596

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granting a parole for a person, the authority will consider the 12597 statement before it recommends a pardon or commutation or grants a 12598 parole. If the person is being considered for parole, the notice 12599 shall inform the victim or the victim's representative that a full 12600 board hearing of the parole board may be held and that the victim 12601 or victim's representative may contact the office of victims' 12602 services for further information. If the person being considered 12603 for parole was convicted of or pleaded quilty to violating section 12604 2903.01 or 2903.02 of the Revised Code, the notice shall inform 12605 the victim of that offense, the victim's representative, or a 12606 member of the victim's immediate family that the victim, the 12607 victim's representative, and the victim's immediate family have 12608 the right to give testimony at a full board hearing of the parole 12609 board and that the victim or victim's representative may contact 12610 the office of victims' services for further information. As used 12611 in this division, "the victim's immediate family" means the 12612 mother, father, spouse, sibling, or child of the victim. 12613

(C) When notice of the pendency of any pardon, commutation of 12614 sentence, or parole has been given to a judge or prosecutor or 12615 posted on the database as provided in division (A) of this section 12616 and a hearing on the pardon, commutation, or parole is continued 12617 to a date certain, the authority shall provide notice of the 12618 further consideration of the pardon, commutation, or parole at 12619 least ten days before the further consideration. The notice of the 12620 further consideration shall be provided to the proper judge and 12621 prosecuting attorney by mail at least ten days before the further 12622 consideration, and, if the initial notice was posted on the 12623 database as provided in division (A) of this section, the notice 12624 of the further consideration shall be posted on the database at 12625 least ten days before the further consideration. When notice of 12626 the pendency of any pardon, commutation, or parole has been given 12627 as provided in division (B) of this section and the hearing on it 12628 is continued to a date certain, the authority shall give notice of 12629

the further consideration to the victim or the victim's 12630 representative in accordance with section 2930.03 of the Revised 12631 Code. 12632

(D) In case of an application for the pardon or commutation 12633
 of sentence of a person sentenced to capital punishment, the 12634
 governor may modify the requirements of notification and 12635
 publication if there is not sufficient time for compliance with 12636
 the requirements before the date fixed for the execution of 12637
 sentence. 12638

(E) If an offender is serving a prison term imposed under 12639 division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(2)(a), (b), or 12640 (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the 12641 Revised Code and if the parole board terminates its control over 12642 the offender's service of that term pursuant to section 2971.04 of 12643 the Revised Code, the parole board immediately shall provide 12644 written notice of its termination of control or the transfer of 12645 control to the entities and persons specified in section 2971.04 12646 of the Revised Code. 12647

(F) The failure of the adult parole authority to comply with 12648 the notice or posting provisions of division (A), (B), or (C) of 12649 this section or the failure of the parole board to comply with the 12650 notice provisions of division (E) of this section do not give any 12651 rights or any grounds for appeal or post-conviction relief to the 12652 person serving the sentence. 12653

(G) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section do not apply 12654
to any release of a person that is of the type described in 12655
division (B)(2)(b) of section 5120.031 of the Revised Code. 12656

(H) In addition to and independent of the right of a victim 12657
to make a statement as described in division (A) of this section 12658
or pursuant to section 2930.17 of the Revised Code or to otherwise 12659
make a statement, the authority for a judge or prosecuting 12660

attorney to furnish statements and information, make 12661 recommendations, and give testimony as described in division (A) 12662 of this section, the right of a prosecuting attorney, judge, or 12663 victim to give testimony or submit a statement at a full parole 12664

board hearing pursuant to section 5149.101 of the Revised Code, 12665 and any other right or duty of a person to present information or 12666 make a statement, any person may send to the adult parole 12667 authority at any time prior to the authority's recommending a 12668 pardon or commutation or granting a parole for the offender a 12669 written statement relative to the offense and the pending action. 12670

Sec. 2967.121. (A) Subject to division (C) of this section, 12671 at least two weeks before any convict who is serving a sentence 12672 for committing a felony of the first, second, or third degree is 12673 released from confinement in any state correctional institution 12674 pursuant to a pardon, commutation of sentence, parole, or 12675 completed prison term, the adult parole authority shall send 12676 notice of the release to the prosecuting attorney of the county in 12677 which the indictment of the convict was found. 12678

(B) The notice required by division (A) of this section may 12679 be contained in a weekly list of all felons of the first, second, 12680 or third degree who are scheduled for release. The notice shall 12681 contain all of the following: 12682

(1) The name of the convict being released;

(2) The date of the convict's release;

(3) The offense for the violation of which the convict was 12685 convicted and incarcerated; 12686

(4) The date of the convict's conviction pursuant to which 12687 the convict was incarcerated; 12688

(5) The sentence imposed for that conviction; 12689

(6) The length of any supervision that the convict will be 12690

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under;	12691
(7) The name, business address, and business phone number of	12692
the convict's supervising officer;	12693
(8) The address at which the convict will reside.	12694
(C) Divisions (A) and (B) of this section do not apply to the	12695
release from confinement of an offender if the offender is serving	12696
a prison term imposed under division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or	12697
(c), <del>or</del> (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c) <u>, or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d)</u> of	12698
section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, if the court pursuant to	12699
section 2971.05 of the Revised Code modifies the requirement that	12700
the offender serve that entire term in a state correctional	12701
institution, and if the release from confinement is pursuant to	12702
that modification. In a case of that type, the court that modifies	12703
the requirement promptly shall provide written notice of the	12704
modification and the order that modifies the requirement or	12705
revises the modification to the offender, the department of	12706
rehabilitation and correction, the prosecuting attorney, and any	12707
state agency or political subdivision that is affected by the	12708
order.	12709
Sec. 2971.01. As used in this chapter:	12710
(A) "Mandatory prison term" has the same meaning as in	12711
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	12712
(B) "Designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense"	12713
means any of the following:	12714
(1) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11, or	12715
2905.01 of the Revised Code or a violation of division (A) of	12716
section 2903.04 of the Revised Code;	12717
(2) An attempt to commit or complicity in committing a	12718
violation listed in division (B)(1) of this section, if the	12719
attempt or complicity is a felony.	12720

<ul> <li>(D) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section 1272</li> <li>2935.01 of the Revised Code. 1272</li> <li>(E) "Prosecuting attorney" means the prosecuting attorney who 1272</li> <li>prosecuted the case of the offender in question or the successor 1272</li> <li>in office to that prosecuting attorney. 1272</li> <li>(F) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented 1272</li> <li>offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the 1272</li> <li>Revised Code. 1273</li> <li>(G) "Sexually violent offense" means any of the following: 1273</li> <li>(1) A violent sex offense; 1273</li> <li>(2) A designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense 1273</li> <li>that the offender commits with a sexual motivation. 1273</li> <li>after January 1, 1997, commits a sexually violent offense and is 1273</li> <li>ikely to engage in the future in one or more sexually violent 1273</li> <li>offenses. 1274</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of 1274</li> <li>indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in 1274</li> <li>the future in one or more sexually violent offenses: 1274</li> <li>(a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in 1274</li> <li>child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division, 1274</li> <li>convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or 1274</li> <li>result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274</li> <li>conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274</li> </ul>	(C) "Examiner" has the same meaning as in section 2945.371 of	12721
2935.01 of the Revised Code.1272(E) "Prosecuting attorney" means the prosecuting attorney who1272prosecuted the case of the offender in question or the successor1272in office to that prosecuting attorney.1272(F) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented1272offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the1272Revised Code.1273(G) "Sexually violent offense" means any of the following:1273(1) A violent sex offense;1273(2) A designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense1273that the offender commits with a sexual motivation.1273(H)(1) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or1273ikely to engage in the future in one or more sexually violent1274offenses.1273(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of1274indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in1274the future in one or more sexually violent offenses:1274(a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in1274child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division,1274convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or1274conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a1274	the Revised Code.	12722
<ul> <li>(E) "Prosecuting attorney" means the prosecuting attorney who</li> <li>1272</li> <li>prosecuted the case of the offender in question or the successor</li> <li>1272</li> <li>in office to that prosecuting attorney.</li> <li>(F) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented</li> <li>1272</li> <li>offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the</li> <li>Revised Code.</li> <li>(G) "Sexually violent offense" means any of the following:</li> <li>(1) A violent sex offense;</li> <li>(2) A designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense</li> <li>(1) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>after January 1, 1997, commits a sexually violent offense and is</li> <li>1273</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>1274</li> <li>the following factors may be considered as evidence tending to</li> <li>1274</li> <li>the future in one or more sexually violent offenses:</li> <li>(a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in</li> <li>1274</li> <li>child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division,</li> <li>1274</li> <li>convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or</li> <li>1274</li> <li>conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a</li> </ul>	(D) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	12723
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<ul> <li>in office to that prosecuting attorney.</li> <li>(F) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented</li> <li>(F) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented</li> <li>(G) "Sexually violent offense" and "child-victim oriented</li> <li>(G) "Sexually violent offense" means any of the following:</li> <li>(G) "Sexually violent offense;</li> <li>(I) A violent sex offense;</li> <li>(I) A designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually to engage in the future in one or more sexually violent offenses.</li> <li>(I) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(I) The person has been convicted two or more times, in</li> <li>(I) The person has been convicted two or more times, in</li> <li>(I) The person has been convicted two or more times, in</li> <li>(I) "Sexually oriented offense. For purposes of this division,</li> <li>(I) "Sexually oriented offense or a</li> <li>(I) "Sexually from or are connected with the same act or</li> <li>(I) "Sexually oriented at the same time are one</li> <li>(I) "Sexually conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a</li> </ul>	(E) "Prosecuting attorney" means the prosecuting attorney who	12725
<ul> <li>(F) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented 1272</li> <li>offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the 1272</li> <li>Revised Code. 1273</li> <li>(G) "Sexually violent offense" means any of the following: 1273</li> <li>(1) A violent sex offense; 1273</li> <li>(2) A designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense 1273</li> <li>that the offender commits with a sexual motivation. 1273</li> <li>(H)(1) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or 1273</li> <li>after January 1, 1997, commits a sexually violent offense and is 1273</li> <li>likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually violent 1273</li> <li>offenses. 1273</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of 1273</li> <li>the following factors may be considered as evidence tending to 1274</li> <li>indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in 1274</li> <li>the future in one or more sexually violent offenses: 1274</li> <li>(a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in 1274</li> <li>child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division, 1274</li> <li>convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or 1274</li> <li>result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274</li> <li>conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274</li> </ul>	prosecuted the case of the offender in question or the successor	12726
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Revised Code.       1273         (G) "Sexually violent offense" means any of the following:       1273         (1) A violent sex offense;       1273         (2) A designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense       1273         that the offender commits with a sexual motivation.       1273         (H)(1) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or       1273         after January 1, 1997, commits a sexually violent offense and is       1273         likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually violent       1273         offenses.       1273         (2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of       1274         indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in       1274         the fulue in one or more sexually violent offenses:       1274         (a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in       1274         separate criminal actions, of a sexually oriented offense or a       1274         child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division,       1274         result from offenses committed at the same time are one       1274         conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a       1274	(F) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented	12728
<ul> <li>(G) "Sexually violent offense" means any of the following: 1273</li> <li>(1) A violent sex offense; 1273</li> <li>(2) A designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense 1273</li> <li>that the offender commits with a sexual motivation. 1273</li> <li>(H) (1) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or 1273</li> <li>after January 1, 1997, commits a sexually violent offense and is 1273</li> <li>likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually violent 1273</li> <li>offenses. 1273</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H) (1) of this section, any of 1274</li> <li>indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in 1274</li> <li>the future in one or more sexually violent offenses: 1274</li> <li>(a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in 1274</li> <li>separate criminal actions, of a sexually oriented offense or a 1274</li> <li>convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or 1274</li> <li>result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274</li> <li>conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274</li> </ul>	offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the	12729
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<ul> <li>(2) A designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense</li> <li>(1) A designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense</li> <li>(1) Sexually violent predator means a person who, on or</li> <li>(1) Sexually violent predator means a person who, on or</li> <li>(1) Sexually violent predator offense and is</li> <li>(1) Sexually violent future in one or more sexually violent</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, and a convicted two or more times, in</li> <li>(2) For purposes of a sexually oriented offense or a</li> <li>(3) The person has been convicted two or more times, in</li> <li>(4) The person has been convicted two or more times, in</li> <li>(5) For purposes of this division,</li> <li>(7) For purposes committed at the same time are one</li> <li>(7) For purpose o</li></ul>	(G) "Sexually violent offense" means any of the following:	12731
that the offender commits with a sexual motivation. 1273 (H)(1) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or 1273 after January 1, 1997, commits a sexually violent offense and is 1273 likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually violent 1273 offenses. 1273 (2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of 1274 indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in 1274 the future in one or more sexually violent offenses: 1274 (a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in 1274 separate criminal actions, of a sexually oriented offense or a 1274 child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division, 1274 result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274 conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274	(1) A violent sex offense;	12732
<ul> <li>(H)(1) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who, on or 1273</li> <li>after January 1, 1997, commits a sexually violent offense and is 1273</li> <li>likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually violent 1273</li> <li>offenses. 1273</li> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of 1273</li> <li>the following factors may be considered as evidence tending to 1274</li> <li>indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in 1274</li> <li>the future in one or more sexually violent offenses: 1274</li> <li>(a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in 1274</li> <li>conviction oriented offense. For purposes of this division, 1274</li> <li>convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or 1274</li> <li>conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274</li> </ul>	(2) A designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense	12733
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<ul> <li>(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of 1273</li> <li>the following factors may be considered as evidence tending to 1274</li> <li>indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in 1274</li> <li>the future in one or more sexually violent offenses: 1274</li> <li>(a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in 1274</li> <li>separate criminal actions, of a sexually oriented offense or a 1274</li> <li>child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division, 1274</li> <li>result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274</li> <li>conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274</li> </ul>	likely to engage in the future in one or more sexually violent	12737
the following factors may be considered as evidence tending to indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in the future in one or more sexually violent offenses: (a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in separate criminal actions, of a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division, convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or 1274 result from offenses committed at the same time are one conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274	offenses.	12738
<pre>indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in 1274 the future in one or more sexually violent offenses: 1274   (a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in 1274 separate criminal actions, of a sexually oriented offense or a 1274 child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division, 1274 convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or 1274 result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274 conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274</pre>	(2) For purposes of division (H)(1) of this section, any of	12739
the future in one or more sexually violent offenses: 1274 (a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in 1274 separate criminal actions, of a sexually oriented offense or a 1274 child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division, 1274 convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or 1274 result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274 conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274	the following factors may be considered as evidence tending to	12740
<ul> <li>(a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in</li> <li>1274</li> <li>separate criminal actions, of a sexually oriented offense or a</li> <li>1274</li> <li>child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division,</li> <li>1274</li> <li>convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or</li> <li>1274</li> <li>result from offenses committed at the same time are one</li> <li>1274</li> <li>conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a</li> <li>1274</li> </ul>	indicate that there is a likelihood that the person will engage in	12741
separate criminal actions, of a sexually oriented offense or a 1274 child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division, 1274 convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or 1274 result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274 conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274	the future in one or more sexually violent offenses:	12742
child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division, 1274 convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or 1274 result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274 conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274	(a) The person has been convicted two or more times, in	12743
convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or 1274 result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274 conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274	separate criminal actions, of a sexually oriented offense or a	12744
result from offenses committed at the same time are one 1274 conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274	child-victim oriented offense. For purposes of this division,	12745
conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a 1274	convictions that result from or are connected with the same act or	12746
	result from offenses committed at the same time are one	12747
conviction. 1274	conviction, and a conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a	12748
	conviction.	12749

(b) The person has a documented history from childhood, into 12750

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the juvenile developmental years, that exhibits sexually deviant	12751
behavior.	12752
(c) Available information or evidence suggests that the	12753
person chronically commits offenses with a sexual motivation.	12754
(d) The person has committed one or more offenses in which	12755
the person has tortured or engaged in ritualistic acts with one or	12756
more victims.	12757
(e) The person has committed one or more offenses in which	12758
one or more victims were physically harmed to the degree that the	12759
particular victim's life was in jeopardy.	12760
(f) Any other relevant evidence.	12761
(I) "Sexually violent predator specification" means a	12762
specification, as described in section 2941.148 of the Revised	12763
Code, that charges that a person charged with a violent sex	12764
offense, or a person charged with a designated homicide, assault,	12765
or kidnapping offense and a sexual motivation specification, is a	12766
sexually violent predator.	12767
(J) "Sexual motivation" means a purpose to gratify the sexual	12768
needs or desires of the offender.	12769
(K) "Sexual motivation specification" means a specification,	12770
as described in section 2941.147 of the Revised Code, that charges	12771
that a person charged with a designated homicide, assault, or	12772
kidnapping offense committed the offense with a sexual motivation.	12773
(L) "Violent sex offense" means any of the following:	12774
(1) A violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, or 2907.12 or of	12775
division (A)(4) or (B) of section 2907.05 of the Revised Code;	12776
(2) A felony violation of a former law of this state that is	12777
substantially equivalent to a violation listed in division $(L)(1)$	12778
of this section or of an existing or former law of the United	12779

States or of another state that is substantially equivalent to a 12780

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violation listed in division (L)(1) of this section; 12781

(3) An attempt to commit or complicity in committing a 12782
violation listed in division (L)(1) or (2) of this section if the 12783
attempt or complicity is a felony. 12784

Sec. 2971.03. (A) Notwithstanding divisions (A), (B), (C), 12785 and (F) of section 2929.14, section 2929.02, 2929.03, 2929.06, 12786 2929.13, or another section of the Revised Code, other than 12787 divisions (D) and (E) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, that 12788 authorizes or requires a specified prison term or a mandatory 12789 prison term for a person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 12790 felony or that specifies the manner and place of service of a 12791 prison term or term of imprisonment, the court shall impose a 12792 sentence upon a person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 12793 violent sex offense and who also is convicted of or pleads guilty 12794 to a sexually violent predator specification that was included in 12795 the indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging 12796 that offense, and upon a person who is convicted of or pleads 12797 quilty to a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense 12798 and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to both a sexual 12799 motivation specification and a sexually violent predator 12800 specification that were included in the indictment, count in the 12801 indictment, or information charging that offense, as follows: 12802

(1) If the offense for which the sentence is being imposed is 12803 aggravated murder and if the court does not impose upon the 12804 offender a sentence of death, it shall impose upon the offender a 12805 term of life imprisonment without parole. If the court sentences 12806 the offender to death and the sentence of death is vacated, 12807 overturned, or otherwise set aside, the court shall impose upon 12808 the offender a term of life imprisonment without parole. 12804 and 12807 and 12808 the offender a term of life imprisonment without parole. 12809

(2) If the offense for which the sentence is being imposed is 12810murder; or if the offense is rape committed in violation of 12811

division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code when the 12812 offender purposely compelled the victim to submit by force or 12813 threat of force, when the victim was less than ten years of age, 12814 when the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded 12815 guilty to either rape committed in violation of that division or a 12816 violation of an existing or former law of this state, another 12817 state, or the United States that is substantially similar to 12818 division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code, or when 12819 the offender during or immediately after the commission of the 12820 rape caused serious physical harm to the victim; or if the offense 12821 is an offense other than aggravated murder or murder for which a 12822 term of life imprisonment may be imposed, it shall impose upon the 12823 offender a term of life imprisonment without parole. 12824

(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(3)(b), 12825 (c), (d), or (e) or (A)(4) of this section, if the offense for 12826 which the sentence is being imposed is an offense other than 12827 aggravated murder, murder, or rape and other than an offense for 12828 which a term of life imprisonment may be imposed, it shall impose 12829 an indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum term fixed by 12830 the court from among the range of terms available as a definite 12831 term for the offense, but not less than two years, and a maximum 12832 term of life imprisonment. 12833

(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(4) of this 12834 section, if the offense for which the sentence is being imposed is 12835 kidnapping that is a felony of the first degree, it shall impose 12836 an indefinite prison term as follows: 12837

(i) If the kidnapping is committed on or after the effective 12838 date of this amendment and the victim of the offense is less than 12839 thirteen years of age, except as otherwise provided in this 12840 division, it shall impose an indefinite prison term consisting of 12841 a minimum term of fifteen years and a maximum term of life 12842 imprisonment. If the kidnapping is committed on or after the 12843

effective date of this amendment, the victim of the offense is	12844
less than thirteen years of age, and the offender released the	12845
victim in a safe place unharmed, it shall impose an indefinite	12846
prison term consisting of a minimum term of ten years and a	12847
maximum term of life imprisonment.	12848
(ii) If the kidnapping is committed prior to the effective	12849
date of this amendment or division (A)(3)(b)(i) of this section	12850
does not apply, it shall impose an indefinite term consisting of a	12851
minimum term fixed by the court that is not less than ten years $_{ au}$	12852
and a maximum term of life imprisonment.	12853
(c) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(4) of this	12854
section, if the offense for which the sentence is being imposed is	12855
kidnapping that is a felony of the second degree, it shall impose	12856
an indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum term fixed by	12857
the court that is not less than eight years, and a maximum term of	12858
life imprisonment.	12859
(d) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(4) of this	12860
section, if the offense for which the sentence is being imposed is	12861
rape for which a term of life imprisonment is not imposed under	12862
division $(A)(2)$ of this section or division $(B)$ of section 2907.02	12863
of the Revised Code, it shall impose an indefinite prison term as	12864
follows:	12865
(i) If the rape is committed on or after <del>the effective date</del>	12866
<del>of this amendment</del> <u>January 2, 2007,</u> in violation of division	12867
(A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code, it shall impose	12868
an indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum term of	12869
twenty-five years and a maximum term of life imprisonment.	12870
(ii) If the rape is committed prior to <del>the effective date of</del>	12871
this amendment January 2, 2007, or the rape is committed on or	12872
after <del>the effective date of this amendment</del> <u>January 2, 2007,</u> other	12873
than in violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the	12874

Revised Code, it shall impose an indefinite prison term consisting 12875 of a minimum term fixed by the court that is not less than ten 12876 years, and a maximum term of life imprisonment. 12877

(e) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(4) of this 12878
section, if the offense for which sentence is being imposed is 12879
attempted rape, it shall impose an indefinite prison term as 12880
follows: 12881

(i) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(3)(e)(ii), 12882
(iii), or (iv) of this section, it shall impose an indefinite 12883
prison term pursuant to division (A)(3)(a) of this section. 12884

(ii) If the attempted rape for which sentence is being
12885
imposed was committed on or after the effective date of this
amendment January 2, 2007, and if the offender also is convicted
of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in
section 2941.1418 of the Revised Code, it shall impose an
indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum term of five years
and a maximum term of twenty-five years.

(iii) If the attempted rape for which sentence is being
12892
imposed was committed on or after the effective date of this
amendment January 2, 2007, and if the offender also is convicted
12894
of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in
section 2941.1419 of the Revised Code, it shall impose an
indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum term of ten years
and a maximum of life imprisonment.

(iv) If the attempted rape for which sentence is being
imposed was committed on or after the effective date of this
amendment January 2, 2007, and if the offender also is convicted
of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in
section 2941.1420 of the Revised Code, it shall impose an
indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum term of fifteen
years and a maximum of life imprisonment.

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(4) For any offense for which the sentence is being imposed, 12906 if the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 12907 to a violent sex offense and also to a sexually violent predator 12908 specification that was included in the indictment, count in the 12909 indictment, or information charging that offense, or previously 12910 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a designated homicide, 12911 assault, or kidnapping offense and also to both a sexual 12912 motivation specification and a sexually violent predator 12913 specification that were included in the indictment, count in the 12914 indictment, or information charging that offense, it shall impose 12915 upon the offender a term of life imprisonment without parole. 12916

(B)(1) Notwithstanding section 2929.13, division (A), (B), 12917 (C), or (F) of section 2929.14, or another section of the Revised 12918 Code other than division (B) of section 2907.02 or divisions (D) 12919 and (E) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code that authorizes or 12920 requires a specified prison term or a mandatory prison term for a 12921 person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony or that 12922 specifies the manner and place of service of a prison term or term 12923 of imprisonment, if a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 12924 violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised 12925 Code committed on or after the effective date of this amendment 12926 January 2, 2007, if division (A) of this section does not apply 12927 regarding the person, and if the court does not impose a sentence 12928 of life without parole when authorized pursuant to division (B) of 12929 section 2907.02 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose upon 12930 the person an indefinite prison term consisting of one of the 12931 following: 12932

(a) Except as otherwise required in division (B)(1)(b) or (c) 12933
 of this section, a minimum term of ten years and a maximum term of 12934
 life imprisonment. 12935

(b) If the victim was less than ten years of age, a minimum 12936 term of fifteen years and a maximum of life imprisonment. 12937

(c) If the offender purposely compels the victim to submit by 12938 force or threat of force, or if the offender previously has been 12939 convicted of or pleaded quilty to violating division (A)(1)(b) of 12940 section 2907.02 of the Revised Code or to violating an existing or 12941 former law of this state, another state, or the United States that 12942 is substantially similar to division (A)(1)(b) of that section, or 12943 if the offender during or immediately after the commission of the 12944 offense caused serious physical harm to the victim, a minimum term 12945 of twenty-five years and a maximum of life imprisonment. 12946

(2) Notwithstanding section 2929.13, division (A), (B), (C), 12947 or (F) of section 2929.14, or another section of the Revised Code 12948 other than divisions (D) and (E) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 12949 Code that authorizes or requires a specified prison term or a 12950 mandatory prison term for a person who is convicted of or pleads 12951 guilty to a felony or that specifies the manner and place of 12952 service of a prison term or term of imprisonment and except as 12953 otherwise provided in division (B) of section 2907.02 of the 12954 Revised Code, if a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to 12955 attempted rape committed on or after the effective date of this 12956 amendment January 2, 2007, and if division (A) of this section 12957 does not apply regarding the person, the court shall impose upon 12958 the person an indefinite prison term consisting of one of the 12959 following: 12960

(a) If the person also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 12961
specification of the type described in section 2941.1418 of the 12962
Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the person an indefinite 12963
prison term consisting of a minimum term of five years and a 12964
maximum term of twenty-five years. 12965

(b) If the person also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 12966
specification of the type described in section 2941.1419 of the 12967
Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the person an indefinite 12968
prison term consisting of a minimum term of ten years and a 12969

maximum term of life imprisonment.

(c) If the person also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 12971 specification of the type described in section 2941.1420 of the 12972 Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the person an indefinite 12973 prison term consisting of a minimum term of fifteen years and a 12974 maximum term of life imprisonment. 12975

(3) Notwithstanding section 2929.13, division (A), (B), (C), 12976 or (F) of section 2929.14, or another section of the Revised Code 12977 other than divisions (D) and (E) of section 2929.14 of the Revised 12978 Code that authorizes or requires a specified prison term or a 12979 mandatory prison term for a person who is convicted of or pleads 12980 guilty to a felony or that specifies the manner and place of 12981 service of a prison term or term of imprisonment, if a person is 12982 convicted of or pleads quilty to an offense described in division 12983 (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section committed on or after 12984 the effective date of this amendment, if the person also is 12985 convicted of or pleads quilty to a sexual motivation specification 12986 that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or 12987 information charging that offense, and if division (A) of this 12988 section does not apply regarding the person, the court shall 12989 impose upon the person an indefinite prison term consisting of one 12990 of the following: 12991

(a) An indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum of ten12992years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the offense for12993which the sentence is being imposed is kidnapping, the victim of12994the offense is less than thirteen years of age, and the offender12995released the victim in a safe place unharmed;12996

(b) An indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum of12997fifteen years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the12998offense for which the sentence is being imposed is kidnapping when12999the victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age and13000division (B)(3)(a) of this section does not apply;13001

12970

years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the offense for which the sentence is being imposed is aggravated murder, when the identified for the offense is less than thirteen years of age, a sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole is not imposed for the offense, and division $(A)(2)(b)(ii)$ of section 2929.022, division $(A)(1)(e)$ , $(C)(1)(a)(v)$ , $(C)(2)(a)(ii)$ , (D)(2)(b), $(D)(3)(a)(iv)$ , or $(E)(1)(d)$ of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section 2929.06 of the Revised Code requires that the sentence for the offense be imposed pursuant to this division: (d) An indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum of thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the offense for which the sentence is being imposed is murder when the victim of the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division $(A)(3)$ , $(B)(1)(a)$ , $(b)$ , or $(c)$ , $e \in (B)(2)(a)$ , $(b)$ , or (c), or (B)(3)(a), $(b)$ , $(c)$ , or $(d)$ of this section, the parole board shall have control over the offender's service of the term during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code.	
which the sentence is being imposed is aggravated murder, when the victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age, a sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole is not imposed for the offense, and division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e), (C)(1)(a)(v), (C)(2)(a)(ii), (D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv), or (E)(1)(d) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section 2929.06 of the Revised Code requires that the sentence for the offense be imposed pursuant to this division: (d) An indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum of thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the offense for which the sentence is being imposed is murder when the victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age. (C)(1) If the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), $ef(B)(2)(a)$ , (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole board shall have control over the offender's service of the term during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code.	3002
victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age, a sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole is not imposed for the offense, and division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e), (C)(1)(a)(v), (C)(2)(a)(ii), (D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv), or (E)(1)(d) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section 2929.06 of the Revised Code requires that the sentence for the offense be imposed pursuant to this division: (d) An indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum of thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the offense for which the sentence is being imposed is murder when the victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age. (C)(1) If the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), $\Theta r$ (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole board shall have control over the offender's service of the term during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code.	8003
sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole is not130imposed for the offense, and division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section1302929.022, division (A)(1)(e), (C)(1)(a)(v), (C)(2)(a)(ii),130(D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv), or (E)(1)(d) of section 2929.03, or130division (A) or (B) of section 2929.06 of the Revised Code130requires that the sentence for the offense be imposed pursuant to130this division:130(d) An indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum of130thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the130offense for which the sentence is being imposed is murder when the130victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age.130(C)(1) If the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant130to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), $\Theta \in (B)(2)(a)$ , (b), or130(c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole130board shall have control over the offender's service of the term130during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its130control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code.130	3004
imposed for the offense, and division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section1302929.022, division (A)(1)(e), (C)(1)(a)(v), (C)(2)(a)(ii),130(D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv), or (E)(1)(d) of section 2929.03, or130division (A) or (B) of section 2929.06 of the Revised Code130requires that the sentence for the offense be imposed pursuant to131this division;130(d) An indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum of130thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the130offense for which the sentence is being imposed is murder when the130victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age.130(C)(1) If the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant130to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), $\Theta \in (B)(2)(a), (b),$ or130(c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole130board shall have control over the offender's service of the term130during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its130control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code.130	8005
2929.022, division (A)(1)(e), (C)(1)(a)(v), (C)(2)(a)(ii),134(D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv), or (E)(1)(d) of section 2929.03, or134division (A) or (B) of section 2929.06 of the Revised Code134requires that the sentence for the offense be imposed pursuant to134this division:134(d) An indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum of134thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the134offense for which the sentence is being imposed is murder when the134victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age.134(C)(1) If the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant134to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), eff (B)(2)(a), (b), or134during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its134control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code.134	3006
<ul> <li>(D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv), or (E)(1)(d) of section 2929.03, or</li> <li>134</li> <li>division (A) or (B) of section 2929.06 of the Revised Code</li> <li>requires that the sentence for the offense be imposed pursuant to</li> <li>this division;</li> <li>(d) An indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum of</li> <li>thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the</li> <li>offense for which the sentence is being imposed is murder when the</li> <li>victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age.</li> <li>(C)(1) If the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant</li> <li>to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(2)(a), (b), or</li> <li>(c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole</li> <li>board shall have control over the offender's service of the term</li> <li>control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code.</li> </ul>	8007
division (A) or (B) of section 2929.06 of the Revised Code130requires that the sentence for the offense be imposed pursuant to130this division:130(d) An indefinite prison term consisting of a minimum of130thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the130offense for which the sentence is being imposed is murder when the130victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age.130(C)(1) If the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant130to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), $\Theta r$ (B)(2)(a), (b), or130(c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole130board shall have control over the offender's service of the term130during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its130control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code.130	8008
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<pre>thirty years and a maximum term of life imprisonment if the 130 offense for which the sentence is being imposed is murder when the 130 victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age. 130     (C)(1) If the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant 130     to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(2)(a), (b), or 130     (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole 130     board shall have control over the offender's service of the term 130     during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its 130     control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code. 130</pre>	3012
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<pre>victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age. (C)(1) If the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole 130 board shall have control over the offender's service of the term 130 during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its 130 control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code. 130 </pre>	3014
(C)(1) If the offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant $130$ to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), $\Theta r$ (B)(2)(a), (b), or $130$ (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole $130$ board shall have control over the offender's service of the term $130$ during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its $130$ control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code. $130$	3015
to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(2)(a), (b), or 130 (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole 130 board shall have control over the offender's service of the term 130 during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its 130 control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code. 130	3016
<pre>(c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, the parole 130 board shall have control over the offender's service of the term 130 during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its 130 control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code. 130</pre>	8017
board shall have control over the offender's service of the term 130 during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its 130 control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code. 130	3018
during the entire term unless the parole board terminates its 130 control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code. 130	3019
control in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code. 130	3020
	3021
(2) Except as provided in division (C)(3) of this section, an 13	3022
	3023
offender sentenced to a prison term or term of life imprisonment 130	3024
without parole pursuant to division (A) of this section shall 130	3025
serve the entire prison term or term of life imprisonment in a 13	3026

state correctional institution. The offender is not eligible for13027judicial release under section 2929.20 of the Revised Code.13028

(3) For a prison term imposed pursuant to division (A)(3), 13029
(B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), 13030
(c), or (d) of this section, the court, in accordance with section 13031
2971.05 of the Revised Code, may terminate the prison term or 13032
modify the requirement that the offender serve the entire term in 13033

a state correctional institution if all of the following apply:	13034
(a) The offender has served at least the minimum term imposed	13035
as part of that prison term.	13036
(b) The parole board, pursuant to section 2971.04 of the	13037
Revised Code, has terminated its control over the offender's	13038
service of that prison term.	13039
(c) The court has held a hearing and found, by clear and	13040
convincing evidence, one of the following:	13041
(i) In the case of termination of the prison term, that the	13042
offender is unlikely to commit a sexually violent offense in the	13043
future;	13044
(ii) In the case of modification of the requirement, that the	13045
offender does not represent a substantial risk of physical harm to	13046
others.	13047
(4) An offender who has been sentenced to a term of life	13048
imprisonment without parole pursuant to division $(A)(1)$ , $(2)$ , or	13049
(4) of this section shall not be released from the term of life	13050
imprisonment or be permitted to serve a portion of it in a place	13051
other than a state correctional institution.	13052
(D) If a court sentences an offender to a prison term or term	13053
of life imprisonment without parole pursuant to division (A) of	13054
this section and the court also imposes on the offender one or	13055
more additional prison terms pursuant to division (D) of section	13056
2929.14 of the Revised Code, all of the additional prison terms	13057
shall be served consecutively with, and prior to, the prison term	13058
or term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the	13059
or term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the offender pursuant to division (A) of this section.	13059 13060

or more offenses for which a prison term or term of life 13062 imprisonment without parole is required to be imposed pursuant to 13063

division (A) of this section, divisions (A) to (D) of this section 13064
shall be applied for each offense. All minimum terms imposed upon 13065
the offender pursuant to division (A)(3) or (B) of this section 13066
for those offenses shall be aggregated and served consecutively, 13067
as if they were a single minimum term imposed under that division. 13068

(F) (1) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 13069 violent sex offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 13070 sexually violent predator specification that was included in the 13071 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that 13072 offense, or is convicted of or pleads guilty to a designated 13073 homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense and also is convicted of 13074 or pleads guilty to both a sexual motivation specification and a 13075 sexually violent predator specification that were included in the 13076 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that 13077 offense, the conviction of or plea of guilty to the offense and 13078 the sexually violent predator specification automatically 13079 classifies the offender as a <del>sexual predator</del> tier III sex 13080 offender/child-victim offender for purposes of Chapter 2950. of 13081 the Revised Code. If 13082

(2) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 13083 committing on or after the effective date of this amendment 13084 January 2, 2007, a violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 13085 2907.02 of the Revised Code and either the offender is sentenced 13086 under section 2971.03 of the Revised Code or a sentence of life 13087 without parole is imposed under division (B) of section 2907.02 of 13088 the Revised Code, the conviction of or plea of guilty to the 13089 offense automatically classifies the offender as a sexual predator 13090 tier III sex offender/child-victim offender for purposes of 13091 Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code. If 13092

(3) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to13093committing on or after the effective date of this amendment13094January 2, 2007, attempted rape and also is convicted of or pleads13095

guilty to a specification of the type described in section	13096
2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code, the	13097
conviction of or plea of guilty to the offense and the	13098
specification automatically classify the offender as a <del>sexual</del>	13099
<del>predator</del> <u>tier III sex offender/child-victim offender</u> for purposes	13100
of <del>this chapter</del> <u>Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code</u> . <del>The</del>	13101
classification pursuant to this division of an offender as a	13102
sexual predator for purposes of Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code	13103
is permanent and continues until the offender's death as described	13104
in division (D)(2) of section 2950.09 of the Revised Code.	13105

(4) If a person is convicted of or pleads quilty to one of 13106 the offenses described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of 13107 this section and a sexual motivation specification related to the 13108 offense and the victim of the offense is less than thirteen years 13109 of age, the conviction of or plea of guilty to the offense 13110 automatically classifies the offender as a tier III sex 13111 offender/child-victim offender for purposes of Chapter 2950. of 13112 the Revised Code. 13113

sec. 2971.04. (A) If an offender is serving a prison term 13114 imposed under division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or 13115 (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 13116 2971.03 of the Revised Code, at any time after the offender has 13117 served the minimum term imposed under that sentence, the parole 13118 board may terminate its control over the offender's service of the 13119 prison term. The parole board initially shall determine whether to 13120 terminate its control over the offender's service of the prison 13121 term upon the completion of the offender's service of the minimum 13122 term under the sentence and shall make subsequent determinations 13123 at least once every two years after that first determination. The 13124 parole board shall not terminate its control over the offender's 13125 service of the prison term unless it finds at a hearing that the 13126 offender does not represent a substantial risk of physical harm to 13127

others. Prior to determining whether to terminate its control over 13128 the offender's service of the prison term, the parole board shall 13129 request the department of rehabilitation and correction to prepare 13130 pursuant to section 5120.61 of the Revised Code an update of the 13131 most recent risk assessment and report relative to the offender. 13132 The offender has the right to be present at any hearing held under 13133 this section. At the hearing, the offender and the prosecuting 13134 attorney may make a statement and present evidence as to whether 13135 the parole board should terminate its control over the offender's 13136 service of the prison term. In making its determination as to 13137 whether to terminate its control over the offender's service of 13138 the prison term, the parole board may follow the standards and 13139 guidelines adopted by the department of rehabilitation and 13140 correction under section 5120.49 of the Revised Code and shall 13141 consider the updated risk assessment and report relating to the 13142 offender prepared by the department pursuant to section 5120.61 of 13143 the Revised Code in response to the request made under this 13144 division and any statements or evidence submitted by the offender 13145 or the prosecuting attorney. If the parole board terminates its 13146 control over an offender's service of a prison term imposed under 13147 division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(2)(a), (b), or 13148 (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the 13149 Revised Code, it shall recommend to the court modifications to the 13150 requirement that the offender serve the entire term in a state 13151 correctional institution. The court is not bound by the 13152 recommendations submitted by the parole board. 13153

(B) If the parole board terminates its control over an 13154 offender's service of a prison term imposed pursuant to division 13155 (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c),  $\Theta r$  (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or 13156 (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised 13157 Code, the parole board immediately shall provide written notice of 13158 its termination of control to the department of rehabilitation and 13159 correction, the court, and the prosecuting attorney, and, after 13160

the board's termination of its control, the court shall have 13161 control over the offender's service of that prison term. 13162

After the transfer, the court shall have control over the13163offender's service of that prison term for the offender's entire13164life, subject to the court's termination of the term pursuant to13165section 2971.05 of the Revised Code.13166

(C) If control over the offender's service of the prison term 13167 is transferred to the court, all of the following apply: 13168

(1) The offender shall not be released solely as a result of 13169the transfer of control over the service of that prison term. 13170

(2) The offender shall not be permitted solely as a result of 13171the transfer to serve a portion of that term in a place other than 13172a state correctional institution. 13173

(3) The offender shall continue serving that term in a state13174correctional institution, subject to the following:13175

(a) A release pursuant to a pardon, commutation, or reprieve; 13176

(b) A modification or termination of the term by the court 13177 pursuant to this chapter. 13178

sec. 2971.05. (A)(1) After control over an offender's service 13179 of a prison term imposed pursuant to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), 13180 (b), or (c), or (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or 13181 (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code has been transferred 13182 pursuant to section 2971.04 of the Revised Code to the court, the 13183 court shall schedule, within thirty days of any of the following, 13184 a hearing on whether to modify in accordance with division (C) of 13185 this section the requirement that the offender serve the entire 13186 prison term in a state correctional institution or to terminate 13187 the prison term in accordance with division (D) of this section: 13188

13189

(a) Control over the offender's service of a prison term is 13190

transferred pursuant to section 2971.04 of the Revised Code to the 13191 court, and no hearing to modify the requirement has been held; 13192

(b) Two years elapse after the most recent prior hearing heldpursuant to division (A)(1) or (2) of this section;13194

(c) The prosecuting attorney, the department of
rehabilitation and correction, or the adult parole authority
requests the hearing, and recommends that the requirement be
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modified or that the offender's prison term be terminated.
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(2) After control over the offender's service of a prison 13199 term has been transferred pursuant to section 2971.04 of the 13200 Revised Code to the court, the court, within thirty days of either 13201 of the following, shall conduct a hearing on whether to modify in 13202 accordance with division (C) of this section the requirement that 13203 the offender serve the entire prison term in a state correctional 13204 institution, whether to continue, revise, or revoke an existing 13205 modification of that requirement, or whether to terminate the term 13206 in accordance with division (D) of this section: 13207

(a) The requirement that the offender serve the entire prison 13208term in a state correctional institution has been modified, and 13209the offender is taken into custody for any reason. 13210

(b) The department of rehabilitation and correction or the 13211
prosecuting attorney notifies the court pursuant to section 13212
2971.06 of the Revised Code regarding a known or suspected 13213
violation of a term or condition of the modification or a belief 13214
that there is a substantial likelihood that the offender has 13215
committed or is about to commit a sexually violent offense. 13216

(3) After control over the offender's service of a prison
term has been transferred pursuant to section 2971.04 of the
Revised Code to the court, the court, in any of the following
circumstances, may conduct a hearing within thirty days to
determine whether to modify in accordance with division (C) of
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13228

this section the requirement that the offender serve the entire 13222 prison term in a state correctional institution, whether to 13223 continue, revise, or revoke an existing modification of that 13224 requirement, or whether to terminate the sentence in accordance 13225 with division (D) of this section: 13226

- (a) The offender requests the hearing; 13227
- (b) Upon the court's own motion;

(c) One or more examiners who have conducted a psychological 13229 examination and assessment of the offender file a statement that 13230 states that there no longer is a likelihood that the offender will 13231 engage in the future in a sexually violent offense. 13232

(B)(1) Before a court holds a hearing pursuant to division 13233 (A) of this section, the court shall provide notice of the date, 13234 time, place, and purpose of the hearing to the offender, the 13235 prosecuting attorney, the department of rehabilitation and 13236 correction, and the adult parole authority and shall request the 13237 department to prepare pursuant to section 5120.61 of the Revised 13238 Code an update of the most recent risk assessment and report 13239 relative to the offender. The offender has the right to be present 13240 at any hearing held under this section. At the hearing, the 13241 offender and the prosecuting attorney may make a statement and 13242 present evidence as to whether the requirement that the offender 13243 serve the entire prison term in a state correctional institution 13244 should or should not be modified, whether the existing 13245 modification of the requirement should be continued, revised, or 13246 revoked, and whether the prison term should or should not be 13247 terminated. 13248

(2) At a hearing held pursuant to division (A) of this
section, the court may and, if the hearing is held pursuant to
division (A)(1)(a), (1)(b), or (3)(c) of this section, shall
determine by clear and convincing evidence whether the offender is
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unlikely to commit a sexually violent offense in the future. 13253

(3) At the conclusion of the hearing held pursuant to 13254 division (A) of this section, the court may order that the 13255 requirement that the offender serve the entire prison term in a 13256 state correctional institution be continued, that the requirement 13257 be modified pursuant to division (C) of this section, that an 13258 existing modification be continued, revised, or revoked pursuant 13259 to division (C) of this section, or that the prison term be 13260 terminated pursuant to division (D) of this section. 13261

(C)(1) If, at the conclusion of a hearing held pursuant to 13262 division (A) of this section, the court determines by clear and 13263 convincing evidence that the offender will not represent a 13264 substantial risk of physical harm to others, the court may modify 13265 the requirement that the offender serve the entire prison term 13266 imposed under division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or 13267 (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 13268 2971.03 of the Revised Code in a state correctional institution in 13269 a manner that the court considers appropriate. If the court 13270 modifies the requirement for an offender whose prison term was 13271 imposed pursuant to division (A)(3) of section 2971.03 of the 13272 Revised Code, the court shall order the adult parole authority to 13273 supervise the offender and shall require that the authority's 13274 supervision of the offender be pursuant to division (E) of this 13275 section. If the court modifies the requirement for an offender 13276 whose prison term was imposed pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), (b), 13277 or (c) <del>or</del>, (2)(a), (b), or (c)<u>, or (3)(a), (b), (c), or (d)</u> of 13278 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, the court shall order the 13279 adult parole authority to supervise the offender and may require 13280 that the authority's supervision of the offender be pursuant to 13281 division (E) of this section. 13282

(2) The modification of the requirement does not terminate 13283 the prison term but serves only to suspend the requirement that 13284

the offender serve the entire term in a state correctional 13285 institution. The prison term shall remain in effect for the 13286 offender's entire life unless the court terminates the prison term 13287 pursuant to division (D) of this section. The offender shall 13288 remain under the jurisdiction of the court for the offender's 13289 entire life unless the court so terminates the prison term. The 13290 modification of the requirement does not terminate the 13291 classification of the offender, as described in division (F) of 13292 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, as a sexual predator for 13293 purposes of Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code, and the offender is 13294 subject to supervision, including supervision under division (E) 13295 of this section if the court required the supervision of the 13296 offender to be pursuant to that division. 13297

(3) If the court revokes the modification under 13298 consideration, the court shall order that the offender be returned 13299 to the custody of the department of rehabilitation and correction 13300 to continue serving the prison term to which the modification 13301 applied, and section 2971.06 of the Revised Code applies regarding 13302 the offender. 13303

(D)(1) If, at the conclusion of a hearing held pursuant to 13304 division (A) of this section, the court determines by clear and 13305 convincing evidence that the offender is unlikely to commit a 13306 sexually violent offense in the future, the court may terminate 13307 the offender's prison term imposed under division (A)(3), 13308 (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), <del>or</del> (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), <u>or (B)(3)(a)</u>, 13309 (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, subject 13310 to the offender satisfactorily completing the period of 13311 conditional release required by this division and, if applicable, 13312 compliance with division (E) of this section. If the court 13313 terminates the prison term, the court shall place the offender on 13314 conditional release for five years, notify the adult parole 13315 authority of its determination and of the termination of the 13316

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prison term, and order the adult parole authority to supervise the 13317 offender during the five-year period of conditional release or, if 13318 division (E) applies to the offender, to supervise the offender 13319 pursuant to and for the period of time specified in that division. 13320 If the court terminates the prison term for an offender whose 13321 prison term was imposed pursuant to division (A)(3) of section 13322 2971.03 of the Revised Code, the court shall require that the 13323 authority's supervision of the offender be pursuant to division 13324 (E) of this section. If the court terminates the prison term for 13325 an offender whose prison term was imposed pursuant to division 13326 (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) <del>or</del>, (2)(a), (b), or (c), <u>or (3)(a)</u>, (b), 13327 (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, the court may 13328 require that the authority's supervision of the offender be 13329 pursuant to division (E) of this section. Upon receipt of a notice 13330 from a court pursuant to this division, the adult parole authority 13331 shall supervise the offender who is the subject of the notice 13332 during the five-year period of conditional release, periodically 13333 notify the court of the offender's activities during that 13334 five-year period of conditional release, and file with the court 13335 no later than thirty days prior to the expiration of the five-year 13336 period of conditional release a written recommendation as to 13337 whether the termination of the offender's prison term should be 13338 finalized, whether the period of conditional release should be 13339 extended, or whether another type of action authorized pursuant to 13340 this chapter should be taken. 13341

(2) Upon receipt of a recommendation of the adult parole 13342 authority filed pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section, the 13343 court shall hold a hearing to determine whether to finalize the 13344 termination of the offender's prison term, to extend the period of 13345 conditional release, or to take another type of action authorized 13346 pursuant to this chapter. The court shall hold the hearing no 13347 later than the date on which the five-year period of conditional 13348 release terminates and shall provide notice of the date, time, 13349

place, and purpose of the hearing to the offender and to the13350prosecuting attorney. At the hearing, the offender, the13351prosecuting attorney, and the adult parole authority employee who13352supervised the offender during the period of conditional release13353may make a statement and present evidence.13354

If the court determines at the hearing to extend an 13355 offender's period of conditional release, it may do so for 13356 additional periods of one year in the same manner as the original 13357 period of conditional release, and, except as otherwise described 13358 in this division, all procedures and requirements that applied to 13359 the original period of conditional release apply to the additional 13360 period of extended conditional release unless the court modifies a 13361 procedure or requirement. If an offender's period of conditional 13362 release is extended as described in this division, all references 13363 to a five-year period of conditional release that are contained in 13364 division (D)(1) of this section shall be construed, in applying 13365 the provisions of that division to the extension, as being 13366 references to the one-year period of the extension of the 13367 conditional release. 13368

If the court determines at the hearing to take another type 13369 of action authorized pursuant to this chapter, it may do so in the 13370 same manner as if the action had been taken at any other stage of 13371 the proceedings under this chapter. As used in this division, 13372 "another type of action" includes the revocation of the 13373 conditional release and the return of the offender to a state 13374 correctional institution to continue to serve the prison term. 13375

If the court determines at the hearing to finalize the 13376 termination of the offender's prison term, it shall notify the 13377 department of rehabilitation and correction, the department shall 13378 enter into its records a final release and issue to the offender a 13379 certificate of final release, and the prison term thereafter shall 13380 be considered completed and terminated in every way. 13381

(3) The termination of an offender's prison term pursuant to 13382 division (D)(1) or (2) of this section does not affect the 13383 classification of the offender, as described in division (F) of 13384 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, as a sexual predator tier III 13385 sex offender/child-victim offender for purposes of Chapter 2950. 13386 of the Revised Code, does not terminate the adult parole 13387 authority's supervision of the offender, and, if the court had 13388 required the supervision of the offender to be pursuant to 13389 division (E) of this section, does not terminate the supervision 13390 of the offender with an active global positioning system device, 13391 pursuant to that division. The classification of the offender as a 13392 sexual predator is permanent and continues until the offender's 13393 death as described in division (D)(2) of section 2950.09 of the 13394 Revised Code. 13395

(E) If a prison term imposed upon an offender pursuant to 13396 division (A)(3) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code is modified 13397 as provided in division (C) of this section or terminated as 13398 provided in division (D) of this section, the adult parole 13399 authority shall supervise the offender with an active global 13400 positioning system device during any time period in which the 13401 offender is not incarcerated in a state correctional institution. 13402 If a prison term imposed upon an offender pursuant to division 13403 (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) <del>or</del>, (2)(a), (b), or (c), <u>or (3)(a)</u>, (b), 13404 (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code is modified as 13405 provided in division (C) of this section or terminated as provided 13406 in division (D) of this section, and if the court requires that 13407 the adult parole authority's supervision of the offender be 13408 pursuant to this division, the authority shall supervise the 13409 offender with an active global positioning system device during 13410 any time period in which the offender is not incarcerated in a 13411 state correctional institution. If the adult parole authority is 13412 required to supervise the offender with an active global 13413 positioning system device as described in this division, unless 13414

the court removes the offender's classification as a sexually 13415 violent predator regarding an offender whose prison term was 13416 imposed under division (A)(3) of section 2971.03 of the Revised 13417 Code or terminates the requirement that supervision of the 13418 offender be pursuant to this division regarding an offender whose 13419 prison term was imposed under division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) or 13420 (2)(a), (b), or (c), or (3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 13421 2971.03 of the Revised Code, the offender is subject to 13422 supervision with an active global positioning system pursuant to 13423 this division for the offender's entire life. The costs of 13424 administering the supervision of offenders with an active global 13425 positioning system device pursuant to this division shall be paid 13426 out of funds from the reparations fund, created pursuant to 13427 section 2743.191 of the Revised Code. This division shall only 13428 apply to a sexually violent predator sentenced pursuant to 13429 division (A)(3) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code who is 13430 released from the custody of the department of rehabilitation and 13431 correction on or after September 29, 2005, or an offender 13432 sentenced pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section 2971.03 of 13433 the Revised Code on or after the effective date of this amendment 13434 January 2, 2007. 13435

Sec. 2971.06. If an offender is serving a prison term imposed 13436 under division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(2)(a), (b), 13437 or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the 13438 Revised Code, if, pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised Code, 13439 the court modifies the requirement that the offender serve the 13440 entire prison term in a state correctional institution or places 13441 the offender on conditional release, and if, at any time after the 13442 offender has been released from serving the term in an 13443 institution, the department of rehabilitation and correction or 13444 the prosecuting attorney learns or obtains information indicating 13445 that the offender has violated a term or condition of the 13446

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modification or conditional release or believes there is a 13447 substantial likelihood that the offender has committed or is about 13448 to commit a sexually violent offense, all of the following apply: 13449

(A) The department or the prosecuting attorney may contact a 13451 peace officer, parole officer, or probation officer and request 13452 the officer to take the offender into custody. If the department 13453 contacts a peace officer, parole officer, or probation officer and 13454 requests that the offender be taken into custody, the department 13455 shall notify the prosecuting attorney that it made the request and 13456 shall provide the reasons for which it made the request. Upon 13457 receipt of a request that an offender be taken into custody, a 13458 peace officer, parole officer, or probation officer shall take the 13459 offender in question into custody and promptly shall notify the 13460 department and the prosecuting attorney, in writing, that the 13461 offender was taken into custody. After the offender has been taken 13462 into custody, the department or the prosecuting attorney shall 13463 notify the court of the violation or the belief that there is a 13464 substantial likelihood that the offender has committed or is about 13465 to commit a sexually violent offense, and the prosecuting attorney 13466 may request that the court, pursuant to section 2971.05 of the 13467 Revised Code, revise the modification. An offender may be held in 13468 custody under this provision for no longer than thirty days, 13469 pending a determination pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised 13470 Code of whether the modification of the requirement that the 13471 offender serve the entire prison term in a state correctional 13472 institution should be revised. If the court fails to make a 13473 determination under that section regarding the prosecuting 13474 attorney's request within thirty days after the offender was taken 13475 into custody, the offender shall be released from custody and 13476 shall be subject to the same terms and conditions as existed under 13477 the then-existing modification of the requirement that the 13478 offender serve the entire prison term in a state correctional 13479

institution, provided that if the act that resulted in the 13480 offender being taken into custody under this division is a 13481 criminal offense and if the offender is arrested for that act, the 13482 offender may be retained in custody in accordance with the 13483 applicable law. 13484

(B) If the offender is not taken into custody pursuant to 13485 division (A) of this section, the department or the prosecuting 13486 attorney shall notify the court of the known or suspected 13487 violation or of the belief that there is a substantial likelihood 13488 that the offender has committed or is about to commit a sexually 13489 violent offense. If the department provides the notification to 13490 the court, it also shall notify the prosecuting attorney that it 13491 provided the notification and shall provide the reasons for which 13492 it provided the notification. The prosecuting attorney may request 13493 that the court, pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised Code, 13494 revise the modification. 13495

**sec. 2971.07.** (A) This chapter does not apply to any offender 13496 unless the offender is <u>one of the following:</u> 13497

(1) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 13498 violent sex offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 13499 sexually violent predator specification that was included in the 13500 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that 13501 offense, unless the. 13502

(2) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a13503designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense and also is13504convicted of or pleads guilty to both a sexual motivation13505specification and a sexually violent predator specification that13506were included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or13507information charging that offense, unless the.13508

(3) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 13509 violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised 13510

Code committed on or after the effective date of this amendment	13511
January 2, 2007, and the court does not sentence the offender to a	13512
term of life without parole pursuant to division (B) of section	13513
2907.02 of the Revised Code or division (B) of that section	13514
prohibits the court from sentencing the offender pursuant to	13515
section 2971.03 of the Revised Code <del>, or unless the</del> .	13516
(4) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	13517
attempted rape committed on or after the effective date of this	13518
amendment January 2, 2007, and also is convicted of or pleads	13519
guilty to a specification of the type described in section	13520
2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code.	13521
(5) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	13522
violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code and also is	13523
convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexual motivation specification	13524
that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or	13525
information charging that offense, and that section requires a	13526
court to sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the	13527
Revised Code.	13528
(6) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	13529
aggravated murder and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	13530
sexual motivation specification that was included in the	13531
indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that	13532
offense, and division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division	13533
<u>(A)(1)(e), (C)(1)(a)(v), (C)(2)(a)(ii), (D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv),</u>	13534
or (E)(1)(d) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section	13535
2929.06 of the Revised Code requires a court to sentence the	13536
offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the	13537
Revised Code.	13538
(7) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder	13539
and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexual motivation	13540

specification that was included in the indictment, count in the 13541 indictment, or information charging that offense, and division 13542

(B)(2) of section 2929.02 of the Revised Code requires a court to	13543
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	13544
Code.	13545
(B) This chapter does not limit or affect a court <del>that</del>	13546
sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	13547
violent sex offense and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	13548
sexually violent predator specification, a court that sentences an	13549
offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a designated	13550
homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense and also is convicted of	13551
or pleads guilty to both a sexual motivation specification and a	13552
sexually violent predator specification, a court that sentences an	13553
offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of	13554
division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code	13555
committed on or after the effective date of this amendment	13556
pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, or a court that	13557
sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	13558
attempted rape committed on or after the effective date of this	13559
amendment and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	13560
specification of the type described in section 2941.1418,	13561
<del>2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code</del> in imposing upon <del>the</del>	13562
an offender described in divisions (A)(1) to (9) of this section	13563
any financial sanction under section 2929.18 or any other section	13564
of the Revised Code, or, except as specifically provided in this	13565
chapter, any other sanction that is authorized or required for the	13566
offense or violation by any other provision of law.	13567
(C) If an offender is sentenced to a prison term under	13568
division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), <del>or</del> (B)(2)(a), (b), or	13569
(c) <u>, or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d)</u> of section 2971.03 of the	13570
Revised Code and if, pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised	13571
Code, the court modifies the requirement that the offender serve	13572
the entire prison term in a state correctional institution or	13573
- places the offender on conditional release that involves the	13574

placement of the offender under the supervision of the adult 13575 parole authority, authorized field officers of the authority who 13576 are engaged within the scope of their supervisory duties or 13577 responsibilities may search, with or without a warrant, the person 13578 of the offender, the place of residence of the offender, and a 13579 motor vehicle, another item of tangible or intangible personal 13580 property, or any other real property in which the offender has the 13581 express or implied permission of a person with a right, title, or 13582 interest to use, occupy, or possess if the field officer has 13583 reasonable grounds to believe that the offender is not abiding by 13584 the law or otherwise is not complying with the terms and 13585 conditions of the offender's modification or release. The 13586 authority shall provide each offender with a written notice that 13587 informs the offender that authorized field officers of the 13588 authority who are engaged within the scope of their supervisory 13589 duties or responsibilities may conduct those types of searches 13590 during the period of the modification or release if they have 13591 reasonable grounds to believe that the offender is not abiding by 13592 the law or otherwise is not complying with the terms and 13593 conditions of the offender's modification or release. 13594

Sec. 5120.49. The department of rehabilitation and 13595 correction, by rule adopted under Chapter 119. of the Revised 13596 Code, shall prescribe standards and guidelines to be used by the 13597 parole board in determining, pursuant to section 2971.04 of the 13598 Revised Code, whether it should terminate its control over an 13599 offender's service of a prison term imposed upon the offender 13600 under division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), (B)(2)(a), (b), or 13601 (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the 13602 Revised Code for conviction of or a plea of guilty to a violent 13603 sex offense and a sexually violent predator specification or for 13604 conviction of or a plea of guilty to a designated homicide, 13605 assault, or kidnapping offense and both a sexual motivation 13606

specification and a sexually violent predator specification, 13607 imposed upon the offender under division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of 13608 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for conviction of or a plea of 13609 guilty to a violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of 13610 the Revised Code committed on or after the effective date of this 13611 amendment, or imposed upon the offender under division (B)(2)(a), 13612 (b), or (c) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code for conviction 13613 of or a plea of quilty to attempted rape committed on or after the 13614 effective date of this amendment and a conviction of or plea of 13615 guilty to a specification of the type described in section 13616 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code. The rules 13617 shall include provisions that specify that the parole board may 13618 not terminate its control over an offender's service of a prison 13619 term imposed upon the offender under either any of the specified 13620 divisions until after the offender has served the minimum term 13621 imposed as part of that prison term and until the parole board has 13622 determined that the offender does not represent a substantial risk 13623 of physical harm to others. 13624

sec. 5120.61. (A)(1) Not later than ninety days after January 13625
1, 1997, the department of rehabilitation and correction shall 13626
adopt standards that it will use under this section to assess a 13627
the following criminal offenders and may periodically revise the 13628
standards: 13629

(a) A criminal offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty 13630 to a violent sex offense or designated homicide, assault, or 13631 kidnapping offense and is adjudicated a sexually violent predator 13632 in relation to that offense;

(b) A criminal offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty13634to a violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the13635Revised Code committed on or after the effective date of this13636amendment January 2, 2007, and either who is sentenced under13637

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section 2971.03 of the Revised Code or upon whom a sentence of 13638 life without parole is imposed under division (B) of section 13639 2907.02 of the Revised Code, or; 13640 (c) A criminal offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty 13641 to attempted rape committed on or after the effective date of this 13642 amendment January 2, 2007, and a specification of the type 13643 described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the 13644 Revised Code; 13645 (d) A criminal offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty 13646 13647 to a violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a sexual motivation specification 13648 that was included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or 13649 information charging that offense, and who is sentenced pursuant 13650 to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code; 13651 (e) A criminal offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty 13652 to appravated murder and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to 13653 a sexual motivation specification that was included in the 13654 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging that 13655 offense, and who pursuant to division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 13656 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e), (C)(1)(a)(v), (C)(2)(a)(ii), 13657 (D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv), or (E)(1)(d) of section 2929.03, or 13658 division (A) or (B) of section 2929.06 of the Revised Code is 13659 sentenced pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the 13660 Revised Code; 13661 (f) A criminal offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty 13662 to murder and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a sexual 13663 motivation specification that was included in the indictment, 13664 count in the indictment, or information charging that offense, and 13665 who pursuant to division (B)(2) of section 2929.02 of the Revised 13666 Code is sentenced pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code. 13667

The department may periodically revise the standards.

(2) When the department is requested by the parole board or 13669 the court to provide a risk assessment report of the offender 13670 under section 2971.04 or 2971.05 of the Revised Code, it shall 13671 assess the offender and complete the assessment as soon as 13672 possible after the offender has commenced serving the prison term 13673 or term of life imprisonment without parole imposed under division 13674 (A), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c),  $\frac{\partial r}{\partial r}(B)(2)(a)$ , (b), or (c), or 13675 (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised 13676 Code. Thereafter, the department shall update a risk assessment 13677 report pertaining to an offender as follows: 13678

(a) Periodically, in the discretion of the department, 13679
provided that each report shall be updated no later than two years 13680
after its initial preparation or most recent update; 13681

(b) Upon the request of the parole board for use in 13682
determining pursuant to section 2971.04 of the Revised Code 13683
whether it should terminate its control over an offender's service 13684
of a prison term imposed upon the offender under division (A)(3), 13685
(B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), 13686
(b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code; 13687

(c) Upon the request of the court. 13688

(3) After the department of rehabilitation and correction 13689
assesses an offender pursuant to division (A)(2) of this section, 13690
it shall prepare a report that contains its risk assessment for 13691
the offender or, if a risk assessment report previously has been 13692
prepared, it shall update the risk assessment report. 13693

(4) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall
 provide each risk assessment report that it prepares or updates
 pursuant to this section regarding an offender to all of the
 following:

(a) The parole board for its use in determining pursuant to 13698section 2971.04 of the Revised Code whether it should terminate 13699

its control over an offender's service of a prison term imposed 13700 upon the offender under division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), 13701 or (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of 13702 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, if the parole board has not 13703 terminated its control over the offender; 13704 (b) The court for use in determining, pursuant to section 13705 2971.05 of the Revised Code, whether to modify the requirement 13706 that the offender serve the entire prison term imposed upon the 13707 offender under division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or 13708 (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 13709 2971.03 of the Revised Code in a state correctional institution, 13710 whether to revise any modification previously made, or whether to 13711 terminate the prison term; 13712 (c) The prosecuting attorney who prosecuted the case, or the 13713 successor in office to that prosecuting attorney; 13714 (d) The offender. 13715 (B) When the department of rehabilitation and correction 13716 provides a risk assessment report regarding an offender to the 13717 parole board or court pursuant to division (A)(4)(a) or (b) of 13718 this section, the department, prior to the parole board's or 13719 court's hearing, also shall provide to the offender or to the 13720 offender's attorney of record a copy of the report and a copy of 13721 any other relevant documents the department possesses regarding 13722 the offender that the department does not consider to be 13723 confidential. 13724 (C) As used in this section: 13725 (1) "Adjudicated a sexually violent predator" has the same 13726

meaning as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code, and a person is 13727
"adjudicated a sexually violent predator" in the same manner and 13728
the same circumstances as are described in that section. 13729

(2) "Designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense" and 13730

"violent sex offense" have the same meanings as in section 2971.01 13731 of the Revised Code. 13732

sec. 5120.66. (A) Within ninety days after November 23, 2005, 13733
but not before January 1, 2006, the department of rehabilitation 13734
and correction shall establish and operate on the internet a 13735
database that contains all of the following: 13736

(1) For each inmate in the custody of the department under a 13737
 sentence imposed for a conviction of or plea of guilty to any 13738
 offense, all of the following information: 13739

(a) The inmate's name; 13740

(b) For each offense for which the inmate was sentenced to a 13741 prison term or term of imprisonment and is in the department's 13742 custody, the name of the offense, the Revised Code section of 13743 which the offense is a violation, the gender of each victim of the 13744 offense if those facts are known, whether each victim of the 13745 offense was an adult or child if those facts are known, the range 13746 of the possible prison terms or term of imprisonment that could 13747 have been imposed for the offense, the actual prison term or term 13748 of imprisonment imposed for the offense, the county in which the 13749 offense was committed, the date on which the inmate began serving 13750 the prison term or term of imprisonment imposed for the offense, 13751 and either the date on which the inmate will be eligible for 13752 parole relative to the offense if the prison term or term of 13753 imprisonment is an indefinite term or life term or the date on 13754 which the term ends if the prison term is a definite term; 13755

(c) All of the following information that is applicable 13756 regarding the inmate: 13757

(i) If known to the department prior to the conduct of any 13758
hearing for judicial release of the defendant pursuant to section 13759
2929.20 of the Revised Code in relation to any prison term or term 13760

of imprisonment the inmate is serving for any offense, notice of 13761 the fact that the inmate will be having a hearing regarding a 13762 possible grant of judicial release, the date of the hearing, and 13763 the right of any person pursuant to division (J) of that section 13764 to submit to the court a written statement regarding the possible 13765 judicial release; 13766

(ii) If the inmate is serving a prison term pursuant to 13767 division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c), 13768 or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised 13769 Code as a sexually violent predator who committed a sexually 13770 violent offense, a prison term pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), 13771 (b), or (c) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code imposed for a 13772 violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised 13773 Code committed on or after the effective date of this amendment, a 13774 prison term pursuant to division (B)(2)(a) of section 2971.03 of 13775 the Revised Code imposed for attempted rape committed on or after 13776 the effective date of this amendment and a specification of the 13777 type described in section 2941.1418 of the Revised Code, a prison 13778 term pursuant to division (B)(2)(b) of section 2971.03 of the 13779 Revised Code imposed for attempted rape committed on or after the 13780 effective date of this amendment and a specification of the type 13781 described in section 2941.1419 of the Revised Code, or a prison 13782 term pursuant to division (B)(2)(c) of section 2971.03 of the 13783 Revised Code imposed for attempted rape committed on or after the 13784 effective date of this amendment and a specification of the type 13785 described in section 2941.1420 of the Revised Code, prior to the 13786 conduct of any hearing pursuant to section 2971.05 of the Revised 13787 Code to determine whether to modify the requirement that the 13788 inmate serve the entire prison term in a state correctional 13789 facility in accordance with division (C) of that section, whether 13790 to continue, revise, or revoke any existing modification of that 13791 requirement, or whether to terminate the prison term in accordance 13792 with division (D) of that section, notice of the fact that the 13793

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inmate will be having a hearing regarding those determinations and 13794 of the date of the hearing; 13795

(iii) At least three weeks before the adult parole authority 13796 recommends a pardon or commutation of sentence for the inmate or 13797 at least three weeks prior to a hearing before the adult parole 13798 authority regarding a grant of parole to the inmate in relation to 13799 any prison term or term of imprisonment the inmate is serving for 13800 any offense, notice of the fact that the inmate might be under 13801 consideration for a pardon or commutation of sentence or will be 13802 having a hearing regarding a possible grant of parole, of the date 13803 of any hearing regarding a possible grant of parole, and of the 13804 right of any person to submit a written statement regarding the 13805 pending action; 13806

(iv) At least three weeks before the inmate has a hearing 13807 regarding a transfer to transitional control under section 2967.26 13808 of the Revised Code in relation to any prison term or term of 13809 imprisonment the inmate is serving for any offense, notice of the 13810 pendency of the transfer, of the date of the possible transfer, 13811 and of the right of any person to submit a statement regarding the 13812 possible transfer; 13813

(v) Prompt notice of the inmate's escape from any facility in 13814which the inmate was incarcerated and of the capture of the inmate 13815after an escape; 13816

(vi) Notice of the inmate's death while in confinement; 13817

(vii) Prior to the release of the inmate from confinement, 13818
notice of the fact that the inmate will be released, of the date 13819
of the release, and, if applicable, of the standard terms and 13820
conditions of the release; 13821

(viii) Notice of the inmate's judicial release. 13822

(2) Information as to where a person can send written 13823statements of the types referred to in divisions (A)(1)(c)(i), 13824

(iii), and (iv) of this section.

(B)(1) The department shall update the database required 13826 under division (A) of this section every twenty-four hours to 13827 ensure that the information it contains is accurate and current. 13828

(2) The database required under division (A) of this section 13829 is a public record open for inspection under section 149.43 of the 13830 Revised Code. The department shall make the database searchable by 13831 inmate name and by the county and zip code where the offender 13832 intends to reside after release from a state correctional 13833 institution if this information is known to the department. 13834

(3) The database required under division (A) of this section 13835 may contain information regarding inmates who are listed in the 13836 database in addition to the information described in that 13837 division. 13838

(4) No information included on the database required under 13839 division (A) of this section shall identify or enable the 13840 identification of any victim of any offense committed by an 13841 inmate. 13842

(C) The failure of the department to comply with the 13843 requirements of division (A) or (B) of this section does not give 13844 any rights or any grounds for appeal or post-conviction relief to 13845 any inmate. 13846

(D) This section, and the related provisions of sections 13847 2929.20, 2967.03, 2967.12, and 2967.26 of the Revised Code enacted 13848 in the act in which this section was enacted, shall be known as 13849 "Laura's Law." 13850

sec. 5139.13. (A) The department of youth services shall do 13851 all of the following: 13852

(1) Control and manage all institutions for the 13853 rehabilitation of delinquent children and youthful offenders that 13854

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are operated by the state, except where the control and management 13855 of an institution is vested by law in another agency; 13856 (2) Provide treatment and training for children committed to 13857 the department and assigned by the department to various 13858 institutions under its control and management, including, but not 13859 limited to, for a child committed to it for an act that is either 13860 a sexually oriented offense that is not a registration-exempt 13861 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense, 13862 treatment that is appropriate for a child who commits an act that 13863 is a sexually oriented offense that is not a registration exempt 13864 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and 13865 that is intended to ensure that the child does not commit any 13866 subsequent act that is a sexually oriented offense or a 13867 child-victim oriented offense; 13868

(3) Establish and maintain appropriate reception centers for 13869
 the reception of children committed to the department and employ 13870
 competent persons to have charge of those centers and to conduct 13871
 investigations; 13872

(4) Establish and maintain any other facilities necessary for 13873
 the training, treatment, and rehabilitation of children committed 13874
 to the department. 13875

(B) As used in this section, "sexually oriented offense" and 13876
"child-victim oriented offense" have the same meanings as in 13877
section 2950.01 of the Revised Code. 13878

Sec. 5149.10. (A) The parole board shall consist of up to 13879 twelve members, one of whom shall be designated as chairperson by 13880 the director of the department of rehabilitation and correction 13881 and who shall continue as chairperson until a successor is 13882 designated, and any other personnel that are necessary for the 13883 orderly performance of the duties of the board. In addition to the 13884 rules authorized by section 5149.02 of the Revised Code, the chief 13885

of the adult parole authority, subject to the approval of the 13886 chief of the division of parole and community services and subject 13887 to this section, shall adopt rules governing the proceedings of 13888 the parole board. The rules shall provide for the convening of 13889 full board hearings, the procedures to be followed in full board 13890 hearings, and general procedures to be followed in other hearings 13891 of the board and by the board's hearing officers. The rules also 13892 shall require agreement by a majority of all the board members to 13893 any recommendation of clemency transmitted to the governor. 13894

When the board members sit as a full board, the chairperson13895shall preside. The chairperson shall also allocate the work of the13896parole board among the board members. The full board shall meet at13897least once each month. In the case of a tie vote on the full13898board, the chief of the adult parole authority shall cast the13899deciding vote. The chairperson may designate a person to serve in13900the chairperson's place.13901

Except as otherwise provided in division (B) of this section, 13902 no person shall be appointed a member of the board who is not 13903 qualified by education or experience in correctional work, 13904 including law enforcement, prosecution of offenses, advocating for 13905 the rights of victims of crime, probation, or parole, in law, in 13906 social work, or in a combination of the three categories. 13907

(B) The director of rehabilitation and correction, in
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consultation with the governor, shall appoint one member of the
board, who shall be a person who has been a victim of crime or who
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is a member of a victim's family or who represents an organization
that advocates for the rights of victims of crime. After
appointment, this member shall be an unclassified employee of the
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department of rehabilitation and correction.

The initial appointment shall be for a term ending four years13915after the effective date of this amendment July 1, 1996.13916Thereafter, the term of office of the member appointed under this13917

division shall be for four years, with each term ending on the 13918 same day of the same month as did the term that it succeeds. The 13919 member shall hold office from the date of appointment until the 13920 end of the term for which the member was appointed and may be 13921 reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the manner provided for 13922 original appointments. Any member appointed under this division to 13923 fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration date of the term 13924 for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall hold office 13925 as a member for the remainder of that term. The member appointed 13926 under this division shall continue in office subsequent to the 13927 expiration date of the member's term until the member's successor 13928 takes office or until a period of sixty days has elapsed, 13929 whichever occurs first. 13930

The member appointed under this division shall be compensated 13931 in the same manner as other board members and shall be reimbursed 13932 for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of 13933 the members' duties. The member may vote on all cases heard by the 13934 full board under section 5149.101 of the Revised Code, has such 13935 duties as are assigned by the chairperson of the board, and shall 13936 coordinate the member's activities with the office of victims' 13937 services created under section 5120.60 of the Revised Code. 13938

As used in this division, "crime," "member of the victim's 13939 family," and "victim" have the meanings given in section 2930.01 13940 of the Revised Code. 13941

(C) The chairperson shall submit all recommendations for or 13942against clemency directly to the governor. 13943

(D) The chairperson shall transmit to the chief of the adult 13944
 parole authority all determinations for or against parole made by 13945
 the board. Parole determinations are final and are not subject to 13946
 review or change by the chief. 13947

(E) In addition to its duties pertaining to parole and 13948

clemency, if an offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant to 13949 division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), or (B)(2)(a), (b), or 13950 (c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the 13951 Revised Code, the parole board shall have control over the 13952

offender's service of the prison term during the entire term13953unless the board terminates its control in accordance with section139542971.04 of the Revised Code. The parole board may terminate its13955control over the offender's service of the prison term only in13956accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised Code.13957

Sec. 5321.03. (A) Notwithstanding section 5321.02 of the13958Revised Code, a landlord may bring an action under Chapter 1923.13959of the Revised Code for possession of the premises if:13960

(1) The tenant is in default in the payment of rent; 13961

(2) The violation of the applicable building, housing, 13962
health, or safety code that the tenant complained of was primarily 13963
caused by any act or lack of reasonable care by the tenant, or by 13964
any other person in the tenant's household, or by anyone on the 13965
premises with the consent of the tenant; 13966

(3) Compliance with the applicable building, housing, health, 13967
 or safety code would require alteration, remodeling, or demolition 13968
 of the premises which would effectively deprive the tenant of the 13969
 use of the dwelling unit; 13970

(4) A tenant is holding over the tenant's term. 13971

(5) The residential premises are located within one thousand 13972 feet of any school premises, and both of the following apply 13973 regarding the tenant or other occupant who resides in or occupies 13974 the premises: 13975

(a) The tenant's or other occupant's name appears on the 13976
state registry of sex offenders and child-victim offenders 13977
maintained under section 2950.13 of the Revised Code. 13978

(b) The state registry of sex offenders and child-victim
offenders indicates that the tenant or other occupant was
convicted of or pleaded guilty to either a sexually oriented
offense that is not a registration-exempt sexually oriented
offense or a child-victim oriented offense in a criminal
prosecution and was not sentenced to a serious youthful offender
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(B) The maintenance of an action by the landlord under this 13986
section does not prevent the tenant from recovering damages for 13987
any violation by the landlord of the rental agreement or of 13988
section 5321.04 of the Revised Code. 13989

(C) This section does not apply to a dwelling unit occupied 13990by a student tenant. 13991

sec. 5321.051. (A)(1) No tenant of any residential premises 13992
located within one thousand feet of any school premises shall 13993
allow any person to occupy those residential premises if both of 13994
the following apply regarding the person: 13995

(a) The person's name appears on the state registry of sex 13996
offenders and child-victim offenders maintained under section 13997
2950.13 of the Revised Code. 13998

(b) The state registry of sex offenders and child-victim 13999 offenders indicates that the person was convicted of or pleaded 14000 guilty to either a sexually oriented offense that is not a 14001 registration-exempt sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 14002 oriented offense in a criminal prosecution and was not sentenced 14003 to a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence for that 14004 offense. 14005

(2) If a tenant allows occupancy in violation of this section 14006
 or a person establishes a residence or occupies residential 14007
 premises in violation of section 2950.031 2950.034 of the Revised 14008

Code, the landlord for the residential premises that are the14009subject of the rental agreement or other tenancy may terminate the14010rental agreement or other tenancy of the tenant and all other14011occupants.14012

(B) If a landlord is authorized to terminate a rental
agreement or other tenancy pursuant to division (A) of this
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section but does not so terminate the rental agreement or other
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tenancy, the landlord is not liable in a tort or other civil
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action in damages for any injury, death, or loss to person or
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property that allegedly results from that decision.

Section 2. That existing sections 109.42, 109.57, 311.171, 14019 1923.02, 2151.23, 2152.02, 2152.19, 2152.191, 2152.22, 2152.82, 14020 2152.821, 2152.83, 2152.84, 2152.85, 2152.851, 2743.191, 2901.07, 14021 2903.211, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.03, 2905.05, 2907.01, 2907.02, 14022 2907.05, 2921.34, 2929.01, 2929.02, 2929.022, 2929.03, 2929.06, 14023 2929.13, 2929.14, 2929.19, 2929.23, 2930.16, 2941.148, 2950.01, 14024 2950.02, 2950.03, 2950.031, 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 2950.06, 14025 2950.07, 2950.08, 2950.081, 2950.10, 2950.11, 2950.12, 2950.13, 14026 2950.14, 2967.12, 2967.121, 2971.01, 2971.03, 2971.04, 2971.05, 14027 2971.06, 2971.07, 5120.49, 5120.61, 5120.66, 5139.13, 5149.10, 14028 5321.03, and 5321.051 and sections 2152.811, 2950.021, 2950.09, 14029 and 2950.091 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 14030

section 3. The amendments to sections 109.42, 109.57, 14031 311.171, 1923.02, 2151.23, 2152.02, 2152.19, 2152.191, 2152.22, 14032 2152.82, 2152.821, 2152.83, 2152.84, 2152.85, 2152.851, 2743.191, 14033 2901.07, 2903.211, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.03, 2905.05, 2907.01, 14034 2907.02, 2907.05, 2921.34, 2929.01, 2929.02, 2929.022, 2929.03, 14035 2929.06, 2929.13, 2929.14, 2929.19, 2929.23, 2930.16, 2941.148, 14036 2950.01, 2950.02, 2950.03, 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 2950.06, 14037 2950.07, 2950.08, 2950.081, 2950.10, 2950.11, 2950.12, 2950.13, 14038 2950.14, 2967.12, 2967.121, 2971.01, 2971.03, 2971.04, 2971.05, 14039

2971.06, 2971.07, 5120.49, 5120.61, 5120.66, 5139.13, 5149.10, and 14040 5321.03 of the Revised Code that are made by Sections 1 and 2 of 14041 this act, the enactment of sections 2152.831, 2152.86, 2950.011, 14042 2950.15, and 2950.16 of the Revised Code by Section 1 of the act, 14043 and the repeal of sections 2152.811, 2950.021, 2950.09, and 14044 2950.091 of the Revised Code by Section 2 of this act shall take 14045 effect on January 1, 2008. 14046

The amendments to sections 2950.031 and 5321.051 of the 14047 Revised Code that are made by Sections 1 and 2 of this act and the 14048 enactment of sections 2950.032, 2950.033, 2950.042, 2950.043, and 14049 2950.131 and new section 2950.031 of the Revised Code by Section 1 14050 of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2007. 14051

Section 4. Sections 1 to 3 of this act shall take effect on 14052 July 1, 2007. 14053

**Section 5.** This act is hereby declared to be an emergency 14054 measure necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 14055 peace, health, and safety. The reason for such necessity is that 14056 the changes to the state's Sex Offender Registration and 14057 Notification Law made by this act are crucially needed to provide 14058 increased protection and security for the state's residents from 14059 persons who have been convicted of, or found to be delinquent 14060 children for committing, a sexually oriented offense or a 14061 child-victim oriented offense and to conform that Law by July 1, 14062 2007, to recently enacted requirements of federal law. Therefore 14063 this act shall take immediate effect. 14064

Section 6. Section 2907.01 of the Revised Code is presented 14065 in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am. 14066 Sub. H.B. 23 and Am. Sub. H.B. 95 of the 126th General Assembly. 14067 Section 2929.01 of the Revised Code is presented in this act as a 14068 composite of the section as amended by both Am. Sub. H.B. 461 and 14069

Am. Sub. S.B. 260 of the 126th General Assembly. Section 2929.13 14070 of the Revised Code is presented in this act as a composite of the 14071 section as amended by Am. Sub. H.B. 461, Am. Sub. S.B. 260, and 14072 Sub. S.B. 281 of the 126th General Assembly. Section 2929.14 of 14073 the Revised Code is presented in this act as a composite of the 14074 section as amended by Am. Sub. H.B. 461, Am. Sub. S.B. 260, and 14075 Sub. S.B. 281 all of the 126th General Assembly. Section 2929.19 14076 of the Revised Code is presented in this act as a composite of the 14077 section as amended by both Am. Sub. H.B. 461 and Am. Sub. S.B. 260 14078 of the 126th General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the 14079 principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised 14080 Code that amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 14081 simultaneous operation, finds that the composites are the 14082 resulting versions of the sections in effect prior to the 14083 effective date of the sections as presented in this act. 14084