## As Introduced

## 127th General Assembly **Regular Session** 2007-2008

S. B. No. 372

## **Senator Niehaus**

A BILL

To amend sections 3745.71 and 3745.72 of the Revised 1 Code to extend from January 1, 2009, to January 1, 2014, the time by which environmental audits must 3 be completed in order to be within the scope of certain privileges and immunities that apply to 5 such audits, and to declare an emergency. 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO: Section 1. That sections 3745.71 and 3745.72 of the Revised 7 Code be amended to read as follows: 8

Sec. 3745.71. (A) Except as otherwise provided in division 9 (C) of this section, the owner or operator of a facility or 10 property who conducts an environmental audit of one or more 11 activities at the facility or property has a privilege with 12 respect to both of the following: 13 (1) The contents of an environmental audit report that is 14 based on the audit; 15 (2) The contents of communications between the owner or 16 operator and employees or contractors of the owner or operator, or 17 among employees or contractors of the owner or operator, that are 18 necessary to the audit and are made in good faith as part of the 19 audit after the employee or contractor is notified that the 20

communication is part of the audit.	21
(B) Except as otherwise provided in or ordered pursuant to	22
this section, information that is privileged under this section is	23
not admissible as evidence or subject to discovery in any civil or	24
administrative proceeding and a person who possesses such	25
information as a result of conducting or participating in an	26
environmental audit shall not be compelled to testify in any civil	27
or administrative proceeding concerning the privileged portions of	28
the environmental audit.	29
(C) The privilege provided in this section does not apply to	30
criminal investigations or proceedings. Where an audit report is	31
obtained, reviewed, or used in a criminal proceeding, the	32
privilege provided in this section applicable to civil or	33
administrative proceedings is not waived or eliminated.	34
Furthermore, the privilege provided in this section does not apply	35
to particular information under any of the following	36
circumstances:	37
(1) The privilege is not asserted with respect to that	38
information by the owner or operator to whom the privilege	39
belongs.	40
(2) The owner or operator to whom the privilege belongs	41
voluntarily testifies, or has provided written authorization to an	42
employee, contractor, or agent to testify on behalf of the owner	43
or operator, as to that information.	44
(3) A court of record in a civil proceeding or the tribunal	45
or presiding officer in an administrative proceeding finds,	46
pursuant to this section, that the privilege does not apply to	47
that information.	48
(4) The information is required by law to be collected,	49
developed, maintained, reported, disclosed publicly, or otherwise	50

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made available to a government agency.

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(5) The information is obtained from a source other than an	52
environmental audit report, including, without limitation,	53
observation, sampling, monitoring, a communication, a record, or a	54
report that is not part of the audit on which the audit report is	55
based.	56
(6) The information is collected, developed, made, or	57
maintained in bad faith or for a fraudulent purpose.	58
(7) The owner or operator to whom the privilege belongs	59
waives the privilege, in whole or in part, explicitly or by	60
engaging in conduct that manifests a clear intent that the	61
information not be privileged. If an owner or operator introduces	62
part of an environmental audit report into evidence in a civil or	63
administrative proceeding to prove that the owner or operator did	64
not violate, or is no longer violating, any environmental laws,	65
the privilege provided by this section is waived with respect to	66
all information in the audit report that is relevant to that	67
issue.	68
(8)(a) The information shows evidence of noncompliance with	69
environmental laws and the owner or operator fails to do any of	70
the following:	71
(i) Promptly initiate reasonable efforts to achieve	72
compliance upon discovery of the noncompliance through an	73
environmental audit;	74
(ii) Pursue compliance with reasonable diligence;	75
(iii) Achieve compliance within a reasonable time.	76
(b) "Reasonable diligence" includes, without limitation,	77
compliance with section 3745.72 of the Revised Code.	78
(9) The information contains evidence that a government	79
agency federally authorized, approved, or delegated to enforce	80

environmental laws has reasonable cause to believe is necessary to

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(13) The information existed prior to the initiation of the

environmental audit under division (A) of section 3745.70 of the

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information is displayed or printed.

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(D) If the privilege provided in this section belongs to an	112
owner or operator who is not an individual, the privilege may be	113
asserted or waived, in whole or in part, on behalf of the owner or	114
operator only by an officer, manager, partner, or other comparable	115
person who has a fiduciary relationship with the owner or operator	116
and is authorized generally to act on behalf of the owner or	117
operator or is a person who is authorized specifically to assert	118
or waive the privilege.	119

- (E) A person asserting the privilege provided in this section 120 has the burden of proving the applicability of the privilege by a 121 preponderance of the evidence. If a person seeking disclosure of 122 information with respect to which a privilege is asserted under 123 this section shows evidence of noncompliance with environmental 124 laws pursuant to division (C)(8) of this section, the person 125 asserting the privilege also has the burden of proving by a 126 preponderance of the evidence that reasonable efforts to achieve 127 compliance with those laws were initiated promptly and that 128 compliance was pursued with reasonable diligence and achieved 129 within a reasonable time. 130
- (F) When determining whether the privilege provided by this
  section applies to particular information, a court of record that
  is not acting pursuant to division (G) of this section, or the
  tribunal or presiding officer in an administrative proceeding,
  shall conduct an in camera review of the information in a manner
  consistent with applicable rules of procedure.

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- (G)(1) The prosecuting attorney of a county or the attorney
  general, having probable cause to believe, based on information
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  obtained from a source other than an environmental audit report,
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  that a violation has been committed under environmental laws for
  which a civil or administrative action may be initiated, may
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  obtain information with respect to which a privilege is asserted
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  under this section pursuant to a search warrant, subpoena, or
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discovery under the Rules of Civil Procedure. The prosecuting	144
attorney or the attorney general immediately shall place the	145
information under seal and shall not review or disclose its	146
contents.	147

- (2) Not later than sixty days after receiving an 148 environmental audit report under division (G)(1) of this section, 149 the prosecuting attorney or the attorney general may file with the 150 court of common pleas of a county in which there is proper venue 151 to bring a civil or administrative action pertaining to the 152 alleged violation a petition requesting an in camera hearing to 153 determine if the information described in division (G)(1) of this 154 section is subject to disclosure under this section. Failure to 155 file such a petition shall cause the information to be released to 156 the owner or operator to whom it belongs. 157
- (3) Upon the filing of a petition under division (G)(2) of 158 this section, the court shall issue an order scheduling an in 159 camera hearing, not later than forty-five days after the filing of 160 the petition, to determine if any or all of the information 161 described in division (G)(1) of this section is subject to 162 disclosure under this section. The order shall allow the 163 prosecuting attorney or the attorney general to remove the seal 164 from the report in order to review it and shall place appropriate 165 limitations on distribution and review of the report to protect 166 against unnecessary disclosure. 167
- (4) The prosecuting attorney or the attorney general may 168 consult with government agencies regarding the contents of the 169 report to prepare for the in camera hearing. Information described 170 in division (G)(1) of this section that is used by the prosecuting 171 attorney or the attorney general to prepare for the in camera 172 hearing shall not be used by the prosecuting attorney, the 173 attorney general, an employee or agent of either of them, or an 174 agency described in division (G)(4) of this section in any 175

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investigation or proceeding against the respondent, and otherwise	176
shall be kept confidential, unless the information is subject to	177
disclosure under this section.	178
(5) The parties may stipulate that information contained in	179
an environmental audit report is or is not subject to disclosure	180
under this section.	181
(6) If the court determines that information described in	182
division $(G)(1)$ of this section is subject to disclosure under	183
this section, the court shall compel disclosure under this section	184
of only the information that is relevant to the proceeding	185
described in division (G)(1) of this section.	186
(H) Nothing in this section affects the nature, scope, or	187
application of any privilege of confidentiality or nondisclosure	188
recognized under another section of the Revised Code or the common	189
law of this state, including, without limitation, the work product	190
doctrine and attorney-client privilege.	191
(I) The privilege provided by this section applies only to	192
information and communications that are part of environmental	193
audits initiated after March 13, 1997, and completed before	194
January 1, $\frac{2009}{2014}$ , in accordance with the time frames specified	195
in division (A) of section 3745.70 of the Revised Code.	196
Sec. 3745.72. (A) The owner or operator of a facility or	197
property who conducts an environmental audit of the facility or	198
property and promptly and voluntarily discloses information	199
contained in or derived from an audit report that is based on the	200
audit and concerns an alleged violation of environmental laws to	201
the director of the state agency that has jurisdiction over the	202
alleged violation is immune from any administrative and civil	202
penalties for the specific violation disclosed, except that where	203
the disclosed violation has resulted in significant economic	205
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benefit to the owner or operator of the facility or property,

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there is no immunity for the economic benefit component of the	207
administrative and civil penalties for that violation. An owner or	208
operator asserting entitlement to such immunity has the burden of	209
proving that entitlement by a preponderance of the evidence.	210
(B) For the purposes of this section, a disclosure of	211
information is voluntary with respect to an alleged violation of	212
environmental laws only if all of the following apply:	213
(1) The disclosure is made promptly after the information is	214
obtained through the environmental audit by the owner or operator	215
who conducts the environmental audit $\dot{ au}$ .	216
(2) A reasonable, good faith effort is made to achieve	217
compliance as quickly as practicable with environmental laws	218
applicable to the information disclosed $\dot{ au}$ .	219
(3) Compliance with environmental laws applicable to the	220
information disclosed is achieved as quickly as practicable or	221
within such period as is reasonably ordered by the director of the	222
state agency that has jurisdiction over the alleged violation $\div$ .	223
(4) The owner or operator cooperates with the director of the	224
state agency that has jurisdiction over the alleged violation in	225
investigating the cause, nature, extent, and effects of the	226
noncompliance÷.	227
(5) The disclosure is not required by law, prior litigation,	228
or an order by a court or a government agency÷.	229
(6) The owner or operator who makes the disclosure does not	230
know or have reason to know that a government agency charged with	231
enforcing environmental laws has commenced an investigation or	232
enforcement action that concerns a violation of such laws	233
involving the activity.	234
(C) For the purposes of this section, a disclosure shall be	235

in writing, dated, and hand delivered or sent by certified mail to

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the director of the state agency that has jurisdiction over the	237
alleged violation, and shall contain all of the following in a	238
printed letter attached to the front of the disclosure:	239
(1) The name, address, and telephone number of the owner or	240
operator making the disclosure;	241
(2) The name, title, address, and telephone number of one or	242
more persons associated with the owner or operator who may be	243
contacted regarding the disclosure;	244
(3) A brief summary of the alleged violation of environmental	245
laws, including, without limitation, the nature, date, and	246
location of the alleged violation to the extent that the	247
information is known by the owner or operator;	248
(4) A statement that the information is part of an	249
environmental audit report and is being disclosed under section	250
3745.72 of the Revised Code in order to obtain the immunity	251
provided by that section.	252
(D) This section does not provide immunity from the payment	253
of damages for harm to persons, property, or the environment; the	254
payment of reasonable costs incurred by a government agency in	255
responding to a disclosure; or responsibility for the remediation	256
or cleanup of environmental harm under environmental laws.	257
(E) The immunity provided by this section does not apply	258
under any of the following circumstances:	259
(1) Within the three-year period prior to disclosure, the	260
owner or operator of a facility or property has committed	261
significant violations that constitute a pattern of continuous or	262
repeated violations of environmental laws, environmental related	263
settlement agreements, or environmental related judicial orders	264
and that arose from separate and distinct events. For the purposes	265
of division (E)(1) of this section, a pattern of continuous or	266
repeated violations also may be demonstrated by multiple	267

settlement agreements related to substantially the same alleged	268
significant violations that occurred within the three-year period	269
immediately prior to the voluntary disclosure. Determination of	270
whether a person has a pattern of continuous or repeated	271
violations under division (E)(1) of this section shall be based on	272
the compliance history of the property or specific facility at	273
issue.	274
(2) With respect to a specific violation, the violation	275
resulted in serious harm or in imminent and substantial	276
endangerment to human health or the environment.	277

- (3) With respect to a specific violation, the violation is of 278 a specific requirement of an administrative or judicial order. 279
- (F) The immunity provided by this section applies only to 280 disclosures made concerning environmental audits initiated after 281 March 13, 1997, and completed before January 1, 2009 2014, in 282 accordance with the time frames specified in division (A) of 283 section 3745.70 of the Revised Code.
- (G) The immunity provided by this section applies to a person 285 who makes a good faith disclosure to a state agency under this 286 section even though another state agency is determined to have 287 jurisdiction over an alleged violation of environmental laws 288 indicated in the disclosure.
- (H) Each state agency that receives a disclosure under this 290 section promptly shall record receipt of the disclosure, determine 291 whether it has jurisdiction over the alleged violation of 292 environmental laws indicated in the disclosure, and, if it does 293 not have such jurisdiction, deliver the disclosure documents to 294 the director of a state agency that has jurisdiction over the 295 alleged violation. If a disclosure indicates alleged violations of 296 environmental laws that are under the jurisdiction of more than 297 one state agency, the state agency that first receives the 298

disclosure and has jurisdiction over any of the alleged violations	299
promptly shall notify the director of each state agency that has	300
jurisdiction over any of such alleged violations. The director of	301
each state agency that receives a disclosure under this section,	302
or is notified by another state agency that the director's agency	303
has jurisdiction over an alleged violation of environmental laws	304
indicated in the disclosure, promptly shall deliver written notice	305
of that fact by certified mail to the owner or operator who made	306
the disclosure. The notice shall identify the state agency that	307
sends the notice; state the name, title, address, and telephone	308
number of a person in the agency whom the owner or operator may	309
contact regarding the disclosure; and state the name, address, and	310
telephone number of the director of any other state agency	311
notified about the disclosure because that agency has jurisdiction	312
over an alleged violation of environmental laws indicated in the	313
disclosure.	314

Section 2. That existing sections 3745.71 and 3745.72 of the 315
Revised Code are hereby repealed. 316

Section 3. This act is hereby declared to be an emergency 317 measure necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 318 peace, health, and safety. The reason for such necessity is that 319 the deadline by which environmental audits must be completed in 320 order to be within the scope of certain privileges and immunities 321 currently is January 1, 2009, thus necessitating the immediate 322 extension of that deadline in order to continue the environmental 323 audit program. Therefore, this act shall go into immediate effect. 324