As Passed by the Senate

127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

Sub. S. B. No. 277

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Senator Stivers

Cosponsors: Senators Seitz, Miller, D., Kearney, Goodman, Schuring, Fedor, Harris, Mason, Miller, R., Mumper, Roberts, Sawyer, Cates

A BILL

To enact sections 1901.185 and 3767.50 of the Revised	1
Code to create a new cause of action in	2
foreclosure in the environmental division of a	3
municipal court to abate blighted parcels.	4
BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:	
Section 1. That sections 1901.185 and 3767.50 of the Revised	5
Code be enacted to read as follows:	6
Sec. 1901.185. In addition to jurisdiction otherwise granted	7
in this chapter, the environmental division, where established, of	8
the municipal court shall have jurisdiction within its territory	9
in all of the following actions or proceedings and to perform all	10
of the following functions:	11
(A) To hear actions arising under section 3767.50 of the	12
Revised Code;	13
(B) In any action authorized by section 3767.50 of the	14
Revised Code, the environmental division of the municipal court,	15
where established, shall exercise exclusive original jurisdiction	16
to make findings and orders pertaining to blighted parcels.	17

(C) When in aid of execution of a judgment of the

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collection of rents for the premises, the performance of	49
maintenance or repairs on the premises, or the authorization of	50
others to perform maintenance or repairs on the premises.	51
(B) A municipal corporation, in addition to any other remedy	52
authorized by law, has a cause of action to foreclose any existing	53
liens upon a blighted parcel located in the municipal corporation	54
provided that no other foreclosure action affecting the blighted	55
parcel is being actively prosecuted in any court of record. It is	56
an affirmative defense to an action under this division that the	57
owner of the blighted parcel has not been in default on any	58
mortgage on the property for twelve months or more or that there	59
is a bankruptcy proceeding pending in which the blighted parcel	60
has been listed as an asset. The environmental division of the	61
municipal court has exclusive original jurisdiction of the action.	62
To maintain the action, it is not necessary for the municipal	63
corporation to have a lien of its own upon the property. Rather,	64
it is sufficient for the municipal corporation to allege that,	65
because of the continuing existence of conditions causing the	66
property to be a blighted parcel, the owner has defaulted on the	67
terms of any agreement giving rise to a lien for failure to	68
maintain the property, and then to marshal and plead for	69
foreclosure of any or all outstanding liens upon the blighted	70
parcel. Section 3767.50 of the Revised Code does not create a	71
cause of action regarding any property not subject to a lien. The	72
municipal corporation shall not marshal a lien held by the United	73
States, by this state, or by a political subdivision other than	74
itself, or a lien vested by a tax certificate held under sections	75
5721.30 to 5721.43 of the Revised Code. The municipal corporation	76
shall join as a party to the action a lienholder whose lien is	77
being marshaled and shall notify the lienholder party that the	78
municipal corporation is proceeding to foreclose the lien under	79
this section and that the lienholder party may remediate the	80
conditions of the parcel constituting blight. If a lienholder	81

party certifies to the court that the party will remediate the	82
conditions of the parcel constituting blight within sixty days	83
after the party is served with a copy of the complaint of the	84
foreclosure action, the municipal corporation shall move to	85
dismiss the action.	86
In a judicial sale of a blighted parcel that is ordered as a	87
result of the foreclosure action, the priority of distribution of	88
the proceeds from the sale shall not be altered because the	89
municipal corporation marshaled and foreclosed on one or more	90
liens. Rather, proceeds from the sale shall be distributed	91
according to the priorities otherwise established by law.	92
(C)(1) With respect to any blighted parcel that is or may be	93
subject to an action under this section, the municipal corporation	94
may notify the taxing authority of each taxing unit in which the	95
blighted parcel is located that the municipal corporation is	96
proceeding to foreclose the lien under this section. The notice	97
shall state that the taxing authority may preserve its claim on	98
any distributions of delinquent or unpaid taxes and assessments	99
charged against the blighted parcel and arising from the judicial	100
sale proceeds by responding in writing to the municipal	101
corporation within a period of time to be specified in the notice.	102
The written response shall be certified by the taxing authority or	103
by the fiscal officer or other person authorized by the taxing	104
authority to respond. If such a response is received by the	105
municipal corporation within the specified time, or if such a	106
notice is not provided, the taxing authority's claim on	107
distributions of delinquent or unpaid taxes and assessments	108
charged against the blighted parcel and payable from proceeds of	109
the judicial sale shall be preserved and shall be disposed of in	110
the priority and manner otherwise prescribed by law. If such a	111
notice is provided and the response is not received within the	112
specified time, the taxing authority's claim on the delinquent or	113

parcel before the release becomes effective, and the manner in

which notice of such revocation shall be effected.

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