127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

Am. Sub. S. B. No. 271

Senator Mumper

Cosponsors: Senators Fedor, Harris, Kearney, Morano, Spada, Wagoner, Wilson, Miller, D.

Representatives Schlichter, McGregor, J., Gibbs, Core, Evans, Domenick,

Zehringer, Chandler, Dodd, Dyer, Flowers, Gerberry, Harwood, Heydinger,

Hughes, Letson, Luckie, Lundy, Newcomb, Sayre

A BILL

То	amend sections 1541.31, 1547.14, 1547.24, 1547.99,	1
	and 1548.032 and to enact sections 1547.072 and	2
	1547.132 of the Revised Code to make changes to	3
	the laws governing watercraft, to revise the	4
	Pymatuning Lake Compact, and to declare an	5
	emergency.	б

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

 section 1. That sections 1541.31, 1547.14, 1547.24, 1547.99,
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 and 1548.032 be amended and sections 1547.072 and 1547.132 of the
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 Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:
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Sec. 1541.31. That the compact or agreement mentioned below 10 and every article, matter, and thing therein is hereby ratified 11 and approved and shall be and hereafter remain in force agreeable 12 to the true tenor and intent thereof. 13

AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA 14 AND THE STATE OF OHIO RE PYMATUNING LAKE 15 This agreement made and concluded between the commonwealth of 16 Pennsylvania, acting by and through its lawfully authorized 17 agency, namely, the water and power resources board, as party of 18 the first part, and the state of Ohio, acting by and through its 19 lawfully authorized agency, namely, its conservation commissioner, 20 as party of the second part, 21

Witnesseth:

Whereas, By act of assembly of Pennsylvania approved May 2, 23 1929, P. L. 1503, as amended by acts of May 5, 1931, P. O. 84, 24 April 24, 1933, P. L. 67, and July 9, 1935, P. L. 619, the 25 department of forests and waters of Pennsylvania, acting through 26 the water and power resources board, was authorized, inter alia, 27 to complete the work begun and continued under an act approved 28 July 25, 1913, P. L. 1270, entitled "An act providing for the 29 erection of a dam at the outlet of Pymatuning swamp, and the 30 establishment of a reservoir to conserve the waters thereof; 31 providing for the taking of land and materials necessary thereto; 32 vesting certain powers and duties in the water supply commission; 33 and making an appropriation", and did duly complete said work, 34 whereby there was created a lake or reservoir, now known and 35 hereinafter called Pymatuning Lake, extending in part across the 36 boundary line between said states of Ohio and Pennsylvania into 37 the state of Ohio, and 38

Whereas, The primary purposes of the project by which said 39 lake was created was to conserve water draining said swamp, all of 40 which has its source in Pennsylvania, as well as control floods 41 and regulate the flow of water in the Shenango and Beaver rivers, 42 and secondary thereto, permit the water and the land surrounding 43 the same to be used for fishing, hunting, recreation and park 44 purposes, under such terms and conditions as the water and power 45 resources board might determine, in such way or ways as in the 46 opinion of the said board will not materially interfere with the 47

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primary purpose in said acts of assembly and hereinbefore 48 specifically referred to, and 49

Whereas, In view of the fact that a certain part of the lake 50 extends into the state of Ohio, whereby it is necessary and 51 desirable that the use of the lake for the secondary purposes, 52 namely, hunting, fishing, and recreational use, be uniformly 53 provided for, as well as to guard against inconvenience and 54 mischiefs which might hereafter arise from the uncertainty of 55 jurisdiction within and on said lake, to the end that the lake may 56 be adequately policed and conflicts of jurisdiction for the arrest 57 and punishment of offenders be avoided. 58

Now, then, therefore, in order that law and justice may in 59 all such cases be executed and take effect upon said lake from 60 shore to shore in all parts and places thereof where the lake is a 61 boundary between said states, the said parties hereto do agree for 62 and in behalf of their respective states in the manner following: 63

1. General use. It is hereby agreed that the entire 64 Pymatuning lake or reservoir, subject to the primary use thereof 65 by the commonwealth of Pennsylvania for regulating the flow of the 66 water in the Shenango and Beaver rivers as in paragraph 9 67 hereinafter more specifically mentioned, shall be open for 68 recreational use equally to the citizens of both contracting 69 parties, save as restricted as to hunting, fishing, and boating in 70 this agreement set forth, or hereafter mutually agreed upon by 71 both parties but no person shall be permitted to hunt or fish 72 therein or thereon unless the lawful holder of a fishing or 73 hunting license, authorizing the holder so to do, issued by the 74 proper authorities of Pennsylvania or of Ohio. 75

Arrest and prosecution of offenders. That each state shall
 and exercise a concurrent jurisdiction upon the water (but
 not upon the dry land), between the shores of said lake, including
 the islands therein, with respect to the arrest and prosecution of

offenders, but in such sort that any boat or vessel fastened to or 80 aground on the shore of either state shall be considered 81 exclusively within the jurisdiction of said state; but that all 82 capital and other offenses, trespasses, or damages committed on or 83 over said lake, the judicial investigation and determination 84 thereof shall be exclusively vested in the state wherein the 85 offender or person charged with such offense shall be first 86 apprehended, arrested, prosecuted, or first brought to trial; it 87 being the intent of this agreement that an offender may be pursued 88 and arrested anywhere on or over said lake or shores thereof or 89 islands therein, regardless of the boundary lines, by any peace 90 officers or persons of either state authorized to make arrests, 91 whether the offenses be committed on or over any part of the lake, 92 on the shores or islands therein, regardless of the state in which 93 the place where the offense was committed lies. 94

3. Islands. All islands within the lake shall be considered as part of the state of Pennsylvania.

4. Pollution of water. The lake shall be forever protected 97 against pollution of its waters by industrial trade waste, 98 individual, or municipal sewage from shore or boat, and the 99 discharge of any noxious or deleterious substance, liquid or 100 solid, into the waters of the lake which is or may become 101 inimical, or injurious, to public health or to animal or aquatic 102 life is hereby expressly forbidden. 103

No sewage may be discharged into the waters of the lake 104 except after complete treatment and then only upon permit first 105 approved by the health department of both states. 106

5. Boats and vessels Watercraft. No person shall operate any107watercraft propelled by a single motor, or any combination of108motors, that produces a horsepower rating in excess of ten twenty109horsepower on Pymatuning Lake, except a pontoon boat sixteen feet110in length or longer propelled by a single motor, or any111

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combination of motors, that produces a horsepower rating of twenty112horsepower or less and police or administration watercraft, the113number of which shall be mutually agreed upon by the parties114hereto.115

No person shall operate a watercraft without first obtaining 116 a license from the respective state of which the owner is a 117 resident under such regulations as each party to this agreement 118 may now have or hereafter adopt. Provided nevertheless that the 119 use of any type of watercraft equipped with a motor is expressly 120 limited and restricted to that portion of the lake extending from 121 the main dam near Jamestown northwardly to the causeway at or near 122 Linesville. Watercraft equipped with a motor in excess of ten a 123 twenty horsepower rating may be operated on said lake so long as 124 such motor is not used, except for a pontoon boat that is sixteen 125 feet in length or longer. 126

No person shall ride or attempt to ride upon one or more 127 water skis, surfboards, towed inflatable devices, or similar 128 devices or use or operate any vessel <u>watercraft</u> to tow a person 129 thereon. 130

Nothing contained in this subdivision shall be interpreted to131effect a change in the level or flow of water as determined or132fixed by the department of conservation and natural resources.133

Any one who violates any of the provisions of this subsection 134 or who operates any boat equipped with a motor on the lake without 135 being authorized to do so under the provisions of this 136 subdivision, shall, upon conviction thereof, be sentenced in 137 accordance with the applicable laws for the same or similar 138 violations within the prosecuting jurisdiction, provided that the 139 penalty for said violation shall not exceed a fine of five hundred 140 dollars or imprisonment for thirty days. 141

6. Fishing. Any person possessing a duly issued fishing 142

license by either state shall be permitted to fish anywhere on the 143 entire lake (except such portion thereof as is closed to fishing 144 by paragraph 8 hereof or such further portion as may hereafter by 145 regulation be mutually agreed to by the parties hereto), but no 146 fisher shall be entitled to fish from the shores of the state of 147 which the fisher is a nonresident unless the fisher complies with 148 the nonresident fishing license law of said state. 149

In order to permit the fish to fully propagate and develop, 150 no part of the lake shall be open for fishing until July 1, 1937, 151 and thereafter shall be closed in each year between December 10 152 and June 30. 153

Unless otherwise mutually agreed to by both parties hereto, 154 the creel, size, and season limits for the respective kinds of 155 fish caught shall be such as may hereafter be agreed upon between 156 the two states. 157

7. Reciprocal hunting rights. Reciprocal hunting rights are 158 hereby granted to the licensed hunters of each state on the water 159 of that portion of the lake, both in Pennsylvania and Ohio, over 160 the area bounded on the south by an east and west line crossing 161 the state boundary 0.5 of a mile north of Simons, Ohio, and on the 162 north by a line drawn between the point at which the Padanaram 163 road crosses the state boundary and a point formerly known as the 164 Polleck bridge, but such reciprocal hunting rights hereby granted 165 shall extend only to such wild migratory birds as are covered by 166 the federal migratory bird treaty and federal laws adopted 167 thereunder. 168

Hunting in such portions of the lake as are not included in 169 the area above described and designated shall be and remain under 170 the jurisdiction of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania. 171

No permanent blinds shall be erected anywhere on the lake and 172 shores thereof, but this provision shall not be interpreted as 173

forbidding the use of a boat as a blind temporarily moored to or 174 grounded on the shore of the lake or islands thereof. 175

8. Wild game and fish sanctuaries. A. The game commission of 176 the state of Pennsylvania, having established a wild migratory 177 bird and game sanctuary or refuge in that part of the lake located 178 southeast of the Pennsylvania railroad crossing, it is expressly 179 agreed that nothing herein contained shall be interpreted as 180 entitling the residents of either state, whether licensed to fish 181 or hunt, or otherwise, to fish in, hunt, trespass, or enter upon 182 said sanctuary for any purpose whatsoever. Anyone so doing shall 183 become amenable to prosecution therefor under the game laws of the 184 state of Pennsylvania applicable to game refuges. 185

B. The conservation division of the department of agriculture186of the state of Ohio, having established a fish sanctuary and game187refuge in the following portion of the lake:188

Being the southerly parts of lots Nos. 79 and 80, Richmond 189 township; all of lot No. 41, and all of lot No. 42, except the 190 westerly 1000 feet thereof, in Andover township, Ashtabula county, 191 Ohio: 192

Beginning at a point in the west line of lot No. 79, that is 193 1523 feet south of the north line of lot No. 79; also being the 194 center line of Padanaram road; thence southerly along the county 195 highway along the westerly side of lot No. 79, 1869.5 feet to the 196 north line of Andover township; thence westerly along the 197 northerly line of Andover township, 939.7 feet to the northwest 198 corner of lot No. 41; thence southerly along the highway that 199 marks the westerly line of lot No. 41, 2809.8 feet to the north 200 line of lot No. 42; thence easterly along the north line of lot 201 No. 42, 1000 feet to a point; thence in a southerly direction 202 parallel to and 1000 feet easterly from the westerly line of lot 203 No. 42, 2734 feet, more or less, to the southerly line of lot No. 204 42; thence easterly along the said southerly line of lot No. 42, 205

5180.4 feet to the Ohio and Pennsylvania state line; thence 206 northerly along the said Ohio and Pennsylvania state line, 7297.6 207 feet, more or less, to a point that is 1523 feet southerly from 208 the north line of lot No. 80; thence in a westerly direction, 1523 209 feet southerly from and parallel to the north lines of lots Nos. 210 79 and 80, 5260 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning. 211

It is expressly agreed that nothing herein contained shall be 212 interpreted as entitling the residents of either state, whether 213 licensed to fish or otherwise, to fish in, hunt, trespass, or 214 enter upon said sanctuary for any purpose whatsoever. Anyone so 215 doing shall become amenable to prosecution therefor under the laws 216 of the state of Ohio applicable thereto. 217

9. Reservation of Pennsylvania's right to the body of the 218 water. It is expressly agreed that nothing herein contained shall 219 operate to deny, limit, or restrict the right of the water and 220 power resources board of Pennsylvania, or any authority 221 established hereafter by said state to exercise such power, to at 222 any time now or hereafter, raise or draw off so much of the waters 223 of the lake as in its sole judgment may be necessary to maintain 2.2.4 or regulate the flow of the Shenango and Beaver rivers in 225 furtherance of the primary purpose for which said lake was 226 established, and said water and power resources board shall, 227 without let or hindrance, have the full right irrespective of 228 other considerations, to release so much of the water as they may 229 deem proper to maintain the flow of the Shenango and Beaver 230 rivers, irrespective of its effect on the level of the lake or use 231 thereof for other purposes. 232

Sec. 1547.072. No person shall operate or permit the233operation of a vessel on the waters in this state without234maintaining sufficient control to avoid an incident that results235in property damage, physical injury, loss of life, or any236

combination of them.

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Sec. 1547.132. (A) As used in this section, "public service"	238
means activities that include, but are not limited to, escorting	239
or patrolling special water events, traffic control, salvage,	240
firefighting, medical assistance, assisting disabled vessels, and	241
search and rescue.	242
(B) No person shall operate a vessel at a speed that creates	243
a wake within one hundred feet of a stationary law enforcement	244
vessel displaying at least one flashing, oscillating, or rotating	245
light conforming with 33 C.F.R. 88.11.	246
(C) No person shall operate a vessel at a speed that creates	247
a wake within one hundred feet of a vessel that is being used to	248
provide public service and that displays at least one flashing,	249
oscillating, or rotating light conforming with 33 C.F.R. 88.12.	
(D) No person shall permit any vessel to be operated on the	251
waters in this state in violation of this section.	252
Sec. 1547.14. (A) Except on the waters of Lake Erie, the Ohio	253
River $_{ au}$ or Lake Erie and immediately connected harbors and	254
anchorage facilities bays, any person who rides or attempts to	255
ride upon one or more water skis, surfboard, or similar device, or	256
who engages or attempts to engage in barefoot skiing, and any	257
person who operates a vessel towing a person riding or attempting	258
to ride on one or more water skis, surfboard, or similar device,	259
or engaging or attempting to engage in barefoot skiing, shall	260
confine that activity to the water area within a designated ski	261
zone on all bodies of water on which a ski zone has been	262
established.	263

(B) On all bodies of water designated as "open zone," that
 is, having a combined speed and ski zone where no specific
 activity zones have been established, the activities described in

division (A) of this section shall be confined to the open zone	267
areas where the activities are not specifically restricted by this	268
chapter and rules adopted under it.	
(C) <u>Divisions (A) and (B) of this section do not apply to an</u>	270
activity described in division (A) of this section if the vessel	271
involved in the activity is traveling at idle speed in a	272
designated no wake zone and the activity is not being conducted in	273
any of the following areas:	
(1) Within three hundred feet of a gas dock, marina, launch	275
<u>ramp, or harbor entrance;</u>	276
(2) Within a designated anchorage area, swim zone, boat swim	277
zone, or boat camping area;	278
(3) Under a bridge or within three hundred feet of a bridge	279
<u>underpass;</u>	
(4) Any area designated as a no ski zone.	281
(D) No person shall operate or permit to be operated any	282
vessel on the waters in this state in violation of this section.	283
Sec. 1547.24. No person shall operate or permit to be	284
operated any vessel under eighteen feet in length while there is	
present in the vessel any person under ten years of age, not	

wearing a coast guard approved type one, two, or three, or five 287
personal flotation device in good and serviceable condition of 288
appropriate size securely attached to the person under ten years 289
of age. 290

sec. 1547.99. (A) Whoever violates section 1547.91 of the 291
Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fourth degree. 292

(B) Whoever violates division (F) of section 1547.08, section 293
1547.10, division (I) of section 1547.111, section 1547.13, or 294
section 1547.66 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of 295

Page 11

the first degree. 296 (C) Whoever violates a provision of this chapter or a rule 297 adopted thereunder, for which no penalty is otherwise provided, is 298 guilty of a minor misdemeanor. 299 (D) Whoever violates section 1547.07, 1547.132, or 1547.12 of 300 the Revised Code without causing injury to persons or damage to 301 property is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 302 (E) Whoever violates section 1547.07, 1547.132, or 1547.12 of 303 the Revised Code causing injury to persons or damage to property 304 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 305 (F) Whoever violates division (M) of section 1547.54, 306 division (G) of section 1547.30, or section 1547.131, 1547.25, 307 1547.33, 1547.38, 1547.39, 1547.40, 1547.65, 1547.69, or 1547.92 308 of the Revised Code or a rule adopted under division (A)(2) of 309

section 1547.52 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of 310 the fourth degree. 311

(G) Whoever violates section 1547.11 of the Revised Code is 312 quilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall be punished 313 as provided in division (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section. 314

(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(2) or (3) of 315 this section, the court shall sentence the offender to a jail term 316 of three consecutive days and may sentence the offender pursuant 317 to section 2929.24 of the Revised Code to a longer jail term. In 318 addition, the court shall impose upon the offender a fine of not 319 less than one hundred fifty nor more than one thousand dollars. 320

The court may suspend the execution of the mandatory jail 321 term of three consecutive days that it is required to impose by 322 division (G)(1) of this section if the court, in lieu of the 323 suspended jail term, places the offender under a community control 324 sanction pursuant to section 2929.25 of the Revised Code and 325 requires the offender to attend, for three consecutive days, a 326 drivers' intervention program that is certified pursuant to 327 section 3793.10 of the Revised Code. The court also may suspend 328 the execution of any part of the mandatory jail term of three 329 consecutive days that it is required to impose by division (G)(1) 330 of this section if the court places the offender under a community 331 control sanction pursuant to section 2929.25 of the Revised Code 332 for part of the three consecutive days; requires the offender to 333 attend, for that part of the three consecutive days, a drivers' 334 intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 335 of the Revised Code; and sentences the offender to a jail term 336 equal to the remainder of the three consecutive days that the 337 offender does not spend attending the drivers' intervention 338 program. The court may require the offender, as a condition of 339 community control, to attend and satisfactorily complete any 340 treatment or education programs, in addition to the required 341 attendance at a drivers' intervention program, that the operators 342 of the drivers' intervention program determine that the offender 343 should attend and to report periodically to the court on the 344 offender's progress in the programs. The court also may impose any 345 other conditions of community control on the offender that it 346 considers necessary. 347

(2) If, within six years of the offense, the offender has 348 been convicted of or pleaded quilty to one violation of section 349 1547.11 of the Revised Code, of a municipal ordinance relating to 350 operating a watercraft or manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, 351 or similar device while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of 352 abuse, or a combination of them, of a municipal ordinance relating 353 to operating a watercraft or manipulating any water skis, 354 aquaplane, or similar device with a prohibited concentration of 355 alcohol, a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled 356 substance in the whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or 357 urine, of division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code, 358 or of division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2903.06 of the 359

Revised Code or section 2903.06 or 2903.07 of the Revised Code as 360 they existed prior to March 23, 2000, in a case in which the jury 361 or judge found that the offender was under the influence of 362 alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination of them, the court 363 shall sentence the offender to a jail term of ten consecutive days 364 and may sentence the offender pursuant to section 2929.24 of the 365 Revised Code to a longer jail term. In addition, the court shall 366 impose upon the offender a fine of not less than one hundred fifty 367 nor more than one thousand dollars. 368

In addition to any other sentence that it imposes upon the 369 offender, the court may require the offender to attend a drivers' 370 intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 371 of the Revised Code. 372

(3) If, within six years of the offense, the offender has 373 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to more than one violation 374 identified in division (G)(2) of this section, the court shall 375 sentence the offender to a jail term of thirty consecutive days 376 and may sentence the offender to a longer jail term of not more 377 than one year. In addition, the court shall impose upon the 378 offender a fine of not less than one hundred fifty nor more than 379 one thousand dollars. 380

In addition to any other sentence that it imposes upon the 381 offender, the court may require the offender to attend a drivers' 382 intervention program that is certified pursuant to section 3793.10 383 of the Revised Code. 384

(4) Upon a showing that serving a jail term would seriously 385 affect the ability of an offender sentenced pursuant to division 386 (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section to continue the offender's 387 employment, the court may authorize that the offender be granted 388 work release after the offender has served the mandatory jail term 389 of three, ten, or thirty consecutive days that the court is 390 required by division (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section to 391 impose. No court shall authorize work release during the mandatory 392 jail term of three, ten, or thirty consecutive days that the court 393 is required by division (G)(1), (2), or (3) of this section to 394 impose. The duration of the work release shall not exceed the time 395 necessary each day for the offender to commute to and from the 396 place of employment and the place in which the jail term is served 397 and the time actually spent under employment. 398

(5) Notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code that 399 authorizes the suspension of the imposition or execution of a 400 sentence or the placement of an offender in any treatment program 401 in lieu of being imprisoned or serving a jail term, no court shall 402 suspend the mandatory jail term of ten or thirty consecutive days 403 required to be imposed by division (G)(2) or (3) of this section 404 or place an offender who is sentenced pursuant to division (G)(2)405 or (3) of this section in any treatment program in lieu of being 406 imprisoned or serving a jail term until after the offender has 407 served the mandatory jail term of ten or thirty consecutive days 408 required to be imposed pursuant to division (G)(2) or (3) of this 409 section. Notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code that 410 authorizes the suspension of the imposition or execution of a 411 sentence or the placement of an offender in any treatment program 412 in lieu of being imprisoned or serving a jail term, no court, 413 except as specifically authorized by division (G)(1) of this 414 section, shall suspend the mandatory jail term of three 415 consecutive days required to be imposed by division (G)(1) of this 416 section or place an offender who is sentenced pursuant to division 417 (G)(1) of this section in any treatment program in lieu of 418 imprisonment until after the offender has served the mandatory 419 jail term of three consecutive days required to be imposed 420 pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section. 421

(6) As used in division (G) of this section, "jail term" and 422"mandatory jail term" have the same meanings as in section 2929.01 423

of the Revised Code.

(H) Whoever violates section 1547.304 of the Revised Code is
guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree and also shall be
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assessed any costs incurred by the state or a county, township,
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municipal corporation, or other political subdivision in disposing
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of an abandoned junk vessel or outboard motor, less any money
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accruing to the state, county, township, municipal corporation, or
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other political subdivision from that disposal.

(I) Whoever violates division (B) or (C) of section 1547.49division (B) or (C) of section 1547.49<lidivision (B) or (C) of section 1547.49<lidivision (B) or (C) of section 1547.49

(J) Whoever violates section 1547.31 of the Revised Code is
guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on a first offense.
On each subsequent offense, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor
436 of the third degree.
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(K) Whoever violates section 1547.05 or 1547.051 of the 438 Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree if 439 the violation is not related to a collision, injury to a person, 440 or damage to property and a misdemeanor of the third degree if the 441 violation is related to a collision, injury to a person, or damage 442 to property. 443

(L) The sentencing court, in addition to the penalty provided 444 under this section for a violation of this chapter or a rule 445 adopted under it that involves a powercraft powered by more than 446 ten horsepower and that, in the opinion of the court, involves a 447 threat to the safety of persons or property, shall order the 448 offender to complete successfully a boating course approved by the 449 national association of state boating law administrators before 450 the offender is allowed to operate a powercraft powered by more 451 452 than ten horsepower on the waters in this state. Violation of a court order entered under this division is punishable as contempt 453 under Chapter 2705. of the Revised Code. 454

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Sec. 1548.032. (A)(1) If a person who is not an electronic 455 watercraft dealer owns a watercraft or outboard motor for which a 456 physical certificate of title has not been issued by a clerk of a 457 court of common pleas and the person sells the watercraft or 458 outboard motor to a watercraft dealer registered under section 459 1547.543 of the Revised Code, the person is not required to obtain 460 a physical certificate of title to the watercraft or outboard 461 motor in order to transfer ownership to the dealer. The person 462 shall present the dealer, in a manner approved by the chief of the 463 division of watercraft, with sufficient proof of the person's 464 identity and complete and sign a form prescribed by the chief 465 attesting to the person's identity and assigning the watercraft or 466 outboard motor to the dealer. Except as otherwise provided in this 467 section, the watercraft dealer shall present the assignment form 468 469 to any clerk of a court of common pleas together with an application for a certificate of title and payment of the fees 470 prescribed by section 1548.10 of the Revised Code. 471

In a case in which an electronic certificate of title has 472 been issued and either the buyer or seller of the watercraft or 473 outboard motor is an electronic watercraft dealer, the electronic 474 watercraft dealer instead may inform a clerk of a court of common 475 pleas via electronic means of the sale of the watercraft or 476 outboard motor and assignment of ownership of the watercraft or 477 outboard motor. The clerk shall enter the information relating to 478 the assignment into the automated title processing system, and 479 ownership of the watercraft or outboard motor passes to the 480 applicant when the clerk enters this information into the system. 481 The dealer is not required to obtain a physical certificate of 482 title to the watercraft or outboard motor in the dealer's name. 483

(2) A clerk shall charge and collect from a dealer a fee of
five dollars for each watercraft <u>or outboard motor</u> assignment sent
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by the dealer to the clerk under division (A)(1) of this section.
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The fee shall be distributed in accordance with section 1548.10 of	487
the Revised Code.	488
(B) If a person who is not an electronic watercraft dealer	489
owns a watercraft <u>or outboard motor</u> for which a physical	490
certificate of title has not been issued by a clerk of a court of	491
common pleas and the person sells the watercraft <u>or outboard motor</u>	492
to a person who is not a watercraft dealer registered under	493
section 1547.543 of the Revised Code, the person shall obtain a	494
physical certificate of title to the watercraft <u>or outboard motor</u>	495
in order to transfer ownership of the watercraft <u>or outboard motor</u>	496
to that person.	497

 Section 2. That existing sections 1541.31, 1547.14, 1547.24,
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 1547.99, and 1548.032 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.
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Section 3. This act is hereby declared to be an emergency 500 measure necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 501 peace, health, and safety. The reason for such necessity lies in 502 the fact that the 2008 boating season will be starting soon, and 503 it is imperative that uniform requirements be in place for the 504 entirety of the boating season. Therefore, this act shall go into 505 immediate effect. 506