As Introduced

127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

S. B. No. 317

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Senator Padgett

Cosponsors: Senators Roberts, Schuring, Miller, D., Sawyer, Seitz

A BILL

То	amend section 4507.071 of the Revised Code to	1
	allow a court, under certain circumstances, to	2
	grant unaccompanied driving privileges one time to	3
	a probationary driver's license holder who,	4
	because of a moving violation, otherwise would be	5
	subject to a restriction that the person be	6
	accompanied by the holder's parent or quardian.	7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 4507.071 of the Revised Code be	8
amended to read as follows:	9
Sec. 4507.071. (A) No driver's license shall be issued to any	10
person under eighteen years of age, except that a probationary	11
license may be issued to a person who is at least sixteen years of	12
age and has held a temporary instruction permit for a period of at	13
least six months.	14
(B)(1)(a) No holder of a probationary driver's license who	15
has not attained the age of seventeen years shall operate a motor	16
vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property used by	17
the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking between the	18

hours of midnight and six a.m. unless the holder is accompanied by

the holder's parent or guardian.

(b) No holder of a probationary driver's license who has 21 attained the age of seventeen years but has not attained the age 22 of eighteen years shall operate a motor vehicle upon a highway or 23 any public or private property used by the public for purposes of 24 vehicular travel or parking between the hours of one a.m. and five 25 a.m. unless the holder is accompanied by the holder's parent or 26 guardian.

- (2)(a) Subject to division (D)(1)(a) of this section,

 division (B)(1)(a) of this section does not apply to the holder of

 a probationary driver's license who is traveling to or from work

 between the hours of midnight and six a.m. and has in the holder's

 immediate possession written documentation from the holder's

 agentle possession written documentation from the holder's

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 employer.
- (b) Division (B)(1)(b) of this section does not apply to the holder of a probationary driver's license who is traveling to or from work between the hours of one a.m. and five a.m. and has in the holder's immediate possession written documentation from the holder's employer.
- (3) An employer is not liable in damages in a civil action

 for any injury, death, or loss to person or property that

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 allegedly arises from, or is related to, the fact that the

 employer provided an employee who is the holder of a probationary

 driver's license with the written documentation described in

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 division (B)(2) of this section.

The registrar of motor vehicles shall make available at no 45 cost a form to serve as the written documentation described in 46 division (B)(2) of this section, and employers and holders of 47 probationary driver's licenses may utilize that form or may choose 48 to utilize any other written documentation to meet the 49 requirements of that division.

(4) No holder of a probationary driver's license who is less	51
than seventeen years of age shall operate a motor vehicle upon a	52
highway or any public or private property used by the public for	53
purposes of vehicular travel or parking with more than one person	54
who is not a family member occupying the vehicle unless the	55
probationary license holder is accompanied by the probationary	56
license holder's parent, guardian, or custodian.	57

(C) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of division 58 (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section if, at the time of the violation, 59 the holder of the probationary driver's license was traveling to 60 or from an official function sponsored by the school the holder 61 attends, or an emergency existed that required the holder to 62 operate a motor vehicle in violation of division (B)(1)(a) or (b) 63 of this section, or the holder was an emancipated minor. 64

- (D)(1)(a) ## Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(2)
 of this section, if a person is issued a probationary driver's
 license prior to attaining the age of seventeen years and the
 person pleads guilty to, is convicted of, or is adjudicated in
 juvenile court of having committed a moving violation during the
 six-month period commencing on the date on which the person is
 issued the probationary driver's license, the holder must be
 accompanied by the holder's parent or guardian whenever the holder
 is operating a motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or
 private property used by the public for purposes of vehicular
 travel or parking during whichever of the following time periods
 applies:
- (i) If, on the date the holder of the probationary driver's 77 license pleads guilty to, is convicted of, or is adjudicated in 78 juvenile court of having committed the moving violation, the 79 holder has not attained the age of sixteen years six months, 80 during the six-month period commencing on that date; 81
 - (ii) If, on the date the holder pleads guilty to, is

convicted of, or is adjudicated in juvenile court of having 83 committed the moving violation, the holder has attained the age of 84 sixteen years six months but not seventeen years, until the person 85 attains the age of seventeen years. 86

- (b) If the holder of a probationary driver's license commits 87 a moving violation during the six-month period after the person is 88 issued the probationary driver's license and before the person 89 attains the age of seventeen years and on the date the person 90 pleads guilty to, is convicted of, or is adjudicated in juvenile 91 court of having committed the moving violation the person has 92 attained the age of seventeen years, or if the person commits the 93 moving violation during the six-month period after the person is 94 issued the probationary driver's license and after the person 95 attains the age of seventeen years, the holder is not subject to 96 the restriction described in divisions (D)(1)(a)(i) and (ii) of 97 this section unless the court or juvenile court imposes such a 98 restriction upon the holder. 99
- (2) Any person who is subject to the operating restrictions 100 established under division (D)(1) of this section as a result of a 101 first moving violation may petition the court for occupational or 102 educational driving privileges without being accompanied by the 103 holder's parent or quardian during the period of time specified in 104 that division. The court may grant the person such driving 105 privileges if the court finds reasonable cause to believe that the 106 restrictions established in division (D)(1) will seriously affect 107 the person's ability to continue in employment or educational 108 training or will cause undue hardship on the license holder or a 109 family member of the license holder. In granting the driving 110 privileges, the court shall specify the purposes, times, and 111 places of the privileges and shall issue the person appropriate 112 forms setting forth the privileges granted. Occupational or 113 educational driving privileges under this division shall not be 114

granted to the same person more than once. If a person is	115
convicted of, pleads guilty to, or is adjudicated in juvenile	
court of having committed a second or subsequent moving violation,	117
any driving privileges previously granted under this division are	118
terminated upon the subsequent conviction, plea, or adjudication.	119
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(3) No person shall violate division (D)(1)(a) of this	121
section.	122
(E) No holder of a probationary license shall operate a motor	123
vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property used by	124
the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking unless the	125
total number of occupants of the vehicle does not exceed the total	126
number of occupant restraining devices originally installed in the	127
motor vehicle by its manufacturer, and each occupant of the	128
vehicle is wearing all of the available elements of a properly	129
adjusted occupant restraining device.	130
(F) A restricted license may be issued to a person who is	131
fourteen or fifteen years of age upon proof of hardship	132
satisfactory to the registrar of motor vehicles.	133
(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the	134
contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of a	135
motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the	136
motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether each	137
occupant of the motor vehicle is wearing all of the available	138
elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device as	139
required by division (E) of this section, or for the sole purpose	140
of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons if the requirement in	141
that division has been or is being violated, or for causing the	142
arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a person for a violation	143
of that requirement.	144

(H) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the

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contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of a	146
motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the	147
motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether a	148
violation of division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section has been or	149
is being committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a ticket,	150
citation, or summons for such a violation or for causing the	151
arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a person for such	152
violation.	153
(I) As used in this section:	154
(1) "Occupant restraining device" has the same meaning as in	155
section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.	156
(2) "Family member" of a probationary license holder includes	157
any of the following:	158
(a) A spouse;	159
(b) A child or stepchild;	160
(c) A parent, stepparent, grandparent, or parent-in-law;	161
(d) An aunt or uncle;	162
(e) A sibling, whether of the whole or half blood or by	163
adoption, a brother-in-law, or a sister-in-law;	164
(f) A son or daughter of the probationary license holder's	165
stepparent if the stepparent has not adopted the probationary	166
license holder;	167
(g) An eligible adult, as defined in section 4507.05 of the	168
Revised Code.	169
(3) "Moving violation" means any violation of any statute or	170
ordinance that regulates the operation of vehicles, streetcars, or	171
trackless trolleys on the highways or streets. "Moving violation"	172
does not include a violation of section 4513.263 of the Revised	173
Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, or a	174

violation of any statute or ordinance regulating pedestrians or

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the parking of vehicles, vehicle size or load limitations, vehicle	176
fitness requirements, or vehicle registration.	177
(J) Whoever violates division (B)(1) or (4), (D) $\frac{(2)}{(3)}$, or	178
(E) of this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	179
Section 2. That existing section 4507.071 of the Revised Code	180
is hereby repealed.	181