### As Reported by the House Commerce and Labor Committee

## 127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

Sub. S. B. No. 196

#### **Senator Schaffer**

Cosponsors: Senators Carey, Cates, Schuler, Austria, Fedor, Harris, Jacobson, Kearney, Mason, Mumper, Niehaus, Padgett, Roberts, Sawyer, Smith, Spada, Wagoner

### A BILL

То	amend sections 1151.345, 1161.59, 1733.51,	1
	2108.81, 2117.251, 3103.03, 3901.04, 3901.21,	2
	3905.451, 3923.80, 4717.01, 4717.03, 4717.13,	3
	4717.14, 4717.99, and 5747.02, to enact sections	4
	4717.31 to 4717.38, and to repeal sections 1111.19	5
	and 1111.99 of the Revised Code to revise the	6
	Preneed Funeral Contract Law and to exempt the	7
	requirement that health insurers cover routine	8
	patient care administered during a cancer clinical	9
	trial from the requirements regarding mandated	10
	health benefit review.	11
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#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

<b>Section 1.</b> That sections 1151.345, 1161.59, 1733.51, 2108.81,	13
2117.251, 3103.03, 3901.04, 3901.21, 3905.451, 3923.80, 4717.01,	14
4717.03, 4717.13, 4717.14, 4717.99, and 5747.02 be amended and	15
sections 4717.31, 4717.32, 4717.33, 4717.34, 4717.35, 4717.36,	16
4717.37, and 4717.38 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	17
follows:	18

Sec. 1151.345. A savings and loan association, in accordance	19
with sections <del>1111.19 and</del> 1721.211 <u>and 4717.31 to 4717.38</u> of the	20
Revised Code, may receive and hold on deposit moneys under a	21
preneed funeral contract or a preneed cemetery merchandise and	22
services contract.	23
Sec. 1161.59. In accordance with sections 1111.19 and	24
1721.211 <u>and 4717.31 to 4717.38</u> of the Revised Code, a savings	25
bank may receive and hold on deposit moneys under a preneed	26
funeral contract or a preneed cemetery merchandise and services	27
contract.	28
Sec. 1733.51. A credit union may, subject to sections 1111.19	29
and 1721.211 and 4717.31 to 4717.38 of the Revised Code, receive	30
and hold on deposit moneys under a preneed funeral contract or	31
preneed cemetery merchandise and services contract.	32
Sec. 2108.81. (A) If either of the following is true,	33
division (B) of this section shall apply:	34
(1) An adult has not executed a written declaration pursuant	35
to sections 2108.70 to 2108.73 of the Revised Code that remains in	36
force at the time of the adult's death.	37
(2) Each person to whom the right of disposition has been	38
assigned or reassigned pursuant to a written declaration is	39
disqualified from exercising the right as described in section	40
2108.75 of the Revised Code.	41
(B) Subject to division (A) of this section and sections	42
2108.75 and 2108.79 of the Revised Code, the right of disposition	43
is assigned to the following persons, if mentally competent adults	44
who can be located with reasonable effort, in the order of	45
priority stated:	46

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arranging	the	final	disposition	of	the	remains	of	the	deceased	77
person.										78

Sec. 2117.251. A claim under the bill of a funeral director 79 pursuant to section 2117.25 of the Revised Code arises subsequent 80 to the death of the decedent and is not in satisfaction of a 81 personal obligation of the individual during the individual's 82 lifetime. If a decedent during the decedent's lifetime has 83 purchased an irrevocable preneed funeral contract pursuant to 84 section <del>1111.19</del> <u>4717.34</u> of the Revised Code, then those provisions 85 of section 2117.25 of the Revised Code that relate to the bill of 86 a funeral director, including divisions (A) and (B) of that 87 section, do not apply to the estate of the decedent and the estate 88 is not liable for the funeral expenses of the decedent. 89

sec. 3103.03. (A) Each married person must support the 90 person's self and spouse out of the person's property or by the 91 person's labor. If a married person is unable to do so, the spouse of the married person must assist in the support so far as the 93 spouse is able. The biological or adoptive parent of a minor child 94 must support the parent's minor children out of the parent's 95 property or by the parent's labor.

- (B) Notwithstanding section 3109.01 of the Revised Code and 97 to the extent provided in section 3319.86 3119.86 of the Revised 98 Code, the parental duty of support to children shall continue 99 beyond the age of majority as long as the child continuously 100 attends on a full-time basis any recognized and accredited high 101 school. That duty of support shall continue during seasonal 102 vacation periods.
- (C) If a married person neglects to support the person's 104 spouse in accordance with this section, any other person, in good 105 faith, may supply the spouse with necessaries for the support of 106

from the superintendent's files, upon complaint or otherwise, that

any person has engaged in, is engaged in, or is about to engage in

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any act or practice declared to be illegal or prohibited by the

laws of this state relating to insurance, or defined as unfair or

deceptive by such laws, or when the superintendent believes it to

be in the best interest of the public and necessary for the

protection of the people in this state, the superintendent or

anyone designated by the superintendent under the superintendent's

official seal may do any one or more of the following:

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- (1) Require any person to file with the superintendent, on a 144 form that is appropriate for review by the superintendent, an 145 original or additional statement or report in writing, under oath 146 or otherwise, as to any facts or circumstances concerning the 147 person's conduct of the business of insurance within this state 148 and as to any other information that the superintendent considers 149 to be material or relevant to such business; 150
- (2) Administer oaths, summon and compel by order or subpoena 151 the attendance of witnesses to testify in relation to any matter 152 which, by the laws of this state relating to insurance, is the 153 subject of inquiry and investigation, and require the production 154 of any book, paper, or document pertaining to such matter. A 155 subpoena, notice, or order under this section may be served by 156 certified mail, return receipt requested. If the subpoena, notice, 157 or order is returned because of inability to deliver, or if no 158 return is received within thirty days of the date of mailing, the 159 subpoena, notice, or order may be served by ordinary mail. If no 160 return of ordinary mail is received within thirty days after the 161 date of mailing, service shall be deemed to have been made. If the 162 subpoena, notice, or order is returned because of inability to 163 deliver, the superintendent may designate a person or persons to 164 effect either personal or residence service upon the witness. 165 Service of any subpoena, notice, or order and return may also be 166 made in any manner authorized under the Rules of Civil Procedure. 167 Such service shall be made by an employee of the department 168

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designated by the superintendent, a sheriff, a deputy sheriff, an attorney, or any person authorized by the Rules of Civil Procedure to serve process.

In the case of disobedience of any notice, order, or subpoena 172 served on a person or the refusal of a witness to testify to a 173 matter regarding which the person may lawfully be interrogated, 174 the court of common pleas of the county where venue is 175 appropriate, on application by the superintendent, may compel 176 obedience by attachment proceedings for contempt, as in the case 177 of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from such 178 court, or a refusal to testify therein. Witnesses shall receive 179 the fees and mileage allowed by section 2335.06 of the Revised 180 Code. All such fees, upon the presentation of proper vouchers 181 approved by the superintendent, shall be paid out of the 182 appropriation for the contingent fund of the department of 183 insurance. The fees and mileage of witnesses not summoned by the 184 superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall not be paid 185 by the state. 186

- (3) In a case in which there is no administrative procedure

  available to the superintendent to resolve a matter at issue,

  request the attorney general to commence an action for a

  declaratory judgment under Chapter 2721. of the Revised Code with

  respect to the matter.

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- (4) Initiate criminal proceedings by presenting evidence of 192 the commission of any criminal offense established under the laws 193 of this state relating to insurance to the prosecuting attorney of 194 any county in which the offense may be prosecuted. At the request 195 of the prosecuting attorney, the attorney general may assist in 196 the prosecution of the violation with all the rights, privileges, 197 and powers conferred by law on prosecuting attorneys including, 198 but not limited to, the power to appear before grand juries and to 199 interrogate witnesses before grand juries. 200

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Sec. 3901.21. The following are hereby defined as unfair and deceptive acts or practices in the business of insurance: 202

(A) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to 203 be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to so 204 use, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement 205 misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued or 206 the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the dividends or 207 share of the surplus to be received thereon, or making any false 208 or misleading statements as to the dividends or share of surplus 209 previously paid on similar policies, or making any misleading 210 representation or any misrepresentation as to the financial 211 condition of any insurer as shown by the last preceding verified 212 statement made by it to the insurance department of this state, or 213 as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer 214 operates, or using any name or title of any policy or class of 215 policies misrepresenting the true nature thereof, or making any 216 misrepresentation or incomplete comparison to any person for the 217 purpose of inducing or tending to induce such person to purchase, 218 amend, lapse, forfeit, change, or surrender insurance. 219

Any written statement concerning the premiums for a policy 220 which refers to the net cost after credit for an assumed dividend, 221 without an accurate written statement of the gross premiums, cash 222 values, and dividends based on the insurer's current dividend 223 scale, which are used to compute the net cost for such policy, and 224 a prominent warning that the rate of dividend is not guaranteed, 225 is a misrepresentation for the purposes of this division. 226

(B) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or 227 placing before the public or causing, directly or indirectly, to 228 be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the 229 public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the 230 form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over 231

any radio station, or in any other way, or preparing with intent	232
to so use, an advertisement, announcement, or statement containing	233
any assertion, representation, or statement, with respect to the	234
business of insurance or with respect to any person in the conduct	235
of the person's insurance business, which is untrue, deceptive, or	236
misleading.	237

- (C) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating,

  directly or indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the

  making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, or preparing

  with intent to so use, any statement, pamphlet, circular, article,

  or literature, which is false as to the financial condition of an

  insurer and which is calculated to injure any person engaged in

  the business of insurance.
- (D) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or 245 making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to 246 any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly or 247 indirectly to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, 248 delivered to any person, or placed before the public, any false 249 statement of financial condition of an insurer. 250

Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement of 251 any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully 252 appointed to examine into its condition or into any of its 253 affairs, or any public official to whom such insurer is required 254 by law to report, or who has authority by law to examine into its 255 condition or into any of its affairs, or, with like intent, 256 willfully omitting to make a true entry of any material fact 257 pertaining to the business of such insurer in any book, report, or 258 statement of such insurer, or mutilating, destroying, suppressing, 259 withholding, or concealing any of its records. 260

(E) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or 261 employees to issue or deliver agency company stock or other 262 capital stock or benefit certificates or shares in any common-law 263

corporation or securities or any special or advisory board 264 contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and 265 profits as an inducement to insurance. 266

- (F) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination among 267 individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the 268 rates charged for any contract of life insurance or of life 269 annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or 270 in any other of the terms and conditions of such contract. 271
- (G)(1) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, 272 knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract of 273 life insurance, life annuity or accident and health insurance, or 274 agreement as to such contract other than as plainly expressed in 275 the contract issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or 276 offering to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as 277 inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums 278 payable on the contract, or any special favor or advantage in the 279 dividends or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration 280 or inducement whatever not specified in the contract; or giving, 281 or selling, or purchasing, or offering to give, sell, or purchase, 282 as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection 283 therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities, or other 284 obligations of any insurance company or other corporation, 285 association, or partnership, or any dividends or profits accrued 286 thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the 287 contract. 288
- (2) Nothing in division (F) or division (G)(1) of this

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  section shall be construed as prohibiting any of the following

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  practices: (a) in the case of any contract of life insurance or

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  life annuity, paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating

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  their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from

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  nonparticipating insurance, provided that any such bonuses or

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  abatement of premiums shall be fair and equitable to policyholders

and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders;	296
(b) in the case of life insurance policies issued on the	297
industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have	298
continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly	299
to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents	300
the saving in collection expenses; (c) readjustment of the rate of	301
premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss or expense	302
experience thereunder, at the end of the first or any subsequent	303
policy year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive	304
only for such policy year.	305

- (H) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to 306 be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to so 307 use, any statement to the effect that a policy of life insurance 308 is, is the equivalent of, or represents shares of capital stock or 309 any rights or options to subscribe for or otherwise acquire any 310 such shares in the life insurance company issuing that policy or 311 any other company. 312
- (I) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to 313 be made, issued or circulated, or preparing with intent to so 314 issue, any statement to the effect that payments to a policyholder 315 of the principal amounts of a pure endowment are other than 316 payments of a specific benefit for which specific premiums have 317 been paid. 318
- (J) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to 319 be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to so 320 use, any statement to the effect that any insurance company was 321 required to change a policy form or related material to comply 322 with Title XXXIX of the Revised Code or any regulation of the 323 superintendent of insurance, for the purpose of inducing or 324 intending to induce any policyholder or prospective policyholder 325 to purchase, amend, lapse, forfeit, change, or surrender 326 insurance. 327

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(K) Aiding or abetting another to violate this section. 328 (L) Refusing to issue any policy of insurance, or canceling 329 or declining to renew such policy because of the sex or marital 330 status of the applicant, prospective insured, insured, or 331 policyholder. 332 (M) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination between 333 individuals of the same class and of essentially the same hazard 334 in the amount of premium, policy fees, or rates charged for any 335 policy or contract of insurance, other than life insurance, or in 336 the benefits payable thereunder, or in underwriting standards and 337 practices or eligibility requirements, or in any of the terms or 338 conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever. 339 (N) Refusing to make available disability income insurance 340 solely because the applicant's principal occupation is that of 341 managing a household. 342 (0) Refusing, when offering maternity benefits under any 343 individual or group sickness and accident insurance policy, to 344 make maternity benefits available to the policyholder for the 345 individual or individuals to be covered under any comparable 346 policy to be issued for delivery in this state, including family 347 members if the policy otherwise provides coverage for family 348 members. Nothing in this division shall be construed to prohibit 349 an insurer from imposing a reasonable waiting period for such 350

For purposes of division (0) of this section, "federally eligible individual" means an eligible individual as defined in 45 C.F.R. 148.103.

benefits under an individual sickness and accident insurance

two hundred seventy days.

policy issued to an individual who is not a federally eligible

individual or a nonemployer-related group sickness and accident

insurance policy, but in no event shall such waiting period exceed

- (P) Using, or permitting to be used, a pattern settlement as 359 the basis of any offer of settlement. As used in this division, 360 "pattern settlement" means a method by which liability is 361 routinely imputed to a claimant without an investigation of the 362 particular occurrence upon which the claim is based and by using a 363 predetermined formula for the assignment of liability arising out 364 of occurrences of a similar nature. Nothing in this division shall 365 be construed to prohibit an insurer from determining a claimant's 366 liability by applying formulas or guidelines to the facts and 367 circumstances disclosed by the insurer's investigation of the 368 particular occurrence upon which a claim is based. 369
- (Q) Refusing to insure, or refusing to continue to insure, or 370 limiting the amount, extent, or kind of life or sickness and 371 accident insurance or annuity coverage available to an individual, 372 or charging an individual a different rate for the same coverage 373 solely because of blindness or partial blindness. With respect to 374 all other conditions, including the underlying cause of blindness 375 or partial blindness, persons who are blind or partially blind 376 shall be subject to the same standards of sound actuarial 377 principles or actual or reasonably anticipated actuarial 378 experience as are sighted persons. Refusal to insure includes, but 379 is not limited to, denial by an insurer of disability insurance 380 coverage on the grounds that the policy defines "disability" as 381 being presumed in the event that the eyesight of the insured is 382 lost. However, an insurer may exclude from coverage disabilities 383 consisting solely of blindness or partial blindness when such 384 conditions existed at the time the policy was issued. To the 385 extent that the provisions of this division may appear to conflict 386 with any provision of section 3999.16 of the Revised Code, this 387 division applies. 388
- (R)(1) Directly or indirectly offering to sell, selling, or 389 delivering, issuing for delivery, renewing, or using or otherwise 390

marketing any policy of insurance or insurance product in	391
connection with or in any way related to the grant of a student	392
loan guaranteed in whole or in part by an agency or commission of	393
this state or the United States, except insurance that is required	394
under federal or state law as a condition for obtaining such a	395
loan and the premium for which is included in the fees and charges	396
applicable to the loan; or, in the case of an insurer or insurance	397
agent, knowingly permitting any lender making such loans to engage	398
in such acts or practices in connection with the insurer's or	399
agent's insurance business.	400

- (2) Except in the case of a violation of division (G) of this 401
  section, division (R)(1) of this section does not apply to either 402
  of the following: 403
- (a) Acts or practices of an insurer, its agents,

  representatives, or employees in connection with the grant of a

  guaranteed student loan to its insured or the insured's spouse or

  dependent children where such acts or practices take place more

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  than ninety days after the effective date of the insurance;

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- (b) Acts or practices of an insurer, its agents,

  representatives, or employees in connection with the solicitation,

  processing, or issuance of an insurance policy or product covering

  the student loan borrower or the borrower's spouse or dependent

  children, where such acts or practices take place more than one

  hundred eighty days after the date on which the borrower is

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  notified that the student loan was approved.
- (S) Denying coverage, under any health insurance or health 416 care policy, contract, or plan providing family coverage, to any 417 natural or adopted child of the named insured or subscriber solely 418 on the basis that the child does not reside in the household of 419 the named insured or subscriber. 420
  - (T)(1) Using any underwriting standard or engaging in any

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other act or practice that, directly or indirectly, due solely to	422
any health status-related factor in relation to one or more	423
individuals, does either of the following:	424
(a) Terminates or fails to renew an existing individual	425
policy, contract, or plan of health benefits, or a health benefit	426
plan issued to an employer, for which an individual would	427
otherwise be eligible;	428
(b) With respect to a health benefit plan issued to an	429
employer, excludes or causes the exclusion of an individual from	430
coverage under an existing employer-provided policy, contract, or	431
plan of health benefits.	432
(2) The superintendent of insurance may adopt rules in	433
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for purposes of	434
implementing division (T)(1) of this section.	435
(3) For purposes of division $(T)(1)$ of this section, "health	436
status-related factor" means any of the following:	437
(a) Health status;	438
(b) Medical condition, including both physical and mental	439
illnesses;	440
(c) Claims experience;	441
(d) Receipt of health care;	442
(e) Medical history;	443
(f) Genetic information;	444
(g) Evidence of insurability, including conditions arising	445
out of acts of domestic violence;	446
(h) Disability.	447
(U) With respect to a health benefit plan issued to a small	448
employer, as those terms are defined in section 3924.01 of the	449
Revised Code, negligently or willfully placing coverage for	450

adverse risks with a certain carrier, as defined in section	451
3924.01 of the Revised Code.	452
(V) Using any program, scheme, device, or other unfair act or	453
practice that, directly or indirectly, causes or results in the	454
placing of coverage for adverse risks with another carrier, as	455
defined in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code.	456
(W) Failing to comply with section 3923.23, 3923.231,	457
3923.232, 3923.233, or 3923.234 of the Revised Code by engaging in	458
any unfair, discriminatory reimbursement practice.	459
(X) Intentionally establishing an unfair premium for, or	460
misrepresenting the cost of, any insurance policy financed under a	461
premium finance agreement of an insurance premium finance company.	462
(Y)(1)(a) Limiting coverage under, refusing to issue,	463
canceling, or refusing to renew, any individual policy or contract	464
of life insurance, or limiting coverage under or refusing to issue	465
any individual policy or contract of health insurance, for the	466
reason that the insured or applicant for insurance is or has been	467
a victim of domestic violence;	468
(b) Adding a surcharge or rating factor to a premium of any	469
individual policy or contract of life or health insurance for the	470
reason that the insured or applicant for insurance is or has been	471
a victim of domestic violence;	472
(c) Denying coverage under, or limiting coverage under, any	473
policy or contract of life or health insurance, for the reason	474
that a claim under the policy or contract arises from an incident	475
of domestic violence;	476
(d) Inquiring, directly or indirectly, of an insured under,	477
or of an applicant for, a policy or contract of life or health	478
insurance, as to whether the insured or applicant is or has been a	479
victim of domestic violence, or inquiring as to whether the	480
insured or applicant has sought shelter or protection from	481

domestic violence or has sought medical or psychological treatment	482
as a victim of domestic violence.	483
(2) Nothing in division (Y)(1) of this section shall be	484
construed to prohibit an insurer from inquiring as to, or from	485
underwriting or rating a risk on the basis of, a person's physical	486
or mental condition, even if the condition has been caused by	487
domestic violence, provided that all of the following apply:	488
(a) The insurer routinely considers the condition in	489
underwriting or in rating risks, and does so in the same manner	490
for a victim of domestic violence as for an insured or applicant	491
who is not a victim of domestic violence;	492
(b) The insurer does not refuse to issue any policy or	493
contract of life or health insurance or cancel or refuse to renew	494
any policy or contract of life insurance, solely on the basis of	495
the condition, except where such refusal to issue, cancellation,	496
or refusal to renew is based on sound actuarial principles or is	497
related to actual or reasonably anticipated experience;	498
(c) The insurer does not consider a person's status as being	499
or as having been a victim of domestic violence, in itself, to be	500
a physical or mental condition;	501
(d) The underwriting or rating of a risk on the basis of the	502
condition is not used to evade the intent of division (Y)(1) of	503
this section, or of any other provision of the Revised Code.	504
(3)(a) Nothing in division (Y)(1) of this section shall be	505
construed to prohibit an insurer from refusing to issue a policy	506
or contract of life insurance insuring the life of a person who is	507
or has been a victim of domestic violence if the person who	508
committed the act of domestic violence is the applicant for the	509
insurance or would be the owner of the insurance policy or	510
contract.	511

(b) Nothing in division (Y)(2) of this section shall be

construed to permit an insurer to cancel or refuse to renew any	513
policy or contract of health insurance in violation of the "Health	514
Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 110 Stat.	515
1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 300gg-41(b), as amended, or in a manner that	516
violates or is inconsistent with any provision of the Revised Code	517
that implements the "Health Insurance Portability and	518
Accountability Act of 1996."	519
(4) An insurer is immune from any civil or criminal liability	520
that otherwise might be incurred or imposed as a result of any	521
action taken by the insurer to comply with division (Y) of this	522
section.	523
(5) As used in division (Y) of this section, "domestic	524
violence" means any of the following acts:	525
(a) Knowingly causing or attempting to cause physical harm to	526
a family or household member;	527
(b) Recklessly causing serious physical harm to a family or	528
household member;	529
(c) Knowingly causing, by threat of force, a family or	530
household member to believe that the person will cause imminent	531
physical harm to the family or household member.	532
For the purpose of division (Y)(5) of this section, "family	533
or household member" has the same meaning as in section 2919.25 of	534
the Revised Code.	535
Nothing in division (Y)(5) of this section shall be construed	536
to require, as a condition to the application of division (Y) of	537
this section, that the act described in division (Y)(5) of this	538
section be the basis of a criminal prosecution.	539
(Z) Disclosing a coroner's records by an insurer in violation	540
of section 313.10 of the Revised Code.	541
(AA) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting	542

eligible cancer clinical trial, if that care would be covered	573
under the plan if the insured was not participating in a clinical	574
trial.	575
(B) The coverage that may not be excluded under division (A)	576
of this section is subject to all terms, conditions, restrictions,	577
exclusions, and limitations that apply to any other coverage under	578
the plan, policy, or arrangement for services performed by	579
participating and nonparticipating providers. Nothing in this	580
section shall be construed as requiring reimbursement to a	581
provider or facility providing the routine care that does not have	582
a health care contract with the entity issuing the health benefit	583
plan or public employee benefit plan, or as prohibiting the entity	584
issuing a health benefit plan or public employee benefit plan that	585
does not have a health care contract with the provider or facility	586
providing the routine care from negotiating a single case or other	587
agreement for coverage.	588
(C) As used in this section:	589
(1) "Eligible cancer clinical trial" means a cancer clinical	590
trial that meets all of the following criteria:	591
(a) A purpose of the trial is to test whether the	592
intervention potentially improves the trial participant's health	593
outcomes.	594
(b) The treatment provided as part of the trial is given with	595
the intention of improving the trial participant's health	596
outcomes.	597
(c) The trial has a therapeutic intent and is not designed	598
exclusively to test toxicity or disease pathophysiology.	599
(d) The trial does one of the following:	600
(i) Tests how to administer a health care service, item, or	601
drug for the treatment of cancer;	602

(ii) Tests responses to a health care service, item, or drug	603
for the treatment of cancer;	604
(iii) Compares the effectiveness of a health care service,	605
item, or drug for the treatment of cancer with that of other	606
health care services, items, or drugs for the treatment of cancer;	607
(iv) Studies new uses of a health care service, item, or drug	608
for the treatment of cancer.	609
(e) The trial is approved by one of the following entities:	610
(i) The national institutes of health or one of its	611
cooperative groups or centers under the United States department	612
of health and human services;	613
(ii) The United States food and drug administration;	614
(iii) The United States department of defense;	615
(iv) The United States department of veterans' affairs.	616
(2) "Subject of a cancer clinical trial" means the health	617
care service, item, or drug that is being evaluated in the	618
clinical trial and that is not routine patient care.	619
(3) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as in section	620
3924.01 of the Revised Code.	621
(4) "Routine patient care" means all health care services	622
consistent with the coverage provided in the health benefit plan	623
or public employee benefit plan for the treatment of cancer,	624
including the type and frequency of any diagnostic modality, that	625
is typically covered for a cancer patient who is not enrolled in a	626
cancer clinical trial, and that was not necessitated solely	627
because of the trial.	628
(5) For purposes of this section, a health benefit plan or	629
public employee benefit plan may exclude coverage for any of the	630
following:	631

sale of funeral services, the filling out or execution of a

bodies.

funeral service contract, the business or profession of preparing	662
dead human bodies for burial by means other than embalming, the	663
disposition of dead human bodies, the provision or maintenance of	664
a place for the preparation, the care, or disposition of dead	665
human bodies, the use in connection with a business of the term	666
"funeral director," "undertaker," "mortician," or any other term	667
from which can be implied the business of funeral directing, or	668
the holding out to the public that one is a funeral director or a	669
disposer of dead human bodies.	670
(D) "Funeral home" means a fixed place for the care,	671
preparation for burial, or disposition of dead human bodies or the	672
conducting of funerals. Each business location is a funeral home,	673
regardless of common ownership or management.	674
(E) "Embalmer" means a person who engages, in whole or in	675
part, in embalming and who is licensed under this chapter.	676
(F) "Funeral director" means a person who engages, in whole	677
or in part, in funeral directing and who is licensed under this	678
chapter.	679
(G) "Final disposition" has the same meaning as in division	680
(J) of section 3705.01 of the Revised Code.	681
(H) "Supervision" means the operation of all phases of the	682
business of funeral directing or embalming under the specific	683
direction of a licensed funeral director or licensed embalmer.	684
(I) "Direct supervision" means the physical presence of a	685
licensed funeral director or licensed embalmer while the specific	686
functions of the funeral or embalming are being carried out.	687
(J) "Embalming facility" means a fixed location, separate	688
from the funeral home, that is licensed under this chapter whose	689
only function is the embalming and preparation of dead human	690

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(K) "Crematory facility" means the physical location at which 692 a cremation chamber is located and the cremation process takes 693 place. "Crematory facility" does not include an infectious waste 694 incineration facility for which a license is held under division 695 (B) of section 3734.05 of the Revised Code, or a solid waste 696 incineration facility for which a license is held under division 697 (A) of that section that includes a notation pursuant to division 698 (B)(3) of that section authorizing the facility to also treat 699 infectious wastes, in connection with the incineration of body 700 parts other than dead human bodies that were donated to science 701 for purposes of medical education or research. 702 (L) "Crematory" means the building or portion of a building 703 that houses the holding facility and the cremation chamber. 704 (M) "Cremation" means the technical process of using heat and 705 flame to reduce human or animal remains to bone fragments or ashes 706 or any combination thereof. "Cremation" includes processing and 707 may include the pulverization of bone fragments. 708 (N) "Cremation chamber" means the enclosed space within which 709 cremation takes place. 710 (O) "Cremated remains" means all human or animal remains 711 recovered after the completion of the cremation process, which may 712 include the residue of any foreign matter such as casket material, 713 dental work, or eyeglasses that were cremated with the human or 714 animal remains. 715 (P) "Lapsed license" means a license issued under this 716 chapter that has become invalid because of the failure of the 717 licensee to renew the license within the time limits prescribed 718 under this chapter. 719 (O) "Operator of a crematory facility" means the sole 720

proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability

company, or other business entity responsible for the overall

(W) "Seller" means any person that enters into a preneed

funeral contract with a purchaser for the provision of funeral

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#### goods, funeral services, or both.

Sec. 4717.03. (A) Members of the board of embalmers and 755 funeral directors shall annually in July, or within thirty days 756 after the senate's confirmation of the new members appointed in 757 that year, meet and organize by selecting from among its members a 758 president, vice-president, and secretary-treasurer. The board may 759 hold other meetings as it determines necessary. A quorum of the 760 board consists of four members, of whom at least three shall be 761 members who are embalmers and funeral directors. The concurrence 762 of at least four members is necessary for the board to take any 763 action. The president and secretary-treasurer shall sign all 764 licenses issued under this chapter and affix the board's seal to 765 each license. 766

- (B) The board may appoint an individual who is not a member of the board to serve as executive director of the board. The executive director serves at the pleasure of the board and shall do all of the following:
  - (1) Serve as the board's chief administrative officer;
  - (2) Act as custodian of the board's records;
  - (3) Execute all of the board's orders.

In executing the board's orders, the executive director may
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enter the premises, establishment, office, or place of business of
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any embalmer, funeral director, or operator of a crematory
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facility in this state. The executive director may serve and
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execute any process issued by any court under this chapter.
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(C) The board may employ clerical or technical staff who are 779 not members of the board and who serve at the pleasure of the 780 board to provide any clerical or technical assistance the board 781 considers necessary. The board may employ necessary inspectors, 782 who shall be licensed embalmers and funeral directors. Any 783

inspector employed by the board may enter the premises, 784 establishment, office, or place of business of any embalmer, 785 funeral director, or operator of a crematory facility in this 786 state, for the purposes of inspecting the facility and premises; 787 the license and registration of embalmers and funeral directors 788 operating in the facility; and the license of the funeral home, 789 790 embalming facility, or crematory. The inspector shall serve and execute any process issued by any court under this chapter, serve 791 and execute any papers or process issued by the board or any 792 officer or member of the board, and perform any other duties 793 delegated by the board. 794

- (D) The president of the board shall designate three of its 795 members to serve on the crematory review board, which is hereby 796 created, for such time as the president finds appropriate to carry 797 out the provisions of this chapter. Those members of the crematory 798 review board designated by the president to serve and three 799 members designated by the cemetery dispute resolution commission 800 shall designate, by a majority vote, one person who is experienced 801 in the operation of a crematory facility and who is not affiliated 802 with a cemetery or a funeral home to serve on the crematory review 803 board for such time as the crematory review board finds 804 appropriate. Members serving on the crematory review board shall 805 not receive any additional compensation for serving on the board, 806 but may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses 807 incurred in the performance of official duties as members of the 808 board. Members of the crematory review board shall designate one 809 from among its members to serve as a chairperson for such time as 810 the board finds appropriate. Costs associated with conducting an 811 adjudicatory hearing in accordance with division (E) of this 812 section shall be paid from funds available to the board of 813 embalmers and funeral directors. 814
  - (E) Upon receiving written notice from the board of embalmers

and funeral directors of any of the following, the crematory	816
review board shall conduct an adjudicatory hearing on the matter	817
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except as	818
otherwise provided in this section or division (C) of section	819
4717.14 of the Revised Code:	820
(1) Notice provided under division (H) of this section of an	821
alleged violation of any provision of this chapter or any rules	822
adopted under this chapter, or section 1111.19 of the Revised	823
Code, governing or in connection with crematory facilities or	824
cremation;	825
(2) Notice provided under division (B) of section 4717.14 of	826
the Revised Code that the board of embalmers and funeral directors	827
proposes to refuse to grant or renew, or to suspend or revoke, a	828
license to operate a crematory facility;	829
(3) Notice provided under division (C) of section 4717.14 of	830
the Revised Code that the board of embalmers and funeral directors	831
has issued an order summarily suspending a license to operate a	832
crematory facility;	833
(4) Notice provided under division (B) of section 4717.15 of	834
the Revised Code that the board of embalmers and funeral directors	835
proposes to issue a notice of violation and order requiring	836
payment of a forfeiture for any violation described in divisions	837
(A)(9)(a) to (g) of section 4717.04 of the Revised Code alleged in	838
connection with a crematory facility or cremation.	839
Nothing in division (E) of this section precludes the	840
crematory review board from appointing an independent examiner in	841
accordance with section 119.09 of the Revised Code to conduct any	842
adjudication hearing required under division (E) of this section.	843
The crematory review board shall submit a written report of	844
findings and advisory recommendations, and a written transcript of	845

its proceedings, to the board of embalmers and funeral directors.

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The board of embalmers and funeral directors shall serve a copy of 847 the written report of the crematory review board's findings and 848 advisory recommendations on the party to the adjudication or the 849 party's attorney, by certified mail, within five days after 850 receiving the report and advisory recommendations. A party may 851 file objections to the written report with the board of embalmers 852 and funeral directors within ten days after receiving the report. 853 No written report is final or appealable until it is issued as a 854 final order by the board of embalmers and funeral directors and 855 entered on the record of the proceedings. The board of embalmers 856 and funeral directors shall consider objections filed by the party 857 prior to issuing a final order. After reviewing the findings and 858 advisory recommendations of the crematory review board, the 859 written transcript of the crematory review board's proceedings, 860 and any objections filed by a party, the board of embalmers and 861 funeral directors shall issue a final order in the matter. Any 862 party may appeal the final order issued by the board of embalmers 863 and funeral directors in a matter described in divisions (E)(1) to 864 (4) of this section in accordance with section 119.12 of the 865 Revised Code, except that the appeal may be made to the court of 866 common pleas in the county in which is located the crematory 867 facility to which the final order pertains, or in the county in 868 which the party resides. 869

(F) On its own initiative or on receiving a written complaint 870 from any person whose identity is made known to the board of 871 embalmers and funeral directors, the board shall investigate the 872 acts or practices of any person holding or claiming to hold a 873 license or registration under this chapter that, if proven to have 874 occurred, would violate this chapter or any rules adopted under 875 it, or section 1111.19 of the Revised Code. The board may compel 876 witnesses by subpoena to appear and testify in relation to 877 investigations conducted under this chapter and may require by 878 subpoena duces tecum the production of any book, paper, or 879

document pertaining to an investigation. If a person does not	880
comply with a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum, the board may	881
apply to the court of common pleas of any county in this state for	882
an order compelling the person to comply with the subpoena or	883
subpoena duces tecum, or for failure to do so, to be held in	884
contempt of court.	885

- (G) If, as a result of its investigation conducted under 886 division (F) of this section, the board of embalmers and funeral 887 directors has reasonable cause to believe that the person 888 investigated is violating any provision of this chapter or any 889 rules adopted under this chapter, or section 1111.19 of the 890 Revised Code, governing or in connection with embalming, funeral 891 directing, funeral homes, embalming facilities, or the operation 892 of funeral homes or embalming facilities, it may, after providing 893 the opportunity for an adjudicatory hearing, issue an order 894 directing the person to cease the acts or practices that 895 constitute the violation. The board shall conduct the adjudicatory 896 hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code except 897 that, notwithstanding the provisions of that chapter, the 898 following shall apply: 899
- (1) The board shall send the notice informing the person of 900 the person's right to a hearing by certified mail. 901
- (2) The person is entitled to a hearing only if the person 902 requests a hearing and if the board receives the request within 903 thirty days after the mailing of the notice described in division 904 (G)(1) of this section. 905
- (3) A stenographic record shall be taken, in the manner 906 prescribed in section 119.09 of the Revised Code, at every 907 adjudicatory hearing held under this section, regardless of 908 whether the record may be the basis of an appeal to a court. 909
  - (H) If, as a result of its investigation conducted under 910

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division (F) of this section, the board of embalmers and funeral	911
directors has reasonable cause to believe that the person	912
investigated is violating any provision of this chapter or any	913
rules adopted under this chapter <del>, or section 1111.19 of the</del>	914
Revised Code, governing or in connection with crematory facilities	915
or cremation, the board shall send written notice of the alleged	916
violation to the crematory review board. If, after the conclusion	917
of the adjudicatory hearing in the matter conducted under division	918
(E) of this section, the board of embalmers and funeral directors	919
finds that a person is in violation of any provision of this	920
chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter <del>, or section</del>	921
1111.19 of the Revised Code, governing or in connection with	922
crematory facilities or cremation, the board may issue a final	923
order under that division directing the person to cease the acts	924
or practices that constitute the violation.	925

- (I) The board of embalmers and funeral directors may bring a 926 civil action to enjoin any violation or threatened violation of 927 section 1111.19; sections 4717.01 to 4717.15 of the Revised Code 928 or a rule adopted under any of those sections; division (A) or (B) 929 of section 4717.23; division (B)(1) or (2), (C)(1) or (2), (D), 930 (E), or (F)(1) or (2), or divisions (H) to (K) of section 4717.26; 931 division (D)(1) of section 4717.27; or divisions (A) to (C) of 932 section 4717.28, or division (D) or (E) of section 4717.31 of the 933 Revised Code. The action shall be brought in the county where the 934 violation occurred or the threatened violation is expected to 935 occur. At the request of the board, the attorney general shall 936 represent the board in any matter arising under this chapter. 937
- (J) The board of embalmers and funeral directors and the crematory review board may issue subpoenas for funeral directors and embalmers or persons holding themselves out as such, for operators of crematory facilities or persons holding themselves

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out as such, or for any other person whose testimony, in the	943
opinion of either board, is necessary. The subpoena shall require	944
the person to appear before the appropriate board or any	945
designated member of either board, upon any hearing conducted	946
under this chapter. The penalty for disobedience to the command of	947
such a subpoena is the same as for refusal to answer such a	948
process issued under authority of the court of common pleas.	949

- (K) All moneys received by the board of embalmers and funeral directors from any source shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the occupational licensing and regulatory fund created in section 4743.05 of the Revised Code.
- (L) The board of embalmers and funeral directors shall submit 954 a written report to the governor on or before the first Monday of 955 July of each year. This report shall contain a detailed statement 956 of the nature and amount of the board's receipts and the amount 957 and manner of its expenditures. 958

#### Sec. 4717.13. (A) No person shall do any of the following: 959

- (1) Engage in the business or profession of funeral directing 960 unless the person is licensed as a funeral director under this 961 chapter, is certified as an apprentice funeral director in 962 accordance with rules adopted under section 4717.04 of the Revised 963 Code and is assisting a funeral director licensed under this 964 chapter, or is a student in a college of mortuary sciences 965 approved by the board and is under the direct supervision of a 966 funeral director licensed by the board; 967
- (2) Engage in embalming unless the person is licensed as an embalmer under this chapter, is certified as an apprentice embalmer in accordance with rules adopted under section 4717.04 of the Revised Code and is assisting an embalmer licensed under this chapter, or is a student in a college of mortuary science approved by the board and is under the direct supervision of an embalmer

licensed by the board; 974 (3) Advertise or otherwise offer to provide or convey the 975 impression that the person provides funeral directing services 976 unless the person is licensed as a funeral director under this 977 chapter and is employed by or under contract to a licensed funeral 978 home and performs funeral directing services for that funeral home 979 in a manner consistent with the advertisement, offering, or 980 981 conveyance; (4) Advertise or otherwise offer to provide or convey the 982 impression that the person provides embalming services unless the 983 person is licensed as an embalmer under this chapter and is 984 employed by or under contract to a licensed funeral home or a 985 licensed embalming facility and performs embalming services for 986 the funeral home or embalming facility in a manner consistent with 987 the advertisement, offering, or conveyance; 988 (5) Operate a funeral home without a license to operate the 989 funeral home issued by the board under this chapter; 990 (6) Practice the business or profession of funeral directing 991 from any place except from a funeral home that a person is 992 licensed to operate under this chapter; 993 (7) Practice embalming from any place except from a funeral 994 home or embalming facility that a person is licensed to operate 995 under this chapter; 996 (8) Operate a crematory or perform cremation without a 997 license to operate the crematory issued under this chapter; 998 (9) Cremate animals in a cremation chamber in which dead 999 human bodies or body parts are cremated or cremate dead human 1000 bodies or human body parts in a cremation chamber in which animals 1001 are cremated. 1002

(B) No funeral director or other person in charge of the

final disposition of a dead human body shall fail to do one of the	1004
following prior to the interment of the body:	1005
(1) Affix to the ankle or wrist of the deceased a tag encased	1006
in a durable and long-lasting material that contains the name,	1007
date of birth, date of death, and social security number of the	1008
deceased;	1009
(2) Place in the casket a capsule containing a tag bearing	1010
the information described in division (B)(1) of this section;	1011
(3) If the body was cremated, place in the vessel containing	1012
the cremated remains a tag bearing the information described in	1013
division (B)(1) of this section.	1014
(C) No person who holds a funeral home license for a funeral	1015
home that is closed, or that is owned by a funeral business in	1016
which changes in the ownership of the funeral business result in a	1017
majority of the ownership of the funeral business being held by	1018
one or more persons who solely or in combination with others did	1019
not own a majority of the funeral business immediately prior to	1020
the change in ownership, shall fail to submit to the board within	1021
thirty days after the closing or such a change in ownership of the	1022
funeral business owning the funeral home, a clearly enumerated	1023
account of all of the following from which the licensee, at the	1024
time of the closing or change in ownership of the funeral business	1025
and in connection with the funeral home, was to receive payment	1026
for providing funeral services, funeral goods, or any combination	1027
of those in connection with the funeral or final disposition of a	1028
dead human body:	1029
(1) Preneed funeral contracts governed by section 1111.19	1030
sections 4717.31 to 4717.38 of the Revised Code;	1031
(2) Life insurance policies or annuities the benefits of	1032
which are payable to the provider of funeral or burial goods or	1033
services;	1034

- (3) Accounts at banks or savings banks insured by the federal 1035 deposit insurance corporation, savings and loan associations 1036 insured by the federal savings and loan insurance corporation or 1037 the Ohio deposit quarantee fund, or credit unions insured by the 1038 national credit union administration or a credit union share 1039 guaranty corporation organized under Chapter 1761. of the Revised 1040 Code that are payable upon the death of the person for whose 1041 benefit deposits into the accounts were made. 1042 Sec. 4717.14. (A) The board of embalmers and funeral 1043 directors may refuse to grant or renew, or may suspend or revoke, 1044
- directors may refuse to grant or renew, or may suspend or revoke, 1044 any license issued under this chapter for any of the following 1045 reasons:
- (1) The license was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation 1047 either in the application or in passing the examination. 1048
- (2) The applicant or licensee has been convicted of or has 1049 pleaded guilty to a felony or of any crime involving moral 1050 turpitude.
- (3) The applicant or licensee has purposely violated any 1052 provision of sections 4717.01 to 4717.15 or a rule adopted under 1053 any of those sections; division (A) or (B) of section 4717.23; 1054 division (B)(1) or (2), (C)(1) or (2), (D), (E), or (F)(1) or (2), 1055 or divisions (H) to (K) of section 4717.26; division (D)(1) of 1056 section 4717.27; or divisions (A) to (C) of section 4717.28 of the 1057 Revised Code; any rule or order of the department of health or a 1058 board of health of a health district governing the disposition of 1059 dead human bodies; or any other rule or order applicable to the 1060 applicant or licensee. 1061
- (4) The applicant or licensee has committed immoral or 1062 unprofessional conduct.
  - (5) The applicant or licensee knowingly permitted an

unlicensed person, other than a person serving an apprenticeship,	1065
to engage in the profession or business of embalming or funeral	1066
directing under the applicant's or licensee's supervision.	1067
(6) The applicant or licensee has been habitually	1068
intoxicated, or is addicted to the use of morphine, cocaine, or	1069
other habit-forming or illegal drugs.	1070
(7) The applicant or licensee has refused to promptly submit	1071
the custody of a dead human body upon the express order of the	1072
person legally entitled to the body.	1073
(8) The licensee loaned the licensee's own license, or the	1074
applicant or licensee borrowed or used the license of another	1075
person, or knowingly aided or abetted the granting of an improper	1076
license.	1077
(9) The applicant or licensee transferred a license to	1078
operate a funeral home, embalming facility, or crematory from one	1079
owner or operator to another, or from one location to another,	1080
without notifying the board.	1081
(10) The applicant or licensee mislead the public by using	1082
false or deceptive advertising.	1083
(B)(1) The board of embalmers and funeral directors shall	1084
refuse to grant or renew, or shall suspend or revoke, an	1085
embalmer's, funeral director's, funeral home, or embalming	1086
facility license only in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	1087
Revised Code.	1088
(2) The board shall send to the crematory review board	1089
written notice that it proposes to refuse to issue or renew, or	1090
proposes to suspend or revoke, a license to operate a crematory	1091
facility. If, after the conclusion of the adjudicatory hearing on	1092
the matter conducted under division (E) of section 4717.03 of the	1093
Revised Code, the board of embalmers and funeral directors finds	1094

that any of the circumstances described in divisions (A)(1) to

(10) of this section apply to the person named in its proposed	1096
action, the board may issue a final order under division (E) of	1097
section 4717.03 of the Revised Code refusing to issue or renew, or	1098
suspending or revoking, the person's license to operate a	1099
crematory facility.	1100

(C) If the board of embalmers and funeral directors 1101 determines that there is clear and convincing evidence that any of 1102 the circumstances described in divisions (A)(1) to (10) of this 1103 section apply to the holder of a license issued under this chapter 1104 and that the licensee's continued practice presents a danger of 1105 immediate and serious harm to the public, the board may suspend 1106 the licensee's license without a prior adjudicatory hearing. The 1107 executive director of the board shall prepare written allegations 1108 for consideration by the board. 1109

The board, after reviewing the written allegations, may 1110 suspend a license without a prior hearing. 1111

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 1112 certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 1113 the Revised Code. Such an order is not subject to suspension by 1114 the court during the pendency of any appeal filed under section 1115 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the holder of an embalmer's, 1116 funeral director's, funeral home, or embalming facility license 1117 requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for 1118 the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than 1119 seven days, after the licensee has requested a hearing, unless the 1120 board and the licensee agree to a different time for holding the 1121 hearing. 1122

Upon issuing a written order of suspension to the holder of a 1123 license to operate a crematory facility, the board of embalmers 1124 and funeral directors shall send written notice of the issuance of 1125 the order to the crematory review board. The crematory review 1126 board shall hold an adjudicatory hearing on the order under 1127

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division (E) of section 4717.03 of the Revised Code within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days, after the issuance of the order, unless the crematory review board and the licensee agree to a different time for holding the adjudicatory hearing.

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall 1132 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 1133 adjudicatory order issued by the board of embalmers and funeral 1134 directors pursuant to this division and Chapter 119. of the 1135 Revised Code, or division (E) of section 4717.03 of the Revised 1136 Code, as applicable, becomes effective. The board of embalmers and 1137 funeral directors shall issue its final adjudicatory order within 1138 sixty days after the completion of its hearing or, in the case of 1139 the summary suspension of a license to operate a crematory 1140 facility, within sixty days after completion of the adjudicatory 1141 hearing by the crematory review board. A failure to issue the 1142 order within that time results in the dissolution of the summary 1143 suspension order, but does not invalidate any subsequent final 1144 adjudicatory order. 1145

(D) If the board of embalmers and funeral directors suspends 1146 or revokes a license held by a funeral director or a funeral home 1147 for any reason identified in division (A) of this section, the 1148 board may file a complaint with the court of common pleas in the 1149 county where the violation occurred requesting appointment of a 1150 receiver and the sequestration of the assets of the funeral home 1151 that held the suspended or revoked license or the licensed funeral 1152 home that employs the funeral director that held the suspended or 1153 revoked license. If the court of common pleas is satisfied with 1154 the application for a receivership, the court may appoint a 1155 receiver. 1156

The board or a receiver may employ and procure whatever assistance or advice is necessary in the receivership or liquidation and distribution of the assets of the funeral home,

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and, for that purpose, may retain officers or employees of the	1160
funeral home as needed. All expenses of the receivership or	1161
liquidation shall be paid from the assets of the funeral home and	1162
shall be a lien on those assets, and that lien shall be a priority	1163
to any other lien.	1164
(E) Any holder of a license issued under this chapter who has	1165
pleaded guilty to, has been found by a judge or jury to be guilty	1166
of, or has had a judicial finding of eligibility for treatment in	1167
lieu of conviction entered against the individual in this state	1168
for aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious	1169
assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual	1170
imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated	1171
burglary, or who has pleaded guilty to, has been found by a judge	1172
or jury to be guilty of, or has had a judicial finding of	1173
eligibility for treatment in lieu of conviction entered against	1174
the individual in another jurisdiction for any substantially	1175
equivalent criminal offense, is hereby suspended from practice	1176
under this chapter by operation of law, and any license issued to	1177
the individual under this chapter is hereby suspended by operation	1178
of law as of the date of the guilty plea, verdict or finding of	1179
guilt, or judicial finding of eligibility for treatment in lieu of	1180
conviction, regardless of whether the proceedings are brought in	1181
this state or another jurisdiction. The board shall notify the	1182
suspended individual of the suspension of the individual's license	1183
by the operation of this division by certified mail or in person	1184
in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an	1185
individual whose license is suspended under this division fails to	1186
make a timely request for an adjudicatory hearing, the board shall	1187
enter a final order revoking the license.	1188
$\frac{(E)(F)}{(F)}$ No person whose license has been suspended or revoked	1189
under or by the operation of this section shall practice embalming	1190

or funeral directing or operate a funeral home, embalming

facility, or crematory facility until the board has reinstated the	1192
person's license.	1193
God 4717 21 (A) Only a functional discontant liganded number of	1104
Sec. 4717.31. (A) Only a funeral director licensed pursuant	1194
to this chapter may sell a preneed funeral contract that includes	1195
funeral services. Sections 4717.31 to 4717.38 of the Revised Code	1196
do not prohibit a person who is not a licensed funeral director	1197
from selling funeral goods pursuant to a preneed funeral contract;	1198
however, when a seller sells funeral goods pursuant to a preneed	1199
funeral contract, that seller shall comply with those sections	1200
unless the seller is specifically exempt from compliance under	1201
section 4717.38 of the Revised Code.	1202
(B) An insurance agent licensed pursuant to Chapter 3905. of	1203
the Revised Code may sell, solicit, or negotiate the sale of an	1204
insurance policy or annuity that will be used to fund a preneed	1205
funeral contract, but in so doing the insurance agent may not	1206
offer advice or make recommendations about funeral services and	1207
may not discuss the advantages or disadvantages of any funeral	1208
service. In selling, soliciting, or negotiating the sale of an	1209
insurance policy or annuity that will be used to fund a preneed	1210
funeral contract, the insurance agent may do any of the following:	1211
(1) Provide the person purchasing the insurance policy or	1212
annuity with price lists from one or more funeral homes and other	1213
materials that may assist the person in determining the cost of	1214
funeral goods and services;	1215
(2) Discuss the cost of funeral goods and services with the	1216
person in order to assist the person in selecting the appropriate	1217
amount of life insurance or annuity coverage;	1218
(3) Complete a worksheet or other record to calculate the	1219
estimated cost of a funeral.	1220
(C) Activities conducted pursuant to division (B) of this	1221

section by an insurance agent licensed pursuant to Chapter 3905.	1222
of the Revised Code do not constitute funeral directing, funeral	1223
arranging, the business of directing and supervising funerals for	1224
profit, or the sale of a preneed funeral contract.	1225
(D) No seller shall fail to comply with the requirements and	1226
duties specified in this section and sections 4717.32 to 4717.38	1227
of the Revised Code.	1228
(E) No trustee of a preneed funeral contract trust shall fail	1229
to comply with sections 4717.33, 4717.34, 4717.36, and 4717.37 of	1230
the Revised Code.	1231
(F) No insurance agent or insurance company that sells or	1232
offers life insurance policies or annuities used to fund a preneed	1233
funeral contract shall fail to comply with this section and	1234
sections 4717.33, 4717.34, 4717.35, and 4717.37 of the Revised	1235
Code. To the extent this section and sections 4717.33, 4717.34,	1236
4717.35, and 4717.37 of the Revised Code apply to insurance	1237
companies or insurance agents, those sections constitute laws of	1238
this state relating to insurance for purposes of sections 3901.03	1239
and 3901.04 of the Revised Code and the superintendent of	1240
insurance shall enforce those sections with respect to insurance	1241
companies and insurance agents. The superintendent may adopt rules	1242
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for purposes	1243
of administering and enforcing this section and sections 4717.33,	1244
4717.34, 4717.35, and 4717.37 of the Revised Code as those	1245
sections apply to insurance companies or insurance agents.	1246
	1247
(G) A preneed funeral contract may be funded by the purchase	1248
or assignment of an insurance policy or annuity in accordance with	1249
section 3905.45 of the Revised Code. A preneed funeral contract	1250
that is funded by the purchase or assignment of an insurance	1251
policy or annuity in accordance with section 3905.45 of the	1252
Revised Code is not subject to section 4717.36 of the Revised	1253

Code.	1254
(H) The board of embalmers and funeral directors shall	1255
administer and enforce the provisions of sections 4717.31 to	1256
4717.38 of the Revised Code concerning the requirements for and	1257
sale of preneed funeral contracts. The superintendent of insurance	1258
shall enforce sections 4717.31, 4717.33, 4717.34, 4717.35, and	1259
4717.37 of the Revised Code to the extent those sections apply to	1260
insurance companies and insurance agents. Payments from a trust,	1261
insurance policy, or annuity, including any fraudulent activities	1262
in which a person engages to obtain payments from a trust,	1263
insurance policy, or annuity, shall be regulated in accordance	1264
with Chapter 1111. or Title XXXIX of the Revised Code, as	1265
applicable.	1266
(I) A seller of a preneed funeral contract that is funded by	1267
insurance or otherwise annually shall submit to the board the	1268
reports the board requires pursuant to division (J) of this	1269
section.	1270
(J) The board shall adopt rules specifying the procedures and	1271
requirements for annual reporting of the sales of all preneed	1272
funeral contracts sold by every seller who is subject to sections	1273
4717.31 to 4717.38 of the Revised Code.	1274
Sec. 4717.32. (A) Any preneed funeral contract that involves	1275
the payment of money or the purchase or assignment of an insurance	1276
policy or annuity shall be in writing and shall include all of the	1277
following information:	1278
(1) The name, address, and phone number of the seller and the	1279
name and address of the purchaser of the contract, and, if the	1280
contract beneficiary is someone other than the purchaser of the	1281
contract, the name and address of the contract beneficiary, and if	1282
the contract involves the payment of money but not the purchase or	1283
assignment of an insurance policy or annuity, the social security	1284

funded by a life insurance policy, and that, in the event of an

perform until payment arrangements satisfactory to the seller have

insufficiency in funds, the seller shall not be required to

been made.

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(6) A disclosure that the purchaser has the right to make the 1317 contract irrevocable and that if the preneed funeral contract is 1318 irrevocable, the purchaser does not have a right to revoke the 1319 1320 contract; (7) A disclosure informing the purchaser of the initial right 1321 to cancel the preneed funeral contract within seven days as 1322 provided in division (A) of section 4717.34 of the Revised Code 1323 and the right to revoke a revocable preneed funeral contract in 1324 accordance with section 4717.35 or division (E) of section 4717.36 1325 of the Revised Code, as applicable; 1326 (8) A disclosure that the seller may substitute funeral goods 1327 or funeral services of equal quality, value, and workmanship if 1328 those specified in the preneed funeral contract are unavailable at 1329 the time of need; 1330 (9) A disclosure that any purchaser of funeral goods and 1331 funeral services is entitled to receive price information prior to 1332 making that purchase in accordance with the federal trade 1333 commission's funeral industry practices revised rule, 16 C.F.R. 1334 part 453; 1335 (10) The following notice in boldface print and in 1336 substantially the following form: 1337 "NOTICE: Under Ohio law, the person holding the right of 1338 disposition of the remains of the individual contract beneficiary 1339 pursuant to section 2108.70 or 2108.81 of the Revised Code will 1340 have the right to make funeral arrangements inconsistent with the 1341 arrangements set forth in this contract. However, the individual 1342 contract beneficiary is encouraged to state his or her preferences 1343 as to funeral arrangements in a declaration of the right of 1344 disposition pursuant to section 2108.72 of the Revised Code, 1345 including that the arrangements set forth in this contract shall 1346 be followed." 1347

(11) The notice described in division (A) of section 4717.34	1348
of the Revised Code.	1349
(B) If a preneed funeral contract is funded by any means	1350
other than an insurance policy or policies, or an annuity or	1351
annuities, the preneed funeral contract shall include all of the	1352
following information in addition to the information required to	1353
be included under division (A) of this section:	1354
(1) Disclosures identifying the name and address of the	1355
trustee of the preneed funeral contract trust established pursuant	1356
to section 4717.36 of the Revised Code, indicating whether fees,	1357
expenses, or taxes will be deducted from the trust, and a	1358
statement of who will be responsible for the taxes owed on the	1359
trust earnings;	1360
(2) A disclosure explaining the form in which the purchase	1361
price must be paid and, if the price is to be paid in	1362
installments, a disclosure to the purchaser regarding what	1363
constitutes a default under the preneed funeral contract and the	1364
consequences of the default;	1365
(3) The following notice in boldface print and in	1366
substantially the following form:	1367
"NOTICE: You, as the purchaser of this contract, will be	1368
notified in writing when the trustee of this contract has received	1369
a deposit of the funds you paid the seller under this contract. If	1370
you do not receive that notice within sixty days after the date	1371
you paid the funds to the seller, you should contact the trustee	1372
identified in the contract."	1373
(4) A disclosure that a purchaser of a preneed funeral	1374
contract that is irrevocable and that stipulates a firm or fixed	1375
or quaranteed price for the funeral services and goods to be	1376
provided under the preneed funeral contract may be charged a	1377
transfer fee as specified in division (F) of section 4717.36 of	1378

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disclosures are provided in the application for a life insurance

policy or annuity or in the life insurance policy or annuity.

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any means other than an insurance policy or policies, or an	1409
annuity or annuities, the trustee of the trust created pursuant to	1410
section 4717.36 of the Revised Code shall notify the purchaser of	1411
the preneed funeral contract in writing, within fifteen days after	1412
the trustee receives any payment to be deposited into the trust,	1413
that the trustee has received payment. The notice shall include	1414
all of the following information:	1415
(1) The amount the trustee received;	1416
(2) The name and address of the institution described in	1417
division (B) of section 4717.36 of the Revised Code where the	1418
trust is being held;	1419
(3) The name of the beneficiary of that trust.	1420
(B) If a preneed funeral contract is funded by the purchase	1421
or assignment of one or more insurance policies or annuities, the	1422
insurance company shall notify the purchaser of the preneed	1423
funeral contract in writing within sixty days after the insurance	1424
company receives an initial premium payment applicable to that	1425
preneed funeral contract. The notice shall include all of the	1426
following information that is pertinent to that preneed funeral	1427
contract:	1428
(1) The amount the insurance company received;	1429
(2) The name and address of the insurance company;	1430
(3) The name of the insured;	1431
(4) The amount of the death benefit;	1432
(5) The policy or contract number of the insurance policy,	1433
annuity, or contract.	1434
(C) For purposes of division (B) of this section, delivery of	1435
an insurance policy, certificate, annuity, or contract to the	1436
purchaser shall satisfy the notice requirement specified in that	1437

division.	1438
Sec. 4717.34. (A) Any purchaser, on initially entering into a	1439
preneed funeral contract may, within seven days after entering	1440
into that contract, rescind the contract and request and receive	1441
from the seller of the contract one hundred per cent of all	1442
payments made under the contract. Each preneed funeral contract	1443
shall contain the following notice in boldface print and in	1444
substantially the following form:	1445
"NOTICE: Under Ohio law, you, as the purchaser of this	1446
contract, may rescind it and receive a refund of all payments you	1447
made under the contract. To rescind the contract, you must notify	1448
the seller within seven days of signing the contract."	1449
(B) No preneed funeral contract shall contain a provision	1450
that restricts the purchaser from making the contract irrevocable.	1451
On the purchase by an individual of an irrevocable preneed funeral	1452
contract, the funeral director who sold the contract assumes the	1453
legal obligation to provide for the funeral of the individual	1454
pursuant to the terms of the contract. No money deposited in a	1455
trust fund for an irrevocable preneed funeral contract shall be	1456
withdrawn to purchase an insurance policy or annuity, except that	1457
a trustee may use money in the trust fund to purchase a life	1458
insurance policy or annuity as an investment for the trust fund.	1459
Sec. 4717.35. If a preneed funeral contract contains a	1460
provision stating that the preneed funeral contract will be funded	1461
by the purchase of an insurance policy, the insurance agent who	1462
sold the policy that will fund that preneed funeral contract shall	1463
remit the application for insurance and the premium paid to the	1464
insurance company designated in the preneed funeral contract	1465
within the time period specified in division (B)(15) of section	1466
3905.14 of the Revised Code, unless the purchaser rescinds the	1467

preneed funeral contract in accordance with division (A) of	1468
section 4717.34 of the Revised Code.	1469
If the purchaser of a preneed funeral contract that is	1470
revocable and that is funded by an insurance policy or annuity	1471
elects to cancel the preneed funeral contract, the purchaser shall	1472
provide a written notice to the seller and the insurance company	1473
designated in the contract stating that the purchaser intends to	1474
cancel that contract. Fifteen days after the purchaser provides	1475
the notice to the seller of the contract and the insurance	1476
company, the purchaser may cancel the preneed funeral contract and	1477
change the beneficiary of the insurance policy or annuity or	1478
reassign the benefits under the policy or annuity.	1479
The purchaser of a preneed funeral contract that is	1480
irrevocable and that is funded by an insurance policy or annuity	1481
may transfer the preneed funeral contract to a successor seller by	1482
notifying the original seller of the designation of a successor	1483
seller. Within fifteen days after receiving the written notice of	1484
the designation of the successor seller from the purchaser, the	1485
original seller shall assign the seller's rights to the proceeds	1486
of the policy to the successor seller. The insurance company shall	1487
confirm the change of assignment by providing written notice to	1488
the policyholder.	1489
Sec. 4717.36. (A) This section applies only to preneed	1490
funeral contracts that are funded by any means other than an	1491
insurance policy or policies, or an annuity or annuities.	1492
One hundred per cent of all payments for funeral goods and	1493
funeral services made under a preneed funeral contract shall	1494
remain intact and held in trust in accordance with this section	1495
for the benefit of the contract beneficiary. No money in a preneed	1496
funeral contract trust shall be distributed from the trust except	1497

as provided in this section. Within thirty days after the provider	1498
of the funeral goods or funeral services receives any payment	1499
under a preneed funeral contract, the seller of the preneed	1500
funeral contract shall deliver the moneys received for that	1501
preneed funeral contract that have not been returned to the	1502
purchaser as provided in division (A) of section 4717.34 of the	1503
Revised Code to the trustee designated in the preneed funeral	1504
contract.	1505
(B) The seller shall establish a preneed funeral contract	1506
trust at one of the following types of institutions and shall	1507
designate that institution as the trustee of the preneed funeral	1508
contract trust:	1509
(1) A trust company licensed under Chapter 1111. of the	1510
Revised Code;	1511
(2) A national bank, federal savings bank, or federal savings	1512
association that pledges securities in accordance with section	1513
1111.04 of the Revised Code;	1514
(3) A credit union authorized to conduct business in this	1515
state pursuant to Chapter 1733. of the Revised Code.	1516
(C) Moneys deposited in a preneed funeral contract trust fund	1517
shall be held and invested in the manner in which trust funds are	1518
permitted to be held and invested pursuant to Chapter 1111. of the	1519
Revised Code.	1520
(D) The seller shall establish a separate preneed funeral	1521
contract trust for the moneys paid under each preneed funeral	1522
contract, unless the purchaser or purchasers of a preneed funeral	1523
contract or contracts authorize the seller to place the moneys	1524
paid for that contract or those contracts in a combined preneed	1525
funeral contract trust. The trustee of a combined preneed funeral	1526
contract trust shall keep exact records of the corpus, income,	1527
expenses, and disbursements with regard to each purchaser and	1528

contract beneficiary for whom moneys are held in the trust. The	1529
terms of a preneed funeral contract trust are governed by this	1530
section and the payments from that trust are governed by Chapter	1531
1111. of the Revised Code, except as otherwise provided in this	1532
section.	1533
A trustee of a preneed funeral contract trust may pay taxes	1534
and expenses for a preneed funeral contract trust and may charge a	1535
fee for managing a preneed funeral contract trust. The fee shall	1536
not exceed the amount regularly or usually charged for similar	1537
services rendered by the institutions described in division (B) of	1538
this section when serving as a trustee. The taxes, expenses, and	1539
fees shall be paid only from the accumulated income on that trust.	1540
(E) If the purchaser of a preneed funeral contract that is	1541
revocable elects to cancel the contract, the purchaser shall	1542
provide a written notice to the seller of the contract and the	1543
trustee of the preneed funeral contract trust stating that the	1544
purchaser intends to cancel the contract. Fifteen days after the	1545
purchaser provides that notice to the seller and trustee, the	1546
purchaser may cancel the contract. Upon canceling a preneed	1547
funeral contract pursuant to this division, one of the following	1548
shall occur, as applicable:	1549
(1) If the preneed funeral contract does not stipulate a firm	1550
or fixed or guaranteed price for funeral goods and funeral	1551
services to be provided under the preneed funeral contract, the	1552
trustee shall give to the purchaser all of the assets of the trust	1553
that exist at the time of cancellation, less any fees charged,	1554
distributions paid, and expenses incurred by the trustee pursuant	1555
to division (D) of this section.	1556
(2) If the preneed funeral contract does stipulate a firm or	1557
fixed or quaranteed price for funeral goods and funeral services	1558
to be provided under the contract, the purchaser may request and	1559
receive from the trustee all of the assets of the trust at the	1560

time of cancellation, less a cancellation fee that the original	1561
seller may collect from the trustee that is equal to or less than	1562
ten per cent of the value of the assets of the trust on the date	1563
the trust is cancelled and less any fees charged, distributions	1564
paid, and expenses incurred by the trustee pursuant to division	1565
(D) of this section.	1566
If more than one purchaser enters into the contract, all of	1567
those purchasers must request cancellation of the contract for it	1568

to be effective under this division, and the trustee shall refund 1569 to each purchaser only those funds that purchaser has paid under 1570 the contract and any income earned on those funds in an amount 1571 that is in direct proportion to the amount of funds that purchaser 1572 paid relative to the total amount of payments deposited in that 1573 trust, less any fees charged, distributions paid, and expenses 1574 incurred by the trustee pursuant to division (D) of this section, 1575 the amount of which are in direct proportion to the amount of 1576 funds that purchaser paid relative to the total amount of payments 1577 <u>deposited in that trust.</u> 1578

(F) The purchaser of a preneed funeral contract that is 1579 irrevocable may transfer the preneed funeral contract to a 1580 successor seller. A purchaser who elects to make such a transfer 1581 shall provide a written notice of the designation of a successor 1582 seller to the trustee and the original seller. Within fifteen days 1583 after receiving the written notice of the new designation from the 1584 purchaser, the trustee shall list the successor seller as the 1585 seller of the preneed funeral contract and the original seller 1586 shall relinquish and transfer all rights under the preneed funeral 1587 contract to the successor seller. The trustee shall confirm the 1588 transfer by providing written notice of the transfer to the 1589 original seller, the successor seller, and the purchaser. If the 1590 preneed funeral contract stipulates a firm or fixed or quaranteed 1591 price for the funeral goods and funeral services to be provided 1592

under the preneed funeral contract, the original seller may	1593
collect from the trustee a transfer fee from the trust that equals	1594
up to ten per cent of the value of the assets of the trust on the	1595
date the trust is transferred. If the preneed funeral contract	1596
does not stipulate a firm or fixed or guaranteed price for funeral	1597
goods and funeral services to be provided under the preneed	1598
funeral contract, no transfer fee shall be collected by the	1599
original seller.	1600
(G) If a seller of a preneed funeral contract elects to	1601
transfer a preneed funeral contract trust from an institution	1602
listed in divisions (B)(1) to (3) of this section to a different	1603
institution, the trustee of the original trust shall notify the	1604
purchaser of the preneed funeral contract of that transfer in	1605
writing within thirty days after the transfer occurred and shall	1606
provide the purchaser with the name of and the contact information	1607
for the institution where the new trust is maintained. Upon	1608
receipt of the trust, the trustee of the transferred trust shall	1609
notify the purchaser of the receipt of the trusts in accordance	1610
with division (A) of section 4717.33 of the Revised Code.	1611
(H) If a seller receives a notice that the contract	1612
beneficiary has died and that funeral goods and funeral services	1613
have been provided by a provider other than the seller, except as	1614
otherwise specified in this section, the seller shall direct the	1615
trustee, within thirty days after receiving that notice, to pay to	1616
the contract beneficiary all funds held by the trustee, less any	1617
fees charged, distributions paid, and expenses incurred by the	1618
trustee pursuant to division (D) of this section. In the event the	1619
preneed funeral contract stipulates a firm or fixed or guaranteed	1620
price for funeral goods and funeral services that were to be	1621
provided under the preneed funeral contract, the seller may	1622
collect from the trustee a cancellation fee not exceeding ten per	1623
cent of the value of the assets of the trust on the date the trust	1624

is transferred. If the preneed funeral trust does not stipulate a	1625 1626
firm on fixed on guaranteed price for furerel made and for-	1626
firm or fixed or guaranteed price for funeral goods and funeral	1020
services to be provided under the preneed funeral contract, no	1627
cancellation fees shall be collected by the original seller.	1628
(I) A certified copy of the certificate of death or other	1629
evidence of death satisfactory to the trustee shall be furnished	1630
to the trustee as evidence of death, and the trustee shall	1631
promptly pay the accumulated payments and income, if any,	1632
according to the preneed funeral contract. Such payment of the	1633
accumulated payments and income pursuant to this section and, when	1634
applicable, the preneed funeral contract, relieves the trustee of	1635
any further liability on the accumulated payments and income.	1636
Sec. 4717.37. For purposes of sections 4717.31 to 4717.38 of	1637
the Revised Code, a seller is considered to have delivered funeral	1638
goods pursuant to a preneed funeral contract when the seller makes	1639
actual delivery of the goods to the contract beneficiary.	1640
Sec. 4717.38. Sections 4717.31 to 4717.38 of the Revised Code	1641
shall be construed as a limitation on the manner in which a person	1642
is permitted to accept funds in prepayment for funeral services to	1643
be performed in the future, or funeral goods to be used in	1644
connection with the funeral or final disposition of human remains,	1645
to the end that at all times members of the public may have an	1646
opportunity to arrange and pay for a funeral for themselves and	1647
their families in advance of need while at the same time providing	1648
all possible safequards to ensure that prepaid funds cannot be	1649
dissipated, whether intentionally or not, but remain available for	1650
payment for funeral goods and funeral services in connection with	1651
the funeral or final disposition of dead human bodies.	1652
	1653

Sections 4717.31 to 4717.38 of the Revised Code do not apply

to a seller if that seller is an established and legally	1655
cognizable church or denomination that is exempt from federal	1656
income taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the "Internal Revenue	1657
Code of 1986, " 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 501, as amended, and the	1658
preneed funeral contract pertains to a cemetery owned and operated	1659
entirely and exclusively by the church or denomination, on the	1660
condition that the church or denomination adopts, on a voluntary	1661
basis, rules and other measures to safeguard and secure all funds	1662
received under any preneed funeral contract.	1663
Any money, insurance policies, annuities, or other items	1664
delivered in payment of a preneed funeral contract, and any funds	1665
held in trust pursuant to section 4717.36 of the Revised Code, are	1666
exempt from levy, attachment, or sale to satisfy a judgment or	1667
order.	1668
Sec. 4717.99. Whoever violates any provision of sections	1669
4717.01 to 4717.15; division (A) or (B) of section 4717.23;	1670
division (B)(1) or (2), (C)(1) or (2), (D), (E), or (F)(1) or (2),	1671
or divisions (H) to (K) of section 4717.26; division (D)(1) of	1672
section 4717.27; or divisions (A) to (C) of section 4717.28 of the	1673
Revised Code shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more	1674
than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not more than one	1675
year, or both, for the first offense. For each subsequent offense	1676
such a person shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more	1677
than ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not more than one	1678
year, or both.	1679
Whoever purposely violates division (D) or (E) of section	1680
4717.31 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	1681
third degree. If the purpose of a violation of that division is to	1682
commit or facilitate the commission of a felony, whoever violates	1683
that division is quilty of a felony of the fourth degree.	1684

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<b>Sec. 5747.02.</b> (A) For the pur	rpose of providing revenue for	1686
the support of schools and local of	government functions, to provide	1687
relief to property taxpayers, to p	provide revenue for the general	1688
revenue fund, and to meet the expe	enses of administering the tax	1689
levied by this chapter, there is h	nereby levied on every	1690
individual, trust, and estate res	iding in or earning or receiving	1691
income in this state, on every inc	dividual, trust, and estate	1692
earning or receiving lottery winns	ings, prizes, or awards pursuant	1693
to Chapter 3770. of the Revised Co	ode, and on every individual,	1694
trust, and estate otherwise having	g nexus with or in this state	1695
under the Constitution of the Unit	ted States, an annual tax	1696
measured in the case of individual	ls by Ohio adjusted gross income	1697
less an exemption for the taxpayer	r, the taxpayer's spouse, and	1698
each dependent as provided in sect	tion 5747.025 of the Revised	1699
Code; measured in the case of trus	sts by modified Ohio taxable	1700
income under division (D) of this	section; and measured in the	1701
case of estates by Ohio taxable income. The tax imposed by this		1702
section on the balance thus obtain	ned is hereby levied as follows:	1703
(1) For taxable years beginn:	ing in 2004:	1704
OHIO ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME LESS		1705
EXEMPTIONS (INDIVIDUALS)		
OR		1706
MODIFIED OHIO		1707
TAXABLE INCOME (TRUSTS)		1708
OR		1709
OHIO TAXABLE INCOME (ESTATES)	TAX	1710
\$5,000 or less	.743%	1711
More than \$5,000 but not more	\$37.15 plus 1.486% of the amount	1712
than \$10,000	in excess of \$5,000	
More than \$10,000 but not more	\$111.45 plus 2.972% of the	1713
than \$15,000	amount in excess of \$10,000	
More than \$15,000 but not more	\$260.05 plus 3.715% of the	1714

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than \$20,000	amount in excess of \$15,000	
More than \$20,000 but not more	\$445.80 plus 4.457% of the	1715
than \$40,000	amount in excess of \$20,000	
More than \$40,000 but not more	\$1,337.20 plus 5.201% of the	1716
than \$80,000	amount in excess of \$40,000	
More than \$80,000 but not more	\$3,417.60 plus 5.943% of the	1717
than \$100,000	amount in excess of \$80,000	
More than \$100,000 but not more	\$4,606.20 plus 6.9% of the	1718
than \$200,000	amount in excess of \$100,000	
More than \$200,000	\$11,506.20 plus 7.5% of the	1719
	amount in excess of \$200,000	
(2) For taxable years beginn	ing in 2005:	1720
OHIO ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME LESS		1721
EXEMPTIONS (INDIVIDUALS)		
OR		1722
MODIFIED OHIO		1723
TAXABLE INCOME (TRUSTS)		1724
OR		1725
OHIO TAXABLE INCOME (ESTATES)	TAX	1726
\$5,000 or less	.712%	1727
More than \$5,000 but not more	\$35.60 plus 1.424% of the amount	1728
than \$10,000	in excess of \$5,000	
More than \$10,000 but not more	\$106.80 plus 2.847% of the	1729
than \$15,000	amount in excess of \$10,000	
More than \$15,000 but not more	\$249.15 plus 3.559% of the	1730
than \$20,000	amount in excess of \$15,000	
More than \$20,000 but not more	\$427.10 plus 4.27% of the amount	1731
than \$40,000	in excess of \$20,000	
More than \$40,000 but not more	\$1,281.10 plus 4.983% of the	1732
than \$80,000	amount in excess of \$40,000	
More than \$80,000 but not more	\$3,274.30 plus 5.693% of the	1733
than \$100,000	amount in excess of \$80,000	
More than \$100,000 but not more	\$4,412.90 plus 6.61% of the	1734

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than \$200,000	amount in excess of \$100,000	
More than \$200,000	\$11,022.90 plus 7.185% of the	1735
	amount in excess of \$200,000	
(3) For taxable years beginn	ing in 2006:	1736
OHIO ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME LESS		1737
EXEMPTIONS (INDIVIDUALS)		
OR		1738
MODIFIED OHIO		1739
TAXABLE INCOME (TRUSTS)		1740
OR		1741
OHIO TAXABLE INCOME (ESTATES)	TAX	1742
\$5,000 or less	.681%	1743
More than \$5,000 but not more	\$34.05 plus 1.361% of the amount	1744
than \$10,000	in excess of \$5,000	
More than \$10,000 but not more	\$102.10 plus 2.722% of the	1745
than \$15,000	amount in excess of \$10,000	
More than \$15,000 but not more	\$238.20 plus 3.403% of the	1746
than \$20,000	amount in excess of \$15,000	
More than \$20,000 but not more	\$408.35 plus 4.083% of the	1747
than \$40,000	amount in excess of \$20,000	
More than \$40,000 but not more	\$1,224.95 plus 4.764% of the	1748
than \$80,000	amount in excess of \$40,000	
More than \$80,000 but not more	\$3,130.55 plus 5.444% of the	1749
than \$100,000	amount in excess of \$80,000	
More than \$100,000 but not more	\$4,219.35 plus 6.32% of the	1750
than \$200,000	amount in excess of \$100,000	
More than \$200,000	\$10,539.35 plus 6.87% of the	1751
	amount in excess of \$200,000	
(4) For taxable years beginn	ing in 2007:	1752
OHIO ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME LESS		1753
EXEMPTIONS (INDIVIDUALS)		
OR		1754

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MODIFIED OHIO		1755
TAXABLE INCOME (TRUSTS)		1756
OR		1757
OHIO TAXABLE INCOME (ESTATES)	TAX	1758
\$5,000 or less	.649%	1759
More than \$5,000 but not more	\$32.45 plus 1.299% of the amount	1760
than \$10,000	in excess of \$5,000	
More than \$10,000 but not more	\$97.40 plus 2.598% of the amount	1761
than \$15,000	in excess of \$10,000	
More than \$15,000 but not more	\$227.30 plus 3.247% of the	1762
than \$20,000	amount in excess of \$15,000	
More than \$20,000 but not more	\$389.65 plus 3.895% of the	1763
than \$40,000	amount in excess of \$20,000	
More than \$40,000 but not more	\$1,168.65 plus 4.546% of the	1764
than \$80,000	amount in excess of \$40,000	
More than \$80,000 but not more	\$2,987.05 plus 5.194% of the	1765
than \$100,000	amount in excess of \$80,000	
More than \$100,000 but not more	\$4,025.85 plus 6.031% of the	1766
than \$200,000	amount in excess of \$100,000	
More than \$200,000	\$10,056.85 plus 6.555% of the	1767
	amount in excess of \$200,000	
(5) For taxable years beginn	ing in 2008:	1768
OHIO ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME LESS		1769
EXEMPTIONS (INDIVIDUALS)		
OR		1770
MODIFIED OHIO		1771
TAXABLE INCOME (TRUSTS)		1772
OR		1773
OHIO TAXABLE INCOME (ESTATES)	TAX	1774
\$5,000 or less	.618%	1775
More than \$5,000 but not more	\$30.90 plus 1.236% of the amount	1776
than \$10,000	in excess of \$5,000	
More than \$10,000 but not more	\$92.70 plus 2.473% of the amount	1777

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than \$15,000	in excess of \$10,000	
More than \$15,000 but not more	\$216.35 plus 3.091% of the	1778
than \$20,000	amount in excess of \$15,000	
More than \$20,000 but not more	\$370.90 plus 3.708% of the	1779
than \$40,000	amount in excess of \$20,000	
More than \$40,000 but not more	\$1,112.50 plus 4.327% of the	1780
than \$80,000	amount in excess of \$40,000	
More than \$80,000 but not more	\$2,843.30 plus 4.945% of the	1781
than \$100,000	amount in excess of \$80,000	
More than \$100,000 but not more	\$3,832.30 plus 5.741% of the	1782
than \$200,000	amount in excess of \$100,000	
More than \$200,000	\$9,573.30 plus 6.24% of the	1783
	amount in excess of \$200,000	
(6) For taxable years beginn	ing in 2009 or thereafter:	1784
OHIO ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME LESS		1785
EXEMPTIONS (INDIVIDUALS)		
OR		1786
MODIFIED OHIO		1787
TAXABLE INCOME (TRUSTS)		1788
OR		1789
OHIO TAXABLE INCOME (ESTATES)	TAX	1790
\$5,000 or less	.587%	1791
More than \$5,000 but not more	\$29.35 plus 1.174% of the amount	1792
than \$10,000	in excess of \$5,000	
More than \$10,000 but not more	\$88.05 plus 2.348% of the amount	1793
than \$15,000	in excess of \$10,000	
More than \$15,000 but not more	\$205.45 plus 2.935% of the	1794
than \$20,000	amount in excess of \$15,000	
More than \$20,000 but not more	\$352.20 plus 3.521% of the	1795
than \$40,000	amount in excess of \$20,000	
More than \$40,000 but not more	\$1,056.40 plus 4.109% of the	1796
than \$80,000	amount in excess of \$40,000	
More than \$80,000 but not more	\$2,700.00 plus 4.695% of the	1797

than \$100,000	amount in excess of \$80,000	
More than \$100,000 but not more	\$3,639.00 plus 5.451% of the	1798
than \$200,000	amount in excess of \$100,000	
More than \$200,000	\$9,090.00 plus 5.925% of the	1799
	amount in excess of \$200,000	

In July of each year, beginning in 2010, the tax commissioner 1800 shall adjust the income amounts prescribed in this division by 1801 multiplying the percentage increase in the gross domestic product 1802 deflator computed that year under section 5747.025 of the Revised 1803 Code by each of the income amounts resulting from the adjustment 1804 under this division in the preceding year, adding the resulting 1805 product to the corresponding income amount resulting from the 1806 adjustment in the preceding year, and rounding the resulting sum 1807 to the nearest multiple of fifty dollars. The tax commissioner 1808 also shall recompute each of the tax dollar amounts to the extent 1809 necessary to reflect the adjustment of the income amounts. The 1810 rates of taxation shall not be adjusted. 1811

The adjusted amounts apply to taxable years beginning in the calendar year in which the adjustments are made. The tax 1813 commissioner shall not make such adjustments in any year in which 1814 the amount resulting from the adjustment would be less than the 1815 amount resulting from the adjustment in the preceding year. 1816

- (B) If the director of budget and management makes a 1817 certification to the tax commissioner under division (B) of 1818 section 131.44 of the Revised Code, the amount of tax as 1819 determined under division (A) of this section shall be reduced by 1820 the percentage prescribed in that certification for taxable years 1821 beginning in the calendar year in which that certification is 1822 made.
- (C) The levy of this tax on income does not prevent a 1824 municipal corporation, a joint economic development zone created 1825 under section 715.691, or a joint economic development district 1826

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created under section 715.70 or 715.71 or sections 715.72 to	1827
715.81 of the Revised Code from levying a tax on income.	1828
(D) This division applies only to taxable years of a trust	1829
beginning in 2002 or thereafter.	1830
(1) The tax imposed by this section on a trust shall be	1831
computed by multiplying the Ohio modified taxable income of the	1832
trust by the rates prescribed by division (A) of this section.	1833
(2) A nonresident trust may claim a credit against the tax	1834
computed under division (D) of this section equal to the lesser of	1835
(1) the tax paid to another state or the District of Columbia on	1836
the nonresident trust's modified nonbusiness income, other than	1837
the portion of the nonresident trust's nonbusiness income that is	1838
qualifying investment income as defined in section 5747.012 of the	1839
Revised Code, or (2) the effective tax rate, based on modified	1840
Ohio taxable income, multiplied by the nonresident trust's	1841
modified nonbusiness income other than the portion of the	1842
nonresident trust's nonbusiness income that is qualifying	1843
investment income. The credit applies before any other applicable	1844
credits.	1845
(3) The credits enumerated in divisions $(A)(1)$ to $(13)$ of	1846
section 5747.98 of the Revised Code do not apply to a trust	1847
subject to division (D) of this section. Any credits enumerated in	1848
other divisions of section 5747.98 of the Revised Code apply to a	1849
trust subject to division (D) of this section. To the extent that	1850
the trust distributes income for the taxable year for which a	1851
credit is available to the trust, the credit shall be shared by	1852
the trust and its beneficiaries. The tax commissioner and the	1853
trust shall be guided by applicable regulations of the United	1854

(E) For the purposes of this section, "trust" means any trust 1856 described in Subchapter J of Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue 1857

States treasury regarding the sharing of credits.

Code, excluding trusts that are not irrevocable as defined in	1858
division (I)(3)(b) of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code and that	1859
have no modified Ohio taxable income for the taxable year,	1860
charitable remainder trusts, qualified funeral trusts and preneed	1861
funeral contract trusts established pursuant to section 1111.19	1862
sections 4717.31 to 4717.38 of the Revised Code that are not	1863
qualified funeral trusts, endowment and perpetual care trusts,	1864
qualified settlement trusts and funds, designated settlement	1865
trusts and funds, and trusts exempted from taxation under section	1866
501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.	1867

Section 2. That existing sections 1151.345, 1161.59, 1733.51, 1868 2108.81, 2117.251, 3103.03, 3901.04, 3901.21, 3905.451, 3923.80, 1869 4717.01, 4717.03, 4717.13, 4717.14, 4717.99, and 5747.02 and 1870 sections 1111.19 and 1111.99 of the Revised Code are hereby 1871 repealed.

Section 3. Sections 1 and 2 of this act, except for section 1873 3923.80 of the Revised Code, shall take effect ninety days after 1874 the effective date of this act. Section 3923.80 of the Revised 1875 Code, as amended by this act, shall take effect at the earliest 1876 time permitted by law.