As Reported by the House Judiciary Committee

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Am. Sub. S. B. No. 370

Senator Seitz

Cosponsors: Senators Buehrer, Cates, Goodman, Harris, Schaffer, Stivers, Amstutz, Schuler

A BILL

To enact sections 2307.951, 2307.952, 2307.953, and	1
2307.954 of the Revised Code to require claimants	2
in asbestos tort actions to make certain	3
disclosures pertaining to asbestos trust claims	4
that have been submitted to asbestos trust	5
entities for the purpose of compensating the	б
claimant for asbestos exposure.	7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2307.951, 2307.952, 2307.953, and	8
2307.954 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	9
Sec. 2307.951. As used in this section and sections 2307.952	10
to 2307.954 of the Revised Code:	11
(A) "Asbestos," "asbestos claim," and "tort action" have the	12
same meanings as in section 2307.91 of the Revised Code.	13
(B) "Asbestos tort action" means a tort action based on an	14
<u>asbestos claim.</u>	15
(C) Except as otherwise provided in division (E) of section	16
2307.954 of the Revised Code, "asbestos trust" means and	17

encompasses all trust entities, claims agents, or claims	18
processing facilities that are created pursuant to the	19
jurisdiction of a United States bankruptcy court and section	20
524(g) of Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11	21
U.S.C. 524(g), or other applicable provision of law, that are	22
formed for the purpose of compensating claimants asserting	23
eligible asbestos claims, and that are in existence on the date	24
initially set for trial in the asbestos tort action.	25
(D) "Asbestos trust claim" means any claim for compensation	26
by an exposed person or the exposed person's asserted	27
representative against any asbestos trust.	28
(E) "Cancer" means a malignant condition.	29
(F) "Claimant" means any person asserting an asbestos claim	30
<u>or asbestos trust claim. "Claimant" includes a plaintiff,</u>	31
counterclaimant, cross-claimant, or third-party plaintiff.	32
(G) "Exposed person" means any person whose exposure to	33
asbestos or to asbestos-containing products is the basis for an	34
<u>asbestos claim.</u>	35
(H) "Non-cancer" means a nonmalignant condition.	36
(I) "Proof of claim" means any form of documentation that a	37
potential claimant against an asbestos trust submits or provides	38
to the asbestos trust that attests to or asserts the existence of	39
any liquidated or unliquidated asbestos claim that the claimant	40
may have against the asbestos trust or its predecessors under any	41
theory of law.	42
(J) "Trust claims material" means documents constituting an	43
asbestos trust claim, including, but not limited to, claim forms,	44
proofs of claim, and informational material required by an	45
asbestos trust to be submitted by a claimant in order to have the	46
claim evaluated by the asbestos trust and relied upon by the	47
asbestos trust in making its compensation determination.	48

(K) "Trust governance documents" means and encompasses all	49
documents that set forth in the plan of reorganization and related	50
orders, terms, conditions, distribution procedures, payment	51
schedules and matrixes, evaluation paradigms and adjustment	52
formulas, and all other policies and procedures that are utilized	53
to determine a claimant's eligibility for, and the amounts or	54

levels of, payment to a claimant by an asbestos trust.

sec. 2307.952. (A)(1)(a) Within thirty days of assignment of 56 an initial trial date in an asbestos tort action that is not 57 otherwise barred or deferred under applicable law, or within 58 thirty days of the effective date of this section with respect to 59 asbestos tort actions that are pending on that effective date and 60 that have been assigned an initial trial date, a claimant shall 61 provide to all of the parties in the action a sworn statement by 62 the claimant, under penalty of perjury, identifying all existing 63 asbestos trust claims made by or on behalf of the claimant. The 64 sworn statement shall disclose the date on which each asbestos 65 trust claim against the relevant asbestos trust was made and 66 whether any request for a deferral, delay, suspension, or tolling 67 of the asbestos trust claims process has been submitted. 68

(b) The submission of the sworn statement under division70(A)(1)(a) of this section shall be in addition to any disclosure71requirements otherwise imposed by law, civil rule, court order or72ruling, applicable agreement or stipulation, local rule, or case73management order.74

(2) If the claimant, subsequent to the submission of the75sworn statement under division (A)(1)(a) of this section files or76submits any additional asbestos trust claims not previously77disclosed, the claimant shall provide to all of the parties in the78asbestos tort action an amendment updating the statement and79

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identifying the additional asbestos trust claims. The claimant	80
shall provide any amendment under division (A)(2) of this section	81
within thirty days of filing an asbestos trust claim with, or	82
submitting an asbestos trust claim to, any additional asbestos	83
trust.	84
(3) With respect to any asbestos trust claim that a claimant	85
disclosed under division (A)(2) of this section in an amendment to	86
the sworn statement, the claimant shall provide to all of the	87
parties in the asbestos tort action all trust claims material	88
pertaining to each additional asbestos trust claim identified in	89
that amendment. The claimant shall provide the trust claims	90
materials under division (A)(3) of this section within thirty days	91
of filing or submitting each additional asbestos trust claim.	92
(B) Failure to provide to all parties in the asbestos tort	93
action all trust claims material as required by this section in a	94
timely manner shall constitute grounds for the court to extend the	95
<u>date set for trial.</u>	96
(C) Nothing in this section shall prevent a court of	97
competent jurisdiction from requiring disclosures in addition to	98
the disclosures required under this section.	99
Sec. 2307.953. (A) Any defendant in an asbestos tort action	100
may file a motion with the court, with notice to the claimant and	101
to all of the parties in the action, for an order to stay the	102
proceedings. A defendant's motion to stay the proceedings shall	103
set forth all of the following:	104
(1) The identities of all asbestos trusts not previously	105
disclosed by the claimant pursuant to section 2307.952 of the	106
Revised Code against which the claimant has not made any asbestos	107
trust claims but against which the defendant in good faith	108
believes the claimant may make a successful asbestos trust claim;	109

(2) The information that the defendant believes supports the	110
additional asbestos trust claims described in division (A)(1) of	111
this section;	112
(3) A description of the information sufficient to meet the	113
asbestos trust claim requirements of the asbestos trusts described	114
in division (A)(1) of this section.	115
(B) Within fourteen days after the filing of the defendant's	116
motion for an order to stay the proceedings under division (A) of	117
this section, the claimant may do the following:	118
(1) File the asbestos trust claims with or submit them to the	119
asbestos trusts identified in the defendant's motion for an order	120
to stay the proceedings. The submission to the court and to all of	121
the parties in the asbestos tort action of proof demonstrating	122
that the asbestos trust claims identified in the defendant's	123
motion to stay the proceedings have been filed with or submitted	124
to the appropriate asbestos trusts is dispositive of the	125
defendant's motion for an order to stay the proceedings.	126
Alternatively, the defendant may withdraw the motion brought under	127
this section.	128
(2) File with the court a response to the defendant's motion	129
for an order to stay the proceedings requesting a determination by	130
the court that the information supporting the asbestos trust	131
claims against the asbestos trusts identified in the defendant's	132
motion for an order to stay the proceedings should be modified	133
prior to the filing of an asbestos trust claim with, or the	134
<u>submission of an asbestos trust claim to, an asbestos trust or</u>	135
that there is insufficient information to file or submit the	136
asbestos trust claim identified in the defendant's motion for an	137
order to stay the proceedings.	138
(C) If the defendant has not met its burden under division	139
(A) of this section and if the claimant files a response pursuant	140

to division (B)(2) of this section, the court shall determine if a	141
successful asbestos trust claim could be submitted in good faith	142
to each asbestos trust identified in the defendant's motion for an	143
order to stay the proceedings brought pursuant to division (A) of	144
this section. The claimant has the burden of proof, by a	145
preponderance of the evidence, to demonstrate that the information	146
set forth by the defendant pursuant to divisions $(A)(2)$ and (3) of	147
this section should be modified prior to the filing of an asbestos	148
trust claim with, or the submission of an asbestos trust claim to,	149
each asbestos trust, that the asbestos trust claims should not be	150
filed with or submitted to the asbestos trust because a successful	151
asbestos trust claim cannot be made in good faith, or that the	152
reasonably anticipated recovery from the asbestos trust claim	153
renders the filing of the asbestos trust claim economically	154
imprudent.	155
(D) If the court determines that there is a good faith basis	156
for filing an aspestos trust claim with or submitting an aspestos	157
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for filing an asbestos trust claim with, or submitting an asbestos 157 trust claim to, an asbestos trust identified in the defendant's 158 motion for an order to stay the proceedings brought pursuant to 159 division (A) of this section, the court shall stay the proceedings 160 until the claimant files the asbestos trust claims with or submits 161 them to the asbestos trusts identified in the defendant's motion 162 for an order to stay the proceedings and has otherwise met the 163 obligations set forth in sections 2307.952 and 2307.953 of the 164 Revised Code. 165

Sec. 2307.954. (A) A non-cancer asbestos trust claim and a	166
cancer asbestos trust claim are based on distinct injuries caused	167
by a person's exposure to asbestos. A non-cancer asbestos trust	168
claim that is subject to disclosure under section 2307.952 or	169
2307.953 of the Revised Code or is identified in this section	170
means the non-cancer asbestos claim that is the subject of the	171
asbestos tort action in which the defendant seeks discovery	172

pursuant sections 2307.951 to 2307.954 of the Revised Code. If a	173
claimant previously filed a non-cancer asbestos trust claim with,	174
or submitted a non-cancer asbestos trust claim to, an asbestos	175
trust and subsequently filed an asbestos tort action based on a	176
cancer asbestos claim, a cancer asbestos trust claim that is	177
subject to disclosure under sections 2307.952 and 2307.953 of the	178
Revised Code or is identified in this section means both the	179
earlier filed non-cancer asbestos trust claim and the cancer	180
asbestos claim that is the subject of the subsequent asbestos tort	181
action.	182
(B) Asbestos trust claims and the information that is the	183
subject of disclosure under sections 2307.952 and 2307.953 of the	184
Revised Code are presumed to be authentic, relevant to, and	185
discoverable in, an asbestos tort action. Notwithstanding any	186
agreement or confidentiality provision, trust claims material are	187
presumed to not be privileged. The parties in the asbestos tort	188
action may introduce at trial any trust claims material to prove	189
alternative causation for the exposed person's claimed injury,	190
death, or loss to person, to prove a basis to allocate	191
responsibility for the claimant's claimed injury, death, or loss	192
to person, and to prove issues relevant to an adjudication of the	193
asbestos claim unless the exclusion of the trust claims material	194
is otherwise required by the rules of evidence. A claim rejected	195
by an asbestos trust may be excluded if required by the rules of	196
evidence.	197
(C) In addition to the disclosure requirements set forth in	198
sections 2307.952 and 2307.953 of the Revised Code, the parties to	199
the asbestos tort action may seek additional disclosure and	200
discovery of information relevant to the action by any mechanism	201
provided for by any applicable section of the Revised Code, the	202
Rules of Civil Procedure, any local rule, or any case management	203
order. In addition to the disclosure described in this division,	204

any defendant in the asbestos tort action also may seek discovery	205
of the claimant's asbestos trust claims directly from the asbestos	206
trusts involved. Within thirty days of assignment of an initial	207
trial date in an asbestos tort action that is not otherwise barred	208
or deferred under applicable law, or within thirty days of the	209
effective date of this section with respect to asbestos tort	210
actions that are pending on that effective date and that have been	211
assigned an initial trial date, a claimant shall provide to all of	212
the parties in the asbestos tort action the consent,	213
authorization, or permission that may be required by any asbestos	214
trust for the release of information and materials that are	215
subject to the disclosure requirements of sections 2307.952 and	216
2307.953 of the Revised Code or any additional disclosure under	217
this division.	218
(D) The court in an asbestos tort action, upon the filing by	219

a defendant or judgment debtor of an appropriate motion seeking220sanctions or other relief, may impose any sanction provided by a221law of this state, including, but not limited to, vacating a222judgment rendered in an asbestos tort action, for a claimant's223failure to comply with the disclosure requirements of sections2242307.952, 2307.953, and 2307.954 of the Revised Code.225

(E)(1) If a claimant, subsequent to obtaining a judgment in 226 an asbestos tort action in this state, files any additional 227 asbestos trust claim with, or submits any additional asbestos 228 trust claim to, an asbestos trust that was in existence at the 229 230 time the claimant obtained that judgment, the trial court, upon the filing by a defendant or judgment debtor of an appropriate 231 motion seeking sanctions or other relief, shall have jurisdiction 232 to reopen its judgment in the asbestos tort action and do either 233 of the following: 234

(a) Adjust the judgment by the amount of any subsequent235asbestos trust payments obtained by the claimant;236

considers just and proper.	238
<u>(2) As used in division (E) of this section, "asbestos trust"</u>	239
means and encompasses all trust entities, claims agents, or claims	240
processing facilities that are created pursuant to the	241
jurisdiction of a United States bankruptcy court and section	242
524(g) of Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11	243
U.S.C. 524(g), or other applicable provision of law and that are	244
formed for the purpose of compensating claimants asserting	245
<u>eligible asbestos claims.</u>	246
Section 2. Sections 2307.951 to 2307.954 of the Revised Code,	247
as enacted by this act, apply to asbestos tort actions filed on or	248
after the effective date of this act and to pending asbestos tort	249
actions in which trial has not commenced as of the effective date	250
of this act.	251
As used in this section, "asbestos tort action" has the same	252

(b) Order any other relief to the parties that the court

As used in this section, "asbestos tort action" has the same 252 meaning as in section 2307.951 of the Revised Code, as enacted by 253 this act. 254

Section 3. (A) If any provision that constitutes the whole or 255 part of a section of the Revised Code enacted by this act or if 256 any application of any provision that constitutes the whole or 257 part of a section of the Revised Code enacted by this act is held 258 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions of the 259 section or applications of other provisions of the section that 260 can be given effect without the invalid provision or application. 261 To this end, the provisions that constitute the whole or part of 262 the sections of the Revised Code enacted by this act and their 263 applications are independent and severable. 264

(B) If any provision that constitutes the whole or part of a 265section of the Revised Code enacted by this act or if any 266

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United States economy.

application of any provision that constitutes the whole or part of	267
a section of the Revised Code enacted by this act is held to be	268
preempted by federal law, the preemption does not affect other	269
provisions of the section or applications of other provisions of	270
the section that can be given effect without the preempted	271
provision or application. To this end, the provisions that	272
constitute the whole or part of the sections of the Revised Code	273
enacted by this act and their applications are independent and	274
severable.	275
Section 4. The General Assembly makes the following	276
statements of findings and intent:	277
(A) The United States Supreme Court has described asbestos	278
litigation in this country as a crisis.	279
illigation in this country as a crisis.	219
(B) Asbestos litigation has forced an estimated eighty-five	280
employers into bankruptcy. The rate of asbestos-driven	281
bankruptcies has accelerated in recent years. Between 2000 and	282
2007, there were more asbestos-related bankruptcy filings than in	283
either of the prior two decades.	284
(C) Personal injury lawyers have responded to these	285
bankruptcies by expanding their search for solvent defendants. The	286
number of asbestos defendants now includes over eight thousand	287
five hundred companies, including many small and medium size	288
companies, in industries that cover eighty-five per cent of the	289

(D) Asbestos claimants often seek compensation for alleged
 asbestos-related conditions from civil defendants that remain
 solvent in civil court tort actions and from trusts or claims
 facilities formed in asbestos bankruptcy proceedings.
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(E) There is limited coordination and transparency between
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 these two paths to recovery. Ohio courts have already experienced
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 the problem of instances of claimants failing to provide
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information and materials regarding asbestos trust claims that 298 they have commenced. This lack of transparency creates a strong 299 potential for abuse of the judicial process, as plaintiffs may 300 allege facts intended to maximize recoveries from trusts created 301 through the bankruptcy system while also alleging different or 302 conflicting facts to maximize recoveries from tort system 303 defendants. 304

(F) It is in the interest of justice that there be
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transparency for claims made in the bankruptcy system and for
claims made in civil asbestos litigation. Transparency will
address the potential for abuse, fraud, and duplicate and
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inconsistent payments.

(G) Presentation of abusive, fraudulent, or inconsistent310claims undermines the integrity of Ohio's judicial system.311

(H) The current lack of transparency in the tort system mayresult in businesses in this state being unfairly penalized anddeprived of their rights.

(I) New asbestos trusts are being formed and are anticipated 315 to be funded with approximately thirty billion dollars in assets. 316 As a consequence, it is critical to the interests of justice and 317 to the economy of the state of Ohio that the distribution of these 318 assets be made in a manner that incorporates full and consistent 319 disclosure when recovery is sought through an asbestos tort action 320 in Ohio against solvent companies or through a trust claim against 321 a bankrupt entity. All relevant asbestos exposure information 322 should be made available in a timely manner so that solvent 323 companies do not unnecessarily absorb the liabilities of bankrupt 324 trust entities that are not subject to tort actions. Transparency 325 will help ensure that all responsible parties are allocated an 326 equitable share of any liability and will encourage injured 327 persons to promptly seek an appropriate recovery from all 328 appropriate sources. 329

(J) The General Assembly has established apportionment of 330 liability as a public policy. Pursuant to Ohio apportionment law, 331 bankrupt entities are currently assigned a proportion of liability 332 by the trier of fact. As a consequence, this act furthers this 333 existing public policy of the State of Ohio by ensuring that 334 asbestos tort actions are resolved on the basis of all available 335 evidence and on the full merits. With the advent of an increasing 336 number of significant asbestos trusts, it is apparent that 337 asbestos trusts and the claimants asserting claims against them 338 will be primary sources of information and evidence that will 339 ensure that Ohio's public policy of apportionment of liability and 340 of civil trials based upon all available evidence will be 341 protected and promoted. 342 (K) It is the intent of the General assembly that this act 343

apply to claims made against any currently operating asbestos344trusts and to any asbestos trusts created on and after the345effective date of this act.346