## As Introduced

127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

S. B. No. 271

**Senator Mumper** 

## A BILL

To amend sections 1547.14, 1547.24, 1547.99, and	1
1548.032 and to enact sections 1547.072 and	2
1547.132 of the Revised Code to make changes to	3
the laws governing watercraft.	4

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1547.14, 1547.24, 1547.99, and	5
1548.032 be amended and sections 1547.072 and 1547.132 of the	б
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	7
Sec. 1547.072. No person shall operate or permit the	8
operation of a vessel on the waters in this state without	9
maintaining sufficient control to avoid an incident that results	10
in property damage, physical injury, loss of life, or any	11
combination of them.	12
Sec. 1547.132. (A) As used in this section, "public service"	13
means activities that include, but are not limited to, escorting	14
or patrolling special water events, traffic control, salvage,	15
firefighting, medical assistance, assisting disabled vessels, and	16
search and rescue.	17
<u>(B) No person shall operate a vessel at a speed that creates</u>	18
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<u>a wake within one hundred feet of a stationary law enforcement</u>	19

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light conforming with 33 C.F.R. 88.11.	21
(C) No person shall operate a vessel at a speed that creates	22
a wake within one hundred feet of a vessel that is being used to	23
provide public service and that displays at least one flashing,	24
oscillating, or rotating light conforming with 33 C.F.R. 88.12.	25
(D) No person shall permit any vessel to be operated on the	26
waters in this state in violation of this section.	27
Sec. 1547.14. (A) Except on the waters of Lake Erie, the Ohio	28
River, or Lake Erie and immediately connected harbors and	29
anchorage facilities bays, any person who rides or attempts to	30
ride upon one or more water skis, surfboard, or similar device, or	31
who engages or attempts to engage in barefoot skiing, and any	32
person who operates a vessel towing a person riding or attempting	33
to ride on one or more water skis, surfboard, or similar device,	34
or engaging or attempting to engage in barefoot skiing, shall	35
confine that activity to the water area within a designated ski	36
zone on all bodies of water on which a ski zone has been	37
established.	38
(B) On all bodies of water <del>designated as "open zone," that</del>	39
is, having a combined speed and ski zone where no specific	40
activity zones have been established, the activities described in	41
division (A) of this section shall be confined to <del>the open zone</del>	42
areas where the activities are not specifically restricted by this	43
chapter and rules adopted under it.	44
(C) <u>Divisions (A) and (B) of this section do not apply to an</u>	45
activity described in division (A) of this section if the vessel	46
involved in the activity is traveling at idle speed in a	47
designated no wake zone and the activity is not being conducted in	48

vessel displaying at least one flashing, oscillating, or rotating

any of the following areas:

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ramp, or harbor entrance;	51
(2) Within a designated anchorage area, swim zone, boat swim	52
<u>zone, or boat camping area;</u>	53
(3) Under a bridge or within three hundred feet of a bridge	54
<u>underpass;</u>	55
(4) Any area designated as a no ski zone.	56
(D) No person shall operate or permit to be operated any	57
vessel on the waters in this state in violation of this section.	58
Sec. 1547.24. No person shall operate or permit to be	59
operated any vessel under eighteen feet in length while there is	60
present in the vessel any person under ten years of age, not	61
wearing a coast guard approved type one, two, <del>or</del> three <u>, or five</u>	62
personal flotation device in good and serviceable condition of	63
appropriate size securely attached to the person under ten years	64
of age.	65
Sec. 1547.99. (A) Whoever violates section 1547.91 of the	66
Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fourth degree.	67
(B) Whoever violates division (F) of section 1547.08, section	68
1547.10, division (I) of section 1547.111, section 1547.13, or	69
section 1547.66 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of	70
the first degree.	71
(C) Whoever violates a provision of this chapter or a rule	72
adopted thereunder, for which no penalty is otherwise provided, is	73
guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	74

(1) Within three hundred feet of a gas dock, marina, launch

(D) Whoever violates section 1547.07, 1547.132, or 1547.12 of 75
the Revised Code without causing injury to persons or damage to 76
property is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 77

(E) Whoever violates section 1547.07<u>, 1547.132</u>, or 1547.12 of 78

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## S. B. No. 271 As Introduced

the Revised Code causing injury to persons or damage to property is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.

(F) Whoever violates division (M) of section 1547.54,
division (G) of section 1547.30, or section 1547.131, 1547.25,
1547.33, 1547.38, 1547.39, 1547.40, 1547.65, 1547.69, or 1547.92
of the Revised Code or a rule adopted under division (A)(2) of
section 1547.52 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of
the fourth degree.

(G) Whoever violates section 1547.11 of the Revised Code is
guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be punished
as provided in division (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(2) or (3) of 90 this section, the court shall sentence the offender to a jail term 91 of three consecutive days and may sentence the offender pursuant 92 to section 2929.24 of the Revised Code to a longer jail term. In 93 addition, the court shall impose upon the offender a fine of not 94 less than one hundred fifty nor more than one thousand dollars. 95

The court may suspend the execution of the mandatory jail 96 term of three consecutive days that it is required to impose by 97 division (G)(1) of this section if the court, in lieu of the 98 suspended jail term, places the offender under a community control 99 sanction pursuant to section 2929.25 of the Revised Code and 100 requires the offender to attend, for three consecutive days, a 101 drivers' intervention program that is certified pursuant to 102 section 3793.10 of the Revised Code. The court also may suspend 103 the execution of any part of the mandatory jail term of three 104 consecutive days that it is required to impose by division (G)(1)105 of this section if the court places the offender under a community 106 control sanction pursuant to section 2929.25 of the Revised Code 107 for part of the three consecutive days; requires the offender to 108 attend, for that part of the three consecutive days, a drivers' 109 intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 110

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of the Revised Code; and sentences the offender to a jail term 111 equal to the remainder of the three consecutive days that the 112 offender does not spend attending the drivers' intervention 113 program. The court may require the offender, as a condition of 114 community control, to attend and satisfactorily complete any 115 treatment or education programs, in addition to the required 116 attendance at a drivers' intervention program, that the operators 117 of the drivers' intervention program determine that the offender 118 should attend and to report periodically to the court on the 119 offender's progress in the programs. The court also may impose any 120 other conditions of community control on the offender that it 121 considers necessary. 122

(2) If, within six years of the offense, the offender has 123 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of section 124 1547.11 of the Revised Code, of a municipal ordinance relating to 125 operating a watercraft or manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, 126 or similar device while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of 127 abuse, or a combination of them, of a municipal ordinance relating 128 to operating a watercraft or manipulating any water skis, 129 aquaplane, or similar device with a prohibited concentration of 130 alcohol, a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled 131 substance in the whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or 132 urine, of division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code, 133 or of division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06 of the 134 Revised Code or section 2903.06 or 2903.07 of the Revised Code as 135 they existed prior to March 23, 2000, in a case in which the jury 136 or judge found that the offender was under the influence of 137 alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination of them, the court 138 shall sentence the offender to a jail term of ten consecutive days 139 and may sentence the offender pursuant to section 2929.24 of the 140 Revised Code to a longer jail term. In addition, the court shall 141 impose upon the offender a fine of not less than one hundred fifty 142 nor more than one thousand dollars. 143 In addition to any other sentence that it imposes upon the 144 offender, the court may require the offender to attend a drivers' 145 intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 146 of the Revised Code. 147

(3) If, within six years of the offense, the offender has 148 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to more than one violation 149 identified in division (G)(2) of this section, the court shall 150 sentence the offender to a jail term of thirty consecutive days 151 and may sentence the offender to a longer jail term of not more 152 than one year. In addition, the court shall impose upon the 153 offender a fine of not less than one hundred fifty nor more than 154 one thousand dollars. 155

In addition to any other sentence that it imposes upon the 156 offender, the court may require the offender to attend a drivers' 157 intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 158 of the Revised Code. 159

(4) Upon a showing that serving a jail term would seriously 160 affect the ability of an offender sentenced pursuant to division 161 (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section to continue the offender's 162 employment, the court may authorize that the offender be granted 163 work release after the offender has served the mandatory jail term 164 of three, ten, or thirty consecutive days that the court is 165 required by division (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section to 166 impose. No court shall authorize work release during the mandatory 167 jail term of three, ten, or thirty consecutive days that the court 168 is required by division (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section to 169 impose. The duration of the work release shall not exceed the time 170 necessary each day for the offender to commute to and from the 171 place of employment and the place in which the jail term is served 172 and the time actually spent under employment. 173

(5) Notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code thatauthorizes the suspension of the imposition or execution of a175

sentence or the placement of an offender in any treatment program 176 in lieu of being imprisoned or serving a jail term, no court shall 177 suspend the mandatory jail term of ten or thirty consecutive days 178 required to be imposed by division (G)(2) or (3) of this section 179 or place an offender who is sentenced pursuant to division (G)(2)180 or (3) of this section in any treatment program in lieu of being 181 imprisoned or serving a jail term until after the offender has 182 served the mandatory jail term of ten or thirty consecutive days 183 required to be imposed pursuant to division (G)(2) or (3) of this 184 section. Notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code that 185 authorizes the suspension of the imposition or execution of a 186 sentence or the placement of an offender in any treatment program 187 in lieu of being imprisoned or serving a jail term, no court, 188 except as specifically authorized by division (G)(1) of this 189 section, shall suspend the mandatory jail term of three 190 consecutive days required to be imposed by division (G)(1) of this 191 section or place an offender who is sentenced pursuant to division 192 (G)(1) of this section in any treatment program in lieu of 193 imprisonment until after the offender has served the mandatory 194 jail term of three consecutive days required to be imposed 195 pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section. 196

(6) As used in division (G) of this section, "jail term" and 197
"mandatory jail term" have the same meanings as in section 2929.01 198
of the Revised Code. 199

(H) Whoever violates section 1547.304 of the Revised Code is 200 guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree and also shall be 201 assessed any costs incurred by the state or a county, township, 202 municipal corporation, or other political subdivision in disposing 203 of an abandoned junk vessel or outboard motor, less any money 204 accruing to the state, county, township, municipal corporation, or 205 other political subdivision from that disposal. 206

(I) Whoever violates division (B) or (C) of section 1547.49 207

of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. 208

(J) Whoever violates section 1547.31 of the Revised Code is 209
guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on a first offense. 210
On each subsequent offense, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor 211
of the third degree. 212

(K) Whoever violates section 1547.05 or 1547.051 of the 213 Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree if 214 the violation is not related to a collision, injury to a person, 215 or damage to property and a misdemeanor of the third degree if the 216 violation is related to a collision, injury to a person, or damage 217 to property. 218

(L) The sentencing court, in addition to the penalty provided 219 under this section for a violation of this chapter or a rule 220 adopted under it that involves a powercraft powered by more than 221 ten horsepower and that, in the opinion of the court, involves a 222 threat to the safety of persons or property, shall order the 223 offender to complete successfully a boating course approved by the 224 national association of state boating law administrators before 225 the offender is allowed to operate a powercraft powered by more 226 than ten horsepower on the waters in this state. Violation of a 227 court order entered under this division is punishable as contempt 228 under Chapter 2705. of the Revised Code. 229

sec. 1548.032. (A)(1) If a person who is not an electronic 230 watercraft dealer owns a watercraft or outboard motor for which a 231 physical certificate of title has not been issued by a clerk of a 232 court of common pleas and the person sells the watercraft or 233 outboard motor to a watercraft dealer registered under section 234 1547.543 of the Revised Code, the person is not required to obtain 235 a physical certificate of title to the watercraft or outboard 236 motor in order to transfer ownership to the dealer. The person 237 shall present the dealer, in a manner approved by the chief of the 238

division of watercraft, with sufficient proof of the person's 239 identity and complete and sign a form prescribed by the chief 240 attesting to the person's identity and assigning the watercraft or 241 outboard motor to the dealer. Except as otherwise provided in this 242 section, the watercraft dealer shall present the assignment form 243 to any clerk of a court of common pleas together with an 244 application for a certificate of title and payment of the fees 245 prescribed by section 1548.10 of the Revised Code. 246

In a case in which an electronic certificate of title has 247 been issued and either the buyer or seller of the watercraft or 248 outboard motor is an electronic watercraft dealer, the electronic 249 watercraft dealer instead may inform a clerk of a court of common 250 pleas via electronic means of the sale of the watercraft or 251 outboard motor and assignment of ownership of the watercraft or 252 outboard motor. The clerk shall enter the information relating to 253 the assignment into the automated title processing system, and 254 ownership of the watercraft or outboard motor passes to the 255 applicant when the clerk enters this information into the system. 256 The dealer is not required to obtain a physical certificate of 257 title to the watercraft or outboard motor in the dealer's name. 258

(2) A clerk shall charge and collect from a dealer a fee of
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(2) A clerk shall or each watercraft or outboard motor assignment sent
(2) A clerk shall be distributed in accordance with section 1548.10 of
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(B) If a person who is not an electronic watercraft dealer
owns a watercraft <u>or outboard motor</u> for which a physical
certificate of title has not been issued by a clerk of a court of
common pleas and the person sells the watercraft <u>or outboard motor</u>
conson who is not a watercraft dealer registered under
section 1547.543 of the Revised Code, the person shall obtain a

physical certificate of title to the watercraft <u>or outboard motor</u>	270
in order to transfer ownership of the watercraft <u>or outboard motor</u>	271
to that person.	272
Section 2. That existing sections 1547.14, 1547.24, 1547.99,	273
and 1548.032 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	274