## As Reported by the Senate Judiciary--Civil Justice Committee

## 127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

Sub. S. B. No. 370

## **Senator Seitz**

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## A BILL

To enact sections 2307.951, 2307.952, 2307.953, and

2307.954 of the Revised Code to require claimants	2
in asbestos tort actions to make certain	3
disclosures pertaining to asbestos trust claims	4
that have been submitted to asbestos trust	5
entities for the purpose of compensating the	6
claimant for asbestos exposure.	7
BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:	
Section 1. That sections 2307.951, 2307.952, 2307.953, and	8
2307.954 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	9
Sec. 2307.951. As used in this section and sections 2307.952	10
to 2307.954 of the Revised Code:	11
(A) "Asbestos," "asbestos claim," and "tort action" have the	12
same meanings as in section 2307.91 of the Revised Code.	13
(B) "Asbestos tort action" means a tort action based on an	14
asbestos claim.	15
(C) Except as otherwise provided in division (E) of section	16
2307.954 of the Revised Code, "asbestos trust" means and	17
encompasses all trust entities, claims agents, or claims	18
processing facilities that are created pursuant to the	19

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jurisdiction of a United States bankruptcy court and section	20
524(g) of Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11	21
U.S.C. 524(g), or other applicable provision of law, that are	22
formed for the purpose of compensating claimants asserting	23
eligible asbestos claims, and that are in existence on the date	24
initially set for trial in the asbestos tort action.	25
(D) "Asbestos trust claim" means any claim for compensation	26
by an exposed person or the exposed person's asserted	27
representative against any asbestos trust.	28
(E) "Cancer" means a malignant condition.	29
(F) "Claimant" means any person asserting an asbestos claim	30
or asbestos trust claim. "Claimant" includes a plaintiff,	31
counterclaimant, cross-claimant, or third-party plaintiff.	32
(G) "Exposed person" means any person whose exposure to	33
asbestos or to asbestos-containing products is the basis for an	34
asbestos claim.	35
(H) "Non-cancer" means a nonmalignant condition.	36
(I) "Proof of claim" means any form of documentation that a	37
potential claimant against an asbestos trust submits or provides	38
to the asbestos trust that attests to or asserts the existence of	39
any liquidated or unliquidated asbestos claim that the claimant	40
may have against the asbestos trust or its predecessors under any	41
theory of law.	42
(J) "Trust claims material" means documents constituting an	43
asbestos trust claim, including, but not limited to, claim forms,	44
proofs of claim, and informational material required by an	45
asbestos trust to be submitted by a claimant in order to have the	46
claim evaluated by the asbestos trust and relied upon by the	47
asbestos trust in making its compensation determination.	48
(K) "Trust governance documents" means and encompasses all	49

documents that set forth in the plan of reorganization and related	50
orders, terms, conditions, distribution procedures, payment	51
schedules and matrixes, evaluation paradigms and adjustment	52
formulas, and all other policies and procedures that are utilized	53
to determine a claimant's eligibility for, and the amounts or	54
levels of, payment to a claimant by an asbestos trust.	55
Sec. 2307.952. (A)(1)(a) Within thirty days of commencing an	56
asbestos tort action that is not otherwise barred or deferred	57
under applicable law, or within thirty days of the effective date	58
of this section with respect to asbestos tort actions that are	59
pending on that effective date, a claimant shall provide to all of	60
the parties in the action a sworn statement by the claimant, under	61
penalty of perjury, identifying all existing asbestos trust claims	62
made by or on behalf of the claimant. The sworn statement shall	63
disclose the date on which each asbestos trust claim against the	64
relevant asbestos trust was made and whether any request for a	65
deferral, delay, suspension, or tolling of the asbestos trust	66
claims process has been submitted.	67
(b) The submission of the sworn statement under division	68
(A)(1)(a) of this section shall be in addition to any disclosure	69
requirements otherwise imposed by law, civil rule, court order or	70
ruling, applicable agreement or stipulation, local rule, or case	71
management order.	72
(2) If the claimant, subsequent to the submission of the	73
sworn statement under division (A)(1)(a) of this section files or	74
submits any additional asbestos trust claims not previously	75
disclosed, the claimant shall provide to all of the parties in the	76
asbestos tort action an amendment updating the statement and	77
identifying the additional asbestos trust claims. The claimant	78
shall provide any amendment under division (A)(2) of this section	79
within thirty days of filing an asbestos trust claim with, or	80

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(3) A description of the information sufficient to meet the	111
asbestos trust claim requirements of the asbestos trusts described	112
in division (A)(1) of this section.	113
(B) Within fourteen days after the filing of the defendant's	114
motion for an order to stay the proceedings under division (A) of	115
this section, the claimant may do the following:	116
(1) File the asbestos trust claims with or submit them to the	117
asbestos trusts identified in the defendant's motion for an order	118
to stay the proceedings. The submission to the court and to all of	119
the parties in the asbestos tort action of proof demonstrating	120
that the asbestos trust claims identified in the defendant's	121
motion to stay the proceedings have been filed with or submitted	122
to the appropriate asbestos trusts is dispositive of the	123
defendant's motion for an order to stay the proceedings.	124
Alternatively, the defendant may withdraw the motion brought under	125
this section.	126
(2) File with the court a response to the defendant's motion	127
for an order to stay the proceedings requesting a determination by	128
the court that the information supporting the asbestos trust	129
claims against the asbestos trusts identified in the defendant's	130
motion for an order to stay the proceedings should be modified	131
prior to the filing of an asbestos trust claim with, or the	132
submission of an asbestos trust claim to, an asbestos trust, that	133
there is insufficient information to file or submit the asbestos	134
trust claim identified in the defendant's motion for an order to	135
stay the proceedings, or that the reasonably anticipated recovery	136
from the asbestos trust claim will be exceeded by the costs of	137
filing the asbestos trust claim.	138
(C) If the claimant files a response pursuant to division	139
(B)(2) of this section, the court shall determine if an asbestos	140
trust claim could be submitted in good faith to each asbestos	141
trust identified in the defendant's motion for an order to stay	142

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the proceedings brought pursuant to division (A) of this section.	143
The claimant has the burden of proof, by a preponderance of the	144
evidence, to demonstrate that the information set forth by the	145
defendant pursuant to divisions (A)(2) and (3) of this section	146
should be modified prior to the filing of an asbestos trust claim	147
with, or the submission of an asbestos trust claim to, each	148
asbestos trust, that the asbestos trust claims should not be filed	149
with or submitted to the asbestos trust because the claims cannot	150
be made in good faith, or that the reasonably anticipated recovery	151
from the asbestos trust claim will be exceeded by the costs of	152
filing the asbestos trust claim.	153
(D) If the court determines that there is a good faith basis	154
for filing an asbestos trust claim with, or submitting an asbestos	155
trust claim to, an asbestos trust identified in the defendant's	156
motion for an order to stay the proceedings brought pursuant to	157
division (A) of this section, the court shall stay the proceedings	158
until the claimant files the asbestos trust claims with or submits	159
them to the asbestos trusts identified in the defendant's motion	160
for an order to stay the proceedings and has otherwise met the	161
obligations set forth in sections 2307.952 and 2307.953 of the	162
Revised Code.	163
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Sec. 2307.954. (A) A non-cancer asbestos trust claim and a	
cancer asbestos trust claim are based on distinct injuries caused	165
by a person's exposure to asbestos. A non-cancer asbestos trust	166
claim that is subject to disclosure under section 2307.952 or	167
2307.953 of the Revised Code or is identified in this section	168
means the non-cancer asbestos claim that is the subject of the	169
asbestos tort action in which the defendant seeks discovery	170
pursuant sections 2307.951 to 2307.954 of the Revised Code. If a	171
claimant previously filed a non-cancer asbestos trust claim with,	172
or submitted a non-cancer asbestos trust claim to, an asbestos	173

trust and subsequently filed an asbestos tort action based on a

cancer asbestos claim, a cancer asbestos trust claim that is	175
subject to disclosure under sections 2307.952 and 2307.953 of the	176
Revised Code or is identified in this section means both the	177
earlier filed non-cancer asbestos trust claim and the cancer	178
asbestos claim that is the subject of the subsequent asbestos tort	179
action.	180
(B) Asbestos trust claims and the information that is the	181
subject of disclosure under sections 2307.952 and 2307.953 of the	182
Revised Code are presumed to be authentic, relevant to, and	183
discoverable in, an asbestos tort action. Notwithstanding any	184
agreement or confidentiality provision, trust claims material are	185
presumed to not be privileged. The parties in the asbestos tort	186
action may introduce at trial any trust claims material to prove	187
alternative causation for the exposed person's claimed injury,	188
death, or loss to person, to prove a basis to allocate	189
responsibility for the claimant's claimed injury, death, or loss	190
to person, and to prove issues relevant to an adjudication of the	191
asbestos claim unless the exclusion of the trust claims material	192
is otherwise required by applicable rules of evidence. A claim	193
rejected by an asbestos trust may be excluded if required by	194
applicable rules of evidence.	195
(C) In addition to the disclosure requirements set forth in	196
sections 2307.952 and 2307.953 of the Revised Code, the parties to	197
the asbestos tort action may seek additional disclosure and	198
discovery of information relevant to the action by any mechanism	199
provided for by any applicable section of the Revised Code, the	200
Rules of Civil Procedure, any local rule, or any case management	201
order. In addition to the disclosure described in this division,	202
any defendant in the asbestos tort action also may seek discovery	203
of the claimant's asbestos trust claims directly from the asbestos	204
trusts involved. Within thirty days of commencing an asbestos tort	205
action that is not otherwise barred or deferred under applicable	206

law, or within thirty days of the effective date of this section	207
with respect to asbestos tort actions that are pending on that	208
effective date, a claimant shall provide to all of the parties in	209
the asbestos tort action the consent, authorization, or permission	210
that may be required by any asbestos trust for the release of	211
information and materials that are subject to the disclosure	212
requirements of sections 2307.952 and 2307.953 of the Revised Code	213
or any additional disclosure under this division.	214
(D) The court in an asbestos tort action, upon the filing by	215
a defendant or judgment debtor of an appropriate motion seeking	216
sanctions or other relief, may impose any sanction provided by a	217
law of this state, including, but not limited to, vacating a	218
judgment rendered in an asbestos tort action, for a claimant's	219
failure to comply with the disclosure requirements of sections	220
2307.952, 2307.953, and 2307.954 of the Revised Code.	221
(E)(1) If a claimant, subsequent to obtaining a judgment in	222
an asbestos tort action in this state, files any additional	223
asbestos trust claim with, or submits any additional asbestos	224
trust claim to, an asbestos trust that was in existence at the	225
time the claimant obtained that judgment, the trial court, upon	226
the filing by a defendant or judgment debtor of an appropriate	227
motion seeking sanctions or other relief, shall have jurisdiction	228
to reopen its judgment in the asbestos tort action and do either	229
of the following:	230
(a) Adjust the judgment by the amount of any subsequent	231
asbestos trust payments obtained by the claimant;	232
(b) Order any other relief to the parties that the court	233
considers just and proper.	234
(2) As used in division (E) of this section, "asbestos trust"	235
means and encompasses all trust entities, claims agents, or claims	236

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processing facilities that are created pursuant to the

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provision or application. To this end, the provisions that	268
constitute the whole or part of the sections of the Revised Code	269
enacted by this act and their applications are independent and	270
severable.	271
Section 4. The General Assembly makes the following	272
statements of findings and intent:	273
(A) The United States Supreme Court has described asbestos	274
litigation in this country as a crisis.	275
(B) Asbestos litigation has forced an estimated eighty-five	276
employers into bankruptcy. The rate of asbestos-driven	277
bankruptcies has accelerated in recent years. Between 2000 and	278
2007, there were more asbestos-related bankruptcy filings than in	279
either of the prior two decades.	280
(C) Personal injury lawyers have responded to these	281
bankruptcies by expanding their search for solvent defendants. The	282
number of asbestos defendants now includes over eight thousand	283
five hundred companies, including many small and medium size	284
companies, in industries that cover eighty-five per cent of the	285
United States economy.	286
(D) Asbestos claimants often seek compensation for alleged	287
asbestos-related conditions from civil defendants that remain	288
solvent in civil court tort actions and from trusts or claims	289
facilities formed in asbestos bankruptcy proceedings.	290
(E) There is limited coordination and transparency between	291
these two paths to recovery. Ohio courts have already experienced	292
the problem of instances of claimants failing to provide	293
information and materials regarding asbestos trust claims that	294
they have commenced. This lack of transparency creates a strong	295
potential for abuse of the judicial process, as plaintiffs may	296
allege facts intended to maximize recoveries from trusts created	297

through the bankruptcy system while also alleging different or

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conflicting facts to maximize recoveries from tort system	299
defendants.	300
(F) It is in the interest of justice that there be	301
transparency for claims made in the bankruptcy system and for	302
claims made in civil asbestos litigation. Transparency will	303
address the potential for abuse, fraud, and duplicate and	304
inconsistent payments.	305
(G) Presentation of abusive, fraudulent, or inconsistent	306
claims undermines the integrity of Ohio's judicial system.	307
(H) The current lack of transparency in the tort system may	308
result in businesses in this state being unfairly penalized and	309
deprived of their rights.	310
(I) New asbestos trusts are being formed and are anticipated	311
to be funded with approximately thirty billion dollars in assets.	312
As a consequence, it is critical to the interests of justice and	313
to the economy of the state of Ohio that the distribution of these	314
assets be made in a manner that incorporates full and consistent	315
disclosure when recovery is sought through an asbestos tort action	316
in Ohio against solvent companies or through a trust claim against	317
a bankrupt entity. All relevant asbestos exposure information	318
should be made available in a timely manner so that solvent	319
companies do not unnecessarily absorb the liabilities of bankrupt	320
trust entities that are not subject to tort actions. Transparency	321
will help ensure that all responsible parties are allocated an	322
equitable share of any liability and will encourage injured	323
persons to promptly seek an appropriate recovery from all	324
appropriate sources.	325
(J) The General Assembly has established apportionment of	326
liability as a public policy. Pursuant to Ohio apportionment law,	327
bankrupt entities are currently assigned a proportion of liability	328

by the trier of fact. As a consequence, this act furthers this

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existing public policy of the State of Ohio by ensuring that	330
asbestos tort actions are resolved on the basis of all available	331
evidence and on the full merits. With the advent of an increasing	332
number of significant asbestos trusts, it is apparent that	333
asbestos trusts and the claimants asserting claims against them	334
will be primary sources of information and evidence that will	335
ensure that Ohio's public policy of apportionment of liability and	336
of civil trials based upon all available evidence will be	337
protected and promoted.	338
(K) It is the intent of the General assembly that this act	339
apply to claims made against any currently operating asbestos	340
trusts and to any asbestos trusts created on and after the	341
effective date of this act.	342